

New Advertisements.

NICOL'S GOODS

MAKE SUITABLE CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

Moccasins, Fancy slipper, Fine Overshoes, Kid Boots, &c., &c., &c.

GOLE BOOT WANTED

A Second Class Female Teacher to take charge of the school in the District No. 4 of Upper St. John's Parish, New Brunswick.

NORTHUMBERLAND Agricultural Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF NORTHUMBERLAND Agricultural Society will be held at the Hotel, Chatham, on Thursday, 29th December, instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

D. G. Smith, B. Stapledon, Secretary, President.

HAY.

200 TONS BEST QUALITY THIMBLE HAY for sale at low prices. Apply to Mr. Lee at the Mill, Chatham, N. B.

WILLIAM MURRAY, Chatham, Nov. 18, 1888.

FIRE!

NATIONAL ASSURANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, Incorporated 1825. Capital \$5,000,000

ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, Incorporated 1800. Capital \$5,000,000

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, Incorporated 1820. Capital \$15,000,000

CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Incorporated, 1811. Capital \$10,000,000

BRITISH AMERICA INSURANCE COMPANY, Incorporated 1853. Cash Capital & Assets \$1,350,000

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY, Incorporated 1864. Cash Capital & Assets \$1,500,000

LIFE!

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSUR. SOCIETY OF THE U. S. Assets \$10,000,000

NOTE: Policies issued and endorsed at this Agency of the British American without delay or extra cost.

WARREN C. WINSLOW, BARRISTER, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.

X'MAS 1888 X'MAS.

Hurrah for X'mas!

CALL AT THE NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE

To Buy Your X'mas Presents!

WHERE YOU WILL FIND

The Best Assortment of Fancy Goods ever shown in Miramichi.

CONSISTING IN PART OF

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESSING CASES, in Plush, Leather and Amber;

LADIES' COMPARTMENTS, in Plush and Leather;

GENTLEMEN'S SHAVING CASES, in Plush;

PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, in Plush and Bronze;

BRUSH AND COME CASES, in Plush; ranging in prices from \$1.15 to \$2.00 each;

CUFF AND COLLAR BOXES, in Leather;

GLOVE AND HANDKERCHIEF BOXES;

FOREPOLES AND WAITING DESKS;

WHIST HOLDERS, in Plush, Bronze and Celluloid;

MANICURE SETS, in Celluloid and Plush;

SMOKERS SETS;

MUSICAL BOXES, OPERA GLASSES;

Also, a Great Variety of

PERFUMERY

IN FANCY BASKETS AND BOXES,

Just the thing for a X'mas present to give

YOUR BEST GIRL

AS WELL AS

A Great Variety of other Goods too numerous to mention.

Don't Forget the place!

THE NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE,

E. Lee Street, - Prop.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and causes the cake to rise without the aid of lard or shortening.

Apply to JAMES BROWN, Secretary, Truro, Nova Scotia.

Teacher Wanted.

A second class female teacher is wanted for District No. 4, Chatham, N. B. Apply to Mr. Lee at the Mill, Chatham, N. B.

Teacher Wanted.

For District No. 4, Chatham, N. B. Apply to Mr. Lee at the Mill, Chatham, N. B.

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Miramichi Advance,

CHATHAM, N. B. - DECEMBER 20, 1888.

The Lumber Interest and the Government.

Representations having been made to members of the New Brunswick Government on the subject of the continued damaging effects upon the North Shore lumber industry of the existing high Stumpage rates exacted by the Crown Lands Department, the Hon. A. G. Blair, Attorney-General, in a communication addressed to H. S. Miller, Esq., of the New Brunswick Trading Company, on 4th inst., signified his willingness to meet the lumbermen at Chatham on Wednesday evening of last week, to hear what they might have to present on the subject. A committee of the lumber trade consisting of J. B. Snowball, D. J. Ritchie, John Sadler, N. B. Trading Co., Scott Fairley and Geo. Burchill & Sons, issued a circular note, acquainting the leading lumbermen in the four Northern Counties of the intended conference with the Attorney-General and inviting them to be present at the meeting to take place in the evening of the 11th inst.

