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The Standard.
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
A. W. Smith.
At his Office Market Square, Saint Andrews, N. B.
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The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E parvis sumendum est optimum. -Cic.

No 35] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1854 [Vol. 21]

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

Arrival of the "Europa."

SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

The steamship Europa, with Liverpool dates to the 19th inst., arrived at Halifax a little before 2 o'clock on Friday afternoon. The Pacific arrived out on the 15th. The Washington sailed from Southampton on the 16th, with 240 passengers.

THE WAR.
From Vienna, of the 16th, it is telegraphed that there is reason to believe that Prince Alexander Gortschakoff this morning acquainted the Austrian Government that so long as the Turks are in Wallachia, the Russians will retain certain strategic points in the Principalities.

Austria has given up the intention of proposing to the Germanic Diet to put the Federal army on a war footing. Prince Paskiewitch returned to Warsaw on the 13th, and will again take command of the southern army.

FROM THE DANUBE.
The aspect of affairs on the Danube is quite unchanged. The Russians continue to fortify all the strategic points as they advance.

The London Daily News contains a remarkable letter from a special correspondent stating that the British troops encamped at Monaster, near Devna, are decimated by malignant cholera, totally destitute of medicine, famishing for want of food, and are discontented and almost discouraged. The Times correspondent partially confirms the fact.

FROM THE BLACK SEA.
As yet nothing has been done. Constantinople letters speak of the expedition against the Crimea as still in progress, but the embarkation was deferred on account of the cholera. Important news from the East, is not expected before the first week of September.

A Russian despatch from Odessa of the 6th, says that the allied fleets tried to land troops at Balaklava.

THE CRIMEA.
At Sebastopol, it was reported that Admiral Lyons had bombarded Anapa 24 hours; result unknown.

The Russian fleet had come out of Sebastopol, was seen off Odessa, and returned in safety.

ASIA.
On the 4th, an offensive and defensive alliance was concluded between Schamyl. The terms have not transpired; it is, however, understood that Schamyl insisted that the independence of Circassia should be recognized; in return he offers 50,000 mountaineers to act in concert with the Turkish forces.

It is said that Schamyl has obtained a great victory over the Russians. But Russian reports state that Gen. Wrangle had advanced with Russian troops from Erivan, and defeated the Turks near Bajazid, and afterwards captured 8 guns, and afterwards occupied Bajazid. Meanwhile, letters from Bagdad say that contracts have been made to furnish supplies and transport for an Indian British force, which would arrive via the Persian Gulf, and be landed at Basra, at the mouth of the river Tigris.

The Emperor of Morocco has announced his intention to present to the Sultan 30,000 piastres and 12,000 horses annually while the war lasts.

FROM THE BALTIC.
Fort Tree and Fort Notch, on Aland Island, have been captured; one by the French, and the other by the English. The loss of the allies is small.

The Monitor announces that the 7th and 8th Aug., the French expeditionary force was landed on the Island of Aland, north of the fortress of Bomarsund. At the same time, the French and English marines landed occupied the fortress. The disembarkation was covered by the steamers, and was effected, the Monitor says, without a man getting his feet wet. From the 7th to the 8th, the French erected their batteries, while the Russians destroyed their out works and fell back on their main fortress. By the 12th, the fortress was completely invested. On the 14th, the Russians made a sortie but were driven in. On the 15th the French carried a redoubt of 8 guns, without losing a man. Another account says it was a strong fort, taken after several hours fighting. The bombardment of the main fortress was to begin on the 16th.

The reports in the English papers say that the inhabitants of Aland had risen against the Russians, and it was proclaimed by order of the French admiral from the pulpits of all the churches, that the Russian army over the Islands had ceased.

GREAT BRITAIN.
The Washington via Southampton, brings an account of the prorogation of Parliament, and the Queen's speech.

There is no political news. The Turkish loan of 5,000,000 sterling, guaranteed on the Turkish revenue and Egyptian tribute, was opened at Paris and London, and is already all taken up at 2 to 5 per cent. prem.

IRELAND.
The accounts of the potato disease in the north of Ireland are more discouraging. It seems to be spreading, though not rapidly. The Cholera is severe in Belfast. There is a considerable increase in the scale of poor rates, just struck for the requirements of the present year, in the greater number of the Irish unions.

FRANCE.
The fate of Napoleon on the 15th passed off quietly; the decorations were of great splendour. Marshal Magnan reviewed 26,000 troops. A grand military spectacle was enacted in the Champ de Mars, representing the siege of Silistria. The Emperor's absence was regretted by the Parisians; there were, however, rumours that a conspiracy had been discovered, and the Emperor's absence was precautionary. Russian intrigue is reported busy in secret clubs.

An imperial decree orders the payment of the legacies of Napoleon I. Cholera is decreasing at Marseilles. The Monitor continues to give favorable accounts of the harvest, but the weather was somewhat broken.

SPAIN.
The Cortes are invoked for November 8th, on the basis of the Electoral Law of 1837. Numerous appointments have taken place.

A riot had occurred at Tortosa; the rioters had assembled with cries of viva Espartaco, viva the Constitution, viva Cabrera; and then rushed to the City Hall to demand the abolition of taxes. Finding there only Tzety, they beat him to death with sticks, tore out his heart, cut off his head, and flung his body into the river, together with all the public records. The Governor of the City was panic struck, and did nothing. Don Franquet armed the citizens and took numbers of the rioters prisoners.

The disturbance at Barcelona on the 6th, originated thus:—A battalion was on parade, when the people called to the band to perform Riego's hymn. A soldier in the ranks called out in reply, viva Espartaco, on which the commandant drew his sword and ran him through the body. The soldiers immediately turned on the commandant. Other troops joined in the excitement, and disorder spread, but the details are kept secret. The battalion was threatened with decimation, but this was afterwards abandoned. Two or three of the ringleaders were shot.

The London Globe mentions a rumour current in diplomatic circles that the English and French ambassadors at Madrid are ordered to protest energetically against violence to any member of the Royal family, or any attack on Monarchical principles, but otherwise not to interfere.

PORTUGAL.—Lisbon letters say that the Portuguese Government energetically denies all idea of fusion between Portugal and Spain.

ITALY.—Cholera was slightly subsiding at Genoa; still seventy deaths occurred daily. At Turin it is not severe. At Naples it was very violent. About 3000 had died in one week.

Goods to New York 17s 6d; Iron, &c. 18s 6d to 21s; Earthenware 8s to 10s; Passengers £4.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.
The Anglo-French forces have landed at Bomarsund, supported by the fleets.

BERLIN, Aug. 16th.—The Vienna Conference is expected to re-assemble next week. PARIS, 16th.—Orders have just been issued for the Austrians to enter Wallachia, and they have commenced crossing the frontier at Turnu Severin.

Odessa letters of the 7th say, that no real blockade exists at Odessa. MADRID, 16th.—The Juntas of Malaga and Seville have refused to recognize the new government.

The Sultan's daughter, Princess Fatima, was married to Redachi Pascha's son at Constantinople on the 10th.

LATEST—By Submarine Telegraph.
The Basilek has arrived at Danzig with the news that Bomarsund surrendered on the 16th. Two thousand Russians were taken prisoners. The French loss was 160 killed.

MARKETS.

The Liverpool Cotton market was dull all the week, and prices declined about 1d. **BREADSTUFFS.**—The week opened with an advance, but fell off towards the close, the prices closing for Flour on Friday at barely previous rates; Wheat 3d lower; Indian Corn 1s. to 1s. 6d. dearer, owing to the apprehension of a deficiency in the potato crop. On Saturday the market was very dull.

PROVISIONS.—Beef slow and lower; no change in Pork. Trade at Manchester quiet with less demand for yarns and goods, but without much change in price.

Baring's report Money in continued active demand. Consols closed at 93 5/8 to 93 3/4. The Bullion in the Bank of England has increased to £26,200,000. Bullion in the Bank of France equal to £19,000,000 sig. Freight at Liverpool.—Owing to free arrivals, freights had a downward tendency.

Q There is not an inch of the Gulf of Bothnia but we have crossed over; it is a very strange place; the effect of the irregular refraction is very singular; the other morning we saw a lighthouse up in the air, and at looking at the chart it proved to be fully 60 or 60 miles off. Ships appear when they are nearly a day's sail from them, now with three hulls, now without sails, in a moment with a cloud of canvas, now turned upside down, and half a dozen ships are over the other, all as large as the biggest three-decker; when you come up with her she is some insignificant little coaster. We are within a couple of degrees of the Arctic Circle; the sun does not set until 10 P. M., and he rises about two; we have broad daylight all the time he is below the horizon. We are going on up to the head of the Gulf, and when we do we shall see the sun at midnight.—Letter from an Officer in the Napier fleet.

