

# THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

## AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE.

Vol. 1.

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND, AUGUST 21 1879.

No 14.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD  
AND

OUTPORT TELEPHONE,  
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lisher,

J. A. ROCHFORD,  
Herald Office, Water St.,  
Carbonear, Nfld.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

### ROUTE

OF THE  
LABRADOR MAIL STEAMER,  
1879.

(The Northern Coastal Steamer will  
Connect with this Service at  
Battle Harbor.)

LABRADOR Steamer to leave St.  
John's on the 10th July, call at  
Harbor Grace—thence to Battle Har-  
bor; from Battle Harbor direct to  
Salmon River, calling at Henley Har-  
bor, thence on return calling at Blanc  
Sablon, Forteau, Lance-au-Loup, Red  
Bay, Chateaux, Henley, Chimney Tick-  
le and Cape Charles.

PROCEEDING NORTH—From Battle  
Harbor to Spear Harbor, Francis Har-  
bor, Bight, Dead Island, Venison Island,  
Punch Bowl, Bateaux, Indian Tickle  
Grady, and then to direct to Indian  
Harbor, Manack's Island, Black and  
Cape Harrigan.

RETURNING SOUTH—Calling at Tur-  
narick, Anavick, Ragged Islands, Cape  
Harrison, Sligh Tickle, Holton, Emly  
Harbor, White Bears, Smokey Tickers,  
Bake Apple Bight, Indian Harbor,  
Rigoulette, Pack's Harbor, and Inde-  
pendent, two last places alternately.

Long Island and South East Cove,  
alternately.

Grady.  
Indian Tickle.  
Bateaux and Domino alternately,  
Punch Bowl and Seal Islands, alter-  
nately.

Comfort Bight and Bolster's Rock,  
alternately.

Venison Island.  
Tub Harbor and Snug Harbor, al-  
ternately.

Dead Island.  
Ship Harbor and Scrammy Bay,  
alternately.

Fishing Ship's Harbor and Francis  
Harbor Bight, alternately.

Little Harbor.  
Murray and Spear Harbors, alter-  
nately, and thence to Battle Harbor.

The following trips will be the same  
as above except after the first round  
trip in September the steamer will not  
be required to go north of Holton, but  
after that trip must call at all Harbors  
between Bateaux and Henley Harbor,  
for Herring Fishery news.

JOHN DELANEY,  
Post-Master General.  
St. John's, June, 1879.

### A CARD.

T. W. SPRY,  
Notary Public,  
"EXPRESS" BUILDINGS,  
ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF  
NEWFOUNDLAND.

A DIVIDEND on the Capital Stock  
of this Company at the rate of Ten  
per cent per Annum, for the half-year  
ending 30th June, 1879, will be payable  
at the Banking Office in Duckworth  
Street, on and after SATURDAY, the  
12th instant, during the usual hours of  
business.

By order of the Board,  
B. BROWN,  
Manager.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir JOHN  
HAWLEY GLOVER Knight  
Grand Cross of the Most  
Distinguished Order of  
St. Michael & St. George,  
Governor & Commander  
in-Chief in and over the  
Island of Newfoundland  
and its Dependencies.

WHEREAS by an Act passed by  
the Legislature of this Colony,  
in the 41st year of the Reign of Her  
Majesty, entitled, "An Act respecting  
the fishery or Lobsters," it is enacted,  
that "The Governor in Council may,  
after such public enquiry and notice as  
shall be deemed expedient, from time to  
time, by order, restrict, or prohibit,  
either entirely or subject to any excep-  
tions and regulations, the fishing for and  
taking of Lobsters within any District  
or part of Districts in this Colony  
named in the Order, during such period  
either in every year or in such number  
of years as may be limited by the Order  
and may by the Order provide for en-  
forcing the Order and any restriction  
or regulation contained therein, by fine  
not exceeding One Hundred Dollars;"  
that "All Orders made, and all altera-  
tions or revocations of Orders made  
under this Act, shall be published in  
the Royal Gazette and one other New-  
paper in the Colony, for the period of  
One Month before the same shall take  
effect;" and that all offences against  
this Act, or against any Order made in  
pursuance of this Act, may be prosecut-  
ed, and all fines under this Act or an-  
y such Order, may be recovered with cost  
of suit, on summary conviction before  
a Stipendiary Magistrate; and in de-  
fault of payment of any fine, the same  
may be recovered by distress and sale  
of the offenders Goods and Chatties; or  
in case of such default he may be com-  
mitted to prison for a period not ex-  
ceeding Three Months, or until pay-  
ment."

Now, therefore, I, the Governor, by  
and with the advice of my Council, do  
order that—1st. No person shall, with  
in any District in the colony, between  
the 5th day of August and the 31st  
day of the same Month, inclusive, in  
any year, fish for, Catch, Kill, Buy, Sell  
or have in his possession, any Lobsters  
for the purpose of being Canned or Tin-  
ned, or put or preserved in Tins or  
Cans otherwise, for Exportation; and  
upon the Person Fishing for, Catching,  
Killing, Buying, Selling or having in  
his possession any Lobsters within the  
said period, shall in all cases devolve  
the proof that such Lobsters are not for  
the purposes aforesaid.

2d. Soft shelled and young Lob-  
sters, of less size than Nine Inches in  
length, measuring from Head to Tail,  
exclusive of Claws or Feelers, shall not  
be at any time Fished for, Caught,  
Killed, Bought, Sold or Possessed, but  
when caught by accident in Nets or  
other Fishing apparatus, lawfully used  
for other Fish, such Soft shelled and  
young Lobsters shall be forthwith liber-  
ated alive, at the risk and cost of the  
Owner of, or Person working such Net  
or apparatus, or whom in every case  
shall devolve the proof of such actual  
liberation.

3d. All Offenders against the pro-  
visions of these Orders shall be subject  
to a fine not exceeding One Hundred  
Dollars, or imprisonment for a period  
not exceeding Three Months for each  
Offence.

Gives Under my hand and Seal  
at the Government House in  
St. John's, this Nineteenth  
day of May, A. D. 1879.  
By His Excellency's Command,  
E. D. SHEA,  
Colonial Secretary.

### NOTICE.

EXCURSIONISTS,  
Or others travelling around CONCEPTION  
BAY, or visiting HEART'S CONTENT, can  
always secure

### A GOOD TEAM,

Upon application to  
THOMAS CULLEN,  
Water Street, West, Carbonear  
Near the Court House

### NEWS PER MAIL.

#### European.

#### Cassagnac rebukes Girardin.

The comments of most of the  
French papers on the death of the  
Prince were in good taste. One of  
the exceptions was the article pub-  
lished by M. Emile de Girardin in  
the 'France,' which has been replied  
to as follows, by M. Paul de Cassag-  
nac in the 'Pays':

It was at Biarritz, a young girl  
was suffering, and her illness—a con-  
tagious one—drove everyone from  
her bedside. A woman approached  
her, watched and tended her; and  
bending over her, received her last  
sigh in one last kiss. This young  
girl was your child, Monsieur de  
Girardin; and this woman was the  
Empress. It was this mother who  
had risked her life near the beloved  
daughter whom you have lost. You  
dare to tell this woman that God has  
done well to take her son, who had  
never hurt you, and you have no  
pity for the sobs of the widow, for  
the horrible grief of this ill-starred  
woman, whom nothing now links  
with life, and whose husband, laid  
beneath the tombstone at Chiselhurst,  
awaits the inanimate son.

According to a late issue of the Lon-  
don 'Daily News,' since the arrival of  
the reinforcements in South Africa,  
the British army engaged in the  
war against the Zulus is much larger  
than that which was present at Water-  
loo or at the Alma. At the memor-  
able battle which ended in the over-  
throw of Napoleon the English  
troops numbered just 24,000. At the  
first great fight in the Crimea the  
British forces consisted of 26,000  
men. When the troops sent out  
during the last few days shall have  
crossed the Tugela the strength of  
the English army within the Zulul  
territory will be over 30,000.

