The Ganadian Monetary Times

AND INSURANCE CHRONICLE

DEVOTED TO FINANCE, COMMERCE, INSURANCE, BANKS, RAILWAYS, NAVIGATION, MINES, INVESTMENT, PUBLIC COMPANIES, AND JOINT STOCK ENTERPRISE.

TORONTO, THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1868.

VOL. 1, NO. 47. Mercantile. C. P. Reid & Co. IMPORTERS and Dealers in Wines, Liquors, Cigard and Leaf Tobacco, Wellington Street, Toronto Childs & Hamilton. MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Saces, No. 7 Wellington Street East, Toronto, Ontario. John Fisken & Co. ROCK OIL and Commission Merchants, Yongo Lyman & McNab. WHOLESALE Hardware Merchants, Toro L Coffee & Co. PRODUCE and Commission Merchants, No. 2 Man-ning's Block, Front St., Toronto, Ont. Advances ade on consignments of Produce. W. D. Matthews & Co-PRODUCE Commission Merchants, Old Corn Exchange, 16 Front St. East, Toronto Ont. E. C. Hamilton & Co. PRODUCE Commission Merchants, 119 Lower Water St., Halifax, Nova Scotia. J. & A. Clark, PRODUCE Commission Merchants, Wellington Street East, Toronto, Out. John Boyd & Co. WHOLESALE Grocers and Com-W. & R. Griffith. I MPORTERS of Teas, Wines, etc. Ontario Cl. bers, cor. Church and Front Sts., Toronto. IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wellington Street, Thes Griffith & Co. IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Liquors, &c., Front St., Toronto, Ont. PROVISION and Commission Merchant. Hops bought and sold on Commission. 82 Front St., J. B. Boustead. Hurd, Leigh & Co.

The deposits at last annual meeting Increase \$403,442 46 The Directors congratulate the shareholders of the Bank on the satisfactory results of the last year's business, and for further information as to the affairs of the Bank refer to the accom-

GILDERS and Enamellers of China and Earther ware, 72 Youge St., Toronto, Out. [See advt.]

Parson Bros.,

DETROLEUM Refiners, and Wholesale dealers in
Lamps, Chimneys, etc. Watercome 51 Front St.

Refinery cor. River and Don Sts., Toronto.

MANUFACTURERS, Importers and Wholesale D. D. D. Dots and Snoes, Leatner Findings, etc., 8 Wellington St. West, Toronto, Out.

Thes. Hawerth & Co.

IMPORTERS and dealers in Iron, Cutlery and general Hardware, King St., Toronto, Out.

Meetings.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.—The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Royal Canadian Bank was held at its banking house in Toronto, on Monday, the 6th July, in accordance with the Act of Incorporation.

The chair having been taken by A. M. Smith, Esq., President, it was moved by Mr. Jas. Trow, seconded by Mr. Mulvey, That Mr. J. C. Small be requested to act as secretary to the meeting. Carried.

The general statement of the Bank for the past year having been submitted by the Cashier, the President read the following report:

Third Annual Report of the Directors of the Royal Canadian Bank.

The Directors of the Royal Canadian Bank have much pleasure in presenting to the share-holders the third annual report.

The balance at the credit of Reserve Fund at last annual m eting was.. The net profits of the year, after de-ducting working expenses, have been 144,773 63 \$184,773 (3 \$1 8,266 40

Balance at credit of the fund Showing an increase of \$102,506 00

Showing an increase of \$178,794 00

panying schedule.

During the last year, notwithstanding numerous applications, agencies have been opened only at Chatham, Fergus and Galt, making twenty-three agencies now in full operation and under careful control.

ration and under careful control.

Since the last annual meeting, this bank, in common with other banks in the Province of Ontario, passed through a severe monetary crisis; the effect of which was to prove to the public, under very trying circumstances, the ability of the bank to meet all dem inds upon it, and to strengthen that confidence which it

IMPORTERS and dealers in Iron, Cutlery and generat Hardware, King St., Toronto, Ont.

D Crawford & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS of Soaps, Candles, etc., and dealers in Petroleum, Lard and Lubricating Oils, Palace St., Toronto, Ont.

Alex. W. Scott,

INSURANCE AND COMMISSION AGENT, 1-tf

77 Bedford Row, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

The Royal Canadian Bank is now the recognized bank of the Government of Ontario, and by means of its agencies is in a position to afford very great facilities for the transaction of the business of the Government, without at all neglecting the interests or abridging the rights of the ordinary business community.

The Directors, as on previous occasions, bear willing testimony to the great attention both of the President and Cashier to the interests of

the Bank, and to the efficiency of the varie officers connected with the Bank at Toron and at the several agencies.

Circulation 81,095,452 00
Deposits not bearing interest 8585,573 84
Deposits bearing interest 812,476 76 Unclaimed dividends
Dividend payable 2nd July
Due to other Banks
Reserved interest
Suspense account Capital paid up... 2,787,705 72 88,784,250 57

It was then moved by Mr. Mulvey, seconded by Mr. J. D. Marsden, and resolved, "That the report now read be adopted and printed for distribution among the shareholders."

It was moved by Mr. T. Hodgins, seconded by Mr. Robert Barber, and resolved, "That the thanks of the meeting be presented to the President, Vice-Fresident, Directors, and other officers of the Bank, for their attention to its interests during the past year."

It was moved by Mr. Gurrick, seconded by Mr. Hubertus, and resolved, "That a ballot be now opened for the election of Directors for the easuing year, and that it be kept open until five o'clock, but if at any time ten minutes shall elapse without a vote being tendered, the ballot may be closed."

It was moved by Mr. James Trow, seconded by Mr. James Crombie, "That Messrs. J. H. Mason, James Redford, W. B. Phipps and J. D. Merrick, be Scrutineers for the election of Directors now about to take place."—Carried.

It was moved by Mr. J. H. Dumble, seconded by Mr. William Craig, and resolved, "That the President be paid the sum of four thousand dollars for his services during the past year."

It was moved by Mr. Thouns Hodgins, seconded by Mr. W. Craig, that the time for keeping open the ballot be extended to seven o'clock, P. M., and that if at any time ten minutes shall elapse without a vote being tendered, the ballot may be closed."—Carried.

It was moved by Mr. R. A. Harrison, seconded by Mr. J. H. Dumble, "That the poll be kept open until such time as five minutes shall elapse without a vote, and be then closed."—Carried.

The Scrutineers reported the following gentlemen elected to compose the Board of Directors for the present year:—Hon. Donald McDonald, Wm. Barber, Esq., M.P.P., James Metcalfe, Esq., M.P.P., James Metcalfe, Esq., M.P.P., James Metcalfe, Esq., M.P., was elected President, and Hon. Donald McDonald, Vice-

At a meeting of the Directors subsequentle held, James Metcalfe, Esq., M.P., was elected President, and Hon. Donald McDonald, Vice President.

Toronto, July 7, 1867.

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.—The first annual meeting of this bank took place on the 6th inst., Hon. Mr. McMaster, President in in the chair. The following report of the di-rectors to the shareholders was read:

In conformity with the requirements of the charter, your directors have pleasure in presenting the first annual report, accompanied by the following statement of the results of the business for the period ending 30th June last, embracing 13½ months—the Bank having commenced business on the 15th May, 1867.

vincinative in commercial con anne de-		0.00	200	
The net available profits for the above period amount to		/	\$97,783	21
From which has been taken dividend No. 1, paid on January 1st, 1868, reckon- ed at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from 15th May,				
	\$25,129	82		*0
Dividend No. 2 of 4 per cent, *paid 1st July inst	32,291	37		
Transferred to "Rest" acc't.	40,000	00	100	
		_	97,421	11

Leaving a balance at credit of profit and loss account of

It will thus be observed that a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent per annum has been paid from the date on which the Bank opened. The preliminary expenses have been liquidated; and after making all the usual deductions the surplus profits amount to \$40,362 01, of which \$40,000 has been carried to the 'Rest' account leaving \$282 01 at credit of profit and leaving \$282 01 at credit of profit and leaving \$285 01.

leaving \$362 01 at credit of profit and loss ac-The profits would have been larger, but in view of the distrust occasioned by the causes which produced the panic of last autumn, every consideration of prudence pointed to the necessity of keeping on hand a much larger reserve of gold and legal tender notes than is required under ordinary circumstances.

er ordinary circumstances. The business of the bank during the first few months of its existence was necessarily limited but subsequently expanded in so desirable a manner as to render it advisable—in the interterests of the shareholders—to call up the capital stock much more rapidly than was originally intended.

The calls were met with unusual promptness as is exhibited by the fact of \$916,359 of the one million dollars authorized, being now paid

Your directors have from the commencement acted upon the principle of establishing only a limited number of Branches; and of confining the operations of the Institution to a strictly legitimate Banking business; and they cannot too strongly urge upon their successors a rigid a therence to this policy, as being not only in the interest of the shareholders, but ultimately most conducive to that of the country.

The Branches have been recently inspected, and your directors have no hesitation in representing the entire business of the bank as being in a safe and most healthy condition.

The protracted illness and lamented death of Mr. Greer, the late Cashier, imposed for a time unusual duties upon your directors, which they continued to perform with unremitting attention until the appointment of his successor, Mr. Dallas, whose management has been of a character to satisfy them that their selection was indicious. was judicious.

WM. McMaster, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

Liabili	ities.	-	
Capital stock paid up Circulation Deposits	\$702,385	70	\$916,359 00 2,004 868 70
Reserve for interest ac- crued on deposits First dividend unpaid	3,098 101	39	
Second dividend, payable 1st July inst.	32,291	37	35,491 67
" Rest"	40,000	00	30,401 01
Balance of profits carried forward	362	01	
[24] [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []		-	40,362 01

Specie and Provincial notes
Notes and checks of other
Banks
Balances due by other
Banks, after deducting
balances due to other
Banks
45.781 49 45,781 49 vernment securities.... tes and Bills discounted nk premises and furni

Messrs. Charles Robertson and W. J. Mc-Donnell were then appointed scrutineers, and subsequently reported that the following gen-tlemen were duly elected directors for the en-

40,421 82 \$2,997,081 38

suing year:

Hon. Wm. McMaster, Messrs. H. S. Howland, Wm. Alexander, Wm. Elliott, T. Sutherland Stayner, James Austin and John Taylor.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, the Hon. Wm. McMaster was elected President and Mr. H. S. Howland, Vice-President.

