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# THE DISCIPLE OF GHRIST AND CANADIAN EVANGELIST. 

Vol. X., No. 7.

## The Disciple of Christ

Is devoted to the furtherance of the Gospel of Chist. and pleads for the unon of all be lievers in the Lord Jesus in harmony with His own prayer recorded in the seventeenth chapter of John, and on the basis set forth by he Apostle Paul in the following terms: "I therefore, the prisoner in the Lord, beseech you to walk worthily of the calling wherewith ye were called, with all lowliness and meekness, with long suffering, forbearing one another in love; giving diligence to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace. There is one body and one Spirit, even as also ye were called in one hope of your calling; one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is over all, and through all, and in all."-Eph. iv. 1.6.
This paper, while not claiming to be what is styled an "organ," may be taken as fairly sepresenting the people known as Disciples of Chist in this country.

## 

The Pan-American Congress of Religion and Education was held in Toronto, July 18 th to 2 3rd. Its protessed object is to bring together on a common platforn: representatives of all religions, that they may thereby find a common basis on which they may work unitedly for the well-being of humanity.

On the programme were Protestants, Roman Catholics and Jews. It was remarked that the Roman Catholics had a prominent and large part on the programme, and it seemed that they were even more fully, not to say more ably, represented than the Protestants. The managers, we understand, say that was not their fault. The Catholics kept their engagements to appear more generally than the Protestants. John Ireland, R. C. Archbishop of St. Paul, Minn., was one of the great altractions of the Congress. But he telegraphed that he could not come. He was to speak in Massey Hall on Friday evening, July igth. The managers knew at 1:45 p.m. that he was not coming, but they decided not to notify the public until the meeting should be convened. A crowd, numbering, perhaps, from

- 6000 to 7000 , struggled to get into the big hall to hear Mr. Ireland. It mas a study to observe their self-control when the President of the Congress; - formed the audience that the great Catholic had not come, ard that he the Presi-
dent) had puposely withheld the information from the evening papers because he wanted the crowd to fill the hall that night. There were a few who hissed, but there was quite a little applause, indicating a determination to keep sweet and make the hest of a bad job. The subsequent programme was really good, consisting of three addresses. The first of the speakers, among other good things, urged "the coining into conduct of the Golden Rule." One could not help wondering whether th:: Golden Rule would ${ }^{-j u s t i f y ~ t h e ~}$ means by which the big crowd had been brought logether that evening. It behoves those who preach the Golden Rule to practice it.

As intimated, the Catholics were conspicuous at the mettings of the Congress. They used the occasion well to glorify their own Church. There were no such pleas made for oldfashioned Protestantism as for oldfashioned Catholicism, as were made by two Roman Catholics. It was more than interesting 10 behold Catholics and Prosestants fraternizing on one platform, talking about foreign missions. Of course, so far as the Catholic speaker was concerned, his address was a glowing description of the means, methods and results of Catholic missions since the day "her Divine Founder commissioned her to preach the Gospel to the whole creation." Noperadventureasto whether or not the Catholic Church is the original divine Church of Christ, no slight intimation even that perbaps there might be some ground for alloring some defest in methods, or agents in dajs long past, or near-nothing but unvarying glorification of the Roman Catholic Church. We do not blame the Catholics for using to the full the opportunity they had of sounding the praises of their church betore a large number of Protestants. As a matter of course, the cheers and applause which punctuated their speeches came from Catholics, and ignorant or wishy. washy Protestants. It was worth a gond deal to hear a clever Catholic priest speak his miad on missions and cducation.- 3ut a Protestant even slignt!y acquainted with history would!
be compelled to ejaculate inwardly, "What does he take us for? Does he think we have never heard of, or have forgotten, the ways and t
the Church of Rome?"
If Catholic dignitaries have now a kindlier feeling tow.ards Protestants, and if they are disposed to mingle with "their separated brethren," as they call Protestants, we have no inclination to lament over that. But we beg to say to them, and to any Protestants who may have it in their minds to cultivate such good feelings and associations. that a permanent and useful goodfellowship as between Catholics and Protestants can not stand upon a foun. dation which ignores or falsifies history.
We are not in the confidence of the caders of the Pan-American Congress, nor do we wish to judge them wrongfully, either as to their methods or their motives, but, after attending the sessions of the Congress, and listening to the papers read and addresses made, and, morcover, taking note of such emarks from those whoappeared to be leaders when introducing speakers, as would give an insight into the designs and expectations of the Congress, we feel constrained to express the conviction that the tendency of the novement is to minimize the truth, dethrone Christ, and introduce a nondescript sort of religion which would have no test of fellowship but good intentions, and would count the Chis ian Scriptures a back number, without authority in regulating the failh and determining the conduct of men. If our diagnosis is even approximately correct, those who cling to "the Old Book" as a certain guide should not give much countenance to the Pan-American Congress.

The Torouto japers, perhaps without exception, were not impressed with the greatness of the Congress. The attendance from the States was only about one tenth of what was expected. This was a great disappointunent to business men who had subscribed towards the expenses of the Congress, hoping, of course. to be repaid in the usual ray. The papers, it may be, in part reflected the feelings of the busi-
ness coinmunity, but there was ample
\$i Per Year in Advance.
room for "faint prase" when the matter of attendance was not considcred. And the Toronto M. PP. who, at the closing meeting, took it on himselfto say, with special reference to the press, that those who criticised the Congress were "incapable of apprehending its objects and comprehending its results," made a statement, we should say, decidedly of the "boomerang" order. The Toronto press can take care of itself, but we take leave to say that the papers of that city have never seemed to us lacking in the power to appreciate, and the will to recognize, that which is worthy of appreciation and recognition.

One of the Catholic speakers at the 2 Congress went out of his way to have a fling at the Protestant ministers who are trying to convert the Roman Catholics of Quebec to Protestantism. He declared that they are not the cquals of the Catholic priests in leaining, cu!ture and social power, and intimated that if Protestants desire to succeed in Quebec, they must send belter men down there.

It is the general desire of Protestants to have a capable, learned and culture. 1 ministry, but the chief reliance of Protestanis is, or should be, the Word of God. And their main nbject should therefore be to get the Scriptures into the hands of the Roman Catholics. True Protestants would expect more from a moderately educated ministry, plus the Word of God, than from a highly educated ministry minus the Word of God.

The Toronto Globe for what now seems to be a long time has been asking in every paper, "Has the National Policy made you rich?" The readers of the Globe may soon have another question confronting them every morning, to wit," Why should Protestants try to convert Roman Catholics?" The Globe does not approve of such efforts. The Globe ought to have a high place in the Pan-American Congress.

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## Elontributions.

And Agag said, "Surely the Bitterness of Death is Past:"

IST SAMUEL RY. 32.
Old as I am, that story ever brings, As in the days long gone, a mist of tears;
No sadder story of the death of kings
Comes to the world from all the savage years.
Over the dead he reigns-a ruined king,
A captive in the hard, relentless hand
Of him who has not left a living thing,
Human or brute, in all his ravished land.
A man whose every fount of hope was dry,
Who never more might see a friendly face,
A flash of love from at. human eye ;
The sole survivor of a slaughtered race.
I do not wonder that that silent tongue
Shrold thus have voiced his dumb despair at last,
That from his quivering lips the cry was wrung,
"Surely the bitterness of death is past."
All the deep pathos of that dying cry
Comes to my heart across the centuries dim,
And my rebellous human sympathy,
Without permission, all goes out to him.
It may be wrong, perhaps, I cannot tell,
But all within me has indgnent grown;
I cannot think, O Prophet, it was well
Hopeless and helpless thus to hew him down.
I can but see thee, as to me thou art-Forgive the wrong, if any wrong be mine-
$I$ neier saul his cruelty of heart,
Oh Prophet stern, but stand aghast at thine.

Pbter Anderson.
The Singing Saviour.
BY ANNA D. BRADLEY.
To hearts bowed down: "And they sang a hymn." "And Jesus said, Follow thou me."

We are all accustomed to think of Jesus as the Man of Sorrows and acquainted rith grief. And when our own heart is bursting with its weight of woe, we find our sweetest comfort in remenbering that we have a High Priest touched always with a feeling for our infirmities, that in all points He is like unto ourselves; that in all of our affictions He is afflicted, and in our sorrow which no earth-born hand can assuage and no human heatt can comprehend, still does this divinely human heart throb in deepest sympathy with our own.

