

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT,

AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCER.

Vol. I. No. 31.]

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 8TH SEPTEMBER, 1839.

[PRICE ONE PENNY.

POETRY.

THE VISIONIST.

OVER A PICTURE OF A GIRL, NEWLY AWAKENED, AND IN A Musing ATTITUDE.

She has been dreaming!—and her thoughts are still,
On their far journey in the land of dreams!
The forms we call—but may not chase—at will,
And soft, low voices,—as if as distant streams,
Heard in the night-hush,—linger round her heart!
Oh, dark-eyed dreamer!—how thy spirit sail
Into the years when dreams of joy depart,
With each bright morning,—like the nightingale!
When hope is only for the slumbering hours,
A thing on which the water thinks—and weeps;
And pleasant fancies,—like night-blowing flowers,—
Gleam out their perfume but with memory sleeps!—
That is the precious privilege of youth,
That paints all visions in the hues of truth!

THE DEAN OF SANTIAGO AND DON ILLAN OF TOLEDO.

From "Lays and Legends of Spain."

The version of the present excellent story is from the easy and vigorous pen of the Rev. Blanco White. Readers need hardly be told now—a day that the germ of it is to be found in the story of the Salton and the Buckat of Water, in the Arai in Night.

It was but a short hour before noon when the Dean of St. Jago alighted at the door of Don Illan, the celebrated magician of Toledo. The house, according to old tradition, stood on the bank of the perpendicular rock, which now crowned with Alcazar rises to a frightful height over the Tagus. A raid of Moorish blood led the Dean to a retired apartment, where Don Illan was reading. The natural politeness of a Castilian had rather been improved than impaired by the studies of the Toledan sage, who exhibited nothing in his dress or person that might induce even a suspicion of darkness. "I heartily greet your reverence," said Don Illan to the Dean, "and feel highly honoured by this visit. Whatever be the object of it, let me beg you will defer stating it till I have made you quite at home in this house. I hear my housekeeper making ready the Monday meal. That maid, Sir, will show you the room, which has been prepared for you. And when you have brushed off the dust of your journey, you shall find a canonical capon hot upon the board."

The dinner, which soon followed, was just what a pampered Spanish canon would wish it abundant, nutritive, and delicate. "No, no," said Don Illan, when the soup, and a bumper of lints had recruited the Dean's spirits, and he saw him making an attempt to break the object of his visit; "no business, please your reverence, while at dinner. Let us enjoy our meal at present, and when we have discussed the oils, the capon, and a bottle of Yeggs, it will be time enough to turn to the cares of life."

The ecclesiastic's full face had never beamed with more glee at the collection on Christmas Eve, when, by the indulgence of the church, the fast is broken at sunset, instead of continuing through the night, than it did now, under the influence of Don Illan's good humour and heart-cheering wine. Still it was evident that some vehement and unmanageable wish had taken possession of his mind, breaking out now and then in some hurried motion, some gulping up of a full glass of wine without stopping to relish the flavour, and fifty other symptoms of absence and impatience, which at such a distance from the cathedral could not be attributed to the afternoon bell. The time came at length of rising from table, and the spirit of Don Illan's pressing request to have another bottle, the Dean, with a certain dignity of manner, led his good-natured host to the recess of an oriel window, looking upon the river.

"Allow me, dear Don Illan," he said, "to open my heart to you; for even your hospitality must fail to make me completely happy

till I have obtained the boon which I came to ask. I know that no man ever possessed greater power than you over the invisible agents of the universe. I die to become an adept in that wonderful science, and if you will receive me as your pupil, there is nothing I should think of sufficient worth to repay your friendship."

"Good sir," replied Don Illan, "I should be extremely loth to offend you, but permit me to say, that in spite of the knowledge of causes and effects which I have acquired, all that my experience teaches me of the hearts of men is not only vague and indistinct, but for the most part unfavourable. I only guess; I cannot read their thoughts, nor pry into the recesses of their mind. As for yourself, I am sure you are a rising man, and likely to obtain the first dignities of the church. But whether, when you find yourself in places of high honour and patronage, you will remember the humble personage of whom you now ask hazardous and important services, it is impossible for me to ascertain."

"Nay, nay," exclaimed the Dean, "but I know myself, if you do not, Don Illan. Generosity and friendship (inve you force me to speak in my own praise) have been the delight of my soul even from childhood. Don't not, my dear friend, (for by that name I wish you would allow me to call you) doubt not, from this moment, to command my services. Whatever interest I may possess, it will be my highest gratification to see it returned in favour of you and yours."

"My hearty thanks for all, worthy sir," said Don Illan; "but let us now proceed to business, the sun is set, and if you please, we return to my private study."

Lights being called for, Don Illan led the way to the lower part of the house; and dismissing the Moorish maid near a small door, of which he held the key in his hand, desiring her to get two partridges for supper, not to dress them till he should order it; then unlocking the door, he began to descend by a winding staircase. The Dean followed, with a certain degree of trepidation, which the length of the stairs greatly tended to increase; for, to all appearance, they reached below the level of the Tagus. At this depth, a comfortable first room was found, the walls completely covered with shelves, where Don Illan kept his works on magic: globes, planispheres, and strange drawings, occupied the top of the book-cases. Fresh air was admitted, though it would be difficult to guess by what means, since the sound of gilding water, such as is heard at the lower part of a ship when sailing with a gentle breeze, intimated but a thin partition between the subterranean cabinet and the river. "Here then," said Don Illan, offering a chair to the Dean, and drawing another for himself towards a small round table, "we have only to choose among the elementary works of the science for which you long. Suppose we begin to read this small volume."

The volume was laid on the table, and opened at the first page, containing circles, concentric and extrinsic, triangles with intelligible characters, and the well-known signs of the planets. "This," said Don Illan, "is the alphabet of the whole science. Here, as called Trismegistus—of the sound of a small bell within the chamber made the Dean almost leap out of his chair. "Be not alarmed," said Don Illan; "it is the bell, by which my servants let me know they want to speak to me." Saying thus, he pulled a thick string, and soon after a servant appeared with a packet of letters. It was addressed to the Dean. A courier had closely followed them on the road, and was at that moment arrived at Toledo. "Good Heaven!" exclaimed the Dean, having read the contents of the letters; "my great uncle, the archbishop of Santiago is dangerously ill. This is, however, what the secretary says, from his lordship's dictation. But here is another from the archbishop of the diocese, who assures me that the old man was not expected to live. I can hardly repeat what he adds. Poor dear uncle, may heaven lengthen his days! The chapter seem to have turned

their eyes towards me—and—ugh—it cannot be—but the electors, according to the archdeacon, are quite decided in my favour. "Well," said Don Illan, "all I regret is the interruption of our studies; but I doubt not you will soon wear the mitre. In the meantime, I would advise you to pretend that illness does not allow you to return directly. A few days will give a decided turn to the whole affair; and at all events, your absence, in the case of an election, will be construed into modesty. Write, therefore, your despatches, my dear sir, and we will prosecute our studies at another time."

