

FEBRUARY

THE MINING REVIEW

Present Condition of the B. A. C. Properties.

STRIKE ON COLUMBIA KOOTENAY

Is Likely to Prove Important in the Mining Annals—Values of Le Roi, Le Roi No. 2, Nikie Plate and Kootenay Mines, Ore-Shipping Capabilities.

The shipments for the month of January will be found, when an exact return of the weights is obtained, to be between 28,000 and 29,000 tons. This is at the rate of about 330,000 tons per annum and has been done, not under pressure, but under adverse conditions.

Such is the state of the B. A. C. properties today and there are a few others in the camp which are of the same class and more can be expected to join. The trouble which is being combated at present is not the ore, that is in plenty, but the smelter facilities, which though large, are entirely inadequate.

To recapitulate, the Le Roi is now in a position to produce 1,000 tons a day from the Centre Star, the Roseland Great Western 300 tons and the Kootenay Mines 250 to 750 tons daily.

But when attention is turned to the minor properties of this group which have not had the same chance as the Le Roi but which have been strenuously developed for the past two years, and a half results almost as remarkable are seen to have been obtained.

On the Roseland Great Western there has certainly been done 7,000 to 8,000 feet of work, and the main shaft is now down some 750 feet. Drifts have been opened up at the 200, 300, 400, 500 and 600-foot levels, and have established the existence of three bodies of ore.

Turning to the last of the group, the Kootenay mines, a different proposition is presented. Here the vein varies in character and is thought to occur in lenticular bodies. At the time of the present company taking over this property, development had hardly proceeded below the 300-foot level, or tunnel No. 3. The lowest workings are now some 850 feet

nearly vertically below this point. Good ore was found in No. 4 and in No. 5. No. 6 tunnel did not prove as well mineralized. A 400-foot vertical shaft was sunk from this tunnel and drifts driven east to pick up the ore body. It was found in place. The shaft was then extended 150 feet more, which is its present depth, and the ore body was found to be of greater width than expected occurring right at the bottom of the shaft.

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ever, thought to trend to the eastward and its presence was found probably indicate that this ore body is of a very much larger extent than was previously thought likely. The Kootenay, always a good mine, and which has been so proved in the developments of the past couple of years, will, if the inferences drawn are correct, be found to be one of the best in the camp.

Portland.—The first shipment of a carload of Portland ore was made last week. This adds a new shipper to the list. The Portland is the sister mine of the Velvet and is practically controlled by the same people. The New Gold Fields of British Columbia is the parent corporation of both companies. The work of drifting on the ledge on the 100-foot level continues.

Roseland Great Western.—The shaft is now down 750 feet and will be finished by the end of next week. The orebody in the main vein has been thoroughly located and several stopes opened. The mine is ready to ship and will do so during the current month. It is expected that the smelter will be ready to receive ore at all events for the roasting heats.

White Bear.—The crosscut on the 350-foot level is in for a distance of 170 feet. At the rate which the work is progressing the lead should be reached by the middle of the month. The formation consists of an altered diorite in which are found stringers of pyrrhotite and chalcopyrite.

Big Four.—Work is progressing at the rate of a foot per day in tunnel No. 2 and some fine copper ore is being met. The width of the ledge is increasing with each foot of work. A contract for 50 additional feet of work in tunnel No. 1 will soon be let.

Cascade.—The crosscut from the tunnel is being advanced at the rate of about 15 inches a day and it is now in for about 30 feet. In all probability it will strike another month before the vein is cut.

Iron Mask.—Work continues on the 400, 450 and 500-foot levels west, and the showing of ore is good, but is better on the 500 than on the 400. The Iron Mask sent 125 tons of ore to the smelter last week.

Le Roi No. 2.—There is nothing of moment to report this week. The development work is going on in the mine. The raise on the Annie vein is looking well.

Spitzee.—The shaft has reached a depth of 60 feet and is in ore from the surface. A carload of ore was sent to the smelter from the Spitzee during the week.

Homestake.—Drifting on the ledge recently encountered continues and the ore now being met carries more copper than that hitherto encountered.

New St. Elmo.—Work of drifting along the north and south ledges continues. There was no development of note during the week.

Douglas-Hunter.—The work of drifting along the ledge in the lower tunnel continues. Ore of a pay grade is being encountered.

Evening Star.—Crosscutting and drifting is in progress on the 300 and 400-foot levels, and the showing of ore is increasing.

Roseland-Bonanza.—Work on the tunnel continues and it is in now for a distance of 130 feet.

Northern Belle.—Work on the crosscut tunnel continues.

THE HOMESTAKE. Strong Indications of a Good Ledge Are Now Present—Good Copper Values.

The prosecution of the tunnel from the Gopher ground into the Homestake has resulted in the striking of the ledge at a depth of 150 feet. The ledge name in from the south of the tunnel several weeks since, and the ledge has been drifted upon for the past 70 or 80 feet, the hanging wall passing out to the north. The ledge showed ore when first come upon, but of low grade. However, as it was penetrated into the ledge the matter became more strongly mineralized and at the present moment there is a better showing of copper than anywhere else in the workings of the Homestake east or west of the shaft. The place where the strike has been made is nearly under the railroad, and it is between that point and that of the large open crosscut that is made on the slope below. When the shaft has been attained a total depth of 300 feet will have been reached. The management is thoroughly pleased with the ore thus come upon, and regards it as a thorough justification of the plan of development pursued. The face of the tunnel shows about four feet of ore, but the width of the ledge is probably about seven or eight feet. The character of the ore is more solid than that usually come upon and approaches that found upon the north belt upon Red Mountain.

Statement of Production During the Past Two Months.

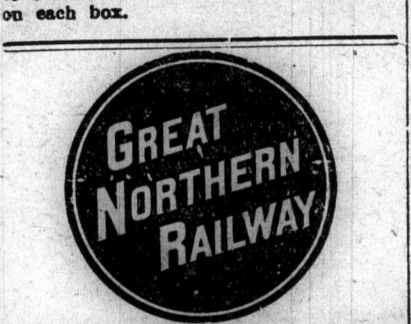
The following cablegram has been received in London, Eng., from the company's representative at Nelson: During the month of November, 80 stamps ran 444 hours; 3,663 tons of ore milled; 255 tons of concentrate produced; 26 tons of concentrate, included in receipts for shipment; no tons of crude ore shipped; total revenue for the month, \$25,500 (approximately £5,200); add 24 tons outstanding, estimate the value at \$900 (approximately £180); total operating expenses chargeable to revenue, \$13,976 (approximately £2,900). Office note: Mill work interrupted through accident to machinery. The following cablegram has been received from the company's representative at Nelson: "During December 80 stamps ran 611 hours (25 days 11 hours); estimated profit on operating is \$23,000 (approximately £4,900)."

Queen Bess Proprietary. In London, Eng., the following cable was received from the mine: "Last month 65 tons milled; net value is estimated at \$2,675; estimated expenditure \$4,473; main tunnel 1,805 feet; started raise, No. 6 level north; 40 feet driven; production increasing, No. 6 level south; 16 alterations has occurred."

MILLIONS OF WOMEN IN THE WORLD ACKNOWLEDGE THE GREAT ADVANTAGES AND SUPERIORITY OF Diamond Dyes

For twenty-five years Diamond Dyes have been acknowledged as the standards of excellence for domestic dyeing in every part of the world. Jealous competitors have labored hard to foist their crude preparations on the public, and in their work of deception have imitated as closely as they dared, the style of package used by the manufacturers of Diamond Dyes.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.



SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS PALACE DINING AND OBSERVATION CARS—HEALS A LACARTE

Direct connection at St. Paul, without change of depot, with all trains for Chicago, Toronto, Montreal, New York and all points west and south.

Close connection east and west bound at Spokane with trains of the Spokane Falls & Northern railway.

Leaves Spokane daily for West 1:45 a.m. Leaves Spokane daily for East 10:45 a.m. West bound trains make direct connection for Victoria, Vancouver, Portland, San Francisco and all points on the Sound.

During the season of navigation, East bound trains connect at Duluth with the magnificent steamships North-West and North-Land, of the Northern Steamship company line, operated in connection with the Great Northern railway.

For further information, maps, folders, etc., apply to any agent of the Spokane Falls & Northern railway, Kaslo & Slocan railway, Kootenay Railway & Navigation company, or to

J. I. WHITNEY, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Paul, Minn. H. A. JACKSON, Commercial Agent, Spokane, Wash.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. AND SOO LINE

First-class Sleepers on All Trains From REVELSTOCK AND KOOTENAY LGD.

TOURIST CARS Pass Dunmore Jet, daily for St. Paul Saturdays for Montreal and Boston, Mondays and Wednesdays for Toronto. Same cars pass Revelstoke one day earlier.

A POINTER for your Eastern trip is to see that your ticket reads via

CANADIAN PACIFIC Trains Depart: 8:00 For Nelson, Kaslo, Cascade, Grand Ex. Sun. Forks, Greenwood, Midway, etc. 18:00 For Nelson, Sandon and Slocan Daily. Points, Revelstoke, Main Line and Pacific Coast, and via Crow's Nest Route at all Eastern points.

For time-tables, rates and full information, call on or address nearest Local Agent, or

A. B. MAACKENZIE, City Agt. Roseland. A. C. McArthur, Depot Agt. E. J. Coyle A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B.C.

WINTER SCHEDULE Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y

The only all-rail route between all points east, west and south to Roseland, Nelson and all intermediate points; connecting at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co.

Connects at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay Lake points. Connects at Meyer's Falls with stage daily for Republic, and connects at Roseburg with stage daily for Grand Forks and Greenwood.

EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, DEC. 25, 1900. Leave. Spokane. Arrive. 8:00 a.m. Day Train. 6:40 p.m. 11:50 a.m. Roseland. 3:10 p.m. 7:00 a.m. Nelson. 7:15 p.m.

9:45 p.m. Spokane. 7:00 a.m. 11:00 p.m. Roseland. 7:00 a.m. First-class sleepers on night train. H. A. JACKSON, General Passenger Agent, Roseland, B. C.

Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company Limited

Operating Kaslo & Slocan Railway International Navigation & Trading Co. Bedlington & Nelson Railway, Kootenay Valley Railway.

Shortest and quickest route to the east and all points on the O. R. & N. and Northern Pacific Railways in Washington, Oregon and the Southern States.

Kaslo & Slocan Railway Passenger train for Sandon and way stations, leaves Kaslo at 8:00 a.m. daily, returning, leaves Sandon at 1:15 p.m., arriving at Kaslo at 3:55 p.m.

Leaves Kaslo daily at 8:00 a.m. Leaves Pilot Bay daily at 9:15 a.m. Arrives Kuskonook daily at 11:15 a.m.

Leaves Kuskonook daily at 12:40 p.m. Leaves Pilot Bay daily at 2:50 p.m. Arrives Kaslo at 4:00 p.m.

Leaves Nelson daily at 7:00 a.m. Leaves Pilot Bay daily at 9:15 a.m. Arrives Kaslo at 10:45 a.m.

Passenger train leaves Kuskonook for Spokane daily on arrival of steamer "Kaslo" connecting at Bonner's Ferry with Great Northern "Flyer," eastbound.

Leaves Spokane for Kuskonook daily at 6:25 a.m., making direct connection at Kuskonook with steamer "Kaslo" for Nelson and Kaslo.

Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled. Tickets sold to all points in Canada and the United States. To ascertain rates and full information address

ROBERT IRVING, Manager, Kaslo, B. C. Canadian Pacific Nav. Co. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 54.—(Taking Effect Nov. 1, 1900.) Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, at 1 a.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, at 1:10 o'clock p.m., or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 2 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner, Lulu and Islands—Tuesday and Friday at 7 a.m. Leave New Westminster for Victoria and Way Ports—Wednesdays and Saturdays at 7 a.m.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate points, via Vancouver, 1st and 15th of each month.

Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday for Wrangle and Skagway at 8 p.m.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE. Steamer leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending later trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent, C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

O. R. & N. OREGON SHORT LINE AND UNION PACIFIC

THE ONLY LINE EAST VIA SALT LAKE AND DENVER. TWO TRAINS DAILY SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

Coeur d'Alene Mines, Palouse, Lewis, Walla Walla, Baker City Mines, Portland, San Francisco, Cripple Creek Gold Mines and all points East and South. Only line East via Salt Lake and Denver.

Steamship tickets to Spokane and other foreign countries. Leaves Daily. Spokane Time Schedule. Effective May 13, 1900. Daily. 7:35 a.m. EAST MAIL—For Coeur d'Alene, Farmington, Gardfield, Colfax, Pomeroy, Watsburg, Dayton, Walla Walla, Fendleton, Baker City and all points for the EAST.

