HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

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Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher. Published every Tuesday evening and Saturday morning. Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island.

TERMS—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 2s.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 3s. 6d.—16 lines, 4s.—20 lines, 4s. 6d.—25 lines, 5s.—30 lines, 5s. 6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance.

Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

MAILS.

THE MAILS for the neighbouring Provinces and the United States, will be made up and forwarded via Pictou, every *WEDNESDAY* afternoon at Four o'clock, and *SATURDAY* morning at Nine o'clock, until further notice. Those on *WEDNESDAY* by the Steamer *Lady Le Marchant*, and on *SATURDAY* by a Sailing Packet.

Mails for England, will be closed every alternate *WEDNESDAY* at Four o'clock, afternoon, viz:

Wednesday, July 5.	Wednesday, Sept. 13.
Wednesday, July 19.	Wednesday, Sept. 27
Wednesday, Aug. 2.	Wednesday, Oct. 11.
Wednesday, Aug. 16.	Wednesday, Oct. 25.
Wednesday, Aug. 30.	

Mails will also be forwarded to New Brunswick and the United States via Shediac by the *Lady Le Marchant*, every *THURSDAY* morning, on the arrival of that vessel from Pictou.

THOMAS OWEN, Postmaster General,
General Post Office, June 24, 1854.

THOMAS DOUGLASS,

SOLE AGENT FOR

BEE'S BRACE.

Commission Merchant, Importer, Manufacturer, and Wholesale Dealer in every description of

AMERICAN HARDWARE,

NO. 5 PLATT STREET,

THOMAS DOUGLASS, (Four doors from Pearl.)
ASA FARR, Jr., (late of the firm of Prichard, Farr & Co., St Louis.) NEW-YORK.
June 28. 6m

CARD.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to inform his friends and the public, that he has commenced business as Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, and trusts by punctuality and attention, to merit a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM DODD.

Auction Room, Smardon's Buildings, Queen Square,
June 5th, 1854. 1s14w

A CARD.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Public, generally that he has commenced business as, a

Commission Merchant and Auctioneer.

At the corner of Queen & Sydney Streets, and hopes by promptness and punctuality to merit a share of their patronage.

ARTEMAS G. SIMMS.

☞ CASH advanced upon articles left for Auction.

THOMAS MANN, TAILOR, (*Late of Upper Queen Street,*) begs to inform his numerous friends that he has just REMOVED his Business to the House lately occupied by MRS. WOOD, in POWNAL STREET, next door to Mr. Dodd's Brick Store. June 2.

DR. HILLCOAT, M. R. C. S., England, can be consulted on the various branches of his profession, from 9 a. m., to 11 p. m., at his residence Keppoch House, late the property of JAMES DUNCAN, Esq. 1s1 4

MINIATURES! LIKENESSES.

THE Subscriber has just received a handsome stock of Plates and Cases, gold and plated Lockets and Broaches for Likenesses, done by top or side light.

Also, a first rate Camera, for sale, with instructions in the old stand.

W. C. HOBBS.

BRASS FOUNDRY. AND MACHINE SHOP.

BY W. C. HOBBS.

NOW open in Great George Street, on the old Stand. Old Copper and Brass bought. An Apprentice wanted.
May 18, 1854.

BELL'S CLOTHING STORE.

MESSRS. C. & J. BELL take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their friends and numerous customers throughout the Island, for the very liberal support which they have received, since commencing business; and now beg leave to inform them and the public generally, that they have imported a choice and well selected Stock of GOODS, suitable for the Clothing Business, which they will make up to order, on the most reasonable terms. They will also make up, and have constantly on hand, of their own manufacture, ready made Clothing of all descriptions, which they will sell as cheap as any imported from England, and made up in a superior manner, being practical Tailors themselves, and employing the best of Workmen; they are prepared to execute all orders intrusted to them, superior to any other Establishment on the Island.

N. B.—Gentlemen furnishing their own Cloth and Trimmings, can have them made up as usual.
1s1. Ex & Adv 6i

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until noon on SATURDAY, the 15th instant, for the performance by Contract of the undermentioned services at the Barracks, Charlottetown, viz:—

No. 1.
Officer's Quarters.
Repairing Chimney, Plastering of Walls and Ceilings, repairing Joists, Floors, Skirting, Doors; also, Foundation Walls, Sills, Floors and Door Frames of six Porches.

No. 2.
Soldiers' Barracks.
Removing five pairs of Window Sashes, and repairing Chimney backs, Plastering and Flooring of the rooms.

No. 3.
Hospital.
Four new Shutters, repairs to Chimney, boarded Partitions and Flooring.

No. 4.
Cooking House.
Renewing the Ceiling.

No. 5.
Engine House.
Rough and Weather Boarding.

All information required as to the nature of the work, &c., may be obtained on application at the Barrack Office.

The Tenders (to be made on a printed form, obtainable at this Office, and none other will be noticed) to state the sum for which each service will be performed, and to be accompanied by the Signatures of two responsible persons as Sureties in the joint sum of £25 sterling.

Payment will be made by the Ordnance Officer, on the satisfactory completion of the work, in Specie, if the amount does not exceed £50 sterling, otherwise by a Bill, at 30 days sight, at par, on the Lords' Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

JAMES B. LUNDY, D. A. C. G.
Commissariat, P. E. Island,
Charlottetown, 6th July, 1854.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber having lately purchased the Keppoch Estate, situate at the East side of the entrance of Charlottetown Harbour, hereby cautions all persons against cutting or carrying away wood, hauling Seaweed from off the shore, or trespassing in any manner on the premises, as if they do so, they will be proceeded to the utmost rigor of the law.

H. B. HILLCOAT.
Charlottetown, 21st June. 1s14w

Dyer and Fuller Wanted.

THE Subscriber wishes to engage a person who fully understands the FULLING, DYEING and DRESSING of CLOTH, to whom monthly wages will be given, or a share in the concern. Satisfactory references required.

WM. JAMIESON.

New Annan Mills,
Lot 19, June 23, 1854.

The National Loan Fund Life Assurance Society of London.

CAPITAL £500,000 Sterling. Empowered by Act of Parliament, 2d Victoria. A Saving Bank for the Widow and the Orphan.

T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr.
Agent for Prince Edward Island.
☞ Office, Queen Square, Charlottetown.
September 5, 1853. 1s1

Equitable Fire Insurance Company of London

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—*Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hensley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.*

Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and another information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblois Esq. Charlottetown.

H. J. CUNDALL.
April 7th, 1854. Agent for P. E. I.

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,

Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee of ease of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving in fully 50 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceeds £1700. Persons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

☞ One of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at the Secretary's Office.

W. HEARD, President
HENRY PALMER.
Sec'y and Treasurer.
Secretary's Office, Kent Street,
August 5th, 1853.

ALLIANCE

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.
CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

World's Fair
PRIZE MEDAL SOAPS!

THE HIGHEST PREMIUM HAS BEEN awarded by the Mechanic's Fair, Boston; American Institute, New York; and World's Fair, Crystal Palace; to *BECK & CO., Boston, Mass.*, for the best Toilet Soaps, Creams and Perfumery. Beck & Co manufacture every variety of Toilet Soaps unequalled and of the highest and most admired perfumes—

Cytherian Cream of Soap, for Ladies.
Panariston Shaving Cream.
Panariston Shaving Rolls. for Travellers convenience
Military Shaving Soap.
Highly perfumed Brown Windsor.
White Windsor and Toilet Cake Soap.
Mrs. Partington's Toilet Soap. This beautiful TOILET SOAP, possessing in its composition the combined virtues of the vegetable kingdom to cleanse, purify and perfume, is by permission dedicated to Mrs Partington by her obd't servt's.

Boston, January, 1854., Beck & CO.

Mrs Partington to the Proprietors.

Gentlemen :— The education of your beautiful and fragrant soap to me, as a mark of a steam, is very pleasant. From my experience in roots and herbs, in forty years that I have made soap, I must say that I never made any half as good and I will recommend it to my young freinds all over the world for their twilight tables.

her
RUTH H PARTINGTON.
Boston, Jan., 1854. mark.

ALSO,

Extract Perfumes for the Handkerchief—which, for delicacy of fragrance and lasting odor, are pronounced by Chemists and those who have tested them to be superior to the best imported article.

Purified Ox-Marrow with Ex. of Rosemary,—for preserving and dressing the Hair. This article is so prepared as not to become rancidp and is free after being put on the hair from all disagreable odor. For preserving the Hair, restoring it where bald places appear, and causing it to retain beauty and lustre to old age—

Dr. Adam's Colcasian Ambra,—An article that has gained a reputation by the really excellent qualities it possesses for the purposes intended.

Particular care is taken in PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH. Experience has proved that the most efficacious to remove the animalcule from the Teeth is a paste chemically prepared in soap—and to meet the wants of those who prefer clean teeth and firm Gums, is their *Saponary Tooth Paste* an article that has achived the highest encomiums from scientific Dentists and Physicans.

Also *Cooking Extracts*, for flavoring Pastrys, Jellys, etc, etc, which will be found pure in their compound, and such as will suit the taste of the most delicate. Also—*Boston Chemical Washing Powder*—admired because it makes washing easy and pleasant.

D. Taylor, jun. & Co. 25 Hanover street, Boston, General Agents.

Agents for Prince Edward Island, M. W. SKINNER Also, sold by W. R. WATSON. June 28. 6m

PROCLAMATION
TO THE
Good People of P. E I.

PROBABLY there is not a family in your Province but what some members of it are more or less afflicted by Humours or Chronic Affections. As a remedy for these various complaints, there are numerous preparations brought into the market, but all of them of little or no good. But there is a discovery which has recently been made in chemical analysis that is wonderful in its operation. It has been long enough tried and we have proof sufficient to satisfy—all from men holding the highest offices the people of the United States can give—that the medicine will do just what it is recommended. It is DOCTOR HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. The medicine is compounded from the Vegetable Kingdom and may be used by any person without injurious consequences. By a wise choice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative, simple remedies, it fully reaches all the essential organs of the human system and there it has proved itself so effectually curative of the WHOLE ROUND of chronic affections.

Over two million bottles have been sold in the north and west during the last five years.

Three to five bottles is warranted to cure the worst case of *Rheumatism.*

Two bottles will check the worst case of *Dyspepsia.*

Three bottles are warranted to cure the severest case of *Erysipilas.*

Five to eight bottles will cure the worst case of *Scrofula.*

One to two bottles is guarranteed to cure the worst kind of *Pimples on the Face.*

Two to three bottles is warranted to cure the worst case of *Ring Worm.*

Three bottles are a certain remedy for the *Piles.*

Five bottles will cure the worst case of *Gout.*

Three to five bottles has never failed to cure the worst case of *Liver Complaint.*

Five bottles will cure the worst cases of Cough, Consumption, General Debility, Asthma, &c.,

As a FEMALE MEDICINE it has no superior.

We could give hundreds of cases where the cures were truly wonderful, but we request all to get a pamphlet and read the hundreds of certificates of its cures. *Price $1,00 per bottle.*

General Agent for P. E. I., W. R. WATSON. Sold also by M. W. SKINNER.

THE WAR.