FROM THE ISTHMI.—By the California steamer we have received Isthmus papers to Aug. 15th. The Aspinwall Courier of that date, says that a number of old residents of San Juan have returned and are putting up buildings; and among them are some of the principal instigators of the difficulties which occasioned the destruction of the old town. Lieut. Comm. Jolly, of Her Britannic Majesty's schooner Bermuda, seems to be a very big bug among the Mosquitoes just now. He has not only returned to San Juan, but seems to have assumed supreme authority, and issues his proclamation in the style of a Prince! As a sample read the following:

Proclamation!—It having been brought to my notice that, in consequence of the late cruel outrage committed by the U. S. ship Cyane, that many depredations and thefts have been committed on the property necessarily left unguarded,—I hereby proclaim that any person brought before me with sufficient proof of having committed such theft or depredation, shall be severely flogged on board H. B. M. schooner under my command. Given on board H. B. M. Schooner Bermuda, at Greytown, this 15th day of July, 1854.

A. D. JOLLY, Lt. Com.
It is said that the opinion is prevalent throughout the West Indies that the San Juan affair will lead to a war between Great Britain and the United States.

There was a slight shock of an earthquake on the 15th, at 3 o'clock. A. M.—There were eight sea-going steamers in the harbor of Aspinwall, on the 15th inst., including the British war steamship, *Devastation*. An effort is being made to raise funds to erect a meeting house at Aspinwall; about \$1,000 had been subscribed, and another thousand was needed. Parties have been engaged for some time in searching out robbers and suspicious persons in the neighborhood of the town. More than twenty suspicious characters or notorious villains have been already arrested and brought into town. It is proposed to hang up, without delay, those against whom ample testimony can be furnished, and to send the others out of the country.

A RUSSIAN ACCOUNT OF A TURKISH VICTORY.—The Invalid, a Russian paper, in giving a detailed account of the battle of Gergovo, which has been trumpeted forth to the world as a great Turkish victory, says that the action was in consequence of the landing of the Turks upon the Island of Makan; that the Turks were several times repulsed with great loss; and that while retreating they were played upon by their own artillery in order to drive them back to the fight. According to this account, the result of the battle was adverse to the Turks, who are said to have lost some five thousand men, while the Russians lost less than five hundred. The subsequent retreat of the Russians, was in consequence of previous orders to that effect. Neither Russian or Turkish accounts are to be fully depended on.

SUFFERINGS OF A SEALERS CREW UPON THE ICE.—Three of the Crew of the Felix, a sealing vessel, have lately returned to England, their vessel having been lost in the ice on the coast of Greenland. The mate and six of the crew perished. Five others got upon the ice, where they remained for six days, enduring great hardships. Two of them died, and the other three when rescued by sealing vessels were terribly frost bitten. One was obliged to have both legs taken off near the thighs, another lost a foot, and the third several toes, the operating instruments being a carpenter's saw and a sealer's knife. Notwithstanding their mutilated condition,

they were quite hearty when they reached England.

CONSUMPTION.

The consumption mourned over as it is, seems to me a gentle untying of the knot of life, instead of the sudden and harsh tearing asunder of its threads by other disease—a tenderness in the suffering angel as it were, which greatly softens for some, his inevitable errand to all. It is a decoy with little or no pain, insensible almost in its progress, delayed sometime year after year in its more fatal approaches. And it is not alone in its indulgent prolonging and deferring, that consumption is like a blessing. The cords which it first loosens are the coarser ones most confining to the mind. The weight of the material senses is gradually taken from the soul with the lightning of their food and the lessening of their strength. Probably till he owns himself an invalid, no man has ever given the wings of his spirit room enough; if any have thought to adjust the ministrations to body and soul so as to subdue the senses to their secondary place and play. With illness enough for this, and not enough to distress or weaken—with consumption, in other words, as most commonly experienced—the mind becomes conscious of a wonderfully new freedom and predominance. Things around alter their value. Estimates of persons and pursuits strangely change. Nature seems as newly beautiful as if a film had fallen from the eyes. The purer affection, the simpler motives, the humbler and more secluded reliances for sympathy, are found to have been the closest linked, with the thoughts bolder and freer. Who has not wondered at the cheerfulness of consumptive persons? It is because, with the senses kept under by invalid treatment, there is no "depression of spirits." With careful regimen and the system purified and disciplined, life, what there is of it, is in the most exhilarating balance of its varied proportions. Death is not dreaded where there is thus such a conscious breaking through of the wings of another life, freer and higher.—N. P. Willis.

THE MOSLEM.

Dr. Dage, in his lecture on the Turkish power, relates the following amusing anecdote: A story is told of the Sultan by a countryman of ours, who was called to Constantinople to superintend the launching of some of the Royal ships. The Turks do these things by hand, and by the main strength of hundreds of them. But our American went to work, and built his ways and props after the American fashion, so as to let the vessel launch itself. When he had got his operation nearly completed, the Sultan, who was present and noticed the small number of his workmen, sent word to know if he did not want more help. "No," he replied, "he had enough." Thinking he had been misinformed, the Sultan sent a second time to offer a hundred men from the Royal dockyards. At that moment the signal was given, the props were knocked away, and the vessel starting without the aid of hands, slid smoothly and gracefully along the framework—then off into the waters of the Golden Horn. Lifting his hands and eyes in amazement, "Mashallah!" exclaimed Abdul Medjid, "God is great! God helps him—if he is an infidel!" So say I of Abdul Medjid. When he links his fortunes with humanity and freedom—may God help him if he is an infidel.

PRETTY NEAR THE MARK.—I was in company the other night, a number of ladies being present, when a young man proposed a conundrum, which he said he had read in the papers. It was this: "When is a lady not a lady?" There was a pause. "Give it up," said all around, when to the infinite horror of the whole party, the querist exclaimed, "When she's a little buggy." Nobody laughed—some were demure, some indignant, and some, no doubt, inclined to scratch—the querist's face a little. He was disappointed. Fumbling in his pocket, he pulled out a paper, which consulting a moment, he ejaculated: "Oh, I beg your pardon, ladies, I made a mistake; the answer is, 'When she is a little sulky.' I knew it was some sort of a carriage."

"The quality of Mercy" is not strained, "was the Shakespearean answer given by a by-stander, to Mrs. Stowe's question, 'What makes the water that leads up to Liverpool so muddy?' We add here, a flash of bright sense with 2 meaning in it, from the 'Sunny Memories.' The party were just 'over the border.' 'Take care,' said Mr. S. 'don't get too much excited.' 'Ah,' said I, '(I is Mrs. S. of course,)' 'this is a thing that comes only once in a life time; do let us have the comfort of it.' We shall never come into Scotland, for the first time again."

"What sort of a man does a lady most prefer? D'ye give it up?" "A husband man!"

THE PEACH CROP.—The Journal of Commerce says, the peach dealers now consider themselves as nearly in the midst of the business season, as it is well known that the late fruit is pretty much killed off, yet there is an extremely scanty supply in the market, falling even short of previous expectations. The arrivals in the New York market are about 3000 baskets per day, against something like 30,000 last year. Baskets retail at from \$1 50 to \$3. Last year the same kind of fruit was selling at from 50 cents to \$1 50 per basket. The peaches thus far received, are mostly from New Jersey.

GOOD SAILING.—The Clipper ship Flying Cloud, Capt. Cressey, from New York, via San Francisco, where she discharged her cargo, arrived at Hong Kong June 7, having performed her voyage in the short space of one hundred and thirty-seven days from New York.

(Correspondence of the Boston Traveller.)
LETTER FROM MAINE.
CALAIS, Aug. 20, 1854.

Editors of the Traveller.

A voyage Down East is very agreeable in dog days, if you are so fortunate as not to run upon the rocks, or come into collision with the coasters. I was on the Eastern City, under the charge of Capt. Winchester, a nautical skill and caution are as commendable as his courtesy. In the midst of others' mishaps he seems to keep on the even tenor of his way, quietly and safely. We came out of the fog, upon the prim and pretty town of Eastport, which spreads itself out upon the eastern end of Moose Island, as widely as its population will allow, while Fort Sullivan looks down upon it from a hill, behind, with a very patronizing air; and a numerous fleet of small vessels nestle around the town, like chickens around a hen. The Eastport of to-day is very much like the Eastport of many years ago. The changes are those produced by time mostly—very gradual, and rather for the worse in their effects upon man, and the works of man. However, Eastport is modern and progressive, compared with a town further up the river, on the other side of the "line" in the Province of New Brunswick, I mean St. Andrews. (New Brunswick, by the way, is famous for its Saints.) We touched at St. Andrews on our way from Eastport to Calais.

