

The Weekly Monitor

AND Western Annapolis Sentinel

VOL. 42

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, MARCH 17, 1915

NO 49

Annapolis District Meeting

The Third Quarterly Meeting of the Annapolis District was held in the Methodist Church at Lawrencetown, March 4th and 5th. The District Chairman, Rev. W. H. Langille of Annapolis Royal, presided, and there were present Revs. Robt. McArthur, H. J. Indoe, A. R. Reynolds, F. J. Armitage, Jos. Gaetz, Wm. Brown, J. A. Smith, H. Tucker, J. K. Curtis, Field Secretary of the Department of Sunday Schools and Young People's Work, and Messrs. F. A. Brown, G. M. Moore, Dr. J. B. Hall, Roy G. Bent and F. Palfrey, beside a number of visitors. A district meeting is always important and interesting to the people called Methodist at least, and this one proved no exception. Indeed it was one of the best we have ever attended. To a mere press reporter this local parliament of Methodism is something to rather inspire awe and reverence, and he is deeply interested in watching it get into action. At the very opening of it he begins to understand why these good people of the Wesleyan faith are called "Methodists." There is a method in everything they do. The meeting is run according to schedule, and there is no shunting or side-tracking. After the devotional exercises some necessary preliminary skirmishing, the Secretary, Rev. A. R. Reynolds of Bridgetown presented what seemed a carefully prepared and interesting programme for the sessions, which was at once adopted. We notice that the District seemed to go upon the Scriptural principle of giving to him that hath, for they at once made the secretary who doesn't look like a particularly robust individual, the official reporter, and named at least six different papers to which he was to make known their deliberations. We do not know if he appreciated fully the honor and labor thus thrust upon him, but by the look which we caught in his eye, he will probably do his duty or die trying. We noticed later on that this same individual, the secretary, was instructed by the District to prepare a digest of a couple of very excellent papers that were read, for publication in the official Church paper, the Wesleyan. And just in connection with this matter of reporting, it would seem as though the Methodist Church as a whole has not for some time been sounding the trumpet before it to proclaim its doings, and it would appear from a communication read, that it was felt in some quarters—headquarters to be exact—that a little more publicity of a modest type, would not be especially harmful to the cause generally. Apropos of this the Rev. H. J. Indoe of Granville Ferry, who while not a man of exceeding great physical stature, seems a man of some intellectual weight among his brethren, arose and outlined the proper activities of church publicity so clearly, that he was elected the permanent reporter for the District, almost before he had time to sit down. We didn't hear any mention of salary, but that will probably be decided after they see how he does his work. If he doesn't do it any better than the scribe who writes this they'll probably charge him something for the privilege.

But all this was before the start-out to run according to the programme. The District seemed fully alive to the importance of Sunday School and Young People's Work, which is at it should be. The first item on the programme had to do with this work. It looked a pretty big subject, "Can We Increase the Number and Efficiency of the Sunday Schools in the District?" Rev. H. J. Indoe, B. A., Dist. S. S. Secretary, was expected to give a long speech on that. But the Dist. Sunday School Secretary evidently doesn't believe in long speeches, though according to the schedule he had thirty minutes for his subject. And instead of a profound address on these matters, as we had rather expected, we conducted a sort of informal questionnaire or Round Table, and did it well, too. He knows how to get right at the facts. It looked as though he had ac-

complished more by this method of doing the thing, than he would have succeeded in doing by half-an-hour of straight-ahead talk.

Teacher Training in the Methodist Church; How it Works, and How it can be made to work. This subject was presented by Rev. W. K. Curtis, the Field Secretary. A Field Secretary is a little different from an ordinary kind of mortal. You conceive of him as a large, unselfish person, with a big crop of ideas. You expect more of him, than you do of just a common secretary, a kind of backyard one, and this man Curtis never disappoints you. He handled his subject in a clear and masterful manner, and made you realize the magnitude and importance of being what he termed "a qualified religious educator," and made you see that Teacher Training was the thing to qualify you.

His address was followed by a general discussion of the whole subject of religious education and training. A good number of the "brethren" took part, and talked well and to the point; indeed more of them seemed willing, but remained silent from lack of opportunity more than from want of something to say. Nor was the discussion confined to the ministers; the laymen had ideas on the subject and appeared willing and able to express them. We heard the voice of the veteran educationalist, Dr. J. B. Hall, as he enunciated his opinions about education, religious and otherwise.

Just at this point it was announced that the good people of Lawrencetown had tea somewhere round about six o'clock. It lacked now, but a few brief and fleeting minutes of that hour, and we were curious to know if ministers could cease their deliberations to satisfy such material cravings as those of appetite, and we observed that they could. Even the secretary laid aside his many duties, and hastened considerably in the forefront to the home of his hostess, which was the next house to the church.

The evening service was called a "Young People's Rally" on the programme, and was a most inspiring service. The chairman led it and Mr. Curtis gave one of the finest addresses we have ever heard on his particular subject, which was the duty and relation of the church to the boy, especially the boy of the teen age. He dealt at some length with the Canadian Standard of Efficiency Test, as a method of work, and showed how it could be used to help the boy toward an all-around development, intellectually, physically, morally, and socially. Rev. A. R. Reynolds followed, but as the previous speaker had required a good deal of time in dealing with his subject, being a Field Secretary, the Bridgetown pastor spoke briefly. The meeting closed with a consecration service.

On Friday morning the District resumed its work, and after the opening exercises, addressed itself to what seemed a careful and comprehensive study of the Rural Problem. Two fine papers were submitted on the subject, one written by Rev. Jos. Hale, and in his absence read by the Secretary; and the other by Rev. F. J. Armitage. These papers presented a clear and concise outline of the Rural Problem, and indicated some very practical lines of activity by which the church can become an important factor in the solution of the problem. A discussion followed these papers, and we were interested in noting what a clear and practical grasp the clerical members of the District, and the lay members too, had of the whole subject. Surely it is a hopeful sign of the times when these religious leaders, get down to such a thorough and painstaking study of the Rural Problem, which on the face of it would seem to be a purely secular matter, but which was shown by the papers, and by those who spoke on the subject to be so vitally and intimately related to religion, or at least to the work of the church.

And now the hour for closing had

(Continued on page 2)

THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

Germans are Fighting Hard to Retake Neuve Chapelle From British.

LONDON, March 15.—"The Dresden has been sunk," the British are holding the Germans in their efforts to retake Neuve Chapelle, and Epinette. Russians continue in possession of Przasnysz.

These were the headlines which attracted the attention of the English people today and tonight.

The announcement of the sinking of the German cruiser Dresden came after nightfall, but the news spread quickly through the theatres and restaurants, and there was much rejoicing that this commerce raider, whose whereabouts have been a mystery since her escape after the Falkland Island engagement in December, had at last been sent to the bottom.

In the region of Przasnysz, Russian Poland, the great battle has not yet been fought, and what fighting there has been each of the contenders maintains is turning in his favor. The Russians are claiming hard earned progress all along the line; the Germans just as stoutly assert that the Russian attacks have been repulsed.

In the West the Germans are not so optimistic regarding Neuve Chapelle, as they omit in their official statements any mention of the fighting there, although they have been bringing up reinforcements and are fighting desperately to retake the ground from which they were driven with such loss. There is no British statement to throw light on the present situation, but the French War Office says there has been no change.

It is believed that another sanguinary engagement will be fought near Neuve Chapelle. The Germans are trying to distract the British by their activity around Ypres, and probably the coming battle will necessitate reinforcements.

WAR BRIEFS

The Ottoman Bank and German Bank of Constantinople removed to Konick, Asia Minor, because warships of the Allies are backing their way to the Turkish Capital.

Canadian troops were recognized at the front, and the Germans greeted them with Hello Canadians.

Penny Belgian flags sold in France brought to the Belgian Relief Fund \$550,000.

France has decided to examine carefully all persons coming from Belgium because disguised German spies have come into France in that way.

Women are employed to replace men from the mines who have enlisted. The Lancashire collieries have 2000 pit-brow girls.

The Monte Carlo gambling places are now empty, and the people of the little Republic of Monaco are deprived of their means of living.

Belgium is calling to the colors every unmarried man between eighteen and thirty. This will increase the army to 250,000 men.

Twelve of the thirty-eight men in the Senior Class, of Dalhousie have volunteered for the front, or are now there.

A German reservist was arrested in Moncton last week and is now in the detention Camp, Halifax. He had in his possession plays of highway bridges and railway tracks and bridges in the Metapedia valley.

Great Britain would gladly help Belgium with a money grant, but as long as Germany is squeezing \$8,000,000 a month from this impoverished country she cannot do so.

Germany has complained greatly because the Lusitania used a neutral flag, and yet she employed vessels with neutral flags to scatter mines.

Three German aeroplanes of the Taube type were brought down by French gunners, one in Northern France and one near Belford.

A Zeppelin was caught in a gale in the Adriatic and blown out to sea. Her crew of 26 were all drowned.

Deer in the English royal forests are being shot in large numbers and the venison sent for the use of wounded soldiers.

A Philadelphia hospital supply house is filling for the allies an order for five tons of bandages.

Society women in England are begging the authorities for permission to go to the front as nurses.

Widows of English soldiers killed in battle are getting a pension of five shillings per week.

Twelve Turkish freight boats have been sunk in the Black Sea by a Russian torpedo-boat destroyer.

Wild animals of all kinds, frightened by the cannon and rifle shots are fleeing from Germany to the Swiss forests and the Alps.

The wife of Count Zeppelin, the originator of "Zeppelin," was born in Canada. Her father lived in Petrolia Ont., afterward went to Anstria and became a millionaire in the oil wells there.

Every adult male has left St. Pierre and Miquelon, to join the army of France. The French Government pays 25cts a day to the wife of each soldier and 10 cts a day for each child.

The New York Tribune remarks that the whole German argument is simply an appeal to neutral nations to help her to overcome the disadvantage under which she labors from the inability of her fleets to keep the seas.

The British Government is asking 500 Ross Rifles a day from the factory in Québec.

Monitor's Belgian Relief

The immortal bard of Avon has said the "quality of mercy is not strained," and a greater than Shakespeare has declared that it is "more blessed to give than to receive." Just now the Belgians give us the opportunity of showing the unstrained quality of our thrice-blessed mercy. We have the finest chance in the world of finding out whether or not the greater blessing consists in giving or receiving. We have been receiving through the long, unbroken years of our prosperity. Let us begin to give a little more generously, and learn how it feels.

It hardly seems necessary, now, to refer to the condition of the Belgians, and their urgent need of food.

That condition has become terribly patent to us all. We cannot get away from the awful fact of it. Millions of people on the verge of starvation! We may feel that we have done fairly well by them in what we have given thus far. But if we have done well in the past, we must do even better in the future. Food is something that a man must have at least twice in 24 hours, and the memory of what he has eaten day before yesterday won't fill his stomach today. We have taken up the burden of caring for those brave people, chased from their homes by the cruel Huns, and we can't lay it down.

The violation of the neutrality of Belgium, and the ruthless treatment meted out to her plucky inhabitants was one of the darkest crimes in all human history. But we can think of another almost as bad, and that is to preserve those brave people thus far, and then to grow lukewarm regarding their welfare, and leave them to the horrors of starvation. No! we can't and won't do that. We've undertaken to feed them, and we'll stick by the job till the end of the war, no matter what the sacrifice. The MONITOR's relief fund has averaged about \$100 a month since the war began, and we should at least keep to that amount as long as there is the need for our help. \$100 a month isn't much after all for the people this valley to face. But don't depend on your neighbor to give your share.

This week we acknowledge \$73.00, the proceeds of the tea held last week in the Methodist Church. This is not a denominational affair, but conducted by the good ladies of the town generally, and shows one method by which funds may be raised. The promoters of this laudible enterprise are entitled to much praise and credit for their efforts. We are glad the affair was so successful and entertain the hope that their success will encourage those who manage the affair in such a capable manner, to repeat the effort later on. Meantime, the opportunity is open for you to send along your individual contribution, and have it acknowledged in the MONITOR.

Previously acknowledged \$669.14
Proceeds of Suppers held in the Methodist Church, Bridgetown,
Per Mrs. E. A. Hicks 73.50
\$742.64

The K. K. Club Gives One of Its Members a Grand Send-Off

The K. K. Club which has been entertained weekly during the winter by Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Little, had an especially pleasant meeting last week in order to give a jolly "send-off" to their departing member, Mr. James W. Connell, of the Royal B'n's Staff and at the same time extend the right hand of good-fellowship to Mr. Bellevue the new appointee to the Staff.

After the usual entertainment consisting of games, music, etc., dainty refreshments were served and before parting, Mr. Little called the company to order, and in a most felicitous address expressed the regret of all that the first break in their Club would be made by Mr. Connell's removal to another sphere of action, but assured him that the best wishes of all would follow him. He then presented Mr. Connell (familiarily known as "Jim") with a set of Military Brushes, the gift of the Club.

Mr. Connell, though taken by surprise, responded eloquently, assuring the donors that their expressions of good-will were fully reciprocated, after which all joined in singing appropriate songs before saying "Good-bye till we meet again."

The Club gratefully acknowledges its indebtedness to Mr. and Mrs. Little for the many happy hours passed in their hospitable home.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for 'Croup; found nothing equal to it; sure cure.

CHAS. E. SHARP,
Hawkeshaw, N. B., Sept. 1, 1906.

Value of sea fish caught in Yarmouth in January \$60,419; in Digby, \$48,244; in Shelburne, \$69,828.

Shipping Notes

PORT OF ANNAPOLIS ROYAL

ARRIVED

S.S. Granville, Collins, St. John, N. B.
Schr. Happy Home, Waddin, Eastport, Maine, Furniture.

DEPARTED

S.S. Granville, Collins, St. John, N. B.
Schr. Harry Miller, from Perth Amboy for St. John, arrived at City Island, March 7th, and came to anchor there.

Tern Schr. Lavonia, has been fixed to load potatoes for Cuba and is now being prepared for service.

Schr. Abbie Verna, has been chartered to load coal at Parrsboro for Windsor. This is the first charter effected for over the Bay for this season.

Schr. Mary Hendry, Captain Geldert arrived at Barbados from Liverpool, N. S., March 6th. She will load at Trinidad for Philadelphia.

Schr. B. B. Hardwick, cleared at Boston, March 5th, for St. John.