Quite a large and representative gathering assembled, pursuant to the notice, and shortly after eight o'clock F. R. Winslow, Esq., was elected Chairman and Mr. D. G. Smith Secretary of the meeting.

Mr. Miller read the letter he had received from the Attorney-General on the subject of calling a meeting, which had led to the formation of the committee and issue of the call for the present meeting.

Mr. Snowball said he had ascertained by telephone that owing to the storm, and acting on suggestions of members of the Committee and others in Newcastle, the Attorney-General had decided not to come to Chatham that night, but he had signified his readiness to meet the lumbermen in Newcastle next day or to visit Chatham, accompanied by the Surveyor General, and perhaps, the Provincial Secretary, on some day the next week. He had also informed Mr. Snowball that he would remain at his hotel during the evening, as to be in communication with the meeting.

On the suggestion of Geo. Burchill, Esq., and motion of J. P. Burchill, Esq., M. P. P. it was ordered that a committee of five be appointed to report the views of the lumber interest of the North Shore in the form of a memorial as a basis of a conference to be held next week with members of the Government as suggested by the Attorney-General.

Some discussion was carried on while Messrs K. F. Burns and J. B. Snowball retired to communicate by telephone with the Attorney-General at Newcastle, and on their return, they reported that he would visit Chatham and attend a meeting on the next Tuesday evening, accompanied if possible, by other members of the Government, should that proposition meet the views of those interested.

It was then resolved to accept the Attorney-General's proposition—the meeting to take place in the Temperance Hall at 7.30 p. m. on the day named.

The memorial Committee, under Mr. Burchill's resolution, was then appointed as follows: Geo. Burchill, J. B. Snowball, K. F. Burns, E. S. Miller, Allan Ritchie.

On motion of Mr. Miller Mr. D. G. Smith was requested to act as Secretary to the Committee and the Committee was given power to add to their number.

Brief speeches were made by Messrs. Miller, L. J. Teedie, Geo. Burchill, F. E. Winslow and K. F. Burns, after which the meeting adjourned, to the assembly on Tuesday evening, 18th.

Tuesday brought with it a big snow storm, but it did not deter the leading lumbermen of the North Shore from gathering with the expectation of meeting the members of the Government. K. F. Burns, Esq., M. P., of Dalhousie, Messrs. R. O'Leary and J. P. Mowat of Campbellton, Messrs. George and Wm. McLeod and James F. Atkinson of Kent Co., Scott Fairley, B. N. T. Underhill and others were amongst the number, while a strong Newcastle contingent were waiting telephonic news of the arrival of the gentlemen of the Government. There was considerable disappointment when the N. & W. train arrived about six o'clock without them. It became known, however, that the Attorney-General had telegraphed Mr. Miller in the forenoon that the Surveyor-General and he had started with the intention of coming to Chatham, but turned back on account of the storm. Mr. Miller, we understand, telegraphed asking the Attorney-General to name another day when he and his colleagues could come and keep the engagement with the lumbermen, but up to yesterday evening he had received no reply.

Our Staple in Liverpool.

In their Liverpool Wood Circular of 4th inst., Messrs. Fernworth & Jardine say—"The arrival from British North America during the past month has been 48 vessels, 29,927 tons against 42 vessels, 28,323 tons during the corresponding month last year, and the aggregate tonnage in this class from all places during the year 1888, 1887, and 1888 has been 329,887, 358,185, and 382,979 tons respectively.

There is little change in the market to report since the date of our last Circular. During the month prices generally have been moderate, and the deliveries fairly satisfactory.

