

THE VICTORIA HOME JOURNAL

Devoted to Social, Political, Literary, Musical and Dramatic Gossp.

VOL. I., No. 16.

VICTORIA, B. C., JANUARY 30, 1892.

\$1.00 PER ANNUM



PLAYMATES.

NELSON,
Kootenay District.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

Will sell at salesroom, Wharf street
Victoria.

Tuesday, Feb. 16,

At noon a number of town
lots in

SUBDIVISIONS

58 A & 182, Group 1,

Of the net proceeds, Ten Thousand
Dollars will be expended in im-
provement on this property.

NELSON,

The distributing point for the
great SILVER KING and other
valuable mines on TOAD MOUN-
TAIN. Distant only EIGHT
MILES by wagon road. The Ter-
minus and Headquarters of the
COLUMBIA KOOTENAY RAIL-
WAY, connecting NELSON with
the COLUMBIA RIVER. The
NATURAL DISTRIBUTING
point for any road connecting with
the American system of railways
to the South. The COMMER-
CIAL CENTRE of the GREAT
KOOTENAY DISTRICT. The
Bank of Montreal has now estab-
lished an agency at Nelson. The
Bank of British Columbia has an-
nounced that it will open a branch
early in the Spring. A most com-
prehensive map of the Kootenay
country, containing full particu-
lars, will be ready on February 1,
1892, for free distribution.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Joshua Davies,

AUCTIONEER.

TALES OF THE TOWN.



I DROPPED across a copy of Black-
wood's Magazine, in one of our libra-
ries the other day, and my attention was
directed to an article, the title of which
was "The Egyptians and the Occupa-
tion." The writer closes his view of the
situation with a severe arraignment of
Mr. Gladstone. Referring to Mr.
Gladstone's speech in which he "ex-
tends his patronage to Lord Salisbury's
policy," he says: "A statesman who
can compress so many malicious state-
ments into the compass of a single
sentence shows no decline of these
peculiar arts that have raised him to
eminence. 'Age cannot wither him,
nor custom stale his infinite variety.'"

In the whole range of history, says
the writer, there is probably no greater
contrast than that between ancient and
modern Egypt. To the traveller in the
Nile Valley, to the student of history,
and to the reader of the ancient Bible
Egypt is a synonym for majesty and
grandeur. Pharaoh, in Dean Stanley's
words, was not, like Saul, greater than
his fellows from his shoulders and up-
ward, but from his ankles and upward.
"Say unto Pharaoh, whom art thou
like in thy greatness?" "I am Pha-
raoh." "By the life of Pharaoh."

Homer knew of Thebes as the City
of the Hundred Gates. It is still
called "Il Luxor," or "The Palaces."
The Sphinx, the Pyramids, the won-
ders of Memphis, the tombs of Beni
Hasan, the paintings of Abydos, the
giant wrecks of Thebes, the courts of
Dendera, Esna and Edfu, the graceful
columns of Philæ, the sculptures of Bet-
el-Wali, the majestic Colossi at Ipsam-

boul, and the countless other imperish-
able works in the valley of the Nile,
surpass all the other antiquities of a
corresponding age in the rest of the
whole world. The mind is bewildered
by trying to understand that long past
or greatness, glory and conquest. One
never wearies of seeing and re-seeing
those mighty ruins.

The monuments and hieroglyphics
picture the ancient Egyptians in a very
favorable light. You may survey
scores of monuments and myriads of
figures, and yet see no indelicacy till
you come to Greek and Roman times.
There is a dignity about the people
which is very impressive. Their archi-
tecture may be called heavy as com-
pared with the Greek, but they had to
use a soft sandstone or a stubborn gran-
ite, while the Greeks had marble. So
excellent is the work that an eminent
American engineer offered a very con-
siderable sum of money to any engineer
of modern days who would quarry gran-
ite blocks of the size of those of the
temple of the Sphinx—a temple of the
very greatest antiquity—and place the
columns as truly vertical, the lintels as
truly horizontal, and in as truly a straight
line, without the aid of any mortar, so
that a knife-edge could not be inserted
into any joint and a large transit theo-
dolite could not detect any deflection
from the true north.

The ancient Egyptian has undoubted-
ly been seen in the most unfavorable
light. The religion of ancient Egypt
was idolatrous, but their idea of God,
of judgment, of justice, and indeed of a
future life was almost Christian. The
religion of ancient Egypt can no more
be held responsible for the acts of a
tyrant like Rameses than can the reli-
gion of Christ be held responsible for
the acts of a tyrant like the Czar of
Russia. The high position held by
women in ancient Egypt and the sacred-
ness of home-life remind one of our
own modern civilization. The early
Greek travellers speak with astonish-
ment of the respect paid to women in
Egypt, and of the freedom they en-
joyed—a respect and freedom unknown
to the Grecian women of those days.
The Egyptians were then, as they still
are to-day, one of the most religious
peoples in the world. Employing that
boundless wealth which their victorious
armies poured into their country

almost entirely for the glorification of their gods, they have left an imperishable record of their own greatness and of the height of their civilization. Owing to a six months residence among the palaces and temples of Egypt, I acquired an undying love for the history of the land of the Pharaohs.

This will be the last issue of THE HOME JOURNAL in which I shall refer to matters pertaining to the Mock Parliament. It has given me much pleasure to listen, on more than one occasion, to hon. members discussing the great issues of the day. I watched while the hon. Minister of Justice dissected the carcase of the Canadian hen, I listened attentively while another member discussed the theory of evolution, I marvelled at the knowledge displayed by another member of the Government in his beautiful word pictures of the dire calamities which overcame Carthage and Rome, because they had neglected to practise the doctrines of the Liberal party and open wide their markets to the surplus shoddy goods of the world; when the hon. leader of the Government accused members of the Opposition of being too loyal, and invited them over to the other side of the House to breathe the air of freedom, I sat in my seat and uttered never a word in protest, but I cannot say that I admired the wanton and uncalled-for attacks that have from time to time been made by certain hon. members on that great safeguard of personal liberty—the Press.

If these attacks had come from the Opposition side of the House, every member of which, according to the frequently expressed opinions of the Government people, possesses the heart and soul of a slave, it would have been a matter of little wonder, but emanating from hon. gentlemen supposed to hold exclusive rights on all the freedom afforded under an alleged despotic form of government, it was indeed amazing.

I might say that it has always been a matter of surprise to me why it is that the very people who boast so much of their love of freedom, are the very ones who would condemn to slavery their fellow-men. They would not permit newspapers the freedom which precedent has wisely accorded them. The

Government, I confess, have every claim to compassion that can arise from misery and distress. The condition to which they have been reduced, they believe should disarm resentment, and I frankly inform them that it is not my desire to preserve the perishable infamy of their party and make it immortal.

My remarks concerning the Mock Parliament have not been conceived or written in a malicious spirit, and if perchance I have inflicted a wound, I can without equivocation say that it was not intentional. I do not wish it to be understood that the desire to take offence at my remarks is general with Government members. There are really some liberal young minds amongst them, and I believe they would scorn a dishonorable action.

If you would know one's real character, his inner life and all his little meannesses, watch him on a street car. Nine times out of ten he will give himself away there as he would nowhere else. And he won't know it either. It is in the street car that women should seek their future husbands and men their wives, where merchants should look for their confidential clerks and where the honest office holders should be sought. For they all ride on the cars and are to be seen as in a looking glass, their foibles all exposed.

