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By the Woman's Ausiliary of the Montreal Homeropathic Ho-pital.


#### Abstract

Communications relating to husiness and subnciptions to be sent to the Busines, Manager, core Sterling: Publishing Co., 37 St. Gabriel St. Manuscripts, new items, etc., should he addresed to the liditot Kecord, care Sterling l'ublishitus Co.. 37 St Gabriel St.


## SCMMERR DLARREGEA.

## ris causes and theatment.

The summer season is usually a tome of merry making and pleasure excursions, but it is also often a season of great anxiety to parents with young children. The heat and sudden changes of weather are conducive to serious intestinal disorders. Diarrhea and romiting will often inaugurate a severe cholera infantum that must be speedily relieved or death will ensue. Sometimes a persistent diarrher in infancy will cause rapid depression and tatal results.

Medical anthorities give different names to various kinds of diarrharal affections. A simple, irritative or mechanical diarrhea is called acoute intestinal indigestion. Excessive orimproper feeding is a frequent cause. The custom of giving the babe a taste of various things at the table is unwise and productive of harm. Comparatively few paremts ieed their children properly. The tendency is to overfeed. More chiliren die from this cause than from underfeeding. The impaired divesuon may be cansed by some ailment in the chald itself, such as tuberealosis or some other wasting disease. Or the mothers milk may be unhealthy, and not suited to the infint.

The diarrhoa may come on sultienly, or there may be symptoms preceding for several days. Kestlessness, disturbed
sleep, abdominal pains, natusea or vomiting may be present hefore the diarhoua comes. The stowls will vary greatly in color; in infants they are apt to be green. When the stonl is very acid there is likely to be severe strathing with urging. This is not a good sign, and should be conrected as suon as possible. In this so called acute intestinal indirestion the diarrhea will diminish during the quiet hours of sleep when no fiood and drinks are taken. Ünless soon checked the stools will become thin, watery and more frequent. The patient is thirsty, peevish and restless; the features are pale and drawn; the tissues become solt and flabby, and there is a rappid loss of weight. the fever is not constant unless the simple form develups into a true inflammatory diarrha.
lhe treatment is often pugiting. The nursing infant mast be given proper periods of rest ababe should not sleep with its mother; the little one is apt to gorge itself as well as exhanst the mother. T'o properly nourish her child, the mother must get gool food, suthicient sleep and plenty of fresh air prepared foods are sometimes used with good effect when suitable milk cannot be obtained. Barley or rice water may be given. If thirst is present give plenty of cool boiled water; frequent sponging will generally he soothing; allow plenty of fresh air at all times.

The mediemal treatment is very important and calls for careful investigation of the selected remedy. Space does not permit giving indications, but the following remedies have been found the most useful:-Aethusia, Arsenic, Belladonna, Bryonie, Cale ('abl), Cale I'hos., Cham., China, Cina and Ipecac. Indications for these drugs can be found in any of the domestie homaropathie books.
A. R. Gmefitit, M. D.
taT lurchasers shonh mention the Homoeopathic lecord to encourage our igenerous ulvertisers.

## scrence jommings.

Dr. Andrew Wikon in Illustrated Lomion News.
A handy and interestine life of fasteur has been published by Messis. Cassel \& (\%. , the anthors being Profossor and Mrs. Frankland. I have read the book with pleasure, although I was familiar with l'asteur's life-work, and although I had already gernsed more than one biography of the dastinguished seientist. Pasteur, during his lifetime, was a very much abused man. People, ignorant of science altogether, ridiculed his aspirations, eriticised his methods, and condemned his results. All his splendid work in connection with anthrax, with silkworm disease, with the spoiling of wines, and other industrial matters is forgotten by many of the crities to whom 1 allude. Thas record of Pasteurs Labors should serve to show scepties how great is the progress in medicine and science at large, which is due to the investigations of the Rue d'Ulm.
"Knowledge eomes but wisdom lingers," sings the poet. 1 am afraid even knowledge itself is a little tardy in certain matiters relating to our personal interests. I was reading the other day a list of ailments of which certain pills, are said to effect an "undoubted cure." Here is part of the little list-paralysis, lucomotor ataxia, spinal disease, rhenmatism, consumption and "decline," St. Vitus' dance, rickets (?), serofula, and kidney diseases. Now does anybody, short of leing a co asummate fool, to speak plainly, believe that any pill can equally "cure" all for any of the serinus constitutional tronbles here enumerated? Or has the patent pill-maker discovered the "philusopher's stone" in medieine, whereby his pills (at ?s. ©h. the box) should cure everything?