The tern schooner Maxwell, is taking on board a cargo of pulp at Weymouth for shipment.

Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital Paid up - \$11,560,000
Reserve Funds - 13,575,000

Savings Department Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

Joint Account An account in the name of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.



Courteous Service

Customers of this bank appreciate the constant courtesy they meet in our office. There is no need for the inexperienced to fear "red tape," and women clients may feel assured of our willing attention to their banking requirements.

Opening a Savings Account is a simple matter. All you have to do is to bring your money; we are glad to do the rest, whether your deposit be large or small.

Capital - \$6,500,000
Surplus - 12,000,000
Total Resources over - 18,500,000

The Bank of Nova Scotia

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH
J. S. Lewis, Manager

Mr. Willett Eason Observes 87th Birthday Anniversary

On Saturday evening, February 27th the home of Mr. and Mrs. Willett Eason was the scene of a merry gathering, the occasion being Mr. Eason's eighty-seventh birthday anniversary.

The host and hostess were assisted in receiving the guests by Mrs. Charles A. Starratt and Mr. Philbrick of New Hampshire.

Luncheon was served at seven o'clock and a goodly number sat down to a well filled table that would satisfy the most fastidious.

During the evening some fine music was rendered and the event proved a most enjoyable one. Mr. Eason is still quite vigorous, despite the many years that have rolled into the past and enjoys the full possession of his mental faculties in a marked degree. The festivities were brought to a close by a prayer from the pastor Rev. A. Whitman.

Granville Centre Red Cross Society

The following articles were sent to Halifax, March 6th by the Red Cross Society at Granville Centre.

For Red Cross Work.

- 1 dozen night-shirts.
- 1 dozen handkerchiefs.
- 1 dozen bandages.
- 6 pairs socks.
- 4 towels.

For Belgian Relief.

- 6 quilts.
- 2 cloth suits for women.
- 7 shirt waists for women.
- 1 cloth skirt for women.
- 4 coats for children.
- 1 child's akirt.
- 1 girl's dress.
- 1 vest for boy.
- 1 cap for boy.
- 1 baby's jacket.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't Die in the House. 15c and 25c. at Drug and County Stores.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Valley Planing Mills

Building Material, Finish Door, Sash and Mouldings

A. W. ALLEN & SON

MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

The Excelsior Life Insurance Co.

TORONTO

OFFERS

Perfect Protection
Good Investment
Absolute Security

CAPT. S. M. BEARDSLEY, Wolfville, N. S.
Provincial Manager

1914 Fox Dividends

The Rayner International Fur Co. Ltd. paid, on October 1st \$125,000.00 in dividends. Will pay balance of 40% dividend in a few days.

The Rayner-Stonehurst Silver Fox Co. Ltd., has paid its 1914 dividend of 200%

The Rayner, Clark & Harlow Black Fox Co. Ltd., has paid its 1914 dividend of 20%

The B. I. Rayner Silver Fox Co. West Gore, Ltd., paid its dividend October 27, 1914, 105%

I offer to investors a part of the stock of Rayner Silver Black Fur Company, Limited First dividend due November 1915 at par value \$100 per share. This opportunity will not be open long. Address inquiries and subscriptions to

CHAS. R. CHIPMAN

Bridgetown, Nova Scotia
Travelling Salesman, Harry Strong

Try a Yearly ad. in the Monitor and Watch the Results

Middleton

March 15th.

A. L. Davidson left last week for Ottawa.

Mrs. T. A. Croaker spent Sunday week in Wolfville.

W. C. Healey of Round Hill was in town the first of last week.

Miss Susie Smith is spending a few weeks at Caledonia and Liverpool.

H. H. Wade of Halifax spent a few days with his sister Mrs. R. S. McKay.

Mrs. G. F. Freeman and Margaret are spending a few days in New Germany.

Mrs. Redfern formerly of Middleton is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Phinney.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Shaw of Annapolis Royal is spending a few days in Avonport.

Mr. Hugh Rolph returned last week after spending a few days at his home in Hantsport.

Mrs. H. A. Tate is visiting her son J. R. Tate of Vancouver and will return shortly to Calgary.

Mr. John Andrews, Manager of the Royal Bank of Grand Falls, N. B., arrived last week. He has been ill of typhoid but is now rapidly recovering.

Mr. William B. Ross, who has been in the West for the past five years arrived on Monday last to spend a few weeks with his mother Mrs. Carrie Ross.

NICTAUX FALLS

March 15th.

Miss Grace Smith spent the week-end with friends in Bridgetown.

Mrs. Harris of Middleton was a recent guest at the Central House.

Jas. Annis Jr., attended the "Work Conference" for the boys at Halifax.

Miss Annie Roop and Miss Adelaide Ritcey of Falkland Ridge were recent guests at D. G. Ritcey's.

Samuel Nixon who has spent the last two years in Littleton, Mass., returned to his home on Wednesday last.

Colin W. Smith, Jr., who has been in Manitoba for the past three years returned to that place on Friday last, after having spent two months with his parents.

Howard Rawding and Harry Smith who have been in Halifax since last Autumn in service for their country were home for a few days last week, looking as if the work was all that could be desired.

Our Red Cross which has been in working order all winter has done a good work. Beside working for the Belgian Relief it has turned off the following articles for Middleton of which we are an auxiliary:—

- 55 pairs Sox
- 17 pairs mittens
- 4 pairs wristlets.
- 2 mufflers
- 6 night shirts
- 24 hospital hdks.
- 12 men's hdks.
- 23 bandages.

TORBROOK

March 8th.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmore Spinney is very ill with meningitis.

Miss Leota Banks went to St. John Saturday to attend the millinery opening.

Mrs. G. E. Spurr spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. Eaton of Auburn.

Miss Lilla Parker returned on Saturday from a two weeks visit with friends in Truro.

Rex Harlow of Acadia is ill at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Pierce's, Dr. Morton is attending.

John Barteaux took a crew of ten men and five horses to Kennetcook last week where he has a contract to cut a million feet of timber.

Mrs. Wm. Rice had the misfortune to fall and sprain her wrist a few days ago. Her son John who has been very ill with diabetes is quite improved.

Mr. A. LaMert Spinney has gone to the Canadian West for an indefinite period. He will be missed here in social and church circles and we hope he will return soon.

Walter Woodbury and Cecil Hansford have enlisted with the Third Contingent. The latter is the third son of Mrs. John Stevens to join the colors. Edwin went with the First Contingent with the "Little Devils" from Winnipeg and Albert went with the Second Contingent joining a regiment in the West.

Lawrencetown

March 15th.

Miss Spinney of Meadowdale is visiting her sister Mrs. B. S. Banks.

Miss Smith of Nictaux is visiting Mrs. I. C. Archibald and other relatives.

Miss Lilla Parker of Torbrook Mines is visiting her friend Miss Sadie Banks.

Mrs. Frank O. Foster entertained a few friends very pleasantly on Wednesday evening.

Cardy Palfrey of the staff of the Royal Bank of Canada is to be transferred to Kentville.

The Red Cross Society will meet with Mrs. Chas. Lowell on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock.

On Friday evening Dr. Cutten will give a lecture in the Baptist Church. Subject: "Psychology of Humor."

On Sunday morning the boys who attended the Conference at Halifax gave splendid reports of the meetings.

The Ladies of the Red Cross Society will give a "Shamrock Supper" on Wednesday evening in the vestry of the Methodist Church.

A supper was given on Monday evening last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Daniels in aid of the Belgian Relief Fund.

Special services will be held in the Baptist Church for a few weeks. Rev. Mr. Armitage will occupy the pulpit on Monday evening and Revs. Mr. Warren, of Bridgetown, Mr. McLeod of Paradise and Mr. Wheeler of Melvern Square are expected to assist in the services.

The Literary Club met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Whitman last Wednesday evening and the following programme was given:—

Piano Duet—Misses Muriel Bishop and Kathleen James.

Current Events—Mrs. Heber Boland.

Music—College Songs.

Reading—F. G. Palfrey.

Reading—Mrs. I. C. Archibald.

Music—By Club.

Reading—Rev. Mr. Armitage.

Intermission: Treat; Confectionery Music—Old Favourites—Club.

The next meeting will be at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Bennett on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

FALKLAND RIDGE

March 15th.

Sorry to report Rowland Marshall still on the sick list.

J. Edward Stoddart of Medicine Hat is visiting his parents here this week.

On Wednesday evening Rev. H. L. Stillwell of Toronto gave a lecture on "India" to an appreciative audience.

Mrs. Edgar Mason is spending some time at her home in New Albany on account of the illness of her father.

Arrangements have been made whereby the ordinary rate of two cents per ounce applicable to all letters sent from Canada to the United Kingdom, will apply to letters addressed to British and Canadian troops on the continent. The rate on ordinary letters from Canada for the continent is five cents for the first ounce, and three cents for each subsequent ounce so that this extension of the two cents an ounce rate to letters addressed to our soldiers on the continent, is a decided reduction in favor of correspondence going to the soldiers.

BE LOYAL! BE PATRIOTIC

Give your trade to the merchant who keeps store the year round, and not to stray peddlars of men with rigs from outside cities. Buy from the man who stands at your side when the tax collector is on the warpath. Buy from the man who is your neighbor, your acquaintance, your friend. Buy from the man who is a factor in the town you live in, and who helps to make a market for the things you have to sell.

REZISTOL

A safe and sure remedy in all cases of over-stimulation; also indicated in all cases of Brain Fatigue, Nervous Exhaustion caused by over-work or malnutrition, unequalled for nausea or general depression.

A general tonic and body builder.

Mail orders filled by

Rezistol Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

Lawrencetown Sends Large Contribution to Belgian Relief

The following contributions to the Belgian Relief Fund were sent from Lawrencetown on March 10th and 13th inst. —

- From Port Lorne
- 8 Girls Skirts.
- 3 Children's Nightdresses.
- 2 lbs. Yarn.
- 1 pr. Boys' Mittens.
- 2 Boys' Suits.
- 2 Girls' Dresses.
- 4 pairs Stockings.
- 2 Children's Kimonos.
- 2 Children's Waists.
- 2 pairs Drawers.
- 2 Barrow Coats.
- 10 Baby's Napkins.

From Mrs. A. Morgan

- 3 pairs Socks.
- 1 Girl's Nightdress.
- 1 pair Rompers.
- 1 pair Pillows with Slips.
- 1 Quilt.
- 1 Blanket.

From Mrs. Isaac Longley

- 1 pair Pillows with Slips.
- From Lawrencetown Red Cross.
- 2 Quilts.

From Clarence Red Cross

- 1 Quilt.
- 2 pairs Boy's Socks.
- 6 Nightdresses.
- 1 Child's Skirt and Blouse.
- 2 Children's Skirts.
- 2 Women's Skirts.
- 1 pair Drawers.
- 2 Women's Aprons.
- 1 Boy's Shirt.
- 1 Boy's Blouse.
- 1 Child's Waist.
- 1 Child's Pinafore.

From Mrs. I. Banks.

- 1 pair Pillow Slips.
- 1 Box Dried Apples.

Gifts from Lawrencetown.

Box from Miss Bertha Newcombe for Girl of 4 years, containing

- 1 pair Boots, 2 pair Hose.
- 2 pairs Drawers, 2 vests.
- 3 Handkerchiefs, 2 Hair Ribbons.
- 2 Underwaists, 3 Underskirts.
- 1 pair Hose Supporters, 2 Dresses.
- 1 Dress with Bloomers.

From Miss Sadie Banks.

- 1 Girl's Muehin Pinafore.

From Miss Winnie Feltus.

- 1 Baby's Nainsook Slip.

From Mrs. S. Primrose.

- 1 Woman's Dress, 2 Women's Skirts.
- 1 Woman's Dress, 1 Women's Cape.
- 1 Heavy Blanket.

From Mrs. Campbell McLeod

- For Girl of 4 years, 1 Dress, 1 Coat, 2 Skirts, 3 pairs Drawers.

From Mrs. S. Muir.

- 1 Boy's Gingham Suit, 1 Girl's Skirt.

From Mrs. J. Shaffner.

- 3 pairs Boy's Trousers.
- From Mrs. R. Longley.
- 4 Girl's Skirts.

From Lawrencetown Red Cross Society.

- 4 Baby's Outfits, each containing 1 Shirt, 1 Bang, 4 Napkins, 1 Foot-blanket, 1 Nightie, 1 Kimono, 1 pair Socks.
- 1 Quilt.
- 2 pairs Socks.
- 2 pairs Rompers.
- 6 Parcels each containing Dress, Skirt, and Drawers for Girl of 10 years, two of these dresses gift from Mrs. W. Whitman.
- 3 Parcels each containing Dress, Skirt, Drawers, and Waist for Girl of 4 years.
- 1 Parcel containing Dress (made by Jennie Daniels, aged 12 years.) Skirt, Waist, and Drawers for Girl of 3 years.
- 5 Girl's Pinafores.
- 3 Nightdresses.
- 1 Parcel, containing Dress, Waist, and Bloomers for Girl of 5 years.
- 6 Boy's Shirts.
- 4 Boy's Blouses.
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THE WELLAND SHIP CANAL

A VAST UNDERTAKING

(By W. Craick)

So much has been written about the Panama Canal that that gigantic engineering feat has come to be regarded as the eighth wonder of the world. Its chequered history, its appalling cost both in human life and in money, its stupendous construction problems, all have been described in such detail that most people are familiar with their every feature. On all hands it is conceded to be a splendid achievement, reflecting credit on those who have carried it to completion.

Canadian young people should not forget, however, that in their own country there is today being prosecuted a national work which in some respects is of even greater importance than the Panama Canal. While not so large nor so difficult of accomplishment, the building of the new Welland Ship Canal rivals in many particulars the construction of the canal across the Isthmus of Panama. From the engineering standpoint, it is true, it may not be as notable a work; from the commercial standpoint it will be probably be of greater significance.

From our geographies we learn that the two smallest of the Great Lakes, Erie and Ontario, are connected by the Niagara River, and that on the Niagara River are located those tremendous falls over which the water flowing out of Lake Erie pours down hundreds of feet into the rocky gorge that extends to Queenston. The cataract and the tumultuous rapids both above and below the falls present an impassable barrier to navigation and provide the obvious reason for the construction of a canal between the two lakes.

