

TARIFF COMMISSION.

Some Delegations of Manufacturers Given a Private Hearing.

The Very Thing the Liberal Newspapers Protested Against When Hon. Wallace and Wood Toured Ontario.

YOUNG LADIES ONLY.

(Montreal Gazette.) On Friday the tariff enquiry commission concluded its labors for the present in Toronto, but will return again to that city, although the date of the second visit is not yet known.

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FREE TRADE ENGLAND.

(Toronto Globe.) There were 71 deaths from cholera in England, it is stated that the harvest is the worst recorded as the cause of it.

HEY ALL DO IT NOW.

(Mail and Empire.) The fact that the private cars are not sufficient for the accommodation of the ministers, they are and Mr. Davies, the minister, has had to travel in the public omnibus.

ROOM FOR HUNGRY GRITS.

(Yarmouth Times.) The department of marine and fishery is sending an agent down to the provinces to enquire for a room for political make room for the hungry.

PROTECTION MUST GO.

(Toronto Star.) Mr. Richard Cartwright's policy from first to last has been to destroy this villainous protective tariff.

W. C. T. U. AND TOBACCO.

(Toronto Star.) The ladies of the W. C. T. U. who recently proclaimed against tobacco, are called to the attention of Mrs. Isabella Ridda, who is week at Markham.

NOTHING GOVERNMENT.

(Toronto Star.) The people of Canada expect the government to do something. They thought to have great ideas as to the country should be managed.

ALMY KNIFING DAYS.

(Boston Journal.) In a general breeding, an intelligence, told us that in the day we saw seeds to his underwear with this inscription: "My ap has been cut out."

LAWLESS HALIFAX.

(The Wesleyan.) The thought to hide his heads that is not enough honor among those should execute the laws, or a sound public opinion among citizens to save Halifax from the disgrace of its lawless "bars."

STILL A LIBERAL.

(Newcastle News, Liberal.) The old time Liberal, the other was surprised to hear him say in the present government. We are you not now a Liberal?

CARTWRIGHT IS THERE.

(St. John's Courier.) The ministers to whom has been the task of making enquiry into the tariff began their work yesterday at Toronto, a point where the tariff is being made.

CELEBRATED COLORED PEOPLE.

Interesting Interview With Mrs. R. Whetsel on Her Return from Washington.

Entertained in the most hospitable manner—Howard University.

Mrs. R. Whetsel, St. John's leading ice merchant, who has just returned from Washington, where she has placed her daughter in Howard University, is delighted with the manner in which she was treated at the American capital.

The grand jurors for this court are: Arthur Everitt, foreman; Henry Maher, James Ready, J. M. Taylor, S. Crothers, A. A. Watson, William Young, J. B. Cowan, Alfred Mabey, Henry Macdonald, McLaughlin, George H. Waterbury, Hugh S. Gregory, Frank Frewelling, Robert Marshall, David Lynch, J. C. Robertson, C. L. Jarvis, A. C. Blair, Chas. W. Hutchinson, John Morrison, E. J. Armstrong, Peter Campbell and J. Pope Barnes.

The petit jurors are: Charles E. Soamell, Uriah Drake, R. Duncan Smith, James Morgan, Harry dePorter, Thomas Bullock, John B. Cole, William C. P. R. J. D. Hazen, William J. Phillips, G. Sidney Kaye, M. Douglas Austin, A. W. Vanwart, Walter L. Cameron, G. Clowes Carman, Arthur T. Thorne, G. Herbert Street, J. P. Morris, Frank H. Foster, Thos. Carle and Richard Rowe.

His honor briefly addressed the grand jury, congratulating them on the absence of criminal business. He did not think it prudent to discharge the grand jury, but if their attendance should again be required they would be notified by the sheriff.

The following dockets were then made up:

JURY CAUSES.

1. McGaffigan v. Fullman Car Co.—Gulligan & Mullin.

2. Starkey v. C. P. R.—J. D. Hazen.

3. McGaffigan v. Fullman Car Co. (by proviso)—Weldon & McLean.

4. Troop v. Everett—C. A. Palmer.

5. Miller v. C. P. R.—Curry & Vincent.

6. Sellman v. Dearborn—A. P. Barnhill.

7. Bank of N. S. v. Fish—G. C. & C. J. Coster.

8. Eustace v. Porter—Curry & Vincent.

9. Perry v. Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co.—W. Pugsley.

10. Gilroy v. Quinn—M. McDonald.

11. Temple v. Western Assurance Co.—W. Pugsley.

12. McLeod v. Central Insurance Co.—A. P. Barnhill.

13. Flike v. Butt—Macrae & Sinclair.

14. Scoobria v. Colwell—H. A. McKeown.

15. Golden Rule Alliance v. Bank of B. N. A.—W. Pugsley.

16. Bumpce v. Esso—A. I. Trueman.

17. Sutherland v. Fowler—G. C. & C. J. Coster.

18. Merchants Bank v. O'Callaghan—G. C. & C. J. Coster.

19. Belyea v. Cobham—A. W. Macrae.

20. deForest v. Currie—G. C. & C. J. Coster.

21. McLeod v. The Mutual Insurance Co.—A. P. Barnhill.

22. Hazen v. Clark—C. N. Skinner.

23. Robinson v. Shore Line Ry. Co.—C. N. Skinner.

24. Smith v. Hilyard—Bustin & Porter.

25. Anderson v. Anderson—S. Alward.

26. Cassidy v. McIntyre—M. McDonald.

Of these causes quite a number can not be tried before his honor, he having been counsel in them while at the bar.

C. N. Skinner, Q. C., when an opportunity was afforded, stepped forward and addressed his honor upon his elevation to the bench. He had been requested to speak in the name of the bar, as he was president of the John Law society, and would be followed by Dr. A. A. Adams and Dr. Pugsley. No written or formal address had been prepared, as the bar felt that a spontaneous expression of opinion would be much better suited to the occasion and would be more pleasing to his honor. The profession recognized in the new judge one who had a thoroughly legal mind and who was fearless in the discharge of his duty. Three distinguishing qualities were of the good judge: an open mind, legal knowledge and patience. All of these were possessed by Judge McLeod, and he felt that the hope so widely entertained and excitement given last evening in honor of St. Cecilia proved one of the most successful held here for some time. The music, both vocal and instrumental, was of a high character. The orchestra is undoubtedly one of the best we have had here for some years, and its efficiency reflects great credit on the instructor, Rev. S. J. Arsenault, C.S.C. The vocal music could not have been better. J. Malenfant of Shediac, who contributed much to the success of the evening, called forth repeated rounds of applause. His comic songs especially were rendered in a very artistic manner. C. P. Carleton, although suffering somewhat from a severe cold, sang in his usual excellent style, and received a hearty encore. Master Talbot gave a very difficult selection on the violin, and was obliged to respond to a very enthusiastic curtain call. The entertainment closed with a French operetta, Don Quixote. L. P. De Legarde as Sancho Panza kept the house in an uproar, while S. Cote as the knight of La Mancha proved himself an actor of no small ability. P. Demers also worthy of praise for the manner in which he took the part of Perez Memier. Tomorrow is the feast of St. Catherine. It will be duly celebrated by the class of '97.

