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MINERAL ACT.  
CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.  
NOTICE.

THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION  
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best in first-class condition. Very  
suitable for small daily or weekly osh-  
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Apply to Manager, Times Office.

\$1.50 Per Annum, \$1.50

VOL. 32.

### MORE SHIPWRECKS AND LOSS OF LIVES

### CASUALTIES ON COAST OF NEWFOUNDLAND

Norwegian Steamer Sinks—It Is Feared  
the Whole of the Crew Were  
Drowned.

Halifax, Nov. 17.—The terrible gale  
that has been raging on the Newfound-  
land coast during the past three days  
has carried death and destruction in its  
train. Shipping has suffered severely as  
a result of the storm, and many lives  
have been lost.

A private dispatch which reached  
Halifax, N.B., to-night, states that the  
Norwegian steamer Ella, under charter  
to the Black Diamond line company, has  
been lost on the Newfoundland coast, in  
the vicinity of Belle Isle, with all hands.  
The steamer left Montreal on Friday  
with a general cargo for St. John's, Nfld.  
The Ella was 901 tons register and  
was built at Sunderland in 1888.  
This was her last trip of the season and  
she carried a crew of about 20 men.

Lashed to Rigging.  
St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 18.—Further details  
of the suffering of the crew of the barkentine  
Titanic, from Liverpool for St. John's,  
which was wrecked on Saturday morning  
in a dense fog near Cape Race, have been  
received here.

During the 36 hours of Saturday and  
Sunday during which they were lashed  
to the ship's rigging, the crew were abso-  
lutely without clothing excepting their  
shirts and drawers. Their rescue was ef-  
fected with great difficulty. Three men  
from the shore succeeded at the risk of  
their lives in aiding the shipwrecked men  
to land.

Boatswain Williams, who was drown-  
ed, became impatient at the delay in  
reaching the shore and driven crazy by  
his sufferings, plunged into the sea, and  
was killed. His lifeless body was  
thrown high against the cliffs.

Accidents in Fog.  
London, Nov. 18.—Saturday's fog,  
which was general throughout the Unit-  
ed Kingdom, was responsible for many  
accidents and fatalities. The driver of  
a London omnibus was found dead in his  
car while the vehicle was still running.  
He was a victim of cold fog. Several  
collisions occurred in the Mersey. The  
Dominion liner Roman, from Portland  
November 2nd, ran down and sank the  
Suffolk of the Dunlop line. There  
was no loss of life. A Norwegian brig-  
antine has been seen drifting helplessly  
off Hull, and it is feared that several  
persons have been drowned.

Lake St. John.  
Quebec, Nov. 19.—A syndicate of Cana-  
dian and United States capitalists is  
operating in the Lake St. John district  
various industries. The capital of the  
company is several millions.

Smallpox.  
There are now over 60 cases of small-  
pox in the city of Quebec. The authori-  
ties are having some difficulty in en-  
suring vaccination among the ignorant  
classes.

Insurance Rates.  
Montreal, Nov. 19.—As a consequence  
of the recent big blaze in Sydney, N. S.,  
insurance rates there are to be increased  
20 per cent, with a further increase if  
protection is not improved.

Stole Letters.  
Maudsloni Monsean, an employee of  
the post office, was this morning sen-  
tenced to three years in the penitentiary  
for stealing letters.

Boy Killed.  
Peterborough, Nov. 19.—John Derocher,  
8 1/2 years old, was struck and instantly  
killed by a large pine log, which he was  
skating behind unloaded from a wagon  
passing.

Death of M. Beatty.  
Welland, Ont., Nov. 19.—Matthew  
Beatty, member of M. Beatty &  
Sons, manufacturers of shovels, etc., is  
dead, aged 81 years.

Dredge a Success.  
Toronto, Nov. 19.—A successful build-  
ing test was made of the new govern-  
ment dredge. Hon. J. Israel Tarte, to-  
day, is the largest and most powerful  
hydraulic dredge in the world.

London Medal.  
The city authorities have received one  
of the gold medals struck by the  
City of London to commemorate the  
centenary of the city of London Imperial  
Institution for service in South Africa.

Died Suddenly.  
Frank Robertson, wholesale fancy  
goods merchant, died early this morning  
in his office about 2 o'clock yester-  
day afternoon when he was taken sud-  
denly ill of heart failure.

Combine Breaks Down.  
The combination of the canners to  
control production of leading lines of goods  
in the west, which was made last sum-  
mer, has broken down, and will not be  
renewed. A number of leading canners  
are likely to limit production.

Through Trains.  
Winnipeg, Nov. 19.—It is reported  
that the Grand Trunk, Wisconsin  
Central and Canadian Northern roads

### TROOPS MARCHING ON INSURGENTS

### GOVERNMENT FORCE STARTS FROM PANAMA

Colombian Liberals Are Strongly En-  
trenched and News of a Decisive  
Battle is Expected.

Colon, Colombia, Nov. 19.—General  
Albin, with a strong force, consisting of  
1,100 men well armed and supplied with  
ammunition, and having cannon and  
modern quick-firing guns with them, has  
started to attack the insurgent forces  
which are strongly entrenched near  
Chorrera. Half of Gen. Albin's force  
left Panama in large launches, towed  
by the Colombian gunboat Bogota. The  
remainder marched overland. These  
forces are to combine and make a front  
and rear attack on the insurgents.

Man Blown to Pieces.  
Sault Ste. Marie, Nov. 19.—News has  
been received here of a terrific explosion  
of dynamite at the Helen mine, Michi-  
gotten, on Thursday. James Ryan was  
blown completely to pieces, only a finger  
and piece of his spine being found. The noise  
of the explosion was heard nearly 15  
miles.

Imperial Cabinet.  
Alleged Divergence of Opinion Between  
Chancellor of the Exchequer and  
His Colleagues.

New York, Nov. 19.—Rumors that  
parliament will meet in the middle of  
January serve to explain the frequency  
of the cabinet meetings, says the Tri-  
bune's London representative. There  
will be another one to-day (Tuesday).

While the programme of the session con-  
tains little beyond drastic proposals  
amending the rules of the Commons, well-  
founded rumors of a sharp diver-  
gence of opinion between Sir Michael Hicks-  
Beach and his colleagues respecting his  
financial policy offer an adequate ex-  
planation of the mystery. Lord London-  
derry's hollow truce has not been much  
availed of, but may be patched up  
again if Sir Michael proves more flexi-  
ble than he was a fortnight ago, respect-  
ing the ways and means of providing for  
the contingency of the war.

They Feel Uneasy.  
Steps Proposed to Keep Northern Pacific  
and Great Northern Free From  
Securities Company.

Tacoma, Wn., Nov. 19.—In response  
to requests and advice of friends, Gov.  
Brewster is considering the advisability  
of calling an extra session of the legisla-  
ture to take action to prevent the con-  
trol of the Northern Pacific and Great  
Northern railways by the International  
Securities Company. Gov. Rogers is  
very conservative in matters of this  
kind and declares he will not take ac-  
tion until the subject shall be consid-  
ered thoroughly from every standpoint.

Redmond Interviewed.  
He Says the Irish Want Absolute In-  
dependence.

Montreal, Nov. 20.—John E. Redmond,  
leader of the Irish Nationalists in the  
British House of Commons, who is tour-  
ing the United States and Canada in the  
interests of the Irish cause, arrived in  
this city this morning.

In an interview he said Ireland had as  
much cause to rebel as Canada did in her  
earlier history, and while he favored phy-  
sical force of arms to accomplish the  
freedom Canada enjoys, he said stringen-  
cy of funds prevented the object be-  
ing accomplished in that way. He  
most consequently take constitutional  
means. They would be satisfied with  
the freedom Canada enjoys, but would  
prefer absolute independence.

In answer to a question regarding the  
Irish war, he said while he would  
have little to say in that connection, his  
only mission being to elicit sympathy  
for the Irish cause.

Regarding Hon. Joseph Chamberlain's  
threat to reduce Irish representation in  
the House of Commons on account of  
Irish obstruction, Mr. Redmond said  
the Nationalists did not fear the colonial  
secretary would be too busy with the  
Boer war to introduce legislation of  
this sort. He denied, however, that the  
Irish obstructed legislation. He was of  
the opinion that the Salisbury govern-  
ment would fall inside of six months,  
owing to complications existing in the  
party. He said also that Lord Salisbury  
would retire after the coronation.

Kaiser and President.  
Roosevelt Sends Message of Goodwill to  
Emperor William—His Majesty's  
Reply.

Berlin, Nov. 20.—Andrew D. White,  
the ambassador of the United States to  
Germany, went to Potsdam yesterday  
for the usual ceremonial visit to the  
court after an ambassador's absence  
from the country. Under President  
Roosevelt's instructions Mr. White com-  
municated to the Emperor the Presi-  
dent's message of goodwill for His Maj-  
esty and Germany, also expressing the  
President's hearty co-operation in  
everything tending towards peace and  
strengthening the friendly relations be-  
tween the two countries.

The Emperor in reply referred to the  
most cordial terms to President Roose-  
velt, showing the greatest familiarity  
with the President's history and char-  
acteristics. His Majesty also dwelt  
upon the evidently happy influence of  
President Roosevelt's prestige and char-  
acter upon the political development of  
his country. The Emperor, who was  
looking well and cheerful, referred in  
terms of great sympathy to the assassina-  
tion of President McKinley.

### NOISY DEPUTIES.

### BOER COMMANDOS TAKEN BY BRITISH

MUNITIONS OF WAR AND  
STOCK ALSO SECURED

Application to Have Krause Committed  
on Charges of High Treason and  
Incitement to Murder.

London, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from  
Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria to-  
day says Lieutenant-Colonel Brand's  
column has routed over 100 Boer  
commandos, 30 miles northwest of  
Pretoria. The troops killed three men,  
wounded three and captured fifty-four,  
including two field cornets.

The column also captured much stock  
and munitions of war.