The 'Time's' Belgrade correspond-  
ent, telegraphing on 22nd ult., says  
that twenty-one Servians, it is re-  
ported, escaped from captivity in  
Turkey, have returned to that Prin-  
cipality with shaved heads. No less  
than 200 Servians who, after the  
signature of the San Stefano Treaty,  
ought to have been delivered up, are  
still they say, kept by the Turks as  
prisoners of war. These unhappy  
Servians are, moreover, the escaped  
captives report, cruelly treated. A  
probable explanation of this report is  
that the captives referred to were ser-  
vants of Ottoman families in the  
provinces recently held by Turkey,  
but now annexed to Servia, deserters  
from the Servian army, &c.

Meetings of the London Central  
Arctic Committee, formed to carry  
out Commander Cheyne's project of  
an Arctic expedition to reach the  
Pole, in the last resort, if rendered  
necessary, by balloons, have been  
held in the Library and reading-  
rooms of the House of Commons dur-  
ing the past week. It was announ-  
ced that Sir L. L. Tilley, the Cana-  
dian Minister of Finance, had joined  
the Committee. It now consists of  
that gentleman, Sir Charles Dilke,  
Colonel Alexander, M. P., Messrs.  
Gordon, Charley, Puleston, M. P.'s,  
and representatives of the scientific  
societies. Commander Cheyne re-  
ported that forty-nine local com-  
mittees have been formed in various  
parts of the country, and that the  
success which had attended his ef-  
forts placed the movement upon a  
solid basis, sufficient to justify him  
in asking all these committees to at  
once commence active operations.

M. Ferdinand de Lesseps, in his  
final estimate of the cost for piercing  
the American isthmus, asks for a  
capital of £16,000,000. Subscriptions  
were opened in Europe and America  
on the 6th and 7th August. He an-  
ticipates a profit on the undertaking  
equal to 11 1/2 per cent.

Mr. Ernest Longfellow, the artist,  
and son of the poet, is about to re-  
turn to America, after a three years'  
absence.

#### The Heroine of Beauvais.

At Beauvais, in France, in the lat-  
ter part of June the people celebra-  
ted the festival of Jeanne Hachette.  
In 1472, during the feuds of Louis  
XI. and his great vassals, headed by  
the Duke of Burgundy, Charles the  
Bold, the latter surprised the town  
of Beauvais, which was not garris-  
oned. The suburbs were easily car-  
ried, but the townsmen made so stub-  
born a defense of the town proper  
that ultimately the Burgundian army  
had to retire. The married women  
and young girls took a conspicuous  
part in the defense, and when the as-  
sault was delivered, June 24, 1472,  
Jeanne Laine, better known as  
Jeanne Hachette, a maiden in hei-  
teens, struck down the Burgundian  
standard-bearer as he planted the flag  
on the wall, braining him with her  
axe, and snatching the colors from  
his dead hand as she precipitated his  
body to the ground far beneath, a  
heroic action which roused the spirits  
of the townsmen and depressed their  
assailants. The flag thus gloriously  
captured is preserved in the Town  
Hall of Beauvais, and annually on  
the anniversary of the assault the  
Beauvaisians meet and march in pro-  
cession to decorate the statue erect-  
ed to their young heroine's memory.  
Upon this occasion the women take  
the place of honor in the procession,  
marching next after the clergy.

#### A Manifesto by the Count de Chambord.

The Comte Chambord has written  
a letter to the Marquis de Foresta, at  
Marseilles, to express his thanks for  
the manifestation and address  
which he received on the feast of St.  
Henry. In this letter, which par-  
takes of the character of a manifesto,  
the Comte de Chambord rebukes the  
charge of having voluntarily declined  
to avail himself of a former remark-  
able opportunity of ascending the  
throne. He reserves for a future  
occasion the task of casting full light  
upon the events of 1873, and adds—  
"The return of the traditional mon-  
archy was in harmony with the as-  
pirations of the majority. The work-  
man looked forward to the peaceable  
enjoyment of a life of industry un-  
der the paternal authority of the  
head of the family, whose gentle  
sway had been known to so many  
generations. In a word, the country  
expected a King of France, but the  
intrigues of politics determined that  
it should have instead a mayor of the  
palace. If, in the presence of atten-  
tive Europe, and on the morrow of  
indescribable disaster, I showed the  
greater care for my royal dignity and  
the grandeur of my mission, it was  
that I might remain faithful to my  
oath never to become the king of a  
fraction or a party. No, I will not  
submit to the guardianship of men  
of fictions and Utopias, but I shall  
not cease to appeal to all honest men  
for support. Armed with this force,  
and with the grace of God, I can save  
France. It is my duty and desire to  
do so.

Her Majesty has, says the Central  
News, telegraphed to Natal congratu-  
lating Lord Chelmsford on the re-  
cent brilliant victory of the troops  
under his command, and thanks the  
officers and men for the gallantry  
and devotion they displayed on the  
occasion.

The Hon. Graham Berry, the chief  
secretary and treasurer, presented  
the financial statement to the Aus-  
tralian Legislative Assembly on July  
30th. He stated that the revenue  
for the past year amounted to £4,  
944,000, and he estimates the revenue  
for the present year at £5,038,000,  
and the expenditure at £5,374,000;  
inclusive of the deficiency of £137,  
000 from last year's budget. Mr.  
Berry proposes to provide for the  
deficit for the current year by an  
increase of £70,000 in the land tax,  
and by addition to the customs duties  
which he calculates will bring in a  
further sum of £238,000.

The Duc de Bassano has written  
to the Mayor of Penzance express-  
ing the thanks of the Empress for  
the respectful sympathy of that town.

#### American.

#### Romance of a Watering Place.

The great topic of conversation at the  
hotels of Rye Beach this week is the en-  
gagement of Miss Sarah Brown, a beau-  
tiful young Pennsylvanian and an heiress  
as well, to Mr. Robert G. Miller, the  
son of a Rye Beach fisherman, and him-  
self nothing more than a skipper of one  
of the hotel yachts which are rented for  
excursions by hotel guests. Miss Brown  
was one of the party that made several  
trips on the yacht which young Robert  
"skipped," and Robert saw a great  
deal of her, and went dead in love with  
her, though, of course, mindful of the  
great disparity of their social positions,  
he kept the secret of his love himself,  
contenting himself with paying her ex-  
traordinary attention during her trips  
on his boat. As for Sarah, she was ex-  
tremely courteous to him. That was  
all. Well, the catastrophe that led to  
the engagement happened like this:—

They are great hands for the fish  
chowder down along the England coast.  
Instead of serving a small plate of soup  
at the hotels, they set before each guest  
about a bucket full of codfish chowder,  
and strange to say, the guests like it.  
Miss Brown is passionately fond of fish  
chowder, and eats fabulously large  
quantities of it and sometimes eats it so  
rapidly that she sets her mouth full of  
codfish vertebrae before she knows it.  
About two weeks ago she did worse.  
She got a very large piece of the back-  
bone of a cod fish down her throat, and  
was utterly unable to either swallow it  
or get it out. She was terribly fright-  
ened, and so were her friends, who decid-  
ed at once that a doctor must be brought  
from Portsmouth, ten miles away.  
Robert Miller chanced to be in the hotel  
office when the order was given for a  
horse-man to be dispatched to Ports-  
mouth, and, learning what the trouble  
was, insisted on being the man. So a  
very swift steed was saddled, and a  
second later Robert disappeared in a  
cloud of dust.

In a couple of hours the Portmouth  
doctor arrived his horse white with foam  
and breathing fire through his nostrils,  
and the doctor being a skillful fellow,  
soon extracted the bone. "Five  
minutes later," he remarked, "and I  
should have been too late. If that mes-  
senger had not been a hero, I should  
never have seen my patient alive."

"A hero!" exclaimed the ladies.  
"What do you mean? It was only Robert  
the skipper."

"What his name was, ladies, I know  
not; but I repeat it, he showed himself  
a hero, and he saved this young woman's  
life by his heroism."

"Explain yourself," cried the excite-  
d women.

So the doctor explained how Robert  
had fallen from his horse when about  
half-way to town dislocating one ankle  
and breaking an arm, but notwithstanding  
his injuries he had again mounted  
the horse and tied himself into the sad-  
dle, and driven on faster than before to  
make up for lost time. "Whiv, when  
he reached my office," said the doctor  
"he just had strength to deliver his  
message, and then he fainted dead away  
with pain and exhaustion. I left him  
in charge of my students and came on,  
for I knew there was a case of life and  
death here."

