

FESTIVITIES AT PALACE BROUGHT TO GRIM CLOSE

Royal Birthday Proceedings Closed With Sudden Death of Montagu Guest.

Suffragette Incident at Guildhall banquet when Toast to King is Being Honored.

London, Nov. 9.—The celebration of the king's 68th birthday and the inauguration of Sir John Knill as Lord Mayor, to succeed Sir George Truscott made London an especially lively centre of interest today, although the historical and theatrical side of the Lord Mayor's show was wanting.

The banquet at the Guildhall tonight was the scene of a suffragette incident. The Lord Mayor was responding to the toast of the king, when a crash of glass was heard and a stained glass window fell in fragments into the banquet hall. Shouts of "votes for women," sounded through the room, causing considerable excitement and some amusement. Two women who had gained the roof and thrown the stones were arrested. Another suffragist, Spencer Churchill, president of the Board of Trade in the vestibule was ejected.

International Affairs.

Premier Asquith, who was the principal speaker at the banquet and dealt with international politics. He referred to the Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York, where Admiral Sir Edward Hobart Seymour had worthily interpreted great Britain's sentiments toward the United States. He was happy to be able to speak tonight to the celebration of the Hudson-Fulton celebration, which would justify the recognition of annexation.

The Japanese ambassador to Great Britain, Count Kato, expressed Japan's earnest desire for the continuance of the existing friendship between England and Japan. The guests included most of the ministers and diplomats, the officers of both services, Admiral Seymour and a host of celebrities.

Canada is interested in the birthday honor list from the fact that Lady Dawson, wife of Sir Trever Dawson, one of those honored is a Canadian lady.

The Canadians included were W. W. Cory, Deputy Minister of the Interior, and A. B. Perry, Commissioner of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, both of whom are treated commanders of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

The royal birthday festivities at Sandringham palace were brought to a close this afternoon by the sudden death from heart disease of Montagu Guest, while out with the king's shooting party.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER FOR MAYOR C. F. O. FISSET

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 9.—A complimentary dinner was tendered Mayor C. F. O. Fiset, of the R. C. R., at the Queen Hotel, tonight, by the honorary members of the officers' mess, at No. 3 military depot. The occasion of the affair was the recent promotion of the guest of honor, who is in command of the depot, to the rank of major.

The young bachelors of Fredericton will be hosts at a ball at Windsor Hall, tomorrow evening. The chaplains will be Messrs. W. Dawes, Gilmore, W. E. Trites and George Clark. Rev. A. B. Murray, of Stanley, was last night elected rector of St. Mary's to succeed the late Rev. Craig Nichols, who goes to St. Andrews in December.

GOVIN ADMITS THAT LAVERGNE WAS CORRECT

Charges Against Hon. Mr. Turgeon Substantiated by Quebec's Premier—Claims Government Knew of No Deal.

LIBERAL PRESS GETS TURNED DOWN.

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Some time ago Mr. Armand Lavergne made a charge publicly against Hon. Mr. Turgeon, that he had, while minister of lands and forests in the Gouin Government, sold a lot of land which did not belong to the province, but to the Quebec harbor, to a man named Dussault, and that afterwards he had bought it back for himself. The Liberal papers tried to belittle the charge, but speaking here tonight on behalf of Mr. Robillard, the Government candidate in St. James, Sir Lomer Gouin, admitted that the minister had sold the land, but without the knowledge of the other members of the Government and he stated that the Government had submitted the question to the courts whether the minister had the right to sell the land without an order-in-council and whether it belonged to the province.

STABBING IN P. E. ISLAND

Farmers Altercation Leads to Serious Stabbing Affray—No Reason Given for Quarrel or Crime.

Special to The Standard.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 9.—A serious stabbing affray occurred at Bradford about three miles from Cape Traverse, P. E. I., last evening. James Harvey, a well known farmer of that place about 50 years of age, went up to his sister's place to bring home his two little girls who had been visiting their aunt. Another man named McNeill had been visiting at the house about the same time as the little girls. Harvey had a stick in his hand and was shaking it as he came towards the house. McNeill was in a young man about 25 years of age, of a somewhat hysterical temperament, claims that he thought Harvey was some drunken or crazy man and that he was going to attack him, he engaged him in a clench during which McNeill brought a pocket knife into use and stabbed Harvey no less than four times.

As he was stabbing him the last time, McNeill said, "I'll stab you, and as he did so, was brought down by a blow from the stick. McNeill and Harvey live quite close to each other, there being only a farm between them. McNeill after stabbing went home and told what had happened to his grandsons, who he did not know why he had stabbed Harvey.

DAN McDUGALL IS COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Conclusion of Hearing Into Libel Case At Montreal Comes With Startling Suddenness.—Peter Peterson on Stand.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—With father a startling windup to a long enquete in the case of Dan McDougall, president of the local organization of the United Mine Workers of America, at Glace Bay, N. S., McDougall was today committed for trial in the court of King's bench, on a charge of libelling the late mine worker, Peter Peterson, by publishing an untrue statement in an advertisement signed by him.

The commitment came at the close of the evidence of Peter Peterson, international member and general organizer of the United Mine Workers of America.

COVEY THIRD.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 9.—Fred Cameron on the crack Amherst runner won the five mile race at the Crescent's sports here tonight. There was a great fight for second place, Palmer defeating Rogers by less than a yard. Cameron's time was 26:54. In the 440 yard race Covey of St. John was ahead until the last lap when he fell back to third position.

NO A SCORPION BARKENTINE COLLISION

Six of Crew of Liverpool Vessel John S. Bennett Victims of Marine Disaster Off Block Island—Bennett Struck by Schooner Merrill C. Hart, Also Believed To Be Lost With Crew of Five.

New York, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Belated news of a disaster at sea in which eleven lives were probably lost, was brought to New York today. Six of the crew of the barkentine John S. Bennett, bound from New York to Halifax with a cargo of coal were drowned on Monday morning when she sank in collision off Block Island with a four-masted schooner supposed to be the Merrill C. Hart of Thomaston, Me. The schooner is also believed to have been lost, together with all her crew but how many men she carried is not known here.

Wreckage of the barkentine was seen by the Merrill C. Hart of Thomaston, Me. The schooner is also believed to have been lost, together with all her crew but how many men she carried is not known here. Wreckage of the barkentine was seen by the Merrill C. Hart of Thomaston, Me. The schooner is also believed to have been lost, together with all her crew but how many men she carried is not known here.

Martinez on both sides of the Sound stated their opinion that the schooner must have been struck by the barkentine to have suffered so severely. According to the captain of the schooner, the barkentine was on a regular service between Maine and other coastwise ports, for 43 years, clearly suffered most from the encounter, her parts coming ashore in fragments.

Weather Clear.

Sunday night, or Monday morning when the collision took place, was clear enough for good observation, according to lighthouse observers on both sides of the Sound. They reported checking off a number of passing vessels, all schooners, but saw no barkentine. Neither did they see or hear anything to indicate the position which took place. It is supposed that it happened about the middle of the Sound, between Point Jurin on the main and Sandy Point on Block Island. At both these points wreckage washed ashore today.

Included among the wreckage which was washed upon both shores was a small boat, a deckhouse, a quarterboard bearing the name Merrill C. Hart, a foghorn of foreign make, operated by a crank, a number of doors, and a considerable quantity of whole and smashed planks. It is believed that all these parts came from the schooner. There was also found a seamans' locker, No. 3772 and a photograph, apparently that of a Filipino. The latter, alone, is believed to have come from the barkentine.

Cap. Knowles, in charge of the third life saving district, comprising the stations in Narragansett Bay and Block Island Sound, has issued orders for a search to be made early tomorrow morning, but within the radius of vision there were no other vessels to be seen.

The William Jones, which was bound from Liverpool to Sprague, Me. for New York, with a cargo of lumber, made a quick trip down and reached New York today. When the rescued Filipino was taken to a interpreter it soon developed that they were members of the barkentine John S. Bennett. They were later recognized as forming a part of the Bennett's crew. The shipping master who shipped them from this port.

The Filipinos told the interpreter that the vessel which was in collision with the Bennett was a four-masted schooner. She had sunk, they said, soon after the vessels collided.

GOVERNMENT AT OTTAWA GETS IMPORTANT GIFT

Original Correspondence Sent by The Governors General to London During Eventful Year Presented to Dept.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Nov. 9.—A most important gift has been made to the Canadian Government by the British War Office. It is the original correspondence sent by the Governor General to the British Government during the period 1793 to 1840 during which Upper and Lower Canada were separate provinces.

This is the official story of these days, and inasmuch as in the correspondence the causes which led up to, and the events during the progress of the war of 1812-14 and voluminously dealt with it is regarded as of great archival importance.

The relation which preceded the signing of the convention in London in 1818 regulating the privileges of the United States in British North American fisheries receive much recognition.

After a cursory glance over some of the papers, Dr. Doughty the Dominion Archivist is enabled to say that they will have the effect of modifying in some cases and connecting in others, data which have hitherto been considered historically accurate and which are of some concern to both Canada and United States.

Sir Arthur Guise will succeed T. Leveson Gower, as comptroller of the household at Government House, Ottawa. Sir Arthur was formerly secretary to Earl Minto.

QUEBEC LEADER IS SOLID FOR R. L. BORDEN

So Declares Himself in Statement Issued to the Press—Divergence in View on Naval Policy of No Significance.

OVIATION FOR LEADER IN WEST MIDDLESEX.

STORY OF DISLOYALTY EMPHATICALLY DENIED.

OTTAWA, Nov. 9.—Some foolish despatches have been sent from Ottawa by interested parties who claim to know that there will be a fight at the Conservative caucus on Friday over the leadership of the party. There is absolutely no foundation in this. There is no question about the leadership of the party. Every member of the party is loyal to Mr. Borden. He is the ablest man in Parliament today, a man above reproach, and without him the Conservatives would be in a hopeless position. Every member of parliament arriving in the city expresses this view and denies emphatically the stories of disloyalty sent abroad.

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—I wish to go on record as being solid for Mr. Borden. I know of no movement to oust him from the leadership of the Conservative party. I am strongly against any such movement, if there be any, but this is the first I have heard of. I am absolutely loyal to the leader of the Conservative opposition and the fact that I differ with him on an important question of policy, does not signify anything more. I shall be extremely glad to have an opportunity of declaring my loyalty to Mr. Borden.

Mr. F. D. Monk, M. P., found time this morning to make the foregoing statement to a local newspaper man who called on him to inquire if his divergence from the policy of Mr. R. L. Borden on the question of Canada's naval policy signified a separation on other points.

Many Callers.

Mr. Monk said many callers today, his strong speech of last night having created no little sensation. It is generally admitted that it was a speech of the Conservative party on the navy question, was hinted to Mr. Monk. What he said was this: "I don't differ with Mr. Borden on the question of Canada's naval policy. I think you know that as well as I do."

The local Conservative leader contemplates with the same feelings that he would assassinate the idea that there are any adherents of the Conservative party who would follow Mr. Borden from the leadership. "The fact that I differ with him on a question of Government policy does not signify that I am no longer a follower of his," he said. "I look up to him as the Conservative leader and I should be very sorry if anybody got any other idea into their heads."

Ovation for Mr. Borden.

Gloucester, Ont., Nov. 9.—The residents of this entire village and the surrounding districts accorded a true highland welcome to Mr. R. L. Borden here tonight. Long before the hour for the holding of the meeting the spacious town hall was crowded to the doors.

Mr. Borden, the candidate, Mr. Robert McLaughlin, accompanied by a fine bodyguard of the Conservative party were escorted to the hall by numerous organizations and the Brass Band. The various speakers, including the candidate, were followed with the closest attention and Mr. Borden's appearance was the signal for a wild outburst of applause.

The leader of the Opposition dealt in a telling manner with the general questions of the day but did not choose to refer to the naval question, including the candidate, were followed by remarks he may wish to make on that subject until the matter came up in the house. Mr. Borden's visit to the riding has gone a long way towards ensuring the return of the Conservative standard bearer tomorrow night, wherever he has gone in the riding he has been acclaimed as Canada's next Premier.

EMPRESS SAILINGS HAVE BEEN CANCELLED

Repairs to Ireland Will Require More Time Than Was at First Supposed and Early Sailings are Dispensed With

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—A cable was received here yesterday at C. P. R. headquarters that the repairs to the Empress of Ireland would take some time, and as a result, the proposed sailing of the Ireland from Liverpool to Halifax and St. John on December 2 next, has been cancelled. H. and A. Allan have arranged to let the Hesperian take the place of the Ireland and the Allan liner will sail from Liverpool on December 2, and from St. John on December 17. Halifax, December 18. This will be the Christmas sailing of the C. P. R. and Allan lines.

Important Changes in Allan's Personnel.

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Capt. H. St. George Lindsay, for the past two years marine superintendent of the Allan line here, has resigned. He will be succeeded by W. J. McGriffin, formerly assistant superintendent of the Allan line, but more recently in the employ of the C. P. R. Atlantic line. Both Capt. Lindsay and Mr. McGriffin are well known in St. John, Halifax and Portland, the former being master of the Corinthian in days gone by. The change goes into effect at once.

SURTAX FOR U.S. IF RETALIATORY CLAUSE APPLIES

HILL TELLS OF HIS PART IN GIRL'S DEATH

Declares in Confession Read Before Court That Amelia St. Jean Died At Own Hand—Head is Found.

DRAMATIC ENDING IN FAMOUS CASE

Taunton, Mass., Nov. 9.—While the attorney for "Prof." Frank L. Hill, the Fall River herb doctor, who today pleaded guilty in the Bristol county superior court, to an indictment of manslaughter in connection with the Triverton suitcase mystery, was making a statement in the nature of a confession, reporters in the neighboring city of Fall River, found in a spot indicated in the confession, the head of the victim, which completed the dismembered body of the young woman. Hill's attorney in his statement to the court, said that the victim, Amelia St. Jean, of Woonsocket, R. I., had died in Hill's office, as the result of her own act, after the herb doctor had refused to give her the surgical relief which she sought.

The superior court room in this city was the scene of the last act of this fatal drama which has been watched by the inhabitants of the two states for almost a month.

Changed Plea.

In a low voice which could scarcely be heard by Judge Stevens, who was presiding, the Fall River herb doctor changed his plea of last week and replied "guilty" when asked to answer to the indictment.

The question of sentence then came up and the district attorney, James M. Swift, reviewed the findings of the parts of the body in the bushes against the Bulgermarsh Road in Triverton. His partial identification, the discovery that the young woman had been in Hill's office and the arrest of Hill within a week after his crime had been disclosed.

Hill's attorney, Thomas F. Higgins, then made the statement, or confession, in behalf of his client. He claimed that a letter carrier named Munroe had sent the girl to Hill and that the herb doctor had refused to perform the operation despite the urgent pleadings of the girl. Then the girl took the matter into her own hands with an implement which she had brought herself and immediately afterwards fainted. Hill said that he worked over her two hours and was frenzied when he found that death had resulted. It was in this frenzy, he claimed, that he cut up the body and distributed it in the adjacent town of Triverton. The head, however, he hid in a cemetery in Fall River not far from his office.

Four Doctors.