(Signed,) R. J. Dallas,

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA. - Report of

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.—Report of the Directors to the Shareholders at the first annual meeting, held in its Banking House in Montreal, on Monday, the 6th July, 1868.

The President took the chair at noon. Mr. H. B. Cumming and Mr. H. H. Whitney were requested to act as scrutineers, to receive the votes of the stockholders. The President then read the following report:—

Events, important in the history of this in-stitution, have occurred since our last annual meeting.

meeting.

The amalgation of the Merchants' Bank with the Commercial Bank of Canada, the change of the name of the institution thus created to the "Merchants' Bank of Canada," and the new arrangements requisite for carrying on the business, have occupied much of the attention of the Directors, and have all been successfully accomplished.

Subsequent experience, so far as it has gone, seems to indicate that the terms of the agreement were not unfair to either institution, and it is hoped will, in the end, be beneficial to both.

both.

At the date of the amalgamation the liabilities of the Commercial Bank amounted to \$1,170,900; and, as it was uncertain how much of this would require at once to be paid, it became necessary for the Merchants' Bank to call in a portion of its loans, in order to be prepared to meet every demand as it arose.

The facility with which this was accomplished, and without injury to its customers, was a favorable indication of the character of its business.

its business.

But of necessity this action interfered with the profits which the bank would otherwise have made, as but little business could be done until it was seen how much of its funds would be required to meet payments, and this could not be ascertained for some weeks.

In point of fact, therefore, the half year's business represents in reality but little more than one third of that period; but on the other hand, as the debts due to the Commercial bank carry interest, the difference will be made up from that source.

from that source.

from that source.

The assets received from the Commercial Bank in figures exceeded its liabilities by \$2,-666,680, which was an apparent, though only a nominal profit, for it is well known that this would not be realized in full, and therefore ought not to be regarded as profit. A nominal sum only was therefore written off to profit and loss, and the balance paid to a special account, but it is to be hoped that the amount of profit thus appropriated will be much exceeded.

A very careful examination of all the assets has within the last few weeks been made by the Inspector of the Bank, and the result varies but little from the estimate made at the time of amalgamation.

of amalgamation.

A large amount of the outstanding debts of the Commercial Bank are secured on real es-tate, which in the opinion of the directors should be realized with the least possible delay and they hope that the large harvest now nearthe Cor

ly ready for the sickle will enable the Bank to do so with advantage.

The statements on the table shew the pre-sent position of the Bank. The deposits and circulation have already attained to respectable amounts, and will no doubt continue to in-crease.

crease.

The directors have resolved to invite the shareholders to subscribe the balance required to increase the capital stock to \$4,000,000, and for this purpose a series of resolutions will be laid before you for your approval. The act of amalgamation provides that all the directors retire at this meeting. There will, therefore, have to be an election of the entire board.

All respectfully submitted.

HUGH ALLAN, President.

RESOLUTIONS referred to in the Report an passed at the annual meeting of the shar holders of the Merchants' Bank of Canada on 6th July, 1868:—

lst. That with a view to meet the wants the mercantile community, and the extend business of the Bank, it is expedient to increate the subscribed capital stock to a total sum

the mercantile community, and the extanded business of the Bank, it is expedient to increase the subscribed capital stock to a total sum of \$4,000,000.

2nd. For this purpose, the Directors he authorized and empowered, as soon as convenient to open books of subscription, and under such regulations as they may see necessary.

3rd. Each shareholder as shown by the books of the Bank on the last day of the month of June, shall be entitled to subscribe, at par, an amount equal to one-fifth, or one share for every five of what he may have had at that date.

4th. An instalment of ten per cent. on the amount of new stock thus subscribed will be payable at the time of subscription, and further calls will be made on it by instalments of ten per cent with at least three months' interval between the payment of each instalment.

5th. No transfer in the books of the Bank of the new stock will be permitted, unless the whole amount of the shares desired to be transferred is previously fully paid up, with accrued interest from date of last dividend.

6th. Shareholders may at any time make such payments as may be convenient for them, on account of this new stock, provided such payments be in equal instalments of ten per cent., and may pay up in full from time to time such number of shares as they may desire.

7th. Such shares on being paid up in full and interest from date of the last dividend, may be transferred to the credit of the shareholders in the stock books of the Bank, and will then carry full dividends.

8th. Pro rata dividends will be paid at the regular periods on all stock partially paid up.

9th. Such shares of this new stock as may not be sub-cribed within the time and under the regulations prescribed by the Directors, may be disposed of then as they shall see fit for the interests of the Bank.

10th. The Directors will advertise in one or two newsmaners the dates when the books of

disposed of then as they shall see fit for the interests of the Bank.

10th. The Directors will advertise in one or two newspapers the dates when the books of subscription to the new stock will be opened, and will also intimate the same to the shareholders by sending to their address printed notices through the Post Office.

The election of Directors for the ensuing year resulted in the unanimous return of the retiring Board, viz.:—

Hugh Allan, D. Masson, E. Atwater, A. Allan, H. Fraser, A. Roy, and W. P. Kay, and subsequently Mr. Hugh Allan and Mr. E. Atwater were elected President and Vice-President respectively.

\$2,884,333 43
629,804 06
2,149 163 2
115,519 60
5,800 00 613,400 21 100,000 00

many and the second sec		_
Gold and Silver Com on hand	8 300,827	24
Provincial Notes on hand	134,943	06
Government Securities	528,966	67
Real Estate		
Notes and Cheques of other Banks	215,981	
Balances due by Foreign Agents .	64,309	
Balances due by other Banks		11
Notes Discounted	4,837,283	

\$6,496,020 46

lontreal, 18th June, 1868.

of ded case of anient such oks i of an for late. the ther ten rval k of the ansaraed nake hem, such per time in them

904 00

Massawippi Valley Railway.—A meeting of merchants took place in Quebec, lately, to receive a deputation from the Eastern Townships, composed of Col. B. Pomeroy, President of the Eastern Townships Bank, the Mayor of Sherbrooke and M. B. Colby, Esq., of Stanstead, respecting the construction of this railway to connect New York with Quebec. Mr. Forsyth, on being colled to the chair, welcomed the deputation. He considered that, small as the line was that was required to put us in direct communication with New York, through the valley of the Connecticut, its importance to Quebec could not be overrated; for instead of going to New York by Montreal or Portland, we could, when the loop line was completed, go in 20 hours, and Newport, Lake Magog and many interesting and picturesque localities would be within easy distance. If the public men connected with this section of the Province would assist the people in Ottawa in securing a connection with the great West, by improving the Ottawa river, Quebec would be to the West what New Orleans is to the South; and if our railway system is now improved, as these gentlemen hope it will be, we will, at all events, have the most direct line by rail to New York, Baltimore and Washington.

Col. Pomroy said they only required to raise a small sum here for the construction of the

railway system is now improved, as these genate themes hope it will be, we will, at all events, have the most direct line by rail to New York, Raltimors and Washington.

Col. Pomroy said they only required to raise a small sum here for the construction of the Assaswippi Valley Railroad—a sum too small to justify a formery to Quebec, had they not exhausted the sources of supply in the locality specially interested in the proposed road. It would be about 30 miles in length, connecting the terminus of the Passumpsic and Connecticut Rivers Railroad with the Grand Trunk at Lennoxville. The former Company which was 10 miles long, and a good paying property. They had a contract with the Passumpsic and Grometh Province line to Lennoxville, and when completed, the latter would provide the rolling stock, and secure a permanent lease of the line. On the samplement was to be secured by a bond, on the making of the contract. The Company would run the new road in the same way as their own, the whole becoming a joint concern, yet all the contract with the Passumptic of this sairgead was worth in the States 80 to 90 per cent., and for the last four years it had brought a dividend of air per cent. per anum. The stockholders received i barge profits before, but of late a considerable portion of the samings had been employed as a sinking fund of this sairgead was worth in the States 80 to 90 per cent., and for the last four years it had brought a dividend of air per cent. per anum. The stockholders received is large profits before, but of lone coast \$3,200,000, so the combined capital would reach \$4,000,000. The Passumpsic Company had wiped out \$300,000 of its stock by forfeiture; and in 1876, \$800,000; the old one coast \$3,200,000, so the combined capital would reach \$4,000,000. The Passumpsic Company had wiped out \$300,000 of the sore would be got rid of by the sinking fund, of which operations the stockholders of the new road would share the adaptage profits of the new road would share the adaptage profits of the new road woul

week in July, that they were ready to complete their part.

After some further remarks, a committee was appointed to collect subscription for the stock.

—The annual meeting of the Quebec and Lake Superior Mining Company will be held at Quebec on the 13th July.

Insurunce.

Three Rivers, July 4.—A fire broke out last night in Mr. Antoine Mayrond's saw mill at Becancour, which destroyed both his mills and some sawn lumber. Loss estimated at \$30,000. Insured only for a small amount. This loss will cause a great distress among the working class of the locality.

Quebec, July 4.—A long wooden building in the rear of St. Paul's market, described as Dinning's butchery took fire. Although the water was turned on with great promptitude, all efforts to completely save the building proved unavailing, owing to the headway the fire had gained, and to the combustible nature of the burning material. It is stated that Mr. O'Hare Government contractor, suffered a loss of burning material. It is stated that Mr. O'Hare Government contractor, suffered a loss of some six thousand bundles of hay stored in the loft over the butchery. Nearly the whole upper portion of the building was destroyed; but the lower part, thanks to the exertions of the fire brigade, is still in complete preservation. The building itself is said to be insured in the sum of \$1,500 in the Western.

THE AMERICAN TABLE OF MORTALITY. (Constructed by Mr. Sheppard Homans.)

