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LEGAL.

O'CONNOR & LILSON,

Notaries, Etc.

By Trade Bank at

by Block, Jasper Ave.

ert. W. Grass.

ROSS & BIGGAR,

Notaries, Etc.

nt in Cameron Block,

of Merchants Bank of

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State funds to loan,

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ICE.

OF THE ESTATE

SEMI-WEEKLY

VOLUME V.

EACH GAINS A POWERFUL ALLY

The United States and Japan Reach Agreement Covering Policy in the Pacific.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Despite official reticence, information from reliable sources has been obtained of an agreement of far-reaching importance between the United States and Japan covering the policy of the two countries in the Pacific.

The agreement is based upon the idea of encouraging and defending the potential commercial development of the Pacific. It contains not only a mutual guarantee to respect each other's territorial possessions there, but defines the attitude of the two countries toward China, binding each other to defend by every peaceful means China's independence and integrity, and to give equal commercial opportunity in the Chinese empire to all nations.

But more important still the agreement, in the event of complications threatening the status quo, binds the United States and Japan to consult each other with a view of acting together.

THE AWAKENING OF CHINA.

New York, Nov. 27.—"The awakening of China" is the subject of an article by President Roosevelt, which appears in the December number of "Outlook," published today.

The article is President Roosevelt's first contribution to "Outlook," since the announcement that when he retires from the Presidency he will become associate editor of that magazine.

The article in part is as follows: "Recently on two different Sundays I have listened to sermons, one by Mr. Howard Richards, jun., an Episcopal missionary at Boone College, in Wuchang, China, and one by Rev. Dr. John Fox, Presbyterian clergyman, who, on behalf of the Bible Society, has just made a tour of the world, devoting his time especially to China.

Dr. Fox urged in the strongest way the need of our giving substantial backing to the Bible Society, and it is not very creditable to us as a people that the British Bible Society should be the largest in the world.

But what concerned me most at the moment was the very strong appeal made by both speakers for aid in awakening and directing the interest of American people in the cause of Christian education in China.

"The appeal was made by both men in the broadest possible spirit, not especially on behalf of any institution, any church, or denomination, but in advocacy of the fulfillment of our human philanthropic Christian obligations to this great awakening of people across the sea. The appeals of both Mr. Richards and Dr. Fox were made in the largest sense for Christian and humanitarian work.

There is increasing contact with foreigners, increasing foreign trade and growing adoption of modern methods of communication and transportation, while some progress is being made in the introduction of labor-saving devices with a consequent industrial evolution.

Princess Louise Has Neuritis.

London, Nov. 26.—Princess Louise (London, Argyl) is suffering from neuritis, and will be unable to fulfill her engagements for a few days. Her indisposition follows a slight chill, and no medical bulletins are being issued.

The MANCHESTER HOUSE ESTABLISHED 1856

New Flannellettes

We have just opened up a new range of heavy English Flannellettes, 36 inches wide, twenty patterns to choose from, very special value per yard

15c.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO. 107 JASPER AVE., EAST.

EFFECT OF REDUCED RATE

On Drop Letters in Cities Has Been To Largely Increase Volume of Mail.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—The post-office department reports that as a result of the adoption of the one cent drop letter rate in cities, there has been a very large increase in the volume of mail matter for city delivery. The increase in the volume of mail matter has in most cases not yet made up for the decrease in revenue, consequent on the reduction of the rate from two cents to one cent, but the reports show a steady increase in the number of drop letters in nearly all the cities effected, and it is expected that ultimately the reduction of the rates will bring about a considerable reduction in the postal revenue will, by reason of the increase in the number of letters written under the reduced rate, result in no net reduction of revenue.

NEW ZEALAND FOR TOTAL PROHIBITION

Details of Vote in Recent Elections Show That in Constituencies Where Prohibition Was Secured by a Majority License Reduction Dared Majority People—Old World News.

Canadian Associated Press.

London, Nov. 27.—Cable despatches from Wellington, New Zealand, give the details of the prohibition vote, showing that no license prevails in twelve of the constituencies, and in the remainder of the country a bare majority in favor of no license. The vote for the continuance of licenses is steadily declining while the no license vote is increasing at a much greater rate.

The aggregate votes throughout the Dominion show a bare majority in favor of no license. With a national instead of the present local issue, the probabilities are that total prohibition would be carried within six to nine years, unless the present circumstances, in which the trade is conducted, are altered.

General Lake succeeds General Slater as quartermaster general in the American army.

Hon. Sidney Fisher, minister of agriculture for Canada, was elected vice-president of the International Institute of Agriculture, which has been meeting in Rome.

Speaking at Cape Town yesterday, Sir H. Deville said that all the difficulties in the way of the achievement of the object of a union convention have now been surmounted.

Paris, encouraged by the success of the Canadian section in the British chamber of commerce, contemplates forming an Australian section.

GIGANTIC LUMBER COMBINE.

Report of Organization of Combine to Control Pine Production Confirmed.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—T. B. Walker, the largest individual owner of standing white pine timber in the world, is reported today to be heavily invested in the formation of a new lumber combine in the formation of a new \$20,000,000 lumber syndicate.

This means, it is understood, that after many rumors attested to the fact that Walker and Mr. Weyerhaeuser have formed a partnership, the chief feature of which was that Mr. Walker is in Washington.

That the gigantic corporation is actually in process of formation was practically admitted today at the Weyerhaeuser office in St. Paul.

John Weyerhaeuser, who was in charge during the absence in Chicago of his father, Frederick Weyerhaeuser, returned to his home in St. Paul, Minn., today and made a statement for publication, but he did say: "If Mr. Hines has given out any statement that such deal was in progress, he probably had reasons for doing so."

Mr. Weyerhaeuser said that he was not familiar with the details under way, but had heard something about the matter in a "general way."

Mr. Mahan, confidential man of the Weyerhaeuser family, was also secretive, but he said it was true that Frederick Weyerhaeuser was in Chicago and had seen Edward Hines and also that Rudolf Weyerhaeuser had been there and was now on his way back to Cloquet, Minn.

Edward Hines and others directly concerned in the syndicate vanished from Chicago last night and it was supposed they left for the Twin Cities. At the Weyerhaeuser office today this was denied and it was said that Mr. Weyerhaeuser is not expected home for a week.

Spanish Claimant Loses First Round.

London, Nov. 27.—The Spanish claimant lost the first round in his sensational fight to be recognized as the lawful heir to the late Lord Sackville. Pending a decision of the probate court as to the legitimacy of the late Lord Sackville's daughter, Henrietta, the probate court today for the appointment of a receiver and manager of the Sackville estates. The application was refused.

RIGHT-OF-WAY PLANS ARE VALID

Chief Justice's Decision in Stated Case Favors Grand Trunk Pacific Railway.

A judgment handed down by Chief Justice Sifton this morning removes any doubt as to the validity of the plans which have been filed by the G. T. P. for the right of way through the city of Edmonton.

The judgment which was argued in the supreme court this morning, involving the question of the validity of the G. T. P. plan, two very important questions were presented for the consideration of his lordship:

(1) Has the defendant company sufficiently complied with the provisions of the Railway act to entitle the company to appropriate and claim possession of blocks 17 and 32 of the Hagman estate, the property of Armand Messard and to proceed with the construction of the main line through such property.

(2) Has the defendant company sufficiently complied with the provisions of the Railway act to entitle the company to appropriate and obtain possession of land required for branch railway through blocks 17 and 32?

His lordship decided both questions in the affirmative.

PARIS IS STILL EXCITED

Over the Sensational Steinhill Case—Many Theories, No Arrests.

Paris, Nov. 27.—Today has been one of the most exciting days in the history of the Steinhill case. Every report concerning it is seized upon and eagerly discussed.

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Those who believe she was in some way involved in his death, also believe that damaging secrets of state are somehow connected with the Steinhill tragedy. Mme. Steinhill is still in custody, but the police will give out no particulars concerning any statements made by her.

Emblem Gets Reprimand.

Judge Taylor was displeased to treat the Steinhill youth, Bernard Emble, with leniency. He again emphasized his firm belief that the youth should be severely punished.

"I think," said his honor, "that it is the duty of the court to prohibit youths from entering the pool rooms of our cities."

The youthful prisoner was made to suffer the penalty of his crime, as indicated by the remarks that came from the bench.

"I am always disposed to treat a youthful offender with leniency and although there is no doubt in my mind as to the guilt of the prisoner I shall let him off on suspended sentence."

Hill on Tariff Revision.

New York, Nov. 27.—"If this congress does not revise the tariff then the next congress will. The people will attend to that part of the question," James J. Hill, the foremost promoter of the American northwest, and the champion of the American farmer, made this observation today.

He had been talking on different subjects with Geo. W. Perkins, chairman of the finance committee of the senate, when he was asked for an expression of his views on Carnegie's declaration against a protective tariff, particularly on steel.

Must New Consider Cable Scheme.

London, Nov. 26.—The "Economic Review" has given its opinion on the proposed Anglo-Canadian cable scheme. It is not known whether the project will be carried out.

Payments From Defunct Bank.

Pittsburg, Nov. 27.—The payment of the depositors of the first thirty per cent, dividend from the assets of the defunct Commercial National bank was begun today by the government payments, which amounted to \$182,000.00.

Explosion in Galt.

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Safe Crackers at Work.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Nov. 28.—On the opening up of the ticket office of the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway this morning, Mr. Richardson, the agent, found that cash to the amount of about \$300 had been extracted from the ticket office. The thief had left one silver dollar, which he had evidently overlooked.

Engineer Legere Takes Charge.

St. John, N.B., Nov. 28.—J. A. Legere, of Halifax, resident engineer of the Marine and Fisheries Department in the Maritime Provinces, has assumed charge here pending a temporary filling of the place of Harold Keller and Morris, who have been suspended.