The government followed the confession by calling in rapid succession four doctors who had previously been identified with the case. Medical Examiner Stinson, of Triverton, R. I., Medical Examiner Gunning, of Fall River, Medical Examiner McGrath, of Boston, who performed the autopsy, and Dr. Coughlin, of Fall River, and all four declared their inability to accept the confession as it related to the girl's death.

While the court proceedings were in progress, word came from Fall River that the body had been found at the place indicated by Hill.

The doctors were all called to the stand and in answer to questions by Judge Stevens, said that something might be learned regarding the death by the expression of the face. Lawyers for both the Government and the defense agreed that as the body had been found at the place indicated by Hill, there would be no further effort made to obtain an indictment against him on a more serious charge.

Hill was then remanded to the Taunton jail and Judge Stevens said that he would suspend the question of sentence until the doctors had reported on the condition of the head and he had obtained more light on the case.

CONFERVATIVE GETS PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE

Special to The Standard.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 9.—Walter A. O. Morson, K. C., Charlottetown, has received the appointment of Prothonotary of the supreme court of that province. Mr. Morson's long experience at the bar well fitted him for the position. Mr. Morson's appointment leaves a seat in the local legislature vacant, viz.: the third district of Kings county, which he has represented since 1902. Conservative interests since 1902.

Editor Willison of Toronto News Sees Tariff War Ahead If Payne Bill Means Retaliation.

Prominent Speakers Discuss Commercial Relations Between Two Countries at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 9.—James R. Garfield, former secretary of the Interior and J. S. Willison of Toronto, editor of the Toronto Evening News, were the principal speakers tonight at a dinner given at the Hotel Cadillac by the wholesalers and manufacturers association of Detroit for the purpose of discussing better trade relations with Canada.

Mr. Garfield pointed to the fact that the boundary line between the United States and Canada "is not frowning with forts and guns," and declared that the relations between the two countries are of a peculiarly close and intimate character, racially, geographically and politically.

"The enormous development of the use of water for power and irrigation," he said, has brought up a serious question. The distribution of the water power in streams flowing back and forth across the boundary cannot safely be left to the temporary selfish interests of either country.

More Formidable.

Editor Willison said: "Canadian restrictions upon the export of pulpwood and logs cannot be properly described as discriminatory (although they do not affect the United States) because they apply to all countries. And I am bound to say that the provinces are unlikely to consider any reversal of policy and there is no doubt that the movement for a federal export duty will become more formidable."

"Canada maintains a preferential tariff of 33-1/3 per cent in favor of imports from Great Britain and other British dominions. Will this constitute undue discrimination? We understand that Washington makes separate tariffs for Porto Rico and the Philippines.

"It is perhaps a natural expectation that the interior trade relations between Great Britain and her colonies will not expose us to retaliatory action. If the president's decision should be otherwise the Canadian surtax of 33-1/3 per cent will take effect against this country, trade will almost cease to flow from north to south and all our relations will be profoundly and unpleasantly estranged."

"You have the higher tariff; we have the weaker and younger industries. Our trade with you is three times as great as your trade with us and our natural resources are legitimate material for our national upbuilding. May I ask you also to remember that within the British Empire we have found ample national sovereignty and that we live ever closer to the heart of England."

SIR HIBBERT STARTS ON OPPOSITION TOUR

Declare that Premiers Scheme is Wild and Inconsiderate—Indications Point to a Great Victory for McBride.

Special to The Standard.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 9.—It is stated here that Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper will tomorrow start on a campaign tour in opposition to McBride's railway policy. He states the scheme is wild and inconsiderate. Indications, however, points to McBride sweeping the Kootenays and there is splendid prospects of all his candidacies being elected to Vancouver and Victoria. He is being received with great enthusiasm on his present tour. He spoke in Grand Forks tonight. Nominations are Friday.

MOTHER AND FIVE CHILDREN DIE

Special to The Standard.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 9.—A despatch from Warroad, on the Canadian Northern, east of here, says Mrs. Nelson Jensen and five of her children, the youngest a week old, were burned to death in their home as the result of an explosion of gasoline with which the husband and father was starting a fire. Jensen himself was so badly burned he is expected to die. Two of the older children saved their lives by jumping from windows.

John Dow, a prominent farmer of Mapleton, was instantly killed by a falling tree while chopping timber on his own farm yesterday.

Danquet in Honor of King's Birthday

St. George's Society Loyal Observed the Anniversary at Union Club Last Evening—Eloquent Patriotic Speeches Delivered—Subjects of Lively Interest To St. John Discussed.

The members of St. George's Society and their friends observed the sixty-eighth birthday of His Majesty King Edward VII. by holding a banquet in the Union Club. Elaborate preparations had been made for the function. The walls of the dining room were hung with flags and patriotic mottoes, and the tables were decorated with white and red roses and other flowers of a similar color. The Nickel orchestra under the direction of Mr. A. E. Jones was in attendance.

At the head table Mr. J. C. Anderson, president of the society occupied the chair with Mayor Bullock, Mr. W. H. Thorne and Rev. E. C. Bertram Hooper, the chaplain of the society on his right, and Dr. J. R. McIntosh, president of St. Andrew's Society, Dr. Thomas Walker and Mr. H. A. Powell on his left.

At the ends of the two long tables that ran the length of the room sat Dr. J. H. Frink, first vice-president of the society and Mr. W. Z. Earle, second vice-president. The other present were E. E. Church, secretary, A. McMillan, Bowyer Smith, L. W. Barker, Dr. Skinner, F. G. Spencer, H. S. Bridges, W. E. Foster, G. A. Chamberlain, R. C. Cannon, C. Dickson, R. Hunter, B. Fowler, J. Edgcombe, W. L. Broad, F. R. Fairweather, G. S. Fisher, A. P. Barnhill, W. S. Scovill, A. K. Melick, S. B. Bastin, Wm. Hawley, W. L. Murdoch, Dr. G. A. B. Addy, W. White, S. D. Scott, G. S. Mayes, Rev. W. R. Robinson, G. H. Arnold, R. S. Sheraton, A. E. Everett, Dr. A. H. Merrill, F. E. Hannington, F. A. Kinross, W. A. Church, B. R. Armstrong, T. H. Estabrook and G. W. Ketchum.

Patriotic sentiments and references to the great future before the city were the features of eloquent speeches during the evening.

After the toast to the King had been duly honored, Mr. Gershon S. Mayes sang the Death of Nelson with excellent effect.

The toast to His Excellency the Governor General was proposed by Dr. J. H. Frink and replied to by Hon. C. N. Skinner.

The Veteran Song was rendered by Mr. F. T. McKean and as an encore he sang "For the King, to much applause."

In proposing the toast to the Lieutenant Governor, Mr. Fred Hanington, the treasurer of the society, expressed great regret that Governor Tweedie was unable to be present. The occasion was the first dinner that had been held in honor of the reigning sovereign and he hoped that the custom would be continued in succeeding years.

The toast was received by singing "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow, after which the president read a telegram of regret from Governor Tweedie.

Mr. C. Dickson sang "The Deathless Army and had to respond to an encore.

The Imperial Forces.

Mr. W. Z. Earle proposed the health of the Imperial Forces coupling it with the name of Lieut. Col. Humphrey, D. O. C.

In replying to the toast Col. Humphrey said it was a great honor in this age when many kingdoms were unsafe, to be ruled over by such a king as Edward VII. If the British Empire was ever to be a republic it could wish for no better president than the present King. He referred to the proposed Canadian navy and said he believed the more Dreadnoughts the better, as they helped to preserve peace. But there was one feature in the case that had been overlooked. The people were not considering the personnel of the navy. In the past it was the men of the navy who won the victory, not the number of ships.

In speaking of the army he said the gentlemen who served as officers in the militia were not sufficiently appreciated. The improvements made in the last few years were not generally understood. He advised his hearers to visit the annual camp at Sussex and see the work that was being done. In conclusion he expressed his pleasure at being transferred to St. John.

After the yeoman of England had been sung by Mr. D. R. Robillard the toast to the Empire was proposed by Rev. E. Bertram Hooper, chaplain of the society. The speaker said should stir the pulse of every Englishman. After reading a poem entitled "John Bull's Little Bag" which contained messages from the British Colonies and the United States to the Motherland, he asked the members to fill their glasses and drink deep to the health of the British Empire.

Mr. H. A. Powell.

After Mr. Britania had been sung Mr. H. A. Powell replied to the toast. In the course of his reply Mr. Powell said that the great part played by Ireland and Scotland in the development of the British Empire should not be forgotten on this occasion. Great Britain had become great on account of her industrial and commercial spirit, her merchant marine and her naval power, and because she possessed the spirit of liberty. Her greatness in each of these lines was the result of herculean efforts. She had triumphed by slow degrees over her enemies. Her merchant marine was a matter of slow growth and its success was due largely to Oliver Cromwell, who passed good shipping laws. The navy was also of slow development, starting as it did at the time of Alfred.

After referring to the rivalry at present existing between Germany

GERMAN STREETS THE NATURAL RESOURCES OF NEW BRUNSWICK

Addresses from Congregation and Brother Ministers to Rev. W. W. McMaster Last Evening—Will Leave Tomorrow.

The high esteem in which Rev. W. W. McMaster, the driving pastor of German street Baptist church, is held was evidenced last night when the members of his congregation and representatives from other Protestant denominations in the city, assembled at the school room of the church, for the purpose of bidding him farewell and wishing him every success in his future work. During the evening Mr. McMaster was presented with a farewell address by Dr. G. J. Hay, on behalf of the members of the church, and a resolution of appreciation passed by the United Baptist Ministers of St. John, was read by Rev. David Hutchinson. The chair was taken by Mr. S. McDalzimid.

From His Church.

The meeting was opened by the singing of "God Save the King," after which Dr. G. J. Hay presented Mr. McMaster the following address:

To Rev. W. W. McMaster, A. M., on the occasion of his leaving German street Baptist church, Nov. 9th, 1909.

Dear Pastor:— We meet to say a few parting words this evening, and to bid you adieu as you depart from our midst. Since you came to St. John a few years ago, your earnest work as a pastor, your high character as a Christian and a gentleman, have won for you many warm friends, not only in the church but in the city, and among our citizens generally who have heard with regret of your intended withdrawal from our city. Your faithful and executive character, and the truth which you have proclaimed from week to week, from the pulpit and in the prayer meeting, are remembered gratefully.

Your more eloquent than words—the upright man, of the faithful friend and the one ever-ready to comfort the sorrowing and to cheer those broken in spirit, has been a good and a blessing among us. Especially in the homes of the poor and of the afflicted you have been a gracious comforter and a true friend. This we feel is the noblest work of a pastor, and we trust that you will be suffering and to go about doing good, as did the Saviour of Mankind when He was upon the earth.

And now, as you go from us, we ask God's blessing and grace upon you and your family. Wherever your lot may be cast, we hope it will be among a warmhearted Christian people, ever ready to sympathize with you in your pastoral work and to cheer you in your efforts to make men and women believers and doers in that vital Christianity which is measured by the genuineness of their quick sympathies and the hearty co-operation of their pastor and people that is the distinguishing mark of all Christians.

Your uniform courtesy of manner, your sincerity of purpose, your exemplary conduct under trials and temptations have won for you our admiration as a man and a Christian.

We see where your business qualities are not less an element to be used to advantage in any department of Christian work to which you may hereafter be called. These, with your integrity of discrimination and acute intellect, are not less an element in the successful conduct of a church than high pulpit qualifications.

To Mr. McMaster whose Christian deportment and quiet influence have been a great help to us, we tender our warmest regards. We feel that she has been a great strength to you in your pastoral work.

Resolved, that we, the members of the church, do hereby commend you to the care of our Heavenly Father, and ourselves great happiness in our new friendships you may form, and hope that the kindly spirit which is so characteristic of you both in your intercourse with others, may tend to establish the most pleasant and amicable relations with the people among whom your lot may be cast.

On behalf of the church we are, R. G. HALEY, G. U. HAY, (Chairman).

From Brother Minister

Rev. David Hutchinson representing the United Baptist ministers after paying a high tribute to the work accomplished by the retiring pastor during his residence in St. John, read the following letter:

St. John, N. B., Nov. 9, 1909. To the Rev. W. W. McMaster, B. A.: Dear Rev. W. W. McMaster, At the meeting of the United Baptist Ministers of St. John, held on Monday, Nov. 8th, the following resolution was adopted to be prepared and presented to you:

Whereas, we are about to lose from the ranks of our St. John Baptist ministry, the Rev. W. W. McMaster, B. A., who for more than three years has been the respected and loved pastor of the German street United Baptist church, therefore,

Resolved, that we, the Ministerial Society of the United Baptist churches, put on record our high appreciation of Brother McMaster as a scholar, a gentleman, and an earnest and faithful preacher of the gospel; and further resolved that we assure him of our heartfelt sympathy and prayers, and that we wish for himself and Mrs. McMaster many years of happy and successful service in the Kingdom of our Lord.

W. CAMP, M. E. FLETCHER, President, Secretary.

Rev. A. Graham, speaking on behalf of the Presbyterian church, expressed the great regret that was felt at the departure of Mr. McMaster and wished him success in his future work.

Rev. H. D. Marr spoke on behalf of the Methodist churches. Mr. McMaster, he said, was a big man, and again expressed the regret he felt at his departure.

The hymn "God be with you till we meet again," was sung, after which prayers were offered by Rev. William Camp. Refreshments were served before the gathering came to an end.

Mr. McMaster and his family will leave tomorrow evening for Toronto. Mr. McMaster expects to supply in Ontario and the United States next Christmas after which he will leave for the west.

Canadian Fisheries The Most Extensive

Mr. L. H. Venning Superintendent of Fisheries Points Out Enormous Value of Canada's Fisheries—Annual Report for Year Presented at Ottawa Contains Much Valuable Information.

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Nov. 9.—The total value of the fish caught in Canadian waters during 1908 was \$25,461,095. This is the most significant statement made in the annual report of the Fisheries branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. The revenue in 1908 was less than that of 1907 by \$48,294 and less than 1906 by \$28,400. This was the second highest year on record, 1905 being the record year. For that year, the total revenue was from two million dollars ahead of the years 1902-3-4. Although the total for 1908 is less than for the two preceding years the upward tendency has been well maintained. Six commercial fisheries caught in Canadian waters had a value of over one million dollars in 1908. They were: Salmon \$4,814,250; Lobsters, \$2,200,279; Cod, \$1,361,409; Herring, \$2,471,963; Mackerel, \$1,336,810. White Fish come next in order the catch being valued at \$819,626.

R. H. Venning.

Mr. R. H. Venning, who in January last was appointed superintendent of Fisheries, in his general summary remarks.

"To say that the fisheries of Canada are by far the most extensive in the world is no exaggeration. More over, it is safe to say that the waters in and around Canada contain principal commercial food fishes in greater abundance than the Pacific or any other part of the world.

Results of 1908 were obtained by a fishing fleet of 1,414 vessels, nine of which were engaged in fishing for seals, and 39,965 boats. The whole was manned by 71,070 men. The extensive use of gasoline engines, it is explained in enabling Canadian fisheries to prosecute the inshore fishery with increased vigor. The arrangement made by the department with the object of facilitating the sale of Canadian fish at inland points has been attended by satisfactory results. By this arrangement the department pays one-third of the expens charges. One shipper reports that during the period the arrangement was in force in 1908 his shipments increased five fold. The assisted service from the east proceeds as far west as the western boundary of Ontario where it is met by the assisted service from the Pacific coast, all Canada getting the benefit of it.

