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CANADIAN
PATRIOTIC FUND

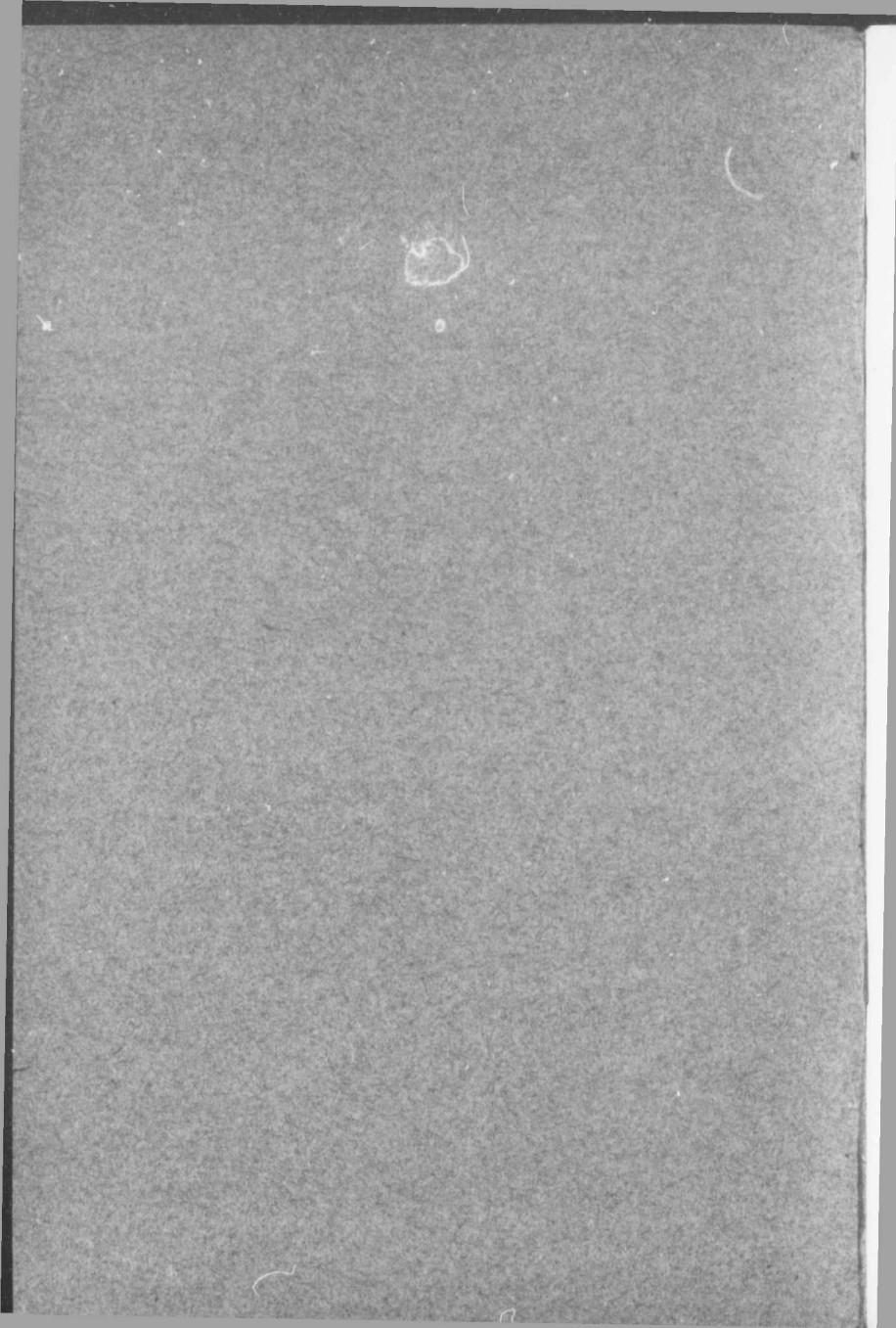
A RECORD
OF ITS ACTIVITIES
from 1919 to 1924



