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Evangelium est optimum. — Cic.

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Cultivation of the Soil by Steam.

From recent experiments in England it would seem that the practicability of cultivating the soil by steam has been successfully tested. The Royal Agricultural Society recently offered prizes for a steam plough that could be used by practical farmers in turning up the soil. The prize of \$500 was awarded to the plough patented by a Mr. Fowler. The Council conferred on Mr. Howard, another patentee, a medal of honor for his steam cultivator. It is now merely a question with farmers whether it will pay them to employ steam in tillage. The judges reported that twenty of these cultivators have been successfully worked by tenant farmers. The daily working expenses of Fowler's machine they estimated at £2 6s. On the light land, work done per day of ten hours, including stoppages, was 7½ acres; the soil being moved by four ploughs, 6 in. deep, by 3 feet 4 in. wide. On the heavy land the work of ten hours amounted to five acres, the same furrows being taken as before. It was then tried with two treading ploughs, the width being 20 inches, the furrows from 12 to 14 inches deep, and the quantity of work done was 2½ acres. Here we see the increased cost of deep ploughing. The estimate of the judges for the light land was 7s. 2d. per acre, for the heavy land 9s. 2d. per acre, and for treading, 18s. 4d. per acre. On light land the work could not have been done by horse power for less than 8s. per acre, and on the heavy land 12s. 6d. per acre. The treading ploughing could not have been done by horse power at all; it must have been done by manual labor at the cost of £1 10s. 4d. per acre. Thus, for ordinary ploughing, steam power as a present applied, saves one fourth of the cost, but its real value consists in enabling the land to be deeply ploughed, at a moderate cost, and in a way hitherto only used for market gardening.

Ingenious System of Counterfeiting by a Turkish Lady.

Allusion was recently made in our foreign news to a lady, a supposed American, who was recently arrested at Constantinople on account of the suspiciously large amount of baggage she carried, and who was found to have in her trunk an immense quantity of Turkish bills. It turns out that this woman was not an American, but a Moldavian, named Schemi, and that she visited New York last summer, where she procured her false money to be printed by William L. S. Harrison of that city. At the instance of the Turkish Consul, Major Tiemann, ordered on Thursday the arrest of this printer, at whose establishment piles of similar counterfeit bills were found—the refusal of the entire impression. He readily admitted having executed this work, but it was evident that he was entirely unaware of the true character of the job. Mrs. Schemi employed him under the name of Mrs. Zaimen, and informed him that the bills he was to print were merely labels. He had not the slightest suspicion they were of any other value. Mr. Harrison has, however, been held to bail in the sum of \$4000, and his workmen have been detained as witnesses.

The counterfeit is pronounced perfect by Turks who have seen it. It is the only paper currency in Turkey, and being without date or number would undoubtedly have passed without question.

The bill is on imperial green paper, a colour held sacred in Turkey, which the Government alone is permitted to use. On the top and sides are the following words in Turkish—

“To be paid to the bearer, without interest, twenty piastres.”
—At the top of the note is the Sultan's toga, surrounding which is a quotation from the Koran. Underneath are the words: “Twenty piastres, paper money, to be used in the place of gold at the Bank of Constantinople.”

At the base of the note is the seal of the mint, and on the back the seal of the Minister of the Treasury. The toga is considered sacred, and is guarded by the three highest officials of the mint, whose sole duty it is to watch it.

Until recently the penalty for uttering base money in Turkey was death. It is now imprisonment.—*Boston Courier.*

Socks and Bags.

Mr. Lever tells a good anecdote of an Irishman giving the pass-word at the battle of Pontenoy, at the same time the great Saxe was marshal. “The pass-word is Saxe; now don't forget it Pat,” said the colonel. “Saxe; faith and I won't. Wasn't the father a miller?” “Who goes there?” cried the colonel, after he had arrived at the pass. “I looked as confidential as possible, and was answered as usual: ‘Saxe, for honor.’”

Value of Reading in “Olden Times.”

In the days of Jack Cade few could read except those who were actually in orders, or educated for that purpose; so that if a person was arraigned before a temporal judge for a crime, the punishment whereof was death, he might pray his clergy; that was to have a Latin Bible in a black Gothic character delivered to him; and if he could read a passage where the judge appointed, which was generally in the Psalms, the ordinary, or his deputy, who stood near, said, *legit ut clericus*; that is, he could read like a clerk or scholar, and the criminal was acquitted as being a man of learning, who might therefore be useful to the public; if, however, he could not read, he suffered death. This privilege was granted in all offences, except high treason and sacrilege, until after the year 1530; and it was carried to such an extent, that if a criminal was condemned at one assize, because he could not read, and was reprimanded to the subsequent assize, he might again claim this benefit, either at that time, or even under the gallows tree, and if he could then read, he was pardoned, of which there was an instance in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.—[Shakespeare a Lawyer.]

Doing a Yankee.

Sir Allan McNab was once travelling by steamer, and as luck would have it, was obliged to occupy a state room with a full-blooded Yankee. In the morning, while Sir Allan was dressing, he saw his companion making thorough researches into his (Sir Allan's) dressing-case. Having completed his examination, he proceeded coolly to select the tooth-brush and therewith to bestow on his long yellow fangs, an energetic scrubbing. When Jonathan had concluded the old Scotchman gravely set the basin on the floor, scooped one foot well, and taking the tooth-brush applied it vigorously to his toes and toe-nails. “You dirty fellow,” exclaimed the Yankee, “what the mischief are you doing that for?” “Oh,” said Sir Allan coolly, “that's the brush I always do that with.”

CHIPPINGS.

Jerrold said to an ardent young gentleman who hurried to see himself in Print, “Be advised by me young man; don't take down the shutters before there is something in the window.”

A formal fashionable visitor thus addressed a little girl: “How are you, my dear?” “Very well, I thank you,” she replied. “The visitor then added, ‘Now my dear, you should ask me how I am.’”

The child simply and honestly replied, “I don't want to know.”

A family named Mackerel have recently come into possession by chancery in Great Britain, of an estate valued at £1,000,000 left by one Salmon, who died without an heir. The Lord Chancellor decided that as there were no more Salmons, the largest family of Mackerels should inherit the fortune.

The following is a true copy of a sign upon an academy for teaching, in one of the Western States:—“Freeman and Huggs, School Teachers, Freeman teaches the boys and Huggs the girls.”

A person boyed by a squinting man, who persisted in asking him about his broken leg, replied it is quite crooked—as you see.”

Why are a young lady's affections always doubtful? Because they mis-givings.

A Youngster Boot-Black.

A comical affair occurred at the South Ferry the other day. A worthy, middle-aged citizen responded to the pathetic appeal of one of the youthful fraternity of street boot-blacks, by submitting his calf-skins to the very intimate acquaintance of brushes and blacking; and at the same time he continued reading a long article on city politics.

When one boot was polished, the other took its place. Deep in the science of political economy our friend unconsciously placed and replaced his feet several times, until at last the whole editorial was finished, when he demanded the change.

“Forty-two cents, sir.”

“Forty-two cents? Why, you young rascal, what do you mean; sixpence is the regular charge.”

“That's so, easy enough, but I've blacked your boots seven times, and I always want a sixpence a go.”

A look at the grinning faces of the surrounding spectators convinced the ex-Admiral that the joke was cheap at twice the money, and so he paid over.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—On Friday, a man named Flynn, employed on the Railroad, perceived as a train was approaching that a slab lay on the track, and fearing that it might throw the train off the track, he ran to remove it. Unfortunately he slipped and fell, and before he could recover himself, the train

was upon him. The poor man was so mangled that he died before the clergyman, summoned in all haste, arrived at the place. He leaves a wife and child, we are told, and surely the Government will do something to save from want the family of a man who in their service lost his life in the endeavour to save the lives of others.