A Look Backward
Historically, New Brunswick was one of the oldest Provinces in the Confederation. Soon after Columbus discovered America, fishing was carried on the banks of Newfoundland by the hardy sailors of Normandy and Brittany, and there was little doubt that posts were established in New Brunswick by these fishermen early in the sixteenth century.

The first real attempt to colonize New Brunswick was made after the founding of Halifax in 1742. Free grants of land were offered and at the Province reformed. The Loyalists demanded increased representation from the constituency of Sunbury, which then composed all of New Brunswick, in the Halifax assembly held in 1784. A general representation by a separate province was solved in 1786. The first assembly was held in 1788. The members being elected in the basis of manhood suffrage. The first constitution of government was removed to Fredericton.

Advanced Education.
In replying of the necessity for more advanced education on agricultural topics, Dr. Jones said this had become one of the most important problems of the educational system of the province. If the young men were sent away, they were likely to come back with a general education done in a serious way towards establishing courses in connection with the Provincial institution at Fredericton. Advantage could be taken of the scientific departments of the Provincial university, and it seemed to him that an agricultural school or college should be associated as closely as possible with the University of New Brunswick.

The idea occurred to many people that if the boys were sent to college, they would not want to go to the farm. He dissented from this view for a number of years ago he went west on the harvester's excursions showed that it was not the educated men who were leaving the farms of the province.

Lumbering.
Speaking of lumbering, Dr. Jones quoted figures showing that in the early history of the province pine was the only export. The pine was exported in 1822 and by 1850 had grown to 121,000,000 feet of logs and 121,000,000 boards. If the spruce was not to go the way of the pine, the ravages of the fire must be guarded against. Spruce was a weed and would grow without being cultivated, and there was little danger of its dying out if the existing forests were protected.

Dr. Jones touched briefly on the mining industry, speaking of the Grand Lake coal region and the re-located mines on the Gypsum and Nepequin rivers. The Gypsum in Albert county, he said, had yielded \$100,000 in 1908, and the bituminous shales of Westmorland were promising.

On the aggregate, the output of the natural resources amounted to \$32,000,000. If it were advertised that New Brunswick could grow 35,000,000 bushels of wheat the province would have a great name, but in reality the resource each year yielded an amount equal to the value of this much wheat.

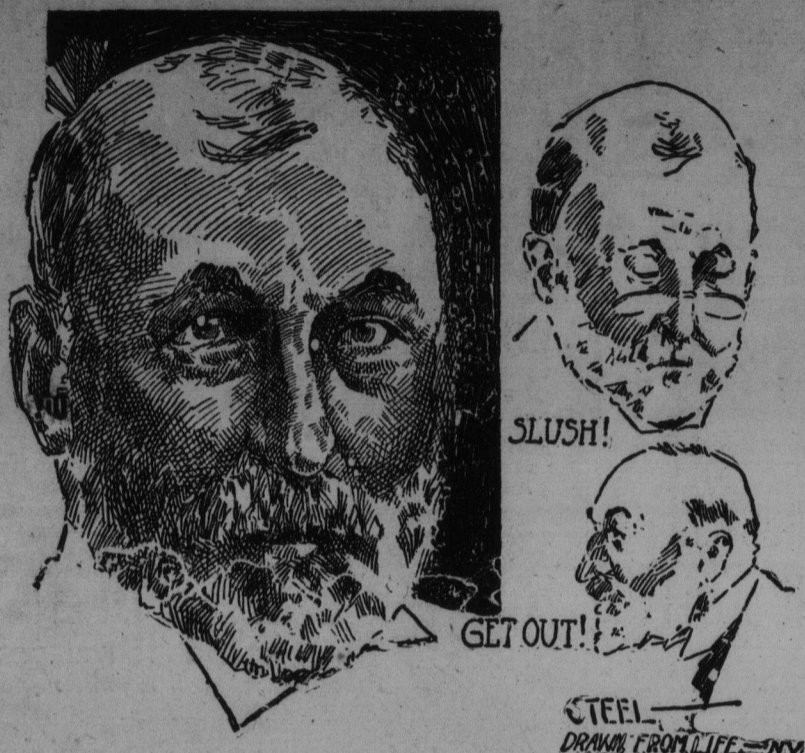
A vote of thanks to Dr. Jones was moved by Mr. George A. Henderson and seconded by Mr. W. S. Fisher and unanimously carried.

Mr. Fisher said that the natural resources of Nova Scotia had been estimated at \$107,000,000 and if this was within the mark the figures for New Brunswick must be considerably higher than \$32,000,000.

In acknowledging the vote of thanks Dr. Jones explained that he had not included the output of the factories of the province in his estimate. He expressed his pleasure at having the opportunity to address the Young Men's Club of Centenary church.

Oil Wells Damaged.
Beaumont, Tex., Nov. 9.—During rain and electrical storms yesterday night the oil wells had with oil property. Lightning set fire to the Gulf Refinery Company's 55,000 barrel tank of naphtha at Fort Arthur. Another bolt of lightning set nine of the oil tanks of the Texas Company on fire near Beaumont. They held about 325,000 barrels of crude oil. The total loss will reach half a million dollars. Six hundred employees worked throughout last night throwing up embankments to prevent the flaming oil from spreading over the fields.

Judge Gaynor Airs His Views On Police And Their Province



Declares That Police Are Servants, Not Masters of the Public. Has Deep-Seated Views On Many Things--Will He Practice Them?

By W. G. Shepherd.
Special Correspondence.

New York, Nov. 9.—W. J. Gaynor, mayor elect of New York, is a brand new sort of a mayor, because he believes that policemen are only citizens and servants of the public.

The morning after he was elected mayor I went to talk with him about his ideas of police government.

"I explained that Steel was 'set out of here' this is a damnable outrage," he shouted to Steel, the sketch artist who accompanied me.

"Get out of this room!"

"When I explained that Steel was only sketching him," he said, "Oh, well, that's all right. I thought he was taking shorthand notes."

"This is written terribly. Slush slush!" he said to me, when I submitted to him some notes which I had taken of decisions he had given in police cases.

"It was only written to refresh your memory regarding your decisions," I explained.

"All right," he growled. "But reporters write awful slush these days."

To Blame.

"The men high up in police departments are to blame," he said. "It isn't the policeman's fault that the public is imposed upon by officers."

"I held, when I was on the bench,

that a policeman had no right to arrest a person without a warrant, unless he himself witnesses the offence."

"Every citizen possesses this same right. But while a citizen has this right, it is not his duty to make an arrest. The citizen does not have time for such work."

"The citizens, therefore, appoint and pay certain citizens called police officers to do such work. A police officer, therefore, is simply a citizen dressed in blue clothes, with brass buttons. He has no more right to interfere with other citizens than has the citizen who employs him. He is an honorable servant of the public."

"Excluding cases where the police know a murder has been committed, 'suspicion of wrong doing is not sufficient. The policeman must see or hear or know that a criminal act has been committed before he may lay hands upon a citizen."

"A policeman who only thinks he knows that a wrong has been committed has no right to enter any premises until he has secured evidence."

"You've said all these things in decisions," I suggested.

"And they're going to be acted upon in New York," said Mr. Gaynor. "Now get it right," he said. "I used to be a newspaper man but the men of this day write too loosely. Get it right. Get it right."

His Decisions.

Gaynor, as justice of the State Supreme Court in New York, gave many radical decisions in cases of personal liberty.

An election officer started to arrest a man who was in the act of voting. A bystander, Max Hoohtim, whipped the officer and was arrested and sentenced to three and a half years. Justice Gaynor set Hoohtim free, saying that any good citizen would have beaten the officer because the latter had no right to interfere with the voting of any citizen.

A policeman was charged with lack of duty because he failed to raid a supposed disorderly house. The case went up to Gaynor.

"The policeman is right," said Gaynor, "virtually. It might have happened the house was disorderly, but he didn't know it. And if he didn't know it he didn't have any right to go in."

The police tried to close the famous old "Dry Dock Hotel," by standing at the door and warning people away, with threats of arrest.

"And they're going to stop it. Such a visitation was a means to graft, he thought."

A Champion.

Women of the street who are charged with "disorderly conduct" also found a champion in the judge. He decided that no magistrate had the right to decide what constituted disorderly conduct.

"If magistrates are free to call whatever they choose 'disorderly conduct' no one's liberty would be safe," he said.

Gaynor, in a personal liberty decision, held that the police had no right to stop baseball on Sunday, if the playing did not interfere with the repose of the day.

He also held that two men have a right to bet between themselves, on the grounds of personal liberty. It was this decision that made horse racing possible in New York last season.

Socialists or any other folk have a right to meet in halls, without interference, is another Gaynor belief.

"Personal liberty" is the hobby of Judge Gaynor.

How it will work out, while he is mayor, is a question. It's worth while keeping your eyes on the cross old mayor of New York. He has big, new ideas.

His seat free of Tammany, which put him in office, because Tammany failed to elect the rest of the ticket.

He has a big chance to get his name down in history as the mayor who first put into practice the belief that the chief of police and his men are not masters but servants.

It is fine to know that such a cross-grain man is going to spend so much of his ire on policemen, particularly New York ones.

Colonial Minister for Belgium Thinks That England Is After African Dependency--Not as Black as Painted.

Brussels, Nov. 9.—The speech delivered by J. Renkin, Belgian colonial minister to the Belgian African Association is considered here a forceful reply to the charges made by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle against the Belgian administration of the Congo.

In the course of his speech, Mr. Renkin said that the objects of his personal visits to the Congo was to make himself thoroughly acquainted with the real state of things there and of its present needs, and to suggest useful measures for the protection and development of the natives and also to study the conditions of the colony's economical exploitation.

Mr. Renkin stated that he had seen the Congo, that he had travelled from Rome to Lusambo, and from there to the extreme end of the great lakes.

He spoke to more than seven hundred chiefs, conversed with the missionaries of various creeds, and allowed the most inferior worker to approach him and to open his mind freely as to his daily existence in the Congo, and was able, through a trustworthy and independent interpreter, to learn the actual position of the natives.

Will Happen Elsewhere.

Mr. Renkin declared that although certain mistakes are made in the Congo, they are such as will happen in any other part of the world. But the colonial minister declared emphatically that the Congo is free from atrocities of the treatment of the natives there is no other colony in Africa which can surpass it in the degree of humanity.

The Belgian administration is accused of putting certain limits to the labors of the blacks and of depriving them of the right to cultivate the soil to support themselves.

The Belgian administration is accused of putting certain limits to the labors of the blacks and of depriving them of the right to cultivate the soil to support themselves.

Remarkable Essay on Oil King by Eulogistic Relative--"An Abiding Faith in Baptist Church and in Oil" had J. D. Rockefeller

What the public thinks of John D. Rockefeller is well known. What his own flesh and blood think of him never has found expression in a public eulogium until now.

The recent Rockefeller family reunion at Easton, Pa., was marked by the reading of a remarkable tribute to the world's richest man by his relative, B. F. Rockefeller. Like many other descendants of the old Rockefeller family, he spells his name differently from that of the oil king, though their relationship is touched for by the trust founder's private family archives.

His great grandfather John, who served in the Revolutionary War, as lieutenant, was a brother of John D. Rockefeller's great grandfather, William.

Mr. Rockefeller is a well-to-do fruit raiser of Canon City, Col., and travelled thousands of miles to voice his opinion of his distinguished third cousin.

By B. F. Rockefeller.

In summing up as a business man what John Davidson Rockefeller did, in accomplishing the great results of the world known of discouragements he met with, the obstacles he overcame during years of necessary application to details, and finally in his own magnanimous "Reminiscences," yielding to others the palms of credit, himself claiming no special credit for the great success the world appreciates, if the snarling knockers do not, is too great a task for a short paper.

We owe John Davidson Rockefeller and his brother William a debt of gratitude for commissioning the able and enthusiastic expert, genealogist, Dr. Aaron R. Lewis, who traced the ancestry of the Rockefeller family from A. D. 950, in France, across the border into Germany, and found their coat-of-arms of 1070 and 1210, as also the family of 1500, and established close relations between the families of Europe and America; also to the first named for erecting a beautiful and costly monument in the cemetery at Harrison's corner, N. J., at the grave of Johann Peter Rockefeller, one of our first American ancestors.

Rockefeller.

It is unalloyed pleasure to look down from my Rocky Mountain home at the greatest wealth ever amassed by one man and to be able to say:

"He is a Rockefeller."

Think of the Standard Oil army of about 60,000, distributed through the world, almost all of it in the United States Army on a peace footing, so generously managed, treated and paid, that no strikes of any moment have been known during all the seasons of war. Systematic and thoughtful consideration are manifestly at the bottom.

The day we met two years ago the Lord's panic burst upon the nation. To check the cyclone of distrust, John Davidson Rockefeller threw into the clearing house ten million dollars. It was like a single bag of sand thrown into a storm, and it checked the Mississippi river flood.

An Abiding Faith.

I think we all feel favored in living in just this age, and that John Davidson Rockefeller had an abiding faith in the Baptist church, and oil, and that his son and daughters partake of the same characteristics.

It is a source of pride that his inheritance to sacred things, as shown by his regular attendance at divine service and interest in Sunday school work, has never forsaken him throughout all the trials and successes of a most hazardous business life.

The devotion he gives to the church led to benefactions of astounding proportions to churches and the cause of education, exceeding \$5,000,000, as enduring as the pyramids and will be the wonder and admiration of the enlightened of all future ages.

It is cheering that one of the foremost business men of the time, John Davidson Rockefeller, upon retiring from the active direction of Standard Oil Co. affairs, sought comfort, health and enjoyment for himself and his nearest him in rural pursuits, horticulture and landscape gardening at his homestead among the Poconoco hills.

Here, among such charming surroundings, he is evolving plans for the elevation of mankind which happily he has the means as well as his ability to carry out.

May he live to enjoy it.

The Lord saw that the prosperity we were enjoying was turning our heads from liberty, justice and equal rights. Both social and labor were aggressive and oppressive. The stroke of a pen from a dictator of either was able to paralyze the commerce of the nation.

The Lord grant that this day may

Redemptorist Fathers Hold Special Services in New York for Afflicted Ones--An Impressive Service.

New York, Nov. 9.—The Redemptorist Fathers from their church of St. Alphonsus in West Broadway, sent word to the silent people of the five boroughs and all around that Father Tom Galvin could give them a week of sermons without words. So the deaf mutes hurried to St. Alphonsus yesterday afternoon to see Fr. Tom preach and enjoy the fine smile that the priest shows above his flying fingers.

The Redemptorist Fathers themselves did not know how deaf and skilful Father Galvin had become in the noiseless speech of the deaf mutes. He had practiced with them a little at the meetings in the chapter house, rehearsing himself, but they were not prepared for the delight and appreciation the deaf mutes showed when Father Galvin's hands began to play up and down with grace and certainty. The priests were going and coming within the church upon their usual affairs. Occasionally as they left the confessional they appeared from the chapter house they paused at the back of the congregation watching intently.

