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Vol 40

Poetry.

GOD'S WAYS.

God speaks to hearts of men in many ways:
Some the red banner of the rising sun
Spread o'er the snow-clad hills, has taught His
praise;
Some the sweet silence when the day is done;
Some, after loveless lives, at length have won
His word in children's hearts and children's gaze:
And some have found Him where low rafters ring
To greet the hand that helps the heart that
cheers;
And some in prayer, and some in perfecting
Of watchful prayer through unwarding years.
And some not less are His, who vainly sought
His voice, and with his silence have been taught
Who bare his chain that bade them to be bound,
And, at the end, in finding not, have found.

JOHN STEPHENS' PERICARDIUM.

BY ELEANOR KIRK.

"Now I am going to tell you just what my husband said to me this morning. Doctor, word for word," and the invalid, Mrs. Stephens, lay back again on the sofa pillows, the very picture of misery. The family physician, who was called on an average to the Stephens mansion three hundred and sixty times a year, drew a chair close to the couch, and waited quietly for his patient to open her book of complaints.

Last night, you see, Doctor, I had an ill turn, and he wanted to come for you; but when I got so he dared to leave me, he concluded then we'd better let you sleep.

Much obliged to him, said the Doctor, with a little sarcastic emphasis on the personal pronoun. Last night was the first undisturbed night's rest I have enjoyed for a week.

Mrs. Stephens continued: This spell was the same as I had the last time you were sent for, Doctor.

"A slight nervous attack," broke in the physician, "nothing more."

Well, it didn't make any difference what you call it, it was mighty hard to bear; but let me tell you what my husband said first, Doctor, before we go into symptoms. When he was going down to breakfast, he says to me, "Kate, what shall I send you up?"

Says I, "I don't want anything but a strong cup of tea. Tell Bridget to send it up in the little teapot." I saw, Doctor, that he didn't move after I said this, so I turned and looked up at him, and such a picture of rage and disgust I never saw in my life. Finally, says he, "Tea! tea! tea! it's nothing but tea from morning till night. Kate, says he, you are the color of a chameleon now. Why don't you order a good piece of beefsteak, and a slice of brown bread, and a cup of chocolate; that would be a sensible breakfast!"

But John, says I, you forget that I am sick and have no appetite. I was all ready to cry, but I was determined that he shouldn't have the satisfaction of seeing the tears fall.

Forget, says he; forget? I wish to Heaven I could forget! He nothing but grunt and groan from one year's end to the other! I have lost all patience with you, says he. When we lived in part of a house, and you did your own housework, you were as well and happy as anybody, and no man ever had a pleasanter little home than John Stephens; but what have I now to leave, or come back to? and this Doctor, is what he ended up with.

Kate, says he, you are nothing more nor less than a drunkard! and in the sight of God, more culpable than most of the men who stagger thro' the streets; because the majority of those poor devils have some sort of an excuse for their conduct, and you haven't the slightest. You have a luxurious home, a husband doing his level best to make you happy—everything under the light of the sun to please you, and yet you will persist in swilling tea. Yes, Doctor, 'swilling' was the word he used—'boo! hoo! hoo! Oh dear me! to think I should ever have lived to have heard such dreadful language out of my husband's mouth; and then says he—'and making me as miserable a wretch as walks the earth.

Pretty plain talk, interrupted the Doctor, with a shrug of his broad shoulders.
Oh yes, sobbed the victim, and so awfully coarse and unkind. If I had a spell, and died there before his eyes, I don't believe he would have cared a snap of his finger. I tell you, Doctor, there is such a thing as a man getting hardened. Evidently, replied the physician, with a tremor in his voice, a man getting hardened.

But my husband has nothing in the world to trouble him but just my poor health; and I am sure I can't help that. This remark was more in answer to her companion's tone and manner than the one single word that had accidentally escaped his lips, and this the Doctor felt.

Anybody would think, by the way he goes on, continued the irate woman, that I enjoyed myself with spasms, and cramps, and fainting fits. Anybody would think it was a pleasure to me to feel, every time I see a funeral procession, as if the hearse was going to stop at our door next. Oh yes! such a life is very enjoyable, very indeed; the man's eyes grew luminous, and his whole face declared that he considered himself master of the situation; and if Mrs. Stephens had not been so entirely taken up with her own ailments, mental and physical, the honest countenance would have betrayed him.

You say, he began, settling himself in the large easy chair, and assuming a strictly professional air, that your husband has nothing to trouble him but your health; how do you know that, Mrs. Stephens?

How? why how do I know anything? By the evidence of my senses. Don't I know that John Stephens has a splendid business that looks after itself? a magnificent income, and money enough to live on the bare interest, as well as a family need to live, if he never entered his office again while he has breath?

But money isn't everything, Mrs. Stephens, proceeded the physician, with a calmness almost theophanous. There are other troubles beside money troubles. How about health, madam?

"Health?" repeated the lady with a smile, she intended to be sarcastic to the last degree. Health, Doctor Ellis! Why, there isn't a healthier or a sounder man than my husband in the country. He eats more in one meal than I do in three months.

There is nothing the matter with your husband's stomach, Mrs. Stephens. Dr. Ellis shaded his face with his hand, and waited further developments. Mrs. Stephens mistook this attempt at forced concealment for emotion, and immediately assumed a sitting posture, brushed her hair away from her forehead, and looked piercingly into her companion's face.

Why do you accent the word 'stomach' so strongly, Doctor Ellis? she inquired in anxious tones. Mrs. Stephens was forgetting herself, and the Doctor blushed as an excellent omen.

Only that I might make you understand that a man's digestion could be most unexceptionable, and yet he be far from sound in other directions.

Then you mean to tell me that my husband is sick?

I do.

Perhaps you will go still further, and say dangerously?

Oh, you desire it.

Oh, Doctor Ellis, how cold and unfeeling you are! I should think you ought to know by this time, and just here Mrs. Stephens broke down entirely, and sobbed as if her heart would break.

Ought to know what, Mrs. Stephens? inquired the Doctor, with uncalculated deliberation.

You ought to know—to know that my husband's health and life are of a good deal more consequence to me than my own.

Ah, indeed, interrupted the physician, with an elevation of his bushy eyebrows, immensely suggestive of a contrary opinion, as well as several excellent reasons for said opinion.

Doctor Ellis, will you be kind enough to tell me what's the matter with my husband?

Mrs. Stephens was now on her feet—tears all wiped away, eyes flashing with resentful spirit, and only a little quiver of the lip, to show how deep a wound the kind heart in her bosom had sustained.

There she stood, reproachfully, defiant, determined, womanly. The doctor was delighted, and such an honest face it was, that he carried round with him from door to door, from sunrise to sunset, every day in the year, that it was a mighty hard matter to keep it from an immediate betrayal of the whole purpose.

Mrs. Stephens said he, you have no cause to be alarmed. If I can only get your cooperation in this business, I feel certain that I shall be able to make a well man of your husband in a few months, at the longest; but, as true as I sit here before you, I cannot do this alone.