YOUTH OF WORLD WILL COME

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Before the academy in the Masonic temple last night, Agnes Deans Cannon lectured on the greatness of the country in the northwest portion of the Dominion. The Canadian youth who has closely studied the conditions in Canada, declared that the annual wheat crop of Alberta was two million bushels and there was at least two million acres on which wheat could be raised. "Canada does not realize its importance," she declared. "It is a country for students and travelers; a country to which the youth of the world will travel in search of fortunes."

FINGER SENTENCED TO PENITENTIARY

Judge Taylor Imposes Sentence of Two Years on Horse Thief—Strathcona Youth Convicted of Theft at Court—His Honor Several Lectures Young Man and Says There Should be Legislation on Prohibiting Entrance to Pool Rooms.

Port Arthur, Ont., Nov. 28.—John Tomkinson, who was found guilty of imprisonment at the Dexter pool and John Arnot, who pleaded guilty to the same charge at the assizes this morning, appeared before Justice Taylor this morning for sentence.

Hans Hering, who was found guilty of the charge of horse stealing, was the first to rise to his feet. Before he was sentenced, he addressed the court and made a special plea for mercy for the youths. Barrister A. E. Kelly, his counsel, also addressed the judge to take into consideration the fact that the boys were filled up with liquor and made tools of by others.

As the judge had also recommended mercy the judge allowed them to go on suspended sentence.

COASTING STEAMER WRECKED.

Off San Fernando, and Over 100 Passengers Drowned.

Manilla, Nov. 28.—The coasting steamer Leynang, carrying a large number of laborers from Narasaman, was wrecked on a rock and sank last night during a storm off the town of San Fernando in Union Province.

The Leynang had on board 100 passengers and crew of the Leynang were drowned. The steamer Vigaya was also wrecked and is reported to be on suspended sentence.

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LOKES REJECT LICENSING BILL

Overwhelming Vote of Peers Against Bill—Liberals Will Seek to Curtail Lords' Power.

London, Nov. 28.—The House of Lords created an interesting political situation last evening by rejecting the licensing bill by a vote of 272 to 96. The Liberals are likely to make this action a rallying cry in their campaign for the curtailment of the power of the House of Lords, claiming that the peers have defeated the will of the people. They set forth, furthermore, that the bill, being a revenue measure, is outside the jurisdiction of the House of Lords.

THE JUDGE IS LENIENT.

Sentence Suspended on Youth Convicted at Port Arthur of Personation.

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MARYLAND UNDER QUARANTINE.

Live Stock in That State Afflicted With Foot and Mouth Disease.

Washington, Nov. 26.—As a result of a report which reached here today that the infection had made its appearance in Yates county, New York. As this is a considerable distance from Erie and Niagara counties, which are the only two in New York state where the disease has been discovered, it is considered most significant, and its appearance at other points of the state would not now be surprising.

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RIGHT-OF-WAY PLANS AT ISSUE

Case in Supreme Court in Which Validity of G. T. P. Plans is Questioned.

A case which affects the validity of the plan of subdivision of the blocks, if the G. T. P. plan is sustained, in the west end of the city, owned by Armand Marson, came up for the consideration of the Supreme Court.

Three applications in chambers for possession of the right of way were dismissed by Justice Beck, after the case had incidentally appeared before several of the Benches. A fourth application was made before Justice Beck last September, when a warrant for possession was given.

Pending the decision on the first application and between the date of judgment and issue of the warrant of the fourth application, the G. T. P. began to work on the property. This gave rise to two distinct actions for damages, brought by Marson against the G. T. P.

Subsequent to the granting of the warrant, an application to the Supreme Court to have the warrant quashed, on the ground of excessive jurisdiction of the judge in chambers, was made by Marson, and on account of facts alleged by the company upon which the warrant had been granted, Marson obtained an injunction, which was stayed by consent of both parties, until the full matters were brought before the court.

When the matter came up before Chief Justice Sifton considerable discussion arose between the opposing counsels, and it was finally agreed to state a case for the decision of His Lordship upon the main points involved.

The case was argued yesterday afternoon and until a late hour last night. G. E. Brown, Howard G. Harrison, appeared for the G. T. P., and Colonel Edwards, of Edwards & Moore, for the plaintiff.

His Lordship reserved judgment. HE CANNOT WOO MORPHEUS. Kaiser's Cold is Better But He is Suffering From Insomnia.

Berlin, Nov. 20.—Emperor William's cold has passed, but he is suffering from an obstinate attack of insomnia, brought on by worrying over his recent events in Germany. It is reported that his defective care, which always becomes painful when he is run down, is now being attended to by his doctors.

His physical breakdown, it is asserted, is so much so that his family and advisers have had to work to keep him indoors at the new palace at Potsdam. It has been decided he shall go to Carlsbad as soon as possible after the Christmas festivities at the court of Berlin. He would go sooner were it not that the festive political effect might be serious.

Jury Disagreed in This Case. Prince Albert, Nov. 20.—The jury in the trial of Martha Orloff, charged with the murder of her newborn baby, disagreed after being out six hours. It is said nine were for acquittal and three for conviction. There was no direct evidence connecting the girl with the crime. The woman was seen to wave a bundle from the upper story of the Humboldt hotel at McLeod. Afterwards the baby was found dying in Martha Orloff's bed, which she had refused to tell what she said on the ground that it was private. The judge ruled that the same law did not apply to medical men, or to clergymen, who did as between lawyers and clients. He, however, declared the law was harsh in the matter and Crown Prosecutor Lindsey refused to take advantage of the ruling in his favor.

Violated Labor Laws. Washington, Nov. 20.—A sweeping deportation of violators of the contract labor laws has been ordered by the department of commerce and labor. Fifty-three persons or dependents who came to the United States under alleged unlawful arrangements with the Fifth Carpet Co., located at Fifth Cliff, N. Y., have been ordered to be returned to their homes in England and Scotland. The case of many others are under consideration, but no final disposition has been made of them. The department of justice has the prosecution of the Fifth Carpet company for violation of the contract labor laws under consideration.

Owner Shot by a Tenant. Devil's Lake, N.D., Nov. 20.—In a dispute over some farm property, B. D. Regan was shot by a tenant, K. Stanley. His wound is not serious. Stanley came to town and gave himself up.

New U. S. Public Printer. Washington, Nov. 20.—The announcement was made this morning of the appointment as public printer of the United States of Samuel B. Loomis, formerly of New York, who had been public printer elsewhere being \$180.

DOESN'T MATTER ABOUT CANADA

Missouri Representative Doesn't Consider Us in Lumber Matters.

Washington, Nov. 20.—"It is a universal grab game," said Representative Champ Clark of Missouri today in speaking of the tariff at the hearing before the sub-committee on the tariff schedule for wood and wood manufactures. The speaker's criticism was directed at the preservation of the forests figured largely in the discussion. Several lumbermen, who were protected by a tariff, this brought forth Mr. Clark's "grab" speech.

Repeating the words of Illinois said in defence of protective tariff that \$300,000,000 in revenue came into the government as a result of the protective policy.

Then Mr. Clark asked and said that free trade in lumber would tend to aid in the preservation of United States forests. He said that it didn't matter if Canadian forests were devastated the United States would have to provide lumber for her own uses. He favored broader policy between the two countries.

ACTION TAKEN AGAINST STRATHCONA CHRONICLE

The First of a Number of Suits to Be Issued in Connection With the Charges Made Against M. A. Harpell of Wainwright, During Recent Elections, Taken Out Yesterday For \$10,000.

A writ for libel was issued in the Supreme Court of Alberta yesterday on behalf of Michael A. Harpell, Wainwright, against the Chronicle Publishing Co., of Strathcona, claiming \$10,000 damages.

The writ, which is a lengthy document, sets out in full the articles complained of, and also a letter from J. E. Lawell, which was addressed to Premier Rutherford a day or two after the Roblin meeting in Strathcona.

This is the first of a number of suits which it is intended to issue against the Chronicle. The first of these suits was against the Carriere Mail, E. W. Day, the Conservative candidate in the Strathcona district. It has been reported that the members of the commission were received by the most eminent authorities on currency and economic topics.

A subcommittee of the commission met after the regular meeting today and began work on the questions. The commission's report is expected to be presented to the House of Commons in the next few days.

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STREET RAILWAY COMMISSIONERS

The Control of the Edmonton Radial System Under an Independent Board.

The appointment of a board of commissioners to control the Edmonton street railway is a live subject of discussion, and promises to be a question of much import within the next few months. That a commission will be a necessity of the future appears to be the general opinion among the largest taxpayers, and it is not improbable that the question of its appointment will be taken up by the newly-elected city council, if not by the old.

By the ability of Mayor McDougall and Superintendent Taylor, the system has been started on a paying basis from its initial trip, but in the future there is grave danger that the good start may be spoiled by "pull" and sectional extensions not in the interests of the system as a whole. In order to prevent such a situation arising, the only apparent way is to place the entire control of the system under a board of commissioners appointed by the city council, but entirely independent in its administration. This commission, according to the suggestions which already have been made, would make appointments, decide upon extensions, and control the general operation with the aim of making the best possible use of the system, and making the scheme as successful as possible from a financial standpoint.

This forenoon a number of prominent citizens convened for the purpose of discussing the street railway question with reference to the scheme and all gave their hearty endorsement. The general opinion seemed to be that the commission idea was the most effective solution of the problem of successful operation of the future.

INQUIRY INTO MONETARY SYSTEM Commission Has Undertaken an Important Investigation.

Washington, D.C., Nov. 20.—That the monetary commission has undertaken the most comprehensive financial inquiry in the history of the country was apparent at the conference of abroad which was held in London, Paris and Berlin during which the members of the commission were received by the most eminent authorities on currency and economic topics.