There's the contemptible seven-by-nine man, who won't pay his fare unless the "con" gets after him. He holds that the man should seek the nickel and not the nickel the man, and so, if the car is crowded and the "con" out of sight, the seven-by-nine gets off, rejoicing in the possession of his nickel. He is a twin brother to the man who disputes about change, where to stop, where to get off, transfers and kindred topics. This type takes two seats whenever he can get them, always has suggestions about how to do this, that and the other thing about the street railway, and is ever a bore. Of course you know the woman who would cheat the "con" as quick as wink if she had the chance. She is a cousin to the twins. Everybody knows the fat man, the long-whiskered man, the alpaca-coated man (in summer), and the legions of big-hearted men and women who do make room for a fellow-passenger, who do pay their

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SOOKE DISTRICT—117 acres on the water front, close to railway terminus, \$1,000.

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CADBORO BAY ROAD and Oak Bay Avenue—good corner store, fixtures and everything complete, \$1,900; or would lease.

JAMES BAY, Parry St.—10-roomed house, lot 50 x 140, \$3,500.

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PORT ANGELES—50 acres, \$30 per acre, short distance from town.

TWO LOTS—Victoria West, with two houses, 120 feet x 139, corner, all fenced, \$4000.

MONTREAL ST., James Bay—Lot on front, 104 feet, good house, \$2600.

PINE ST., Victoria West—Lot 70 x 75, small house, all fenced, \$400; \$50 cash, balance \$10 per month.

SMALL HOUSE and lot on Oak St., Fernwood Road, \$525; \$50 cash and \$25 per month.

LOTS, NORTH PEMBROKE ST. off Fernwood estate, two large lots \$1000.

CHATHAM ST.—One lot and 7-room house, \$1700. \$500 or \$750 cash, balance in 2 years.

SOUTH TURNER ST., James Bay, next street to one to water, \$1,300.

FRONT ST., Esquimalt Road—12 to 14 fruit trees, \$500.

ESQUIMALT ROAD—Lot, 20 by switch of Tram Co.'s Line, \$700.

JAMES BAY—Lot and two houses, renting at \$25 per month, \$2,800.

MOSS ST.—Lot next to corner, very beautiful location for building, \$500.

One 13-room house, 2 acres of land, all fenced and cultivated, highest part of the city and overlooking everybody, \$13,000.

OAK BAY, on the water side—7-room house and beautifully situated for bathing facilities, this is an absolute bargain \$1,650.

Four and a half acres in Saanich District for \$13 per month without interest; also farm of 76 acres on Saanich Road.

ROCK BAY—Two beautiful lots, very suitable for a garden.

EDMONTON ROAD—Lot 18, Block 70, good garden soil, \$425.

JAMES BAY, Toronto St.—5-roomed house and lot, everything in first-class order, very pretty, \$2,100.

A number of Lots and houses on the Instalment plan. Houses to let.

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nickels, who do treat the conductor as if he were a man, who don't squelch him if he (with a press of business on his mind) runs past their street. Those good-natured passengers are the oases in the "con's" desert life, and each will get an extra diamond to his crown some day. That is, if the conductor has anything to say about it.

Wending my way toward the legislative halls on Thursday to attend the opening ceremonies and take a look at the "permanent land force," "C" battery, I was thunderstruck on reaching Government street to see the battery riding in the tram cars. What can we expect from the local volunteers when we witness such conduct on the part of "regulars?" What would the public say if an order for a church parade was issued and the B. C. B. of G. A. were to board the tram cars at the corner of Menzies and Superior streets and ride to St. John's or any other church, on the tram line? The cars are a great convenience for the public, and could not very well be dispensed with, now that we have had a short experience; but when they are used for such purposes as they were on Thursday, viz., to convey the guard of honor to the Government buildings, it is simply making a laughing stock of the army—regular or volunteer. Conversing with an old officer of the volunteer force on the subject, he said: "We have always had the greatest difficulty imaginable

to induce men to turn out in inclement weather, owing to the fact that they would be laughed at if they attempted to avoid the mud or rain; but now that we have had an example shown us, we are at liberty to parade on roller skates if we are inclined."

Much blood and treasure would be poured out, if the United States should come to blows with Chili. Many homes would be left destitute, and lifelong sorrow would take up its abode in them. If arbitration cannot be resorted to, why would it not be worth while to settle the dispute in the good old way of trial by champion. Let each nation choose its defender, and let the issue of war settle it. John L. Sullivan has already expressed his "patriotism" and his belief that Chili ought to be "put to sleep." Let the Chilians choose a champion and Mr. Sullivan, actor, poet and patriot, will meet him in the squared circle and do valiant battle for the land of his adoption. Mr. Sullivan is a past master in the gentle, hypnotic art, but he is not invincible. There may be a Chilian bruiser of less brawn but more science. The David-Goliath "go" will be remembered in this connection; but the Philistines always claimed that David took an unfair advantage of their champion by heaving rocks at him. The battle is not always to the strong. It would be pretty satisfactory to the United States even if Mr. Sullivan should get well

threshed by his opponent.

I am told that the dinner given last Monday night by the barristers of that part of Her Majesty's dominions commonly known as British Columbia was just a real sociable affair. While ginger ale, cider and other soft drinks were provided in abundance, it must not be inferred that "anything stronger" was excluded. As illustrating the fact that our legal luminaries are by no means temperance fanatics, I might say that all the bottles containing the soft drinks were returned without as much as a seal broken. The speeches were of a high order of merit, particularly the oratorical effort of one Vancouver barrister, which is said to have surpassed all understanding, or as another speaker put it, "beyond comprehension." These little affairs go a long way towards drawing into closer friendship the members of the legal fraternity, and should be repeated as often as circumstances will permit.



PERE GRINATOR.



"There are Moments when One Wants to be Alone."



"This is One of Them! This is One of Them!"

Society

[THE HOME JOURNAL would be pleased to receive the dates of parties and the names of persons attending social gatherings. To insure publication, this information would have to reach this office not later than Thursday noon.]

The Military Drill and Toy Symphony, to be given in aid of the Benevolent Society and Royal Jubilee Hospital, will take place in The Victoria on Tuesday Feb. 3rd. Those taking part have been practising for the past two months at the Roccabella and held their last rehearsal at the Victoria Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Marvin and Miss Beeton have requested the ladies and gentlemen to appear in evening dress as a complement to the ladies taking part. The "C" Battery band will be in attendance.

The Batchelors' Ball, which takes place on the 4th proximo, in Assembly Hall, promises to be one of the events of the season. No expense or care will be spared to make the affair a complete success.

The Hebrew Ladies Benevolent Association, of Temple Emanuel, will give a Leap Year social in Harmony Hall, on the evening of Feb. 3. Good music, dancing and a supper will be some of the features of the evening. The following ladies constitute the committee of management: Misses Philo, Frank, Levy, Davis and the Misses Philips.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Alex. Kenning, of South Turner Street, have been giving very pleasant entertainments to their friends on Friday evenings, in the shape of musical soires, which are much enjoyed and appreciated.