PAST MAIL—From all points EAST, Baker City, Fendleton, Walla Walla, Dayton, Watsburg, Pomeroy, Moscow, Pullman, Colfax, Gardfield, Farmington, Moscow, Lewiston, Portland, San Francisco, Baker City and all points EAST.

EXPRESS—From all points EAST, Baker City, San Francisco, Portland, Colfax, Gardfield and Farmington. 9:00 a.m.

STEAMER LINES. San Francisco-Portland Route. STEAMSHIP SAILS FROM ASTORWORTH DOCK, Portland, at 8:00 p.m., and from Spess Street Wharf, San Francisco, at 1:00 a.m., every five days.

Portland-Anstie Line. MONTHLY SAILINGS BETWEEN PORTLAND and the principal ports of China and Japan under the direction of Dowell, Carrill & Co., general agents.

Snake River Route. Steamers between Riparian and Lewiston leave Riparian Feb. 4th, 6th and 8th and alternate days at 1:00 a.m., returning leave Lewiston Feb. 5th, 7th and 9th and alternate days at 7 a.m.

Steamer Leaves Lewiston every Sunday at 5:30 p.m. for Wild Goose Rapids (stage of water permitting).

For through tickets and further information apply to any agent S. F. and N. System or at G. R. & N. Co.'s office, 430 Riverside avenue, Spokane Wash. H. M. ADAMS, General Agent.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE C.S.T.P.M. & O.R.Y.

Four Fine Fast Trains Each Way Minneapolis and St. Paul

Chicago and Milwaukee EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

"The North-Western Limited" steam heated, electric lighted, with electric berth lights, compartment sleepers, buffet library cars, and first chair cars, is absolutely the finest train in the world.

"The North-Western Line" also operates double daily trains to Sioux City, Omaha and Anasay City.

When you go East or South ask to be ticketed via this line. Your home agent can sell you through. For free descriptive literature write

H. E. COLLINS, General Agent, Spokane.



DOUBLE DAILY TRAIN SERVICE Through tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

Table with columns: SPOKANE TIME CARD, ARRIVE, DEPART. Lists train schedules for various routes.

RECEIPT SUNDAY. H. P. BROWN, Asst. R. M. Ry., Roseland, B. C. J. W. HILL, General Agent, Spokane, Wash. A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Portland, Oregon.



Your attention is called to the "Pioneer Limited" trains of the "Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway." "The only perfect trains in the world."

You will find it desirable to ride on these trains when going to any point in the Eastern States or Canada. They connect with all Transcontinental Trains and all Ticket Agents sell tickets.

For further information, pamphlets, etc., ask any Ticket Agent or R. L. FORD, C. J. EDDY, Pass. Agent, General Agent, SPOKANE, PORTLAND.

Atlantic S. S. Lines

(From Portland, Me.) Allan Line—Numidian. Feb. 6. Allan Line—Cynthia. Feb. 9. Allan Line—Tunisian. Feb. 23. Allan Line steamers call at Halifax one day later.

Dominion Line—Dominion. Feb. 16. Dominion Line—Cambrian. Feb. 27. (From St. John, N. B.)

Beaver Line—Lako Champlain. Feb. 16. Beaver Line—Lako Megantic. Feb. 19. Beaver Line—Lako Superior. Feb. 23. Beaver Line steamers call at Halifax one day later.

(From New York.) White Star Line—Teutonic. Feb. 6. White Star Line—Cymric. Feb. 13. White Star Line—Germanic. Feb. 20. White Star Line—Majestic. Feb. 27. Cunard Line—Lucania. Feb. 9. Cunard Line—Umbria. Feb. 16. Cunard Line—Servia. Feb. 23. American Line—New York. Feb. 20. American Line—St. Louis. Feb. 27. American Line—New York. Feb. 6. Red Star Line—Westerland. Feb. 13. Red Star Line—Kensington. Feb. 20. Red Star Line—Frisland. Feb. 27. Red Star Line—Netherlands. Feb. 6. Allan State Line—Sardinian. Feb. 9. Anchor Line—Austria. Feb. 16. Anchor Line—Furness. Feb. 23. (From Boston.)

Cunard Line—Utonia. Feb. 9. Cunard Line—Saxonia. Feb. 16. Dominion Line—Commonwealth. Feb. 23. Dominion Line—New England. Feb. 27. Passages arranged to and from all European ports. For rates tickets and full information apply to C. P. R. depot agent, or

A. B. MAACKENZIE, City Ticket Agt., Roseland, B. C. W. P. P. Cummings Gen. S. S. Agent, Waila.

The All-Private Loss

QUEEN

London, Feb. 7. The young city, which was mourning for a history. Crepe mingle and displayed its half-masted flags, close together business places, the young city, the streets, the market and there with unfeeling to form a sombre picture. The parade was not a m. but it was near before the marshal advanced up Columbia street, the band strains were as follows: A

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MANY MILLIONS MOURN

The Loving Remembrance of the Just Ruler, Victoria, Was Manifested on Every Continent, All Over the Empire, and by Many Nations--The Most Magnificent Funeral of History--Kings, Princes, Nobles and the People Participate in the Ceremonies and Sincerely Mourn the Great Loss the World has Sustained--How the Day of Mourning Was Observed in This City

QUEEN AT REST IN ALBERT CHAPEL

London, Feb. 2.—Tonight the Queen's body lies in the Albert chapel, at Windsor, guarded faithfully, awaiting the last rites. Within the caeic is brilliantly lighted.

Three kings and heads of principalities with special representatives left Windsor this evening, after hunching at the castle.

It was at Windsor that the only hitch in the elaborate programme of the day occurred, and these added to, rather than detracted from the dramatic interest. The first and most striking was the utter intractability of the horses attached to the gun carriage bearing the coffin. The alarm and chagrin of the King and the Emperor, who had hurried up to ascertain the cause of the delay in the procession leaving Windsor station, was patent upon their countenances. The horses struggled in the traces and the coffin was almost thrown from the gun carriage.

Lord Roberts asked the King for permission to take out the horses and substitute for them "Jackies" who had come up from Portsmouth as a guard of honor. This suggestion was quickly sanctioned and the last time Victoria's body was borne before her subjects was by her royal "handy men" who at an opportune moment saved the situation.

The other hitch occurred during the religious part of the ceremony. The trembling voice of the Archbishop of Canterbury, who is almost blind, had scarcely ended the final benediction before he turned to go up the altar steps. His sight and strength failed him and he tottered and groped and was on the point of falling when the Archbishop of York, who had been standing some distance behind him, advanced and caught his hand and led the honorable prelate to the holy table. Then they both knelt, the greatest dignitaries of England's church, next in rank to the royal blood, their heads bowed upon the purple altar cloth. Then the stream turned, for orders came for the suites and ambassadors to go out by another door. The returning throng met those coming up almost at the coffin, well nigh causing a melee. Finally they reached the other door and the body of the Queen was left alone before the altar, save for the stern figures of her gentlemen at arms, with halberds in hand, guarding the remains as the bodies of Edward IV., Charles I. and Henry VIII. were guarded in the chapel hundreds of years ago. Both Ambassador Choate and Secretary White walked through the streets of Windsor with the procession. The royal sentiments regarding the expression of American sympathy before mentioned were conveyed to them in the blue drawing room after the royal luncheon in the Waterloo chamber, to which they were invited, in company with a few other notables, Messrs. Choate and White returned to London tonight in company with the Austrian ambassador, Lord Lansdowne and a number of others.

London, Feb. 2.—"It has been a great reign," spoke Mr. Balfour in his eulogy before the House of Commons, "and it has a happy ending." All London and thousands from the remotest villages of the Kingdom paid their final homage to the Queen today in her capital, and assuredly, as Mr. Balfour said, the end of her reign, which is now passed into history, was happy. Deep solemnity filled hearts. There was reminiscent grief, the feeling that one of the Empire's great institutions was missing, but no such sorrow as surrounded the coffins of Lincoln and Garfield, cut off before their work was done. Every one felt that her passing had been as happy as her life was useful. They gathered to honor her memory, rather than to mourn her memory rather than to mourn her loss. As a queen, she was an exemplar of solid virtues and the aspirations and lives of the middle class of Englishmen, and they fittingly seemed the most sincere mourners.

All business ceased, even the drinking houses closing their doors. The newspapers suspended publication, and life in London, like in the rest of the Empire, turned from its customary channels and was focused upon three miles of West End streets, where the coffin containing the body which was now merely a symbol of the Victoria whom often before Londoners had cheered, not assembled as they were today, but on occasions of rejoicing. Today the ceremonials, with all the theatrical trappings of royalty, were more impressive than the funeral of a chief magistrate chosen by the people.

The Kings and Princes beneath silver helmets and wearing gold braided coats were men, but the sight seen of a King riding after the coffin of his mother, and a queen with four other kings and half a hundred of the highest royalties of European dynasties following, and the hereditary quaint attaches of the court, was one never to be forgotten. The multitudes were remarkably orderly. The

HER LATE MAJESTY, QUEEN VICTORIA



HER LATE MAJESTY, QUEEN VICTORIA

whole ceremonial, including the massing of 30,000 troops and the entertainment of all the visiting personages, was an admirable example of organization.

Tonight the "captains and the kings depart." The imperial yacht Hohenzollern awaits Emperor William at Port Victoria, King Leopold and King Carlos have returned to London preparing for their return home, and Prince Ferdinand departed on an evening train traveling incognito.

The city has somewhat of a holiday air. Thousands of persons parading the streets viewing the decorations, and restaurants are doing a tremendous business. The uniforms of the militia and colonial troops are visible everywhere, and their wearers are lionized.

The hospitals cared for 1,200 persons who were injured in the crowd. Of this number, however, only 60 were seriously hurt, including several policemen and soldiers, and a number of women suffering from broken limbs.

Already the political phases of the occasion are being discussed. The remarkable predominance of Germans and German influences is noteworthy. Emperor William's officers, soldiers and sailors were more conspicuous in all the ceremonies than were those of all the other nations together. This has had the effect of popularizing Germany with the people, who recently regarded her as their most menacing enemy.

It is evident that Englishmen realize that King Edward's reign begins confronted by a commercial crisis and plenty of dangers which give a shadow of anxiety to their mourning for the Queen.

In every town and village throughout the three kingdoms business was stopped, shades were drawn down, the public buildings were draped, and there were services for the dead in all Anglican and many of the non-conformist churches. Some half a hundred individuals and societies at Birmingham, in a snowstorm, piled up wreaths of flowers at the foot of Queen Victoria's statue.

At Manchester the civic body and leading men marched in procession through the principal thoroughfares to the cathedral services. The non-conformist bodies at the same time held a great memorial meeting in Free Trade hall, while others attended overflow meetings.

In Dublin the Lord Mayor and thirteen members of the corporation, robed with the judges' and other noble persons, went to St. Patrick's cathedral. The building and most of the Protestant churches were draped with purple edged with gold.

At Leeds the street railroad men held a midnight meeting and determined not to work today, as they had been requested to do. An imposing service was held at Edinburgh, in St. Giles' cathedral. The late Queen's retainers at Balmoral, and the people of the countryside generally, toiled through the snow-bound roads to the services at Craithie church, which was attended by the Queen when at Balmoral.

IN ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL.

Windsor, Feb. 2.—The great east windows of St. George's chapel, with its quaint stained figures, threw a soft light on this burial and worshipping place of kings. Before each oaken stall glimmered the wax-taper that burns when Knights of the Garter worship there. Above their heads, resting upon the carved emblems of stalls, were the special insignia of each knight, while hanging over this were the motionless banners bearing this strange device of members of this most powerful order.

On each side of the chancel flamed two rows of candles, causing the gold and the red threads of knights to glitter in sombre contrast with these rows of light and colors at the long line of princesses and ladies in waiting, making a foreground of deepest black. On the altar two tapers burned, but with one ray on each side stood two large candelabras.

The profusion of flowers which was displayed outside the chapel ceased within. On the chancel only a very few light and most delicate green ferns were used for the altar decorations. There was no crepe anywhere. Among the early arrivals were ministers and ex-ministers in full state uniform, their breasts a mass of gold braid. All the members of the cabinet took their seats in a row.

Lord Salisbury followed, wearing a velvet skull cap and wearing a plain court uniform. The ladies in waiting, veiled as the princesses were yesterday, took their seats on a long bench below the stalls. The first member of the diplomatic corps to arrive was the Turkish ambassador. Long before the stalls were filled the nave was packed. It was here that the stands had been erected and the chancel screen on the organ completely prevented several hundred in the nave from seeing what went on in the church.