Two days had elapsed since the arrival of the messenger, when the verger of the church of Santiago, attended by servants in splendid liveries, alighted at Don Illan's door, with letters for the Dean. The old prelate was dead, and his nephew had been elected to the see, by the unanimous vote of the chapter. The elected dignitary seemed overcome by contending feelings; but, having wiped away some decent tears, he assumed an air of gravity, which almost touched on superciliousness. Don Illan addressed his congratulations, and was the first to kiss the new archbishop's hand; "I hope," he added, "I may also congratulate my son, the young man who is now at the university of Paris, for I flatter myself, your lordship will give him a degree, which is now vacant by your promotion." "My worthy friend," Don Illan, replied the archbishop elect, "my obligation to you I can never repay. You have heard my character; I hold a friend as another self. But why would you take the laid away from his studies? An archbishop of St. Jago cannot want preferment at any time. Follow me to my diocese; I will not, for all the mitres in Christendom, forego the benefit of your instruction; the Deanery, to tell the truth, must be given to my uncle, my father's own brother, who has had but a small living for many years; he is much liked at Santiago, and I should like my character if, to place such a young man as your son at the head of the chapter, I neglected an exemplary priest so nearly related to me." "Just as you please, my lord," said Don Illan, and began to prepare for the journey.

The acclamations which greeted the new archbishop on his arrival at the capital of Galicia, were not long after, succeeded by an universal regret, at his translation to the see of the recently conquered town of Seville.

"I will not leave you behind," said the archbishop to Don Illan, who with more tenderness than he showed at Toledo, approached to kiss the sacred ring in the Archbishop's right hand, and to offer his humble congratulations; "but do not fret about your son; he is too young. I have my mother's relations to provide for; but Seville is a rich see; the blessed King Ferdinand who rescued it from the Moors, endowed it church so as to make it rival the first cathedrals in Christendom. Do but follow me, and all will be well in the end. Don Illan bowed with a suppliant air, and was soon after on the banks of the Guadalquivir, in the suite of the new Archbishop.

Scarcely had Don Illan's pupil been at Seville one year, when his far extended fame moved the Pope to send him a Cardinal's hat, destitute his presence at the Court of Rome. The crowd of visitors that came to congratulate the prelate, kept Don Illan away for many days. He at length obtained a private audience, and with tears in his eyes, entreated his eminence not to oblige him to quit Spain. "I am growing old, my lord," he said; "I quit my house at Toledo only for your sake, and in hopes of raising my son to some place of honour and emolument in the church; I even gave up my favourite studies, except as far as they were of service to your eminence. My son—" "No more of that, if you please, Don Illan," interrupted the Cardinal. "Follow me you must, who can tell what may happen in Rome? The Pope is old, you know. But do not trifle me about preferment. A public man has duties of a description which those in the

lower ranks of life cannot either weigh or comprehend. I confess I am under obligations to you, and feel quite disposed to reward your services; yet I must not have my creditors knocking every day at my door; you understand, Don Illan. In a week we set out for Rome."

With such a strong tide of good fortune as had lately flowed upon Don Illan's pupil, the reader cannot be surprised to find him, in a short time, wearing the papal crown. He was now arrived at the highest place of honour on earth; but in the tactics of the election and consequent coronation, the man to whose wonderful science he owed this rapid ascent, had completely slipped out of his memory. Fatigued with the exhibition of himself through the streets of Rome, which he had been obliged to make in a solemn procession, the new Pope sat alone in one of the chambers of the Vatican, at water in the night. By the light of two wax tapers which scarcely illuminated the father end of the saloon, his holiness was enjoying that reverie of mixed pain and pleasure which follows the complete attainment of almost wishes, when Don Illan advanced in visible perturbation, conscious of the confusion on which he ventured. "Holy father!" exclaimed the old man, and cast himself at his papal feet. "Holy father, in pity to these poor hours, do not consign an old servant to night; I do not say an old friend, to utter neglect and forgetfulness. My son—" "By St. Peter!" ejaculated his holiness, rising from the chair, "your eminence shall be checked—You my friend is a magician, the friend of Heaven's viceregent! Away, wretched man! When I prettied to learn of thee it was only to sound the abyss of crime into which thou hadst plunged; I did it with a view of bringing thee to enough punishment. Yet, in compassion to thy age, I will not make an example of thee, provided thou avest mine eyes. Like thy crime and shame where thou canst. This moment thou must quit the palace, or the next closes the gates of the inquisition upon thee."

Trembling, and his wrinkled face bedewed with tears, Don Illan begged to be allowed but one word more. "I am very poor, Holy Father," said he, "tasting in your patronage I relinquished all, and have not left wherewith to pay my journey." "Away I say, answered the Pope; "if my excessive bounty has made you neglect your patrimony, I will no further encourage you to waste and imprudence. Poverty is but a slight punishment for your crimes." "But, father," rejoined Don Illan, "my wants are instant; I am hungry; give me but a title to procure supper to night. To-morrow I shall beg my way out of Rome." "Heaven forbid that I should be guilty of feeding the ally of the prince of darkness!" said the Pope. "Away away from my presence, or I instantly call for the guard." "Well then," replied Don Illan, rising from the ground, and looking on the Pope with a boldness which began to show his holiness into a paroxysm of rage, "if I am to starve at Rome, I had better return to the sun, per which I order in your patronage. Thus saying, he rang a gold bell, which stood on a table next the Pope.

The door opened without delay, and the Moorish servant came in. The Pope looked round, and found himself in the subterranean study under the Tagus. "Desire the cook," said Don Illan to the maid, "to put but one partridge to roast; for I will not throw away the other on the Dean of St. Jago."

Sir Walter Scott, in an article in the Quarterly Review, on the Cullen papers, mentions a characteristic instance of an old Highland warrior's pardon. "You must forgive your bitter enemy, now," said the coalescer to him, as he lay gasping on his death-bed.—"Well, if I must, I must," replied the chieftain; "but my curse be on you, Donald," turning towards his son, "if you give forgiveness."