A grand concert will be given by the Victoria Junior Football Club in the Y.M.C.A. Hall, on Friday evening, February 12.

A number of well-known young men are making preparations for an amateur minstrel show to be given in the Victoria Theatre some night in the last week in February. Several popular singers have promised to take part and the topics of the day will be immortalized in song and story. The object

being a most praiseworthy one—the benefit of discharged prisoners—and is sure to call forth the hearty support the undertaking deserves.

The Far West Lodge Knights of Pythias will give a ball in Assembly Hall on Friday evening, Feb. 19. The Sir Knights will be in full dress uniform, which will add to the brilliancy of the affair.

Mr. S. L. Redgrave has been elected captain for the next year of Uniform Rank, Victoria Division, No. 2., K. of P., in place of W. Benhsen, who retires with the jewel of honors. It is a tribute of the good will entertained for him by his brethren which Mr. Redgrave gratefully appreciates.

The order of the Sons of St. George gave a concert in Harmony Hall last evening

The members of the Y. L. I. and of Segher's Council Y. M. I. gave a very successful performance at The Victoria last Thursday night to a good audience. My Wife's Second Floor and Presumptive Evidence were produced in a manner that was highly creditable for amateurs. During the wait between the two pieces Manager Collins recited "The Blind Piper and His Dog" in a thorough artistic manner.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the St. Andrews' Young People's Association will be held Tuesday evening in the school-room. A business meeting will be held, but a good musical programme is promised.

Mr. George Courtney has returned to his old place in the C. P. R. offices. Many friends are pleased to welcome him back to this city.

Miss Belton furnished a pleasant musical evening last Wednesday in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. She was assisted by Miss Shaw and Messrs. Des Brisbay and Newling. The feature of the evening was the reading by Miss Beeton of a story entitled "The Golden Wedding" which was a treat to all who were present.

Mrs. Boggs was a passenger by Thursday evening's Islander.

Invitations are out for a reception to be given Friday, 12th February, at the

residence of Mrs. G. F. Mathews, Dallas Road.

Fernhill, the home of the Hon. J. E. Pooley, was the scene of a pleasant gathering last Wednesday evening. Mrs. Pooley's guests spent a very enjoyable evening.

Preparations are being made to hold a grand sacred concert in the new St. Andrew's Cathedral before the dedication services which will formally open the new structure for religious worship, early in March.

Mrs. McLellan was a passenger inwards on the North Pacific on Friday morning.

LOCAL AND OTHERWISE.

Messrs. Henry M. and Thomas N. Cunningham, of New Westminster, well known in this city, are retiring from taking an active part in their business and will shortly enter the Toronto University. The former will study medicine and the latter theology.

Not wishing to carry surplus stock over till next season, B. Williams & Co., the popular clothiers, 97 Johnson Street, are selling boys' and men's mackintoshes and overcoats at cost price for the next thirty days.

CHEAP PORTRAITS.

For people who cannot afford the more expensive grade, we will enlarge a Nice Picture from a Small One from \$3.00 to \$5.00. A true likeness guaranteed.

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VICTORIA, - - B. C.

E. J. O'SULLIVAN, C. E.

To write legibly is an art which up till late years has not been easily acquired, and now perfection itself seems to have been almost attained. Perhaps the greatest exponent of the art of penmanship on the coast is now to be

way," Mr. O'Sullivan came west, and for two years taught in business colleges in the states of Michigan and Wisconsin. But the study of civil engineering retained some charm for him, and for two years he burnt the midnight oil in



E. J. O'Sullivan

found in this city in the person of Mr. E. J. O'Sullivan, the gentleman who conducts the Victoria Business College. Mr. O'Sullivan, although a young man, seems to have reached the highest rung on the ladder of penmanship fame.

The subject of this sketch is of Irish and French extraction, and was born at the ancient Canadian capital—Quebec—on Dec. 2, 1868, and is now in his twenty-fourth year. His father is Eugene O'Sullivan, who has for several years been Crown Lands Superintendent of the Province of Quebec. At an early age, young O'Sullivan was placed in St. Mary's College, near Quebec, and afterwards graduated from Levis University which he had attended for six years. Mr. O'Sullivan then turned his attention to the study of civil engineering, and after spending four years with his uncle, Henry O'Sullivan, Inspector of Surveys for the Province of Quebec, he went through a full course at the New York Business University, and graduated for the business course. As "westward the star of empire takes its

perfecting himself in this profession and finally graduated at Montreal last September.

It might be mentioned incidentally that Mr. O'Sullivan, in a competition against all Canada at the Montreal exhibition in 1891, won first prize, awarded by the Cercle de la Salle. Last September Mr. O'Sullivan made up his mind to visit Victoria, and so pleased was he with the city and surroundings that he determined without much hesitation upon opening a business college here. That he was admirably qualified to undertake the work, his experience and the hundreds of testimonials from the leading men of the United States and Canada he has in his possession, afford conclusive proof. That he has been successful in what might seem to others a great undertaking, the number of pupils who are now under his tuition and who are very enthusiastic as to the methods adopted by him and the proficiency they are attaining, is the best evidence. Although the Victoria Business College is only three months in operation, over forty pupils have taken advantage of the opportunity presented of securing a thorough business training.

Dr. A. R. Baker,

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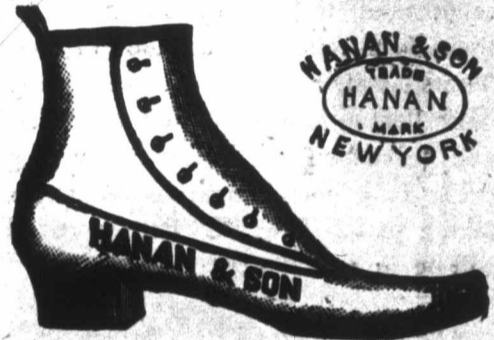
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PEN PICTURES OF PROMINENT MEN.

S. M. HARTMAN, L. D. S.

The subject of this sketch was born in Germany, May 26, 1858. He was educated at the Gymnasium, and at an early age commenced the study of dentistry under the preceptorship of one of the most expert practitioners in Prussia. He also studied medicine for two years under a prominent physician of his native city, and in the year 1877 came to the United States, beginning the practice of dentistry in San Francisco. He remained in the latter city for one year, when he removed to Victoria, and has been in active practice here ever since.

Dr. Hartman is one of the most progressive dentists on the American continent. He is continually studying and investigating the latest developments of his profession, and utilizes all those which he considers practical. He recently spent several months in Europe and the United States, and during this trip took advantage of every opportunity of exchanging views with the best practitioners of the world.

Although thoroughly efficient in all branches of the profession, Dr. Hartman is especially skillful in what is known as "crown" and "bridge" work. He has made this branch of dentistry an especial study, and has invented the best plate for artificial teeth in existence to day. It consists of a combined rubber and gold plate, the latter metal on the convex side. This is admitted to be the most perfect artificial plate extant. Another invention of Dr. Hartman's which justly entitles him to rank among the foremost members in the profession, is the wonderful apparatus to remedy "cleft palate." This appliance is a triumph of surgical skill and mechanical ingenuity.

Dr. Hartman has ever taken an active part in the progress and well fare of Victoria, and is, altogether, one of our most prominent and respected citizens. He is the oldest dentist in British Columbia, and possesses a very large and remunerative practice. He is a gentleman of deep learning and the personification of affability and good nature.