250 Mutes.

When Father Tom in his black robe, with a golden cross swinging at his girdle, stepped into the pulpit he looked down upon more than 250 men and women who could not speak. Many of them had put themselves differently far back in the church, so it was necessary for Father Tom to ask them to move nearer the pulpit. They kept their eyes on him constantly. He began to play his hands and move his lips. He shifted whole groups from seats at the back to seats in front. He singled out individuals who hesitated—bashful girls and embarrassed young men—and brought them to the front with gestures and a smile. Sometimes it was an old and feeble woman who hung back, but Father Tom had a way with him that completely melted their reluctance. An appealing gesture and a friendly smile did the trick.

The service, which was as simple as it could be made, began with a Catholic hymn which was perfectly well known, it seemed, to all the silent people. Father Tom lined it out with his brisk fingers and his lips.

And Father Tom sang swiftly with his rapid fingers and moving lips the congregation followed him, word for word, sign for sign, and the church was so still that the swaying of the serge somewhere away back in the gloom struck hard upon the ear. You could see how much more adept were some of the congregation than the faintly paced with Father Tom, for some were gesticulating a full line behind, but struggling hard with interest, and they were smiling and nodding their heads in gladness with pleasure.

To Preach.

Then Father Tom began to preach. He spent thirty minutes on the sermon. Now and then he grew very stern. His eye darkened and his lips tightened and his gestures were firm and emphatic. Now and then he laughed without noise, his eye brightened and his fingers fairly flew. Sometimes out of the stillness came a half articulated sound as one of the congregation was stirred by a point in the sermon and expressed his feelings as audibly as possible. Sometimes with a run around the church and you could hear just the ghost of a laugh.

It is your soul you must be most careful of," Father Tom's fast fingers warned them toward the middle of the sermon "A cat, you know, has nine lives, and may take chances with them. You, my children, have only one soul. You cannot afford to imperil it."

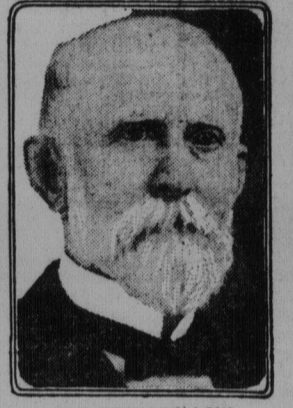
It was then that that weird laughter spread around the church while the deaf mutes repeated Father Tom's joke to such as had not seen it. Then, as Father Tom craned his smile and warned them against the seven causes of great sin, you could hear inarticulate murmurs. It was very hard to know distinctly from where they came. Sometimes it was a woman who found a fragment of speech. Sometimes it was a man who interrupted the perfect calm.

Father Cunniffe, an elderly priest with snow white hair, and a face as delicate and pluck as a girl's, appeared at the altar with four agile boys in red and gave the benediction after the last hymn, "Holy God, We Praise Thy Name," had been lined by Father Tom and silently sung by the congregation. Then Father Tom went into the pulpit again to tell them they would be welcome at St. Alphonsus any day until next Saturday.

All But Lynched.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—William Watson and Leroy Button, arrested for assault on the Tiffin girl at Stanstead, had a narrow escape on Monday from being lynched by the excited citizens of the town. They were arrested across the American border at Newport, but waded extradition and pleaded not guilty on arraignment. Button, however, is stated to have confessed. When being moved to jail to await removal to Sherbrooke an infuriated crowd of people made a movement towards the prisoners with the avowed intention of hanging them, but the constable threatened the ringleaders with his revolver, which he discharged in the air and succeeded in landing his prisoners inside the lockup.

usher into the hearts of our people old-time, conscientious stability of character, and regard for each other! Then as a nation, we will henceforth enjoy peace and prosperity.



B. F. ROCKEFELLOW.

FATAL ENDING TO HYPNOTIC PERFORMANCE

Hypnotist Unable to Revive Subject After Placing Him In Cataleptic State Arrested and Is Now In Jail.

Somerville, N. J., Nov. 9.—The victim of a hypnotic experiment, Robt. Simpson, is dead, and Prof. Arthur Everton, of Newark, the hypnotist, is under arrest and in a state of collapse today over the failure of his heroic efforts to revive his subject. Simpson was hypnotized at a performance in a theatre here last night. After placing the man in a cataleptic state, the hypnotist performed numerous tests in the presence of the audience to show the thoroughness of his work. When the time came to end the tests, however, Professor Everton found that his work to all appearances had been too thorough. The subject could not be revived. In a panic the hypnotist called upon physicians who, after laboring a long time over Simpson, pronounced him dead. Notwithstanding this decision the man was taken to a hospital, where Prof. Everton and County Physician W. H. Long made heroic efforts to revive him. No results, however, having been obtained after several hours, Everton was arrested. County Physician Long said an autopsy would be performed today to determine the exact cause of Simpson's death.

The crowd cheered as the hypnotist with a few passes put Simpson in a rigid state, placed his head on one chair and his feet on another, and then stood on the man's body. Then clapping his hands, Everton attempted to end the experiment in the usual way. But there was not the usual response Simpson's eyes rolled, his jaw dropped and he collapsed and rolled heavily over on the floor. No sign of life was afterwards apparent.

Everton said today he was informed that Simpson had been drinking before the experiment was performed.

COLUMBUS IS NOT TO BE BEATIFIED

Recent Report To That Effect Is Declared To Be Unfounded--Responsible Bishops Fail To Take Proceedings.

London, Nov. 9.—The recent report that the pope intended to initiate the cause of the beatification of Christopher Columbus is unfounded and it probably originated from the wish expressed by the Archbishop of Philadelphia that the discoverer should be raised to the honor of the altars. As a matter of fact no cause of the beatification of Christopher Columbus has ever been introduced or instituted, as the process of beatification has to be initiated by the bishop who has jurisdiction over the place where the subject was born, lived and died.

Columbus was born in Genoa, lived at Cordova and Santo Domingo, and died while on a journey in Valladolid and the bishop of none of these places has instituted canonical information concerning him. Several petitions have from time to time been addressed to the pope asking him to make an exception in the case of Columbus and to take himself the initiative of introducing the cause of the beatification; and the case was also brought before the vatican council in 1870, but no decision has ever been given.

Plus IX, who seemed to favor the beatification of Columbus, or by his successors.

Clergyman On Trial For Assault

Amherst, N. S., Nov. 9.—Rev. J. H. Stewart, the well known Presbyterian clergyman at Pugwash, is one of the principals in an interesting assault case which lately occurred in that town. After a wedding ceremony at which Mr. Stewart was the officiat-

CANADA'S GOVERNMENT MOST DEMOCRATIC

Mr. R. L. Borden Speaks Before the London, Ontario, Canadian Club On The Canadian Form of Government.

London, Ont., Nov. 9.—R. L. Borden, who was the guest of the Canadian Club at luncheon yesterday, spoke of the "Canadian Form of Government," which he declared was the best system of democratic government so far devised. The message he would like to give back to Canada, after three or four months abroad, he said, was that Canadians do not realize their great opportunities. Opportunities do not rush past, but they walk side by side with every man on this continent. "My message is that opportunities and hope are with every man, and these should breed great confidence in our destiny. These opportunities are not confined to Western Canada alone, but everywhere throughout the country."

Three Londoners are interested in the new vaudeville trust, to be known as the United Theatres Securities Co. of New York. They are Messrs. J. C. Duffell, John Pringle and T.H. Smallman. The concern, which has a capital of \$2,000,000, got its charter yesterday from Delaware State.

clergyman, a number of young people gathered about the home and began to make a rather violent demonstration. Mr. Stewart, with the consent of the bride, sallied forth to break up the gathering. It is charged that he hit one young man in the face, breaking his pipe and knocking him down. The assaulted party laid an information before Justice Elliot of that place, who, after hearing the evidence sent the clergyman up for trial to the Supreme Court. It is likely that he will be tried before Judge Patterson under the procedure provided by the Sneedy Trials Act.

PORIER VS. CRAWFORD BEFORE SUPREME COURT

Docket Likely To Be Cleared Up By End of Week--Divorce Court To Meet Again Next Week.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 9.—The supreme court was occupied all afternoon with the case of Porier vs. Crawford. Mr. Baxter for the defendant is moving for a non-suit or new trial, etc., while Dr. Currey is opposing the motion. The case was still before the court on the docket but none of them will likely occupy much time, and it is expected they will be cleared up.

At this morning's session the case of Crocket vs. the Town of Campbellton was concluded. Mr. O. S. Crocket, M. P., finished his argument against Mr. Teed's motion to set aside the verdict for the plaintiff and enter a verdict for the defendant or a new trial. Mr. Teed replied and the argument was concluded at 12 o'clock. The court said the case would be considered.

King vs. Nickerson.

The King vs. Nickerson, magistrate at Hampstead, ex parte John O'Regan, was next taken up. Mr. Dunn showed cause against the quashing of the conviction. The conviction was made against Mr. O'Regan for shipping illicit arms into a county. Mr. Baxter, K. C., supported the setting aside of the conviction. The court considered.

The divorce court reassembles next week. The late A. W. MacRae was proctor in the case of Wright vs. Wright and it is altogether likely that some motions to be made will be an application to appoint a successor to the deceased.

Disastrous Gale.

Manila, Nov. 9.—Panny, an island of the Visayas group, Philippines, was crossed by a typhoon last Sunday. The storm was especially severe in Capriz province where many homes were destroyed. Five thousand people are homeless and much property and crops were destroyed. The wind which was of hurricane force, was accompanied by heavy rains and much of the country is flooded.

AUCTION SALES

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, Etc., 70 Princess St., Clifton House Building.

Notice

The Secret of getting the best price for your real estate, etc., is by having them on the list of your broker who has greatest opportunity for selling out real estate for your properties as they are in touch with many things you do not know of. As I have made a special study of selling real estate, etc., you will be pleased if you would call. There is no charge without we do business for you.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, Etc., Masonic Building, German Street, Phone 472, P. O. Box 28.

Real Estate Sold.

T. J. Coughlan AUCTIONEER, 70 Princess St., Clifton House Building.

FOR SALE

For Sale—The house, at present occupied by the owner, situated on College Avenue, a few minutes' walk from churches, post office and Mount Allison Institutions, together with barn, carriage house, ice house, and about four acres of land. House has twelve rooms, up-to-date plumbing, electric light. All buildings in best condition. For further particulars apply to FRANK RYAN, Rockville, N. B.

That Leasehold Lot being one half of Lot Number 197, with the buildings thereon, situated on the North-western side of Brunson Street, and being twenty-five (25) feet on Brunson Street and extending back one hundred (100) feet, belonging to the Estate of Margaret Martin, Ground Rent \$25.00 per annum. Terms and particulars apply to an auctioneer, etc., to H. J. D. Dated this ninth day of November A. D. 1909.

AMON A. WILSON, Solicitor, Chubb's Corner, Phone, 228.

WANTED—Four energetic young men of good appearance to put a good thing before the public in this city. Salary and expenses territory. Address A. E. 100 Standard.

WANTED—Plain sewing and dress making. Call on Union St. Ring twice.

Teacher Wanted—A Teacher Wanted for the A. D. School Department of the Centreville Superior School, one who can teach French, German, Latin, and the best method of teaching. Apply to H. J. D. Dated this ninth day of November A. D. 1909.

TEACHER WANTED for the Primary Department of the Bathurst Village Superior School, one who can teach French, German, Latin, and the best method of teaching. Apply to H. J. D. Dated this ninth day of November A. D. 1909.

REAL TYPEWRITING LETTERS IN DOMINION STATIONERY CO. 78 Prince William Street.

SHOW CARDS

All the new things in show cards and handbills, etc., with all the latest effects. HAMPSON'S ADVERTISING SIGNS, Phone 182, 23 King Street.

Sewing Machines

New Home, New Domestic and other machines for sale. Sewing machines and all kinds. I employ no agent. Buy in my store and see the quality of the machines and photographs received. William Crawford, 103 Princess Street, opposite White Store.

Professional.

Dr. A. PIERCE CROCKET, Late Clinic Assistant Royal Hospital, London, England. Practice limited to EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. 50 King Square, St. John, N. B. Phone Main 1164.

HAZEN & RAYMOND, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW. 108 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

John B. M. Baxter, K. C. BARRISTER, ETC. 108 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

POWELL & HARRISON, BARRISTERS-AT-LAW. Royal Bank Building, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Crocket & Guthrie, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c. Office, Kilted Bldg. opp. Post Office, FREDERICTON, N. B.

H. F. McLEOD, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC. Office in the Royal Bank Building, Opposite Post Office, Queen St. FREDERICTON, N. B.

eries
ensive
nt of Fisheries
Canada's Fish-
r Presented at
e Information.

the fisheries of Canada
most extensive in the
ageration. More over,
say that the waters in
Canada contain principal
od fishes in greater
the waters of any
the world. It was
obtained by
of 1,414 vessels, nine
engaged in fishing for
965 boats. The whole
1,970 men. The exten-
sive engine, it is ex-
hibiting Canadian fish-
ery in the inshore fishery
vigor. The arrange-
ment of the department with
facilitating the sale
sh at inland points has
by satisfactory results,
gement the department
of the expense
shipper reports that
period the arrangement
in 1908 his shipments
fold. The assisted
erast proceeds as far
western boundary of
it met by the assist-
on the Pacific coast,
ting the benefit of it.

ENT'S
FUMED
3

YOUR
PEN

WILL BE MORE
SIVELY READ
W THAN TO READ
W THAN TO READ
POPULAR AUTHOR
WILL USE YOUR
DON'T WANTING
YOUR STORE FOR
STANDARD

TO DAYS BUSI-
S WAS PLANNED
AT THE
FINANCING BUREAU
ST TABLE
YOUR STORE
VERLOOKED

& WINTER
and Springs in all the
STYLES
being shown by
Campbell & Son
108 Prince William Street,
St. John, N. B.

The Standard



Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William Street, St. John, Canada.

MANAGING DIRECTOR—Jas. H. Crockett
EDITOR—S. D. Scott.

SUBSCRIPTION.

Morning Edition, By Carrier, per year, \$5.00
Mall, 3.00
Weekly Edition, by Mail, per year, 1.00
Weekly Edition to United States, 1.50
Single Copies Two Cents.

TELEPHONE CALLS:

Business Office Main, 1722
Editorial and News Main 1746

ST. JOHN, N.B., WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 10, 1909

PARTY FREEDOM OF OPINION.

Members of the Conservative party have different opinions on the question of Canada's contribution to the marine defence of the Empire. This is mentioned as a reproach and a weakness to the federal opposition. The government press appear to think that the proper attitude of the members of a party is to have no opinions that they dare express until some leader tells them what they must think or say.

Speaking the other day in the Middlesex election campaign, the Minister of Railways declined to discuss the question of defence. He observed that the government policy had not been announced and therefore it was not ripe for discussion. That is to say, it is not right for a Canadian Liberal to have an opinion on this great question until he hears what the government intends to do, and then it is his duty to express that opinion at the beginning of the South African war. He tried to command silence until parliament met, and stated that in the meantime nothing would be done. But the premier counted too much on Canadian complacency. Before parliament met he had himself sent a contingent to Africa.

Again the order has gone out that the government party and press is to say nothing except to commend the policy of the government without knowing what the policy is. This command has been pretty well observed. Those who do not like the policy, so far as they know it are grumbling privately, but as yet making no outcry. The machine system is working as well as can be expected. All the free expression of individual opinion that one hears comes from the Conservatives and Independent Liberals.