And it is sweet that in our darkest hour we can remember this. There is never a monent so black with gloom that Jesus does not pity and wil nut lead us to the light. There is never a burden so heavy that Jesus does not comprehend and will not bear for us.
But whle we dwell upon Him as the Man of $S$ rows, we forget that even in His hour of agony and of base betrayal He could still look up in His Father's face as He joined His brethren in their sung of prase. And we forget that to you and me-His blood-bought onesHe still is saying, "lollow me."
Greater grief had no man. And yet, mid the deepest trial, He could still find voice to sing, for well He knew that bitter cup was held by a Father's hand-a hand which could only mean love to the child.
Jesus sang while His feet yet lingered on the threshold of Gethsemane; and though He knew that the darksome valley must lead at once to Calvary's cross. Yes, He sang ; but because He was the Son of Mary, I fancy that on that awful night He sang in a miner kes, and the wurds of His song I think must have been, " It is the way my Father leads."
Standing in the presence of a sacred grief, I would not, even if I could, dare try to hush the sob of anguish or press back the rising tear. Tears are the gift of God. From heaven there ne'er has come a message bidding us shed e'en one tear less for cur beloved dead. Instead, an angel whispers to us and says: "In all of your affictions He is afficted" Then in a moment Jesus Himself draws near, and His command is, " iollow Me."
We do fullow, and though He was fitly named the "Man of Sorrows," and though He early learned how tears were shed, still do we find that never once did He allow those tears to cripple His life's great work. Trial only mate His life more glorious. Without His crown of sorrow, His mighty potentialties would have never been but half discovered. Yet if He had never risen above His tears, then would the perfect life have been so woefully incomplete.
To heads bowed down I want to say once more, tears are the gift of God. But the hand that brings the gift of tears is also the same hand of lore that wipes all tears away and gives the mourner songs in the night.
It is only the burdened heart that awakes in the night; and it is only when we have consecrated that burden to the service of the Master that we will seek for the midnight song. Yet the prom. ise stands sure and steadfast that they who ieek shall always find.

Oh, heart bowed down, lift up your gates, and the King of Glory will comein. Who is this King of Glory? He is the One who alone can wipe all tears away, and teach to willing hearts that inidnight song. What though the song be sad ? No matter; if thus, it bears a greater blessing to the world.
On the still, calm day we listen in vain for music fron the sweet colian harp. The strings are mute. But hark! The wild storm rages and the fierce winds blow; now, high over all, the music, rich and grand and mighty, is heard by all around.
And still our Guide is calling, follow Me. Oh, mourning heart, just listen. Jesus Himself is soundin; the key note, and He will lead your song. Let faith take up the strain and follow as your Lord shall lead He who gave us His gift of tears did not design that those tears should check the purpose of our work.
The river Jordan is a laughing beautiful stream and, as it fows through the lard, it blesses all it touches. Everywhere glad life plays beneath its waves, and commerce thrives upon its bosom. Suddenly the river empties itself in the Dead Sea, and its joy and usefulness are gone forever. God never designed that our life should exhaust itself in the Dead Sea of hopeless grief.
To every one, sooner or later, a Gethsemane may come; and one who reads this page is in her dark Gethsemane to-day. G:d forbid that it prove to you a Dead Sea of despair from which you will seek no outlet. Rather do I pray and believe that you emerge from this dark Gethsemane singing-tremblingly, and even with voice broken with sobs and tears-
"It is the way my Father leads,
His will, not mine, be done."

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Says the St. Louis Journal of $A_{1}$ recul ture in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. "We know of many cases cured by No-ToBac. One, a prominent St . Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years. Two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sirk." No.To-Bac sold and guaranteed; no cure, no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., 374 St. Paul St., Montreal.

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## The $\mathfrak{T}$ unday $\mathfrak{F c h}$ cool.

Commitrer: James Lediard, Geo. Fowler, Mliss L.
While I am waiting for the report of the appointment of standing commit. tees for the year, to discover if I have any right to this Sunday-st hool column I w.ll help to fill the space with a jotting or two.

First, as Sunday-school workers, have you heartily thanked God for the success of last year's work, and especially for those 150 additions to the church from those 30 schools, besides the additions from the schools which did not report?

Then, with this glorious record behind us, what of the year on which we have entered? fts possibilities are just as great ; the promise is, according to your faith, it shall be done unto you. Resolve to do your best work this year, and the 150 of last year may be doubled this year.

What are you doing for these young Christians in your classes? Don't leave them entirely to themselves nor to the preacher. Help them yourself. No one can do it betier than you. Fit your teaching and especially your intercourse to their new conditions and so help them to grow.

Children's Day for Foreign Missions was the best we ever had in Oren Sound, and our offering the largest. An interesting missionary service by the children and a brief address by the wri'er took the place of the Sunday evening sermon, and proved a success.

Our S. S. picnic was held last week. It took the form of a long sail on the magnificent steamboat, City of Collingwood, to the Christian Islands, and was quite a success.

Jas. Lediard.
Child-Saving Work.
Any person desiring to adopt a Canadian child will hear of some very suitable cases by writing Rev. C. W. Watch, Brighton, Ont., who has several children placed in his care for adoption into good Christian homes. He has some bright little boys, of three and under, Canadian children, who are deserving of good homes. Persons applying will please send name and ad. dress of therr pastor. Ministers and others knowing of orphan and destitute children in need of assistance, Mr. Waich will be pleased to correspend with and advise in the matter. Financial aid and clothing, in behalf of orphan and destitute children, will be appreciated and applied as the donor

## Christian Union and the Christian Conference at Altona.

I promised the readers of the Disciplar a few notes on the Christian Conference, to which Bro. Lhamon and myself were visitors in June.

The "Christians" are nota great people, numerically considered. Their conference report of 1894 gives a record of twenty-five congregations, with a membership of 888 and a regular ministry of about 20.

Their Sunday schools are reported as progressing fairly, but I have no figures showing the number in attendance. The Y. P. S. C. E. is also an institution with them, as it is with others. I judge from reading their reports that correct statistics are quite as difficult to obtain as they are with us; perhaps more sc.

Their home and foreign mission work, as reported, is somewhat small, and in this respect they fall behind us considerably; and if we ever succeed in uniting with this people, I have confidence we shall do tiem good along these lines.

I think their form of chn.ch government is more largely congregational than they themselves are aware, for in reading their report I see not a few evidences of a large liberty, and am disposed to think that the powers of their Conference are rather advisory than absolutely binding. As, however, I have not their constitution at hand, I am not in a position to speak positively.

One feature, however, of the powers of that Conference, if $I$ understood it rightly, seemed to me to be very wise and worth accepting. It had to do with church property, which becomes the property of the Conference; or, in other words, the property of the whole body, whenever it faus into disuse or a congregation disbands-the Conference giving up its right to it whenever a congregation is ready to ge in and possess it. Consequently there is no loss of a property once oblained, and no room for strife as to whose it shall be of a few brethren who may survive the wreck of the congregation.

In ciosing these notes, I commend to our worthy President and our Executive Beard the following practice of the Cbristians in their Conference meetings, as I think we could follow it with advantage. It refers to the right to vote and the manner of voting in the Conference. Their custom is as follows:

1. All delegates having the right to


Weak, Tired, Nervous
Women, who seem to be all worn out, will find in purified blood, made rich and healthy by Hood's Sarsapmo rilla, permment relief and strength. The following is from a well knowd nurse:
 complaints and kidrey troubles and I have had a gromt defal of medical advico during that time, brit have recelved littjor no beneft. A fricnd advised mo to tanu Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to use it, together with Hood's Pills. I have realzed more beneat from these medicines than from anything elsgi haveover taken. From my personal expericnce I belleve
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vote come prepared with credentials from the congregation sending them. These are handed in and a roll made of all the names.
2. This roll is read over at the opening of all sessions.
3. And when a vote is taken on any important matier, all vo:ing delegates are deliberately called to the middle of the house, and having taken their places there, the vote is called for. It is easily counted, mistakes are avoided, and none vote but those who have the right to do so.
It was quickly, easily and satisfactorily done. Let us follow so wise and orderly a plan at our next annual gathering, if possible.

## Jas Lediard.

A WOMAN WHO WILL WORK
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## Church Directory.

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ONTARIO.
Haminton. - Church, corner of Catheart and Wilson Streets.

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Prayer-meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 .
Strangers and visit ors to the city are always welcome.
Gzo. Munro, Minister,
Toronto.-Cecil Street (near Spadina Ave.)
W. J. Lhamon, 435 Euclid Ave., Minister. Services:
Sunday, 11 a.m., 7 p. m.; Sunday School, 3 p. m. ; Junior Endeavor, 4.15 p. m.; Senior Endeavor, 8.15 p. m. Wednesday, Prayer-meeting, 8 p. m.
Friday, Teachers' Meeting, 8 p. m.
All are cordially invited to these services.
St. T-:OMAS-Church, corner of Railway and Elizabeth s:reets.

Lord's Day Services.
Public worship, is a.m. and 7 p. m. Mission Sunday-school, 9.30 a m., Junior F. Society, $10.20 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Sundas-school, $3 \mathrm{f} . \mathrm{m}$. Wednesday evening Prayer-meeting, 8 p.m. C. E. Sociely, Friday, 8 p. m.

Strangers welcome to all services.
W. D. Cunningham, Pastor. Residence, 43 Mitchell St.
London.-Elizabeth Street Church. Sunday Services:
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Monday, 8 p.m., C. E., Prayer Meeting. Tuesday, $\$ \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$., Trachers' Meeting. Thursday, 8 p. m. Prayer Meeling. Saturday, 2:30 p. m. mission Band.
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## Ministerial Etiquette.