Charges Against Krause.  
London, Nov. 20.—When Dr. Krause,  
the former governor of Johannesburg,  
who was arrested on September 2nd on  
the charge of high treason and inciting  
to murder, was brought up at Bow  
street to-day for the thirteenth time,  
the treasury representatives created some  
excitement by announcing that they  
withdraw the application for the pris-  
oner's extradition to South Africa and  
wanted Dr. Krause committed to the  
Old Bailey on the charges of high trea-  
son and incitement to murder. The  
treasury officials consider there is  
ample justification to try Dr. Krause  
here on the charge of inciting Dr. Cor-  
nelius Broekman, the former public  
prosecutor of Johannesburg, who was  
executed on September 30th, to murder  
Douglas Foster, an English lawyer at-  
tached to Lord Roberts's staff, who was  
very active against the Boers.

Krause was remanded for a fortnight  
in £5,000 bail.

Considering Contingent Question.  
Ottawa, Nov. 20.—A cabinet meeting  
is being held this afternoon to consider  
the question of sending another corps  
of Boer troops to South Africa. All  
ministers are in favor of sending the  
corps if Britain accepts.

CHINESE EXCLUSION.  
President Roosevelt Will Recommend  
That the Act Be Strengthened.

Washington, Nov. 20.—President  
Roosevelt, in his message to congress,  
will not only recommend the re-enact-  
ment of the Chinese Exclusion Act, but  
will go further and recommend that it  
be strengthened to increase its efficiency.  
The President gave this information to-  
day to Representative Needham, of Cali-  
fornia.

The President told other Western call-  
ers to-day that he would call the atten-  
tion of congress in his message to the  
advisability of doing something to reclaim  
the arid regions of the West.

FAMILY MURDERED.  
Had Resisted Assaults and Were Liter-  
ally Cut to Pieces.

Los Angeles, Nov. 19.—The dead bodies  
of a P. P. Wilcocks, his wife and  
young son were found to-day at their  
home, 12 miles from this city. The bodies  
were horribly mutilated and the  
bloody contents of the premises indicat-  
ed the assaults had met with a fierce  
resistance. Wilcocks and family had  
been shot and then literally cut to pieces  
with a knife. A neighbor forced the  
door and found the bodies of the family  
on the floor. The woman had been shot  
while carrying a plate from the stove  
to the table. The baby boy lay in the  
middle of the room, while the disem-  
bowed body of the father was  
stretched near the door. It is supposed  
the crime was committed two or three  
days ago. No clue has been found.

DENMARK'S EXPORT.  
Trade With United States Has Increased  
During the Past Year.

Copenhagen, Nov. 20.—The report of  
the fiscal year, ending June 30th, 1900,  
just issued, shows that Denmark's ex-  
ports to the United States, contrary to a  
previous impression, maintained the pro-  
portionate increase attained in the previ-  
ous year. The proportion of the aggregate  
of previous five years. This is consid-  
ered to be an effective answer to those  
who are urging tariff war on the ground  
that the protective duties of the United  
States prohibit the expansion of Euro-  
pean trade in that country.

SMUGGLING.  
Seattle Women Alleged to Have Been  
Conducting Operations on a  
Large Scale.

Seattle, Wn., Nov. 20.—Seattle women,  
wives and daughters of wealthy business  
and professional men, according to Unit-  
ed States secret service detectives, have  
been conducting systematic smuggling  
operations on a large scale. Their viola-  
tions of the law have become so frequent  
that the matter is receiving serious con-  
sideration from government officials. A  
large quantity of expensive silks and  
gold goods were smuggled into this city  
from Victoria during the past winter.

RUMORED DEATH OF VICEROY.  
Hongkong, Nov. 19.—An unconfirmed  
report is in circulation here that Tao  
Fu, viceroy of the provinces of Kwang  
Tung and Twang Si, is dead.

VANCOUVER NOTES.  
Vancouver, Nov. 19.—Surveyor Brier  
returned this morning from Mount Baker  
district, where he says all the miners  
have now mutually agreed upon the  
location of the boundary line according to  
the recent Canadian survey. He says  
the roads leading to the mines from the  
American side are impossible, and that  
the American goods have to be shipped in  
from Chilliwack.

A shipment of gold, received here from  
Port Alabasca, McKenzie river, assay-  
ed nearly \$20 to the ounce, being the  
best value ever handled in the Van-  
couver office.

### THE QUESTION OF A MOUNTED CONTINGENT

### MATTER WILL BE DISCUSSED AT A MEETING OF CABINET MINISTERS AT OTTAWA TO-NIGHT.

Castro Responsible.  
New York, Nov. 19.—Among the pas-  
sengers who arrived this morning on the  
steamer Allegheny, from Saranilla, was  
General Diego A. de Castro, special  
commissioner of Colombia. He says his  
mission is to purchase war material and  
prevent the purchase of such material  
by the revolutionists. He will go direct  
to Washington to consult the Colombian  
minister. General de Castro says that  
the insurance has been more insignif-  
icant than the rebels would seem, add-  
ing: "President Castro, of Venezuela,  
and he only, is the cause of the whole  
trouble. He has encouraged malcon-  
tents in our country to put down those  
in his own. We have not invaded Ven-  
ezuela, but the Venezuelans have en-  
croached upon us. Ecuador and Ven-  
ezuela have combined against us. Now,  
however, Ecuador has elected a new  
president who will not encourage such  
actions."

THE CANAL TREATY.  
London Globe Is Not Pleased With the  
Hay-Pauncefote Convention.

London, Nov. 19.—The Globe this af-  
ternoon discusses the Hay-Pauncefote  
treaty in its usual ultra-jingo tone. It  
says: "Unless Lord Pauncefote and  
Secretary Hay have strictly observed  
the principle of quid pro quo, the treaty  
is far more likely to impair than to  
strengthen friendship. If British rights  
on the Isthmus have been abandoned  
without a tangible equivalent, it will not  
be long before Great Britain will be  
invited to surrender the West Indies  
and even Canada as peace offerings to  
American 'chauvinism.'"

LIBERAL CONVENTION.  
Nelson Executive in Favor of It Being  
Held Shortly.

Nelson, Nov. 20.—J. A. Gilker, post-  
master, has resigned, his resignation to  
take effect at the end of the year, on ac-  
count of private business. The  
Executive of the Liberal Association  
disapprove of holding the provincial  
convention at Vancouver, and want Kam-  
loops or some central point selected, and  
also want proxies allowed, and the con-  
vention to be soon, not immediately, be-  
fore a general election as recommended  
by the provincial executive. They have  
asked Mr. Gallinger, M. P., to push the  
appointment of a Senator for Yale-  
Cariboo.

MONTREAL NOTES.  
Montreal, Nov. 18.—The trial of Thor-  
vald Hansen, the Dane who confessed  
to having murdered little Eric Marotte  
in Westmount on the night of October  
29th, was postponed till the March term  
of the court after the ambassador's  
counsel, who stated that Hansen was in-  
sane, and that he wished to trace his  
family antecedents in Denmark.

Rev. H. G. Rice, acting pastor of Zion  
congregational church, and was issued  
a call to the pastorate of that church a  
few weeks ago, was stricken with ap-  
pendicitis on Saturday and is now in  
the hospital, where he will undergo an  
operation.

A communication was received at the  
Dominion W. C. T. U. convention this  
morning from Lady Henry Somerset,  
announcing that the next world's W. C.  
T. U. convention will be held at Ottawa.  
The election of officers resulted as fol-  
lows: President, Mrs. Rutherford, Tor-  
onto; vice-president, Miss Douglan,  
Montreal; corresponding secretary, Mrs.  
Basson, Toronto; recording secretary,  
Mrs. McLaughlin, Montreal; treasurer,  
Mrs. Odell, Ottawa.

Wood's Phosphorine,  
The Great English Remedy,  
is sold and recommended by all  
druggists in Canada. Only safe  
and reliable medicine discovered. Size  
of bottle, 1/2 pint. Beware of cheap  
imitations. Beware of all  
forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse  
of excess, Mental Worry, Excessive use of To-  
bacco, Opium or Stimulants. Sold on receipt  
of price, one package \$1, six, \$5. One sold  
free. The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont.

Wood's Phosphorine is sold in Victoria  
by all responsible Druggists.

### EVOLUTION AMONG CELESTIAL BODIES

### IMPORTANT DISCOVERY BY PROFESSOR RITCHEY

After Careful Research, He Has Proved  
the Truth of the Nebular Theory  
of Creation.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Prof. Ritchey, of  
Yerkes observatory, is reported to have  
made a discovery in astronomy which  
will make him and the observatory  
world famous. The discovery in brief is  
the proof of what is known as the nebular  
theory, and Professor Ritchey ap-  
pears to have reduced to certitude what  
has heretofore been merely a brilliant  
hypothesis. It is stated that he has done  
this by obtaining photographic evidence  
of the evolution among the planetary  
bodies.

Prof. Ritchey's observations, it is as-  
serted, not only prove the truth of the  
celestial nebular theory of creation an-  
nounced by the famous Frenchman, La  
Place, and of the widely entertained be-  
lief that the solar system and even star  
clusters have been formed by millions of  
years of slow evolution from great bodies  
of gaseous matter floating in the incon-  
ceivable abysses of space, but also prove  
that a nebula, with a star for a nucleus,  
changes its shape and the quantity of  
light it emits, and that these changes  
are so rapid as to be observable within  
the compass of a few hours.

The celestial object upon which Prof.  
Ritchey has made his observations is the  
mysterious star Nova of Persens, which  
suddenly appeared last February in the  
northern sky, blazing with strange light  
in a place where there had been no star  
before. Its light rapidly increased until  
it became a star of the first magnitude.  
Then it gradually faded away until now  
it is only of the sixteenth magnitude. At  
present it is altogether invisible to the  
unaided vision. On the night of Septem-  
ber 20th, Prof. Ritchey's photograph of  
Nova of Persens by means of the 24-  
inch reflector at the observatory. The  
negative disclosed the fact that the star  
was surrounded by a nebula, a fact that  
had been previously observed by another  
observer, but on the plate made by Prof.  
Ritchey, after an exposure of three hours  
and fifty minutes, there were two fairly  
distinct whorls of nebulosity toward the  
west with a curve to the north merging  
into the convolutions of the nebula.