10	1.00	110	WO.	110	1	100	WO.
	mbers dving.	mbers lying.	pectati f Life.		mbers dving.	mbers	pectati f Life.
Ag	N	Nu	Ex	Ag	Nu	N.	Ex
10	100,000	749	48.72		66,797		
11	99,251		48.08		65,706		
12	98,500		47.44		64,563 63,364		
14	97,762	737	46.16	57	62,104	1.325	16.05
15	96,285		45.50	58	60,779	1.394	15.39
16	95,550		44.85	59	59,385	1,468	14.74
17	94,818		44.19		57,917		
18	94,089		43.53		56,371		13.47
19	93,362		42.87		54,743 53,030		
20 21	92,637 91,914		42.20 41.53		51,230		
22	91,192		40.85		49,341		
23	90,471		40.17	66	47,361	2,070	10.54
24	89,751		39.49	67	45,291	2,158	10.00
25	89,032		38.81		43,133		9.48
26	88,314	200	38.11		40,890		8.98
27	87,596		37.43		38,569 36,178		8.48
28	86,878		36.73 36.03		33,730		7.54
30	86,160 85,441		35.33		31,243		7.10
31	84,721	2000	34.62		28,738		6.68
32	84,000	P	33.92	75	26,237	2,476	6.28
33	83,277		33.21	76	23,761	2,431	5.88
34	82,551		32.50	77	21,330	2,369	5.48
35	81,822		31.78		18,961		5.10
36	81,090		31.07 30.35		16,670 14,474		4.38
37 38	80,353		29.62		12,383		4.04
39	78,862		28.90	82	10,419	1,816	3.71
40	78,106		28.18	83	8,603	1,648	3.39
41	77,341	774	27.45	84	6,955		3.08
42	76,567		26.72	85	5,485		2.77
43	75,782	200	25.99	86	4,193		2.47
44	74,985		25.27	87	3,079	744	1.93
45	74,173 73,445		24.54 23.80	89	1,402	555	1.69
47	72,497		23.08	90	847	385	1.42
48	71,627		22.36	91	462	246	1.19
49	70,731		21.63	92	216	137	98
50	69,804	962	20.91	93	79	58	80
51		1,001		94	21	18	64
52	67,841	1,044	19.49	95	3	3	50

Connecticut Insurance Commissioners' Report. The Commissioner makes the following remarks in reference to the water supply of villages and cities: The introduction of water into villages and cities for the purpose of putting out fires, is being appreciated slowly, and although water works were at the beginning very imperfectly constructed, they are far better than none. The delay almost always experienced in applying water to fires, is the greatest source of disaster; any Fire Department which relies for water on water hydrants having little or no head, must prove very inadequate, and a great drawback to the chances of partial losses. An early bucket of water is always worth more than barrels applied later; so water works which are constructed with a high bead to draw from fire hydrants at once, without the delay of alarming either hand or steam fire engine companies, will do more to prevent large and disastrous fires than any other mode which can be devised. Deficiency of size in the main and distributing pipes, also contributes to large fires, for the more such pipes are drawn from, the weaker the head, until finally the pipes amount to but little more than mere conductors of water.

In view of these simple facts, it is very extraordinary that fire insurance companies and their stockholders do not interpose their experience, and interest themselves in the subject of the supply and application of water to fires; if they would, they might dispense with many expensive arrangements of their own, made necessary in consequence of the defects to which we have referred, and thus be the means of entirely revolutionizing the system of protection from fires, and at the same time insuring larger dividends to their stockholders.—N. F. Real Estate Journal.

Agricultural Mutual Assurance Companies and entirely revolutionizing the system of protection from fires, and at the same time insuring larger dividends to their stockholders.—N. F. Real Estate Journal.

larger dividends to their stockholders.—N. F. Real Estate Journal.

AGRICULTURAL MUTUAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.—The directors of this company, on 30th June, voted, without a dissenting voice, to work under Mr. Rose's lately passed insurance act, and yesterday. Mr. Crowell Wilson, M.P., the President, paid into the bank of Montreal, in this city, the sum of \$12,000, to be invested in Dominion stock pursuant to the act. It is said that when Mr. Rose lately caused the company to be written to, inquiring what their intentions were on the subject (for their business having been confined to Ontario it was at their choice to come under the act or not.) it was intended, if they did so, \$10,000 would be required to be deposited. They have gone \$2,000 higher. We hear the company is in a very flourishing condition, and their business is daily increasing.—Lon. Free Press.

NOT SUITED.—Some of the companies doing business in the Lower Provinces are disposed to find fault with the insurance Act. One of the journals says the Stock of the Central Fire Insurance Company of Fredericton was recently sold at a premium of eleven per cent. It usually commands a premium of forty. The New Dominion law with regard to local insurance companies makes the difference.

The Real Estate and Insurance Journal of New York, after quoting our remarks respecting the difference of insurance rates between Toronto and Montreal, makes, the following pertinent observations:—"The difference of the structures of the two Canadian cities, and a similar deficiency in the great element of quenching fires, we are not astonished that the rates should seem to be oirreconciable. So general is the competition annongst fire insurance companies that if any one of these well-informed institutions were to feel that Toronto would afford them a tempting field of profit, they would not remain aloof. The scarcity of water should at once be seen to for to be assessed at a half per cent, on fire insurance for the want of it would soon suggest to the property owners of a Yankee

PRICE OF SALT.—At a late meeting of the Goderich Salt Company, it was resolved to reduce the price of salt to \$1.30 per barrel. This now places it on the same bas's as the Onondago Salt, while it is of a superior consists.

European Assurance Society,

EMPOWERED by British and Canadian Parlia-

LIFE ASSURANCE.

Annuities, Endowments,

FIDELITY GUARANTEE.

Capital £1,000,000 Sterling. Annual Income, over £330,000 Sterling.

THE ROYAL NAVAL AND MILITARY LIFE Department is under the Special Patronage of

> Her Most Gracious Majesty THE QUEEN.

The EUROPEAN is one of the largest LIFE ASSURANCE Societies, (independent of its Guarantee Branch,) in Great Britain. It has paid over Two Millions Sterling, in Claims and Bonuses, to representatives of Policy Holders.

WEAD FFICE IN CANADA : 71 GREAT ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

DIRECTORS IN C.

(All of whom are fully qualified Shareholders,)
INT THOMAS, Esq.,
OH ALLAN, Esq.,
J. BRYDGES Esq.,
The Hon. CHAS. ALLEYN. HENRY THOMAS, Esq., HUGH ALLAN, Esq., C. J. BRYDGES Esq.

Manager for Canada,

EDWARD RAWLINGS.

Agent in Toronto.

15-1vr

W. T. MASON. ONTARIO HALL

Berkshire Life Insurance Co. OF MASSACHUSETTS.

MONTREAL OFFICE:

O GREAT ST. JAMES STREET.

INCORPORATED 1851 -SECURED BY LAW.

\$100,000 deposited with the Receiver General of Massachusetts for the protection of Policy holders.

Annual Income.......\$500,000.

\$100,000 divided this year in cash amongst its Policy holders.

holders.

Montreol Board of Referees:—Hon. Geo. E. Cartier, Minister of Militia; Wm. Workman, Esq., President City Bank; Hon. J. O. Bureau, M.C.S.; E. Hudon, Fils & Co.; John Torrance, Esq., Merchant; James Ferrier, Jr., Esq., Merchant; Edward Carter, Esq., Q.C., M.L.A.; C. D. Proctor, Esq., Merchant.

Examining Physicians:—J. Emery Coderre, M.D., Professor of Materia Medica, &c., &c., of the School of Medicine and Surgery, Montreal, and of the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Victoria College; William Wood Squire, A. M., M. D., Graduate of McGill College; Francis W. Campbell, M.D., L.R.C. P., London

P., London
For a sufficient test of merit we beg to state since
the commencement of this old and reliable company
in Canada, we have had the pleasure of insuring
members of Parliament, some of the leading legal
talent, and amongst numerous others, several of the

members of Parliament, some of the leading legal talent, and amongst numerous others, several of the leading merchants in this city.

This Company was the Pioneer Company of the non-forfeiture principle, and still takes the lead for every Policy it issues is non-forfeitable after one payment. The Company is now erecting a new stone building, five stories in height, at the cost of \$100,000, similar to the Molson's Bank of this city, but of much larger capacity, having 75 feet front, and 116 feet depth, containing three Banks, some Express Offices, and the Post-Office, yielding about \$8000 income, annually, all of which is the accumulating property of every Policy-hold

T-6 Company has issued nearly 2,000 Policies since

7 is Company has issued nearly 2,000 Policiessince ist January, 1867, which is the largest number, comparison to the expenses, of any Company in

Such are the Results of the Cash System.
Full particulars, history of the Company, Rates, c., can be obtained at the Managing Office for the

EDW. R. TAYLOR & Co., 20 Great St. James St. (over Pickup's News Office).

THE CANADIAN MONETARY TIMES AND INSURANCE CHRONICLE is printed every Thursday Evening, in time for the English Mail

Subscription Price, one year, \$2, or \$3 in American currency; Single copies. five cents cach. Casual advertisements will be charged ten cents per line of solid nonpareil each insertion. All letters to be addressed, "THE CANADIAN MONETARY TIMES, TO-RONTO, ONT."

Registered letters so addressed are at the risk of the Publishers. Cheques should be made payable to J. M. TROUT, Business Manager, who will, in future, issue all receipts for

The Canadian Monetary Times.

THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1868.

THE MADOC GOLD REGION.