A paper read before the London Mmis. teial Assuciation, June 2.4, 1895, by Geo. Fowler, Ph. B.
This subject, not chosen by the writer, bat by the Association, presents a theme for our consideration, vital to the highest interests of our organization. It would, it seems to me, have been more in harmony with the eternal fitness of things, to have given this subject 10 one of our older, abler and more experienced preachers, but in an humble way I would endeavor to present a few thoughts for our considera. tion, hoping to lead us all to speak candidly and frankly upon this subject. I have no ambition to submit to you an article and occupy your time in dealing in a general, sentimental way with this oital subject.

I vier the subject in its widest im port, comprising all the relations, social and official, existing among ministers of different religious bodies.

This subject is ont peculiar to the last few centuries of the Christian era. In the time of the apostles there was a gentle clashing of interests between the apostle of the Gentiles and the apostle of the circumcision. This was the natural result of their carlier religious training, and was must amiably setted; but it has been only since the Lutheran reformation, or since denom. inationalism was borm, that the relations of ministers to one another have be. come so complex, so delicate, and so strained. The abnormal condition of the church makes our relations compli. cated and peculiar.

Hydra-headed Protestantism is far from being united, and to a great de. gree the people that have been and are responsible for this unchristian and carnal condution of affairs are the ainistry. Much of the sectaian bit terness that has existed and does exist t.) day has been engendered and fos. tered by the clergy. History proves that a warring, bigoted ministry pro. duced a warring, bigoted people. is Hallam says: "'ro a great extent the change has been fivin pupes wae to desice opes many" The moment yun have, tts members from visiting Potestant a divided church, juu have divided, churches, but cren the pewer of the and cla-hir, int re:t. Th. very anstly math of sin is weakening iothes respect. of heaven are powtrless tu prevat it There is, or there should be, no popery In a city if abou: furts thous.ad i. in in Prutcot.mism, , whough there are habitanti and alr ut wenty reh; i, s anc filling the pulpts of the land who bodies, we bave, wh $^{\text {a }}$ greater orlis $\mathcal{C}_{i}$ endeavor to exercise papal authorits. gree, strained relations. In union We ate living too near the dawn of the

 sectanian hy drophubia, facounal (ar), wasse, whess it be wer the unud and and strife and party zeal, have had and, fie vers ignomant.
will have :h, ir phaci is lung as the It is hut whis the duty of the numster church of God continucs to exist-as to proclain the Gospel, but he is ex-

Dr. Parkhurst, '.e Gideon of Gotham' says-in opposition 10 Christ's prayer for spinitual and orgaric unity, and in open, glaring opposition to Pali, s express teaching, the carnal side of man's nature will assert iteelf.
Our relation at the present is much more amicable than it was even a quater of a century ago. The reason is apparent, and the closer we come together, in that proportion will our relations be more in harmony with the spirit of our Lord. One of the leading manufacturers of this city, and a men.ber of une of the largest congregations, said to the writer a few weeks ago, that he hopted 10 live 10 see all Christians one, and stated that we would have been uni ed before this if it were not for the ministry. As preachers, we have a theme ; Christ said, "Go and preach the Gospel to every creature." But ministerial etiquette does not forbid a man from discoursing on literature, philosophy, science, or negligé shirts if he sees proper ; but i: does prohibit him from pouring forth his vials of wrath upon his fellow ministers for not believing as he believes, and seeing as he sees.

Growing out of this is arother question. Says the Independent: "This is not a day of denominational vigor, but of denominational decay. There is a survival of denominations, but nothing more, sometimes not even tha:. Old denominations come to an end. We have passed out of the denominational epoch." "All Christian denomınations," says Prof. Briggs, "have drifted from their standards, and are drifting at the present time. No one who has examined the facts and considered the historical situation, can doubt it. The question that roubles us most is, Whither?"
?hese facts ineing incontrovertible, there is in the relintous world more or less of change and unrest. People are far from being so wedded to their denominations as formerly. They are rather cosmupolitan in their religious views. There is no law to prevent their attending church where they so d, churches, but cien the power of the

1. nud. cf sin is weakening in. this respect.
isters of different denominatic as have not a more Chist. like beari:ig towards
one another than doctors of different not a more Chist like beari:g towards
one another than doctors of different schucis of medicine. I have lived where M. D.'s of different schools of medicine practised and have associated whit students of different schools, and I have yot to hear the une speak favorably of the pirinciples of the other. In pubic gatherings, at bançue.s, etc.,
they greet one another in the most friendis inatiner, but then, enquatte, like too much of minister: I etiquette,
pected to visit the people in their homes, and in various ways $h \cdot l p$ to lift them up to a higher plane of living, and elnable them to form loftier conceptions of the Christian life; but the question immediately arises, "Whom shall he visit?" Right here there is great danger of clashing interests. Into whose homes has he a Christian right to enter in his pastoral capacity? Many difficulties arise. Every minister must be true to his God and to his fellow. man, and every true servant of Christ Jesus will not stoop to be anything but a true Christian gentleman.
Our territory is not divided. Even homes are divided-the mother is a Methodist, the son a Presbyterian, the daughter a Baptist, while the father is a disciple of Dr. Wild, and many families, alihough for an cxcuse are nominally connected with some congregation, do not attend anywhere. In the center of our population, it may be some are over visited, while in the suburbs and outskirts many poor families are enturely neglected. One way naight be to placard the houses, as they do in cases of small-pox, saying, This family belongs to Rev. Mr. A-
2. I would go wherever Christ calls me , and that is wherever there is need. whether it pleased some or not.
3. I would go wher I was invited; at least, there I would have a right to go. I might be invited as a citizen in a social capacity, or a pastor; we must judge which. My going should not be for the express purpose of trying to unsettle the minds of the people visited in their religious belief. I abhor any and all underhand insidious processes of proselytizing. Fivery minister of the Gospel should be far above that. There is, no doubt, too mach sickly sentiment hovering around our relations to one another as pastors.
4. I would consider it my duty to visit the homes of those who were reg. ular attendants at the services of the church.
5. I would endeavor to follow my Master in seeking for the lost.
Some one has said that professional men bave a professional etiquette, fut instance, M. D's. God forbid that minsters of different denominatic as have
$h$
s
1 This is the first testimonial I have given This is the first testumonial I have given
to ary remedy, but the truth ought to be known."

Oid men and women, young men and maidens should test our wonderful renicdies. They prevent indigestion and cure dyspepsia. Samples free to any address. K. D. C. Cu., I.td., New Glascow, N S., and 127 State sticet, Bostor, Mass.
ends there. There is tou much gush and policy etiquette, and not enough true Christ-like etiquette. Almost every pastor that labors among the people and is successful by God's help in building up a cause is accused of proselytism ; yea, further, every new religious reformative movement that has possessed elements of power, and has developed numerically, has had the favorite and convenient epithet of "proselyte" hurled at it. I would rather have the displeasure of man than the disapprobation of God.
In one place I labored, it was the M. E. pastor that was accused of disturbing the other religious folds; in another plave it was the Baptust ; and, as an able minister said, "The Presbyterians used to be above it, but they are becoming just like the Me hodists." I wonder, in the whole course of our ministerial labor, how many of us have never been accused directly or indire:tly of proselytism.
I trust we will better understand one another. Ministerial etiquette should govern our relations everywhere, not merely to be pleasant as we greet one another on the street and in public gatherings, but everywhere. We are living, as S. H. Blake says, in an age of shams. There is too much sham, venecr etiquette. We require to be more open and candid with one another and manifest a manly, genuine, Christlike etiquette. Every. religious body stands for sume distinctive truth, and it ought not to be considered a violation of Christian etiquette to faithfully and boldly proclaim it for the purpose of winning the whole world to an open confession of that tuth. We should understand more fully one another's positions, and be more conversant with the peculiar and distinctive tenets of the different religious bodies, ever extolling and magnifying our peinis of agreement, and diminishing our points of difference, looking at them through the large end of the telescope, ever remembering that the end of the com. mandment is live out of a pure heart.

## The Truth Ought to be Known.

Rev. T. Dunlup, Alliston, Ont.: "Your K. I). C. bas done all it clams o du. I wo members of my family have been wonderfully helped, though, far, they have used but one package.教

Woung [lpeople's VClork. FOR CHRIST AND tHE church.
Committes: W. IV. Coulter, II. L. McKinnon,

## C. E. Prayer-Meeting Notes.

## geo. FOWLER.

Aug. 4. Our promised land, and how to reach it. Rev. xxi. 1-7, 22-:5.

We learn many helpful lessons from the sturly of the journey of God's ancient people fror. Egypt to Caanan. The promised land was before them. They made a noble start, but an ig. noble finish. "It is surely a lesson to be heeded by Christians, that of the stx hundred thousand fighting men 'who were saved out of Egypt,' and sang the song of salvation after they emerged from their 'bap:ism into Moses in the cloud and in the sea,' but two persons, Caleb and Joshua, entered the land of promise." Num. xiv. 27 38; xxvi. $63 \cdot 65$.
They did not enter it because they failed to keep the covenant made with God. God said to them, "If ye will obey my voice indeed, and keep my covenant, then ye shall be a peculiar treasure unto me above all people; $\mathrm{fo}_{\mathrm{r}}$ all the earth is mine."