CASTORIA.

The fact is that it is an ever-ready remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels.

It is a safe and reliable remedy for all ailments of the stomach and bowels.

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HOME COMFORT

ROLL OF HONOR.

THREE GOLD AND ONE SILVER MEDAL. The World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, New Orleans, 1884 and 1885.

HIGHEST AWARDS. Nebraska State Board of Agriculture, 1897.

DIPLOMA. Alabama State Agr'l Society at Montgomery, 1889.

HIGHEST AWARDS. Chattanooga Valley Expo., Columbus, Ga., 1888.

HIGHEST AWARDS. St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Ass'n, 1893.

SIX HIGHEST AWARDS. World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893.

HIGHEST AWARDS. West. Fair Association, London, 1893.

GOLD MEDALS. Milwaukee, Jr., San Francisco, Cal., 1894.

SILVER MEDAL. Toronto Exposition, Toronto, Canada, 1895.

ABOVE HONORS RECEIVED BY WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO., 70 to 76 PEARL STREET, FOUNDED 1864. PAID UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

happy in the certainty that he had the good wishes of the bar for his success. During the twenty-nine years which had elapsed since he had been admitted to the profession he never regretted having made it his choice of a life work. He believed it to be the greatest and noblest of all the professions, but it was an arduous taskmaster. The position which he now occupied was one of the greatest responsibility, and he would endeavor to fill it by walking in the footsteps of those who had preceded him. Through all he felt sure of the support of a learned and active bar, which was a great assistance. He thanked the large number of barristers present for their kind and good wishes, and trusted that the kindest relations might always be preserved between the bench and bar of the province.

SAINT JOHN DYE WORKS

86 PRINCESS STREET. Ladies and Gentlemen's Clothing CLEANSED or DYED at Short Notice. C. B. BRACKET, - St. John N. B.

H. H. HOCKETT, B.S.L.

ATTORNEY, NOTARY, ETC. Commissioner for Province of Nova Scotia. Barnhill's Building, - St. John, N. B.

Accounts are held in any part of Maritime Provinces. He returns promptly.

RAISINS.

California 3 and 4 Crown London Layers, Malaga London Layers, California Loose Muscatesels. 50 lb. Boxes. Extra Fine Quality. Very Low Prices at W. F. HARRISON & CO'S, SMYTHE STREET.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

On and after Monday, the 12th October, 1896, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN. Express for Campbellton, Pictou, etc. 7.00. Express for Halifax, etc. 7.10. Express for Moncton, etc. 7.20. Express for Quebec and Montreal, etc. 7.30.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN. Express from Campbellton, Pictou, etc. 8.30. Express from Moncton, etc. 8.40. Express from Halifax, etc. 8.50. Express from Quebec and Montreal, etc. 9.00.

The Trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and those between Halifax and Montreal, via Lewis, are lighted by electricity. All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, etc. CAUTION - Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well-known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor - DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. Sold by all Chemists at 1/4d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. SOLE MANUFACTURER: J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.

EPPS'S COCOA

ENGLISH BREAKFAST COCOA. Possesses the Following Distinctive Merits: DELICACY OF FLAVOR. SUPERIORITY IN QUALITY. GRATEFUL and COMFORTING to the NERVOUS or DYSPEPTIC. NUTRITIVE QUALITIES UNRIVALLED.

In Quarter-Pound Tins and Packets Only. Prepared by JAMES EPPS & CO., Ld. Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

1896

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS. "I have used your Chlorodyne and I should prefer to take only such a little as is likely to be most generally useful to the suffering. I have never traveled without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple ailments forms its best recommendation."

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S Chlorodyne IS THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA, etc. CAUTION - Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well-known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor - DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE.

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LEGAL NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.

1. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office...

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the miscarriage of letters...

THE WEEKLY SUN

Is the most vigorous paper in the Maritime Provinces—16 pages—\$1.00 a year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising.

THIS PAPER IS MAILED REGULARLY TO ITS SUBSCRIBERS UNTIL A DEFINITE ORDER TO DISCONTINUE IS RECEIVED AND ALL ARREARS ARE PAID IN FULL.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., DECEMBER 2, 1896.

OUR DEAD.

For the third time since confederation, and the second time in three years, the people of this province are called upon to mourn the death of their lieutenant governor.

For nearly twenty years Mr. Fraser occupied conspicuous and responsible positions in the public life of the province.

Three years ago this paper, announcing the appointment of Judge Fraser to the position of lieutenant governor, took occasion to quote the language which the late Mr. Elder used on the retirement of Mr. Fraser from provincial politics.

Mr. Fraser was a liberal and Mr. Fraser belonged to the other party, but the editor of the Telegraph could be generous and just to those with whom he did not always agree.

He said of the retiring first minister.

"Few men have been more deservedly loved and trusted by supporters than Mr. Fraser; few more heartily respected and esteemed by his opponents. Scarcely any man in his position was more modest and unassuming. In the discharge of his duties he was one of the hardest worked men in political life, often helping colleagues on matters that properly devolved upon them, he being almost always at headquarters. In his relations to the finances as provincial secretary and receiver general, he was like Caesar's wife, 'above suspicion.' As attorney general and leader of the house he was a painstaking administrator, and an ever loyal and patriotic legislator. His personal worth and amiable character inspired universal confidence and formed the bond that cemented his party. We do not claim perfection for him, or for any man; he, like others in public life, made mistakes, but they certainly did not arise from selfish or personal motives. So far as we know he never sought or bargained for office, position or business from any government or person. We never knew Mr. Fraser to ask that the press should correct its utterance in regard to him, even when they may not have done him justice, nor did we ever know him to inspire the press. The editor of this paper, an M. P. P., was generally able to support Mr. Fraser, but whether able to do so or not, he never found in him the same honored and upright man, and the same true and sincere friend. It is no wonder then that we deeply regret his retirement from provincial political work."

(From Daily Sun of Nov. 26th.)

THANKSGIVING.