One of the men employed in removing the little ticket house from the Portland Bridge Station was struck by a piece of wood, and had his leg broken.—[Freeman.]

AUTUMN.

[Original.]

Autumn has come again,
With spotted mantle bright,
Laden with fruits and yellow grain,
The farmers to rejoice.

Behold the waving grain,
Before the sickles fall;
The reapers are upon the plain,
Prepared to cut it all.

I love the autumn days,
With sere and yellow leaves,
When farmers' teams on golden drays,
Bring home the laden sheaves.

Behold the orchards now,
Laden with luscious fruits;
The farmers fill their cellars, too,
With rich and wholesome roots.

O 'tis a happy time
In every farmer's cot;
Yes, harken to the joyous rhyme,
The harvest home is brought.

The autumn may look drear,
To hundreds in our land,
It always brings abundant cheer
To those who till the land.

October, 1858. J. B. C.

—In the pursuit of knowledge lies our only active road to real happiness.

—A LOVER'S CONUNDRUM.—Why is love like a canal boat? Because it is an internal transport.

—“Is that clock right over there?” asked a visitor. “Right over there; certainly, ‘taint nowhere else.”

—“Can you return my love, dearest Julia?” “Certainly, sir. I do not want it, I'm sure.”

—“You don't seem to know how to take me,” said a vulgar fellow to a gentleman he insulted. “Yes, I do,” said the gentleman, taking him by the nose.

—Lovers, whose only desire is to take long and romantic walks beneath the moon, are not long in discovering, after marriage, that they cannot subsist on moonshine.

FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK.

The Scientific American, noticing the various articles displayed at the Fair, thus refers to a

GLASS-STEAM ENGINE.

The lovers of unique and novel art applied to engineering, cannot but be surprised with the exhibition of a glass beam steam engine, working away with the utmost precision and beauty of movement. This curiosity is on exhibition in the South gallery, and is the first working steam engine made of glass ever brought before the public, we believe.

The different parts are of various colored glass, and the ornaments and finish, would paralyze all the works of iron to imitate.

The very crank pin, and every journal in it is of glass, and the ingenuity and skill displayed in its production, are of no ordinary character. All the parts were informed, were spun by hand, by the blowpipe and a spirit lamp. There are several glass spinners conducting their operations adjacent to this engine. This business seems to be on the increase, as one of the ornamental and curious arts.

The Machine Department is not in full operation, nor are the arrangements all completed.

The Refreshment Department, which has hitherto been much neglected, is this year very admirably provided with all the necessary eatables and drinkables, under the competent management of Mr. Trevelwell.

AN ENGLISH GIRL'S ENCOUNTER WITH A BURGLAR.

In a detached cottage at Trickenham, says an English paper, has resided for some time an elderly maiden lady in very delicate health, whose establishment consists merely of a cook and housemaid. On the 14th, ult., however, there were only the housemaid and her sick mistress in the house. At about half past nine in the evening, the housemaid, whose name is Ann Reiford, who is a remarkably fine handsome young woman, twenty-two years of age, went into her mistress's bedroom to inquire if any

thing was wanted before retiring to rest. On opening the door she was startled by seeing a lad, not more than eighteen, standing over her mistress as she lay in her bed, apparently in the act of striking her with a bludgeon. Without hesitating she immediately rushed upon him seized him, closing so rapidly with him that he was unable to use his bludgeon. A desperate and long protracted struggle ensued, the poor invalid lady awaiting the issue with intense anxiety.

At length the brave girl succeeded in overpowering her antagonist, and kneeling upon him as he lay upon his back on the floor she held him down and called to her mistress to bring her a piece of cord, with which she firmly secured the hands of her captive, who was then locked up, in spite of his entreaties for mercy, in a strong cupboard, and shortly afterwards was delivered up to the police, to whom he was well known. The lady stated that she was asleep, when he awoke her, and, raising his stick, demanded her keys. She was dreadfully frightened, and was on the point of delivering them up, when her servant entered the room. The maid afterwards received a handsome present from her mistress.

European Intelligence.

IMPORTANT FROM INDIA.

The Steamer City of Baltimore arrived off Cape Race at 9 a. m. on Friday, having left Liverpool on the 29th ult., with 100 passengers.

Steamer Africa arrived at Liverpool on the 26th.

Corn dull and declined 1s. Flour unchanged.

Provisions dull.

Consols 98½.

Atlantic Telegraph £315 to £325.

Gwalior rebels were defeated on the 17th of August, with 700 killed. British loss trifling.

Port of Pooree, after thirty hours' shelling surrendered to General Napier.

On the 24th a brilliant victory was obtained by 550 police over 4000 rebels.

Three Bengal Regiments have been re-armed.

Panjab, Bombay, and Madras tranquil.

The controversy between Whitehouse and the Telegraph Directors continues in the newspapers.

Liverpool Commercial Association have recommended that corn, flour, and meal be sold by a uniform standard of 100 lbs. weight.

Insaidie Russe announces that it is in contemplation to unite Europe with America by telegraph across Russian possessions.

Prince Napoleon has gone to Warsaw to invite the Emperor Alexander to Paris.

The King of Prussia has not abdicated—he gives his brother the Regency, which the Prince of Prussia accepts. King can assume full powers if he regain his physical and mental health. Regent meanwhile to be intermitted.

The Telegraph between St. Petersburg and Moscow is to be extended to the frontiers of China.

Duke of Malakoff to be married when the Emperor returns from Chalons.

Havre, Dunkirk, Calais, and Boulogne are to be put in a state of defence.

A port of refuge is to be constructed between Brest and Cherbourg.

An Arab Horse.

A Bedouin, named Jabal, possessed a mare of great celebrity. Hassan Pasha, then Governor of Damascus, wished to buy the animal, and repeatedly made the owner the most liberal offers, which Jabal steadily refused. The pasha then had recourse to threats, but with no better success.

At length, one Gafar, a Bedouin of another tribe, presented himself to the pasha, and asked what he would give the man who would make him master of Jabal's mare? “I will fill his horse's nose bag with gold,” replied Hassan.

The result of this interview having gone abroad, Jabal became more watchful than ever, and always secured his mare at night with an iron chain, one end of which was fastened to her fetlock, whilst the other, after passing through the tent cloth, was attached to a picket driven in the ground under the felt that served him and his wife for a bed.

One midnight, Gafar crept silently into the tent, and succeeded in loosening the chain. Just before starting off with his prize, he caught up Jabal's lance and poking with the butt-end, cried out, “I am Gafar; I have stolen your noble mare, and will give you notice in time.”

This warning was in accordance with the customs of the desert, for to rob a hostile tribe is considered an honorable exploit, and the man who accomplishes it is deemed

of all the glory that may flow from the deed.

Poor Jabal, when he heard the words, rushed out of the tent and gave the alarm; then mounting his brother's puma, a companion by some of the tribe, he pursued the robber for four hours.

The brother's mare was of the same stock as Jabal's, but was not equal to her; nevertheless, he outstripped those of all the other pursuers, and was even on the point of overtaking the robber, when Jabal shouted to him, “Pinch her right ear and give her a touch of the heel.” Gafar did so, and away went the mare like lightning, speedily rendering further pursuit hopeless.

The pinch in the ear and the touch with the heel were the secret signs by which Jabal had been used to urge his mare to her utmost speed.

Jabal's companions were amazed and indignant at his strange conduct. “O thou father of a jackass,” they cried, “thou hast enabled the thief to rob thee of thy jewel!” But he silenced their upbraidings by saying, “I would rather lose her than sully her reputation. Would you have me suffer it to be said among the tribes that another mare had proved faster than mine? I have, at least, this comfort left me, that I can say she never met with her match.”—J. S. Stacy's Art of Horse-taming.