This was a startling fact, but Prof.  
Ritchey patiently waited for a favorable  
night to secure another negative. The  
opportunity came on Wednesday night,  
Nov. 13th, when for seven hours Prof.  
Ritchey exposed his plate to the light of  
the mysterious star. When he looked at  
the negative he observed a fact in which  
he at once recognized the proof so long  
sought and so ardently wished for by ob-  
servers everywhere.

The spots of the nebula had moved. Never  
before had this amazing fact been found  
and Prof. Ritchey, who at once saw the  
immeasurable importance of the dis-  
covery he had made, was gratified beyond  
words.

FRENCH LOAN.  
Debate on Bill Adjourning Until To-  
morrow When it Will Probably  
Be Carried.

Paris, Nov. 19.—The chamber of de-  
puties to-day continued the discussion of  
the bill authorizing a loan of 265,000,-  
000 francs at three per cent, perpetual  
rents, to reimburse the treasury for its  
outlay in connection with the Chinese  
expedition and the indemnification of  
French sufferers in China.

M. Caillaux, minister of finance, de-  
fended and explained the government's  
plan, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, the Pre-  
mier, made a forcible speech, defending  
the policy of France in protecting French  
industries in China.

The Premier's speech produced a great  
effect upon the chamber and will prob-  
ably result in carrying the government's  
scheme practically unchanged. The de-  
bate was adjourned to Thursday.

TRANSPORTATION OF MAILS.  
Washington, Nov. 18.—Postmaster-  
General Mulock, of Canada, conferred  
with Postmaster-General Charles Emory  
Smith and Assistant Postmaster General  
Schallenberg to-day on the proposed  
improvement in the mail facilities be-  
tween Canada and the United States,  
principally regarding those transpor-  
tation routes which run over Canadian  
territory. Arrangements have been ef-  
fected under which Canada will take  
charge of the transportation of the United  
States mails across Canadian territory  
for Alaska after July 1st next.

Rome, N. Y., Nov. 20.—O. Knowlton,  
one of the original "Forty-niners," died  
here to-day, aged 79 years. Mr. Knowl-  
ton made two trips to California via  
Cape Horn.

CASTORIA  
For Infants and Children.

RAILWAY EMPLOYEES.  
Ottawa, Nov. 20.—A meeting is going  
on here this afternoon to form a Rail-  
way Employees' Association for Canada,  
so as to have no connection with the  
American order.

# IT WAS ALL OVER IN THREE HOURS

## DETAILS OF CAPTURE OF COLON BY LIBERALS

### The Loss Is Placed at Twelve Killed and Thirty Wounded—Gen. Patino Among the Dead.

Colon, Colombia, Nov. 20.—The Liberals made an unexpected attack on Colon at 6 o'clock last night. The government was not prepared and there was little resistance. There was some fighting in front of the Cuartel and in certain streets for an hour and a half. The Liberals gained possession of all the public offices and the town of Colon. The prefect guardia is a prisoner. Over twelve men were killed and about thirty men wounded.

The United States gunboat Machias, now here, took no part in the proceedings. There has been no telegraphic communication with Panama since last evening, and it is surmised here that Panama is now being attacked.

**Official Confirmation.**—The state department has received official confirmation of the capture of Colon by the Liberals. Transit was interrupted for a brief period, but is now restored.

Capt. Perry, of the Iowa, the senior naval officer at Panama, has been instructed to land marines if necessary to maintain transit across the Isthmus. A dispatch received at the navy department from the commander says that 30 bluejackets have been landed from the Machias at Colon and have taken charge of the railway station. This was not done because of any further disturbances, but as a matter of precaution.

Colon, Colombia, Nov. 20.—On receipt of the news that Gen. Albani, the military commander of the Isthmus, had started to attack the Liberals at Corera, near Panama, the Liberals detached 160 men under Gen. Patino, to attack Colon. This force embarked on board a train bound for Panama at Colon yesterday evening at Last Cascades station, previously cutting off telegraphic communication across the Isthmus.

On arriving at the outskirts of Colon, where the government usually maintained a small guard, the Liberals left the train and in the initial skirmishes which began soon afterwards, Patino was killed. The command of the Liberals then devolved on Col. Frederico Barrera, and they continued their march on Colon, arriving there a few minutes after the train, thus surprising the government forces.

The government troops at Colon were outnumbered by the Liberals. Fighting immediately began at the Cuartel (the barracks), which was soon taken. There, Senor Jara, a judge of the Criminal court, was killed, and Senor Muscus, the district representative of the department of the interior, was mortally wounded.

Fighting subsequently occurred at the town hall, which was also taken by the Liberals. Among the prisoners captured there by the Liberals were the prefect guardia and the commander of the hearing apparatus in the refrigerating cars.

Smallpox, John W. Causley, his wife and three small children were removed to the quarantine to-day suffering from smallpox. They came here two weeks ago from Council Bluffs, Iowa.

The Late W. Garland, The funeral of the late W. Garland at Portage La Prairie to-day was attended by members of the Manitoba government. Premier Roblin was one of the pall-bearers.

Unknown Man Killed, Two foreigners, names unknown, were blown to atoms by an accidental explosion of dynamite while working on a track cut on the Canadian Northern near Mine Centre, Ont.

BOER APPEAL, Court of Arbitration Will Not Take Matter Up.

The Hague, Nov. 20.—The administrative council for the court of arbitration decided to-day that it was incompetent to consider the Boer appeal for intervention in the war in South Africa.

RHEUMATIC JOINTS—Mrs. George Smith, 62 Channon street, Point St. Charles, Que., says: "Rheumatism in my joints caused me sufferings that words cannot describe how terrible. I took four bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure and am a well woman. I have recommended it to others with as good results. Think the treatment nothing short of a wonder." Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—10.

ATTACKED BY A HOG, Windsor, Ont., Nov. 20.—John Hager, a Sandwich South farmer, was nearly disturbed in the woods while making a bed for his litter. The animal knocked him down and cut open his abdomen, which required stitches. Hager managed to regain his feet and beat off the brute with a club.

MURDERER EXECUTED, Auburn, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Fred Krist, the murderer, was put to death by electricity in the state prison here at 6:37 a. m. to-day. He met his fate with fortitude.

Kirst's crime was the murder of his sweetheart, Katie Tobin, at Waverly, Toga county, on April 7th of last year.

necessary for the free transit across the Isthmus in accordance with the treaty rights and obligations of the United States. At the same time Capt. Perry was enjoined to avoid bloodshed if possible. Meanwhile news came that Commander McCrea, of the Machias, which is now lying at Colon, had anticipated this instruction from the Navy department by landing a force of bluejackets at Colon and occupying the railway station. The understanding at the Navy department was that the landing party consisted of about 100 sailors, who are employed in lieu of marines, of whom the Machias has an insufficient force.

## CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Farmer Shot by a Doctor at Brentford—Three Irish Delegates Address Montreal Meeting.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 20.—Owing to an outbreak of diphtheria here, the public schools have been closed until it is stamped out.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 20.—While endeavoring to cross the ice from Norman to Rat Portage to-day, Jas. Mitchell, aged 17, broke through and was drowned in the water 20 minutes. He was going to Rat Portage to meet his mother. Assigned.

Hamilton, Ont., Nov. 20.—The old established furniture firm of J. Hoodless & Son, of this city, made an assignment this morning to Mr. C. S. Scott. The business was established some 40 or 50 years ago by the late Joseph Hoodless. The liabilities are about \$85,000, and the assets nominally greater.

For Independence, Montreal, Nov. 20.—Messrs. Redmond, O'Donnell and McHugh, the Irish delegates, addressed an audience of 1,500 Irishmen in the Windsor hall to-night. The meeting was most enthusiastic.

O'Donnell's speech in Gaelic arousing great applause. The speech followed the trend of those already delivered. Mr. Redmond said that the Irish intended remaining disloyal and rebellious until England wanted peace and had consented to pay the same price it had paid in Canada—Independent government. Resolutions were adopted congratulating Ireland on its reunited party and pledging the support of the National Irishmen in the fight for Home Rule.

Constable Injured, Calgary, N. W. T., Nov. 20.—Constable Macdonell, N. W. M. P., while patrolling northeast of Calgary, was thrown from his horse, and when first seized by a companion was struck by a wire fence. He is still unconscious and his physician reports his condition as critical.

Census Returns, Ottawa, Nov. 20.—Final returns for Manitoba and the Northwest Territories have been received by the census bureau. Manitoba's population is given as 254,393, or 7,839 more than the first bulletin. The Territories population is 150,248, or 14,248 more than the August bulletin.

Refrigerator Service, Toronto, Nov. 20.—The new special refrigerator service to Manitoba, the Territories and the Northwest Territories, was inaugurated by the Canadian Pacific railway, and will be put into effect this month. Shippers of fruit and other perishable goods are notified that a train from North Bay every Wednesday afternoon will take all cars loaded with perishable traffic for the main line points west of Sudbury Junction to the coast.

The train to be accompanied by an attendant, who will watch the heating apparatus in the refrigerating cars.

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ONE FACT IS BETTER THAN TEN HEARSAYS, Ask Doctor Burgess, Supt. Hospital, Montreal, Monday, if they have used it for years, for his opinion of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. Get the genuine made by Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

# CROPS IN MANITOBA AND TERRITORIES

## EXHAUSTIVE REVIEW OF PAST YEAR'S YIELD

### Total Amount of Grain Exported This Fall Will Reach About Twenty-Three Million Bushels.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 20.—The railways are doing great work in carrying the Manitoba wheat crop. From September 1st to November 16th no less than 17,680 cars of grain were loaded and shipped East carrying in the neighborhood of fifteen to sixteen million bushels. The total amount of grain shipped East last year from September 1st, 1900, to September 1st, 1901, was only a trifle over 13,000,000 bushels. At present all records for grain shipments have been broken, and it is expected that the total amount exported this fall will reach 22,000,000 or 23,000,000 bu. by the end of the season.