I should not forget Robbinston, directly opposite St. Andrews, and upon "our" side of the river. With less than half the number of houses of the former, it is largely engaged in ship building, is full of enterprise, and offers about the same contrast to its provincial neighbor, opposite, as a blooming youth does to an Egyptian mummy.

From Robbinston to Calais it is twelve miles, and in fine weather, the passage in the steamer is exceedingly pleasant. The course of the river is various, with occasional sharp turns, and the scenery is unusual in some respects, to that of any other river in the State. There is little cultivation, and but few inhabitants along the bank; and the notion of a profitable improvement may not enter one's thoughts; but its absence is more than made up to the spectator, by the picturesque appearance of the rough granite hills, and retreating bays, and wooded headlands that are passed, one after the other, as you ascend the river. Near Robbinston there is a small island upon which the French are said to have landed and spent the winter of 1606-7; and occasionally there are now found broken bricks and other remains of their temporary habitation.

We reached Calais at 7 o'clock, and while tramping through the clouds of dust, between the steamboat wharf and the "Calais House," we remembered, with half regret, the refreshing beautiful streets of Saint Andrews as they appeared in all their cleanliness from the deck of the river steamer. Well, this is a world of compensations, after all. Where people do no business, they have at least clean streets,—and that's some satisfaction.

XXX.

MORE SLAVES LANDED IN CUBA.—Havana letters by the Isabel, announce the landing of more slaves in Cuba from American slavers. A cargo of 490 is stated to have been landed at San Carlos, from a vessel called the Julia Myster, or Mista. The vessel was immediately burned, and the seamen on board forwarded by the agents of the enterprise to Havana as distressed mariners.

SPEDDY EMBARKATION OF TROOPS.—Nathaniel St. Arnaud has expressed great satisfaction at the rapidity and safety with which the troops have been landed at Varna; 9000 having been landed under the walls in one day.

The mail steamer John Mann sunk in the St. Lawrence on Friday night, when on her way from Montreal to Quebec. No life was lost.

COMMUNICATION.

[FOR THE STANDARD.]

Mr. Editor,
I invite the attention of the reading Public to an article in the St. John Courier of the 21 inst., signed "LEX," on the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States. The writer deserves the thanks of the community for such clear statements of the many advantages of this treaty to our Province; and I also request our Members of the Assembly to read it with attention. I differ however with Lex in one view,—that we should obtain Reciprocity in Ship-building.

It would appear, that twenty years past, the tonnage of New Brunswick was very small in proportion to the number of inhabitants. How is it now? Why, our tonnage is larger in proportion to its inhabitants, than any part of the known world. This may reasonably be accounted for, as our ship building timber, such as Larch, White Pine, Black Birch and Spruce, are superior in quality and abundance, than in any part of the known commercial world. We import our iron, copper, sails and rigging, free of duty, or nearly so, from England; while the United States pay a duty of 30 per cent., and their timber costs nearly double that of ours. Then is it not clear, if our men are as good ship builders and artisans, (which I contend they are, and as good seamen, and hence our Colonial ships can be built one-third cheaper than American ships,) will we not continue to be the largest ship owners in the world, and we will, if not disturbed in our present happy position, be the great carriers of all the cotton, sugar, flour, and wealth of the Southern United States. But rely on it, Brother Jonathan, with his keen and sharp eye, will soon sue for Reciprocity of Ships and free Coasting Trade, or, I am greatly mistaken.

I consider the Reciprocity Treaty, when confirmed by Great Britain, one of the most important measures for the British North American Colonies, that have taken place since the peace of 1814. U. S. States. It will cause a revolution in commerce, bring peace with our neighbour, and prosperity and happiness to ourselves.

ST. ANDREWS.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.—Colonel Hayne, A. D. C. to His Excellency Sir Edmund Head, has arrived in town from New Brunswick, and is at present sojourning at Spencer Wood. We understand that Lord Elgin will proceed to England immediately on the meeting of Parliament.

Further we hear from New Brunswick that Sir Edmund Head will assume the reins of power with special power from Downing-street to forward an immediate union of all the Provinces. This is a move in the right direction, unhappily a little late, but entrusted to able and honest hands, and a measure which it is to be hoped will not be behind the requirements of the age; at least it is the duty of every good subject to support it.—(Quebec Mercury.)

DEATH OF JUDGE POWELL.—It becomes our painful duty to announce the sudden death of William Dummer Powell, Esquire, Judge of the County and Surrogate Courts of this County. We are not acquainted with the particulars, but understand that he was in town on Saturday evening in apparently his usual state of health, and at ten o'clock yesterday (Sunday) morning he was found dead in his bed.—Guelph Advertiser, Aug. 21.

NICHOLAS A. HIGHLANDER.—A correspondent of the Edinburgh Scotsman gives the following proof that the Emperor of Russia is of Highland extraction:—"The Emperor Paul was in London, and when one day driving in his carriage through Hyde Park, he observed a lady, in the bloom of youth and beauty, riding past him on a Highland sheltie. He stopped his carriage, made enquiry about her, found out who she was, got introduced to her father, and finally to herself, paid frequent visits to her at her father's house, was so much captivated by her beauty, accomplishments, and unassuming manner, that he offered her marriage, was accepted, and after all preliminaries were settled, was some time after privately married to her. She went with him to Russia, and in time became the mother of the present Emperor of all the Russias. The reader will wonder who this lady was; in answer I have to say that she was no other than the beautiful daughter of M. Gregor, the Highland farmer of Bridge of Turk."

PROJECT FOR SPAIN.—AN EMPEROR OF IBERIA.—The New York Courier & Enquirer is able to surmise from reliable information, that the remarkably hasty journey lately made by Lord Howden, from France to Madrid, was committed with some mutual understanding between the French and British Governments, respecting the intended proclamation of Don Pedro III. of Portugal, as head of a new united peninsular empire.

We learn that Mr. Morton is now engaged in locating the remainder of the railway line between St. John and the Bend.

We trust that the progress which will be made from this time henceforth will satisfy those most disposed to grumble, that the eminent firm of gentlemen who have taken our contract cannot afford to break their promises, and that the apparent want of system and vacillation of their employes here, will be succeeded by such a display of energy and business ability as will astonish the natives.—[Courier.]

The health of the City and Portland continues greatly to improve. The deaths reported to the Board of Health since Saturday morning were as follows:—In the City on

Sunday, 1; in Portland and Indian Town 2; Monday, in the City, 1; Portland and Indian Town, 2; Tuesday, in the City, 1; Portland, none; Wednesday, in the City, 3; Portland, none; Thursday, in the City, 2; Portland, none; Friday, in the City, 2; one of these in Carleton; Portland, none; Saturday, in the City and Portland, none.—[Ibid.]

The notorious street-preacher, Orr, better known as the "Argel Gabriel," arrived in this City on Thursday evening, by the steamer Eastern City from Boston. He has made several attempts to get a hearing in the streets, but as yet without much success.—[Ibid.]

The R. M. Steamer Curlew, Capt. Sampson, arrived at Halifax on Friday afternoon from St. Thomas and Bermuda. It is mentioned in the latest intelligence she brings from the West Indies that the cholera was subsiding at Barbadoes.

Capt. Sampson left at St. Thomas the mail steamer Conway, lying in quarantine, having arrived from Grenada with several cases of cholera on board. Three thousand deaths had occurred at Grenada up to the time of her sailing.

The Bermuda Royal Gazette of the 15th August says:—"The Cholera, we are much pleased to learn, had almost entirely disappeared from Barbadoes. There were at the latest accounts, but a case or two, and these were reported to be in the country." It was perfectly healthy in Demerara.

From the Bridgetown Liberal.
The steamer Conway, came in yesterday afternoon from Grenada, to await the arrival of the English mails, and brings intelligence of the increasing prevalence of Cholera in that island, and the little dependency of Carriacou. The number of deaths reported up to Saturday last was 2,658, being an estimated increase of over 1000 since our last account, up to the previous Saturday, when the number was stated at about 1,650.

The districts that appear to have suffered most are—Sainte Anne (Town) and Parish of St. Patrick, where 1277 deaths are reported out of a population of 6,160, or nearly 25 per cent.; Grandville (Town) and Parish of St. Andrew, where there have been 500 deaths, or nearly 9 per cent. of the population of 5,625; and Charlotte (Town) and Parish of St. John, giving 219, or about 7 per cent. of the population of 3,116. There had been but 480 deaths in the capital Town and Parish of St. George, with a population of 10,000, or less than 5 per cent. The ratio of mortality for the whole Island of Grenada up to the date of these accounts (29th ultimo) was 94 per cent. of the population, and for Carriacou less than 12 per cent., the deaths there being stated at 56 with a population of 4461.