The art of keeping a public holiday is not well understood among the English speaking people in this country. The French Canadians, who have more festivals than other Canadians, make a better show in co-operative resting. The average Anglo-Saxon on this continent is, by comparison with other races, a solitary animal, or at most a family animal, especially in his pastimes. He prefers to take his holidays when he feels like it, and to take them individually rather than in the gregarious fashion that prevails on the European continent. Even in England, where it is charged that the people take their pleasures sadly, a bank holiday produces large and noisy crowds, and the working people of all ages appear to enter more into the spirit of the occasion, considered as a pure holiday, than they do here. Perhaps we have in this country greater opportunities for quiet and unostentatious enjoyment and more home comforts than people in the same walks of life in the older countries. Whether it is a question of taste or of environment, it seems that the demand for public holidays in this country does not exceed the supply, and we do not have many. Perhaps for this cause we may be the more likely to remember, in keeping the festival of today, the reason that it has been set apart. If Canadians have a special national fault, it is not undue cheerfulness. Our people have at least a fair share of the dissatisfaction, which, taken in proper measure, is necessary to progress. If the establishment of an annual day of thanksgiving has the effect of directing our thoughts to the personal and national advantages and blessings we enjoy, it is well worth while. For such reflections should make us more amiable individuals, much better neighbors and citizens, and more worthy to be called a Christian people.

A SUMMER'S EXPORTS OF ANIMALS AND THEIR PRODUCTS.

The cattle export trade of Canada by way of Montreal for the summer season of 1896 amounted to 100,300 head, which is something larger than the shipments of last year. During the greater part of the season the price in England was low, almost beyond precedent. The Montreal Gazette is of the opinion that the business has been carried on at a loss to the shippers about equal to the profits of last year. In July choice Canadian beef sold down to eight cents per pound, which was three cents per pound below the lowest point touched in the same month of 1895. The value of the shipping point of the cattle exported from Montreal is estimated at \$6,000,000. The land freight is placed at \$300,000, and the water freight at \$1,000,000. No less than 274 cattle carrying vessels sailed from the port during the open season. As this is an average of about ten cargoes each week, it will be seen that Montreal is a great cattle port. Of the cattle exported no less than 27,000 were handled by one firm, whose business would amount to over \$1,700,000 in cattle alone. The Allan boats carried 27,000 cattle, the same number of sheep and 4,000 horses. Reford & Co. transported nearly as many, and 15,000 cattle were shipped by the Elder Dempster company. The shipment of sheep was only half that of last year.

and there is a decrease in the export of horses.

The record of the season's trade in dairy products is better than that of any other. The number of boxes of cheese shipped from Canada to date this season is 1,726,000, last year it was 1,710,000, and year before last 1,712,000. This shows a steady business and supports the view of the chief dairy commissioner that our cheese export to the old country is approaching its limit. The price to the producer is thought to have been a little higher this year than last, and almost the same as in 1894. The country value of the three years sales is computed to be: 1894, \$11,969,000; 1895, \$10,264,000; 1896, \$11,625,000. The cheese trade of Montreal affords great opportunities for large transactions. Two firms have during the seven months handled 460,000 boxes, or more than \$3,000,000 worth of cheese. Two-fifths of the Canadian cheese shipped goes to London. The second port last year was Liverpool, but this year, as in 1894, it is Bristol. The most encouraging feature of the dairy trade with England is the sales of butter. The late government, which labored in the face of much scepticism to develop this trade, is now seeing the reward of its efforts. Taking again the Montreal Gazette's elaborate report of the season's business, we find that since the first of May 157,321 packages of butter have been shipped. Last year in the same period the shipments were 159,000 packages, and in 1894 only 22,000. The returns to the farmer from these shipments are estimated to be: in 1894, \$384,780; 1895, \$363,354; and 1896, \$1,890,000. The single firm which shipped \$1,700,000 worth of cheese, sent away over \$300,000 worth of butter. Two-thirds of the butter exported went by the Elder Dempster line to Bristol.

THE TRUE CANADA FIRST.

The "Canada First" organization, which made quite a stir twenty years ago, still exists as the National Club. A few days ago the new club house was formally opened in Toronto, and the older members gave some interesting reminiscences of the beginning of the organization. The National Club with its motto of "Canada First" was started in 1874, but Colonel G. T. Denison, who was one of the old members present at the recent gathering, says that the beginning was the year after confederation. In 1868 five young men meeting at Ottawa banded themselves together to stand for the new dominion first of all. But Colonel Denison desired it to be distinctly understood that the little band had no aspirations for Canadian independence. Their whole dream was the establishment of a great nation within the empire. Professor Goldwin Smith, who was the first president of the club, did not at first differ from the imperialist views of the society generally, or if he did he did not express his views officially. Afterwards the professor looked forward to the separation of Canada from the empire, but the National Club from first to last has been in favor of a united empire, as well as of a united Canada. The president of today, Mr. Arnold, was a delegate from Toronto to the recent congress of chambers of commerce in London. The fact that he there advocated an imperial preferential tariff shows that the National Club is not opposed to the largest imperial views. The five original "Canada First" men were Henry Morgan, the well known historian and biographer; R. C. Hall, burton, now once more in Canada with a solid reputation as an antiquarian and student of ethnology; Charles Main, who has since become well known as a poet and novelist; W. A. Foster, who became the leading spirit in the movement and was an ardent advocate of imperial unity; and Colonel Denison, lately president of the Canadian branch of the Imperial Federation league, and now occupying the same position in the British Empire League. Halliburton and Denison took the lecture platform. Main went next and described in newspaper correspondence the possibilities of Canadian heritage in the region then little known. Dr. Schultz, then of Fort Garry, and afterwards Sir John Schultz, was enlisted by Main as the sixth member of the little society which formed the nucleus of the National Club. In the lips of such men the motto "Canada First" had a meaning quite different from that which the words bear when spoken by the bystander.

The minority in Manitoba are showing in the most emphatic way possible that they are not parties to the so-called school agreement. They are paying out their money for schools of their own and refusing to have anything to do with the patent combination system prepared for them by the Sifton-Tufts agreement.

"This prosperity yawn in all the newspapers is making all kinds of trouble for me." "How so?" "Well, I'd like to know what kind of a song and dance I can give my landlord this month."—Detroit News.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Snow Storm Somewhat Interfered With Outdoor Pleasures.

Services Held in Various Churches Thursday Morning.

The Entertainments given by the Different Churches Largely Attended. (From Daily Sun of Nov. 27th.) Thanksgiving day was generally observed. Snow commenced to fall early in the morning and continued throughout the day, in the evening turning to rain. Services were held in several of the churches. At St. John's (Stone) church Rev. J. deSoyres preached. The united Baptist service in Leinster street church was well attended. Rev. J. A. Gordon preached from Eph. v. 20. At St. Luke's church Rev. R. P. McKim delivered a sermon appropriate to the day. Holy communion was celebrated at 1.30 o'clock in the Mission church, Paradise row, and a second celebration at 3.30 o'clock. The former service was led by Rev. Owen Jones and the other by Rev. Mr. Hays. A large number attended the second communion.

