

ARCHIE BLACKWELL DROWNED DESPITE ATTEMPTS TO SAVE HIM

Eight-Year-Old Lad Walked on Ice on River at Foot of Hill Street and Broke Through—Struggled for Fifteen Minutes in Full View of Crowd Desperately Trying to Save Him.

Archie Blackwell, the 8-year-old son of Mr. Richard Blackwell, a carpenter, of 165 Horton street, was drowned in the Thames at the foot of Hill street, shortly after noon on Sunday, under circumstances that are unusually sad. The lad had his dinner and went out with some companions, and in less than half an hour he was brought home dead.

It seems that the boys, after leaving the home of young Blackwell, went down to get some other lads, and the whole party took a stroll along the river bank. They had been walking on the ice, and finding it strong enough to hold them, were enjoying themselves sliding.

By this time they had reached the bend in the river immediately west of the old electric light station, and finding a spot particularly smooth and adapted for sliding, were enjoying the sport as only small boys can.

One of the boys, astold to The Advertiser, there was a crack in and a moment Blackwell was in the water.

His companions failed to understand the peril he was in and ran back to the bank, where they watched him struggling and made practically no efforts to help him for some time.

A neighbor, however, who had witnessed the affair from his house, rushed down, bringing with him a clothes line, which he had secured. It was found to be too short, and then the boys and men set about to secure ladders.

Struggled for His Life. In the meantime young Blackwell was putting up a magnificent struggle for his life in the ice-cold water.

He struggled desperately to gain a hold by which he might pull himself out, but as fast as he took hold of the thin ice it broke.

Someone told the boy's parents that he was in the river, and they hurried to the spot.

Other people came with ropes, but they were all too short.

It became apparent that the lad's life was all too short.

Continued on Page Nine.

Took Over \$1,000,000 Worth of Acts How Vaudeville War Was Ended

General Manager Bennett of London Among Those Who Signed Agreement.

General Manager Bennett, of Bennett's Theatrical Enterprises of Canada, the head office of which is in this city, returned from New York on Saturday, where he attended the convention of theatrical managers held for the purpose of ending the big vaudeville war.

As already announced in The Advertiser, the war is over. Mr. Bennett was one of those who signed the treaty of peace.

A week from today, Klaw & Erlanger et al., the theatrical trust

plaid, will pull up stakes and somewhere between fifteen and twenty of the houses, in which they have been running vaudeville, will close up, go into burlesque, or be converted into straight dramatic houses.

Klaw & Erlanger. It is the first time in the history of theatricals since Klaw & Erlanger took the lead, that this pair of really wonderful men and their associates, have been beaten.

Beginning with nothing, and investing but a very small sum of money, Klaw & Erlanger, a pair of Hebrew gentlemen, by the way, have been able to amass millions of dollars out of the theatrical business, and are con-

tinued on Page Two.

Joe Lucas Was a Gay, Gay Spirit

Mr. C. E. Bernard, proprietor of the Hotel Savoy, today informed The Advertiser that the Joseph Edward Lucas for whom a sister in England is inquiring was for a time employed at the Hotel Savoy as a porter.

He left Mr. Bernard's employ on the 18th of June, the day of the English picnic, and later went to work for Mr. John Jennings, at the Western Hotel. Then he went to work for Mr. Jerry McDonald at the Iroquois Hotel.

According to stories told The Advertiser today, others than his sister are looking for Mr. Lucas.

He took a horse belonging to Mr. Jennings and almost drove it to death one night. When he came back Mr. Jennings trounced him, and ordered him to get out of town. He did so.

There is also a four-months' board bill awaiting him here.

After leaving the Western Hotel, he went to the lumber yards, but no one seems to know his address.

Several of his former friends have been spoken to, but they do not know where to locate him.

Runaway Stopped. At this juncture a man succeeded in stopping him.

The horse was found to be considerably cut up and the buggy was a wreck.

The driver and his lady friend were severely shaken up, but were uninjured.

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CIVIC BARGAIN DAY

City of London and Its Debentures Three Courses Open to Financiers

May Still Try to Borrow, Sell at Present Prices, or Increase Rate.

According to statements made at the city hall today, the city of London is going to proceed warily in regard to the selling of city debentures.

As announced in Saturday's Advertiser, the city has found it impossible to raise a loan of \$300,000 to carry the corporation until such times as the money market will improve.

The city now has its choice of three courses.

It may sell the 4 per cent debentures at a very great loss—probably at 90—or it may increase the rate of interest on them, and thereby increase the face value of the bonds.

Thirdly, the city may continue its endeavor to secure a loan of from one of the banks which will tide it over the stringency which will be adopted?

Which course will be adopted? Some suggest that only such local improvement debentures as must be sold at once be negotiated, and that the rate of interest on them be increased to 5 per cent.

Others say that the debentures should be sold without increasing the rate of interest.

What It Would Mean. If the second course is adopted, it will mean that the city will stand a direct loss of \$300,000, and that this loss will have to be made up out of the general funds of the city.

If the interest is increased, the debentures will sell at a good price, and the people who receive the benefits of the local improvements, for which the bonds were issued, will be compelled to pay the higher rate of interest during the period the debentures have to run.

In brief, raising the interest on the bonds means the making of the people who are to be assessed for the improvements, pay more according to the high condition of the money market, whereas if the rate is not increased, the city in general must make up the loss occasioned by the sale of local improvement debentures at a low figure.

It is understood that under the amended municipal act, the municipality has the power to increase the interest on the debentures if it so desire, without going to the Legislature.

The Best Course. But the third course, if it can be adopted, is the one most in favor around the city hall, as it is realized that it would be far better to borrow money to carry the city over than to sacrifice the debentures at present prices.

But the aldermen say that they see no possible way to raise a loan from the banks in time to meet their obligations.

The members of the finance committee refuse to discuss the situation other than to say that they will not unload any more debentures than is absolutely necessary, and they predict that inside of three months there will be plenty of money going around at a reasonable price.

Plenty of Work, Says Sup't. Gillen Grand Trunk Men Will Be Kept Busy

The Company Contemplates Big Changes in the East End Yard.

Superintendent Gillen of the Grand Trunk was in the city this morning, and when seen by The Advertiser intimated that considerable changes might be made in the yards in the east end before long in order to meet and handle expeditiously the large and increasing traffic that is passing through the city.

Mr. Gillen stated that even if Woodstock was made a coaling station it would not affect the number of chutes in this city.

Regarding rumors that any of the employees in the city were to be laid off, Mr. Gillen said there was nothing in it, as the company had lots of work.

Mrs. F. H. McGuigan was the same train her way to California to join her husband. Mr. Gillen stated that there was nothing for publication yet regarding Mr. McGuigan and the Grand Trunk.

City Engineer Graydon is about to be sued, and by the Warren Paving Company.

But Mr. Graydon looked in the cookbook, found that "no man for debt shall go to jail," and has sent a voluminous letter by freight to the Warren Paving people, telling them to "lay on, Macduff," and may they get all the law that's coming to them.

Incidentally, Mr. Graydon has also taken the liberty to write Manager King of the street railway.

It was over a street railway bill that the row occurred.

When the repairs were made to the asphalt pavement by the Warren people, Mr. Graydon saw a number of

holes which he thought needed mending. They were in the track allowance of the street railway, and of course, Mr. Graydon thinks they should be paid for by the company.

The bill amounted to \$24, and Mr. King refuses to pay it. As the city ordered the work, the Warrens naturally look to the city for pay, and in a letter to the engineer, Manager McKendrick states that not only will he sue the city, but he will also look to the engineer for payment.

Mr. Graydon says he is more than willing to open up in battle array, especially as the heavy work of the season is pretty well over with, and he would like to engage in some legal amusement.

Now, Mr. Bowman has suggested that the board of trade or any other civic body should get copies of the correspondence on the subject from Ottawa, so that an agreement may be reached with the Pere Marquette authorities before the next picnic season.

It is probable President Stevely, of the board of trade, will deal with the matter at once.

A MONTREAL SUICIDE

Merchant, Whose Son's Firm Failed, Takes Carbolic Acid.

Montreal, Nov. 17.—Hiram Ruttenberg, Jewish pawnbroker, committed suicide today by drinking carbolic acid. Last week his son's firm, A. M. Ruttenberg & Co., failed, and this worried Ruttenberg, senior, especially as he was responsible for about \$30,000 of the firm's liabilities. Today in a fit of despondency he took his life.

A. M. Ruttenberg & Co., fur dealers, assigned, with liabilities of about \$82,000. The largest creditors are: The Eastern Townships Bank, \$30,000; the directly secured, A. Vogel & Co., \$12,000; and Ravillon Freres, \$10,000.

MAURETANIA GOING FAST

On the Run From Liverpool to Queens-town Averages 24½ Knots.

Queenstown, Nov. 18.—The Cunard liner Mauretania, which left Liverpool on her maiden voyage to New York, was 300 miles west of Brownhead, at 2 o'clock this morning. The distance from Queenstown to Brownhead is 70 miles, and therefore the Mauretania at 2 o'clock this morning had covered 370 miles since leaving Queenstown at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, making an average of about 24½ knots.

MR. RODEHOUSE EXPLAINS

His Connection with the Cobalt Strike—Was He Misrepresented?

Hamilton, Nov. 17.—Robt. Rodehouse, Socialist and labor agitator, addressed a meeting this afternoon for about two hours on the strike in Cobalt and his part in that affair. He said the mine owners were guilty of misrepresenting things there while the strike was on. He also accused the owners of the King Edward mine of saying that he was an atheist, so as to persuade the Roman Catholic miners to quit the union; he had organized. He denied responsibility for the strike there. He said all he wanted was a nine-hour day for the men.

TILLMAN HITS CARNEGIE

Says frommaster Has Cash Enough to Import All Negroes He Wants.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 17.—Senator Tillman, who stopped over in Atlanta en route to his home at Charleston, S. C., vigorously used his pitchfork on Andrew Carnegie because of a speech the latter recently made at Howard University concerning the negro. Mr. Carnegie was quoted as saying in a speech, "It is not what we do with the negro, but how we can get more of them."

"I know of no man in America better fixed to get more of the negroes than is Carnegie," said Senator Tillman. "He has amassed a great fortune through our iniquitous tariff, and is financially able to get all the negroes he wants. I hope, however, that he will import his negroes direct from Africa, so he will understand how much the south has done for the race."

Senator Tillman said that he was not a member of the finance committee, but that he was a member of the committee on the subject of the negro.

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LONDON ELECTION TRIAL OPENS WITH TILT OVER JURISDICTION

Counsel for Defendants Claims the Case Has Become Outlawed and Asks That It Be Quashed.

JUDGE SUSTAINS INDICTMENT AND CALLS WITNESSES

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Nov. 18.—A motion to quash the indictment, questions of jurisdiction and other legal objections, were introduced this morning at the opening of the trial of Messrs. John O'Gorman, W. J. Mulloy, Daniel Wylie and George M. Reid, who are charged with bribery in the Hyman-Gray by-election at London, in 1905. Judge Winchester himself raised the question of jurisdiction, while Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, the defense lawyer, took formal objections to the indictment, arguing that the charges were not sufficiently specific and claiming the prosecution was barred by lapse of time.

It was decided by the court to take evidence this afternoon. A plea of not guilty was entered. E. I. Sifton, one of the defendants mentioned in the indictment, did not appear. He may be used as a crown witness.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—The London election conspiracy case opened before Judge Winchester at 11:30 today. The prosecution was represented by J. Lynch Staunton, Hamilton, J. C. Judd, London, and John S. Auld, Hamilton. The defendants were represented

by Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, Mr. J. M. McEvoy and Mr. George Wilkie, of Toronto. E. I. Sifton was not in court when the defendants were arraigned.

Mr. Staunton intimated that the crown would not proceed against Sifton, but that he would be used as a crown witness. All pleaded not guilty to the indictment. About 40 witnesses were present from London.

After recalling the indictment Judge Winchester declared that if Mr. Staunton continued to use the words of the indictment he would refuse to try the case, as it was out of his jurisdiction. He said he could only deal with cases in the sessions; he would try all the offenses named in the indictment if those words were omitted. With them he certainly could not. Mr. Staunton declared that the indictment must stand as read. Mr. Johnston began argument to show that the case came under the jurisdiction of the sessions. The defendants had elected trial before him (Judge Winchester), and according to the statutes he could try any indicted offense.

Mr. Johnston quoted the statutes to prove his contention.

"Are any of the offenses charged not covered by the criminal code or are Continued on Page Eight.

Looking for Smallpox Suspects A C. P. R. Conductor Is One of Them

A Linwood Man Developed the Disease and May Have Infected Others.

Medical Health Officer Hutchinson is on the search for possible cases of smallpox in London, as the result of a case which broke out at Toronto Junction Sunday night.

At 1:15 this morning the doctor was called out of bed to answer long distance, and he found that Toronto wanted to speak to him.

The medical health officer there informed him that a man named Chisholm had developed the disease while boarding in a caboose in Toronto Junction, and that the patient was now at his home in Linwood, a station on the Toronto and Goderich line of the C. P. R.

It was also alleged that while Chisholm was in Toronto, he had been met by dozens of persons, who had associated with him more or less.

Chisholm, it is understood, was a member of the train crew.

A vigorous search is being conducted for suspects, and amongst them is Conductor Wm. J. Bell, of 640 Elizabeth street, London.

The conductor runs between Toronto and London, and it is said that he had occasion in the performance of his duties, to pass through the car in which Chisholm was riding when he was ill.

The medical health officer of Toronto informed Dr. Hutchinson that he had quarantined the engineer and fireman of the train, and also a brakeman, but he left it to Dr. Hutchinson's discretion to say what shall be done with Conductor Bell.

It was stated this morning that there is reason to believe that there are very many people who were exposed to the disease through passing through the car in which Chisholm took sick, but it is not stated that anybody other than Mr. Bell is suspected of contagion.

WOOD PILES SCARE WEARY WILLIE

"Tramps," said Inspector Sanders, of the Children's Aid, this morning, when questioned as to the number of knights of the road who had drifted this way recently. Then he smiled.

"Do you see that saw and buck hanging up in the corner over there? Well, that is the greatest remedy for the tramp evil that was ever originated. When one of those who ride in sleigh-door Pullmans come in I just point to those implements of torture and the next moment there is a hurried exit, and Mr. Tramp has started for other parts. Occasionally, of course, one is found who is courageous enough to brave the wrath of the ancient and honorable sons of rest to tackle the saw, but as a rule they decide thatnow in this vicinity."

Inspector McCallum, Messrs. Alex. Muir, W. E. Robinson, O. M. Finch, Thomas Meters and Richard Winnett returned Saturday night from a deer hunt in the Parry Sound district.

The hunters returned full of good stories and also with eleven fine deer, or exactly one less than they were allowed to kill according to the law.

Mr. McCallum says the sport was very fine, and game was plentiful. In several instances, as many as a dozen deer were seen running together. Partridge and other small game were also very numerous.

WOULDN'T TUST CHICAGO BANKS
COMES TO LONDON TO DEPOSIT

A peculiar incident took place on Saturday when a middle-aged woman walked into the Bank of Montreal in this city and announced that she had come all the way from Chicago to deposit \$4,000 in gold and American bills.

The amount represented the savings of a life time of her mother, her grandmother and herself. Having great confidence in the Bank of Montreal she decided to deposit with them. She had been informed in Chicago that there was a branch bank there, but she would not believe the statement, and came here to make sure that the money went in the right bank.

In the meantime the local people are giving Chicago the laugh. The money was tied up in an old towel.

CHINESE TROOPS MASSACRE JAPS

London, Nov. 18.—In a dispatch from Tokio, the correspondent of the Times says that the revolt of a company of Chinese troops in Formosa resulted in the murder of 63 Japanese policemen and civilians. The incident has caused uneasiness in Tokio, the correspondent declares, as the loyalty of the Chinese mercenaries had hitherto been unquestioned.

The Duke of Parma Dead Leaves Immense Fortune

Rome, Nov. 18.—Prince Robert Charles Louis Marie de Bourbon, Duke of Parma, died of heart disease yesterday, near Parma. Prince Robert was born in 1848. He was deprived of his succession to the throne of the duchy of Parma in 1860 at the age of 12 years, when the duchy was incorporated with the kingdom of Italy.