[*From the Times.*]

The question which presses most urgently on the consideration of the British and French governments, and upon the gallant officers of both nations who command the forces by sea and and in the Baltic and the Black Sea, is, what naval or military undertaking is best calculated to accomplish the objects of the war? The two great nations of the west which have taken up arms in this quarrel have a right to anticipate results conformable to the magnitude of these expeditions; and, without pretending to penetrate that secrecy which must be maintained as to the operations of war in which we may engage, it is open to all the world to discuss the course of action most likely to effect our purpose. The uncertainty which hung over the movements of the Russians at the time when the allied forces left the harbours of England and France, rendered it impossible to frame a complete scheme of operations at the commencement of the war. If the Russian army had advanced with as much energy as might have been anticipated from its former military reputation—if Omar Pasha had not succeeded in holding the line of the Danube from Kalafat to Silistria with the courage and tenacity which the Turks have shown in all their encounters with the enemy, the first duty of the allied army would have been to strengthen the defensive position of Turkey, to cover Constantinople, and to hold the Balkans and the fortresses on the coast. But it is clear from each succeeding account that the war is already losing its offensive character on the side of Russia, and its defensive character on the side of the Porte; a different system of operations is therefore required, if our object is not merely to rescue Turkey from invasion, but to preserve her from future aggression. At the same time it cannot be the intention of the allied commanders to carry their operations into Moldavia, where the Russians are already watched by a powerful Austrian army, and still less to pursue them in the event of a retreat across the plains of Bessarabia. The operations of the fleets have been necessarily of a desultory character and limited effect, for we have to deal with an enemy who has not ventured to show his flag upon the waters since the declaration of war. The evacuation of the whole Circassian coast is a highly satisfactory result of Admiral Lyons' cruise, and the conduct of the steam squadron before Reduct Kaleh, the only fort which offered any resistance, was smart and decisive. But no very important political results can be expected from the defeat of the Russians along a mountanous coast which they have never held in complete subjection, and we must look elsewhere before we can hope to strike the Russian empire and its policy in a more vulnerable part. The key to the supremacy which Russia has acquired during the last century over the Black Sea and its coasts lies in the possession of the Crimea. Barely 120 years have elapsed since she first invaded that peninsula, only 80 years since Catherine completed the overthrow of the Tartars and the annexation of the province. Within a much more recent period Sebastopol has become a place of first-rate strength and magnitude for all the purposes of war—covering on the one side the Bay of Odessa, and on the other the Sea of Azoff—enabling the Russian army to carry on incessant warfare in the Caucasus, and to close the Circassian coast—enabling the Russian flotilla to occupy the mouths of the Danube, and sheltering under its gigantic fortress a fleet not brave enough to meet on equal terms the navies of France and England, but sufficiently powerful to threaten the coasts of Asia Minor with the horrors of Sinope, or to transport an army in a few hours to the mouth of the Bosphorus. As long as Russia has the Crimea, with Sebastopol for her stronghold and her naval arsenal, all these advantages are hers. It is impossible that the States bordering on the other shores of the Black Sea should oppose an effectual resistance to such an ascendancy without the protection of the great maratime Powers; but the maratime Powers themselves cannot permanently maintain a fleet of 15 sail of the line to watch Sebastopol. The grand political and military objects of the war cannot therefore be attained as long as Sebastopol and the Russian fleet are in existence; but if that central position of the Russian power in the South of the empire were annihilated, the whole fabric which it has cost the Czars of Russia a century to raise falls to the ground. We hold, therefore, that the taking of Sebastopol and the occupation of the Crimea are objects which would repay all the cost of the present war, and would permanently settle in our favour the principal questions now in dispute; and it is equally clear that these objects are to be accomplished by no other means, for a peace which should leave Russia in possession of the same means of aggression would only enable her to recommence the war at her pleasure. The Crimea is on many accounts favourable to the operations of the allied armies, supported by the fleets. The climate of the southern coast is said to healthy, while that of the northern portion of the peninsula is marshy and pestiferous. The coast itself is indented by numerous bays, and that of Kaffa or Theodosia, on the south-eastern point of the country, is large enough to admit a fleet, and to serve as the base of operations for an army. When recently visited by Sir E. Lyons and the steam squadron, the forts and defences of this place were observed to be quite inconsiderable. Access to every part of the coast would, of course, be easy for the conveyance of supplies, reinforcements, and even the heavy train of the army. The Russians, on the contrary, would have to bring the whole of their troops and supplies to the seat of war across the immense steppes of the southern provinces of the empire. Nicholaiew and Cherson could be blockaded so as to stop all communication by water, and, if Sebastopol were invested by sea and land, Russia has no other place of strength in the country to fall back upon. The conduct of a siege is an affair of art, which must be successful in a given time, unless the enemy can relieve the place in the interval by defeating the besieging army or by compelling it to retire. From the best accounts which have been obtained of Sebastopol there is no reason to suppose that the land defences of the place are of a very formidable character, or that much had been done to them until the present hostilities gave the Emperor reason to apprehend an attack by European armies. The position of the town upon a cliff rising from the sea commands to a great extent the prodigious forts which have been erected for the protection of the harbour, and their fire would probably not touch operations commenced in the rear of the place and on higher ground. We cannot, therefore, but suppose that 40,000 men of the allied armies, supported by the fleets, would be able to keep in check any number of troops Russia can throw into the Crimea, and we are confirmed in hoping that this is the operation resolved upon by the allied governments, by the fact that very heavy battering guns have been despatched both from the English and French arsenals. In fact, however, breaching batteries of ordnance far above the ordinary calibre might easily be constructed with guns landed from the ships, which have an overwhelming superiority of metal, and could furnish a battering train of extraordinary power. The next movements of the Russian army on the Danube and the fate of Silistria, upon the arrival of the allied troops at Varna, will determine whether Prince Gortschakoff or Marshal St. Arnaud is to asume the offensive. If the Russians are actually prepared to advance upon Bulgaria, which does not appear to be the case, the primary object of the campaign is the destruction of the army of invasion; but if, as the last accounts would lead us to believe, the demonstration of Austria is already compelling Prince Paskiewitsch to fall back on the Sereth and the Pruth, then the most effectual blow that can be aimed at Russia, and the most powerful diversion in favour of our several allies, is that which should crown the present campaign by the fall of Sebastopol, and we trust that no time will be lost in undertaking an expedition which would be so useful to our policy and so glorious to our arms.

SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.—The names of the officers and crews of the Erebus and Terror, contrary to the notice given by the Admiralty, are still retained in the "Navy List;" and will remain there until the return of the searching ships. This change may be in some measure due to Lady Franklin, who has addressed a long and eloquent protest to the admiralty against the removal of her husband's name from the Admiralty's book until all search for him terminates. With unextinguished hope she still declares that it appears to her reasonable that Sir John Franklin and his companions should not be considered dead, but living, and bases her conviction to the latter effect on these grounds:—"1. Because no evidence has been discovered of any catastrophe having befallen them. 2. Because the quarter of the Arctic Sea where it is most probable that the missing parties would be found living, or their fate ascertained, has never yet, so far as we know, been explored,—Sir E. Belcher, when last heard of, having advanced only to the verge of the open sea to the north-west but without entering it; and because the part thus indicated is one of the two courses pointed out to my husband in the Admiraltys instructions for him to follow, and also because it has been pronounced, after a thorough examination of the other course, that he could not have passed that way. 3. Because within this unexamined region the resources for supporting life are probably abundant;—and 4. Because my husband and his officers steadily contemplated, and from the first provided for, a detention extending over an indefinite period, should difficulties occur to prevent their return at the time expected."

HOW TO KNOW WHETHER A MAN BELONGS TO HEAVEN OR NOT.—It was wont to be a trial, whether land belonged to England or Ireland by putting in toads, or snakes, or any other venomous creature into it; and if they lived there, it was concluded that the land belonged to England; if they died, to Ireland. So if vonomous lusts live in us, if sin reign in our mortal bodies, we belong to hell; but if they die by mortification, if there be no life in them, then shall we be sure to set up our eternal rest in heaven; and to be made heirs of heaven, and have full possession of those mansions Christ, our elder brother, hath prepared for us.

What men want is not talent, it is purpose; in other words, not the power to achieve, but the will to labor.

LATEST NEWS.

ARRIVAL OF THE BALTIC.

By Electric Telegraph to the Merchants' Exchange Reading Room, Halifax.

The American Mail Steamer arrived at New York, on Friday night, Liverpool dates to the 28th ult.

Consols for money quoted at 94.

Russia consents to evacuate the Principalities.

Cotton Market unchanged.

A SECOND DESPATCH.

Further News per U. S. M. S. Baltic!

A second Telegraphic Despatch was received at the Merchants' Exchange Rooms on Tuesday last, dated New York same day. The Vienna despatch will show that some fresh combinations are at work on the part of Russia and Austria.

A Vienna despatch asserts positively, that Russia, out of consideration for Austria, has consented to evacuate the Principalities.

Lord John Russel has officially announced to Parliament, that the seige of Silistria has been raized.

The Advance guard of the Allied armies was at Prowandi.

Omer Pacha, with his whole force was advancing on the Danube.

Nothing from the Baltic, Black Sea, or Asia.

England has sent Sir John Bonham to negotiate a Commercial treaty with Japan.

The continuance of fine weather in France and England has caused a slight decline in the prices of Flour, and the Grain markets are dull.

LATER.—The Austrians take possession of the Principalities when Russia with-draws.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

COST OF THE BLOCKADES TO RUSSIA.—The enormous loss to the Russian government and to private individuals by the blockades now enforced in the Black Sea and the Baltic, may be conceived from the fact that the year before last about 3,800 vessels entered, and nearly the same number quitted various Russian Baltic ports, the whole of the latter fully laden. The same is applicable to the Black Sea, where 2,600 vessels entered, and the same number left Russian ports, carrying with them cargoes of national produce, the combined tonnage being upwards of 1,150,000 lasts.

Intelligence had been received at the Horse Guards of the loss of the Transport Ship *Europe*, having on board the 6th Dragoons, by fire, at sea. Lieut. Colonel Moore, Surgeon Kelly, 4 surgeants and 12 rank and file, and one woman perished.—The whole of the horses, baggage and equipment of the troops were lost. The surviving men were saved in the boats.

Sir William Denison, the Lieutenant Governor of Van Dieman's Land, is to be appointed in New South Wales, *vice* Sir Charles Fitzroy.

RETURN OF THE ORNICO, STEAM-SHIP, FROM GREECE.

We have been favored by a gentleman on board with the following particulars of the voyage of the above steam ship. It will be remembered she left Southampton some short time since with the troops for the East:—

The Royal Mail steamer Ornico arrived this morning at 8 o'clock, from Malta and Gibraltar, having left Malta on the afternoon of the 11th. She brings home 468 women and children—97 women and 178 children from Malta, and 71 women and 122 children from Gibraltar. Also a number of government invalids—32 naval—from the different ships in the Black Sea; and 18 military invalids from various regiments—all of whom were placed under the medical charge of Dr. Symonds, the surgeon of the Ornico. The Ornico brings home a large quantity of government stores.

On the day of arrival of the Ornico at the Piræus the new Greek ministers paid their respects to the French and English naval officers in command, and were saluted from their respective ships, to the great joy of the inhabitants.

Athens and the Piræus were perfectly quiet, although they spoke of an insurrectionary movement going on in the north.—*London Herald, 23d June.*

Freeman Murray, Esq., who lately sold out his commission of Lieut. Colonel of 72d Regiment, and retired from the garrison of Halifax, is appointed Lieut. Governor of Bermuda.