AN UNFORTUNATE PAGE.

During an assembly of the Diet, in Dresden, Augustus the Strong invited several of the principal members to an entertainment. Champagne was of course not wanting; a page stole a bottle of it, and put it in his coat-pocket. Being incessantly employed, he was unhappily not able to put his bottle in a place of security; but his constant motion having caused the wine to ferment, just as he was standing behind the king, it exploded; the cork flew up to the ceiling and the champagne rushed out of the pocket in the direction of the king's wig, and bathed it so effectually that the wine ran in streams from the curls. One part of the company were frightened, while another part could scarcely refrain from laughter. The page more dead than alive threw himself at the king's feet, and his majesty immediately sent the pifferer away, not from his service, but for a dry wig, advising him at the same time never to carry bottles with such liquor so long about him.

MONARCH AND MINOR.

One of the officers of his guard was mimicking him (the Emperor Paul) in the place for the entertainment of his comrades, when the door opened and the Czar entered. The officers were about to stop the performer, but his majesty made them a sign not to do so, and advancing unperceived by the young man, he crossed his arms to him and ordered him to go on. The officer, with perfect self-command, continued, saying, “Lieutenant, you deserve to be degraded, but being decency itself, I not only pardon you, but promote you to captain.” This was said in the Czar's way, who then exclaimed, “Be it so,” and walked away.

The poorest education that teaches self-control is better than the best that neglects it.

In Sweden, a man who is seen four times drunk is deprived of a vote at elections.

If petticoat government is not more oppressive now than formerly, it is certainly double in extent.

The city of New-York consumes ten thousand dollars a day in cigars, and only eight thousand five hundred in bread.

We should manage our fortune like our constitution—enjoy it when good, have patience when bad, and never apply violent remedies but in cases of necessity.

WIT AND JUDGMENT.—Wit is to be used, judgment is to be used. The first makes the brighter flame, but the other gives the most lasting heat.

Misfortunes are moral blunders, which frequently restore the healthy tone of the mind after it has been cloyed and sickened by the sweets of prosperity.

Here you little rascal, walk up here and give an account of yourself—where have you been?”

“After the girls in the park.”

“Did you ever know me to go to a party, when I was a boy?”

“No sir; but mother did.”

“My son, you had better go to bed.”

European Intelligence.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15th.—The steamer Africa, from Liverpool 2d inst., arrived this morning.

Ships Sultan and Ocean Chief had arrived at Liverpool from Australia with £360,000 sterling in gold.

Nothing new regarding the Atlantic Cable.

Steamer Propeller, of the Galway line, which arrived out on the 29th, was compelled to run aground to prevent sinking; leaking badly.

The Galway steamers will hereafter call at Newfoundland.

The India and China mail reached London on the 2d. The British and all foreigners had quitted Canton. Lord Elgin and Admiral Seymour have gone to Japan.

MARKETS.

Breadstuffs heavy and almost entirely nominal. Provisions dull and unchanged.

Congress 98½ to 99½.

LATER FROM HAVANA AND MEXICO.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 12.—The steamer Isabel has arrived here with Havana dates to the 10th.

Sugars were quiet and declining. Molasses inactive. Freight lower.

The steamer Solent had arrived at that port from Vera Cruz 3d inst. noon. A courier arrived there at 2 o'clock that morning from the city of Mexico, stating that General Vidauri had been beaten by Gen. Miramon, near San Luis and that the latter captured a thousand prisoners and several pieces of artillery.

At 8 o'clock the same morning, another courier arrived at Vera Cruz, stating that Vidauri had defeated Miramon, and the latter had blown out his brains in despair.

The Solent also brought dates from Tampico, Gov. Garza had levied a contribution of all foreigners to the amount of \$100,000. On failing to raise the same, he imprisoned a number of Spanish and American citizens for 38 hours, allowing them nothing to eat or drink. They were finally released on a promise to raise the amount, and a number fled to the Solent.

The Spanish Consul took refuge on board a Spanish vessel of war off Tampico, while his family went on board the Solent and were landed at Havana.

Important despatches are on their way to Washington, from the Spanish Consul, and the American Minister, who sail from Vera Cruz on the 18th, per sloop-of-war Plymouth for the United States.

On the way from the city of Mexico, the diligence was attacked by robbers; three of them were shot dead by the diligence party, who had escaped uninjured.

A GALWAY STEAMER CUT ADRIFF.

The iron steamship Prince Albert, while lying at one of the piers in North River N. Y., and made fast by hawsers, only, was cut adrift about midnight on Sunday, by some unprincipled scoundrel. The people on board the steamer were all asleep, and so quietly was the affair done that it was not known on board until the ship had drifted several hundred yards, and came in contact with a brig, in which her bows, as well as the boats of the brig, were stove to pieces.

She also came in contact with other vessels, doing more or less damage, and was finally brought to a stand by casting from her bow and stern anchors. The amount of damage done will reach several hundred dollars, and is said to be covered by insurance.

PERILOUS POSITION.—A young man from Brentwood, named Tyler, a sergeant in the 23d Fusiliers in India writes home to his father:—"I had a narrow escape a few nights since. I was in the jungle on an out-picket at night, with instructions on no account to fire my musket, unless under the most urgent necessity, for fear of alarming the enemy, who were in the immediate neighborhood. A very large tiger came suddenly after me. I had but just time to receive him on my bayonet, and I gave him a severe wound. He reared up, and I fired my rifle and shot him through the heart. In a few minutes a picket was down and I was taken a prisoner for disobeying orders, and next morning brought before my officers. I related my tale, and a party was sent out in search of him, and a short distance from where I was placed, the tiger (a very large one) was found in the jungle dead. Some of our men had been lost from the same spot when out on a night picket."

THE CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Cincinnati Gazette says of the corn crop at the West, the quality of the corn this year will be far superior to last year's crop. This is a point not to be disputed, but in quantity there is a large deficiency as compared with average crops. Ohio will not yield in bushels much, if any, over five-eighths of the quantity produced last year; Indiana, one-half; Illinois and Iowa three-fourths.

Kentucky and Tennessee will furnish full crops. The grain in quality, however, will go far toward making up for the deficiency in bulk.

In New England, and New York, both corn and potatoes are in full average. Very little damage by frost, and less complaints of potato disease than usual of late years. The apple crop in Ohio, New Jersey, the greater part of New York and the Southern

part of Cincinnati, is in general very light. In Eastern New York above the Highlands and in New England, there is an abundant crop, and if the farmers are wise they will make the most of it. In the zone a little farther South, the blossoms were mostly destroyed by a severe frost. Where the crop is most abundant the buds were not sufficiently developed to be seriously injured. In Columbia county, New York, large quantities have been sold at \$2 a barrel, delivered at the landing places along the river.

TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.—Certain Western speculators in concert with Peter Cooper and others of New York, are endeavoring to so arrange matters as to unite all the telegraph companies of this continent and place them under one management. One meeting has already been held to consider the subject, and a second is to be convened on the 19th instant. We hope that consolidation will not take place. The public will be better served where there is an honorable competition. We should like to see rival wires spanning the entire country; and it is in the power of Mr. F. O. J. Smith to furnish them.—Boston Courier.

Two smart looking young men have been playing a sharp game on the New York shop keepers. Their modus operandi is to enter a store, apparently in a hurry, and ask the store keeper to give them bank bills for a \$20 and as the store keeper gives them the money they ingeniously abstract one of the bills and state they would prefer gold coin. By this means they managed to obtain quite a large sum of money.

SHOCKING SUICIDE.—A partially insane lady who was visiting brother near Orville, in the vicinity of Massillon on Tuesday morning, stood near the railroad track watching the approaching train. When near it sprang upon the track and ran upon her hands and knees to meet the engine.—Efforts to stop the train were unavailing, and five cars in passing over the body ground it to fragments.—Cleveland Leader.