Geographies further inform the inquirer that a canal already exists across the Niagara Peninsula, its termini at Port Colborne on Lake Erie and at Port Dalhousie on Lake Ontario, and that the canal accommodates considerable traffic during the season of navigation. Indeed, those who have visited the Peninsula in Summer will probably have been entertained by seeing the steamers sailing along through the canal and looking from a distance quite as if they were travelling on the surface of the earth itself.

The existence of a canal already, through which several thousand ships sail each year, may make it seem rather curious that the building of another canal should be necessary. To make this quite clear a little lesson in history will be requisite.

Many years ago, when Upper Canada was first settled, people became interested in the problem of how to get around the Falls of Niagara in boats. There were no railroads then, and it would mean a great saving in the cost of transportation if they could only take their boats through from Lake Ontario to Lake Erie without having to unload. At last some men did conceive a plan to build a canal, and after several years' work they succeeded in doing so. This canal was very small and imperfect, but it filled existing requirements, and from 1833, when it was completed, until 1841, when the Government took it over, it accommodated traffic very well indeed.

In the meantime the country to the westward was filling up, and on Lakes Huron and Erie ships were being launched that were much too large to get into the little hundred-foot wooden locks on the Welland Canal. The first thing that the Government did when it acquired the canal was to arrange to enlarge

new canal is widely diverted from the old canal. Crossing the latter twice, it strikes almost due north through the valley of the Ten Mile Creek to the shore of the lake. Here a new harbor, called Port Weller, after the name of the chief engineer, is in process of formation. Two sinuous piers are being thrown for a mile and a half from shore in order to make the breakwaters which will enclose the harbor. They are being built of the earth excavated from the cuts, which is brought down by the trainload and dumped in wooden piles.

Incidentally, as illustrating the tremendous scope of the work, it may be said that the contractors have had to build a complete, double-track railway from the lake to the foot of the escarpment. Along its trains go thundering back and forth all day long. Here and there spurs branch off and descend into the excavations, where steam shovels are forever tearing at the earth and loading it on to cars. These are hauled off when they are filled and the material conveyed down to piers.

In the neighborhood of Thorold, where four of the seven locks which will rise ships from the level of Lake Ontario to that of Lake Erie are located, it has been found necessary to lift a railway out of the way of the works. The line of Port Colborne branch of the Grand Trunk for some distance directly in the path of the canal. To remove it, a new line has been constructed to the westward, a costly piece of work, since a long and deep rock cutting was required.

Other obstacles to progress of a less serious nature must have been swept aside. Fine fruit farms have been uprooted, houses and barns removed, roads diverted and streams turned into new channels. Where lay a peaceful country-side, locomotives and cars, steam shovels and graders, carts and horses are busy burrowing into the ground to make a channel for the canal and reservoirs for the surplus supply of water to fill the locks.

It will take long years to finish the task, in spite of the rapid progress that has already been made. Such a gigantic undertaking as this cannot be finished in a day. Its completion will have an important bearing on navigation of the Great Lakes. Take for instance the question of time. The present canal has twenty-six locks, the passing through which is a slow and tedious process. The new canal will have but seven, of which three will be twin or double locks, permitting one ship to go down while another goes up. By means of a system of valves and culverts in the walls of the locks, it will be possible to fill them in eight minutes. This is quick work and will greatly expedite traffic.

Of even more importance will be the increased capacity. Compare the Soo Canal and its eight hundred foot lock with the present Welland Canal. During the Summer of 1912 there passed through the former seven thousand, eight hundred and fifty-six ships, of a tonnage of 25,822,244 (not including the enormous tonnage through the American canal.) Through the latter the same season only 2,905 ships passed, their tonnage being 2,679,500. While it is not to be expected that all the tonnage passing through the Soo Canal will pass through the Welland Ship Canal, yet a very much larger proportion will be carried when the capacity of the Welland is enlarged to accommodate the big boats now using the Soo canals. It stands to reason that it will be more advantageous to send a ship right through to Montreal and possibly to England than to have it unload at some port on the Georgian Bay and thence tranship its cargo by rail. This is a result that may be anticipated when the eight hundred foot locks of the Welland are in operation, and it will work conversely, for ocean liners will then be able to proceed through to the head of the Great Lakes without breaking bulk.

It is a big task, but a necessary one, and commercially it will be of more importance than the Panama Canal, since the commerce of the Great Lakes is far in excess of the probable commerce from Atlantic to Pacific. Let us, then, watch the progress of the work with attention, realizing that it is an undertaking of which all Canadians may well be proud.

Krupps have increased their capital, which shows confidence in the ability of their agents to promote strife between nations and in the stupidity of the German people who allow themselves to be made tools of such a scheme of profit-making.

Sacrificed to Nerves

A German staff officer, who has been captured by the French, has been so frank as to state that German military authorities are aware that Germany made a great mistake by not retiring from France after the Battle of the Marne instead of incurring heavy losses in trying to pierce the English line at the Yser canal. This is only corroborative of the statement made in an interview by Lord Kitchener some months ago. He then said words to this effect, "Believe me, Germany is making a great tactical error in lying 'like a long grey snake across the north of France.' That seems obvious. What good does it do Germany to hold the north of France? Holding the north of France will not defeat the French. Holding Belgium will not defeat the allies. To defeat the French she has to push forward. Simply holding what she has got cannot make victory. On the other hand, had she retreated back to the Meuse just after her defeat on the Marne, she would have been able to hold that line with half a million men less than were required to hold the present line. The losses of her army on that line would not have been half as great, because they would have had such a splendid natural position for defence. Had Germany done this, she would have to have a million more well trained men than she has, and those men could now be used to overwhelm the Russians. Had she done this her victory in Russia might have been complete. The reason she did not do it was, as this German staff officer tells us, and as we had long ago guessed, that the German government was afraid of the effect on the German people of such a retreat, afraid they would be disheartened and call for a stoppage of the war. To keep his people in heart, the Kaiser set upon a theatrical blow of some kind at England. To get to Calais he waisted his strength persistently on the British lines."

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MARCH ROD AND GUN

"Injun Bones and Huskies" by J. P. Fraser in March Rod and Gun is no lay dog story but an account of a desperate encounter which two adventurers in the far north had with a band of ferocious huskies from which they narrowly escaped with their lives. "That Cub of Pat-ck's" is a somewhat amusing tale—though Pat himself found the experience very provoking—of a captured bear cub that proved one too much for his captor. "A Visit to the Nakmu Caves of Glacier Park, B. C." "Windobin's Cabin," "The Passing of the Buffalo" and other stories and articles, along with the regular departments, go to make up a fine March number. This sportsman's publication is issued at Woodstock, Ont., by W. J. Taylor, Limited.

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PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1915

The Lion and the Eagle

—We are hearing these days a good deal about Scripture prophecy and its fulfillment. Sermons and pamphlets by the score are seeing in passing ev'ns' evidences of the speedy coming of the end of the world, or the consummation of the age and the introduction of the Millennium. The many misinterpretations of prophecy which history records may well make us careful about accepting any of the opinions thus expressed. Some persons have extended their researches to the Apocrypha, and have pointed out, in the eleventh chapter of the second book of Esdras a passage which one can hardly read without being reminded of the British Lion and the German Eagle. Without accepting the passage as referring directly to the present war, it certainly expresses the hope and belief of the British and their Allies that the lion will conquer the eagle. The passage is as follows:—

"And I beheld, and lo, as it were a lion roused out of the wood roaring; and I heard how that he sent out a man's voice unto the Eagle, and spoke, saying * * *, the Mist High shall say unto thee, * * *: Thou hast afflicted the weak, thou hast hurt the peaceable, thou hast hated them that speak the truth, thou hast loved liars, and destroyed the dwellings of those that brought forth fruit, and hast cast down the walls of them that did thee no harm. Therefore, is thy insolent dealing come up unto the Most High, and thy pride unto the Mighty. * * * And, therefore, appear no more, thou eagle, nor thy horrible wings, nor thy evil eyes, nor thy cruel heads, nor thy hurtful talons, nor thy vain body; and all the earth may be refreshed and be eased, being delivered from thy violence and that she may hope for the judgment and mercy of Him that made her."

A Trick Detected

Soldier's wife, whose husband had joined the colors, was receiving her regular weekly pay. She, however, went to another office and reported that she had received nothing. A small amount was given to her, and enquiry instituted. It was found that her story was false, and a charge was made against her, and her husband obtained leave of absence to be present. When she came to trial she handed in a letter, as follows: "I have had your money not you. You will have to be the loser. You will never trace who it is. If you do your life will not be worth two pence. An Enemy." The magistrate read the letter and noticed that the word enemy was misspelled "enimy." He asked the woman to write "I am your enemy." The woman wrote "I am your enimy." He at once concluded that she herself had written the letter, as she had spelled enemy in the same way, and at last she confessed, and was sentenced to four months. But, seeing the distress of her husband and children, who left in tears, the magistrate reduced the sentence to one month, and afterwards, finding the woman had borne a good character, and for the sake of her soldier husband as well, she was released, it is to be hoped a wiser woman.

The Overseas Club, not yet five years old, has a membership of more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand, scattered through all parts of the British Empire, and also in other countries. The King has become its patron. Its object is to the Imperial idea and, in so doing, strengthen the bonds of Empire and promote fellowship among British citizens everywhere. The headquarters are in the General Building, Aldwych, London, W. C. The membership fee is an entrance payment of one shilling, and two shillings and

six-pence annually. Among the advantages of membership is the use of the Club's premises, consisting of reading and writing rooms, legal advice free of charge on many points of British law, the right to have letters addressed for immediate delivery to the care of the Overseas Club, and the free services of an information bureau. The entrance fee provides a badge and also a certificate of membership, as well as literature bearing upon the work of the club. A fund is now accumulating for the purpose of furnishing aircraft for the use of the Government.

The Bill for a Provincial war tax was introduced into the Legislature of Halifax last week. It is substantially the same as that provided in other Provinces of the Dominion, and will, undoubtedly be passed. In every incorporated town and municipality of the Province a special rate of a mill on each dollar of all property and income rateable therein under the assessment Act will be levied. A similar levy on all rateable property and income in each city. These amounts are to be levied and collected in the same way as ordinary taxes and to be paid over to the treasury of the Province. When the local rates are determined the war tax is to be added thereto. The Government regards this as the simplest, easiest and most equitable method of providing this necessary extra tax. The amount realized in this manner will provide for the payment of the sum already granted by the Province to assist Great Britain in the war, and it is quite possible a larger contribution may be expedient.

A retired English Congregational Minister, eighty years of age, addressing a Sabbath School recently told the well-known story of Lord Nelson looking through the telescope with his blind eye and saying he could not see the signal. He said also that his grandfather, whom he well remembered, was pilot of Lord Nelson's ship at the battle of Copenhagen, at the time of the telescope incident. Lord Nelson said to him, "Pilot, can you take me over the tar safely?" Yes, by God's help," was the reply. Nelson then told him to lead on, and added "Do you know what failure means? It means the yardarm for you and a court-martial for me." But, the battle of Copenhagen was won thereby, and in some respects it was the greatest of Nelson's victories. The old minister who repeated this story has seven grandsons either in the Army or Navy.

Mayor Martin of Montreal, estimates the number of unemployed in that city as 45,000. Toronto has about half of that number. Winnipeg and Vancouver about 20,000 to 25,000. This makes the total unemployed to amount to 100,000 at the least. It is thought that some public works must be undertaken to tide over the distress which must otherwise result, with the opening of Spring.

The people of Hawaii have contributed \$35,000 to the Belgian Relief Fund \$127 of which came from the lepers of the Molokai settlement. Queen Elizabeth has acknowledged the gift and has said that no contribution has elicited more grateful consideration than that from Molokai.

Forty Years Ago

(From Monitor files, March, 1875.)

This winter will go down to history as one of the coldest and most severe in the century. The snow appears to be from four to six feet deep everywhere in the woods.

Rev. John Clark, pastor of the Baptist Church, Bridgetown, delivered a lecture on "Rev. Chas. Hadden Spurgeon" in the Court House to a large and appreciative audience. Mr. Edmund Bent occupied the chair. A hearty vote of thanks was moved by Hon. J. C. Troop, seconded by Miner Tupper, Esq. The lecture was under the auspices of the Bridgetown Literary Society.

G. H. Balcom, P. N. Balcom and S. N. Miller, three natives of this County, recently graduated in medicine at the New York University and received their M. D. degree.

DIED.—At Bridgetown, at the residence of J. B. Fay, Esq., Cordelia E. Smith, widow of the late James B. Smith, Barrister, of Halifax, aged 74 years.

A valuable horse belonging to Wm. Miller of Clarence, was injured by cutting the cords of both hind legs, necessitating his being shot on Monday night last. While Mr. Miller was coming into town his sleigh was overturned and a brace or bolt injured the horse to this extent.

OBITUARY

MRS. CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA TROOP-LONGLEY

On Feb. 27th, in Paradise, N. S., at the home of her son Harry, Mrs. Charlotte Augusta Troop-Longley passed peacefully away in the 86th year of her age after a short illness of acute bronchitis. Her father was the late W. H. Troop of Nictaux N. S. For twenty-nine years she has been the widow of the late Averil Longley who for several years represented Annapolis County in the Local and Dominion Parliaments both before and after Confederation.

Mrs. Longley was a strong character. Her intellectual qualities were rare for her day; her mind was well stored with knowledge culled from the choicest fields. This well cultivated mind never ceased to assimilate the best in literature even to the last. Having been shut in for years we began to think of her as belonging mostly to the past, but only a few weeks before her death she surprised the Literary Society by sending a paper on "Lessons from Nature, or Outdoor Religion." This paper would have reflected credit on any of our younger and more highly favored generation had they written it.

In her younger life she attained marked proficiency in music. To these qualifications there was added an activity and resourcefulness that made her a leader of both old and young in her church and the community. Her personality was of such a dignified and yet modest character that, when in her society you instinctively felt yourself in the presence of royalty. Such exalted conceptions, such noble ideals, such purity of thought, aim and motive, made here a force in formulating the morals of the community.

Of a family of six, four survive to mourn their loss, namely: Harry and Howard of Paradise, and Annie S. and Mrs. T. R. Wallace of Wolfville. Her funeral took place at the home of her son on March 1st. The services were conducted by Rev. S. D. MacLeod who took for his text Phil. IV. 3: Whose names are written in the book of life. He was assisted by Rev. A. M. McIntosh and J. H. Belmont. The last respects were paid to the departed by a large gathering of sympathizing friends.