Faith in Moses as therr deliverer and obedience to all the commands of God was necessary. They fell out by the way because of "an evil heart of unbelief." Heb. iii. 12. 19.

If we would eister in to possess the land promised by God to the spiritual Israel, we must accept of the Lord Jesus Christ, and continue faithful unto death. Mark xvi. 16 ; Rev. ii. 10.
"The faith by which we are justified must become operative as an inspiring and transforming power in purifying the heart within, controlling the life without, and urging us on to the attainment of holiness. The 'newness of life,' into which the believer is born by baptism, must find growth, development and progress into manhood."Erreit.
"But no word can portray the felicity and ineffable blessedness of the redeemed. No dweller on earth can know what God has prepared for them that love Him. Who can imagine the joy of the spirit when every stain is washed out and every infirmity is removed; when the soul has nothing to fear, and nothing to suffer through all eternity ; when it shall find ample scope for all its powers in the enjoyment of God, and in the service of God ? This is an ocean of blessedness that no plummet can fathom."-En. EIERald.

Aug. ir. Christ the Great Physician. Mark ii. 1-17. (A missionary meeting.)

Of the many diseases to which humanity is heir, man stands powerless before the fatal inroads of many. All gave way before the infinite medical wisdom oi the Creator of the human body. Christ was niver baffled. The most deadly, loathsome and fatal maladies vanished at His touch, while death itself bowed in submission before His authority. Christ's great mission to this world was not the healing of physical man; but the prescribing a remedy to heal and cleanse the soul.

The Gospel is to be preached to all nations. It tells of One, mighty and willing to save. There is no other power to cleanse our souls from the fatal inroads of the leprosy of sim . Do we believe this? If we do, why do we sit still while hundreds of millions of human beings are living without the glorious hope of everlasting life, and hundreds of thousands are going down every year to Christless graves? We must send the Great Physician of souls to the heathen world, by scattering God's Word printed in all languages, in all nations under heaven, and by sending not tens but huntireds of able, consecrated werkers. We want men like Dr. Macklin, who are able to win men to Christ, by healing them first of their diseases. The condition of the race demands haste on cur :art. While we tarry, thousan's are dying. In China alone men are dying at the rate of a million a month. "There is none other name under hi aven given amorg men wherely we must be saved."
"Here bing your wounded hearts,
Here tell your al guish.
Earth hath no sorrow
That Christ cannot heal."
3ridgeburg, Ont., July 25, 1895.Our Y. P. S. C. E is still dong good work; the Missionary Committee especially have accomplished, with God's blessing, à great task. Trusting that God would suppiy the need, the society sent one of the sisters to Hiram College ; we raised all our money by voluntary offerings only, yet there was always sufficient to meet our needs. Unce there was seven cents left in the treasury, and once six cents. At the end of the term the committee thought they were about $\$ 2$ in debt, but the obligatinn had been met unknown to them, and when they were going tt. settle the account, it was found to te pard No appeal to the members was made in vain; quetly they rould meet the committee chairman, and har.d him various sums. Once we needed only $\$ 2$ to complete our pledge to 0 . Sono San, in Japan. We felt that the socicty had done all it could be expected. On the afternoon of the last

day the claiaman was quietly handed exactly $\$ 2$, given by a friend who knew. of our work but not of our need. Our faith has grown. In set.ding Sister Harris to school pie have a definite purpose in work and prayer. The Missionary Committee alone raised $\$ 75$ the last year, and ours is a sinall society.
A. H. Cowherd.

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## What of the Future?

C. A. FI.EMING.

Every reader of this paper once in a while turns his mind toward the future and ask; humself what will our work tell for in this country in ten, twenty, fifty years from now. We are sure that every reader wishes the largest measure of prosperity for ou " movement. One thing is certain, we will either go forward or backward-as there is no such a thing as standing still-we venture to predict that our readers are so thorough ly imbued with the missionary spirit that we need not speak of anything but a forward move.

Conditions of Success.-in order to be successful in the spread of the gospel we must adapt ourselves to the needs of the people. This is one of the reasons why the work of our proneers was successful. One reason why our work bas not grown so well as we would desire of late years is, I believe, a failure on our part to adapt ourselves to the conditions of the Province. For some years past we have been putting forth our best efforts in the towns and cities. This is right as far as it goes, but the work in rural districts and villages should not be left undone.

Lessons from our Ncijhbors.-L.et us look around us and see it any useful points can be learned from those around us. Take the Mennonites for example. These people are pushing rapidly into both old settled and newly settled districts, and are rapidly gaining a firm foothold in the Province. They encouragt young inen to be preachers. They train them up in evangelistic
work, and are gelting a strong force of preachers, who have a good ordinary education, say as good as the average public school teacher, and expec: him to be of about the same social standing in the communit) and to get aloout the same salary as a public schuol teacher in the locality in which he preaches. They look out for a locality where a mission can be started and they go ahead peaching and converting the people, and when a sufficient number is gathered in they form a congregation
Our Needs.-First, may I say, a force of energetic, God-fearing young men, with a reasonably good education and some special training for their work, who will be willing to go into any neighborhood where a congregation can be formed.

Second, That our young men just mentioned be willing to go out and evangelize and build up congregations wherever they can find a location at a salary such as the public school teacher gets in the vicinity, a stated portion of this is necessary to be paid by the Cooperation. let, in all the older districts, the preacher give sufficient attention to financs s to make the mission "pay" its way by collections and offerings as much as possible, remembering that if he ministers to the people in spiritual things it is but their part to minister to him in temporal things. I believe that to the attention given this point the Mcthodists owe a large measure of their success in pushing out into $u$ w fields.
Our College in Toronto.-There is perhaps no one thing that has been done by our brethren in years that will, I believe, be a larger factor in this advancement than the establishment of our college in Toronto. Is it not just what was needed and at the time when it was needed? A place in which to prejare not only preachers having a university education, but also largely and specially the class of young men whose work I have just outlined, young men of limited means and present education alsc limited, if we may so describe the education obtained at our Public and High Schools. Such literary education coupled with a course in the college in Toronto and backed up by a consecrated, energetic character, would fit many of our young men for useful work.

In conclusion, may I say that in what I have written I desire to open up the subject, and I will not expect every one to agree with me. It may be, Mr. Editor, that it may serve the purpose of a target to fire criticisms at, and in that way bring out many practical goints that will be usetul to us in our

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efforts to advance the cause of our Master in this Piovince.

Owen Sound.
(We have repeatedly called attention to the above article, and invited our brethren to express their opinions thereon. So far no one has responded. Perhaps the paper containing it has been lost-the number for May ist, 1895. We give it here in full again, with the hope that it may set our people thinking. Bro. C. A. Fleming is a man of experience and of affairs, and withal is deeply interested in the work of the Lord. The conclusions he has arrived at after years of observation are worthy of the careful consideration of the Disciples.-Editor.]

## Omnibus.

Look at the dote on the label on this paper. Are you in arrears?

We hear of a good meeting at Meaford held by a Bro. Hinds from the U. S., with between 20 and 30 addtions.
" Kindly acknowledge in next issue of Disciple the sum of $\$ 7.50$ from Lobo S. S. for Foreign Missions.-L. V. Rioch."

The catalogue of Bethany College is $t 0$ hand, showing that institution to be prospering under Pres. McDiarmid's care. We note that his son Errett was one of the graduates at the last commencement.

This number of the Disciple, we are sure, will not only interest our brethren, but encourage them. The number of additions reported and the general air of hopefulness are quite reviving. Let the good work go on.

The new editor of the Christian Guardian is of the opinion that the Methodist Church should carry out at the ballot box the resolutions of its Conferences in regard to saloonism and clericalism. And what is more, he evidently intends to keep on telling his brethren so. "More power to bis elbow." 5

In a note on church population in the United States, the Presbyterian Review gives the membership of the leading denominations, including the Protestant Episcopal, 540,000, but overlooks the Disciples of Christ, which body, according to the New York Independent's annual statistics, now numbers 871,oig.

Rev. R. W. Ballan, pastor of the Disciple church, preached his farewell sermon to his congregation last Sunday. Not only the members of his own church, but those of other churches as
well, regret very much that Mr. Ballah has seen fit to accept another charge. During the years of his ninistration in this village he has gained the respect and ssteem of all clasies of the community. His labors here have been crowned with success, and he ministered faithfully to the people under his charge. He goes to take charge of the Disciple church at Aylmer, Ont. We wish him all success in his new field.Hillsburg Beaver.
Toronto Industrial Fair.-An unbroken record of successes in the past is the best possible guarantee that the Toronto Industrial Exhibition of 1895, which opens on the and of September, will be a display of unrivalled attractiveness. Many improvements in the buildings and grounds have been made to further the convenience of exhibitors and the public, and, with the return of an era of prosperity, the enterprise of the management will doubsless be rewarded by a thorough apprec. iation of the inducements offered. The volume of exhibits this season will be larger and more diversified than ever before, and special atrractions of a brilliant and exciting character will be presented, including the novel military spectacle, "The Relief of Lucknow," with gorgeous oriental accessories and pyrotechnic efiects on a scale of grandeur and variety hitherto unequalled. The system of cheap railway fares and special excursions from far and near enables all to visit the fair at trifling cost, and everyone should take advantage of the opportunity, as it embodies all that is best worth seeing and knowing in mechanical progress and seion. tific invention. All entries close on the roth of August.