The prince was twice married, the first time to Marie Pia, Princess of Bourbon, Sicily, and the second to Maria Antonia, Infanta of Portugal. He was the father of 21 children, and leaves a fortune estimated at \$40,000,000. The last child, a son, was born June 17, 1905.

REV. C. H. FRAZER DEAD AT DETROIT

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 18.—Rev. Chas. H. Frazer, rector of St. George's Episcopal Church, this city, died on Sunday after an illness of several weeks. He was born near London, Ont., about

55 years ago, and entered the Episcopal ministry at an early age. For ten years previous to 1903, when he came to Detroit, he was on the lecture platform, and made his home at Geneva, Wis.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CHARTERED HORTICULTURE
Purely Vegetable, *Wm. Wood*

GUARD AGAINST HEADACHE.



Kenwood Overcoat

A standard style of unfailing popularity, a 46-inch, loose overcoat, with much distinction about it.

\$8.50 to \$25.00

Two Factories and Seven Stores in Canada.

Grafton & Co. LIMITED.

HAD THIRTY-TWO BOILS ON HIS BACK AT ONE TIME.

TWO BOTTLES OF BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS CURED HIM.

Boils are simply evidence of the bad blood within coming to the surface.

Just when you think you are cured of one, another seems ready to take its place and prolong your misery.

The only way to rid yourself of boils, pimples, and all skin blotches and blemishes, so that they will never return to bother you again, is to have the blood thoroughly cleansed of all its impurities.

For this purpose there is no other blood medicine to equal Burdock Blood Bitters.

It has been on the market for over thirty years, and in that time we have received thousands of testimonials stating positively that it will cure the worst known cases of boils.

Mr. James Combs, Egan, Ont., writes: "I think Burdock Blood Bitters a great medicine for boils. I had them so bad I could not work. I had thirty-two on my back at one time. I used only two bottles of B.B.B. and they completely cured me. I cannot recommend it too highly."

For sale at all Druggists and Dealers.

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPE'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 1-1/2 lbs. Tins.

If report is true there are vast sums of money to be made in the cultivation of flowers in the Riviera. In one season alone \$2,000,000 worth were shipped away to foreign countries, and oddly enough the majority were sent to England. It is a long journey for delicate blooms to make, but they are so perfectly packed and kept en route that they reach their destination in excellent condition to gladden the hearts of and adorn England's fairest women.

AN EVENING WITH CHARLES DICKENS

Professor Williamson Delights With Sketch of Author's Life and Books.

"An Evening With Dickens," as given by Professor Williamson, Toronto, at the Auditorium on Saturday evening, proved to be an intellectual treat that delighted the large audience present. Professor Williamson has been a life-long student of Charles Dickens and his works, and his remarks were rendered especially attractive by numerous little touches which showed how completely he entered into and understood many of the characters.

Professor Williamson gave a word picture of the poverty that clouded Dickens' earlier years that moved his hearers deeply and made them pity the sensitive, dreamy lad. Thirsting for a literary education he was sent to a blacking establishment to place labels on pots. Even here he made his mark, for crowds used to assemble outside the windows to watch the active boy, who was said to be able to paste labels on faster than anyone else in the city of London. Afterwards Dickens' father was incarcerated in the debtors' prison and this was one of the blackest periods of the boy's existence. Fortunately it lasted only for a short time, and better times were in store for the elder Dickens received a legacy, and the ambition of his son to go to school was fulfilled. After several years of ordinary schooling Dickens became a reporter on the London Daily News and in a year or two began the writings which were to make him famous and beloved the world over.

As Professor Williamson outlined the story he pictured Mr. Pickwick in a way which brought enthusiastic applause. At first the book, however, was not popular, and it was not until Sam Weller was introduced that its success was assured. Then followed rapidly one of the most famous series of books in the history of fiction.

As Professor Williamson outlined the career of "Oliver" Twist and his friend, Mrs. Harris, there was a ripple of amusement throughout the house, which, however, was quickly changed when the views were shifted, and the speaker narrated Little Nell's life. Throughout the whole lecture Professor Williamson blended humor and pathos in a manner that carried his hearers with him and commanded their warm attention. In concluding his remarks, Professor Williamson showed a watch that had been carried by Dickens when he first entered newspaper life. It was brought to this country by his son, Francis Dickens, who becoming short of money while in Toronto, was compelled to sell his father's watch. Many people at the close of the lecture inquired this interesting relic more closely, and were particularly interested in a secret compartment that was only recently discovered, and which contained a lock of hair, the owner of which is as yet unidentified.

ADELAIDE HAPPENINGS

Presentation to Mr. George Bennett—Picking Apples Out of Snow.

Adelaide, Nov. 16.—A number of Mr. Geo. Bennett, jun.'s fourth line and other friends recently gathered at the home of his father, in Metcalfe, to spend a pleasant evening, and to present to him a valuable gold watch and chain. After a very fine supper was served by the ladies to about 40 or 50 guests, Mr. Bennett was asked by C. Harold Currie to come forward, when Mr. Lawrence Parker read a kindly worded address and Mr. Fred Shepard made the presentation. The address was signed on behalf of the friends by Messrs. Fred Shepard, Harold Currie and L. Parker. Mr. Bennett, who was taken entirely by surprise, made a very feeling and suitable reply, after which Mr. Harold Currie gave a neat speech. The remainder of the evening was spent in social talk and dancing, which the young people enjoyed to their hearts' content. The party ended by singing "George is a Jolly Good Fellow." Mr. Bennett has been on the milk route for years, and is very popular in this neighborhood.

The apple pickers had a very cold job today, picking the apples out of the snow. There is any amount of fall plowing now in this section yet. Those who have 40 or 50 acres to plow are still looking for good weather.

Mr. Harold Currie and children visited Mr. Bell at Brownville lately.

Mr. C. J. J. of London, visited his brothers, Thomas and David, last week. Mrs. O. Monger, of Mount Brydges, lately visited Miss May Currie.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bayley, of Strathroy, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Jurey.

Perhaps the most remarkable Memorial Day address in the country was that delivered at Marysville, Kan., by Dr. Williamson F. Boykin, who was the Grand Army orator on the 100th anniversary of his birth. In matter and manner and delivery the speech is said to have been far above the average. Dr. Boykin was born in North Carolina and when he was a old his parents removed from that state to Tennessee in a caravan of 100 two-wheeled carts and in constructing the outfit there was not a pound of iron used.

The Russians manufacture a fabric from the fiber of a filamentous stone from the Siberian mines, which is said to be of so durable a nature that it is practically everlasting. The material is soft to the touch and pliable in the extreme, and has only to be thrown into a fire when dirty to be made absolutely clean.

The Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, Mr. Rockefeller's church, in New York, is not nearly large enough to hold the people who desire to hear the new English pastor, Rev. Dr. C. F. Aked.

MR. JONES HOBBLIES NO MORE.

He wisely invested in a bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor. It removed several hard corns and callouses, and now he walks without hobbling. In 24 hours, painless and sure, is Putnam's. Try it.

TOOK OVER \$1,000,000

Continued From Page One.

trol the situation in every city in the United States and Canada.

This, of course, the dramatic situation.

In vaudeville, things were altogether different.

It is said that vaudeville in America yields a revenue annually of about \$25,000,000. Klaw & Erlanger, who saw vaudeville eating into the vitals of cheap dramatic attractions, in which, by the way, there is the most money for the managers, determined to get a piece of the millions mentioned.

But the vaudeville managers, per se, in inducing many of the legitimate stars to forsake the dramatic stage and go into vaudeville.

Went into vaudeville.

And Klaw & Erlanger determined to go into vaudeville, and control their own theaters.

The result was, it is said, that they and their associates were taking about \$35,000 per week. This amount was, however, only a drop in the bucket. The firm could stand it for years and laugh at it.

But suddenly the situation assumed a new phase.

The vaudeville managers, who also have millions behind them, determined to invade the dramatic field and carry the war into Africa, as it were, against Klaw & Erlanger.

Vaudeville houses were to be turned into combination houses—that is, theaters playing vaudeville, say three days a week and straight dramatic attractions the other three days.

Matters became serious, and Klaw & Erlanger, and Keith, the head man of vaudeville, got together to avoid a battle which would cost both sides millions.

Agreement Reached.

In company with many other managers, Mr. Bennett was summoned to New York.

In a short time an agreement was framed up, whereby Klaw & Erlanger and their associates, leave the dramatic field for all time, and Keith and his friends devote themselves to vaudeville and to vaudeville alone.

Just what the terms were are not known, but it is known that Keith and his associates agreed to take over \$1,000,000 worth of vaudeville acts, which Klaw & Erlanger had booked for this season, and these acts must be paid by Keith et al, even though no houses could be found to play them in.

It is also announced that there is a tacit understanding that the vaudeville managers are not to tempt stars from the legitimate stage by sky-scraping offers, thereby increasing salary list and troubles of the dramatic managers.

Effect on London.

"What does the agreement mean to London," The Advertiser asked Mr. Bennett.

"It means that London will get the greatest vaudeville Canada has ever seen," he replied. "We have to pay the acts anyway, and we might as well play them here and along our circuit. We will give the people the best in the market, and shall expect to do landoffice business the remainder of the season."

"What will the agreement mean to the Keith syndicate et al. next year?" the reporter then inquired.

Big Saving.

"It will mean a saving," the general manager answered, "of about \$1,000,000 in salaries. Owing to the competition of Klaw & Erlanger, performers were drawing fabulous prices. These will now regulate themselves in accordance with what is right, but not until next year, as this year's contract must not be violated. But let me tell you this. Already the performers are rushing for cover and acts which I offered \$700 for three weeks ago, and was refused, are now falling over themselves to play the Bennett circuit for \$500 a week."

"Where does William Morris, the vaudeville man, now stand?"

"He will continue by himself as formerly," Mr. Bennett said. "But I understand he has only five theaters left out of the smash. And these are small places in small towns. He will play the small acts in the places which play the cheap western turns. The Keith-Bennett affiliations will now control all the good vaudeville houses in America. Performers know, which their bread is buttered on."

"How about the Savoy in Hamilton?"

"That's a delicate matter," was the reply. "I prefer to say nothing regarding that house. We are in Hamilton to stay, however. I always told you that. And we are stronger there now than we ever were."

Mr. Brown Writes.

In regard to the effect on the local vaudeville theater, Manager Elms Saturday received the following letter from Mr. Clarke Brown, the company's booking representative in New York:

"Mr. J. D. Elms, manager Bennett's Theater, London, Ont.

"I know you will be pleased to hear of the happy termination of the vaudeville war. Klaw & Erlanger abandon the field to us for all time, and we merely take over the contracts that they are unable to carry out. This includes about 250 fine American and European novelties, many of which I am going to send to London, because they have previously been seen in Hamilton and Montreal. All of the Klaw & Erlanger vaudeville houses revert to combinations soon—the Auditorium in Chicago; Forrest in Philadelphia; Tremont in Boston; Shubert in Newark; Grand Opera House in Brooklyn; New York in New York; Teck in Buffalo; Academy in Montreal, etc., etc."

"Mr. Bennett, who has been attending the conferences here in New York, has put his signature to the final papers and leaves for Canada tonight. With best wishes."

"CLARK BROWN."

One of the latest novelties in dress material is reported to be a cloth made from spun glass, and it can be had in white, green, blue, pink and yellow. The inventor of the fabric is an Austrian, and he declares that it is as bright and as supple as silk, and is none the worse for being either stained or soiled.

A HEALTHY CITY IS WINNIPEG

Modern Sanitation in Manitoba Capital Has Overcome All Foyer.

Winnipeg, Nov. 16.—The public health throughout Manitoba is remarkably good, indeed seldom, if ever, since its settlement, has the province been so free from sickness and disease. The vigorous campaign to eradicate fever in Winnipeg has been rewarded by almost incredible results, which can be regarded as nothing short of a triumph for modern sanitation and attention to hygiene.

Deaths from typhoid have been reduced in three years from 24.85 per 10,000 of population to practically 4.5. The general death rate has fallen from 21 per 1,000 in 1905 to 15.09, which ranks Winnipeg among the healthiest cities of the world. She has now reached the commendable level of London, and, in several points healthier than New York, Liverpool, Manchester, Baltimore and Boston, and is considerably better than St. Petersburg and Beirut.

She is even nearly as salubrious as Toronto, where the death rate in 1905 was 14.9. The local death rate in 1906 was between 17 and 18 per thousand, and it is estimated that in two years 500 lives have been saved through improved conditions of public health.

There is also a financial side to this question. It is estimated that the outbreaks of 1905 cost half a million dollars. The loss of services of 1,600 typhoid fever patients during the illness and convalescence may be put at \$125,000; the cost of attendance at an equal amount; and there must be taken into account the expenditure by the authorities, which perhaps would not make up the full half million. It can, however, be safely put at a quarter of a million. Insanitation is expensive. It is, moreover, a sin and a crime. Like the stray bullet, it finds an unwilling mark. Yet it required 2,000 prosecutions and 7,000 box closets. One in less than four had to be forced to surrender possession.

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STRICKEN BLIND THEN SEES AGAIN

A Remarkable Experience of Chicago Evil That Physicians Cannot Explain.

Chicago, Nov. 17.—Miss Monah McKenzie knows now the blackness of despair which the blind carry with them through life. She knows also the miracle of sight restored, and she believed last night that these impressions were the profoundest which she is ever destined to know.

For nine days Miss McKenzie was absolutely blind. She could not tell daylight from darkness. The nerves of the eyes registered not a single impression. And then, as by a miracle, her sight was restored, and she was able to resume the interrupted which her temporary blindness had interrupted.

Never realized before what a beautiful thing is the mere light of the sun, said Miss McKenzie last night at her home, 2223 West Taylor street. "I shall never forget West Taylor street. I shall never forget like a shadow on my spirit's away, but it will be mingled with the unspeakable gladness of my escape."

Miss McKenzie's sight left her ten days ago, while she was at work at the plant of Sears, Roebuck & Co. Since then she has been constantly under the care of oculists. They were at a loss to explain the cause of her sudden affliction, and only one gave her cause for hope. He told her that her sight might be restored as suddenly as it had been taken.

At first, she said, she scarcely realized her position. She had never been troubled with her eyes, and the thought of blindness had never entered her mind. The shadow of blindness was suddenly brushed aside. When Mrs. McKenzie entered her daughter's room on Wednesday to raise the blinds, she found her blindfolded in her bed. She asked to have the curtains lowered. As the mother stood hesitating her daughter suddenly cried out:

"I can see you as you see me."

In another moment she had leaped from the bed where she was lying and clasped her mother in her arms.

SEAFORTH POULTRY SHOW

Many Entries Made of First-Class Birds—Prof. Graham on Hand.

Seaforth, Nov. 16.—Mr. J. F. Daly is a very busy man this week. He is the very obliging secretary of the Poultry Association, which holds its annual show in the town hall next week. According to the number of entries received, there is a high class of poultry bred in Ontario. The only original Oke and McNeil, of London, will be the judging, and Professor Graham, of the O. A. C. Guelph, will give an address on Friday. Farmers should take advantage of this, as Professor Graham will answer any inquiries as to raising poultry for market, dressing fowl for export, etc.

Mr. John E. Govenlock is out again, after being laid up for the past few weeks. During his illness Mr. Thomas Beattie had charge of the hay business.

The town and country people are taking advantage of the out-race war that is on foot in the clothing men. We could stand a war among the farmers. Butter and eggs would then be within our reach.

Mr. Robert Murdie, on the north, and Mr. Scott Grievie, on the south, side of the town, intend starting regular milk routes at once.

Mr. Henry Beattie and son Edwin are visiting friends in Harrisonburg, Va. Miss McCuaig, of Lucknow, is visiting her uncle, Mr. David Dorrance, John

Miss Colman, of Orangeville, is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. H. W. Brown, formerly teacher in the Collegiate Institute, spent a few days with friends here this week. Brown is now secretary of the Sabbath School Association of Ontario.

Mr. Robert Bell, of the Bell Engine and Thresher Company, has returned from a business trip to the Northwest.

Weather
Probs:
Fair and
Milder.