St. James Parish Church Notes

Service of intercession with an address on Wednesdays at 4 p. m.
Friday, Children's Service at 4 p. m.
Adult Bible Class at 7.30 p. m.
Instruction to the Confirmation Class Mondays and Wednesdays at 7.30 p. m.

SERVICES NEXT SUNDAY
Bridgetown—8 a. m. (Holy Communion)
11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Belleisle—3 p. m. Instruction at 2 p. m.
Sunday School at the usual hour.

Bridgetown United Baptist Church

Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7.30.
B. Y. P. U. on Friday evening at 7.30
Sunday Services; Bible School at 10 a. m. Public worship at 11 a. m. and at 7 p. m.
The evening service will be followed by a short after service of song and testimony.

CENTRELEA

Prayer meeting on Tuesday evening at 7.30.
Teaching service on Sunday at 3 p. m.

Methodist Church Circuit Notes

This (Wednesday) evening at 7.30, Miss Alice Sanford will give an address in Providence Church, under the auspices of the Mission Circle. A program will be provided in addition to the address. Miss Sanford will speak at Belleville on Thursday evening.
Epworth League on Friday evening at 7.30.
Services next Sunday, March 21, as follows:—
Bridgetown—Sunday School at 10 a. m. Public Worship 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.
Belleisle—3 p. m.

Edward Schofield, of the 25th Battalion, a native of Kings Co., died at the Military Hospital on Monday, March 8th of pneumonia. A military funeral was held and the remains sent to Kentville for interment.

BORN

HEBB—At Belleisle, March 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Hebb, a son.

MARRIED

WHEELER—COLLINS.—On Tuesday, March 16, in St. James Church, Bridgetown, by Rev. E. Underwood Frank Wheeler of Bridgetown, N. S., to Theresa Agnes Collins of Bournemouth, England.

FAULKENHAM-FREDERICKS.—At the Methodist Parsonage, Bridgetown, on March 6th, by Rev. A. R. Reynolds, Robie S. Faulkenham of the 25th Regiment Canadian Overseas Contingent, to Gertrude Fredericks of Dalhousie, Annapolis Co.

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MONITOR OFFICE.

Administrator's Notice
All persons having legal demands against the Estate of Melissa Snow, late of Hampton, in the County of Annapolis, widow, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment to
JOSEPH I. SNOW,
Sole Administrator,
Avon Street, Cliftondale, Mass., U. S. A.
Administration granted March 4th, 1915. Dated March 4th, 1915. 48—31

Administrator's Notice
All persons having legal demands against the Estate of Inghram B. Snow, late of Hampton, in the County of Annapolis, Merchant, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment to
JOSEPH I. SNOW,
Sole Administrator,
Avon Street, Cliftondale, Mass., U. S. A.
Administration granted March 4th, 1915. Dated March 4th, 1915. 48—31

Province of Nova Scotia Annapolis S. S. In The Municipal Council

Whereas the following nominations have been made for a Councillor to fill the vacancy in Ward No. 3, viz:
FRED W. BISHOP, of Paradise, Farmer
HERBERT D. STARRATT, of Paradise, Farmer.

Public Notice is hereby given that a Poll will be held on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1915.

Polling District No. 3 at Lawrencetown. Polling District No. 18 at Port Lorne.

And such Poll will be open from half past eight in the forenoon till five o'clock in the afternoon.
Signed,
R. J. SHAFFNER,
Presiding Officer.
Lawrencetown, March 9th, A. D. 1915.

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Granville Boot and Shoe Store
Will open March 15th in the Old Post Office Building, Granville Ferry, under the "No Credit" system, for your Inspection, Convenience and Profit.

Orders for goods not stocked taken and filled in from 3 to 5 days.
All goods on approval must be paid for. Money will be promptly refunded on returning same at a reasonable time.

The Clock Ticks, we don't, but We Sell Right for Cash.
When in town, give us a call and make yourself at home.

Yours respectfully,
HAROLD T. AMBERMAN.

LYNCH'S

Pure Bread
Is still sold at
8c.

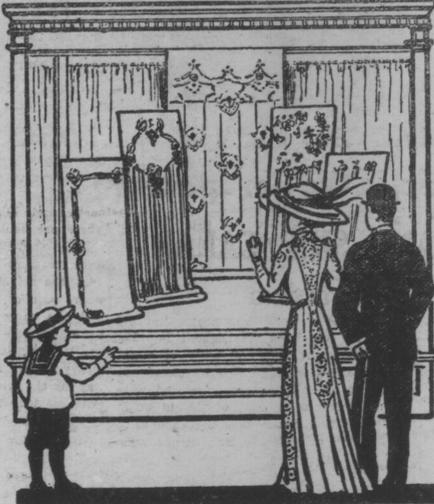
In spite of High Price of Flour
Oranges from 12c up to 50c. a doz.

A nice Fresh line of Groceries and Confectionery and lots of Penny Candies.

Bargains in Dishes and Graniteware.

Yours for Business
MRS. S. C. TURNER
VARIETY STORE

Watch for Our Wall Paper Announcements



STRONG & WHITMAN

Flour
—AND—
Feed
—AT—
Reasonable Prices

Flour and Feeds
—A full line of—
Flour and Feed
Always on hand
Also a fresh line of
Groceries and Confectionery
Give us a call
WOOD & PARKS
Granville Street - Bridgetown, N. S.

J. I. FOSTER

1915 Wall Paper

Farm for Sale.
The subscriber offers his hay, fruit and dairy farm for sale, situated near Lawrencetown, Annapolis County, containing seventy-five acres of land with house nearly new, and outbuildings in good repair. Cuts thirty tons of hay, good pasture that will keep nine cows. Young orchard of excellent fruit. The farm is level and can be easily worked, the farming implements can be bought with place if desired. Near good school and three churches, and railway station. Reason for selling I wish to retire from farming. A genuine bargain will be given to quick purchaser. Call and look over the place. Mr. John Elliott of Paradise will show you over the place and give further information in my absence. Part of purchase money can remain on mortgage. For price and terms write me at 181 Lochman St., Halifax. I will be on farm after April 1st.

Feb 17-61
Hamilton Young.

NOTICE:
All persons having legal demands against the Estate of John H. Bishop, late of Lawrencetown, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within twelve months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
Mary F. Bishop } Executors
T. G. BISHOP }
Lawrencetown, February 20th, 1915.

Notice.
All persons having legal demands against the estate of Fletcher Durling, late of West Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to
AUBREY P. BOEHNER, Executor.
INA DURLING, Executrix.
Paradise, February 25th, 1915. . mos

EASTER IS COMING!
Everyone likes to look well at Easter time and there's nothing that tones up one's appearance more than choice Footwear.

Our New Spring Shoes Are Here!
The New Styles are very Attractive, are Comfortable and are Fairly Priced

In Women's Footwear we have dainty creations in Pumps, Oxfords and Slippers, Button Boots with fine cloth tops, plain toe or welt tip, and many other choice styles.

Come to our store expecting to find the best styles and the best values for your money and you'll meet with no disappointment.

J. H. Longmire & Sons

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

Have you your bow of green ribbon on today? It is St. Patrick's day.

Reserve Easter Monday, April 5th, for Patriotic Concert in Primrose Theatre.

Notice is here given that the meetings of the Red Cross Society on Thursday afternoon have been disbanded for four weeks.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—Four Cocker-ers; 2 Wyandottes, 1 Buttercup, 1 Brown Leghorn.

FRANK H. BATH, Granville

Dr. Cutten, President of the Acadia University will lecture in the Baptist Church, Lawrence town, Friday evening, March 19th at 8 o'clock. A silver collection will be taken.

FOR SALE

A 4 H. P. International Gasoline Engine; or we will exchange for a 14 or 2 H. P.

The Monitor Publishing Co., Ltd.

FOUND—On Clarence Road, one good horse rug. Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply to E. J. ELLIOTT, Clarence.

The most successful Birthday Party ever held in Bridgetown took place in Warren's Hall last evening, when the splendid sum of \$175.00 was realized in aid of the Riverside Cemetery Fund.

Lockett and Messenger are offering one car of oats at a low price from the on Thursday and Friday of this week. These oats were saved from the wreck of the transport steamer Navarre, and are in good condition.

On Tuesday afternoon last the Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church held their monthly meeting with two of the oldest and most respected members of the church now absent, Mr. and Mrs. Wm Miller of Clarence. An interesting programme was carried out. The Ryagadda mission station in India was the subject of study and two excellent papers were read outlining its history and progress. Refreshments were served.

On Friday evening the young people of the Baptist church observed "Whittier Night." An interesting and instructive programme was rendered. It consisted of a paper on the life of the Quaker poet, readings from his works illustrating his slavery poems and his quaint descriptions of rural life in old New England, a roll call responded to with quotations from his religious writings revealing his deep faith in the Eternal goodness, the singing of Whittier hymns, and various instrumental and vocal selections.

A number of apple warehouses throughout the Valley have completed their shipments of this season's fruit. The Banner Fruit Co. Bridgetown will make their last shipment this week which will consist of 300 barrels of Northern Spys and Non-parrels. This company has shipped upwards of 4000 barrels this season. The Bridgetown Fruit Co. have about 900 barrels yet to ship. The last shipment to be made on the 26th inst making over 7000 barrels for the season. Prices in the English market have been fairly good throughout the whole season.

Last Friday evening the Rev. H. J. Indoe, B. D., of Granville Ferry delivered a most interesting and instructive lecture in Providence Methodist Church. He spoke under the auspices of the Epworth League, and his subject was "Religions of the Orient." In spite of the inclement weather a large number of the young people were present, and listened with much pleasure to the speaker as he described the great world religions other than Christianity. After the lecture the young people spent a pleasant social hour together with games and refreshments.

With regret we chronicle the death of Mr. Robert Spurr of Lynn, Mass., who departed this life March the 1st. The deceased was a son of the late R. J. Spurr of Round Hill, and although he has been a resident of Lynn for the past number of years, he leaves many friends and relatives here, as he has frequently paid visits to the old home. He is survived by his wife and three children, two sons and a daughter. Also three brothers and two sisters—Bartley of Lynn, William and Bernard of Bridgetown, Mrs. Foster of Round Hill and Mrs. McColgan of Ottawa. His friends and relatives will regret to hear the sad news.

The second annual business meeting of the Monitor Publishing Company Limited was recently held. The report of the past year's business was most gratifying to the shareholders, especially in the face of the great business depression everywhere prevailing. Business in all departments showed an increase, particularly the job printing department which last year almost doubled the output of the previous year. A six per cent dividend was declared. The management was authorized to purchase a new type-setting machine, and it is expected that inside of two weeks a Mercantile Lithograph of the latest model will be installed in this office which will greatly facilitate the work of publishing the Monitor.

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

Farm for sale at West Paradise. Apply W. Rymer, West Paradise.

A carload of sulphur was received at the Banner Fruit Co.'s warehouse last week.

All the newest effects in Dress Goods at J. W. Beckwith's. Now is the time to purchase.

Snow has come at last and farmers and lumbermen are now busy getting out timber and cordwood.

J. W. Beckwith received another lot of Ladies Coats and Suits this week. He has some special bargains in Ladies' Dresses. See them.

FOR SALE—One five horse-power Gasoline Engine in good repair. Price fifty dollars. Apply to CHARLES HOGAN, Granville, et.

Mr. John Howard, of Brienon, died on Saturday night. Burial took place on Monday. He suffered long and patiently. Much sympathy is felt for the family.

Latest reports from Dr. F. W. Young are more favorable than we had been dared hope for. It is just possible that another surgical operation will be unnecessary.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. MacPherson of Lawrence town announce the marriage of their daughter Elsie to Mr. Leslie Warren Briggs of Athol, Mass., on Monday the 15th of March.

The Clifton House at Annapolis was badly gutted by fire early last Friday morning. The house was occupied by Mr. Lingham and family with a millinery establishment in one part.

An Ordination Council has been called to meet with the Baptist Church at Annapolis Royal on Tuesday March 23rd to consider the advisability of ordaining to the Gospel ministry, Mr. W. S. Jacobs, a student at Acadia University, who has been supplying the pulpit of the Annapolis Church for some time past.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Miss Marion Dearness is attending the millinery openings in St. John.

Miss Harriet Wade of Bear River is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Louis Ricketson.

Mrs. Henry DeBlois of Annapolis, spent the week-end at the home of Dr. DeBlois.

School Inspector, Mr. L. S. Morse is inspecting the Bridgetown schools this week.

Mr. G. W. Bellevue of Lockeport, has joined the staff at the Royal Bank here as Ledger Keeper.

Miss Margaret Chute of Berwick, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Adam Clark, Upper Granville.

Miss Mary Myatt of Dartmouth, has joined the Monitor staff, and is filling the position of Monoline operator.

Miss May Phelan returned last Thursday from an extended visit in Boston, and took in the millinery openings in St. John en route.

Mr. James W. Connell, who for some time past has been the efficient teller at the Royal Bank here, has been transferred to the Royal's office at Annapolis Royal and promoted to the position of accountant.

Among the passengers en route to St. John yesterday via S. S. Yarmouth were Mrs. John Carter and daughter Gladys, who will visit relatives for an indefinite period in that city.

Mrs. Frank Starratt accompanied by her brother-in-law Mr. Avar Brown went to Winchenden, Mass. yesterday with the remains of Mrs. Brown, who passed away at Port Lorne on Monday, the 15th inst.

Mr. Geo. Gill left for Amherst last Wednesday, having enlisted with the Third Contingent. Mr. Gill will be greatly missed, and we trust he may be spared to soon return to our fair town to resume his duties as "guardian of the peace."

Rev. Arthur V. Dimock Pastor of the First Baptist Church, Dorchester, Mass., passed through the Valley last week to Halifax, where he visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dimock of that city. On his return he visited his brother-in-law, Mr. C. E. Crisp of Paradise, and Mrs. A. S. Williams and Mrs. Crisp (Mrs. Dimock's mother) of Bridgetown.

AUCTION

The following Live Stock will be sold at Public Auction on the premises of the subscriber at Upper Clarence on Saturday, March 20th, at 1 o'clock.

2 cows, 5 yearlings, 1 two year old heifer with calf, 1 yearling colt, 1 sow with pig.