The Thanksgiving supper held by the ladies of the Portland street Methodist church was well attended. An excellent table was spread and the Alexandria Temple of Honor band furnished a delightful musical programme. The ladies in charge of the different tables were: Mrs. W. B. McLean, Mrs. Simpson, Mrs. Percy Shaw, Mrs. Steve Shaw, Miss Ada Myles, Miss Ferra, Mrs. E. McConnell, Mrs. J. C. Edwards, Mrs. Wm. Myles, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Coleman, Mrs. Porter, Mrs. Penna, Miss Shaw, Miss Reynolds, Miss Blanche Wisely, Mrs. W. W. Hawker, Miss Simpson and Mrs. Boyd. The high tea and sale at St. Peter's hall under the auspices of the ladies of St. Peter's church closed last night. The affair has been a great success, in fact one of the most successful entertainments the church ever held. Yesterday afternoon an article of attendance was very large. Many sat down to luncheon and at supper time the tables were filled. The City Cornet band furnished a delightful musical programme interspersed with solos by Victor Rogel, and other articles left unsold were disposed of at auction at the close of the sale. The entertainment and supper in the Waterloo street E. C. Baptist church last evening was very largely attended and an excellent report was served. Those in charge were: Mrs. Stevens, Miss Short, Mr. Kerr and Mr. Galley, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. T. Dunlop, Miss Scribner, Mrs. Hoyt, Mr. Hoyt, Mr. and Mrs. Green, Mr. and Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Chas. Patterson, Jacob Smith, Mrs. Heron, Mrs. Graham and Mrs. Shaw. During the evening the following programme was given: Solo, Mrs. E. Thomas; reading, Bessie Stevens; recitation, Masters Heron; reading, Miss Wood; solo, Miss M. Day; reading, Harry Allen; and duet, Misses Stevens and Pooley.

The harvest supper by the ladies of the Main street Baptist church, held in the old church building last night, was well attended and proved a big success. The programme was under the direction of the following ladies: Mr. Capt. Wren McLean, Miss Roberts, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Granville, Mrs. Price, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. McIntyre, Mrs. Schwan and Mrs. Fanjoy. At the disposal of the tea the surplus was presented at the close of the programme. The organ recital in the Mission church last night under the direction of N. Athoe was only fairly well attended, although the programme provided was a most enjoyable one, worthy of the largest patronage. Following is a copy of the programme: Hymn; organ solo; Andante in F; Smart, Mr. Athoe; anthem: O Send Our Thy Light, Caidin; organ: melody, Gramast, Mr. Athoe; solo: Gads Zion, J. M. Davern; anthem: The Lord is the Gate of Zion; organ: Andante Grazioso, Tours, Mr. Athoe; solo: How Beautiful are the Feet, Handel; anthem: How Beautiful upon the Mountains, R. A. Smith; solo: Verum, Goupou; hymn: All People, 168.

The "mysterious" tea at the Carleton F. C. Baptist church last evening was very successful. Each guest received a judicious selection dependent upon skillful guessing. Substantials: One who was in the Ark; Woman's Weapon; Boston's Pride; Food for the Spinning Wheel; Turner's Toll and Bridge Wages; Relishes; Boston's Greenhouse; Faded Flowers; No Grounds for Complaint; A Good Opportunity; Eve's Destruction; Just Desserts; Darkness and Light; Ivory Manipula; Spring Offerings; Cake Hand to Eat. Those in charge of the tables were: Percy table—Misses Cora Tufts, Cora Campbell, Laurie Parks, Addie Williams. Refreshment table—Misses Jessie Slipp, Gertrude Hartley, Sadie Smith, and Frank Craig and Percy Parks. Supper table—Misses Gertrude Hartley, Ethel Tufts, Florence Slipp, Helen Slipp, Bessie Parks and Jennie McDougall.

The Mission Band at St. George's church, Carleton, last evening gave a first class entertainment, consisting of the following numbers: Chorus, See the Snow; Dialogue, seven girls, The Coming Woman; chorus, A Stitch in Time, those by scholars from Mr. Leaman's class; recitation, Letting the Old Cat Die, Miss Vera Lander; chorus, The Singing Class; recitation, Miss Jennie Carter; chorus, Birdie's Ball, Miss Lemon's class; recitation, Naughty Kitty, Miss Inez Carter; duet, Billy Boy, Miss J. Carter and Miss J. Olive; recitation, Miss Purdy; song, James Lemon; chorus, Free as the Air, Miss Lemon's class; God Save the Queen; recitation, Miss Purdy; solo, Miss Adams; reading, Scotch.

But Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Gave Relief in 30 Minutes and Three Bottles as Effective as One Which Baffled the Best of Physicians. This is what Mrs. J. Cookburn of Warsaw, Ont., says: "For fourteen years I have been a great sufferer from heart disease, troubled very much with sharp, shooting pains constantly passing through my heart. Very often the spasms were so severe that I would become unconscious. My limbs would swell and become quite cold. For these fourteen years I consulted with best physicians without relief. Having seen Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised, I determined to try it, and before I had taken half a bottle I found great relief. I felt the beneficial effects inside of thirty minutes. I have taken three bottles and I have done me more good than any medicine or any physician ever did. I can conscientiously recommend it to all sufferers from heart trouble."

"Hello, Jenks, why don't you get a new overcoat? You look as if you'd freeze in that light thing." "Stay, my man, I have no money to buy such absurd things as overcoats. The Turkish rug seller has been to town. For further particulars, see my wife."—Cleveland Leader.

He that knows useful things, and not the fact that knows many things, is the wise man.

Good Words From Old Students. (No. 2.) The Mathematical Training alone isn't my new honest poem? Mr. Slowpacy (regarding the unpaid bill)—Yes, dearest, an extended owed.—Pittsburg Call.

Spate-I was introduced last night to Soho's wife, and she has a wonderful command of language. Soho took—She ought to have for the won the first prize in a word-building competition.—Pittsburg News.

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment



It is the original. It is the best use. It is unlike any other. It is the oldest on earth. It is superior to all others. It is the great vital and muscle nerve. It is for internal as much as external use. It is used and endorsed by all athletes. It is a soothing, healing, penetrating Anodyne. It is what every mother should have in the house. It is used and recommended by many physicians everywhere. It is the Universal Household Remedy from infancy to old age. It is made from the favorite prescription of a good old family physician. It is marvellous how many ailments it will quickly relieve, heal and cure. Our Book "Treatment for Dis and Care of Sick Room," mailed free. Sold by all Druggists. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 21 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

Rev. W. W. Rainnie; song, Miss Young; reading, Scotch; R. Gibson; song, Miss Crawford; reading, Scotch; Rev. W. W. Rainnie; song, H. Kerr; reading, Rev. W. W. Rainnie. A very successful concert and social reunion was held last evening in the school room of Queen square Methodist church, under the auspices of the Epworth League. The following programme was given: Clarinet solo, Wm. Stratton; vocal quartette, Miss Adams, Miss Gunn, J. W. Smith and reading, Miss Grace Law; solo, Mr. Tulus; solo, T. J. Gunn. At the close refreshments were served.