A subcommittee of the commission met after the regular meeting today and began work on the questions. The commission's report is expected to be presented to the House of Commons in the next few days.

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STEAMER SUNK IN FOG

Collision Takes Place off Sandy Hook and Passenger Boat Suffers.

New York, Nov. 20.—The steamer Finance, of the Panama railroad line from Colon, was run into and sunk by the White Star line freighter George, off Sandy Hook, in a thick fog. The Finance sank almost immediately, about half a mile off shore. Nothing is known of the fate of the 200 passengers and a crew of sixty were aboard. The George struck the Finance on the starboard side below the water line, somewhat forward of amidships. The larger vessel took a great hole in the side of the Finance which began to sink immediately. The George lowered boats and as the fog lifted the men of the United States life saving station at Sandy Hook could see the passengers and crew of the Finance struggling in the water. First Officer Peterson, of the Finance, reported to the officers of the company shortly after one o'clock that he believed all the passengers and crew of the Finance were safe, and that he would be impossible to be certain until sufficient time had elapsed to make a search for the missing. The Finance was carrying 200 passengers and a crew of 60. The George was carrying 200 passengers and a crew of 60.

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MAKE ACCEPTANCE OF COMMISSION A CRIME

Federal Government Has Under Consideration Bill to Make It a Crime to Refuse to Give Information to the Commission.

Ottawa, Nov. 20.—The government has under consideration and will probably introduce at the coming session of parliament a bill modelled on the lines of the act passed by the British parliament in 1906, making it a criminal offence to offer or accept secret commissions with a view of corruptly influencing business transactions or the employment of an agent. The bill is aimed to prevent the whole system of payment of secret commissions, either in connection with private or government business. It will of course make the abuses, already being under Government Cassels to have existed in the administration of the mining department at that point.

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RETURNS TO THE ATTACK

Editor of Calgary News Replies to Eye-Opener Reply.

Calgary, Nov. 20.—In a letter signed D. McGillivuddy, which appears in tonight's News, Editor Dan McGillivuddy returns to the attack on Eye-Opener in language almost as violent as that of the original article for which he was convicted of criminal libel. McGillivuddy says in part— "The Eye Opener has had a severe shaking up, and its 'figurehead' takes some two pages of this sheet to let his readers know that he is severely injured, and to exhibit his wounds, bruises and sores. He attacks not only the author of the original letter which showed him to the public as a kind, a coward, a character thief, a bull-dozer, a blackmailer, and a good many other things of a disreputable nature; but he endeavors to cast a dagger to draw on anyone whom he desires to cast aside. The writer's sons, his lawyers, the reporters of his newspaper, the witnesses, the judge, the jury, all are made marks for the falsehood and incoherence of this character thief and coward."

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OFFICIAL DENIAL OF KAISER'S INTERVIEW

German Government Ours Says Utterances Attributed to Emperor are Wholly a Fabrication—Chancellor Von Buelow Says Germany Will be Forced into an Impossible Position.

Berlin, Nov. 20.—As a consequence of the universal demand for denial of the statements attributed to the Kaiser in New York, the World's version of his supposed interview, the North German Gazette, the official organ of the Imperial government, leads its columns last night with the following statement— "According to New York despatches the World has published an account of the utterances which his majesty the Kaiser is said to have made, on the occasion of an interview with an American journalist, William Bayard Hale. We are empowered to deny the truth of the account, and to state that the invention from start to finish. It will be noted that this communication, which is given additional weight by its simultaneous publication in the Imperial Gazette, make no reference to the synopsis of the interview published in Hearst's American; but this is an omission due to the fact that the World's diffusion is deemed in Berlin official quarters not only to be the same tissue of misstatements as printed in the American, but to have gone them several better."

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24—As a consequence of demand for a denial attributed to the York, the World's ver-

published an account... Emperor's Interview... Emperor's Interview...

RD LISL CASE.

25—Scott's charges... Emperor's Interview... Emperor's Interview...

COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT

26—The Democratic... Emperor's Interview... Emperor's Interview...

GOVERNMENT TO STRENGTHEN A WEAK GOES AT IT CORRECTLY.

27—The Heart and... Emperor's Interview... Emperor's Interview...

15% MORE FOR YOUR HOUSE

Advertisement for house improvements and radiators.

CARNEGIE PREACHES FREE TRADE DOCTRINE

Laird of Skibo, Founder of the Great... Carnegie's views on free trade.

New York, Nov. 23—A notable article... Carnegie's views on free trade.

LADY MINTO'S JEWELS FOUND.

Police Snoop Discovers Their Hiding Place in a Room.

DUTIES IN RAW COUNTRY.

The writer assumes that a decided... Carnegie's views on free trade.

INFANTS REACH MATURITY.

28—We have already been... Carnegie's views on free trade.

TARIFF FOR REVENUE.

"While the tariff as a whole... Carnegie's views on free trade.

RIGHT COST \$819,410.

COMMITTEE'S STATEMENT

29—The Democratic... Carnegie's views on free trade.

FOUND DEAD AT KINISTINO.

SWEDS FARMER VICTIM OF ACCIDENT OR FOUL PLAY.

WOMAN LEGALLY BE SEARCHED BY HER WIFE.

THE HUSBAND'S POCKETS.

NEW ACT WILL BECOME OPERATIVE ON APRIL 1.

PRELIMINARY HEARING OF ALLEGED MURDER OF ECKEL BY ADJOURNED.

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NOT A HOOF WILL GO TO ANY OTHER PERSON

Howard Douglas, Dominion Parks... Carnegie's views on free trade.

Calgary, Nov. 23—All further attempts... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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Burglars Sent to the Penitentiary... Carnegie's views on free trade.

HICKS DENIES GUILT.

29—The child during his illness... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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30—At Queen Victoria School... Carnegie's views on free trade.

ROYAL CANADA MILLS.

31—A branch of the B.C. Mills... Carnegie's views on free trade.

NEW BRUNSWICK BYE-ELECTION.

HAS HAD WIDE EXPERIENCE.

ST. THOMAS CONDUCTOR KILLED.

ENTIRE FAMILY STRICKEN.

RAN INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

HAD MONEY BUT NO FOOD.

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OLIVE'S SONGS GAVE HOPE.

Patent Dying From Cancer Given... Carnegie's views on free trade.

New York, Nov. 23.—Dr. Wm. T... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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Assaulted by a Bully Robbie Lant... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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33—Dr. Becker, who attended the... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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CONSTANTINOPLE, NOV. 23.—

A LAURIER BIRTHDAY TRIP.

100,000 FIRE IN VANCOUVER.

ROYAL CANADA MILLS.

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U.S. CRIMINAL LAW HAS MANY DEFECTS

Pittsburg, Pa., November 27.—At... Carnegie's views on free trade.

FRIVOLOUS DELAYS TOLERATED.

35—This he answered by declaring... Carnegie's views on free trade.

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SAD DEATH OF EIGHT YEAR OLD TORONTO LAD

Assaulted by a Bully Robbie Lant... Carnegie's views on free trade.

Toronto, Nov. 23.—On one of the... Carnegie's views on free trade.

WILL RUN ON MONDAY.

39—The city authorities have given... Carnegie's views on free trade.

DEATH DUE TO ASSAULT.

40—Dr. Becker, who attended the... Carnegie's views on free trade.

UNION OF RAILWAY MEN.

41—Denver, Col., Nov. 23.—It is... Carnegie's views on free trade.

OUTLAW TURKS ATTACK MEDINA.

CONSTANTINOPLE, NOV. 23.—

A LAURIER BIRTHDAY TRIP.

100,000 FIRE IN VANCOUVER.

ROYAL CANADA MILLS.

NEW BRUNSWICK BYE-ELECTION.

HAS HAD WIDE EXPERIENCE.

ST. THOMAS CONDUCTOR KILLED.

ENTIRE FAMILY STRICKEN.

RAN INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

HAD MONEY BUT NO FOOD.

NEW YORK, NOV. 23.—

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THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

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BULLETIN CO., LTD.,
DUNCAN MARSHALL,
Manager.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1908.

THE DISCONSOLATE ONES.

Preachers of protection insist that large exports and small imports spell prosperity. To send goods away they desire is altogether preferable to bringing goods in. Reducing the complex organism and the intricate methods of world commerce to the simple process of a private transaction, they although we to sell such and to buy things. What we sell, say they, is gain, and what we buy is loss; therefore, if we would increase the national wealth, we should buy as little as possible from others and sell as much as possible to them.

Nowhere probably at any time has this argument been more insistently advanced than in Canada during the past decade. The Government, declared the critics, lowered the tariff, therefore, the people impoverished themselves by buying abroad more than they sold, leaving the "balance of trade" on the wrong side of the account. Some of the harder ones have even attempted to charge the financial depression to our heavy importing, forgetful that the stringency was far more severe in the United States and Germany, which they perpetually hold up as an example in all things fiscal. What should be done, they declare, they, is to elevate the tariff, thus forcing ourselves to buy at home or go without; thus should Canada become an industrial Utopia, all would be rich and grow steadily richer.

Remembering this preaching it is somewhat puzzling to observe the attitude of our friends toward the present trend of things commercial. For a year we have been steadily decreasing our imports; we are still decreasing them. At the same time, we have been and are increasing our exports. More, the decreased imports are in articles for "home consumption" and the increasing exports are of articles of "domestic produce." Surely these should be happy days for the high protectionist doctrinaires. They should be raised to the seventh heaven of fiscal ecstasy. Things are tending as they have said they should tend. If they continued to do so and the results proved as promised might not even a hard-headed protectionist be led to see the error of their ways, repent them and boost the tariff to happy matters along the happy way?