INDIAN SACRIFICE.—Truths are apt to become hackneyed; and perhaps it is for this reason, that the dishonesty of lawyers, and the vinity of women have long been considered subjects

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to trite for the exercise of legitimate wit. The following reply of an old Pennsylvanian Chief has, however, the charm of novelty about it. I saw him in company with a line-poet, whose gaily trappings contrasted strongly with the ragged and rusty apparel of his uncle. "Why don't you wear ribbons and beads?" said I. "Me!" exclaiming the astonished old man. "Wait for my new ribbons and beads! Me no want condition Square!"

AGRICULTURE.—Says Franklin, I think agriculture the most honorable of all employments is being the most independent. The farmer has no need of popular favor, nor of the favor of the great—the success of his crops depending only on the blessing of God upon his honest industry.

Receive no satisfaction for momentary impatience—forget it, but keep him incessantly at a distance who offered it.

Love.—"Weep no," said a learned sage to one who was weeping away her life in sorrow for her beloved, "weep no, tears are the best comforter; they are drops from the river of Lethe which alone has power to make one forget a beloved object." "Have tears this power?" she asked in wonder, and dried up her eyes hastily, and moistened them no more with tears.

Virtue is no enemy to pleasure, grandeur, or glory; her proper office is to regulate our desires, that we may enjoy every blessing with moderation, and lose them without discontent.

None are more loth to take a jest, than those who are the first to give one.

The following is a relation of Sir Colin Campbell by an English paper.

Sir COLIN CAMPBELL.—About six weeks before the battle of Assaye, General Wellesley thought it necessary to obtain possession of an important fort, named Ahmudjager. It was taken by a most gallant assault; in the thick of the assault General Wellesley saw a young officer, who had reached the top of the "very lofty wall," thrust off by the enemy, and falling through the air from a great height, General Wellesley had little doubt that he must have been severely wounded, if not killed by the fall; but hastened to enquire the name and fate of the gallant young fellow, and had the satisfaction of seeing him in a moment after comparatively little injured, again mounting to the assault. Next morning the General sent for him, offered to attach him to his staff as a Brigade Major, and from that hour, through all his perils and fortunes, even to the conquest of Paris, continued him in his personal family and friendship, and used his influence to say that the first time he had ever seen him was in the air; that young officer is now Sir Colin Campbell, Knight Commander of the Bath, a Major General in the army, and Governor of Nova Scotia.

DUTCH MAIL.

While I was at Nottingham I fell in with a plain elderly man, an ancient reader of the Leicester Herald, a paper which I published in the halcyon days of my youth. His reputation secured me many a hearty shake by the hand, accompanied by the watery eyes of warm feeling, as I passed through the midland counties. I abandoned it in 1795, for the Monthly Magazine, and exchanged Leicester for London. This ancient reader hearing that I was in Nottingham, came to me with a certain paper in his hand, to call me to account for the wearisome hours which an article in it had cost him and his friends. I looked at it, and saw it headed "Dutch Mail," and it professed to be a column of Dutch original, which this honest man had been labouring to translate, for he said he had not met with any other specimen of Dutch. The sight of it brought the following circumstance to my recollection: On the evening before one of the publications, my men and a boy were frolicking in the printing-office, and they overturned two or three columns of the paper. The chief point was to get ready in time for the Nottingham and Derby coaches, which at four in the morning required. After every exertion, we were short nearly a column. But there stood in the galleys a tempting column of pi. Now, unlettered reader, mark—pi is a jumble of odd letters, gathered from the floor of the printing office but set on end in any manner, to distribute at leisure in their proper places. Some letters are topsy-turvy, often ten or twelve consecutively together, and then as many vowels, with as a whole a juxtaposition of words. I suddenly thought me that this might be called Dutch, and after writing a head, "Dutch

Mail," I subjoined a statement, that, "just as our paper was going to press, the Dutch mail had arrived, but that, as we had not time to make a translation, we had inserted an intelligence in the original." I thus overcame the scruples of my overseer, and the pi was made up to the extent wanted, and off it went as Dutch original, into D-royaire and Nottingham! In a few hours, other matter, in plain English, supplied its place in our local publication. Of course, all the linguists, schoolmasters, high-bred village politicians, and correspondents of the Leicesters' Diary, set their wits to work to translate my Dutch; and I once had a collection of letters containing speculation on the subject, or demanding a literal translation of that which appeared to be so intricate. How the Dutch could read it, was indeed, conceivable. My Nottingham guidebook was one of the number, and it appeared that, at times, for above four and thirty years, he had bestowed on it his anxious attentions. I told him the story—and he left me, vowing that, as I had deceived him, he would never believe any newspaper again.

UNITED STATES.

WARLIKE.—We learn from the Bangor Whig that a thousand men of Arms arrived in that city on Saturday last, from Portland, for the purpose of arming (with the Lincoln Frontier Regiment.—This looks as if Governor Knut was in earnest.

Gen. Green wants 10,000 volunteers from Kentucky and Tennessee, and with them he says he will attend the Indian (hostile) Council, which is to be held. The Governor of Tennessee writes that he shall have his call answered upon Tennessee, when made "by authority."

A terrible tragedy recently occurred at Canton, Miss. growing out of the late duel between Messrs. Dickens and Brane of that place. A Kentuckian, a stranger, happening to be in Canton, spoke of the duel and charged Mr. Mitchell Calhoun, the second of Brane with cowardice and unfairness. Mr. Calhoun called upon the Kentuckian for an explanation and the offensive charge was repeated. A challenge and fight with bowie knives, took place, and the consequences. Both parties were dreadfully and dangerously wounded, though neither was dealt at last advices. Mr. Calhoun's brother to the Hon. John Calhoun, member of Congress from this State.—(Louisville Journal.)

UPPER CANADA.

We are just informed that a patent granting an unconditional pardon to Thomas J. Sutherland, now in confinement at Quebec, has passed through the Secretary's Office in this Province.—Toronto Patriot.

Hamilton, Aug. 28.—A most daring but ineffectual attempt to rob the Bank was committed on Thursday night, some desperadoes having procured a ladder, placed it to one of the upper windows, which they entered. We understand they unwittingly found themselves in the bed room of Mr. Steven the Cashier, whose pockets they rifled. It appears that they made a second entrance, probably from the circumstance of not finding the keys of the vaults. Mr. S. being awakened twice upon the parties, who took to their heels. The circumstance is under investigation and we hope will lead to the detection of the parties,—who, we are told, are known.—Gazette.

LOWER CANADA.