A woman named Mary Ann Brough, formerly nurse of the Prince of Wales, cut the throats of her six children and then her own. The cause of the horrible act was the discovery, by her husband, of her infidelity. The murderess was not dead last accounts.

The Royal Albert, 121 guns, is to have a complement of 1,000 men, including officers.

The *Dublin* and *Edinburgh Gazettes* are to be consolidated or merged in the *London Gazette*.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, June 1854.—Letters addressed to enrolled Pensioners in Canada will in future be treated in the same manner as letters for soldiers in her Majesty's service, and will be liable to a rate of postage of one penny only, provided the following regulations be duly observed—viz., 1. The penny must be paid at the time the letter is put into the Post office. 2. The name of the enrolled pensioner, with his class, or description, and the name of the Regiment, corps or detachment to which he belongs, must be specified in the direction of the letter. 3. The letter must not exceed half an ounce in weight. 4. The letter must relate solely to the private affairs of the enrolled pensioner. These letters will be forwarded by way of Halifax only.

AN INCIDENT AT VARNA.—A boat from the Henri IV., rowed by six dashing French sailors, in snow-white shirts and coquettish little glazed hats, stuck with a *tapageur* air on the side of their heads, shot up alongside the landing-place, and in the stern appeared the Earl and Countess of Errol—the former an officer in the Rifles, and the latter intent upon sharing the dangers of the campaign with her husband. I think the old Civil Pacha, who was seated on a chair at a little distance, scarce knew whether he was on his head or his heels, when the lady was handed up out of the boat, and made her appearance at the town gate, with a brace of pistols hanging in a holster at her waist, and followed by a Bulgarian porter with a shoal of reticules and carpet bags, and books, and taking everything as cooly as if she were an old soldier. The whole party followed the Rifles to the field, and the Countess is at the present moment living under Canvass.—*Private Letter.*

China intelligence states that gold discoveries have been made in the vicinity of Canton, by some Chinese returned from California.

THE WAR.—The London Gazette contains official despatches from Sir Charles Napier, announcing the blockade of the Russian ports, and giving an account of the surrender of the Russian shipping at Libau on the 20th of May. Capt. Key closes his account by saying—

"Although I had the opportunity of destroying a large amount of the enemy's property, such as their houses, vessels on the stocks and vessels repairing, I did not consider it right to do so, as the troops had left the town so pitifully to its fate, and the people had assisted in getting the vessels out by opening the bridge, &c., which would have detained us some considerable time had we been obliged to blow it up, though I was prepared to do so.

The fact of the town of Libau, containing 10,000 inhabitants, and formed by nature with unusual facilities for defence, being temporarily taken possession of by 130 men without a shot being fired, I attribute almost entirely to the judicious conduct of Capt. Cumming during his conference with the magistrates when he landed with a flag of truce."

Brahestadt, where the English destroyed gun boats, merchant ships, &c., in Finland, was in consequence of the Finns refusing to let the British into the harbour to seize the gun boats they were building for the Russians. Ten thousand barrels of tar were among the property destroyed. Uleaborg, where the British destroyed the dockyards, 18,000 barrels of tar, and other property, is, next to Abo, the chief commercial town of Finland. Its exports are tar, fish, and salted provisions.

Five laborers were killed by the excessive heat in Baltimore last Tuesday.

Cholera has made its appearance on several plantations in Louisiana. Mr. Lambden lost twenty-three slaves by the disease.

Considerable cholera is prevailing in several interior towns in Kentucky and Missouri, and many places have been deserted by the citizens.

The British Government has taken steps to receive the same advantages in the trade with Japan as have just been granted to the United States.

CANADA.

During the fifty-eight days of navigation, (says the Albany Argus) there have been over 40,000,000 lbs. of lard, pork and bacon received at tide water by way of the Canal—an increase of 6,000,000 lbs. over last year.

There is a rumour current, that Sir E. Head, will succeed Earl Elgin, as Governor General of Canada.

The votes for the General Election, (Canada) are returnable on the 10th of August.

We learn from the Kingston *Herald*, that a very singular and serious accident occurred in the Village of Winton on the 16th ult. A young man named John Velly being on a load of straw, the horses suddenly started, and he fell backwards on the point of a pitchfork, which had inadvertently been left sticking in the hinder part of the load; the shaft of the fork struck the ground the point of one of the prongs entering the left side of his chest about an inch from the centre of his back, just below the shoulder blade, passing immediately over the heart, and coming out between the ribs, one inch from the centre of the breast and three inches below the collar bone. Dr. Pomeroy put him under treatment, and the sixth day he was able to walk a distance of two miles; and on the fourteenth day commenced his ordinary avocations on his farm.

The Honorable and Worshipful Alexander Stewart was yesterday sworn in before his Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, as Judge of the Prize Court, in and for British North America, in the war now existing between her Majesty, with her Ally the Emperor of the French, and the Emperor of all the Russians.—*Chronicle.*

Several deaths from *Cholera* had taken place at Quebec.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The typhus fever had made its appearance in St. John's, and the Board of Health, had addressed his Excellency the Lieut. Governor on the subject.

The Merlin, Salisbury, and Holy Rocks in the entrance of the harbor of St. John's, it is considered would form an obstruction to the free and easy entrance at all times, to the Collin's line of Steamships, has again been surveyed by the New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph Company, and a map of these rocks has been prepared by F. N. Gisbourne, Esq., and it is likely that arrangements will be made for the early removal of them.

A subscription list was in circulation, and signed by the mercantile portion of the community of St. John's, for the purpose of making up half the sum required to send a vessel to Cape John, for the protection of the fisheries, provided the Governor shall feel satisfied that the exigencies of the cost, will warrant His Excellency in guaranteeing the defrayal of the other half of the expense, on behalf of the Colony. It is also stated that His Excellency will immediately adopt the requisite measures to have a man-of-war boat and crew sent to Belle Isle, in the event of such protective vessel being despatched from this, to render whatever assistance they may be able to afford.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Saturday, July 15, 1854.

We, several months since, noticed the discovery of a remarkable fossil by Mr. D. McLeod, of French River, New London, while digging a well on his premises. A very accurate engraving has been made at the instance of the Academy of Natural Sciences, of Philadelphia, and a letter-press description of the fossil itself has been forwarded to us by J. W. Dawson Esq., of Pictou, who took a lively interest in the affair and brought it before the notice of the first Geologists of Great Britain and the United States. The description and plate can be seen at any time at our office. The following is the scientific description of this fossil, which we insert, as well for the benefit of those of our own Island who may be possessed of some geological knowledge, as for that of others into whose hands this paper may fall.

ON BATHYGNATHUS BOREALIS, AN EXTINCT SAURIAN OF THE NEW RED SANDSTONE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

By JOSEPH LEIDY, M. D.

In the last visit of the enthusiastic and distinguished geologist, Sir Charles Lyell, to this country, he informed me that Mr. J. W. Dawson, of Pictou, Nova Scotia, had received from Mr. D. McLeod, for disposal, a fragment of a jaw of a large saurian animal, which was found in the New Red Sandstone Formation of Prince Edward Island. Mr. Lyell sent me an outline drawing of the jaw; and with the disinterestedness of a cosmopolite philosopher, recommended Mr. Dawson to send the specimen to the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, in preference to disposing of it abroad. It was accordingly sent to the latter place, and was purchased by Messrs. Isaac Lea, William S. Vaux, and myself, and was presented to the Academy, in the cabinet of which it is now very appropriately arranged at the side of the only other known saurian bones discovered in the New Red Sandstone of North America, described by Mr. Lea, under the name *Clepsysaurus Pennsylvanicus.*

The specimen consists of the right dental bone, considerably broken, attached by its inner surface to a mass of matrix of a red granular sandstone, with large, soft, angular, red chalk-like stones imbedded in it. The fossil has seven large teeth protruding beyond the alveolar margin of the jaw; and it is hard, brittle, and cream-colored, and stands out in beautiful relief from its dark red matrix. The jaw indicates a incertian reptile, and in comparison with that of other known extinct and recent genera is remarkable for its great depth in relation to its length.

The depth of the dental bone below the contiguous pair of equal sized teeth in figure 1, plate XXXIII., is five inches, whilst its length in the perfect condition appears not to have been more than seven and a quarter inches; for in the specimen the middle part of the posterior border is so thin and scale like, that I am disposed to think it here came in contact with the supra-angular and other neighbouring bones.

The outer side of the jaw is vertical, and over the course of the alveolar parapet is plane; but below this posteriorly and inferiorly above the base of the bone is depressed into a moderately deep concavity. The upper or alveolar border forms a convex line rapidly descending towards the chin. The base forms an oblique line, and ascends anteriorly to the chin; and it appears thick and rounded externally; but in the specimen it presents an abrupt border internally, as if the inner side of the bone had been broken away, or as if the angular bone had articulated with it much in advance of its usual position in saurians.

The external surface of the dental bone is every where marked by fine, reticular, vascular grooves, and in the vicinity of the alveolar border it presents numerous minute vasculo-neural foramina.

There is no regular row of foramina, visible in the specimen, for the transmission of terminal branches of the inferior dental nerve, such as exists in the Iguanas, Varanians, etc., but near the point of the chin there is a relatively very large foramen, partially filled with matrix, which appears to correspond with the internal mental foramen of the *Iguana.* Just posterior to this foramen there is a deep vascular groove, which in the perfect condition of the specimen may have proceeded from another foramen.

The teeth in their relation to the dental bone, are placed upon the inner side, and rest against the alveolar border, which rises in a parapet external to them. Whether the parapet is supported by abutments between the teeth, as in *Mégalosaurus*, I cannot certainly ascertain from the inner side of the jaw being so closely adherent to the matrix. The dental bone, if it be considered complete in its length in the specimen, is capable of containing a series of twelve teeth posterior to and including that most anteriorly situated in the fossil.

As the teeth were worn away or broken off they were replaced by others produced at their inner side, as is indicated in the specimen by a young tooth, which is situated internal to and is concealed by the largest mature tooth.

The enameled crowns of the fully protruded teeth are exserted at their base for several lines above the alveolar border of the jaw. They are compressed, conoidal, and recurved, but compared with those of *Megalosaurus* they are not so broad, compressed, nor recurved, and they are more convex externally, and are less so internally. They resemble much in form those of the recent *Monitor ornatus*, but are less convex internally.

The transverse section of the crowns of the teeth, except that of the first, is anteroposteriorly elliptical, with the inner side less convex, and the extremities acute and in most instances slightly incurved.

The interior and posterior acute margins of the crowns are minutely crenulated; and the crenulations commence just below the tip and descend as far as the enamelled base.

In comparison with the teeth of *Clepsysaurus Pennsylvanicus*, those of the fossil under examination are broader and more compressed, and except the first one of the series, present an acute, crenulated margin anteriorly and posteriorly, whilst in the former animal they are acute and crenulate only posteriorly.