But are our friends opposite happy? Do they congratulate the country on the condition and pray for its continuance? Not at all. They are in the dumps. Day by day their papers spread flaring headlines across the pages, filled with the language of protest and dismay. Day by day they utter a continual chorus of warnings that we are heading for the scrap heap. At together they display the signs of real or affected apprehension and terror, because we are experiencing a period of decreasing imports and growing exports. Surely this is a peculiar way to celebrate the vindication of one's theories.

A moment's reflection will convince the observer that neither the former preaching nor the present lamentations is well founded. Theories aside, it ought to be admitted as a matter of course that a young country just starting in business should import largely, much more largely than it exports. It must be borne in mind that a tremendous amount of Canada's imports are imports of capital in various forms. Canada is in some respects in the position of the homesteader without sufficient capital to develop his farm. He may be able to struggle along without borrowing or going out to earn money, but his progress will be slow, slower than either he or the community desire it to be. Presuming proper managerial ability both himself and the country would be advantaged by his borrowing a reasonable amount to stock and equip the farm.

Similarly, unless Canada is to be content with the small-scale progress we had in the days of high tariff, we must continue to secure abroad, in one form or another, the capital we need to equip and stock the national domain before it can become normally productive. A considerable part of this capital must be in the form of machinery for our farms and for the factories of the high protectionist manufacturers themselves. Another large part comes in the shape of clothing and domestic commodities for the men and women who are putting the trains and down into the development work. This is quite as thorough-

ly vital as the mechanics which they employ in the work. The advisability of importing such articles even so through a protectionist as Lord Milner admitted in warning the Canadian manufacturers that too high duties would impoverish the people on whom they were depending for patronage.

This kind of imports should not be offensive to the most loyal protectionist. A farm cannot produce without implements and stock; a factory cannot run without engines and machinery. Neither can the national resources become productive without equipment to work them. The sooner we get the equipment the sooner will our production reach the normal; and the larger the equipment we get the larger will our output be. If it is desirable then our output far exceed our own necessities and leave a large surplus for export, it surely is desirable that the equipment be large enough to more than meet our own needs. If we shall get wealthy by exporting it surely is advisable to fit ourselves for the largest export possible.

Nor can it be a disadvantage to get the equipment first, for we thereby assure ourselves a market for our product when we have it. If we buy from others we thereby bind them to take our goods when we have them to sell. By doing business with others we make them do business with us. By buying we make customers. Surely the acquisition of heavy exports does not intend to condemn the policy of securing markets for exports.

If our high protectionist friends would lay aside tariff theories and apply the working maxims of business, they would escape the unhappy occupation of perpetually prophesying disaster. On the present plan their energies are devoted in seasons of prosperity to protesting that we are getting too much in the process of exchange, and in seasons of adversity to protesting because their prayers for smaller imports and larger exports have been answered.

THE TUPPER BOOM.

The long-foreseen movement to replace Mr. Borden by Sir Hibbert Tupper has at last got under way, though as yet it has developed only a feeble strength. That it will gather force enough to bear the knight to Ottawa appears extremely doubtful. If it does so it will have first to overcome some pretty formidable barriers, erected particularly in friendship for Mr. Borden, but in cordial dislike of Sir Hibbert Tupper and in condemnation of the maneuver as adapted to further his cause. Though no notable councillor has yet undertaken to establish the superiority of Mr. Borden as a leader, boulders of various sorts and sizes have been heaved into the channel for the obvious purpose of breaking the strength of the Tupper current. Thus the Toronto Telegram has been professing no undue admiration for the king de facto takes umbrage because some one mentions Sir Hibbert's comparative acceptance to Quebec Conservatives and checks in the following rock:

"The French-Canadians like Tupper" is the latest bulletin issued by the organs of the opposition. It is "bec" by the choice of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper as leader of the opposition at Ottawa.

The Ottawa opposition can so "through the antics of its Quebec 'chasing insanity until it loses the strength of its own admission' and other provinces without gaining the strength it lacks in Quebec.

"Conservatives generally must be somewhat tired of leaders who are 'ways catering to Qu'bec and never able to provide that province to get any of their shouting."

The "Petersboro Review" lifts its little, not caring apparently whether it hits the knight or not, so long as it retards his proposed journey. "The Toronto News would welcome Sir Hibbert Tupper to the House of Commons as a lieutenant of Mr. Borden, the great Conservative leader."

AS TO TARIFF COMMISSIONS.

Industrial Canada constructs Sir Wilfrid Laurier's statement at the banquet of the Manufacturers' Association as a promise to establish a permanent tariff commission. This would be a strain enough for a normal condition at one effort, but industrial Canada develops abnormal vigor when dealing with tariff matters. It proceeds to outline the functions and describe the duties of this imaginary body according to the fashion of the self and the interests of its owners. The Commission it says should have

the interpretation of the customs laws, the settlement of disputes, and the checking of undervaluation to prevent "dumping." In other words, it would make the body a cross between a court of justice and an administration, and turn the tariff over to it for better or worse.

It will not take the consumer long to determine whether this arrangement would be better or worse for him. The protected interests are thoroughly organized, can afford to be organized, make money by being organized. The consumers are not organized, and no organization is practically possible, which could effectively and persistently watch their interests. The administering commission therefore would be waited for daily by the salaried or wealthy representatives of organized protection, while no counterbalancing representation would be made on the other side of the scale. To suppose that under such conditions the consumer would get justice is to suppose that the commissioners would be ever and always prejudiced in his favor, prejudiced sufficiently that the approval of a protectionist solicitor would set them scurrying about for evidence on the other side of the case. But if anybody imagines that a commission prejudiced to the consumer's interests is the ideal of industrial Canada or would be acceptable to its backers, he is lamentably ignorant of the lofty ideals that journal purveyors and of the equally elevated ends to which its owners aspire. Viewed in the light of circumstances which do and must exist, the proposal for an administering commission is simply a proposal to institute a machine which the protectionist organization could use for fleecing the unorganized public.

Industrial Canada, of course, is wiser than to defeat the end by "naming it." It does not propose a commission initially clothed with both tariff administering and tariff making powers. But it proposes the former with no very apparent reason, and if this were granted no one familiar with the persistently insidious methods of protectionists will doubt that it would soon demand the latter.

The Commission it proposes would not be unlike and their powers easier broadened than curtailed. If we established a commission with administrative functions we may be sure we would soon hear the demand that it be given power to recommend tariff changes as well as to interpret tariff changes. Remembering this, and the motive of the protectionist organization we need have no doubts as to what kind of changes the Commission would be induced to recommend from the evidence that organization would place before them and keep before them. The proposal looks remarkably like an attempt to convert the thin end of a wedge designed ultimately to pry the tariff out of the people—and to place it in the control of a body of men more or less independent of what the people thought and of how they voted. They would be relieved of the duty of studying and debating the tariff and its effects and left the easy but useless functions of assenting to proposals out and died for them; the Government would be relieved of the perhaps onerous but essentially proper business of watching the tax rate; the proposed interests would be relieved of any medical or material reduction of duties, and the public would be relieved of their money in the good old-fashioned of the "N. P."

This is the best and end-of-it demand to "take the tariff out of politics," which demand industrial Canada's proposal merely repeats in another and perhaps better disguised form. It is high time industrial Canada and all concerned were given to understand that the people of Canada will not stand for having the tariff taken out of politics. The right of determining their own tax rate is a principle for which Britishers have made some notable stands and one which Western Canadians in any event have not the least notion of abandoning. Never was that principle more earnestly assailed than by the campaign to eliminate the tariff from politics, and have it established as an institution permanent and unchangeable of the country. Fortunately the currents of public thought today run in the other direction. The people want the tariff kept "in politics" and kept there very prominently and persistently. Fortunately, too, the country is governed by a Liberal Government, a Government bound by tradition, record and policy to defend the right of the people to determine their own fiscal affairs and to oversee the tariff when it is found the instrument of injustice or of the bar to progress.

If there is work in Canada for permanent Tariff Commission it is along other lines than those proposed by the organ of protection. An investigating commission would find employment, there are reasons to believe. Much of that employment

would consist in probing the combined forces of the owners and friends of industrial Canada, are declared to have formed under the shelter of the existing tariff. If administrative functions were to be added one would have to be the power to summarily cancel the tariff clause under which a combine was found hiding. If this is one of the functions contemplated by industrial Canada that organ has suffered a sudden and a sudden a sudden.

TO PROMOTE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

The announcement that the Provincial Government will take up actively the promotion of railway construction is receiving the measure of attention to which its importance in the matter entitles it and a very wide and warm approval, not by means from supporters only. The announcement really involves two proposals: one to establish a Provincial Department of Railways, the other to guarantee the bonds of railway companies when such is deemed necessary to secure the construction or extension of lines needed to open up new country. The latter in some degree involves the former, and together they constitute an undertaking on the part of the Government to start Provincial machinery moving for securing railway building throughout the Province. This announcement now is timely, because it gives opportunity for public consideration and discussion before the Legislature assemblies, when whatever legislation may be necessary will doubtless be put through. The endorsement of a principle is one thing and the application of the principle to the details of a comprehensive policy by which the maximum of benefit may be secured with the minimum of disadvantage or risk is another. While the principle involved is freely endorsed it is well that opportunity has been given the legislators to consider how best this can be shaped into detailed embodied in legislation.

A goodly number probably the most satisfactory method that could be found for advancing railway construction by provincial aid. The backing of a province is a material advantage to a company going into the money market for funds, quite as real an advantage as a cash subsidy. On the other hand it does not cost the province anything in the shape of direct outlay unless the road guaranteed proves unable to pay its way—an event from which we should be no danger of suffering if the companies backed in Alberta pursue the common sense line of building roads where they are needed and where the banks will be made to pay. This, of course, will be a point for incessant scrutiny by the ministers and legislators; for it is not of more consequence that roads be built where they are needed and where they can be made self-supporting than that they be built by the help of financial responsibility for roads built where there is no business to warrant it, where the opportunities for development do not give reasonable assurance of commercial success. This point guarded, the cost of the assistance to the Province would be what the Province would be what the Province would be what the Province would be.