TERMS—Three months credit with approved joint notes with interest at 6 p. c. MRS. ADA BALCOM. Clarence, March 3rd, 1915.

The Best Yet

We've something new to show you. It is a Violet Talcum Powder

The odor is the Truest and most Delightful VIOLET we have ever offered at any price. The Talcum is of the highest quality and liberal in quantity. The price is only

25c.

a package. We ask you to come in and see it and get the odor of it whether you want to buy or not. We know when you DO want to buy you WILL want this package.

ROYAL PHARMACY
W. A. Warren, Phm. B.
The Rexall Store

HAIR WORK DONE. Combs or cut hair made into Puffs, Transformations and Switches. Terms moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to.

MISS GEORGINA BANCROFT
Annapolis Royal, R. F. D. No. 1.

Eggs for Hatching
from Sicilian Buttercups the great laying breed; also Pekin Duck eggs, imported stock, price 50c per setting.

ALFRED T. RICE, Bridgetown.

Easter Specialties

We will have on display one of the finest assortments of Easter Novelties that has ever been shown in the town. Watch our window for this display.

Fruit
Oranges, Pineapples, Bananas, Grapes and Grape Fruit, and Tangerines.

Vegetables
We will book orders for the following goods; Celery, Lettuce, Radishes, Cucumbers, Tomatoes and Mushrooms.

Flowers
We will book orders for the following goods; Easter Lillies, Carnations, Daffodils, etc. Kindly let us have your orders early so as to ensure delivery.

Ken's Restaurant
PHONE 81
Agent Dominion Express Money Orders.

PRUNING SAWS
O-Cedar Mops, 75c. each
Stoves and Ranges
Heavy and Shelf Hardware
Crowe & Mundee.
Successors to Crowe & Elliott, Bridgetown.

I am selling one of the highest grades of **SOFT COAL** mined in Nova Scotia at **\$5.65 per ton delivered** within the Town.
Why Pay More?
EDWIN L. FISHER

Farm for Sale.

A farm in Clarence (next to the school house) consisting of sixty five acres. The orchard in 1911 produced 760 bbls. last year, 1914, a crop of 450 bbls. For further particulars apply to J. W. ELLIOTT, Clarence.

Also an excellent driving black Mare of good conformation, age six years next May, weight over ten hundred.

Paint and Shelf Hardware Business for Sale.

A good chance for some young man who wants to make a study of the Paint and Shelf Hardware business. Will sell at a sacrifice; reason for selling, not time to look after that branch of the business. Subscriber has had over 30 years experience in painting, and will give purchaser the benefit of this experience in regard to quality of paints and oils, will also give him all his trade. Apply to A. R. BISHOP, P. O. Box 36, Bridgetown, N. S.

Auction

To be sold at Public Auction on the farm of the late Wm. R. Inglis, at Tupperville, on Friday, the 9th day of April, at 1.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

All the farming implements, carts, wagons, sleighs, carriages, lumber, shingles, and all other personal property on the said farm.

TERMS—\$10.00 and under, cash; over that amount 6 months on sufficient security.

P. C. INGLIS, CHAS. R. CHIPMAN, Administrators

Public Auction

To be sold at Public Auction on the premises of **R. P. CHUTE**

Hampton

Saturday, March 27th, 1915,

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m. The following personal property 1 light riding wagon, 1 express wagon, 1 truck wagon, 1 light harness, 1 truck harness, 2 horses, 2 farrow cows, 1 hay cutter, 1 set of bob sleds, 1 grindstone, 1 heavy lap robe, 1 gasoline engine, 1 new thresher, 1 second hand thresher, 1 grain grinder, 1 wood sawing machine, lot of chains, 1 lobster boat.

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS
1 bed spring, 2 parlor stoves, 1 wash stand, lamps, tables, writing desk, and other articles too numerous to mention. TERMS—Under \$5.00 cash, and above 6 months credit with approved security. If not fine, sale will be held on following Monday. L. D. BROOKS, Auctioneer.

UPHOLSTERING

If you have a Chair, Rocker, Couch, Lounge, Sofa or Divan that needs covering or just "fixed up" a bit, with a new Spring or two, Excelsior, Wool top, Gimp, etc., to make it look better, bring it in to us and we will give you a good job for

\$2.00

A. W. KINNEY
Bridgetown/ Nova Scotia

The Bridgetown Importing House

We Are Now Opening

NEW GOODS

For the Early Spring Sewing

WE Call

SPECIAL ATTENTION

To Our

10c. Prints

Do not Miss the Bargains we are Giving in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats.

J. W. BECKWITH

STANDARD FASHION BOOK SPRING 1915



The New "Silhouette." Hoop and Balloon Skirts, Turkish and Gored Skirts; Princess, Moyen-Age and Empire Dresses; Military Effects in Coats, Capes and Dresses;

The New Standing Collar in Many Styles; The New Leg-o-Mutton Sleeve are the latest up-to-date features, and together with many other beautiful styles will be shown in the

STANDARD FASHION BOOK for Spring

With each copy you get any Standard Pattern FREE.

20 CENTS AT THE PATTERN COUNTER

Spruce Shingles
Cedar Shingles
Steel Shingles
Laths
Lumber
Frame Stock
Gutters
Mouldings

Sheathing
Birch Flooring
Spruce Flooring
Stair Work
Verandah Stock
Sashes
Doors

Ask for Our Furniture Catalog.

J. H. HICKS & SONS

Queen Street, Bridgetown, N. S.

Big Overcoat Sale

On for the Next 25 Days

We will give

25 p.c. Discount

on all Men's and Boys' Overcoats to reduce our stock, as we need the money. Call early and get your choice from the many bargains offered.

J. HARRY HICKS

Corner Queen and Granville Streets

Phone 48-2

Administration Notice

All persons having legal demands against the estate of William R. Inglis, late of Tupperville, in the County of Annapolis, Farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested within one year from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to Phillip C. Inglis, Tupperville, N. S., or Chas. R. Chipman, Bridgetown, N. S., administrators.

Letters of administration dated January 8th, 1915. Dated at Bridgetown, N. S., this 8th day of January, 1915.

A LINE OF

FINE CHINA

I am showing one of the finest lines of genuine Nippon China manufactured. To get the best in appearance and price you should see this line.

Our Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairs have always given satisfaction.

Ross A. Bishop
LOCKETT BLOCK

Great REDUCTIONS

In Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats AND Fancy Feathers.

Dearness & Phelan
Queen St., Bridgetown

Lawrencetown Property for Sale

The undersigned offers for sale that desirable residential property situated on Main St., Lawrence town, consisting of dwelling house of ten rooms and bath, electric lights, and barn. Three acres of land in orchard of ninety trees in bearing, opposite railway station. Also fifty acres of land on new road between Lawrence town and Clarence.

For further particulars apply to

Geo. M. Daniels,

Lawrencetown.

Feb 17-75

CLARKE BROS.

BEAR RIVER, N. S.

IMPORTING RETAILERS

OF

British Dress Goods

Women's, Misses', Children's Jackets

Boys' and Youths' Ready-to-wear Clothing

Women's, Misses' and Children's Underwear

Men's Boys' and Youths' Underwear

Scotch and English Tweeds and Serges

Gloves, Hosiery, Neckwear, Linens

Boots, Shoes, and Rubber Footwear.

Our Stock is complete in every detail. Notwithstanding that War conditions have caused some advance in prices we were fortunate in securing deliveries of our foreign shipments, and are prepared to execute all orders without advancing prices.

Send along your orders by mail. We absolutely guarantee you entire satisfaction.

Yours very truly

CLARKE BROS.

Wheat in Canada

OTTAWA, March 9, 1915.—A press bulletin issued to-day by the Census and Statistics Office gives the results of a special inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining the stocks of wheat in Canada on February 8, 1915. The inquiry, carried out by direction of the Hon. Sir Geo. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, and conducted by the Census and Statistics Office in conjunction with the Department of Trade and Commerce and the Board of Grain Commissioners, was effected by means of schedules addressed to Elevator, Flour Mill and Railway Companies and to crop-reporting correspondents for the estimation of quantities in farmer's hands. Compilation of the returns received shows that the amount of wheat, and of wheat the equivalent of flour, in Canada on February 8 last was 79,130,593 bushels, or, if allowance be made for a small proportion of non-replies, an aggregate in round figures of 80 million bushels. The total of 79,130,583 bushels is distributed as follows: Terminal elevators 2,853,679 bushels, railways elevators

1,213,952 bushels, other elevators 26,776,246 bushels, flour mills 6,160,840 bushels, in transit by rail 12,571,876 bushels and in farmer's hands 29,554,000 bushels. The result of the inquiry shows that the quantity of wheat in Canada should be amply sufficient to meet all requirements between now and the next harvest. For seeding this spring and for food during the next six months, it is estimated that 44 1/2 million bushels will be required, thus leaving, on February 8, 1915, in addition to the usual quantity of imports, a balance of 35 1/4 million bushels for export and reserve. From February 8 to March 2, 36,370 bushels of wheat, and flour expressed as wheat, were imported and 6,741,990 bushels were exported. The inquiry took no account of quantities of wheat flour in the hands of wholesale and retail vendors in towns and villages throughout Canada, nor of quantities of wheat in local grist mills. These quantities, altogether relatively small in individual cases, amount to a considerable aggregate, tending to show that the estimate of 80 million bushels is not excessive.

Minard's Liniment cures Garget in Cows.

How Animals Sleep

Elephants sleep standing up. When in a herd a certain number will always stand watch while the others sleep, for the big, powerful beasts are timid and cautious at night and will not go to sleep unguarded. Bats sleep head downward, hanging by their hind claws. Birds, with few exceptions, sleep with their heads turned tailward over the back, and the beak thrust beneath the wing. Storks, gulls, and other long-legged birds sleep standing on one leg. Ducks sleep on open water. To avoid drifting ashore, they keep paddling with one foot thus making them move in a circle. Foxes and wolves sleep curled up, their noses and the soles of their feet close together and blanketed by their bushy tail. Owls, in addition to their eyelids, have a screen that they draw sideways across their eyes to shut out the light, for they sleep in the daytime.—OUR DUMB ANIMALS.

The king of Siam will send some of his famous sacred white elephants to be exhibited at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, in charge of Prince Japan.

PRINCE DALE

March 12th. Messrs. Fred and Ira Wright spent Tuesday at Lake Munroe. Mr. Dennis Wright of Bear River, spent the week-end with relatives here. Messrs. Angus and Fred Wright have each sold a yoke of oxen this week. Miss Edith Mailing of Clementsfort, was a recent guest of friends here. Mr. Corkum the Petric agent, was at Mr. M. G. Dondale's over Thursday night. Mr. Leon Wright who attended the Boys' Convention at Halifax, returned home Monday. Mr. Ira Wright and Miss Oressa Wright went to Ipswich, Mass., Wednesday, to remain indefinitely. Misses Jennie Fearon and Reta Fraser spent the week-end at Mr. Gilbert Hubley's, Bear River. Mrs. Maynard Brown and Miss Etta Long, of Clementsvale, were guests of relatives here on Friday.

NORTH RANGE

Mr. James Height had the misfortune to cut his foot quite badly last week. Preaching next Sunday morning by the Pastor at 10.30. Sunday school at close of service. Mr. and Mrs. Langille spent a few days at Centerville, Digby Neck, at Mr. Langille's old home last week. Mr. Henry Murray from Massachusetts is visiting friends in this place after an absence of about thirty years. Mrs. W. J. Andrews and little daughter Phyllis spent the week-end with Mrs. Andrews' mother Mrs. E. T. Harris at Barton. There was a donation held Saturday evening at the home of Mr. Bruce Height for the pastor. Ice cream and cake was served free, and a collection taken, the sum of \$12.80 being realized. Quite a number of friends met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bragg, March 9th, this being their little daughter Annie's M's birthday. Tea was served at 5.30 and a very enjoyable evening was spent in music and games. All went away wishing her many more happy birthdays.

VICTORIA BEACH

March 15th. The Belgium Circle which was organized at Victoria Beach on January 15th, shipped the following articles to Halifax on March 14th—
 10 quilts
 10 night-gowns
 24 undershirts
 35 girls' dresses
 7 women's dresses
 19 women's shirt-waists
 5 women's coats
 2 children's coats
 12 pr. children's drawers
 6 pair women's drawers
 9 combination suits
 11 pr. women's stockings
 2 pr. children's stockings
 4 infants' outfits
 9 infants' hats
 2 infants' bands
 2 infants' shirts
 1 pair sheets
 7 comfort bags
 2 hats
 1 bonnet
 1 pair women's boots
 2 pair children's slippers
 3 pair bloomer suits
 9 pair garters
 2 hdkfs., 1 hair ribbon.
 12 boys' shirts
 6 men's shirts
 5 pair boys' pants
 5 pair boys' blouses
 3 neckties

The following articles were contributed by Mrs. Henry Apte and family, Victoria Beach for Belgium—
 1 bed, 2 cradle quilts
 1 woman's cap
 1 woman's skirt
 2 girls' petticoats
 3 girls' dresses
 2 women's shirtwaists
 2 pr. girls' stockings
 1 man's coat
 1 man's sweater and vest
 1 pr. man's socks
 3 men's shirts
 1 pr. boy's pants
 1 pair combinations
 2 boys' blouses
 1 doll
 1 comfort bag
 10 baby's diapers
 1 pair gloves
 1 pair booties
 2 collars and belt.

MORGANVILLE

Miss Florence Berry returned home from her school at Riversdale. Preaching service in the Morganville Baptist Church on Sunday, March 21st at 3 p. m. Mr. George Snell died at his home in Morganville on Monday the 8th of March aged 75 years. Mrs. Kennedy of Gardner, Mass., arrived home on Wednesday to attend the funeral of her father George Snell.

One Hundred Years of Peace

Centenary celebrations have become common during recent years, and we have been repeatedly called upon to commemorate the great deeds of an eminent man who was born one hundred years previously, or to talk of the glories of some famous battle that was fought a century ago. The benefit of these celebrations is evident. Young people as a rule do not read history to any great extent, and there is more educative value in thus reminding them of the great events of the past. No centenary deserves so well to be celebrated as that which marks the completion of one hundred years of peace between the United States of America and Great Britain. That two such great nations should go through a full hundred years, not only without fighting against each other, but with an ever increasing feeling of friendliness, is surely cause for sincere rejoicing. The terrible scenes now being enacted in Europe reveal what an awful tragedy war is. We should be sincerely thankful that upon this continent we still enjoy the blessings of peace.