Well, when Miss Brown recovered  
her senses, being of a very romantic turn  
of mind, she lost them again, and fell in  
love with the man who saved her life,  
and she is to marry him as soon as he  
recovers sufficiently from his injuries.

The carpet trade of the United States  
is simply immense. The manufactories  
of Philadelphia alone turn out more  
carpets in a year than all England in  
the same period. The manufactories of  
Hartford and Lowell, as well as those  
of other places, swell the aggregate pro-  
duction of carpets to enormous figures.

Isaac Courtright, of Pittsburg, eloped  
with August Eckley's wife. In re-  
venge Eckley hunted up proof that Cour-  
tright was a deserter from the army, and  
had him arrested on that charge. He  
also obtained a divorce from his wife.  
But Courtright retaliated, with the aid  
of Mrs. Eckley, by finding a previous  
wife of Eckley's, and having him arrest-  
ed. Both men are in the way of long  
imprisonment.



Provincial.

The New Governor of Quebec.

The Parliamentary Companion contains the following sketch of the new Lieutenant Governor:

Hon. Theodore Robitaille, M.D., M.P. for Bonaventure, Quebec, descended from one of the oldest French families in Canada; one of his great grand-uncles, Messire Robitaille, was chaplain to the Active Militia force of L. C. during the war of 1812 in which all the family took an active part on the loyal side; a second grand-uncle the Rev. Louis Brodeur, after spending seven years as a missionary in N.B., was appointed a curate in the parish of St. Roch des Aulnais, where he died bequeathing his wealth to the St. Anne College of which he was a founder. Another grand-uncle Jean Robitaille, Esq., was a member of the Canada Legislature for twenty years, viz: from 1809 to 1829. S of the late Lious Adolphe Robitaille, Esq., M.P. B at Varennes, P. Q. 29th January, 1834. Educated at the Model school at that place; in the United States at the Seminary of Theresse, the Laval university, and at the university of McGill College, Montreal, at the latter of which he graduated as M.D., May, 1858; He married, Nov., 1897, Marrie Josephine Charlotte Emma, daughter of P A Quesnel Esq., and grand daughter of the late hon F A Quesnel, for many years an M.L.C. of Canada. Is President of the Baie de Chaleurs Railway. Sworn of the Privy Council and was Receiver General of Canada from 30 January 1873 until November 5 of same year, when he resigned with his chief Sir John McDonald, on the Pacific Railway matter. Sat for present seat in Canada Assembly from 1861 until the Union Returned to Commons at general election 1867; re-elected in 1872, returned by acclamation on his appointment to office and again returned in 1874 and 1879. Represented Bonaventure in Quebec Assembly from 1871 to 1874, when he retired to confine himself to Commons. Is a Conservative.

The Boobygeon. Ont., "Independent" tells of an incident in a saw mill at that village. A man had his arms sawn off with a circular saw, and while extricating himself from the position in which the accident had left him, the carriers became choked. These carriers were attached to an endless chain, which revolves over pulleys, one of which is in the mill and the other in the furnace a considerable distance from the mill. The carriers convey all the refuse, bark, buttings and bits to the furnace, where they are burnt. These carriers became jammed, and Mr. David Allison went to clear them. He was picking the pieces out of the carriers when by some means he got the top of one of his fingers in a link of the endless chain, and could not withdraw it. The chain, with resistless energy, continued to travel on towards the furnace, and Mr. Allison had to follow, struggling in vain to free himself. At length the furnace was reached, and Mr. Allison saw at a glance unless he could liberate himself from the chain, he would be drawn in the furnace and tumble into the flames. There was no time for reflection. He threw his left arm around a post which formed part of the platform, and there held on until the end of the joint of his finger gave way and was pulled off his hand. It was a moment of supreme agony. But in time the bone broke, the sinews snapped, the end of the finger taken away, and Mr. Allison was liberated.

Sir John Macdonald, the Canadian Prime Minister, who will shortly arrive in town, is likely to create a good deal of sensation in society for reasons other than any connected with his mission. The Canadian Premier supplies a likeness to Lord Beaconsfield which is almost bewildering in its exactitude. If Sir John, having nearly observed our Premier's dress were to possess himself of costume of the same make, and were to walk into the House of Lords, none of the doorkeepers would think of stopping him, whilst the Marquis of Salisbury might be expected gently to press the hand of his dear friend and enquire after the gout. Consciously or unconsciously, Sir John assists nature with a few touches of art. He wears his hair precisely as Lord Beaconsfield, his or rather as the Premier wore his when he was about eight years younger. His face is closely shaven and its whole shade, colour and expression are phenomenally like Lord Beaconsfield. Nor is the similitude confined to physical features. He has many of the social and political qualities of Beaconsfield. He is witty and grace in conversation, epigrammatic in Parliament and audacious in politics.—"London World."

JOB PRINTING.

of every description neatly executed at the office of this paper.

AGENTS FOR HERALD.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as our agents; all intending subscribers will therefore confer a favor by sending in their names and subscriptions that they may be forwarded to this office.

- St. John's—Mr. W. J. MYLER, Water St.
Brigus—Mr. P. J. POWER School Teacher.
Bay Roberts—Mr. G. W. R. HIERLIHY.
Heart's Content—Mr. M. MOORE.
Bell's Cove—Mr. Richard Walsh, Post Office, Little Bay.
Twillingate—Mr. W. T. ROBERTS.
Lago—Mr. Joseph Re dell.
Tilton Harbor—Mr. J. Burke, Sr.
Kings Cove and Keels—Mr. P. Murphy.
Bonavista—Mr. P. Templeman.
Catalina—Mr. A. Gardiner.

For the present all intending subscribers or advertisers at Harbor Grace will please hand in their names to A. T. Drysdale, Esq.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

"Honest Labor—our noblest heritage."

CARBONEAR, N. F., AUG. 21.

Fire Organizations.

When taking up in our last issue, the above-mentioned subject as the most prominent amongst the public improvements necessary to the conservation and promotion of the public interests of this community, little did we imagine that ere another number of the "Herald" would be placed in the hands of our readers, so forcible and striking a lesson as to the necessity and utility of such organizations, would be afforded us, we might say, at our very doors. Yes, within that brief space of time, the sister town of Harbor Grace, which in the past has suffered so severely from the ravages of fire, has once more been threatened with conflagration, equally serious in its consequences as that of 1832. Fortunately for Harbor Grace, as the result of experience, though dearly purchased from previous calamity, the proximity of an abundant supply of water, backed and supported by the heroic and indefatigable exertions of her local fire company, have in probability in the present instance preserved her from a calamity full as disastrous as that of the period referred to. As a further illustration of, at least the necessity of such organizations, the telegraphic information to be found in our columns to lay, with reference to the amount of property destroyed during the recent conflagration at St. Pierre, on the western coast of this colony, should in our opinion at least be quite sufficient to rouse us from any false sense of security into which we may have lapsed from the comparative absence of serious calamity in this respect, and should awaken us to the wisdom and necessity of immediate and effective action, in connection with a subject so intimately affecting the lives and property of all classes of the community. The course we would suggest would be, that a meeting of the leading citizens of the community be convened at as early a day as possible, at the Court House or some other prominent locality, for the purpose of taking into consideration the formation of one or more volunteer fire companies, and making the necessary provision for the purchase of one or more powerful engines, with hose and other apparatus necessary. Were the matter once taken in hand, we feel assured that the patriotism and independence of the community, supplemented and sustained by governmental aid and liberal contributions from the various Insurance Companies, would soon place Carbonear in a position, with regard to protection against fire, fully equal in point of efficiency to the sister town of Harbor Grace, and would afford to the people a most important advantage,

of which up to the present they have been necessarily deficient, namely, that of the protection by Insurance, from the probability of serious loss or injury likely to result from the destruction by fire, of household and other property.

The North Star and the Letellier Dismissal.