There were about two hundred persons in attendance at the Y. M. C. A. exhibition last night. The gymnasium class went through a number of exercises in tumbling, etc. The basket ball contest was most exciting and was finally won by the team captained by John Macdonald by a score of 3 to 2. In the afternoon the junior athletes had about one hundred and fifty to witness their exhibition. There was wind detail, etc., and altogether the entertainment was a very interesting one.

The dinner served at the various hotels yesterday were in keeping with the day. At the Clifton house the tables were decorated in red and green better-sweet berries. This idea was carefully carried out in the dishes served. The menu was a very handsome one.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

A Lowell, Mass., Barber Kills His Wife and Then Puts an End to Himself.

Lowell, Mass., Nov. 26.—Frank Cote shot and killed his wife and put a bullet through his own brain at an early hour this morning. A milkman passing the Cote's tenement at the corner of Cabot and Moody streets about 6 o'clock in the morning noticed smoke issuing from their room. The house was entered and the Cotes were found stretched on their bed in their room. The woman had three bullet wounds in her face. She was dead. Cote was bleeding from a wound in his temple. He was unconscious, but still breathing. A revolver lay at his side, and on the bed was a pint bottle of whiskey. The bedclothes were smoldering and smoke filled the room. It is thought that Cote had attempted to set fire to the bed before he attempted to take his own life. The man was removed to St. John's hospital, where he died at 10 o'clock without having regained consciousness. No positive reason can be assigned for his act. He was about 32 years of age and a barber by trade. His wife, who is about the same age, was employed at the store of Chris Holmes, a cloak dealer. Several years ago their two children died, and since that time Cote has been dependent. It is not known that the couple ever quarrelled, though it is alleged that Cote, on November 11, the evening of Mayor Courtney's marriage, had threatened to kill his wife and "end it all." The couple had been to the theatre on Wednesday night, and on their return retired to their room. The woman who keeps the house is deaf, and did not hear any disturbance during the night. She thought she heard a shot fired, but believing it to be a noise on the street made no investigation. Her life was aroused by the milkman this morning.

FOURTEEN YEARS IN TERROR.

But Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Gave Relief in 30 Minutes and Three Bottles as Effective as One Which Baffled the Best of Physicians. This is what Mrs. J. Cookburn of Warsaw, Ont., says: "For fourteen years I have been a great sufferer from heart disease, troubled very much with sharp, shooting pains constantly passing through my heart. Very often the spasms were so severe that I would become unconscious. My limbs would swell and become quite cold. For these fourteen years I consulted with best physicians without relief. Having seen Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart advertised, I determined to try it, and before I had taken half a bottle I found great relief. I felt the beneficial effects inside of thirty minutes. I have taken three bottles and I have done me more good than any medicine or any physician ever did. I can conscientiously recommend it to all sufferers from heart trouble."

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DEATH OF AN OLD LADY.

The death of one of Stanley, York Co.'s most highly esteemed and aged residents occurred on Nov. 11th at English settlement, in the person of Sarah Burgess, wife of the late Andrew Grey, who came from Gloucester, N. B., to English settlement, vice-president of King's college, Fredericton, May 24th, 1841. The deceased had reached the advanced age of 86 years, and in the full possession of all her faculties. She leaves two daughters, one the wife of Joseph Foreman, and the other the wife of John Harrison. Always kind and affectionate her presence will be greatly missed in the home circle. Rev. J. S. Mullan conducted the services at the house and grave.—Fredericton Gleaner.

NEW COURTS I. O. F.

The following officers of Court Blackville were installed by F. W. Emerson, H. C., at Blackville, Northumberland, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 20: C. D. H. C. R., W. J. McLaggan; C. E. R., H. C. R.; James Leary, J. S., Peter D. Coughlan; F. S., James P. Wetmore; Treas., James Bean; Chap., John B. Curtis; S. W., Andrew O. I. Crooksbank; J. W., Robert R. McLaughlan; S. B., Percy O. Leboas; J. E., Sanford W. Commons. After the installation ceremonies an oyster supper was enjoyed by those present.

A court of Foresters was organized at Wolfville on Thursday, Nov. 19, with a charter membership of forty-five, to be known as Court Blomidon.

BALE VERTE NEWS.

Edmund Godwin, a respected citizen of Bale Verte, was seriously injured a few days ago by a loaded wagon passing over his body. He was removed to his residence and received the attendance necessary from Dr. Black. He is doing as well as could be expected.

A young whale, over eight feet in length, came ashore recently a few miles down the bay.

Two schooners and a steam tug are fast in the ice in the bay.

MARRIED IN BANGOR.

Thomas J. O'Leary and Miss Annie Curran were united in marriage in St. John's Catholic church on Wednesday at 11 o'clock, the ceremony being witnessed by a large gathering of the friends of each. Rev. Edward McSweeney, pastor of St. John's church, solemnized the marriage. Miss Curran, cousin of the bride, was bridesmaid and Florence McCarthy of St. John, N. B., acted as best man. Other friends from St. John, the former home of Mr. O'Leary, were present and saw them safely started on the honeymoon trip. The well wishes, congratulations, rice and other timey articles. The happy couple, after visiting Boston and New York, will make their residence in Bangor. Mr. O'Leary is connected with the moulding department of The Wood, Bishop & Company, Mr. O'Leary is secretary of East Orrington. Both have a wide circle of friends.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH I. O. F. MEETINGS.

Rev. Dr. Forbush, recently pastor of the Yarmouth tabernacle, has been installed pastor of the Congregational church, Warren, Mass.

Rev. J. W. Cox, secretary of the Congregational Union, has become pastor at Lower Seama and Maitland, Nova Scotia.

Rev. Wm. H. Allworth, who originally graduated from the Congregational college of Canada, but who for some years was pastor of Plymouth church, Lansing, Michigan, while attending the mid-week prayer meeting in his church suddenly sank to the floor at the close of his remarks, and at once passed away. He was 73 years of age.

Rev. Dr. Beavis, recently of the Presbyterian body, has become pastor of the First Congregational church, Hamilton, Ont.

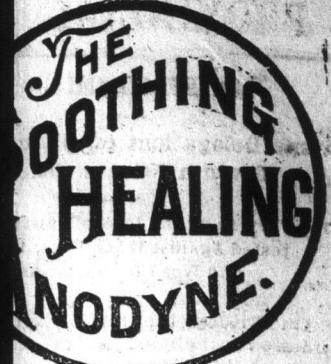
BIG MONTANA STORM.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 25.—The worst snow storm that has visited Montana for years is raging here, and has been for the past thirty hours, and shows no signs of abatement. Over a foot of snow has fallen, lying up all street car lines. The storm is general throughout the Northwest, and the snow is so deep that the railroad traffic is seriously interfered with. The cold is extreme, the mercury ranging from 5 to 39 below zero.

LAUBRIER'S WINTER PORT.

Pooleland, Me., Nov. 25.—The first English steamer of the season arrived here tonight at 8 o'clock. She is the Monaghan of the Allan line. Port-bant will have five steamships a month from England and Scotland during the winter.