In the year 1812 war broke out between Great Britain and the United States and continued until the close of 1814. It would serve no good purpose to recall the causes of this quarrel or to dwell upon the battles that were fought. The bitterness that was engendered at that time has been forgotten, and the actors in those unhappy wrangles have long since gone to their graves. The war was brought to a close by the Treaty of Ghent, which was signed on December 24, 1814, and ratified on February 17, 1815. This treaty was negotiated by John Quincy Adams, J. A. Bayard, Henry Clay, Jonathan Russell and Albert Gallatin, representing the United States; and Lord Gambier, Henry Goulbourn and William Adams, representing Great Britain.

Perhaps the most remarkable thing about the treaty is the fact that it makes no mention whatever of the questions which really brought about the conflict. Hannah says: "So weary were the people of the United States of the contest, so great was their joy at the return of peace that the terms upon which it was made, so far from being criticized, were not even considered—it was enough for them that the war had ended." Henry Clay who had declared that he never wished to see peace until Canada had been taken from the British, was one of the first to sign the document.

The treaty declared that there should be a firm and universal peace between the two countries, that hostilities should cease after ratification within different specified periods in different specified parts of the world; that all territory, places and possessions taken by either party from the other during the war should be restored without delay; and the two parties agreed to use their best endeavors to abolish the traffic in slaves, which was declared to be irreconcilable with the principles of humanity.

It is worthy of note that the Belgian city in which the great event took place a century ago is now the centre of the bloodiest war that was ever waged. The very building in which the peace delegates signed the historic documents still stands, while all around it has been heard the roar of cannon and bursting shell.

The treaty of Ghent was not arranged without difficulties. Upon arrival in the city the delegates from the Republic were summoned by the Englishmen to attend at the lodgings of the latter. This was regarded as a patronizing invitation and was unanimously declined as an "offensive exhibition of superiority."

Fortunately John Bull took the hint and a happy issue out of the dilemma was found by agreeing to meet at a place mutually convenient. During the negotiations many rocks were struck, and it seemed at times as if the conference would end without any satisfactory result. In the expectation that the conflict would continue, Wellington was offered the command of the British forces in America, but the hero of Waterloo not only declined the commission, but criticized the demands of Britain upon the United States. The result was the withdrawal of the demands and the way was clear for united action. It was practically decided to restore everything as it was before the war. The news of the peace treaty reached New York on Saturday night, the 11th of February. The British sloop of war, the "Favorite," sailed into port under a flag of truce, carrying two messen-

The Congestion from a Bad Cold

Loosened up in One Hour

Nerviline Rubbed On At Night—You're Well Next Morning

Nerviline Never Fails

When that cold comes, how is it to be cured? This method is simplicity itself; rub the chest and throat vigorously with "Nerviline," rub it in good and deep; lots of rubbing can't do any harm. Then put some Nerviline in the water and use it as a gargle; this will ease the cough, cut out the

phlegm, assist in breaking up the cold quickly. There is no telling how quickly Nerviline breaks up a hard racking cough, eases a tight chest, relieves a pleuritic pain. Why, there isn't any liniment with half the power, the penetrative qualities, the honest merit that has made Nerviline the most popular American household liniment. A large 50 cent bottle of Nerviline cures ill of the whole family, and makes the doctor's bills small. Get it today. The large size is more economical than the small 25 cent size. Sold by dealers everywhere, or direct from The Catarthozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

gers representing the two countries, who were bearers of the despatch. The announcement caused the greatest satisfaction and the universal joy found expression in processions and illuminations.

The hard feeling engendered by the war did not die quickly. The wrongs and grievances on both sides were for some years talked about. But time, the great healer of all troubles, gradually softened the feelings of the people on both sides of the line, and they have come to regard one another with feelings of friendliness. Since then there have been disputes between the two nations, but they have all been settled amicably. When an altercation arose in 1895 over the boundary line between British Guiana and Venezuela in South America some reckless people in the United States talked of invading Canada, but the great mass of the citizens of the American Republic were horrified at the idea of two neighbors fighting one another, and a peaceful agreement was reached.

After the declaration of peace for some years the British Government kept regular soldiers in Canada, but gradually reduced the number until, in 1870, all of them disappeared except a small garrison which was retained at Halifax. "Uncle Sam" has removed most of his soldiers from the vicinity of Canada and if today some regiments are found near the boundary line, it is because it is convenient to use the barracks and not with any idea of hostility toward Canada.

The line that separates one country from another is often called a frontier, and usually it bristles with forts, guns and bayonets. Thank God, we have nothing of the sort on this continent of North America. We have abolished the frontier, and now there is nothing between us but a geographical boundary line which we could scarcely identify were it not for the custom houses that waylay us when we attempt to cross.

There are no forts between us worthy of the name and even these are slowly falling to decay. Both countries seem willing to let them crumble into dust. No war vessels patrol our lakes, and we are not thinking of building any.

At the present time the war spirit is flaming furiously in the old world, and the people of several nations are groaning under an almost insufferable burden of taxation in supporting colossal armies and overpowering navies. It is sincerely to be hoped that this military contagion will not spread to this continent, for it is one of the greatest evils that can afflict humanity.

Let us show to the world that international differences can be settled by arbitration without appealing to the cannon and the sword, and let our splendid lakes remain forever unhaunted by the destroying dreadnaughts of war. Let us pour our money into education; into the missionary enterprise; into the social uplifting of the people, and learn to trust one another.

A little time ago the statement was made that Great Britain and the United States combined could whip the world. Some one immediately said: "What do they want to whip the world for?" Then another, I think it was Bishop McDowell, added the suggestion that these two great nations could save the world. There would appear to be some significance in the remark when it is remembered that seven-eighths of the missionaries who are at work today in non-Christian lands have been sent out by England and America. It would seem as if God had commissioned these two English-speaking countries to evangelize the world.

A beautiful incident which illustrates this occurred some time ago in Pennsylvania, when the half century of Bishop Thoburn's work in India was celebrated. During the proceedings the good Bishop was presented with two envelopes, one

containing a deed for a house, wrapped in the Stars and Stripes, the flag under which he was born, and that he has loved so dearly throughout all his life. The other envelope enclosed a cheque for one thousand dollars with which to furnish the house, and this was wrapped in the folds of the Union Jack, the flag under which Bishop Thoburn's great work had been done. This is the sort of alliance that we plead for—the two Anglo-Saxon nations uniting for the enlightenment of the dark places of the earth; for the overthrow of all forms of evil, and for the universal enthronement of our Lord Christ.

Canadians are loyal to the King and desire no other flag to float over them but the Union Jack, but they have discovered that they can be loyal Britons without quarrelling with their neighbors.

Not long ago a great young people's mass meeting was held in Massey Hall in the city of Toronto. Among the decorations for the occasion was one which attracted the attention of Dr. Amos R. Wells, of Boston, the speaker of the evening. The flags of England and the United States were tastefully draped around the clock which occupied a prominent place in front of the gallery. "This indicates," remarked Dr. Wells, "that these two countries shall remain on friendly terms as long as time shall last."—Onward.

Can't Lose Hair

Twenty Years From Today a Bald-headed Man Will Be An Unusual Sight.

One of the most prominent druggists of America made a statement a few weeks ago which has caused a great deal of discussion among scientists in the medical press.

He said: "If the new hair grower, Mildredina Hair Remedy, increases its sales as it has during the past year, it will be used by nearly every man, woman and child in America within eight years."

"When Mildredina Hair Remedy is used almost universally, dandruff will disappear and with its departure baldness, itching scalp, splitting hair and all scalp diseases will follow and twenty years from now a bald head will be a rarity."

There is only one way to cure dandruff, and that is to kill the germs. There is only one hair preparation that will kill the germs and that is any head where there is any life left; Mildredina Hair Remedy. This unusual hair restorer with its record of thousands of cures will grow falling hair and itching of the scalp in three weeks or money back.

It is the most pleasant and invigorating tonic, is not sticky, or greasy, and is used extensively by ladies of refinement who desire to have and to keep their hair soft, lustrous and luxuriant. Fifty cents for a large bottle druggists everywhere. Mail orders filled by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

CUT THIS OUT

FREE to show how quickly Mildredina Hair Remedy acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to anyone who sends this Coupon to AMERICAN PROPRIETARY CO., BOSTON, MASS., with their name and address and ten cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

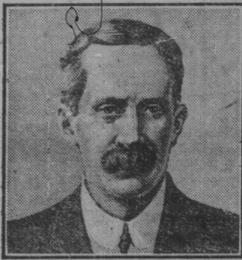
A Fierce Battle

The "Evening Times" of Ames, Iowa, tells how the European War was transferred to the town jail on the 2nd. ut. Five or six hoboes, getting free board from the town, and "feeling their oats," got into a heated discussion on the war. Remarks were made not at all flattering to a German who was one of the number. The battle of words became a battle of carnal weapons. The German with the stove poker and a brick dashed gallantly to the attack. The stove was knocked over, soot and ashes became mingled with angry words, and at first the German gained the advantage, but finally he was driven from his trenches and victory perched upon the banners of the Allies. The town marshal arrived, fixed up the stove, and reported all quiet.

Minard's Liniment cures Colic, &c.

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-lives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health



J. W. HAMMOND Esq.

SCOTLAND, ONT., Aug. 25th, 1913 "Fruit-a-lives" are the only pill manufactured, to my way of thinking. They work completely, no gripping what and one is plenty for any ordinary person at a dose. My wife was marty to Constipation. We tried everything on the calendar without satisfaction, and spent large sums of money until we happened on "Fruit-a-lives". I cannot say too much in their favor.

We have used them in the family for about two years and we would not use anything else as long as we can get "Fruit-a-lives". Their action is mild, and no distress at all. I have recommended them to many other people, and our whole family uses them.

J. W. HAMMOND. Those who have been cured by "Fruit-a-lives" are proud and happy to tell a sick or ailing friend about these wonderful tablets made from fruit juices. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

In Trenches and Billets at the Front

(By Owen S. Watkins, Chaplain.)

In comparison with the preceding months of the campaign, the last few weeks have been monotonous and uneventful, and there have been periods when it is hard to believe we were at the front at all. The old days of anxiety and strain, when we were haunted by the fear that our thin khaki line would break, have given place to something which almost resembles ordinary garrison life, with its regular routine and its clearly defined duties. The longed-for reinforcements, in whose existence at one time we almost ceased to believe have been with us now for many weeks, have received their baptism of suffering and fire, and have become seasoned with veteran troops. No longer are our men kept in the trenches until their heroic endurance is strained to breaking point and their nerves utterly shattered. Now a regular system of "reliefs" is possible; the period during which the men are exposed to the dangers and hardships of the trenches is strictly defined, and is always followed by an adequate period of rest. After a given number of days in the "front line" the troops are withdrawn in brigades, marched to some town or village beyond the reach even of the longest-ranged "Black Maria," and there, in comfortable billets, rest until it is again their turn to take their place in the fighting line. The contrasts in their lives are extraordinary, and yet with wonderful adaptability "Tommy Atkins" seems equally at home whatever the conditions may be. I wonder if I could bring to your realization how great those contrasts are. I will try.

MUD—MUD—MUD

Strive to picture to yourself a water-logged mud flat, intersected with trenches, half full of liquid mud, overhead a leaden sky, incessant, pouring rain, and a wind keen as a razor which searches to your very marrow; the men knee deep in mud, blinded with driving rain, unable even to move about to warm themselves, keeping their ceaseless watch on those opposing trenches which are so near. The man who for a moment forgets caution, and exposes himself to the view of the German sniper, has signed his death-warrant, or if he "has the luck," is seriously wounded, for the opposing trenches are anything from thirty to a hundred yards apart, and at that range a "marksman" cannot miss. From dawn until dark it is not possible for anybody to reach them except by the "communication trench," which is a narrow, winding ditch, worse than the Slough of Despond, where at times the mud and water may be waist deep. If a man is wounded or killed he must lie where he is until dark, for no bearers could carry him out in daylight and live. In this "fire trenches" (those nearest the enemy) the men can light no fire, get nothing warm to eat or drink, and it is only after

dark that "the first line of transport" can get near enough to issue rations and convey "dixies" of soup or tea to the numb and rain-soaked men. It is then, also, that the regimental bearers are able to remove the dead and carry the wounded, who perhaps for hours have waited in such poor shelter as a "reserve trench" or a "dug-out," affords, to the ambulance wagons, where the ambulances are waiting. It is no uncommon thing, when men are relieved from the "fire trench," to find that during their vigil they have sunk so deep in the mud, and are themselves so numb, that they have to be pulled out by their comrades before they can be relieved. Imagine all this, and to it more or less constant shell fire, the spraying of shrapnel, the eruptions of "Black Marias," the occasional and unexpected outbreaks of rifle fire ripping along the line like the magnified sound of something being torn, and you will get a faint idea of life in the trenches. With darkness there is a change; men do not take the same care about exposing themselves; there is little and traffic in rear of the trenches, and coming and going of ration-carriers and stretcher-bearers, and the hum of conversation. But nobody shows a light; to strike a match would mean death. When suddenly a star-shell bursts, its ball of fire floating overhead lighting up the country—so it seems to startled nerves—for miles, every man stands rigid until the covering darkness closes in once more, for he has been told by the N. C. O. of his platoon, "Whenever a searchlight is turned on, or the country is lit up by a flare or a star-shell, stand perfectly still. It's movement wot gives the show away. Keep still, an' they'll think you're a bush, or a tree, or what not. But as sure as yer move you're a deader."

THE FIRST-LINE TRANSPORT

In the nearest available village, out of the rifle fire, but generally well within the range of the enemy's guns, will be found the brigade headquarters, field telegraph office and telephone exchange, the "first line transport"—ammunition wagons, rations, etc., the field ambulance, and such companies of the regiments in the trenches as are held in reserve. It is from this point that the wagons are sent out at night with rations, etc., and it is here that the ambulance wagons fly to and fro between the "regimental aid-posts," bringing in their suffering loads of sick and wounded men. We dwell in comparative safety, but always within sound of the rifle fire and machine guns in the trenches. Over us from time to time shriek the shells from our own big guns, winging their way to spread destruction and death in the enemy's lines. In our midst occasionally the Germans burst their shrapnel or their "Coal boxes." Only last week, in the village from which I write, a shell burst, killing nine soldiers and the village priest; but usually in these latter days their firing has been strangely ineffective, and save for shattered window-panes, little damage has been done. Most of the inhabitants have returned to their homes, and are going about their ordinary tasks as if war was far from them, apparently heedless of the enemy which, as the crow flies, is not more than a mile or so away, and not greatly disturbed even when shells burst in the main square of their little town.