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Victoria, B. C.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1892.

RANDOM REFLECTIONS.



THE desire to look into the future is natural. In the earlier history of the human family Hebrew and heathen alike have their seers. The nineteenth century Christian who harnesses the lightnings to his purposes smilingly pities the foolish divinings of paganism, and carefully notes the circumstances attending his first glimpses of the new moon. The mental darkness of the heathen Chinese, which conceals a diminutive predestinator in the inner recesses of his ample coat, excites the scorn or contempt of the educated Caucasian who secretly treasures a luckpenny in his pocket, unconscious of how "one touch of nature makes the whole world kin." Cultivation, progress, discovery, the acquisition of knowledge which brings power, instead of eradicating this tendency of human thought, only turns it in another direction and gives it coherence and purpose.

Where ignorance led and credulity followed to fall into the ditch of error, reason and intelligent investigation marshal the evidences of past experiences and of acquired knowledge to the unveiling of future developments, and Campbell's poetic allusion, "Coming events cast their shadows before," becomes a realization in every-day life. While this is true to all men, it is pecu-

liarily so to those whose lot is cast in a new country, who have ventured forth in obedience to the strongest influence of any to which our race is susceptible, that ever urges us to occupy the waste places of the earth—what is to be the future of our province, of our city. To us, even in comparison with people in other countries, the problem is of more than ordinary interest. Situated on the confines of a great and as yet only partially occupied continent, far removed from the great centres of activity in the progress and development of our race, we may be led to think that ours must wait on that of nearer and already more advanced peoples.

Contending for supremacy with cities which less than a decade since had not an existence even in men's anticipations, practical-minded men are led to examine the groundings of their faith in the future of the city of Victoria. The home seeker, after long debate in his mind, having come to a decision, and left behind him all that was, in search of that that is to be, is wary of the glowing representations of boomers, by which so many of the too credulous have been brought to loss in other places. He is met by the chronic croaker with doleful tales of past disappointment and predictions of future stagnation. The business man, looking back to the days of small transactions and great profits, may be discouraged by competition that increases as trade increases. But despite all the hobgoblins that may be conjured up to cloud the future, the evidences that point to solid development and commercial greatness in store for our province and city are such as to justify the most confident predictions.

"Westward the star of empire takes its way" is wrought into truth by the advancing tide of emigration in the same direction, that ever mounts higher and higher, and which temporary checks seem only to increase in its succeeding volume. Each succeeding spring sees it set in from the older countries of Europe on the eastern shores of the American continent to out-do the marvels of past incomings, and to spread itself ever nearer the Pacific coast line, where it must eventually stop. And the incomings from the old world is as nothing to the shifting of the resident and native popula-

tions of the Atlantic and central states and provinces of this continent toward this western shore. The observing, thinking resident of any of the central continental cities is astonished at the increasing annual outpour, not of Europeans, but of Americans, who pass westward, and to stay.

That British Columbia has natural advantages to attract and support her full share of this coming tide is plainly evident to the tully informed and unprejudiced mind. We are not credited with having, nor do we boast of, great agricultural resources; yet even in this respect our province will compare favorably with Scotland, Vermont, Nova Scotia, Quebec, or the western portions of Ontario. Our fisheries challenge the world for a comparison; our iron and coal alone are sufficient to insure an aggregation of population and a future era of prosperity, while the revenues yet to accrue from our wealth in timber are simply beyond calculation.

With such a combination of advantages and our splendid climate, to forecast otherwise than phenomenal progress for this country is to close our eyes to facts and to forsake the conclusions of reason and common sense. That Victoria will benefit to her full share from these progressive advances, the evidence is equally conclusive. With a perfectly land-locked harbor that is certainly capable of being made equal in accommodation to the Clyde, situated at the north end of a coast line of seven hundred miles without a harbor, by her island situation removed from the hurtful competition of rival cities in her near vicinity; having the advantage of competing railway systems without the blighting curse of railway domination, with a charm of situation and of climate such as is not possessed by any other city in Canada, if in America, what has she to fear?

Men like to live where it is pleasant to live. They congregate to do business in locations where the natural facilities for doing business exist. Victoria's climate fills the first condition even better than the most favored spot in our own province. The advantages of her position in respect of the second were sufficient to establish and maintain themselves without the assistance of the fostering hand of giant mono-

poly to call them into existence or to keep them from falling into neglect. Let the sceptic climb any of the craggy eminences that overlook our city, as I love to do on a Sunday afternoon, and gaze on the scene of picturesque beauty spread out below the cosy cottages in their sheltered nooks among the trees, the stately homes surrounded by neatly trimmed green lawns, by hedges, by wide spreading oaks, or thicker clustering orchard of plum, pear, apple, or cherries on her streets, that wind in and out around her hillsides; her resting citizens strolling about enjoying the fresh air and glimpses of the glistening sunlit waters of bay or strait; her daughters, the picture of robust health, shielding the freshness of their complexions from the warmth of the January sun in the shelter of a parasol—and he can appreciate the advantages of our glorious climate, even if the picture is occasionally marred by a little rain.

Let him think of the knee-deep miseries of a long winter of piercing winds, blinding snows, or biting frosts; of the discomforts and dangers of outdoor exercise, or indoor confinement, to which these things would subject him anywhere east of the Rockies and north of Chicago; of the many expenses they incur—and he must concede the effect our climatic advantages are likely to have on our future.

CRESSET.

GALENA.

That British Columbia is on the verge of an era of unprecedented activity no one will deny and all concede that the Kootenay country will be the point at which this unusual activity will most manifest itself. Much has been said and written about this country, but nothing, no matter how flattering, that is not justified by the facts of the case. Galena, which is situated most desirably in the richest mineral district in the world, is the place which is at present attracting the most attention. At Pilot Bay, 750 acres have been secured by interested parties, 450 acres of which will be available for a town-site, and something over 100 acres will be held by the Kootenay Mining and Smelting Company and the Davies-Sayward Milling Company. The Smelter Company has located its works

upon the narrow peninsula known as Cape Horn, good bays being convenient to this point.

The Milling Company is on the east side of the bay and has the largest and most complete mill machinery in the Kootenay country. They intend doubling their output this year. The water in Pilot Bay is from 15 to 45 feet deep.