Smallman & Ingram
THE SATISFACTORY STORE—PHONE 655

Monday,
Nov. 18

STORE NEWS TODAY.

BIG SALE IN COLORED DRESS GOODS COMMENCES TODAY.

White Lambskin Rugs, \$3.75 and \$5.00 Per Set, For The Baby Carriage

We have some new ideas in Baby Carriage Robes this season. Some of these look very cosy, fastening closely around the neck, with lots of robe all around, covering everything but baby's head, and the sets, with narrow robe for the back, and large lap robe. An outfit of these and a set of our White Thibet Furs means lots of good winter fresh air for the children. See these in Fur Department. (East aisle—main floor).

White Lambskin Sets, Back and Lap Robe, at, per set.....\$3.75 and \$5.00
White Lambskin Robe, new style, fitted around neck at, each.....\$5.00
White Thibet Fur Sets, Collar and Muff, per set.....\$2.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00
Children's Gray Squirrel Sets, Muff and Throw, per set.....\$10.00

Ringwood Gloves

The weather of the past few days has caused quite a demand for these warm knitted Gloves.

These values are unusual.

Ladies' Extra Quality Ringwood Gloves, all colors, at, per pair.....25¢

Ladies' Ringwood Gloves, plain and fancy colors, seamless fingers, per pair.....35¢

Ladies' Mercerized Silk Gloves, fleeced-lined, black, white, navy and cardinal, for 40¢

Men's Black Ringwood Gloves.....45¢ and 50¢

Men's very warm, double-lined, Black Ringwood Gloves, per pair.....60¢

Boys' Ringwood Gloves, black and colors, per pair.....30¢, 35¢ and 40¢

Children's Ringwood Gloves, plain and fancy colors, seamless fingers, per pair.....25¢, 30¢ and 35¢

Men's Socks 35c

Our "Craftana" Special. Have you tried this brand? Every pair has the trade mark, "Craftana." They are different from all others. The vital parts are extra spliced, seamless, and guaranteed unshrinkable. All we ask is, give them a trial, if you have not worn them. You'll find them most comfortable and moderately priced. 35¢ pair, or 3 pairs for \$1.00.

Men's Heavy Wool Socks per pair....20¢ and 25¢

Business Hours: 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Daily.

Smallman & Ingram 147 to 153
THE SATISFACTORY STORE—PHONE 655 Dundas St.

WIRELESS POWER NEXT

Hertzian Waves May Be Used Thus in Future.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 16. — Although Signor Marconi is chiefly occupied at Glace Bay with his system of wireless telegraphy, he finds time to devote his genius to other experiments. These, however, for the most part have to do with the employment of the Hertzian waves, the same that are sent flying across the ocean with messages.

When asked in what other utilities it is practical to employ these waves, Signor Marconi said that in time power will be transmitted between two distant points without any visible medium of communication. However, he has spent but little time on this phase of the question, he said, his work being mainly taken up with the development of wireless telegraphy.

Hertzian waves are now being employed in naval warfare to a considerable extent, Marconi says. Every ship of the British navy with any pretensions whatever besides being equipped with his system of wireless telegraphy and telephony, is made more deadly by an apparatus invented by him, which by the employment of these waves controls and explodes torpedoes at a considerable distance.

The Paris cable dispatch of recent date that an Austrian electrician is attempting to obtain financial support there for an invention which he says will nullify wireless messages in war time has not created any consternation among the Marconi people at the Cape Breton station. It will be remembered that the inventor declares that the apparatus makes unintelligible all messages sent within a radius of 700 miles. The mechanism is quite simple, consisting merely of a revolving tower with one or more batteries which send flashes varying in strength. The radius is stated to be so deluged that the operators will not be able to distinguish one message from another.

The Marconi people admit that this is very interesting, but the answer is obvious. Even admitting that the Austrian's apparatus is capable of doing what he represents, what then? It only means that while a wire can be put out with a blow, and a cable can be put out of business with a few blows, it will require the erection of an expensive plant to put the wireless out of business.

King Frederick of Denmark presents the curious spectacle of a father who has become a king at a later date than his son. When King Haakon of Norway was lately at Copenhagen King Frederick is said to have asked him: "How do you like being king?" "I will rather ask you," replied Haakon, "I've been king longer than you have."

WOODS' FAIR

Utopian Art China. China at Less Than Half Price.

Have you seen the Utopian Art China this week in our basement? There are 27 pieces left no two pieces alike. We bought a sample lot at a great sacrifice to the maker, and can make a profit and sell it at less than half regular price. This is exactly the same goods as are usually sold by the best jewelry dealers, and is strictly high class, and all hand decorated. Buy a piece and lay it away for Christmas presents. You never will have a better chance. The prices are from 50c to \$4.50 each. Don't fail to see it and get a piece.

Big Reduction in Tiffany Glass Vases This Week.

We have a quantity of the above goods and to clear it out quickly have marked it down, in some instances more than half. Handsome shapes, rich colorings. It will pay you to see it in our basement before the best is all picked out.

J. M. THOMSON.

Haakon was elected king of Norway by the Storting on Nov. 18, 1905, while Frederick, his father, did not succeed to the throne of Denmark until Jan. 23, 1906, on the death of King Christian.

In the North Atlantic division—the New England States, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania—the proportion of unmarried men over 20 years of age to the whole male population is 51 per cent; of the unmarried women, 26.2.

The first meerschaum pipe is now in a museum at Pesh. It was made in 1723.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

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London Advertiser.

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LONDON, MONDAY, NOV. 18, 1907.

RAILWAYS AND WATERWAYS.

An interesting report recently issued by the department of railways and canals is that of Mr. H. J. Butler, the deputy minister and chief engineer, on the politico-commercial aspects of the transportation question.

Mr. Butler finds that in both Canada and the United States, which have been passing through like experiences, the growth of traffic has outstripped the means of accommodating it, and that there has been congestion detrimental to business, which the efforts of those concerned, the utmost goodwill of the railway companies and manufacturers of rolling stock, whose resources have been severely taxed, have failed to overcome. Double and even quadruple tracking, extension of yards and terminals, increase of locomotive power and enlarging of the capacity of cars have all been resorted to without meeting the difficulty.

While the railways have done all in their power to solve the problem confronting them, their customers, in the opinion of Mr. Butler, have failed to perform their part, for, according to the report, the provisions made by consignees for the reception and handling of freight in cities, have by no means kept pace with the efforts put forth by the railways. The deputy minister believes that if consignees did what may reasonably be expected of them, at least some of the difficulties complained of would be overcome.

Relief from a situation of such gravity, evidently cannot be afforded by the railways alone; the country, Mr. Butler says, must look to the waterways. On the great lakes of this continent, he points out, there has been developed a system of vessel transportation by which heavy freight in bulk is being carried at a rate of 0.34 mills per mile, or about one-tenth of the average charge of the railways on all traffic. The vessels employed in this traffic, though not of ocean strength, are of ocean size, some of them being 500 and 600 feet in length and from 50 to 60 feet beam, with a freight-carrying capacity of from 10,000 to 14,000 tons. Last year a fleet of 878 of these ships carried through the Erie Canal 51,750,000 tons of freight, while during the same year the entire railway traffic in Canada was only 57,466,000 tons.

The deputy minister points out that other countries are also looking to the improved waterways as a solution of their transportation problems. The State of New York is enlarging the Erie Canal. Construction of a 14-foot waterway from the great lakes to the Gulf of Mexico through United States territory has been begun. A greater enterprise of the same character is the Panama Canal, which the United States Government is pushing forward. The development of Britain's already extensive canal system is now being studied by a royal commission, while Germany, France and Russia have spent or are contemplating the expenditure of vast sums in the enlargement or extension of their internal waterways.

That Canada will ere long also find it absolutely necessary to make further extensions and improvements in her canals, in order to meet the demands of her rapidly-growing population and commerce, Mr. Butler confidently believes. What in the nature of things will most likely be resolved on will, he thinks, be the creation of a 20-foot system of navigation from Lake Huron to Montreal by the Ottawa River, and the enlargement of the Welland Canal to a 20-foot depth. In this opinion, Mr. Butler has the endorsement of other competent authorities.

THE FIGHT AGAINST THE LORDS.

The coming session of the British Parliament will be exciting and eventful, if a forecast given out by Mr. Justin McCarthy, historian and parliamentarian, is to be relied on. Mr. McCarthy is noted as an impartial observer of and writer on British political affairs, and his expressed views invariably carry weight on both sides of the Atlantic. In an article in the November Independent he deals at some length with what he terms "the coming political crisis in England," and indicates the probable course of events.

The writer is certain that the Campbell-Bannerman Government is determined to force the issue with the House of Lords. To begin with, it has been decided to compel that body to submit to the Commons on certain important proposals already made to the Lords and rejected by them. Dissolution and an appeal to the country will follow if, as is likely, the peers persist in their refusal to yield. Of

the result of that appeal the Government has not the slightest doubt, being confident of an overwhelming majority against the House of Lords.

Mr. McCarthy predicts that the Government's first step on the assembling of the new Parliament will be to take up the long-pending Irish home rule question, introducing a measure of national self-government satisfactory to the people of the Emerald Isle. Reconstruction of the House of Lords will next engage the Government's attention, and if the upper chamber should still prove unyielding, the Government will again appeal to the country. If the result of that appeal is a mandate from the people demanding the reconstruction of the House of Lords the Government will not hesitate to carry it out.

Reports of division in the Ministry on this question are discredited by the writer, who is generally well informed on the inner workings of political parties in Britain; but even if there is a slight difference of opinion, he has no doubt that on the main propositions there will be substantial agreement. He is firmly convinced of the Government's strength, and that the adherents of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman will stand at his back while he is carrying on the fight the House of Lords itself has forced on him.

That the Lords will stubbornly resist all attempts at reconstruction there can be no doubt; but, in spite of the deep-seated conservatism of the British mind, ever slow to adopt radical measures, there is reason to believe that popular sentiment is becoming more and more dissatisfied with the House of Lords, as at present constructed, and that eventually its power to thwart the popular will must be curtailed.

The approaching struggle will be watched with interest throughout the English-speaking world.

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL PLIGHT.

The city of London, like every other municipality which must borrow money, is feeling the financial pinch. Some \$300,000 is needed to pay for local improvements, and the banks are reluctant to advance so large a sum, although the city's credit is unimpeachable. Gilt-edged 4 per cent municipal debentures, which sold at above par a few years ago, will not bring over 90 at the present time, a ruinous figure. The city's best plan would be to negotiate a bank loan, even at excessive interest, if it can be procured, and wait for the loosening of the money market.

Ratepayers may well look critically at the costly undertakings which they are asked to endorse. These schemes involve an immediate expenditure of about \$850,000. It would be suicidal to throw debentures to this amount upon the present market. The city fathers should see that capital expenditure is whittled down to the finest point possible until the monetary situation improves. The water commissioners are asking for nearly \$600,000, when they could tide over the difficulties by a much smaller outlay. The city council has made no attempt to ascertain whether the expenditure of over a quarter of a million dollars could be saved by arranging to have Niagara power distributed by the existing plant. The ratepayers are asked to assume, in addition to this capital expenditure, an obligation to annually pay interest and sinking fund upon the cost of a transmission line from Niagara before they know even approximately how much power can be sold in the city, or at what rate it can be delivered to consumers. The civic managers should tell the public how they propose to meet the financial problem, or they should ask for only so much money as is absolutely necessary at the present time.

WHERE SOUTHEY AND COLERIDGE LIVED.

At Keswick yesterday the Keswick estate of the late Miss Gibson, which included Greta Hall as occupied formerly by Southey and Coleridge, was offered for sale by auction.

Penrhin lady bid £1,400 for Greta Hall and grounds, with a plot of the field on the east side. The property was eventually sold in one lot to the agent for Robert Slack, Derwent Hill, Keswick, for £6,200.

NOT NECESSARY.

Little Fred had been invited to a school-fellow's birthday party. His mother called out to him, "Be sure and wash your face, Fred."

"Oh, all right," said the lad, and mumbled some other words.

"What's that you are saying?" asked his mother.

"I said, 'Are you sure that I need to wash?' for Bob told me the party was going to be quite an informal affair."

TRUE TO THE TRUST.

[Chicago Tribune.]

"The young man that's calling on you now, Doris, is an agreeable change from the others."

"How?"

"He doesn't turn down the gas in the parlor."

"Why, mamma, he works for the gas company."

A WALKING SHOP.

[London Mail.]

In the pockets of a boy, who met with an accident, and who was taken to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, were found a diamond ring, numerous buttons, four yards of string, three penknives, a metal watch, several lead pencils, foreign stamps, two fish hooks and a Japanese cracker.

MARGARET ANGLIN.

[Victoria Colonist.]

There has been quite a lot of talk in

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1907

WAGE NEW FIGHT TO SAVE GIRLS

The Philocalians of New York Give Up Hansoms and Highballs.

New York, Nov. 17. — Believing many young women are being led astray by following what they conceive to be the practices of women in fashionable life, Dr. Adelaide Wallerstein, of 395 West Eighty-third street, and 23 other women, have formed the Philocalian Club, to wage a crusade against girls who ride from the theater in hansom cabs, drink highballs, and wear décolleté gowns and open-work waists.

Dr. Wallerstein is enthusiastic over the movement, but while she and her associates are anxious it shall accomplish much good, she does not want to be called a reformer.

"Say anything you please about the club, but please do not call me a reformer," she said, in speaking of the new organization.

"Our club is an exclusive one, and is limited to 24 members," she added. "No one else can join unless some member dies or gets tired of carrying out the principles of the club and quits."

"Swear Off" to Teach Others.

"How, then, do you intend to carry out your ideas if you do not preach them?" she was asked.

"Why, by force of example, of course. We have all pledged ourselves not to wear décolleté gowns—that is, gowns that show the neck will be cut lower than the collarbone. You know that is not low. Then we have pledged ourselves not to drink highballs or cocktails. And about hansom cabs. It is wrong for two young people to ride about in hansom cabs at night."

"A couple should go straight home from the theater instead of seeking the bright lights of restaurants. A young woman should be able to prepare a dainty feast, I think. I know she would if she did not expect to be taken out somewhere."

"It is not that we lack confidence in the girls of today. I know that hansom cabs, after theater suppers, the highball and the cocktail, are considered perfectly conventional, but we are pleading our best to change these customs of the world."

EDITORIAL PUMPKIN PIE.

[Washington Herald.]

Unfortunately for pumpkin pie, there is an erroneous impression abroad that it is not pumpkin pie at all, but, instead, a concoction based upon Hubbard squash. By reason of this idea, the real glory of the pumpkin has suffered great discredit. As a matter of fact, the very best pumpkin pie is made of genuine pumpkin—nothing more or less. Squash pie is merely called pumpkin pie by courtesy—or, perhaps, for euphony's sake. Obviously, to call piebanian squash pie by its right name would work to its disadvantage upon it—expose it to ridicule and uncomplimentary remarks. No pie eater of repute desires to heap sorrow upon the head of any variety of pie. All of it is very precious in the sight of those who know and understand. And therefore, squash pie—which, after all, is distantly related to pumpkin pie, even though it is necessarily rated poor kin—is allowed to assume the more dignified and more highly honored name, as aforesaid.

CAUSEANDEFFECT.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

Hebbsagawichandeebeana, Apicewewepie, Angpiscapucotfeeween, Whileyeucanbayoreye.

Then, later on, there comes to him A very common question: He wonders how it was that he Contracted indigestion.

HONOR TO A GOOD MAN.

[Catholic Record.]

Nova Scotia gave the Hon. Wm. Fielding a moral lesson. Its best and brightest came from every section of the Province to express by their words and presence their admiration for his sterling qualities of mind and heart, and their appreciation of his achievements for twenty-five years.

We may not dwell on his work. We content ourselves with saying that the garnered wisdom of years, the gift of going to the heart of a subject, measuring it in the light of a trained intellect, and the large-hearted charity are given to the upbuilding of Canada.

But we may say, without trenching on politics, that his career is an inspiration. It was fashioned by dogged and persistent toil, by the grind of newspaper work, and the year and tear of political campaigns, laboriously and patiently. And the gathering of the other night in Halifax was a tribute to the personality of Mr. Fielding—to the spirit that allowed no obstacles to prevent him from making the most of himself and transformed the lad who began his work with empty hands into a statesman of acknowledged prowess.