The epidemic was making sad ravages in St. Lucia, particularly in the Soufriere quarter.

AN AFRICAN DUEL.—At the appointed time, the duellists appeared upon the field of honor, accompanied by friends who were to witness their victory or sympathize in their defeat. Each stalwart savage leaped into the arena, armed with a cowhide cat, whose sharp and triple thong were capable of inflicting the deadliest blows. They stripped off their tunics and leaped into the air to determine which of the two should receive the first lashing. The unfortunate loser immediately took his stand, and received, with the firmness of a martyr, the allotted number of blows. Then came the turn of the whipper, who with equal constancy, offered his back to the scourge of the enraged sufferer. Thus they alternated until one gave in, or until the bystanders decreed victory to him who bore the punishment longest without wincing. The played backs of these "chivalrous men of honor" were ever after displayed in token of their bravery; and, doubtless, their Dailemies devoted to their healing the subtlest ointment and tenderest affection recognized among the Africans.

A CONVENTION ASSESSED FOR DAMAGES TO A CHURCH.—The proceedings of the last Democratic Convention in California, we should judge, from the reports in the papers of that region, were rather of a stormy character. They met in a Baptist Church, and during their quarrels they made such havoc with the pews, that the Trustees of the building ordered them to leave. At the next session of the Convention the sum of \$400 was raised to pay for the damage to the Church.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—A telegraphic despatch from Washington states that official information was received there from Lord Elgin, that, pending the action of the Imperial and Provincial Legislatures, on the Reciprocity Treaty, the free navigation of the St. Lawrence will be granted to American vessels.

The coal produce of the world in the year 1853 is estimated at 75,000,000 tons, of which amount 40,000,000 tons were produced by Great Britain, and 9,000,000 tons by the United States.

Last of the Old Loyalists in Canada.

Col. Joseph Ryerson, supposed to be the last of the old United Empire Loyalists in Canada, died near Victoria, Norfolk County, Upper Canada, on the 9th inst., aged 94 years. He was a native of New Jersey, and at the breaking out of the revolutionary war, he and his brother Samuel joined the royal standard. Samuel raised a company of 60 men. Paterson, N. J., and Joseph was one of 550 volunteers sent south to besiege Charleston, 196 miles into the interior, in the course of which he experienced several hair breadth escapes. He was in six battles besides several skirmishes, and was once wounded. At the

close of the war he, with his brother went to New Brunswick, and subsequently to Upper Canada, where he afterwards held a number of offices. During the war with the United States in 1812, Colonel Ryerson and his three eldest sons took an active part in the defence of Canada.

Bridge across the St. John, at Grand Falls.—The building of the above was let at Grand Falls on Monday last, by the Honorable George Hayward the Government Commissioner. The contract was taken by Alexander Light, Esq., the chief Engineer of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway, for the sum of £1875. The high standing the contractor has acquired as an Engineer, together with his well known abilities, will insure to the public a structure of the first class, at this hitherto impassable barrier.—Woodstock Journal.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, SEP. 6, 1854.

Arrival of the "Pacific."

The Steamer Pacific arrived at New York on the 3d inst.

The capture of Bomarsund is confirmed. The Austrians have entered the Principality; no other movements of importance.

The London Times has a strong article on delay of Troops at Varna, where Cholera is raging frightfully, and thinks it better to lose 10,000 men in attacking Sebastopol than confining them to a malignant camp. The Times intimates the loss by cholera at from 10,000 to 15,000 men.

MARKETS.

Flour, declining from 6d. to 9d since sailing of Europe. Wheat also slightly declined. Speculative demand for Indian Corn. Yellow quoted 35 to 36 shillings per quarter. Other Markets generally depressed.

LEGISLATIVE EXPENSE.—Much has been said and written on the "Contingent Bill" of the House of Assembly, but a more important item and greater amount, has been overlooked, viz: the increased expense which has been entailed on the country, by the division of Counties and the consequent increase of members, who of course must have their fifteen shillings per diem, and their travelling expenses, in addition to which large sums are voted to members as was the case last Session, and paid without the slightest hesitation. The expenses of the Legislature are becoming enormous and are paid out of the pockets of the people. We do not suppose that men can reasonably be expected to give their time and labor for nothing—but the allowance should be limited to a fair compensation for the expenses incurred. Men of principle and independence will not ask any more. We do not advocate a stingy economy in public business, but the liberal rate of compensation to the members is liable to great abuse. Formerly the members of the Imperial Parliament received compensation for their attendance, this however was not paid out of the public purse but by their constituents; which is, we believe the proper practice, while such payments are made. Why not pass a law making the constituencies liable and bound to pay their own Representatives. And as has been observed—"If a member could afford to attend to his Legislative duties without pay so much the better; if he could not afford this, let the City or County for which he is elected, tax themselves to pay him directly from those who employ him." Such a course would save a burden which begins to press heavily on the public revenue and might procure perhaps the return of a more able and independent class of Representatives. It might also tend to give the Constituencies a more correct and impressive notion of the responsibility, which the privilege and duty of Parliamentary electors involved.

Town of St. George.

We were much pleased on a recent visit to this pretty little Town, to observe the great improvements, which have been made within a short space of time. Several large and modern finished houses, and stores have been erected. An air of business, activity and bustle, pervade the place, a number of vessels have been loaded there this season by its enterprising merchants. The mills have been kept going notwithstanding the drought, and a large quantity of deals manufactured, the character of which, stand high in the English market. In truth the inhabitants are a progressive people—generous and hospitable, as could be found in any part of the globe.

From all quarters our exchange papers give accounts of fires raging in the woods. A large amount of hay and grain have been destroyed, and also much valuable timber.

Our own County is suffering from this awful scourge.

FOOD FOR THE BRITISH FLEET IN THE BALTIC.—From the calculation which we have seen, it is stated that 80 oxen costing £1000 makes only one meal for the crews of the British fleet in the Baltic. At this ratio it would require 250 oxen per diem for the Anglo French Army in Turkey.

FALL IN THE PRICE OF DEALS.—From A. & D. Mackay's Circular we learn that St. John Spruce deals have been sold for £9 15s per standard.

The parched earth was refreshed yesterday morning by a most welcome shower of rain—the first which has fallen here for several weeks. During last night we are happy to add, a large quantity of rain fell, accompanied by heavy peals of thunder.

We have been handed the following extract of a letter from a gentleman in the U. S. to a friend in this town:—

"There is a rumour that negotiations are in progress for the transfer of Vancouver Island to (the United States Government). It is one of the most valuable portions of British America, having greater advantages for a Naval Station than any place on the N. West Coast, it is larger than the Province of New Brunswick, has a fertile soil, is heavily timbered, and though but little explored is known to contain abundance of coal and iron, and in parting with it, for any consideration, the British Government would pay little attention to the interest of their American colonies."

We take leave to direct attention, to the advertisement of Prof. Beyer, in our columns. He is, we are informed a competent and successful teacher of music, possessing the faculty of imparting the knowledge necessary to an accomplished performer on the organ, piano or other musical instruments. We trust he will be liberally patronized.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY MEETING.—We are requested to state that a Missionary Meeting will be held in the Wesleyan Chapel on Friday Evening next. The Chair will be taken at 7 o'clock. Several Rev. gentlemen from various parts of the Province are expected to be present. The Public are invited to attend.

How to Distinguish Cholera.—Dr. M. L. North of Saratoga, in the last number of the Boston Medical Journal says:

The distinction between Asiatic cholera and common domestic diarrhoea is palpable and easy, and every man can carry the distinction in his memory. Cannot an uneducated man tell certainly if he has an evacuation which is copious, watery, colorless, painless and inordinate? Any man of ordinary talents can ascertain in two minutes that something has happened to him which he never experienced before. I said painless. It is this quality of the evacuation which leads men to the amazing apathy so common, and permit them to let hours and even days elapse, before the physician is called.

As this Asiatic destroyer has now become Americanized our people must be able to make an early discrimination, and our profession must learn how to prevent the fatal collapse. Why will not editors instruct their readers that they can better afford to lose a pint of red blood than a pint of colorless blood of cholera? How hopeless is the state of the patient from whom gallons of liquid, colorless nutriment, have escaped, and now forlorn and writhed the medical man called at the last hour!

The Passengers from Montreal were detained on Wednesday night at Rouse's Point by the non arrival of the steamer Canada from Whitehall, which would not leave in consequence of the dense smoke from the burning forests. Fifty thousand dollars worth of timber has already been destroyed in that vicinity. The forest about the sources of the Hudson is said to be on fire for fifteen miles around.