We have learned with surprise, and we are sure so will our readers, that the Government has not yet paid the reward of five hundred pounds, gained by the captors of the Scotch rebel W. H. Scott, who was detained all winter in jail on a charge of High Treason, and liberated on giving bail to the amount of ten thousand pounds. The captors took Scott at the eminent peril of their lives, for they knew not how he might be armed, or what assistance might be within his reach. He was also reported to be a desperate character, combining boldness with physical strength, so that the four young gentlemen belonging to the "mounted police," who took him performed a duty to their country in very gallant style, as was acknowledged by all. They have repeatedly asked for the reward from Lord Gosford who offered it, from Sir John Colborne, who acknowledged its validity, and from Lord Durham, whose Chief Secretary has, hitherto, maintained a most dignified silence on the subject. We believe it is usual for officers of the Government to

answer official letters in the way or other either by simply acknowledging their receipt, or by entering into their merits, but that rule has not held good in the present instance. Perhaps a legal application for the money might be better attended to.—Mont. Herald.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 27th SEPT. 1838.

LATEST DATES.

London, . . . July 25. Sept 1
Liverpool, . . . July 25. Aug 22
Havre, July 21. Aug 25

The *Sig Columbus*, Capt. Centreau, has arrived in port from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 2nd August, and has brought papers to the day of her sailing. These papers are genuine copies of Her Majesty's Speech at the opening of Parliament, and account of other interesting Parliamentary proceedings. The following extract from the Exchange Register of this morning will explain to our readers the reason why we are unable to give

EIGHT DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

"Although there are later dates in town, to the 2nd August, we regret much that we are not permitted to lay their contents before our readers. The papers were brought by the *Columbus*, and we presume were intended for the Exchange. Mr. Lambie, however, got them, and would not permit us to look at them until he dispatched them to the Governor-General."

The Superintendent of the Exchange has been favored with the perusal of a Greenock paper of the 31st ult. brought by the *Canada*,—its contents, however, are unimportant. The J. Baptiste, the *Gambour*, and the *Earl of Dalhousie* had arrived, and the *Thames* and *Margaret Balfour* had left the Clyde for this port on the 16th.

By the steamer that arrived this forenoon we have received the Montreal papers of yesterday morning. They contain nothing of interest.

The trial of the prisoners charged with the murder of Casgrain commenced on Thursday morning. Sixteen witnesses for the prosecution were examined on the first day, but the particulars are not given. Mr. D. A. Labege, one of the prisoner's Counsel, was committed to gaol till the last day of the term for contempt of Court.

New York papers of the 3rd, contain no later news from Europe, nor any local intelligence of interest.

"Montreal, Thursday evening, Sept. 6th." We have no papers from Upper Canada today, nor have I heard any thing new.

The stages did not arrive from Upper Canada last night till after the departure of the boat for Quebec. The passengers report nothing new, but the respite of the condemned prisoners at Niagara till the 1st October.

"This day the Criminal Court was occupied with the trial of the murderers of Chartrand. In impaneling the Jury a number was challenged by the prisoners and by the Officers of the Crown. It is composed of Canadians. At half-past five o'clock the case for the Crown was not finished, and the Court adjourned till to-morrow morning. The Attorney-General was assisted by the Solicitor General and M. Driscoll, Q. C.

"Mr. D. A. Labege, Advocate, was committed to prison this morning for contempt of Court."—Gazette.

It is to be hoped that, the New-York Commercial Advertiser has save good ground for the following statement made in its last number:—

"As for the Canadian border, we have little trouble to apprehend in that quarter. The days of 'sympathy,' we hope and believe, have gone by. Our citizens generally, on the frontier and elsewhere, are better informed than they were, last winter, touching the designs and character of the agitators; and even should the Canadian troubles of last year be renewed, we have no fears that attempts to co-operate would be made within our own territory, which the present arrangements would not be found sufficient to repress."

The Montreal Transcript of Thursday professes to be informed by a person of undoubted veracity lately returned from the States, where he has for a length of time resided, that the greater part of the refugee rebels of last winter have entered the American service as soldiers. This person can vouch for

whole companies composed of these refugees having been marched off to Florida to contend with the Indians. Whatever occurs let Jonathan alone to draw his own advantage from it.

It would appear, from a letter published by a "sympathiser" named Bagley, in the *Waterloo Jeffersonian*, that *Mackenzie's Gazette* has been given up by nearly all its subscribers in the neighbourhood of that place, on account of Mac's support of Van Buren's administration—all his subscribers being Whigs and opposed to the President's political conduct.

A whining letter from Canada, in praise of the vagabond Sutherland, has found its way into some of the newspapers. Among other expressions it contains the following:—

"We know very little about the true state of the Canadas, for the reason that only one side is published. There the liberty of speech and of the press is put down by the bayonet. There a man is in danger of imprisonment if he utters 'above his breath,' his real sentiments."

What ardent stuff! If there be any one country on earth where the press indulges freedom beyond parallel, and almost beyond endurance, it is in the Canadas. Let any doubter call at this office any of the six working mornings of the week, and look at the Canada papers for himself.—N. Y. paper.

THE THEATRE.

On Thursday evening the "Hunchback" and "The Weathercock" were performed by command of the Governor General. His Excellency, we learn, was prevented by a slight indisposition from attending; but the Countess of Durham and family honour the Theatre with their presence.

Last night, the comedy of "The Wonder—a Woman keeps a Secret," was performed to a respectable and house. Miss Ellen Tree's performance of Donna Violante obtained unbounded applause, and was to our mind, almost "a faultless piece"; and we believe that her delineation of the character would not at all suffer by comparison with that of any actress who has ever undertaken it. She was well sustained in this difficult part by Mr. Abbott, as Don Felix. The part of Flora was played by Miss Melton; and though her form is perhaps not the most sylph-like, yet her sprightly and unaffected style of acting makes her win upon the audience, and she shortly becomes a greater favourite.

The interest throughout was well sustained,—producing not the foolish transitory laugh, raised by caricature, but the solid, pleasurable, and lasting sensation, which results from the perception of the spectator, that the picture on the stage corresponds with the original in nature as it exists in his own mind.

On Tuesday evening last, after the conclusion of the races, a man was attacked near the head of the long steps leading from the piers to the Cove, by two soldiers who severely beat him, and rifled his pockets of all the money he had about him, amounting to five dollars and a quarter. The Mercury mentions that on the same evening the Police apprehended a man of the name of Jas. Hylan aged about 20, having in his possession no less than twenty-five silk pocket handkerchiefs, 2 muslin do. and a pair of child's kid gloves. This fellow originally came from Montreal and was released from Quebec jail on Saturday last, to which place he has again been sent for two months. Most of the above mentioned articles have been identified and claimed.

The number of arrivals at this port up to last night amount to 752, being an increase of 55 vessels over that of last year at the same period.

A private match is to take place on the first morning of a fair wind, between the boats belonging to Messrs. Parke, Usher, and Jones. The names of the boats are the Shamrock, Algerine, and Falcon. They will start from the India wharf.