Canadian Woods, Quebec—Yellow Pine Timber: Both Wany and Square Pine have been imported moderate,

and with the exception of one vessel on the way the import for this season is closed; the demand continues fair, although the recent advance in value has somewhat checked consumption; the stock is moderate. Red Pine has come forward rather too freely; there is a fair demand for large Wood, but small sizes are difficult to sell; the stock is small. Oak, in the log: Only one small parcel has been imported; there is very little inquiry, and only prime Wood is saleable; the stock, which largely consists of inferior quality, is too heavy; Oak planks have arrived more moderately than the demand continues good, but there is no improvement in value, and the stock is still too heavy. Elm is in fair request, and the stock is moderate. Ash has been imported too freely; sales are difficult to effect, and the stock is too heavy. Pine deals have come forward too freely, and although the demand has been fair the advance in value has been reduced, and late sales have been made at slightly lower rates than those reported in early in the month; the stock moderate.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and Pine Deals—Of Spruce deals there has been a fair import, the bulk of which has gone direct into consumption; consequently, the stock has not materially increased, and may be considered fairly good for the season. The year's further advance in value has been established, the last sale of St. John being at 28 per standard c.i.f. Pine deals are in fair demand, and the stock is small.

The Seakville West Islands Not Met Yet.

(N. S. Herald.)

I called at the State Department today to ascertain if possible, what was the present status of the controversy now going on between our government and that of Great Britain concerning Lord Seakville's dismissal. There is not the slightest probability of the corresponding meeting of the two governments being held in London, for such a thing as our government sending a Minister to London to attend the meeting of the two governments is not conceivable that the government of the United States would protest in terms against Lord Salisbury's delay in nominating an envoy to the mission at Washington; since, in the first place, there has as yet been no unreasonable delay in fixing upon a successor to Lord Seakville, and in the second place, it is a matter of course that the pleasure of our sovereign Power whether it shall or shall not maintain a diplomatic representative at the court or near the government of another.

From the circumstances, as stated in the House of Commons by the Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, that the latest communication from Mr. Phelps has been referred to Lord Seakville for his remarks thereupon, it is evident that the discussion of the propriety of his dismissal is still going forward between Mr. Bayard and Lord Salisbury, and in that state of the case it is simply impossible that a new Minister to Washington should be appointed, and it is equally impossible to construct a very broad and inviting passage over the chasm of his own creation, or unless Lord Salisbury shall come around to the improbable view that the resignation of the present Minister to the United States is a necessary condition of the propriety of the President's consent and shall not be held out as a friendly hand to a reconciliation, it will be incumbent upon him, as a matter of self-respect on the part of the American government, to withdraw Mr. Phelps by immediate leave of absence by recall as soon as he shall learn authoritatively that the British government has no immediate intention to restore its diplomatic representation at Washington. This he can conveniently do by instructing Mr. Phelps to inquire informally what the purposes of Her Majesty's government are in that particular, or he can act upon any information or conclusion satisfactory to his own mind.

Mr. Bayard seems now to be at the divergence of the road; he must soon decide whether he shall make or meet advances looking toward the mutual obliteration of the past or whether he shall maintain the position taken up as a necessary consequence of the dismissal of Lord Seakville and order Mr. Phelps back to the United States as a counter move to the action of Lord Salisbury in prolonging the diplomatic rupture. Lord Seakville's attitude toward Mr. Bayard is in a difficult situation, it being incumbent upon him to keep open the way to a dignified retirement of the President from his great office, and the weaker the position taken up with respect to Lord Seakville becomes by lapse of time and the disintegration by discussion the greater the necessity for throwing the cloak of firmness over the last acts of his administration.

It makes not the difference a button to Lord Salisbury whether a republican administration succeeds a democratic one, or vice versa, but the importance to him of the fact of Mr. Cleveland for re-election lies in the fact that he becomes relieved of a President who has broken diplomatic relations with England and persists in maintaining the rupture, and is shortly to find it plain for him to decide, to whom or from whom, a reappraisal can be made without loss of dignity or self-respect on either side. It should be understood that the demand for Mr. Bayard's resignation is not a demand for his removal and is not a demand for his resignation, but a demand for his recall under administration, and a vigorous understanding between Lord Salisbury and Mr. Phelps that the former should be supplied with some additional information before further proposals should be taken.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Syringes—Moisture, intense itching, and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. It followed to continue tumors

form, which often bleed and aborts, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. Available, or by mail from the publishers, Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Stanley Probably a Captive.