General Williams is at present on a visit to the Governor General, and will shortly return to St. John, to bid adieu to his friends and others of his citizens. We understand that the General contemplates building a fine residence at Sussex Vale—a sort of family mansion. Although it is not his first visit to the Vale, we understand he has expressed himself highly delighted with that picturesque locality, as well as the fine healthy climate of New Brunswick.—News.

Washington, Oct. 13.

The Administration has received an official document from those in power in two of the Society Islands, proposing a surrender of them to the United States. It is said, in diplomatic circles that this paper was transmitted to our government through Count Sartiges, the French Minister, but no reason is stated for resorting to this channel of communication. The subject will receive due consideration, especially in its geographical aspect.

There seems to be no disposition on the part of Mr. Dallas and Mrs. Mason to resign the missions they respectively fill, or to relieve the president from his embarrassment in the appointment of their successors.—Such is the tenor of private advices from Europe.

James J. Magee has been appointed Assistant Surgeon in the Navy, vice Surgeon Macconn, promoted.

The movements of Gen. Jerez excite much interest. He called at the State Department to-day, and presented a set of instructions to him from the government of Nicaragua, but on examination they proved unsatisfactory, there being nothing therein to show that he is authorized to ratify the Cass-Yriarte treaty. Jerez departed, promising to renew his visit to-morrow, and produce other documents.

WILLIAM SCHOLEFIELD, Esq., M. P. for Birmingham, (England) and a colleague of Mr. John Bright, left our city yesterday, en route for Canada, via Fredericton, Woodstock, and Grand Falls. During his brief stay in this city he had an opportunity of seeing considerable of it and the neighborhood, and of meeting several of our most influential citizens. We understand that he takes a lively interest in the Colonies generally, and expressed his gratification at the elements of prosperity and advancement peculiar to this Province. We trust that his visit will be productive of great good; and feel satisfied that in his place in the House of Commons he will have an opportunity of refuting many of the erroneous impressions that have for years obtained a hold on the minds of the British public adverse to our interests. Mr. Scholefield expressed himself warmly in favour of this Province as an inviting field for emigrants from Europe, and was furnished by the Emigration Officer with several documents relative to our soil, climate and our agricultural capabilities.—News.

The Madrid papers are furious against the treacherous English Bible Societies, who are indefatigable in their desire and efforts to corrupt the Spanish people, by instilling the pernicious doctrine of Protestantism. They announce, with much solemnity, that the utmost rigours of the law will be put in force against all persons who may be detected in endeavoring to pervert the people from the only true faith.

A NEW ANCHOR.—The vessels of the Paraguay expedition are furnished with a new kind of sea anchor. It is about four feet long, and constructed like the leaf of an umbrella, braced with wood and made of canvas, the centre being iron. By throwing this machine overboard in a heavy sea, the ship would be instantly hoisted to, however deep the water.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided, on appeal, that shavings, being manufactured by other process than hewing or sawing are not admitted free under the reciprocity treaty, but are subject to a duty of 20 per centum.

On Monday last, the Steamer "Empress," Chisholm, master, made the voyage hence to Digby and back to her wharf, delivering her mails and landing her freight and passengers, within seven hours—the quickest trip ever made, we understand, between the two ports.—Ibid.

A fire broke out last night, between 11 and 12 o'clock, at Indian town in the house of a man named William Cleveland. It spread with great rapidity, destroying this and five adjoining houses and outbuildings belonging respectively to Messrs. John Cowan, Samuel Peters, David Corkery, George Dunham, and James Crawford. Cleveland, we are told, is insured.—[Cour., 16th.

Visiting, Invitation, and other Cards struck off at short notice.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, OCT. 20, 1858.

Paupers from the United States.

For some years past, our neighbors "over the Line," have been in the habit of shipping from their Poor Houses large numbers of paupers to this Province; in some instances a schooner load has been landed on our shores, who, from their destitute condition, have become a Parish charge. So late as Friday last, a whole family, the majority of whom were helpless children, were sent by the Overseers of the Poor at Eastport, by steamer to St. Andrews; their father having been lodged in Machias jail for some misdemeanor, and the family consequently unable to support themselves became a town charge; but the Eastport Overseers determined to relieve themselves of this tax upon the Town, and sent them here to be supported, and they become a Parish charge. The Commissioners have more now than they can support, and it behooves the people to stir in the matter, and obtain an Act of the Legislature to put a stop to this growing evil by passing a law to prevent the landing of indigent emigrants from a foreign country, and to make the owners of vessels landing paupers liable to pay for their support. The United States laws are stringent enough on this point, and our Legislators at the next session should pass a similar act.

The Rev. J. C. FLETCHER will preach in the Scotch Church in this place, on Sunday next the 24th inst., at 11 A. M.; at 6 o'clock P. M., deliver a lecture on "The Bible in Brazil"—in the same church.

From the highly complimentary notices we have seen in the Provincial papers of the Rev. gentleman's lectures, we trust he may be induced to give a course in this Town.—Among the leading Reviews which have noticed at some length Mr. Fletcher's work, "Brazil and the Brazilians," we may mention the Spectator, Athenaeum, and North British; they agree that it is a most attractive book, and that it presents a sketch of Brazilian history, and general geography of the country, modified by actual knowledge.—We learn that Mr. Fletcher is son-in-law to the venerable Dr. C. Millan, whose praise is in all the churches.

Freemason's Monitor.

The October number of this interesting and useful publication has been received. It continues steadily to improve; "the work" presented to the craft for inspection is such as will be "approved"; among the labor we find—Old Masonic Records—Masonic Oration—Lodges of Instruction—the Blue Blank, &c.

FIFTEEN CHAPTERS OF CHRONICLES, CHIEFLY OF NEW BRUNSWICK.—A pamphlet with the above title, containing fifteen chapters and twenty-eight pages, has reached us by mail. It is dedicated to the Rev. Dr. Slipperkin, by his devoted servant "Timothy Watchman." From a cursory glance at its pages, we believe the writer's object is to show up the misdeeds of the past and present Governments of this Province. From the minuteness of detail, and intimate acquaintance with public men and their acts, we believe the writer was either "a lobby member," or one of the dominant party. He certainly handles men and measures without

gloves, cutting right and left unmercifully. The pamphlet will sell readily at the price 7½d. among all classes of politicians.—"Watchman" is a sarcastic writer, and will not spoil a joke for political relation's sake; he styles himself "a true liberal," and concludes his review of the late and present Governments with the following remarks:—"And finally, the old Government excelled in trickery; but the new one has beat them in that, all hollow."

Then to conclude—Both Governments are alike blameable, nearly in all things and to the same extent, only with this difference—the old Government promised nothing, did nothing, and the people could not expect much. The new Government promised everything and the people expected something; but they have been duped, deceived, and got nothing."

The late Accident on the Railway. CORONER'S INQUEST.

An Inquest was held on the 18th inst., at the Barber Dam Station, by S. T. Gove, Esq., one of the Coroners for this County, on the bodies of Samuel McLachlan and Robert Sullivan, who were killed on the Railway the night previous.—Verdict of the jury—"That the said Samuel McLachlan and the said Robert Sullivan were accidentally killed by the uncoupling, and subsequent collision of a gravel train, and not by any remissness of duty on the part of those in charge of the train."

We learn from the "Provincialist," that evidence was gone into at full length, the Manager himself who was present, being anxious for a thorough investigation, every attention was also paid by him to the wounded of whom there were two, medical assistance being in the first place promptly rendered to them on the spot, after which the one most seriously injured was sent down to St. Andrews to be taken care of.