A race takes place today at one o'clock between Mr. Anderson's *Maria* and Mr. Pendergrast's *Silletah*, a private bet of 250 a side.

NEGOTIATOR was raffled for yesterday evening, and won by the setter up, who was in partnership with a gentleman of Quebec. There were 40 throws at \$10 each, and the winning number was 42.—Mercury.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

ARRIVED.

September 6th.

Ship Doehfour, Thompson, 25th July, Bristol, Symes & Ross, ballast, 2d voyage.
 Ship Sir Walter Scott, Young, 17th June Liverpool, William Sharples & Co.
 Bark Clyde, Reed, 23rd July, Liverpool, J. Tibbatts.
 Bark New Brunswick, Bruce, 13th July, Liverpool, Moore Brothers.
 Bark Gov Harcourt, Eley, 22d July, London, L. Windsor, 2d voyage.
 Bark Tottenham, Jeffreys, 10th July, Ross, Gilmour & Co.
 Bark Belona, Mackay, 21st July, Newry, Price & Co.
 Brig Harmony, McClintock, 13th July Dublin, Price & Co.
 Brig Minstrel, Outerbridge, 23d July Limerick, Gilmour & Co. 2d voyage.
 Brig Breeze, O'Donnell, 22d July, Limerick, 4 passengers, 2d voyage.
 Brig Briton, Lightfoot, 20th July, London, L. Windsor, ballast.
 Brig Harmony, Black, 28th July, Wexford, Pemberton, 2d voyage.
 Schr. Unity, Smith, 7 days, Bay Chaleur, M. Houston, fish, Sec. 4 passengers.
 7th.
 Ship Wm. Dawson, Berzede, 27th July, Alton, Gilmour & Co. coals.
 Ship Napoleon, McAppin, 22d July, Belfast, G. H. Parce, general cargo, 35 steerage passengers.—2d voyage.
 Bark Rokeby, Elder, 14th July, Bristol, Windsor & Co. ballast.
 Bark Crackston Castle, McKenley, 25th July, Greenock, order.
 Bark Richibucto, Ganson, 24th July, Dublin, Gilmour & Co. 2d voyage.
 Bark Minerva, Pearson, 10th July, Whithy, H. W. Welch, ballast.
 Bark Recovery, Saxson, 22d July, Gloster, Pemberton, 2d voyage.
 Bark Robert Alexander Park, Salter, 25th July, Belfast, G. H. Parce, 32 steerage passengers.
 Bark Ipswich, Lakeman, 21st July, Padstow, LeMaurier & Co. 2d voyage.
 Bark Priscilla, Cleverly, 21st July, Plymouth. Brig Cheviot, James, 18th July, Milford, H. W. Welch, 2d voyage.
 Brig Tom Bonline, Robinson, 18th July, Tralee, Symes & Ross.
 Schr. Victoria, Savage, 18th Augt. Halifax, John Young, sugar.
 Bark Bolivin, Harper, 21st July, Waterford, Price & Co. ballast.
 Bark Jane, Lash, 25th do. Dublin, Pemberton, do.
 Bark Navarino, Murray, 20th do. Plymouth, Matland & Co. do.
 Bark Pallas, Hall, 18th do. Cork, Price & Co. do.

Bark Wm. Harrington, Smith, 11th August, Newfoundland, Lemesurier & Co. do.
 Brig Hero, Thom, 27th July, Greenock, Rodgers, Dean & Co. do.
 Ship Canada, Allan, 31st do. do. Montreal, general cargo, 28 settlers.
 Ship Columbus, Pentreath, 2nd August, Liverpool, J. Tibbatts, ballast.
 Bark Springhill, Auld, 24th July, Greenock, Laurie & Burns, do.
 Bark Anne, Allan, 22nd do. Ross, Pemberton, do.
 Bark John, Hesilton, 20th do. Liverpool, Symes & Ross, salt.
 Brig Diana, Miller, 19th August, St. John, Newfoundland, do. ballast.
 Brig Mars, Newman, 21st July, Newry, Pemberton, do.
 Brig Elizabeth, Wallace, 18th do. Dundalk, Gilmour and Co. do.
 Brig Amity, Dunn, 10th August, St. John, Newfoundland, Atkinson & Co. do.
 Brig John Thompson, Clark, 18th July, Poole, Lemesurier & Co. do.
 Brig Cornwallis, Davins, 25th do. Waterford, H. N. Jones, do.
 Schooner Mary, Dugal, 22nd August, Perce, fish.

Two o'clock P.M.—The telegraph announces nine square-rigged vessels and one schooner at hand.

CLEARED.

September 6th.
 Brig Thornley, Verril, Cardiff, Levy & Co.
 Bark Viewforth, Bell, London, Price & Co.
 Ship City of Waterford, Bennett, Liverpool, Froste & Co.
 Schr. Irene, Josse, Arichat, Marison & Tibbatts.

Bark Venture, Wilson, Belfast, H. N. Jones.
 Big Mercury, Edwards, Waterford.
 Bark Pops Aili, Mills, Cork, Price & Co. 7th.

Bark America, Mackie, Liverpool, J. Tibbatts.
 Brig Blucher, Heron, Swansea, Gilmour & Co.
 Ship Welford, Brown, London, Matland & Co.

Bark Elizabeth Bentley, Robinson, Liverpool, Schr. Richmond, Gerron, Arichat & Hat fax, H. J. Noad.
 Schr. Yve Fitead, Godier, Newill, J. W. Leaycraft.

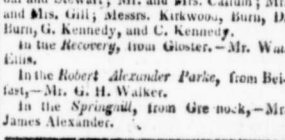
LETTER BAGS AT THE EXCHANGE.
 For London, Bark Asia, Captain Welbank.
 For Portsmouth, Brig Procor, Captain Arnold.
 For Liverpool, Ship Cesar de Leon, Captain Robinson, will close to-morrow.
 Ship Margaret, Captain Chalmers.
 For Waterford, Brig Margaret, Captain Pur, will close on Sunday at noon.
 For Greenock, Bark Superb, Captain Shannon, will close on Monday.

PASSENGERS.
 In the Canada, from Greenock,—Rev. Mr. Jennings and Mrs. Jennings; Misses Sengal and Stewart; Mr. and Mrs. Cattan; Mr. and Mrs. Gill; Messrs. Kirkwood, Burn, D. Burn, G. Kennedy, and C. Kennedy.
 In the Robert, from Glasgow.—Mr. Wat. Burns.
 In the Robert Alexander Park, from Belfast.—Mr. G. H. Walker.
 In the Springhill, from Greenock.—Mr. James Alexander.