Why have I not been informed of this before? broke in Mrs. Stephens, imperiously.

Who was there to inform you, madam? Your husband does not know his condition, and I should really like to be told when you have been sufficiently calm to hear all that was necessary for you to know?

But, Doctor Ellis, I should think you ought to have understood that my own health and comfort are nothing, compared to my husband's. Mrs. Stephens was weeping again. There is no sacrifice I could not make for him.

Cautious creatures! muttered the Doctor; delightful knavery of contradictions! How the mischief should I know, Mrs. Stephens, how much you care for your husband? I am sure you have spent the last half hour complaining about him, is that the way women generally testify their regard for their husbands?

Oh, don't, Doctor Ellis, please don't, pleaded the terrified woman. I will never complain again

never—if you will only let me know what I can do for him. Do you know, Doctor, I had begun to think lately that something must be amiss with him, he was growing so irritable. Poor dear! how wicked and thoughtless I have been.

"This then is the trouble. I shall take it for granted, madam, that you know something about physiology, and can follow me without difficulty?"

Oh yes—yes, for mercy's sake, go on.

Very well, I find that the pericardium—

The pericardium? repeated Mrs. Stephens.

You know what that is, I suppose?

Evidently Mrs. Stephens' anatomical knowledge was limited. She shook her head in despair.

Something about the heart, isn't it? she asked at last.

Yes, the pericardium is the membranous sac that holds the heart. Well, sometimes this sac—it is no matter about particulars, Mrs. Stephens, and Doctor Ellis suddenly came to a stand still.

It is enough, thought, for me to say that we are both passably anxious that this heart should remain where it belongs. Mr. Stephens must be amused. He wants the opera, the lecture, the social circle, entertaining books—a happy home—music. You play and sing, do you not, Mrs. Stephens?

Oh yes—I used to, and Mrs. Stephens' answer was so pitiful now that big Doctor Ellis really and truly was obliged to wipe both his eyes and his nose. Before he was aware, the lacrymal duct had got the upper hand. Well, try it again; get a teacher, and go to practicing.

But how am I going to manage my spasms? sobbed the lady.

Well, perhaps between us both—you trying your will power, and thinking of your husband, going out with him, and taking care of him—and I doing my best in my way, we may be able to subdue them; but you must remember this, madam—do not let Mr. Stephens have the faintest suspicion that you think anything is the matter with him; and above all, do not treat him like an invalid. Just amuse him, and all that you know just as you used to when you were first married.

Another series of sobs from Mrs. Stephens. The Doctor arose to go. His patient had entirely forgotten that he had left no prescription.

About tea, Doctor? who asked as he prepared to leave. Do you think it very hurtful?

As an occasional tonic, I have no objection to tea; but as a daily beverage, madam, it is an invention of the devil. Good morning.

John Stephens sought his home that evening with a heavy heart. His wife he loved as a confirmed invalid, or hypochondriac—if not a little which; one was as bad as the other. His remonstrances and pleadings had proved of no avail; he was doubtful even whether his wife loved him. He opened the door softly with his latch key. This had become habitual; seldom did the gentleman show himself to his wife until after the dinner bell had summoned the family to the dining room.

A strain of music met and transfixed him for the very threshold. Ah! a beautiful song was being rendered, and his wife was the musician. He was just in time to hear—

"The eyes that cannot weep"

Are the saddest eyes of all."

For a full year this charming voice had been as silent as the grave.

Company, perhaps, he muttered. Curiosity overcame him. He opened the parlor door and peeped in. There was Mrs. John Stephens, he was sitting at the piano, as usual, over the fine rendition of a piece of music as he had ever seen her.

What does this mean, Kate? he asked, with outstretched arms.

That I have given up tea, and am going to try hard and be well! I guess my voice will all come back, John.

I guess so, he replied, folding her tight to his heart.

Three months after this, the cure was so radical, that Doctor Ellis made a clean burst of the whole thing; and there is no word or set of words that can provoke so hearty a laugh in the happy home of the Stephens as this physiologically scientific one—

Pericardium.

The following is a touching epitaph:

Stranger pause—My tale attend.

And learn the cause Of Hannah's end.

Across the world the wind did blow,

She latched a cold What laid her low.

We shed a quart Of tears 'tis true,

But life is short—Aged 82

A WITTY COMPLIMENT.—So witty a compliment is rarely made as that of Sydney Smith's to his friends Mrs. Tighe and Mrs. Cuffe: "Ah, there you are—the cuff that every one would be glad to wear, and the tie that no one would loose."

Here is the latest description of a kiss: "Two

night. A real couple stood in the pale, cold moon beams. Their lips touched, and there was a sound like a cow humping her hoof out of the mud."

THE STOLEN NOTE.

Except that he indulged too freely in the use of the intoxicating cup, John Wallace was an honest, high minded man. His one great fault hung as a shadow over his many virtues. He meant well, and when he was sober he did well.

He was a better by trade, and by industry and thrift he had secured money sufficient to buy the house in which he resided. He had purchased it several years before for three thousand dollars, paying one thousand down, and securing the balance by mortgage to the seller.

The mortgage rate was almost due at the time circumstances made me acquainted with the affairs of the family. But Wallace was ready for the day; he had saved up the money—there seemed to be no possibility of an accident. I was well acquainted with Wallace, having done some little collecting and drawn up some legal documents for him. One day his daughter Annie came to my office in great distress, declaring that her father was ruined, and they should be turned out of the house in which they lived.

Perhaps not, Miss Wallace, said I, trying to console her, and give the affair, whatever it was, a bright aspect. What has happened?

My father, she replied, had money to pay the mortgage on the house in which we live, but it is all gone now.

Has he lost it?

I don't know; I suppose so. Last week he drew two thousand dollars from the bank and lent it to Mr. Bryce for ten days.

Who is Mr. Bryce?

He is a broker. My father got acquainted with him through George Chandler, who boards with us and who is Mr. Bryce's clerk. Does Mr. Bryce refuse to pay it?

He says he has paid it.

Well, what is the trouble then?

Father says he has not paid it.

Indeed! But the note will prove that he has not paid it. Of course you have the note.

No, Mr. Bryce has it.

Then of course he has paid it.

I suppose he has, or he could not have the note.

What does your father say?

He is positive that he never received the money. The mortgage, he says, must be paid tomorrow.

Very singular. Was your father—I hesitated to use the unpleasant word which must have grated harshly on the ear of the sensitive girl. Mr. Bryce says father was not quite right when he paid him, but not very bad.

I will see your father.

He is coming up here in a few moments—I thought I would see you first and tell you the facts before he came.

I do not see how Bryce could have obtained the note unless he had paid the money. Where did your father keep it?

He gave it to me, and I put it into the secretary.

Who was in the room when you put it into the secretary?

Mr. Bryce, George Chandler, my father and myself.

The conversation was here interrupted by the entrance of Wallace. He looked lean and haggard, as much the effect of anxiety as from the debauch from which he was recovering.