When the gold fever was at its height in Madoc, we warned those disposed to embark their means in mining, against the dangers to be apprehended from ill-advised schen The experience of other countries should be worth something, and unless utilized we deprive ourselves of an important aid to success, or, at least, a preventive of disastrous failure. When a Company with a small subscribed capital, and much smaller working capital, undertakes operations that require judgment, skill, and money, and not a little either, the event is only too sure. When it became certain that gold was to be found in Madoc, speculators seized upon the territory; the price of land went up to an extravagant figure; schemes the most fabulous jostled each other, and visions of colossal fortunes floated through super-heated brains. The old story has now to be told. Bad judgment. inexperience, avarice, and poverty, if not fraud and misrepresentation, have done their worst, and the golden treasures of Madoc still lie buried in rock. The officers of the Geological Survey paid little or no attention to the matter. Sir William Logan plunged still deeper into his theories, dusted his trilobites, and projected new and beautiful maps. Dr. Sterry Hunt continued his interesting experiments in chymistry, and threw the coldest of cold water over the enterprise of Madoc miners. Mr. Michel was kind enough to make an excursion to Madoc, and seems to have satisfied himself that there was gold there, and even ventured to speak "of the discovery of a deposit of extraordinary richness." Either science was timid or laziness had got the better of our Geological Survey. In Nevada the miner has a saying to the effect that "science is played out," and he delves and brings out the precious ore in quantities that astonish the world and enrich stockholders. However, stones became eloquent in the mortar of the assayer, and "salting" and well sustained lying did for speculators,

public. But no Government official except the tax-gatherer was to be found in or ab Madoc, to assist or counsel the practical miner, or those who wished to devel territory. Gaunt capital exhausted itself in experiments, but no Commission was issued to collect scientific information respecting the best mode of dealing with the quartz. The Chaudiere region in the Province of Quebec once engaged the attention of a Com-mittee of the Assembly of Canada, and a great deal of valuable evidence was collected respecting the operations there, but Madoc has been ever neglected in official circles. Several of the mining companies succeeded in making themselves ridiculous by their absurd freaks. The Richardson Mining Company, from which so much was expected, complicated matters, and caused doubts to arise where implicit faith had obtained. Buildings were constructed too short for boilers, and boilers were made too big for buildings. Managers were changed, and tons of quartz were accumulated in sheds. But the mistakes of Companies are no excuse for the absence of Government assistance. If gold is to be found in Madoc, and can be extracted in paying quantities, every encouragement should be given to a branch of industry so likely to prove be ficial to the country as mining, and Gove ment might with a small outlay determ the whole question. Should the region prove as rich as those who have inves their money therein anticipate, there will be no complaint to make of a lack of Gov. ernment interference; but now is the time when such interference might prove of service, and would be thankfully acknowledge Some Companies have surmounted great difficulties and spent their money freely, and even now there is no want of enthusiasts who preserve their faith in the richness of the region, notwithstanding the present prostration. New crushers are being either erected or projected, new and improved machinery is being devised, and experiments in the process of reduction are constantly being made. But the working capital of the most enterprising companies has been used up, and the progress made is very slow. It should be remembered, however, that the Nova Scotia gold region had its period of prostration, and it was not until what might be called the second generation of Companies took hold of the mines, when things seemed at their worst, and infused new vigor into the operations languishing through much incapacity, and redeemed the character of the region. We look to the Government of the Province of Ontario for some endeavor towards the development of the Madoc Distriet, and we hope Mr. Richards will give the matter serious attention.

and also did for a good many of the h

THE retail dealers of Toronto, Hamilton and Guelph have agreed to take American silver only at a discount of 10 per cent, on small and four per cent. on large.

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

ı

The first annual meeting of this Bank was held on the 6th July. It appears by the report that, for the thirteen and a-half ths during which the institution has been in existence, a profit of \$97,982.20 has be netted. After payment of two dividends at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, a balance of \$40,000 has been carried to the rest account. The character of the bank may be judged of from the dividend made in the first year of existence, the prompt-ness with which the stock has been paid up, \$914,359 being now paid out of the authorized capital of \$1,000,000, and the market value of the stock. A proper tribute is paid to the memory of Mr. Greer, the first Cashier, one whose knowledge, business tact, energy and breadth of character commended him to all as one of the few competent to administer the affairs of a large monetary institution. The increasing trade of Toronto demanded greater banking facilities, and the success which has attended this bank has proved that the business which centres here is sufficient in volume to afford ample and profitable employment to the amount added to the available capital of the district tributary to Toronto. We believe that the manageme has been conservative and prudent, and its results reflect credit on all responsible for it.

ROYAL CANADIAN BANK.

When the highest officials of a public in stitution fall out and their dispute enlists a large number of partizans, the injury there-by caused can hardly be estimated. The immediate result of the misunderstanding, or whatever one may choose to call the affair that culminated at the annual meeting of the Royal Canadian Bank, was the defeat of Mr. A. M. Smith in the contest for the office of President, and the election of Mr. James Metcalfe in his stead. The meeting was an unusually large one and the number of votes cast shewed that something of more than ordinary interest was exciting atten-We understand that the principal objection to Mr. Smith was a heavy loss made at Cobourg, for which it is alleged he was in the main responsible. Without committing ourselves to either side of the question, we say as a friend to the institu-tion, if that was the moving cause, that the action of the meeting was justifiable. Bank officials should be held to a strict account and we know enough of Mr. Smith to feel fied that he will submit with good grace to the legitimate working of the principle of strict accountability, if it be carried out in its entirety and in good faith. One of the most important guarantees held by bank shareholders is the ballot-box. Apart from the individuals concerned, we hold that the officials of our monetary institutions should be made our monetary institutions should be made to feel that this power will be used and that to feel that this power will be used and that graphs in England upon coming up for its too unsparingly. It is much better when third reading, was sent back to Committee. There is an increasing opposition to the out and, however, much we may regret personant the "anforeseen difficulties".

sonal quarrels we cannot but think that considerations of importance demand a speedy settlement of differences in some way. Although the Bank has a large paid-up capital and has made few losses, its stock does not stand as it should. There must be a reason for this, and it is the duty of the board of directors to weigh seriously the bank's position, to search out the causes and apply the proper remedies. The bank has no less than twenty-three agencies. Let those be kept under the strictest control and whenever it is found that an agency is not prospering as it should, or an agent is found incapable, let the former be closed at once and the latter be dispensed with ; we understand that some changes are now contem-

The report states that the profits of the ye nave been \$144,773; the subscribed capital has increased \$102,506; the paid-up capital \$264,-633; the circulation \$178,794; and the deposits \$403,442. As the interests of the bank grow in importance, greater caution will have to be exercised, and we cannot im-press too strongly on the board the necessity that exists for a careful manipulation of the bank's resources. The next worst thing to disaster, is too much prosperity. When the one produces dejection and inertness, the other leads directly to over confidence and rashness. We have spoken tous plainly on the subject out of regard for the welfare of the bank, knowing that no good is produced by ignoring or pretending to conceal what is apparent to all. Mr. Metcalfe, the newly elected President, is a shrewd business mar and possessed, as we understand, of considerable means. The Cashier has tried his strength and will be in a position to prevent any departure from sound banking princieles in the conduct of an institution which has proved itself of great service to the business community.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

The amalgamation of the Commercial Bank with the Merchants', whatever it may have been to the former, was undoubtedly a good thing for the latter. We can, there-fore, readily understand how the diminution in profits, caused by calling in a portion of the loans of the Merchants' to meet the demands incident to the amalgamation, will be offset by the interest which the debts of the Commercial carry. The paid-up capital of the Merchants' is \$2,884,333, and shareholders are now invited to increase the capital stock to \$4,000,000. Having succeeded to the agencies of the Commercial, the Merchants' Bank has a career of usefulness open to it which its youth and vigour will no doubt duly improve.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPHS.

The bill for establishing Government Tele-

suggested by the Times bid fair to cause much delay, if not to put a stop to it altogether.

altogether.

In Congress at Washington, the Committee to whom was referred Mr. Washburn's bill to establish a Government telegraph between Washington and New York, agreed a few days ago by a unanimous vote to report adversely. They regard all such schemes to draw the Government into any such business, as utterly impracticable.

ALL that portion of Supt. Barnes' Report on the Life Insurance business of the State of New York, which is of special interest to Canadian readers, will be found in another part of this paper.

Communications.

MONTREAL CORRESPONDENCE. MONTREAL, 6th July, 1

ally a cause of comers in this Pro intense. Accounts
we have plenty of re
what appeared so

fices.

The street business is dull and contransactions on warehouse receipts, negotiated at from 12 to 18 per cept., to the nature of the security offered.

Produce.—A fair amount of business use has been done in flour week. Sales of super are reported a second of the security offered. \$6.35 for ordinary bestrome rate obtain however, there is accomplished

SUPERINTENDENT BARNES' REPORT.

The report of the Insurance Commissioner of New York, is out. We can only give extracts of special interest. He says commuted commissions are assets of a questionable or fictitious character. "Under our statute no such investments are recognized or allowed. A company may, in pursuance of its charter purchase any outstanding claim against itself; but the normal effect of such a purchase generally results in a merger or extinguishment of the purchase any outstanding claim against itself; but the normal effect of such a purchase generally results in a merger or extinguishment of the claim. A life company either by a parol or sealed contract makes an agreement with a general agent to pay him a commission for all policies obtained throughfhis agency in a certain district; for example, say twenty-five per cent. on original life premiums, and 7½ per cent. on original life premiums, and 7½ per cent. on renewals, or forty per cent. brokerage; the company concludes after the lapse of a few years that its best interests would be consulted by paying the agent a certain sum in lieu of his future commissions; the cash paid down to the agent diminishes of course the company's assets pro tanto; but the amount of its present assets are not increased at all; the only effect is, that during the next and subsequent years, if the policy-holders pay their renewals, the company will receive all or nearly all of the future premium without any diminution for agents' commissions; in which event the company will, year by year, be able to shew a larger surplus, or to make a larger dividend. Such policies stand in no better position however than those on which a single brokerage has been paid or those which policy-holders themselves voluntarily bring to a company without any solicitation or intervention on the part of any agent. A company may do business if it chooses on the principle of paying no commissions on premiums to agents or any other person; could such a company interpose a valid claim that the loading or commissions on its future premiums should be included as a legal and legitimate asset in possession! Flainly not. Then how is the condition of the company improved by contracting to pay agents' commissions, and afterwards buying out the agent? These commuted commissions are sometimes called annuities, and it is said that companies on the agent per contract for commissions an annuity bond issued by the company to the agent per contracts are not in any proper sense

commissions, which constitute the main part of the loading expenses."

The amount insured by Life Companies of New York and those doing business in that city, which five years ago was less than \$200,-000,000, already exceeds a billion of dollars. Tables are given to show how life insurance is advancing in America. He presents a table showing the various items of unrealized assets held by the different companies with the per-centage of the same to the total assets of each

ompany.
"The notes taken by marine insurance com-anies are generally benkable paper and de-osited in bank for collection; the life insurmium note or loan is never so deposited

or collected; the transaction both on the side of the company and the insured is considered as a merely nominal one or as the giving of a note which is never to be paid unless by the offset of a loss or dividend claim which the policyholder may have on the company.