SECOND REPORT

*Compliments of
H. J. [unclear]*

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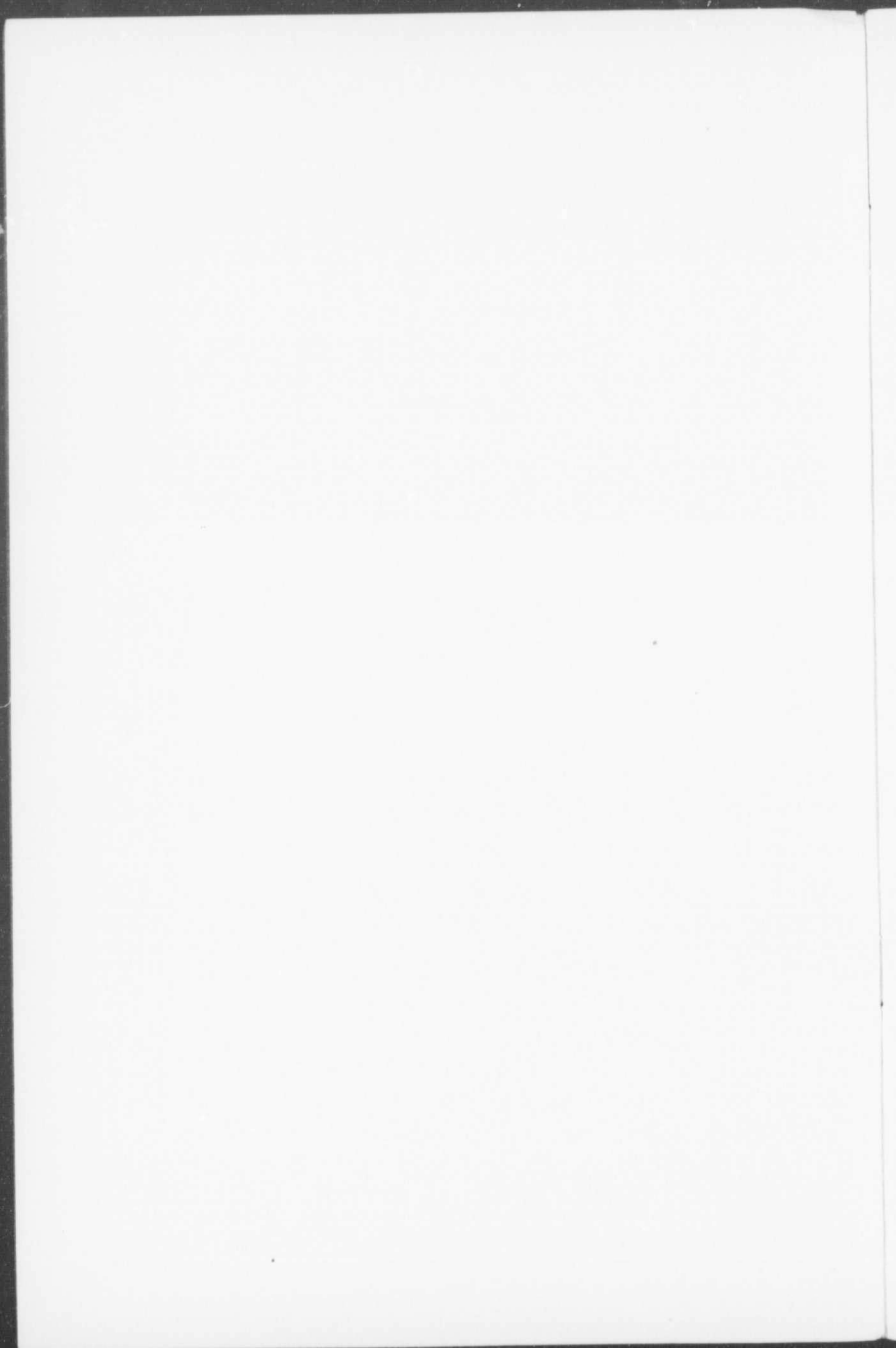


CANADIAN
PATRIOTIC FUND

A RECORD
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from 1919 to 1924

1

SECOND REPORT



CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

WITH the completion of their responsibility in distributing the Federal Emergency Appropriation (see Financial Statement pp. 18) for the maintenance of unemployed ex-soldiers, referred to in the Post Scriptum chapter of the official History (pp. 333-336), the officials of the Fund were able to devote greater attention to the problems existing in the post discharge relief work. The regulations under which this work had to that time been conducted were largely tentative in character and subject to alteration to meet changed or new conditions. The experiences of local committees since July 1st, 1919, showed that some slight modifications were desirable and a conference of representatives from different parts of the Dominion was held at Ottawa on April 28th and 29th, 1920. As a result of the recommendations of this conference, the following changes in regulations were made. A perusal of same will show that the generous policy that the Fund had always followed was not only maintained but even more liberal provisions were incorporated.

(1) The regulation which provided that no Canadian pension may be supplemented by the Canadian Patriotic Fund, except in cases specially provided for in the regulations such as sickness, accident, etc. or where application for an increased pension is under consideration by the Board of Pension Commissioners in which case assistance may be given only until such time as the Board of Pension Commissioners has communicated its final decision to the applicant,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"No Canadian pension may be supplemented by the Canadian Patriotic Fund except in cases where some condition exists that is not provided for by the Pension Act but which necessitates assistance."

(2) The regulation which provided that grants from the Canadian Patriotic Fund shall not exceed the pension scale from time to time in force nor may any family receive more than \$100 per month,

be amended by the deletion of the words:

"nor may any family receive more than \$100 per month."

(3) The regulation which provided that as a general principle, no assistance may be given to the wife or children of a discharged soldier unless marriage took place prior to the man's discharge, and in those exceptional cases in which assistance is given it will be of an emergency character and in no case may regular monthly assistance be given to such families,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"As a general principle no assistance may be given to the wife or children of a discharged soldier unless the marriage took place within a year after the man's discharge."