On Sunday night a man named Thos. Nixon, said to belong to Wilmot, N. S., in a drunken fit jumped off one of the wharves in Water street, to swim off to some schooner in the harbor. An alarm was raised and a boat put out as soon as possible to the rescue, but after a search of nearly three quarters of an hour he was given up as lost by nearly all who had been looking for him. One man persevered in the search and at length he was found inside the Ballast Wharf holding on with desperate tenacity to one of the beams. He was rescued, and as soon as he was sober was shipped on board a Nova Scotia schooner, the master of which engaged to take him home.—Freeman.

The cholera is making dreadful ravages in some portions of the Southern States. A writer in the Nashville Union says of the effects of cholera in Fayetteville, Tennessee: "I am within ten miles of Fayetteville with my family. I sent to town this morning, and out of a population of 1,200 persons, there are no more than 60 or 70 persons left in the town. The citizens have left in all directions. I was in town on Monday myself, and found the place almost deserted. I do

not suppose there is a single family in town but what some of it are sick, or else they would all leave. Taverns are closed, no place for a traveller to stop at."

Holloway's Pills, Wonderfully Efficacious in the Cure of a disordered Liver.—R. W. Kirkus, chemist, of Prescott street, Liverpool, lately informed Professor Holloway that a customer of his (a lady to whom he is at liberty to refer,) has been cured by the use of these invaluable Pills, of a liver complaint with which she has been troubled for several years; and so virulent was the last attack, that even her life was despaired of. In this alarming state she tried Holloway's Pills, the first dose of which relieved her, and by continuing their use for a short period she has been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health.

MARRIAGES.

At Chamcook, on the 26th ult by the Rev. Wm. Milten, Mr. John Orr, of the Parish of St. Patrick, to Miss Henrietta Brown, of St. Andrews.

On the 24th ult., by the Rev. John Ross, Mr. William Ross to Miss Sarah M. McLellan both of the Parish of St. Andrews.

On the 4th inst., Mr. George A. Greenlaw of St. Andrews, to Miss Emma Eliza, youngest daughter of the late W. Greenough of Eastport, Maine.

DEATHS.

On Friday last, Mr. Thomas Steadman, aged 29.

At Turner's Ridge, St. Patricks, on the 12th ult., Mr. Thomas Grant, aged 52 years. He was one of the early settlers of that place, and for sterling integrity and moral worth, he had few equals; his memory will be long cherished by both relatives and neighbours. His end was peace.

A. BEYER,

PROFESSOR OF MUSIC,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he is prepared to receive Pupils desirous of being instructed on the Organ, Piano, Flute or Violin, or in Vocal Music, either at his own residence, or the houses of pupils.

From his extensive practice and experience as a Teacher of Music in the Provinces and the United States; he trusts he will receive a liberal share of patronage, from those requiring his professional services.

Mr. Beyer has just received and opened in the shop nearly opposite the British House, a choice selection of the latest

Musical Instruments, Instruction Books Stationery, Mantel Ornaments, & great variety of Toys, Ladies Work Boxes and numerous other articles, all of which will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash. Organs, Pianos, and other musical instruments tuned.

Musical Academy. A. BEYER. St. Andrews, Sep. 5, 1854.

FOR SALE.

A FRAME suitable for a SHIP of 1000 Tons, to class 7 years. Also 600 Hachmetac Knees. Apply to H. A. or J. L. CAMERON, St. George, N. B. September 5, 1854.

Public Notice.

WHEREAS Jesse Christie, of Saint Stephens, Administrator of Aaron Gray, late of the Parish of Saint David, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, has this day filed his Petition duly verified, in the Court of Probate for the said County, for Licence to sell the Real Estate which the said Aaron Gray died seized of, or some part thereof for the payment of the debts due from the said Estate. Notice is hereby given to the heirs of the said Aaron Gray, and all other persons interested, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration at a Court to be holden at the office of the Clerk of the Peace in Saint Andrew, on Tuesday the third day of October next at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Dated the 30th day of August 1854. By the Court. GEO. D. STREET, Register.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on the Premises, on the 3d day of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon:—ALL that certain FARM, or LOT of LAND owned by Henry T. Emery in his life time, containing about four acres and 20 rods.

The above farm is situate at Deer Island, in the County of Charlotte, in Long Creek, opposite the old Grille Mill. There is a good one story HOUSE on the premises, three rooms of which are well finished, and a good suitable Barn. Terms of sale will be made known at the time of sale.

JOHN M'KINNEY, Administrator. Deer Island, Aug. 28, 1854. 4i.

Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Assessor will receive, at the store of John Lochary, until the 10th June next, statements from all who are liable to be assessed for the current year, in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess, in order that correct information may be received, and complaints prevented after the assessment is completed. These statements must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.

S. H. WHITLOCK, Assessor. JOHN LOCHARY, of Rates. H. HITCHINGS.

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The Subscr

GOLD

CHAINS,

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set Finger I

Cases; gold

fancy steel

Brooches; gold

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Scent Bottl

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Plated Butt

and Water

Candlestick

Griffin P

Coffee & T

Plated & B

Toast rack

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Miss Sarah M. McLe-
St. Andrews.
George A. Greenlaw,
Miss Emma Eliza,
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THS.

Thomas Steadman, a-
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YER,

OF MUSIC.

forms the inhabitants of
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Flute or Violin, or in
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A. BEYER.

SALE.

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Apply to
L. L. CAMERON,
St. George, N. B.

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Christie, of Saint
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D. STREET.

Register.

TOR'S SALE.

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NEY, Administrator.

28, 1854.

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WATCHES, Jewelry, &c.

The Subscriber has just received an assort-

ment of

GOLD & SILVER Patent LEVER

WATCHES, GUARD and Albert

CHAINS, KEYS, RINGS, &c.

Gold, Silver plated, and Berlin Iron

BROOCHES, Ladies and Gents gold stone

set Finger Rings; gold and silver Pencil

Cases; gold LOCKETS; Jet, Stone and

fancy steel Bracelets, Gentlemen's Pins &

Brooches; gold and Cornelian Earrings;

gold, plated, pearl and bone Shirt Studs;

Ladies Companions in silver & steel fings,

Scent Bottles SILVER PLATED and

Albata Table & Tea SPOONS; Silver &

Plated Butter Knives, Plated Cake Baskets

and Waiters; Plated and Britannia Metal

Candlesticks; Brass, Britannia metal and

Griffin metal & Block tin Water Kettles;

Coffee & Tea Pots; Egg Cookers;

Plated and Britannia metal Grout Stands &

Tost Racks; Glass & China Vases;

Papier mache Porte Folios;

Gents DRESSING CASES;

Hat Hair, Nail, Tooth Shaving, Crumb,

Paint, Whitewash and Shoe BRUSHES,

Razor & Razor Strops & Hones, Drawing

and Carpenter's Pencils, Visiting Cards,

Old Brown Windsor & Fancy Soap, Table

and Hand Belts, Accordions, Pens, Ink,

Note, Letter and Foolscap Paper, Envel-

opes; Funeral Cards; Work Boxes;

Writing Desks; Cake & Spice Boxes;

Bears Grease & Hair Oils;

Lubin's, Cleaver's & Harrison's

PERFUMERY assorted;

Nursery & Work Baskets; Reticules;

Pocket Knives; Scissors;

Sets Ivory handled Knives and Forks;

Carvers; Steels; Tea Trays;

Fire Irons; Iron Stands;

Guns; Pistols;

Caps; Powder; Shot;

Powder Flasks & Shot Belts;

Spirit Levels; Violins, Preserving Kettles;

Mill, Pit and Hand Saw FILES;

Brass & Bit; Looking Glasses; Scales

and Weights; Sauce & Frying Pans;

Brass and Iron Screens; Whips and whif-

lashes; One case Toys; Lazenby & Sons

Pickles & Sauces; with a great variety of

other articles:

Clocks, Watches and Jewellery, repaired

and cleaned, &c.

Agent for Fellows & Co. Sassa-

rilla, Dispepsia Bitters, Speedy Relief

and Lemon Syrup &c. Lyons Kathairon;

Berry's Tricopherous.

GEO. F. STICKNEY.

August 23, 1854.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

On Saturday the 23d day of December

next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold by Public

Auction, at the Court House in Saint

Andrews:—

ALL the right, title, interest and claim

whatsoever of Otis Turner, to the

following properties situate in the Parish

of St. Patrick, viz:—

The northern quarter of the southern

half of Lot No. 8, bounded by the Digde-

gush grant, and by lands owned by Sarah

Hanson and Isaac Turner, containing 50

acres, more or less; and

The Lot at present occupied by the said

Otis Turner, containing 25 acres, more or

less, with the buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken

by virtue of an execution of *Fieri Facias*

issued out of the Supreme Court, at the

suit of George Hobbs, endorsed to levy

£59 7 10, with interest on the sum of

£53 16 10, from the 26th May, 1849,

besides Sheriff's fees.