There was a time when the Liberal party contained men of prominence who did not hesitate to speak their minds. Mr. Richardson was one of the Manitoba leaders. He was a member of parliament and editor of the leading Winnipeg journal of the party. But Mr. Richardson did not like the Yukon railway deal. He spoke and voted against it in the House of Commons. He also condemned the Crows Nest deal. Mr. Richardson was driven out of the party. A machine candidate was nominated against him in his constituency and he was beaten. He still claims to be as much a Liberal as ever, but because he holds to the platform on which the Liberals took office, his party now calls him a Tory.

Mr. Bourassa was a Liberal member with a fine prospect of promotion. He and Mr. Lavergne took the liberty of expressing in public the opinions that many of their fellow members expressed in private. They condemned their graft. They finally expelled from the party. Mr. McLean, of British Columbia, joined with Mr. Richardson in condemning deals and grafts. He was not expelled from the party but in its most brutal fashion. So disciplined Mr. McLean was partially subdued. The conquest was completed by his appointment to a Yukon commissionership. He is now said to be a good party man, who never makes protest.

Mr. Oliver, of Edmonton, went to Ottawa as a free Liberal. He was more violent than any other member in his attack on the government's Yukon and Crow's Nest policy. No other member of the party was so outspoken as he, or had so fine command of the language of abuse. He was brought into line by the most favored member of the party. His friends at office. In time he got through himself. And the first thing he did was to put off the land grabbing deals that Mr. Sifton had under way. It is only half the truth to say that Mr. Oliver has not fulfilled the promise of his first days in parliament. The other half is that he has fallen still farther short of fulfilling the threats of his first term.

Mr. Bourassa had a few outspoken comrades when he started on his career of criticism. Three especially were found at his back in some of his demands for investigation. The voice of these few speakers is heard no more at Ottawa. Two are judges by government opposition. When the converted to forgive his enemies before he passed away, he replied complacently: "I have no enemies, I have killed them all." If Sir Wilfrid were asked to prepare for criticism from some of the stronger men of his following, he might perhaps say, "I have no Liberal critics. I have destroyed them all by expulsion or appointment to office."

WHERE WILL IT END.

A Washington authority gives an instructive sketch of the process by which international competition makes battleships grow. In 1905-06, the British programme included the ship now known as the Invincible, an improved Dreadnought. This was a ship of 17,250 tons displacement, 530 feet in length, having engines of 41,000 horse power, a speed of 25 knots, and carrying eight 12-inch guns for her primary batteries. Three ships of this class are in commission.

The German programme of 1907 included the Von der Tann, of 18,700 tons. She is 550 feet long, has engines of 45,000 horse power, 25 knots speed, and carries twenty 11-inch guns. This ship is launched.

Then Britain laid down the Indefatigable, 19,000 tons, 655 feet long, 45,000 horse power, 26 knots speed, with eight 12-inch guns. This ship is in the water, but not in commission.

The German programme of 1908-09 provided for a class of 23,000 tons. Two of these ships are under construction. They are to be 570 feet long, and will be driven by engines of 53,000 horse power. Their speed will be 25

knots. They will carry ten 12-inch guns, twelve of 6 inches and sixteen 3.4 inches.

The last word, so far, comes from Great Britain, with the programme of 1909-10. The battleship *Orion*, or perhaps *Orion*, is designed and materials ordered. Her displacement is to be 26,350 tons, her length 700 feet, her horse power 70,000, speed 28 knots. Her largest guns are 13 1/2 inches. Eight of these and forty 4-inch guns comprise her armament. The larger guns throw a shot weighing 1250 pounds, while the weight of the 12-inch German shot is 850 pounds.

Of course there is more to be said yet. These larger ships are called cruiser battleships on account of their great speed. The thickness of the armor on those under construction is not disclosed. But probably they are not so heavily plated as the original Dreadnought.

As will be remembered the announcement that the Dreadnoughts would cost \$10,000,000 each, produced a considerable shock. The cost of the *Orion* will be \$15,000,000. This is probably more than the original cost of the fleet with which Nelson won the battle of Trafalgar, plus the cost of all the French and Spanish ships which he fought.

CANADIAN TARIFF COMPARISONS.

Mr. J. S. Willison, speaking at Detroit yesterday, pointed out the serious consequences which would follow a possible United States interpretation of the new tariff. The retaliatory clauses of the Aldrich Act give the President power to decide whether the tariff of any other country discriminates against the United States. If it is found that there is such discrimination, high additional rates are imposed upon the products of that country.

It is thought possible that the Canadian preferential tariff may be regarded as a discrimination against the United States, though the fact that it is a tariff within one empire, seems to rule it out of that category. Should the President decide that it is a case for retaliation we may expect a tariff which practically prohibits Canadian exports to the United States. In taking this course the United States would follow the example of Germany.

The next step would be that Canada would reply as she replied to Germany. We also have a surtax system, and the application of it would be the addition of one-third duty on all goods imported from the United States. This would make the tariff on United States dutiable products just double the duty on similar imports from Great Britain. As Mr. Willison says the effect of these mutual surtaxes would be the concentration of Canadian trade into east and west channels instead of north and south.

It would appear to be a violent interpretation of the United States act to make it apply to the relation between different parts of the empire. This class of tariffs is mentioned in the bill as exceptional.

The Canadian treaty with France is much more likely to cause a complication. France is a foreign country, and the tariff does give France better rates on certain articles than are allowed on similar products of the United States. It will be remembered that the treaty with France is not yet in operation. France rejected the original treaty, on the ground that the Canadian plenipotentiaries had made certain incorrect statements. Mr. Fielding then agreed to a new treaty, giving France much better and Canada much worse terms. This treaty has been accepted by the Senate of France, but is still to be approved by the Canadian Parliament. As the treaty now stands it is of very little value to Canada. This much Sir Richard Cartwright has admitted. It is certainly not worth the risk of a complication with a country whose trade is a matter of serious concern to Canada. Therefore it is quite possible that the measure may be postponed or withdrawn.

DR. COOK LOSING CREDIT.

When Dr. Fred Cook landed in America he had an audience more than prepared to do him justice. Commander Peary's treatment of him had created a decidedly bad impression, and Dr. Cook's more dignified behaviour gave him a decided advantage. But the situation is now reversed. Confidence in Dr. Cook is melting away. His story does not seem to stand the test of analysis. He is more or less discredited by reason of the McKinley episode as now understood. He is obviously on the defensive. There is impatience over his long delay in preparing his notes and evidence, which should be worth more without much preparation. The other day a leading member of the board of geographers, which passed on Peary's claim, delivered a public address in which he asserted that Dr. Cook was a thorough fakir, and that he had never been within four hundred miles of the pole. That declaration was not in good taste at this stage of the inquiry. Even if it is just it could wait, for it will be long as true next March as it is today. But this declaration does not cause the indignant remonstrance that it would have produced a few weeks ago.

WEST MIDDLESEX.

The federal by-election in West Middlesex takes place today. It is caused by the appointment of Mr. Calvert to the Transcontinental Commission. The candidates are Mr. Duncan Ross on the government side and Mr. R. McLachlin, Conservative. Mr. Ross is a lawyer, and a son of Senator Ross, ex-premier of Ontario. The opposition candidate is a farmer, and has been on that account pronounced by Mr. Mackenzie King, Minister of Labor, to be unsuitable for a representative of the constituency. Mr. King contended that the people needed the services of a man trained as an advocate, who could meet and deal with other professional men on equal terms. The government majority in West Middlesex last year was only 12. In 1904 it was 206, and it was supposed that Mr. Calvert failed in some way to hold the party vote at the last election.

THE HESTIA INQUIRY.

If the Marine Department intended to hold a full and thorough public inquiry into the wreck of the Hestia it would be held at St. John or some other Bay of Fundy port, and not in Montreal. The survivors of the wreck were at St. John until they were ordered to Montreal for this inquiry. Pilots and navigators and officers of the department acquainted with the condition of the light and alarm service, are at or near this place. This is the place which has the largest interest in the inquiry, and here the proceedings would have fullest publicity. Here is where the inquiry ought to be. The investigation at Montreal will be only partial, and it will not be satisfactory.

The radical or advanced party in Norway has had control of the government in recent years. The result was that women were in the general election of this month admitted to the suffrage for the first time. It is stated that the female vote was small in the country, but that in the cities and towns where they have been educated in the matter, women went to the polls in force. One result of the poll is that the government which introduced this change has been defeated. This would seem to show that the women did not allow gratitude for the right to vote to efface other issues before the country.

One of the stained glass windows of Guildhall has been sacrificed to the cause of votes for women. And yet the nation and its rulers are likely to remain for a little longer unconvinced.

THE HEAT FEELS GOOD.

These are the days when you begin to worry about heating apparatus. Do you want? Phone 1985-11. G. W. WILLIAMS, 18 Waterloo Street.

PITHY PARAGRAPHS OF LOCAL INTEREST

In the Police Court.

In the police court yesterday George Sumnick charged by Eldon M. Wilson with aggravated assault by kicking him on the head in Sprydey's pool room on Monday evening was fined \$50 with the alternative of three months in jail.

The Free Kindergarten.

The Free Kindergarten Association acknowledges with thanks the following donations: From Mrs. Bullock, clothes; Mrs. Pritchard, Hampton, clothes; Mrs. Humphrey, biscuit; Port-cake; Mrs. Methodist church, fruit and candy; Centenary church, cake; Hampton friends, forty pots of flowers; Mrs. H. G. Rogers, cake and apples; Mrs. P. R. Hanson, clothes; Mrs. Henry, clothes; Brown Box Factory, fancy papers; Thanksgiving offering for clothes for one little girl, \$3.75; Messrs. Clark, Bear River, \$2; Miss K. Turner, \$1; Mrs. W. P. Hatheway, \$1; a friend, \$3; Westfield friends, \$3.75.

King's College Law School.

King's College Law School will reopen this evening. Dr. Silas Alward, K. C., the Dean, will deliver the first lecture on Sales to the three classes. The only change this year in the faculty is the retirement of Dr. A. O. Gentry. Dr. Earle was the first dean of the school, and for many years has been a lecturer. Judge Armstrong, of the Probate Court succeeds him.

The Evans' Estate.

Robert D. Evans, a native of West Beach, St. John county, who died in Boston in July last, left an estate of \$10,000,000. His wife, Marie Antoinette Evans, is executor and she will receive with the tax commissioner the following inventory of her husband's estate: Real estate, \$13,275; personal, \$10,404,282; Total \$10,417,557. The Yuba Consolidated Goldfields Company, valued at \$2.65 a share, having a total valuation of \$735,143. Mr. Evans had children and his numerous relations in St. John county expect to come in for a large part of the estate in time.

Civil Service Examinations.

The preliminary examinations of the candidates for entrance to the civil service were commenced yesterday morning in the post office building, conducted by Dr. G. U. Hay. There are eighteen candidates taking the examinations. This morning at 9 o'clock the qualifying examinations will take place. Some twenty candidates will take the examinations. The subjects for today are composition, arithmetic and spelling; for Thursday, geography and history; for Friday, typewriting and shorthand. The last two are optional subjects.

PROBATE COURT.

Wm of William I. Whiting. In the probate court yesterday morning, the will of Mr. William I. Whiting, late of New York, was proven. He left all his estate to his nephew, Mr. Isaac H. Northrup of this city. The property bequeathed to Mr. Northrup consists of a lot of eight feet on the corner of St. James and Canterbury streets, a lot on the South Market Wharf, six lots on the western side of Prince William street, near Reed's Point, and a freehold lot at Rodday's, with a dwelling house, all subject to mortgages, the value of the property over which is placed at \$1,500. The personal estate is \$200. Mr. Northrup was sworn in as executor at Barnhill, Ewing and Sanford are proctors.

DeBEC JUNCTION.

DeBec Junction, Nov. 8.—James Johnson, now of Boston, Mass., who was at one time a popular resident of this village, is spending some weeks in this county, visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. G. Crawford, of Limestone, was calling on her friends at DeBec on Thursday.

Now that George Fleming, the popular teacher, has gone out of business, Fred Yerxa, of Green Road, has commenced operations in that line.

W. J. Craig, who has been absent from this village for some months, has returned home to resume his duties as C. P. R. foreman.

The family of Joseph Golding are to spend the winter here.

John Kennedy of Kirkland is spending some time with his son, Wm. Kennedy, of DeBec.

Mrs. Yerxa, of Green Road, is so far recovered as to enable her daughter, Mrs. George Sanderson, of this village, who was nursing her, to return home.

Joseph Benn, who has written the history of Methodism in Richmond, has had that article printed in pamphlet form, which presents an attractive appearance as well as containing interesting reading.

The Presbyterian W. M. S. met at Mrs. Howard Laroc's last Thursday, Nov. 4th. It was well attended.

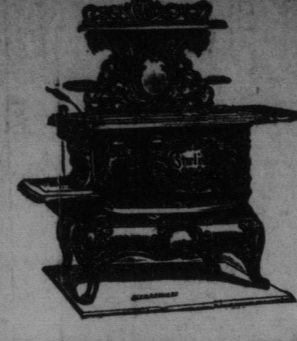
Miss Lida Deakin, sister of Mrs. F. K. Blair, of this village, who is a graduate nurse of the Lawrence hospital, is spending a well earned vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Deakin, of Benton.

Elder Kirkpatrick, C. P. R. agent at Fiverville, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Kirkpatrick.

Edward Scott of Elmwood, was fortunate to shoot two fine deer one day last week.

Notwithstanding the very disagreeable weather last Wednesday, Nov. 3rd there was a large attendance at the Methodist W. M. S., which was held at the home of Mrs. A. Kirkpatrick, Elmwood.

The Richmond agricultural society will hold its annual meeting Tuesday, Nov. 9th. A public meeting of an interesting nature will be held under the auspices of this society, Nov. 13th.



EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd, 25 Germain Street "ENTERPRISE" Agents

CHRISTMAS Greeting Cards Telephone us to send samples or call and see our nice assortment. C. H. FLEWELLING, 89 1/2 Prince Wm. St. City.

METHODS OF I.C.R. SPOTTERS Several conductors of the Intercolonial Railway have recently been dismissed, and in, at least, one case and probably more, the circumstances leading to their discharge have been peculiarly sinister.

The "spotter" chosen to obtain evidence pursued tactics into which the meaneast kind of treachery entered. Allying himself to be a representative of a Montreal newspaper, one detective pretended to have lost his ticket and so played upon the sympathy of the conductor that eventually he was carried to his destination. In order to give cohesive qualities to his falsehoods, the alleged "newspaperman" promised to send at least one conductor a free copy of a paper, if the latter would step aside from the strict path of his duty.

On arriving in this city the detective went to a newspaper office and paid a year's subscription, with instructions to send the paper to his victim, the conductor. What subsequently happened was that the railway man was "suspended indefinitely," without any reason being assigned by the railway people. It is easy to trace the course leading to this result: The alleged newspaperman reported to headquarters that he had successfully "beaten his way," and the victim of his wiles was forthwith decapitated. Comparison notes between several of the victims led up to the same method on the part of the detectives, and it is safe to say that unlettered "newspapermen" hereafter will encounter rough treatment at the hands of intended victims.