She has told you about it, I suppose, said he, in a very low tone.

She has.

I pitied him, poor fellow; for two thousand dollars was a very large sum for him to accumulate in his little business. The loss of it would make the future look like a desert to him. It would be a misfortune which one must undergo to appreciate it.

What passed between you on that day?

Well, I merely stepped into his office—to tell him not to forget to have the money for me tomorrow. He took me into his back office, and as I sat there, he said he would get the money ready the next day. He then left me and went to the front office where I heard him send George out to the bank to draw a check of two thousand dollars; so I supposed he was going to pay me then.

I had you the note with you?

No, now I remember, he said, he supposed I had not the note with me, or he would pay it. I told I would come the next day, and would have it ready; that was yesterday.

When I came to look for the note it could not be found. Annie and I have hunted the house all over.

You told Bryce so?

I did. He laughed and showed his note, with his signature crossed over with ink, and a pencil hole through it.

It is plain, Mr. Wallace, that he paid you the money as alleged, or he obtained fraudulent possession of the note, and intends to cheat you out of the amount.

He has never paid me, he replied firmly.

Then he obtained fraudulent possession of the note. What sort of a person is this Chandler who boards with you?

A fine young man. Bless you, he would

do nothing of the kind.

I am sure he did not, repeated Annie, earnestly.

How else could Bryce obtain the note but through him? What time does he come home at night?

Always at ten time. He never goes out in the evening.

But, father, he did not come home till ten o'clock the night before you went to Bryce's. He had to stay in the office to post books, or something of that kind.

How did he get in?

He had a night key.

I must see Chandler, said I.

No harm in seeing him, added Mr. Wallace; I will go for him.

In a few moments he returned with the young man Chandler, who, in the conversation I had with him, manifested a lively interest in the solution of the mystery, and professed himself ready to do anything to forward my views.

When did you return to the house on Tuesday night?

About twelve.

Twelve, said Annie; it was not more than ten when I heard you.

The clock struck twelve when I turned the corner of the street, and Chandler, positively.

I certainly heard some one in the front room at ten, said Annie, looking in astonishment at those around her.

We're getting at something, said I, how did you get in?

The young man smiled, as he glanced at Annie, and said:

On arriving at the door I found that I had lost my night key. At that moment a watchman happened along, and I told him my situation. He knew me, and taking a ladder from an unfinished house opposite, placed it against one of the second story windows, and I entered in that way.

Good! Now who was it that was heard in the parlor at ten, unless it was Bryce or one of his accomplices? He must have taken the key from your pocket, Mr. Chandler, and stolen the note from the secretory.

At any rate I will charge him with the crime, let what may happen. Perhaps he will confess when hard pushed.

Acting upon this thought, I wrote a lawyer's letter—demanding against you, etc.—which was immediately sent to Mr. Bryce. Cautioning the parties not to speak of the affair, I dismissed them.

Bryce came.

Well, sir, what have you got to say to me? he asked stiffly.

A claim on the part of John Wallace, for two thousand dollars, I replied, showing over my papers and appearing supremely indifferent.

Paid it, he said, short as pie crust.

Have you? said I, looking him sharply in the eye.

The rascal quailed. How that he was a villain.

Nevertheless, if within an hour you do not pay the two thousand, and one hundred dollars for the trouble and anxiety you have caused my client, at the end of the next half hour you will be lodged in jail, to answer a criminal charge.

What do you mean?

I mean what I say. Pay, or take the consequences.

It was a bold charge, and if it had been an honest man I should not have dared to make it.

I have paid the money, I tell you, said he.

I have paid the money, I tell you, said he.

Where did you get it?

I got it when I paid the note.

When you solemnly entered the house of John Wallace, on Thursday night at 10 o'clock, and took the said note from the secretary.

You have no proof, said he, grasping a chair for support.

That is my lookout. I have no time to lose. Will you pay, or go to jail?

He saw the evidence. I had was against his denial, and he drew his check on the spot for twenty-one hundred dollars, and, after begging me not to mention the affair, he sneaked off.

I cashed the check, and restored to Wallace's house. The reader may judge with what satisfaction he received it, and how rejoiced were Annie and her lover. Wallace insisted that I should take the one hundred for my trouble, but I was magnanimous enough to keep only twenty. Wallace signed the pledge and was ever after a temperate man. He died a few months ago, leaving a handsome property to Chandler and his wife, the marriage having taken place shortly after the above narrated circumstances occurred.

Ladies in delicate health should go to Colorado. The case of Mrs. Prather of Golden City shows the wonderful restorative effects of the climate. She could not even see her room when they lived in Ohio, but in less than a year after her arrival in the territory, she changed her bed and a mile and a quarter with a pitchfork.

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DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Speech of Hon. S. L. Tilley.

[Special to Daily News.]

OTTAWA, Oct. 31st.

THE HON. S. L. TILLEY, Minister of Finance, commenced by remarking that he had been in public life for over 20 years, and in all that period had never been called upon to discuss a question of more vital importance than that now occupying the attention of the House. He would not undertake to support his case by making counter charges against the Opposition, but hoped to be able to show that, upon the charges which had been made against the Government, they were not deserving of condemnation. The charges included the McMillen letters and published correspondence. They had also been charged with delaying the Oath's Bill, and violating the rights of Parliament, and these charges the Government were prepared to meet. It had been charged in the House and in the country, that Sir John secured the disallowance of the Oath's Bill. While in England, he (Mr. Tilley) had late conversed with Earl Kimberley and was told by him that no one had tried to influence him. He (Kimberley) regretted that the law compelled them to disallow the bill. He (Mr. Tilley) knew why Blake and Dorian had refused to accept the Commission and thus prevent the investigation. He could imagine them saying, "we will not accept this Commission, and by this means we will throw the blame on the Government, meanwhile, we will publish Sir Hugh's letters, and hold public meetings to endeavor to arouse public indignation. On the 13th of August we will assemble in force, and Government will not be able to rally their followers, and this McMillen 'expose' will bring over some weak ministerialists. We will then be able to get a verdict against the Ministers, and drive them from power." (Cheers.) Under these circumstances the Government were perfectly justified in subsequently proroguing Parliament and appointing a Royal Commission, in order that the investigation might proceed, and be conducted under oath. When the McMillen letters were published he (Tilley) was spoken to by warm friends, and was advised to free himself from the responsibilities of the position, but he told them that he had the strongest assurance from Sir John that the charges were untrue, and consequently would not, by word or deed, prejudice Sir John's position. (Cheers.) Subsequent investigation convinced him that Sir John put himself under obligation to Sir Hugh, and never gave him any privileges in connection with the Pacific Railway. What was the position of affairs about the time Sir Hugh subscribed the money? Sir George writes a letter referring to the amalgamation of Allan's and Macpherson's companies, in which Sir George says that in case of the failure of amalgamation, the contract should be given to Allan's Company. This letter was sent to Sir John and he immediately repudiated the letter and it was forever withdrawn. (Loud cheers.) Efforts were made to amalgamate, and failed. If Sir John had sold the contract, why did he not then give the contract to Sir Hugh's Company. On the contrary, it was refused. That company dissolved and the Government formed an entirely new one of men from all parts of the Dominion, in which Sir Hugh did not enjoy any extra privileges. Sir John's actions all through showed that he was careful to place restrictions on Sir Hugh, and had Sir Hugh been promised the contract he would have demanded it, while if Sir John had promised it, it would have been impossible for him to have acted all through on every important point, in opposition to Sir Hugh's views. (Cheers.) The letter of July 26th gave no reason why Sir Hugh should pay so much money. The letter provided that Sir Hugh's Company should have four Directors and Macpherson's five, thus giving Macpherson Company advantages over the other, and who ever heard of him (Macpherson) paying large sums of money for those privileges. They only want to show that in the Company finally formed, Sir Hugh obtained no advantages, and there was nothing to show that Sir Hugh received or was promised anything that accounted for his expenditure of money. He (Mr. Tilley) believed that Sir Hugh's enterprises were of such a nature that he would spend money to carry out the Pacific Railway policy, even though he never took stock in, or built a foot of the road. He (Mr. Tilley) felt as sure as he felt of his own existence that the Government or any member of it never gave and never promised to any man or Company any advantages in connection with the Pacific Railway that would not be given to any Company. After discussing the question of expenditure at elections, Mr. Tilley gave his reasons why he refused to desert the Government. Apart from the charges he (Mr. Tilley) was not prepared to revise the policy which was making Canada so prosperous. He was not prepared to support Mr. Mackenzie's policy of building the Pacific Railway in a hundred years. (Cheers.) He could not support a man who, last year, in the House, struck a deliberate blow at the constitutional rights of New Brunswick. With reference to this charge, he did not believe it, and consequently would stand by the Premier whether the result were followed by victory or defeat. (Great cheering.)