Hopes of Gide passed... vanced loses on known... nactive to... where b... erty, an... bering... cumulated... He also... which b... subsequent... After o... terests... removed... the rams... built with... the fine... country... had large... erty. M... tives of... growing... wife, w... Austin B... no fami... especially... a friend... The fo... Agricultural... ed for... Smith, p... Valentia... Bishop... directors... Hopew... has dece... the cury... C. T.; M... Freeman... H. V. W... chap.; M... Warren... G.; Even... lerton, A... Tench... building... the Cro... White's... Marine... ing oper... built his... where th... Goodwin... W. J... Peck of... of Demo... Cape... Wm. W... sident of... has mov... Mrs. W... specte... The W... has been... the well... Hillsboro... Elgin, t... the 17th... Methodist... and g... gave... clation... The fo... greatest... at the re... who retur... A. Bay... and her... a little... first opp... entertain... number... and a... brilliant... train on... very the... refreshm... John cat... were ind... houses... merits... guests... Manager... look road... brook as... A. Bay... of Elgin... Oscar... shattered... skilful it... is doing... Woodst... of wife... police m... day Dep... Wm. S... this offe... Bristol... Hines, A... arrest by... E. B... day S... then pass... through... to Upper... prison, J... 40... and the... court... beating... crush M... complain... warning... that he... wife and... justifies... Benton... evening... stock at... married... uel Arso... Rev. Th... present... the fam... the night... they will... and good... ber of f... them de... Rev. V... Licentiat... holding... the Free... the mov... ings hav... interest... sons ha... baptism... church... month from... England and Scotland... during the winter.



PROVINCIAL.

ALBERT CO.

Hopewell Hill, Nov. 19.—In the death of Gideon Vernon of Harvey, who passed away yesterday at the advanced age of 84 years, this country loses one of its oldest and most widely known residents. Mr. Vernon was a native of St. John county, and came to Point Wolfe when a young man, where he purchased a milling property, and conducted an extensive lumbering business for many years, accumulating a large amount of wealth. He also opened up a copper mine there, which he operated for some time, and subsequently sold for a large sum. After disposing of his lumbering interests at Point Wolfe, he deceased removed to Harvey, where he passed the remaining years of his life, having built what at the time was considered the finest private residence in the county. For many years Mr. Vernon had a large interest in shipping property. Many of the immediate relatives of the deceased were, at one time, prominent residents of St. John. His wife, who was the widow of the late Augustus Vernon, survives him. He leaves no family. The deceased was of an especially charitable disposition, and a friend to the sick and needy. The following officers of the Albert Agricultural society have been elected for the ensuing year: Charles Smith, president; W. A. West, sec. treas.; Luther Archibald, Joe. O. McLean, Valentine Smith, John Stiles, Silas Bishop, Robert Bacon, W. T. Wright, Walter Keiver and Allen Robinson, directors; A. C. M. Lawson, auditor. Hopewell lodge, I. O. G. T., Albert, has elected the following officers for the current year: J. A. Fullerton, C. T. Meary, E. Bray, V. T.; Beskinde Freeman, secretary; C. Prescott, S. H. V. Wilbur, treas.; Frank B. Keiver, chap.; Mrs. G. D. Prescott, S. J. T.; Warren D. Turner, M.; Newton Stiles, G.; Evelyn Fullerton, S.; Lydia Fullerton, A. S.; Martin Addison, D. M. Tenders are being asked for the building of a new highway bridge over the Crooked Creek, near William White's.

Martine M. Tingley began lumbering operations at this season. He will haul his cut to the Tingley Brook, where it will be sawed by Messrs. Goodwin. W. J. Curran of Riverside; J. L. Peck of Hillsboro, and John F. Milton of Demosile have crews at work at the Cape. Wm. Wallace, who has been a resident of this village for some months, has moved to New Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. Wallace were very highly respected citizens and will be missed. The Wm. Lander property at Menal has been purchased by John L. Peck, the well known lumber merchant of Hillsboro. Elgin, Nov. 20.—On the evening of the 19th inst. the Rev. B. Young, Methodist minister, met at his home and gave a recognition of their appreciation of his services. The following evening, probably the greatest social of the season occurred at the residence of Mrs. Fanny Leacock, who returned from abroad a few years ago and erected a splendid home for her parents, and at times remains for a little while with them. This is the first occasion in which he will be entertained here many friends. A large number of invitations were sent out, and a goodly company graced the brilliantly lighted rooms. A special train came in from Pettoctidoc to convey the guests to the place. Refreshments were prepared by a St. John caterer, and the course of viands was indicative of the taste of the hostess, as were all the other appointments for the entertainment of the guests. Among those present were Manager Robinson of Elgin and Havlock road, and wife; Rev. H. G. Estabrook and wife of Pettoctidoc; J. G. A. Hayes and friends in the vicinity of Elgin to the number of a hundred. Oscar Graves, whose hand was shattered with a bullet, under the skillful treatment of Dr. B. F. Steeves is doing nicely.

CARLETON CO.

Woodstock, N. B., Nov. 25.—A case of wife beating will come before the police magistrate on Friday. Festus B. Sallis of Beaufort, charged with this offence. He was on the train at Bristol, apparently en route for the lines. A warrant was issued for his arrest by Magistrate David Jones of Bristol. It is claimed that the other day Sallis beat his wife terribly and then pushed her and her child through a window. Sallis was brought to Upper Woodstock and placed in prison. He is an Englishman, between 40 and 50 years old, and has been in the country seven years. Besides beating his wife, he threatened to crush Magistrate Jones, who, on the complaint of his wife, issued a warrant for his arrest. The prisoner claims that he has come to be jealous of his wife and it is on this ground that he justifies his action. Boston, Nov. 21.—On Wednesday evening, William H. Cox of Woodstock and Miss Janet Gibson were married at the residence of Mrs. Samuel Arsoot, sister of the bride, by the Rev. Thos. Corbett. The only guests present were the immediate friends of the family. The happy couple took the night train for Woodstock, where they will reside, amid showers of rice and good wishes from the large number of friends who assembled to see them depart. Rev. W. J. Hale of St. John and Licentiate C. T. Coomes have been holding special religious services in the Free Christian Baptist church at the mouth of Ed River. The meetings have been attended by large and interesting congregations. Nine persons have received the ordinance of baptism and fifteen united to the church. The services closed on Thursday.