Lord Rosebery came in at 1:15. The most of the diplomatic corps occupied nearly two entire rows of stalls to the right of the chancel. The ambassadors, cabinet ministers, Knights of the Garter and the noble congregation waited patiently, while the gentlemen at arms took up their stand at the chancel immediately in front of a pitiful line of mourning women. In their right hands they carried halberds, and even against the brilliant background of the stalls the scarlet figures stood out conspicuously. At 2:15 o'clock Sir Walter Parrott at the organ commenced playing Mendelssohn's march in E minor, from the "Songs Without Words." The castle clock struck the half hour, the organ ceased.

Quietly, with no heralding, the Archbishop of Canterbury and the Dean of Windsor walked from the vestry down to the chancel. The nobles rose to their feet and remained standing. Behind the bishops came the choir. The sound of the guns saluting was slowly heard, and silence fell on the assemblage. Ten minutes passed and Sir Walter Parrott played softly. The white haired statesman one by one dropped into their seats; the strain was too much, and the diplomats followed suit. The music of the hands playing could be heard, first faintly and then nearer and nearer until the majestic roll of the funeral march penetrated every corner of the chapel. For 15 minutes the congregation listened to the military bands outside.

At 3:20 p.m. the doors swung open. "I am the resurrection" was sung by the choir. Slowly the white-robed boys made their way up the aisle. After the Archbishop of Canterbury came the white robes, then the coffin, and then the equeiries carrying the pall and the regalia. Grenadiers carried the coffin. All walking together, came the King, Emperor William, and the Duke of Connaught. Behind them were the King of the Belgians, the King of Greece and the King of Portugal, and after them came the royal princes, who filled the chancel and aisle, and whose suites crowded into the nave. Mr. Choate, in evening dress, entered with the procession and sat in the corner near the master of ceremonies.

The choir having passed to the right of the altar and the Queen and the Princesses having passed to their positions in the Queen's gallery, overlooking the altar, the service proceeded. The Archbishop stood at the altar steps directly before the coffin. On his left was the Bishop of Winchester, clad in scarlet robes, who read the regular prayers for the dead. The Duke of Cambridge had to be helped to a stall, being unable to stand any longer. As the benediction was pronounced the King and all present bent their heads low. An impressive feature was the Nory King of Arms pronouncement of the titles of the deceased, ending up with "God Save the King," delivered so forcefully and dramatically that his hearers started, stung to a realization of the change of regime which had so suddenly come about. At 4 o'clock the service was over. The Archbishop of Canterbury bowed his head on the altar leaving the coffin and the catafalque passing into the castle.

hood of the Anglo-Saxon nations.

The address, which was given quietly but forcefully by the preacher, was as follows:

"No higher tribute could be paid to greatness of life, to beauty and strength of character, than the world-wide mourning of these last sad days—mourning not only unique in the extent of its expression, but reaching down into the heart's depths of men and women of all classes and of many races—a tribute not to the earthly splendor as the sovereign of a world-wide empire, but to the character of a woman, whose influence has been a power for good that is unique in history.

"As part of that tribute to the memory of our great and good Queen, we, in unison with our brethren throughout the world, meet here today to offer to Almighty God, through our Lord Jesus Christ, our prayers, our praises and our thanksgiving for that life, which has been so great a blessing to us all.

"The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord!"

"Of the Queen's life and character I need say very little, for they have been brought much before our eyes in recent years, and are more or less familiar to us all. Her life has been designedly open to the gaze of the nation to an unusual extent, and we know that there was little in it to hide, little, indeed, that it was not good for her people to know.

"Her position threw upon her a life of continuous labor, but her thought and her life were given unreservedly and ungrudgingly in the service of her people. How great that service was few of us perhaps realize, for her wisdom and her long experience, were more than remarkable, and they are recognized today by all nations. And we know, too, how her political wisdom was tempered by deep love for her people and keen sympathy with all suffering, that set her path on the side of peace, though when the cause of right and freedom and honor called to war, she yielded, suffering in fellowship with her people.

"This was the Queen in affairs of state, but her service in another sphere, her service for good of her personal life, was

no less great.

"The unusual beauty of her character as wife and mother have set the pattern for every British home, as the place where hearts are knit together in pure love and mutual helpfulness, yet the home love with her was ever ready to expand into a breadth of sympathy that was never restrained, though it cost her much.

"It is this broad and thoughtful sympathy for all, which, finding a response in a million loyal, loving hearts, has rendered her life so effective, both in state affairs where she was indeed sovereign, and also in the quiet influence of a good example.

"In the end, when all is weighed and valued, her supreme service for the race will be the exaltation of personal goodness."

"The great mother," as she has been so long called by our own loyal Indians, and I know no name that so well fitted her great mother's heart. Therefore she was dear, and is dear, to all, because for all her mother's heart was warm, and for all she gave herself in unselfish, thoughtful and effective service.

"Now it is very evident that the unique power of Queen Victoria lay far more in her pure and strong character than in her high position. The position supplied the opportunity which gave her character its vast field for effective action.

"It was no less evident what was the foundation upon which that character was built—the foundation of religious devotion to duty, and faith in God that upheld her single-minded and unwavering through all her long reign, and kept her life serene amid cares and duties that must otherwise have overwhelmed her.

"Brethren, we will best honor the memory of our great Queen today by honoring the Christian faith she ever cherished and the God she so faithfully served, honoring Him each in our own office, by serving as she served.

"Look back over her life—her religion stands out clear and strong at every one of its great turning points. The foundations were laid in early years in that Christian home to which we owe so much. They bear fruit evident from

(Continued on Page Five.)

ROSSLAND MOURNED THE QUEEN.

Thousands of Citizens Parade and Attend the Memorial Services.

The processional parade yesterday in memory of Her Majesty proved the finest spectacular event ever witnessed in this city. Thousands of citizens representing the various labor organizations, benevolent and fraternal orders, public bodies, the militia and veterans participated. The solemnity of the occasion will not soon be forgotten. The mayor's proclamation was strictly observed and business was entirely suspended. Red mountain, always the scene of bustling activity, wore a deserted appearance.

At St. George's church the religious offices of the day began, under the direction of the Bishop of the diocese, with a celebration of the Holy Eucharist. This office was taken at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and was a special service inasmuch as some of the burial service was substituted, under order of the diocesan, for the ante office of the canon of the communion itself which was, of course, untouched by the alterations. Just before the benediction came a prayer especially in memorial of Queen Victoria. The sermon or homily was dispensed with and instead there was introduced an appropriate hymn. The service throughout, with the exception of the preface hymn liturgy, and the hymns introduced, which were necessarily choral, was plain. The church was sombre, being hung with purple with the exception of the altar itself, unadorned and covered with a black pall. There was present a large congregation, principally members of the Church of England.

The young city, which was astir early, were mourning for the first time in its history. Crepe mingled with royal purple and displayed in graceful festoons, half-masted flags, closed stores, banks and other business places, the solemn mien of thousands of spectators in the crowded streets, the marshalled ranks, slashed here and there with uniforms, all contributed to form a sombre picture.

The parade was to have formed at 11 a.m. but it was nearly half an hour later before the marshal and a khaki-clad soldier moved up Columbia avenue midst the strains of the Dead March. The route was as follows: Along Columbia ave-

nue east to Monte Christo street, north to First avenue, west to St. Paul street, north to Second avenue, west to Washington street, south to Columbia avenue, west to Mines' Union hall.

The order of the procession was as follows:

- The Marshal.
- City Band.
- Rocky Mountain Rangers.
- Veteran Soldiers of the Queen.
- Mayor and Council.
- Ex-Mayor and Ex-Aldermen.
- United States Consul.
- City and Government Officials.
- Board of Trade.
- School of Mines.
- Masonic Orders.
- Trades and Labor Council.
- Labor Unions.
- Salvation Army Band.
- Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
- Ancient Order of Forestry.
- Loyal Orange Order.
- Knights of Pythias.
- Fraternal Order of Eagles.
- Associated Order of United Workmen.
- Knights of Maccabees.
- Licensed Victuallers.
- Societa Giordano Bruno.
- War Eagle Fire Brigade.
- Rossland Fire Brigade.

Jack Rae, modestly bearing his South African laurels and carrying a furled and crepe-bound Union Jack, led the procession. He wore khaki, and Fire Chief Guthrie marched at his side. Next followed the City band which preceded the Rocky Mountain Rangers under command of Capt. P. McL. Forin. The corps turned out thirty-five strong and presented a neat and soldierly appearance. The men wore their rifle green uniform, side arms, and field caps. Next came the veterans representing every branch of the services and who made a very creditable muster. They must have been nearly fifty strong. Every one of them had at some period served Her Majesty in various climes. Conspicuous among them were noticed His Honor, Judge Forin, private Queen's Own Rifles, Northwest medal; Dr. Bowes, sergeant-major 8th Hussars, Afghan medal and Star, with Lord Roberts at Kandahar; W. B. Townsend, Royal navy, Arctic medal; W. J. Nelson, first lieu-

tenant Queen's Own Rifles, Northwest medal and Star; Dr. Reddick, field surgeon Northwest; A. B. Mackenzie, corporal Queen's Own Rifles, Northwest medal; T. P. O'Farrell, Sudan medal; A. Ganaway, corporal Scotch Grays; D. Guthrie, Royal Canadian Artillery, Northwest Medal; A. E. Denison, private Bodyguard, Own Rifles and Governor's Bodyguard, Northwest medal; C. B. Cornell, veterinary surgeon St. Clair Borderers; E. B. Webster, private Queen's Own Rifles; H. V. Boulbee, captain 13th Battalion Canadian militia; W. F. Van Buskirk, Canadian militia; J. Corbett, Royal Artillery; D. M. Crowley, formerly sergeant of the East Melbourne Artillery, Australia.

Then came the mayor, members of the city council, business men, and citizens generally. There must have been nearly five hundred marchers in this section of the procession. All wore crepe, mourning badges, and black attire.

The labor unions, who followed, turned out a large contingent. The miners, their banner suitably draped, led this section. Their strength exceeded several hundred, and among them were Chris Foley and James Devine, who walked side by side. Behind them came the Salvation Army band, which played a funeral dirge as the imposing parade slowly traversed the route.

The next section, comprising the fraternal orders, made a fine turnout, especially the Old Fellows, Foresters, Knights of Pythias and Eagles. The latter mustered 100 strong. Marching two deep the parade had started to climb Monte Christo street before the last marchers had moved off from Spokane street. Thus it will be seen that its length extended over seven blocks, and by an easy calculation it is safe to say that 2,500 people participated in the procession. The rear section comprised the Italian society and the War Eagle and city fire brigades. The foreigners displayed a draped banner, and their strength, exceeding seventy, surprised the spectators on the crowded sidewalks. The firemen wore their uniforms and made a good showing.

There was a terrible crush in the vicinity of Mines' Union hall as the first rank approached. Thousands of people

were unable to gain admission and returned home disappointed.

Miners' Union hall presented an entirely changed aspect on the occasion of this memorial service. The whole of the proscenium was covered with white hangings, with purple drapings on either side. At the back of the stage was a background wholly of sombre purple, unit with any other shade, with the exception of a plain cedar cross. This was placed on a temporary erection draped in black. On the right and left were placed the prayer desk and the lectern. One flag rested against the cross and two others tied with purple were on either side. The members of the joint choir were placed right and left, facing each other, some being accommodated with seats in front in the auditorium. The credit for the arrangement belongs to Mrs. Frank Oliver, who was aided by Miss Hearle and Messrs. Winter and Harp.

At the entry of the procession the officiating clergyman, Rev. C. W. Hedley, stood at the prayer desk robed in surplice and black stole. The procession orderly filed into the building, occupying each seat till every place in the hall was filled and the remainder stood in hundreds behind. Altogether there must have been 800 people present, far more than the hall has on any previous occasion accommodated.

The service was begun by singing the late Queen's favorite hymn, "Rock of Ages." This was well known to everybody present, and the singing was heartily joined in. The opening sentences of the burial service, those solemn words which have carried hope to millions of the inhabitants of the earth, "I am the Resurrection and the Life," were then spoken, and the beautiful service went on with the largest congregation ever seen in Rossland heartily and devotionally taking part. Rev. C. W. Hedley gave an eloquent address upon the Queen, which is here reproduced, and the service finished with the singing of the Requiem, composed by the poet of the Empire, who has done more than any other living man to voice the imperial sentiment of the British peoples and to crystallize their thoughts on the brother-

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9:45 a. m. 9:45 a. m.

10:50 p. m. 11:00 p. m.

11:45 p. m. 11:55 p. m.

5:30 p. m. 7:25 a. m.

1:15 p. m. 9:30 a. m.

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Feb. 27

Feb. 30

Feb. 3

Feb. 6

Feb. 9

Feb. 13

Feb. 16

Feb. 19

Feb. 23

Feb. 27

Feb. 30

Feb. 3

Feb. 6

Feb. 9

F. YUENGLING CASE

A Preliminary Hearing was Held Friday

IS NOW COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Evidence is Taken Against the Defendant on Three Separate Counts—The Testimony Adduced—The Counsel Who is Engaged.