It appeared in evidence, that it was a gravel train not a passenger train, by which the accident was caused. Strict orders had been furnished by the Engineer and Manager, relating to persons getting off and on.

The parties killed and injured, were not laborers on the road, but were travellers, they jumped on the train after dark, crawled over the tracks, and sat down in front of the engine, over the cow catcher, where they received the crush from the coming up of the uncoupled cars.

Such as the accident is to be regretted, it seems to have been entirely owing to the carelessness or want of thought of the individuals themselves, it is the first and only accident that has happened on the line since the cars commenced running, and cannot in the smallest degree be attributed to those in charge, who are as careful and circumspect as it is possible for men to be.

One of the wounded men, Horton, who had both legs broken, and otherwise seriously injured, stands little chance of recovery. The other is in a fair way, at his own home in the Country.

SCURVY.

Scurvy is not confined to Arctic travellers and neglected sailors; it shows its disgusting features also among the ill-fed poor in our filthy lanes. Nothing has been found so speedily efficacious in arresting the decomposing tendency of the vital fluids in scorbutic disease as the PERUVIAN SYRUP.

Charlotte County Agricultural Society.

LIST OF PREMIUMS Awarded at the Cattle Show and Fair held by the Charlotte County Agricultural Society, on Tuesday, the 12th Oct., 1858:—

ON BROOD MARES.—G. F. Campbell, 1st premium, 15s. Christopher Greenlaw, 2nd do, 12s. 6d.

COLTS, GELDINGS, AND FILLIES, under 3 years old.—David Mowat, 1st premium, 10s. Chrishp. Greenlaw, 2nd do, 7s. 6d.

BULLS.—Ed. DeWolfe, 1st premium; 15s. Cows.—Edward Pheasant, 1st premium, 10s. R. Stevenson, 2d do, 7s. 6d.

HEIFERS, under 3 years old.—James McFarlane, Jr., 1st premium, 10s. R. Stevenson, 2d do, 7s. 6d. James McBride, 3d do, 5s.

SPRING CALVES.—E. Pheasant, 1st premium, 7s. 6d. J. H. Whitlock, 2d do, 5s.

KANS, under 3 years old.—M. J. C. Andrews, 1st premium, 10s. James McFarlane Jr., 2d do, 7s. 6d. John Curry, 3d do, 5s.

EWES.—M. J. C. Andrews, 1st premium, 7s. 6d. David Mowat, 2d do, 5s. James Gallagher, 3d do, 3s. 9d.

BUTTER.—James McFarlane, Jr. 1st premium, 10s. Chrishp. Greenlaw, 2d do, 7s. 6d. John McFarlane, 3d do, 5s.

WHEAT.—John Linton, Jr., 63lb. 1st premium, 10s. Barth. Hayes, 2d do, 7s. 6d.

OATS.—James McMillan, 45 lb., 1st premium, 7s. 6d. Thomas Orr, 44 lb., 2nd do, 5s.

BARLEY.—James Gallagher, 54 lb., 1st premium, 10s. Edward DeWolfe, 54 lb., 2d do, 5s.

SMOOTH BUCKWHEAT.—Edw. DeWolfe, 53 lb., 1st premium, 7s. 6d.

ROUGH BUCKWHEAT.—James McMillan, 53 lb., 1st premium 7s. 6d. Edw. DeWolfe, 53 lb., 2d do, 5s.

BUSH BEANS.—Edward DeWolfe, 64 lb., 1st premium, 7s. 6d.

FRAS.—Edward DeWolfe, 65 lb., 1st premium, 7s. 6d.

CABBAGES.—John Finlay, 1st premium, 7s. 6d. Thomas Orr, 2d do, 5s.

PANACHE.—R. Stevenson, 1st prem. 5s. WHITE BUTTERNUT POTATOES.—Edward DeWolfe, 1st premium, 7s. 6d. Elliott Hayes, 2d do, 5s.

OTHER POTATOES UNWAZED.—Edward DeWolfe, 1st premium, 7s. 6d. Charles Gilliland, 2d do, 5s.

CARROT SEED.—Edward DeWolfe, 1st premium, 5s.

IRON TROUSERS.—John Wilson, 1st premium, 10s.

ALEX. T. PAUL, Secy. St. Andrews, 19th October, 1858.

List of Premiums awarded at the Provincial AGRI-CULTURAL SOCIETY, on Monday, the 11th October, 1858:—

Owners of Team. Ploughmen. G. F. Campbell. T. Knapman, 1st premium £1 5

D. Mowat. W. Rollins, 2d do, 1 0

Elliott Hume, 3d do, 15

ALEX. T. PAUL, Secy. St. Andrews, 19th October, 1858.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 15, Sch. Gipsy, J. Wraycott, N. York. Flour, Meal, &c.—W. Whitlock.

17, Sch. Bab, W. Wraycott, Boston. Gen cargo, James Bell.

Sailed from New York, Oct. 2 Sch. Alma, Snelgrove, for St. Domingo.

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

41 Cases and Balors, Per Mail Steamers "Asia" and "Nippon," and "Conquest" from Liverpool.

ODELL & TURNER.

NEW Maffia SHAWLS, Gala and Robes, Flannels, SILKS, Flannel Robes, Moire Antiques, Robes a Quille, French Merinos, Colours, Lustrés and Tweeds, Mantle Cloths and Trimmings, KIBBONS, Yarns; Houde, Bugle Laces, Fringes, GLOVES, Hosiery, MISTERS, Demasks and Hollands, Ladies Felt Hats, Plumes and Ribbons to match, FURS, Prints, Ladies Hosiery and cloth Goods, BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

Pilot, Beaver Cloths and Scotch Tweeds, Gent's Fancy Flannel Shirts, Mullers, JENNS and Sheetings, Hats and Caps, Flannels, Blankets, Railway wrappers and Camp blankets, Linen Thread, Haberdashery and small wares, Stationery, Table Cutlery, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest rates wholesale and retail.

St. Andrews, Oct. 20, 1858.

Valuable Business Stand FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD on the Premises, on Monday the 25th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, a valuable Wharf Lot, on the Market Wharf, in the town of St. Andrews, with the Buildings thereon.

Terms at Sale. JAMES W. STREET, Oct. 12.

Red Pine Grove, FOR SALE.

THIS beautiful Property is situated about three miles from St. Andrews, and is a fine site for a residence. It contains about 10 Acres of good land, well stocked with grass and fruit trees, and is well watered. The house is a fine residence, and is situated on a high and healthy spot. The garden is well stocked with fruit trees, and is a fine site for a residence. The house is a fine residence, and is situated on a high and healthy spot. The garden is well stocked with fruit trees, and is a fine site for a residence.

For further particulars apply to the proprietor, J. H. DONALD, St. Andrews.

LETTERS.

REMAINING in the Post Office, at St. Andrews, 1st October, 1858:—

Becheron, Robert. McDaniel, John. Berry, Robert. Maxwell, Mary. Bushman, Mary. McKenzie, Donald. Callaway, Samuel. McKenney, John. Cameron, John D. McLeod, Duncan. Douglas, Saml. Minion, Thomas. Crawley, Peter. McCarthy, Patrick. McGowan, William. Denmore, James. McCann, Andrew. Gilheely, Phillip. Mills, John. Hamilton, George. McDonald, Archibald. Hayes, Timothy. Osborn, Wm. Hickey, W. O'Brien, William. Kaley, Bernard. Paelet, Amalie. Ludlow, Adeline. Purton, Robert. Mills, James. Trumble, Saml. McLeod, Wm. Turner, G. D.