(4) The regulation which provided that so long as the applicant has liquid resources, or resources easily convertible into money, such as stocks, bonds, etc. and until such resources are exhausted no claim can be admitted; that if the applicant has a house it is not suggested she should be required to sell same but the net rental value should be deducted from any allowance otherwise payable,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"Should the applicant have resources easily convertible into money such as stocks, bonds, etc., until such resources are exhausted no claim can be admitted unless such resources are a result of her own personal earnings and thrift, in which case such resources may be ignored up to the sum of \$1,000. If the applicant has a house it is not suggested that she should be required to sell same but the net rental value should be deducted from any allowance otherwise payable."

(5) The regulation which provided that as a general principle no assistance should be given unless the man saw military service outside of Canada,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"As a general principle no assistance should be given unless the man saw military service outside of Canada. Where, however, men enlisted in the C.E.F. and proof is adduced that through injuries or disabilities incurred during service ex-soldiers were debarred from proceeding overseas, dependents may be assisted."

(6) The regulation which provided that for the present, and until more definite knowledge as to the extent of the possible demands is obtainable, it is not contemplated that dependents who come to Canada after January 1st, 1920, will be eligible for assistance,

be amended by the substitution of the words: "May 31st, 1921" for "January 1st, 1920."

(7) The regulation which provides that if the wife can leave her household duties for a portion of the day, without detriment to her children, and aid by her earnings in the support of the home, the above figures should be reduced by her approximate potential earning capacity; that it is not considered desirable or necessary that a woman should seek outside employment if her absence from the home is going to have the least detrimental effect upon the children; that on the contrary, in such a case the woman should be encouraged to remain at home,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"In the class of case where a woman can have her children properly looked after and can go out to work, at least 50% of her earnings should be deducted and so much more as in the opinion of the local committee should be proper; provided that placing children in a public institution shall not be considered as proper care within the meaning of this resolution. It is not considered desirable or necessary that a woman should seek outside employment if her absence from the home is going to have the least detrimental effect upon the children. On the contrary, in such a case the woman should be encouraged to remain at home."

(8) The regulation which provides that wage earning children are to be excluded from the family budget; wages up to \$25.00 per month for each child are to be ignored and 75% of the balance deducted from the allowance otherwise payable,

be amended by the substitution of "\$35.00" for "\$25.00."

(9) The regulation which provides that an allowance be granted on account of the death of the ex-soldier prior to January 1st, 1921, after discharge, from causes not directly attributable to his war service, and therefore non-pensionable,

be amended by the substitution of the words "June 30th" for "January 1st."

(10) The regulation which provides that assistance may be given to widowed mothers and aged parents left without support by the soldier son who was formerly their sole or substantial support provided such support ceased during the son's military service or within three months of his discharge,

be amended by the substitution of the word "six" for the word "three" in the last sentence.

(11) The regulation which provides that an allowance may be paid to a widowed mother whose son, upon whom she was substantially or entirely dependent, has married and died during military service, the Government pension being paid to his widow,

be amended by the addition of the words:

"except where there are other children capable of assuming the responsibility."

(12) The regulation which provides that where the widowed mother makes her residence with her pensioned daughter-in-law, she would be eligible for an allowance from the Fund of \$15.00 per month,

be amended by the substitution of "\$27.00" for \$15.00."

(13) The regulation which provides that an allowance may be paid to the unmarried wife with children, recognized during the war by the Government or Patriotic Fund, but abandoned by the soldier within three months after discharge,

be amended by the substitution of the word "six" for "three."

(14) The regulation which provides that in exceptional cases, having regard for the future welfare of the family, transportation may be arranged but case should first be submitted to Head Office with the recommendation of the local committee and an estimate of the cost, and no action taken until authorized by the Central Committee,

be cancelled and the following regulation substituted:

"In exceptional cases, for example, illness, unavoidable separation of husband and wife, and having regard for the future welfare of the family transportation for the dependents of an ex-soldier may be arranged, but case should first be submitted to Head Office with the recommendation of the local committee and an estimate of the cost and no action taken until authorized by the central committee."

(15) The Patriotic Fund augment the Imperial pension of the widowed mothers of Imperial soldiers who were residing in Canada at the time of the soldier's enlistment and bring same to equal the amount of Canadian pension given in such cases.

(16) After June 1st, 1920, no sympathetic allowance for illness of more than \$50.00 be given to dependents in need of medical or hospital attention unless said medical or hospital care has been arranged for or meets with the approval of the local Patriotic Fund Committee, and that no grant to cover this continued care which amounts to more than \$100.00 be made without the approval of the Advisory Committee.

(17) In confinement cases the Patriotic Fund should make an emergency grant not to exceed \$35.00 in each case where the applicant is in need.

(18) In the event of the breadwinner of a family being ill, unable to follow his occupation and not in receipt of wages or salary during his illness, there may be paid an emergency grant on the same basis and under the same conditions as in the case of a dependent's illness, in addition to the monthly allowance for living purposes.

As a result of these more liberal provisions the monthly expenditure steadily increased from slightly over \$100,000.00 in May, to \$157,000.00 in December of the year 1920.