TOO MUCH DELAY.

[Brooklyn Life.]

Miss Gibson Girl—How long before you can let me have this gown?
Dressmaker—Two weeks, miss.
Miss Gibson Girl—Heavens! In the meantime he may propose to someone else!

GOOD-BYE, SUMMER GIRL.

[Walter B. Crane, in New York Times.]

Hello! Little Summer Girl,
I am at the station.
Autumn is the station.
I am sad and lone.
Just a good-bye message—
Press your car bell.
Close to the receiver—
Good-bye, Summer Girl!

Devil bluebell are your eyes,
Golden corn your hair;
Cheeks like sweet blush roses,
Summer Girl so fair.
Light winds are in laughter,
Song, the brooklet's swirl,
Autumn is the station—
Good-bye, Summer Girl!

SUBMERGE YOUR SMILES, GIRL.

Leaves your footsteps light
You were all my summer.
You, my heart's delight,
Autumn town far from you,
In the madding whirl,
O'er the long "longdistance"—
Good-bye, Summer Girl!

FENCING A CONTINENT.

[Lloyd's Weekly.]

After five years' work the great transcontinental rabbit-proof fence has been completed in West Australia. Its length is 2,000 miles, and the cost of its erection has been very nearly \$1,250,000. It is furnished at intervals of five miles with systems of traps, in which hundreds of rabbits are captured and destroyed daily.

THE WITCH PROTESTS.

[Exchange.]

Said the sour old witch:
"Things have reached such a pitch
That I dare not go broomstick riding;
For these airbubbles
With gas bags and wheels,
With my broomstick are ever colliding."

EXALTATION OF THE COW.

[Halifax Chronicle.]

Eight cents a quart for milk!

If I'd a cow that gave such milk,
I'd dress her up in watered silk;
I'd feed her on the finest whey,
And milk her forty times a day.

AN INCURIOUS KENTUCKY WOMAN.

[Horse Cove (Ky.) Gazette.]

Mrs. Mary Morris died at Arthur, Edmonson County, a few days ago, aged 84. She had lived on Green River 55 years, and had not been off the place but three times. She lived within ten miles of the railroad and never saw a train. Her farm is half a mile from Green River, yet she never saw the river but once. She spun and wove her own clothes and raised a large family. Her lack of curiosity was amusing to her family, who came and went at their will.

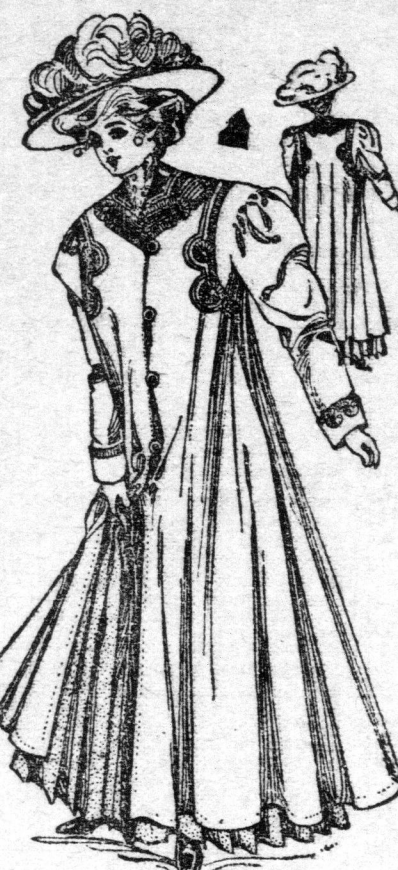
Christmas Number New Idea Magazine, 5c.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

New Idea Patterns for December, 10c.

How Time Flies! Christmas Looms Up In The Near Future. Just Five Weeks

And the time is really very short. Just a matter of five weeks in which to do all your Christmas shopping. Too much emphasis cannot be placed on the advisability of making early selections, while choice is at its best and time and leisure—and this store's best service—are at the disposal of all before the holiday crowds come. Hundreds are already busy with their Christmas shopping lists, for the pleasure of gift-giving is greatest when one can take one's own good time in buying.



Another Consignment of Ladies' Fashionable Winter Coats Just to Hand

Exclusive styles from Paris and Berlin, comprising three-quarter and seven-eighth lengths; tight-fitting and long coats, semi-fitted and loose back coats, lined through and body lined.

(Second Floor.)

Novelties in Handsome Coats that offer an exact fit to every woman and that keep abreast of every fashion idea within the boundaries of good taste, effectually eliminating every difference between high-class ladies' tailoring and the coats we have ready for immediate use. The advantage of buying at Chapman's was never better exemplified than now, selections and qualities of the highest excellence. Values have never been more attractive and there is the "something different" about these garments, not merely a difference of fabric and cut, but of tailoring and finish. Your inspection is invited.

Our Handsome Black Broadcloth Coats at \$12.50, \$15, \$20, \$25 and \$35.

Extra quality broadcloths, lined throughout, in three-quarter and seven-eighth lengths, long, tight-fitting and semi-loose back.

Our Fine Imported Box Cloth Coats

In browns, fawns, new biscuits, mulberry, gray, myrtle, green, etc. The excellent tailoring is conspicuous about these coats; broad shouldered effects, large full sleeves, smart, dressy effects; all silk stitching, cloth strappings; in different lengths, and very moderately priced at \$12.50, \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20.00.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY OF FURS.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

two years after he won the title. Fitzsimmons and Corbett also fought on the same night. Jim's best battle was with Peter Jackson, and Bob beat the Black Pearl in Minneapolis in four rounds.

Judging by the criticism heaped upon Tommy Burns and the praise bestowed upon Jeffries for refusing to fight a colored man for the highest honors in the game, it is not the championship title, but the holder of it, that is up for argument. Jeffries, as stated, always has been upheld for turning down Johnson, while Burns is being grinded for doing the same thing. One would suppose that Jeffries, contrived invincible and big enough to trim the black to a frazzle, would be the man selected to knock Johnson's championship aspirations galley west. Jeffries, as he was several years ago, undoubtedly could have turned the trick, and had he then taken him on, there would have been no basis for this article. But in all fairness—and, surely, pugilism, as well as all other branches of sport, demands fair play to the black to know Johnson's footstep for the following in the footstep of the colored champion?

Furthermore, if a colored heavyweight champion is obnoxious to those who lauded Jeffries for not giving Johnson a chance to win it, and who were not probably still are—of the opinion that Jeff could have defeated Jack with one hand tied behind his back, why did they not make efforts to inveigle Jeffries into a match with him? Presumably, that Johnson beat Burns, will not those who believe he is Tommy's master, and who are cursing Tommy for dodging him, tell what they do not want—a colored heavyweight champion?

It repeatedly has been stated that Jeffries will fight for the championship should a foreigner win the title from an American, and, taking him at his word, if he is sponsor for his statement, why still allude to him as the champion when he says he will fight for it should a foreigner win it? Whom would the foreigner win it? From Jeffries or Burns?

Furthermore, how can a man retired for more than three years, and who has refereed fights for the title once held by him still lay claim to the title? That, I am sure, is too deep for the followers of the game, and surely the layman. There is no doubt Jeff was the best big man that ever stepped into a ring to do battle, and probably could trim any heavyweight in the world should he again take up the game, but he has elected to become a spectator.

The latest regarding the big Californian is that Tex Rickard and Jim Coffroth are offering him all kinds of money inducements to take one more whirl with the mitts, and the man they want him to meet is no other than Jack Johnson. Rickard says he will hang up \$40,000 for the scrap, and Coffroth says he will see Tex's offer and go him a few thousand better. Rickard's offer, however, does not go unless Jack defeats Tommy Burns, and Jim probably has the same string to his offer. And the strangest thing about these offers is the sporting writers have taken kindly to them.

starting the long end of the purse offered men Jim's best outcome? Fitzsimmons demanded and got it the first time he fought Jeffries, and it is well known that the Battling Nelson party received it at the Goldfield fight.

Of course, Burns' demand depends upon the result of his fight with Gunner Moir, as also does his proposed fight with Jackson. Should the Gunner win, then the world's championship will be an English asset, and may be the means of bringing Jeffries out of his retirement—and then, perhaps, the Gunner would not care to fight.

Meanwhile the Nevada and San Francisco promoters will increase their purse offerings to induce Jeff to fight, and the sporting writers will nag at Burns and boost Johnson as the coming champion.

San Francisco sports will be favored with an international featherweight fight on Nov. 22, when Owen Moran, the boss little fighter of England, and Frankie Neil, "native son," hook up to battle twenty rounds, under the management of Aleck Greggains. This will be Frankie's first fight of importance in over a year. He lost to Abe Baker on July 4, 1906, and to Harry O'Toole on Aug. 7. Both fights went the limit of twenty rounds.

The fight, on paper, looks the best between little fellows that has been billed for the coast in a long while, and should draw a large crowd. The boys have signed for a large crowd. At 6 o'clock on the evening of the fight, a weight Moran refused to match at O'Toole at Philadelphia, Tom McCarey, of Los Angeles, offered him a match with Abe, but he said the weight, 122 pounds, was a bit too steep for him. Now that he has matched with Neil at the same weight, heavier in fact than Attel would have asked for at ringside, the supposition is he did not fancy Abe's game.

Tom McCarey seems determined to secure a fight for George Memsie for this month. He had "Young" Donohue hooked up, but the astutest called it off, and now Tom is after "Kid" Farmer, who accompanied Attel to Los Angeles. Farmer is a welterweight, but says he will agree to weigh 123 pounds. The game Memsie demands ringside. Furthermore, he insists upon receiving 50 per cent of the purse, win or lose, or draw.

"Kid" Herman and Packey McFarland are working like Trojans to condition themselves for their fifteen-round encounter scheduled to take place at Davenport on Nov. 21. Herman is shaping thus far as the Belmont farm with Johnny Coulson as his speed boxing partner. Packey is training at Waukegan, and reports from there state he will be in the pink of condition when he enters the ring.

FEARS A HOLY WAR.

Paris, Nov. 18. — A correspondent in Morocco of the Matin has secured an interview with the Mulah Haifi, the sultan of the south, who declared he was about to march against his brother, Abd-el-Asiz, the sultan of record. Haifi said he hoped France would not assist his brother, as otherwise he would be forced to fight her, too, and in this event all of Morocco would arise in a holy war.

"God will be our leader," he said, "and neither I nor any other Mussulman will be able to control this movement."

The imports of lead into Great Britain declined from 229,500 tons in 1905 to 228,200 tons in 1906, while the exports for the year fell from 60,500 tons to 58,400 tons. The consumption of lead in Great Britain showed a decrease of over 25,000 tons compared with 1905.

BROTHER APPEARS IN GHOST'S FORM

Other Members of Family Had Mourned Russian as Dead for Three Years.

Jasonville, Ind., Nov. 17. — After two unsuccessful attempts to reach America, and after being mourned as dead by his relatives for more than three years, Mick Yarnock, a native of Guttberg, near Moscow, Russia, made his appearance last week at the home of his brother, Nicholas Yarnock, a native of Guttberg, near Moscow, came to America first, and wrote to Mick, who embarked for New York. He told the immigration officers he had work here and was deported as a contract laborer. He again embarked, with six others, but was taken off the ship by a Russian gunboat, and sent to prison at Moscow. After frightful hardships, in which many of his companions committed suicide, he was released.

He started for America again, landed all right, and started west in quest of his brother, whom he found here by the merest accident. The brother, not hearing from him because letters went astray, believed him dead, and was shocked on Mick's arrival as if he had risen from the grave.

What is said to be the record coal-mining operation is said to be that made a short time ago when 914 tons were put on board the Carmania in seven hours and 50 minutes.

THE ADVANCE MAN

OF A GOOD ESTABLISHMENT IS GOOD PRINTING

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We'll figure for you, make a dummy, show you what we have done—and will do what we promise :: :: :: :: ::

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THE GUARDED SECRET

CHAPTER XIV.

The speaker paused to take breath a minute, and then resumed:

"A heavy door opened to admit us into the wide, dimly-lighted hallway of what must have been a large, aristocratic mansion. Here the eccentric stranger removed the handkerchief from my eyes and coolly clapped a mask upon my face instead, with the old remark:

"You will have need for your eyes here, but none for your features, Dr. Anthony, as I do not wish my patient ever to recognize you abroad. Therefore, I request that you wear this mask."

"I acceded to this polite request, of course, you know, Miss Rodney, not being in a condition to refuse," said the young man, with a sly sense of the humorous, "and then I saw beside the lamp in her hand—evidently a nurse. She led us up a wide, beautiful stairway of polished walnut, along another hall, and so into a lady's room—the most beautiful room I ever saw!" said Dr. Anthony, with enthusiasm.

"It was large and airy, and hung with rich blue silk and white lace. The furniture was rosewood, upholstered in blue silk, and on the marble mantel and the ivory brackets against the wall were vases of flowers, statuettes, and expensive bric-a-brac. You see, I made good use of my eyes when I was given leave, Miss Rodney," said the physician, with a smile.

"Yes, doctor, but now about your mysterious patient?" breathed Effie, anxiously.

"Yes, now I am coming to that, for I am afraid the preliminaries have sadly wearied your patience," he said. "There was a rosewood bed in the center of the room, Miss Rodney, draped in rich blue silk, and canopied with snowy lace in the richest pattern, and among the lace-

trimmed pillows lay a girl—a corpse, I thought at first, for she was deathly white and still, her eyes were closed, and the white garments about her breast were all dabbled with blood."

Miss Rodney shuddered and grew very pale.

"Oh, poor little Aline," she sighed. "Tell me how she looked, Dr. Anthony."

"She was very young. She looked almost childlike," said Dr. Anthony. "She had a fair, round face, with a dimpled chin and beautiful features. Her hair was dark and curling, her brows and lashes were jetty black and of wonderful beauty. Her eyes, much to my surprise when she recovered from her swoon, were dark, rich blue, like wet violets. I had thought they would be black before she opened them."

"It was my sister," cried Effie, in tones of conviction. "You have described her very accurately."

"I went up to her side, and looked down at the beautiful, silent face," he went on; "and the stranger, who I have forgotten to say before, wore a thick, heavy mask upon his face, following me. In a moment he turned to the nurse angrily:

"How is this?" he said. "I told you to put a mask upon her face."

"And so I did, sir, but her protruded nose so frightened me, that I removed it to give her air, and forgot to replace it. I hope there is no harm done, sir."

"He muttered something angrily, then stepped quickly back, for at that moment the wounded girl opened her eyes and flashed them around the room. They fell on the face of the nurse, and she cried out, in a startled tone:

"Who are you, and where am I?"

"She spoke no more, for my strange guide bent over her and whispered something in her ear, and she relapsed into silence. He then directed me to examine her wound, and I obeyed him."

"Was—was it fatal?" asked poor Effie.

"No, although it had been meant for that," he replied. "It was a knife-wound, and had been meant for the heart, but glanced aside and inflicted a flesh wound instead. I dressed and dressed the wound, but before I finished she had again relapsed into unconsciousness."

"And you learned nothing?" sighed Effie.

"Nothing," he answered. "Before I came away, the unknown stranger drew off his coat and showed me a deep, jagged cut on his own arm. I bathed and dressed his wound also, and was rewarded for my services by a twenty-dollar goldpiece, and after submitting to be blindfolded again, was driven to my home by my mysterious employer. That is the end of my story, Miss Rodney. Does it throw any light on the mystery of your sister's disappearance?"

"None, Dr. Anthony. It only deepens the mystery," she answered mournfully.

"And yet it is in some sort a clue," he said, thoughtfully. "If the young girl I saw your sister, it proves that she is confined somewhere within a radius of five miles from Maywood. Have you thought of that, Miss Rodney?"

"If the girl you saw is really my sister, it proves also that she is a prisoner somewhere," Effie said, musingly. "It places the mystery in a new aspect altogether. We had thought that Aline, offended by her punishment that day, had run away merely to annoy us, and that when a sufficient time had elapsed she would return to us again. Can it be that she was abducted and imprisoned?"