## ALCOHOL AND SOME POPULAR MEIICINES.

In the report of the Massachusetts State Board of Health are frund the following statements of the precentave of alcohol ats an ingredient of nerve stimulants and blisod purifiers: Ayer's Sassaparilla, 26.2 per cent.; Hools Sarsaparilla, $1 s .5$ per cent.; Paine's Celery, compound, 21 per cent., and Greene's nervura, 17.2 Malt liquors contain from 1.5 to $S$ jer cent. of alcohol, wines from 8 to 20 per cent., while ardent spirits, of which whisky is a type, contains from 45 to 60 per cent. of alcohol. Among the wines it is
only old Port that contains more than 17 per cent. aleohol. Among the wines it is therefore apparent that these "nerve stimulants", and "blood purifiers" outrank wines in the amount of aleohol, while Ayer's Sarsaparilla reaches almost the proportion that should classify it as "ardent." No wonder great benefit is elaimed for these universally used "remedies." The man or woman who is benefited by a draught of "Schnaps" cannot fail of rejarenation by a dose of these medical "Schmaps." Better take your whiskey straight.-Med. Arena.

## THEX HAVE THELR REWARD.

a recent writer earnestly protests against the common habit of crossing the legs at the knees when sitting, claiming that it is at least one cause of cold feet, headarbe, varicose veins, ulcers, and other troubles due to poor circulation in the lower limbs. The reason of this lies in the fact that just under the knee, where the greatest pressure comes in this position, there are large veins, arteries and nerves, whose walls are pressed together, thas interfering more or less with the circulation and sensation. Hereafter when you see a car full of your cross-legred fellow creatures over, or around. whose feet yo: must go, it will he a sort of negative satisfaction to realize that they will meet their reward. They merit it.-Ilomavo. Enיoy.

## SLCK ROOM COOKERL.

Baked Bavinas-strip the skins from the banamas, place them in a granite or porcelain baking dish, sprinkle over a tablespoon of sugar; and four or five tablespons of water and bake in a quick oven for twenty minutes, basting once or twice. Serve while warm.
Chocolare Pudntive-Put one pint of milk into a doulle boiler. Separate four eargs and beat the whites to a stifl froth. Moisten tour even tablespoontuls of cornstareh with cold milk, stir this into the hot milk; stir and cook until thick and smooth. Add half a cup of sugar and fom omaces of grated chocolate ; take from the tire and stir in the well beaten whites of the eygs, turn into a mould or small cups and stand away to harden. Beat the yolks of the eggs with four tablespoons fudl of sugar, add to them one pint of scalding milk, cook for a moment as you would soft custard, add tablespoonful of vanilla and turn out to cool. Serve the pudding in a deep dish with the custard poured around.

## H(NPITAL NOTLS

lye Baker, the resident house ollicer, has arrived, and is established in the room fittel up by Dr. and Mrs. Pisher.

Extensive repars and painting have greatiy improved all the wards and halls of the Hospital, advantage having been taken of a time when there were comparatively few under treatment.

As many of the Auxiliary are leaving the eity for the summer, or have already gone, the work of the executive fallis upon the few faithful ones who remain.

At the last meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary it was resolved to repeat the "House-keepers' Sale" in October, the last one having proved a decided success. The members and friends are reminded when putting up their own fruit, especially small fruit, for which there was a denand at the last sale-to remember to set aside a little of each kind for the use of the hospital. Useful household articles, as aprons, dusters, wash eloths, bags, cte., can be made in leisure moments and sell well. leet each member make an article and get their friends to contribute one and the burden will not he heary on each.

## DONANONS FOR MAY.

Mrs. A. H. Thomson, vials and cotton, eakes and buns for the nurses.
Lyman, Knox © Co., 5 (llos. eastile sorip.
Lyman, sions \& C'o., 9: ths. soap.
W. II. (Chaman, castile suap.

Miss Duw, 3 doz, rhubarb, 10 lbs surar.
Mrs. Murphy, s qts. fruit.
Y. W. ('.'T. U., 10 magazines.

Mrs. Lernachan, vials and flowers.
The children of the Ministering League of st. Tames the Apostle Churein, a large sareen.
W. ('. 'T. U., Fastman Ave, Howers.

Westmonnt Flower Mission, flowers.
Montreal Flower Mission, flowers.

## Honpltal REPOR'T

## Fon granten ENDiNG MAY 3lsT.

In Hospital, Mareh 1st..................... It
Admitted...... .................................... . .is

Died................................................. is
In llespital, May:3st

## HMTS.

- In ease of rhemmatoid troubles verter irom motion when Rhes and dronite fail try Dulcumata : Bx."-santerson.
When fear is esperially marked in a case domily is apt to prove curative regardless of other symptoms.
Courh, fever, alternated with chill, in the berinning, Aconite.