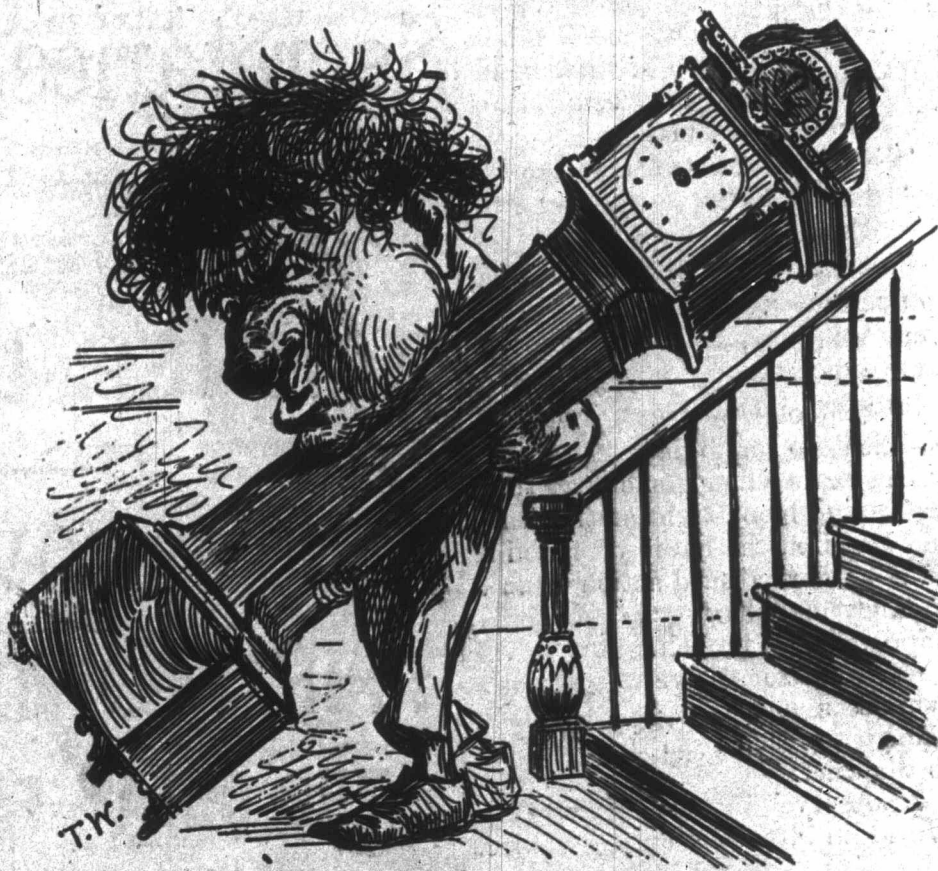
The Smelter Company is building a wharf 700 feet long, 350 feet of which is now completed and the remainder will be finished in April.

The Great Northern Railway has completed their grade into Bonner's Ferry, and will iron the road as soon as possible in the spring. From reliable information received, it appears that the Northern Pacific Railway will build from Sand Point to Bonner's Ferry. These two railways will, until the C. P. R. connects their main line with the Columbia and Kootenay Railway, have the best facilities for handling merchandise for West Kootenay. While Nelson must always command the trade of the Toad Mountain mines, and will probably have a share in the trade of the Slocan and Kaslo districts. The new town to be located at Pilot Bay will have a relative position to all the Kootenay Lake country. Kootenay

Lake is open to navigation the whole year, but Kootenay River from Bonner's Ferry to the Foot of the Lake, and the Kootenay outlet from Balfour to Nelson, are not navigable for about three months of the year, from about the 1st of January until about the 1st of April. A line of railway from Balfour to Nelson will give Nelson an all-year trade with the Kootenay Lake.



A LATE ARRIVAL.



A LEAP YEAR MOTTO—"TIME FLIES."

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.**VIOLET PROTESTS.**

To the Editor of the Victoria Home Journal:

SIR—I read with much pleasure in THE HOME JOURNAL of last week the report of the lecture given in Toronto by Mrs. Jeanness Miller, the eminent dress reform advocate. I have no hesitation whatever in stating that nearly every word uttered by this lady will at once appeal to the reason of women who have been fettered with a style of dress which should never have been adopted, as it is not beautiful, and, from a hygienic view, decidedly hurtful. That the words of Mrs. Miller are taking deep root in the minds of her sex, I might say that already three hundred dauntless girls in schools at Baltimore have resolved in their might that they won't wear corsets any more, and also that they won't wear garters.

Corsets, as every man knows from observation, are bad for the figure, and garters, as his youthful experience tells him, leave a red mark above the knee. The only possible objection to leaving off corsets might be that modesty would dictate the abandonment of the round dance. But there is no doubt that the average man would rather see a woman as beautiful as nature made her than tied up like a chicken or a roast ready for the fire. Most men are tired of round dances anyhow. There is not much fun in grasping a collection of whalebones and piloting it at a respectable distance through the mazy.

It is pleasing to consider that the day of the garter is nearly over.

Honi soit qui mal y pense

is all very well from the moral point of view. From the physical point of view, from the point of view of common sense,

Honi soit qui mal y dosen't pense.

is the motto for to-day.

The years when women had their legs bound blood-tight at the knee and required the habit of running with a more absurd action than a hackney mare have gone. We have improved. The Knight of the Garter will soon have to sport as a symbol a piece of elastic long enough to reach from the shoulder to the knee.

I observe in the New York World an interview on this subject with a prominent actress. Here are her own words on the important subject:

"If garters were thrown, phys-

like, to the dogs, and corsets were used for coal scuttles or something women would be 50 per cent. more comfortable and 50 per cent. happier. Of course I wear garters—the long ones, you know, that go over the shoulders—but I never wear corsets if I can help it.

"In the play of Uncle Celestin, I do not wear anything at all, that is nothing in the way of corsets or garters. Have you seen the play? Yes? Well you could see the difference, couldn't you? Why in the character of Gustave, I am almost as full as a man, that is to say as easy in the figure. You see it is unnatural for a woman to cave in in the middle of her body as corsets make her do. You can see that by looking at any good statue. You can tell what an absurd thing a corset is as soon as you find out how pretty a woman is when free

from it. Of course there are times when I am obliged either to wear corsets or to have my waist well boned. For instance, when I wear low necked costumes. But that is no excuse for putting a little child into corsets and teaching her almost from infancy to believe that a backbone in a woman is a luxury and not a necessity."

From numerous interviews with women, I have arrived at the conclusion that the corsets bid fair to be done away with and that people may soon hope to see a quantity of Venuses of Milo prancing along our streets. In the present stage of humanity, the garter as draped over the shoulder must probably endure. Woman cannot take to socks because her gowns admit the cold air, and without a garter no self-respecting stocking will keep a stiff upper lip. VIOLET.

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An immense range of

BANNER LAMPS, ETC.

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**THE HOME JOURNAL,
THE GREAT FAMILY NEWSPAPER,**

\$1.00 - - - PER ANNUM.

RETAIL GROCERS' PRICES CURRENT.

Quotations are per pound, or for such quantities as are usually ordered by families. Goods in larger quantities are obtainable at lower prices:

Apples, evaporated	\$ 12 1/2
sun dried	10
Apricots, evaporated	16
Asparagus, tin	40
Barley, Pearl	10
Bacon, breakfast	18
spiced roll	16
Beef, corned, tin	35
Bloaters	12 1/2
Blacklead, best	3 for 25
French Polish	25
Bricks, bath	12 1/2
Butter, creamery	35c or 3 for 1 00
dairy	25
fresh Island	50
Catsup, tomato	25 to 40
mushroom, pt.	40
walnut, pt.	40
Capers	25
Candles, Belmont	25
Ozokerit	50
Caviar	50
Celery, salt	25
Chocolate, Eagle	50
Cocoa, Fry	50
Epps	50
Van Houton's	1 50
Chutney	25 to 1 50
Cheese, Canadian	20
Roquefort	1 00
Swiss	50
English Stilton	50
Limburg	50
Brick Cream	50
Mellors Cream, pots	1 25
Parmasam	1 00
Pineapple	50
Edom	50
Clams	3 for 50
Cocanut	50
Coffee, Costa Rica, green	25
Java	40
Mocha	50
ground	40
Cream Tartar	50
Currants, Patras	12 1/2
Vostizl	16
Corn, Ontario	3 for 50
Deville'd meat	40
Eggs, fresh	50
packed	25
Extracts, flavoring, 2 oz.	25 to 35
Farina	10 lb. sack 1 25
Figs	per lb 25
10 lbs	2 00
Fish, cod, Pacific	12 1/2
" Eastern	16
" black	12 1/2
mackerel bloater	35
tins	1 00
Flour, Hungarian	6 75
Snowflake	6 50
Enderby	6 25
Fruits, assorted table, 3-lb. tins	40
" 2-lb. tins	25
pie, gallon	75
in Brandy	1 50
crystalized	25 to 75
Gelatine, Nelson's	25
Hams	20
Hops	40
Honey, gallon	1 75
1 lb, comb, in jars	1 00
2 lbs	75
Jams, assorted C & B	3 for 1 00
Knife Polish	25
Lard, pure, 10 lbs	1 75
5 lbs	1 00
Lentils	16
Lemons, Sicily	50
California	35
Lobster, Clover Leaf	35
Marmalade, pots	35
Maccaroni	25
Milk, Reindeer, tins	25
Eagle, tins	35
Highland Cr. am.	25

Mince meat, jars	1 50
condensed	25
Mustard, Colman's, 1 lb.	35
" 1 lb.	65
Mushrooms	35
Nuts, assorted	25
Oil, Coal, tin	1 85
case	3 50
Olives, qt bottle	75
pt bottle	50
1/2 pt bottle	25
Oysters, fresh, tin	75
Blue Point, 2-lb. tins	35
" 1-lb. tins	25
Onions	4
Pate de foie gras	1 25 to 1 75
Peel, mixed	40
Pearline	25
Pepper, ground	50
whole	35
Pickles, C & B, qt	65
" pt	35
Potatoes	1 25
Prunes	12 1/2
Plum pudding	75
Raisins, Dehesa	50
layers	25
Valencias off stalk	12 1/2
" layers	16
Sultanas	20
Rice, Japan	8
Sandwich Island	10
China	5
Sauce, Lea & Perrins, large	65
small	35
Yorkshire Relish	25
Spices, tins	25
Sugar, granulated, Vancouver, 14lbs	1 00
" San Frisco, 13 "	1 00
" Hong Kong, 15 "	1 00
" cube, San Francisco, 10 lbs	1 00
" Vancouver, 12 lbs	1 00
" Extra C, 15 lbs	1 00
Syrup, 1-gal. tin	1 00
2-lb tin	25
Maple, gal.	1 50
Tapioca	10
Tongue, Lunch, 2	75
" 1	50
" Ox 3	1 00
Tea, S & B	50 to 75
Japanese	25 to 75
Tobacco, T & B	75
Vinegar, English Malt	1 00
White Wine	1 00

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY AND ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

FALCONER'S

Pure Malt Vinegar, per gal.	75
Pure Tomato Catsup, bottle	35
Worcestershire Sauce, half pints	25
" pints	35
Mushroom Catsup, pints	35
Quince Cider, per quart	25
Apple Cider	25
(Excellent for mince meat.)	
Extracts—Lemon and Vanilla, 2oz.	25
" 8oz.	70
Fruit Syrups, per quart bottles	50
(Strawberry, Lemon, Raspberry.)	
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VICTORIA VINEGAR WORKS,	
155 YATES ST., VICTORIA.	

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NICE DRY CORD WOOD.

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ERNEST HALL, M. D.,

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Scotch, English, Irish and American Suitings, Overcoatings and Pantings, also a large and select assortment of Gents' Furnishings of all the latest styles, consisting of Hats, Caps, Ties, Shirts, Braces, Umbrellas, Etc.

NO. 88, DOANE BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.



THE Belmour-Gray Company concluded their engagement at the Imperial last Wednesday night. The success which has attended this popular company at this house is too well known to require further remarks. The play presented was *May Blossom* and is well calculated to leave behind the company the most pleasant recollections of the artistic merits of their work. Mr. Frank Armstrong, as Steve Hyland, acted his part to perfection, in fact, it might be mentioned that this is Mr. Armstrong's favorite role. Charles M. Gray, as Uncle Bartlett the honest old preacher, kept the house in continual roars of laughter. Louis Belmour's Tom Blossom was really good; in fact, equal to anything that gentleman has yet been seen in, in this city. Fred Summerfield gave a well conceived representation of Owen Hathaway and received much applause. Of course intense interest was manifested in the sweet *May Blossom*, the fisherman's daughter. Miss Dalglish in this role, from the moment she made her appearance on the stage till the curtain was rung down on the last act, had complete control of her audience. Those present laughed and grew sad just as Miss Dalglish willed it. Many will regret that it will be some time before they can again have the pleasure of seeing this lady on the stage. She is one of the hardest and most conscientious workers in the profession. This young lady fully realizes that there is no royal road to learning and if we are not greatly mistaken she will yet win her way to the proud position of a national favorite. Her friends in Victoria will watch her career with great interest. Miss Ada Wheeler appeared to great advantage as Aunt Deborah, as did also Miss Ella Damaris as Milly. Little Carrie Franks, who belongs to this city, as Young Eph, was the recipient of much applause. Little Miss Myrtle Ward, the cute and charming little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Ward, surprised many by

the perfect way in which she spoke her lines.

Ward's Imperial Theatre will remain dark until the 8th of February, when it will be opened by an almost entire new company. Mr. Ward has given a great deal of time in order to select a company that would be creditable to the house and from all accounts he has succeeded. The names of the new people have not yet been made known, but it is said that among them will be found several well-know eastern favorites.

The arrangements for the Victoria Stock Company have not been completed but Manager Collins expects to have it thoroughly under way in the course of a few weeks. He intends to spare neither pains nor expense to make it an organization entitled to the support of the people of Victoria.

Last night (Friday) Katie Putnam opened a short engagement at The Victoria in the beautiful comedy drama, *Love Finds a Way*. Miss Putnam has been for a long time before the public and is growing in popularity. She has this year surrounded herself with a superior company, and as a consequence the box receipts are commensurate with her outlay in securing first-class people. This afternoon the Putnam Company produces, *The Old Curiosity Shop*, a dramatization of Charles Dickens' novel of the same name. In the character of Little Nell, Katie Putnam has long been acknowledged without a superior. To-night, *Erma the Elf*. The part of the lively, true-hearted girl is admirably taken by the versatile Miss Putnam. The house should be crowded.

AT THE VICTORIA.

Katie Putnam.
Bella Golden.
Hanlon's Superba,
Corinne Opera Company.
Spider and the Fly.
Casino Opera Company.
Frank Daniels.
Modjeska.
Cora Tanner.
Frederick Warde.
Thatcher's Minstrels.
Two Johns.
Blue Jeans.
Nat Goodwin.
W. H. Crane.
Kate Claxton.
Ole Olson.
Carl Johnson.

Fast Mail.
Natural Gas.
Cruiskeen Lawn.
McCarthy's Mishaps.
Marie Hubert Frohman.
Sol Smith Russell.
Nellie McHenry.
The Stowaway.
Still Alarm.
Margaret Mather.
Frohman's Junior Partner Company.
Joe Murphy.
Yon Yonson.
Brady's After Dark.