"It looks that way," said Dr. Anthony. "At any rate, I have thought it best to come here and tell my story. You understand now why I wished to see a picture of the missing girl. I could then have told most certainly whether the girl whose strange wound I dressed was your sister."

"It is the most unfortunate that we have never had a picture of Aline; but your description corresponds exactly with her appearance," declared Effie.

"She was very beautiful. Even if I never see her again, I shall never forget her charming face," said Dr. Anthony.

He rose to go as he spoke, and the look of respectful admiration he bent on Effie's sweet, sad face seemed to mutely declare that he would never forget her, either. Her long lashes drooped, and a delicate blush rose to her cheek, reminding him that his thoughts were too plainly expressed in his eyes. She thanked him in sweet, courteous phrases for his information, and half-timidly requested him to call again, and recount his strange story to her father.

Dr. Anthony very willingly promised to do so. He was very sorry for the afflicted family, and very much interested in the hazel-eyed Effie. She, on her part, was vaguely interested in him.

"The most interesting young man I ever met," she mentally decided, recalling the handsome face and clear

voice after he had gone away. She went back to her mother's bedside and related Dr. Anthony's story. Mrs. Rodney was greatly excited. Aline's mysterious absence assumed a new phase. She was full of wonder and dismay and grief.

"My dear little Aline! She may be dead ere this!" was the burden of her grief, and it became so hysterical and violent during the long hours of the night that Effie regretted she had told her the strange story. She was relieved when her father came home next morning from another fruitless quest. She felt that the charge of her grief-stricken mother was becoming too heavy for her. No one could soothe Mrs. Rodney's bitter grief but her patient though almost distracted husband.

CHAPTER V.

Mr. Rodney did not wait for Dr. Anthony to return to Chester. His anxiety was too great. He drove over to Maywood in the early morning to see the young physician.

He heard the whole story over again. It impressed him strangely. He believed with the doctor that the mysterious wounded girl was Aline herself.

"I have been haunted by that belief ever since I heard the story of your daughter's disappearance," he said. "I feared you might think me foolish or presuming, but I could not rest until I had gone over to Chester and told you my story."

"For which kindness I am most grateful to you," said Mr. Rodney, grasping his hand cordially. "Who knows but that this information will lead to my daughter's recovery?"

He found the young doctor most intelligent and agreeable. He consulted with him as to the best method of following up this strange discovery. Both agreed that it would be well to confide the matter to a skillful detective. Mr. Rodney sent to New York at once for the most noted one in the service.

They agreed that they would keep the strange story of the doctor's experience a profound secret from the public. If once it became publicly known, it might put the villain on his guard. He might hustle Aline off to another place.

When Mr. Rodney went home he gave Dr. Anthony a most cordial invitation to come over to Chester and visit him. The doctor was not slow to avail himself of the courtesy. It was the beginning of a most pleasant friendship.

PEOPLE LAUGHED AND DIDN'T CRY

Peculiar Actions of Audience at "The Bonnie Brier Bush."

"The Bonnie Brier Bush," a dramatization of the late Ian MacLaren's masterpiece, appeared at the Grand Saturday afternoon and evening, and on both occasions drew large audiences.

For some reason or other, however, the night audience didn't receive the play in the good old way.

When "cry time" came around, the people laughed. But it cannot be said that they laughed at the cast. Palmer Collins, who had succeeded James H. Stoddard as Lachlan Campbell, is worthy of the mantle of the famous actor. Our old friend, Robert Ireland, the piper, made the best Dr. McLeure ever seen in London. And other things were all to the good. But as stated, at "cry time" the people were all wrong.

There was a series of mishaps during the evening, which, perhaps, affected the audience adversely. First, Lord Hux came out in kilts, and he looked as though he had been purchased out of a five and ten cent store.

He is not the class of man, or rather boy, to wear kilts. In fact, he had no visible means of support.

Now, the lady who plays the part of Flora Campbell is not of this class. She is very buxom, and not of the type to appeal as the timid, trusting, loving Flora.

Consequently, when her father put her out into the cold, cold world in Scotland, the crowd laughed heartily, and seemed to think the old man had served her right. According to Hoyle, they should have cried.

Then a young lady was singing a song in the most approved manner and with very fair ability, when a lady in the audience was overcome with a desire to sneeze.

Knowing the time to be most inopportune, the lady desisted as long as possible, and then took a chance on a smothered sneeze. The result was it was borne all over the house by a most laughable and grotesque parody on the movement to stop the sale of obscene postal cards.

Last, but not least, an interruption from the gallery caused everybody in the house to roar.

A young gentleman in the role of Pooley was clucking when suddenly someone in the gallery gave a bellow like a yearling calf. Even the pit laughed itself tired at this rally.

But it would be most unfair to "The Bonnie Brier Bush" to term it a poor play. Barring the singing between the acts, it was excellent, and as is well known to everybody, the play itself is one of the best and most entertaining that was ever written.

But Saturday night the people could see nothing in it to cry about. They turned it into farce comedy.

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Linens make very sensible Christmas Gifts, and those who select presents from the lines mentioned below will find that their housewife friends will be delighted with their selections. These fancy lines were chosen with great care, and the designs, while unusually stylish and attractive are also in such good taste that they will win the approval of the most refined and particular people. We advise an early selection, while our assortment is unbroken. You'll find the values are greatly to your liking.

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Pure Linen Lunchcloths, with attractive embroidered designs at, each 50¢ and 75¢

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Size 36x36, floral and scroll effects. Size 36x45, polkadot, with floral border. Size 54x54, polkadot and fleur de lis patterns. All at the one price, each.....\$1.25

Three new and very effective designs in hand-embroidered linen are offered at the moderate price of, each.....\$1.50

Pillow Shams

Beauties, these, at one dollar a pair. Some are in Roman Embroidery, others daintily embroidered on muslin. About a dozen kinds in all.....\$1.00

RUNNERS to match at, each.....50¢

150 Dundas and Carling **GRAY & PARKER** 150 Dundas and Carling

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



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The assistance rendered by the prospective mother by a set of reliable patterns for infants' garments is not to be measured in words. The little set of garments illustrated will be found most practical for the inexperienced sewer, as it includes dress, wrapper (which may be cut in shorter length for a sack), nightgown, petticoat, and pinning blanket, all of which are wholly indispensable to the small baby. The patterns are not at all difficult to develop, and while the materials used should be of the finest and softest quality, so as not to irritate the little one's tender skin, they may be made as simply or as elaborately as desired. To make them require: For the dress, 2 yards of nain-sook or mull 36 inches wide; for the wrapper, 2½ yards of flannel or cashmere, 27 inches wide (or for sack 1½ yards of the same width); for the nightgown, 2½ yards of flannel or cambric, 36 inches wide; and for the pinning blanket, ¾ yard of 27-inch flannel, with ¾ yard of 36-inch muslin for band.

4308—One size. The price of this pattern is 10c.

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Measurement: Bust

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CAUTION: Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure, representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "yards." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

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PATTERN DEPARTMENT, LONDON ADVERTISER.

Perney Hirtschman Tells His Part of Story

THE CASE FULLY REPORTED, PROVES THE WORK WAS DONE BY DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS.

Halifax, N.S., Aug. 24.—A well-known resident at 93 Sackville street, Mr. Perney Hirtschman, who has been in a somewhat serious condition lately, has recovered, and says: "Six months ago my appetite fell off and my health became very poor. I had terrible attacks of indigestion and often was unable to sleep at night. My poor color showed what an ill man I was. I tried numerous remedies, but the only genuine one was Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butterbur. Two boxes cured my indigestion. My appetite increased and my strength came back quickly. Today I have a fine zest for my meals. I feel as strong and healthy as a young boy. Because they are so cleansing and so tonic in their effect I think Dr. Hamilton's Pills should be used by every person. My wife used them regularly with grand results."

\$10 New York and Return.

From Suspension Bridge via Lehigh Valley Railroad, Tuesday, Nov. 26. Particulars 54 King Street East, Toronto.

Young Stratford Man Found Guilty of Defrauding His Wife.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Stratford, Nov. 16.—David Buggs, 24 years of age, was this morning sentenced to Central Prison for a term of six months by Judge Barron. Buggs was tried before Police Magistrate O'Loane several weeks ago, and he pleaded guilty to a charge of having obtained the sum of \$124 by false pretenses from his wife. He later withdrew this plea, was tried, and found guilty of theft of the money in question, and given a term in prison.

Paris, Nov. 16.—The Echo de Paris says this morning that M. Thomson, the minister of marine, is satisfied with the confession of Ensign Ulmo, who was arrested last month at Toulon charged with being a spy, and who claimed in his examination before a magistrate Thursday that he had been in communication with a foreign agent, but that his offer had been refused on the ground that the papers were not of sufficient value, is incomplete, and that he actually sold to a foreign agent most important documents. Accordingly, the paper says, orders have been given for the reconstruction of the whole manule of naval tactics, which contains the mobilization plans and the secret submarine defense scheme. The work will entail several months of labor and huge expense.

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The day after the telegram was sent the officer was riding in an automobile with a friend when a collision occurred with another vehicle. The occupants of the car were thrown out, and while Captain Mauger was lying injured on the roadway he was run over by a heavy fire engine, his skull being fractured, and several ribs being broken. He was picked up for dead, and taken to the American hospital. There the receiving surgeon examined him, and, in view of his fearful injuries, declared that it was impossible for him to live through the night. Based on the doctor's statement, a second telegram was sent off to the minister of marine, announcing that the injured officer was beyond hope.

GROUP IS DEADLY.

It must be stopped quickly. Nothing so sure as Nerviline. Give it internally and rub it on chest and throat—croup soon vanishes. No doctor can write a more efficient prescription than Poison's Nerviline, which reaches the trouble and cures quickly. The marvelous power of Nerviline will surprise you; it's the best household remedy for coughs, colds, sore chest, croup, and internal pain of every kind. Large bottles have been sold by all dealers for nearly 50 years at 25 cents. Don't forget Nerviline when you go to the druggist.

BELIEVE TRAITOR SOLD FRENCH SECRETS

France Must Reconstruct Whole Manual of Naval Tactics.

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POLICE HUNT FOR KIDNAPPED CHILD

All Efforts To Solve a Strange Mystery in Montreal Prove Futile.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 16.—The mystery surrounding the kidnapping of the 12-month-old daughter of Peter Johnston, of Montreal west, is being investigated by Chief Carpenter, but so far many hours of careful search are unrewarded by anything like success.

The circumstances surrounding the kidnapping are of an unusual character.

Mr. Johnston a little over a year ago decided to adopt a child, and he had none of his own. He made application to Mrs. Sillis, 150 St. George street.

On Oct. 24 last year he was informed that a 2-day-old girl awaited his coming, and the child was at once taken to his home and placed in the charge of his housekeeper, Mrs. Arkwright. They both grew to love the child, and Mr. Johnston was happy in the thought that some day his adopted daughter would inherit all he owned on earth.

Last week, Wednesday, a man who resides at Blue Bonnets and is known to Mr. Johnston, appeared at the Johnston home with a stranger. Mrs. Arkwright was induced to go for a drive with the strange man and take the baby with her. The Blue Bonnets man left them.

Mrs. Arkwright says that they drove into Montreal and the stranger told her that he lived at 26 St. Louis street. When they reached St. Lawrence and LaSalle streets, the man got out of the buggy and made some excuse for taking the baby with him. She waited a long time, then realized that the child had been stolen and made her way home and informed Mr. Johnston of what had happened. He was grief-stricken over the kidnapping.

All the Blue Bonnets man could say was that he had met the stranger at a hotel and the latter had induced him to go to the Johnston home with him. Mrs. Sillis is much shocked at the kidnapping of the child. It was suggested to her that perhaps the father or mother of the child is responsible for its disappearance. She replied in the negative, and said there are good reasons for believing that neither one knew of the whereabouts of the infant.

Mrs. Sillis suggested that as Mr. Johnston is a man of some means and it was known that he was fond of the child that possibly it had been stolen with a view to a ransom.

KILLED HIS WIFE

Former Canadian Shoots Spouse in Trolley Car and Makes His Escape.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 17.—A Los Angeles dispatch says that he had shot his wife on a Los Angeles street car on Aug. 19, Frederick D. Cook gave himself up at the southwestern detective agency. Cook said he was separated from his wife and children after the San Francisco earthquake, and later learned that she was in Los Angeles. Going there he discovered her, threatening her with instant death if she refused to give up her children. In order to gain time she consented to take him to the place where they were. His suspicions being aroused at the long trip of the car, he charged her with playing false, and on her denying that she would disclose the hiding-place next day, Cook pressed the muzzle of his revolver against the body of his wife and began shooting. She fell dead, and the passengers fled to the platform. Cook covered the train with his gun and escaped in the darkness.

Mrs. Cook was a Miss Jennie Harvey, daughter of Mr. Henry Harvey, of Linkletter, P. E. I. Cook formerly lived in Summerside.

WANT LOWERED RATES

Canadian Manufacturers' Association Make Complaint Over New Tariff.

Toronto, Nov. 17.—Because of the delay on the part of the railroads in enforcing the new schedule of freight rates ordered by the Dominion railway commission, the railway and transportation committee of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association has entered a protest. A meeting of the latter committee was held yesterday, and a communication dispatched to the secretary of the commission calling attention to the fact that the railways had not yet put in force the new rates which were ordered on July 6 of this year. It was further pointed out that the railways had promised to have the new rates in working order by Nov. 15.

"We protest against further delay being allowed and request the board to take immediate action to enforce this order," read part of the message sent to the commission. "The association requests the board to answer this message, since shippers all over Ontario are looking forward to expect a reduction in rate."

An official of the Canadian Freight Association said that an immense amount of work was entailed in preparing a new schedule, and many United States roads had to be consulted on the question. He further added that it might be two months before the schedule was completed.

THE EXTREME PENALTY.

Telluride, Col., Nov. 16.—H. A. Thiley, former city clerk and also clerk of the school board, who confessed to embezzling over \$40,000 from the school fund, and in the neighborhood of \$12,000 from the city and from the treasury of a fraternal organization, of which he was an officer, pleaded guilty yesterday. He was sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of 33 to 42 years. This is the extreme penalty for the crime.

From Suspension Bridge via Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tuesday, Nov. 26. Particulars 54 King Street East, Toronto.

YOUNG CANADA TO SHOOT AT BISLEY

A Team of Boys May Compete Against Lads of the Empire.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—Will Canada send a team of eight boys to Bisley to compete against the empire at the famous English rifle ranges?

This is the proposal that comes from England in the form of a letter from Dr. Hanson, who is at the head of the Lord Roberts Boys in London, and to defray expenses by selling a postcard which Lord Roberts is having prepared. Dr. Hanson, who is at the head of the Lord Roberts Boys of London, urges Inspector Hughes to send a team of four or eight boys next year, and says: "Mrs. Hanson will mother the boys, and Mr. Alfred Mossely has offered private hospitality for them if necessary while they are in England."

Inspector Hughes thinks that the Canadian Government should bear at least part of the expense of sending the team over, and the towns and cities represented in the team would be also expected to contribute.

The inspector is bound to make a success of it. He has written to Dr. Hanson, strongly commending the suggestion, and finding in it a factor to strengthen the imperialist spirit throughout the empire.

LAD CHARGED WITH STEALING GOLD WATCH

In the juvenile court this morning a youth, who has been mixed up in several sensational events, recently, again appeared on a charge of stealing a Raleigh farmer a handsome gold watch and a ring set with brilliant stones. The lad in question has already been sentenced to a long term, but it is understood that his appearance in court this morning was ordered so that if possible some associates, whom the police believe aided the lad, might be located. The magistrate, however, decided to enlarge the case for a week.

In the police court this morning the charge of fraud preferred against John E. Cooper by Mr. C. H. Armitage, was dismissed and Mr. Cooper found not guilty.

On first-time drunk was allowed to go.

THE BULLDOG OF BERLIN

Editor Harden, the Most Hated Man in Germany Today.

Berlin, Nov. 16.—"The Berlin Bulldog," is the latest name given to Maximilian Harden, who is today the most talked-of man in Germany. But the one is a nickname and the other an assumed name, and neither is the true name of the fearless editor who has squashed the "Round Table"—the most infamous camarilla that ever plotted against a government and entangled a king.