Fred E. Yuengling was charged before Police Magistrate Boutbee that he, while acting as manager of the Lion Brewing company, July 13, 1899, did receive from August Jackson the sum of \$310.85 on terms requiring him to pay the same to the Lion Brewing company and that he fraudulently converted this sum to his own use.

Mr. J. L. G. Abbott appeared for the Crown, Mr. J. S. Clute for the defendant and Mr. W. de V. le Maistre watched the case on behalf of the private prosecutors.

August Jackson, being sworn, stated he was a hotel keeper dealing with the Lion brewery in the summer of 1899. He knew the accused, who at times was collecting for the Lion Brewing company. Witness paid him money. He paid him one bill of \$261 or thereabouts. Next day he paid him more money, but witness did not remember the exact amount. Witness paid in full of the account and about \$9.25 over the amount due. The money was paid by bank cheques. That was all witness over the Lion Brewing company at this time. The payment was made in July, 1899. The money witness paid extra was refunded by Mr. Blue after defendant had left Rossland.

Cross-examined by Mr. Clute: Witness paid \$9.25 extra, as he could not make the exact change, and the accused said he did not have the amount on him.

Hugh Henderson, being sworn, stated he was carrying on the business of a brewer in Rossland during the summer of 1899. He bought three fermenting tubs from the Trail brewery in either May or June. It was after the Trail brewery had been amalgamated with the Lion brewery. Whether the former was running or not witness could not say. The defendant was manager of the brewery. The price was \$17 apiece. It was never settled. There was a pump lent to the Trail brewery debited to Fred E. Yuengling and these tubs were charged up against him. Mr. Blue has asked for payment.

Cross-examined: The pump was lent to the Trail brewery.

Louis Blue (sworn) stated he was president of the Lion Brewing company in 1899. During May, June and July, until he left, the defendant was manager of the company. His duties with regard to monies was to collect them and turn them in to the bookkeeper. Witness knew about the August Jackson account. Exhibit A was a statement of the amount due by August Jackson to the Lion Brewing company \$310.85. According to the dates set out the last of which was July 8, 1899, the account was made out on Aug. 15 of that year, but on presentation to August Jackson he stated he held a receipt for the amount from Mr. Yuengling on July 13 and that he had paid \$210, which was in fact the amount of the account by \$25. A receipt was given signed by Fred Yuengling. Witness saw that receipt. One portion of the account, \$220.00, was made out by the office bookkeeper, and there was another amount added on to that by Mr. Yuengling, the difference between \$220.00 and the full amount of the account.

A copy of the receipt was here produced, the original having been sent to New York and not returned.

ON THE COAST.

Great Progress is Being Made—Interest Evincing in Rossland.

Mr. F. W. Bauer, the well-known stock broker, returned yesterday from the coast where he spent the Christmas and New Year holidays. In conversation with a Miner reporter he said that he had not been down to the coast for a couple of years and he was much surprised at the tremendous progress which had been made in Vancouver during that interval of time. Building was going on summer and winter and the puzzle was where the population was coming from. Some of the buildings especially with reference to the business quarter, were handsome three-story structures of stone and brick, principally the former. In fact, declared Mr. Bauer, the whole appearance of the business portion of the city is becoming altogether transformed. Much interest was evincing in the prosperity of Rossland, which, in his opinion, many of the Vancouver people are more or less interested in the mining ventures of the Kootenays.

It was thought that there would be a revival of interest in the Klondike during the coming season and preparations are being made accordingly, especially in the outfitting trade.

THE CARNIVAL.

A Larger Attendance Than Ever promised for This Season.

The secretary of the Carnival committee is beginning to get letters which indicate that the attendance at this year's carnival will far surpass that of any previous year. Challenges have been received from the senior hockey teams of Nelson, Phoenix and Sandon and one is yet expected from Revelstoke. The Sandon junior team will certainly come and while no word has yet been received from the Nelson junior there is every reason to believe that they will also attend the Carnival. It is not yet definitely known whether both Nelson and Revelstoke will send ladies' teams.

TWO CANARDS.

Foundationless Rumors Circulating on Columbia Avenue Yesterday.

Gossip is gossip the world over and Columbia avenue is as much a school for scandal as other towns of the same size. There were two bits of gossip circulating upon Columbia avenue yesterday which, upon being probed, were immediately and flatly contradicted. Both were of a serious nature and while the one unnecessarily distressed the feelings of a private family the other was calculated to harm the camp.

THE MONTH'S WEATHER.

Past January Was Colder With More Snow Than a Year Ago.

The month of January for the present year presents a curious similitude to that of a year ago. Both months began with a heavy fall of snow, which did not melt till well towards the end of the month. Both snowstorms were interrupted with chinook, during which just about the same quantity of rain fell, the figures being .917 inch for 1900 and 1.080 inch for the current year. The snowfall for the past month was 52.39 inches, whereas that for the previous January was only 31 inches; this year nearly doubling the record for the past. Both months, towards the end, cleared up, although the January of 1900 was finer than that of this year. During last January there were 11 snowy days as against 14, nine cloudy days against 5 and 7 hne days as against 12.

THE MONTH'S WEATHER.

Past January Was Colder With More Snow Than a Year Ago.

The direction of the wind was as usual from the southwest. On 14 days the wind blew from this quarter, on five days from the northwest, on four from the northeast and seven days the wind blew all round the compass. On one day there was no wind, the city being shrouded in a dense fog. The wind blew slightly except on six days, when it was gusty. On no day could there be said to be a strong wind.

The lowest temperature was on the 9th and 10th, on the nights of which days the thermometer sank to zero. The lowest registered for January, 1900, was 7.6 above zero. The highest temperature was 46.2 on the 18th as against 45.9 for the same month last year. The mean temperature for the month was 24.2 as against 28.6 for the previous year, showing an increased cold of 4.4 degrees Fahrenheit.

Cutting 25,000 Feet a Day.

The sawmill of Messrs. Blue, Fischer & Deschamps is at present cutting 25,000 feet of lumber per day and 20,000 feet of this is being hauled to this city.

Most of the lumber consists of 10x10 timbers for the mines and two, three and four-inch planking. All of the product of the mill is used in this city. The mill is located some four miles north of this city.

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Cures All

Creeds—It Relieves in 10 Minutes.

Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all its claims: Bishop Sweetman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking, 50 cents. 4. Sold by Goodlove Bros.

DOES NOT MOURN ALONE

ROSSLAND'S DEEP SYMPATHY FOR GOV. MACKINTOSH AND FAMILY.

Many Cables and Telegrams of Condolence Received—Sketch of the Deceased Trooper—His Early Boyhood and Love for a Military Life.

There were many public manifestations of sorrow and deep regret expressed in this city Friday over the sad fate of E. C. Mackintosh ("Bunch"), who succumbed to enteric fever at Pretoria. All classes of citizens feel that they have sustained a distinct personal loss. In this sad hour Governor Mackintosh and family not only possess the sympathy of Rossland, but of the entire Dominion. Scores of cables and telegrams of condolence poured into the city yesterday. They were repeated to Victoria, where the Governor is a witness in a mining lawsuit. An interchange of despatches between many local citizens and Mr. Mackintosh took place.

TELEGRAMS OF CONDOLENCE.

The following telegram of sympathy has been sent by the Board of Trade to Governor Mackintosh. His reply is appended: To Hon. C. H. Mackintosh: The Board of Trade desires to express its sincere sympathy with you and your family on the loss of your gallant son in South Africa. (Sd.) C. O. LALONDE, President.

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ROSSLAND AND NELSON.

A Fast Game Which Resulted in a Draw.

The members of the Cyclone hockey club returned Friday morning from Nelson, where they played hockey with the Nelson Juniors. The game resulted in a score of 2 to 2. The boys report that they had a good time while in Nelson and would feel that he enjoyed it. By some field regulations no trooper of private is allowed to cable from Capetown. The Stratforas are at sea and will reach England on or about Feb. 10. Word should then be received.

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COAL AND GOLD ABUNDANT

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

They Have Acquired an Option on Fifteen Mineral Claims and 400 Acres of Coal Lands—A Free Milling Proposition. Present Company Retains an Interest.

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

G. A. Robinson, secretary of the Fairview Corporation, Fairview, B. C., is in town for a few days. He confirmed the report that a deal for the acquisition of its mineral and coal lands by Gooderham and Blackstock, Toronto, is now pending. "The option given Gooderham and Blackstock," said Mr. Robinson to the Miner, "covers a period of five months from January first, and provides that in the event of a re-organization of the old shareholders shall retain at least a half interest. Besides fifteen mineral claims, and four hundred acres of coal lands, the corporation also owns an ideal townsite at Fairview, comprising upwards of 300 acres.

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

"Fairview is delightfully situated in the Okanagan valley, about 28 miles west of Camp McKinney. It boasts a hotel equal to anything in the interior. The principal claim on which development work has been done is the Steam and the average values are about \$5 per ton. There are three well-defined ledges fifty feet apart on the surface. A double-compartment incline shaft, sunk on the centre or main vein, has reached a depth of 200 feet. It practically follows the dip of the ore as far as the 100-foot level, where we crosscut and encountered the north ledge. On the lower level the same ledges were also caught and the work of crosscutting for the south ledge is in progress. The main ore body varies in width from fifteen to twenty feet, the north vein not exceeding twelve feet at its widest. On this lower level between seven and eight hundred feet of crosscutting and drifting has been done. The mine is equipped with a hoist, and five-drill compressor.

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

"Recently the Steamwinder and our coal lands were examined by Mr. Thurston, a New York mining expert, on behalf of Messrs. Gooderham and Blackstock. It had been no sooner done than the Toronto people sent instructions to push development with all possible speed. The shaft is now being extended to the four hundred-foot level. The showing on the other mineral claims is favorable, but practically no development work has been done on them. The Dominion Consolidated company have exploited several adjacent claims with good success. It has also installed an eight-drill compressor.

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

"Our coal lands are situated at White Lake on the Pentiction road, twelve miles from Fairview. They comprise over 400 acres, and have not been developed. There is a strong and large outcrop on the surface in a sort of basin, from which we have extracted between two and three hundred tons. The coal is a lignite, and is admirably adapted for heating and cooking purposes. It gave satisfaction to the local purchasers, the price being \$15 per ton at the coal fields. A portion of the adjoining coal lands, it is stated, has been acquired by a company, in which Sir William Van Horne is interested. The future of the southern portion of British Columbia is so far as fuel is concerned, has already been solved.

GOODERHAM AND BLACKSTOCK OPERATIONS AT FAIRVIEW.

"The pressing want of the Okanagan and the Similkameen is railway facilities, and the residents are anxiously awaiting the commencement of construction. "Fairview," added Mr. Robinson, "is a beautiful and salubrious even in mid-winter. Grass will be abundant next month and the cattle roam the ranges at all seasons."

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CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

"Bonanza No. 3," "Our Hope," "Bonanza No. 3 Fraction," "Our Hope Fraction," situated in the Trail creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On St. Thomas mountain, near Greenville mountain.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, Wm. B. Townsend, F. M. C. No. B30638, acting as agent for the "Roseland Bonanza" Gold Mining & Milling company, limited, non-personal liability. Free Miner's Certificate No. B30298, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, F. A. Wilkin, acting as agent for the British Columbia (Roseland and Slovan) Syndicate, Limited, free miner's certificate No. B41161, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims.