AT THE VANCOUVER OPERA HOUSE.

Kate Claxton—Jan. 20 and 21.
Katie Putnam—25 and 26.
Devil's Auction—27.
Garrick Dramatic Club (local)—13
John L. Sullivan—19.
Nanaimo Amateurs—Feb. 10.
Sport McAllister—29.
Hanlon's Superba—April 4 and 5.
Frederick Warde—11, 12 and 13.
Ole Olson—15.
Spider and Fly—18 and 19.
Corinne Opera Company—20 and 21.
Marie Wainwright—May 9 and 10.
Fred Daniels—11 and 14.
Cora Tanner—27 and 28.
Lilian Lewis—June 1 and 2.
Thatcher's Minstrels—10 and 11.
Rhea—16 and 17.
Two Johns—22 and 23.
Natural Gas—July 20 and 21.

PEN PICTURES OF PROMINENT MEN.

ERNEST CROMPTON, M. R. C. S., L. R.
C. P., LONDON.

Among the prominent professional men of Victoria, none are better or more favorably known than the subject of this sketch.

Dr. Ernest Crompton was born in England, October 1, 1862. He was educated at a private boarding school in Devonshire and qualified when twenty years of age. He then entered St. Bartholomew's Hospital in London and after five years close application and study he graduated, receiving the degrees M. R. C. S. and L. R. C. P.

After spending another year in one of the great hospitals of London he moved to Nova Scotia, and shortly afterwards came to Victoria. His success in this city is well known; he has a very large practice among the better class of people and is recognized as one of the most skillful practitioners in the province.

Dr. Crompton is a member of the Ancient Order of Forresters, and is the physician of "Court Vancouver" of that order. He makes no specialty in his profession, but is thoroughly versed in all branches of medicine and surgery. He is a deep student and a widely read man of more than ordinary mental ability.

MUSIC.



NOT long since a well known music teacher of Victoria who has had long experience in her work demonstrated her own right to the title of practical by the following concise statement to THE HOME JOURNAL, a statement which will prove of interest to the teacher, the pupil and the parent alike.

I often think what a mistaken idea many parents and friends have concerning the education of a young person in music. If they applied the same reasoning, or lack of reasoning, to personal religion, they would, after the convert had taken formal vows, compel her to attend to duties that almost vexed her and to see and hear things in the conduct of those around most calculated to irritate and discourage piety and sweetness. People breeding stock or plants begin at the beginning to choose conditions that will produce the best results, and in the care and the development of growing nothing is allowed to come in contact with it that will impair its wished for perfection.

Now, what is the use of a pupil taking lessons of a teacher who loves and strives to inculcate the artistic, to have it all overturned by the every-day distractions of a home so desultorily practical, prosaic and unappreciative, that the pupil can never call up within those precincts one of the feelings that prevade each lesson? Whatever does not help must hinder, and after the endeavors of an anxious mamma or blundering papa to

encourage a pupil in practice, are about like the act of the child who dug the bean up the day after planting, to see how much it had sprouted. Then, again, the wretched mistake is too often made by these highly practical (?) parents, of concluding that the girl "ought to be able to sing by this time. We've spent \$40 for your lessons and now you won't sing for anyone. Before you took lessons at all, you used to sing whenever you were asked. I don't see the good of putting out money to educate you and you don't show it." Many a struggling pupil will read the above lines with a pang. They are all too familiar in hundreds of cases. But, my wise friend, the well-meaning parent, do you think a singer is made by a few lessons any more than a preacher, a doctor or a painter? And how would you like to entrust your soul, your body or your portrait to one of these tryos who had spent "\$40 in lessons?" Not a good comparison? No, perhaps not to you, but it means just as much to your daughter when asked to sing as it does to your doctor when asked to diagnose and prescribe, or your artist to portray. She has not the reputation of the great professional, but she has the feelings, and they are her own—all she has; and when you try to push her forward against her instinct, you don't know how those feelings are hurt. And it doesn't do them any good either to say by implication, "They know you cannot do much and will not expect much."

Many a pupil says, or thinks, when taking a lesson: "Oh, if I could sing this way when at home, when practicing!" I say it without seeing the remedy—the pupil can seldom feel that abandon and "lift" at home that characterizes the lesson. There are so many things that are felt by the pupil that are not felt by others in the house—thoughts and feelings that can never become common ground between the musical and unmusical of the same circle, that any attempt to describe them would fail. And it is these very things so undefined, but so real, that, freely indulged, would make the pupil's home practice glorious, but stifled or fearfully hidden in that practical atmosphere, rob the hour of all its charm.

One reason why a pupil ad-

vances rapidly under a teacher abroad, is that the teacher's influence and the artistic effect of study and musical affiliation are not counteracted by the associations which so destroy all this at home. Give the pupil as much helpful influence in her study with the local teacher as she gets abroad and you will find her progress nearly as great.

Manager Collins is corresponding with an opera company with the hope of securing them for a two-weeks engagement. If satisfactory arrangements can be made Italian and English operas will be produced on alternate nights.

THE BARRISTFRS' BANQUET



GOING TO THE BANQUET.



THE MORNING AFTER—My boy, take an old man's advice, and never attend a barristers' banquet. More water!



What will be my
Christmas present?
I need a
Bissell Carpet Sweeper.

BISSELL'S GRAND RAPIDS CARPET SWEEPER

—IS THE HOUSEWIFE'S—

CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

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MCLENNAN & McFEELY,
70 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

FIRE LOSSES FOR THREE YEARS.

The *Commercial Bulletin* of New York furnishes the following comparative statement of losses by fire in Canada and the United States during the last three years

	1889.	1890.	1891.
January...	\$ 6,898,700	\$ 9,179,300	\$ 11,230,900
February..	12,800,000	7,387,025	9,226,500
March.....	10,912,000	8,466,300	12,540,750
April.....	15,987,000	8,285,520	11,309,000
May.....	9,915,300	8,838,100	16,660,395
June.....	7,755,000	5,655,000	8,587,625
July.....	11,020,500	14,723,590	9,692,200
August....	11,153,850	9,009,100	9,055,100
September.	9,735,900	6,943,700	10,658,200
October....	8,366,600	7,279,500	13,248,300
November.	20,081,600	8,351,300	14,736,100
December.	7,304,800	12,880,000	13,535,500

Total...\$131,949,250 \$106,998,345 \$137,716,150

The past six years' totals are as follows:

1886.....	\$116,600,000	1889.....	\$131,949,250
1887.....	129,264,400	1890.....	106,998,345
1888.....	123,290,520	1891.....	137,716,150

The *Insurance and Finance Chronicle* of Montreal comments at length on the above figures, and asks what does the increase of over \$30,000,000 in the fire loss of 1891 in the United States and Canada over the preceding year mean? It answers that it means a great deal to the companies. It does not mean that the knowledge gained from extended experience is less than formerly. It does not mean that fire departments in the large cities and fire extinguishing appliances everywhere are less efficient than before. It does not mean that appliances for fire prevention or systematic inspection of the physical hazard are less operative or efficient than a year or two ago, for they are more so. Besides, the companies which transact the bulk of the business are not reckless plungers, but the contrary. Our contemporary concludes: "In our opinion we shall find it mainly in the increased moral hazard. Business, especially in the United States, has been and is being overdone, nourishing a large class of eager, small men with

small capital, aspiring to compete with large men with large capital. Foreseeing failure, the former, many of them, cunningly prepare to sell out to the insurance companies, and manage to do it pretty effectually." Moral: Apply inspection and selection to the who as searchingly as to the what of insurance. The moral drawn from the above therefore is that inspection and selection should be as searchingly applied to those who insure as to the risks insured on their account.