Harden's real name is Max Witkowski. He is a Jew, of Polish-Jewish descent, and it is this racial fact, as it was the fact in the Dreyfus case, that lies at the bottom of the bitterness of the fight against Harden, and that possibly explains the acrimony in the fight waged by Harden against the camarilla.

This feeling of racial animosity was intensified also during the trial because of the fact that Harden's counsel was Dr. Max Bernstein, who is also a Jew.

Harden's personal characteristics are as remarkable as his career. He is 46 years of age, stands five feet eight inches high, and has a head whose domelike height above the ears reminds one of the pictures of Sir Walter Scott. He has a broad forehead, deep-set eyes, a straight mouth and a jaw so square and powerful that it fully justifies this appellation of "bulldog." As one looks at him it is very evident that nothing can stop Maximilian Harden in any course he chooses to pursue except a dynamite cartridge.

AL FROM INCLINE CAR

Hamilton Young Lady Has a Bad Fall, But Will Recover.

Hamilton, Nov. 16.—Last night Miss Margaret Sturt fell from one of the incline railway cars, while she was climbing the mountain side. She rolled off the trestle and fell to the ground fifteen feet below. One of her wrists was broken in two places and she suffered from a severe scalp wound. At first it was thought she had been injured internally, and might not recover, and she was hurried to the hospital. This morning the hospital authorities said that she was getting along nicely and would likely be about again in a few days.

NOT HIGH ENOUGH.

Hamilton, Nov. 16.—The court of revision this morning threw out the appeal of Martin Malone, a lawyer, against the assessment of the estate of the late Edward Martin, K. C. Mr. Malone claimed that the assessment was not nearly high enough and appealed to the court to increase it. Several technical objections were raised on behalf of the court, finally decided to throw out the appeal. Mr. Malone will now take the matter before the county judge.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

TO HAVE RAILWAY FAR TO THE NORTH

From Liverpool to Yokohama By Way of the Hudson's Bay.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 16.—A syndicate of New York and London capitalists has been organized to build a direct line between Fort Churchill, of Hudson Bay, and Fort Simpson, on the Pacific Coast. The road, which is announced as a certainty, will shorten the route from Liverpool to Yokohama 2,678 miles. It will be 200 miles north of any other transcontinental line and will open up one of the richest farming and mining countries in the world.

The Fort Simpson and Eastern Railway Company, which is to build the road, is capitalized at \$100,000,000. David B. May, ex-special agent of the United States department of the interior in Alaska, is secretary. He spent sixteen years in the great Northwest investigating the possibilities of a railway, and it may be said that he is the founder of the new undertaking.

Not Cold and Barren.

"I have always believed that the plan was feasible, but I had great trouble in convincing people that the Northwest country is not cold and barren," said Mr. May recently. "The country has been little explored and most people believe it to be cold and barren. It is just the opposite. The chinook winds sweep across the level land, and the sun makes it almost tropical. I have never seen such crops of wheat as are raised in the Northwest. The country is also wonderfully rich in minerals, and there are billions of tons of fine asphalt."

Our road will be 1,450 miles long. We expect to run trains from Fort Simpson to Churchill in from 30 to 35 hours. We have already obtained terminal facilities at both places, and in six days expect to have our surveyors started. The road will supply an almost direct route from Liverpool to Yokohama. From Liverpool to Churchill the distance is 3,343 miles, and from Churchill to Port Simpson, 1,450 miles, and from Port Simpson to Yokohama, 4,465 miles; total, 9,258 miles. Compare our route with that of other transcontinental roads: Liverpool to New York, 3,406 miles; New York to San Francisco, 3,350 miles; San Francisco to Yokohama, 5,140 miles; total, 11,936 miles. It is seen that we save 2,678 miles of travel.

Hudson Bay Navigation.

"It would also like to state that Hudson Bay is open to navigation seven months in the year, and not frozen over most of the time, as is believed generally. We have contracted for two steamers capable of carrying 25,000 tons, to run from Port Simpson to Yokohama, and have assurances from English capitalists that a line will be established from Liverpool to Churchill."

"The country this road expects to develop has 500,000 square miles of the best wheat land on the face of the earth. Forty bushels to the acre are taken off the farms. I have been all over the country on horseback, and know every foot of it. Another advantage we have over other transcontinental lines is that the Rocky Mountains in Canada are not so high as they are in the south. Where we cross, the highest point is 2,400 feet, as compared with 7,000 feet where other roads cross. The climate is equal to the climate of Maryland. It is thirty degrees warmer than in Winnipeg."

MANY NEW CONCERNS

Industrial Organizations for Various Points in Western Ontario.

Toronto, Nov. 16.—Firms incorporated this week, according to the Ontario Gazette, were:

The North Star Oil and Gas Company; head office, Chatham; capital \$35,000; provisional directors, J. H. Teall, E. C. Jackson, F. T. Merrill, J. W. Cuthbertson and G. W. Brown.

The Peabody's Company, Limited; head office, Windsor; capital \$20,000; provisional directors, S. A. Grigg, W. J. Peabody, T. L. Brent, Lyster, H. B. Peabody and E. S. Peabody.

Moyer Bros., Limited; head office, St. Catharines; capital \$5,000; provisional directors, I. Moyer, E. Moyer and H. L. Moyer.

Bice Regulator Company, Limited; head office, London; capital \$70,000; provisional directors, G. Russell, E. M. Lindsay, V. Waldeck, A. W. Bice and M. Owen.

George H. Rundle & Son Company; head office, Windsor; capital \$20,000; provisional directors, G. H. Rundle, A. F. Rundle and L. Frazier.

The other industries were:

The United Agency Companies; head office, Peterboro; capital \$50,000.

McDougall & Cuzner; head office, Ottawa; capital \$30,000.

The Dominion Artificial Limb Company; head office, Toronto; capital \$40,000.

The Halleybury Club, Limited, capital \$40,000.

DEAD AT NINETY.

Learnington, Nov. 16.—Mrs. Dorothy Wilkinson is dead here at the age of 90 years. She was the widow of John Wilkinson, who died 30 years ago, and had lived in this part of Essex County since she was a child. Mrs. Wilkinson retained her faculties unimpaired until within a month of her death.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain cure for PILES, hemorrhoids, itching, bleeding, and all protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. Get it at dealers or KEMMINGS, BATES & CO., Toronto. DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

BRITISH

The reading room of the British Museum has accommodation for 50,000 books.

There was a loss of \$1,100 last year on the Bristol municipal lodging house.

England yearly sends to India about 2,700,000 umbrellas, which are sold at 36 cents each wholesale.

The Queen has sent a donation of 600 guineas to the London Hospital of which she is president.

A great Irish campaign, the outcome of the Sinn Féin movement, was initiated in London, Oct. 18.

One thousand and ninety-nine students matriculated at Cambridge on Oct. 21, the highest number on record.

It is said 1,000 men will be put on constructional work in connection with the new naval dockyard at Rosyth.

The Rev. Joseph Hall, chaplain to the Duke of Devonshire, at Chatsworth, died on Oct. 20, in his 80th year.

English gloves come very largely from Austria, where in the city of Prague alone there are some 200 glove-making houses.

Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's infant grandson has been entered as member of the East Worcestershire Liberal Unionist Association.

Between the leaves of an old copy of Burns' Poems, bought for 3d at Newcastle-on-Tyne, Mr. W. Biggs, of Carlisle, has found a £5 note.

Swinging on a lamp post has led to the death of Jane Haffie, aged 12, near Gateshead, who struck her head and sustained concussion of the brain.

The largest bonded liquor store in Waterford, containing \$75,000 worth of wine and spirits, caught fire, the damage in all amounting to \$100,000.

The first division of the court of sessions had before it the question whether or not a motor car is a carriage. They decided that it is a carriage.

Wild weather on the coast of Hull and Grimsby have delayed fishing operations, with the result that there is a great scarcity of fish in the market.

A Liverpool paper says that in Scotland the memory of Lord Rosebery's speech at Leith is likely enough to be as enduring as the statute which he unveiled.

An alarming accident occurred at Dobson & Company's shipyard, Walker Hill, on Oct. 19, when a stalling fell, and five men were thrown to the ground.

The notice board in front of a West Cumberland Church announced the subject of Sunday's discourse as "Hell," and below were the words: "All are welcome."

"I've done no work since Charley Peace was hung, and I don't mean to start now," said an elderly, able-bodied man, remanded at Westminster on a begging charge.

There are only three engravers of shorthand in England. One lives at Leith. He has, as a joke, suggested to his two London fellow-workers the propriety of a trade union.

At an English police court the other day, a woman, who stated that she had six of a family, said they had all been at school, but not one of them could read or write."

Carlisle magistrates fined a local tradesman half a guinea for employing a boy of 14 years after closing of the shop in contravention of the new regulations regarding street trading.

The army is about to lose a notable figure with the retirement of Sir Bindon Blood. General Blood has had a very distinguished career, most of his service having been in India.

The average cost of maintenance of boys' reformatories was \$111 in England in 1906, and \$107 02 in Scotland; for girls, reformatories in England, about the same amount, and in Scotland \$117.

FALCONER'S PLEA

Wants Everyone to Work Towards a More United Canada.

Ottawa, Nov. 16.—A strong plea for Canada, more united in sentiment and interest, was the message brought by President Falconer, of Toronto University, to the Canadian Club, at their luncheon on Saturday. It was obvious to all that today we lead a strong, unified life, and on that depended a great deal the future welfare of the country. The ideas of the capital of a country had a greater effect upon the ideas of the people than local opinion, and in this sense Ottawa's influence was being felt in the Dominion.

Ontario had a greater responsibility than any other province. It had benefited more by the inflow of trade, and it was necessary for her to forget local policy, but consider the country as a whole and benefit other provinces to the best of her ability.

He was of the opinion that the newspapers today should give more news of the daily doings of the various parts of the Dominion. Local news was interesting, but a great factor in welding the people together was the news of the country. Newspapers had done good work in that direction, but it could be further enlarged and for the betterment of the education of the people.

On a trip through Iceland

the traveler sees thousands of mountains covered with eternal snow, rivaling the Alps in grandeur; great geysers and innumerable hot wells; waterfalls, one of which the Gullfoss is second only to Niagara in size and beauty; crystal streams and lashing rivers; lava beds of fantastic figures, covered with moss that glistens in the sun like hoar frost, and as a crowning glory, the atmosphere is so brilliant that objects over 50 miles distant appear close at hand.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses removed and sterilized; also manufacture of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds, Brass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street, Phone 797.

First Aid in Cooking

It is really surprising the uses to which Bovril can be put in cooking. It enriches soups and gravies, and adds flavor to stews.

BOVRIL

is more than an emergency food.

A Good Cook Appreciates Bovril.

By Royal Warrant Purveyors to The King



Radway's Ready Relief
For Internal and External Use.
IMMEDIATE ASSISTANCE.
Sold by all Druggists, RADWAY & CO., Montreal, Can.

POPLAR HILL.

Poplar Hill, Nov. 16.—Miss Mary Gabriel has returned to Buffalo, after visiting in this vicinity for a time.

An annual harvest home and fowl supper will be held in the Christian Church, Poplar Hill, on Thursday evening, Nov. 21. A good time is expected and everyone will be welcome.

Packing apples is the order of the day. Mr. E. Zavitz has started out collecting taxes for Lobo Township.

Mr. Albert Latell made a flying visit to this vicinity.

HYDE PARK.

Hyde Park, Nov. 16.—Rev. C. O. Johnston, pastor of Queen Street Methodist Church, Toronto, will give his brilliant lecture, entitled "English, Scotch and Irish," in the Presbyterian Church on the evening of Tuesday, Nov. 19. A rich treat is assured.

Mr. W. K. Ramsay leaves on Monday for Toronto, where he has secured a position with the Excelsior Life Insurance Company. He will be greatly missed, as he has filled very acceptably the position of organist in the Presbyterian Church for the past year.

Miss L. Maud Tanton, assistant public school teacher, has been re-engaged for 1908.

Messrs. G. Watson and D. Gray have returned home after spending several months in the great Northwest. Mr. Watson still retains the good opinion he carried away with him after the first visit.

Our new drygoods merchant, Mr. K. Routledge, is doing a good business, considering the short time he has been established.

The visitors who spent Thanksgiving in the village were greatly surprised to see the improvements made this summer, which chiefly consist of new dwelling houses and cement sidewalks.

A. R. Whaley, selected as general manager of the New York Central and Hudson River Railway, was a freight brakeman on the Providence and Worcester road in 1887.

ALLAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL.
Reduced fares, first and second cabin, now in effect.

Last sailings from the St. Lawrence for 1907:
Virginian Thursday, Nov. 21, 19 a.m.
Tunisian, from St. John, Nov. 30.
Victorian, from St. John, Dec. 6; from Halifax, Dec. 7.

MONTREAL TO GLASGOW.
Scilian sails Thursday, Nov. 21.
Corinthian, from Portland, Dec. 7.

For rates of passage, sailing lists, etc., apply to E. DE LA HOOKE, G. E. W. FULTON, C. P. R., or F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street.

BUILT UP HER HEALTH

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS ECCLESON
She is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Lydia E. Eccleson, 6 Erie St., East, St. Thomas, Ont., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in the same way may be benefited as she was. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a tonic and regulator for female troubles. I suffered for four years with displacement and no one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental suffering those who are thus afflicted. Your Vegetable Compound cured me. Within three months I was fully restored to health and strength and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to obtain such relief when so many doctors fail to help you. Your medicine is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is sold by all druggists and by mail. Write for free booklet.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses removed and sterilized; also manufacture of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds, Brass and Iron Beds, Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street, Phone 797.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the east—*3:50 a.m., 10:55 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:23 a.m., *3:25 p.m., *7:45 p.m., 10 p.m.
Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., *3:15 a.m., 8:50 a.m., *11:13 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m.
Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:20 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9 a.m., *11:23 a.m., 3:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 7:30 a.m., and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations.
Depart for the west—*3:25 a.m., *3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:13 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:05 p.m.
The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:40 p.m. trains stop at all stations.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., *4 p.m., *6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), 11 p.m.
Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:27 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *7:55 p.m. (International Limited).

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—*3:15 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 11:10 p.m.
Depart—6:10 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—10 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.
Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run only except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive—From the east *11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., *11 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., *8:20 a.m., *5:20 p.m.
Depart—For the east—*4:40 a.m., 9:45 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:35 a.m., *8:10 p.m., *11:10 p.m.
Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run only except Sunday. **From Chatham only.

Runs only to Chatham.
PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Depart—5:40 a.m., *6:50 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 7:35 p.m.
Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:15 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 10:30 p.m.
To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley. **Between London and St. Thomas only.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 8:50 p.m.
Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., *10:25 p.m.
*Runs through to Waterford.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

WHITE STAR LINE.
New York-Queensdown-Liverpool.
N. Y. Plymouth-Cherbourg-Southampton.
New York and Boston-Mediteranean.

LEYLAND LINE.
Liverpool-Liverpool Direct.
E. DE LA HOOKE, SOLE AGENT.

AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y. Plymouth-Cherbourg-Southampton.
Philadelphia-Queensdown-Liverpool.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
New York-London Direct.
DOMINION LINE.

Royal Mail Steamers.
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool (Summer).
Portland-Liverpool Direct (Winter).

RED STAR LINE.
New York-Antwerp-Paris.
E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, Agents.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

California Mexico Florida

ARE THE FAVORITE

Winter Resorts

Round trip tickets are issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System, giving choice of all the best routes, going one way and returning another. Full information may be obtained from E. DE LA HOOKE, city passenger and ticket agent; McDonald, D. P. A., Union Station, Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Palace Sleepers

shops, built with wider and higher berths than the ordinary sleeping cars. Handsomely decorated in restful colors. Ventilation and heating receive especial attention. Equal temperature maintained summer and winter.

Well-Written and Breezy Gossip

STOUT is the richest and most strengthening of malt beers; it contains nearly as much nourishment as eggs, and digests easier. Thin people will find it builds healthy flesh.

✓BEEF is a trace which covers livers, spleen, porter, and, in the practice of Ovario Inertia, supplies the body with most hygienic conditions from Ovario Inertia used in the world; milk, hops, and pure water.