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CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Latest Out mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of Kootenay district. Where located: Adjoining the West Egg mineral claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, J. A. Kirk, acting as agent for John Povers, Free Miner's Certificate No. B. 30695, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Gorilla mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Lookout mountain, adjoining the Kenu mineral claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Herman L. A. Keller, F. M. C. No. B38377, Albert L. A. Keller, F. M. C. No. B38378 and Frederick S. Aigiers, F. M. C. No. B29894, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

The Columbia and Western Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an act assimilating its bonding powers in respect to its railway and branch lines west of Midway to the powers already given it in respect to its lines constructed east of that point, extending the time within which it may complete its railways, and authorizing it to construct such branches from any of its lines not exceeding in any one case thirty miles in length as are from time to time authorized by the Governor in Council, and for other purposes.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Leinster Light mineral claim, situate in the Trail creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: Near the city of Rossland, adjoining the Montreal mineral claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, Samuel L. Long, acting as agent for Joseph B. McArthur, free miner's certificate, B7485; Thomas S. Gilmore, free miner's certificate, B30857; Patrick Burns, free miner's certificate, B36335, and Samuel L. Long, free miner's certificate No. B31476, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, Wm. Griffith, intend to claim the one-fourth (1/4) interest in the "Olive" mineral claim situate on the west side of Sullivan creek, in the Trail Creek mining district, formerly held by F. B. Salisbury, on which I have done all the assessment work for the past three years, and for which the said F. B. Salisbury has not paid his share of the expense. This also applies to a certain bill of sale of said interest given to other parties. This action is taken under Section 4, of Chap. 45, of the Statutes of 1899 and amendments of 1900.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

"Cascade," "California" and "Royal Kanaroo" mineral claims, situate in the Trail creek mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Greenville mountain, near Iron creek.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Take notice that I, William B. Townsend, F. M. C. No. B30638, acting as agent for the "Cascade" Gold Mining & Milling company, limited, of Rossland, Free Miner's Certificate No. B20944, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

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IMPROVEMENTS.
and "Royal
situated in the
of West
located: On
from creek.
William B. Town-
30838, acting as
Gold Mining &
of Rossland,
No. B42044, in-
the date hereof,
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for the pur-
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commenced be-
Certificate of
December, A. D.
TOWNSEND.
IMPROVEMENTS.
Bar and Grace
situated in the
of West
located: On the
the river, about
above Fort Shep-
W. Wilkin, acting
Columbia (Ros-
estate, Limited,
No. B 41161, in-
the date hereof,
order for a cer-
for the purpose
of the above
ce that action,
commenced be-
Certificate of im-
December, A.
A. WILKIN.
QUENT CO-
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he may hav-
in the Townsite
Rossland in
Division of West
Province of
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the provisions
and amend-
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on fail or refuse
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of the miner)
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E. PFUNDER.
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WHITAKER WRIGHT EXPLAINS

PROCEEDINGS AT RECENT LONDON & GLOBE MEETING.

Shareholders Unanimously Support the Board—Causes of the Smash—The Proposed Reconstruction.

An extraordinary general meeting of the London and Globe Finance Corporation (Limited) was held at noon on Wednesday, January 9th, at Cannon Street Hotel, London, for the purpose of considering, and if deemed expedient passing the following resolutions: "That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and, accordingly, that the company be wound up voluntarily." The Marquis of Dufferin, the chairman of the corporation, presided. Only holders of tickets were admitted. The large hall in which the meeting took place was crowded to the doors long before the time appointed for the meeting, and many shareholders were unable to obtain admission. Lord Dufferin was loudly cheered on entering the room.

The chairman said he could assure the shareholders that it was with feelings of the deepest mortification that his colleagues and himself presented themselves before them upon this trying occasion. That they should be deeply moved could not be a matter of surprise to anyone, and their own deep regret was aggravated by the fact that only three weeks ago their managing director gave them the assurance that, although from circumstances which were then related, the affairs were not so prosperous as could have been wished, still, notwithstanding these drawbacks, the position of the London and Globe was fairly satisfactory and hopeful. Now, within so brief a period, they found that they were unable to meet a considerable proportion of their engagements upon the Stock Exchange and elsewhere.

How the change under the circumstances had occurred would be explained by the managing director, who, he was sure, they would prefer to hear upon such points to himself. ("No, no.") He was persuaded to accept office as chairman at the instance of his friends, the late Lord Loch and Sir W. Robinson. He felt that when two such eminent persons had been consulted with the concern, it was one which he could not legitimately engage. As soon as he entered on the office of chairman he became aware of two things—first, that the company had a great number of bitter opponents, which he supposed was the case with all companies, and that their Stock Exchange interests were far more complicated and extensive than he imagined, and that no one unless he mastered all their intricacies. Upon this it occurred to him that it might be his duty to withdraw from the position of chairman, but in the case of a man in his position it was not so easy to lift the hand from the plough when once he had taken hold of it; and in the next place he perceived from many signs that his resignation was a thing which that opponents were anxious to bring about, and, moreover, it would be followed by an immediate depreciation in their securities. He, therefore, contented himself with simply warning them that they must not expect him to be conversant with their Stock Exchange operations, an announcement with which they appeared to be satisfied. As time went on, and everything proceeded with success, whatever misgivings he might have had in regard to this particular department of their work gradually disappeared; and he might mention that almost on the very day he became their chairman he felt prompted for the satisfaction of his own conscience to give some pledge of the identity and incorporation of his private interests with their own, and in his view he invested largely in London and Globe shares at a very high price and, subsequently, for the same reason, in British America Corporation shares, and those shares he still held. (Loud cheering.) Those shares had involved him in great loss, a loss which he could ill afford to make. However, if this consideration helped to convince the shareholders of his bona fides—(loud applause)—he would not feel this to be an unusual degree. At every turn he had been haunted with the fear of the effects of his resignation, not because his services were valuable, but by reason of the use which would be made of it by his enemies. Lord Dufferin deprecated the appointment of an official liquidator, and proceeded to allude to a voluntary winding up and a possible reconstruction of the company. Mr. Whitaker Wright, yielding to an impulse of generosity, might wish to take the full responsibility of what had occurred. In the eyes of the law, however, and in their own eyes, the board were a body indivisible. Mr. Wright in his efforts had endangered his health. He might have made some mistakes, but he had a keen desire to advance the interests of the corporation and retrieve the critical situation. Speaking under evident emotion, the chairman conducted as follows: Words fail me to express the gratitude which I feel towards you for the patient and generous hearing which you have given to these observations—a patience and generosity which to the end of my life will be one of my brightest souvenirs, and a stay to my hope in the future. (Loud and prolonged cheering.)

Mr. Whitaker Wright, the managing director, who was received with loud cheers, said that as what he had to say would be somewhat tedious, and perhaps also somewhat dry, he would like to state at the outset, in order to remove to some extent the tension in the nerves of the shareholders, that the directors had practically arrived at an arrangement with the creditors of the company—(loud cheers)—and that with a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull all together, their ship would soon be off the rocks, and once more in smooth waters. (Loud cheers.) Therefore, who he had concluded his remarks, his esteemed chairman would move a resolution that the meeting be adjourned until Monday next at the same time and place, and by which time they hoped to be able to inform the shareholders that every one of their creditors had been settled with—(cheers)—their debts paid in full (hear, hear)—and a scheme of reconstruction presented, which would ensure the prosperity of the company in the future, and occasion them no loss in the long run. (Loud cheers.) Mr. Wright proceeded to speak in terms of strong condemnation of the attacks which had, he said, been

made upon the company by certain newspapers, the writers in which had not waited to hear the explanation of the directors. The treatment which the company had received at the hands of many newspapers during the last ten days was not English—(cheers) nor was it cricket in the true sense of the word. (Cheers, and a voice: "Never mind the newspapers.") He had reasons for referring to this matter and they would appear presently. The other day his highly esteemed neighbor, Dr. Conan Doyle, in common with other well-known men, had addressed to him by a daily journal of large circulation the following query: "What, in your opinion, is the chief danger, social or political, that confronts the coming century?" Dr. Conan Doyle replied, "I should say the uncontrolled supremacy of an ill-conditioned, excited, and sensational-mongering press." (Laughter and cheers.) Only the other day he was told there was a flood of description of his poor country home in one of the papers, in which it was said to be a palace of delight. (Cries of "Come to business.") "What has it to do with us?" A good deal, for one of the gutter rags said it was built out of his gains from that corporation. He bought both his country and his town house before that corporation was formed. (Cheers.) He had advanced to the corporation a quarter of a million sterling to enable it to tide over its troubles. (Cheers.) In his strictures on the press he did not refer to the great political or financial organs. He referred to such journals as they received free through the post, with marked articles which had no other object than to sap and undermine the enterprises in which they were interested and to depreciate the shares. (Cheers.) In order to have a thorough understanding of what the company was, and its present position and prospects, it was needful to review the past. The corporation was an outcome of the amalgamation of the West Australian Finance company, formed in 1894, and the old London and Globe, formed in 1895, with a capital of £40,000. The shareholders in the first-named company received 265 per cent, and the shareholders in the latter 230 per cent. Shareholders in the present company who were not interested in the old one had received 25 per cent. The original shareholders had, therefore, not much to complain of as the capital had been returned several times over. The London and Globe had been known as a parent company, and in that respect the character of the issues was material. The first property placed upon the market was Lake View Consols, of which till a few days ago the £1 shares stood at £15. It had paid £1,187,500 in dividends. In the three years 1897, 1898, and 1899, the company was returned to the shareholders four and a half times over. There was no doubt that the mine at the present held the palm for having returned the highest amount for the ore. It was the character of the ore which had led to their high value, and the fact that the shares were used as counters on the Stock Exchange for gambling purposes. South African owners often pointed to this as the fact was that their mines were low grade, and getting the gold was like grinding wheat into flour. The Ivanhoe was the next issue, and of this mine till a short while ago the £5 shares were worth £10, and had given £500,000 in dividends, or 50 per cent of the present capital. The position of the mine was such that it would have a career of prosperity for an indefinite period. (Hear, hear.) Next came the Le Roi mine of British Columbia, and it must be in the minds of some how the papers howled at them about that property. It had developed into a grand mine, which had not only paid dividends for years, but in regard to which there should be a steady increase of capital upwards and they would soon have one of the finest smelters in the country. It entered upon the dividend list with a first dividend of £50,000. They had also bought in connection with the British Columbia company, Le Roi No. 2, and other companies which they were interested had a great and increasing value, and he particularly named the London Valley group in Victoria. They had 750,000 in the Baker Street and Waterloo Railway. Their various undertakings gave a livelihood to fifty thousand men, women and children. He did not believe they had a bad egg among their assets, and under the circumstances no one must be sacrificed. (Cheers.) Since he was managing director he had thought of calling them together very shortly to institute a voluntary liquidation, and distribute the assets among the shareholders, when they could have received 30s. for every share. He was anxious to be relieved of the anxiety of these undertakings. He had had in the corporation two or three mines like the Le Roi, which would pay steady and permanent dividends then the exertion of making dividends would not be nearly so great as when it depended on securing profits on shares which had been created, but which had not yet reached the dividend-paying stage. It was with a view of accomplishing a result of that kind, and of lightening a great burden, that some eighteen months ago the company endeavored to acquire control of the Lake View Mines, which property was at time paying dividends of £1,000,000 per annum. The directors thought that if they owned the undertaking, it would give them £500,000 per annum, and if they took the amount in two £250,000 would be 25 per cent on the capital of the company as long as those dividends were maintained. Therefore, they embarked upon the acquisition of that control. They had the assurance of their engineers that the output of the mine, at the rate of 30,000 ozs. per month, could be maintained, and that they could see into the same output. But the rich ore bed suddenly came to an end, and their shares fell in market value. At the same time there were a series of defeats in South Africa, and they sustained a very heavy and material loss. Since then—during the recent autumn—they had been advised by their engineers that they could not do better than re-acquire a whole interest in the mine, and that they could not do better than re-acquire at anything between £10 and £15 per share, inasmuch as the value of the plant, to the extent of 200,000, had proved that method of treatment to be successful, and that, eliminating the questions of high-grade ore, they might count on a steady and permanent income from the property, rising from 12,000 ozs. per month upwards. Their engineers, and commenced to acquire a further interest in the mine. They wished to state that this was done entirely on their own initiative, and was not reported to his colleagues until after he had undertaken the business. Of course, it came up from time to time at the meetings when the cheques had to be signed for the payment for the shares, but his colleagues

were not then acquainted with the full extent of the operation. Therefore he took the responsibility for what had happened in regard to that matter, so far as his colleagues were concerned, entirely upon his own shoulders—(cheers)—but he did not take upon his own shoulders responsibility for the loss which had occurred to the company for acquiring a large interest in that undertaking. They made up their minds, from the nature of the advice given to them, that it was worth their while practically to continue that undertaking. In order to do that, they had to have further capital, and he made a negotiation with certain parties—(cries of "Who were they?")—whose names they would presently learn, for £500,000 to be paid down as a loan until March 31st next ensuing, the collateral being put at 40,000 Lake View shares and a large number of other securities. Those collaterals for the loan were sold on the same or the following day, and the market was broken down. On the strength of that operation tens of thousands of shares were sold by other parties, and the loss which the company sustained would amount to £500,000. That was all that he proposed to say in regard to the matter at the present moment, because, as he had already stated, the directors expected to be able to inform the shareholders on Monday next that the debts had been settled; and in that event it might not be necessary to further enlarge upon what occurred on the occasion to which he referred. If the directors could meet the shareholders, and tell them that the debts were paid, and that a scheme of reconstruction was proposed, which would put the company again in a prosperous condition, he felt, satisfied that the directors would have the support of the shareholders to vote unanimously for the adjournment of the meeting, in order that that result might be accomplished. (Cheers.) If the proposal were carried out, the directors would then endeavor to acquire certain other properties, in addition to all the assets that they now possessed which they would put into the company as dividend-paying concerns, not separately issued, but the income of which would be set apart, and secure to the shareholders of the company steady and permanent dividends. (Cheers.) So that they would have an income from time to time without depending entirely on the mine, which it might be necessary to make in order to secure profits on the capital of the company. (Hear, hear.) If the shareholders gave the directors their support in regard to this matter, although he had hoped in the near future to retire entirely from the City and be free from these great responsibilities, yet he pledged his strength, his life, and as far as might be, his private fortune to carry this enterprise to a successful issue. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