The consequent encroachment upon capital brought into prominence a problem of great importance. The Post Discharge relief work had fallen naturally into two categories which had come to be known as emergency and continuous. The former was designed to relieve temporary distress, the latter to provide subsistence for families in which a more or less permanent need had arisen. It became obvious that the money available would last but a comparatively short time if both branches of work were continued, and the executive were therefore called upon to decide whether either should be discontinued or the full policy adhered to until the money was exhausted. Partly to decide this question and partly to deal with minor problems, a further Dominion wide conference was held at Calgary on September 6th, 1921. Though opinion was not entirely unanimous, it was then decided that the chief responsibility of the Fund was towards those people whose need would be of long duration and that its resources should be conserved in order that assistance might be rendered to such people for as long a period as possible.

Exactly how much money would be required for this purpose was difficult to estimate in view of the more or less unknown quantities that entered into any calculation. Actuaries could determine with reasonable accuracy the decrease in expenditure through the death of beneficiaries, and the experience of the Board of Pension Commissioners gave some clue as to the percentage of re-marriages that might be anticipated. Beyond this lay mainly a realm of conjecture and even at this date, September 1924, estimates are largely a matter of guess work. Early in 1922, however, it became evident that but little more could be spent in emergency relief, and it was therefore decided to discontinue that branch of work at the end of July.

In view of industrial conditions and the approach of a winter in which unemployment, with attendant sickness, was likely to be severe, this decision gave rise to considerable anxiety. The Federal Government did not wish to repeat the experiment of the Federal Emergency Appropriation, but was anxious that all reasonable sources of relief should still be available to ex-soldiers with families in need through sickness or some similar disaster. It was obvious that the emergency grants made by the Fund in such cases had done much to allay discontent, and the Government therefore offered to make a sufficient subscription to the Fund to enable it to carry on its emergency work as before for at least another winter. Accordingly, the sum of \$900,000, payable as the need arose, was voted by the House of Commons. This grant was entirely unconditional, and the Fund was called upon to make no changes in its regulations to meet any wish of the Government.

At the same meeting at which, not anticipating the action of the Government, the Executive Committee had decided on the cessation of Emergency work, (June 9th, 1922), there was also appointed a Management Committee for the purpose of effecting such changes in the organization of the Fund as appeared desirable. This committee consisted of Messrs. W. F. Nickle, W. H. Lovering, J. A. McElroy, T. H. Blair, E. L. Brittain, H. C. Nickle, and Miss Helen Reid, and has been responsible for the operation of the Fund since the date of its appointment. On November 23, 1923, Miss Reid, much to the regret of the Committee, tendered her resignation, which was not accepted.

At the beginning of April 1923, there still remained of the Government's contribution a sum of approximately \$200,000.00. This amount would have permitted the continuance of emergency relief until the end of the summer, but it was felt by both the Government and the Management Committee of the Fund that it would be preferable to discontinue the work at the beginning rather than the end of a favourable season, and it was proposed not to draw the balance of the money voted. It was pointed out, however, that among the beneficiaries receiving emergency assistance were a number whose disabilities were of an apparently permanent character. As the list of beneficiaries entitled to continuous assistance had been closed at July 31st, 1922, and the cases in point had not then been upon the books, the cessation of emergency relief would leave them destitute. It was, therefore, decided to ask the permission of the government to devote the balance of their subscription to the further relief of these families, a proposal to which the government agreed. The Fund was thus able to assist in some extremely hard cases for another year, the final grants being made in May 1924.

With the limitation of emergency relief in the spring of 1923, and the decision to accept no new cases whatsoever, the work of the local officials became extremely light. It was evident that there was no longer any necessity of maintaining local offices with paid staffs, and it was therefore decided to centralize the work at the Head Office in Ottawa. The smallest branches were

immediately closed, and each month the cases of other branches were transferred to Head Office for payment until in August 1923 every local office had been disbanded and the entire work centralized in Head Office. It was still necessary, however, that the investigations which had been carried on by the local staffs should be continued, as family conditions were subject to constant change. Accordingly, the two investigators of the Vancouver branch were retained for the province of British Columbia; the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan were placed for investigation purposes under an investigator of the Calgary Branch; the investigations in Montreal were left in the hands of the most capable investigator of the Montreal branch; the Maritime provinces, and the province of Quebec outside of Montreal city, were taken care of by the former New Brunswick investigator, while Ontario was divided into two sections, Western Ontario being placed under the supervision of Mr. J. A. McElroy, with a Toronto investigator to assist, and Eastern Ontario was under the supervision of Mr. H. C. Nickle, with the assistance of the Kingston investigator. The cities of Hamilton and Ottawa were excluded from this arrangement, Mr. Lovering, with the assistance of an investigator from the Hamilton Branch being responsible for cases in that city, while Mr. Blair undertook the responsibility in Ottawa. In the spring of 1924 it was found that the conditions among the families in Alberta and Saskatchewan did not justify the expense of a full time investigator, and an arrangement was therefore made with the investigator whereby she now gives the Fund four months' service each year, two months in the spring, and two months in the fall. A further change was made in September of the same year when all investigations in Ontario were placed in the hands of Mr. McElroy, and his assistant, and a third change consisted of placing the entire province of Quebec, with the exception of those portions contiguous to Ottawa, in the hands of the Montreal investigator.