Continued From Page One.

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couple of weeks. Dr. Willson attended the injured man.



44-38861-10000

Those present were A. Anderson, Solicitors—Fraser & Moore.
chairman; A. Robinson, secretary; J. Secretary—Alfred Robinson, Mason
Greer, F. E. Harley, J. M. Ferguson, Temple, London, Ont.

[C.P. B., 144½ 142]

Bear the hall-mark of high quality and good taste. First-grade materials of undoubted purity, cleanliness in preparation and careful handling gives confectionery of this make a secure place in the regard of a constantly increasing number of patrons.

U. S. Steel	28 3/4	29	28 1/2	28 1/2
U. S. Steel, pref.	82 1/2	84	82 1/2	82 1/2

TORONTO.

Toronto, Nov. 18, 1945

	Ask	Bid
[C.P. R.,	144 1/2	143

Those present were A. Anderson, chairman; A. Robinson, secretary; J. Greer, F. E. Harley, J. M. Ferguson,

Auditors—E. J. Dawson, London; H.
C. Sreaton, C.A., London.
Solicitors—Fraser & Moore.
Secretary—Alfred Robinson, Masonic
Temple, London, Ont.

Blackwell. The services were conducted by Rev. Herbert Mackenzie, of the Christian Workers Church, who spoke in a manner that touched everyone deeply.

6,000 head; slow and lower; prime steers \$5 60 to \$6; shipping, \$4 85 to \$5 50; butchers, \$4 to \$5 25; heifers, \$3 to \$4 75; cows \$2 50 to \$4 25; bulls, \$2 75 to \$4 50; stockers and feeders, \$2 75 to \$4 25; heifers, \$2 25 to \$2 75; fresh cows and springers steady.

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[C.P. R.,	144 1/2	143

Woods, common, 5 at 69%; 10 at 69, 25
68; Iron, preferred, 20 at 37; Marconi, 1
at \$2 28% per share; Woods, bonds, 13
at 103; Iron, bonds, 2,000 at 67%; Mexi-
Electric, bonds, 5,000 at 71%; Moisons Ba-
7 at 185; Bank of Toronto, 3 at 205; See
common, 65 at 52.

LOW HAY PRICES KEEP STOCK DOWN

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Monday, Nov. 18.—The farmers don't seem to take kindly to the reduction in the price of hay, as the supply today was light; there were 14 loads on the stand; sales were made at \$15 to \$17 per ton, most of the loads going at \$15.90.

One load of straw sold at \$2.25 per ton. The supply of oats was exceedingly small, there being only three or four loads offered, which sold at \$1.50 to \$1.58 per cwt.

Mr. McIntyre purchased a deckload of live hogs, for which he paid \$5.75 per cwt; this is considerably more than is being offered at the small shipping points near the city. The packers say that the English market is "simply rotten," and prices are sure to be lower.

COBALT

All mining stocks bought and sold. Private wire to Toronto, New York and Boston stock exchanges.

H. G. BECHER, 423 Richmond Street, Phone 213

SUGAR MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 16.—Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 3.50c; centrifugal, 95¢ test, 3.50c; molasses sugar, 2.50c; refined cut, 3.50c.

LONDON.—Nov. 16.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 10s 6d; Muscovado, 9s 4d; beet sugar, November, 9s 4d.

DAIRY MARKETS.

PICOTON, Ont., Nov. 16.—At the cheese board today 13 factories boarded 720 boxes, all colored; 11½c bid; all sold; buyers, Thompson, Seemith and Halliday.

WATERLOO, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Board adjourned for the season; balance of cheese will go forward during the week.

BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Ont., Nov. 16.—At the last meeting of the cheese board for the season offerings were 7,045 white; 740 sold at 11½c; board adjourned until the second Saturday in April 1908.

CINCAGO.—Nov. 16.—Butter—Steady; creamery, 22c; dairies, 21c; packages, 20c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 16.—Butter—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 1,966 boxes.

BROOKLYN.—Nov. 16.—At the cheese board 105 boxes were offered, 505 colored and the balance white; 11c higher bid on board, but none sold.

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PICOTON.

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ST. HYACINTHE.

St. Hyacinthe, Que., Nov. 16.—There were 540 packages of butter offered at 95¢; 112 tubs butter, 25¢.

CORNWALL.

Cornwall, Nov. 16.—The last meeting of the Cornwall cheese board for 1907 was held today, when 641 boxes were boarded, 240 white and 401 colored; all sold except 50 colored, the price being 11½c for white and 11c for colored. The secretary's report showed 33,527 boxes boarded during the season, and the average price was 11.30c for white and 11.10c for colored.

OIL MARKETS.

OIL CITY, Pa., Nov. 16.—Credit balances, \$1.07.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—Petroleum, American refined, 7½d; spirits, 7½d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Nov. 16.—Petroleum, 22 francs.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 18.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.78.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 16.—John Rogers & Co. report: United States steers, 11c to 12c; Canadian, 10c to 11c; ranchers, 9c to 10c; native cows, 9c to 10c; bulls, 9c; trade slow, but firm.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—Receipts, 20,000; market steady to 10c higher; beefs, \$5.25 to \$5.45; cows, \$4.10 to \$4.35; calves, \$5.25 to \$5.45; hogs, \$4.10 to \$4.35; stockers and feeders, \$2.20 to \$2.40.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market 5c to 10c lower; light, \$4.35 to \$4.55; mixed, \$4.10 to \$4.35; heavy, \$3.90 to \$4.10; rough, \$3.75 to \$3.90; pigs, \$3.50 to \$3.75; bulk of sales at \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Sheep—Receipts, 35,000; market steady; with some improvement; 12c to 14c; yearlings, \$4.70 to \$5.10; lambs, \$4 to \$6.60; westerns, \$4 to \$6.50.

BEAN MARKETS.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 16.—Beans—Spot, \$1.95; November, \$1.95; December, \$1.94 asked; January, 1 car at \$1.84, 1 car at \$1.85 per bu.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO, Nov. 16.—Baled Hay—Timothy, \$18 to \$19.50 per ton, in car lots on track; there is no material increase in supplies here.

Baled Straw—Firm, at \$10 to \$10.50 per ton on track.

PRODUCE MARKET.

TORONTO, Nov. 18.—Wheat prices held steady, with little change in quotations. The small amount of wheat grading No. 1 northern has resulted in a speculative price between this and the next grade of 2½c.

Holders ask \$1.12 for No. 1, and \$1.09 for No. 2. Considerable diversity of opinion exists among local traders as to the value of Ontario wheat. No. 2 red was offered on the call board on Saturday at 97c, yet other traders, while admitting the apparent contradiction this figure contains, say they believe their wheat worth \$1, and are holding at this level. Very little trading is being done. It is doubtful if the barley were offered at 76c at the present time it would be accepted. No. 2 was for sale at 75c, but there was no bid for any description on it. Until brewers show signs of replenishing stocks, barley prices will remain nominal. A quiet but steady trade is reported in corn, with prices varying but slightly. The bulk of the supply this week is the lake in the hands of one or two firms.

WHEAT—ONTARIO No. 2 white or red, 96½c to 97c; No. 2 mixed, 96c; Manitoba No. 2, \$1.14; No. 1 northern, \$1.12; No. 2, \$1.09; barley—No. 2, 77c; No. 3 extra, 76c; prices purely nominal.

OATS—No. 2 white, 51c to 51½c outside; raised, 50c to 50½c; outside, 51c to 51½c; to be sold at 51c.

RYE—No. 2 yellow American, 68½c; Toronto freight, No. 2, 69c.

MILK—Butter—No. 2, 22c to 22½c bulk outside; shorta, 23c to 24c.

Flour—Ontario—Winter wheat patents, \$3.90 asked, \$3.85 bid; Manitoba patent special brands, \$3.80; seconds, \$3.50; strong brands, \$3.10.

Butter and Cheese—Steady.

Eggs—Firm.

COTTON MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Cotton—Futures firm; December, 10.34c; January, 10.36c; February, 9.92c; March, 9.90c; April, 10.00c to 10.05c; May, 10.10c; June, 10.12c; July, 10.15c; August, 10.05c bid.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 18.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red western winter, 8s. Futures steady; December, 8s 7½d; March, 8s 7½d; May, 8s 3d.

Corn—Spot steady; prime mixed American, 5s 8d. Futures firm; December, 5s 8d; January, 5s 7½d.

Flour—Winter patents steady, 30s 9d. Hops (in London)—Pacific coast dull, 82s 5d to 83s.

Beef—Extra India mess steers, 96s 9d.

Pork—Prime mess firm, 7½d. Hams—Shut out, 14 to 16 lbs, weak, 45s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 25 to 30 lbs, easy, 55s; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, dull, 55s; long clear middles, light, 38 to 54 lbs, dull, 55s; do, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, easy, 55s; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, dull, 49s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 52s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, dull, 24s.

Lard—Prime western, in tiers, dull, 46s.

American refined, in pairs, quiet, 46s 9d.

Cheese—Quiet; Canadian finest white, new, 60s; do, colored, 60s.

Flour—Prime city firm, 31s 6d; Australian (London) easy, 32s 10d.

Turpetine Spirit—Firm, 37s 3d.

Brown-Common steady, 10s 6d.

Petroleum—Common firm, 7½d.

Linseed Oil—Dull, 25s.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—December-April, dull, 22s 6d.

ADDS \$150,000,000 TO U. S. CURRENCY

Fifty Millions of Panama Bonds Issued—\$1,000,000 Government Notes.

Washington, Nov. 17.—Announcement was made tonight by Secretary of the Treasury, Cortelyou, that for the purpose of relieving the financial stringency the treasury department would issue \$50,000,000 in Panama Canal bonds, and issue, also, 3 per cent interest-bearing Government certificates to the amount of \$100,000,000, if necessary, to run for one year. The bonds sold will be available for collateral in taking out additional national bank circulation and the money realized on the sale of the certificates is to be placed where it will serve the best purposes in furnishing additional currency.

Coincident with the announcement there was made public a letter from President Roosevelt to Secretary Cortelyou, dated today, in which Mr. Roosevelt refers in terms of confidence to the solvency of banks and trust companies, assures the people that the business situation is fundamentally sound, and appeals to the public to co-operate with us in restoring normal business conditions.

The President says, also, in his letter to Mr. Cortelyou, that the leaders in Congress are considering a currency bill which will meet the needs of the situation in a permanent way. The President expressed the belief that the bill will be passed soon after Congress adjourns.

London Man Tells of Deer Hunt Game in Magnetewan District

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"That night we slept in the tent with six inches of snow on the ground, but I never slept better or warmer in my life. It was bulky.

Blessing of Statues in the Cemetery

A crowd of about two thousand people on Sunday afternoon witnessed the blessing of the stations of the cross in the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

The vast concourse of people recalled the scenes during the life, and especially during the terrible journey of Christ to the cross, and his crucifixion on Mount Calvary, conveyed their impressive lessons to the crowd assembled.

All the statues are works of art, and are a credit to the cemetery and the church.

In the center stands a huge cross, while over all the stations of the cross, a statue of the Blessed Virgin, and on the other side is a statue of the Apostle John. This is the station where Christ said, "Son, behold thy mother. Mother, behold thy son."

The statues were all donated by members of the congregation of London.

MAURETANIA OFF ON FIRST TRIP

CARRIES SIX CARLOADS OF GOLD

Liverpool, Nov. 17.—The departure yesterday of the Cunard steamship *Mauretania* on her first trans-Atlantic voyage inspired the mighty crowd that had assembled to a degree of enthusiasm equal to that shown when her sister-ship, the *Lusitania*, sailed away from Liverpool on her first voyage, a few months ago. The weather was cold, and rain was falling, but thousands of persons turned out in the darkness to shout farewell to the latest of all the ocean greyhounds.

Considering the season, the *Mauretania* carried an immense number of passengers, a total of 2,000 being on board.

The consignment of gold carried by the *Mauretania* is believed to be the largest ever transported on one vessel.

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Blessing of Statues in the Cemetery

A crowd of about two thousand people on Sunday afternoon witnessed the blessing of the stations of the cross in the Roman Catholic Cemetery.

The vast concourse of people recalled the scenes during the life, and especially during the terrible journey of Christ to the cross, and his crucifixion on Mount Calvary, conveyed their impressive lessons to the crowd assembled.

All the statues are works of art, and are a credit to the cemetery and the church.

In the center stands a huge cross, while over all the stations of the cross, a statue of the Blessed Virgin, and on the other side is a statue of the Apostle John. This is the station where Christ said, "Son, behold thy mother. Mother, behold thy son."

The statues were all donated by members of the congregation of London.

MAURETANIA OFF ON FIRST TRIP

CARRIES SIX CARLOADS OF GOLD

Liverpool, Nov. 17.—The departure yesterday of the Cunard steamship *Mauretania* on her first trans-Atlantic voyage inspired the mighty crowd that had assembled to a degree of enthusiasm equal to that shown when her sister-ship, the *Lusitania*, sailed away from Liverpool on her first voyage, a few months ago. The weather was cold, and rain was falling, but thousands of persons turned out in the darkness to shout farewell to the latest of all the ocean greyhounds.

Considering the season, the *Mauretania* carried an immense number of passengers, a total of 2,000 being on board.

The consignment of gold carried by the *Mauretania* is believed to be the largest ever transported on one vessel.

The *Mauretania* is believed to be the largest ever transported on one vessel. The *Mauretania* is believed to be the largest ever transported on one vessel.

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The *Mauretania* is believed to be the largest ever transported on

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Is the rule governing every order entrusted to us.
Made-to-order Window Shades a specialty.
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**BURNING OIL,
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D. L. & W. SCRANTON**

Takes the lead of all other coals. Clean, Bright and Free from Clinkers. We sell it as cheap as other Coal—\$7.50 per 2,000 pounds. Try our Pea size for ranges at \$6 per 2,000. Promptly delivered.

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Office and Yards, Horton and William

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

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In educational matters choose the best. The difference in results will help to make or mar your whole future. The well-informed know that Clark's stands as the alpha and omega among high-grade business colleges. Advantages specialties free for the asking. C. H. CLARKE, Pres., 208, 212, Dundas street, London. Phone 703.

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At PAXMAN'S, 290 Dundas St

SHORTHAND

A thorough training under experienced and practical teachers will be a lasting benefit. Do not be satisfied with a system that will not take you to the top of the ladder. We give individual instruction and pupils may join our classes at any time.

THE WESTERN BUSINESS COLLEGE
110 Dundas Street.

WM. C. COO, C. S. R., Principal

**Special for Farmers
CROSS-CUT
SAWS**

We have 200 of these in stock, and will sell
5 feet at, each\$1 40
5½ feet at, each\$1 55
6 feet at\$1 65

This price is COMPLETE WITH HANDLES, and every Saw GUARANTEED, at

The Purdom-Gillespie Hardware Company.
118 DUNDAS STREET.

Drawing-PAPERS

We are showing this week new Wall Papers in Green and Champagne for the drawing-room, which we take a pleasure in submitting for your inspection.

Colerick Bros.
212 DUNDAS STREET

Officials from the New York custom house promise the highest annual record of receipts for the current fiscal year that has ever been known at this point. The figures will be little under \$800,000 for each business day.

Dom Carlos, King of Portugal, is said to be genial, sunny-tempered, kind-hearted and generous. He is a man of exceedingly broad-minded and liberal ideas on the subjects of government and of religion, and is happy in his home life.



We Deliver All Goods Promptly To Any Part of the City.
Phone 909.

The Canadian Packing Co.
125 DUNDAS STREET.

Things That Your Eyes Do Not See

and yet of immense importance, are the hidden parts of a piano. A piano may look all right from what you can see, but nevertheless be skipped somewhere in construction. And to the soundness and perfection of these hidden parts depends in a great measure the permanency of tone. Therefore, it pays to buy a piano that is built by such makers as "Nordheimers," who are known throughout the Dominion for their honorable methods. Get the opinion of those who have owned "Nordheimer's" for years as to their phenomenal durability of tone and all-round excellence.

Nordheimer's
J. J. Gaglianone, Manager



SCRANTON COAL

Have you ever stopped to realize what it costs you every year for coal? If not do so now and economize by trying a ton of Heaman's coal, as they guarantee a saving of ten per cent. If you try one ton you will buy no other.