From Nova Scotia comes a story of methods equally despicable. The Truro Citizen relates that a conductor about to go out on his run was walking up and down the platform. A man of respectable appearance approached him and begged for a ride down the line, at the same time pleading he had had hard luck, having on pay day, the previous Saturday, received just sufficient to pay his board. The conductor replied that much as he would like to help him, he could not grant his request, as it was against the rules. The man persisted, saying that he had received a telegram that his wife was dying in Halifax, and urging him to come to her as quickly as possible. He even offered the telegram. That was too much for the hot hearted railway man. He said: "Well, that's tough, my man, but say, the second class fare to the end of my run is four dollars and ten cents. Here is a five dollar note; go buy a ticket."

The man quickly accepted the money, went and bought the ticket, returning ninety cents change. In checking up his train after leaving the terminal the conductor of course in due time came to the man he had befriended, but judge of his surprise when he not only handed out the ticket but the four dollars and ten cents as well, remarking that just before leaving he had met a friend who let him have the money. "Now don't say that that man was a spotter, and that his methods were too mean, too contemptible, for anything?" queries the writer.—Montreal Star.

FUNERALS.

Mr. James Barker. The funeral of Mr. James Barker took place this afternoon at 3 o'clock from his late residence, 102 City Road. The burial services were conducted by Rev. W. O. Raymond. Interment was made at Fernhill.

IN THE HOTELS

Royal. Mrs. C. J. Osman, Hillsboro; Willard Kitcher, A. E. Hanson, Fredericton; John Underwood, New Glasgow; H. Lindsay, Liverpool; W. C. Rankine, Toronto; J. S. Polson, New York; H. F. Lockhart, Montreal; Chas. H. Harvey, Halifax; R. P. Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Killen, Toronto; D. B. Donaldson, Toronto; Chas. Harpey, Montreal; A. G. Dunn, Hampton, N. B.; G. W. Pickles, Annapolis Royal; Miss Edna Pickles, Annapolis Royal.

Victoria. J. E. Anderson, Fredericton; A. H. Comeau, Metekhan River; A. B. Sim, Woodstock; Howard Murdoch, St. Stephen; G. C. Towers, Moncton; U. B. Killey, River Hebert; Allison Hooper, Radeque, P. E. I.; K. Steele, Radeque; L. D. Bettles, Rochester, N. Y.; To. H. McLeod, Montreal; Allison McKenzie, St. Martins; J. P. Sherry, Memramook; F. D. Seeley, Greenwick, N. B.; J. Lavender, Boston; J. W. Comeau, Cowansville; F. W. Logan, Montreal; A. M. Dunn, Hampton, N. B.; Mrs. E. H. Freeze, Shediac, N. B.; John P. Ryan, Boston; F. H. Wilson, Montreal; E. R. Wishart, St. Martins.

There's No Risk in Buying a Sterling Range

It's backed by two guarantees—Our Own and that of the Enterprise Foundry Co.

When we sell a Sterling Range it is with the distinct understanding that if it is not satisfactory you can send it back. They're not sent back, however, and there are between 300 and 400 Sterlings in daily use in St. John. The "Sterling" can be supplied with Top Shelf or Top Closet—with water front to connect with H. W. Boiler or with large copper tank.

EMERSON & FISHER, Ltd, 25 Germain Street "ENTERPRISE" Agents

EDGECOMBE & CHAISSON, HIGH-CLASS TAILORS. Importers of High-Grade Cloths for Gentlemen's Wear. 104 KING STREET, TRINITY BLOCK.

Once Tried Always Used --DELECTA LINEN-- Note Paper and Envelopes HIGH CLASS at a reasonable price. Barnes & Co., Ltd. 84 Prince William Street.

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MEN ADVERTISE IT PAYS. At least 5,000 people pass through the City Market daily. A few of the best AD. SPACES there are now vacated. For particulars apply to H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN Ltd, 139 Princess Street. Phone 697.

TO KNOW WHERE to buy is as important in glasses as in anything else. We hope our name is all the guide you need. It means the best of everything optical. We do repairing of all kinds promptly. L. L. Sharpe & Son, 21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

Fredericton Business College IS NOT CLOSED IN SUMMER. Why waste the summer months? Two or three months wasted at the end of your course, may mean loss of that many months' salary at the other end. ENTER NOW. Free catalogue, giving full particulars sent on request. Address, W. J. OSBORNE, Box 355, Fredericton, N. B.

Just a little Over the Price of a Postage Stamp. 3c. a day it will keep your clothes cleaned and pressed for a month. Investigate this. WILBUR & WATTERS, 20 WATERLOO ST.

We Have Arriving ON TUESDAY Another Nice Car of FANCY CANADIAN FRUIT. J. F. ESTABROOK & SON, ST. JOHN, N. B.

S. S. Teachers' Association The Church of England S. S. Teachers' Association held its last bi-monthly meeting for this year in St. Mary's S.S. room last evening with an attendance of about eighty teachers. Rev. G. A. Kubring presided and the secretary, Miss Winnifred Raymond was in her place. The Association under Mr. Kubring's vigorous teaching has had a good year. The paper of the evening, by Mr. J. Arthur Coster was an able and inspiring one and aroused an interesting and animated discussion in which many of the lady teachers participated. The annual meeting of the association will be held in January in Trinity church school house.

COAL AMERICAN ANTHRACITE SCOTCH ANTHRACITE OLD MINE SYDNEY RESERVE. Delivered in bulk or in bags. R. P. & W. F. Starr, Limited

ROBT. MA... Mason and Builder and Appraiser Brick, Lime, Tile, and P... Worke... General Jobbing... Office 10 Sydney... Res. 385 Union St.

Buy and SAUSA... They Will Su... MADE BY JOHN HOP... 188 Union St.

Boys' Boo... Our Boys' Boo... the greatest satis... Made to fit, lo... and stand ha... many times, Prices, \$1.15 to... We call your p... attention to the f... Boys' Box Ca... cher Laced Boo... whole quarter a... strap, heavy du... running back... Sizes, 11 to 21-5... " 3 1/2 5 1-2

Francis & Vaugh... 19 KING STRE... Evening Classes Reopen for winter term, Friday October 1st. Hours 7:30 to 9:30 Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Terms on application. S. Kerr, Principal.

Gasoline Marine Engines Repairs and Reboiling for any make Promptly Attended To. E. S. Stephenson & Co., Nelson St. St. John, N. B. FOSTER & CO., Tel. 523. 65 GORRILL ST. Successor to E. G. Scott. TEA and CONFECTIONERY Agent: Robert Brown Four Crown Scotch's Pelee Island Wines.

SCENIC ROUTE Steamer Magpie Mill leaves Millidgeville for Somersby, Kennebecasis Island and Baywater daily except Sunday, at 9 a.m. and 3 and 5 p.m. Returning from Baywater at 7 and 10 a.m. and 3.45 p.m. Sunday at 9.30 a.m., 4.15 p.m. Returning at 10.15 a.m. and 5 p.m. JOHN MCGOLDRICK, Agent.

FOR SALE 2000 STORM SASHES ALL SIZES. Place your order early and get the correct size. HAMILTON & GAY, St. John, N. B. Phone 211. Erin Street. FOR HIGH GRADE CONFECTIONERY DELIGHTFUL ICE CREAM and up-to-date Soda Drinks with the latest and newest flavors and fineries, call at W. HAWKER & SON, Druggists, 104 Prince Wm. St.

During the first day at the letter A on the chart a "What letter is that?" The (of rubbed his brow "Why, don't you know "Your remarks don't do the "No," answered Senator getting smart fellows to in

ing a
ange
—Our Own
undry Co.

with the distinct
y you can send
r, and there are
se in St. John.
op Shelf or Top
th H. W. Boiler

USE" Agents

ISSON,
S
lemen's Wear
ITY BLOCK.

ways Used
LINEN—
Envelopes
reasonable price.

Co., Ltd.
am Street.

ADVERTISE

ity Market daily.
ow vacated. For

N Ltd,
139 Prince Street.

thern Railway

SUNDAY, Oct. 3, 1909,
daily, Sunday excepted.

erry 7.30 a. m.
ohn 7.45 a. m.

12.30 p. m.
1.45 p. m.
2.30 p. m.
3.45 p. m.
5.30 p. m.

McLEAN, President,
and Time.

ng Classes

or winter term,
October 1st.

to 9.30 Monday,
and Friday.

on application.

S. Kerr
Principal.

Marine Engines

phenson & Co.,
St. John, N. B.

STER & CO.,
CORNER ST.
E. G. SCOTT
FINE MERCHANT

Brown Four Crown Scotch
Island Wines.

IC ROUTE

agle Mill leaves Mill
Somerville, Kenobe
Baywater daily ex-
a 9 a. m., and 3 and 5
ing from Baywater at
and 3.45 p. m. Sun-
a. m. 4.15 p. m. Return
a. m. and 5 p. m.
McGOLDRICK, Agent.

OR SALE

A SIZES
order early and get the
correct size.

ILTON & GAY,
St. John, N. B.

Phone 211.

HIGH GRADE

FECTIONERY

ITFUL ICE CREAM

o-late Soda Drinks
aters and newest
and call at

AWKER & SON
104 Prince Wm. St.

COAL

ANTHRACITE
NTHRAITE
NE SYDNEY
RESERVE
ball or in bags.
Price low

& W. F. Starr,
Limited

ROBT. MAXWELL,
Mason and Builder, Valuator
and Appraiser.
Brick, Lime, Stone,
Tile, and Plaster
Worker.
General Jobbing Promptly and Neatly
done.
Office 160 Rodney Street.
Res. 285 Union St. Tel. 253.

Buy and Use
SAUSAGES
They Will Suit You
MADE BY
JOHN HOPKINS
188 Union St. Phone 133.

Boys' Boots
Our Boys' Boots give the greatest satisfaction.
Made to fit, look well and stand half-soling many times.
Prices, \$1.15 to \$4.25
We call your particular attention to the following
Boys' Box Calf Blucher Laced Boot made whole quarter and back-strap, heavy double sole running back to heel.
Sizes, 11 to 2-1-2; \$2.15
" 3 to 5-1-2; 2.50

Francis & Vaughan,
19 KING STREET.

Emery McLaughlin Co.
Importers, Manufacturers.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
MARBLE, GRANITE, FREESTONE
AND CEMENT.
The only thoroughly equipped Stone-yard in the City of St. John. Call and see our new machines.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE
90-92 City Road. St. John, N. B.

Butt & McCarthy,
MERCHANT TAILORS
68 Commercial Street,
Next Canadian Bank of Commerce.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Rich'd Sullivan & Co.
Wines and Liquors
Wholesale only
AGENTS FOR
WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKEY,
LAWSON'S LIQUEUR,
GEO. SAYER & CO'S FAMOUS COGNAC
NAC BRANDIES,
PABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.
44 & 46 Duck St.

HOTELS
The ROYAL
Saint John N. B.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY,
PROPRIETORS

Victoria Hotel
11 and 13 King Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Electric passenger elevator and all modern improvements.
D. W. McCormick Proprietor.

FREDERICTON'S LEADING HOTEL IS THE
BARKERHOUSE
QUEEN STREET.
Centrally located, large new sample rooms, private bath, electric lights and bells, hot water heating throughout.
T. V. MONAHAN, Proprietor

WAVERLY HOTEL
FREDERICTON, N. B.
The best \$1.00 a day Hotel in New Brunswick. Some of our best rooms \$1.50 per day. Electric lights and steam heat throughout.
JOHNSTON & DEWAR, Prop.
Regent St., Fredericton, N. B.

WITH THE JESTERS



THE COMPLAINT.
"What's the matter, little girl?"
"I dunno, but I think it's me liver."
EXTRAVAGANT.
"That fellow seems to be very extravagant."
"Hopelessly. He spends his own money just as if it were the Government's."—Courier-Journal.
LOOKING ON THE BRIGHT SIDE.
Mrs. Quince—No, Mr. Camerer, I don't like that photograph of my daughter. It makes her look too old.
Photographer—Oh, well, think what you save. You won't have to have another picture of her taken for years and years.
RATHER.
"Is Brown's place in history secure?"
"Secure! I should think it is. Six men have already made affidavits to prove that he doesn't deserve it."—Detroit Free Press.
STEP ON IT
Willie—Papa, there's a big black bug on the ceiling.
Papa (busy reading)—Well, step on it and don't bother me.—Boston Transcript.
AT SCHOOL.
During the first day at school of a Conway had the teacher pointed to the letter A on the chart and asked:
"What letter is that?"
The tot rubbed his brow for a moment and hesitatingly asked:
"Why, don't you know?"—Kansas City Star.
THE DIFFERENCE.
"Your remarks don't read as well as those of your political rival."
"No," answered Senator Sorghum, "he has more luck than I have in setting smart fellows to interview him."—Washington Star.

FAIR PLAY FOR THE
NOT KNOWN IN
FRENCH COURTS
Civilized World Aroused Over
Methods of Prosecutions in
France--- How the Juge d'
Instruction Proceeds.

NO REDRESS FOR
THE INNOCENT
London, Nov. 9.—The arbitrary rulings and conduct of M. de Valdes, the magistrate who is trying Mme. Steinhell, has aroused resentment all over the world. But M. de Valdes is not unlike other French magistrates. The fault is with the office, not the man. For some time the most eminent criminal lawyers of France have been trying to pass a reform through the French Parliament which will revolutionize criminal procedure. They want to make the magistrates and the judges responsible for their decisions and their treatment of accused persons who have not been condemned.
There is no doubt that the number of judicial errors which takes place is much higher than it should be. There is always a campaign going on in favor of some unhappy convict whose innocence is obvious to anyone who chooses to examine into his case. That this is so is due to the fact that the magistrate is first of all charged with what is called "instruction" of a crime, the preliminary examination, is responsible for his conduct to nobody but himself. He can arrest whomever he pleases and keep him shut up for an indefinite length of time, while he examines and bullies him under conditions which always amount to torture and often to sheer physical torture.
Must Prove Guilty.
It is a tradition with these magistrates that they must prove the prisoner's guilt at all costs, and some of them have been known positively to suppress or disguise evidence in order to secure a condemnation. If in spite of all their efforts their victim's innocence is plain, he is then let out without a word of apology, often ridiculed in health and reputation, and without any compensation whatever.
A short time ago a Bordeaux merchant, who had been treated in this way, and who had exhausted all his means in trying to get compensation from the Juge d'Instruction who had him wrongfully condemned, and who incidentally, he it may be said, was acting on behalf of a revengeful woman, shot at the magistrate in the street. The jury before whom the case was tried acquitted the Juge. This shows that public opinion is in sympathy with his act.
The Juge d'Instruction is under a survival of the ancient inquisition. He is neither judge nor jury, prosecutor, chief of detectives nor friend of the family; yet he touches on all of these characters in one day's work.
When a man is accused of anything in France it is the first duty of this amiable personage to overwhelm him with a mass of doubts and fears. His second duty is to lead him to confess that he is guilty. His third duty is to lay neat traps for him, so that he may be trapped up nicely at the trial.
Close Confinement
After a man is arrested the first thing is to throw him into close confinement. Often he does not even know of what he is accused. He may not see his friends. He may not even see his lawyer. He may write letters, but they must be of indifferent, domestic matters, clear hints and instructions. The letters he receives must likewise pass inspection. His friends may send him a rug for his cell floor, his dressing gown, and slippers, his cigars, his books, his wine and food from a good restaurant. But he may see no newspapers. One thing only he knows well, "Justice"—in the person of the Juge d'Instruction—is "occupied" with him. His home will have been ransacked, his papers carried off.
Every now and then they take him up to see the Juge d'Instruction. Nothing could be milder, kinder and friendlier than the parlor of the Juge d'Instruction. The kindly Juge is there, unceremonious and easy, with his secretary. "Now, we shan't be long," their kindly manner says, "come tell us all about it." What shall he tell? What do they know? His lawyer, who sits there beside him silently, has not had opportunity to say a word in him. Yet he must pretend that he is innocent, and answer frankly, freely, eagerly and without hesitation all the subtle questions put to him by this inquisitor. There are no more questions, and the Juge d'Instruction. His inquiries will have included confidential chats with friends and enemies of the accused, with clerks and office boys, with janitors and chambermaids, in which suspicions and hypotheses that would not be admitted even in French law court assist him to trip up the man who has to answer in the dark.
"Such-and-such a thing is said of you. How do you explain it?" the Juge d'Instruction will ask. The prisoner's lawyer dare not object that it is an insinuation utterly irrelevant. He dare not even ask "What says it?" It is true the prisoner may refuse to answer. "Then go back to your cell a little while. Perhaps in a few weeks you may remember." Regularly the Juge always answers, "Then, if that is so, how about this?" And the accused finds himself plunged in another explanation. What does it tend to? Is the Juge d'Instruction playing a screen of confidence game on him? Yes, this is unhappily too often true. In France there is apparently no fair play—For the guilty.