Rockefeller has returned to work—perhaps to earn that \$100,000,000 fine. Athabasca Landing has a curling club. Now things will glide along smoothly. Madam Calve sang to a sick man. He got up and said he wanted to sail for Europe. The Hindu delegates to Honduras think the mosquitoes are too large and the wages too small. Newfoundland elections have resulted in a tie. Curiously enough the tie may undo the Bond. Calgary's bondmaster may move to Edmonton. Fellow-citizens should follow his good example. Servia claims the support of France and Russia. Now where can Germany's sympathies lie. Lord Robert says Germany could lead an army in England. The chances are the Kaiser is mad enough to do it. A participant in a horse-trading case testified that he remembered the animals perfectly. A man usually does.

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John D. Archbold says his one best increase of prices and the keeping down of wages, and its most persistent defenders are the men who must buy goods and sell labor. They are actually made to believe that without the obstruction of imports wages would be lowered and that the nation would move somewhere else. It is interesting to watch the tenacious hold of the protectionist policy as one absently after another is revealed in the inquiry.

The Toronto Star—Complains is made that this season again farmers in the Canadian West are experiencing great difficulty in obtaining the supply as necessary to ship their grain east. There appears, according to a statement made by Mr. Charles S. Hinchey, the Albertan of Calgary, to be enough cars available, but the charge is that the Canadian Pacific is discriminating against the farmer and in favor of the elevator companies in the distribution of rolling stock on hand. Some farmers, who have been able to obtain cars, claim that they have made up to \$100 per car more by shipping their own grain than they would have obtained by disposing of it through the local elevator. Where this is possible, it naturally follows that nearly all farmers desire to handle their own product, and it is declared that the railway is preventing this by providing shipping facilities for the big companies, and refusing to furnish such to individual farmers. How great the shortage in the case of the latter is, however, is not stated. It is stated that only 400 cars have been furnished up to the 9th of the hauling of grain from three stations located in a territory containing 2,400,000 bushels ready for market.

This state of affairs, needless to say, involves a very serious hardship to the farmers directly interested, and to the country in general, because of the interests of the country, because of the grain to advantage depends the ability of the whole West to discharge its financial obligations. It is a matter of necessity to put any law in operation to secure redress from the grievance complained of. A proper appreciation of the obligation to the country which has so liberally aided it with land and money, and an understanding of what is due to the practice of the farmer, who provides the food which its prosperity mainly depends, should be sufficient to compel the Canadian Pacific to play its part in the operation of the shipping facilities at its disposal.

Political meetings in a New Brunswick by-election campaign have been discontinued on account of scarlet fever. Scarlet fever plus campaign heat would be pretty high temperature for November. The struggle may now be for the street cars from morning until night last Saturday to impress Calgary visitors with the idea that there were enough people in the northern "city to keep a three-car street railway service busy for most of the day. The Lords oppose the education bill and threaten to kill the licensing bill. Their Lordships seem willing to let the other side get most of the dam up the fountain of knowledge, but will brook no interference with the flow of the beer taps.

AMERICAN FISCAL INNOGENCE.

Toronto Globe—All who have heard of American shrewdness in monetary matters will be disappointed if they expect to see that may have been the case in the past. There is no more transparent device for deluding the innocent and relieving them of their small change and large notes than the protective tariff as revealed in the present inquiry. Yet with the unscrupled simplicity of the man who puts a package of soap at a country fair expecting to find a five dollar bill in it they will again be deluded by the old trick. The starch manufacturers have been under investigation. They have been selling in Britain at a fair and reasonable price, the price being much lower than that levied at home through the tariff that it would pay local buyers. The starch has been carried twice across the ocean. A witness on behalf of the starch manufacturers said they were selling at a loss in Britain, but as it was a regularly established branch of their business the alleged loss was naturally regarded as a distortion of bookkeeping. Altruism and secret benevolence are now so rare that the strong proof is needed to convince the public that any firm is systematically pushing a losing business. American merchants have often found it more profitable to export their goods from a British port and paying two freight across the Atlantic. This was done in the case of nails and some of the products of the steel mills. The manufacturers thus circumvented, made no pretence of having sold at a loss in Britain, but felt that they had been subjected to a cruel injustice. After all their troubles in getting the people tied up in the tariff and ready for fleecing they inconsiderately made their escape. The manufacturers of the tariff should be in the form of a law preventing the return of American goods from abroad without the payment of duty. In this endeavor they showed the people that they were constantly exposed to the danger of a devastating deluge of cheap goods from their own factories unless this transatlantic device were prohibited. The people were told that such a deluge of their own goods would be quite as beneficial as a flood of goods from the factories of other nations. While the captains of industry were patriotically seeking to injure the British by flooding them with an abundance of good things they were actually directing against their own people.

The people of the Republic have been so persistently warned against the evils of abundance and the direful results of a deluge of good things that they fear any scheme not designed to relieve them of their surplus cash. They think the primary object of fiscal legislation should be to multiply the difficulties of getting a living. Tom L. Johnson gave in one of his addresses a description "in the patriotic American working" in the old with thin cotton clothing and advocating an increase in the duty on wools. That attitude is typical of the nation at large, and will scarcely be affected by such revelations as that made in regard to the cheapness of American starch and other goods from San Francisco. Ten months ago such impudence would have been answered by broadsides of job-type.

A RESOLUTE RULER.

The new Regent of China seems to be showing his prowess very satisfactorily—from the viewpoint of the foreign world. He began his reign with an edict prohibiting interference from the Empress Dowager, and that august lady betook herself to the background and remains there. He followed this with another demanding implicit obedience from the Imperial clansmen; and the Princess' opposition, wrangles and criticisms of the Government came to a sudden end. A third edict authorizes the arrest and summary beheading of insurrectionists; a palliative that should prove sufficient to quieting to the fevered body politic. The new ruler is regarded as more favorable to reform than his predecessor. Whether this is so or not remains to be seen. He displays the qualities of a strong ruler and China under a strong ruler might become almost anything. In any event his early moves indicate that he shall know with tolerable certainty where he is at. One can scarcely help wondering what would have happened if those edicts had been issued in the days of the late Empress Dowager.

EASIER MONEY.

The Toronto Globe figures out that the increasing deposits in Canadian banks must force bankers to adopt a more liberal policy regarding loans. It says: "A very remarkable condition of affairs is disclosed by the October bank returns, issued at Ottawa last night. The people are saving money at a very much faster rate than the banks and business men can dispose of it in profitable investments. The result is that deposits in Canada increased during October to the extent of \$11,702,879, while the business of the country absorbed by way of current and call loans only \$9,322,014 more than during the previous month.

"The banks, therefore, are accumulating a surplus of \$2,380,865, which they must either invest in the rural districts or in the form of deposits in the hands of the public. The result is that the crop movement began very early this year, and that the farmers were paid for their wheat and other products promptly. It will be understood that several million dollars of the increase in deposits may be due to the plentifulness of money in the rural districts. But there were probably also the fruits of greater thrift in the towns and cities, where the habits of the past year have taught caution.

"Whatever the cause, the bankers of Canada are confronted with the fact that they have to earn interest on ninety-six millions of capital and six hundred and sixty-seven millions of deposits, or a total of \$783,000,000, leaving reserves out of consideration on loans as home and abroad of \$669,702,879. The banks, therefore, are confronted with the fact that they have to earn interest on ninety-six millions of capital and six hundred and sixty-seven millions of deposits, or a total of \$783,000,000, leaving reserves out of consideration on loans as home and abroad of \$669,702,879. The banks, therefore, are confronted with the fact that they have to earn interest on ninety-six millions of capital and six hundred and sixty-seven millions of deposits, or a total of \$783,000,000, leaving reserves out of consideration on loans as home and abroad of \$669,702,879.

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GERMANY'S DEPRESSION.

Toronto Globe—Despatches from Germany indicate the existence of conditions that may have a devastating effect on bringing a torrent of criticism on the Kaiser and his reckless activities. A peculiarly gloomy and pessimistic atmosphere with complacency the Kaiser and methods of his authority, but when the grip of depression is felt and the spirit animated that drives the country towards an outbreak of discontent. All such outbreaks are certain to be directed against the Kaiser and his methods. It is reasonable to infer that if the people of Germany had been allowed to express their views on the Kaiser's alleged inaction and his methods of his authority, but when the grip of depression is felt and the spirit animated that drives the country towards an outbreak of discontent. All such outbreaks are certain to be directed against the Kaiser and his methods. 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WESTERN WHEAT MOVEMENT.

Complaint is made that farmers in the Canadian West are having great difficulty in getting their wheat to market...

HINDU DELEGATES SAY \$3,000 WAS OFFERED

Them as a Bribe to Report Favorably to Their Countryman on the Desirability of British Honduras as a Land to Which to Emigrate from B.C.—Story is Denied.

Yancouver, B.C., Dec. 23.—Three thousand dollars in greenbacks is the amount alleged to have been offered the Hindu delegates for making a favorable report...

BURGLAR WAS SHOT DOWN

Rothstein, Sask., Nov. 23.—An attempt was made this morning to burglarize the E. E. Tuttle's general store by two men, resulted in the death of one of them...

BRADSTREET AND DUNN ON THE WEEK'S TRADE

Encouraging Reviews, Showing Expansion All Along the Line—Manufacturers' Plans for the Future, Their Output and the Future is Rosey—Each Week Shows Growth.

RAILWAY TRADE BAROMETER Shows Improvement in Conditions—New Equipment Ordered.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—That a decided improvement in the railway conditions has occurred within the past few months is shown by orders given for new equipment...