## (6)-operation 120tes.

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We can make this year the best in the history of our work, if we will. How many will help to dn it? It can be done if we think of the work, pray for its progress and give for its support.

## Children's Day for Home Missions.

The first Lord's day in September is the day on which the Sunday-schools are asked to give a special collection for Home Missions. It is time to be getting ready for that collection. Superintendents and teachers can help (Continued on next jagc.)


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Standing Committees for 1895-96.
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## erihurch 1gews.

leems of Church News should be porsed and brief. What can be clearly writen on a port card will be usually ample. To encure prompt insertion all

items for thin depatment should be in the edito's hands at least five (s) days before the date of pub. | hands 2t |
| :--- |
| lication. |

Mmosa.-During the past three weeks, twenty seven have been added to the church here. One of these was to have been baptized by Bro. O'Malles in Guelph, but being unavoidably absent from Guelph at the time appointed, and as Mimosa is her home, she obeyed Christ here. One who was baptized elsewhere was restored and three will be commended to the church at Erin Centre.
P. Baker.

Everton July 22, 1895.
Bridgeburg, July 23, 1895.-Please report the following : Three addtions since the last report, two by confession and baptism-a mother and her daugh-ter-and one by baptism, all of Amigari. We were favored in having Bro. R. Bulgin preach for us, July 7 th, and we trust that when he completes bis course in Hisam he will return to Ontario, as we cannot afford to lose the services of such a consecrated worker. Last Thursday evening, Bro. Allen, of Black Rock, and Bro. Chase, of Cincinnati, paid us a visit and spoke at our player meeting. We hope these brethren may pay us a visit again. Brethren, pray for this work; many souls are near the Kingdom.
W. C. McD.

Glencairn, July isth, 1895-1 thought an item had been sent for your Church News column for last Discipie, but must have been mistaken, so you may report in next issue that Bro. C. J. Lister was with us for a meeting list month, confirming the church, and so skilfully using the "Sword of the Spint" that three of our young people made
the good confession and were baplized.
L. Framig.

London, July 24 th. - Five confessions since June meeting. Audiences unusually good this summer.

Gfo. Fowler.
Hammiron.-Bro. J. A. Aikin preached in Hamilton, L.ord's day, July 2 tst to the great satisfaction of the congregation. There was one addition here by letter, July 28th.

Toronto, Cecil St, July 22.-Audiences fine yesterday. Since last report there have been three additions, two by letter and one by confession and bap. tism.
J. L.

Wal.kerton, July 22, 1895.-Allow the to report a few lines re July work here. We are not all off on our hoii days, as you will see later on. Dear Bro. Lediard came here Tuesday evening, July 2nd, and preached every evening, Saturday excepted, till Firtay, July 12 , inclusive. Bro. L. is (but I need not tell it) a workman that needeth not be ashamed, rightly dividing the Word of God. His visiting labors and preaching were largely directed to the church upbuilding; instructing exhorting and kindly reproving; shunning not to declare the whole council of God. The meating continued with increasing interest to the close.
On Sunday, the 14th, Bro. Chas. A. Stevens, of Butler University, Ind., preached, morning and evening, to large audiences; subject, "The ministry of suffering," and for deep, thoughtful, soul-inspiring work, Bro. S. stands at the top with any of our great preach. ers at home or abroad, at least, so say many who heard him here. At the the close of the norning service, our old and much loved Bro. Alex. Anderson, of Ilamilton, came forward and presided at the table, and oh, it did our hearts good to hear his voice again; and, though appearing feeble in body, imagine our delight when he promised to preach for us, Sunday $215 t$, if the Lord would continue to bless him with increasing st.ength to do so.
Well, Sunday came, and so ciid Bro. Anderson. He preached from John iv. 13, 14, "Every one that drinketh of this water shall thirst again; but whosoever drinketh of the water that I shall give him shall never thirst." Bro. A. was greeted with a fairly good audience, and he secmed to rise above all his physical weakness and carry us back to his palmy days in closing his sermon. I am sure his loving words will be long remembered by us all. And when those calm and

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 PRINTERS.$W^{E}$ PRINT Circulars, Catalogues, Price Lists, Wres husiness blanks, A:count Looks, Church Re Ports, Sale Hills, Programmes, By.Laws, l'oem

BISDIAG: OF EVEHE IDESCRIETION
ar Mail Orders will receive prompt attention.
58 KING WILLIAN ST.
We are clothing makers for the people. Our lines for Spring and Summer now ready. We might talk for howrs. Enough said.

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| Coal, | R. N. WHELIEA |
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| Wood, | $=362=$ |
| Flour, | CANNON ST. EAST, Cor. Tisdale. |
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thoughtful remarks came, "This may te my last opportunity to speak face to face to many that are here. I beseech you by the mercies of God, etc., stand fast," every heart seemed filled with ennotion, and many a silent prayer for God's blessing to follor, not only this discourse, but with tender hands $t$.) lead our brother home. May his clos. ing da:s be those of joy, and the end eternal peace.
Bro. Konkle, of Indiana, is to be with us all through August. Of this I will write later.
' 1 'Whitehead.,

## LW oman's UW ork.



## Salutatory.

Many of the readers of The Disciple have, from time to time, expressed their appreciation of the Woman's Column. It is our aim and purpose that it shall still be pleasing and edifying to its readers. At our last annual meeting there seemed to be a disposition shown in all the departments of our work to go forward. At one of our business sessions, when discussing our future work and the funds we might count on through the year, a sister said: "Put the sum high, then work to reach it." Should we not carry that principle through all our work ? While we are ready to acknowledge that the Woman's Column has been hood and helpfut in the past, we should aim to make it better in the future. With the help and co operation of our sisters, we can. Let every sister feel and say, "This is my page," and use it as such.
We will be pleased to get reports i:om auxiliaries, giving ways of making mettings interesting, and of securing new members, or anything else that may be of nutual interest to all. Such would help our page, and keep us more in touch and sympathy with one anoth. er. The letters need not be long-in fact, should not be, as our page is not large, and it is more desirable to have short items from a number than a long letter from one. We hope to hear from all the auxiliaries often. We expect, as we find space through the year, to give our readers articles from different sisters, beanng on the needs of our work.
In conclusion, we ask the earnest prayers of ail our sisters for our united efforts in this country, and that "our page" nay be a blessing to us all and a help in furthering the Master's king dom.

Сом.

## Everywhere We Go.

We find some one who has been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and people on all hands are praising this great medicine for what it has done for them and thei. friends. Taken in time, Hood's Sarsaparilla prevents serious illness by keeping the blood pure and all the organs in a heallhy condition. It is the grcat blood purifier.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box.

## Children's TUlork.

Mrs. Jas. Lediard, Supt., Owen Sound, Ont. to whom communications for this depatunent should be addressed.

## Day Dleams of the Future.

The Dreamer.

## chapter iv.

In a small house nest door there had lived a man and his wife for many years; and as the woman had for some time been confined to her bed, while her husband had scarcely strength enough to wait on her, they had become special objects of my wife's care and attention. Could she have been called there for any reason? With a heart sick with dread of, I knew not what, I started to see ; and finding the door unfastened I entered, hoping to find my wife busy in some kindly ministrations for our aged neighbors, but to my astonishmert the bed whereon the invalid had lain so long was empty, and the armchair near by was also unoccupued, while on the litile table close by lay the old Bible, and on its open page were the spec:acles placed as usual, as though the old man hao exexpected to relurn. What could it mean? I left the house hurriedly, to try to solve the mystery, and then I noticed that every object was flooded with rosy lighe sublime in its radiance, and I looked toward the eastern sky to see if the dawn was the cause, but while the first faint streaks of light were visible, they looked cold and colorless in the unearthly glow shining on all around. Then I looked up, and saw from whence the light shone: 'or in the sky hung a wondrous cloud, and seated on it was One, whom I knew then to be the coming Saviour; and then I knew what had become of my loved ones, for rising from the earth, in all directions were white-robed fig. ures, floating upivard until they reached that resplendent cloud. I stood entranced, unable to take my eyes from the wondrous sight, and still the crowd grew larger until all were gathered; and then higher and higher they all seemed to float until they vanished from my sight ; the radiance faded out and I was alone. My wife and children, with all who loved the Saviour, whether living or dead, had gone to be with Him torever, and I zuas left bchis:d. Human nature could stand no noore, and I fell fointing to the earth
How long I temained tuconscious I never knew, but when I opened my eyes I was lying on my bed, and at first it seemed like a hideous dream. And I spoke, expccting to see the familiar face and hear the much loved
voice of my wife ; but the sight of a stranger helped me to dispel the illusion and to realize the terrible truth; and the agony of this awakening was hard to bear. Anything I had ever suffered or imagined was as nothing to the grief and despair which seized upon me. I wept, and groaned, and prayed wild prayers for forgiveness and admittance, but with no avail. Only some words floated across my mind, terrible in their significance, "Depart from me; I never knew you." What niade it hardor still to bear was the realizution that, deep down under the thick incrustation of worldinfss, : zow shattered to pieces, I discovereo that I really had a germ of real love for the Saviour after all. It had had no room to develop; no power to influence my life ; and now I feared it was altogether too late. An additional discr mfort was the feeling of shame that I must go out in the world, and own, by my presence there, how utterly hollow and valueless my profes sion and religion had been. But when, at last, I was forced to go abroad, I found I was not alone. Not all the members of churches were taken; and I was as astonished to meet some who were left behind as I was to miss some whose lives had been so quiet and un. ubtrusive that I had never thought of them as Christinns at all. I was espec. ially struck with this on the first Lord's day, when, from force of habit, I made my way to church, and then discovered how many seats were empty, and how many familiar faces were absent. The friends and associates of years had dis. appeared, and myloneliness grew decper and heavier. My mind had been so busy with these sad discoveries that the minister had come in and taken his place withou: attracting my attention at first ; but when I looked up I wondered if that could possibly be the popular young preacher who had ministered to this church for some months past. The abundant glossy hair had turned white, his face was haggard and worn, and his eyes cast down with shame and humiliation. He tried to speak, but only succeeded in faltering out a confession of his utter unworthiness and his resolve never to occupy that platform or any other again. My heart we it out to him with the sympathy which suffering brings, and as he came down from the pulpit I met him and gave him my hand, which was taken with a silent grasp which spoke louder than words. I found afterwards that one other minister bad been left in the town, but that he had not taken it to heait at all, and had thrown of :all semblance of religion which, ai best, had only beea a cloak wherewith to hide his true character.