Cairo, Dec. 14, 1888.—In the letter received at Seakville from Osman Digna, which is supposed to have contained the announcements that Emin Pacha and white traveller (presumably Stanley) had fallen into the hands of the Mahdi, were enclosed copies of a despatch from a darvah leader at Lado to the Khalfi, giving the date of Emin Pacha's surrender on October 10, and a letter to Emin Pacha from the Khedive which the latter handed to Henry M. Stanley when he was at Cairo.

General Genell recognizes the letter which Osman Digna enclosed as the original one which he drafted for the Khedive.

Thus Stanley's capture is virtually beyond a doubt. The Congo States officials have not been informed of the matter.

SKAID, Dec. 14, 1888.—It is reported that the wounds of Osman Naih, the rebel commander, are serious. Henry firing continues.

LONDON, Dec. 14, 1888. It is rumored that Osman Digna in his letter expressed a willingness to surrender Emin Pacha and his white companion provided Egypt would agree to abandon Seakville. The proposal is not accepted; it is believed that both captives will be killed.

With his letter Osman Digna sent several Sneider cartridges, which, he alleged, were taken from white travellers. The cartridges in Stanley's expedition were armed with Snider rifles, but there were none in possession of the darvachs.

In the house of commons this afternoon Mr. W. H. Smith, the government leader, replying to Sir Wilfrid Lawson, said that so far as was known to the government the letter written by Osman Digna announces the surrender of Emin Pacha and his white traveller. He suggested that the Mahdi's letter may be a copy stolen at Cairo, but they think more likely that Stanley sent on runners to Emin with letters, and that these runners were captured. In any case, they are hopeful that even if Emin is a captive Stanley is still free.

Osman Digna's letter was a reply to Major Randle's request of last August for the return of Emin Pacha. The latter stated that the Mahdi has conquered the whole of the Equatorial provinces. The Lado letter was written by Osman Digna, and it was stated that the Mahdi had captured Stanley and Emin Pacha.

BUSSERS, Dec. 14, 1888.—The King of the Belgians is again expected to visit the United States, and that Mr. Gladstone bitterly regrets the abandonment of General Gordon for Lord Salisbury to abandon Stanley and Emin Pacha.

Opposition to Annexation.

(Special to Boston Herald.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 13. Friends of commercial union between the United States and Canada are very much surprised over the course of the Executive's letter, in introducing to-day a preamble to a resolution, empowering the President "to invite negotiations looking to the assimilation and unity of the people of the Dominion of Canada and the United States under one Government." There is absolutely no desire shown in either branch of Congress for immediate annexation. There is a strong sentiment in favor of commercial union, but the commercial unionists have been looked upon as the champion of this idea because of his course in speaking for commercial union, not only in this country, but in Canada, and because of his previous resolutions which had that object in view.

Those who now constitute the sentiment of the political parties in Canada say that Mr. Battersworth could not have more effectively injured the commercial union idea if he had tried to do so, and that the commercial unionists have been compelled to answer the claims of their opponents that commercial union was simply a synonym for annexation.

Fortunately, however, for those who favor commercial union, the Battersworth resolution is not likely to receive cordial support in Congress. In fact, it is doubtful if it will ever be heard of again, unless Mr. Battersworth should introduce its duplicate in the next session.

A great deal of pains has been taken, since it became known that the (incumbent) congressman intended to take this step, to ascertain the sentiment toward the idea of annexation in both houses. Senator Ingalls, President pro tempore for the senate, expressed the opinion last night that it would take this country 25 years to educate itself up to the annexation point. Mr. Ingalls said he favored commercial union, and would support any proposition having this object in view, but he was not inclined to favor any scheme for political annexation between the two countries at present.

Senators Coville of New York, Chandler of New Hampshire, Hale of Maine, Dewey of Massachusetts, Stockbridge of Michigan and Allison of Iowa all expressed opposition to the Battersworth scheme. Mr. Hill of Illinois, who will probably be chairman of the committee on foreign affairs in the next House, was outspoken in his disapproval of the idea. He thought any movement toward annexation should be initiated on the other side of the line, and that it would be as much out of place for the United States to take the initiative step in this direction as it was for Lord Seakville to interfere in American politics. This interference in the political affairs of a country by outsiders would naturally be resented every time, and the proper way to bring the two countries together is not by means of such resolutions as this.