This interesting fossil is the second authentic discovery of saurian bones in the New Red Sandstone Formation of North America; the first being those found near Assue's Creek, in Lehigh Co., Pennsylvania, by Dr. Joel Y. Shelley, and described by my friend Mr. Isaac Lea, under the name of *Elepsysaurus Pennsylvanicus.*

The importance attached to this specimen, unique as far as respects Prince Edward Island, and only the second as yet in all the continent of America, may astonish some of our readers.*

And this brings to our recollection, that there are several specimens of the mineralogy and geology of the Island, lying on the mantel shelves of the Legislative Library. Now as these are all we have to shew for an expenditure of £200, we think that some better care ought to be taken of them, and we would take the liberty of suggesting to the committee, that a glass case in which to place them, would not cost a very large sum, and might form the nucleus of a museum of natural history—Large institutions have had as humble beginnings—at all events, there would be something to shew the intelligent and scientific stranger, who enquires after the productions of the country, natural or artificial, and much information of a practical and useful nature, might be obtained in return.

The discovery of this portion of a fossil saurian, sets at rest the question of the age of the Island, and proves clearly, that it is not as has been supposed, of very recent formation—a mere sand bank as some would have it—and as the presence of the new red sandstone is indicative of coal formation, it may be a question, whether it would not be well worth while, to institute a series of experiments, for the purpose of ascertaining, whether this be the fact or not.

Had the £200 given to Dr. Gesner, been laid out in a boring apparatus, and a trial made under his direction, important results might have followed. In the first place we should have ascertained the geological structure of the Island, whether it contained coal or other valuable mineral, and at what depth, so that some estimate might be made as to whether in the event of its presence in sufficient quantity, it would be worth the working. In the next place whether the sinking of artisan wells would be attended with success. This would be an important fact, for Prince Edward Island contains no natural reservoirs of water, no extensive lakes from which a sufficiency might be obtained for the purpose of supplying towns or villages with this indispensable necessary of life. Should, however, the boring for artisan wells be attended with successes, this deficiency would be in some measure supplied, and never failing fountains give the necessary quantity for the purposes of drinking, cleanliness, extinguishing fires, and for all those other purposes in which water is an indispensable ingredient. We have been taunted with being sluggards, natives or inhabitants of "sleepy hollow," and there is some justice in the remark, but many extenuating reasons might be adduced for this state of quiescence. In the first place there has been hitherto an actual want of capital for extensive undertakings, independently of that required for private agricultural and industrial enterprise, in the second place the failure of some apparently promising joint stock companies has damped the ardor of speculation with many; but we trust that both these will cease to operate in future. Capital has been found to be more abundant than many had an idea of, and as it is increasing the consequence that will naturally ensue will be a greater difficulty in making investments, and when this comes to be the case men turn with more willingness to other methods of obtaining an interest or a profit for their capital than the old fashioned one of lending upon real or personal security. The success of such companies as the Charlottetown Gas Light or the Bank, will do more to encourage enterprise than any thing else. We who have been no inobservant spectator for the last thirty years, see with pleasure the progress that is now just begining to be making not only in Charlottetown but in other parts of the Island, and we have no fears for the result. If Providence grant us a few years longer, we do not doubt of seeing our most sanguine anticipations of the future prosperity of Prince Edward Island realized.

* We are happy to state that Mr. McLeod received some £10 to £12 for the specimen, the knowledge of which may operate as inducement to others carefully to preserve anything remarkable or extraordinary that may fall in their way while quarrying stones or making excavations of any sort.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We have several Poetical favors on hand, which contain some merit, but the authors will require more experience in poetical compositions, before their productions will be fitted for publication.

Moneys paid by the Rev. J. Keir and his Congregation, for religious purposes the last year

To Foreign Mission,	£27	0	0
To Foreign and British Bible Society,	10	4	6
To Society for the Jews,	5	0	0
To Domestic Missions,	5	13	0
To Seminary at West River Pictou,	5	0	0
To Tract Society,	2	0	0
To Synod Fund,	3	18	6
	58	16	0

THOMAS MCCALLUM, General Treasurer.
Brackley Point, July 12, 1854.

TYPHUS FEVER.—The American Brigantine Eglanton arrived here from Boston this morning, with fifteen passengers, whom the master permitted to land before their inspection by the Health Officer, and after he had been warned of the consequences of such violation of the law. The Board of Health met, on this fact coming to their knowledge, and on the Health Officer repairing on board found there a case of Typhus Fever, in one of the crew who is now in Halifax. The President of the Board of Health, Chas. Dempsy, Esq., immediately entered a prosecution against the offending party. The statute makes the master of any vessel permitting passengers to land without medical inspection liable to a fine of £5 for every passenger so landed, so that the amount in this case would have been £75. The Magistrates, William Cundall, Robert Hutchinson, and Theophilus Deshrisay, Esquires, with the President of the Board, however in consideration of the delinquent being an American citizen—prosecuted but for one passenger, of which he was convicted in the sum of £5, and costs.—*Adv.*

Died,

At New Perth, on Sunday, July 2d, after a lingering illness, Alfred Finley, son of James Finley, Jun. Aged six years and nine months.

Charlottetown Markets, July 52.

Beef, (small) lb.	6d a 8d	Tallow,	8d a 10d
Do., by quarter,	6d a 7d	Wool,	10d a 1s 2d
Pork,		Homespun, yd.	3s 6d a 4s
Do., (small)	6d a 7½d	Flour, per lb.	2½d
Mutton, per lb.	4½d a 6½d	Oatmeal, per lb.	2d
Lamb,	2s 6d a 4s	Barley, bush.	4s a 4s 6d
Veal, per lb.,	2½d a 4½d	Oats,	2s a 2s 6d
Ham, per lb.,	7d a 7½d	Pearl Barley, per lb.	2d
Codfish, per qtl.,	12s a 15s	Potatoes, bush.	2s 9d 4s
Turkeys,	5s a 7s	Green Peas qt.,	1s 6d
Fowls,	1s 3d a 1s 6d	Timothy Seed	
Turnips	none.	Clover Seed	
Eggs, per dozen,	6d a 7d	Hay, per ton,	100s 120s
Cheese,	3d a 7d	Straw,	4s
Butter, (fresh)	9d a 1s	Geese	none
Do., (by the tub)	none	Wild Geese,	2s. 6d
Lard,	8d a 9d	Brants.	

AUCTIONS.

Sale by Auction.

ON TUESDAY, the 25th day of JULY, instant, at the residence of the late JAMES WEBSTER, Farmer, Marie, St. Peter's Bay, commencing at 10 o'clock, the whole of the Stock of HORSES, COWS, SHEEP, PIGS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., &c., with various other articles, not here enumerated.

TERMS.—Sums to £5, Cash; Five Pounds and upwards, Six Months' Credit, on satisfactory Joint Notes of Hand being given. Further particulars made known at the time of Sale.

EDWARD WEBSTER, } Administrators.
CHARLES R. WEBSTER, }
July 11th, 1854. 3w

Valuable Property for Sale.

TO BE SOLD, by Private Contract, a valuable FREEHOLD PROPERTY, on which the owner, the REV. C. LLOYD, now resides. It is situated eight miles from Charlottetown, on the Princetown Road, at Milton; and comprises 273 acres, of which one hundred are in high cultivation, and about 50 more in new pasturage, nearly ready for the plough; the rest is in green wood. There is an excellent Residence ready for immediate occupation of a gentleman's family. It is as good as new, favorably placed as regards the Farm, with a fine prospect, and combining the usual requisites for comfort with convenience. There is a pump well of unfailing water at the back door.

The Farm Buildings are sufficient for all purposes, on a well conducted system of Agriculture, and contain an effective Threshing Machine. The Land is chiefly fenced with Posts and Rails, and is so well circumstanced with water, as to admit of it being all used in Pasture, if desired, although the most of it is high lying ground.

To a practical Agriculturist, the above Property would now furnish the means of obtaining a livelihood, as considerable sums have been expended to make it productive, while to others, should Property in the neighbourhood of Charlottetown, increase in value, it would prove a profitable investment of money. For terms or farther particulars, apply to the owner, the REV. C. LLOYD, Milton, by Post, or on the Premises.

Milton, July 15, 1854. tf

STRAYED or STOLEN.

STRAYED or Stolen from the Subscriber's pasture, at Brighton, on the night of Monday, the 26th June last, a small sized Bay Mare, with a long switch tail, a little white on the near foot, and shod all round when she left, whoever will give such information as will lead to her recovery, will be well rewarded for their trouble.

HENRY HASZARD.
Charlottetown, July 14, 1854.

Fresh Supply of real good SHINGLES.

400,000 PER *Emily*, from BATHURST 224,000 per *Ariel*, from do. Warranted superior quality.

JAMES N. HARRIS.
July 13, 1854.

Per "Grace,"

1,000,000 Percussion Caps,

For sale cheap, wholesale,

W. R. WATSON.
July 12, 1854.

Demonstration and Tea Party of the SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

THE SONS of TEMPERANCE of Charlottetown, purpose having a Demonstration and Tea Party on Thursday the 27th July, the Tea to take place in the vicinity of Charlottetown, of which due notice will be given.

H. C. TROWAN, Secretary.
July 13, 1854.

Just published, price 6d., THE WAR IN THE EAST.

The Principals in the Strife, AND ITS PROPABLE ISSUE.

A LECTURE,

Delivered in Charlottetown, April 28, 1854, before the "Mutual Improvement Association," by the REV. J. R. NARRAWAY.

For sale at G. T. HASZARD'S Book Store.

THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC:

Ought it to be protected, or to be prohibited by Law

THE ADDRESS, recently delivered at the Temperance Hall, Charlottetown, before the *Members of both Houses of Legislature*, and others, by the Rev. J. R. NARRAWAY, just Published and for sale by Mr. G. T. Hazzard and Mr. Stamper. Price sixpence; considerable reduction if sold by the dozen.

LAW BOOKS.

CHITTY on Pleading, Chitty on Contracts; Blunt's Commercial Digest and Shipmaster's Assistan English CommonLaw Reports, for sale at GEO. T. HASZARD'S Book Store.

New Books! New Books!!

JUST ARRIVED, and FOR SALE at GEORGE T. HASZARD'S Book Store.