The superintendent has seen with regret the tendency to accumulate so considerable a portion of the assets of life insurance companies in premium notes and loans and in deferred and unpaid premiums. These notes are generally subject by charter to assessment for losses, but in practice are used only as a substitute for currency with which to pay or offsett losses or dividends.

The practical fact, however, of a heavy pay-

The practical fact, however, of a heavy payment in cash for agents' commissions (which is payable on the credit as well as the cash part of the premium) on these notes appears annually under cash expenditures, and in serious diminution of the cash reserve of realized assets held by note companies.

under cash expenditures, and in serious diminution of the cash reserve of realized assets held by note companies.

Some of these companies have lately assumed the grave and questionable responsibility of advertising under the officers' signatures, that their notes or loans will be offsett by dividends and will not be deducted from claims in cases of losses by death. The value of such securities as forming a part of the re-insurance fund is thus sadly diminished if not destroyed; besides it cannot admit of much question that bonuses or dividends actually guaranteed should be valued and charged as hiabilities in the same manner as the policy itself.

It will doubtless astonish many officers themselves to see the small percentage of their accumulations which are now actually convertible into money or the legal tender currency of the United States, as shown in the preceding table. Strenuous efforts should be made to call in and realize all outstanding uncollected assets, and to place the same it, the company's own safe and custody, invested in sound securities, held in the corporate name. Premium

assets, and to place the same in the company a own safe and custody, invested in sound securities, held in the corporate name. Premium notes and credits should gradually be diminished and the policyholders burthens lightened by annual dividends payable with the second annual premium."

annual premium."

Respecting the interest and profit dividends to stockholders, he continues:—

The subject of the proper share of life insurance surplus which should be apportioned to stockholders, is exciting public attention, and might as well now as ever be thoroughly sifted and criticised, thereby elimating from the friction of conflicting interests such just rules of equity (juste million) as well be approved by the general public and the mass of stock and policyholders." An abstract of the chartered laws and regulations of the companies is also given.

given.

MUTUAL LIFE OF NEW YORK.—This company, whose organization (like that of the Equitable, in England) marks the substantial establishment of modern life insurance in this country, was incorporated in 1842, by a special act of the Legislature, before the adoption of the constitution of 1846, which prescribed general acts of incorporation. Only two amendments of its charter appear upon the statute book for a period of twenty-six years.

The board of trustees consists of thirty-six persons, of whom not less than seven may form a quorum. The by-laws require twelve persons for a quorum.

a quorum. The by-laws require twelve persons for a quorum.

The trustees hold their offices for four years, and are divided into four classes, of nine persons each; one class being elected annually.

Investments may be made in United States, New York State and city stocks to an amount not exceeding one half the premiums received: the remainder must be invested on bond and the properties of the state within this state worth.

the remainder must be invested on bond and mortgage on real estate within this state, worth twice the amount loaned thereon.

Each member is to be credited with "an equitable share of the profits of the company."

No member of the company shall be personally liable for the losses of the company, except officers and agents, who severally shall be liable only for the losses arising by reason of their own respective neglect or misconduct.

PHENIX MUTUAL LIFE — Incorporated in

PHORNIX MUTUAL LIFE.—Incorporated in 1851 as the American Temperance Life Insur-ance company under a charter similar in many respects to the Charter Oak. Elson Fessendes.

Barzillai Hudson, Benjamin E. Hale and others, were the original corporators.

Capital stock, one hundred thousand dollars, with liberty to increase the same to two hundred thousand dollars, sixteen per cent. payable in cash, and the balance to be secured to be paid by bond and mortgage, or approved indorsed promissory notes, payable at such times as the directors may determine.

The board to consist of not less than eleven, nor more than thirty-six directors, elected annually from among the stockholders by the stockholders.

Investments are regulated by the 13th section.

In 1861 an act was passed changing the name of the company to its present title.

No risks are taken by the company upon the lives of persons who are addicted to the habitual use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

The capital stock shall not exceed one hundren thousand dellars, upon which interes the shall be paid not exceeding six per cent. per

annum.

The business of the company shall be done on the mutual plan.

Capital paid up. \$16,000; unpaid, \$84,000.

	Interest	Profit	ESS	Interest	Profit
Year.	div'd.	div'd	Year.	div'd.	div'd.
1851	******		1860	\$360 00	85,040 00
1852	******		1861	960 00	5,040 00
1853		*****	1862	960 00	5,040 00
1854	\$360 00	\$5,040 00	1863	950 00	5,040 00
1855	960 00	5,040 00	1864	960 00	5,040 00
1-56	960 00	5,040 00	1865	960 00	5,040 00
1857	960 00	5,040 00	1866	960 00	5,040 00
1858	960 00	5,040 0	1867	960 00	5,040 00
1859	960 00	5,040 00	1.	-	
	Total	S. C. STUER	91	9 440 00	870 580 00

AETNA LIFE.—The Ætna Insurance company, of Hartford, was incorporated June 5, 1819; capital not less than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, of which ten per cent was payable in cash, the balance by endorsed promissory notes or otherwise, The franchises of said company were originally confined exclusively to insuring against losses by fire. AETNA LIFE. -The Ætna Insura

fire.

In 1820 an amendment was passed allowing the company to add to their capital the sum of fifty thousand dollars, and not exceeding one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be denominated annuity fund, and to be exclusively pledged as a fund for the payment of annuities and of losses upon life insurances; and the company was authorised to grant annuities and make life policies.

On the 28th day of May, 1853, an act was passed incorporating the shareholders of the said "annuity fund" as a distinct corporation for the purposes of life insurance, under the name of the Ætna Life Insurance company, with not less than seven nor more than ten directors, to be elected annually from and by the stockholders.

This company commenced issuing non-par-

This company commenced issuing non-paticipating policies in 1850; its business was small, however, until 1861, when the princip ticipating policies in 1850; its business was small, however, until 1861, when the principle of participation was adopted. The charter should be so amended as to lessen the enormous profits of the small body of stockholders, and so as to define with more precision the respective rights of the policyholders and stockholders. If the officers do not see fit to ask for such legislation, it should be initiated by the participating members of the corporation.

Capital paid-up, 360,000; napaid, 289,400.

Capital paid-up, \$60,000 ; unpaid, \$89,400.

Year.	Interest div'd.	Profit div'd,
1852	\$3,636 00	\$864 00
1853	3,636 00	864 00
1855	3,636 00	864 00
1857	3,636 00	864 00
1859	3,636 00	3,864 00
1860	3,636 00	3,864 00
1862	3,636 00	5,364 00
1863	3,636 00	3,864 00
1864	3,636 00	9,864 00
1865	3,636 00	14,364 00
1866	3,636 00	5,364 00
1867	3,636 00	14,364 00

one and a half per cent, on parti-cipating premiums from Septem-ber 1, 1861, to January 1, 1868, 105,000 00

AND HAVE STORED TO BE AND AND AND AND STORED STATE OF STA

The stockholders of this company are entitled to one and a half per cent. on the participating premiums; 872 policies are non-participating, and 32,791 are participating, the former at average amounts producing \$120,091.84 per annum; and the latter, \$4,515,930.83, including cash and note premiums. One and one half per cent. on the participating premiums amounts to \$67,739.71 for the last year; still the officers report the whole amount of this percentage peid to date at only \$105,000. Whether the paid-up capital of \$60,600 was paid up in cash or by profit dividends is not stated by the company.

Berkshire Live.—Incorporated in 1851. George N. Briggs, James D. Colt, 2nd James E. Marshall and others, were original corporators. The charter, in many of its provisions, is evidently modeled after that of the New England Mutual.

Original guaranty capital, one hundred

England Mutual.

Original guararty capital, one hundred thousand dollars, one half paid in, in money, the other half to be paid when called for.

One half of the directors are to be chosen annually by the stockholders, and one half by the policyholders, not holding the stock, voting the policyholders, not holding the stock, voting in separate bodies.

The stockholders are entitled to an annual

One fourth of the surplus is to be set aside as a reserve fund with which to redeem the capital whenever after the lapse of ten years the fund may be sufficient for this purpose, and the assured shall vote to redeem the guaranty

the assured shall vote to redeem the guaranty stock.

This section was, however, so modified in 1863, as to authorize the company, whenever directed by a vote of the assured, to redeem at par all or any portion of the capital stock.

Investments may be made in such purchase and loans as are permitted to savings banks. Quinquennial dividends of the remaining three quarters of the surplus runds shall be made to the insured in proportion to the amount of premiums paid during the preceding five years. This section was so amended in 1864 as to require the surplus to be reimbursed equitably among the assured in proportion to their contributions to the same. One-third of the net profits which arise from insurance on lives is payable annually to the Massachusetts general hospital, but see act of 1866.

In case any member shall become so far intemperate as to impair his health, or induce delirium tremens, or shall die by suicide, or in a duel, by the hands of justice, or in the known violation of any law of the state, or United States, or British Provinces, his policy shall be null and void.

Year.	Interest div'd.	Year. I	nterest div'd.
1852	\$2,671 81	1860	\$7,000 00
1853	3,000 00	1861	7,000 00
1854	3,000 00	1862	7,000 00
1855	3,500 00		7,000 00
1856	5,000 00	1864	4,486 00
1857	7,000 00	1865	4,060 00
1858.	7,000 00	1866	3,710 00
1859	7,000 00	1867	3,500 00

Mr. Barnes then goes on to give the dividends made by these mixed companies to their stockholders, and shows that the United States from 1851 to 1867 has divided \$117,675.55 of interest, and \$85,250 of profit; that the Manhattan from 1853 to 1867 has divided \$105,000 of interest, and \$181,000 of profits; that the Knickerbocker from 1854 to 1867 has divided \$98,000 of interest, and \$41,310.75 of profit; that the Guardian Mutual has divided \$69,171.07 of interest, and \$9,630.62 of profit; that the Home has divided since 1861 \$66,562.50 in interest, and \$14,075.92 in profit, and over \$16,000 in scrip dividends; that the Germania has divided \$98,000 in interest dividends; the Security \$37,899; the North American \$28,000 in interest dividends, \$47,000 in profit dividends, and \$8,000 over the reserve fund; and so on to the end of the companies in New York. Total.....\$82,017 81

We understand that the Toronto and Whitby Co. intend to proceed shortly with the erection of a crusher on their property at Bannockburn.