THE MARINE ENQUIRY CONTINUES AT ST. JOHN

Various Witnesses When Confronted With Evidence of Loans to Debitment Agents Claim They Were Made as Personal Accommodations and Not Because Recipient Was an Agent.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 26.—At the afternoon session of the marine enquiry Mr. McCauley continued his evidence...

UNITED STATES CONGRESS

Roll Stands Republicans 219, Democrats 172—Former Loss Four.

FOSTER'S FORECASTS

Snow and Falling Temperatures Predicted for This Week.

MURDER IS SUSPECTED

Jewellery is Missing from Body of Man Shot in St. John.

AN ALIEN LABOR CASE

Judge Forbes in St. John Quashes Decision of Police Magistrate.

CAPTAIN DOUGLAS DEAD

Deceased Was Prominent Business Man and Politician in Halifax.

Queen Anne's Celebration

Anniversary of the Queen's Landing in Annapolis, Md., Nov. 22.—An observance of the two hundredth anniversary of the granting by Queen Anne of England of the first charter of Annapolis...

Port Burwell News Burned Out

St. Thomas, Nov. 23.—The Port Burwell News printing office was gutted this morning by an explosion of a gasoline tank. The loss is \$4,000.

WOLF HUNT IN ONTARIO

Toronto, Nov. 22.—The Canadian Northern Ontario railway is organizing a big wolf hunt in the Magnesian river district, where the animals are so numerous as to menace human safety.

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Seized Live Wire in Hands

Brantford, Nov. 23.—By accidently acting a live wire carrying 20,000 volts at Mohawk Park tonight, Fred Whitely had his hands so badly burned that he must be amputated at the wrist, and two fingers taken from the other hand.

Mad Case of Woman Drove Friend

Miss. Nov. 23.—Wrecked by "dope" May Snyder, daughter of the wealthy Milwaukee family, today testified in the Minneapolis court that she had recently been eating from a desolate crumple under her sanity.

Alex. Rose Still at Large

Brockville, Nov. 23.—Alexander Rose, a desperate criminal under his sanity, is being sought by the police in Ontario.

GOVERNMENT WILL PROSECUTE OFFICIALS

Who Have Been Guilty of Abuses in Connection With Department of Marine—No Action Will Be Taken Until Mr. Justice Cassels Makes Report of His Findings.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—The government will await the report of the findings of Mr. Justice Cassels as to any abuses he may have found to exist in connection with the Marine Department investigation before instituting criminal proceedings against the guilty parties.

G. T. P. STEAMSHIP LINE.

Negotiations With Allans—Letter May Provide Fleet for Railway.

LAKE DECLARED ELECTED.

The Only Conservative Member in Saskatchewan Secures His Seat.

PROVED WRONG MAN.

Supposed Burglar Arrested at Rosetham, Sask., With Concealed Firearms.

FOILED ATTEMPT ON EMPRESS.

Dowager Empress Marie Was Marked for Assassination.

ANGRY FATHER RELENTS \$50,000 WORTH.

New York, Nov. 26.—Pleased at his son's luck in defying parental authority to the extent of wedding the girl he loved, whether or no, Captain John Fleming, a wealthy contractor and prominent "Tammany Hall" man, after his first anger had cooled somewhat, placed a cheque for \$50,000 in his son's hands.

SAVED FROM DEATH.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 26.—According to telegrams received here from Riga and Dvinsk, a carefully planned attempt on the life of Dowager Empress Marie, during the recent funeral of Grand Duke Alexis, was foiled by the police.

NEW OPERA HOUSE FOR LETHBRIDGE.

Lethbridge, Nov. 26.—Lethbridge will have a new large opera house, the name of which is yet to be decided. The opera house will be built immediately by Burns & Company.

SAMPLE COPY FREE

Would you like to have a sample copy of The Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal?

The Best Agricultural and Home Paper

On the American Continent. No progressive farmer can afford to be without it. Published weekly. Only \$1.50 per year. Drop post card for free sample copy.

Agents Wanted.

Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal WINDYBUSH, MANITOBA. MENTION THIS PAPER.

Skins, HORSE HIDES and CATTLE HIDES

and all other kinds of RAW FURS. Write for Free Catalogue. Hunters' & Trappers' Guide. \$1.00 per copy.

Hunters' & Trappers' Guide

Best thing on the subject ever written. 200 pages, leather bound. All about trapping, hunting, traps, decoys, traps, etc. \$1.25. ANDERSON BROS., Dept. W. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

NO DUTY ON RAW FURS, CALFSKINS OR HORSEHIDES.

Annual Meeting of Western Associated Press in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Nov. 27.—The annual meeting of the Western Associated Press was held this afternoon, representatives of the Winnipeg and Western Canadian daily papers...

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NEW MARKET FOR EDMONTON COAL

Northern Saskatchewan Offers Unlimited Field for Business-Saskatoon Makes Advances.

If the coal dealers and coal mine operators in Edmonton are encouraging they will at once get busy and corral the great market of Saskatchewan coal in the northern part of Saskatchewan. The residents of that part of the west are alive to the situation. They realize that they are without fuel for the coming winter, they like Edmonton coal and if the dealers here can ship it to them in sufficient quantities and at a reasonable price, they will give Edmonton an added importance as a great fuel distributing centre.

A short time ago A. G. Harrison, secretary of the Edmonton board of trade, received a communication from the Saskatoon board of trade asking if Edmonton coal dealers were prepared to supply coal to the Saskatoon district. This was a reasonable figure. They stated that last year they received 17,000 tons of coal from Lehigh and Hancock and only 1,600 tons from Edmonton although Edmonton was nearer the coal of a good quality. Saskatoon people feel that the price of coal in Edmonton coal is unduly high even though it is lower than Lehigh and Hancock. Here is how the figure out the prices at Saskatoon:

Price to Lehigh	\$2.50
Freight to Saskatoon	3.00
Handling at Saskatoon	1.50
Coal per ton	\$7.00
Cost per ton	\$8.50
Lehigh Coal	\$7.50
Freight to Saskatoon	\$2.00
Handling at Saskatoon	.50
Cost per ton	\$10.00
Dealer's price	\$12.50

In conclusion the commissioner of "I need scarcely tell you that throughout Saskatchewan's great territory to the westward there is no fuel whatsoever but we have like yourselves six months of cold weather. Our people to the west need fuel and we have the railways to take it to them. Edmonton is the natural source of supply and it behooves Edmonton to get busy."

This morning Mr. Harrison received a wire from the Saskatoon board of trade asking what action was being taken with regard to their letter. He replied that the matter had been brought to the attention of the local coal dealers and that yesterday John Kenwood, of the firm of Rolfe & Kennelwood, left for Saskatoon to discuss presenting several local coal dealers and what they were prepared to take orders for all the Edmonton coal wanted.

MODERN SKYSCRAPERS ARE BUILDING AS BIG AS CITY.

Figures That Give an Idea of the Modern Skyscraper—Things That Could Be Done With the Materials of the Metropolitan Life or the Singer Building—A City of 10,000 People.

Did it ever occur to you that if one of New York's modern skyscrapers, say the Metropolitan Life or the Singer Building with its cloud-piercing spire, could be picked up bodily and dropped in the heart of Edmonton, it would be practically everything needed to start a little city, including the population. In fact, it might be some of the things that it might be used for in the neighborhood.

Take the Singer Building for instance. It contains 13 million of various kinds of metal piping. The telephone, elevator, electric lights, fans and electric wiring, all of which are which it stretched out would extend the top of the Singer Building to Paris, with 300 miles left over.

The steel used in the construction of the Singer Building, if made into three-quarter inch wire cable, would reach from New York to Buenos Aires, a distance of 7,100 miles. The total length of this steel-bearing columns in the building is about ten million feet.

The terra cotta floor blocks in the building, if spread on a plane, would cover 8.36 acres. Placed end to end they would extend 37 miles, or further than from New York to Philadelphia. The floor blocks in the Metropolitan Life building would reach from New York to Chicago, a distance of 4,800 miles.

The new skyscraper contains 5,033,000 bricks, and these bricks end to end would reach from New York to Detroit. They would pave a foot path 12 inches wide from New York to Boston.

ROUNDING UP THE HERD FOR WINTER

Buffalo at Elk Island Park Go Into Winter Quarters—Shipment of Remainder of Herd.

Howard Douglas, of Banff, commissioner of Dominion Parks, returned to the city last evening from Lamont where he has been inspecting the buffalo in Elk Island Park. While there he made arrangements for the shipment of a portion of that herd to Battle River park next spring, some time during the months of May or June. These will be shipped in the same cars that were used to bring the remainder of the herd up to Lamont.

Although part of the buffalo will be moved next spring from Elk Island park to Battle River park, in addition to this it is the purpose of the Dominion Parks Commission to make these two parks the game sanctuaries of the west. As the railroad is extended north to the park at Banff and placed in Elk Island park at Battle River parks. In addition to this it is the purpose of the Dominion Parks Commission to make these two parks the game sanctuaries of the west.

The Dominion government now owns the buffalo herd of about 10,000 head in the world. In the United States the largest number in any one spot is 92,000 head in the Grand Canyon. In Elk Island park the herd is about 875 buffalo, while the balance of the herd is brought up from Montana across the border into the park at Lamont.

ALBERTA ENFORCES THE LORD'S DAY ACT

This Province is Pointed to Observe Mode of the Sabbath as a Statute, Says General Secretary of the Alliance, Who is in the City on December 9.

It is our habit in other provinces in the Dominion to point the Lord's Day as the province where the Lord's Day is enforced more judiciously and in a more complete manner than in any other part of Canada. More than 3,000 cases have been taken by the Attorney General, Alberta, during the past year in enforcing the Lord's Day Act.