THOS. JONES,

Sheriff of Charlotte

Sheriff's Office,

13th June, 1854.

SURROGATE COURT.

County of Charlotte.

IN the matter of the Estate of Jane Eliza-

beth Hitting, late of the Parish of Saint

Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, de-

ceased.

WHEREAS, Isaac Bowness, of the

said Parish of St. Stephen, the fa-

ther of the said deceased, has prayed, that

Letters of Administration of the said estate

may be granted to him; notice thereof is

therefore hereby given to the next of kin

of the said deceased, and they are hereby

cited to appear before me at a Court of

Probate to be held at the Office of the

Clerk of the Peace, in St. Andrews, in the

said County of Charlotte, on Tuesday the

fifth day of September next, at noon, to take

oath Letters of Administration on the said

estate, or show cause why the same should

not be granted to the said Isaac Bowness, or

such other person as the said Surrogate

may see fit to appoint.

Given under my hand and the

seal of the said Court, this first

day of August, A. D. 1854.

(signed) H. HATCH,

Surr. Judge &c. for

Charlotte.

GEO. D. STREET,

Register of Probates.

Brandy Cherries.

Ex MARINER via New York.

19 Cases 1 doz. bottles each Brandy Cherries

direct from Bordeaux (in Bond).

For sale by J. W. STREET.

July 24 1854.



CROWN LAND OFFICE.

August 1, 1854.

THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands
will be offered for sale by Public Auction,
on Tuesday the 5th day of September next at noon,
by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, as
greed to the Regulations of 11th May 1843, and
no sale on credit will be made to any person who
is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.
(Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or
other Lumber under Licences applied for previous
to the applications for the purchase of the Land.)
(No person is allowed to hold more than one
hundred acres payable by instalments.)

By Deputy Mohood at St. Andrews.

200 acres, lot 8, block K, Saint James,

John Grimmer.

165 acres, lots 9, 10, block K, Saint James,

G. S. Grimmer.

100 acres, lot 19 west, Bonny River, Justus

Sealy.

99 acres, lot 8 west, McDugald's Lake

Stream, Murdoch improved.

399 acres, lot Z, south of Red Rock, G.

Christopher.

R. D. WILMOT,

Sur. Gen.

MAIL STAGE,

BETWEEN
ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHENS &
UPPER MILLS.

THE Subscriber having taken the con-
tract for the conveyance of the Mails be-
tween the above named places, will run
daily (Sundays excepted) leaving Upper
Mills at half-past 4, A. M. St. Stephens
half-past 5, A. M. Returning will leave St.
Andrews at 12 o'clock, noon. Having
quick horses, a comfortable Waggon, and
covered Carriage, he is prepared to carry
Passengers, to whom every attention will
be paid. He trusts by punctuality and
care, to merit a share of patronage.
Books kept at Bradford's hotel, St. An-
drews, L. Ryder's, St. Stephen, and at his
own house, Upper Mills.

JOHN O'BRIEN.

August 22, 1854.

MOLASSES.

JUNE 1st 1854.

FIFTY Hds. prime retailing MOLASSES
(Just received.) J. W. STREET.

DENTAL CARD.

Dr. E. N. Harris,
SURGEON DENTIST

CALAIS, MAINE.

GRADUATE of the Baltimore College of Denta
Surgery, respectfully offers his services to the
public of St. Andrews and vicinity, in all cases
of disease of the Teeth and Mouth.
Full or parts of sets of

MINERAL TEETH,

inserted on Gold or Platinum, so perfectly imi-

tating Nature as to deceive the keenest observer.

Teeth cleaned, filled, and extracted in a skill-

ful manner.

Particular attention given to regulating chil-

dren's teeth.

Office in Sawney's Block, Main Street,

recently occupied by Dr. Adams, Opposite

the Post Office, Calais.

Dr. H. has the pleasure of referring to his

numerous patrons in Calais and St. Stephen, to

C. K. Fiske, M. D., Dentist, St. John, and to

the Professors of the Baltimore College of Den-

tal Surgery.

July 11, 1854.

Port Wine & Sherry.

Ex "Glasgow" Just arrived from London,

ONE Hogshead superior PORT WINE.

One do. do. PALE SHERRY.

Dark and pale BRANDY, of superior

brands, consigned to and for sale by

THOMPSON & Co.

St. Andrews, 19th June, 1854.

ST. CROIX STEAM NAVIGATION

COMPANY'S

fast and favourite Steamer

"NEQUASSET,"

Capt. T. Carey, is again on the Route and will

run every day (Sunday excepted) between East

port, St. Andrews, Robinson and Calais accord-

ing to a weekly arrangement to be seen at the

Agent's.

ROBERT KER,

Agent.

St. Andrews, 20th April 1854.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very

extensive assortment of

British and American

MERCHANDIZE,

which together with a

large stock of Groceries and Dry

Stuffs, will be sold at a small profit for cash.

JOHN LOCHARY.

CAUTION.

I HEREBY forbid all persons, purchasing

or negotiating a Note drawn by me in

favour of George Hobbs, for \$270 65 dated

April 21, 1854, as I never received any value

for the same.

ROBT. P. McFARLANE.

Digdegush, May 2, 1854.

Blanks

For Sale at this Office.

BRITISH HOUSE, ST. ANDREWS.

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber respectfully returns his ac-
knowledgements to the Public, for the patron-
age so liberally extended to him for upwards of

ON THE
Philosophy of Marriage, and the Secret In-
firmities of Youth and Maturity.
With fifty Coloured Engravings on Steel.
In a Sealed Envelope, price 2s 6d sterling.

SELF-PRESERVATION: an Analytic
and Scientific Investigation of the Physiology
and Functions of Marriage, in all the bear-
ings in which that important subject affects
the health and happiness of man, with its
disqualifications, and impediments, tracing
their origin to the effects of juvenile soli-
tary habits, youthful excess, tropical climates,
or close study; followed by practical re-
marks, founded on twenty years experi-
ence in the treatment of impotence, ner-
vous debility, local weakness, spermator-
rhoea, syphilis, and all diseases of the urinary
and generative system. Illustrated by
fifty Coloured Engravings on the anatomy
of the reproductive organs and their rela-
tive conditions in health and disease. By
SAMUEL LA'MBERT, M.D., No. 37,
Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medi-
cine, Matriculated Member of the Universi-
ty of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the
London Hospital Medical Society, Licenti-
ate of Apothecaries' Hall, London, &c.

The essential object of this treatise is to
point out, the fearful consequences result-
ing from certain habits, irregularities and
excesses, which have produced more mis-
ery in youth, degradation in manhood, and
premature decay at all stages of life, than
perhaps, any other class of disease known
to modern pathologists. Its perusal is par-
ticularly recommended to persons entertain-
ing secret doubts of their physical condi-
tions, and who are conscious of having haz-
arded the health, happiness and privileges
to which every human being is entitled.—
The contents embrace the origin, effects,
prevention and treatment of the deplorable
catalogue of maladies connected with ner-
vous debility, exhaustion of the vital ener-
gies, prostration of mental and physical ca-
pacity local and general weakness, acute
and chronic spermatorrhoea, and their en-
dless modifications. The treatment adopted
is founded on experience gained in the most
celebrated schools of medicine, and by the
most eminent practitioners, both in Great
Britain and in Continental Europe. Every
peculiarity relating to the physiology, pa-
thology and general treatment of the dis-
eases incidental to the generative system is
clearly explained, and the means of im-
mediate relief and ultimate cure described in
detail. The professional reputation of Dr.
La'Mbert, who has taken the most distin-
guished medical and academic honours, at
home and abroad, is in itself a sufficient
guarantee that those who may place them-
selves under his care will, in every instance
meet with that delicate consideration and
invaluable secrecy which are so requisite in
the treatment of these cases.

CAUTION.—In consequence of the exten-
sive sale of his work, which has now at-
tained its sixteenth edition, several spurious
and imperfect copies are in circulation.—
The genuine edition can be had only from
the Author or his advertised agents.

The work may be had in St. John of U.
Chubb & Co., price 2s. 6d. stg.; Halifax,
Messrs. Morton & Co.; Quebec, at the
Gazette Office; Montreal, Mr. Dawson,
bookseller. Dec. 14, 1853—G

STEAM BREWERY.

Messrs. THOMPSON & CO. having com-
pleted the erection of their Patent Steam
Brewery, beg respectfully to announce, that after
the 1st October, they will be ready to supply
Families and the Public in general, with BEER
in casks of various sizes.