Mr. Tilley spoke fluently and earnestly, and was listened to by the Opposition with more attention than has usually been given to Ministerialists. His argument was sustained throughout, and his appeals were eloquent, calling forth repeated cheers.

A NEW TELEGRAPH SYSTEM.—It is now announced that the formation of a new system or combination of telegraph companies is about to be consummated. The project has been in contemplation for some time, but has been hitherto, it is said, in consequence of the acquisition of the Western Union Telegraph

Company by the Vanderbilt party. A company has been formed in England, with a capital of £2,000,000, for the purpose of laying a cable between the United States and England, the terminus on this side to be at some point on Long Island. The directors include prominent English and American capitalists. A large portion of the cable is said to be already constructed, and all the contracts, if not already signed, soon will be. When laid, the cable is to be connected with the Automatic Telegraph Company, which is now in operation.

Treaty with the Indians.

The 'Manitoba' of 11th ult., gives a long account of the various incidents connected with the treaty lately made between Governor Morris and the various tribes of Indians inhabiting the country between Thunder Bay and Fort Garry. The place of meeting was the North West Angle, and the time fixed the 24th September. The Commissioners arrived on the day appointed, but the Indians made various excuses for not proceeding immediately to business. Still it was not till the 1st of October, that matters were brought to a hearing. Finally, the Governor's offer was accepted by all, and the final meeting was arranged for next morning. At time agreed on all were present, and it was announced by the Fort Francis Chiefs that they would accept his Honor's terms with a few modifications. For five hours thereafter the particular terms were debated. At last everything was settled and the treaty finally closed and signed. After which a large quantity of clothes and provisions, ammunition, and other goods, were distributed, and all parted in great good humor. In this way the Indian claim has been quieted over 55,000 square miles.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, NOV. 5, 1873.

School Examinations.

We stated last week, that the half yearly school examinations which were being held, would be noticed in this day's issue. Before entering upon particulars, we feel it a duty to state, that a large number of parents appear to take very little interest in the progress made by their children at school, as the examinations were conspicuous in one sense, by their absence. It was just as bad under the old law, and has an injurious effect upon teacher and pupils; it is to be hoped that at future examinations this evil will be remedied. Their presence at the examinations would encourage both pupils and teachers.

ADVANCED SCHOOL, NO. 1.

The pupils in this School, taught by Mr. Vroom, were examined on Tuesday last, by Inspector Mitchell; and the Trustees and a few visitors present. The pupils acquitted themselves creditably in reading, grammar, geography, history, writing and arithmetic. In the afternoon, Miss Smith's school underwent examination in presence of the Inspector, Trustees, Rev. P. Key, and some of the pupils' parents; the scholars evincing marked progress in their studies, very satisfactory to their teacher and themselves.

The pupils of the school taught by Miss Algar, were examined the same afternoon in reading, spelling, arithmetic, grammar, geography and writing; their answers were generally prompt and correct. Miss Morrison's and Mrs. Roger's Primary Schools were next visited and examined; the children showed much aptitude.

THE GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

was examined on Wednesday, by the President of the Board of Directors, Rev. Dr. Kitchin, in presence of the Trustees and a few visitors. One feature in the school, gave much pleasure to the examiner and visitors, viz.—allowing the pupils to question one another in geography and history, which brought out their knowledge of the subjects. The following is the Examiner's Report:

21 Latin, Bryce's Caesar, 9 in class, very fair.
1st Latin, Horace, 2 " good.
1st Reading, 9 " very good.
1st Grammar, 10 " do.
Each 3, classes, 1st, 2d, and 3d books, 13, good.
Geography and History, the whole school, very good indeed.
Greek, 1st and 2d, 5 " good.
French, 3 classes, 8 " do.

It is gratifying to notice the steady progress that is being made by the pupils in the several branches, and the contented and happy appearance of pupils and teachers, and to contrast the present commodious building with the school rooms of the past year.

Owing to sickness, the attendance during the past term has fallen off, yet at the examinations there was a fair attendance, and the schools are now fast filling up.

The pupils were encouraged by remarks from Trustees and visitors; and the Inspector congratulated them on the comfortable and pleasant school rooms, and the Trustees for the efforts they have so successfully put forth, in providing so creditable a building.

SOUTHERN LINE RAILWAY.—A friend at St. George, who takes an interest in all the industries and public works, of the County, informed us that a Public Meeting had been held for the purpose of making a demonstration in favor of the Southern Line of Railway. We feel favorably towards this work, and hope that our Local Government will give it all the assistance which our St. George friends deserve, and that is a liberal bonus. St. George has been heretofore left out in the cold, they should and will have connection with the rest of the world by railway. Our interest in that locality is much larger than our list of subscribers,

but like its ex-representative, we desire to do all the good we can to the place, in our "small way." And have much pleasure in copying from the "Telegraph" the following proceedings of the meeting held at St. George, for the purpose of advancing the building of the Shore Line:—

Public Meeting at St. George.