The Northwest Farmer, West-Can's farm journal, in its issue to-day, publishes an exhaustive review of the crops gathered from correspondents of the paper in Manitoba and the Territories who were asked to furnish reliable information as to the returns from the past season, as well as to ascertain the amount of land in readiness for next year's work. Introducing the reports the Northwest Farmer says:

Striking an average of the yields reported, we obtain the following results: "Manitoba—Wheat, 23.76 bushels to the acre; oats, 44.44; barley, 35.43; flax, 17.50.

"In Assiniboia—Wheat, 30.31 bushels to the acre; oats, 56.60; barley, 39.63; flax, 17.50.

"Alberta—Wheat, 30.29 bushels to the acre; oats, 50.75; barley, 37.17. "Saskatchewan—Wheat, 28.50 bushels to the acre; oats, 50.75; barley, 38.33.

"We think these averages represent pretty accurately the actual crop returns for the divisions of the country which they represent.

"The estimated yield from the crops in the Territories has never been prepared during the growing season by the Territorial Department of Agriculture, but it is interesting to compare the figures obtained from our correspondents with the averages for the provinces. The Department of Agriculture for Manitoba. That report gave estimates made from the standing crops as follows:

"Wheat, 24.28 bushels to the acre; oats, 42.28; barley, 37.28 bushels to the acre. It is noted that the wheat crop has been slightly lowered, while those of oats and barley have been raised. It will be noticed that the best yields as a rule are reported from the parts of Manitoba lying to the north, a fact which may be more or less due to the greater percentage of newer lands being brought into cultivation in these districts and which also suggests that perhaps the production of the land in what we have all along called the best wheat growing sections may already be becoming impaired by too close and too continuous cropping.

"The returns from crops in the Territories show a considerably higher average than do those from Manitoba, but this is only in keeping with conditions as they have existed throughout the entire growing season.

"We do not think the reports have anything of the boom character about them; in fact, in some cases it may be rather below than above the actualities. The general tendency of reports seems to indicate a loss, sometimes of one or two grades, on what on account of the wetness of the fall, although some correspondents do not report any detriment from this cause. It is gratifying to observe the general immunity from damage by frosts; and in contrast to the season of 1900, there seems to have been almost an entire freedom from loss by winds and hail. From some Manitoba points considerable complaint is made of damage by rust. The only damage sustained through winds has been that which has resulted from crops being blown down late in the season, in a few cases being shelled late in the fall while overripe grain was left standing too long before being cut.

"Delay and lateness in threshing is complained of from every quarter. The amount of land under summer fallow seems in most parts to be on the increase, and no doubt the adverse conditions for fall plowing of this season will act as a strong factor in impressing upon the farmers the advantages of having the land under fallow a large part of the land intended for early seeding. Not only this, but with the large amount of land left fall for spring plowing, it is almost certain that after spring work has been carried as far as the season will allow, a good deal of land will of necessity be held over for fallow. The amount of land held over by insects does not seem to have been very great. In the central part of Manitoba, about and south of Douglas, a few of the lighter lands were invaded by grasshoppers, and in some places complaints are made of the ravages of wire worms and cut-worms, while from one point (Gladstone) the report mentions an attack of Hessian fly. Multiplying the average ob- served for Manitoba by the acreage of 2,011,835 acres reported in the Manitoba June bulletin as being sown to wheat, we obtain a total wheat yield for the province of 47,802,049 bushels.

"Taken altogether, the whole trend of the report gives testimony to an unusually satisfactory crop and one the reflection of which will furnish good cause for our Thanksgiving dinner."

Farmer Shot, Brentford, Ont., Nov. 20.—Dr. Robt. Harbottle, Barford, this morning shot Herman Stewart, a well-to-do farmer who lives a mile south of the village on Fairgrod road. Dr. Harbottle deliberately pulled a revolver from his pocket

when he was standing close to Stewart and pulled the trigger. The bullet entered Stewart's head at the temple and passed out just behind and slightly above the ear. Although the victim bled profusely, he was not in any danger of death, and he will recover without doubt. The bullet did not enter the scalp, but glanced off.

## TRADE RELATIONS.

### Reciprocity With Canada Was Discussed at Convention Now in Session at Washington.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The session to-night of the National Reciprocity convention was devoted mainly to the question of reciprocal trade relations with Canada. Several papers were read, after which the convention adjourned.

The views of the Boston Chamber of Commerce on the subject of reciprocity with Canada were presented in a paper by Mr. Geo. P. Coppins. "There was, he said, no logical escape from the conclusion that Canada should be included in any general scheme for reciprocal trade relations. We should cultivate such a good customer and not incur his hostility."

Mr. John Charlton, a member of the Canadian parliament, spoke earnestly in favor of more reasonable concessions in trade relations to meet the liberal treatment accorded the United States by Canada. "Canada," he said, wanted reciprocity and free trade in the natural products of both countries. Canada could not permit existing conditions to continue.

Mr. Wm. Irvine, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., largely identified with the lumber interests, discussed the attitude of the lumber interests on the question of reciprocity with Canada. He believed that the lumbermen of the United States would voluntarily agree to the same concession proposed by the Canadian high joint commissioners provided those who are engaged in the manufacture of lumber and free trade in the natural products of both countries. Canada could not permit existing conditions to continue.

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# REGULATIONS FOR EPIDEMIC DISEASE

## STRICT MEASURES TO CHECK ITS SPREAD

### New Provisions Approved by the Governor-in-Council in Regard to Smallpox and Tuberculosis.

The following regulations in regard to smallpox and tuberculosis have been promulgated in the Gazette addressed to the Medical Health Officers and others charged with the management of the outbreaks of those diseases in the province.

Upon discovery of the existence of smallpox, or of persons who have been exposed to smallpox, act quickly. Investigate at once all rumors or reports of infection.

The powers given by the "Health Act" are ample in almost any contingency.

The duty of the local board is to act promptly. No time should be wasted in endeavor to obtain the consent or approval of the municipal officers, or of anyone else. Your municipality, or whoever may be responsible, will be obliged to pay all reasonable charges, and the more promptly you act the smaller the bills will be.

If any person breaks quarantine, violates the provisions of the health laws, or interferes with the work of the duly appointed officers, have him arrested at once. If infectious, he should be held until he can be disinfected and brought before a magistrate.

Suspects, or Exposed Persons. Trace out, as speedily as possible, every person who has been exposed to the infection of smallpox. Make a note of the date of exposure. When located, vaccinate every such person as soon as possible. Vaccinate also, all the members of his family, and of the household in which he lives.

As to the question of quarantining a person who has been exposed to smallpox: If he is a transient, and has not a certain intimate association with an infected person under close quarantine.

If, on the other hand, he is a permanent resident and trustworthy, and he has not had an intimate association with an infected case, vaccinate him, disinfect his person and clothing and keep him under observation.

If again, any transient can prove to the medical man in charge that he has been successfully vaccinated within the past two years, and can show that such vaccination was successfully effected in not less than three points (three scars), such person, if considered trustworthy, may be disinfected and allowed to proceed, on condition:

1. That he states where he is to reside during the next six days;

2. That he undertakes to consult a doctor, and gives his full history of exposure to smallpox, on the very first indication of illness.

Persons who have been exposed to smallpox should be considered under two classes: "Smallpox, or in mild epidemics, the eruption aborts at various stages or passes rapidly to the pustular stage or very mild constitutional symptoms are present. Smallpox is intensely infectious at all periods of the disease, but less so in the early stages than when the scars are peeling.

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MR. G. H. KENT.

The above is a likeness of Mr. G. H. Kent, 408 Gilmour Street, Ottawa, taken from a recent photograph. Seven years ago Mr. Kent was cured of Bright's Disease of the Kidney in its last stages by Dodd's Kidney Pills, and has enjoyed good health ever since. The full particulars of this remarkable cure, as sworn to, were published in these columns a few days ago.

provincial board of health. 12. In all cases of death from tuberculosis the rooms or houses occupied by deceased shall be disinfected to the satisfaction of the medical health officer, or the secretary of the provincial board of health or his deputy.

13. Whenever a case of tuberculosis is reported from a hotel or boarding house, the medical health officer shall visit the premises while residing in said hotel or boarding house once a week, or as often as the secretary of the provincial board of health may direct.

Spitting in Public. 14. Inasmuch as spitting is purely a matter of habit, and is offensive to many, and is often very harmful and a fruitful means of carrying disease, it is hereby declared unlawful to spit in tram cars, railway cars, or other public conveyances, or on sidewalks, or on floors and other parts of public buildings.

Tuberculous Milk. 15. Inasmuch as tuberculous milk is a most fruitful source of consumption, it is hereby declared unlawful for any person to sell milk unless he has a certificate of date not later than six months, from the provincial veterinary surgeon that the cows from which such milk comes are free from tuberculosis. Such certificate may be demanded by any customer, or medical health officer, sanitary inspector, secretary of the provincial board of health or his deputy.

Distinction. 16. Whenever it appears necessary or advisable to the medical health officer to have any house, hotel, boarding house, hall, theatre, car, railway car, or other public conveyance disinfected, he may order same to be done and at the expense of the owners.

Penalties. 17. Any person who violates any provision of these regulations shall be liable, upon summary conviction before any police or stipendiary magistrate, or before any two justices of the peace, for every such offence, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, with or without costs, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a term not exceeding six months, or to both fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the convicting court.