The above mentioned members of the Management Committee undertook the work of investigation voluntarily, in an honorary capacity.

The closing of local offices necessitated the settlement of a question that had often been debated, i.e., the disposition of the case records collected by local committees. By some it was felt that these records, containing as they do the intimate details of family life, should be destroyed, while others were of opinion that they should be kept intact in order that they might be available for future reference. The difficulty was got over when the Ontario Government, through its Archivist, asked that these records be deposited in the Archives in Toronto and promised that they would not be subject to public investigation for a period of probably a generation, so that Social Service workers would not be able to compile data as to the conduct of the dependent of a soldier, while the soldier was absent at the war. It was felt by the Ontario Government that in the years to come they would constitute a record of some historical value, and in view of their promise to keep them under seal for

twenty-five years, the Management Committee agreed to the proposal. Accordingly the records from every part of the country, with the exception of Northern Alberta, were forwarded to Toronto. The records of Northern Alberta have been placed in the Archives of the Alberta government.

An important step taken by the Management Committee was the placing of insurance, under the Returned Soldiers' Insurance Act, upon a number of its beneficiaries. In November 1922 the Fund was assisting approximately 200 families whose breadwinner was incapacitated from earning a livelihood. With the death of the breadwinner the responsibility of the Fund would continue until need had been eliminated either by death or adolescence of the children, with consequent wage-earning power, or from other event. As the Government insurance could be obtained at a comparatively low rate and placed upon returned men, no matter what their physical condition, it appeared to be the part of wisdom and economy to effect this insurance. Accordingly, at a meeting held November 25th, 1922, the proposal was put into effect along the lines detailed in the minutes of that meeting. That the expectations of the Committee were realized may be judged from the fact that up to October 2nd, 1924, the Fund had expended the sum of \$33,190.96 in premiums, while claims through death amounted to \$60,000.00.

In September 1924 the situation briefly is that the Fund has 1,019 families upon its books and is expending the sum of \$50,800.00 per month. Both these figures are being constantly reduced and the most careful estimates that can be made indicate that the resources of the Fund should enable its work to be carried on until some indeterminate date between 1930 and 1933.

September 1924 saw the termination of the engagement of Mr. P. H. Morris who had been executive secretary of the Fund since its inauguration in August 1914, and the re-engagement in his place of Miss L. V. Chilton, who was assistant secretary during the war years and for some time after.

W. F. NICKLE
Honorary Secretary



AUDITOR'S REPORT

Acting under the authority of the Act incorporating the institution (5 Geo. 5th, Chap. 8, Section 10), I have made an audit of the cash transactions during the period April 1st, 1919, to March 31st, 1924.

The Receipts and Disbursements for this five-year period were as follows:—

Balance at credit of Fund as on March 31st, 1919.....		\$	9,233,535.41
Contributions, April 1st, 1919—March 31st, 1924.....	1,846,471.34		
Mennonite Contribution, Special Fund.....	97.95		
Interest, Premiums on bonds, etc.....	1,524,729.50	3,371,298.79	
		<u>12,604,834.20</u>	
Relief: Paid through Head Office.....	765,603.04		
Relief: Paid through Branches.....	7,656,790.11	8,422,393.15	
		<u>8,422,393.15</u>	
Management Expenses:			
Head Office.....	160,002.31		
Branches.....	664,265.23	824,267.54	
		<u>824,267.54</u>	
Advances to Branches and Investigators, outstanding.....		5,312.90	9,251,973.59
Balance at credit of Fund on March 31st, 1924			<u>3,352,860.61</u>

The above balance at the credit of the Fund on March 31st, 1924, was made up thus:—

Bonds held by the Receiver General.....		\$3,125,200.00
Bonds on deposit with the Bank of Montreal.....		145,450.00
Cash on deposit at Banks:		
Canadian Bank of Commerce, Ottawa.....	4,302.48	
Bank of Montreal, Ottawa.....	77,908.13	82,210.61
		<u>\$3,352,860.61</u>

The bank balances were verified from the pass-books and the securities by certificate. The records kept by Mr. E. L. Brittain, acting for the Honorary Treasurer, were in order.

GEO. GONTHIER,
Auditor General.