In a former issue we made reference to the leading incidents in connection with this most important case, and after careful and impartial consideration of the facts, we gave expression to our opinions on the subject, opinions which have since been completely borne out, by the action of the Dominion Government in the dismissal of the Lieut. Governor. That such a decision should have been arrived at by the Dominion authorities, more especially in the face of the flagrant violation of the constitution by the Lieut. Governor, in the arbitrary discharge of an administration sustained by a strong majority in both branches of the legislature, we feel assured, can be no matter of surprise to any one, in any way conversant with the constitutional bearings of the case. However, as this is not the point to which our contemporary the "North Star," takes issue, but rather to that of interference in Provincial matters by the Dominion authorities, we shall without further reference, proceed directly to the consideration of the latter. Our contemporary in his issue of the 9th inst., after expressing his surprise at the ready acceptance of this conclusion, namely, of the dismissal of Lieut. Governor Letellier, by the peoples and legislatures of the various provinces, goes on to say:

"If the decisions and conclusions of the provinces in regard to their local politics and their affairs can thus be controlled by the Dominion Legislature, the sooner the Provincial Assemblies are done away with the better, and a general Legislative Union effected."

As it is not our intention on the present occasion to enter into a discussion of the efficacy or otherwise of the remedy proposed by our contemporary, for what he most unquestionably considers undue interference with "local politics and affairs" on the part of the Dominion authorities, we shall content ourselves by submitting the following simple but cogent interrogatories for his consideration.—In whom rests the power of appointing the Lieutenant Governors of the various Provinces, is not in the general Government? Does not the power of appointment necessarily imply also, the power of dismissal? Is not the exercise of such prerogative of appointment or dismissal still further strengthened by the approval of the Legislature?

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the "Carbonear Herald." St. JOHN'S, August 19.

DEAR SIR,— Since the Regatta of Tuesday last very little of interest to the readers of the Herald has transpired in this community. As usual at this season everything still continues dull here, business men however, looking forward with the most sanguine expectations to the results of the coming season's operations. Farmers about St. John's and the vicinity acknowledging the applicability of the old and familiar proverb, 'make your hay while the sun shine,' are just now busily engaged in the saving of that portion of their crop, the weather within the past fortnight being rather favorable for the purpose. The hay crop this season promises to be abundant, at least I should say so from general appearances. In fact as a general rule, crops look well in this section of the country present prospects promising a most successful result to the labors of the agriculturist. By the way, one particular item of local interest has occurred within the past few days namely, the excursion to Renew's under the auspices of the Total Abstinence and Benefit Society of this city. Anent this

affair your contemporary the "Evening Telegram," in his issue of the 16th, says: "The excursionists returned from Renew's this morning with the enjoyment of yesterday still green in their memory. We understand that the affair was a complete success financially and in every other respect."

Well, with regard to the "greenness of memory," so jubilantly referred to by the "Telegram," in connection with what he is pleased to term the "enjoyment" of the occasion, I certainly feel bound to admit that nothing is so calculated to conduce to the permanency of veracure as the free and continued application of moisture, just as to the "enjoyment," it makes a vast difference, as to whether such a feeling was experienced by the excursionists who were literally soaked to the skin, not to speak of other inconveniences, such as want of proper accommodation, &c., or to the Editor of the "Telegram," who, snugly located on "terra firma," was probably enjoying the luxury of his meerschaum whilst he patiently listened to the pattering of the rain throughout the entire day. All that I have to say in the matter is that green indeed would be the excursionist, who after an experience upon which so much "cold water" was thrown, would again venture upon an excursion, particularly to "Renew's," under such disadvantageous surroundings. In fact, were I the agent of a Life Assurance Co., under no consideration, no matter how tempting, would I consent to "renew" the policy of such a "greenhorn." As to the "financial success" of the undertaking not being a member of the Cabinet, especially not holding the responsible position of Chancellor of the Exchequer, and therefore, in complete darkness as to the secret details of that department I am consequently not prepared to pronounce an opinion. Granted however, that such was really the case I am still prepared to give a most emphatic denial to the "complete success" of the affair in every other respect. The latest and most important arrivals here have been the steam yacht of the Earl of Lonsdale, the Northumbrian on Saturday last, with his lordship on board, and the French war steamer Adonis on yesterday morning from Quebec. As I have already exceeded my intended limit I must for the present conclude by subscribing myself,

Yours truly, CIVIS.

To the Editor of the "Carbonear Herald."

DEAR SIR,— Knowing that you feel a deep interest in the localities round Conception Bay now that you are the recognized organ of the Outposts, I drop you a few items picked up on a late tour which I took round the Bay, particularly gathered at my last resting place, the picturesque little town of Brigus. I am rather surprised that this town, the neighborhood of which abounds in some very good scenery, and affording, as it does, ample facilities for amusement, should be so much neglected by excursion parties, tourists, and others, as I think it would be a much more convenient place for a day's trip than some of the out of the way places lately patronized by metropolitanians.

I found the harbor quite full of schooners from the western coast engaged in the search for bait, but which was not to be got, the squid having been exhausted. On board one of the schooners named the Sophia (the same craft ran down some little time since by the French ship Adonis) a man named Richard Power died quite suddenly on the night of the 15th inst. He had been quite well all day, but dropped suddenly dead before either clergyman or doctor could reach him. He was interred on the following day in the Roman Catholic Cemetery, the people of the place attended and doing all they could to help the strangers in their melancholy duty.

On visiting some places round I found that the place has of late been partaking of the sensational, the chief topic being that of matrimonial speculation of a certain fair damsel having been interfered with so they say by parental restraint. Your correspondent failed to procure a copy of some interesting letters anent this affair which he has since learnt are in course of circulation for the mutual benefit and edification of the young lady and her friends. The prime motor in this local sensation appears to be the fair one. Pu an individual of some celebrity, great corporeal dimensions, and considerable mental calibre through whose exertions this storm in a tea pot has been brought to light thereby proving his great knowledge of the constitution of all things. The result of the whole affair it appears is, that the schemes and machinations of these assiduous of the reputation of others, have recoiled on their own heads and they have been foiled by their weapons, while the fair damsel have been left to pine alone and waste her sweetess on the desert air, which she has been literally known to do, her plaint on the cruel

on the cruelty of her parents finding expression in the following soliloquy.

I'm the belle of the place, that every one knows And I've heard people say— Oh my! how she grows? My paraphernalia is grand to behold, And my figure is lovely, or exquisite mould My father declares I'm the flower of the flock, And my mother informs me I'm of a good stock, She forbids me to associate with any around Whose morals are faulty, unstable, unsound.

I'm so very attractive in manner and mien, That gentlemen vie with me to be seen, They are all taken back with my beauty and pride And more than one would make me his bride.

A certain young gent of professional lore (The loss of whose friendship I greatly deplore) Whose heart and affections on me were intent, Would have made me his bride, if ma would consent.

This matter has caused me some hours of suspense Which I might have avoided by good common sense But alas! alas! what could she have meant by telling that gentleman, I'll never consent.

But now he's departed my trials are o'er, While ere he remained my constant eye sore, My heart beats aloud, my mind's discontent, Oh, mother! cruel mother! you would not consent.

Years will roll on, the future unfold Decked out in habiliments of purple and gold. But, alas! for poor me, I will ever repeat That saying of mother's— I'll never consent.

Farewell to my fortunes! Farewell to my hopes! My heart strings are changed into huge wire ropes On which in their cruel and contemptuous pride, My friends and companions doth tramp and deride Through long weary ages, my life will be spent, And Eternity echo— I'll never consent.

Yours truly, PERAMBULATOR.

Having visited Conception Bay early in the spring of the present year, with the object of ascertaining where the most favorable locality might be found for the establishment of a weekly paper, based upon patriotic principles and devoted to the advocacy and promotion of the general interests of the country, upon the consideration I finally decided upon settling Carbonear as the basis of future operations. With this object in view, I proceeded at an early day to visit this beautiful and picturesque town, whose past history in connection with the trade and fisheries of the colony occupies a position of no mean importance and with which is also interwoven a series of glorious antique traditions connected with the noble heroic and successful defence of British interests on the part of the inhabitants against the rapacity and aggression of France. Upon my arrival at Carbonear I immediately awaited upon its leading inhabitants from whom without exception, I received the most cordial welcome and hospitality accompanied by the most cheering and satisfactory assurances of future patronage and support. My visit to Carbonear having concluded with such satisfactory results, I next proceeded to Harbor Grace, a town distant from Carbonear about three miles, and with which it is connected by an excellent road. Harbor Grace, like its sister town of Carbonear, is alike remarkable for its picturesque beauty and the genial courtesy and generous hospitality of its people. Here as at Carbonear I had much personal experience of the urbanity of all sections of its people from the hour of my arrival to that of my departure for St. John's Harbor Grace however, had for me an interest peculiarly attractive being rendered doubly interesting from the recollections of my early childhood in connection with those nearest and dearest to my heart; as the birth place of some and the residence for over half a century of others, not few of whom, now rest in the silent sleep of death, in the old cemetery on the outskirts of the town. Harbor Grace associated with such memories, was indeed to me an object of much affectionate interest and regard. Upon my return to St. John's, feeling amply justified from the successful results of my brief visit to Conception Bay, and having completed the necessary arrangements, with as little delay as possible, I transferred my press and entire stock of material to Carbonear, whither I myself proceeded on the 15th of May, arriving at my destination on the afternoon of the same day. From the moment of my arrival, I might say active operations immediately commenced the press was placed in position, everything was set in working

Stottings by the Way.