A meeting of the inhabitants of Saint George was held in the Temperance Hall on Wednesday evening the 29th ult., for the purpose of electing a committee to make arrangements for a demonstration in favor of the Southern Line of Railway, in the shape of a banquet or dinner, to which prominent men from New Brunswick and the State of Maine with the several representatives of the press, are to be invited.

A. H. Gillmor was elected chairman and J. E. Lyndt a secretary. After a sufficient sum to defray all expenses had been guaranteed, the following committee of management was appointed to carry out the object of the meeting:—

J. A. McCallum, George McNeil, J. A. Moran, D. Wetmore, Hugh Ludgate, H. A. Smith, A. J. Seely, Goo G. McGlashan, R. A. Stuart, W. K. Reynolds, K. P. Gillmor, Alfred Menley, James McGill, James McKay, Thomas Dick, M. D.

Hon. S. L. Tilley.

In another column we have copied from the "Daily News," the condensed report of the Hon. S. L. TILLEY's splendid speech on the want of evidence debate. In it there is an evidence of sincerity and truth, which even the Opposition admired. His opinions of the charges were not of yesterday, as he had weeks ago satisfied himself that there was no foundation for them. At the same time he believed it was indiscreet in Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir George Cartier, in accepting large sums of money for election purposes from Sir Hugh Allan. He had been asked to resign and save himself, as he was not believed to be guilty; but like an honest man, having ascertained that the charges had no foundation, he refused to desert his colleagues and join a party which had struck at the constitutional rights of New Brunswick Legislature on the School question. He preferred to fall with his colleagues rather than desert them in the hour of trial.

We can only hope that the Government will be sustained; it will be a sorry day for the Maritime Provinces when the Opposition get the reins of Government. Unlike some others, we cannot play "fast and loose;" we have in our humble way supported the present Government, and should they be upset, we will accept the situation, without believing them guilty. But where in the Opposition are men to fill their places? and how long would they hold them?

A FOUL MURDER was perpetrated in St. John, on Sunday afternoon last. From our city contemporaries we learn that a man, and woman who were leaning on his arm, were passing along Queen street, the sudden report of a pistol shot was heard by a young lady on her way from Sunday School; she looked towards the couple, saw the woman throw up her hand, the man disengaged himself and showed her from him, when she fell on the side walk—dead. The man then placed the pistol to his breast and fired, but the shot not having the desired effect, he laid himself down beside his victim, (who it appears was his wife) and fired another shot into his head, which rendered him insensible. The woman's body was conveyed to the dead house, and her husband's to the hospital, where he was attended by Physicians, but with no hope. The man's name is J. Nicholas Doyle, a native of River John, Nova Scotia, but a resident of Oswego, New York. Jealousy was the cause of the frightful tragedy.

The late Financial panic in the United States, is bearing its fruits. Many of the leading Factories are suspending operations, and others are halting half time. Thousands of operatives have consequently been thrown out of employment, and "hard times" are expected during the winter season.

PROPERTY SALES.—Mr. Hatheway, last week, sold the farm owned by Mr. James Orr, at Locabec, for \$1,000. He is to sell his Stock and produce to day.

Mr. Arvin's farm on the Frye road, was also offered for sale, by Mr. Hatheway, on Saturday last, but was withdrawn.

We learn that the hand-somely modelled vessel at Indian Point, named the "R. Ross," will be launched tomorrow, about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, provided the tide suits.

THE MARITIME MONTHLY for November is received; the articles are well written—the serials are continued and there is a poem, an interesting story, and good extracts. The Editors "Current Events," gives his view of matters political, but many differ from the opinions advanced.

The music of the Turnip waggons is loud and frequent as usual at this season of the year. The crop is not only abundant but of excellent quality; some waggons are already loaded, and others have suit.

The weather is decidedly cool; ice half an inch in thickness formed on Monday night.

PARLIAMENT.—The latest intelligence states one of the members, Mr. Cunningham, had been offered on Sunday \$5,000 or more, by Alderman Hatley, on behalf of the Government for his vote. The House ordered his arrest by the Sergeant-at-Arms. Mr. Haney was brought to the bar of the House, and remanded until 9 p. m.

Sir John A. Macdonald was greeted with long and loud applause on rising to speak. He reviewed the whole subject of the charges preferred by Mr. Huntington, and among other things he showed that the smaller Provinces would be liberally treated were the Opposition to obtain the seals of office. He was still speaking at midnight. It was believed that Mr. Blake would reply to the Premier, and that it was probable the vote would be taken to-day. The Opposition claim that they will have a majority of four, while the Government feel equally sanguine of being sustained.

Telegraphic News.

London, Oct. 31

Several members of the Society of Jesus left Rome Thursday for the United States. The Court of St. James has gone into mourning for three weeks on account of the death of the King of Saxony.

A Rome despatch says the waters of the Tiber are rising. Some streets are already overflowed, and a disastrous inundation is feared.

New York, Nov. 1.

A conflict between builders and masons in New York is likely to occur, the former proposing to reduce the wages.

Nine prisoners escaped by tunnelling them selves out of the jail at Tegel House, Ind., last night, two of them charged with murder.

London, Nov. 1.

Death of Right Honourable Sir William Bovill, Lord Chief Justice of Court of Common Pleas is announced this morning.

The Devon and Somerset railway, which has been nine years building was opened for business to day.

The Tiber is subsiding and fears of a destructive flood have passed.

The volcano of Etna is in a state of violent eruption, accompanied by fearful earthquakes. Portions of the crater have fallen and the mines of sulphur worked for years valued at £300,000 have been destroyed.

The Bank of England has fixed the minimum rate of discount at 8 per cent.

New York, Nov. 1.

The result of the investigation into the affairs of A. W. Sprague's Manufacturing Co., of Providence resulted in a proposition to merge the entire property nineteen and a half millions to three years, drawing semi annual interest, at 75-10 per cent. The proposition is being considered.

The tone of the stock market is weak, feverish and unsettled. Gold, 108 1/2-108 3/4.

London, Nov. 3.

A telegram from Carthagen says the insurgent arrested a Prussian subject, and refused to surrender him on demand of the German Consul, declaring he is a spy from Madrid. Serious complications with the German Government are probable.

New York, Nov. 3.

The International Bridge across the Niagara at Buffalo is completed and will be formally opened to day.

Financial prospects appear brighter and New Yorkers take a more hopeful view of the situation.

The morning journals take a more cheerful view of the financial situation and predict better times ahead.

Gold 107 1/2.

The store and dwelling house of Thos. Simmons, Fredericton, was entered last night and a box containing about \$150 taken from the sleeping apartment of Mr. Simmons and wife. Chloroform was administered by the burglars. No clue to the robbers has as yet been obtained. This is Mr. Simmons' second loss, as on Tuesday night last his store was robbed of 10 1/2 sovereigns.