OTTAWA,
May 22nd, 1925.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Canadian Patriotic Fund from March 31st, 1919, to March 31st, 1924:

RECEIPTS

Balance on hand on March 31, 1919 — See page 271 of Canadian Patriotic Fund report, 1914-1919.....	\$9,233,535.41
Contributions from March 31, 1919 to March 31, 1924.....	1,846,471.34
Contributions Mennonite Special Fund (Additional).....	97.95
Interest earnings, including Premiums on bonds sold.....	1,524,729.50

EXPENDITURE

Relief Expenditure viz:—			
Canadians Abroad.....	6,757,901.15		
British Reservists.....	527,373.32		
French Reservists.....	91,423.60		
Belgian Reservists.....	16,899.95		
Unclassified or others.....	263,192.09	898,888.96	
		<u>7,656,790.11</u>	
Relief payments by Honorary Treasurer direct, viz:			
Canadian Patriotic Fund Association, (Old Boer War Relief).....	506.80		
Officers' dependents.....	25,052.64		
Soldiers' dependents.....	66,468.50		
Dependents of officers and soldiers, Continuous.....	529,920.59		
Dep'd'ts of soldiers, Emergency	127,157.79		
Soldiers' Insurance premiums..	16,496.72	765,603.04	*8,422,393.15
Management Expenses—Branches..	664,265.23		
Management Expenses—Head Office	160,002.31		824,267.54
Balance of advances still due the Honorary Treasurer.....			5,312.90
By Balance at credit of the Fund on March 31, 1924.....			3,352,860.61
		<u>12,604,834.20</u>	<u>12,604,834.20</u>

*General Relief Expenditure, continued until the discharge of the Soldiers, and paid within the last 5 years..... \$2,421,806.61

*Post Discharge Relief—during the last 5 years..... 6,000,586.54

Total Relief Expenditure in 5 years (1919-24)..... 8,422,393.15

E. L. BRITTAIN,
for Honorary Treasurer.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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Receipts by Provinces, &c., from March 31st, 1919, to March 31st, 1924:

CANADA GENERALLY:

Government of Canada. Grant for Emergency Assistance.....	900,000.00
Public Service of Canada.....	72.42

900,072.42

PROVINCES OF CANADA:

Alberta.....	18,338.91
British Columbia.....	103,359.96
New Brunswick.....	33,378.46
Nova Scotia.....	14,316.15
Ontario.....	674,645.54
Quebec.....	155,286.24
Saskatchewan.....	77,830.59

1,077,155.85

SPECIAL FUND—(Mennonite Contribution) 3 Prairie Provinces..... 97.95

Special a/c Officers' Committee:—Balance of Officers' Committee account transferred to the General Fund by Resolution of Committee..... 132.02

Total contributions in 5 years (including interest remittances therewith of \$130,888.95) \$1,977,458.24

Interest received on bond holdings and bank accounts, including premiums on sales of bonds during the past 5 years, but exclusive of interest remitted with contributions as shown above..... *1,393,840.55

Total Receipts from March 31, 1919 to March 31, 1924..... 3,371,298.79

E. L. BRITAIN,
for Honorary Treasurer.

*Note. This interest is exclusive of the interest forwarded with and therefore included in the contribution remittances. Adding the amount of interest included in the contributions of \$1,977,458.24 as shown above, namely \$130,888.95 to \$1,393,840.55, the interest credited the Hon. Treasurer account from investments, Bank a/c etc. make a total of interest for the 5-year period of \$1,524,729.50. This is the sum shown in the Auditor's Report page 11.

Statement of Receipts and Expenditure of the Canadian Patriotic Fund
from Aug. 1914, to Mch. 31, 1924.

RECEIPTS

Balance Canadian Patriotic Fund Association transferred to Canadian Patriotic Fund Sept. 15, 1914.....	\$ 75,972.62	
Contributions to Mch. 31, 1924.....	48,004,399.41	
Total Contributions.....		48,080,372.03
Mennonite contribution Special Fund (administered).....		5,803.12
Interest earnings (including Premiums on sales of bonds).....		2,438,942.99

EXPENDITURE

Relief Expenditure, viz:—			
Canadians, Active Home Service.....	108,736.45		
Canadians, abroad.....	38,919,852.02		39,028,588.47
British Reservists.....	1,185,392.74		
French Reservists.....	330,098.74		
Belgian Reservists.....	72,425.97		
Unclassified or others.....	3,890,714.95		5,478,632.40
Payments made by Honorary Treasurer direct, viz;			
Officers' dependents.....	138,095.37		
Soldiers' dependents (Old)....	110,027.67		
Soldiers' Dependents, Continuous	529,920.59		
Soldiers' Dependents, Emergency	127,157.79		
Soldiers' Insurance Premiums....	16,496.72		
Can. Pat. Fund Association (old Boer War relief).....	686.80	784,289.57	922,384.94
Total Relief Expenditure.....			45,429,605.81
Management Expenses—Branches.....	\$ 1,404,116.51		
Management Expenses—Hon. Secretary's Office.....	333,222.31		1,737,338.82
Balance of Advances due by Branches, etc., as shown by Auditor's Report page 11.....			5,312.90
By Balance at credit of the Fund on March 31, 1924.....			3,352,860.61
			<u>50,525,118.14</u>
			<u>50,525,118.14</u>

E. L. BRITAIN,
for Honorary Treasurer.

Receipts to March 31, 1924, from the respective Provinces of Canada and from Great Britain and the United States, including the balance of the Canadian Patriotic Fund Association Account, (Old Boer War Fund).