Miss Jennie Murray left here on Thursday to spend the winter with friends in London, Ont. Newburg, Nov. 21.—Gilbert Brown and wife celebrated their golden wedding on the 12th inst. Mrs. George Downey died on the 11th inst. of dyspepsia of the bowels. She left a babe three weeks old. She was 36 years of age. Mrs. David Kimball has moved to her daughter's, Mrs. John McKinney's, house in Newburg.

for the winter. Lack Patterson is very ill with lung trouble. Harland, Nov. 24.—Sawyer's mill shut down for the season on Saturday, after a most successful season's run. About 5,000,000 feet were cut. The mill is undergoing repairs, the furnace being rebuilt, etc. John Cadwallader is master mason. The Foresters' hall is now something tangible. The building is 5x70, with an annex 12-1x25 feet, with 25 foot posts. The first flat will be finished for a public hall, the annex forming a stage. The upper flat is for the court's private affairs. The Organizational committee will also have a hall upstairs. Harland is justly proud of its Cornet band. Though having practiced less than three months, the boys have played in public on different occasions and won just praise. Bert Lint of Fredericton is instructor. Richardson & Alcorn's woodworking factory has been running steadily every day since May, until Monday, when an accident happened which necessitated shutting down for several days. The business has paid considerably in advance of the proprietors' anticipations. The ferry is again hung up on account of the low-tide. On this account a number of people whose crossing was urgent were compelled to go around by Woodstock, a distance of 25 miles. And all for the want of a bridge!

L. E. McFarland is suffering quite a severe illness. KENT CO. Hillsboro, Nov. 25.—James Flanagan, the oldest citizen in town, died last night, aged ninety-one years. He leaves a number of sons and daughters, several of the former residing in the United States. Six inches of snow fell yesterday and the weather is quite wintry. Considerable ice is floating in the river. The fishery inspectors have received orders to allow the smelt fishermen to commence operations today, which is about a week earlier than usual.

NORTHUMBERLAND CO. Chatham, N. B., Nov. 24.—The right ship was brought up and moored at the wharf, Newcastle, last Saturday. The remainder of the boys were brought up at the same time. Spars were placed to mark the position of the boys. The river was frozen over on Saturday morning, but broke up before nine o'clock, when the steamer Nelson made her usual trip to Newcastle. It was proposed at the last regular meeting of the Chatham Masonic lodge that a conversation be held between Christmas and New Year's. Only members, their families and invited guests will be present. A committee was appointed to prepare a program and report. The bark G. S. Peck has been repaired. She was taken to Fleet's mill Saturday morning and will be ready to sail on the 1st inst. She may not be able to get out of the river, on account of the ice. W. T. Harris opened store at his new stand in the Pierce block on Saturday. About nine inches of snow fell on Saturday night and Sunday.

REBUSTOUCHE CO. Campbellton, Nov. 26.—Wesley Miles, a fireman on the Quebec express, was fatally injured on Thursday morning. The engine had stopped to take in water at Causapoc, and Miles had pulled down the pipe to the manhole of the tender, when in some manner the pipe broke at the connection of the tank, which let the steam fall to the ground. It is thought Miles was standing on the pipe that fits in the manhole, and when the other end fell it threw him in the air and he came down head first on the frozen ground, striking on his left eye and his side. When his mate, John Cameron, got down to him he was unconscious. He was taken on the train as quickly as possible, put off at the first station, and brought to Campbellton, where at times he seemed to gain a little consciousness, yet he could not speak, and eventually went into a stupor from which he never recovered, dying at ten o'clock this morning, leaving a heart-broken wife and a young son to mourn the loss of a loving husband and father. Mr. Miles was connected with the Orange order, the Foresters and Oddfellows. His remains will be taken to Bloomfield on Monday by the 6:45 train. Representatives from the society will accompany the remains. Mr. Miles, or "Wesley," as he was familiarly called, was a general favorite with old and young. He has been a member and an earnest worker in the Methodist church for some years, and only last Sunday he led the services in connection with the Railway Men's Christian Association. To his sorrowing young wife and child the sympathy of all is extended, and the churches reference was made to the sad death of this young man in the prime of life. Thanksgiving services will be held in all the churches on Thursday. In the evening a rainbow dinner will be given in Odd Fellows' hall, under the auspices of the Willing Workers of St. Andrew's church. A good dinner and a good programme are promised. After about five weeks of wet, cold weather here, on Tuesday, and the streets were all ice. Last night about six inches of snow fell, and now there is excellent sleighing. The river is full of running ice and the ferry is laid up for the winter. There has been good skating on Doherty's pond. Nov. 23.—The funeral of the late Wesley Miles took place this morning, and notwithstanding the early hour, a large number of citizens were present. The Foresters, Orange and Odd Fellows turned out in great force and accompanied the body to the station. Rev. N. A. Thomson, Methodist, and Rev. A. F. Carr, Presbyterian, conducted the services. This poor man, who unswervingly was our duty to a faithful and loyal suffering public body to meet them half way in their endeavor to bring the light of the gospel to the dark, I, there and then, resolved that as the police hungers for proof of anarchy, proof they should have. George, too, began to come round to my views, though he did not seem to relish the idea of "kuying," as he termed it, authorities. However, the espionage of the man was intolerable, and a length brother George agreed to lead

WESTMORLAND CO. Moncton, N. B., Nov. 25.—John E. Sullivan was this afternoon committed for trial at the January court, charged with the murder of Eliza Dutcher. The prisoner's counsel asked that Magistrate Dutcher be called, but the magistrate refused after her medical attendant said to give evidence might retard the child's recovery. Latest news in THE WEEKLY SUN.

ALMOST ANARCHIST. My excuse must be that I was young and enthusiastic, disposed to jump to conclusions and possessed of a taste of scribbling, wilfully encouraged by the untimely editors of a few popular journals. I rather regret my ability to appreciate a joke and to perpetrate one with becoming gravity when occasion required. This purports to relate the rise to such an occasion. It so happens that quite recently a number of productions had secured a prominent place in the pages of a certain weekly, which, in return for a pretty pink slip of paper, insists upon the name and address of the recipient, and in bold type at the top of the page. The tale which had thus obtruded itself upon the notice of I should not like to admit that I was, in fact, a member of the nihilist party, but I received from a friend in St. Petersburg a copy of the journal which "gem" elaborately and unamiably pointed out the absurdity of a nihilist's pipe to tremble in their respective shoes, as it were, gave me food for pleasant reflection for days afterwards, and under the supervision of this one fearless man we started. I did not quite catch the direction given to the cabman, so somewhat awed, I asked the all-powerful one to which station he was taking us. "Oh, the head office in — street," naming a street within a couple of hundred yards. "Such a short distance, but I thought you would prefer to walk."

ALMOST ANARCHIST. "But," I retorted impatiently, "there is no police office in — street." "No, sir, don't suppose there is, now. I don't know where it is, but I don't want to go there. We have our own office, you know." "Inspector Belleville," I said determinedly, "insist upon your taking us to the nearest police station, and that from which your warrant was issued, and I pointed to a blue document which he still held in his hand. "What's the meaning of this, mister? I saw the dog with my own eyes, and as you seemed to have no license to produce 'em, I—" "Dog license? Stop the cab!" I yelled, and the dog, who had been sitting on my lap, sprang up and barked at me. "Ar'n't you arresting us, mister? You're a policeman, ain't you? You're a policeman, ain't you? You're a policeman, ain't you?"