Among those who were seen and expressed similar opinions were Messrs. Breckinridge, Mills, Cannon, Hooker, Barrows, Chipman, Allen and Tansy of New York; Dingley, Reed, McMillen, and Clerly of Kentucky; Mason and Hopkins of Illinois; Cox of New York; McKinley of Ohio and Greer of Iowa. In fact, of 80 or 40 members or senators seen, not a single one, save the author of the resolution, had a word to say in its favor.

A New Year's Resolve—try to Win Fortune.

On Tuesday (always Tuesday), November 13th, 1888, 2222 Grand Miramichi Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery took place under the sole supervision of the Hon. T. T. Underhill, Minister of Justice, Early of Va. usual. The prizes were from \$100 to \$300,000. No. 55,621 drew First Capital Prize of \$300,000. It was sold in fractional prizes of \$1, and sent to the lucky owner, New Orleans, La. One part was collected P. C. Minor, Plattsburgh, Neb.; one by Lydia McKim, 243 North St., O'Leary, La.; one by E. L. Clayton, 392 3/4 St., Louisville, Ky.; one by E. J. Carter, Union Street, York, Pa.; one by Mrs. M. A. Moore, 75 W. Houston St., New York City; one by Wm. H. Hagan, 414 Lami St., St. Louis, Mo.; one by J. S. Blake, agent, 309 Canal St., New York City; one by Caper Weaver, Waverly, Mo.; one by Edmund C. and Geo. J. Albert, 185 W. Maple St., Dayton O.; one by G. Perazzo, Truckee, Cal. No. 59,591 drew Second Capital Prize of \$100,000, and No. 78,877 drew Third Capital Prize of \$50,000, and No. 53,856 drew Fourth Capital Prize of \$25,000, a list of winners too long to summarize. The next drawing will be on Jan. 15th 1889, when you should resolve to try to win with the New Year a fortune.

Victoria Caroline Salve is a great aid to internal medicine in the treatment of scrofulous sores, ulcers and abscesses of all kinds.

Last Moments of Famous Men.

Some with indifference—some with fear—some with joy—some without a remembrance of the event.

Secretly perhaps there is nothing that is more absorbing interest to us than the record of last memorable moments of the dying. Brought face to face with its near approach, how did it feel? Is what we all long to know.

As a matter of fact, few men die acceptably terrified. A sort of heroic acceptance of the inevitable seems to be accorded to them at the last. Even literary men, whom we would naturally class among the most sensitive and more capable of realizing immediate circumstances, are found as a rule to approach death with an outward calmness truly astonishing. Raleigh, as all know, was beheaded. He prayed and then stretched out his hand to show that he was ready, but the headman seemed unable to strike "What dost thou fear? Strike, man, strike!" he called out, and he was killed at the first blow. Of Addison it was said by Trenchard, "He taught how to live and die, too high the price of knowledge taught us how to die." Keats, passing away at twenty-six years of age, told the friend who was watching over him that he was dying, that he (his friend) must be firm, and thank God that the time was come; and in a little while he was dead. Hence approached death with a wonderful dignity and look of mingling. He said he had never known, even then, when he knew his malady was fatal, a moment's abatement of spirit, and he considered that by dying at sixty-five he was only cutting off a few years of suffering and infirmities. Macaulay awaited death with a splendid calmness. Alluding to its approach he wrote, "I am a little low, but not from apprehension, for I look forward to the inevitable close of my life and (oh, too high the price of knowledge) taught us how to die." Keats, passing away at twenty-six years of age, told the friend who was watching over him that he was dying, that he (his friend) must be firm, and thank God that the time was come; and in a little while he was dead. Hence approached death with a wonderful dignity and look of mingling. 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TO SUBSCRIBERS

Owing to the neglect of many of our subscribers to pay their subscriptions, we have found it necessary to adopt the rule of breaching rigidly adhering to our published terms, viz, to make the price of the ADVANCE \$2 a year to those who do not prepay their subscriptions.