CANADA GENERALLY

Canadian Patriotic Fund Association	\$ 75,972.62	
*Public Service of Canada (see foot note below).....	166,058.63	
Government of Canada, Grant for Emergency Assistance...	900,000.00	
		1,142,031.25

PROVINCES OF CANADA:—

Alberta.....	\$ 2,803,453.62	
British Columbia.....	3,456,313.21	
Manitoba.....	140,864.05	
New Brunswick.....	1,541,847.48	
Nova Scotia.....	1,879,301.85	
Ontario.....	24,775,501.51	
Prince Edward Island.....	136,522.44	
Quebec.....	9,837,843.45	
Saskatchewan.....	2,808,787.11	
Yukon.....	45,631.20	
North West Territories.....	25.00	
		47,426,090.92
Special Fund (Mennonite, 3 Prairie Provinces).....	5,803.12	
Special Fund (Officers' Committee balance) See page 19.....	132.02	
Newfoundland.....	34.37	
Great Britain, (London, England).....	2,716.30	
United States of America.....	13,340.28	
		22,026.09
		<u>\$ 48,590,148.26</u>

†Interest added to the several bank accounts to the 31st March, 1924, exclusive of interest forwarded by Branches etc., when remitting subscriptions.....	1,934,969.88
	<u>50,525,118.14</u>

The contributions listed as received from Great Britain and United States of America, only include those amounts which have been forwarded to the Honorary Treasurer, direct. Contributions from residents in those countries made to the several Branches are included in the amounts received and credited to the Branches in the several provinces of Canada.

Manitoba contributions include only those sent to the Honorary Treasurer direct, contributed by individuals etc., resident in that province.

E. L. BRITAIN,
for Honorary Treasurer.

*Exclusive of \$366,263.42 contributed by the Civil Service through the Ottawa Branch of the Fund, and also exclusive of personal contributions from individual members of the Service. Subscriptions shown under Public Service of Canada were those sent direct to the Honorary Treasurer.

†\$1,934,969.88 credited Honorary Treasurer's Account at Ottawa added to \$503,973.11 interest included with contributions remitted by Branches make a total of interest from 1914-24 of \$2,438,942.99.

The management expenses for all campaigns and administration during the same 10 year period amounted to \$1,755,338.82. The beneficiaries are therefore assured of receiving every dollar collected.

In July, 1919, the Post Discharge work was begun and was included in the Relief Expenditure which totalled \$45,429,605.81 as shown on page (14). It may be of interest, however, to know that the Expenditure on Post Discharge made by the Branches during that period was as follows:—

Period	Total Expenditure	Refunds	Net Expenditure
July, 1919 to Mch. 31, 1920.....	390,120.70	2,411.58	387,709.12
Apl. 1, 20 to Mch. 31, 1921.....	1,484,182.97	5,199.82	1,478,983.15
Apl. 1, 21 to Mch. 31, 1922.....	1,726,465.98	5,625.93	1,720,840.05
Apl. 1, 22 to Mch. 31, 1923.....	1,764,796.57	7,174.27	1,757,622.30
Apl. 1, 23 to Mch. 31, 1924.....	362,466.86	Nil	362,466.86
	<u>5,728,033.08</u>	<u>20,411.60</u>	<u>5,707,621.48</u>

There was, also, Post Discharge Relief Expenditure made by the Honorary Treasurer, by cheque direct viz.:—

	Soldiers' Dependents	Officers' Dependents
to March 31, 1921.....	\$ 8,399.67	1,190.00
Apl. 1, 21 to Mch. 31, 1922.....	12,409.65	525.00
Apl. 1, 22 to Mch. 31, 1923.....	23,554.85	Nil
Apl. 1, 23 to Mch. 31, 1924.....	675,255.98	Nil
	<u>719,620.15</u>	<u>1,715.00</u>

SUMMARY

Expenditure for Post Discharge Relief—Branches.....	5,707,621.48
Expenditure for Post Discharge Relief—Soldiers' Dependents by Hon. Treasurer.....	719,620.15
Expenditure for Post Discharge Relief—Officers' Dependents by Hon. Treasurer.....	1,715.00
	<u>6,428,956.63</u>
Less Management Expenses included in above expenditure.....	428,370.09
Post Discharge Relief Expenditure (1919-24) See footnote page 12.....	\$ 6,000,586.54

STATEMENT RE INSURANCE PLACED ON SOLDIERS' LIVES
IN DECEMBER, 1922.

Number of Soldiers on whom Policies were placed.....		205
Number of Refusals.....	33	
Number of Dead.....	18	
Number of Cases discontinued.....	69	120
On Dec. 31, 1924, No. of lives being paid for.....		85

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE NOW HELD

82 at 5,000.....	410,000	
1 at 2,000.....	2,000	
1 at 3,500.....	3,500	
1 at 500.....	500	416,000

AMOUNT OF INSURANCE DISCONTINUED

18 Dead—Fund's liability relieved by Insurance paid.....	70,000
69 Discontinued (Insurance Premiums payable by soldiers).....	358,000
33 Refusals.....	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Securities of the Fund held on 31st, March, 1924.