DROWNED WHILE SKATING. (Associated Press.) Duluth, Minn., Nov. 20.—Miss Belle Woods, aged 25, Charles P. Vallentyne, aged 26, and Stanley McLeod, aged 24, skated into an air hole in the St. Louis bay last night and were drowned. The three were skating together and did not see the hole until too late. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

Queen of Serbia. Vienna, Nov. 21.—An official statement, just issued, declares absolutely no foundation for the report that Queen Draga has been shot. She has committed suicide.

Another Version. London, Nov. 21.—A special agent from Bucharest says that he has seen and heard that Queen Draga was unharmed and that she has committed suicide.

ASSISTED STEPHENS. Death of John Lawson, Who Had Built the First Locomotive in England. St. Louis, Mo.,

SIX INDIANS WERE SENT TO PRISON

TOOK TO THE WOODS WHEN PARTY LANDED

How Supt. Hussey Effected the Capture of Troublesome Braves at Kingcombe Inlet.

Victoria, Nov. 21.—Superintendent of Police Hussey returned this morning from Kingcombe inlet, where he went with several constables to punish Indians for interfering with police officers. The party had no fighting to do, but diplomatically the expedition was a great success.

Two hours before the Quadra arrived all the Indians had fled into the mountains. They left behind the chief and a couple of men, but the latter did not show themselves. Supt. Hussey went into the chief's cabin for a palaver, and the chief offered him \$200 to give the palaver to the King of the Quadra. The chief was threatened with life imprisonment if he did not give up the palaver. Finally he agreed to this, and the two men were handed over to the chief. These were brought before Capt. Walbran, who is also a justice of the peace, and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and two to a year. The chief was set on a fine of \$100. The prisoners were taken to Westminster.

Fatal Result of Accident.

The four-year-old daughter of John Berenson, who was accidentally shot by the ten-year-old son of J. A. Dillen yesterday afternoon, died this morning, having never regained consciousness. The two children were playing when the Dillen boy brought out his father's rifle. The girl was shot through the abdomen, and she was shot through the kidneys and out through the abdomen.

Chilliwack Political Meeting.

Messrs. Tatlow, Smith Curtis and others have returned from Chilliwack, where they held a mass meeting last evening. The meeting was held at the hotel, and a motion was passed to meet at the hotel on the 25th.

Appeal Dismissed.

Mr. Justice Drake gave judgment today in the very important full court appeal of the Queen v. the King of the Quadra. The appeal was dismissed with costs, which allows the Centre Star to elect from which mine or group of mines under one management they desire the best place where the water is to be used to be defined.

ABOUT TWO QUEENS AND THEIR HUSBANDS

Quarrels Reported Between Queen Wilhelmina and Prince Consort—Stories of Serbia's Ruler.

Amster, Nov. 21.—The Nieuwe Gasete today prints a story to the effect that the illness of Queen Wilhelmina, of the Netherlands, is a serious one. The court physician visits her husband several reports of disagreements due to the Prince Consort's jealousy, cold and severe disposition have been current since the marriage. The young Queen inherits all the Orange obstinacy and dislike of criticism, and rumors of Royal unhappiness started some months ago.

Queen Wilhelmina Improving.

Amsterdam, Holland, Nov. 21.—Although Queen Wilhelmina has not yet left her room her condition has improved. The court physician visits her husband only once a day. She is still weak and requires a great deal of rest. The Queen will probably be able to return to The Hague in a month.

Queen of Serbia.

Vienna, Nov. 21.—An official Serbian statement issued just before the Queen's departure from Belgrade, reports that Queen Draga has been shot at or that she has committed suicide.

Another Version.

London, Nov. 21.—A special dispatch from Budapest today says a newspaper reports that Queen Draga and the King Alexander of Serbia recently quarrelled and the King slapped the Queen's face. The latter thereupon took poison, but her life was saved by the physicians.

ASSISTED STEPHENSON.

Death of John Lawson, Who Helped to Build the First Locomotive in England.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 21.—Captain John Lawson, who built the first locomotive engine in England, and who was the oldest engineer in the United States, is dead here. Captain Lawson was born in Manchester, England, on August 8th, 1795. He will a boy he was apprenticed to George Stephenson, the inventor of the locomotive engine, and under his direction built the first engine. He was a locomotive engineer on various railroads in this country for many years, principally in the east and south, attending that line of work to go into the steamboat business. He made a fortune in the Cumberland river trade. Captain Lawson will be buried in Paducah, Ky., where he lived for 56 years.

THE WILLIAM WELD CO. Limited.

LONDON, CANADA.

P.S.—The subscription price, \$1 per year, includes also the superb Glass Number.

TOBACCO COMBINE.

Combination of Number of Leading Companies is Likely to Take Place Shortly.

New York, Nov. 21.—A movement of a significant character in the tobacco interest is attracting much attention in the trade and financial districts, says the Journal of Commerce. This movement is the project for a new tobacco combination which, when completed, is likely to have a capital stock of \$50,000,000. Wm. H. Butler, now president of the Universal Tobacco Company, and formerly vice-president of the American Tobacco Company, in all probability will be chosen president of the organization. Besides the Universal Tobacco Company, the nucleus of the combine, the more important concerns to be taken over are the Havana Commercial Company, Henry Clay and Bock & Co., D. H. McAlpin & Co., and Weisenger & Co. Some minor properties are also to be acquired. The consolidated company is likely to be incorporated under the laws of New Jersey in a few weeks. President Butler, of the Universal Tobacco Company, declines to make known his plans at present. It is regarded as possible that "a tobacco war" similar to that now going on in Great Britain, may yet take place in this country.

Absorbed by American Company.

New York, Nov. 21.—It was announced today that the American Tobacco Company had absorbed the firm of D. H. McAlpin & Co., and its plants and trademarks. The purchase price paid was said to have been \$2,500,000. McAlpin's company are the strong opponents of the American Tobacco Company.

THE CITY OF COLON AFTER ITS CAPTURE

Colon, Colombia, Nov. 21.—The city of Colon was perfectly quiet all yesterday and last night. It is claimed, on behalf of the Liberals, that there has been no unseemly behavior. Foreigners are being respected and protected, and transit across the Isthmus is uninterrupted.

The post office, prefecture, all the other government offices, and nearly all the commercial houses were closed yesterday.

Col. Barrera, commander of the Liberal forces, says that he has notified the district representative of the department of the interior and other former officials of the government, that he has appointed a commission to take over their offices formally today. Senor Espinola, a prominent lawyer and counsel for the Panama railway, is a member of the commission.

The feeling of the community cannot be regarded as antagonistic to Liberalism.

The existing conditions have created no panic, but it is recognized that for the Liberals to hold Colon, which the Conservatives are in possession of, Panama creates a state of affairs which cannot possibly continue.

Col. Barrera admits that the government troops here numbered a little less than 120 men. It was at first reported that twelve or more had been killed and that about 30 had been wounded. The bodies of more dead men have been discovered. The inspector of customs escaped on the steamer. Several prisoners who were captured by the Liberals has been released.

Gen. Zaldivara commands 200 Liberal troops at Gatun railroad station, about six miles from Colon. The Liberals say they are in possession of all the railroad stations between Colon and Las Cascaidas, which is nearer to Panama than Colon.

Both sides used Remingtons and Mausers. The former used the higher death rate. A Liberal trooper who was shot in the neck with a Mauser bullet is reported to be doing well.

No immediate attack on Panama is contemplated. Col. Barrera is awaiting the arrival at Colon of the Liberal chief, Domingo Hinz, in a day or two, when definite plans will be formulated.

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Gen. Patino, the original commander of the Liberal force which captured Colon, is said to have intended to capture the Colombian gunboat General Pizarro in person, and some say that the general was drowned in an effort to reach her in a boat which capsized. Col. Barrera denies this. It is thought, however, that the capture of the General Pizarro was contemplated.

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ONE HUNDRED MEN ARE PROBABLY DEAD

A TERRIBLE MINING DISASTER IN COLORADO

Twenty-Two Miners Are Known to Have Lost Their Lives in a Mine at Telluride.

Telluride, Colo., Nov. 21.—Nearly a hundred men were probably suffocated to death in Smuggler Union mine in Marshall basin as the result of the fire which consumed the buildings at the mouth of the Bullion tunnel. Twenty-two miners are known to be dead, and others are either dead or seeking safety in remote parts of the mine until the place shall be cleared of foul gas and smoke.

Fire broke out in the tramway bunk house at the mouth of the Bullion tunnel, the principal opening from which the property is worked, and spread rapidly to the boiler and engine house and blacksmith shop. The tramway terminal, with its great ore bins, and several smaller buildings were soon all wrapped in flames.

A strong draught drew the smoke from the burning buildings directly into the tunnel and the mile of drifts, upraises and slopes connecting with it began to fill rapidly with the smoke.

In the excitement striving to control the fire in the outside buildings the mine was forgotten and before the situation was realized the workings were fast filling up with dense smoke. By this time the buildings had almost abandoned the tunnel were all ablaze and nothing could be done to stop the smoke from going in.

As soon as it was possible, great bodies of rock were blown down into the tunnel and the opening stopped, but until the workings had been filled and the smoke was working its way through the shafts to the surface a mile or more to the mountain from the tunnel house.

The day shift, some 200 men had gone into the mine and reached their stations before the fire started. It is known that some of the men escaped through the old Sherman tunnel and also through the old Union workings, but they are thought to have been but a small part of the force in the mine.

The Smuggler union is the largest mine in the Telluride district, the output being about two-thirds of the total from the camp.

Persons who came into town early today from the Smuggler Union mine said the mine had almost abandoned the hope of finding any of the imprisoned men alive. Every entrance to the property is the scene of active work, and in vain repeated attempts are made to enter the mine.

Telegraph and telephone wires were destroyed by the fire and the only means of communication is by messenger.

No Further News.

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Along the Waterfront.

THE STORY TELLER ALSO COMMITTED

KATCULES GOES TO A HIGHER TRIBUNAL

Counsel for Defence Made Vigorous Fight for Dismissal—Chief of Police Gives Evidence.