Travels in Armenia, 6s. 3d.
The Christian father's Present, 5s,
Quarle's Emblems, 6s. 3.
The Young Woman's Friend, 5s.
Africa and America described, 5s.
Richard Williams, the Patagonian Missionary, 5s.
The Words of Jesus, 2s. 9d.
The Bible in our common Schools, 5s.
The Woodcutter of Lebanon, and the Exiles of Lazura, 3s. 4d.
Family Prayers, by the Author of Night Watches, 5s.
Female Scripture Characters, 6s. 3d.
Jay's Morning and Evening Exercises, 6s. 3d.
Connexion of Sacred and Profane History, 6s. 6d.
Kitto's Daily Bible Illustrations, 6s. 3d. vol.
Exposition of the Discourses and sayings of our Lord, by Rev. J. Brown, D. D., 25s.; 2 vols.
Memoirs of Robert and James A. Haldane, 12s. 6d.
Scotia's Bards, 18s. to 25s.
Infidelity, its Causes, Aspects, and Agencies, 12s. 6d.
Mabel Grant, a Highland Story, 3s. 4d.
Eternal Day, by Bonar, 3s. 4d.
Charles Roussil, or Industry and Honesty, 3s.
Peep of Day, 2s.
Line upon Line, 2s.
Precept upon Precept, 2s.
The Dodd family abroad, by Charles Lever, 4s. 9d
The Quiet Heart, 1s. 8d.
Farm Implements, by J. J. Thomas, 6s. 3d.
The Knout and the Russians. 6s. 3d.
Bonar's Night of Weeping; or, Words for the Suffering Family of God, 2s.
The Morning of Joy; a Sequel to the "Night of Weeping, 2s 9d.
Truth and Error; or, Letters to a Friend on some of the Controversies of the Day, 2s 9d.
The Family of Bethany; or. Meditations on the Eleventh Chapter of John. With an Introductory Essay by Hugo White, 2s 9d.
Meditations on the Lords's Prayer, 2s 9d.
Bridges Exposition of the Proverbs, 8vo, 12s 6d.
Exposition of Psalm CXIX., as Illustrative of the Character and Exercises of Christian Experience, 6s 3d.
Brown (John, D.D.)—Expository Lectures on the First Epistle of Peter. One thick 8vo volume, 16s.
Discourses and Sayings of our Lord Jesus Christ. Illustrated in a Series of expositions, 3 vols. 8vo, 37s 6d.
Buchanan (James, D.D.)—Comfort in Affliction. A Series of Meditations, 2s 9d.
Chalmers Sermons, enlarged by the addition of his Posthumous Sermons. 2 vols., 8vo. With a fine portrait, 12s 9d.
Christian Retirement; or, the Spiritual Excercises of the Heart, 5s.
Ducan's Sacred Philosophy of the Seasons. Illustrating the Perfections of God in the Phenomena of the year, 12s 9d.
Tales of the Cottish Peasantry. Illustrated, 3s 4d.
The Cottage Fireside; or, the Parish Schoolmaster. Illustrated, 3s.
The Children of the Manse. Illustrated, 3s 4d.
Edwards (Jonathan)—Charity and its Fruits, e exhibited in the Heart and Life. Printed from the Original MS, 3s, 4d.
Far off; or, Asia and Australia Described. By the author of the "Peep of Day," &c. Illustrated, 3s 4d.
Fanny and her Mamma. By the author of "Mamma's Bible Stories." Illustrated, 3s 4d.
Gilfillan (George)—The Martys, Heroes, and Bards of the Scottish Covenant. Illustrated, 5s.
Haldanes—Memoirs of the Lives of Robert Haldane, of Aithrey, and of his brother, James Alexander Haldane. By Alexandrew Haldane, Esq. ,12s 6d
Hamilton (James, D. D.)—Life in Earnest, 2s
The Mount of Olives, 2s
Harp an the Willows, 2s
Thankfulness, 2s
Life of Hall, 2s
Happy Home, 3s 4d
Life of Lady Colquhoun, 5s
The Royal Preacher; Lectures on Ecclesiastics, 5s.
The Lamp and the Lantern; or, Light for the Tent and the Traveller, 2s 9d.
Hervey's Meditations and Contemplations, 2s 9d.
Hetherington (Rev. Wm. M.)—History of the Church of Scotland, from the Introduction of Christianity to the period of the Disruption in 1843, 9s 6d.
An Introduction to the Critical Study and Knowledge of the Holy Scriptures. By Thomas Hartwell Horne, B. D., of St. John's College, Cambridge. New edition, corrected and enlarged. Illustrated with numerous Maps and fac-similes of Biblical Manscripts, 2 vols., 25s.
A Commentary on the Book of Psalms. To which is prefixed an Introductory Essay, by the Rev. Edward Irving of London, 9s 6d.
The Scoots Worthies; containing a brief Historical Account of the most eminent Noblemen, Gentlemen, Ministers, and others who have suffered for the Reformation, 9s 6d.
Jacobus (Melanethon W., D. D.)—Notes on the Gospels: Critical and Explanatory. And incorporating with the notes, on a new plan, the most approved harmony of the four Gospels. With illustrations, by Melanethon W. Jacobus, D. D., Professor of Biblical Literature in the Western Theological Seminary, at Alleghany, Pa.
The Anxious Inquirer after Salvation.
Christian Progress. A sequel to the "Anxious Inquirer," 2s.
The True Christian, 2s.
The Widow directed to the Widow's God, 2s.
Young Man from Home, 1s 6d.
Christian Professor, 5s.
James—Christian Duty. A series of Pastoral Addresses 5s.
The Course of Faith; or, the Practical Believer Delineated, 5s.
The Young Woman's Friend and Guide through Life to Immortality, 5s.
Jay's Morning Exercises. Common edition, 5s.
Evening Exercises, 5s. Do.
Kitto (John, D. D.)—Daily Bible Illustrations: being Original Readings for a year on Subjects from Sacred History, Biography, Geography, Antiquities, and Theology, especially designed for the Family Circle.
Morning Series, 4 vols. 6s 3d. each vol.
Evening Series, 4 vols. 6s 3d. each vol.
Law and the Testimony, by the author of the Wide Wide World," "Queecy," 18s 9d.
Line upon Line. By the author of the "Peep of Day," 2s.
Little Lessons for Little Learners. Square Coloured plates, 3s 4d.
Mamma's Bible Stories, for Little Boys and Girls. Coloured plates, 3s 4d.
Sequel to the same. Coloured plates, 3s 4d.
Martyrs and Covenanters of Scotland, 2s 6d.
Missionary of Kilmany (The)—Being a Memoir of Alexander Patterson, with Notices of Robert Edie, by the Rev. John Baillie, 4s 6d.

LEAVING THE ISLAND.

MR. J. WEATHERBIE intending to remove from this Island, in a few weeks from this date, requests all persons having any claims against him to furnish their accounts for settlement, and all who are indebted to him, are respectfully and earnestly requested to come forward and settle the same, without delay, and thereby prevent the unnecessary trouble and expense of falling into the hands of an Attorney, which Mr. W. would much regret. Office next door on Prince Street to Temperance Hall.

NOTICE.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned, until THURSDAY the 20th instant, for the building and completion of a School house on the St. Peter's Road, Lot 34, said building to be Twenty-six feet long by Twenty-two feet wide, and nine feet post, according to a plan and specification which may be seen at the house of Mr. Alexander Robertson, near the six mile post.

N. B. One half the money will be advanced, if required, immediately after concluding the contract, and the remainder when the Committee shall have passed the said work.

Security will be required.

JAMES MILLER,
JOHN FERGUSSON,
EDWARD HAYTHORNE,
ALEX. ROBERTSON,
GEORGE VICKERSON, } Building Committee.

St. Peter's Road, Lot 34, July 10th, 1854

Grand Division.

THE next Quarterly Session of the Grand Division S. of T. of this Island, will be held in the Temperance Hall, Bedeque, on Monday, the 31st July inst., commencing at 4 p. m.

By Order
P. DESBRISAY, G. S.

July 11th, 1854.

WILLIAM HEARD

HAS RECEIVED

PER SHIP "JOHN" and "PRINCETON," direct from England, A LARGE STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS.

Charlottetown, 22d June, 1854.

NEW GOODS.—Spring of 1854.

THE Subscriber is now receiving, per *Sir Alexander*, 150 Packages BRITISH MERCHANDIZE, the principal part of his Spring importations, consisting of—

3 cases ready made Clothing,
4 do. Hats and Caps,
1 do. Straw Bonnets and Hats,
2 do. Ladies' dress Materials,
1 do. Millinery,
1 do. Gloves—Dent, Allcroft & Co's.,
1 do. Hosiery,
1 do. Shawls,
2 do. Haberdashery,
1 do. Silks and Ribbons,
2 bales Unbleached Calicos,
1 do. White Calicoes,
2 do. Carpetings,
2 do. Oil Floor Cloths,
1 do. Cloths and Drills,
60 boxes Liverpool Soap,
24 chests Congo Tea,
22 packages Paints,
19 do. Sundries.

The above, with his Stock on hand, comprises one of the best assortments in Town, and will be sold at extremely low prices for cash.

DANIEL DAVIES.

Queen Square, 12th May, 1854.

LONDON HOUSE,

Great George-street.

Spring Importations for 1854.

RECEIVED at this Establishment, a large proportion of the general STOCK of BRITISH MERCHANDISE for the present Season—Consisting of—Ladies' Visitas, Mantles, Parasols, Silks, Satins, French Delaines, and Printed Barages, Muslin tucked Dresses; Ribbons, a choice assortment; Silk and Fancy Bonnets; Dress Caps in great variety; a large assortment of Dress Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Haberdashery; Prints; Cottons; Muslin and Lace Window Curtains, &c. ALSO, Broad Cloths; Cassimeres; Doeskins, Vestings, and other materials of Gent's wear; Carpets, Hearth Rugs, Stair Carpeting, Oil floor Cloth; Curtain Damasks, Gent's Paris Hats; Ladies' & Children's Boots and Shoes; together with a large Stock of staple GOODS, all of which will be disposed of on the most moderate terms, by

HENRY HASZARD.

N. B.—A further supply hourly expected per "JOHN," from London.

To Farm Servants,

WANTED several steady single men, who understand farming work and the care of horses. Enquire at George T. Haszard's Book Store.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LANDING *ex Kjellestad*, from Liverpool, four Trunks of the above, among which, are Ladies" Patent Leather, Enamelled Seal, Calfskin, Prunella, Patent Elastic, Kid, Bronze, Satin, Watered Silk, and Carpet SLIPPERS. Do. Prunella, Cashmered, Cloth, Watered Silk, Patent Elastic, and stout Calfskin BOOTS. An assortment of Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES.

DANIEL DAVIES.

Queen Square, July 3. Isl8i

APOTHECARIE'S HALL.

The Old Established

HOUSE, 1810.

CHARLOTTETOWN, JANUARY, 1853.

T. DESBRISAY & Co.

HAVE just received, per late arrivals from London, Dublin, United States and Halifax, their Supplies for the Season, comprising, in the whole, an

Extensive and Varied Assortment of

DRUGS & CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, and other Toilet requisites; Paints, Oils, Colours, and Dye Stuffs; Fruits, Spices, Confectionary, Medicated and other Lozenges; with all the Patent Medicines in repute, and every other article usually kept at similar Establishments in Great Britain (*See Apothecaries' Hall Advertiser.*) The whole of which they can with confidence recommend to the public, and, if quality be considered, at as low, if not lower prices, than they can be procured in the market. on

Royal Agricultural Society.

CATTLE SHOW FOR 1854.

THE QUEEN'S COUNTY CATTLE SHOW, will be held in Charlottetown, on Wednesday, 20th September, 1854.

PREMIUMS.

For the best Entire Blood Colt, foaled in 1852.		£2	0 0
For the second best	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0
" best Blood Filly,	do	1	10 0
" 2d do	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0
" best Entire Colt for Agricultural purposes, 1853,		2	0 0
For the second best	do do	1	0 0
" 2d do	do do	0	10 0
" best Filly,	do do	1	10 0
" 2d do	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0

CATTLE.

For the best Bull, dropped since the 1st January, 1852,		2	0 0
For the second best	do do	1	1 0
" 3d do	do do	1	0 0
" 4th do	do do	0	10 0
" best Bull, of any age,		1	10 0
" 2d do	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0
" best Cow, giving milk, of any age,		1	10 0
" 2d do	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0
" best Heifer, dropped since 1st January, 1852,		1	10 0
" 2d do	do do	1	0 0
" 3d do	do do	0	10 0

SHEEP.