N. B. Malt, Hops, Grains, and Yeast, now on
sale.

CHAMPAGNE.

JUST RECEIVED 20 Baskets—first quality
Champagne "Queen Victoria" and "Lal-
mande Cordon Rouge" brands.
J. W. STREET

**CHARLOTTE COUNTY
GRAMMAR SCHOOL.**
RANALD E. SMITH, B.A.,
Principal.

The classes in this Institution, were re-opened
on Monday August 1st.
TERMS—PER QUARTER.
English branches, £10 0 0
Mathematical, with the above, £15 0 0
Classical with all the above, £10 0 0

Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugar

To arrive per "Louisa Munroe."
6 Tierces Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugars
J. W. STREET

Just Received.

Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses,
Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low
by
JOS. WALTON.

APPRENTICES.

Wanted, two Boys form 14 to 16 years of
age to learn the Printing business.
Apply at the
STANDARD OFFICE.

FLLOUR.—Ex "Utica" from Boston,
100 Bbls. Canada superfine FLOUR,
10 Do. best Rye FLOUR.
J. W. STREET.
May 26, 1854

Now Publishing
By JOHN TALLIS & CO. OF LONDON
THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE
Duke of Wellington;

By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in
Arms, of His Grace.)

Comprising the Campaigns and Battle-
Fields of Wellington and his Comrades,
the Political Life of the Duke and his
Contemporaries, and a detailed account
of England's Battles by Sea and Land,
from the commencement of the Great
French Revolution to the present time,
interspersed with Anecdotes Personal
Incidents, and Adventures, etc.

ADDRESS.

The earthly career of Arthur Duke
Wellington has closed; one of the greatest
men of the nineteenth century, the fore-
most military commander of any age has
paid the debt of nature. The time has not
arrived for giving to the world a History
of the Great Captain—the Events of his
Life and Times—a life marked by patriot-
ism and honour, and events the greatest
which have ever agitated the civilized
world, and whose influence will be felt
upon society till the end of time.—Such a
work must appeal to the best and proudest
feelings in the heart of every Briton—the
glory of his country, the honour of its name
and position among the nations—may his
own existence as a freeman, as recorded
and engraven in the annals of the "wel-
fought fields," and the deadly imminent
breaches, the immortal battles and the glori-
ous sieges in which Wellington and his
Companions-in-arms gathered unfading lau-
rels, placed their country's honour and
renown on the highest pinnacle of fame and
glory, and tore the victor's wreath from the
brows of heroes decorated with the trophies
of Italy, Egypt, and Germany.

To supply such a desideratum in Eng-
lish literature, the publishers of The Life
and Times of the Duke of Wellington have
determined to produce a work which shall
present to the reader, not only a dry
detail which a mere biographical sketch
would afford, but a comprehensive work,
embracing the contemporaneous history of
the period; exhibiting the circumstances
which brought about the great events in
which the Duke and his contemporaries
were engaged, and giving to the reader a
connected narrative of the lives and actions
of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nine-
teenth century; and this from the pen of
one who was a companion in arms of the
great hero, and participated with him in
many a well-fought field.

In order to carry out their views, the Pub-
lishers have determined that the work shall
be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the
Warriors and Statesmen of the last half
century who have shed a lustre upon the
history of their country; also representa-
tions of the most important engagements by
sea and land from the period of 1750 till
1852; so that the work, when finished, shall
form an Illustrated Gallery of the Naval and
Military Exploits of England.

It has been well said, "Character is the
true strength of nations; true glory their
best inheritance. When the time shall
come that the British heart no longer throbs
at the names of Crespy, Poitiers, Agin-
court, Blenheim, Ramillies, Oudenard,
Malplaque; of Talavera, Salamanca, Tou-
mase, Waterloo—the last hour of the
British Empire will be struck." The pro-
motion and elevation of national spirit and
feeling is therefore the duty and interest
of every true and loyal son of England.
May Heaven inspire the hearts of every
one of us with that spirit and feeling.

Conditions of Publication.—The work
will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every
month, in Parts at 1s. 2d. and Divisions
handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. printed on Im-
perial 8vo. double columns, each part will
be embellished by two highly finished steel
Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of
letter press. A beautiful steel Engraving
13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringapa-
tam, the first victory in which the late Duke
of Wellington was engaged in India, to
every subscriber to the work.

GEO. GAY, Agent.

March 23, 1853.

REMOVAL.

E. BAYARD, M.D.
HAS removed to Mr. Thomas Watt's cottage
opposite the Brewery.
Office in same building—entrance south end.

FLOUR &c.

Ex.—Utica from Boston—just received.
60 Bbls. superfine flour.
10 Do. Rye do.
10 Bundles printing paper (Royal)
J. W. STREET.
7th March 1854.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st of May.
That large and commodious Dwell-
ing House and premises, at the
Corner of Parr and King Streets, re-
cently occupied by Mr. King. The
House has been thoroughly repaired
and painted, and put in good repair, and is admir-
ably adapted for a genteel private residence. The
Sheds, Barns, &c. are well fitted up and an excel-
lent garden is also attached to the premises. For
terms &c. please apply at the
STANDARD OFFICE.
Feb. 1, 1854.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

TABLE of the Days and Hours on which MAIL for the United Kingdom will be closed at this
Office.

Mails Close in St. Andrews	Route by which the MAILS are forwarded	PACKET	Port and date of Sail- ing	Destination
Wednesday Aug. 23, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York Aug 26	Shampton
Sunday " 27, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 30	Liverpool
Wednesday " 30, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York Sept 2	Liverpool
Saturday Sep. 2, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 6	Liverpool
Wednesday " 6, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 9	Shampton
Sunday " 10, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 13	Liverpool
Wednesday " 13, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 16	Liverpool
Saturday " 16, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 20	Liverpool
Wednesday " 20, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 23	Shampton
Sunday " 24, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 27	Liverpool

N. B.—Letters and Papers to be forwarded through the United States, which, or by the British or
the United States lines of Packets, must be specially addressed "via United States," or "via New
York," otherwise they will be forwarded by the Halifax Route.
Letters and Newspapers will be forwarded if posted within thirty minutes after the hours appoint-
ed, on payment of a fee of sixpence each for Letters, and one penny each for Newspapers.
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.
Post Office, St. Andrews.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool as under—
Ships Captains Tonnage To sail
Eudocia Doane 1015 3th June
Middleton Delaney 996 20th Ditto
David Fleming, Nichols 1425 5th July
John Barbour, Marshall 990 20th do
John Bagneman, Robertson 1200 5th Aug.
Joseph Tarrant, Smith 942 20th do
Imperial, Moran 1279 3th Sept.
Liberia, Crueshank 875 20th do

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail
remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyds, and
equipped, and will be dispatched punctually on the
days appointed.
They are commanded by men of the greatest expe-
rience and nautical skill, and no expense or ex-
ertion will be spared to make this line efficient in
every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance
of Goods.
Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are re-
spectfully solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to
Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co; Orange
Court, Castle Street, or at St. John's,
J. & R. REED.
Apr. 15, 1854.

20th March 1854.

The Subscriber offers for sale at reduced
prices the remainder of his stock of Hard-
ware among which are the following:

- 60 Bags Deck Spikes assorted from 3
inch to 8 inch.
- 25 do Fine cut Rose nails assorted.
- 15 do Best Horse and Ox nails assorted.
- 20 Boxes sheet tin assorted.
- 25 Bags shot assorted.
- 15 Tons Pig Iron.
- 40 Bundles sheet iron.
- 2 "Hills" Warranted anvils together
with a great variety of other articles in the
Hardware line. ALSO.
- 2 Tons C Gunpowder.
- 1 1/2 do P F F do
- 1 1/4 do London and Liverpool white
point.
- 9 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Oil.
- 3 Casks whitening.
- 2 Bbls. lamp black &c. &c.

Valuable Property for Sale.

100 A CRES of finely timbered Land, 27
miles from Fown, on the St. An-
drews and Quebec Railway.
A New Cottage delightfully situated on the
Commons, with 10 acres of land, only a mile
from Town.
Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE
February 1, 1854.

PICKED UP.

A "Large Scow"
in the River St. Croix.
The owner can receive the same by paying ex-
penses of transportation to
MARTIN WATSON.
St. Andrews, May 16, 1854.

SPRING IMPORTATION OF BOOTS & SHOES.

LADIES' Fashionable SHOE STORE,
NEXT THE POST OFFICE,
Water-Street, Saint Andrews.

The Subscriber begs to inform the Public,
that he has just received from New York, a
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', and Children's
Boots, Shoes and Slippers,
from the best manufacturers in the United States.