HEISTERMAN & CO.

The growth of the business of Heisterman & Co. necessitates larger and better quarters. These they have now secured at 75 Government Street. The firm have fitted up their new quarters, not only in a manner to provide accommodation for their immense business, but a great deal of taste has been displayed in the arrangement, fittings and furnishings. The firm have built a fire-proof vault for the safe keeping of valuable deeds and other documents entrusted to their care. Probably no other firm in the city has the custody of so many large estates and the title-deeds, mortgages, etc. The insurance—fire, marine and life—business forms no inconsiderable part of their transactions. They represent the Life Insurance Company, having more millions than any other financial corporation in the world, and it will give THE HOME JOURNAL readers some idea of what such an agency means in this city when we state that during the past eighteen months Heisterman & Co. have received in premiums over \$70,000, and yet, large as this sum is, they have paid out for claims, endowments, and death claims over \$100,000.

The offices consist of a large space for the public, divided from the general office by a handsome counter, and behind this again are suites of private rooms. The

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COAL AND WOOD in any quantity, delivered on short notice, at 30 Humboldt Street, foot of Douglas Street.

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ARCHITECT

70 DOUGLAS ST., VICTORIA, B.

whole is comfortably furnished in good taste, without any attempt at ostentatious display.

THE Tumbo Island Coal Co. have concluded the transfer of the right of exploring their mine to a new company lately formed in New York, composed of Messrs. Paul Watelet and Douglas Green. Mr. Watelet is from Brussels, Belgium, and was for some time emigration agent to Canada of the Belgian government. The company will be known as the Green & Watelet Coal Mining Company. Coal was found, about six months ago, in a shaft supposed to be eight feet thick.

New Goods For the Holidays.

5 Cases Just Received now being
Opened at

C. E. REDFERN'S,
43 Government Street

Diamonds, all sizes up to 5 Carats.
English Swiss and American Gold and Silver
Watches.
Gold and Silver Jewelry.
English and American Sterling Silverware.
English Oak and Silver.
English, Canadian and American Electro-
plate.
French Bronzes.
French Marble Clocks.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silver-Mounted
Dressing Bags.
Opera and Field Glasses.
English and American Clocks.

The above, with a variety of other goods,
were selected by Mr. C. E. Redfern, when in
Europe, and purchased for cash, and will be
sold at the lowest possible prices during the
coming holidays.

Robert Jamieson,
**BOOKSELLER
AND STATIONER,**

92 GOVERNMENT STREET,
VICTORIA. - - B. C.

FRANK CAMPBELL

Leads them all for
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
"Campbell's Corner."

THE JEWELLERS.
Jackson & Mylius.

76 Gov't St., Colonist Building
PRESCRIPTION.

C. H. BOWES & CO.
PHARMACISTS,
27 Johnson St., near Store St.
TELEPHONE 425. NIGHT BELL.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.

During the week a business change,
which has not been altogether unexpected,
went into effect. There are few persons
upon this coast who are not acquainted
with the well known private banking
house of Garesche, Green & Co., and none
of them who are not well satisfied as to its
stability and enterprise. The old firm,
which has been the representative of the
house of Wells, Fargo & Co., entered into
business in 1873, on Yates street. Mr.
Garesche died years ago and the business,
under the able direction of the late Mr.
Green, has lived and grown as the city
prospered and developed. Recently Mrs.
Green acquired the Garesche interest in
the bank, and has admitted into the part-
nership Mr. F. W. Worlock, who has so
well attended to its vast and varied inter-
ests for so many years past. Practically
there is no change in the administration,
and there can be no doubt that, with his
augmented interests, Mr. Worlock will re-
lax none of that close attention to duty
that has characterized him in the past.
We predict for the new firm of Green,
Worlock & Co. a long and prosperous ca-
reer.—*The Commercial Journal.*

THE DISHONEST TRADER.

Speaking of a recent failure at Vancou-
ver, a gentleman informs us that the cause
was "trying to beat competitors by selling
goods at and below cost, with the result
that he was wiped out himself." THE
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL of last week con-
tained an article bearing on the practice of
certain wholesale men giving goods to
men who depended solely upon these
methods of doing business in order to
secure trade. We pointed out the impos-
sibility of any merchant doing business so
as to treat his customers and creditors
fairly and yet sell goods at and below cost.
As an eastern exchange remarks, he must
run his course sooner or later—length of
time, of course, depending very largely
upon his resources, and in less degree
upon his methods. But during the whole
course of his career he cannot be honest,
and the sooner such men complete the pro-
cess of self-strangulation the better it will
be for the trade at large. Of course the
better plan would be to never permit such
men to get into business. In several
wholesale centres in the east organizations
are being formed whose aims and objects
are to correct another form of abuse, that
of giving indiscriminate credit. A well-
known eastern wholesaler puts the matter
in this light:—"It is the class who are do-
ing business on other people's money we
are after. A few days ago I had consider-
able trouble in collecting from a certain
party, and I noticed whenever he paid his
account he would order as much more on
credit. I became suspicious and worked
him up. I found he carried about ten
hundred dollars' worth of stock and was
owing bills to the amount of about twelve
hundred dollars in this city. I then con-
cluded his was not the kind of trade I
wanted, so I instructed my collector to
push him and make him pay what he
owed, and then let him alone, as he was
doing business on our capital."—*The Com-
mercial Journal.*

A Merry Xmas

To the readers of the Home Journal.

You can make it still happier by saving
money, and so having more to
spend. To do that,
call and see.

**MACALUAY AND
HIGGINBOTTOM**
Lion Clothing House

74 YATES STREET,

And see the prices they have marked their
goods down to for their

FIRST ANNUAL

Christmas Sale

H. C. LUCAS,
LIVERPOOL BAKERY

Fancy Bread, Cake and Biscuit Baker.
WEDDING CAKES MADE TO ORDER.

Walter Walker
COAL OFFICE.
68 YATES ST
TELEPHONE 466.

Railway Wood Yard
13 Store St. Tel. 415.

Chas Rattray,



COAL OFFICE
28 Store Street, Victoria.
TELEPHONE 197.

DRINK JOHNSON'S PURE TEAS

K

B

KERR & BEGG.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

Blank Books,

Blank Books,

Blank Books,

Blank Books,

Blank Books,

Blank Books,

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**45 GOVERNMENT STREET.**

K

B

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**— THE IMPERIAL THEATRE —**

**THE GREAT FAMILY RESORT.**

**J. WARD, PROPRIETOR.**

Will re-open February 8th with an almost entirely new company.

The House is now being thoroughly re-fitted and new stock scenery is being prepared for the re-opening,

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**POPULAR PRICES, 25 35 AND 50C.**