The chairman formally moved the adjournment of the meeting until Monday next. Mr. Whitaker Wright seconded the motion. He said he thought the meeting ought to know that the directors had received proxies for well over 1,000,000 shares in the company. (Cheers.) The proxies lodged in opposition to the 987 proxies had come in too late. These figures showed the sentiments of the shareholders. (Hear, hear.) The directors had received hundreds of letters, and the secretary had handed him one which he would like to read as it was a sample of very many, although it was couched in somewhat strong language. (Laughter.) The letter was addressed to him, as managing director: "Dear Sir—May I express to you my heartiest sympathy over the treachery of which you and our corporation have been the victims. I feel sure the huge mass of shareholders feel towards you as I do. The worst that can be said is that you trusted the Devil." (Laughter and cheers.) Mr. Seal, who spoke amid loud interjections, and cries of "Sit down," said that he was unwilling to allow Mr. Whitaker Wright to accept all the blame for what had occurred, because, in his opinion, all the directors were equally responsible. He wished to move as an amendment to the resolution, "That a consultative committee—"

At this point the meeting refused to hear him further, and he handed the resolution to the chairman. It then was that a committee should be appointed to consult with the directors before then and the meeting on Monday. Mr. R. Burdett suggested that a resolution of confidence in the directors should be passed. (Cheers.) Mr. Wright said that Mr. Seal was a shareholder who had circulated the company and written to the papers, with the result that he held proxies for 3,391 shares. (Laughter.) When the scheme of reconstruction was put before them on Monday the directors would put all their resignations in their hands, and they could do just whatever seemed right. (Hear, hear.) They had at first intended when these attacks were made on them to have applied to the courts for an official liquidator, so that a full investigation might be made, but both shareholders and creditors implored them not to do that; they had nothing to conceal. Their earnest desire was to get them out of the difficulty. If they did, after reconstruction, make a little assessment, they should only consider the shares that they held higher in value. They could only work well if there was a hearty co-operation between the shareholders and the directors. (Cheers.) Mr. Arnold White suggested that Lord Dufferin should have someone to assist him in whom he had confidence, seeing his ignorance of that particular business. Mr. Wright explained that the amendment could not be accepted by the directors, but, although it was ultra vires, they were prepared to put it to the vote. The amendment was not seconded, and the resolution was carried unanimously. Hearty cheers were given for Lord Dufferin as he left the room.—Colonial Goldfields Gazette, Jan. 12.

A CHAT WITH MACKINTOSH.
Expresses Confidence in Future of Rossland, Slocan and Boundary.
A representative of the Colonist called upon Hon. C. H. Mackintosh at the Driard yesterday. Asked if he was a witness in the much-talked-of case of Williams vs. British America Corporation, he replied: "Yes, but I cannot discuss that subject, as it is before the courts."
Asked concerning the progress of Rossland camp, he said: "The future of Rossland and vicinity is absolutely upon a permanent basis, and I am glad to find that the Slocan and Boundary districts

promise to add immensely to the mineral wealth of the Kootenay."
"You were recently in London, Mr. Mackintosh, were you not?"
"Yes, but only for a few days, and just prior to the trouble in connection with the London & Globe and the Whitaker Wright group of properties in Australia."
"Can you account for the cause of this slump?"
Mr. Mackintosh said it would not be very difficult. The London & Globe was considered a powerful factor in the financing world, but unfortunately it took the responsibility of floating some very heavy enterprises, chiefly the Baker and Watreloo electric underground railway. This drew heavily on the finances of the London & Globe, and a continuation of the African war and shrinkage in the mining values of Australian properties naturally proved disastrous. The London & Globe had been carrying this tremendous load for several years, and when when finally in a position to place the scheme upon the market, investors had become rather conservative. The subscriptions for shares fell short at least \$5,000,000, and consequently as securities held by the London & Globe could not be negotiated, the natural result followed—a virtual suspension of business.
"In short," said Mr. Mackintosh, "the London market has been demoralized for several months, and may continue in that condition for some weeks to come. There is no doubt that two-thirds of the assets of the London & Globe will yet prove very valuable, and any interest that corporation may have in Rossland properties will yield very large profits."
"Are you in a position to discuss the effects these failures will have upon Mr. Whitaker Wright?"
"I do not think there would be any justification in my speaking of Mr. Wright's personal business. Those who know him fully recognize his wonderful financial capacity and indomitable energy as well as his judgment and courage. He has made many sacrifices and I venture to say will still hold a prominent position in the financial arena. Of course, he is still possessed of a large private fortune."
The Colonist representative asked if it was true that Mr. Mackintosh was forming a new company to work in Rossland. The ex-Governor replied: "That was my mission when visiting London last November, and I have every reason to hope for success, as we do not intend over-capitalizing, but we do intend reserving a large amount of capital for development. However, I am not in a position to go into particulars at the present time."
"Could you say anything in regard to the Slave Lake water power, in which you are interested?"
"I can only say this, that so far the provincial government has manifested sufficient interest in the project to further the enterprise in every possible way, and it remains for the city of Vancouver, through its municipal representatives, to decide whether or not they desire to encourage the scheme and thus establish an immense number of small industries within the corporation. I have no reason to believe that they will be inimical to extending generous terms, and this being accomplished, the establishment of the works will speedily follow; but investors must first be assured that they are going to be vouchsafed a reasonable chance of obtaining some financial benefits."—Victoria Colonist.

RENEWED VIGOR.
BROUGHT ABOUT THROUGH THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.
Mrs. Peter Beamer Tells How These Pills Released Her From Years of Neuralgia, Pains After Doctors and Other Medicines Had Failed.
Among the best known and most respected residents of the township of Gainsboro, Lincoln county, Ont., are Mr. and Mrs. Peter Beamer. For a long time Mrs. Beamer was the victim of a complication of diseases, which made her life one of almost constant misery, and from which she nearly despaired of obtaining relief. To a reporter who recently interviewed her, Mrs. Beamer gave the following particulars of her illness, and ultimate cure: "For some nine years I was troubled with a pain in the back, and neuralgia, which caused me unspeakable misery. The pain in my back was so bad that whether sitting or lying down, I suffered more or less torture. My appetite left me, and I suffered from headaches accompanied from attacks of dizziness that left me at times too weak to walk. My nervous system was badly shattered, so that the slightest noise would startle me, and my sleep at night was broken by sheer exhaustion. I was under the care of three different doctors in getting various times, but did not succeed in getting more than the merest temporary relief. I also used several advertised medicines, but with no better results, I was finally urged to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and got half a dozen boxes. In the course of a few weeks I noted considerable improvement, and as a consequence, I gladly continued the use of the pills for several months, with the result that every symptom of the malady left me, and I was able to do my housework without the least trouble. As several years have passed since I have used the pills, I feel safe in saying that the cure is permanent, and the result also verifies the claim that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure when other medicine fails." The reporter can only add that Mrs. Beamer's present condition indicates a state of perfect health, and speaks louder than mere words can do, to the benefit these pills have been to her. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been to more weak and ailing women and girls to robust health than any other medicine ever discovered, which in part accounts for their popularity throughout the world. These pills are sold by all dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Placed Wreaths on Victoria's Statue.
Capetown, Feb. 2.—The city was draped today in mourning and from early morning streams of people placed wreaths at the foot of Queen Victoria's statue in Parliament House garden. At noon 800 members of the Royal Women's Guild sang a hymn. A procession was formed and marched to the statue with bands playing funeral marches.

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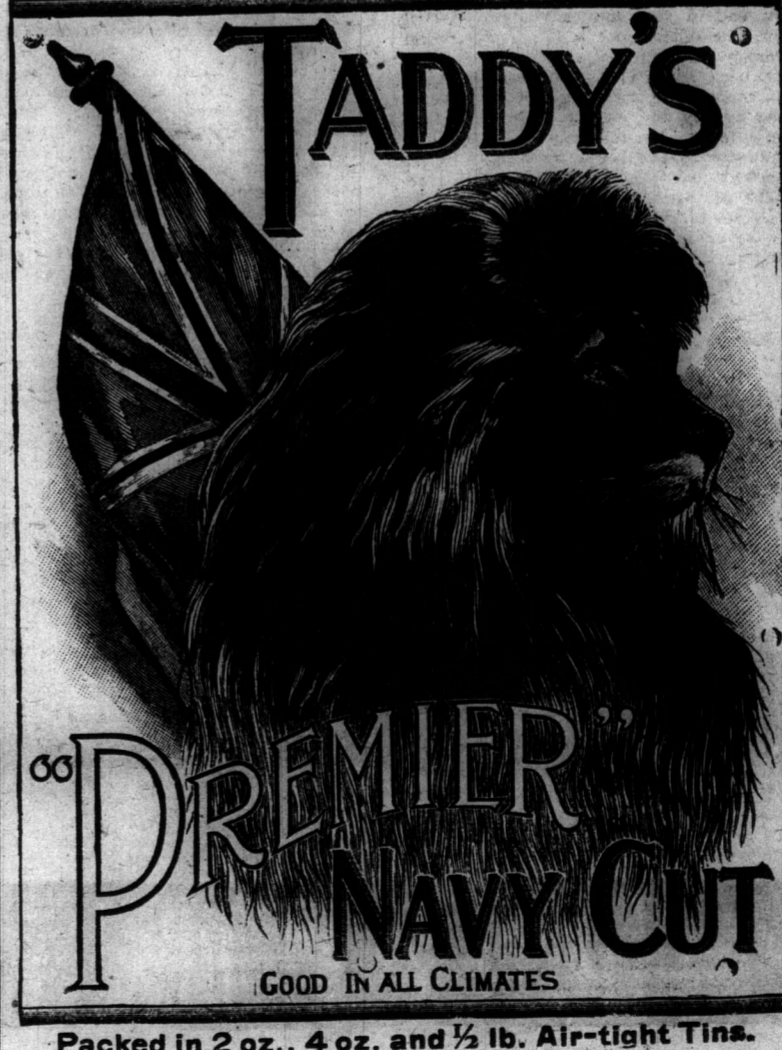
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Fifty thousand shares are now offered to the public at 15 cents. The property is one of exceptional merit, having a clearly defined vein traceable for 2,000 feet. Samples taken from various points on the outcrop from the main workings at a depth of 70 feet give excellent values averaging \$26 in gold. The ore is of a class that can be readily treated on the ground by milling and cyaniding.
Among other well-known properties in the Ymir district are the Ymir, Tamara, Dundee, Blackcock, Willcock, etc. For report and prospectus apply to

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UNION JACK FLEW HIGH.
It Was Hoisted to Half-Mast on Top of Mount Roberts.
A party consisting of Mr. A. C. Galt, Sheriff Robinson, Mr. R. E. Plewman and Mr. J. L. Saunders Saturday hoisted the Union Jack at half-mast on top of Mount Roberts. The flag was observed by every body in this city. The flagstaff on Mount Roberts is the highest in the Dominion. The party left Rossland at 5 o'clock in the morning, and did not return until 6:30 in the evening. The climb was a hard one as there is over 10 feet of snow on the summit and from four to eight feet on the sides. Snow shoes had to be used and the journey occupied four hours. The party reached the top of the mountain at 4 p. m. and reached the city in two and a half hours. Several photographs were taken on the top of the mountain of the flagstaff and its surroundings. Sheriff Robinson

A SLAVE TO CATARRH
Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder Relieves in 10 Minutes.
D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instalment company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief." 50 cents.—S. Sold by Goodere Bros.

THE B. C. MINE CHANGES HANDS

CAPITALISTS ACQUIRE THE BIG BOUNDARY PROPERTY.

The Montreal Owners Receive Upwards of One Million Dollars—Deal Was Promoted by an American Bank President.

Grand Forks, B.C., Feb. 2.—(Special.)—After negotiations extending over a year the B. C. mine at Summit City has been acquired by a syndicate of American capitalists, headed by E. D. Nelson, president of the First National Bank of Ironwood, Mich.

The purchase price was considerably in excess of one million dollars, but the exact figures will be withheld. The late owners were James Ross, the late railway contractor, and the late Mr. C. E. L. Porteous, and other wealthy Montrealers. A new company has been formed. The new resident director is Alex. Miller, formerly local manager of the Merchants Bank of Halifax (Royal Bank), and general manager of the Grand Forks Trust and Investment Company. Mr. Miller, who is eminently qualified for the position, is coming in for many congratulations.