HEAMAN & SON
Burwell St. and G. T. R. Phone 312.
SEWER PIPE AND CEMENT.

QUALITY STORE

Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour

HARRY RANAHAN
Phone 1024. 515 Richmond St.

SCOTCH JEWELRY

THE demand for silver jewelry set with SCOTCH PEBBLE, AMETHYST and CAIRNGORM is increasing each year.

WHEN buying for this fall's business we nearly doubled our orders over any previous year.

Brooches, Stickpins, Hatpins, Bookmarks, etc., 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, \$1 00, \$1 15, \$1 25, \$1 50, and up.

**DIAMOND HALL
W. G. YOUNG**
Two Stores: 214-674 Dundas St.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Miss Emma Mallory, St. Thomas, returned home last evening after a pleasant visit with friends in this city.

—If you have Unique Theater coupon numbered 841, 8237 or 1344, see Mr. Iken, the manager, as they were drawn in last week's contest for the gold ring.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Johnston, 371 Princess avenue, sailed on Friday on the Empress of Britain for England, and intend remaining in the old country until the New Year.

—Mr. Joseph Thomas, of the Gore road, accompanied by Mrs. Thomas, has returned from a four-weeks' trip to Iowa, where they spent a pleasant holiday among relatives whom they had not seen in many years.

Sew Sub-Postoffice.
A new sub-postoffice was established in the city on the 15th inst. It is called London Sub-Office No. 2; Mr. William McGuffin is the sub-postmaster. The office is situated on the corner of Piccadilly and Matland streets. It will transact ordinary and postal note business, and is now open.

Manufacturers
Of trunks are the ones from whom to buy trunks. All kinds of trunks made to order by the Commercial Trunk Company, Manufacturers, 230 Dundas street, opposite McCormick's.

Buy White House Coffee, 4c pound. It's delicious. In one or two pound tins. F. E. Smythe, grocer, corner Richmond and Hyman. Phone 1291.

Comfortable rubber-tired carriages for theater. Huston's Livery.

All kinds vegetables fresh daily. F. E. Smythe, grocer, corner Richmond and Hyman. Phone 1291.

Our new department of
GLASSWARE and CHINA
has a number of sales to its credit this week. We will be pleased to show it to you if you will call.
Our grocery stock is being built up every day with the choicest of necessary groceries—call.
J. BLOOMFIELD
PHONE 565. 261 DUNDAS ST.

THE ASTORIA SHOE



BROOKLYN MODEL.
This style in any of the following leathers: Patent Colt, Box Calf, Gun-metal Calf, Velour Calf and Fine, Soft Kid. Medium soles, or extra heavy for winter wear without rubbers.

Prices, \$4, \$4.50, \$5

Sizes 4 to 12, widths A to E. Sold exclusively by

The J.P. Cook Co
LIMITED.
167 DUNDAS STREET
398A RICHMOND STREET.



Coleo Soap

Is absolutely pure, daintily perfumed. It will keep the skin soft, clean and beautiful. Only.....20c

We have other pure soap at, each.....10c and 15c
Extra choice Castile, per bar.....25c

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists
216 Dundas Street London, Ont.

FISHER

THE NEW FUR IN THE NEW STYLE

BELTZ

PRACTICAL FURRIER



Amusements

Tonight's Performance.
"The Mysterious Burglar," comes to the Grand tonight. Of weird illusions there are at least forty that will puzzle the auditors—trick clocks, secret doors, mysterious stage furniture and settings, all come into prominent play during the four sensational acts of the drama. Many song hits are introduced by the Brooklyn Rose buds and the Garden City Trio.

Guy Bros' Minstrels.
Don't forget to see Guy Bros. at the Grand Opera House on Tuesday, Nov. 19. Their minstrel show this year is better than ever—everything new, special scenery, elegant costumes, best of solo vocalists, funny comedians, wonderful acrobats, artistic dancers, beautiful calisthenic and electrical effects. Watch for the big noon street parade.

"The Burgomaster."
Fresh in an entirely new and scenic dress, and with new costumes, comes "The Burgomaster" to the Grand next Wednesday for one night. In this season's new edition not only will the stage equipment be entirely new, and with the two stars, Gus Weinberg and Ruth White, who were the originals in the leading roles, several old favorites will be seen. Manager William P. Cullen, under whose able direction this new edition of Pirley & Linder's musical masterpiece will be presented, has spared neither pains nor money to make this season's production a most lavish one.

Bennett's Bill.
A troupe of real sons of the desert, the eight Bedouin Arabs, are heading the new, big, greater, "united advanced" vaudeville bill, which opens at Ben-

nett's this afternoon. The act is truly a remarkable one. The work of these Arabians is amazing in its rapidity. Their lightninglike acrobatic and pyramid building stunts are extremely sensational and difficult, and they are sure to win new laurels this week. George Homans' Ten Country Kids is another new big girle act, which New York critics have passed fairly upon. Pretty, new music, clever dances, bright costumes, special scenery, and the humorous lines, all go to make this act one of the season's most brilliant offerings.

Two exceedingly popular and clever artists, Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Crane, are making their initial London appearance in a particularly amusing and interesting comedy, entitled "Am I Your Wife?" which is sure to strike the popular chord here, where such high-class work is so thoroughly appreciated.

Steele and Edwards talk funny talk and play pretty music in a more than pleasing manner, and Ed Grey, the tall tale teller, will deliver a bunch of laugh-producing material in his own peculiar way, while Adam and Taylor, originators of the Italian street musical character on the vaudeville stage, will delight with their offering.

Shields and Rodgers, expert lasso-throwers, and the Bennettograph will bring to an end this great bill, which will be seen twice every day during the week.

LONDON STAFF TO WORK FULL TIME

Reduction of Hours on P. M. Does Not Effect Local Employees.

The order which went into force in St. Thomas yesterday in the Pere Marquette shops that the working day be reduced from ten hours to eight hours per day, will not affect any of the employees in this city. The work in connection with enlarging the roundhouse so that it will accommodate the large engines now running into London is being rushed with all speed, and will be completed in a few weeks.

BRANDS CRITICISM AS JUDAS KISS

Minister Attacks Stand of the University of Chicago Professors.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 16.—At Friday's session of the Bible League of North America meeting the conference's 13-inch theological journal were turned up on the Biblical World, one of the official publications of the University of Chicago. The indignation of the conference was roused by the publication recently of an editorial in this magazine, in which the second advent of Christ was derided and the resurrection of Jesus denied.

The chief address of the day was made by Rev. W. M. McPheeters, D. D., instructor in the Southern Presbyterian Theological Seminary at Columbus, S. C. His subject was "The Influence of Radical Criticism Upon the Bible."

"This question the minister answered with an emphatic and indignant negative. 'Higher criticism is not the Roman's spear,' said he, 'which pierced the side of the Lord. It is rather the kiss of Judas, which, under the pretense of friendliness, aims at the destruction of religion. We, the adherents of liberal faith in every work of holy writ, are contending today for the altar and the hearthstone.'

"Radical criticism such as that voiced by the University of Chicago, proposed to the University of Chicago, to procure themselves better positions by attracting publicity. This aim they can accomplish best by sensational attacks upon what is holy."

"The editorial which the expectation of Christ's second coming is based not on the historical but the imaginative portions of the Bible. But the second advent is mentioned in the Acts, historical book. It is estimated that every twenty-fifth verse of the Old Testament refers to the second coming of the Messiah."

Uses Sarcasm as Weapon.
A paper satirizing the methods of higher criticism, by one of the ministers present, was read by Rev. P. V. Genness. The author, by adopting the reasoning, as he understood it, of the higher critics, sarcastically proved that the Declaration of Independence was not written until after the civil war.

Rev. Dr. C. J. Scofield, of the First Congregational Church, Dallas, Texas, said that the beliefs expressed by the Biblical World, if generally adopted, would work the subversion of all religion.

"These young professors," said he, "have almost reached the point where they consider the Bible not a divine but merely a human document."

The motto of the Bible League of America is "Back to the Bible." Its purpose is to renew faith in both testaments and to oppose the inroads of higher criticism.

COUNTERFEITERS' SECRET

Coins Found in House Once Occupied by Notorious Gang.

Montreal, Nov. 17.—An interesting discovery was made by workmen tearing down an old building at 640 Notre Dame street east this morning. Hidden away for fourteen years and forgotten by even the men who worked with them in days gone by there lay between the flooring and the ceiling in this old building a complete set of

RAISINS

We offer what we believe to be the largest and choicest Valencia Raisins in the city. Three pounds for 25c.

CURRENTS

Choice selected Patras Currants, very fine fruit. 10c pound.

PEELS

The best Imported Candied Peels Lemon and orange, 20c. Mixed, 25c.

SHELLED NUTS

Large selected New Valencia Almonds and Shelled Grenoble Walnuts, 40c pound.

Same goods at both stores.

South London phone, 969.

Dundas St. Phones, 1866 and 317.

T. A. ROWAT & CO.

simple but effective counterfeiters' tools.

The house where they were found was for a time used by the Welshes, famous counterfeiters, who were about 1900 sent to penitentiary for running a counterfeit plant out at Longue Point. The real criminal history of the house now being torn down is that of the famous "Bande du Cheval Noir" (Band of Black Horse), who operated as highwaymen and smugglers until they were broken up by the police in 1893, and most of them were sent to jail. It was not known at that time that they added counterfeiting to their other villainies, but today's discovery seems to place it beyond doubt.

Over \$200 in half dollars and quarters was found. The money was untrimmed, but apart from that it is a very good counterfeit. The pieces have the ring of genuine coin when tossed upon the counter, and only a slight jelling tone in the shine betrays their base origin.

It is a striking proof of how carefully the secret was guarded that, although many minor members of the band were left at liberty when the leaders were sent to jail, no one made any effort to get hold of these utensils. The house has been occupied until a couple of months ago, but the residents did not suspect what was hidden beneath the floors.

TO DRIVE AWAY THE MISSIONARIES

Japanese Reported Opposed To Allowing Them to Remain in Korea.

Seoul, Korea, Nov. 17.—It comes from official "inside" sources that certain Christian missionaries well-known throughout Korea are soon to be made to realize that the Japanese authorities prefer their room to their company. In other words, they are to be driven from the land in which they have long been laboring.

The fact that the men whose presence the Japanese authorities are preparing to rid themselves of are, for the most part, Canadians is likely to contribute very materially to increasing the sentiment against the Anglo-Japanese alliance which is now so strong in British commercial circles in the Orient and which has been so loudly voiced in British Columbia. Some French missionaries, too, are under the ban of Japanese displeasure, but the Canadian contingent is the special target of attack for the reason that the Canadian missionaries are most open and fearless in their criticisms.

Calls Japanese "Barbarians."
It was from these men that the Rev. Dr. McKay, general secretary of foreign missions of the Canadian Presbyterian Church, received, during his recent visit to Korea, the impressions which led him to write the following letter to an official of the Canadian Government.

"I was a Japanese enthusiast until I came here, but I have hanged in spite of myself. They have spent tens of thousands of dollars in writing themselves up and in winning the confidence of Europe and America and thus securing moral support and funds. Yet in reality they are barbarians. Their treatment of the Koreans is scarcely less atrocious than the horrors of the Congo. I am told by one of the oldest missionaries in Korea today that there is not a case on record in which a Korean got justice against a Japanese, however great the offense, and this is made possible, it is believed, because of the British alliance. I am a Canadian, a Korean gentleman called on me the other day and asked whether this was western civilization. He knew Britain's influence in this, although too courteous to say so. I never before blushed for my country."

The Canadian Presbyterians have a number of successful missions in the country, especially in Northern and Northeastern Korea. At Hemeung the head of the mission is Rev. Dr. McKay, who has figured in some of the sensational clashes with Japanese troops as the result of his insistence upon protecting Koreans against what he regarded as Japanese injustice. Dr. McKay seems to be the possessor of a large stock of militant Christianity, and he has not hesitated to show fight when he deemed the occasion warranted it. He is one of the men marked to go. Another is the Rev. Dr. Fenwick, at Wonsan. Dr. Fenwick scolds the idea that Koreans are so far as the treatment of Koreans by Japanese is concerned are better now than they were during the period immediately following the war, when Resident-General Ito and all Japanese acknowledged them to have been bad. He even doubts the sincerity of Resident-General Ito's assurances of fair dealing, and does this openly.

Seek Official Order.
As a result of the open criticism and activity of Drs. McKay, Fenwick and some of their associates, the Japanese authorities are laying their plans to drive them out of the country. Of course, this expression will be objected to as being too harsh. If these gentlemen are induced to leave it will be by the application of some

A Special Sale of

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Size, 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in. only
Regular Value, \$19.75
\$27.50, Sale Price \$19.75

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MARA'S SKIRT VALUES

Extraordinary

Spun Glass Underskirts have appearance and rustle of taffeta silk, with dust frill and flounce, sizes 38, 40 and 42. Special, each.....95c

BLACK MOIRE UNDER-SKIRTS with wide sweep and knife pleat flounce. Yours for, each.....99c

RED FLANNEL Lined Sateen Underskirts, wide sweep and heavy quality. Special.....\$1.25

See our special **REGAL Taffeta Underskirt** with dust frill and knife pleat flounce. Special, each.....\$1.99

HEATHERBLOOM Underskirts. Has all the appearance and rustle of taffeta silk and about half price, colors of black, blue, green, and brown. Special.....\$2.95

Top Skirts Special

Black and Blue Cloth Skirts with hair line pattern, raised seams and panels, sizes 36 to 44. Value at \$4.00, for.....\$2.95

MARA'S, OPPOSITE MARKET LANE

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

We invite you to come and inspect some of our plates. We know we can satisfy you.

Western Dental Office.

S.-W. Corner RICHMOND and DUNDAS. PHONE 15

Dear Madam

If you are thinking of getting

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

We invite you to come and inspect some of our plates. We know we can satisfy you.

Western Dental Office.

S.-W. Corner RICHMOND and DUNDAS. PHONE 15

method which will "save the face" of Japanese authority. In their determination to put a stop to the unfriendly utterances of the British-owned Korea Daily News they were able to obtain an order in council from the British Government. Some similar means will be found to stop the Canadian missionaries or to get rid of them.

HAPPENINGS IN ST. MARYS

Conviction in Liquor Case Sustained by Judge Barrow.

St. Marys, Nov. 16.—Mrs. Frederick Purdue, of Toronto, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. George Smith, and her sons, James, Robert and Vincent.

Mr. W. A. Mason, of Cleveland, Ohio, is visiting his sister, Mrs. James M. Forsyth, corner Wellington and Park streets, and other friends in town.

The rails that are to be laid from the Horseshoe Quarry on the new railway to Ward Water street, weigh 50 pounds to the yard. Some opponents of the electric railway by law a year ago wanted the town to compel the promoters of the scheme to put in rails weighing 90 pounds to the yard. These same persons have no fault to find with rails 50 pounds to the yard for the present steam road.

Several representatives of industrial

firms were here this week looking into the facilities that St. Marys has to offer them to locate.

Judge Barron, of Stratford, gave his decision in the appealed liquor case of John Fredin, of London, against Police Magistrate Stanley's judgment. Judge Barron dismissed the appeal and confirmed the conviction.

The liquor case of James Moir, of the new C. P. R. Hotel, came before Police Magistrate Stanley on Thursday, and was dismissed for lack of sufficient evidence to sustain the charges. Crown Attorney McPherson, of Stratford, prosecuted, and James Henderson, of Toronto, defended.

Mr. Charles Baird, a well-to-do farmer, of Motherwell, fell into the cellar of his residence on Thursday afternoon, fracturing three of his ribs; he was also badly bruised on the body. Mr. Baird being over 75 years of age, the accident is a serious one for him.

Miss Nellie Smith, of Queen street, is visiting friends at Mitchell and Stratford. Mr. Carter, a miner from the Yukon, who was here on Saturday, exhibited a leather pouch of placer gold and a handful of gold nuggets.

An official division of the water used daily in New York city gives each inhabitant 49 times his own weight.

According to the coroner's record, asphyxiation is the favorite mode of suicide in New York city, there being an average of one suicide each three days, while there is about one in four days from shooting.