Fredericton, Nov. 9.—At a meeting of the directors of The Gleaner Ltd., yesterday, J. D. Black was elected secretary-treasurer. Managing Director H. C. Crockett announced that the new 16-page stereotyping press was about completed, and would probably be in operation the first week in December, when the paper will be enlarged to seven columns.

Superintendent Carter Back from a Visit to Schools of Moncton is loud in his praise of their equipment.
Most Advanced of ANY IN PROVINCE
Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 9.—Superintendent Carter, who recently made an official visit to the schools of Moncton, speaks very appreciatively of the energy and progressiveness of the School Board, and of the work done in that busy town.
He says that in some respects Moncton, in as far as he has been able to observe, is the most advanced of any in the Province.
In the matter of fire escapes and drills, that city is easily first—much money has been spent on fire escapes, which in some cases are of concrete and have in communication with the main building. Hose and fire extinguishers are provided throughout the halls, and the boys are trained and drilled to use them promptly upon the doors and utilize the fire extinguishers.

Employs Directors.
Moncton employs directors to conduct manual and physical training in the schools.
Of the other towns in the Province besides Moncton, Fredericton alone employs a musical director.
Moncton alone employs a director of physical training. The results are admirable and worthy of imitation by all others. Both subjects are very popular with the parents.
Moncton has probably the largest and best equipped laboratory of any school in New Brunswick, and this is the case of the largest and best equipped laboratory of any school in the Province.
The chairman takes a very deep interest in all the work of the schools, and the rate of taxation in Moncton is at present about \$2.25 on the \$100 on a full valuation, and the corporation which owns the city has many specimens of minerals, plants and animals. The chairman takes a very deep interest in all the work of the schools, and the rate of taxation in Moncton is at present about \$2.25 on the \$100 on a full valuation, and the corporation which owns the city has many specimens of minerals, plants and animals.
The School Board is representative of the best citizenship of the city and of its members give much of their time to the duties of the office.
Not Yet Introduced.
The subjects of Manual Training and Domestic Science have not yet been introduced into the schools, but it is not because their importance is not recognized by the board. The rate of taxation in Moncton is at present about \$2.25 on the \$100 on a full valuation, and the corporation which owns the city has many specimens of minerals, plants and animals.
While in the vicinity Superintendent Carter took occasion to visit Sackville and spent a few very pleasant hours with Dr. Inch, who continues to take a deep interest in matters educational and had many inquiries to make regarding the former's association with him. Dr. Inch's many friends will be glad to know that he is enjoying a good measure of health and that he is very pleasant and comfortably located amidst the friends of his earlier life and his nearest relatives.

PRIZE FOR THE
SCHOOL BOARD
OF MONCTON
The PRIZE OF BEING
EXERCISED BY
No Signs of Royal Activity in Making Peace Between the Houses of Parliament—Elections Early in January.

RESULT OF THE ELECTIONS PROBLEMATICAL
New York, N. Y., Nov. 7.—I. N. Ford, The Tribune's London correspondent, sends the following: "There are no signs of royal activity in making peace between the Houses of Parliament. The King has his usual round of social engagements, and he continues to carry out the budget and other constitutional crises in sight, but his influence is held in reserve to enable the Government and the Lords to avoid blunders in tactics, and to agree upon an interim finance arrangement if the two Houses are in open conflict, the Ministers have not made any mistakes in rallying their party and carrying the budget by the narrowest of margins by an immense majority."
In January.
"The chief Liberal Whip has announced that the elections will be held early in January. Whether the budget goes through the Lords or is held up by the three hundred Peers leagued together for its destruction, the elections will not be deferred. The Ministers themselves will seek a vote of confidence from the country, and will not allow the Lords to pose as the unchallenged champions of democracy."
"If the Lords really want the people to vote on the budget they have only to pass the finance bill and it will virtually become a referendum for the nation in January, without being complicated by the constitutional issue. This is obviously the safest and best course for the Lords, but they are not likely to avoid the mistake of throwing the budget and forcing a general election on the country. As soon as the bill is passed, the Liberal extremists on the Radical side want them to do it. It is natural for them to destroy the budget when there is evidence that the country does not like it and considers it necessary to have a fiscal policy conducted with reference to a revival of home industries and the employment of the labor, but to destroy the budget they cannot do so as they reject it they will be called on to legalize by special acts the tea duties, the income tax and other revenues supplied by the budget."
Treasury Must be Protected.
"The treasury cannot be exposed to liability for duties already collected under the resolutions adopted last spring, and the budget will have to be made over and put in operation after conference between the two Houses. The Lords will refuse to sanction the lands section, the licensing duties, and when they sanction the other and interim arrangements for raising over the treasury crisis, they will impair the force of their intervention, since they will be convicted of pulling the finance bill to pieces, protecting their own interests as land owners and delivering the publicans from ruinous taxation. If the collective intelligence of the majority of the Peers were higher, blundering tactics like that would be impossible. As it is, the rejection of the budget by the main body of experienced and furious Peers is probable."
"The result of the general elections is not predicted with confidence by the working politicians on either side. The Liberals admit a large loss of seats, but hope to obtain a narrow margin over all factions. The Conservative calculators at headquarters expect a majority over the Liberals and Laborites, but concede that the Nationalist group will be in possession of a large number of power. Tariff reform would rapidly become unpopular if it could only be carried by the concession of home rule to Ireland."

There's Comfort
IN OUR
Men's Cushion
Sole Boots
BESIDES THIS
They are COLD Proof and DAMP Proof
MADE OF
Plump Box Calf Leather, Blucher Pattern, 1-2 Bellows
Tongue, Heavy Waterproof Double Soles to Heels.
HAVE A
Special closure between the uppers and the welt and the
"Worth" Cushion Insole.
A COMBINATION
TWO STYLES
that is unequalled for winter wear.
\$5.50 and \$6.00
Styles Now In Our Window

McRobbie 94 KING STREET
FOOT FITTERS

PROGRESSIVE FARMERS
ARE EXTENSIVELY USING THE
Stickney Gasoline Engine
GEO. J. BARRETT,
Fredericton, St. John.

Store open till 9 p. m. Thursday, Sept. 23, 1909.

Men's Patent Boots
Blucher Cut, Swing Last,
Natty Toe, Dull Calf
Ankle.
Price Per Pair \$3.00
"Union Made." A boot with lots of snap.
PERCY J. STEEL, Foot Furnisher,
519-521 Main Street.

TRY US for your
ELECTRICAL NEEDS
Supplies of all kinds, Lamps,
Fixtures, Shades, etc.
ALEX. W. THORNE,
Electrical Contractors,
678 Main Street, Phone Main 2344-11

HUTCHINGS & CO.,
BEDDING MANUFACTURERS
WIRE MATTRESSES, MATTRESSES,
IRON BEDSTEADS, FEATHER
PILLOWS etc.
WHOLESALE and RETAIL
101 to 105 Germain Street.

SIR PERCY GIRAOUARD
AT MOMBASSA NOW
Recently Appointed High Commissioner Assumes Duties—
The Delightful Climate of Nairobi.

London, Nov. 8.—Sir Percy Girouard arrived at Mombassa on Sept. 14, and the new High Commissioner made a forceful speech at the great reception given him, in which all classes of the cosmopolitan population joined with fervor. Already three hours after his arrival—somewhat to the surprise of the local officialdom—he assumed the reins of Government, and from all reports to hand, it really seems that British East Africa was at last entered upon an area of rapid, prosperous and practical progress.
All that is now required is the early suspension of the Indian penal code at present still in force, which might be well supplanted by the Roman Dutch law, working for a century in South Africa with best results.
"Cyclops," writing in the East African Standard, observes of his first morning in Nairobi, for which city Lady Girouard has left to join her husband. "When the sun came out I realized what a charming climate exists at Nairobi. Situated close to the Equator, the nights are delightful, fully cool, indeed, cold, and one involuntarily longs for a fire. At Kikuyu, a few miles distant, but at a slightly higher altitude we were informed that Europeans always had fires at night time. About 11 a. m. the sun shines out beautifully, and for some hours is very hot, but the heat is invariably tempered by lively breezes, making life practically on the Equator not only tolerable, but thoroughly enjoyable to the white race. Judging from the rosy-cheeked children we saw, I do not think New Zealand or Australia can give many points to this particular part of Africa in the matter of climate. The residential portion of Nairobi is divided into three quarters, reminding one of the City of Rome and seven hills."

Fortune Awaits The
MISSING J. J. CORBETT
Quarter of a Million Held in Trust for Boston Young Man Who Disappeared Mysteriously in 1873.
New York, Nov. 9.—If James J. Corbett (not the pugilist), who left Boston in 1872 after he had been wrongfully accused of robbery, will make known his whereabouts he will find a Boston attorney ready to hand over to him a quarter of a million dollars which was left him by his brother, Wm. J. Corbett, who died a few days ago.
The son of a prominent Boston family, Corbett lived a jolly life, and finally got into trouble with the Boston police. Although vindicated, he could not bear the humiliation caused by his arrest and left the city. Though private detectives and lawyers engaged by the family have tried continually to find him, they have had no success.
On the death of his brother, the case was put in the hands of Wm. R. Scharton, of No. 43 Tremont street, Boston, and Scharton arrived here yesterday on a hunt for Corbett. Private detectives have been enlisted, and the search is being made for a man with "J. C." tattooed on his right arm.

HARVEY STATION.
Harvey Station, Nov. 8.—Thus far we have had a remarkably open fall. There has not been much heavy frost yet and the grass is still green.
One unflinching indication that winter is approaching is the periodic exodus of the young peep of this country who for the most part take trips south. Some young men have left for the lumber woods and more will follow.
Last week Christie Brothers of Thomaston with two teams passed

WHITE'S COVE.
White's Cove, Nov. 9.—Harry Orchard had the misfortune to get his hand caught in the machinery of his grist mill last week and the member was badly crushed. Dr. Casswell was called and found it necessary to remove one finger but thinks the rest of the hand may be saved.
The machinery in the Knight Bros' mill at Mill Cove broke down a few days ago. The mill is now under repairs.
Large shipments of freight are being shipped from the Lake at present. It is said that the May Queen carried on her Thursday trip over 1200 barrels of potatoes, besides pork and other goods for the St. John market.
The water is still very high in the lake, the low wharf here being yet under water.
On Friday, last two suspicious looking men, who were always hungry and begging meals at every door, either by mistake or purposely, entered York Mills school. Finding, probably, no meals were to be served they retreated from the entrance, but not until they had fitted themselves with some of the best hats they could find.
Dr. Green of Boston, who owns a beautiful summer home at Tweedside, by the Oromocto Lake, returned last Monday to the United States, his friend, Mr. Salisbury, who visited these parts about two months, returned the week before.
Mr. Allan Robinson has a contract with the Lake George Autonomy Company for cutting and hauling one thousand cords of firewood. Mr. Robinson has a crew of men at work on the company's wood land and is making good progress.
Mr. William Little of Brockway, the oldest resident in this section, is re-

White's Cove, Nov. 9.—Harry Orchard had the misfortune to get his hand caught in the machinery of his grist mill last week and the member was badly crushed. Dr. Casswell was called and found it necessary to remove one finger but thinks the rest of the hand may be saved.
The machinery in the Knight Bros' mill at Mill Cove broke down a few days ago. The mill is now under repairs.
Large shipments of freight are being shipped from the Lake at present. It is said that the May Queen carried on her Thursday trip over 1200 barrels of potatoes, besides pork and other goods for the St. John market.
The water is still very high in the lake, the low wharf here being yet under water.
On Friday, last two suspicious looking men, who were always hungry and begging meals at every door, either by mistake or purposely, entered York Mills school. Finding, probably, no meals were to be served they retreated from the entrance, but not until they had fitted themselves with some of the best hats they could find.
Dr. Green of Boston, who owns a beautiful summer home at Tweedside, by the Oromocto Lake, returned last Monday to the United States, his friend, Mr. Salisbury, who visited these parts about two months, returned the week before.
Mr. Allan Robinson has a contract with the Lake George Autonomy Company for cutting and hauling one thousand cords of firewood. Mr. Robinson has a crew of men at work on the company's wood land and is making good progress.
Mr. William Little of Brockway, the oldest resident in this section, is re-

There is a business leak when you only get 3 per cent. on your money.

The SMART BAG CO., Ltd., 7 p. c. CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK

W. F. MAHON & CO. INVESTMENT BANKERS

Listed Stocks Our Circular No. 454, gives valuable information regarding eighty-one issues of railroad and industrial stocks

Railroad Bonds Our Circular No. 455 gives valuable information regarding forty-two issues of well-known Railroad Bonds

WE WISH TO SEND, WITHOUT CHARGE, our regular Weekly Financial Review to all investors desiring to keep well informed on conditions affecting their securities.

J. S. BACHE & COMPANY, Bankers

Occidental Fire INSURANCE COMPANY

Dr. John G. Leonard, DENTIST

LONDON GUARANTEE & ACCIDENT COMPANY, LTD.

Elder Dempster & Co., Line S.S. "BORNU"

CLOSING STOCK LETTER.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Activity dwindled to the vanishing point in today's stock exchange session

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

MONTEAL STOCK MARKET

Table with columns: Morning Sales, Bid, Ask, Price. Includes items like Asbestos Pfd., Bell Telephone, Canadian Pacific Railway, etc.

MONTEAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Table with columns: Bid, Ask, Price. Includes items like Asbestos, Bell Telephone, Canadian Pacific Railway, etc.

NEWS SUMMARY.

By Direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co.

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET—YES—TERRA'S TRADING ON WALL ST.

(Quotations Furnished by Private Wires of J. C. Mackintosh and Co., Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, 111 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N. B., Chubb's Corner.)

Table with columns: Shares, Sold, Plous, High, Low, Close. Includes items like American Copper, American Beet Sugar, American Car and Foundry, etc.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKET

New York, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Flour—Receipts, 42,647; exports, 9,223; quiet, unchanged.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 9.—Wheat—Dec. 1.04 1/8; May, 1.03 1/4; July, 96 3/8.