We therefore, give notice that from the 1st January next all who are in arrears will be required to settle at the rate of \$2 per year.

Subscribers who are now in arrears will if they pay before the 1st January be settled with at the advance rate of \$1.50.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

Mr. Noon, makes a reasonable suggestion by the way.

CHRISTMAS COGNAC.—Mr. Alex. McKinnon's Xmas advertisement is published in the Advance.

BAITING.—A publicist was arrested in Dorchester and brought to Newcastle on Jan. 10, on suspicion that he was Thompson, the Baillie's murderer. He has since been liberated.

THE JACKSON TRIAL.—We are indebted to Mr. Andrew of the Advance and Mr. E. Down, of the Newcastle Press, for the report of the above trial in today's ADVANCE.

INVESTED AT OCEAN.—Mr. Warren C. Winslow has been authorized by the British American Assurance Company to accept all claims of fire risks, lease policies and make endorsements, without delay or reference to the head office.

VERY SAD.—Mrs. George Keith did not long survive her husband, who lost his life in the Dorchester penitentiary last Monday night. She was partially paralyzed at the same time, and remained so long in the burning building before being discovered that she would never get up.

GEORGE WITT.—Mr. W. A. Kerr, a graduate of the Provincial University and a student with Messrs. Weldon & McLean, will leave in a few days for the west. Mr. Kerr has only been in St. John a little more than a year and during that time he has made many friends who will regret his departure.

THE CASE AGAINST THE ITALIAN.—The case against the Italian, charged with shooting a companion near Miramichi, and was opened in the jail at New Carlisle, Que., on Friday.

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to send them the ADVANCE every week and pay postage on requests for payment and be entirely ignored, without getting out of patience. When those that are now shirking payment had the lawyers after them, and have to pay at the rate of \$2 a year, with the costs added, they will wish they had been moderate enough to settle at the rate of \$1.50 when they had the opportunity to do so.

Subsequent subscribers are particularly notified that after Jan. 1st, when their accounts are placed out of our hands, they will have to deal with our lawyers, as we do not propose to then interfere with the process of summary collection of the full amounts due, and costs. Every one of those who have other business besides on our books—can inform himself as to what he owes by consulting the pink slip-copy on the top margin of the first page.

Circuit Court.

The Special Circuit of the Supreme Court for the trial of Isaac Jackson, Chief Justice C. Allen, presiding, resumed, pursuant to adjournment, on Wednesday, 12th inst. at Newcastle. The new panel of jurymen summoned the evening before were nearly all in attendance, and the selection of the jury proceeded with the jury selected being composed of the following:—John Betts, Duncan Morrison, John Menzies, Thos. Mullins, Wm. Searle, these were the jurymen sworn in on Tuesday when the panel was examined, and the remainder were chosen on Wednesday morning, viz—Chas. Call, John Norton, W. S. Brown, Robert Anderson, Wm. Robinson, Zenas Tingley, W. O. Johnson.

The following jurymen were absent or objected to as stated:—Patrick Wheeler, examined as he was a Dominion officer, refused as he was a Dominion officer, examined as he was a Dominion officer, refused as he was a Dominion officer.

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at Betler's but did not see him take anything. Do not know whether he took anything, but heard him asked to take something. It was perfectly sober. Had only one drink at Mrs. Hays'. When O'Brien saw many John had, Mr. Hays was slow and in a hurry. I went to Mitchell's because I wanted to see Carroll.

Question.—How was it that Jackson stepped first man and another kick at him, when the shot was fired. Father told him to be careful when he made the first kick at him.

When the pistol shot was fired the father turned and walked a few steps and then came back and made another kick at him, when the shot was fired. Father told him to be careful when he made the first kick at him.

No, I saw Henry Mitchell after the shot was fired. He was sitting on the platform. Father's face was bruised and a lot of his beard torn out. I took my father into Mr. Mitchell's to get the blood washed off his face and hands. Father wore the mantle and the hat, and was not very neatly dressed. Just a few minutes elapsed between the time the pipe was knocked out of father's mouth and the final scuffle.