Statement showing the bonds held and the cash balances in the Banks making up the balance of the Fund, namely, \$3,352,860.61 on March 31, 1924.

Securities held in the name of the Honorary Treasurer in the Currency Branch, viz:

Victory bonds 1924.....	\$ 725,000.00	
Victory bonds 1934.....	2,400,200.00	\$ 3,125,200.00

Securities held in the name of the Honorary Treasurer by the Bank of Montreal, viz:

Bearer Bonds Government Loan due Nov. 1, 1934 recently released from Currency Branch and forwarded to the Bank of Montreal for delivery to purchaser on sale of bonds for credit of the Honorary Treasurer's account..... \$ 100,000.00

Balance of Municipal bonds of Canadian Patriotic Fund Association (Old Boer War Fund) transferred to Canadian Patriotic Fund in August, 1914, viz:

No.	Name	Am- ount	Rate	Int. when due	Due date	Par value	
1-10	Arnprior	1000	4½	Dec. 30	Dec. 30, 26	10,000	
9a-13a	Pt. Arthur	1000	5	Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 36	5,000	
				Feb. 1			
26-30	MacLeod	1000	5	Apl. 16	Apl. 16, 47	5,000	
22-26	Ft. William	1000	4½	Jan. 1	May 1, 27	5,000	
				July 1			
38-42	Brandon	1000	5	June 30	Dec. 31, 26	5,000	
				Dec. 31			
26-35	Calgary	1000	4½	May 1	May 1, 37	10,000	40,000.00
				Nov. 1			

Contributions taken over from Branches of the Fund at rates quoted below namely:—

Canadian Carbide Co. 1000 at 65.....	650.00	
Hillcrest Collieries Ltd. Nos. 111-131 2000 at 80.....	1,600.00	
Hillcrest Collieries Ltd. No. 112 750 at 80.....	600.00	
Montreal Public Service 5% No. 585 1000 at 80.....	800.00	
University Club 5% No. 119 1000 at 80.....	800.00	
Victory Bond due 1937 1 at 1000.....	1,000.00	5,450.00 145,450.00

Total securities held in the name of the Honorary Treasurer in Currency Branch, Finance Department and by Bank of Montreal..... 3,270,650.00

Balances at the credit of the Honorary Treasurer's a/c in the following Banks viz:

Canadian Bank of Commerce.....	4,302.48	
Bank of Montreal.....	77,908.13	82,210.61

Total Balance on hand in Securities and Cash on Mch. 31, 1924.....\$ 3,352,860.61

FEDERAL EMERGENCY APPROPRIATION

Statement of account on adjusting with the Bank of Montreal and closing out the same on June 22nd, 1923.

RECEIPTS

Received from Finance Department account Federal Emergency Appropriation 1919-20.....\$ 7,000,000.00

EXPENDITURE

By Relief payments viz:		
Unemployment.....	4,146,824.66	
Inadequate employment.....	438,189.38	
Transportation Exp.....	44,092.23	
Soldiers' Settlement Cases.....	398,877.61	
Transportation under P.C. 298 to places of enlistment.....	7,622.51	5,035,606.39
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By Administration Expenses viz:		
Branches.....	192,388.77	
Head Office.....	18,173.71	
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	210,562.48	
Less Interest earnings.....	48,215.50	162,346.98
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By Refund to Government account, 1919-20 appropriation....		1,746,972.20
By Refund to Government account, credit of Casual Revenue		
1920-21 50,000		
" 5,000		55,000.00
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*June 22nd, 1923 By Refund to Government Account, Credit of Casual Revenue 1923-4 closing out the account.....		74.43
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	7,000,000.00	7,000,000.00

E. L. BRITAIN,
for Honorary Treasurer

*Small balance retained to meet outstanding cheques.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

19

SPECIAL ACCOUNT — OFFICERS' COMMITTEE
FOR RELIEF NOT AUTHORIZED BY THE ACT OF INCORPORATION

On reference to page 322 of the Canadian Patriotic Fund Report to March 31, 1919, it will be observed that there was a special account of the Officers' Committee, which was contributed for relief not authorized by the Act of Incorporation, in which there was a balance on that date of \$248.50.

The statement of account shown hereunder indicates how this balance has been absorbed.

March 31, 24—Balance	}	(as per published re- port, 1914-19 page 322)		\$ 248.50
April 29—Interest.....			\$ 8.99	
Oct. 6 Refund (W. H. A.).....			100.00	
Apl. 28, 1920 Interest.....			2.25	
Oct. 28 Interest.....			2.33	
Apl. 28, 1921 Interest.....			2.38	
Oct. 28 Interest.....			2.49	
Apl. 29, 1922 Interest.....			2.49	
Oct. 30, 1922 Interest.....			2.59	123.52

EXPENDITURE

1919	
Apl. 1-May 10—By Relief	40.00
May 16 Loan a/c Relief.....	200.00
Balance Trans. Oct. 31, 22, to Regular relief as per resolution of Executive Committee.....	132.02
	372.02
	372.02

C. A. MAGRATH,
Honorary Treasurer.