George Katcules, the Greek charged with being an accessory after the fact in the murder of Tom Nichols, was this morning committed for trial by Magistrate Hall. The case for the prosecution was conducted by Deputy Attorney-General H. A. McLean, while S. Perry Mills defended the prisoner.

The defence called no witnesses, but nevertheless put up a vigorous fight for dismissal, counsel quoting authorities galore to show that the sloop left the harbor early Friday morning, no crime had been completed, as Netes did not die till some time subsequently. Consequently it could not be held that Katcules, not being aware that a crime had been completed, was an accessory after the fact. Only three witnesses were examined, Capt. Babington, Chief of Police Langley and Detective Palmer.

The first witness being sworn, gave evidence as to finding the sloop about half a mile off Williams Head on Saturday, the 9th, about 6:20 a.m. The sloop was nearly full of water, and had a hole in her bottom, doubtless effected with an axe, which was found in her. He towed it to the pilot cutter in a bay near by, and after bailing out the water and making repairs, he started to tow her to Victoria. There was no noble aboard the sloop when it was found.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mills—the water was quite clear on that morning. The witness was fine on the two preceding days. It took him about an hour to repair the craft, and en route in was overtaken by the Earle at Albert Head. He was charging \$75 for bringing her in.

Re-examined by Mr. Mills—There was a small coal oil lamp in the cabin and the windows on both sides were covered by sacks. The hole in the bottom was probably produced from the inside by the crew, which was effected with an axe. He did not know the value of the sloop—could not say what it would bring at auction.

John Langley, chief of police, the next witness, swore that he first saw the accused, Geo. Katcules, on the morning of the 9th, about 10:15 o'clock.

When he entered the police station Constable Wood observed that the man who was in the boat with Nichols. Witness asked the man: "Do you know that Netes is dead?" and the accused replied in the affirmative. He was not in the boat at the time, and came to the station voluntarily.

Mr. Mills at this juncture objected to the admission of this evidence, on the ground that his client had been cautioned. The cause of proving that Katcules's statement was voluntary rested with the Crown.

"Quite a verbal combat here ensued, but the magistrate expressed the opinion that the Crown had satisfied the court on this point. Under cross-examination by counsel for the defence, the chief said that the information against Katcules was laid on the night of the 9th, at 9 o'clock. He came to the police station on the morning of the 9th, Saturday. Witness had given the police no instruction to arrest other than Nichols, and he had no intention of prosecuting the accused until Sunday night, after having had a conversation with him.

Question—So you listened to everything he had to say in order to use it against him?

Answer—I found that he had deceived us all the time and that it was my duty to arrest him.

Continuing, the chief said that he did not consider it necessary to caution the man when he questioned him upon his arrival at the police station, as he was merely desirous of acquiring information regarding the fugitive. The accused told him, and the story witness had the slightest idea of arresting him.

This concluded Mr. Mills's cross-examination on this point. The magistrate ruled that the Crown had satisfied the court on this point. Under cross-examination by counsel for the accused, Mr. Mills objected to the ruling and his objection was noted.

In resuming his evidence the chief said that he had no intention of prosecuting the accused until Sunday night, after having had a conversation with him.

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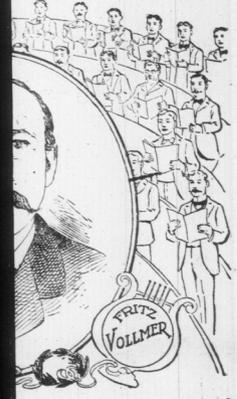
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GER'S W ESCAPE.

Physicians Failed—Peruna as Health and Strength.



HOWE'S RHEUMATISM CURE, THE LOSS OF VOICE BY PERUNA.

An Opera Singer's Experience.

Miss Jennie Hawley, a contralto...

regard Peruna as invaluable to...

only is Peruna of untold value in...

Peruna cures colds, cures la...

Peruna cures all diseases due to catarrh...

WEXED QUESTION AGAIN DISCUSSED

ALDERMEN WILL NOT RECONSIDER TENDERS

Settlement of Craigflower Road Difficulty Seems to Be Approaching—Renaming of City Streets.

At last night's meeting of the city council the attempt to have the bridge tenders re-opened failed. The majority of the council held that the tenders in question had not been regular, inasmuch as they had not been mailed in the time specified, and therefore could not be entertained.

Another matter which was finally disposed of was the Craigflower road dispute which was practically disposed of by the adoption of the report of the committee appointed to deal with that matter.

A communication was read from C. C. Brown asking permission for the erection of a platform in front of his premises and also in the alley leading to the Chinese theatre, and to hang Chinese lanterns. These would be required for a Chinese festival from November 20 to December 1st. Permission was granted, subject to the engineer's approval.

Mr. R. Revett, wrote regarding the matter of his company, the Albion Iron Works, explaining some features of the matter.

Mr. Cooley moved that it be referred to the tenders of the company or the city engineer.

The city engineer explained that it would not alter the tender. The mayor stated that the council had allowed the Puget Sound Bridge company a whole afternoon to explain their plans, they had then scarcely refused the letter of explanation.

The letter was received and laid on the table.

The B. C. Electric Railway company was also present.

Mr. Mayor and Council of the City of Victoria.

Mr. Mayor—In that we are very much interested to have a good substantial steel bridge constructed at Point Ellice, and have not to contribute one-fourth the cost, it is not for us, of course, to say what should be the procedure of your honorable body in this matter, but we venture to respectfully suggest that if you find the facts as stated, the tenders were delayed in transit, and were made without any previous knowledge of other tenders, that then, in fairness, to ourselves as well as all the ratepayers, we would therefore respectfully suggest that your honorable body, being satisfied of the regularity of the tenders—and we do think for a moment any objection save that of being out of time can be set aside—should reconsider your decision and decide that all tenders should be looked at.

Mr. Cooley—My suggestion will be taken in the light of the facts, and not in the light of a desire to propose a method of procedure that will be satisfactory to all concerned.

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be used on the Esquimalt line. The letter was placed on file.

W. G. Eden complained of the abuse in the junk business on the part of the Chinese. The letter was filed.

George Winter wrote regarding an accident to his lark, because of a post on View street. Referred to the city solicitor.

Mrs. Martin wrote complaining of the wood yard on Blanchard street and the state of crossings it induced.

Ald. Beckwith suggested that it be sent to the police commissioners and that they be urged to take steps to overcome it. The communication was received and filed.

The city engineer wrote as follows: Petition from Robert Tate and many others re opening up and widening of street in Victoria West to connect the Esquimalt road with the Craigflower road. I may say I have looked into the matter and am of opinion the connection between the above mentioned roads would be very desirable, especially for the proposed extension of the tramway lines in the locality.

A petition was received from S. Hector Darleigh and others asking for a drain to prevent the flooding of certain property in James Bay. Referred to the city engineer for reports.

C. Brown and others asked for a light at the corner of Battery street and Beacon Hill park, also a sidewalk. Referred to electric light committee and to the city engineer.

Referred to streets, sewers and bridges committee.

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numbering of houses has been made by Mr. James Henderson, contained in a letter herewith attached, which we recommend for the consideration of the council.

Change name of Catherine street, Victoria West, to Beckwith street.

Cadboro Bay road to King Edward street. Fort street to King Edward street.

Putnam street to Grant street. Gocham street to Grant street.

Bodwell street to Grant street. Vining street to Milne street.

Alfred street, east of Chambers, to Teague street.

North Park street to Pioneer street. Chatham street to Caledonia avenue.

Pembroke avenue, South road, North Pembroke street, Devonshire road, to Kinsman street.

North road to William street. Denman street, same line, to William street.

Edmonton road to Bay street. Charles street, off Edmonton road, to Beaven street.

Lansdowne road, Henry street, same line, to Hillside avenue.

Andrew street, Victoria West, to Fell street.

First street, block 25, near Jubilee hospital, similar streets, Work Estate, Vigilance street.

Second street, to Macgregor street. Third street to Wilson street.

Fifth street to Bragg street. Becher street, near Becher avenue, to Rockland avenue.

George street, end of Chambers, to Chambers street.

George street, easterly from Moss, to McCandless street.

William street, Victoria West, to Humphrey street.

Queen's avenue to Finlayson street. King's road to York street, and the city had no money to fritter away in such a scheme.

Ald. Kinsman added that the city did not want the road, and hadn't money to spend on it.

The report was adopted, Ald. Cameron, Kinsman and Hall voting "nay."

Ald. Kinsman's motion recommending the reconsideration of the bridge tenders was next reached. The mover said the tenders should be opened. He had two envelopes, one from Montreal and one from Toronto, dated November 11th. One got here on the 15th and the other on the 17th. The citizens wanted the tenders opened. He added that the council was not bound to accept any of the tenders, even if they did open them. In doing this the city might save \$20,000.

Ald. Yates thought in a business man it would be unparliamentary to receive other tenders after a number had been opened.

Ald. Stewart held that the tender was not delayed in H. M. mail. They were mailed a day late.

Ald. Beckwith referred to a statement in A. T. Goward's letter that these tenders were "delayed in transit." This was not correct.

The Mayor—This is a serious matter. If you refuse to reconsider the matter you say you don't want the area of competition or the number of designs enlarged.

Ald. Brydon resented this. It was merely whether or not the business of the council was to be conducted on business lines.

Ald. Cameron thought the matter was necessary to buy this road. The general public didn't want the road, and the city had no money to fritter away in such a scheme.