The testimony of this witness was somewhat contradictory in re-examination. He said that he did not see the pipe being knocked out of father's mouth and the final scuffle.

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was not a title of evidence of malice aforethought. The prisoner was there attending to his duty as a constable, and was there on his ordinary duties. He first saw the O'Brien at Mrs. Hays', and then saw him strike his father. He was on account of an old score two years before. You all know John and Pat O'Brien. Pat O'Brien was wanted to see me, and you know the reputation they all bear. He wished to say no more against the reputation of the O'Briens. He was there on his ordinary duties. He was there on account of an old score two years before. You all know John and Pat O'Brien. Pat O'Brien was wanted to see me, and you know the reputation they all bear. He wished to say no more against the reputation of the O'Briens.

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have been justified therein by the evidence. They had made a very strong recommendation to mercy and he must regard it. Had they not done so, the sentence would have been heavier than that which was about to be imposed. He felt that the prisoner had avoided killing his victim. He did not do so, but he had been before his Maker without notice or chance for preparation. That reflection might remain on the prisoner's conscience until his dying day and he might have to answer for his neglect at the judgment. He hoped the same would be a warning to all who heard of it against the carrying of revolvers. He would not say that officers on criminal business should not carry them, but they, above all others, should be careful how they used them. The sentence he would pronounce was the lightest he felt justified in passing. It was that prisoner be confined for two years in the Dorchester penitentiary with hard labor. It would have been heavier but for the jury's extremely strong recommendation to mercy.

The prisoner was at once conducted to the jail. It is understood that the jury, at first, had a great deal of trouble in reaching a verdict and seven for manslaughter.

Attention! If you desire a fine head of hair of a natural hue and free from dandruff, Hall's Hair Restorer is the best and safest preparation to use. It is sold by all druggists.

The Late Hon. Wm. M. Kelly. The funeral of the late Hon. W. M. Kelly, the announcement of whose death appeared in the Advance of last week, took place at two o'clock on Sunday last from the residence of John Shreffler, Esq., where service was held by Rev. R. S. Crisp. Amongst the relatives present were Mr. Kelly's eldest son, Frederick, now of Montreal, his eldest son, Robert Orr, of Fredericton, his brother, Joseph, Kelly, his niece, Mrs. Jas. Pallen and others. The funeral procession was a very large one. The pall-bearers were Messrs. John Shreffler, Wm. Murray, D. Ferguson, R. Flanagan, Wm. Anderson. The cortege was met at St. Paul's churchyard gate by the Rector of Chatham, Rev. D. Forsyth, who held the service at the grave in the afternoon. Mr. Kelly was sixty-five years of age at the time of his death, although the Parliamentary Companion has him down as a younger man. Referring to Mr. Kelly's death the Telegraph says:

"Though not unexpected, as he had been long ill, many readers will learn with regret the demise of Hon. Wm. Kelly, a member of the legislative council. He was a man of executive ability and related to the name of Kelly in the province. He was a member of the legislative council. He was a man of executive ability and related to the name of Kelly in the province. He was a member of the legislative council. He was a man of executive ability and related to the name of Kelly in the province.

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The Subscriber calls attention to his large stock of FANCY GOODS IMPORTED ESPECIALLY FOR THE HOLIDAY TRADE, CONSISTING OF Plush and Bronze Frames, Fancy Brass Goods, Shields, Fancy Tables, Purses, Glove & Handchief Boxes, Dolls in Wax & Rubber. VERY CHEAP. THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GIFT CUPS, SAUCERS, AND PLATES EVER OFFERED AND AT PRICES TO SUIT OUR STOCK OF PLATED WARE. Consisting of Castles, Ovals, Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Picnic Baskets, Butter Cakes, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Carvers, Butter Knives, Picnic Forks, Napkin Rings, is offered very low—Quality Guaranteed. FANCY AND PLATE GLASSWARE IN DINNERS AND TEA SETS. We have the assortment of 1 Oak Brass Hanging Lamps, Latest Patterns, cheaper and more reliable than Electric's Light. Every one in need of presents, useful and Ornamental, can not fail to be suited both as regards price and variety to select from. Dec. 10, 1888.

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