It was noteworthy that when the ministet had gone, there was a larger perrentage of missing members, which was exactly what might be expected. Of course, any further allempt at a religious service was ant of the question, and the old-time Sabbath stillness was changed to noise and every kind of disturbance. The solt had been taken from the earth ard general corruption had set in. All rule and authority was set aside, and all that perinined to Christianity was swept away. What a fearful place it became! And while this was the case in this remote place, what it must have been in the great centres of population I leave you to inagine. In the meantime there were a few others who were like-minded with me, our minister being one of the number, and a longing for sympathy drew us together, as will as the fact that we needed each other. "How were we to endure or lives?" and "What was yet in stcre for us?" became strious questions, the solution of which became the sarnest endeavor of our lives.
(Thie continued.)


Guaramted easiest notking, most duraWe and best pump made, or no sale. Will send a pump 10 any responsible person, on rial Catalogt:c eent free. Wo guarantee satisfaction. Adderess
J. W. ANDERSON, Pitentee, Aylmer West, Ont.

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TROY, N. Y., and NEW YORK CITY, HARUFAGTUKE SUPERIOR GKURCH BELIS

## THEY ALL

 READ IT.
## Thoughtfully and at Leisure.

While cnjoying the evening at home they turn and scan the cight pages of

## THE TIMMES, <br> HAMILTON.

Is your advertisement on one of these paryes?
La Grippe weakens digestion; use K. D. C.

## Dedication at Aylmer.

Ifar Bro. Munro:
l'esterday; July ifth, the Church of Christ in Aylmer dedicated to the worship of (ind, their new mecting house; and we thou;ht a short account of the opening exercases would interest our brethren throughout the arovince.

Of the 2jth of January last, as a few of the brethren were abumt os assemble to observe the ordinance of the l.ord's house and offer praise and thanksgiving to our Heavenly Father, upon our arrival at the meeting house, a sight met our eyes which blanched the faces of our litte company: The little meenng house, in which we had enjoyed such bleised communion with our Lord and Master and with each other, we saw a heap of blackened ruins. Kind friends who arrivad carly upon the scene worked nobly and well, and saved what they could tor us from the flames.
I assure jou the litule band, who had struggled to keep the cause alive in Aylmer, were very much disheartened, but we loved the cause of our 3 ' and soon we cast about us to see wit we could do to find a place to worship in according to the dictates of our con. sciences.

We conferred with our brethren of St. Thomas, and were encouraged by them $t 0$ go forward and erect a new house, and we also received from them substantial aid and wise counsel, and it is largely through the encouragement and help of our St. Thomas biethren we are in possession of our ner home to das.

Anong the other churches tho have helped $t 0$ bear our burden we are pleased to name the following: Plum Strect Church, Detroit ; Everton, E:rin Centre, Erin Village, Dorchester, be side some good brothers and sisters from St . $\mathrm{I}^{2}$, mas, i.rndon and Everton.

But we cannot close this notice without refersing to Bro. l.. l.: Carpenter, of Wabash, Ind.

He was holding a meeting in St. Thomas shortly after the fire overtook us, and we кeac especially insuited by him 10 go right on. He promised to come and dedicate our new house without any charges but his expenses. We took his advice, and when the house was reads we sent to Wabash fir Bro. Carpenter.

He ciame, and put his whoie soul intol an earnest appeal for us, and at the same tome lie ioviagly ard beautifully sat foith jesus as the Jamit of God which tak: ${ }^{\text {th }}$ atray the sin of the roorld, at.d made an caracs: appeal to! the picople is ant the:r truet in Fimm.
In conc:us.on, 1e mast say the
financial part wois a grand cuccess. At the three moetings thete was conuibuted $\$ 35$ m cash, and in pledpes to pay in one, wo and three years the sum of $\$ 600$, besides some amounts promised but not named. This, for a small church of about forty members, we consider a grand success. It will put the church on a good financial footing. All honor to Bro. Carpenter. He is the bight man in the right place at a dedication.
We thank our many kind friends once more through loue IIscipies of Curist and Canadian Evangelist for their sympathy and support, and ask for your connunued prayers that the cause of Christ may prosper here.

John Hoders, Treas.,
Church of Christ, Aylner.
Aylmer, July ${ }^{5} \mathrm{sth}, 1895$

## Manitoba.

Immediately upon purchasing the property formerly owned by the Congregationalists, our brethren set to work with a will, and with their hands too, to thoroughly renovate $i t$, and worked so suicessfully that the building was ready for the opening on June 3 oth. The location could not be better. We are just behind the site for the new post office, and in the midst of good buildings, near the center of the "Prarric Cily." The building is heated by a furnace and lighted by electricity; the dressing rouns and baptistry are well arsaaged; the seats are comfortable, ine furniture neat, the platform and ainles nicely carpeted. A sister donated a beautiful revised version of the Bible for the pulpit, and the Y. P. S. C. E. a handsome silver communion service. Without being extravagant, we have an attractive and comfortable place of worship.
On June the 3 oth the house was beautifully decorated with flowers: the day was all that could be desired, in short, was the only fine Sunday that we have had this summer, the others have been wet-some, very wet. Our brethren from the neighboring points turned out rell, and also many of the town people, so that the three services which were held were all well attended. In the morning the seats were crowded, and in the crening we had seats in the aisles. In the morning the writer spoke on the subject, "Christianity; what is it?" and in the afternoon on "The nrigin and aim of the Disciples of Chriat." In the evening, Bro. G. A. Campbell, of Hiawatha, Kansas, who was home on a visit, preached a good sermon from the parable oi the talents. lice were glad of his presence and help. Collectiors in aid of the building fund were taliet: at these services.

On Monday, July ist evening, w he'd a platform meeting to which the residan ministers were inviled. We were pleased with the kindly ferlings expressed. So far as we are able to judge a good impression has been made and more stranger, attend our meetings, and we trust that our move will b: productive of much good, The church certainly deserves praise for the efforts they are puting forth.
Portage la Prairic. John Munro.