The new owners will prosecute development work more vigorously. The widening of the shaft, a work that should not occupy more than four months, would enable the mine to be worked on a regular basis. The B. C. was purchased as a prospect less than five years ago for \$500, and after its richness had been proven by means of a series of open cuts, was re-sold for \$900,000. The late owners subsequently acquired it for \$300,000, and under the management of Major R. G. Edwards Leckie, and undertook development on an extensive scale. John Scarrford, formerly of Rossland, acted as superintendent until a few months ago. The present manager is S. Parrish, formerly of Colorado.

The B. C. is undoubtedly one of the richest mines in the province. In fact Mr. Scarrford recently stated that it was more valuable than the Le Roi at the corresponding stage of development. The main shaft has attained a depth of 450 feet at the fifth level. Between the first and second levels the ore body has been proven to be 400 feet long and 65 feet wide. At the third, or 200-foot level, the ore is 40 feet wide, but shows better values than lower the surface. A great deal of cross-cutting and drifting has been done. The shaft is of double compartment size only from the 150-foot level to the bottom. The work of widening it from the surface downward to the 100-foot level has been contemplated for some time past.

Thus far the mine has shipped over 25,000 tons to the Trail smelter, and the values in copper an gold average \$18 per ton, the former metal predominating. The mine is equipped with a complete plant, including a ten-drill compressor.

The profits in October and November were \$48,000 and \$30,000 respectively. As a result of the deal, Summit City is expected to enjoy a veritable "boom" in the spring. The R. Bell, another local property, will then be a regular shipper to the Granby smelter.

RESIDENT MANAGER SOOPTICAL

Special News of the Sale Has Not Reached Summit Camp.

Greenwood, Feb. 2.—(Special.)—In response to a telephonic inquiry tonight B. F. Parrish, resident manager of the B. C. mine, Summit City, denied any knowledge of the sale of the mine. He said: "While negotiations with this end in view may have been started with the officers of the B. C. Chartered company at Montreal, personally, I have not been advised of any deal being on the tapis. The mine has not been examined by any one, with a view to its purchase for the past four months and this leads me to the belief that there is absolutely no truth in the story. At least under ordinary circumstances I would be in a position to know, but in this case I have no information of any transaction pending."

GRAND FORKS BUDGET.

Promising Outlook for the Coming Season.

Grand Forks, B.C., Feb. 1.—(Special.)—John J. Banfield, president of the Grand Forks Townsite company, was in the city this week on a flying trip, with a view to sizing up the prospects for the coming year. While refusing to be interviewed for publication, he admitted that he had fond hopes for the next twelve months, which he expected to be the best in the city's history. The great mining developments throughout the Boundary cannot help benefiting Grand Forks, and in anticipation of the coming boom the Townsite company is planning many new enterprises and improvements. Mr. Banfield left Tuesday for his home in Vancouver.

Justice Bole was in the city the early part of the week to hold court in the absence of Judge Sprink, who is traveling in Mexico for his health. In respect with the death of the late Queen, court was adjourned until Feb. 21, on the request of Mr. H. S. Cayley, on behalf of the bereaved association.

The judge's first visit to the city was given an address before the B. C. association, Mr. Banfield, speaking in the name of the members of the local bar also giving reference being made to the recent death of one of our most prominent attorneys, J. S. M. Morrison.

Development is in progress on the Montreal and Ottawa claims on the bench just across the North Fork from the business portion of the city, and within corporate limits. The owners, Joe Bellman, Alex. Omon and "Six" Colin Campbell have a shaft down 40 feet in a nicely mineralized ledge, from which excellent assays are being taken.

Much interest is being manifested here in the letting of the contract for the government bridge over Hardy's crossing, and it is expected that as soon as this bridge is completed the Strawberry and perhaps one or two of the other good properties of that section will commence shipping to the Granby smelter.

GREENWOOD IN MOURNING.

Details of Procession and Memorial Service Arranged.

Greenwood, Jan. 31.—(Special.)—By or-

der of the mayor, Dr. Jakes, all stores will be closed Saturday, the day appointed for the Queen's funeral. Arrangements have been perfected for a public memorial service to be held in the Auditorium. A large attendance is anticipated from out-of-town, as many mines will close for the day. At 2 o'clock the procession will form at the city hall, consisting of the civic body, international orders and a choir, clergy and citizens. It will march through the principal streets to the Auditorium where an impressive funeral service will be held in which the local clergy and combined choirs will assist. Many stores are handsomely draped in crepe and the club and office windows in the Rendell block are a mass of purple, black and white bunting.

WEEKLY STOCK REVIEW.

There Has Been a Good Demand for the Standards.

In the stock market there has been a good demand for the standards during the past week. The sales for the week were less than for the previous week, and this is thought to be attributable to the death of the queen, which caused a temporary depression in business of all sorts. In Toronto, War Eagle went down considerably and Republic is not strong. This had a tendency to check investments for the time being, still the sales for the past week locally were fairly large. The impression is strong among those who are carefully looked into in this province, and naturally there will be periods when the share transactions will be of large volume. Taking this view, it seems logical to presume that each succeeding flurry will grow larger than the preceding one until the maximum is reached in the far future, or until the mines have begun to wane in their output, which is a long distance away.

The sales by days for the past week on the stock exchange were as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Day and Sales. Thursday: 31,000; Friday: 28,500; Saturday: No Sales; Monday: 23,500; Tuesday: 23,800; Wednesday: 20,000.

Total: 135,500.

Against 227,500 shares for the previous week. Giant has sold to the extent of 30,000 shares. The stock was worth at the commencement of the week 4 cents, and yesterday it sold for from 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 cents. The Giant mine has been completely shut down and the tools stored away. It is not known definitely when it will start again.

There were 15,500 shares of Rambler-Cariboo handled during the week on the exchange. The price at the commencement of the week was 31 and yesterday it sold for 29 1/2 cents, and closed firm and strong.

There were 2,000 Homestake sold for 3 1/2 cents.

White Bear was purchased to the extent of 15,000 shares, and the price ranged from 4 to 4 1/8 cents. The work of extending foot level continues on the 350-foot level, and it is expected that it should be within the next ten days. On the value of the ore in this ledge depends the future of the White Bear.

There were 6,000 Iron Mask sold and the price ranged from 41 to 42 cents. The dealing in this stock is not active and it is not quite as strong as the week before last. The mine is said to be in good condition and the reserves of ore are increasing.

Six thousand shares of Princess Maud changed hands during the week and the price was 3 1/4 cents.

There were 9,000 shares of Winnipeg sold, the price being from 4 to 4 1/2 cents. The price of Waterloo does not vary much, and during the week 10,500 shares were handled and the price was from 2 1/2 to 2 3/4 cents.

War Eagle is being held in the east and the price on the local board was 70 cents asked and 50 cents bid. Republic is also weak.

For Centre Star on the local board \$1.30 is asked and 1.20 bid.

Table with 2 columns: Stock Name and Price. Athabasca: 45 5/8; B.C. Gold Fields: 2 1/4; Big Three: 1 1/4; Black: 1 1/4; Brandon & Golden Crown: 1 1/4; Canadian Gold Fields: 1 1/4; Cariboo (Camp, McKinnon): 2 1/4; Cariboo (Camp, McKinnon): 2 1/4; Cariboo (Camp, McKinnon): 2 1/4; Deer Trail No. 2: 1 1/4; Dundee: 1 1/4; Evening Star (assess. paid): 1 1/4; Homestake (assess. paid): 1 1/4; Iron Mask (assess. paid): 41; Iron Coll.: 18; Jumbo: 10; King (Oro Denoro): 10; Knob Hill: 50; Lone Pine: 9; Minchella: 3; Montreal Gold Fields: 3 1/4; Morrison: 7; Mountain Lion: 40; Noble Five: 1 1/4; North Star (last Kootenay): 1 1/4; Novelty: 1 1/4; Okeanos (assess. paid): 7 1/2; Old Tom: 1 1/4; Payson: 1 1/4; Peoria Mines: 1 1/4; Princess Maud: 39 1/2; Rambler-Cariboo: 30 1/2; Republic: 20; St. Himo Consolidated: 4 1/2; Sulfur: 1 1/4; Summit (Kenneth) Ass'n paid: 7 1/2; Tom Thumb: 16; Virginia: 3 1/2; War Eagle Consolidated: 70; Waterloo: 2 1/2; White Bear: 4 1/8; Winnipeg: 4 1/2.

Thursday's Sales. Giant, 2,000 at 4c; 5,000 at 4c. Rambler-Cariboo, 1,000 at 3 1/2c; 3,000 at 3 1/2c. Homestake, 2,000 at 3 1/2c. White Bear, 5,000 at 4 1/4c. Iron Mask, 1,000 at 42c; 2,000 at 42c. Princess Maud, 3,000 at 2 1/4c. Waterloo, 2,000 at 4 1/2c. Total sales, 5,000 shares.

Friday's Sales. Giant, 5,000 at 4c; 2,000 at 4c. Rambler-Cariboo, 1,000 at 3 1/2c; 2,000 at 3 1/2c. Iron Mask, 1,000 at 41c; 2,000 at 41c. Waterloo, 2,000 at 4 1/2c. Total sales, 1,000 at 4 1/2c. Princess Maud, 2,500 at 4c; 500 at 4 1/4c. White Bear, 4,000 at 4 1/2c. Waterloo, 2,500 at 2 3/4c. Total sales, 28,500 shares.

Call—Iron Mask, 30 days, 2,000 at 45 cents, 2 cents down.

Monday Sales.

Morrison, 5,000 at 6c. Giant, 2,000 at 3 3/4c; 2,000 at 3 7/8c; 1,000 at 4c; 2,000 at 4c. White Bear, 1,000 at 4 1/4c. Iron Mask, 500 at 40c. Rambler-Cariboo, 1,000 at 30 1/2c; 1,000 at 30 1/4c; 1,000 at 30 1/2c; 1,000 at 31 1/4c. Waterloo, 2,500 at 2 3/4c; 3,000 at 2 3/4c. Winnipeg, 1,500 at 4 1/2c. Total sales, 24,000 shares.

Tuesday's Sales.

Waterloo, 3,000 at 2 1/2c. Morrison, 3,000 at 6 1/4c. Giant, 5,000 at 3 1/2c; 3,000 at 3 3/4c; 6,000 at 3 3/4c. Rambler-Cariboo, 500 at 30 3/4c; 2,000 at 30 3/4c; 1,000 at 30 1/2c. Total sales, 23,500 shares.

Wednesday's Sales.

Rambler-Cariboo, 2,000 at 30 1/2c; 2,000 at 30 1/2c. Sullivan, 1,000 at 4 1/8c. White Bear, 1,000 at 4c; 5,000 at 4 1/8c. Iron Mask, 2,000 at 41c; 2,000 at 39c. Giant, 4,000 at 3 1/8c; 3,000 at 3 1/8c; 1,000 at 2 5/8c. Waterloo, 1,000 at 4 1/2c. Total sales, 29,000 shares.

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ST. EUGENE TO RESUME.

Concentrates to Be Sacked and Sent to Antwerp.

The St. Eugene Concentrator will start up tomorrow or the next day, and a full force of men will again be employed, says the Myrie Leader. The company has signed a contract with a firm in Antwerp, Belgium, which will extend over a period of several months. The concentrates will be sacked, and the shipments will be made up to the rail capacity of the mill. There are 275 men on its payroll, and fully this number will again be employed. There is little doubt but by the time this contract is finished the difficulty between the American smelters and the C.P.R. will be settled, and another shutdown will be avoided.

BLAIRMORE COAL FIELDS.

They Are Being Developed and Promise to Equal Crow's Nest Deposits.

Information concerning probably one of the largest coal and coke industries of the Dominion of Canada was made public yesterday. T. G. Procter, R. E. Fisher and V. Hyde Baker of the Blairmore, a short time ago purchased 6,000 acres of coal lands situated at Blairmore, Alberta, which is about 50 miles east of Fernie. Since the land was purchased men have been engaged in developing the property and the result of the work is proving most satisfactory. Although the enterprise is yet young, it will probably develop into one of the greatest of its kind in the world. At present the entire western country is being supplied with fuel from the Crow's Nest Pass coal company, and so great is the demand that a coal famine is threatened. The new coal fields will be opened up and nothing will be allowed to interfere with the success of the enterprise. The transportation facilities of that section are excellent, as the C. P. R. passes directly through the coal grounds. The Great Northern will in a few days commence operations in building a line under consideration, and the Crow's Nest, Collieries and the other to Blairmore. To construct a line to the latter place will incur far less expense and it is quite probable that is where the line will be run. The coal is said to be of a higher grade than that obtained in any other part of the province, and the demand for it is already growing. Coal from this district is now being used in Nelson and is said to give the best of satisfaction. For railroad purposes its quality cannot be excelled anywhere in the west. From present indications Blairmore will be the Pittsburg of Canada.