The weekly circulation of the TRANSCRIPT, at present amounts to upwards of FOUR THOUSAND COPIES; and it consequently offers the most decided advantages to persons desirous of giving publicity to their advertisements.

MARRIED.
 On the 26th ult., at Lond. County of Megantic, by the Rev. Mr. Alexander, Mr. Dexter Leje, to Miss Jane Bang, all of that place.

DIED.
 On Wednesday last, Maria, second daughter of the late Mr. C. R. Ardoun, aged 19 years and 11 months.



THEATRE ROYAL.

BENEFIT OF MR. FREDERICKS.

LAST NIGHT BUT TWO OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF MISS ELLEN TREE.

THIS EVENING, SATURDAY, SEPT 5TH WILL BE PERFORMED THE

LADY OF LYONS;

OR, LOVE AND PRIDE.

Claude Melnotte - - - - - Mr Fredericks
 Colonel Damas - - - - - Mr L. A. beam
 Glavis - - - - - Mr Edwin
 Beaucourt - - - - - Mr Madison
 Captain Gervais - - - - - Mr E. Beckett
 Mr Dechappelles - - - - - Mr McCann
 Pierre - - - - - Mr. McKenzie
 PAULINE - - - - - Miss TREE,
 Madame Dechappelles - - - - - Mrs. H. Knight
 Widow Melnotte - - - - - Miss Jones

TO CONCLUDE WITH

THE INNKEEPER'S BRIDE.

Captain Rambleton - - - - - Mr. Edwin
 Varnub - - - - - Mr. Madison
 Tom - - - - - Mr. Lathan
 Elieu - - - - - Miss Melton.

Doors Opened at a quarter to Seven, the Performance to commence at a quarter to Eight.—BOXES, 5s.; PITS, 2s. 6d. GALLERY, 1s. 3d.

Tickets may be had at the Box Office.

The Theatre will be open every evening.



THREE O'CLOCK, P.M.—We stop the press to give insertion to the following extract of a private letter just received, with which we have been favored by Mr. Cullin, of the Exchange:—

"The Jury impanelled to try the murderers of Chartrand have, notwithstanding the clearest evidence, and the charge of the Judge to the contrary, returned a verdict of "Not Guilty" as regards them all. I need not add that public indignation is extreme."

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

TWO HUNDRED kegs manufactured Tobacco—30 Highlands American and Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco.
 Cuba and St. Domingo Leaf Tobacco
 25,000 Havannah Cigars, best quality
 40 Cases Liqueur—among which are—Curaçai, Maraschine, Eau-de-Vie d'Anis Eau-de-Vie de Banick, &c.

50 Cases Pickles, JOHN YOUNG,
 50 Cases Rum, Muscovado Sugar, Pork, Flour, Rice, Oatmeal, Pearl Barley, Brooms, Almonds, Filberts, Teas, Lard, Turpentine, green roasted Coffee, Fort, Madeira and Malaga Wines An assortment of Manila and Tar Ropes Hambro' and Fishing Lines, Lemon Syrup, &c.
 JOHN YOUNG,
 Quebec, 8th September, 1838.

BALDNESS.

A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR is the grandest ornament belonging to the human frame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recoil at being uncovered, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintance; the remainder of their lives is consequently spent in retirement. In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking youth, with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair.—To avert all these unpleasant circumstances, OLDRIE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA stops the hair from falling off on the first application and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eyebrows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning grey, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm are shown by the proprietors.
 Read the following:
 ROBERT WHARTON, Esquire, late Mayor of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, to the high character of the following gentleman:
 The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. Oldridge, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventive against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative.
 WM. THATCHER, SEN.
 Methodist Minister in St. George charge, No. 86 North Fifth st.
 JOHN P. ENGLISH, 334 Arch st.
 JOHN D. THOMAS, M. D. 163 Race st.
 JOHN S. FURLEY, 101 Spruce st.
 HUGH McCURRY, 243 South 7th st.
 JOHN GARD, JR., 123 Arch st.
 It will certainly raise its virtues in the estimation of the public, when it is known that three of the above signers are more than 50 years of age, and the others not less than 30.
 From the Mayor.
 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, }
 City of Philadelphia. }
 I, ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor of said City of Philadelphia, do hereby certify that I am well acquainted with Messrs J. P. English John S. Furey, and Hugh McCurdy, whose names are signed to the above certificate that they are gentlemen of character and respectability, and as such, full credit should be given to the said certificate.
 In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the city to be affixed, this sixth day of December, &c.
 [L. S.] ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.

CAUTION.—Observe that each bottle of the genuine Balm has a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is represented the Falls of Niagara, the agent's name, &c.
 Sold wholesale and retail by
 J. J. SIMS.
 MUSSON & SAVAGE.
 BEGG & URQUHART.
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

HEADACHE.

DR. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently this distressing complaint. There are many fanatics who have considered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable lumpy complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and that a lesser distress which might not only alleviate, but actually eradicate of the use of his remedy.
 It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a different character from advertised patent medicines, and is not unappreciated to the laic. To be had of
 J. J. SIMS,
 MUSSON & SAVAGE,
 BEGG & URQUHART,
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

PILE, DROPSY, SWELLINGS, ALL SORES, &c. &c. &c. It is usually applied on the most positive proof that the above ointment affords relief and cures by the timely use of this Liniment. It is impossible to find words in this paper to present those points which are conclusive and convincing. They may be seen at length as below.
 The true article has a splendid engraved wrapper with agents' and proprietor's names, and may be had of
 J. J. SIMS,
 MUSSON & SAVAGE,
 BEGG & URQUHART,
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

MUSSON & SAVAGE,
 BEGG & URQUHART,
 QUEBEC TOWN,
 Have just received a supply of
 MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS,
 AND
 PHENIA BITTERS.
 Quebec, 16th August, 1838

PIANO-FORTES.
 THE Subscribers have JUST RECEIVED, and offer for sale, four elegant CABINET PIANO FORTES, best Italian plates, and finished for church. Manufactured by SMALL, BRUCE & Co. GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & Co. Quebec, 23rd August, 1838.

BUCKLEY'S STORE.
 THE Subscribers in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully announces that he has constantly on hand a choice Assortment of AMES, SPENCER, LEITCH, GILBERT, &c., all of the best quality.
 JOHN JOHNSTON,
 Corner of the Upper-Low Market Place, Opposite the door of the Justice's Barracks

PROUDLEY'S
 ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL.