The sympathetic action of authorities in this respect has been a matter of course. The Ontario and Quebec come a close second in respect. Indeed, I might say that the Metropolitan tower will be a model in the east in this regard that Alberta does in the west.

This was the remark made by Rev. J. M. Moore, of Toronto, general secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, when interviewed at the Windsor Hotel this morning by a Bulletin reporter. His opinion was endorsed by Rev. W. M. Rochester, secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance in Winnipeg, western secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance in the city. These gentlemen arrived in Edmonton this morning for the annual meeting of the Lord's Day Alliance in the Metropolitan Hotel on December 9th.

Mr. Moore has been attending the various annual meetings of the Lord's Day Alliance in the different provinces in the Dominion. The convention for Prince Edward Island was held in Charlottetown on November 3rd, and the convention for Nova Scotia was held in Halifax on November 13th. The convention for the Maritime Provinces was held in Montreal on November 13th. The annual meeting of the Alliance was held in Toronto on November 13th, and the Quebec convention was held on November 30th, and for Saskatchewan in Regina on November 30th. The meeting in British Columbia will be held on December 3rd and for Alberta on December 9th.

Encouraging Success of Work. Asked regarding the general feeling towards the work of the Lord's Day Alliance throughout Canada at the present time, said Mr. Moore. "Every annual meeting held in every province indicates a growing enforcement of the Lord's Day Act and a growth of sentiment in favor of the work of the Alliance for the better observance of the Sabbath. We have been greatly encouraged by the fact that in every province some important forward has been taken in Alliance work."

New Brunswick committees were appointed to organize branches of the Alliance in places that the general offices were unable to reach. In Nova Scotia arrangements were made for holding district conferences and steps taken to secure initial action by the authorities in the matter of the enforcement of the law. In Quebec it was decided to put a new secretary in the field to work in that province. In other districts conferences will be held over this selected places where local conditions will be considered. In Manitoba it was decided to have a stronger organization and a people to see that the law is better enforced. In Saskatchewan steps similar to those in Ontario and Manitoba were taken. In all of the provinces the people have made manifest their confidence in the work of the Lord's Day Alliance by increased support, making this the banner year in the history of the alliance.

WORLD'S BEST GUNNERS.

Miraculous Shooting on Board His Majesty's Battleships.

The British navy has established some new splendid shooting records, as shown by the result of the test of rain showers, with heavy guns, for 1937. The records of the Admiralty have expressed their extreme satisfaction at the improvement that has taken place in gunnery in the fleet during 1937.

The progress achieved between 1936 and 1937 has been almost miraculous. The accuracy of the fleet's guns has improved as it did in 1936; the 9.2-inch powerful gun fired 100 times as often per half hour as in 1936. The percentage of hits has also improved. The percentage of hits in 1937 was 71.12 in 1936 and 78.19 in 1937, and the hits are now much more quickly made. The following table shows the results in five feet in order of merit, and the best ship in each fleet.

Fleet	per man	Best Ship
1. China	537	King George V
2. Canada	297	King George V
3. Mediterranean	29	Prince of Wales
4. Channel	28	Vernoy
5. Home	24	Achilles

On the Achilles, whose fire firing with heavy guns secured the highest score per man in the fleet, the gunnery sergeant, R.M.A., and Able Seaman J. L. Smith, the former scored six men per minute being fired for 2.71 hits. The gunnery sergeant in this case was 49.75 hits per minute, while the best man, J. L. Smith, himself scored 34 hits. The two men on the King Alfred scored the best in the ship were Leading Seaman H. Carter and Leading Seaman S. Dawson. The former was recorded on 19 rounds, 15 hits per minute being fired for 6.15 hits. Dawson was one of six men firing the rounds were fired for 2.71 hits. The gunnery sergeant in this case was 49.75 hits per minute, while the best man, J. L. Smith, himself scored 34 hits.

TYOLONE IN ARKANSAS.

Twenty-five Reported Killed and Fifty Injured.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 23.—The meagre reports received here tonight from a score of towns in northeastern Arkansas indicate that twenty-five people were killed, fifty injured and 700 miles long. The force of the storm was felt to the greatest extent in the towns of the Ozarks, the people were killed, fifty injured and 700 miles long. The force of the storm was felt to the greatest extent in the towns of the Ozarks, the people were killed, fifty injured and 700 miles long.

MANY REFORMS IN CHINA.

Edict Issued Committing Government to Certain Policies.

Pekin, Nov. 23.—An edict was issued today declaring that the era of the crown was the meaning of "Progress" and "Development." This characteristically interpreted as signifying the unification of the country under the reform programme of the throne.

Bachelor's Bequests to Charity.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—Local charitable institutions will benefit to the tune of \$20,000 under the will of the late Mr. J. W. McNeil, a bachelor, and apart from a few small bequests to relatives and charities, all his money was left to the institutions.

Call to Western Divine.

Toronto, Nov. 23.—Rev. Clarence McKinnon, of Winnipeg, will probably receive the call to the Western Division of the Presbyterian Church, made known by Principal Gaudier, of Knox College, Regina.

WITH

FRIDAY'S GRAIN MARKET

Winnipeg, Nov. 26.—Live 1/2 lower to 1/4 higher. B weekly clearances showed a falling off from last year. The condition of winter wheat maintained an improvement but was much below last year. The price current was decidedly lower than in the same period last year. The Russian government report indicated a very considerable decrease. There were no shipments from Brosshild and Bronhill expected from this source.

Speaking generally all in was strong, and after the American wheat market held firm the greater part of the morning with a slight recovery in the close, which was maintained through the day. The market was a fair one for the crop was much below last year. The price current was decidedly lower than in the same period last year. The Russian government report indicated a very considerable decrease.

Flax was weak and declining in Winnipeg. The demand was especially for the high quality, and was again a very heavy buy expected by those in the market with the trade that 5,000,000 of which will be shipped in the first week of December. Prices in Winnipeg gained now being up to December 1st, 1938, and 1939, and 1940, and 1941, and 1942, and 1943, and 1944, and 1945, and 1946, and 1947, and 1948, and 1949, and 1950, and 1951, and 1952, and 1953, and 1954, and 1955, and 1956, and 1957, and 1958, and 1959, and 1960, and 1961, and 1962, and 1963, and 1964, and 1965, and 1966, and 1967, and 1968, and 1969, and 1970, and 1971, and 1972, and 1973, and 1974, and 1975, and 1976, and 1977, and 1978, and 1979, and 1980, and 1981, and 1982, and 1983, and 1984, and 1985, and 1986, and 1987, and 1988, and 1989, and 1990, and 1991, and 1992, and 1993, and 1994, and 1995, and 1996, and 1997, and 1998, and 1999, and 2000, and 2001, and 2002, and 2003, and 2004, and 2005, and 2006, and 2007, and 2008, and 2009, and 2010, and 2011, and 2012, and 2013, and 2014, and 2015, and 2016, and 2017, and 2018, and 2019, and 2020, and 2021, and 2022, and 2023, and 2024, and 2025, and 2026, and 2027, and 2028, and 2029, and 2030, and 2031, and 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WITH THE FARMERS

FRIDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Nov. 29.—Liverpool came 1/2 lower to 1/4 higher. Bradstreet's weekly clearances showed a decided falling off from last year. The Modern Miller admitted an improvement in the condition of winter wheat.

HAS FRIENDS IN ADVERSITY.

Tom Johnson Deluged With Messages of Sympathy. Cleveland, Nov. 28.—Pathetic messages of sympathy and hundreds of offers of financial aid poured in yesterday upon Mayor Tom L. Johnson.

STATE OWNED CABLE A COLOSSAL MISTAKE

Says Manager of Commercial Cable Company Who Kicks the Tax-Rate Scheme—Taxpayers of Great Britain and Canada Would Lose. British America Would Gain—Cheaper Rates, He Says, Are Impossible.

RAILROADS PLAN TO USE THE TELEPHONES

Telegraph System For Despatching Trains to Be Abandoned on American Railroads—The Nine-Hour Transition Will Be Gradual.

ADMONITION TO GIRL "GRADS."

Archbishop McEvoy Delivers Some Wholesome Advice to De La Salle Graduates.

EDMONTON MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various commodities including Wheat, Flour, Pork, and other goods.

G.T.P. DEPOT AT WATERLOO.

Divisional Point on Grand Trunk Pacific Will Have Fine Building.

RIVALS DREYFUS AFFAIR.

Paris in Ferment of Excitement Over Steinhilber Murder Case.

NEWSPAPER FOR LANDING.

Weekly Northern Town to Have Commercial Newspaper and Printing Plant.

OTAWA, ONT., NOV. 27.—

At a meeting of the telephone committee, it was decided to recommend that the telephone system be expanded to include the new lines.

STEARER UNK IN LAKE HURON.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 27.—News was received today from the Ottawa River that a steamer was reported lost.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Cattle trade nominally steady. Considerable shunt of fresh arrivals. The market for hogs was light, with a few choice specimens.

AN ALLEGED LAND FRAUD.

Englishman in Vancouver Cables London for Arrest of Two Men.

COLLIE OFF SANDY HOOK.

Dense Fog Hangs Over New York Harbor Responsible for Accident.

HIS PERSISTENCE REWARDED.

Milton Farmer Succeeds in Crossing Line With Exhibition Sheep.

SHOOTING PARTY DROWNED.

Thessalon, Ont., Nov. 28.—William Menor and son, D. Menor, with Fred Menor, left here for a week's shooting party on the shore of the Indian Lake.

WIRELESS WILL KILL IT.

The article winds up by stating that wireless telegraphy may take the place of cables in the future.

TO-DAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Table listing grain market prices for various commodities including Wheat, Flour, and other goods.

G.T.P. LOCATION COMPLETE.

Between Edmonton and Prince Rupert. Surveyors Finish.