FOR MEN ON RAILROADS. Boardman, John. McMahon, Owen 2. Burk, William. McMorrey, Terence. Callaway, Samuel J. Moloy, Michael. Castle, John. McKenzie, Kenneth. Carey, Ephraim. Miller, Charles. Dayer, John. McDonald, Peter. Gibbons, William. McLauchlan, Patrick. Green, G. H. Peters, John 2. Gainslow, Louis. Palmer, James. Harrington, Michael. Patterson, Henry. Harris, Aaron. Power, Michael. Hanlon, Cornelius. Shea, Jeremiah. Kane, John 2. Towney, Hugh. Lawless, James. Towey, Patrick.

Persons calling for any of the above, will please say "advertised."

Molasses & Sugar. Ex Union from Boston—New landing. 20 Hhds. prime retailing Molasses and Mince vats Sugar. Aug. 20, 1858. J. W. STREET.

Life Association of

NINETEENTH R.

THE Nineteenth Annual Meeting of the Association was held within the City of St. Andrews, on the 1st of August, 1858, in the terms of the Association—SIR JAMES F. COLEMAN, in the Chair.

There were submitted to the Meeting the Report of the Directors on the business; the Report of the Auditors; the Report of the Committee on the progress of the Association; and the Report of the Committee on the progress of the Association.

The Report of the Directors on the business, was read by the Chairman, and was highly commended. The Report of the Auditors, was read by the Chairman, and was highly commended.

The Report of the Committee on the progress of the Association, was read by the Chairman, and was highly commended.

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Life Association of Scotland. NINETEENTH REPORT.

THE Nineteenth Annual Meeting of the Association was held within the Hall Office, on the 24th August, in terms of the Charter and Act of Parliament—SIR JAMES FORBES, BART., President, in the Chair.

There were submitted to the Meeting the Annual Report by the Directors on the Progress of the Association; the Report of the Auditor, Mr. W. Wood, Accountant; and the Balance Sheet, of the Accounts certified in terms of the Act of Parliament; with other statements of the affairs, as at 31st April last the date of Balance.

Notwithstanding the general depression of commercial affairs the progress of the Association during the past year has been greater than in any former year, with only one exception.

The applications for new Life Assurances during the year were 1247 for £266,483 Of which the Directors accepted 1006 for £50,244

The Annual Premiums being 18,811

Manuities on 24 lives were purchased for £2875, 16s. per annum, at the price of £2487, 7s. 6d. The Policy that became claims on the Association by deaths during the year amounted to £8 for £43,065.

The Total Assurances since the commencement of the business amount to nearly FIVE MILLION POUNDS.

The Annual Income is now ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-THREE THOUSAND POUNDS; upwards of £50,000, being collected through the London Branch.

The Policy Holders entitled to participate in the Profits, who completed their fifth year, before the date of balance, will be entitled to a Reduction of 35 per cent. (7s. per £1) from their next Annual Premiums.

From the increasing wealth and importance of British North America, as well as the example of other Assurance Offices, the Directors have for some time entertained the idea of establishing Branches there. They have been enabled since last meeting to accomplish this. A deputation from the Directors visited the chief towns, and secured the co-operation of influential gentlemen in each Province. Although the Branches have been in operation only for a few months, the transactions have already been considerable, as well as of a most satisfactory description. Special thanks are due to the gentlemen acting as Directors, Agents and Medical Officers, who have already interested themselves much in the Association's affairs, and through whose exertions there is every prospect of rapid success.

The Report by the Board of Directors was unanimously approved. The vacancies in the Board were then filled up; and after special votes of thanks to the Directors at the Head Office and Branches, and the Agents, Medical Officers, Managers, &c., the Meeting separated.

DIRECTORS AT EDINBURGH.

2 Hanover Street.

SIR JAMES FORBES of Comiston, Bart., Chairman.

Wm. J. Herries, Esq. of Spottis.

Alex. Kincaid Mackenzie, Esq. Banker.

Lieut. Col. R. W. Fraser, H. F. I. C. S.

John Rutherford, Esq. W. S.

The Rev. Professor Kelland, University of Edinburgh.

John Brown, Esq. M. D., F. R. C. P.

William Muir, Esq., Merchant, Leith.

James M. Melville, of Hanley.

Walter Marshall, Esq., Goldsmith.

George Robertson, Esq., W. S.

P. S. K. Ker, Esq., M. D., F. R. S. E.

Medical Officer.

William Wood, Esq., Accountant, Auditor.

Messrs. Melville & Lindsay, writers to the signet, Law Agents.

John Fraser, Manager.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH.

Office, No. 74, Saint John Street, St. John.

FRANCIS FERGUSON, Esq.,

REV. WILLIAM DONALD, A. M.,

HON. J. A. STROUT, Esq.,

W. H. ADAMS, Esq.,

ALEXANDER JARVIS, Esq.,

JAMES WALKER, M. D., Medical Officer.

With Agencies through the Provincial Secretary, SAMUEL D. BERTON.

BENJ. R. STEVENSON, AGENT.

Sept. 22.

Lumber, Lumber, Lumber.

DIMENSION Lumber, Scantling, Stud-ding, Planks, Boards, Laths, and Pickets, furnished to order, and at short notice, in this town. Apply to

JAMES BOLTON.

Sept. 6, 1858.

FLOUR and MEAL.

Just Received at the Union Store per Schrs. "Rembrandt" and "Deposit" from New York

50 BBL'S choice Family Flour.

100 do round top Ohio do.

100 do Extra Superfine do.

100 Bags fresh ground meal.

J. R. BRADFORD, AGENT.

September 1, 1858.

Government Notice.

Crown Land Office, Sept. 8, 1858.

ALL persons are hereby specially cautioned against the cutting of Timber or other lumber of whatsoever description, upon the ungranted crown lands lying within five miles of the St. Andrews and Woodstock Railway, or the lane which has been marked out and surveyed for it. Those who trespass after this notice will be prosecuted, and the timber or lumber cut by them will be immediately seized and forfeited agreeably to the 12th chapter of the Revised Statutes. Whatever is cut on the Railway Reserve, after this date will not be released on any terms.

JAMES BROWN, Sur. Gen.

TENDERS.

The Subscriber will receive Tenders for BUILDING A SCHOOL HOUSE, near the Fredericton Road Station, Dumfries, up to the 30th instant. A Plan and Specification may be seen at this station, where information respecting the building, will be given.

D. BENNETT, Fred'k R. Station.

Dumfries, Sept. 14, 1858.

Amherst Female Seminary.

PRINCIPALS Mrs. C. E. RATCHFORD and Miss YATES.

TERMS.

Board and Washing (white dresses excepted), with instruction in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Use of the Globes, Ancient and Modern Geography, Ancient and Modern History, Grammar and Rhetoric, Natural and Mental Philosophy, Astronomy, Botany, and English Composition—£30 per Academic Year.

EXTRA CHARGES.

MUSIC.—Piano or Spanish Guitar, three Lessons per Week, £2 per Quarter, or half term. Singing, five Lessons per Week, 10s.

DRAWING.—Pencil, or Crayon, five Lessons per Week, £1 0 0 per Quarter, or half term. Colored Crayon, five Lessons per Week £1 10 0. Water Colored Drawing Three Lessons per Week, (Landscapes) £1 10 0.

FRENCH.—Five Lessons per Week, £1 10s. per Quarter or half term.

ITALIAN.—Three Lessons per Week, £1 10s. per Quarter or Half Term.

Instruction is also given in the following branches:—Mr.—Oriental Painting, Wax Flowers, Feather Flowers, Fancy Wool Work, Chenille Flowers, Ornamental Hair Work, &c.

Bills payable quarterly in advance.

There are two terms per year. The Winter Term commences 1st January, and ends 31st of May. The Summer Term begins 1st August and ends 24th December. The intermediate Quarters or Half Terms commence 13th October and 20th March. Pupils will also be received at any time, and charged only from date of entrance.