MANY Masters of vessels, Gentlemen and Families visiting Quebec, and seeking the accommodations of an Hotel, have been led into error by supposing that the subscriber occupies the house known as the Queen's Hotel, which was destroyed by fire by which it was destroyed. He therefore deems it necessary respectfully to inform them, that he has removed to the house fronting on the Queen's and Napier's streets, and
 J. PROUDLEY
 To the Establishment he formerly occupied; and he trusts, by assiduity and attention in promoting the comfort of his visitors, that he shall continue to receive the same liberal patronage and support with which he was favored in his former establishment.
 Quebec, 18th August, 1838.

AGENCY FOR THE TRANSCRIPT IN THE UPPER TOWN.

MR. JAMIESON, LEBLANC, No 24, Fabrique Street, opposite the Market Place, is AGENT FOR THE TRANSCRIPT in the Upper Town; he is authorized to receive Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c. and from him the paper may always be had immediately after publication

BRITISH AND ITALIAN MARBLE CHINA
 BEST PIECES, for Sale by
 RICHMOND BROTHERS,
 High Street.

WINES.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO. have received their usual supply of Sparkling Champagne, Fine Old Hock, Sherry, Ladies, &c.

They have also on hand, in wood—Fine Old Port, Sherry, Pale and Brown, Madeira.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

SIX HUNDRED Minots Peas, 50 cent Ship Biscuit, 20 barrels Boston Crackers, 50 kegs Butter, 30 cases Saffron, 40 cases Hull Cement, Green and Blue Paint.

MADEIRA WINE.

A FEW CASES Howard March & Co's Madeira Wine—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by JOHN GORDON & CO. St. Paul Street.

SCOTCH MARMALADE.

JUST RECEIVED.—A few cases NEW MARMALADE, in the jars. SCOTT & MCCONKEY, Quebec, May 31, 1838.

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE.

THE subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionery as usual. SCOTT & MCCONKEY, Quebec, 11, May, 1838.

FOR SALE,

A FEW first rate plain and shafted SADDLES, by H. J. MANNING, SADDLER, 35, St. John Street, near the Gate. Quebec, 14th August, 1838.

H. CARWELL.

REMOVED from Palais Street to Fabrique Street opposite the Upper Town Market. Quebec, 4th May, 1838.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER:— 450 MINOTS superior Marrowfat Peas, 200 do Boiling Peas, 20 bushels Irish Cap Potatoes, 10 barrels London Porter, 3 dozen each—also— A general Assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, fine-flavoured Teas, Penner's Cider, and every article in the general Grocery line. July 16 T. BICKELL, Corner of St. John & Stanislas Streets.

SUPERIOR CHAMPAGNE AND CLARET WINES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, And offer for Sale— 60 BASKETS JOLLY'S CHAMPAGNE, price 80s. per dozen, 10 baskets JOLLY'S Champagne, Cup Brand, 90s. per dozen, 74 cases Lafitte and St. Julien Claret, 70s. per dozen. JOHN YOUNG, Quebec, 14th August, 1838.

ON SALE,

UPPER CANADA FLOUR, of superior quality, which will be disposed of CHEAP, to close a consignment! ALSO, Single and Double-barrelled GUNS, of the very best quality. These Guns are all proved, and warranted by the most superior fowling pieces ever imported into Canada; and will be sold at whatever they will bring.

R. McLINTOCK, No. 5, Saul-tan-Matelolet Street, Quebec, 11th August, 1838.

FASHIONABLE GOODS

THE subscribers beg to inform the public that they have received a splendid assortment of FASHIONABLE GOODS of every description, including Straw and Dam-stable Bonnets of the latest shapes, which, with the newest Gauze Ribbons, they will be prepared to show on Saturday. The other Goods are now preparing, and will be ready for sale early next week.

R. SYMES & Co. Who have also an assortment of Gentlemen's and most fashionable BEAVER HATS. May 17, 1838.

SWAIM'S CELEBRATED PANACEA.

AN invaluable remedy for RHEUMATISM, SCORFULOUS, AND ULCEROUS DISEASES, and all disorders arising from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD. For sale by MUSSON & SAVAGE, Chemists and Druggists, Quebec, 16th August, 1838. Upper-Town.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.

HAVE FOR SALE RUM, Jamaica and Grenada, Sugar, Muscovado and Cloyed, Molasses, Bolen Tea, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, U. S. Flour, Upper Canada Leaf Tobacco, Pickles, Sauces, &c. Blacking, Lined Oil, Boiled and Raw, Mahogany. Quebec, 14th August, 1838.

Oatmeal, Pot Barley, Sails, &c.

FOR SALE.

A FEW TONS OATMEAL, in bags and barrels, 43 barrels Pot Barley, superior quality! ALSO, A variety of Sails,—comprising Fore-sails, Top-sails, Top-gallant-sails, and Gib-sails, suitable for vessels of from 200 to 800 tons. 10 cent. 2, 3 & 4 Spin Yarn, and A few cut Oams, 1000 2, 3, and 4 bushel Bags and Sacks. JAMES S. MILLER, Commercial Buildings, St. Peter Street.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER:— FIRST-RATE HAVANAH CIGARS,—various brands, Natche Touche Snuff, American Gentleman do. Prince's Mixture French Rappee Macabroy do. Canister Tobacco Spanish Cut do. and Flag Tobacco &c. &c. ALSO, Their usual Stock of LEATHER,—consisting of English, American, and Canada manufacture, to be sold low for cash or approved credit. C. F. FRATT & BROTHER, Foot of Mountain Street Lower Town. Quebec, 12th June, 1838.

MOFFAT'S Life Pills and Phenix Bitters.

THE subscribers have just received a fresh supply of the above. BEGG & URQUHART, Agents, Quebec, 5th May, 1838.

BEGG & URQUHART.

BEG to intimate to the public, that they have opened and stocked with Fresh Medicines, of the finest quality, that Shop No. 8, Notre Dame Street, Lower Town, (formerly occupied by the late DA. ROBERTS,) where they intend carrying on the business of CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS in all its branches, and hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. THEY HAVE FOR SALE— Very superior Stoughton Bitters, Black, Red, and Copying Inks, Ship's Medicine Chests, complete, Soda Water and Lemonade from the Fountain and in Bottle. Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters. Quebec, 17th May, 1838.

T. HOBBS,

Cabinet, Sofa, and Fancy Chair Manufactory, No. 18, SAINT JOHN STREET,

IN returning thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has hitherto received, informs them that in addition to his Cabinet stock of Furniture on hand, he has commenced the FANCY CHAIR BUSINESS in all its branches, having engaged experienced workmen for that purpose. On hand, and nearly finished, 300 Chairs of various patterns and colours; Garden Chairs made to any pattern, of the best materials. All orders in the above line executed with dispatch. Funerals furnished on the lowest terms—Hearse to let. Quebec, 16th August, 1838.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Jewellery Establishment.