On the property seems have been traced for a distance of over six miles by trenches and open cuts. At present a staff of about fifteen men are drifting on the seams in three different places. The quantity of coal is simply enormous so far as shown. There are two seams, each 17 feet wide, three seams from four to six feet wide, and another over 30 feet wide. There are also other seams on the property which have not been definitely shown. Experts in connection with this industry and who have visited the property have pronounced the coals to be of an exceptionally good quality.

The analysis of the first deposit shown is said to consist of 89.3 per cent. carbon, 2.2 per cent. volatile matter, 6 per cent. ash and only a slight trace of sulphur. The coals have fixed carbon to the amount of 83.5 per cent., while the ash it contains amounts to only 6.5 per cent.

The opening up of the new coal fields is of great interest not only to the business men of this community, but especially to the mining and smelting companies of Eastern British Columbia. There will be no want for a coal supply. If iron ore deposits are found and developed, a manufacturing of iron will undoubtedly be opened up to the great advantage of the country. Hitherto iron has been discovered, but the industry has never been successful.

Other individual companies are operating in the Blairmore country, and now that competition has been started the price of fuel will undoubtedly be lowered. It is said last evening that the owners would lose no time in developing the property. Of course no extensive work can be done until spring, as the coal fields are deeply covered with snow. It is expected that during this year over \$500,000 will be expended on the property to aid in making the fields a large producer. Messrs. Procter and Fishburn leave this morning for the coal fields to inspect the work that is now being done.—Nelson Tribune.

A number of properties near the Sullivan mine will be worked by a diamond drill.

HILL'S INVASION.

\$200,000 For Vancouver Terminal of Projected Coast-Kootenay Railway.

Vancouver, Feb. 4.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway takes place here tomorrow. The officials of the Great Northern railway, which, it is claimed, has bought the Coast-Kootenay charter, have secured options on property on the foreshore of False creek amounting to two hundred thousand dollars for a terminal site. The scheme includes the building of a canal from the inlet to False creek, to make deep water connection.

East Indian Boats for Skagway Run.

Vancouver, Feb. 4.—(Special.)—The Canadian Pacific railway is paying a quarter of a million dollars apiece for two boats now being brought from the East Indies for the Skagway run. Each will carry 250 passengers and 800 tons of freight. The boats are 300 feet long and of 16 knots.

Three hundred dollars worth of jewelry was stolen last night from Mrs. McKenzie's residence, Burnaby street. Other burglaries are reported.

SAW SCENES OF STRIFE.

A Warship Arrived at Victoria Reports American Using Krupp Gun in Panama.

Victoria, Feb. 4.—H. M. S. Amphion arrived from England this afternoon. She reports passing a ship's boat off the California coast full of water. There was no sign of life on board. While at Panama her officers visited the scenes of strife. Several small skirmishes occurred while they were there, but no big fights. They report that an American named Rose is in charge of a Krupp gun outside Panama for the government troops.

FAVOR CONSOLIDATION.

J. P. Graves' Amalgamation Proposition Endorsed by Knob Hill Investors.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—(Special.)—At the annual meeting of the Knob Hill Gold Mining company, held here today, the reports presented were of a very satisfactory nature. The old board of directors was re-elected and the shareholders ratified a proposition for the amalgamation and consolidation of the company with the Granby Consolidated Mining and Smelting company, limited, the Grey Eagle Gold Mining company, limited, the Old Ironsides Mining company, and the Grand Forks Water-Power and Light company, limited, and for the sale of the property of the company to a company formed to take over the property, and business of the various companies above mentioned.

It was explained that the capital would be \$15,000,000 in \$10 shares, divided as follows: Knob Hill, \$2,500,000, Old Ironsides, \$2,500,000, Grey Eagle, \$2,250,000, smelter and townsite, \$4,800,000, reserve \$2,975,000.

The shareholders of the Majestic Gold Mining company also met and re-elected directors. It was decided not to ship from the mine until the railway reaches it.

GRANBY SMELTER OUTFIT.

Last Week the Plant Treated 4,480 Tons of Ore.

Grand Forks, Feb. 2.—(Special.)—The Granby smelter for the week ending today treated 4,480 tons of matte, which produced 136 tons of 30 per cent. matte. The ore was practically all from the Knob Hill, Old Ironsides and Victoria mines, owned by the Miner-Graves Syndicate.

SPUR TO MORRISON MINE.

Various Things Reported From Deadwood Camp.

Greenwood, Feb. 2.—(Special.)—Engineers are busy for the extension of Deadwood camp branch to the Morrison mine. It is to be built at once. A spur is also being put in for the Marguerite. Steel is being laid on Lame creek switch which will afford immediate shipping facilities to the Humming Bird and other North Fork properties.

RECEIVED HIS CERTIFICATE.

Mr. Richard Marsh yesterday received a certificate of efficiency in sampling and assaying from the Minister of Mines, which authorizes him to practice as an assayer in this province. It is signed by Messrs. William F. Robertson, provincial mineralogist; Herman Carmichael, provincial assayer; A. McKillop and E. Harris, who constituted the Board of Examiners, and Hon. Richard McBride, the Minister of Mines. The examination was conducted at Nelson a few weeks since, and Mr. Marsh was among those who passed.

British Subjects Hold Service in Cuba.

Havana, Feb. 2.—Governor Gen. Wood and his staff, foreign consuls and many Cubans and Spaniards attended memorial services in honor of Queen Victoria, held by British subjects today.

Queen's Memory Honored in Italy.

Rome, Feb. 2.—At the English church of All Saints today the Marquis Visconti represented the King and ministry. A delegation from the Senate and Chamber of Deputies and diplomatic corps were present, with the English colony.

WANT BOUNTY LAW EXTENDED.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—Representatives of the American Iron and Steel company, formed in London recently, were here to secure from parliament, which opened today, an extension of the period of the Iron and Steel Bounty law. In view of the great amount of capital invested the promoters hope for an extension of the bounty for a further period of five years, or that the Canadian parliament will enact a protective tariff on iron and steel equivalent to the rates prevailing in the United States.

Wm. Thompson, manager of the Northport smelter, was in town yesterday. Mr. Richardson, secretary of the London & Consolidated, left yesterday for Nelson, B. C.

CURTIS WANTED.

In a Political Slate Former Minister is Assigned to Attorney-Generalship.

Vancouver, Feb. 1.—(Special.)—A new but rather improbable political slate is given publicity in Vancouver. It is that of U. R. Maxwell, M. P., will resign from the Dominion house to take a position in Dunsmuir's cabinet, ex-Alderman Baxter will run for the Dominion house and that Hon. Smith Curtis will be attorney general, vice Mr. Eberts raised to the bench. The steamer New England arrived tonight from the halibut fishing grounds with 200,000 pounds of fish, the largest catch ever taken in the world. Seventy-five applications have been registered in Vancouver for Baden-Powell's Horse.

PEYTON'S REBUTTAL.

Evidence Concluded in the B.A.C. Case at Victoria.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 1.—(Special.)—In the B.A.C. case the hearing of evidence was completed this morning, and Monday counsel will begin the argument. The principal evidence introduced today was the rebuttal by Col. Peyton of Mr. Heyburn's statement that the deal had been made with him and not with Governor Mackintosh. Peyton stated that he had no negotiations whatever with Heyburn, Mr. Mackintosh, who is mourning the loss of his son, recently deceased at Pretoria, was in court but a short time.

Australia Wants Lacrosse Players.

Vancouver, Feb. 1.—H. H. Allingham has received official notice that the colonies of New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia have come up with their guarantee of £200 sterling each towards the expenses of a Canadian lacrosse team's tour through Australia.

B. A. C. WINS.

Jury Rejects Claim by Majority Shareholders of Le Roi for \$2.30 Per Share Extra.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—After being out from 7:30 last night till 2:30 this morning, and again from 10:30 to 11 this morning, the jury in the case of Williams vs. B. A. C., brought in a verdict for the defendants.

Williams and the other majority shareholders of the Le Roi mine, which was sold to the B. A. C., claimed \$2.30 a share for nearly 300,000 shares in addition to \$6 paid them by the B. A. C., on the ground that the B. A. C. paid that much more to the minority shareholders, and they agreed to pay the same to the majority as to the minority. The case will be appealed.

WAS PROBABLY WRECKED.

Life Belt of Overdue Ship Found on Vancouver Island.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 5.—The steamer Queen City returned from the West Coast tonight, and reports no further sign of wreckage seen. She reports several cases having much difficulty getting hunters and pilots.

Roberts, on the United States revenue cutter Grant, in a letter from the Coast says he picked up a life belt with the name Ilala on it. The Ilala sailed from London for Victoria, and put into Montevideo in distress. She sailed again, and is fully due here. If she is not wrecked the finding of a life belt shows the bus been in trouble.

EACH FOR A MILLION.

Britannia Company Considering Three Offers for Howe Sound Property.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—At the annual meeting of the Britannia Mining company today three new offers for the Howe Sound property were received, practically on the basis of a million dollars apiece. These are being considered. The remaining three-tenths of the principal claim were bought in by the Britannia company at \$100,000.

REFUSED FIFTY YEARS FRANCHISE.

Negotiations Between Vancouver and Stave Lake Power Co. Ended.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—The negotiations between Hon. C. H. Mackintosh's Stave Lake Power company and the city council were broken off today. The company asked for a 50-year franchise, but the city refused on the ground that it would buy out the B. C. Electric Railway plant 18 years hence when the franchise would run out and the Stave Lake company would then be a competitor.

WILL ENTERTAIN HANDSOMELY.

Greenwood Makes Arrangements for Meeting of Associated Boards of Trade.

Greenwood, B. C., Feb. 5.—(Special.)—An enthusiastic public meeting was held tonight to arrange for the entertainment of delegates attending the annual meeting of the associated boards of trade here February 28th. In addition to members of interior boards, delegates are expected from Spokane, Seattle, Vancouver, Victoria, Nanaimo and New Westminster, as both local smelters will be in operation by that date. The Mother Lode smelter is now ready, and will be blown in on the 15th inst., and the Standard Pyritic smelter will be ready before the end of the month.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The Winnipeg Mines, Ltd.

NON-PERSONAL LIABILITY

THE FOLLOWING ASSESSMENTS HAVE BEEN LEVIED: ONE CENT DUE... JANUARY 15; ONE-HALF CENT DUE... FEBRUARY 15; ONE-HALF CENT DUE... MARCH 15. STOCKHOLDERS WHO HAVE NOT PAID THEIR FIRST ASSESSMENT ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT THEIR STOCK IS NOW ASSIGNMENT AND LIABLE TO BE DECLARED FORFEITED TO THE TREASURY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION. RICHARD PLEWMAN, Secretary, Rossland, B. C.

"BUNCH" NO MORE.

Rossland Contributes a Life for the Consolidation of the Empire.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—A cable received here tonight states that Trooper Edward Clinton Mackintosh of Strathcona's Horse and son of Hon. C. H. Mackintosh of Rossland, died at Pretoria of enteric fever.

Notes of Interest From

Windsor, South. Ainsworth, Phoenix and Similkameen M.

The news of the death of more than usual loops is showing that being than in London. From Windy from which dry ore flux for is evincing. In Southern Eugene has resumed. It is probable that the lake has been over the situation is not as the lead smelters are apparently in a red. This is reported to be merely temporary energy the working and more are being steadily to the number of to become producers. Two important details from the Similkameen.

KAMLA

The Glen Iron and Coppering on Thompson.

The Glen Iron mining a fine quality of ore. The work on the and other properties factory.

Mr. Redpath, the Tenderfoot, reports on that mine. The Copper King well. Seven men are but until the cold will be impossible to cannot be graded on Coal Hill all the are being actively engaged in making preparations to the smelter, which ed and is to be built. The Python, Kimb Luck Strike and No actively developed and very satisfactory. The Copper King never looked better. As in the immediate is to be made to the same can be said at Copper Creek.

GOVERNOR'S DENIAL.

There Was No Agreement to Pay Peyton \$6 for Le Roi Shares.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 31.—(Special.)—The examination of Hon. C. H. Mackintosh was finished this morning in the case of Williams vs. the B. A. C., yesterday. He repudiated making any agreement with Peyton and said he had never offered him \$6 per share, and had no authority to do so.

Boydwell severely cross-examined. He asked was not the prospectus of the London & Globe, the parent company of the B. A. C., a disgrace to the name of London. Dufferin, who did not know him, Lord Mackintosh replied that there was a distinction between the London & Globe and the B. A. C. He admitted that while the prospectus promised payment of dividends there was not then a