## Medicine in Tablets.

Firom the New Jork Sun of Fihirary'5, s99.4.
Increased Use of Drugs in This Form Instead of Compounding by Prescription.
A comparatively recent invention, vastly extended in its application within three or feur years, has wroutht a curinus change in the practice of medicine Countr. physicians, 100 years ago, when there were few druggists outside of considerable towns, carried in their saddle lags or medicine chests a variely of deugs, pills, powders, putions, lotions and what not. Such physicians made up their oun prescriptions and furni hed their patients with medicines. The use of medicines in the form of tablets tends nume and more toward a return of modern physictans to the methods of their predecessors. Phy:icians everywhere now write fewer prescriptions than they wrote ten years ago or cuen two years ago, and the une of medicine in the form of tablets is extending every day.
It is only ten or fifteen years since com. prested tabilis of chborate of polash began to be use l. Other simple drugh were then put up in tallet form, and gradually the variciy of dauds and prescriptions thus preparen was ex. tended until now it includes thousands of com. jounds. Any physician may now have almosit any prescriptiln of his own mide up into tab.
iets. The $u, 4 a l$ trnuirement is that at least 5.000 tablets shall he ondered. Many well Known prescriptions of famourphysiciars have artanned a worth wile celebrits in the medical dreds of liquid their use in tablet form. tun saturating inert material with the inixture just as homropathic remedies are preprared in the furm of sugar pellets. The tablet factories are ing further dines and prescriptions to tabie form. They are read) to vart known prescrip. tions in accurdance with the fancy of individual physicians, and to comblise one or more pres. criplions in a single ta hilet. The general us of talile:s instead of puesciptions has greatly
simplified the practice of medicine simplified the practice of medicine. The physician, instead of witing a prescripmon and
tnstructing his patient to have st comprunded instructing his patient to have scomprunded
by a druggist, loaves the n-cessary number of tablets with instruc: tions as to the time and manner of taking. Nearly everv physician is provided with snme such sablets, and many use them in great quaninces. Tons of drugs are now put up in this firm. It is the whule sale method of montern life applied to the preparation of medicin-s. Agoincearies have telt the effects of the char.ge in practic : shrough the lessening in the numler of prescriptions to be compounded. For the patient, it has
cheapercal the cost of doctoring, fu: the phycheaperect the cost of doctoring, fu: the phy
sician obtains the tablets at so low a rate that he uspally makes no charge for those supplied o his pa:ients.
New as the use of tablets is, the form of the sables has been greaily improved since their introduction into medical praciice. Tablets are smaller and more compressed than they necica few yearsago. The machinery for mak
ing themoriginallywas, and perhaps still is, con
. rolled by a single wholesale drug store of this city, hut there are many manufacturers of tab. Tets here and clserthere. Wnen the patentecs first legan to call their products to the aliention of physicians the tablets very slowly made widely hnow to the medical profession. Then they associated themselres with a famous drug heuse, and the tablets scon began to go.
Onir the simpler drugs and remedies put
in ialict form are aecessible to the put up jublic. The compounds are not cren knowis
by name outside the medical profesion. As they are not patent medicines, they are not advert sed in other than medical newspapers. They come to physicians with a label that proclaims the ingedients and their proportions. Physicians have the geqd repute of the manu factureri as guarante: that tablets are made of pure dras and carelully compounded. The best tabiet manufac urers emplay s'illed and careful sporlite casics and huy their drugs in large quantities direcily from manufacturers.
interesting segket mistory of an old. time rembidy.
A certain well.known preparation is so largely prescribed by physicians that its use by chem miy be said to be universal. Cunversa. tionally it is spoken of among themselves as the "R. \&S. Compr." If you are ill and call the doctor, no matter what else you get. sou are moderately certain to get some one of the forms of the "R. \& S." prescription. Its use has been growing more general for a hundred years, and has been vastly increased of late by slight improvements found to be important in effects. The prescription, especially in rural districts, is usually prepared in fuid form, sumetimes in yowders : but of late years it has been found possible 10 prepare it in tablets, the form now so popular with physicians for all standard medicines. So enormous is the demand, from physicians solely, for the various forms of this preparation that a single manufacturing chemist $n$ New York City made and sold 350,000 pounds of these tablets in the year i893-and this, be it borne in mind, was to physicians alane, or to fill orders from deal. ers from whom physicians obtain their supplies. Every physician of eminence has his "R. \& $S . "$ lormula, varying more or less from the original, hut substanizally the same-that is, depending upon the basis indicated by the letters R. \& S.
ripans tabules.
The Ripans Tabuies represent the latest and most improvel form of this prepasation. The separate letiers composing the word ripass
are the initials of the six ingredients. ase the initials of the six ingredients. Any doctor knaws what they are. The $A$ and $N$ represent the prineipal change. and have been found of rast imporiance. No person who has occasion to make use of a dyspepsia remedy. and has onee experienced the beneficial results of thes oabules in a case of biliousness, head. howels, wrill ever arder of the stomach, te with. out 2 supply near al hand. A single one cives prompt seliet. Pisec 50 cents a box, at druggisis, or by mail.
tIIE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY,
io Spruce St., New Yokk.

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 S2.50 per annum.This Magazine should $\mathrm{b}=$ read by every Pairionc Canadian, and should find a place in homes where pure literature is appreciated. What the press sajs :
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"Mright and interesting, the articles are remarkalite for their taste and literary finish." - Catholic Sicior., Lenndor.

Aluacsive in appearance, excellent in (ypography' and, above all, worthy and interesing in master."-Tinc Mfail, Toronto.
publisued me the.
ONTARIO PUBLISHING CO., LTD.,

## Toronto.




## Eoreign $\mathbb{C l}$ issions.

Send all comeribuions for forecign Missions so a mename, box 730 , Cinclenati, 0 .


## A. McLean, Cor. Sec.

The well-known and honored Curre. sponding Secretary of the Foreign Christian Mfissionary Soctety is now upon the Pacific Ocean, en route to vist the various Mission stations of our people in foreign lands. A. McLazn is of Scotch descent, and was born on the beautiful Prince Edward Island, Canada, where his father still lives. In 1869 he entered Bethany Cullege, and in $\mathrm{S}_{74}$ was graduated. He at once began his ministry in the church at Mount Healthy, a suburb of Cincinnati, where he now resicies. March, $\mathrm{SS}_{2}$, he was elteled to his presunt position, which he has held con inuously ever since.

Archibald Mclean has been an apostle of missions in our Zion. In his early ministry he grasped fully the supreme mission of the Church; and with pen and voice he has been a guide and an inspiration to the churches. To those who know him intimately he is an incarnation of the idea of morldwide missions. Time and service have firmly associated the name of our Secretary with the evangelization of the whole world.

This great cause has been his constant thought and care. In all his varied and arduous duties he has been industrious, faithful and patient. Some times the burdens were far too heavy to ask any one man to bear; but the confident hope of the world's final redemption, through the Gospel, by the Church, has been his unceasing encouragement and strength. This hope gave him a peace of soul which the mere incidents of his position could not disturb.

The uip has not been hastily planned. The friends of the cause have had it in mind for some years. They believe such a visit will not only be of much pleasure and profit to him
personally, but a source of real stren; th to the work in after years. Besides, the missionaries on the feld have often ex. pressed an earnest desire to have him make such a tour. He goes not as an ecclesiastic, but he goes rather as an invited guest and a personal friend of the heroes, who, in the forefront of the battle, desire his counsel and advice, and with him study the problems ard difficulties which constantly confront them. Few, if any, are as well prepared in mind and heart for the delicate task. Lut what he does there will not be 2 full measure of the value of his vistt. What a pleasure to hear him on his return! We grow impatient at the mere suggestion of the treat.

This visit marks the beginneng of a new era of our work in all lands. His letters while abroad will be nublished in our papers and read with unabated interest. The whole tip will require some ten or twelve months. Thousands will follow him with their prayers for a prosperous journey and a safe return. F. M. Kans, Fin. Sec.

## For Foreign Missions.

The following is the comparative rectipts for Foreign Missions for the first 15 days of July:

Number of contrib-
uting S. Schools.
1894 1895 Gain
$33^{8}$
$35^{8}$
uting churches..
Number of contrib.
uting Endeavor
societies ....... 41915 Individual offerings $23 \quad 22$ loss 1 Amount, $1894, \$ 3,669.38$; $1 \mathrm{~S}_{95}$, \$5,083 50; gain, \$1,414.12.
Note the following: 1. July 15 , Missouri leads in the number of contributing churches, the number being 276 ; but Illinois is only six churches behind. 2. Illinois leads in the number of contributing Sunday-schools, 321 to date; Missouri is next with 277. 3 . Ohio leads in the amount given, but is not much ahead of lliinois. 4. Texas leads in the fercentage of gain in conributing churchis, 42 last year, 100 this year. 5. The Frankfort, Ky., church leads her sister churches with an offering of $\$ .400$. 6. The Allegheny, Pa., Sunday.school leads the Sunday. school hosts with \$434.
Growth is scen on every hand. We ought to gain at least \$2000 in August. Remember, the books for the current missionary year ciose Oct. i.

Remit 10 A. McLcan, Cor. Sec., Box 750, Cincinnati, 0.
K. D. C. is prompt, marked and lasting in its effects.

## Stomach Neuralgia.

interesiting facts about this pecul.lar trouble

A Pernbroke Lady Who Suffered For Eight Years Gives the Particulars of Her Illness, and Tells How She Ob. tained Relief.

From Pembroke Standard.
The grateful thanks of thousands in all parts of the Dominion who have been made woll is the best evidence of the sterling metit of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale Perpe. We suppose there is not a city, town or village in Canada in which the good record of this health giving medicine is not known, and Pembruke is no exception to the rule. Among those who speak of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in terms of the highest praise is Mrs. Fournier, wife of Mr. Peter Fournier, both of whom are held in high esteem by those who know them. To a repolter, who re. cently visited their home, Mis. Fuurnier : ave a plain, unvarnished statement of her illness and cure. "It is now about eight years," she said, "since I began to grow ill with a pain in my back, stomach and side, and the amount of suffering whith it caused me can scar cely be realized. As the days and menths passed by, I began to grow weaker, and I was seldom free from the intense pains. At last I grew so weak that I was obliged to take to my bed, and even then suffercd from the pains which were making my life so, miserable. My appelite fatled me and I fared that I was doomed to be an invalid. During those days 1 was underthecare of a skillful physician, but his medicine did me no good. He said that my trouble was neuralgia or rheumatism of the stomach. It was during those dark days, as I lay an almost helpless invalid, that a friend strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Although I had litte faith in their efficacy at the time, I consented to try them. After using a fer boxes, I began to feel myself growing stronger and the pains leaving me. I continued using them until I had used a dozen boxes, and now you can sec for yourself whether I look like a sick person or not. The pains in my stomach, side and back have ceased to trouble me, and I have not been as well in eight years as I feel now. My appetite, which was so poor at one time, is norr fully restored, and I am comfident that not only have link lills cured me, but that they have saved me from misery and pain I would have otherwise still been enduring." Mr. Fournier, who was present at the intervier, fully en. dorsed all his wife had said.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make pure,
rich blood, thus reaching the root n! disease and driving it out of the system, curing when other medicines fail. Most of the ills afficting mankind are due to an impoverished condition of the blood, or weak or shattered nerves, and for all these Pomk Pills are a specific which speedily restore the sufferer to health. These pills are never sold in any form exc. pt in the company's boxes, the wrapper round which bears the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." All others are counterfeits, and should always be refused. Get the genuine and be made well.