Near the trenches, in a deserted farm by the roadside, is the regimental aid-post, which last I visited. Two regimental doctors—Captain Brown and Lieutenant Eccles—have made it their headquarters, and thither are gathered the sick and wounded belonging to the Manchester Regiment and the East Surreys. I had been sent for to bury the dead. As usual on such occasions I went out with the bearers and ambulance wagons after dark, and when I arrived I found three men waiting burial. Two, as they stood side by side, had been killed by the same bullet, the other had been shot whilst issuing rations to his comrades in the trenches. "You've timed your visit well, padre," said Captain Brown. "There's been a bit of an attack. Enemy evidently got the wind up badly, and have been loosing off wildly in the air. Bullets have been falling around the house like hail. Half an hour ago you couldn't have got to us. One comfort is that if the bullets were falling here they must have been going high over the heads of our fellows. Yes, we're ready for you as soon as ever the wagons are loaded, but Eccles has a man of the East Surreys. Perhaps the grave had better be bigger, and then you can make one job of it." A few minutes later we were passing through the farm-yard at the back

of the house, mud over our boot-tops into a field in the corner of which a little cemetery had sprung up. "Twenty officers and men, most of them Manchester," Brown said in an undertone. "Winnifreth buried three here last night, and two the night before. No, you need not be afraid to use a light tonight. The weather is too thick for it to be seen by the enemy, and in any case they're busy, for our fellows are attacking. Listen!" Again the angry voice of the machine-gun and the noise of rifle fire, so heavy that it sounded like the bubbling of water boiling in some gigantic cauldron.

A CLOSE CALL

Our task ended, we returned to the house, to find it all confusion; men were pouring in to have their wounds dressed, and for a time both Brown and Eccles were more than busy. By the fire sat a young officer, his head bandaged, and in his hand his cap, which he regarded thoughtfully—a bullet had entered the crown and come out of the brim, inflicting a nasty scalp wound, but doing no serious damage. "Something of a souvenir, that! About as near a thing as I ever want. The 'square heads' nearly got me that time." Then, as a sergeant entered the room, plastered with mud, his clothes torn into ribbons with barbed wire, his face suddenly brightened, and he sprang to his feet. "Thank God you're all right, sergeant. I thought you were killed. The commanding officer will be glad, for the regiment can't spare men like you," and they clasped hands warmly. "Oh, I'm all right, sir. Bit cut barbed wire they had in front of their trenches, and thought I'd better let the doctor paint the scratches with iodine; it's safer, don't you think? Their wire entanglements were a bit of all right, weren't they, sir—fair teasers? I got pitched head first into 'em; saved my face, but at the expense of my hands," showing the torn palms woefully. "But how about you, sir? They told me you'd gone down with a bullet through your brain." Then, catching sight of the cap, he whistled. "Near enough, anyway. Well, I must be off, for the company is outside resting in the road. We've just been relieved, and are going into billet, and if I'm not nippy they'll be moving off without me."

Outside were the weary men who for many days had been living the life I have tried to picture to you—unsuited, unkempt, caked with mud, stiff with much standing in water, drenched to the skin, apparently hardly able to drag one foot after the other, and, as one would judge, quite incapable of accomplishing the eight miles' march which was in front of them. I expressed my doubts to one of their officers, himself in as pitiable a condition as any one. "Oh, they'd do it all right. They're cold now; after they've been going a bit they'll get warm, and it makes a lot of difference. Besides, we're going to billets, and there is the inducement of a house to cover you, clean straw to sleep in and a hot meal at the end of the march. Some of the worst will fall out, of course, and small wonder; but there's a lot more beans in them than you'd think." Which was true, for when I saw them again two days later they were hardly recognizable—washed and shaved, their khaki stained but no longer caked with mud, they looked fit and workmanlike, ready for any call that might be made upon them. "You see, sir," explained a sergeant, "it makes a lot of difference having your proper sleep, getting your meals regular, and sleeping in a house. Why, I haven't been properly dry until now since the last time we were in billets, and I'd almost forgotten what it felt like to be warm. Why, the contrast between the trenches and this is like falling asleep, having a bad nightmare, and waking up to find you're all right after all." For the field ambulance also the change was great, though not as great as for the infantry. There was no sending out of bearers and ambulances by night to gather in the dreadful harvest of the trenches; ponies was the fear of sudden alarm, or of being shelled out of our billet; for we were out of range of even the biggest German guns, and safely sheltered in a quiet convent, where the sisters did all that lay within their power to make us comfortable and happy. Officers who had not had their clothes off for more days than they cared to count were able to sleep in comfortable beds, and between spotless sheets—a luxury we never expected to enjoy until we saw old England once more. We found, however, that in one respect the Mother Superior was a stern disciplinarian. At 9 p. m. the convent was locked up for the night. There would be a knock at the mess-

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



room door, and the Reverend Mother accompanied by the portress carrying her keys, would enter, clock in hand. Bowing deeply, she would point significantly at the face of the clock, which registered nine o'clock, and, meekly headed by the colonel, would file out, down the long corridor to our own quarters, each successive door being locked behind us as we went.

MUSIC AND GAMES

The sisters placed at our disposal a harmonium, which enabled us to add to the attractiveness of our services, and in those days both Mr. Winnifreth and myself, sometimes together and sometimes singly, held services which will long be hallowed memories. The men were also quick to use the opportunity of having musical accompaniments for their songs when they had a concert or informal sing-song, and that was tant, for I was never with a unit which possessed more real talent or was so musical as No. 14 Field Ambulance. Under the leadership of Sergeant Plume they were prepared to give a concert every night, and it was always a good one. In these days also the Rev. D. P. Winnifreth organized the games of the resting brigade. Friends in England supplied him with footballs, a suitable field was selected, hop-poles improvised into goalposts, teams chosen, and in conjunction with the brigadier—General Maude—the 14th Brigade Association Football League was formed. The general "kicked off" at the first match, and the greatest keenness was displayed by all ranks, and for a while the chances of the various teams—East Surreys, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, Manchester, Devons, Ambulance, Headquarters Staff and Supply Train—were discussed with more passion and interest than even the fortunes of war.

For myself the new arrangement has in some respects made my work more difficult. The various brigades of the Fifth Division have been widely separated, and in order to take services considerable distances have had to be covered on horseback. But I have always been able on Sundays to get a service with the resting brigade, and with the reserves of at least one, if not with both, the brigades in the trenches. Thanks to the co-operation of Mr. Winnifreth, when the position of the troops has made it impossible to cover the whole division I have been freed from the 14th Brigade, to devote myself to the other two.

FIELD AMBULANCE AT REST-TIME.

It must not, however, be supposed that during the resting-time the field ambulance had no work to do. True, we had no wounded to collect at night, but the men in billets had to be cared for and their sick attended to. Then there was the sanitation of the villages occupied by the troops, a matter of the very first importance if the good health of the Expeditionary Force is to be maintained. In most of the towns and villages we have occupied sanitation, as we understand it, seems unknown, and the German occupation had not improved matters. The task of putting things on a proper sanitary footing was committed into the capable hands of Major Fawcett, and the transformation that was wrought by him and his sanitary gang was nothing less than marvellous. Now there has arrived on the scene a proper "sanitary section" of the R. A. M. C., commanded by Lieutenant Cooper (an expert from the Lister Institute), and composed of specially trained and enlisted men. They are working marvels, but are building on the foundations so ably laid by Major Fawcett. Colonel Crawford and his officers also are not men content only to do their official work. They have acquired a considerable civil practice, not one that produces any monetary reward, but one that is rich in the gratitude of those in sore need—refugees from Belgium and the ruined villages of Northern

France, and the impoverished peasantry of the particular district in which at present we are operating. The names of Lieutenants Row, Barry, Hay and Chesney will long be remembered with gratitude by those who have been benefited by their surgical and medical skill.

To those of us who had already seen active service, one of the most marvellous things about this campaign has been the extraordinary good health of the troops. I venture to say that never before in the history of war have men been so admirably catered for, well fed, well clothed, with a medical service that is the admiration of our allies. They seem to have had all done that can be done by human agency for their well-being. As men used to say to me, "The only thing left that we really need is a hot bath, and how much we need that nobody knows but them wot has been through the same mill." Now even this apparent impossibility has been solved. Breweries, distilleries, dyeworks and other similar factories have been utilized as baths; during the resting-time every man gets his hot bath and clean clothes, and whilst he is bathing his uniform (under the direction of the sanitary branch of the R. A. M. C.) is thoroughly cleaned and sterilized. Truly a marvel of organization which can only be fully appreciated by those who know the conditions.

On Christmas Eve the 14th Brigade went into the trenches, so both Christmas and New Year were celebrated under difficulties. As we sat desolately round the fire in the evening, one of our number said, "Well, one thing's certain; we shan't hear any carol singers this year." But he had hardly said it when there came sounds of singing—"Hark, the Herald Angels," then "White Shepherds Watched" and so on through all the old familiar carols. A number of the musical members of the ambulance had formed a carol party, and when they had received our thanks and greeting they proceeded to serenade the general and the others who were in the "dug-out." It made us realize that in truth Christmas was here.

CHRISTMAS DAY

Christmas Day dawned bright and frosty, truly reasonable weather, and welcomed by the troops as far better than the pouring rain. For the chaplains it was a busy day. In the course of the morning Mr. Winnifreth held two celebrations of Holy Communion, conducted two parade services in the brigade, and performed last sad writes for three men who had been killed during the night. My work was found in the 13th Brigade, who were resting in the billets we had just vacated, and a good deal of my morning was spent in the effort to keep my horse on his feet, for the roads were like glass, and my journey occupied twice as long as I had anticipated. I had arranged for the service to be held in the village school, but the congregation was far too large for that, and when I arrived I found they had decided to hold the service in the school-yard, which was packed as close as men could stand with a congregation which swayed and made a noise like thunder as they stamped their feet on the stones to keep them warm. On my arrival the stamping ceased, and we at once began the service—Scottish Borderers and Yorkshire Light Infantry most of them were—and in spite of the bitter cold both officers and men joined in the singing with a zest and heartiness which was most inspiring. My address was of necessity brief, but throughout the whole service there was that influence which it is the preacher's joy to feel. In the afternoon I held a service in the schoolroom of the village where our ambulance was billeted. It was attended by men of all denominations who had been unable to attend any of Mr. Winnifreth's services, and was chiefly composed of our own men and gunners belonging to some heavy batteries in the neighborhood, some of whom had walked a couple of miles to attend the service. Once again I realized the joy of leading God's people in worship, and felt that, however unusual the surroundings, the true spirit of Christmas was resting upon us. In the evening the men feasted, had a sing-song, and generally made merrily; while in the officers' mess we also tried to celebrate Christmas in the old-fashioned way, but soon settled down to the fire-side quietly to talk of other days and other scenes, and to think of those who missed us at this festive season. In the trenches there was an informal truce, few if any shots were fired, both British and German made merry, and celebrated the coming of Him who was the Prince of Peace by abstaining from all hostile acts. But

Many women with disfigured complexions never seem to think that they need an occasional cleansing inside as well as outside. Yet neglect of this internal bathing shows itself in splotchy, and sallow complexions—as well as in dreadful headaches and biliousness. It's because the liver becomes sluggish, and waste matter accumulates which Nature cannot remove without assistance. The best remedy is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which stimulate the liver to healthy activity, remove fermentation, gently cleanse the stomach and bowels and tone the whole digestive system. Sure, safe and reliable. Take one at night and you feel bright and sunny in the morning. Get Chamberlain's today—druggists 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto

DOMINION ATLANTIC RY "LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUTE"

On and after November 3rd, 1914, train services on this railway is as follows: Express for Yarmouth...1.57 a. m. Express for Halifax... 2.00 p. m. Accom. for Halifax...7.40 a. m. Accom. for Annapolis...6.05 p. m.

Midland Division Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a. m. 5.10 p. m. and 7.50 a. m., and from Truro at 6.40 a. m., 2.30 p. m., and 12.50 noon, for Truro at 7.05 a. m., 6.15 p. m., and 7.30 a. m., and from Truro at 6.45 a. m., 2.30 p. m., and 12.25 noon, connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth. Buffet Parlor Car service on Mail Express between Halifax and Yarmouth.

St. John - Digby DAILY SERVICE (Sunday Excepted) Canadian Pacific Steamship "YARMOUTH" leaves St. John 7.00 a. m. leaves Digby 1.45 p. m., arrives in St. John about 5.00 connecting at St. John with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

Boston Service Steamers of the Boston & Yarmouth S. S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of Express train from Halifax and Truro, Wednesdays and Saturdays. P. GIFFKINS, General Manager, Kentville.

H. & S. W. RAILWAY

Table with columns: Accom. Mon. & Fri., Time Table in effect January 4, 1915, Accom. Mon. & Fri. Rows include stations like Middleton, Clarence, Bridgetown, Granville Centre, Granville Ferry, Karsdale, and Port Wade L.V.

Flag Stations. Trains stop on signal CONNECTION AT MIDDLETON WITH ALL POINTS ON H. & S. W. RY AND D. A. RY. P. MOONEY General Freight and Passenger Agent

FURNESS SAILINGS

Table with columns: From London, From Liverpool, From Halifax, From Newfoundland. Rows include destinations like Sackhen, Start Point, Graciana, Sagamore, Caterino, Durango, Tabasco, Roanoke.

Furness Withy & Co., Limited Halifax, N. S.