By latest advertisement we are informed that marked improvement, through fish being of earlier in the

We regret to cord any thing Conception district of B above.

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Local

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In to first, or intr series of par by the Way embrace a v dents glean the Editor through the tricts within northern to prove of muc ous readers o

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Advices port a mark shore and S

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We would the Police which cam day event walk in t side. At yards from dry as the dead dog,



order, and thanks to the laudable energy and untiring exertions of the staff, THE FIRST NUMBER OF THE HERALD was issued from the press on the morning of the 22nd.

Thus was successfully inaugurated an enterprise, which it is most earnestly to be hoped, may in the future be fraught with much benefit not alone to Carbonar, (a district which although in the past participating in the advantages of a local press has for the past thirty-five years been deprived of the benefits naturally resulting from the possession of so powerful and effective an agent of progress and advancement) but also to the various outport districts of the colony, whose social interests, home industries and future progress generally shall ever find a warm advocacy and zealous support in the columns of the HERALD.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Local and other Items.

The extensive circulation of the "Herald" throughout Conception Bay and the various outport districts of the colony render it a most desirable medium for advertising purposes. We would direct the particular attention of business men generally to the above mentioned most significant fact.

In today's issue appears the first, or introductory number of a series of papers entitled, "Jottings by the Way." These papers will embrace a variety of facts and incidents gleaned from notes taken by the Editor during his progress through the various harbors and districts within the limits of his recent northern tour, and will doubtless prove of much interest to the numerous readers of the "Herald."

We understand that the entertainment given in the Total Abstinence Hall, Harbor Grace, on Tuesday evening last, by Grace Egerton (Mrs. Geo. Case) was a decided success; a large and highly respectable audience being present on the occasion. Grace Egerton, we believe proceeds to Heart's Content, to-day (Thursday,) where she will give two entertainments.

Advices from the Northward report a marked improvement in the shore and Straits fishery.

We are pleased to learn from Bay de Verde that fishery prospects in that locality still continue good; boats averaging from 2 to 3 qtls. per day, when bait is obtainable.

By latest advices from Heart's Content we are much gratified to learn of a marked improvement in the fishery generally, throughout Trinity Bay; the fish being of a larger size than that taken earlier in the season.

We regret that we are unable to record any improvement in the fishery of Conception Bay other than that in the district of Bay-de-Verdes, referred to above.

A cargo of cattle, sheep, &c., consigned to Messrs. Patterson & Foster, arrived at Harbor Grace within the past few days. At the auction which took place on Monday last, a considerable amount of competition was exhibited, the cattle and other live stock being in brisk demand moved off at rather high prices.

A fire took place at Harbor Grace, about 10 o'clock on the night of Saturday last, 16th inst., the locality being the shop of Messrs. Youdall & Co. Upon the alarm being given the Fire Company was speedily on the scene of conflagration, and after some time, through the exertions of the company, the fire, which was confined to the building, was extinguished. The fire, we understand, originated from a defect in one of the flues, through which a spark escaped into the interior of the building.

A number of bankers arrived here during the past week, and having secured bait and ice, again proceeded to the fishing grounds. Good work is still being done in this fishery.

We would direct the attention of the Police authorities to a nuisance which came under our notice on Tuesday evening last, whilst taking a walk in the direction of the South side. At a distance of about twenty yards from the public road high and dry on the strand, lay the body of a dead dog, apparently in an advanced

stage of decomposition. The offensive exhalation from this disgusting object was quite perceptible at the time, and was in our opinion, of such a character, as seriously to endanger the health of those living in the vicinity.

We are happy to observe from correspondence in the columns of the St. John's press, that the heroic and philanthropic efforts of our worthy fellow countryman Capt. W. H. Winsor of the "Bunete," in the timely rescue of the crew of the "Thomas E. Kenny" have at length received official recognition at the hands of the Dominion Government, the worthy captain having been presented with a binocular glass, in token thereof, through the medium of our local government.

The annual picnic in connection with the church of England Sunday Schools of this town, notice of which was unavoidably omitted in our last issue, took place on the grounds adjoining the residence of the Rev. Mr. Hoyles on the 13th. A large number were present on the occasion, and everything passed off most satisfactorily, the day being all that could be desired.

The annual picnic of the Sunday School in connection with the Wesleyan Church of Briggs, was announced to take place yesterday, Wednesday, 20th inst.

A girl named Ellen Brien, of Red Head Cove, North Shore, the service of Mr. Richard McCarthy of this town has been missing since Sunday morning last, it appears that in the absence of her mistress on Sunday morning about 8 o'clock she left the house unknown to the family, and although inquiry has been made in different quarters she has not been heard of up to the hour of our going to press. We call the attention of the people of Carbonar and vicinity to the above mentioned facts, in the hope that some information may be received which may lead to her whereabouts.

TELEGRAPHIC.

HALIFAX, Aug. 16.

Sir John A. McDonald has been sworn in as a member of the British Privy Council. He had a long interview at dinner with the Queen.

A riot occurred at Quebec between rival societies. The city is now ruled by a mob of shiplaborers. Numbers are reported killed and wounded.

Angus, manager of the Bank of Montreal, resigned. Stock fell 7 per cent., but rallied again. Angus accepts the railway management of Minnesota.

McInnis & Hamilton, the largest dry goods firm in Ontario, have failed; liabilities, 400,000 dollars.

The British Parliament has been prorogued. The Queen in her speech declares that she will insist on reforms in Turkey.

Cetewayo has intimated a desire to surrender on condition that his life be spared.

August 19.

St Perrie, Post office, four Government buildings, twenty six others, chiefly business houses burned.

Collision between French and Irish at Quebec continues.

Feeling increasingly bitter.

Great floods in England, railway tracks damaged, crops rotting.

Famine at Cashmere, drought continues.

Trouble caused at Rumpca, Madras, by taxes.

King Theban threatens British residents at Martineau.

Sugar refinery at London burnt, damage £100,000.

August 20.

Minister Welsh before leaving London presented American aim of one hundred and three thousand dollars for Fortune Bay outrage.

Sultan yielded to British reforms in Asia Minor.

Sixteen million petitions against Ferry education bill.

Destructive tornadoes at North Carolina and Virginia.

Great rains in the Maritime Provinces. Blake Act proclaimed in Quebec.

Caspian sailed yesterday at noon.

DIED.—At Trinity, on Wednesday July 30th fortified by the last Sacraments of the Church, Mr. John Murphy, aged 46 years. Deceased was the second son of the late Thomas Murphy and nephew of P. Murphy Esq., of above place. During his life many years of which he spent in St. John's in a business capacity he won the esteem of all by his genuine intelligence, sterling principle and truly christian conduct. His death leaves a void in his family circle which can never be filled and deprives society of a truly noble member.—R.I.P.

At Briggs, on Monday evening, 18th inst., after a long and tedious illness, William, oldest son of P. Samuel Washer, planter, of that place.

Religious News.