ANY one who examines the November ALDINE will be surprised at the sumptuousness of its illustrations, as well as the high literary merit of its poetry and prose. Besides the two full-page original pictures, this number contains reproductions of the celebrated steel engravings, which alone would cost at the picture shops no less than thirty dollars. The ALDINE pictures are every way as fine as the steel engravings. The first illustration is a full page view of Lake Mohonk, in Ulster County, New York, by Kruseman Van Elten, of the National Academy. He depicts all the wild romance of the lake in the mountains. Homer Martin has a full page picture of "A White Mountain Brook" grand, shadowy, and silent. "Hocce and its Treasures," after R. Currier, is full of delightful reminiscences at this Thanksgiving season of the year. "A Chance Meeting," and "The First Visit," after Rudaux, are two tender and charming pictures of the love life of an artist—the first a brewery, out of that scene, the second a warm, cosy interior. These last-named pictures are magnificent works of art, surpassingly delicate in tone and sentiment. The other illustrations are "The Robber of the Air," a spirited conflict between birds, by Deiker; "English Mastiff," a group of three noble dogs, by Spelt; "A Masterpiece," a scene full of humor and life; a large view of the grand entrance to the Raiton Cathedral; a very faithful and satisfactory portrait of the late Charles Temple Dix, the artist son of Governor John A. Dix, of New York, by H. Darling; and a sweet little scene of autumn, when "the ripened grain they took from the wain." We can say with truth that no art magazine ever gave its readers a dozen such superb illustrations in one number. The

literary contents of the ALDINE for November are of superior quality and interest. R. V. E. Hale, the popular author, and editor of Old and New, contributes a historical sketch, entitled "Thanksgiving Days." Kate Poitum Osgood, sister of J. R. Osgood, the publisher, sends from France a sprightly story, called "My Neighbor." Elia Polko, a famous writer, has a sweet story entitled "On Drach-enfels." The editor of THE ALDINE writes about "English Mastiffs," "Gem of Art," "A White Mountain Brook," and gives a sketch of the life of Charles Temple Dix. Chaudes Fulton, author of a recent book, has a charming article called "Sunset Scenes;" and Max A. Muller writes of "Translations of American Books in Europe." The departments of music, art, and literature, are filled with carefully written articles on Palladium Society, Progress of Photography, Longfellow, the Cary Sisters, Madame Schwanitz and Thuermer. The other prose articles are "Lake Mohonk," "The Robber of the Air," "A Masterpiece," and "Raiton Cathedral." The poetry in this number is of unusual excellence, comprising a long poem by Mary E. Bradley, entitled "The Little Hero of Harlem;" "The Painted Cup" by W. W. Bailey, and "Coming and Going" by Dr. S. F. Clark, the whole forming a collection of rare gems, not to be found in any other magazine in the world. Mrs. A. H. Leonard, the author of "The English Governors at the Court of Simon," has commenced to write for the ALDINE. Her first article will appear in the December number. Subscription price \$5.00 including carriage, Village Belle, and "Crossing the Moor," James Sutton & Co., publishers, 58 Madison Lane, N. Y.

MARRIED.

On the 3rd inst., at the house of the bride's father, by the Rev. Canon Kitchin, J. B. Taylor, of St. John's, and Mary E. Taylor, of St. John's, daughter of Jacob Haddock, Saint Andrews.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 22, B. B. Gatoomb, Boston, gen. cargo.
25, Franklin, Bannock, Calais, ballast.
25, Julia Clieck, Maleny, Boston, hides, R. Ross.
27, Esch, R. Mahoney, Boston, hides, R. Ross, coal, J. W. Street.
Harris, McQuid, Boston, hides, R. Ross.
30, E. Bowley, Murdoch, Portland, 200 bis. four, Robinson & Co.
Anti-hope, Hynde, Boston, ballast.
Linda, Evans, Eastport, 1st inst.
Nov. 3, Jane, Clark, Portland, do.
4, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.

CLEARED.

Oct. 22, Sch. Bell, Gatoomb, St. John, 3800 bus turnips.
23, Martin Ann, Brown, Eastport, 400 bus turnips.
Will be Carson, Carson, St. John, 3800 bus turnips.
25, Albert, Williamson, St. John, 8800 bus turnips.
Franklin, Bannock, Boston, 2800 bus turnips.
Harris, McQuid, St. George, ballast.
30, D. V. Mahoney, Boston, 2000 s.e.p. R. Ross.
Nov. 1, Oleson, Taitoy, Boston, 2250 sleepers, R. Ross.
Linda, Evans, Eastport, old iron.
3, Pilgrim Progress, Small, St. George, 400 bus turnips.
Good Intent, Johnson, St. John, 1500 bus turnips.
4, Jane, Clark, St. George, ballast.
Painter, Taiton, Eastport, 2500 bus turnips, R. Ross.
Anna, Simpson, Boston, 2000 bus turnips, R. Ross.
Bq. Heppner, Waverly, arrived at Montevideo, previous to 30th Sept.

BAY RUM.

10 Gall. good Bay Rum, for sale at the St. Andrews Disp. Store.
Nov. 5. E. LEE STREET.

Intercolonial Railway.

THE Commissioners, appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give public notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of a "Deep Water Terminal" at Father Point.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineers' Office in Ottawa and Rimouski, on and after the 28th day of November next.

Tenders marked "Tenders for Harbour and Branch Line," will be received at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p. m., of the 20th day of December next.

A. WALSH,
ED. B. CHANDLER,
C. J. BUCKLEY,
A. W. MCKELAY,
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1873. } Oct. 29-41

C. C. Grammar School.

WANTED—A Head Master for the C. C. Grammar School to take charge on the 22nd January next. Salary Eight hundred dollars per annum.
Applications with testimonials to be forwarded to the subscriber on or before the 15th day of December next.

CHAS. ONEIL,
St. Andrews Oct. 28, 1873. Secretary.

[Daily News & Post-Reporter, Im.]

VARIETIES.

"How much a peck for potatoes?" asked a gentleman in the market on Monday morning. The price was a shilling and he was about to purchase, when a thought struck him. "Wait a moment, my good woman," he said, "I fear these potatoes were picked on Sunday." "No, sir, they were not," she replied; "but, to tell the truth, they grew on Sunday."

GEOMETRY.—The science of geometry had its rise among the Egyptians, who were, in a manner, compelled to invent it to remedy the confusion which generally happened in their lands from the inundation of the River Nile, which carried away all boundaries, and effaced all the limits of their possessions. Thus this invention, which at first consisted only in measuring land, that every person might have what belonged to him, was called geometry, or the art of measuring land.—Bow Bells.

Therapists "by hook and by crook" originated in the fact that Messrs. Hook and Crook, surveyors of London, were arbiters of bounds after the fire of 1666, by which boundary marks were destroyed, and their just decisions rendered resort to law unnecessary.

A Jersey paper describes a man as being "as sociable as a batch of candidates two weeks before election."

The first postal card received at Dubuque was from a lady, and marked "Private."

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."—The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union.