WIRELESS WILL KILL IT.

The article winds up by stating that wireless telegraphy may take the place of cables in the future.

MILITARY LODGING HOUSE.

Hanilton, Nov. 27.—An experiment in military lodging house was practically decided on at a conference of the aldermen and charity organizations.

SUCCESSFULLY FLOATED IN ENGLAND.

Toronto, Nov. 26.—Negotiations in England for financing the proposed purchase of the Toronto Electric Light Company by Mr. William MacKenzie's Toronto Power Company have been successful.

MISS EVA BOOTH III.

New York, Nov. 28.—Miss Evangelina Booth, commander of the Salvation Army, is ill at the Army headquarters in this city.

VERMILION MARKETS.

Table listing vermilion market prices for various grades and quantities.

VICTORIAN HAS ROUGH TRIP.

Hanilton, Nov. 27.—Fifteen hours on a row after the roughest trip in her history, the Victorian arrived here last night.

SHIPPING SEASON CLOSED.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—The shipping season in Montreal closed today with the sailing of the steamer Dolomieu.

STEARER UNK IN LAKE HURON.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 27.—News was received today from the Ottawa River that a steamer was reported lost.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR DIVORCE.

Notice is hereby given that Aaron William Morley Campbell, of the Town of Port Saskatchewan, in the Judicial District of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta, petitioner, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof for a Bill of Divorce from the body of the late Sarah Curriel, of the City of Seattle in the State of Washington, one of the United States of America, on the ground of adultery and desertion.

WINDSOR SALT.

You surely wouldn't buy an inferior cow when you could get a pedigreed Jersey for the same money? Why should you buy cheap inferior imported salt when you can get Windsor Salt?

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Advertisement for a sale of horses and other animals, including a high class horse and a pair of mares.

SHOULD OFF SANDY HOOK.

Advertisement regarding a dog named Sandy Hook who was found on a beach.

WIRELESS WILL KILL IT.

Advertisement discussing the potential of wireless telegraphy to replace cables.

MILITARY LODGING HOUSE.

Advertisement regarding a military lodging house project in Hanilton.

SUCCESSFULLY FLOATED IN ENGLAND.

Advertisement regarding the successful financing of a company in England.

MISS EVA BOOTH III.

Advertisement regarding the health of Miss Eva Booth III.

WINDSOR SALT.

Advertisement for Windsor Salt, highlighting its quality and availability.

SHOULD OFF SANDY HOOK.

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Advertisement regarding the health of Miss Eva Booth III.

Advertisement for D.R. FRASER CO., Ltd. featuring a large image of a building and contact information.

Advertisement for JAS. RICHARDSON & SONS GRAIN MERCHANTS, featuring a large image of a building and contact information.

AROUND THE CITY

(From Friday's Daily). RETURNED FROM NORTH.

That the great Peace River district is constantly attracting more attention in the outside world on account of its almost unlimited undeveloped resources is shown by the increasing number of parties going north each year to look over the country.

The latest party to return from the Peace River district was a party from Duluth, Minnesota, including M. Goggin, S. J. Files, F. J. Files, N. MacDonald, W. Johnston and L. Boyd.

A brief telegraphic announcement was received last week to the effect that Rev. Father P. O. Corneille, bursar of Ottawa university, has been appointed procurator for Alberta for the Oblate order and will reach Edmonton within a week or two.

D. S. MACKENZIE RECOVERING. Dr. S. Mackenzie, deputy minister of education, is said to be speedily recovering in the London hospital from his attack of enteric fever.

WAGE EARNERS' PLATFORM. The candidates, Messrs. F. B. Ball and John Francis, who have been chosen to represent organized labor in the advertisement campaign, are conducting an energetic canvass and are sparing no pains to secure election.

AT THE POLICE COURT. At the police court yesterday afternoon Harry Latourneau, who lives near the Richelieu hotel, charged with threatening to kill his brother-in-law, was interdicted and bound over to keep the peace for one year.

Get acquainted with Black Watch the big black plug chewing tobacco. A tremendous favorite everywhere, because of its richness and pleasing flavor.

present capacity. J. Bruce Walker, Winnipeg, Commissioner of Immigration who is now in the city, has completed the plans for the work.

In connection with this addition there will also be extensive changes in the main building looking towards the enlarging of the reading room and the improvement of other parts of the main hall. A large central lavatory will be built in the space between Nos. 1 and 2 halls.

Edmonton during the past few weeks has been the Mecca of a large number of Calgary officials who have recently been taking a deep interest in municipal affairs in the capital city.

A VEGETABLE WONDER. Mr. E. Wolf, whose farm is situated about five miles north of Stoney Plain, suggested in the Bulletin office this morning a curious vegetable which he raised on his farm this summer.

A CLEVER ARREST. A clever arrest was made this forenoon by a young man named Leslie McLeod, son of A. McLeod, of the Edmonton High School, whose father had been charged with a theft of \$250 and costs to the police.

24 YEARS AGO TODAY. Taken from the files of the Edmonton Bulletin, Saturday, Nov. 29th, 1884. Rain on Tuesday evening. H. B. Mill being gristing on Wednesday.

AT THE POLICE COURT. At the police court this forenoon George Cousins, found guilty in several instances of theft of a coat, was sentenced to six months at Fort Saskatchewan with hard labor.

CARS TO STRATHCONA MONDAY.

Mayor McDougall made the positive statement this morning that unless something stronger unforeseen and unexpected occurs, the street car service to Strathcona will be put in operation on Monday next.

W. H. CLEGG A CANDIDATE. W. H. Clegg, contractor, has entered the advertising contest at the request of a large number of friends.

ASSAULT ON SEVENTH STREET. A lady residing in the west end of the city was attacked last night about 9.30 on Seventh street near the corner of Jasper avenue, by a suspicious looking character who has been seen on several occasions in that vicinity.

IN DISTRICT COURT. Judgment was reserved by Judge Taylor in the District court in the case of Rex vs. J. Robinson.

Mr. E. Wolf, whose farm is situated about five miles north of Stoney Plain, suggested in the Bulletin office this morning a curious vegetable which he raised on his farm this summer.

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24 YEARS AGO TODAY. Taken from the files of the Edmonton Bulletin, Saturday, Nov. 29th, 1884. Rain on Tuesday evening. H. B. Mill being gristing on Wednesday.

STRATHCONA NEWS

In connection with the trial of Bernard Martin, a Strathcona lad, found guilty of the murder of Mrs. McLeod, the name of Percy Cochran appeared as a witness.

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COLONIAL FRUIT EXHIBIT.

Ontario, Nova Scotia and British Columbia All Have Excellent Display.

London, Nov. 27.—The colonial fruit exhibition opened today. Lord Strathcona, introduced by Lord Balfour of Burleigh, declared the show of the various exhibits occupying over 1,500 square feet of space and was beautifully arranged in the most central position in the exhibition.

Ontario Won Highest Award. Toronto, Nov. 26.—Ontario won the highest award (the gold medal) for general display of fruit, at the Imperial exhibition in London, England.

Lost in Snow Storm. Driscoll, N.D., Nov. 26.—E. L. Hull, of this town, is missing, and it is feared he may have been lost in a snow storm which has prevailed for several days in this section.

CENTRAL ALBERTA STOCK GROWERS. The Central Alberta Stock Growers' Association commenced their 1908-9 season with a large attendance of farmers and other interested in the live stock industry.

THE CHRISTMAS ROD AND GUN. Full of good things is the December (Christmas) number of "Rod and Gun and Motor Sports in Canada," published by W. J. Taylor, at Woodstock, Ontario.

WANTED. WANTED—TEACHER FOR CORONATION S.D. 749. Apply, stating certificate held and salary required to the secretary, Alfred J. Tronson, Edmonton, P.O.

STRAIGHT LOAN

LOANS AT 8% ON IMPROVED FARM PROPERTY APPLY TO CREDIT FONCIER, F. C. EDMONTON

Builders and Contractors Get our figures on your factory work and save money. We are in a position to quote right prices on special detail work.

Now is the Time to Get a Barrel of First Class APPLES \$5.75. Finest Raisins 10c per lb.

WILSON'S For Quality 44 Queens Ave. Keep Warm THIS WINTER A Chamomile Vest such as we sell is the most comfortable thing you can wear especially while driving as it keeps out the wind and protects the lungs.

GEO. H. GRAYDON Chemist and Druggist. King Edward Pharmacy. Phone 1411. 262 Jasper Ave. E.

WILLIS' SPECIAL From now until the First of November, Here is a nip-crozier and only a sample of what is to follow. I will have many more specials for my patrons, as the season advances.

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SINKING FUND TO AID

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SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

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TRAGIC END FRISCO'S

San Francisco Shocked in Which Police Chief Met Death.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—Biggy, chief of police, was board from the police boat between Belvedere and San Francisco shortly before 11.30 o'clock.

On the other hand, there who say that everything police accident, and that Biggy's death was a result of an attempt to make a landing on the beach.

Police Commissioner Kiel, following the statement, was called up by phone at his residence in Belvedere on Sunday afternoon.

STRAYED.—TO THE PREMISES OF THE undersigned, two cows, one red and white, no brand, three years old, dehorned, either rivine 5, with short horns, no brand, but rose of owner, have same by proving property and paying expenses. C. McLaughlin, Nainoa.

STAYED.—ON OR ABOUT OCT. 19, 1898, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of said John L. McDonald, deceased, who died on or about the sixth day of September, 1907, are required on or before the 15th day of January, 1908, to send by post prepaid, to the undersigned, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified by statutory declaration; and that after said last mentioned date the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

Ladies' Cloth Coats For the winter of 1908 show many new styles tight and semi-fitting signs. We have them in brown, navy, green, black and fashions. All prices.

W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO. 267 JASPER AVE. EAST.