GEORGE SAVAGE & SON beg most respectfully to thank their numerous friends and the public in general for the liberal encouragement they have heretofore received, and embrace the present opportunity of informing them that they have OPENED A SPLENDID STORE, Corner of Notre Dame and Saint Gabriel Streets, MONTREAL, and have received, direct from the manufacturers, a Rich and Fashionable assortment of Clocks, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery of every description, Silver & Plated Ware, Table and Hanging Lamps, Superior Cutlery, Japanned Trays, Tea Caddies, Tea and Coffee Urns, Gentlemen's and Ladies' Dressing Cases, Bronze Ware, Britannia Metal Goods, and a great variety of Fancy Articles. Montreal, 2nd August, 1838. 2m 2

HORATIO CARWELL, No. 4, Fabrique Street, IMPORTER OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,

Is now receiving, per the "Hibernia," from London, a small selection of choice Court, Parades, and Marabout Flannels, rich Scarfs and Handkerchiefs, real Chantilly, Brussels, and Brocade Veils, French and Broad Laces, 4-4 1/2 g. and Double Brussels 4 apes, Mantillas and Calicoes. A dozen beautiful Alouine de Laine Dresses, with Flowers, 3 elegant French Shawls, printed and plain, 6-4 Staff and Cloth Merinos.

ALSO ON HAND,

Rich Damask and Watered Mousers for Curtains with Fringes and Bindings to match of the newest style, Brussels Carpet, very low, 4 1/2 ds 6 ds per yard. Royal Rush Matting for passages, Venetian and White Satin Carpets, Wallin Rug, Printed Druggel, Furniture prints, 10-4 Russia Sheetings, Tawelling, Dutch's Table Linen, Quilts and Counterpanes, a few very fine Summer Quilts, Cloth Ottoman and Table Covers, richly embossed.

Gentlemen's Beaver Hats of the newest shape, and a few of very superior quality—price \$8. Horse Hair Caps and Stocks, quite new, Longcloth and new Shirts, Silk and Fannetta Stocks, with a general assortment of Plain and Fancy Goods.

H. CARWELL would respectfully solicit the attention of his friends and the public to an examination of his Stock. Being desirous of making good sales, he is disposed to offer his Goods at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES. Quebec, 19th July, 1838.

MORISON'S UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, general Agents for Morison's Pills, have appointed WILLIAM WHITTAKER, Sub-Agent for the Upper Town, No. 27 St. John Street.

LEGGE & Co.

That the public may be able to form some idea of Morison's Pills by their great consumption, the following calculation was made by Mr. VING, Clerk to the Stamp Office, Somerset House, in a period of six years, (part only of the time that Morison's Pills have been before the public,) the number of stamps delivered for that medicine amounted to three million, nine hundred, and one thousand. The object in placing the foregoing before the public is to do justice to the following powerful argument in favour of Mr. Morison's system and to which the public attention is directed, namely, that it was only by trying an innocuous purgative medicine to such an extent that the truth of the Hygeian system could possibly have been established. It is clear that all the medical men in England, or the world, put together, have not tried a system of vegetable purgation to the extent and in manner prescribed by the Hygeia. How, therefore, can they (much less individually) know any thing about the extent of its properties.

BROWN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING AND GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 9, outside St. John Street Gate.

* * Cast off Clothes bought, sold, or exchanged for new, and money advanced on goods given in for sale. Quebec, 28th July, 1838 6 m 2

ENGRAVING, &c.

J. JONES, Visiting Card Engraver and Printer, REMOVED to No. 18, Conard Street, two doors from St. John Street, Upper Town. Quebec, 28th July, 1838 3 m 2

WANTED.

A SITUATION as MILLER or MILA WRIGHT or both. The most satisfactory certificates of character and capabilities can be given.—Apply at the Office of this paper. Quebec, 14th August 1838

WILLIAM BURKE, BOO AND SHOE MANUFACTURER, No. 15, Fabrique Street,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public that he has received from London a choice assortment of articles in his line, among which are black Buck and curried Gait Skins, of superior quality, for Gentlemen's Summer Boots, which he made up in the first style and on the shortest notice. Quebec, 31st May, 1838.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS MARTYN, formerly Lightfoot, respectfully acquaints the Public that she intends again opening a Boarding Establishment in the Hotel formerly occupied by Sir John Caldwell, St. Felix Street, Lower Town and hopes by strict attention to merit a share of Public favour. The Stabling attached to the above premises to let.

T. RICKABY, CABINET MAKER, UPOLSTERER, And Undertaker,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has removed to No. 56, St. John Street, Suburbs, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Allan, boot and shoe-maker, where he hopes by strict attention and liberal charges to merit and receive a continuance of the liberal support he has hitherto received. Funerals furnished on the shortest notice. Quebec, 25th May, 1838.

VICTORIA HOUSE—

(RUE SOUS-LE-FORT—QUEBEC.)

GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR,

Is now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who may favour him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Boat Wharves, and Custom House offices afford advantages of a peculiar nature. In general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive Saloon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, when required, be converted into one magnificent apartment 50 feet by 32 feet, and of the most high dimension which render it a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbor of Quebec and the surrounding country.

The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the first order; refreshments of all kinds may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests, to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation. Quebec, 23rd June, 1838. GEO. ARNOLD

NOTE.—I number Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will most willingly every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United State.

FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS WILLIAM COATES, of the City of Quebec, the First Teller, of the Branch of the Montreal Bank, established at Quebec, and charged with feloniously stealing, in the month of February last, from the Office of the said Bank at Quebec, a large quantity of notes of the Montreal Bank, amounting in the whole to nearly Ten Thousand Pounds currency; and whereas the said William Coates hath been committed to the common jail of the District of Quebec, to make his trial for the said offence, and whereas the greater part of the said Notes so stolen, as aforesaid, has not been found or traced—Notice is hereby given, that the above reward of

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS currency, will be paid to any person or persons who shall give information by which the whole of the said stolen property should be recovered, and a proportionate part of the above Reward according to amount, which may be so found and recovered upon application to the undersigned at the office of the said Bank in St Peter Street, in the city of Quebec.

A. SIMPSON, Cashier. N. B.—The Notes stolen are principally Note of 100 dollars, 50 dollars and 20 dollars each, of the Montreal Bank, payable at Quebec.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEEK, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, BY THOMAS J. DONCUGHEE, At the Office No. 12, Saul-tan-Matelolet Street, Lower Town