Harper's Weekly. Splendidly Illustrated.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.
The WEEKLY is the ablest and most powerful illustrated periodical published in this country. Its editorials are scholarly and convincing, and its illustrations are full and fresh, and are prepared by our best designers. With a circulation of 120,000, the "Weekly" is read by at least half a million of persons, and its influence as an organ of opinion is simply tremendous. The "Weekly" maintains a positive position, and expresses decided views on political and social problems.—[Louisville Courier Journal.]

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1873.

TERMS:
HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year \$4.00
An Extra Copy of either the MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, or BAZAR will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at \$4.00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for \$20.00, without extra copy.
Subscriptions to HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY, and BAZAR, to one address for one year, \$10.00; or, two of HARPER'S Periodicals, to one address for one year, \$7.00.
Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for \$7.00 each. A complete set, comprising sixteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of \$5.25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office address.

HARPER & BROTHERS, New York

Government House Ottawa

Monday, 17th Feb., 1873.
PRESENT,
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Stratford, in the County of Middlesex, Province of Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into an Out Port of Customs and placed under the survey of the Collector of Customs at the Port of London.

W. A. HIMS WORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.

mar 5

NOTICE.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, 4th June, 1873.

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date 30th of May last, has been pleased to order and direct that while Felt, for the manufacture of Hats and Boots, should be admitted free of duty under the Tariff, duty must be charged on all Felted cloth of every description.

By Command, J. JOHNSON, June 18th—Aust. Commissioner of Customs

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby given, that the following Non-Resident Ratepayers of the Parish of Penfield, have been assessed as under, for the year 1873; and unless the amounts, together with the cost of advertising is paid within three months, the properties will be sold according to law:—

Poor & County tax.	Wid. land tax.
John G. Woodward, \$1.48.	\$7.80.
Heirs estate Thos. Shaw, 1.13.	2.00.
Isaac Woodward, 75.	3.13
Wm. SHAW,	
Penfield, March 25 1873.	3m Collector

Government House, Ottawa.

Wednesday, 24 day of April, 1872.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the provisions of the 8th section of the Act 31 Vic. Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the town of Lindsay, Ontario, be and the same is hereby constituted and erected into a Port of Entry and a Warehousing Port.

W. A. HIMS WORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has taken the store recently occupied by the late A. D. Stevenson, corner of Water and William Streets, and has removed his stock of

Groceries, FLOUR, PROVISIONS, &c.,

into that more central position, where he is prepared to furnish the residents of the town as well as his other numerous articles of the first quality, at reasonable prices.

He respectfully returns thanks for former patronage, and solicits a continuance. Having just made large importations, he feels certain of giving general satisfaction. Among the articles are the following:

Flour, Beef, Pork,
Raisins, Currants,
Biscuit and Crackers,
Sugars of all kinds,
Confectionary.
Teas of various kinds,
Clothing of all kinds. Hats & Caps,
Boots, Shoes, and Larrikins,
Buckets, Pails, Brooms,
Canned Fruits in great variety,
and other articles too numerous to mention.

CROCKERY.

He has just opened crates and cases of Crockeryware, and is prepared to furnish Dinner Sets, Tea and Breakfast Sets, Cups and Saucers, Bowls, Mugs, and all other articles in this line. No such stock is to be found in the town, call and see for yourselves.

WEATHER STRIPS

An article necessary for all houses in the winter season especially. No house can be comfortable without them.

Articles purchased at his store will be delivered free of charge, at any place within the limits of the town plat.

He is Agent for the "Travelers Accident and Life Insurance Company" of Hartford, and is ready to take risks on life and accident.

Call and see for yourselves.—J. SHERLOCK.

First quality articles—and reasonable prices. Country Produce taken in exchange.

St. Andrews, Oct. 9, 1872. W. B. MORRIS.

Public Notice

IS hereby given that the following Non-Resident Properties in the Parish of St. George, have been assessed as under for the years 1871 and 1872; and unless the amounts together with the costs of advertising, &c., are paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law:—

James Vernon, 1871.	\$1.30
Gideon Vernon, 1872.	65
James Vernon, 1872.	\$2.24
Gideon Vernon, 1872.	1.12
JAMES MORAN, 1872.	3m Collector.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me for goods purchased from Jas. Bradley, out of my stock and store are hereby notified to make immediate payment only to Patrick McGrath, my agent at St. Andrews, June 24, 1873. S. SHERLOCK.

Assessors Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed Assessors of Rates for the Parish of St. Andrews, hereby give public notice thereof, and that persons intending to furnish statements of their property and income, in writing under oath, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, must leave them at the Post Office, Saint Andrews, within thirty days from the publication of this notice.

B. J. CUNNINGHAM, Assessors of Rates.
DAVID JOHNSON, Rates.
St. Andrews, April 30, 1873.

Notice.

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bay of Fundy

RED GRANITE COMPANY.
held at St. George, N. B., on Tuesday, the 8th July, 1873, the following persons were elected Officers for the year 1873-4:

President, JACOB S. BROWN.
Vice-President, THOMAS BARRY.
Treasurer, DOUGLAS WETMORE.

Secretary, THOMAS BARRY.
Superintendent of Quarries, CHARLES C. WARD.
Agent for the Company in the United States, JOHN M. MOFFITT.

Director, JACOB S. BROWN, New York.
JOHN M. MOFFITT, " "
JOHN E. GREEN, " "
THOMAS BARRY, St. George.
DOUGLAS WETMORE, " "
GEORGE G. MCGLASHEN, " "
CHARLES C. WARD, Banks.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.
St. George, N. B., 9th July 1873. —r

RAILROAD HOTEL,

ST. ANDREWS.

THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the public for the patronage extended to him since opening the Railroad Hotel. Having purchased the property from Mr. Edward Pheasant, he will CONTINUE THE BUSINESS.

Transient and Permanent boarders provided with comfortable rooms on reasonable terms.

GOOD STABLES.—Experienced and reliable hostlers always on hand. Horses and Carriages to let.

COACHES in attendance on the arrival of Trains and Steamers.

M. CLARKE, Proprietor.
St. Andrews, April 17, 1872.

ROYAL HOTEL,

(FORMERLY STURGE).

Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, 110 RICE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N.B.
During the past winter this house has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be reopened on 1st of May next.

Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.

Terms \$2.00 per day.
THOMAS F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.
June 12

Why the Valve Jar is Superior to all Others for Preserving Fruit.

1. Because it is the only one in which the contents can be securely fastened, and hooked, while thus fastened, without risk of an explosion.
2. It is the only one that is automatically sealed, therefore, the only Self-Sealing Jar in the market.

3. It is so simple that no skill is required to use successfully.
4. It is securely fastened when placed in the kettle, and being immersed, the fragrance of the contents is confined in the Jar, a more perfect vacuum produced and the handling of the hot jars entirely avoided.

5. It is well known that Fruit Jars which are closed with rigid fastenings burst by fermentation, and the effect upon the closet and surrounding well understood by many housekeepers.
The cover of the Valve Jar being a perfect safety valve makes an explosion impossible, and entirely obviates every difficulty that exists in other fastenings.