## Married.

Page.URQUHart.-At the residence of the bride's parents, 273 Markham street, Toronto, Junc 19, 1895 , Dr. T. $J$ Pige, of Bracondale, to Henrietta Victoria Utquhart, IV. J. Lahmon, assisted by l. Baker, officialing.

At Purtage-la-Prairic, Man., July 8, 1895, by John Munro, at the residence of Mr. L. Bonny, brotner-in-law of the bride, 'I. A. VanVleit, of Winnipeg, to Kate Smith, of Harwich, Ont.

## xist OF AGFINTS.

Scton, Mis Mamie Masales.
Aurura, Miss Mary Wells.
Almer, Cecil Legry Lywn I. 0.
Beamsville, On Mis R. Prodhomme.
Menheim, Miss jennie
Blenheim, Miss Jennic McCoxan.
Bowmanville, Mrs Geo. Butchart.
Bridgeburg, A. II. Cowherd, Amigari P. 0. Collingwood, Ont., Miss M. E. Frame. Euin Cuntreard Erin Viliage, K. W. Ballah, Hillsbug P. O.
Everton, Ont., Jno Mchinnon.
Glencairn, On:., Mis L. Frame.
(eorgctown, Chas. Mckinlay.
Grand Valley, Geo. Tough.
Gurlph, Ont., Margic M. Tindall.
Harwich, Miss Maggic McCully, Mull P. O. Huntssille, On!., W. M. Crewson. Gilsyth, Ont., James Fleming. Lobo, Ont., Mrs. E. McClurg, Ivan P. O. London, Dr. D. A. Mckillop, 671 Dandas St. Mimosa, Allan Robertson, Millsburg P. O. Orangeville, Mariha E. Kins.
Orange $\mathrm{Come}, \mathrm{Marma}$ E. Kins.
Ower. Sound, Ont., A. E. Trout.
Portage la Prairic, Mian., Box 925.John Muaro. Ridgelown, Miss Nettic Green. Ridgelown, Miss ivetise
Rodney, John Higkins.
Rosedene, Ont, Miss Ella Moot.
Smithuille, Ont., Mrs. Wm. Alcock.
Smithuile, Ont., Mrs. Wm. Alcock.
St. Thomas, Oni., W. W. Coulter.
St. Thomas, Ont., W. W. Coulter.
Toronto Junction, Arch. Maclilian.
Toronto, J. I. Leary, ioo Manning Ave.
Walkerion, Ont., N. C. Royce.
West Lome, Miss Bella Mickillop.
West Lake, Ont., Mre. Cartherine McDonald. Wiarton, Ont., Mrs S. M. Brown.
Winger, Ont, Miss Eilla C. Swayze.

## RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

2. The Chrisian View of Gouland the World,
3. The James Orrist IN D......................3
4. The \&lviest of All: 2n Exposition of the

Enishle tothe Hebrews, by the Revi Aladrew
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. Christ for the Weald : Sermons iry J. Gein.

on MacColl, of Kipon.................... 23

- Cleria! Life and Wook ; Sertaons by tiee

3. Siscties in the Christian Character; Seraners $=\infty$
by Deas Paxci ….........................


JOEIN YGUNTG, Upper Canada Tract Socicty.
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## (9) bituaries.

Luron.-Died, on Miny 2gth, 895 , at her home in Y'armouth, Mrs. W. F. I.uton, beluved wife of Bro. Wm. F. Luton, in her 40 th year.

Sister Lutun's death, though not unexpected, came as a very dark and heavy cloud of surnwis upon the home of Bro. Luton and their now motherless children, of whom here atc: six, five sons and one daughte. . The yrungest is only four years old. As their mother's loved form was lowered into the grave, $i=$ scemed as though their hearts wouk break.

A true and fathful wife and mother, a tue aud consistent Christian, though dead she yet speaketh. Her long ill. ness af dire consumption, she endured with Christian patience, wilhng to go it God so willed it, yet desung for the sake of husband and children to remain and care for th m. Goj knows best. He will care for and comfurt and keep the sorrowing ones. Bro. Luton, who is reeve of larmouth, has the sympathy of the entire community in his bereave. nient. in tumense procession followed the re:mains to the Disciples cemetery, Sout: Dorchester, where service was conducted very tenderly and impressively by Bro. W. D. Cunningh:am.
R. W. B.

Tayior.-lied, on May 27th, iS95, ai her hume in South Dorcizevier, Mrs. Mary Jane Tay:or, beloved wife of Mr. James Taylor, in the $25^{\text {th }}$ year of hes age. Though aken away so young, Mirs. Taylor had for many years been a staunch Disciple of Christ, whuse teach. ing and example she followed so faith. fnlly unto the end, that the grief strick. en husband and sorrowing friends need not sorrow as those who have no bope, consoled by the assurance that it is well with her, for "Those who fall asleep in Jesus will God bring with Him."

Two children of tender age are left without a mother-a bright litle gir! and a baby bny: They are too young to realize num their gecat loss. God can take care of thent He will do so.
R. W. I.
I.ayto:-Afier a long and pa:nful illness, Brother David L.jons Iayton was laid quietly awi:y, on the zoth of June, in the licalord cemciery. He was a chaiter member of the Meaford congregition, and one of its faithfu! oversecrs; : was cersiciered one of the fire worl.ing congreantions in Ontatio, and enersel in exensire influence for groch. Br:. I. was lighiy respected, arin luc correge bas larec. He was fortumac in i $\because$ rance, li vitg formed a
union with Sister Elien Stephens, a member of a prominent family, and possessing a high order of intelligence. Out of eleven of :his family there remain only three : Bro. A. M. and M. N. Stephens, and Sister J. W. Layton. Two daushters survive of Bro. D. L. Layton's household. Both are intell. gent Disciples.

Com. ;

## Ixiterary Rotes.

Tu Punlishers.-All books, tracts, pam. phlets, magazines, etc.. intended for notice or one the Editor of Tur Discint of cursed North larton Mail, Mamilton. Ont.
Hom Chinst Cane ro Cucren, The Pastor's Dream, a Spiritual Aurobingriphy by A. J. Gordon, D. D., with the lifi astury and the Dream as interpreting the inan, by A. T. Piersin, D. D. Flemang il. Kevell Co., Torontu: price 75 cents, 123 pages, cloth buding.
We have read with great interest the remarkable dream of that rematkable man, the late Dr. Gurdun, of bostun. The dream wa that Chr:st cane uno Dr. Gordon's churc'r one Lor.:'s day moming, touk his seat among the congreg-tion, and havened tw ihe sermon. Dr. Gordon wav autracted by the stranger's appenr. ance, and mant to speat: to him after the service, but the Lisd got away before he could reach llim. He was greatly astonished to be tuld in a matter of fact way by the person in whose pew the Lord had sat that the stranger i was Jewus of Nazareth, and no doubr He would be hack again. The dream naturally made a deep impression on Dr. Gorcon's mind, and leal tu many reficctions and cenclustons: suth as une might expect in the case of a man like Dr. Gurdun. "The Life-Story and the Hream as interpreting the man," by his friend, 1f. Irerson, is written in an exceedingly interesting manner.
This litile lwok strongly upposes the use of all evil agencies in carrying on the Iord: work, and in this regard we heariily commend it. Dr. Gordon was very positize that 2 profane person is out of place leading the song service in a charch. He believed that none hut truly cunverted members and truly consecrated efficials were telplul to a church.
We think that Ur. Gurdon's very matkes success in bialding up a spiritually mioded church can be explained without zeference to the views he held on the influence of the Holy Spirit, and the Second Coming of the Lord. We thisk the seading of " llow Chist Came to Church" will help those much who are in the Lord's sarvice to trust in Him and not in the method of modera sensationalism. And, of course, it is always useful to be breught into contact with st:ong minds, eren though we cannot adopt their conclusions. We therefore would strongly recommend a reading of this trok.

American interest in " lan Maclaren" will be heightened by a new view of the man himself as seen aunneg the peopic of hisown parish, by Dr. Bolent E:llis Thomson, one of the cditors of the Sunetyy Sitioul Tinics. Dr. Thomson urites appreciatively of the famoas austior as piracher anci pastor. The sketch will appear


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