The Most Rev. Dr. Carfagnini, Bishop of Harbor Grace, arrived at the Episcopal residence on Wednesday the 13th inst., having traveled overland from St. John's, where he arrived per s.s. "Plover" from the northward on the previous Tuesday. During his long absence in the pastoral visitation of his extensive Diocese of Harbor Grace, His Lordship administered Confirmation to nearly 1000 persons at 30 different settlements from Seldom Come Bye through the Straits of Belle Isle to Battle Harbor, on the Labrador coast, besides admitting 6 adults as members of the Church. In addition to the localities mentioned, Three Arms Green Bay and Degrat, on the French Shore were also visited by His Lordship, who, throughout his progress, more particularly at the leading harbors was received with every demonstration of welcome and respect. On his arrival at Battle Harbor, on the 6th inst., his Lordship left his yacht which proceeded further down the coast with the Rev. D. McInnis. At King's Cove, Bonavista Bay, on his return voyage His Lordship met with a most enthusiastic reception, the inhabitants of that picturesque and interesting settlement vying with their more northern brethren in according to His Lordship that reception due to his exalted dignity. Triumphant arches were erected, flags innumerable floated in the breeze, and the surrounding hills resounded with a long continued roll of musketry. During His Lordship's most thorough visitation, localities were assigned in various places for building churches and committees were appointed to perfect and carry out the necessary arrangements.

We understand that the Rev. Mr. Hoyles will leave Carbonar, permanently in about a fortnight hence. The Rev. gentleman has been connected with Carbonar, as the leading clergyman of the Church of England, in that district, or a period extending over a quarter of a century, during which time, whether reviewed in his clerical or social capacity, he has won the universal respect and esteem of all classes of the community. In the Rev. Mr. Hoyles Carbonar will lose a prominent, useful, and distinguished member of society, and the poor will miss a large hearted and liberal benefactor, whose charity knew no distinction.

The Rev. Dr. Douglas, President of the Conference of the Wesleyan Church of Canada arrived here on Tuesday last, accompanied by the Rev. Mr. Allan. The object of the visit of the Rev. gentleman who came passenger by the Polina from Montreal to St. John's, is to solicit contributions from the members of the Church in this colony, in aid of the Conference of Canada. A meeting was convened at the Wesleyan Church at half past seven o'clock last evening, for the purpose of carrying out the intended object. Upon the Hon. Jno. Rorke M.H.A. being called to the chair the proceedings of the evening were opened with prayer by the Rev. J. Goodison, Harbor Grace after which the Rev. Mr. Allan addressed the meeting followed by the Rev. J. Shenton, St. John's. At the conclusion of the Rev. Dr. Douglas delivered a somewhat lengthy and interesting discourse connected with the subject of his mission, the time occupied by the Rev. gentleman being about one hour. A collection was subsequently taken up, with most satisfactory results. The Rev. Mr. Boyd Caronear said that all subscriptions from intending donors, in aid of the object in view, would be received by him during the fall. The meeting finally closed with Doxology and Benediction. The following were amongst those present at the meeting:—Clergymen—Rev. Messrs. Peach, Boyd, Goodison, Allen, Shenton, Freeman, Payne and Myers; laymen—Hon. John Rorke, L. McNeil, Esq., J. P., and other gentlemen.

At the services to be held in the Wesleyan Church on Sunday next 24th inst., Rev. Mr. Allan will preach in the morning and the Rev. Dr. Douglas in the evening.—Com.

Varieties.

A man that is young in years may be old in honors if he has lost no time.

Some temptations come to the industrious, but all temptations attack the idle.

If the way to heaven is narrow, it is not long; and if the gate be straight, it opens into endless life.

A generous man will place the benefits he confers beneath his feet; those he receives nearest his heart.

If you have been tempted into evil fly from it. It is not falling into the water, but lying in it, that drowns.

There is no happiness in life, there is no misery, like that growing out of the dispositions which consecrate or disecrate a home.

Our own humiliation begins at the exaltation of God and our self emptiness and weakness, at the sight of his fulness and almightiness.

Woman's true influence in society—and especially over the other sex—is never so worthy or effective y exercised as when her sway is unintentional and even unconscious.

The pain which is felt when we are first transplanted from our native soil, when the living branch is cut from the parent tree, is one of the most poignant which we have to endure through life.

It is a great misfortune to have a fretful disposition. It takes the fragrance out of one's life, and leaves only weeds where a cheerful disposition would cause flowers to bloom. The habit of fretting is one that grows rapidly unless it be sternly repressed; and the best way to overcome it is to try and look on the cheerful side of things.

Fa se modesty frequently deters women from their share of love-making, from fear of being considered over bold. They are apt to be overly, and thus discountage attentions which they secretly desire. Women are as well entitled as men to express their love, only each sex has its own way—men with words and women with manners.

Scientific.

The greatest natural cold ever experienced was 74° below zero.

Fossil remains of the common Greenland seal have been obtained from the Champain clay beds of the Ottawa valley in Canada.

Phosphorus dissolves in warm sweet oil. If this phosphorized oil be rubbed on the face in the dark the features assume a ghastly appearance, and the experimenter looks like a Will o' the Wisp.

Chlorate of potash, which has lately become so common in medicine for family use, is nevertheless a very dangerous and poisonous chemical.

Two new applications of electro-magnetism to practical purposes are noticed in the foreign scientific journals. One is a contrivance for discovering flaws in iron or steel by means of an electric current. This invention, we believe, is of American origin. The other is an Austrian electro-magnetic process of measuring the hardness of steel.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED

Per Hero, from Grenock, 100 Barrels Bass & Co's A L E, (QUARTS.)

100 Bls. ditto ditto Pints J. & T. HEARN.

JUST OPENED.

NEW GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE, (Opposite the Public Wharf,) Harbor Grace,

The Subscriber begs to inform the public of Carbonar that he has Just Opened the above Premises where he will keep on hand, a choice and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, AT LOWEST PRICES POSSIBLE. N. STEWART. PROPRIETOR.

Harbor Grace, June 19nd, 1879.

AGENCY CARD.

The undersigned thankful for past favours informs his friends and the trade, that he continues to manage the Collection of Debts due by persons residing in Conception Bay District, Newfoundland. Security for future payment taken by mortgage on property or otherwise. Holding commissions as Notary Public Commissioner Supreme Court, and Land Surveyor, business under these heads carefully attended to. Plans of Land taken.

Inquiries made—questions answered All business considered confidential. No greater publicity than necessary given to any matter.

The proprietor of any newspaper copying this card will have his newspaper bills collected as payment for yearly insertions in the paper and copy paper sent to my address.

G. W. R. HERLIHY. Bay Roberts.

JUST RECEIVED,

Per Corles, from New York, 100 Barrels Beckstein's F. M.

PORK,

50 ditto LOINS, 50 ditto JOLDS, 50 ditto BEEF CUTTINGS. J. & T. HEARN.

P. F. CARBERRY,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER,

Central Auction-Mart, BECK'S COVE, ST. JOHN'S. St. John's, June 12nd 2m.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TERRA NOVA MARBLE WORKS.

West corner of Duckworth St. East, St John's. OPPOSITE STAR OF THE SEA HALL

JOHN SKINNER,

MANUFACTURER OF MONUMENTS, TOMBS, GRAVE STONES, COUNTER TOPS, and Table Tops, &c.,

All orders in the above line executed with neatness and despatch from the latest English and American designs.

ANDREOLI'S

Book & Novelty Store, HARBOR GRACE, 116—WATER STREET—116.

The Subscriber offers for sale:—

BOOKS

PICTURES, LOOKING GLASSES, CLOCKS, TIME PIECES, LOOKING GLASS PLATES, Statuary, Picture Framing, STATIONARY,

And a Variety of FANCY ARTICLES, too numerous to mention. PICTURES FRAMED & REPAIRED. Clocks CLEANED & REPAIRED. Outport Orders strictly attended to. V. ANDREOLI.

Harbor Grace, Ma, 22nd., 1879.

CAUTION.

The PILLS Purify the Blood, correct all disorders of the Liver, Stomach Kidneys and Bowls, and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females. The OINTMENT is the only reliable remedy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers, of however long standing. For Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases it is no equal.

BEWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS.

I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the Public generally to the fact, that certain Houses in New York are sending to many parts of the globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my PILLS and Ointment. These fraud-bearers on their labels some address in New York.

I do not allow my medicines to be sold in any part of the United States. I have no Agents there. My Medicines are only made by me, at 555 Oxford Street, London.

In the books of directions affixed to the spurious make is a caution, warning the Public against being deceived by counterfeiters. Do not be misled by this audacious trick, as they are the counterfeiters they pretend to denounce.