CHICAGO CATTLE.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

CANADIAN PRODUCE MARKETS

Special to The Standard. Toronto, Nov. 9.—The local grain market is strong with an active demand for all classes of grain

Ontario wheat—No. 2 mixed, winter wheat, \$1.02 to \$1.04 outside; No. 1 northern, \$1.03 to \$1.04 outside.

Ontario bran, \$22; shorts, \$24, on track at Toronto, bags included.

Local offerings of potatoes are heavy, stocks are abundant. A fair demand prevails and prices are steady.

CLOSING COTTON LETTER.

By Direct private wires to J. C. Mackintosh & Co., St. John, N. B.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—In view of the seeming demoralization which had lately prevailed in the cotton market,

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

A SAFE 6 p. c. INVESTMENT

Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Debenture Stock. Perpetual Shares \$100 each. Interest payable January 1, July 1.

Price 100 p. c. and interest. Yield 6 p. c.

J. C. MACKINTOSH & CO. Members of Montreal Stock Exchange, Direct Private Wires.

SHORT ROUTE BETWEEN HALIFAX AND MONTREAL

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY MEETS AT CAPITAL

Celebration Planned for Coming Feast—Smoking Concert and Church Parade—Scholarship is Awarded.

Fredericton, Nov. 9.—The annual meeting of the Fredericton Society of St. Andrew's was held last evening.

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

CURLING THIS

WOLFVILLE COLLEGE Trophy, Emblem ball Champion Yesterday--S

Backville, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Acadia team had a tem of passing that took and gold men by surprise.

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.—The Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd., supply the following quotations of the Winnipeg wheat market:

AMERICANS IN LONDON FIRMLY 1/2 ABOVE PARITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 14.65; middling Gulf, 14.90; no sales.

MONTEAL CURE

MR. N. CURRY A DIRECTOR

Taylor's Soap advertisement with image of soap box and text: 'Save 25 Bars of Soap', 'Ordinarily you use at least one bar of laundry soap every week—more than fifty bars in a year.'

Acadia Curling Club advertisement with image of a curler and text: 'The Acadia team had a tem of passing that took and gold men by surprise.'

City Cornet Band advertisement with text: 'Around the World FAIR'.

Leniency asked for in students' case advertisement with text: 'Toronto, Ont., Nov. 9.—A meeting of the undergraduates' parliament of Toronto university was held last night to consider the action of the capt in regard to the students concerned in the Hallowsen rowdianism at which, after a heated debate a resolution of support of the capt's action was modified into a petition for leniency.

CURLING TO BOOM THIS YEAR

ACADIA DOWNS MOUNT ALLISON

Wolfville Collegians Win Coveted King-Richardson Trophy, Emblematic of the Intercollegiate Football Championship, by Defeating Mount Allison Yesterday--Score 5-0.

Sackville, N. B., Nov. 9.—A fast game on Mt. Allison's gridiron this afternoon decided by the score of 5-0 that Acadia should hold the King-Richardson cup emblematic of the intercollegiate football championship for another year.

The Acadia team had a peculiar system of passing that took the garnet and gold men by surprise. Immediately after a scrimmage all but three of the visitors forwards would drop back into the quarter line and one of their men into the half line.

At the kickoff Acadia sent the ball some distance into Mt. Allison's territory and ran in before it could be returned. It was held and scrimmageed. Acadia heeled it out and it was passed to Simms in the home team's territory who ran back to the half line and passed the ball to Kaiser, who passed it to Andrews, who passed it to Porter, who passed it to Camp.

After the kickoff the visitors kept the ball somewhat within Mt. Allison's territory for a while. Camp kicked, however, they were unable to make much progress. Howe of the Acadia team then connected and took the ball to Mt. Allison's 15 yard line where he was stopped by Trappell, the home fullback, who kicked it back.

Acadia was awarded a penalty kick soon after and got it back to Mt. Allison's 25 yard line where it was scrimmageed, during which Fraser, one of Mt. Allison's powerful forwards sustained a dislocation of the shoulder.

THE ROARING GAME TO BOOM THIS YEAR

The exponents of Scotland's National game, evidently do not intend to let the bowlers and hockeyists capture all the admiration and glory of the sport loving public of St. John during the coming season and the "Tamo-Shester" men will be out in force again this winter.

SPORTS ACADIA DOWNS MT. ALLISON

TWO FAMOUS IRISHMEN; SPORTS, QUITE NATURALLY



"TAY PAY" AND SIR THOMAS. Here they are, fresh from the old sod, T. P. O'Connor and Sir Thos. Lipton, with the blood of Fontenoy in their veins.

BABE ADAMS TELLS OF HIS BIG SUCCESS. To the good influence of his mother, who taught him to persevere, and to his early aptitude to throw potatoes in a curved line while yet a farmer boy, Charles "Babe" Adams, the famous Pittsburg pitcher, who won the world's championship for Pittsburg, attributes much of his success in baseball.

PRINCETON'S SLIM CHANCE AGAINST ELI. New York, Nov. 9.—The Princeton-Dartmouth game did more than anything else this season to show that the judgment of the relative value of a goal from the field and a touchdown is a more equitable measure of their worth than the case last year.

QUEER STUNTS HAPPENING ON GRIDIRON. In the fall of 1899 Young, the Cornell quarterback, received a bad bump on the head during the first half of one of the early games and was so dazed that he gave the signal for the same play—a tackle buck—eight times in succession.

THE ROARING ASSOCIATION OF THE MINOR LEAGUES MEET. Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 9.—The National Association of Minor Leagues, with an attendance of nearly all its leagues, except the Eastern, met here today.

TO BATTLE FOR CHESS HONORS. Lexington, Ky., Nov. 9.—The chess championship of America and a side bet of \$500 are involved in a series of fifteen games which began here today with J. W. Showalter of Georgetown, Ky., and Frank J. Marshall of Brooklyn, N. Y., as the contestants.

NEWSMANS . WIN FROM INSURANCE. The first game of the city league was played last evening on Black's alleys between the Newsmans and the insurance men, and resulted in a victory for the former by three points to one.

From Time To Time We Feel called upon to draw your attention, Mr. Advertiser, to the value of St. John's newest morning daily, as a connecting link between Your Store and Our Public.

THE VILLA MODEL RANGE Second to None Easy on Fuel, a Perfect Baker, Direct Draft, Removable Nickel, Fitted with Plain or Dockash Grate, manufactured in this city thus enabling you to have repairs promptly.

Advertisement for J. E. Wilson, Ltd. featuring 'The Mercantile Marine' and 'Every Day' insurance services.

DAILY ALMANAC table listing various maritime events, ship arrivals, and departures.

Bedford Declared Mentally Deranged. London, Nov. 9.—William E. Bedford the self-confessed murderer of Ethel Kinnaird, at Hamilton, was again remanded today until Thursday.

Foreign Ports. City Island, N. Y., Nov. 9.—Bound south, schs Ravolin, Riverside, N. B.; Rescue, Dorchester, N. B.; Garfield, White, Windsor, N. S.; Edwina, Halifax, N. S.; Evolution, Digby, N. S.; Harry W. Lewis, Port Greville, N. S.; Cora May, Windsor, N. S.; Lois V. Chaples, Liverpool, N. S.

OTTAWA CADET CORPS. Ottawa, Nov. 9.—Early Grey addressed the boys of the Ottawa Cadet Corps this afternoon after they had paraded on Parliament Hill in honor of the King's birthday.

Mr. James S. Harding. Mr. James S. Harding of St. John, New Brunswick, is in the city on business. Mr. Harding is one of the best known financial men in the eastern province, and also is very well known in Montreal.—Montreal Star.

Advertisement for Soap, featuring 'The Roaring Game' and 'The Villa Model Range'.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Moderate winds, fine and cool. Toronto, Ont., Nov. 9.—Abnormally high pressure still prevails from the lakes to the Atlantic...

AROUND THE CITY

Why Not? There was considerable comment yesterday upon the fact that while practically all the shipping in the harbor observed the King's birthday by a display of bunting...

A Vote of Thanks. At a special meeting of the W. C. T. U. held yesterday a vote of appreciation to all who had assisted in making the Dominion convention a success was unanimously passed.

St. Mary's Harvest Supper. The annual Harvest Supper of the ladies of St. Mary's congregation will be held in their school-house, Waterloo street tomorrow (Thursday) evening.

Hestia Inquiry in Montreal Today. The six survivors of the Hestia including Third Officer Stewart and Second Engineer Morgan left for Montreal last evening and will be examined at the formal inquiry into the wreck which will open there tomorrow.

Methodist Mission Banquet. The annual Methodist mission banquet will be held in the schoolroom of the Portland Methodist church on Nov. 25.

W. D. Haywood Here Today. Mr. William D. Haywood of Idaho, who figured prominently in the Stunenburg murder trial, will arrive in the city from Montreal this morning and has arranged to deliver an address on "The Class Struggle of the West" in Keith's Assembly rooms on Monday evening.

Salvation Army Council. The concluding session of the Salvation Army council which has been held in the city during the week took place last evening in the Citadel on Charlotte street.

Portland Y. M. A. Anniversary. The seventh anniversary of Portland Y. M. A. was held last evening in their rooms on Portland street and a large number were present.

Methodist Church Concert. A concert of exceptional merit was given in the chancel of the Carleton Methodist church last evening. There was a large attendance and an enjoyable musical programme was carried out in which the following took part: Solos, Miss Holden, Mrs. Murray Long, Mr. Harry Brown and Mrs. Curran; Duets, Miss Leach and Mr. James Griffiths; Reading, Mr. A. E. McKinley.

Elloquent Address by Dr. MacPhie. Rev. Duncan A. MacPhie, secretary of the Evangelical Alliance of Boston, delivered an eloquent and inspiring address before a largely attended public meeting in St. Andrew's church, last evening.

Taken to the Provincial Hospital. Some excitement was caused on Wall street about midnight on Monday when a girl named Ida Colpitta, belonging to Albert county, strolled into the house of a prominent citizen and proceeded to make herself at home for the night.

IF ST. JOHN GOT THE DRY DOCK HALIFAX WOULD BE PLEASED

J. A. Johnston, Board of Trade President Here Yesterday, Says Wrong Impression Exists As To Sister City's Sentiment—En route to Montreal to Discuss With C.P.R. Extension to Halifax.

Mr. Jacob A. Johnston, president of the Halifax Board of Trade, passed through the city last evening en route to Montreal where he and Mayor Chisholm as a delegation will meet the officials of the C. P. R. and discuss with them the matter of the proposed C. P. R. extension to Halifax.

CITY'S SUPPLIES WILL BE BOUGHT AT MARKET PRICE

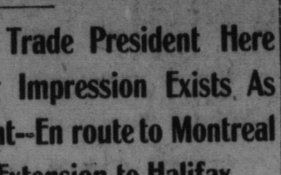
At a brief session of the Safety Board yesterday afternoon, the session of Ald. Potts to do away with calling for tenders for feed and to have the chairman and director buy the supplies at the market price was adopted and a recommendation made to this effect.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BADMINTON CLUB WAS HELD YESTERDAY

The annual meeting of the St. John Badminton Club was held yesterday afternoon at the office of the Bank of Montreal. Mr. George West Jones president of the club, was in the chair, and a number of lady and gentlemen members of the club were present.

SALE OF WOOL AND SAXONY BLANKETS AT M. R. A.'S. A great money saving opportunity for private homes, cooking houses and hotels. A splendid under-iced offering of delightfully soft, warm, wool blankets and Saxony blankets, all fresh and new.

USE Wasson's Dandruff



for one week, then you will know that it cures DANDRUFF. AN APPLICATION AT ALL BARBER SHOPS. 50c. LARGE BOTTLE.

1909 ANNUALS 1910 Boys' Own Annual, Girls' Own Annual, Chums, Chatterbox, Young Canada Prize Sunday, Infants Magazine

E. G. Nelson & Co., Cor. King and Charlotte Sts. Store closed at 6 p.m., excepting Saturday.

QUARTERLY MEETING OF ST. JOHN DEANERY WAS HELD YESTERDAY

The clergymen of the Church of England of the Deanery of St. John met in quarterly session at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Fairville, yesterday. The business meeting was presided by the Holy Communion, the rector Rev. W. L. B. Kiel being celebrant assisted by Rev. G. F. Scovil.

ST. JOHN EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION ANNUAL MEETING YESTERDAY

The annual meeting of the St. John Exhibition Association was held yesterday in the Board of Trade rooms and was fairly well attended. The report of the executive was received and twenty-one directors elected.

Patriotic Concert in Fairville. A Patriotic concert was held by the Young People's Society of Fairville Methodist church last evening with such success. A patriotic speech delivered by Rev. G. M. Ross was received very enthusiastically.

USE Wasson's Dandruff



for one week, then you will know that it cures DANDRUFF. AN APPLICATION AT ALL BARBER SHOPS. 50c. LARGE BOTTLE.

1909 ANNUALS 1910 Boys' Own Annual, Girls' Own Annual, Chums, Chatterbox, Young Canada Prize Sunday, Infants Magazine

E. G. Nelson & Co., Cor. King and Charlotte Sts. Store closed at 6 p.m., excepting Saturday.

Mens' Waterproof and Waterproof BOOTS

There is a difference. The man around town who walks from his store or office to his home requires a boot sufficiently heavy to keep his feet absolutely dry, but he wants one with some character to it.

Waterbury & Rising King Street, Mill Street, Union Street.

WHO IS YOUR DENTIST? DON'T BE TIMID about asking about any dental work you contemplate having done. We will tell you what you require and give you the price we can do it at.

WIND AND DUST Strong winds irritate the skin and make it hard and dry. Unclean dust is forced into pores and skin cracks, creating an unhealthy condition that develops into unsightly eruptions and sores unless promptly cared for.

Brass Goods Hot Water Kettles that are so good looking you will want to buy them on sight. See the small ones at \$1.00 each. Prices \$2.65 to \$9.50. W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD Market Square, St. John, N. B.

SUITS AT \$18.00 While we are selling suits—and good ones—at prices ranging from \$10 to \$25, we desire to call special attention to the popular \$18 lines. GILMOUR'S, 68 KING STREET TAILORING AND CLOTHING. "A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES"

UNEEDA Biscuit are more than mere soda crackers. They are a distinct individual, food article, made from special materials, by special methods, in specially constructed bakeries. National Biscuit Co. Ask Your Grocer

Just A Look At Our Overcoats Will Prove to you that this is the Place to buy. Men's Overcoats at \$7.50, \$8.75, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$13.50, \$15.00, \$16.50, \$18.00, \$20.00 to \$22.00. Boy's Overcoats, \$3.50 to \$15.00. J. N. HARVEY, TAILORING AND CLOTHING, 199 to 207 UNION STREET.

SALE OF WOOL AND SAXONY BLANKETS Special Clearance of Woolly Heaps of Cold-Defying Bed Coverings. No one Need Sleep Without Warm Blankets When Such Little Money Takes Them. Beautiful Wool Blankets—Extra fine qualities, very soft, warm and unshrinkable with very pretty light pink and light blue borders. Saxony Blankets—One-third fine Saxony Wool, two-thirds cotton. MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON, LTD.