DOMESTIC WORK.
The Subscriber calls attention to his Gentle-
men's Dress Boots, made under his own super-
vision, also to his Men's and Youth's Boots
suitable for Town or Country. Women and
Girls' House Slippers, Children's Boots and Shoes
of various styles.
The whole are offered for sale wholesale or
retail, at reasonable prices for cash.
J. LITTLE.
April 26, 1854.

NOTICE.

To the Proprietors and Managers of the St. An-
drews & Quebec Railway.
NOT being able to get any satisfaction for da-
mage done to our property by the above
Railroad Company, we hereby give Notice, that
we are about to put up Fencing which will ob-
struct the Engine from running through our prop-
erty, and will prosecute any person or persons
removing the same.

WM. THOMAS,
CALEB BARTLETT,
SAMUEL BARTLETT,
GANN NIXON,
ROBERT HAWTHORNE
May 29th May, 1854.

HEALTH RESTORED!!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Surprising Cure of a confirmed Asthma,
after five years' suffering.
The following testimonial has been sent to
Professor Holloway, by a Gentleman
named Middleton, of Scotland-road, Li-
verpool.

SIR,—Your Pills have been the
means, under Providence, of restoring me
to sound health, after five years of severe
affliction. During the whole of that period
I suffered the most dreadful attacks of
Asthma, frequently of several weeks' dura-
tion, attended with a violent cough, and
confined spitting of phlegm intermixed
with blood. This so shook my constitu-
tion that I was unfitted for any of the active
duties of life. I was attended by some of
the most eminent medical men of this town,
but they failed to give me the slightest
relief. As a last remedy I tried your Pills,
and in about three months they effected a
perfect cure of the disease, totally erad-
icated the cough, and restored tone and
vigour to the chest and digestive organs.—
I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
(Signed) H. MIDDLETON.
Dated Jan. 1st, 1853.

A Permanent Cure of a Diseased Liver,
of many years' duration.
Copy of a letter from Mr. Gamis, Chemist,
Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.

Dear Sir,—In this district your Pills
command a more extensive sale than any
other proprietary medicine before the pub-
lic. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver
and Bilious Complaints I may mention the
following case. A lady of this town with
whom I am personally acquainted, for years
was a severe sufferer from disease of the
Liver and digestive organs; her medical
attendant assured her that he could do
nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was
not likely she could survive many months.
The announcement naturally caused great
alarm among her friends and relations, and
they induced her to make a trial of your
Pills, which so improved her general health
that she was induced to continue them un-
til she received a perfect cure. This is
twelve months ago, and she has not experi-
enced any symptoms of relapse, and often
declares that your Pills have been the
means of saving her life.

I remain, dear Sir, yours truly,
(Signed) J. GAMIS.
Nov. 25, 1852.

An astonishing Cure of Chronic Rheuma-
tism, after being discharged from the
Hospital incurable.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. W. Moon, of
the Square, Winchester.

To Professor Holloway.
SIR,—I beg to inform you that for
years I was a sufferer from Chronic Rheu-
matism, and was often laid up for weeks
together by its severe and painful attacks.
I tried every thing that was recommended,
and was attended by one of the most emi-
nent surgeons in this town; but obtained
no relief whatever, and fearing that my
health would be entirely broken up, I was
induced to go into our County Hospital,
where I had the best medical treatment the
Institution afforded, all of which proved of
no avail, and I came out no better than I
went in. I was then advised to try your
Pills, and by persevering with them was
perfectly cured, and enabled to resume my
occupation, and although a considerable
period has elapsed, I have felt no return
whatever of the complaint.

I am, Sir, your obliged servant,
(Signed) W. MOON.
Oct 8, 1852.

An extraordinary Cure of Dropsy, after
suffering for eighteen months.

Copy of a letter from Mr. G. Briggs, Chem-
ist, Goole, dated February 15th, 1853.

To Professor Holloway.
SIR,—I have much pleasure in in-
forming you of a most surprising cure of
Dropsy recently effected by your valuable
medicines. Captain Jackson of this place
was afflicted with Dropsy for upwards of
eighteen months, to such an extent that it
caused his body and limbs to be much
swollen, and water oozed as it were from
his skin, so that a daily change of apparel
became necessary, notwithstanding the
various remedies tried, and the different
medical men consulted, all was of no avail
until he commenced using your Pills, by
which, and a strict attention to the printed
directions, he was effectually cured, and
his health perfectly reestablished. If you

deem this worthy of publicity, you are at
liberty to use it.

I am, Sir, yours respectfully,
(Signed) G. BRIGGS.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully
efficacious in the following complaints:

- Aque Jaundice
- Asthma Liver complaints
- Bilious complaints Lumbago
- Blisters on the skin Piles
- Bowel complaints Rheumatism
- Colic Retention of Urine
- Constipation of the Scrofula, or
- Bowels King's Evil
- Consumption Sore Throats
- Debility Stone and Gravel
- Dropsy Secondary symptoms
- Dysentery Tic Douloureux
- Erysipelas Tumours
- Female Irregularities Ulcers
- Fever of all kinds Venereal Affections
- Fits Worms of all kinds
- Gout Weakness, from
- Head-ache whatever cause
- Indigestion &c. &c.
- Inflammation

Sold at the Establishment of Professor
HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar,
London, and by all respectable Druggists
and Dealers in Medicines throughout the
Civilized World, at the following prices:—
1s 4d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box.

There is a considerable saving by taking
the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of
patients in every disorder are affixed to
each Box.

Sold by all Venders of Medicine through-
out New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thomp-
son, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, East-
port, and

TURNER & ODELL,
—Of Saint Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
July 19, 1854

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR

SALE THE REAL ESTATE HERE—
—IN AUSTRIA MENTIONED—

A FARM situated one mile
from the lower, and 7 miles
from the upper Falls, on the
beautifully romantic River,
Magaguadavic, containing a-
bout 300 acres of excellent

LAND, well timbered with the usual in-
digenous growth, suitable for fuel, fences, ship
timber, and other purposes. The River
forms its Western boundary, and Lake U-
topia constitutes its Eastern limits. There
are on the place a convenient Farm HOUSE,
Barn, and Out Houses, good fences, and
about 40 acres on the front, well cleared.—
The Farm is 45 miles from St. John, 20
from St. Andrews, and from Eastport, by
water, about 6 leagues. The scenery on the
margins of the River and Lake, and of the
surrounding country, cannot be surpassed for
native beauty in any other part of the Prov-
ince.

A Tract of LAND, some 300 acres, front-
ing on the East side of Lake Utopia, situated
on the Highway leading from the St. John
Road to Fredericton, and being about 3 miles
from the Magaguadavic Village. There are
some 50 acres cleared and under improve-
ment; the tract is covered with all sorts of
wood common to the country, and is abun-
dantly supplied with brooks and springs of
salubrious water.

A Lot of LAND situated on the St. John
Road, 5 miles from St. Andrews, about a mile
from the railroad, and the beautifully cul-
tivated and extensive improvements appertain-
ing to J. Wilson, Esq. The Lot contains
120 acres; it fronts on Passamaquoddy Bay,
where there are 30 acres cleared and culti-
vated; on the rear there are several Dwell-
ing-Houses, a good Barn, and other im-
provements.

A Lot of LAND, 90 acres, fronting on
the River Digdeguash, its rear bounded by
the Fredericton Road, situated between lands
belonging to John Cassilis and Charles Car-
son, and in the midst of a flourishing settle-
ment.

A FARM LOT, 200 acres, on the West
side of Lake Utopia, having about 30 acres
under improvement; there are a House and
Barn on the place, and a small Orchard, and
the premises affords opportunity for the
grazing of cattle and it abounds with a fine
growth of wood, of all the varieties common
to the country; this Lot is on its front bound-
ed by the lake shore, and is in immediate
proximity to the most famous trout-
ing streams.

Also, a small LOT of LAND, about 30
acres, on the North East side of the Digde-
guash River, near to the Episcopal Church,
being part of a farm belonging to Alexander
Cockburn.

A liberal time will be given for the pay-
ment of the purchase money, 4, 5, or 6
years, in annual payments, one fifth of the
amount only will be required at the time of
sale.

Apply by letter, or otherwise, directed to
the subscriber, Magaguadavic.
EDWARD DE WOLFE.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that any Person or Per-
sons found trespassing, or cutting and
hauling away any timber of any description,
from off the Lot known as the "Seely Lot,"
on the Eastern side of Lake Knapia, be-
longing to the Estate of the late James
Rail; containing two thousand eight hun-
dred acres more or less; will be prosecut-
ed as the Law directs.

WILLIAM KER,
Trustee on Estate of J. Rail.
May 4th, 1854.

Blanks

For Sale at this Office.