Railwau Rews.

NORTHERN RAILWAY,-Traffic receipts for week ending 27th June, 1868.

Passengers	\$2,518 21
Freight	10,878 35
Mails and sundries	375 07
THE TAX CONTRACTOR OF STREET AND STREET AND STREET	

Total receipts for week, \$13,771 63 Corresponding week, 1867 16,666 33

Decrease...... \$2,894 70

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.-Traffic for eek ending 19th June, 1868.

\$32,370 30 Passengers...... Freight and live stock...

\$58,633 63 Corresponding week '67 58,742 75

EUROPEAN AND NORTH AMERICAN RAIV.
WAY.—The traffic receipts on this railway for
the month ending 50th June, 1868, compared
with the corresponding month last year, are as
follows:—

Passengers,	\$6,504 9,311 511	42 70	6,620	74 02
Totals,	\$16,327	52	\$14,074 \$2,253	46

TORONTO STOCK MARKET.

Increase.....

TORONTO STOCK MARKET.

(Reported by Pellatt & Osler, Brokers.)

There has been considerable activity in the Stock market this week, especially in Government bonds, debentures and Building Society stock, all of which command a ready sale.

Bank Stock.—There were small sales of Montreal at 130, holders now asking 130½. British is much enquired for at par ex dividend, but there is none in market. Ontario has advanced, sales having been effected at 98½ to 99. Bayers offer 110 for Toronto, and sellers ask 112. Royal Canadian sold at 84 to 84½, at which rates it is still offering. Commerce sold to a considerable extent at 101½, at which rate it is still enquired for. Gore in great demand at 45 to 46, but scarcely any on market at those rates. Merchants' is held at 104½, with buyers at 103, ex dividend. Buyers would give 108 for Molson's, none in market. There are no sellers of City under par. Du Peuple is offered at 105 to 105½. For Jacques Cartier 105 is asked. Buyers would give 101 for Union. Quebec, Nationale and Mechanics', nominal.

Debentures.—Canada five and six per cents. in great demand; currency six per cents. offering at ½ per cent. premium, and Dominion stock at par. Toronto offering at rates to pay 63. There were considerable sales of County at rates to pay about 64.

Suudrics.—There were large sales of Canada Permanent Building Society at 113 to 113½, at which rates it is much enquired for. Western Canada Building Society sold at 106 to 106½, and is in demand at these prices. Freehold Building Society sold at 101½, at which rates there are still buyers but no sellers. British America Assurance in demand at 54, sellers at 56 ex dividend. Mortgages inquired for at 8 per cent. There is a fair supply of money at average rates.

Bank of England.—The Bank Returns for

per cent. The

BANK OF ENGLAND.—The Bank Returns for the week ending, Saturday, 27th of June, com-pared with the corresponding periods of 1867, 1866, are as follows:—

を受ける。 10年間、日本の大学の 10年間の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の大学の	1868.	1867.	1886,
Bank Bullion Res've of Notes Notes in circu'n Rate of Disco't Con's for money	23,687,390 2 per cent.	23 204 910	24,323.980 10 per cent.

STATEMENTS RESPECTING HEALTH.—In the Supreme Court of Massachussetts the case of Cam, bell es, the New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., was upon a policy of life insurance made by the defendants for \$5000. The principal defence relied upon was that the assured made false representations in his application as to the condition of his health, in the statement that lie had not been subject to the spitting of blook. At the first trial the jury found for the plaintiff, but the verdict was set aside by the court as being against the evidence in that the insured was subject to spitting blood. The jury at the second trial also returned a verdict for the plaintiff, but the case was carried to the full bench on exceptions taken to the rulings and instructions of the judge. Among other things it was ruled by Judge Wells that "an untrue statement innocently made in regard to a latent disease of which the applicant was unconscious would not void the policy." The Supreme Courthave now sustained the exceptions and granted a new trial. They have decided that "the statements in the application are representations and not warranties; that the rulings of the presiding judge upon the question whether knowledge on the part of the assured that his representations were untrue was necessary in order to constitute such misreoresentations as would defeat the policy, were incorrect."

Commercial.

Toronto Market.

GRAIN.—Wheat.—Receipts were very light during the past week, and in fact there is no receiving or shipping movement worth mentioning. Spring wheat has met with some demand, and there were sales as follows:—1,400 bushels golden drop at \$1.43 f.o.b.; one car at the same price, and 200 bushels ordinary at \$1.43. Fall is dull at \$1.45 to \$1.48 for ordinary at \$1.43. Fall is dull at \$1.45 to \$1.48 for good samples, with a small quantity offering; sales 1 car at \$1.47; 1 car at \$1.45, and 500 bushels inferior at \$1.43. Barley—dull and nominal, ne lots offering, and it is impossible to quote prices. Peas—only limited quantity offering; the market closed with sellers of car loads at \$5c., and buyers at \$3c.; a small lot sold at 85c. Oats—are sparingly offered and in demand at 43c. by the car load. Rec. dull,

none offering.

FLOUR.—Receipts very light and market dull; No.

1 superfine is freely offered, and holders are pressing it on the market at \$6.15 to \$6.25, with buyers at about \$6.00 no sales. Spring wheat extra, a grade between No. 1 superfine and fancy, sold on Saturday as follows: 200 bris. uninspected at \$6.20, and 300 bris at \$6.20 at Malton; 100 bris. from midge proof fall wheat, fresh ground, sold at \$6.40. Fancy is dull and nominal; extra nominal at about \$6.50, and superior at about \$7.00; no transactions in these higher grades, and none offering.

Provisions - Butter-Owing to the great heat of the weather, it is impossible to move this article just now. Cheese-Old is out of market; new is selling in lots at quotations, but the market is quiet.

Eggs— Are very scarce, and would command 16c.

in lots. Pork—Stock small, no chauge in prices :

Cutmeats—There is a lively retail demand, but nothing of consequence doing at wholesale; no change ing of conseque in quotations.

In quotations.

Leather.—Trade at present is very duil, but this was generally anticipated at this season of the year. The prospect is, however, fair for a good fall trade, Sole Leather.—Is pretty certain to advance, and it is expected that all kinds of stock will improve at least 5 per cent, before the opening of the fall trade, tanners are not anxions to sell at present quotations, as green stock is high and scarce.

Petroleum.—There is no demand for refined, except of the most trifling character. Crude is firmer at Petrolia owing to the stoppage of production.

at Petrolia, owing to the stoppage of production. We notice some enquiry for round lots of refined for export to Europe.

Woot.—There was a fair supply in market, and re quote an advance of one cent per pound.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT, on the paid up Capital Stock of the Company has been declared for the seven menths ending 30th uit, and the same will be payable at the Company's Office, on and after FRIDAY, the TENTH instant.

By order of the Board.

BERNARD HALDAN,

Becretary.

Western Assurance Co.'s Office, Teronto, July 1st, 1868.

Montreal Telegraph Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of FIVE PER CENT. for the half year ending list May has been declared upon the Capital Stock of the Company, and that the same will be payable at the Offices of the Company on and after MONDAY, the Sixth July.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 29th June to the 6th July.

By order of the Board.

JAMES DAKERS,

Secretary.

Montreal, 27th June, 1868.

Gore Bank.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at THE RANKING HOUSE,

On Monday, the 3rd day of August next, at Noon, for the

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

for the ensuing year, By order,

W. G. CASSELS, Cashier. Hamilton, 24th June, 1868.

stern Canada Permanent Building

DIVIDEND No. 10.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of 5 per cent, for the current half year, being at the rate of ten per cent, per annum upon the paid-up capital of this institution, has this day been declared and that the asme will be made payable at the office of the Society, No. 70 CHURCH STREET, Toronto, on and after Wednesday the Sth day of July next.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 20th to the 30th of June, inclusive.

By order of the Board,

June 17, 1868.

he Board, WALTER S. LEE, Sec. and Treas. 44-td.

Canada Permanent Building and Savings' Society.

SIXTEENTH HALF-YEARLY DIVIDEND.

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent, on the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the half year ending 30th inst., and the same will be payable at the office of the Society on and after Wednesday the 5th day of

ransfer books will be clo h June, inclusive. By order of the Bo

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT .- July 9, 1868.

Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rate.	Name of Article.	Wholean Rates
oots and Shoes		Graceries Contin'd		Leather Contin'd	8 c. 8 c
ens' Thick Boots " Kip " Calf	2 45 3 20	Hyson	0 45 0 80	Kip Skins, Patna Prench	0 45 0 4
" Calf	2 00 2 40	Imperial	0 42 0 80	Belignen	0.00 0.1
" Kin Chhannes	1 00 1 50	Can Leaf, Ph 5s & 10s	0 26 0 30	Hemlock Calf (30 to 35 lbs.) per doz. Do, light French Calf Grain & Satn Cit V doz Splits, large V B small Enamelled Cow V foot Patent Pebble Grain	0 75 0 8
ouths' omen's Batts	1 45 1 55	Western Leaf, com	0 25 0 26 0 27 0 32	French Calf,	1 05 11
omen's Batts	96 1 30	" Fine	0 32 0 35 0 40 0 50	Grain & Satn Clt # doz Splits, large # B	0 00 0 0
" Congress Gaiters isses' Batts		" Bright fine	0 60 0 75	" small	0 20 0 2
" Congress Gaiters	0 65 0 90	Hardware.	and the	Patent	0 21 0 3
" Congress Gaiters aildren's C. T. Cacks	0 80 1 10	Block, & B	0 25 0 26	Pebble Grain	0 17 0 1
" Gaiters		Grain	0 26 0 27	Gils.	water place
Drugs.	0 191 0 16	Copper: Pig Sheet	0 24 0 25	Cod Cocoanut, #4b	0 55 0 6
oes Cape um	0 02 0 03	HUM NAME:	NOTES 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10	Lard, extra	0 00 1
mphor refined.	0 00 0 00	Assorted & Shingles,	3 05 3 15	" Woellen	0 00 1
mphor, refined	0 17 0 20	Shingle alone do	3 30 3 40	Lubricating, patent.	0 00 0
ochineal	0 90 1 10	Lathe and 5 dy	3 55 3 65	Lard, extra No. 1 Woollen Lubricating, patent Linseed, raw boiled	0 82 0
eam Tartar	0 25 0 27	Assorted sizes	0 09 0 10	Machinery Olive, 2nd, & gal	1 40 1
som Salts	0 00 0 11	Best No. 24	0 00 0 00	" salad	2 00 2
un Arabic, sorts digo, Madras	0 29 0 35	Manager .	0 091 0 10	qt. P rase	3 60 3
corice	0 16 0 38	Horse Nails: Guest's or Griffin's		Sesame salad, * gal.	1 60 1
adderutgalis	0 36 0 38	For W. ass'd sizes.	0 19 0 20	Seal, pale	0 70 0
atgalls	6 50 7 00	Patent Hammer'd do	0 18 0 19	Varnish	0 00 0 0
tash, Bi-carb	0 25 0 30	Iron (at 4 months): Pig-Gartsherrie Nol	26 00 27 00		
tass lodide	4 40 4 60	Other brands. No1	22 00 23 00	Paints, &c. White Lead, genuine in 0il, # 25 lbs. Do. No. 1 White Zinc, genuine White Lead, dry. Red Lead Yenetian Red, Eng'n Yellow Ochre, Fren'n Whiting	
BRS	0 124 0 60	Bar-Scotch, #100 h	2 25 2 50	Do. No. 1	0 00 2
da Ashda Bicarb	4 50 5 50	Refined	3 00 3 25	. 2	0 00 2
rtarie Acid	0 40 0 45	Hoops-Coopers	3 00 3 25	White Zinc, genuine	3 10:3
triol, Blue	0 07 0 10	Hoops—Coopers. Band. Boller Plates Canada Plates Union Jack Pontypool.	3 90 3 25	White Lead, dry	0.071 0
Greceries.	426	Canada Plates	4 00 4 25	Venetian Red, Eng'h	0 02 0
fees: ava, P lb	0 23@0 25	Pontypool.	0 00 0 00	Whiting	0 90 1
aguayra,		Swansea		Petroleum.	in matter
she	on contract testals	Bar, 2 100 fbs	0 07 0 071	(Refined P gal.) Water white, earl'd	0 17 0
Ierrings, Lab. split	1 50 3 00	Shot	0 071 0 074	small lots	0 18 0
" scaled fackerel, small kitts	0 40 0 45	Iron Wire (net cash):		Straw by car load	0 16 0
		Iron Wire (net cash): No. 6, bundle	3 10 3 20	Amber, by car load small lots	0 15 0
Vhite Fish & Tront	1 50 1 78 None.	12, " 16, " Powder:	3 40 3 50	Benzine	0 35 0
almon, saltwater	16 00 17 50	Powder: Biasting, Canada	enter and	Produce.	E 25 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
ory Cod, will ms	14 S 16 1 10 1	FF "	3 50 3 75 4 50 4 75	Grain; Wheat, Spring, 60 lb	1 43 1
taisins, Layers	2 20 2 35 2 10 2 20	Pierting Frolish	5 00 5 25	" Fall 60 "	1 45 1
" Valentias new	0 071 0 084	FF loose		Barley 48 ** Peas 60 **	A 92 A
" old	0 031 0 041	Pressed Spikes (4 mos):	1 2 12211	Oats 34 " Ryo 56 "	0 47 0
igs	0 00 0 16	Regular sizes 100	4 00 4 25	Seeds	F1F4385
olasses: layed, W gal	0 40 0 42	Tin Plates (net cash):	4 50 6 00	Clover, choice 60 "	0 00 0
yrups, Standard	0 47 0 48	IC Coke	7 50 8 00	Timothy, cho'e 4 " inf. to good 48 "	
ce z	5 (0 5 00	IX W	8 50 8 74 10 50 10 75	Flax 56 "	1 25 1
irracan		DC "	7 50 9 00	Flour (per brl.): Superior extra	
lassin, whole, # Ib.	0 35 0 40 0 12 0 14	DX "	9 50 10 00	Extra annerfine	6 70 6
utmegs	0 50 0 70	Hides & Skins Ph		Fancy superfine Superfine No. 1	6 15 6
Jamaica, root	0 18 0 25 0 30	Green rough Green, salt'd & insp'd	0 054 0 06	No. 2	0 00 0
epper, black	0 00 0 10	Cured	0 074 0 081	Previsions.	An APPLAN
imento	CONTRACT, SER	Cured	0 00 0 10	Butter, dairy tub # 1b	0 12 0
ort Rico, 9 lb	0 09 0 09	II II dev	1 0 18 0 28	Cheese, new	0 10 0
larbadoes (bright).	0 09 0 00	Lambskins,		II Book more bel	PER DO 32:
bry Crushed, at 60d. anada Sugar Refi'y,	0 114 0 12	the second second	800 TO 18	prime mess prime Bacon, rough	14 00 15
yellow No. 2, 60 ds fellow, No. 2	0 00 0 00	Inferior, & D	0 10 0 15	Bacon, rough	0 00 0
No. 3	0 001 0 00	Good	0 20 0 25	" smoked	0 00 0
rushed X	0 10 0 10	Fancy	0 25 0 35	Hams In salt	0.00 0.1
Fround	0 11 0 12	In lots of less then		Shoulders, in salt Lard, in kegs	0 004 0
atra Ground	0.133 0.13	50 sides, 10 P cent	200	Eggs, packed Beef Hams	0 15 0
lapan com'n togood	0 40 0 55	Fancy Leather, @(4 mos.) In lois of less than 50 sides, 10 P cent higher. Spanish Sole, let qual	minum poly		
Fine to choicest	0 55 0 65	heavy weights Th	0 23 0 23		
Congou & South'ng	0 42 0 75	heavy, weights # h. Do. 1st qual middle do Do. No. 2, all weights	0 20 0 12	Hogs dressed, heavy medium light	0.00
Opleng, good to fine	0 50 0 65	Slaughter heavy	A 28 0 20	gr 2007 word that ca	at of no
Medium to choice	0 66 0 80	Do. light. Harness, best Upper heary	0 82 6 34	American bris	1 58 1
appendir o to me	0 46 0 70	Upper heavy	0 34 0 35	Plaster	1 06 1
1 47 Carl St. St.	A 70 0.06	II 46 Nobe	TARREST TO THE	March Street Williams Co. Str. Co. S.	of bat

reS.

Soap & Candles.	13125	antle	Brandy:	\$ c.	
D. Crawford & Co.'s			Hennessy's, per gal	2 50	2 7
Imperial	0 07	# C.	II www.rens	2 50	2 7
" Golden Bar	9 07	0 08		2 10	2 7
" Silver Bar			Otard, Dupuy & Cos	2 10	2 7
Crown	40.0	9.07	Brandy, cases	B 50	9.0
		0 05	III wemman, com: ber c.	4 00	4 5
No. 1	0 10	0 04	Whiskey:	1.500	1963
Candles	0 10	0 11	Common	0 65	0 7
Wines, Liquors,	法法院	148.积	Old Rye	0 85	0.0
ac.	12.11		Malt	0 85	
Ale:		5年被任	Toddy	0 85	0 0
English, per doz	2 60	2 65	Scotch, per gal	1 90	2 1
Guinness Dub Portr			Irish-Kinnahan's c.	7 00	-7 54
Spirits:		17 74	"Dunnville's Belf't	6 00	6 5
Pure Jamaica Rum.	1 80	2 20	Wool.	1.50	01583
De Kuyper's H. Gin		1 60	Fleece, lb	0 26	0 9
Booth's Old Tom	1 90	2 00	Pulled "	0 00	0.0
Gia:	BOX TO	月底等	Furs.	1000	
Green, cases	9 75	4 00	Bear	3 00	10 0
Booth's Old Tom, c.		6 25	Beaver	1 00	1 2
And the State of t	4.7	finals.	Coon	0 20	0.4
Wines:	CATALON	A STATE OF	Fisher	4 00	6.0
Port, common	1 00	1 25	Martin	1 40	16
" fine old	2 00	4 00	Mink	4 00	4 2
Sherry, common	1 00	1 50	Otter	5 75	6 0
" medium		1 80	Spring Rats	0 15	0 1
"old pale or golden	2 50	4 00	Fox	1 20	1.2

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

ENGLISH. - Quotations on the London Market.

No. of Shares.	Last Di-	Name of Company.	Shares	Amount paid.	Last
20,101	8	Briton Medical and General Life	10	1	100
50,000		Commer'l Union, Fire, Life and Mar.	50	5	51-16
24,400	8	City of Glasgow	25	2	5
5,000	94	Edinburgh Life	100	15	301
400,000	5- yr			11st	
100,000	10	Etna Fire and Marine	10	1	
20,000	5		100	50	48
24,000	12	Imperial Fire		5C	345
7,500	91	Imperial Life	100	10	151
100,000	10	Lancashire Fire and Life	20	2	3
10,000	. 11	Life Association of Scotland	40	.7	214
35,862	45s. p. sh	London Assurance Corporation	25	12	478
10,000	6	London and Lancashire Life	10	1	
87,504	40	Liverp'l & London & Globe F. & L	20	2	72
20,000	5	National Union Life	5	1	104
20,000	121	Aorthern Fire and Life	100	5	103
0,000	'68, bo	North British and Mercantile	50	61	171
40,000	58.)	Ocean Marine	25	. 3	199
2,500	£5 12s.		100	10	204
2,000	£4 p. 8	Phonix		10	120
200,000	21-h.yr.	Queen Fire and Life	10	1	1
100,000	111	Royal Insurance	20	3	61
20,000	10	Scottish Provincial Fire and Life	50	21	44
13,000	25	Standard Life	50	12	65
4,000	5	Star Life	25	11	3330
	1,4	WILE SALLERIZERONA	- 1	922	₽ c.
8,000	4	British America Fire and Marine	150	\$25	56
		Canada Life			
4000	12	Montreal Assurance	200	20	135
10,000		Provincial Fire and Marine	60	11	
		Quebec Fire	40		£ 19
	8		100	40	90-91
10,000	4 hlf-yr.	Western Assurance	40	6	