Best pen of 3 Ewe Tegs, of Leicester breed,		2	0 0
2d do	do do	1	0 0
3d do	do do	0	10 0
Best Ram under 3 years old (Lambs excluded),		2	0 0
Second best	do do	1	0 0
3d do	do do	0	10 0
Best Ram Lamb,		1	10 0
2d do		1	0 0
3d do		0	10 0

PIGS.

Best Sow, having reared a litter this season,		1	10 0
2d do	do do	1	0 0
3d do	do do	0	10 0
Best Boar,		1	10 0
2d do		1	0 0
3d do		0	10 0

At the Cattle Show in Charlottetown, the following Premiums, offered by the undermentioned gentlemen, will be awarded, viz;

By Judge Peters, £1 for the best half-bred Galloway Bull.
By Mr. Walkinshaw, £1 for the best yearling Ayrshire Heifer.
By Mr. Walkinshaw, £1 for the best yearly Heifer of any breed.
By Mr. J. D. Hazzard, £1 for the best Poll Bull of any age
By Mr. J. D. Hazzard £1 for the best Poll Cow of any age
By Mr. B. E. Wright, £1 for the best two year old Heifer of Alderney breed.

All Cattle intended for Exhibition must be entered at the Society's Depot on or before Saturday the 16th September.

Regulations will be published in a future advertisement.

The same amount of Premiums will be given, to be competed for at Saint Eleanor's, in Prince County, and at Finlay's, Cross Roads, in King's County; the time of holding the Shows to be determined by the local Committees in each County.

By Order,
CHARLES STEWART, Sec'y.

Committee Room, May 3, 1854.

THE Subscriber has just opened a Case containing GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY and FANCY GOODS, which will be sold at low prices, for Cash.

W. HEARD.

June 22d.

Just Arrived,

Per Schrs. Londonderry and Eliza from Halifax

Spring Importation, 1854.

THE Subscriber, thankful for the support he has hitherto received, begs to call the attention of his numerous customers in Town and Country, to the following articles, selected with great care, and which will be sold low for Cash, viz

2 Cases ready made Clothing.
2 do. Hats and Caps,
1 do. Straw and Leghorn Bonnets, and Bonnet Shapes
2 do. Ladies' Dresses, embroidered and plain,

Cloths, Summer Shawls, Parasols, Prints, Regatta Shirting, white do., ready made Shirts, Striped Shirting, unbleached do. black and coloured Silk Neck handkerchiefs, a superior assortment of Gents' fancy Neck Ties, Cotton do., Bed Ticks, Linen and Cotton Table Cloths, brown and white Artificial Flowers, Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Laces and Edgings of all descriptions, Lining Cottons, Stays, Canvas Bags, Ginghams, Cotton Warp, (white and coloured.)

Also.

The following GROCERIES:—
Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Tobacco, Soap, Starch' Candles, &c. &c. &c.

HARDWARE.

Knives and Forks, Kettles, Pots, Scythes, Scythe Sneaths, Rakes, a few Sets of Harness Mountings Riding and Gig Saddle Trees, Britchen Chains, Cart Bitts, Watering Chains, &c. &c. 6 Case, ROOM PAPER (assorted.)

CALL AND SEE.

CHARLES SAUNDERS.

Great George Street, Charlottetown, June 5. 6i.

To Painters and Carpenters.

NOW LANDING from the Brig John from London, boiled and raw Linseed Oil, Hubbacks Patent Zinc Paint, Driers, Putty, &c. Also on hand, Window Glass, cut Nails from 1 inch to 3½ inches. For Sale by

JAMES DESBRISAY.

30th June, 1854. Isl4w

THE PSALMIST,

JUST RECEIVED, at GEORGE T. HASZARD'S Bookstore, in various bindings. The above is the Edition of Watts's Hymns used in the Baptist Chapel Charlottetown.

Mill for Sale by Auction,

ON the Premises, on THURSDAY, the 27th July, at 12 o'clock, an excellent Site for a GRIST MILL, situate at Black River, in the Settlement of Brackley Point. The Stream of Water is sufficient to drive a number of Stones. A good Kiln has been erected near the Mill. For particulars, enquire of

MRS. MALCOLM SHAW.

CHAMPAGNE.

THIRTY CASES of prime CHAMPAGNE, just received *ex* "Peeping Tom," from Liverpool.

Also, a quantity of *OAKUM.*
Pitch and Coal Tar,
Kegs of White and coloured paints,
Raw and Boiled Linseed Oil,
For sale by

CHARLES STEWART.

June 7, 1854. tf

BOOTS AND SHOES.

IN addition to his Stock of American Boots and Shoes, the Subscriber has received by Brig "Grace" from Liverpool, 700 PAIRS ENGLISH BOOTS, SHOES, BLUCHERS, SLIPPERS, &., Consisting of Ladies Prunella Boots, Patent Leather Slippers, do. Channelled, best Leather tied Shoes, Common Slippers, Girls best Leather Shoes, Girls and Maids Patent Leather Slippers, Infants black and coloured Leather Shoes, do. Patent Leather Slippers. Gents' Bluchers, lace and tied Shoes, Calf Skin Pumps and Slippers, &c., &c., at his usual moderate prices.

GEORGE BEER, Jun.

Charlottetown, July 5th, 1854.

NATIVE LASS.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public, that he has just received, by Schooner *Native Lass*, from Boston, a large and varied assortment of AMERICAN and WEST INDIA GOODS. Consisting in part of

40 Cases Ladies', Gents' and Childrens' BOOTS and SHOES, of all kinds.
13 Cases American CLOCKS, various patterns,
2 Bales BEDTICKS,
2 do. Grey and Striped COTTONS,
1 Case UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS,
1 Case WINDOW BLINDS,
1 Cask GLASS WARE,
1 Case LOOKING GLASSES, assorted sizes.

A large assortment of *FARMING IMPLEMENTS*, consisting of Rakes, Hoes, Scythes, Sneaths. &c.

10 Boxes assorted CONFECTIONARY,
20 Boxes CANDLES, 15 do SOAP,
3 Boxes STARCH, FIGS, ORANGES, Currants, Spices, Lines, Whitewash Brushes, Scrubbing and Shoe do., and a great variety of other Goods.

Also,

4 Hhds. SUGAR,
10 Bbls. CRUSHED SUGAR,
100 Bbls. CANADA FLOUR,
100 Bags YELLOW CORN,
A few Bbls. CORN MEAL.

All of which will be sold at the lowest figure for Cash, or approved Credit.

THOMAS W. DODD.

June 17th, 1854. Isl4w

MOLASSES.

A FEW Puncheons of PORTO RICO MOLASSES; prime article; for Sale. And
10 Chests prime CONGOU TEA,
5 Boxes TOBACCO,
1 Cask COD OIL,
50 Boxes SOAP,
20 Tins BLACK PAINT.

JAMES N. HARRIS.

June 8th. 3w

JUST RECEIVED, *ex* Schr. *Esther*, from Boston and now FOR SALE by the Subscriber.
10 Chests CONGOU TEA,
100 Bags TABLE SALT,
Bags FILBERTS & WALNUTS,
Boxes CHEESE,
Boxes 8x10, 10x12, 10x14 GLASS,
LOGWOOD and REDWOOD,
2 Cases assorted HARDWARE,
French and Cottage BEDSTEADS,
500 CHAIRS, (all sorts and sizes),
BUCKETS, BROOMS, & WOODEN BOWLS,
6 COOKING STOVES, (for coal,) latest style,
6 BOILERS, 60 gallons each,
Cast Iron SINKS.

THOMAS DODD.

Pownal Street,
Charlottetown, June 26. Isl3w

JUST imported, per Native Lass and Esther from Boston, a choice selection of AMERICAN GOODS, consisting of

SUGAR in hhds., barrels, and by retail;
CRUSHED SUGAR;

Superior Souchong TEA, in chests, half chests, and by retail; COFFEE, RICE, PILOT BREAD, in Barrels, and by retail; Crackers, Vinegar, Mustard, Pepper, Table Salt, Soda, Saleratus, Soap, Candles, Starch, Burning Fluid, Matches, Tobacco, Cigars, Blacking, &c.

CONFECTIONARY, NUTS, CHEESE, &c.

Cotton Warp, Printed Cottons, striped and unbleached do., sheeting, bedtick, &c.; Ladies' and Gent's. India Rubber Boots and Shoes; India Rubber Coats, Oil Suits, Cotton-wick. Lamp-wicks, Fluid Lamps, Glass Lanterns, CHAIRS with cane seats and wood do., in great variety of pattern; Axes, Scythes, Sneaths, Hay-rakes, Hay-forks, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Garden do.

Also—

An assortment of Currier's TOOLS; Pails, Tubs in nests or single, Clothes-pins, Brooms, Brushes, &c. ON HAND, American and Island Manufactured SOLE LEATHER, Neats Leather, Calf-skins and Harness Leather, Red, White and Plum coloured Roans, Shoe thread, Zinc, and Iron Sparrowbles.

WILLIAM B. DAWSON.

Charlottetown, June 29th, 1854.

Timothy and Flax Seed.

THE highest price will be paid for TIMOTHY and FLAX SEED, during the present year, at George T Haszard's Book Store.

FOR SALE.

NEW Carding Machines, Machine Cards, Combs, Crank Plates, Wool Pickers, &c., and patent Power Grenail Machines.

All orders punctually attended to.

Address John Morris & Son, Sackville, County of Westmoreland, New Brunswick, or Mr. David Stewart, Charlottetown.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER OR STOMACH;

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fulness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin & Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of evil, and Great Depression of pirits, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

Prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON, *No.* 120 *Arch street, Philadelphia.*

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skillful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

Read and be Convinced.

The "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," says of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters.

"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines, to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and therefore when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised about for a brief period and then forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the faculty itself."

"*Scott's Weekly," said, Aug.* 25—

"Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon a weak system."

MORE EVIDENCE.

J. G. Moore, Esq., of the Daily News said, October 31st:—

"DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—We are trying this renowned medicine for a stubborn disease of the bowels, and can with truth testify to its efficacy. We have taken the contents of two bottles, and we have derived more benefit from the experiment than we derived previously from years of allopathic treatment at the hands of our first physicians."

Hon. C. D. Hineline, Mayor of the City of Camden, N. J., says:

"HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.—We have seen many flattering notices of this medicine, and the source from which they came induced us to make inquiry respecting its merits. From inquiry we were persuaded to use it, and must say we found it specific in its action upon diseases of the liver and digestive organ, and the powerful influence it exerts upon nervous prostration, is really surprising. It calms and strengthens the nerves, bringing them into a state of repose, making sleep refreshing.

If this medicine was more generally used, we are satisfied there would be less sickness, as from the stomach, liver and nervous system, the great majority of real and imaginary diseases emanate. Have them in a healthy condition and you can bid defiance to epidemics generally. This extraordinary medicine we would advise our friends who are at all indisposed, to give a trial—it will recommend itself. It should, in fact, be in every family. No other medicine can produce evidences of the same merit."

For sale wholesale and retail at

THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 120 Arch street, next door below Sixth. Philadelphia, and by respectable dealers generally throughout the country.