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Nine days from the time of arrival from the Orient the steamship Victoria was in port last evening outward bound having discharged a cargo valued at \$457,406 and loaded another worth \$107,129.78. The steamer carried 1000 passengers, but stowage accommodations were well taken up, a large number of Asiatics having taken passage from the city. For Yokohama the Victoria has 200,000 pounds of salt salmon, 70,000 pounds of salmon eggs, 102,017 pounds of raw cotton, 40,000 pounds of sole leather, 1,130 barrels of flour, 2,950 yards of calico and \$250 worth of photo dry-plates. To Kobe is consigned 800,000 pounds of cotton, 15 barrels of lamps, 70,500 pounds of paper, 75,000 pounds of wool, 1000 boxes of fittings, 322,000 yards of sheeting, worth \$18,501, 432,000 yards of domestics, worth \$24,320; 10,541 pounds of paper; 2,100 gallons of bottled beer; 2,677 pounds of glycerine and 112,086 pounds of pig lead. To Tsing Tsai is consigned 50 cases of condensed milk, worth \$212.50. To Chefoo is consigned 250 barrels of bottled beer. To Foo Chow is consigned 25 cases of condensed milk, worth \$104.25, and other interesting matter worth \$5. To Hongkong is consigned 30,320 sacks of flour. To Manila, for transshipment to Hongkong, is consigned 102 cases of condensed milk valued at \$88.75. Pursuer Managers of the Victoria will turn over his position to Wattie Harrie, of this city, at Yokohama, and with Dr. Freeman will rejoin the Tacoma.

**BRAVE LIGHTHOUSE KEEPERS REWARDED**

**Marine Department Present Messrs. Clark and Roberts, of Entrance Island, With Binocular Glasses.**

On the 10th of July last a fishing boat containing an Indian and his wife, capsized just to windward of Entrance Island, outside Nanaimo harbor. Mr. G. Clark, the keeper of the lighthouse, and his assistant, John Roberts, put out to the assistance of the Indians, and succeeded in getting them ashore, breaking one oar and losing a rowlock in the attempt.

Capt. Gardin, agent of marine and fisheries, took the matter up with the department at Ottawa, and the result, seen in the following communication from Col. Gourdeau, deputy minister of marine and fisheries:

Referring to your letter of the 3rd of Sept. last, transmitting forms filled in with particulars of the rescue of two Indians from drowning by the lightkeeper at Entrance Island and his assistant, I have to inform you that the acting minister of marine and fisheries has been pleased to award Mr. M. G. Clark, lightkeeper, and his assistant, Mr. John Roberts, a binocular glass each, and that I am having the glasses suitably inscribed, and when ready for presentation I will send them to you for that purpose.

**HANDS AND FEET SWOLLEN**

**The Serious Condition of a Welsh Woman Whom Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets Cured.**

Mrs. Joseph Young, Division Street, Welland, Ont., says: "I have suffered from backache and kidney trouble for four or five years. At times I could hardly shut my hands together, and my feet were swollen, and my feet the same. Going upstairs hurt my back so I thought I would die, and my breath grew awful short. I tried almost everything with no relief. Black specks floated around and my eyes were very bad. The pain ran from the small of my back to the base of the brain. I could not sleep, lying on my back. I went and got bottles of Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets and they have been a great benefit to me. They are just splendid. I can see to thread a needle and the pain in the head is about gone. All the old feelings of cracking and creaking in the back of the head is gone, and the back comfortable. The old spells that came any time, night or day, are gone and I feel like living again. I can work up with comfort and go upstairs fast with no trouble. I am only too glad to recommend them to everyone. I used to afraid to turn over at night and could not sleep, and now I am not afraid at all and can sleep well."

Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets are the newest and most effective remedy for backache, lame or weak back, Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, pain in the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, gravel, rheumatism, spasm floating before the eyes, kidney weakness of children and old people and all urinary troubles. Price 50 cents a bottle at all druggists or by mail. The Zina Pitcher Co., Toronto, Ont.

**DR. AGNEW'S CURE FOR THE HEAD** acts directly and quickly, stimulates the heart's action, stops most acute pain, dispels all signs of weakness, fluttering, slight smothering, or palpitation. This wonderful cure is the sturdy ship which carries the heart-sick patient into the haven of rest and perfect health. Gives relief in all acute forms of heart disease in 20 minutes. Sold by Jackson & Co., and Hall & Co.

**BIRTHS.**  
MILLER—At Lillooet, on Nov. 14th, wife of W. H. Miller, of a son.  
DORAN—At Kamloops, on Nov. 10th, wife of L. Doran, of a daughter.  
JOHNS—At North Saanich, on Oct. 20th, the wife of Joseph Johns, of a son.

**MARRIED.**  
ROBERTS-JEROME—At Nelson, on Nov. 13th, by Bishop Dart, Robert Roberts and Miss Mary E. Jerome.  
CURRY-TUCK—At Greenwood, on Nov. 11th, by Rev. Dr. McKee, John Curry and Caroline Tuck.

**DIED.**  
SELLIVAN—At San Francisco, on Nov. 10th, Helen C., beloved wife of John Sullivan, mother of Eva B. Sullivan, daughter of Captain George A. Sullivan, and sister of Mrs. J. J. Ford, Mrs. William Scully, Mrs. A. Berke, Mrs. Agnes Miller, and Mrs. George Greenwood, a native of Victoria, B. C., aged 32 years 11 months and days.

**WHY FOXES CANNOT DIVE.**

A very great many years ago Mr. Fox was out beautifully, but now he cannot dive at all, and only swims when he is in order to get away from dogs or other enemies. He almost lost his life some years ago, but he has since then been too much diving at one time, and this is how it happened.

Mr. Fox had been fishing all the afternoon, and was about to give up, when he was so nearly hungry, too. He did not have a single thing in the house to eat, and he made up his mind that he was going to have something good for dinner. He went down to the water, and saw Mr. Beaver swimming about in the water, with a lot of the children swimming behind him. "Mr. Beaver, I am very hungry," said Mr. Fox, "and I have a good idea of how to get you to give up your fishing, and all of his family if you could swim like fishes. He tried his best to think of some way to get them out of the water, but he could not, and just as he was about to give up, he saw the Beaver family give the water, and he saw them with their tails, all at once, and he saw the water. He watched for a long time, but they did not come up. Then he knew that they had gone to their house, which was built so that although the roof and most of the posts stuck up above the water, all the posts were under the water, so that the only way to get into the house was by diving down to one of the doors.

He was sure that he could catch the whole family if he could only dive down to the door of the house. He took a long look at the door, and saw that it was a long way down, and he was almost suffocated when he was being so long under water by this time, and he hurried up the hall as fast as he could, passing several other little fish all full of water on his way. He tried to get into the house, but he was too late, and the water just in time to keep from drowning.

Mr. Fox sat down and took a long breath. "That was a close shave," thought I would never get to the top of the water that time. Now, I wonder where all those Beavers are, anyhow?"

The little Beavers had been just outside their front door washing their hats and faces, so as to get ready for dinner when Mr. Fox dived in the water, and then they saw him coming toward them.



THE BEAVER RAN UP A LITTLE HALL.

**Ghost Rings—Pretty Party Trick.**

Here is a trick that is a very effective one to use at a party, and although it appears very strange to the spectators who will perform it, still it is most simple. Take a matchboard hat box and cut a circular hole four or five inches in diameter in the centre of the cover. Get two pads of blotting paper, each composed of six or eight pieces. Place the pads on a table facing the company and set them down so as to be about to make some ghost for them—one for each. Take the pad of blotting paper into another room and then pour on a small quantity of muriatic acid and on the other a similar quantity of aqueous ammonia, both of which you can get very cheaply at any drug store. Be very careful to keep the two pads from touching each other. Carry them into the room and put them in the box one on top of the other, clapping on the cover of the box at once. The box will immediately become filled with a thick white cloud. Now turn the box over so that the acid and the ammonia are pointing directly at one another. Tap the box sharply on both sides at the same time with your middle and a ghostly white ring will come out of the hole and float directly at the person in front of it. By shifting the position of the box, and aiming the hole at different ones, you can send one of these rings at each person in the room. They will be greatly surprised, and will

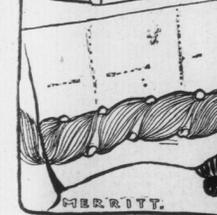
**TOO MUCH WASHING.**

There is no doubt that many cases of roughness of the skin of the face come from the frequent applications of water. It is a good thing to rub the face with soap, clean, dry towel two or three times a day. If, in addition, water is used in the morning and at night the skin will be kept in a sounder, smoother and healthier state than if, as often the case, soap and water are used three or four times a day. Women and children, whose skins are the most easily affected by superfluous ablution, are the very persons in whom such excess is too common. They should be taught that there are dry methods of cleanliness as well as wet ones.—London Lancet.

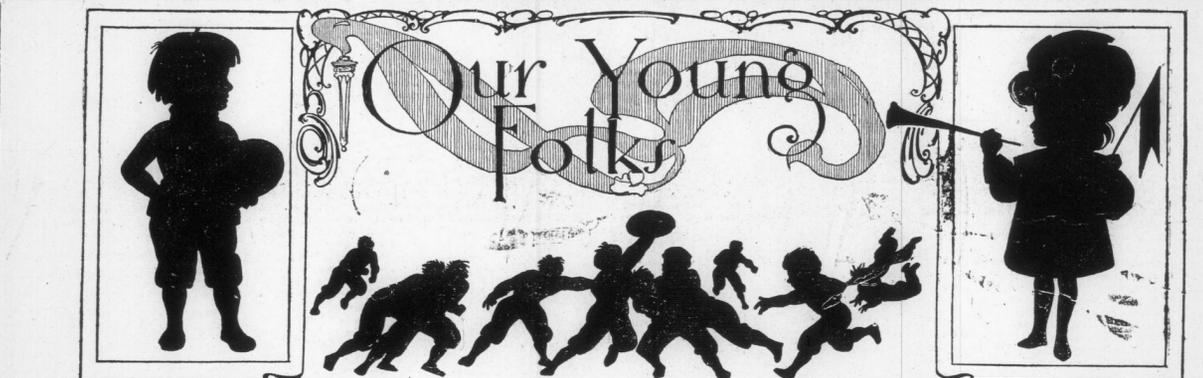
**A CURIOUS CALCULATION.**

A London journal prints the following curious calculation, made by an ingenious correspondent: "When reading the account of the sad death of Mr. McKinley, I noticed the figures of the dates of the birth, the death and the age of the late President, and also the figures of the birth of the present President, were very peculiar. Mr. McKinley was born in 1843. Mr. Roosevelt succeeded Mr. McKinley at the age of 43. Mr. Roosevelt was born in 1858. Mr. McKinley died at the age of 58. Now, if we add the two ages of the late and the present President together and add 1800 for the eighteenth century, in which they were born, we shall have the date of the death of the late President."—Boston Advertiser.