Be Not Deceived about securing employment. More Maritime-trained students were employed last year than the total enrollment of all other schools in the province attempting similar work. We have fourteen experienced instructors, ample accommodation, and first-class equipment, including 75 typewriters. You can enter any day at the

Maritime Business College Halifax, N. S. E. Kaulbach, C. A. Boston and Yarmouth Steamship Co., Ltd Two Trips per week in each direction between Yarmouth and Boston. Steamers leave Yarmouth Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5.00 p. m. for Boston. Leave Boston Tuesdays and Fridays at 1.00 p. m. for Yarmouth. Tickets and Staterooms at Wharf Office. A. B. WILLIAMS, Agent





**Add water to milk—
You weaken the milk.
Add soft wheat to flour—
You weaken your flour.
Cheapens it too.
Soft wheat costs less—worth less.
Soft wheat flour has less gluten less
nutriment.
Your bread is less nutritious, sustaining,
economical.
Soft flour has less strength, less quality
gluten.
Giving less good things for your money and
things less good.
Use Manitoba flour—Manitoba hard wheat flour.
Having everything the soft stuff lacks.
Five Roses is all Manitoba.
Without a grain of cheaper wheat.
Strengthen your food values.
Use FIVE ROSES.**

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached  Not Blended

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED MONTREAL

Annapolis District Meeting

(Continued from first page.)
arrived; some of the "brethren" had to catch the 11.30 train west, and it wouldn't do to be late. You can't always depend on overtaking a D. A. R. express train, after she has ten or fifteen minutes start of you. The ministers going west took no chance, so the meeting closed in good time. We observed that the members of the District were animated with a proper spirit of gratitude, and tendered a most hearty and unanimous vote of thanks to the pastor and people of the Lawrencetown Methodist Church, for their kindness and hospitality, which was as it should be.

We write this to give the readers of the Monitor something of a picture of that important local court of the Methodist Church, the District meeting, which plays such an essential part of the administration of the affairs of that Church, and also perhaps with the laudable purpose of helping the secretary, though as to that, those who are on the "inside" will understand that we are not doing much to lighten his labors. We may say in all truth that this was a splendid and helpful and instructive quarterly, and will undoubtedly prove largely beneficial to the work of the Church within the bounds of the Annapolis District. The official reporter would say that heartily and says it.

Hillsburn

March 15.
Mr. Charley Milbury of Litchfield called on friends here on Monday.
Mrs. Harry Longmire and children are visiting relatives at Litchfield.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Wilson of Litchfield spent Sunday with friends here.
Mr. and Mrs. John Halliday, Jr., spent the week end with Mrs. Halliday's parents Mr. and Mrs. Stanage Mills of Karsdale.
Mrs. James Halliday returned home on Saturday after spending several months with her children in Lawrence, Mass.
Mrs. A. W. Longmire has been called to Mount Pleasant, Digby, County owing to the illness of her mother Mrs. C. L. Woodworth.

A troop train which arrived at Halifax last week from the West was the object of peculiar interest when it was observed that on some of the cars in large letters were the words "Winnipeg to Berlin." The men who arrived on the train were a splendid looking lot of fellows who will no doubt do their best to live up to the motto.
The world's trade in furs amounts to about \$90,000,000 each year and one-third of this enormous total is produced in North America. The largest part of America's fur yield comes from the Northland of Canada.

The basis of a good cup of Tea is **MORSE'S TEA**



The foundation on which its success rests is Quality & Flavour

Taxation

M. Kharitonoff, Comptroller of the Russian Treasury, speaking before the Duma Budget Committee, January 25th, said that owing to the great increase in the national savings due to prohibition, the extraordinary outlay caused by the war, as yet, had occasioned no great suffering in Russia.

Taxpayers listen to that and consider what a lesson it should be to Canada. In 1914 Canada spent over one hundred million dollars in drink and certainly not less than another hundred million of loss was by the use of intoxicants. That two hundred million would have gone a long way to finance our share of the war. It would have paid the revenue received from the liquor traffic for the past twenty years. These figures are so enormous that many cannot believe that they are correct, but any one who will take the trouble to look into the subject will find that they are quite within the mark.

When will the taxpayers learn what an awful burden of taxes is caused by this business? Some even think that if it was stopped the taxes would be increased. It has not had that effect in any place where all the bars have been closed. If it had we would have heard about it. If closing the bars would cause an increase in taxes or have any other injurious effect why are the people in local option districts so well pleased with its action that they refuse to repeal it?

Kansas City saved three hundred thousand dollars a year by closing the bars and were able to do with one half the number of policemen. That taxes could be lessened by making men drunk so as to lessen their earning power, and in many cases, stop their saving is too absurd for consideration. From all sides comes the same story that drinking men earn less and save little if anything. Sober men earn more and save more and so are able to pay their share of the taxes.

With your permission, Mr. Editor, I will return to this subject again.
H. ARNOTT, M.B., M.C.P.S.

Pass it on Straight

(CALEB COBWEB URGES ACCURATE TRANSMISSION)

Many years ago the British army was practising for the first time the transmission of messages by the word of mouth. A cavalry corps was drawn up at Windsor, each trooper 300 yards from the next one, many miles of country being thus covered. Then a message was given to the soldier on the extreme right to be passed along the line: "Enemy's videttes at Englefield Green." The message did not go straight more than half way, and when it reached the officer on the extreme left it was "this preposterous communication: "England's bets paid by the Queen!"

We have all played a whispering game on the same principle, called "Gossip," and have been amused to see how absurdly different a statement becomes after it is whispered around even a small circle.

It would seem that the art of accurate transmission is a rare one. In testing stenographers I often give them a page of print to copy. Usually there are errors in the copy, and sometimes very bad ones, though ample time is allowed, with every facility for revision.

Every lawyer and every judge knows how seldom two witnesses of the same scene or two hearers of the same conversation agree in reporting it on the witness stands. The most important differences occur, though the witnesses may be persons of considerable intelligence.

All this should make us exceedingly careful how we believe what is told us to the disparagement of any person or institution. At the same time it should render us more careful how we pass on any bit of gossip or slander. The chances are that it is not true at all or is greatly exaggerated.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Melvern Square

More snow, this (Tuesday) morning looks as though we were to have winter even yet, in spite of robias.
Mr. Ezekiel Pierce had the misfortune to fall from a pole in his barn on Saturday, last, and cut his face and head badly.
Mr. and Mrs. Burpee Phinney and little daughter Jessie, were the guests of the former's aunt Mrs. Timothy Phinney one day last week.
Colonel Spurr goes to Annapolis Royal as a delegate at the ordination of the Rev. Mr. Jacobs, next week, instead of this week, as stated in our last items. When a mistake is our own we feel it our duty to correct it.

Owing to the stormy day last Friday, the attendance at the Red Cross Society was small, but a few gentleman visitors happening in, raised our collection to something over two dollars, so our fund did not suffer from lack of attendance.

Your correspondent was awakened about three o'clock last Thursday morning by the blowing of horns, and the cry of "Fire!" when it was discovered that a fine large barn belonging to Mr. Edwin Baker was in flames. A large number of men were called up by telephone who quickly responded and by much hard work succeeded in saving the house and other buildings. Before help arrived, however, Mr. Baker in trying to save his property, was badly burned about the face and hands, and is still suffering from the burns. There was a furnace in the building used for manufacturing lime-sulphur, but the origin of the fire is a mystery, although some attribute it to different causes. The building contained 1000 apple barrels, \$100 worth of grain, a new power sprayer, grain cracker, and other machinery, beside waggons, sleighs, and farming implements. The loss is estimated to be about \$3000, with \$400 insurance. Fortunately all of Mr. Baker's live stock was kept in another barn, except his hens, which were of course destroyed. As Mr. Baker is one of our best and most energetic citizens, much sympathy is felt for him and his family in their loss.

Clementspale

March 16 1915.
A. C. Chute made a business trip to Lawrencetown during the week.
Miss Irma Campbell of Bear River, is visiting Miss Vivian Willett.
Miss Mary Potter spent the week end among her friends at Clementspale.
Mr. Cummings spent part of the week among his relatives at Middleton.
Mr. William Baird is spending the week at Upper Clements with his daughter Mrs. R. L. Curtis.

Port Lorne

March 15.
Mr. John Templeman, Hampton, was calling on friends here on Sunday.
Miss Fossie Templeman, Hampton, spent a few days last week with friends here.
Messrs Fitch, Bishop and Starratt were making calls in this village last week.
Mr. Kenneth Brown arrived here last Thursday. He left again to-day for his home in Winchendon.
Misses Ella and Alice Beardsley St. Croix Cove, were visiting relatives here a few days ago.
Miss Ethel Fitch returned to Lawrencetown to night. For the last week Miss Fitch has been taking care of Mrs. A. L. Brown.
Mr. Brown and family, tender their deepest thanks to their relatives and friends for their kindness and sympathy in their recent bereavement.
After an illness of about four weeks Mrs. Avar L. Brown of Winchendon, passed away this afternoon at the home of her sister Mrs. Ernest Ray. Mr. and Mrs. Brown left Winchendon under very sad circumstances, namely, to visit her mother Mrs. Joseph Cropley who was sick at that time and who died February 21st. All that kind friends, Doctors, and an experienced nurse could do, was done in hopes that she might be able to return to her family again, but to no avail. Mr. Brown leaves here to-morrow with the body to a sad return home. He and his family have the heart felt sympathy of a large number of friends in this place.

Bear River

March 15.
We are sorry to report Mrs. J. P. Annis seriously ill.
Dennis Wright spent the week end at his home in Princedale.
Robert J. Yorke returned Tuesday from a two week's trip to Truro.
The funeral took place Thursday afternoon of Mr. George Snell aged 76 years.
A lecture was given in the Methodist Church, Thursday evening by the Rev. K. W. Curtis.
Congratulation to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dukeshire on the arrival of a daughter.
Rev. Mr. Stillwell, returned missionary will give a lecture in the Baptist Church, Thursday March 18.
Owing to the absence of the Rev. L. H. Crandall, the Baptist Pulpit was occupied on Sunday by Rev. D. W. Crandall.
Mrs. Leland Sherman of Deep Brook, spent Tuesday at the home of her mother Mrs. Eliza Berry in honor of the latter's birthday.

Paradise

March 15.
Miss Georgina Phinney of Middleton is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Morse.
Lieutenant Harold G. Longley is spending a few days at his home. He expects to return to Halifax on Wednesday.
The funeral of Mrs. Asa McMinch took place on Wednesday afternoon from the residence of her son, Rev. A. M. McNinch. The service was conducted by Rev. J. P. Balcom.
The Literary club met on Monday evening March 15th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Morse. "Springtime" was the subject of the evening's entertainment. The following program was presented and much enjoyed. Among those present were some visitors from Middleton.
Piano Solo, Miss Georgina Phinney, Paper, "Springtime of Nature," Miss Annie Morse.
Reading, Miss Louise Morse.
Piano Duet, The Misses Sara and Louise Longley.
Paper "Springtime of Life," Reginald Longley.
Vocal solo "Hunting Song," H. A. Longley.
Paper "Springtime of the Soul," Rev. J. D. McLeod.
Vocal Duet, "Springtime of the Soul," H. W. Longley and Ewart G. Morse.
Vocal Solo "Sing, Sing Birds on the Wing," Ewart G. Morse.
Piano Solo "Good-Night," Miss Georgina Phinney.

Granville Centre

March 15.
Miss Sadie D. Troop is spending a few weeks in St. John.
The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Bent is very sick with bronchitis.
Mrs. W. A. Gilliat spent a few days of last week with her mother in Bridgetown.
Mrs. John M. Troop continues to improve slowly after her second severe illness.
Miss Mabel Troop has returned to Campbellton N. B. where she resumes her position as head milliner for Miss Henderson of that place.
Seymour Division S of T. was favored on Saturday evening, 13th with a visit from Belle Isle Division S and T. The subject of the evening's entertainment was Ghosts—A number of readings of a very creepy nature were rendered closing with a drill by eight members of Seymour Division dressed as ghosts.

Granville Ferry

March 15.
Mrs. E. E. Wade is visiting relatives at Clementspale.
Miss Jean F. Reid is enjoying a short visit with friends at Windsor.
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Reid and family arrived from Eastport, Thursday.
Mr. Lutz of Aylesford, enjoyed a short visit with his sister Miss A. L. Lutz recently.
Mr. and Mrs. Ralph T. Chisholm spent the week end with Mrs. Chisholm's parents Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Anthony at Lower Granville.

Hampton

March 15.
Mrs. J. F. Titus was visiting friends at Granville recently.
Miss Fossie Templeman spent the week end with friends at Port Lorne.
M. J. F. Lovering, who has spent the winter in N. S. has gone to Bangor, Maine.
Some of the farmers have been lucky enough to get their years wood on the yard.
Mr. Herman Mitchell had the misfortune to lose a fine four year old ox on Saturday last.
Mr. Clifford Messenger of Paradise paid a short visit with his old friend W. N. O'Neal lately.
A few little flurries of snow just enough to disappoint men that are looking for a good old fashioned snow storm.
Mr. Charles Milbury takes the lead in the wood line, having a years wood on his yard and all cut ready for the stove. He was assisted by his son Dennis.
The S. S. Ruby L. made her first trip to St. John last week arriving back to Hampton on Thursday last. she landed a car load of flour and feed for J. F. Titus beside a lot of general merchandise for L. D. Brooks and Morris Mitchell.

Upper Granville

March 15.
Brown Tail Moth Inspectors made a flying visit to various orchard plots in this neighborhood today.
Thanks are cordially extended to the Monitor Publishing Company for War Atlas with details now at hand.
Mrs Rufus Newcomb has returned to her home after an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. R. J. Messenger.
Miss Witham of Centre Clarence has been the guest of her friend Miss Eva Gilliat and other friends in this vicinity for some time past.
Our continued Spring-like days are followed now by cold winds and snow squalls, the latter welcomed and improved by farmers who have had little chance for obtaining the usual wood supply for themselves and market.

Snaps in Wall Paper

We have 3000 rolls Wall Paper which we wish to clear out and will sell at half price. We have these in bundles of small quantities which have to go to make room.
THIS IS A GREAT CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY

Special Prices in Flannelettes

1 Lot Striped Flannelettes 28 inches wide	6c per yd.
1 " " " " " "	8c " "
1 " " " " " "	12c " "
1 " " " " " "	8 1/2c " "
1 " " " " " "	10c " "
1 " " " " " "	14c " "

Men's Heavy Oxford and Hewson Pants

25 pairs Men's Heavy ALL WOOL Pants, regular value \$2.50, for **\$1.75**

Boys' Knee Pants

50 Pairs Boys' Knee Pants, all small sizes worth up to \$1.00 per pair, only **49c**

50 pair Men's and Ladies' Overboots at less than cost.

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