In this mammon-worshipping Age, it is rare to find a man place his usefulness to the public, before his interest. During a late visit to the 'City of Spindles,' we were presented by a professional friend, to the celebrated Chemist, DR. J. C. AYER, whose name is now perhaps, more familiar than any other, at the bedside of sickness, in this country. Knowing the unprecedent popularity of his medicines, and the immense sale of them, we had expected to find him a millionaire, and rolling in wealth. But no, we found him in his laboratory, busy with his laborers, among his crucibles, alembics, and retorts—giving his thes personal care to the compounds, on the virtues of which, thousands hang for health. We learned, that notwithstanding his vast business, and its prompt returns in cash, the Doctor is not rich. The reason assigned is, that the material is costly, and he persists in making his preparations so expensively, that the nett profit is small.—*American Farmer, Phil.*

VACCINATION, at the PRINCE EDWARD DISPENSARY, Kent Street, Charlottetown, under the inspection of Dr. Johnston, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

N. B.—Certificates of safety, or of requiring future testing, will be given to each person vaccinated.

Poor Persons will be Vaccinated gratuitously.

Charlottetown, July 3.

CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

THE SUBSCRIBER intending in a few weeks to remove out of this Island, offers to sell at moderate rates, the following freehold property's, viz:—

A small Farm at Seven Mile Bay, Lot 27. An inclosed Farm of 50 Acres, with a House, with or without the Saw Mill, and the water privileges (formerly Maxfields Mill) Lot 25. Also 82 acres of Land on the same Lot, near McMurdies. 300 acres on Lot No. 8, 450 acres at 15 Point, and fourteen Town Lots at Sommerside, also a 10 acre Wood Lot at same place, also the Leasehold of the Farm, House and Stores at Indian River, formerly occupied by Mr. P. Power. Should the above Properties remain unsold untill Tuesday the 25 day of this month, they will be offered at Auction at Sommerside, notice of which will be given in Hand Bills.

J. WEATHERBIE.

Charlottetown, July 8th, 1854.

A Lady in a Car.—The seats of the car were all occupied—crowded. None of our avenue cars ever yet were full, so of course, the house on wheels stopped for me. Not wishing to disturb those who were seated, I was intending to stand but a gentleman up the far end arose and insisted upon me taking his seat. Being very tired I thanked him and obeyed. Presently a lady, much younger, much prettier, and much better dressed than myself, entered the car. No less than four gentlemen arose instantly offered her a seat. She smiled sweetly and unaffectedly, and, thanking the gentleman who urged the nearest seat to her, she seated herself with a peculiar grace of manner. She had one of those faces Raphael was always painting—touching sweet and expressive. A little after this young beauty had taken her seat, a poor woman, looking very thin and very pale, with that care-worn, haggard look that poverty, and sorrow, and hard labor always give, came in. She might have been one of those poor seamstress who work like slaves and—starve for their labor. She was thinly and meanly clad, and seemed weak and exhausted. She had evidently no sixpences to throw away, and came in the ca rnot to stand but to rest while she was helped on her journey. While she was meekly standing for the moment, none of the *gentlemen*(?) offered to rise, Raphael's angel, with sweet reproving eyes, looked on those who had offered her a seat, and seeing none of them attempt to move, and just as I myself was rising to give the poor old lady a seat, she arose and insisted upon the woman taking her seat. It was all the work of a moment; and the look of grateful surprise the old woman gave her, and the glance of sweet pity the beautiful girl bestowed on the woman as she yielded her seat, and the evident consternation of the broad cloth individual, who were manifestly put to shame, all were to me irrestibly interesting and instructive. One of the same broadcloth wearers, apparently overpowered with confusion, got up and left the car, and the Raphael's angel took his vacant seat.—*Day Book.*

Human Brutes.—There are men of the world, of decided talents and excellent qualities, whose influence is greatly abbridged by their uncouteness and incivility. Their qualities are sheathened in a porcupine crust.—Their wants of faculty, of tact in one word, of adaptness, renders them unpleasant persons in society, and though we admire their abilities and their worth they are so rude and cynical that we dread them. But little good is derived from the company of a higher intellectual wolf ,or bear. Next in importance to acting,is the method of acting, and manner is power.

A Vulgar Error.—One of the "vulgar errors" in France is that it is not allowed to cut down a person found hanging or to break open the door of a person suffocating himself with the fumes of charcoal, without the presence of the commissary of the police. A woman living at No. 14, Reu des Tournelles, on returning home on Saturday, found her husband hanging to the window, and strugling in the agony of death. Instead of cutting him down, she hurried off to the commissary of police; but when the functionary arrived the man was quite dead.

A spider's web.—On stepping out of the house, my attention was attracted by a spider's web covering the whole of a large lemon-tree nearly. The tree was oval, and well shaped; and the web was thrown over it in the most artistic manner, and with the finest effect. Broad flat cords were stretched out, like the cords of a tent, from its circumference to the neighbouring bushes; and it looked as if some genius of the lamp, at the command of its master, had exhausted taste and skill to cover with this delicate drapery the rich-looking fruit beneath: I think the web would measure full ten yards in diameter.—*Hernnon's Valley of the Amizon.*

If a plump, juicy man weighing one hundred pounds, were squeezed flat under a hydraulic press, seventy-five pounds of water would run out, and only twenty-five pounds of dry residue would remain. Now, such an experiment would not be very agreeable, especially if the man was alive when put under the press; but the fact is interesting, as showing us of what stuff we are made.

Notice to Travellers.

IT has become an established fact that accidents will happen notwithstanding the care and attention which may be paid to the safety and convenience of travellers. Explosions will take place, bridges will be left open, and cars run off the track as usual.

It is well enough for the public and legislators to caution companies to "beware," and "take heed," yet these casualties will occur, which result in severe contusions, broken limbs, burns, bruises, &c.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment.

Upon such occasions, is invaluable! The wonderful effects of its soothing and healing properties have induced many, who have tried it, to always carry a bottle of it with them when they are travelling.

Frequent tests have proven it to be efficacious in curing Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofulous diseases, Cancers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, &c. Also Spavin, Ring-bone, Scratches, Cracked Heels, Chafes, Galls, &c., on *Horses and other animals.* It is external in its application, and we GUARANTEE it to cure PERMANENTLY in every case for which we recommend it.

Many Physicians use it because they can depend upon it—so can their patients.

Farmers and Livery-stable Keepers.

Say they WILL have it, and will not be satisfied without it, after giving it a fair trial. Therefore we say to travellers upon highways and by-ways *use the Mustang Liniment!* It has become so thoroughly introduced throughout the United States, British Possessions, and West Indies, that it is almost impossible to step off the cars at any Station without beholding the gay banner of the "Mustangs."

The prices are as follows:—25 cents, 50 cents, and $1 per bottle; the 50 cent being three times as large as the 25 cent size, and the $1 size nearly three times as large as the 50 cent size, so that the large bottles are cheapest.

D. TAYLOR, jun. & Co., 25 Hanover street, Boston, General Agents.

Agent for P. E. Island, M. W. Skinner, and sold by dealers generally. 6m

One Pound Reward.

THE above Reward will be paid to any person who shall give such information as will lead to the discovery of the parties, who broke maliciously, the Subscriber's windows, on the night of 29th June last.

JOHN GARVIE.

Grange House, West River, July 1st.

TO BE LET,

And possession given on the 1st August.

A NEW HOUSE in Grafton Street, adjoining the Subscriber's Store. The house will be let in three separate apartments, each apartment comprising five good Rooms, and a Cellar. Application to be made to the Subscriber.

W. B. DAWSON.

June 7th. 1sl & Ad

Prince Edward Island Association.

THIS Association will meet in the Baptist Chapel, Lot 48, on Saturday the 22d July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Introductory Sermon will be preached by the Rev. W. H. Hobbs, of Nova Scotia, on Monday the 24th, at 11 o'clock in the above Chapel, after which the Delegates will attend to business.

FOR SALE.

200 ACRES of land on Township No. 51 having a front of 20 Chains on Montague River.

200 Acres on Lot No. 8, embracing the West Point of the Island.

100 Acres on Township No. 60.

Pasture Lot No. 188 in the Royalty of Georgetown and

Town Lot No. 95 in the 4th hundred of Lots in Charlottetown. Apply to

WILLIAM FORGAN.

Feb. 7th, 1854.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of Prince Street, formerly the site of the Baptist Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Euston Street, and 104 on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable situations in the suburbs for a gentleman's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to

W. H. POPE.

June 6.

Farm for Sale or to Let.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale or to Let, by Private Contract, that valuable Leasehold Farm known by the name of the *Red House*, situated in the thriving Settlement of Bay Fortune, Township No. 56; it contains 357½ acres of Land, about 60 acres of which are cleared; there is a good spring of water on it, about 50 yards from the road. Term of Lease (unexpired) 362 years; rent about 3½d per acre, part of the purchase money may remain on Security on the Farm; immediate possession given. For further particulars, apply to

HEYMAN J. P. TERLIZZICK.

Charlottetown, March 15, 1854.

FOR SALE — Grover Island, situated in Richmond Bay, about one-fourth of a mile from Princetown.

This Island contains about 80 acres, and as a fishing station is unequalled in this Island,—having a sufficient depth of water on one side for vessels of large burthen, and being entirely free from drift sand.

An indisputable Title will be given; and for further particulars, apply to Wm. Forgan, Esq., Charlottetown.

April 22, 1854. (liow. tf)

HOUSE AND LAND FOR SALE.—The Subscriber offers for Sale the House and Land opposite Heath Haviland, Esq'r's.

GEORGE HIX.

May 3.

TO BE LET,

THAT desirable and pleasantly situated HOUSE and Premises, adjoining the Temperance Hall. The House would be fitted up as might be agreed on. The Subscriber would sell his interest in the above.

For particulars enquire of Mr. George T. Haszard.

JOHN RIDER.

June 27th, 1854.

Properties for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers to sell, at moderate rates, and on reasonable terms, his right by Deed to the following Freehold Properties, viz.: 100 acres of Land on Lot or Township No. 2. 300 acres on Lot No. 8; 450 acres at Fifteen Point; 82 acres on Lot No. 25, near McMurdie's; and 72 acres at Seven Mile Bay.

Also,

His interest in the following Leasehold Premises, viz. 44 acres of Land with Dwelling House, Store, Barn, and Out-houses on Lot 18, near the Indian River Chapel, which is an excellent business stand. It is now in the occupation of Mr. J. Coughlan. Also, the Property in Tryon, formerly occupied by the late George Bynon.

The above Tracts of Land being generally known, require little, if any further description.

J. WEATHERBE.

Charlottetown, 10th Feb., 1854. on

Thirty Lots of Land for Sale.

THERE will be offered in June next, for sale by the Subscriber, at Summerside, about 30 building lots, part of which is within a few hundred feet of the Wharf at that place, and others, within from 15 to 20 Chains, part of which are water Lots. Terms made easy, and further notice of sale to be given,

J. WEATHERBY,

May, 12th 1854.

To be Let,

Corner of Great George and King Streets,

A NEW and commodious SHOP, suitable for a GROCERY or DRAPERY STORE, with CELLAR and Out-House room. Apply to

W. C. HOBBS.

LAND FOR SALE.

FIVE Hundred acres of *LAND*, with a Marsh attached, which cuts annually Forty tons of Hay, situate on Township No. 28, head of the Hillsborough River.

For terms apply to SAMUEL NELSON.

Charlottetown, Nov. 24th, 1853.

R. R. R.
Highly Important to the Public.

The Sick cured on the R. R. R. Theory.