The French department is under the care of Madame Eugénie Joubert, recently from Paris, who teaches on the Ollendorf system, and also gives lessons in Music. Daily conversation in French is insisted on.

Five other ladies are employed in the English Department, Music, Drawing, Painting, Italian, Botany, &c. No pupils will be spared to promote the health of the Boarders, by proper exercise; and those young ladies whose parents wish to send them to ride, are allowed the use of a quiet saddle horse. Each young lady is required to bring with her one pair of sheets, one pair of pillow slips, six towels, and four table napkins, marked with her name; and pupils remaining in the Seminary during the vacations, will be Twelve Shillings and Six pence per Week for Board and Washing.

There are six Pianos in the Establishment, and Pupils boarding in the vicinity will be charged Five Shillings per Quarter for the use of an instrument to practice. Any Books or Stationery which may be required, can be supplied by Mr. Ratchford, at Halifax prices. The Seminary is situated within a few minutes walk of four different places of public worship, and near to the Telegraph Station and Post Office. Three months notice required, under ordinary circumstances, before the removal of a pupil.

C. E. RATCHFORD.

Amherst, 24th May 1858.

REFERENCES.—The Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia;

the Hon. Judge Stewart, C. B., Thomas A. S. DeWolf, Esq., Halifax; Rev. George Townsend, A. M., Rev. Alexander Clarke, Amherst; Rev. Charles Tupper D. D.; Rev. Charles Elliott, A. B., Aylesford; A. P. Ross, Esq., Pictou; Harry King, D. C. L., Rev. John Francis, Windsor; Rev. E. B. Demit, A. M., John McGrath, Esq., St. John; Hon. John R. Partelow, Fredericton.

SASH, BLIND & DOOR FACTORY.

THE Proprietors of the Milltown Sash, Blind and Door Factory, tender their thanks to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and the public generally, for the liberal patronage with which they have been favored; and they hereby certify, that they are still at the old stand, where they will be happy to supply customers with Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Windows, &c. Door frames Glass, Sash rails, Parts, Balusters, Mouldings, Picture rails, Pickets, &c., manufactured from good seasoned timber, expressly for custom trade. Our stock is large and well assorted, and customers may rely upon good work, fair dealing, and low prices.

W. B. Sargent, Tinsmith, and all kinds of job work done at short notice. Orders solicited.

Thomas F. Odell, Agent for St. Andrews.

Milltown, 1858. P. M. PIRINGTON & CO.

DR. N. G. D. PARKER.

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, and Graduate of the University of Edinburgh.

Residence at Mr. Alexander's, corner of King and Queen streets.

Office, in Mr. Ayman's building in Water-st., formerly occupied by Mr. Walton. (May 19, 1858.)

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of John Higgins, late of the Parish of Grand Manan, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same to the subscriber within three months from the present date, and all those indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment.

F. M. GORDON, Executor.

Grand Manan, July 6, 1858.

TIMS FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON.

Capital, £250,000 Sterling.

THE Directors of this Company are men of the first standing, and many of them of great wealth. It has agencies in Great Britain, and Ireland, France, Holland, Germany, Prussia, Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia.

This Agency insures all descriptions of property at the lowest rates.

Claims paid promptly, without any deduction whatever. Claims paid without reference to London.

W. WHITLOCK, Agent for St. Andrews.

Land for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale that valuable Lot of Land situated in the Parish of St. Patrick being described as lot No. 2, in the 2d Range of the Clarence Hill Settlement, and known as the "Ryan lot"—containing 100 Acres more or less. The land is well wooded with hard and soft wood, among the latter is a good growth of pine. For terms, apply to John W. Hinkley, Eastport, or to

NATHAN SMART, N. B.—All persons are forbidden trespassing on said lot.

St. Andrews, June 30, 1858.—rm

GEO. F. CAMPBELL,

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC AS AN AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

St. Andrews, July 24, 1858.

P. STARKEY,



Saddle and Harness Maker.

RESPECTFULLY announces to his friends and the public in general, that he continues to manufacture Carriage, Waggon and Cart Harness, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Riding Saddles, Bridles, &c. He is also prepared to trim and decorate carriages in the latest style.

Thankful for the patronage he has received since commencing business, he trusts by attention and a desire to give satisfaction, to merit a continuance of the same.

His Shop adjoining Mr. Butler's, Water-street, nearly opposite the "British House," St. Andrews, June 30, 1858.

Provisions & Groceries.

NEW STORE.—The subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has commenced business in the shop lately occupied by James Thompson, where he has for sale—

FLOUR, MEAL,

PORK, HAMS,

TEA, SOAP, CROCKERYWARE,

together with a general assortment of Groceries and Provisions, Boots and shoes, and such other articles as are usually to be had in such establishments, all of which he will sell at the lowest market prices.

JAS. BOLTON.

St. Andrews, June 16, 1858.

DRESS MAKING!

THE most simple system for Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's Dresses, is the

PROVINCIAL LADIES' Dress Scale.

With a Tape Measure, and a set of the Dress Scale, any Lady can cut and fit her own Dresses to practice. Any Books or Stationery which may be required, can be supplied by Mr. Ratchford, at Halifax prices. The Seminary is situated within a few minutes walk of four different places of public worship, and near to the Telegraph Station and Post Office. Three months notice required, under ordinary circumstances, before the removal of a pupil.

AGENTS WANTED.

To sell the above. They will be supplied on the most reasonable terms, so that active agents can make from one dollar to five dollars clear of expenses. Those who have learned the "American Ladies Dress Chart System" can teach this.

All orders and communications to be addressed to me at St. Stephen, N. B.

MRS. MARTHA KENNEDY.

MOLASSES.

The Subscriber offers for sale, now landing at his stores in St. Andrews, per the "W. H. Turner," from Portland—

60 Hbls. do excellent quality retailing Molasses,

which together with the balance of his former stock will be disposed of at very low prices for cash.

Apply to JOHN D. WILSON.

Dec. 15.

Flour, Meal, Pork.

Just received from New York, and for sale at the UNION STORE:

200 Bbls Superfine Flour.

60 do Extra Family Flour.

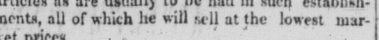
300 Bags Corn Meal, of good quality.

10 Bbls Pork; which together with a general stock of Provisions and Groceries on hand will be sold at the lowest market prices for prompt payment. Daily expected, a further supply of superior Family Flour.

J. R. BRADFORD, AGENT.

St. Andrews, Jan. 6, 1858.

STEAM, STEAM.



For Portland and Boston.

The Steamer EASTERN CITY leaves Boston, Monday, 8 A. M.

Recent occupied by J. W. Street, Esq., as a Wine Spirit Establishment.

The cellar is frost-proof, has a good well in it, and one half is used as a bonded warehouse. There is also a convenient yard with out-house, &c.

The premises are well adapted for the Liquor trade, or for the Dry Goods, or Provision and Grocery business, as there is ample room for storage in the upper flat and loft.

For further particulars apply to

ROSE MCCARTY, Ad-Administratrix.

St. Andrews, March 16, 1858.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st May.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demand against the Estate of JOHN MCCARTY late of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present them, duly attested, to the subscriber within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

ROSE MCCARTY, Ad-Administratrix.

St. Andrews, March 16, 1858.

HAIR DRESSING AND SHAVING SALOON.

The Subscriber, thankful for the patronage which he has received since he commenced business, begs to announce that he has removed to Mr. Berry's new building in Wy Henry street, where he will be happy to wait upon those who require his services in the line of his profession and hopes by attention and a endeavors to please, to receive a continuance of custom. Gentlemen wishing a cup, soap and brush for their own use can have them on payment of 1s 3d.

He also offers for sale an assortment of the best PERFUMERY, Hair Tonics, &c.

May 28.