These counterfeiters are purchased by unprincipled Vendors at one half the price of my PILLS and Ointment, and are sold to you as my genuine Medicines.

I most earnestly appeal to that sense of justice which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from all honorable persons, to assist me, and the Public, as far as may lie in their power, in denouncing this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines, bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT, LONDON," engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, where alone they are Manufactured. Holloway's PILLS and Ointment bearing any other address are counterfeiters.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, will be prosecuted.

Signed THOS HOLLOWAY 533, Oxford Street, London,

THOMAS GOFF,

TAILOR, CLOTHIER & OUTFITTER.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

WEST END, CARBONAR, May 22nd, 1879.



LITERARY

Never Give Up.

Oh never give up, and never get blue,  
Keep a brave soul, you'll weather it  
through.  
Never say fail,  
Thrice clad in mail!  
Is the hero who's honest and true.  
When the weather is dull and the rain  
Rolls like white tears on the window pane,  
Never get blue,  
Light will shine through,  
And the sun rise in glory again.  
Though thy losses like tempest clouds  
lower,  
Be a hero, shrink not from the shower,  
'Never de-pair,'  
Arching the air  
Is a bow spanning cottage and tower.  
What though riches should take wings  
and flee,  
And thy lot with the 'onely should be,  
'Never give up,'  
Mixed in the cup  
Of tears are the sweets of adversity.  
I the haughty pass by with a sneer.  
Think not that scorn can eclipse the  
sphere.  
'Never say die,'  
Let him pass by,  
A turn of the wheel may bring near.  
Strike out and swim through the rolling  
sea  
To the shore, where hands are out stretch-  
ed to thee.  
'Never go down,'  
He will not drown  
Whose head is up raised and whose hands  
are free.  
Oh, never give up and never get blue;  
Keep a brave soul, you'll weather it  
through.  
'Never say fail,  
Thrice clad in mail'  
Is the hero who's honest and true.  
G. W. B.

The Morning Hills.

MAURICE THOMPSON.

I.  
He sits among the morning hills,  
His face is bright and strong,  
He scans far heights, but scarcely notes  
The herdsman's idle song.  
He cannot brook this peaceful life  
While battle's trumpet calls;  
He sees a crown for him who wins,  
A tear for him who falls.  
The flowery glens and shady slopes  
Are hateful to his eyes,  
Beyond the heights, beyond the storms  
The land of promise lies.  
II.  
He is so old and sits so still,  
With face so meek and mild  
We know that he remembers naught,  
Save when he was a child.  
His fight is fought, his fame is won,  
Life's highest peak is past,  
The laurel crown, the triumph's arch,  
Are worthless at the last.  
The forest of age destroys the bay—  
The loud applause of men  
Falls feebly on the palsied ears  
Of four score years and ten.  
He does not hear the voice that bears  
His name around the world,  
He has no thought of great deeds done  
Where battle tempests whirled.  
But evermore he is looking back,  
While memory hills and thrills  
With echoes of the hard-man's song,  
Among the morning hills.

Mabel Willey's Lovers.

(Continued.)

'Oh! do,' answered Kitty aloud. Then taking Mabel's hand, she said: 'You must know my dear, that he and I are just engaged. I spoke the sweet yes to him as we were strolling up the brook—this never-to-be-forgotten brook.'  
'Engaged—going to be married,' said Mabel in a musing tone and fixing her dark eyes upon Harry, who wondered what she was thinking of while she watched him so wistfully. Then presently Mabel went on:  
'Yes, do out your name on the tree, for you must never forget this day—never; and your names will be visible upon it many years to come.'  
At three o'clock their steps to the beach, where Harry deftly carved, his name and the name of his betrothed upon the bark.  
'Why, how strange!' cried Mabel when he had finished. Then, taking Kitty by the sleeve, she drew her to the other side of the tree, where, lol in letters almost obliterated, by time, was written Harry Fletcher—Mabel Willey!  
'Then you have a lover too, of the same name as mine,' observed Kitty.  
'A lover! I have none,' returned Mabel. 'Besides, do you not perceive that these names have been here a long time, for the bark has nearly grown over them.'

'Well, who were these lovers then?—for such no doubt they were,' said Kitty. 'I do not know; I only discovered the names yesterday. I'll ask grandpa as soon as he comes back from the mill.'  
'Do,' said Harry, 'for I am curious to know.'  
'And before you return to Illinois, continued Kitty, 'please come to the Kearsarge House, in order that I may see you again; for where your home is, far, far from where ours is going to be.'  
'We intend to live in Paris,' said Harry. 'In Paris?' observed Mabel. 'You mean, of course, the Paris that is in France?'  
'Is there any other?' said Kitty, inwardly smiling at her simplicity.  
'Oh, yes. There is a Paris in Oregon and another in Texas.'  
Here the talk ended by Mabel promising to visit Kitty ere many days were over.  
'I should not have expected to meet such a fine looking, well-mannered girl in a place like this,' spoke Miss Gibbon, when she and Harry were out of Mabel's hearing.  
'In America pretty girls are as plenty as blackberries,' answered Harry.  
'Well, we certainly carry off the cream in Europe,' added Kitty. 'But this young woman is a peasant.'  
'A farmer's daughter,' said Harry.  
'Oh! we should call her a peasant in France, Harry dear. And I have some misgivings as to what mother will say when she hears that I have invited Mabel to visit me at the hotel.'  
'Well, she is dark complexioned, and I'll swear she is an Italian baroness,' retorted Harry, laughing.  
'Oh! yes, do. A capital joke! Why, we know ever so many baronesses abroad. Ma has a large circle of noble acquaintances.'  
'Really!'  
'Yes. And I know three American girls married to counts. But there was no love between them during the courtship—not a spark it was all pure business from beginning to end and I am told the young ladies are now very unhappy.'  
'We! our way of courting is the best,' said Harry.  
'Judging from my own experience it undoubtedly is,' continued Kitty, looking tenderly at him. 'The walks we have enjoyed together have taught you what I am; and, oh! how fortunate it is that I came back to America this year.'  
'Most fortunate for me,' said Harry.  
'And for me, too, dear boy. But now, to speak serious about Mabel; I am in a quandary. What shall I do? Ma will see at a glance that she is a peasant.'  
Mrs. Gibbon was highly pleased when her daughter told her of her engagement to Henry Fletcher, Jr.  
'Console toi, ma fille,' she said. 'Si n'a pas de titre, l'argent au moins ne lui manque pas.'  
But as Kitty had feared, she was not at all pleased when she heard about Mabel Willey.  
'Mais, mon Dieu! C'est une paysanne!' groaned the widow who was wont to speak French to Kitty, and spoke it well, too—'une paysanne!' Then sinking down in a rocking chair, 'Mon-Dieu!' she sighed.  
Here the matter was let drop for Mrs. Gibbon was too delighted with Kitty's engagement to remain long out of humor.  
Three days later, when the widow was seated on the piazza, fanning away the mosquitoes and wishing with all her heart that she was at Biarritz or Trouville, up rattled a farm wagon. An old man was driving, his back pretty well bent with years and beside him sat Mabel.  
'Grandpa I'll not be long,' said the girl, alighting from the vehicle, and speaking loud enough to be overheard by a number of guests.  
'Mon Dieu!' groaned Mrs. Gibbon, who guessed who it was.  
Now, Mabel did not know Kitty's mother, but it so happened that it was she whom the girl first addressed.  
'I am come to call on Miss Gibbon. Can you tell me, madam, whether she is in?' inquired Mabel.  
'Go ask one of the servants,' replied the widow, her eyes darting flashes of anger as she spoke. Then suddenly a bright thought struck her; quick a change came over her features, and dropping her voice, she added just as Mabel was turning away, 'Stop! I remember now Miss Gibbon has gone on a picnic and won't be back till quite late.'  
'Oh, too bad,' ejaculated Mabel. 'I may never see her again.'