THREE GREAT REMEDIES.

The attention of the public is particularly directed to the three quick and powerful remedies discovered by Radway & Co. So quick, so powerful, so effectual, so safe, so pleasant, are these remedies in stopping pain, checking disease, expelling from the human body all foul and corrupt humours, all diseased and poisonous deposits, and restoring the weak, feeble, and fragile frame, worn out by disease and long suffering, to sound health and long life, that whoever uses these remedies, and becomes familiar with the R. R. R. Theory, will never need a physician, unless it is in some critical surgical case. The R. R. R. Remedies will never fail—they prove themselves in the worst cases in less than *twenty-four hours.*

They invigorate, they renovate, they regulate, they relieve the suffering, pain-stricken invalid from the most torturing pains *in a few minutes.*

They restore the sick and diseased body *to health and longevity.*

To the low spirited and nervous they impart joyfulness, viger, and a happy flow of spirits.

To the aged and infirm, whose constitutions are worn out by decrepitude and limbs palsied and enfeebled, they impart the elasticity and buoyancy of manhood in its prime.

To the young, who, between the period of youth and manhood, outgrow their natural strength, who are afflicted with languor, lassitude, loss of appetite, gloomy feelings, &c., they impart to the recuperative orgam a healthy regularity of action.

To the thoughtless seeker and victim of animal passions, who has *wasted* away his strength in folly and revelry, they check the *waste of manhood*, and restore every organ to a sound and natural condition.

To all who suffer pain, to all afflicted with disease, the R. R. R. REMEDIES will quickly and effectually free the sufferer from misery, and render the most wretched capable of enjoying sound health and long life.

R. R. R.
REMEDIES.

The R. R. R. Theory requires only three remedies for the cure of the sick, and the protection of the human system against sudden attacks of violent diseases.

No. 1.—Radway's Ready Relief.—*For the instant Relief of Pain, and quick cure of Acute Maladies.*

No. 2.—Radway's Renovating Resolvent.—*For the effectual cure of all Chronic and Scrofulous Diseases that have been lingering in the System, corrupting the Human Body, for Five, Ten, Twenty, or Forty Years.*

No. 3.—Radway's Regulators.—*For restoring and regulating to a healthy and harmonious action all the Organs in the System. A mild and effectual carthartic.*

R. R. R.—No. 1—RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is for the instant relief of the sufferer from pain, and to check and arrest the progress of diseases; to disinfect animal, malarious, and infectious poisons, thus protecting whoever uses it against all poisonous Infection, from Contagion, and from sudden attacks of Cholera, Pneumonia, Ship Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. Likewise for the effectual and radical removal of all pains and diseases of the Joints, Limbs, Nerves, &c., in from five to fifteen minutes.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will stop the most distressing and violent pains, either internal or external—Nervous, Neuralgic, Bilious, or Rheumatic.

A Fixture in the Family.—Every family should keep a supply of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF in their houses—it is useful in so many ailments—it is always beneficial; he guarantees it is a sure cure for Cholera, if taken in its first symptoms. If used when violent epidemics prevail, it will save life.

R. R. R.—No. 2—Radway's Renovating Resolvent.—We have said that for all chronic complaints, we recommend our RESOLVENT. The RESOLVENT resolves away all diseased deposits that have been lingering in the system for TEN, TWENTY, or FORTY YEARS.

Every person who has been troubled with any complaint for years, will require the RESOLVENT to ensure a perfect cure. The action of the RESOLVENT is directed first to the absorbents, stimulating them into action; and, second to the blood, which it depurates by its alterative action over the glands the liver, pancreas, kidneys, &c., (which are the sewers that nature has established for purifying the blood). You will, after this description, we hope, appreciate the name we have given to the second of the R. R. R. REMEDIES OF RENOVATING RESOLVENT. It resolves away diseased deposits; it purifies the blood, and renovates the system. Tumors are removed and discussed by its operation; Chronic Swellings are dissipated; Nodes are softened and melted away. The most loathsome Skin diseases disappear under its action; Scrofulous constitutions are soon amended, and the disease clocked wherever it has attacked the system. Syphilis, with all its horrible train of concomitants, here find a certain and infallible cure; and Consumption, too, often finds its master. For Chronic Dyspepsia, RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT is not only an effectual, but quick cure.

Bronchitis.—We know of no remedy, nor of any treatment that will so quickly and effectually cure Bronchitis as the RESOLVENT. It is in all old Chronic cases where RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT will be most appreciated.

Its Procreative Power.—Married persons, who are not blessed with offspring, if the difficulty arises from imperfect organs and incompetency, will find the R. R. Resolvent of great benefit.

Dyspepsia, Water Brash.—This distressing disorder is generally the result of a low grade of Chronic inflammation of the Stomach. The patient, who generally feels well enough when the stomach is empty, is afflicted with the most distressing symptoms on taking food. Water Brash eructations, with burning sensation, heart burn, pain at pit of stomach, &c. This disease is generally accompanied with costive bowels.

Treatment.—Resolvent three times per day after meals, dessert spoonful. One Regulator on going to bed at night, to keep the bowels open and regular. When the Heart Burn is very distressing, a dose of the Relief taken in water will promptly relieve it.

The public may rely upon an effectual cure of the following diseases by using the Renovating Resolvent:—

Chronic Rheumatism,	*Tumors, Ulcers,*
Scrofula,	*Skin Diseases,*
Glandular Swellings,	*Hip Diseases,*
Hacking dry Cough,	*Female Complaints,*
Cancerous Affections,	*Gout,*
Syphilitic Complaints,	*Rickets,*
Bleeding of the Lungs,	*Salt Rheum,*
Dyspepsia, Water Brash,	*Bronchitis,*
Tic Doloreux,	*Consumption,*
White Swellings,	*Liver Complaint.*

R. R. R.—No. 3.—Radway's Regulators.—THE THIRD GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY OF RADWAY & CO.—One Regulator is sufficient to regulate the Bowels, Liver, and Pancreas to a healthy and harmonious discharge of their functions.

Two will insure a pleasant discharge from the bowels at a regular period of time every day.

Four to six will purge thoroughly all corrupt and acrimonious humors from the alimentary canal.

Important to Pill Takers.—Every one who is in the habit of taking pills will find RADWAY'S REGULATOR'S the most pleasant, safe, effectual regulator of the Bowels, Liver, Pancreas, and the most CERTAIN PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD in use.

One of RADWAY'S REGULATORS is superior, in point of medical strength and efficacy, to six of the most popular and best approved Cathartic Pills.

All Purgative or Cathartic Pills are made from the crude materials of their composition: the inert and active principles are combined together, and the pills are made up of this common mass, so that out of six pills the patient has to swallow, all the really and truly medical virtues of the same would not make more than two pills. Every chemist well knows that out of the crude materials of drugs, roots, herbs, barks, plants, &c., there is only a yield of one tenth of medical virtue. We seriously believe that more deaths are caused by overloading the system with useless physic than from disease. No more medicine should be given to a patient than what is necessary to produce the desired effect, and to overload the system with useless drugs is not only checking the action of active virtues, but is inflicting serious labour upon the already shattered constitution.

R. R. R. Remedies are based upon this principle—there is as much difference, in point of strength and efficacy, between *Radway's Regulators* and all other Cathartic Pills, as there is between quinine and common bark, or morphine and opium.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS, therefore, are the best pills for the sick to take, one being sufficient in all ordinary difficulties, and two possessing a greater and better power than any six of the most approved pills known.

Radway's Regulators are a certain cure for Costiveness, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Complaint, Jaundice, Head Aches, Nervousness, Melancholy, Diseases of the Bladder. Female Difficulties.—Leuchorrhœa, Fleur Albus, Whites, and Irregularities of all kinds. Bilious Diseases.—Bile on the Stomach, Bilious Colic, Enlargement of the Spleen, and all Chronic Affections of the Liver and Kidneys.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS are most carefully prepared from extracts and gums of trees, plants, roots, and herbs. There are no pills in use that will act upon the Liver, Pancreas, Bowels, the Salivary Glands and Nerves, so pleasantly and so effectually as the R. R. REGULATORS. No pills can be taken for any length of time with the same safety to the constitution; for, instead of debilitating the system by powerful and drastic purging, they act pleasantly upon the bowels, and impart strength to every nerve and tissue of the body.

One of the REGULATORS, taken on going to bed, will insure a regular and healthy discharge from the bowels in the morning. In cases where eight or ten of the common pills are used for free evacuations, two or three of the REGULATORS are sufficient.

NO CALOMEL

or other poisonous drug enters their composition—they are entirely vegetable. They are pleasant to take, elegantly coated with a medicinal gum, are perfectly tasteless, and free from smell. No person will feel any disagreeable symptoms from taking a dose of REGULATORS.

CAUTION.

There is a counterfeit Ready Relief in the market; the labels are very similiar to the labels on the genuine. Purchase only of authorized agents, and inquire of the person you purchase from if they know it to be genuine. If you do not find relief from pain in fifteen minutes, send us the label of the bottle you purchase, and inform us from whom you purchased.

RADWAY & CO.,
162 Fulton street, New York.

W. R. WATSON, Agent for Prince Edward Island.

TURNIPS.

THE ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY offer the following Premiums, to be competed for in Queen's County this season, viz:

For the best acre of Swede Turnips,	£3	0	0
2d do do	2	10	0
3d do do	2	0	0
4th do do	1	10	0
5th do do	1	0	0
6th do do	0	10	0

Should the most successful competitor have been a winner of a First Prize on any previous occasion, he will receive, instead of the Money Prize, a Silver Medal, with suitable inscription; and the money for the first Prize will be awarded to the next successful competitor, and so on to the end of the list.

AN INDUSTRIAL SHOW will be held in Charlottetown in November, at which the usual Prizes will be awarded.

By Order,
C. STEWART, Secretary.

Committee Room, 3d May, 1854.

FOR the CURE of LIVER Complaints, Jaundice Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Indigestion, Gout, Dysentry, Diarrhœa, Disorders of the Kidneys and Bladder, Erysipelas, and all Diseases of the Skin. Eruptions, Typhoid and Inflamatory Fevers, Sick, Headache, Costiveness, Pains in the Head, Breast, Side, Back and Limbs, Palpitation of the Heart, Female Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood.

These invaluable Pills have been used with unparalled success in private practice for more than thirty years, and are now offered to public, with the fullest conviction that they will prove themselves a public benefit.

They possess the power of stimulating the depurative organs throughout the body to a healthy action, thus assisting nature to subvert disease after her own manner. Prepared only by D. Taylor, Jr. & Co., No. 25, Hanover street, Boston.

W. R. WATSON, Charlottetown, General Agent for P. E. Island.

Carriages! Carriages! Carriages!

THE Subscriber, thankful for past favors, takes this opportunity to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to Green's Shore, and will be prepared to furnish Carriages, of every description, at the shortest notice; and he hopes by punctuality and good workmanship, to merit a share of public patronage.

JOHN TODD.

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A

FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical *pill*, but not easy to make the best of all *pills*—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These *pills* produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Costiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofula and Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body, Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine.

PREPARED BY

JAMES C. AYER,

Assayer and Practical Chemist,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

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For Sale by T. DESBRISAY & Co., General Agency.

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Mr Lemuel Owen, Georgetown,
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