Buffalo and Lake Huron Do. da Preference 10. Buff. Brantt. & Goderich, 6 Be., 1872-3-4. 100 Champlain and St. Lawrence Do. do Pref. 10 B ct. 55 70 Grand Trunk Do. Eq.G. M. Bds. 1 ch. 6 Bc. 100 Do. First Preference, 5 B c 100 Do. Deferred, 3 B ct. 100 Do. Second Pref. Bonds, 5 Bc. 100 Do. Second Pref. Bonds, 5 Bc. 100 Do. Third Pref. Stock, 4 Bct. 100 Do. Third Pref. Stock, 4 Bct. 100 Do. Fourth Pref. Stock, 3 Bc. 100 Great Western Do. do. Deferred, 3 B ct. 100 Great Western Do. 6 B c. Bds, due 1873-76. 100 Marine Railway, Halifax, \$250, all. \$250 Northern, of Canada, 6 Bc. 1st Pref. Bds. 100 EXCHANGE Halifax. Montr'l. Quebec. Tot Bank on London, 60 days sight or 75 days date 12 13 09 09 19 98	ndo
Buffalo and Lake Huron Do. do Preference 10	5 5
Do. do Preference 10	31 3
Buff., Brantt. & Goderich, 6 pc., 1872-3-4	6
Brant	-
Do. do Pref. 10 pt.	
Grand Trunk 100 15 16	***
Do. Eq. G. M. Bds. 1 ch. 6 pc. 100	
Do. First Preference, 5 &c. 109 Do. Deferred, 3 &ct. 109 Do. Second Pref. Bonds, 5 &c. 109 Do. do Deferred, 3 &ct. 100 Do Third Pref. Stock, 4 &ct. 100 Do. do. Deferred, 3 &ct. 100 Do. fourth Pref. Stock, 3 &c. 100 Do. do. Deferred, 3 &ct. 100 Do. do. Deferred, 3 &ct. 100 Do. fourth Pref. Stock, 3 &c. 100 Do. do. Deferred, 3 &ct. 100 Do. Style Bds, due 1875-76. 100 Marine Railway, Halifax, \$250, all \$250 Morthorn, of Canada, 6 &c. 1st Pref. Bds. 100 EXCHANGE. Halifax, Montr'l, Quebec. Tot sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days Sight or 75 days date 184 Sank on London, 60 days	16 16
Do. Deferred, 3 \$\psi \cdot \cdo	77 79
Do. Deferred, 3 & ct. 100 10	43 45
Do. do Deferred, 3 & ct. 100	***
Do. do Deferred, 3 & ct. 100	35
Do	4-4
Do. do. Deferred, 3 % ct. 100 10	***
Do. Fourth Pref. Stock, 38c. 100 1	
Do. do. Deferred, 3 ct. 100 areat Western 201 area	1 18
Do. New 20	135
Do. New	143
Do. 6 % c. Bds, due 1873-76. 109 All. 97 51 % Bds. due 1877-78. 100 " 96 Marine Railway, Halifax, \$250 all \$250 " 86 Morthern, of Canada, 6 % lst Pref. Bds. 100 " 86 EXCHANGE. Halifax. Montr'I. Quebec. Tot sight or 75 days date 121 132 094 035 094 035 094 035 094 095 095 095 095 095 095 095 095 095 095	***
54 be Bds. due 1877-78 100 Marine Railway, Halifax, \$250, all \$250 Northorn, of Canada, 6 be. 1st Pref. Bds 100 EXCHANGE. Halifax. Montr'I. Quebec. Tot sight or 75 days date 13 10 10 10 10 10 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	100
Marine Railway, Halifax, \$250, all \$250 Worthern, of Canada, 6 Bc. 1st Pref. Bds. 100 W 86	92
EXCHANGE. Halifax. Montr'I. Quebec. Total Sank on London, 60 days sight or 75 days date	
Bank on London, 60 days sight or 75 days date	82
Sank on London, 60 days sight or 75 days date	ronte
sight or 75 days date	-
Private do. 12 [3] 094 63 94 95	101
Private with documents 00 09	91
	43 to
Bank on New York 281 286 271 28	28
Private do. 28 28 29 28 28	
months don't see a	ar.
Fold Drafts do 31 disto p. par s dis.	8

STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

The dates of our quotations are as follows:—Toronto, July 7; Montreal, July 4; Quebec, Julp 4; London, June 13.

NAME.	Shares.	Paid up.	Divid'd last 6 Months	Dividend	Day	CLOSING PRICES.		
British North America Jacques Cartier Montreal Nationale	3250 50 200 50 100	200	₩ et.	July and 1 June, 1 1 Nov. 1	Jan. Dec.	100 104 105 1294130. 105 106	106 129[130 .05 lia	100 1004 104 106 30 1304 16\$106}
Nova Scotia	200	1045079	7&b#34	Mar. and 1 Mar., 1 1 Jan., 1	Sept.	10411051	105 105	105 105
Canadian Bank of Com'e	50 80	All.		1 June, 1		101 1014 99 100	984 994	98 99
Commer'l Bank (St. John Eastern Townships' Bank Gore Halifax Banking Company	50	**	Pet.	1 July, 1 1 Jan., 1	Jan. July.	46	44 46	40 44
Merchanics' Bank	100	All.	1	1 Nov., 1 1 Jan., 1	July.	94) 95		93) 94 104 105
Molson's Bank. Niagara District Bank. Ontario Bank.	100	70 All		1 Apr., 1 1 Jan., 1 1 June, 1	Oct. July Dec.	98 993	97 974	CHECK TO
People's Bank (Fred'kton People's Bank (Halifax) Quebec Bank Royal Canadian Bank	100 20 100	. 40	7 12 m	1 June, 1 1 Jan., 1	Dec.		984 99	971 98 84 85
St. Stephens Bank Union Bank Union Bank (Halifax)	100 100 100	All 50		1 Jan., 1 Feb. and	July.			104 105
MISCELLANEOUS.		des			NAME OF	Sar box	is with	ortex i
British America Land British Colonial 8. 8. Co Canada Company Canada Landed Credit Co.	250 321	324 All. 814	24		7.72	45 46	50	1201
Canada Per. B'ldg Society Canada Mining Company. Do. Inl'd Steam Nav. Co.	100	All.				113 113	107 108	108 1084
Do. Glass Company Canad'n Loan & Investm't Canada Agency	100	21	124 "			100	95 98	0-4115a0
Colonial Securities Co Freehold Building Society Halifax Steamboat Co Halifax Gas Company	100		5 5		molecules 2	1013 102	111	
Hamilton Gas Company Huron Copper Bay Co Lake Huron S. ami C	20.00		20	1	Separate Sep	100	45 50	110
Do. Telegraph Co Do. Elevating Co	20 40 00		15 12 m		and the second	Bks. cl'd	112 113	bks. cl'd
Do. City Gas Co Do. City Pass. R., Co. Nova Scotia Telegraph	50		1	15 Mar. 15	Sep.		132 134 104j 107	132 -133 106 107 25 ets
Quebec and L. S	200 50		7 p.a.	1 Mar., 1	Sep.		114 117	119 120 96 97 112 113
St. Lawrence Tow Boat Co. Tor'to Consumers' Gas Co. Trust & Loan Co. of U. C.	100 50 20	5	*****	3 Feb. 1 My Au M	arFe	1041 105		45 50 105 106
West'n Canada Bldg Soc'y	50	All.	•		War of	106 106	Servi.	

Miscellancous.



GOLD AND SILVER STEAM STAMP

QUARTZ CRUSHER,

(JAMES' PATENT).

Dickey, Neill & Co.,

ENGINEERS AND BOILER MAKERS,

SOHO FOUNDRY, TORONTO, ONT., Sole Manufacturers for the Dominion.

THIS Machine is warranted for two-thirds the price to do the work of any ordinary Ten Stamp Mill, and is the most perfect Crushing Machine in the world.

Engines & Boilers of all sizes, & Mill Machinery OF EVERY DESCRIPTION ON HAND.

Send for Circular and Price List.

Extract of Hemlock Bark-Extract of Oak Bark

Important to Tanners, Merchants, Machinists, Lumbermen and Capitalists seeking for a Remu and Profitable Investment in Canada.

THE IRVING BARK EXTRACT COMPANY OF BOSTON have succeeded in perfecting a Machine for obtaining by compression from unground Bark, all the astringent and Tanning properties of Hemlock and Oak Bark.

lock and Oak Bark.

By the operation of this Machine, which can be taken into the forests of Canada, on the spot where the Bark is peeled, the actual Tanaing principle of the Bark is extracted by compression, and is produced in so concentrated and so small a bulk, that it can be conveyed to market, ready for use, at a mere fractional part of the expense required to freight the crude Bark: 40 galls. of this Extract, weighing 400 lbs., can be obtained from one cord of first quality of Hemlock Bark, and this is worth for home use or for exportation \$20 per barrel.

We are now ready to grant licenses or to receive

We are now ready to grant licenses or to receive ders for these Machines.

Any further information may be obtained by

THOS. W. JOHNSON,

At American House, Boston, Massachusetts.

nov21-44-lyr

The Mercantile Agency.

PROMOTION AND PROTECTION OF TRADE Established in 1841.

DUN, WIMAN & Co.

Montreal, Toronto and Halifax.

Reference Book, containing names and ratings of Business Men in the Dominion, published semi-annually.

The St. Lawrence Glass Company ARE now manufacturing and have for sale,

COAL OIL LAMPS, various styles and sizes.

LAMP CHIMNEYS, of extra quality for ordinary Burners also, for the 'Comet' and 'Sun Burners SETS OF

TABLE GLASSWARE, HYACINTH GLASSES, STEAM GUAGE TABLES, GLASS RODS, &c. or any other article made to order, in White or Colored Glass.

KEROSENE BURNERS, COLLARS and SOCKETS, will be kept on hand.

DRUGGISTS FLINT GLASSWARE, and PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,

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18-1y

Miscellaneous.

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