In another moment the wagon drove off and the girl was on her way to the West.  
When Harry returned the following week to New York and told his father of his betrothal to Miss Gibbon the heiress, Mr. Fletcher senior was as pleased as Kitty's mother had been.  
'But now, my son,' he said, 'you must not be idle any longer; you must come down town and learn business.'  
'Business!' exclaimed Harry with an air of surprise.  
'Why yes. Have I not been steadily at work in Wall Street more than twenty years? During a l that time no holiday have I taken—not one except one fortnight after your mother's death. Then I own I did pass a short time in the country for grief rendered brain labor out of the question. And now I am worth a million at the very least; and with such an example as I have set you would you lead a drone's life.'  
'Well, but, father, I am quite satisfied with our fortune; 'tis large enough, and I— I have promised Miss Gibbon that we must make our home abroad.'  
Mr. Fletcher was so much taken aback by these words that he could only knit his brow; he could not speak.  
Then Harry proceeded, 'And father, I think you ought to take a holiday this season. What is the use of racking your brains for more money, since you have a million? Oh, I wish you had been with me at North Conway. I had such pleasant rambles among the hills. Such trout fishing! And in one of my walks—'twas the morning I proposed to Kitty—I found our name carved on a tree.'  
The youth now described the big beech and the brook and the old farm house; for it was a never-to-be-forgotten morning and he loved to tell all he remembered of those happy hours.  
While he was speaking the look of displeasure which clouded his father's face when he began gradually passed away; the stern, matter-of-fact business man grew pensive; and when at length Harry came to describe Mabel—dark eyed, barefooted, graceful Mabel Willey—the attentive listener shaded his eyes with his hand, and Harry could not imagine why his parent sighed. But the young man adroitly took advantage of his emotion to again ask if he might not go live in Paris. 'I promised Miss Gibbon, father that we would make our home there. You sure you would not have me break my word?'  
Mr. Fletcher merely answered: 'Hush—peak no more about it. Go! go!'  
Whereupon Harry, now in the blindest of moods, hurried off to get his totting wagon: for he had invited Kitty to take a drive in the Central Park.  
At this same hour while Harry and his betrothed were enjoying themselves together, conversing chiefly about Europe—their own country seemed to hold very little place in their thoughts—Mabel Willey was engaged in household duties with her mother.  
Mabel was right when she praised her Western home: a log-house standing on a knoll, which over looked a swift flowing river; beyond the river a broad expanse of rolling prairie where the grouse were wont to gather in spring-time, and for hours long their voice, saying Coo-ooo, coo-ooo, coo-ooo, would reach Mabel's ear; while ever and anon a black bass would spring up out of the flood marking the spot where he fell into the water by a ring of widening, quivering, ripples. And, oh! how the girl loved these sights and sounds. But most of all did she love the deer, who would steal out of the forest of a moon light night in autumn, and make incursions into the corn-field hard by. Nothing had ever disturbed the harmony of this sweet spot. Husband and wife loved each other with true love, and God had blessed them with six children, of whom Mabel was the eldest; and when you saw Robert Willey felling a tree or following the plough you knew where his off-spring had derived his health and strength from, while in the mother's face still lingered traces of the beauty which young Mabel had inherited. But Robert did not perceive that his Mabel was changed; no, as fair in his eyes, was she now as when he wooed her in the far-off days of his youth.  
Above the broad fireplace in the room where the family assembled of an evening, to chat and make merry after the labors of the day were over, and these words painted in large letters and taken from the Book of Proverbs:  
TO BE CONTINUED.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Effie: 'Oh, my dear husband, I can't consent to your going across the ocean until—until your life is fully covered by insurance.'  
In a letter to a friend a young lady states that she is not engaged, but she sees a cloud above the horizon about as large as a man's hand.  
'My son,' said an old lady, 'how must Jonah have felt when the Whale swallowed him?' 'Down in the mouth,' was young hopeful's reply.  
A devoted husband says that the phonograph is simply a machine that 'talks back,' and he has had one of that kind in his house ever since he was married.  
'Why, Freddie,' said mamma, 'you ought not to make such a fuss. I don't fuss and cry when my hair is combed.'  
'Yes,' replied Freddie, 'but your hair ain't hitched to your head, as mine is.'  
A sailor put a saddle on hind part before. A bystander showed him his error. The sailor exclaimed; 'How do you know which way I am going to ride?'  
A western editor speaks of his rival as 'mean enough to steal the swill from a blind hog.' The rival retorts by saying 'He knows he lies; I never stole his swill.'  
At a salon in Paris, before an admirable portrait of a gentleman well known for his rare qualities as a bore, a visitor said: 'That is a speaking likeness of X., isn't it?' 'Yes,' replied his companion, 'so speaking that you can hardly refrain from telling him to shut up.'

ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD.

W. J. HENDERSON,  
SHIP BROKER  
Commission & Forwarding  
Agency, &c.,  
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.  
May 29.

NOW LANDING  
Ex. Racer, from Greenock,  
10 Octaves Scotch  
WHISKY

10 Quarter Casks ditto  
25 Cases LORNE ditto  
30 Cases HAZELBURN ditto  
75 Cases IRISH ditto  
50 Bhd. Jeffrey's ALE,  
50 Tierces P. RIER.  
May 22. J. & T. HEARN

CARD.

JOHN A. ROCHFORD,  
NOTARY PUBLIC.  
'Herald' Building, Water St.,  
CARBONEAR, N.F.L.D.  
Next Post & Telegraph Offices.  
All business transacted with  
punctuality and satisfaction.

AVALON  
Hair Dressing Saloon,  
296—Water Street—296,  
[Opposite Messrs. SILLARS & AIRNS.]  
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND,  
E. W. PIKE, Proprietor.

NOTICE.

AGROSS NEWFOUNDLAND  
WITH THE  
GOVERNOR;  
A VISIT TO OUR MINING REGION;  
AND—THIS  
Newfoundland of Ours,  
Being a series on the natural resources  
and future prosperity of the colony, by  
the Rev. M. HARVEY.  
For sale at the office of this paper, prices  
fifty cents.

UNION BANK OF NEWFOUNDLAND.  
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that a dividend of 8 per cent.  
upon the paid up Capital Stock of this  
Institution, has been declared for the  
half-year ending 31st May, 1879, and  
a Bonus of £2 per share, payable at  
the Banking House, in this city, on  
and after Thursday, 12th inst.  
By Order of the Board,  
JAMES GOLDIE,  
MANAGER.  
June 19.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

This Great Household Medicine ranks amongst the leading necessities of Life.  
These famous Pills purify the blood and act most powerfully, yet soothingly on the  
LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWLS, giving tone, energy and vigour to these great MAIN SPRINGS OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a never failing remedy in all cases where the constitution, from whatever cause, has become impaired or weakened. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Female of all ages and as a General Family Medicine, are unsurpassed.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

its Searching and Healing Properties are known throughout the world.  
For the cure of BAD LEGS, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores & Ulcers, it is an infallible remedy. It effectually rubs into the neck and chest, as salt into meat, it Cures SORE THROAT, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and even ASTHMA. For Glandular Swellings, Abscesses, Piles, Fistulae,  
GOUT, RHEUMATISM,  
And every kind of SKIN DISEASE, it has never been known to fail.  
The Pills and Ointment are Manufactured only at  
533 OXFORD STREET, LONDON.  
And are sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World; with directions for use in almost every language.  
The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, we will be prosecuted.  
Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 355, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

Newfoundland Lights.  
No. 4, 1879.  
TO MARINERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,  
that a Light House has been erected on Point Verde, Great Placentia.  
On and after the 1st June next, a FIXED WHITE LIGHT will be exhibited nightly, from sunset to sunrise. Elevation 98 feet above the level of the sea, and should be visible in clear weather 11 miles.  
The Tower and Dwelling are of wood and attached. The vertical parts of the Building are painted White; the roof of the Dwelling is flat.  
Lat. 47° 14' 11" North.  
Lon. 54° 00' 19" West.  
The Illuminating Apparatus is Dioptric of the Fifth Order, with a Single Argand Burner. The whole water horizon is illuminated.  
By order,  
JOHN STUART,  
Secretary.

Board of Works Office,  
St. John's, April 17th, 1879.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE  
THE PUBLIC are hereby notified that from and after this date Parties having ORDERS on the BOARD OF WORKS are required to present the same for payment on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS only in each week, between the hours of ten and two o'clock.  
By order,  
JOHN STUART,  
Secretary.

Board of Works, St. John's,  
2nd May, 1879.

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