Piles, with backache and deranged liver, try desculus hip:3.

Jerking or twitching of any part may be reliceed by Aguriens:3.

Frontal headache is chatacteristic of Aloc.

Alue is also a remedy for "trearherous diarrhea" when patient cannot retain stool.

Constipation associated with sore rectum and anus and blowd with hard stools calls for Alumima: 0 .
Anamic debility, sleepless, witching of museles has been relieved by Ambindi.

Where there is deafness associated with loss of memory try Anacurdium:

For illness following too much candy Antimminm crul.:3 is a good remedy. Per contra, it is also said to relieve the bad stomath effects of sour wine.

Another indiattion fin Amimen, rrme : is when cold water either internally or extemally disagrees.

Intanon, , oul. : is also a remedy for alternating diarrhua and constipation, especially with those adranced in lite.

The Ansuirum "cold" is fluent. watery, burning, acrid and sneezing.

Sur romico is reported to have cored, or greatly aded rupture. Do not give it oftener than wiee a week and not lower than the sixth potencr. External means should of conse be gently employed also.

For a skin which is in a constant state of leseguamation and seems to be slightly chapped even in summer, hands very much chapped during cold weather, -Arse niveun :0 might be found of benefit.
For chronice catarrh of the throat and head raise considerathle, breath smells reer bad, seems as though he would choke in raising the yellow matter that
 alld it not hetter in is week or two, Kah sulphuricum. (iet 3 x trituration of each. - Momaonalhir limroy.

 vaime?
The following ate surecimens of many paragraphes that float though those medical jommats to whom the word "Hommopathy" is an abomination:
"The number of protitioners who are willing to eall themselves simply physicians is rapidly increasing, and but for impure motises wonld grow much faster. Men are appeaded tor on all sorts of low groumds to join seetarian Societies and some do it. for the loares and nishes.'"
Or,
"There are members of the American Bedical Association who condemn treatment with drugs altogether, athed substitute hydro-therapentics. They are tolerated becanse they do no not desiormate themselves as Sectarians, Hydropathists."

## Or,

The scientifie phesician is neither a homoupath bur an 'allopath' Likr Moliere. il prent am bion ow if tr trome, and, regarding not system, but facts. uses whatever method or instrument he thinks likely to serve his purpuse."

At first glance all this-and abres more like it-seems very just, and we are apt to think that it would be a desirable thing for the allopath and homonpath to lie down in peace together, but is it possible? How can these two antagonistic principles unite? The law of the so-called "nom-sectarian" is whatever "he thinks likely to serve his
purpose." or in wher terms, with them there are as many laws as physicians, for no two minds are the same; they acknowledge no athority unless it be the men in the high seats, and as these are ever changing and the succeeding men have dilferent views from their predecessors this is but a fimbation of clay.

In contrast with those are the men who acknowledge the reat natural law of llommopathy. The word Homaroputhe arcuately represents in its meaning the law. A man maty call himself a mechanieal ensinter. or a mining engimere, and not he open to reproarhas a "sectarian," hat if a plysician calls himself: "homompathic phesician," in order to let the public know that in prescribing he is guded by that matural haw and not hy his own whim, he is forthwith assailed as a "sectarian" by the narrow-minded. In truth, the word lits those who apply it more than any one else.

Look at it from the point of view of the man that pays the bills (sometimes) -the patient. Here he is. and he has been pumped full of stall with hypodermic syringes hy one physi-ian, dosed with "groud oh-fashioned" calomel, quinine and whiskey be another, been pat on a prolonged and debilitating drur-drunk with "the latest" coal-tar intoxicants until his nerves and heart are queered, been operated upon by a fourth, sent away by the climate specialist; and yet after all this and more he still eries: "Is there no balm in Gilead!" He coneludes to "try Homepathy," as hundreds of thousinds of his fellows

## 

## WAIIEI FATI FAMILY GROCER,

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have done after their systems are drugwrecks. 1le asks (in the new order of things longed for by those quoted above, for a homopath, and is told that sinee the medieal millenium there are no "sectarians," all are now "physicians;" no oue is allowed to use a "trade-mark" tor cateh patients; all are one dead le vel. Has the man who pays the bills no rights? If, as the new tack puts it, "It is not Homompthy to which we object but the sectarion 'homeropathic physician,"' how is our drug-man to find what he wants? (or is it mone of his business?-Momurupathic Jinroy.

## SUBSCRIPTIONS RE(ELYED.

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