For sale by F. & J. A. WHITE, 101 Charlotte St., St. John sep 10

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
Toilet Articles, Groceries,
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.
St. Andrews,

MADAM JUNCTION
EATING HOUSE.
S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.
Jan. 16, 1872.

Insolvent Act of 1860.

In the matter of Moses Perkins, an Insolvent. NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the above named Insolvent, will be held at the office of Geo. McSorley, Esquire, at Stratford, St. George, Charlotte County, on Thursday the seventh day of November next, at the hour of ten of the clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of the removal of the present Assignee, and for the purpose of ordering of the affairs of the said Estate generally, pursuant to an order of James G. Stevens, J. C. C.

The Insolvent is hereby summoned to attend said meeting.
Dated at St. George, Province of New Brunswick, this 16th day of October, A. D. 1872.
JAMES MORAN, Assignee.

GEO. STEWART, JR.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Chemist and Druggist,
DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE GOODS AND STAPLES, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c., 24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

Orders from the Country promptly executed.

Ships' Medicine Chests Filled and Refilled.
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.
api 12 7-1y

Plans of School Houses.
Education Office, Province of New Brunswick.

FREDERICTON, December 27th, 1872.

TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS are hereby notified that the Plans of School Houses prepared by the Board of Education, will be furnished free of expense to Districts needing them, on application to the Inspector of Schools for the county.

Also, that when the Trustees have selected one of said Plans, a complete set of working drawings of the same may be procured without charge on application to the Chief Superintendent.

THEODORE H. RAND, Chief Superintendent of Education
jan 11

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.

OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS.

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.

Has received a further supply of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Chains, Rings, Brooches,
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.

Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,
Papier Maché, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGETOOLS,
Toys, Fancy Soap and Perfumery,
Together with a general assortment of

House Furnishing & Fancy Goods
WEDDING RINGS made to order
July 19 4i

St. Andrews Hotel Company.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Hotel Company, held on the 16th instant, W. B. MORRIS was appointed Secretary.
R. ROBINSON, President
St. Andrews, Oct 24 1872.

Copartnership.
The Subscribers have this day entered into Professional Copartnership, under the style and firm of

Street & Stevenson.
GEO. D. STREET,
R. STEVENSON.
St. Andrews, June 1, 1872.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer RAISINS.
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid.

Vacuum Pan Sugar.
53 Bbls. Vacuum Pan Sugar. Choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

J. HIN MCCOULL,
GENERAL AGENT.

Commission Merchant,
AND

AUCTIONEER.
St. George, N. B.

REFERENCES: Hon. G. R. Stevenson, Sur. General, W. Whitlock, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran, and Abm. Young, Esq., St. George; Chas. F. Clinch, Esq., St. John; J. Morchie, and David Main, Esq., St. Stephen.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.
211 Hbls. } BRIGHT CIE FUEGOS MOLASSES.
19 Tons }
16 Bbls. }

The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
April 1871. St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.
40 Hbls. } Best Pale Geneva.
39 qr Casks }
200 c } Congou Tea.
30 Chests }
20 Half }
10 Bbls. }
5 Bbls. }
20 qr Casks }
73 Hbls. }
31 Ton }
4 qr Casks }
J. W. STREET.

The Standard.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

A. W. Smith,
At his Office, Water Street Saint Andrews, N. B.

TERMS
\$2.50 per Annum—If paid in advance.
\$3 If not paid till the end of the year.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Inserted according to written order or continued till forbid, if no written directions.

1 week	2w	3w	1m	2m	3m
1 Inch	\$1.00	1.20	2.00	2.50	3.50
2 "	1.20	2.20	3.20	4.50	6.00
3 "	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	7.00
4 "	2.50	3.50	4.50	5.50	8.00

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.
All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

HATS & CAPS

IN LARGE VARIETY.

Comprising—the Oxford, Dolly Varden, Duke Alexis and many other styles to numerous to mention. Also—the Monarch, Shakespeare Paper Collar, unrivalled for its perfect fit and durability, together with a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Chignons, Carls, Switches in Fute and Linend Pasties, Hoop Skirts and small wares. Ladies Gents, and childrens BOOTS & SHOES, workes, SLIPPERS and OTTAMANS.

FLANNELS, in White and colored, plain, striped and checked. Cottons—in bleached and unbleached. Harrook & Miller's White Cottons, Brown ditto, Tickings, &c.

As my motto is "Small Profits and quick Sales," the above stock shall be sold at the lowest living advance on cost.

Room under the store on the corner of Water and King Streets, and opposite H. O'Neill's Market House.

N. B.—Orders taken for the elegant "Davis Sewing Machine," which has been so celebrated in the United States, a sample of which can be seen at the store. For price and conditions enquire of the subscriber.

S. SHERLOCK,
St. Andrews.

"PSYCHOMANCY," OR SOUL CHARMING.

How rich every man fascinates and gains the love and affection of any person they choose, instantly. This simple method of enchantment will cause you, free by mail, for 25 cents, to get what you desire. Magic Oil, Egyptian Charm, Dream, Hides to Ladies, &c. A queer, exciting book. 100 pages and. Address E. W. WILLIAMSON & CO., South Fifth St., Philadelphia, Pa. mar 31y

NOTICE.

My wife Mary Ann, having left my bed and board with out any just cause, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting. JOHN SCAMMOND.
St. Patrick, Oct. 1, 1873. 3jd

NOTICE.

IN consequence of a serious accident occurring by persons leaving obstructions on the streets and side walks; the public are hereby notified, that all or any person leaving rubbish or other material on the streets or side walks in this town, will be prosecuted on the penalty according to law.

Dated Saint Andrews 20th Nov. 1872.
THOMAS HIPWELL,
Commissioner District No. 1.

PUBLIC NOTICE

IS hereby Given, that the following Non-Resident Property in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as under for the year 1872, and unless the amount, together with the cost of advertising &c., is paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law:—

Benjamin Hanson Property \$3.40.
RONALD CAMPBELL, Collector.
St. George, Sept. 28, 1872.

SEWING MACHINES

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the original Wee Sewing Machines.

These celebrated Machines are now on sale he subscriber's, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.

JAMES STOOP,
Agent.
Jan 16.

BLACK TEA.

Ex Schr. "Pointer" from New York.
182 Hbls. } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 Chests }

For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rates TODD CLEWLEY & CO.
St. Stephen.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

King Street.
Saint Stephen N. B.
J. NEILL, Proprietor

Canada A.C.

6 Hbls. } Canada Bitter Ale.
6 qr. Casks }

Nov. 2, 1872. J. W. STREET

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council, bearing date the 4th instant, and under the authority of the 1st in a.m. by the 2nd Section of the 34th Victoria, cap. 10 has been pleased to order, and direct that the following articles be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, viz:—

Felt, Cotton and Wollen Netting and Flush used in the manufacture of Gloves and Mitts

By Command
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

NEW IMPORTATION.

20 Casks "Bridges & Son's" best Stout Porter