T. G. BOUNDS.

100 CHALDRONS best Sydney coal.—Est

Schr. Wren. J. W. STREET.

Aug. 23, 1858.

A SUPERIOR Ship FRAME, moulded for a vessel of 750 tons, now lying at Indian Point.

Apply to JAMES W. STREET.

March 23, 1858.

TRAVELLERS INN.

THE Subscriber begs leave to intimate to the inhabitants of St. Andrews, and the public generally, that he has opened a

HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT,

opposite the head of the Steamboat Wharf, on the eastern side Water-street, where he will feel it a pleasure to attend to the comfort of those who may patronize him. Meals furnished at all hours; and the best liquors kept at the bar. He hopes by strict attention and endeavors to please, to receive a liberal share of patronage.

Good stabling on the premises.

JOSEPH CAIRNS.

St. Andrews, May 4, 1858. zm18

House and Lot for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale, that pleasantly situated HOUSE and Corner LOT, No. 4, Letter D, in Morris's Division, adjoining Mr. George Saunders's dwelling.

On the premises are a nicely finished two story house, with out offices and barn, and a well cultivated garden. The lot runs 80 feet on Queen street and 100 feet on Sophia street and is situated in a respectable neighborhood.

Inspection will be given at any time.

Also, Building Lots Nos. 1 and 2, Letter M, Morris's Division, corner of Carleton and Sophia streets; these lots are 80 by 100 feet each.

JOHN MCWHINNEY.

Saint Andrews, 21st April, 1858.—1f

FRUIT. FRUIT.

JUST Received—Fresh ELMES FIGS, Oranges, Lemons, Peas and Green Nuts, Northern Beans for planting, and 100 bushels, bottled Yellow Meal from Boston

May 31, 1858. JAMES BOYD

REMOVAL.

The undersigned has removed to his New Store in Water Street nearly opposite to the one he formerly occupied.

May 10. JAMES W. STREET.

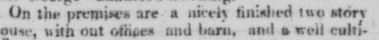
FLLOUR.

Ex "Utica" from Boston.—Now landing.

150 BARRELS "Prairie Mills" best Superior Family Flour.

May 10. JAMES W. STREET.

GEO. F. STICKNEY,



Watch and Clock Maker.

HAVING taken the premises in Water-street lately occupied by Mr. Brown, and next to the Post Office, will be happy to attend to the old customers, and the public generally, and hopes by strict attention, to merit a continuance of the custom so liberally bestowed on him before his removal.

St. Andrews, May 12, 1858.—Provincialist.

Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Assessor of Rates and Taxes for the Parish of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, will receive, until the 10th day of June next, statements, in writing, from all who are liable to be assessed, for the current year in the Parish of Saint Andrews, of the real and personal property and incomes they possess.

JOHN LOCHARY, HENRY HITCHINGS, Assessors.

THO. T. ODELL.

St. Andrews, May 10, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having accepted of the beneficial office of the Parish of Saint Andrews, do hereby recommend it to the attention of the public.

For every person, who is liable to be assessed, to have his name entered on the list of assessors, and to have his property assessed, he must send in a statement, in writing, of his property, and income, to the undersigned, before the 10th day of June next. The list of assessors, and the list of property, will be published, and the names of those who have been assessed, will be published, and the names of those who have been assessed, will be published.

JOHN LOCHARY, HENRY HITCHINGS, Assessors.

THO. T. ODELL.

St. Andrews, May 10, 1858.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st May.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demand against the Estate of JOHN MCCARTY late of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present them, duly attested, to the subscriber within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to

ROSE MCCARTY, Ad-Administratrix.

St. Andrews, March 16, 1858.

Beef, Pork, Molasses, &c.

Ex "Utica" from Boston—

30 Bbls. extra Moss Pork.

30 do do Beef.

10 Hbls. prime retailing Molasses.

12 Bbls. Spirits Turpentine.

20 Bbls. best superfine Flour, &c., &c.

JAMES W. STREET.

EXPRESS NOTICE!

VALENTINE & CO'S EXPRESS will leave St. Andrews, Robinson and Cairns, every MONDAY and THURSDAY.

For BOSTON and PORTLAND, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

For ST. JOHN, N. B.

Returning leaves Boston and Portland every Monday and Thursday, and St. John same days. Money, Bundles and Merchandise forwarded to all parts of the country.

Goods of every description purchased at the lowest rates.

All business transacted with promptness and dispatch.

ODELL & TURNER, Agents for St. Andrews.

June 1, 1858.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

Revere House.

Revere House, Boston, Mass.

AND TRAVELLERS' HOUSE, on Water-st., near the Custom House.

The Revere House, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

American House.

American House, Boston, Mass.

The American House, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

Parker House.

Parker House, Boston, Mass.

The Parker House, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN, Boston, Mass.

The KEPT ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

ENAMELED CLOTH.

ENAMELED CLOTH, Boston, Mass.

The ENAMELED CLOTH, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

AMPHOTYPE, PHOTOGRAPHIC AND

AMPHOTYPE, PHOTOGRAPHIC AND, Boston, Mass.

The AMPHOTYPE, PHOTOGRAPHIC AND, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

PAPER, TWINE, STRAW BOARDS.

PAPER, TWINE, STRAW BOARDS, Boston, Mass.

The PAPER, TWINE, STRAW BOARDS, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

STATIONARY & PORTABLE ENGINES.

STATIONARY & PORTABLE ENGINES, Boston, Mass.

The STATIONARY & PORTABLE ENGINES, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

JOHN STILES.

JOHN STILES, Boston, Mass.

The JOHN STILES, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

Globe Buildings, 18 State Street.

Globe Buildings, 18 State Street, Boston, Mass.

The GLOBE BUILDINGS, 18 STATE STREET, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

Colonial Produce.

Colonial Produce, Boston, Mass.

The COLONIAL PRODUCE, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

PERUVIAN SYRUP.

PERUVIAN SYRUP, Boston, Mass.

The PERUVIAN SYRUP, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

DYSPEPSIA.

DYSPEPSIA, Boston, Mass.

The DYSPEPSIA, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

CERTIFICATE OF DR. HAYES.

CERTIFICATE OF DR. HAYES, Boston, Mass.

The CERTIFICATE OF DR. HAYES, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

TO BOOK & NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS.

TO BOOK & NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS, Boston, Mass.

The TO BOOK & NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

DILLINGHAM & BRAGG'S

DILLINGHAM & BRAGG'S, Boston, Mass.

The DILLINGHAM & BRAGG'S, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

STEREOTYPE & ELECTROTYPE FOUNDRY.

STEREOTYPE & ELECTROTYPE FOUNDRY, Boston, Mass.

The STEREOTYPE & ELECTROTYPE FOUNDRY, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

JOHN HALL.

JOHN HALL, Boston, Mass.

The JOHN HALL, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

DOORS, BARNES, BLINDS, GLASS, SAND PAPER.

DOORS, BARNES, BLINDS, GLASS, SAND PAPER, Boston, Mass.

The DOORS, BARNES, BLINDS, GLASS, SAND PAPER, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

WHITTELL & POTTEN.

WHITTELL & POTTEN, Boston, Mass.

The WHITTELL & POTTEN, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

CONCRETE, LIGHT, HARD, AND SOFT.

CONCRETE, LIGHT, HARD, AND SOFT, Boston, Mass.

The CONCRETE, LIGHT, HARD, AND SOFT, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

THE Y. H. HALL'S REMOTE OFFICE.

THE Y. H. HALL'S REMOTE OFFICE, Boston, Mass.

The THE Y. H. HALL'S REMOTE OFFICE, is a new and commodious establishment, and is well adapted for the accommodation of the travelling public.

JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

TO BOOK & NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS.

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JOSEPH CAIRNS, Proprietor.

STEREOTYPE & ELECTRO