The percentage of water is 50 in plums and grapes, 82 in apples, 84 in pears, 85 in oranges, 90 in lemons and 95 in water-melons.



RAP THE BOX SHARPLY ON BOTH SIDES.



**SOME RICH INDIAN BABIES.**

Of the five hundred or more Indian babies of the Kiowa, Comanche, Apache, Wichita or Gado children of the Southwest, mostly all of whom now live in Oklahoma, not one can be called poor. They have just been given a quarter section of land each and made citizens of the United States. When the Kiowa-Comanche country was opened to white settlement on August 6, these children, along with their parents, were each given their allotment of land, which comprised 100 acres of their own choice anywhere in the country. The parents were allowed to take the land for them, but the title remains vested in the youngsters themselves, so the parents, no matter how eager may be their desire to convert these farms into cash and squander that, cannot do so. These children are all assured of a tract of land that will be quite valuable when they have attained their majority.

One little girl is worth \$20,000 in her own right. She is Kiowa Annie by name, and her farm lies near the town of Hobart, in the rich Washita Valley. Her father, by chance, selected this farm for his daughter, not knowing that the home-seekers, when they came in, would choose to erect a town near it. But the farm is there, and the town is growing. By the time Kiowa Annie reaches her majority she can buy her farm out into town lots and realize a fortune from the sale of them. She is now four years old, and is being sent to the government schools at Darlington.

These little girls are for the most part quiet to learn, and when sent away to the government schools learn rapidly. The children of all these tribes have to be sent to the government schools according to the laws governing them. The teachers at shorter ones of the teachers own name, and the town is growing. By the time Kiowa Annie reaches her majority she can buy her farm out into town lots and realize a fortune from the sale of them. She is now four years old, and is being sent to the government schools at Darlington.

Mr. Fox sat perfectly still for a minute breathing the fresh air and resting, and then he got out of the hole where the roof had been, swam to the shore and went straight home. He never dived after any of Mr. Beaver's family again, and to this day he will not go into the water a bit more than he can help.

**THE MISANTHROPIC COW.**

A farmer was given a fine St. Bernard puppy by a friend one winter and installed him in a woodshed, near the kitchen. It so happened that two grave old cats, each with a family of kittens, had their headquarters in this same woodshed, and they decided that the puppy was not fit to move in their circle of society, for he was very rude and blustering, as most puppies are. The cats flew at poor Don, as he was called, and gave him a fearful clawing, while the kittens sat on pieces of wood and told their mothers to go ahead and win.

Don's master took him to the barn and told him to make himself at home, and Don went up to a giddy young calf and smiled as hard as he could, trying to be friendly. The calf was a very silly little thing and cried for its mother as hard as it could. Its mother was tied by a thick rope in a stall, but she broke the rope and showed Don that he wasn't wanted in that barn by tossing him through the open door with her horns.

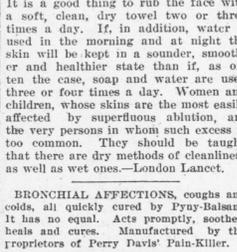
Don never forgave that cow, and he would go into the barn and make faces at the calf, which would show as loud as it could for its mother to come and rescue it. This would set the cow almost frantic, and she would lower itself to the ground and stare at the calf with a most unkindly manner. When at last the calf was sold its mother blamed Don for it, and every time she saw him she would do her best to get at him and heck him.

When summer came and the cattle were all turned out in the fields to graze during the day the farmer's small boy had the office of bringing them back to the barnyard at night. The first time he went for them he took Don along for company, and the first cow Don spied was the one that had tossed him out of the barn. He went up to her and asked her how she felt that evening, but she evidently did not feel well, for she frowned terribly and gelped at Don as hard as she could, with her horns lowered until they pointed straight at him. Don did not like the look of those horns, and he started for home as fast as he could run to see if supper was ready. The cow galloped after, but she could not run nearly so fast as Don, and he easily got away.

The next evening Don went again with the small boy to bring in the cows, and this time his particular enemy was waiting for him. She immediately gave chase, and Don ran just fast enough to keep out of reach of her horns. She followed him clear to the barnyard, where he jumped through the bars of a gate and escaped. He repeated this for several days, and the cow would always pursue him madly as long as he was anywhere near her.

After a time Don formed a bad habit of going out into the field in the daytime and getting the cow to chase him. He would run to a fence and slip through or over the rails, but the poor cow in trying to get through or over, would crash into the fence, breaking it to pieces. She never learned that there was no chance of her catching Don, for he would artfully keep just a few feet ahead of her, barking and flourishing his tail in a most provoking way. At last the cow broke so many fences in her useless pursuit of Don that the farmer sold her and ended Don's fun in this direction.

**HOW TO MAKE A SKATE SAIL.**



At this time of the year ice-skating is still a thing to be looked forward to, but roller skating is not, and in fact, it would be hard to find better weather for this exhilarating sport than we enjoy the present season.

No doubt many of our readers have seen skate sails in use, and will remember how their fortunate possessors fly about over the ice actually like the wind, and far outstripping their companions, who try in vain to keep up with them by skating their best.

A skate sail is a sail so constructed that a boy can hold it before or behind him, and holding his skates perfectly still, like the runners on a sled, let the wind blow him along over the ice at a merry clip. It is one of the most fascinating kinds of sport you can imagine, and far exceeds sailing a boat in the water in speed, safety and comfort. Skate-sailing on ice is still some time before us, but here is a way to make a skate-sail that you can use equally well with ice or roller skates, particularly if your rollers

**A GRAMMATICAL PUZZLE.**

BY GLADYS RALSTON BRITTON.

It was recess at the village school, and the boys and girls were making the most of that short 15 minutes by laughing, talking and eating all at once.

"Would you han' this in?" questioned a small miss between her bites of golden gingerbread, holding to view a composition with an ink spot decorating the centre.

"No; unless you do it over, you know what'll happen," was the answer, accompanied by a wise nod.

"Sisy," queried a little boy, "Alice Wilcox, 'junction' means what?"

"Don't bother me, Dick. Oh, there's Emily and Dorothy! Say, girls, do you remember the city we were to write about?"

"Yes, it's 'Dover,' but I don't know what to write; come in and let's help each other." Their place under the chestnut tree was soon taken by another group of youngsters.

"Can you spell 'pronunciation'?" asked one.

"P-r-o-n-o-u-n-c-i-a-t-i-o-n-I've forgotten!"

"Do you love school? When it closes I'm glad."

"Verbosity" means what?" asked a freckled-faced maiden, gazing over all the riffs of her glasses.

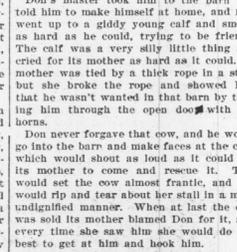
"For the love of don't!" responded the "bully" of the school; "us'n' more words than are necessary." This remark brought

**THE COLOR OF THE SUN.**

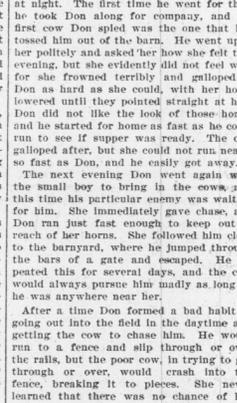
Most people, if they were asked to state the color of the sun, would say that it was orange, and they would as confidently assert that the color of the atmosphere was blue. They would insist, for recent researches and investigations point to the conclusion that the real color of the sun is blue, while that of the atmosphere surrounding the earth is orange. Commonly the earth's atmosphere appears so transparent and translucent that it is hard to realize the fact that it has as much effect on the light and heat coming from the sun as if it were a roof of thick glass. But the atmosphere is very far from being as colorless as it seems to be, and the best way of discovering its true tint is, not to gaze immediately overhead, but to look away towards the horizon. By so doing the atmosphere will be seen as it were, in bulk; for overhead there is only a small accumulation of it, compared with the many miles of thickness through which the vision travels when the eye looks towards the horizon.—Knowledge.

**EVERY HOUSEKEEPER**

must often act as a family physician. Pain-Killer for all the little ills, cuts and sprains, as well as for all the more serious ailments, is indispensable. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.



WOULD YOU NOT THINK YOUR FEET AT FAULT IF YOU SHOULD SEE A SELLING SALT? A SALT CELLAR, QUITE DIMINISHED ALTHOUGH BRIMFUL OF SALT INSIDE! YET SALT-CELLARS ARE MUCH IN USE AND DO THIS RIGHT NEEDS NO EXCUSE.



HERRITT.

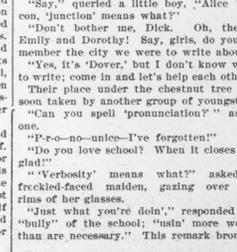
rough hickory sticks four and one-half feet long and place them diagonally across your squares, fastening the ends as tightly as possible with copper wire to the ends of the sticks seen to the canvas, and with heavy roller skates, although, of course, it will work much better on ice, for then you will have plenty of space to sail about in, no one to run into and nothing to obstruct the wind.

**THE COLOR OF THE SUN.**

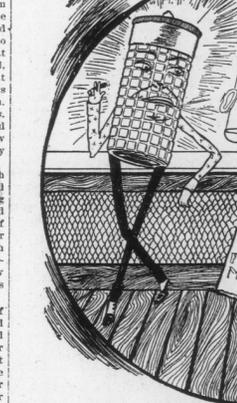
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