ALMOST ANARCHIST. "Bless your heart, sir, Scotland Yard! Not me; I am John Belleville, Inspector of Dog Licenses, and as you hadn't taken one for your pup, I put a man on quietus to see if you had it, and called myself to-night to serve you with a notice. You needn't come with me, but you seemed to take my calling me 'mister,' couldn't do less than put you on the right track at once, so as to avoid trouble." "George had by this time fallen back into the cab, helpless with laughter. He had just started to get up to protest against the inspector's conduct, when the inspector, perceiving, with many apologies, that he had not just managed to get out of the cab, he slipped into the depths of the seat, and just managed to gasp out, incoherently, "It's a warning, Inspector; good morning." Then I fled the spot. I am still unacquainted with the dungeons and shackles of the "Dear of All the Russias," and positively droop when I pass the embassy.

ALMOST ANARCHIST. Upon one point at least the bicyclers and farmers are agreed; that is, the necessity for good roads. At the farmers' congress at Indianapolis Mr. Otto Dorner, the Milwaukee member of the League of American Wheelmen National Committee for road improvement, told the truth succinctly when he said: "The elements entering into the transportation of grain to the railway are time, horses and vehicles. Good roads consume them all; good roads conserve all." He pointed out such a case as that of the road which since New Jersey had undertaken the construction of good roads that could be hailed to the load had increased from fifty baskets to eighty-five or one hundred baskets. The chief of the board of road inquiry at Washington is responsible for the statement that it costs the farmers of the country an average of over \$2 a ton to market their produce, nearly two-thirds of which might be saved by the construction of good roads. The value of the saving that would result in only farming state in a single year would be very large. If rightly constructed, good roads, when once established, should be permanent improvement, so that the farmer would not have to contribute to the country from the economy they afford would be something enormous in the course of years.

ALMOST ANARCHIST. "I have told you the truth," I replied, and he left, truly sorry for me. I believe. I called my wife in, and as gently as I could told her the whole business. I knew what a terrible thing it was for her, but I thought she had never shown the noblest courage and sublime faith in the worst extremities. "What shall you do, my dear?" he asked. "I'll probably I shall be arrested shortly. I am going to see Fells at once." "God help you, my dear," she said, simply, as I kissed her. Mr. Fells was one of the best known collectors in Manchester, and a man I was proud to call a personal friend. I found him in his office, and told him

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FAME'S LADDER. He stood at the foot of the ladder of fame, above it there gleamed an unending name. He gazed at the trophy so far, far away, till the voice from the clouds seemed to suddenly say: "Climb, mortal, climb One step at a time. Until that laurel wreath is thine."

FAME'S LADDER. He was but a boy, fair and fragile— Who longed for distinction, for honor, for truth. And the words drove the mist from his eyes, and he heard them, ever, anon, night and day: "Climb, mortal, climb One step at a time. Until that laurel wreath is thine."

FAME'S LADDER. Oh, soul! Heed the message that comes from the skies. Be not drowsied—awake and arise! Tell steadily upward—out step a time. And some day, hereafter, the wreath will be thine.

THE FORGED CHECKS. It was while I was vicar at St. Chad's, Manchester, that the most trying and painful episode of my life occurred, and there are times even now when I shudder to think of the anguish my dear, dead wife and myself were called to endure. One morning a shabby young fellow who looked a typical 'ner-do-well' called on me to beg. I had great difficulty in recognizing him as Robert Emmerson, the only of my parishioners who had been one of my churchwardens at Weymouth. On questioning him I found that he had squandered his money, and for the last two years had been earning a most precarious living as hanger-on at race courses and professional tipster, and I fear, at other employments, more shady still. I did all I could for him for his father's sake, found him respectable lodgings and got a business friend of mine to take him into his office. But, as I feared, my appeal to dismiss him, less than a month and I lost sight of him. What his gratitude was like I was to learn a few weeks later.

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SUNDAY SCHOOL COLUMN. Reports from Various Places - The Society of New Brunswick Monoton Organized.

Nov. 21st, 1896. To the Editor of the S. S. Column: On Tuesday, 17th inst., afternoon and evening, the Lancaster Parish Association held its quarterly convention in the Presbyterian church, Piscataway. It was my privilege on that occasion to make my first visit to this very interesting settlement. I was greatly taken with the village. On every hand there are abundant signs of thrift and healthy life, and a feeling of content and comfort in the very air. This was first impressed upon me by the appearance of the inviting and home-like white painted cottages scattered over several miles in a straggling and picturesque way on either side of the high-road. There were no indications of poverty in the appearance of these homes; no house seemed more pretentious than another, and all appeared equal. As one of the good wives told me, none of them are millionaires, but all got on comfortably, and as they have intermarried to a great extent, those of Piscataway Pass at least are like one large family, and all the affections of one affects them all. These impressions were confirmed in me as I came into closer touch with the life of the people, and although my stay amongst them was but brief, I met some types of strong and sturdy character, well worthy of close study. Indeed, I felt that we have another "Drumochty" at our very doors, and well worth the interest and attention of an "Ian Macchran".

The "Irish" occupies a prominent situation on a hillside, and like a city set upon a hill, it cannot be hid, and while the good folk who labor and worship there may not desire to have their virtues set forth, there are features in the S. S. work that should not be hid, but that should be known as a stimulus and encouragement to other schools and workers. They have a grand superintendent there, whose whole soul is in the work; you rarely meet one more full of deep sympathy to do good, and by every means in his power to forward the interest of the school in his care. At the same time he is in the closest touch with the S. S. work as a whole, and I doubt not that, in his contact with other earnest workers, no matter of what denomination, he receives much of the inspiration that stimulates him in his own field of labor. The school is very prosperous, with about 100 on the roll. There is an average attendance of from 75 to 80. In looking over the roll book I noticed many Sundays with an attendance of over 80; one I noted with 89. I doubt if many schools can equal this record.

Each week on Thursday evening they have a teachers' meeting, conducted by the superintendent, and he informed me that all the teachers attended this unless unavoidably detained, and that these meetings were full of interest. They have done well and will be in a line with the most advanced S. S. methods of work when they have formed a Home Department and a Normal Class. The importance of these features were presented at the convention, and as the spirit and desire are there, we feel that it will only be a short time until these modern branches of the S. S. work will be adopted. In this connection I should like to say that to my mind the reason for the slowness of many schools in adopting these branches is in their over-estimating the difficulties of beginning and conducting either the Normal Class or the Home Department, a want of definite knowledge of the objects and the methods, I can assure any school that is so hindered that if they would but take the first step they will find the difficulties disappear and the way become easy, while the blessings and benefits that will accrue will well repay the little additional work.

Before closing, and to return to Piscataway for a moment, I feel that the young people and children who attended the evening session should be especially commended for the interest and attention manifested. Their answering in the normal drill was particularly bright. So much for this very interesting district and work. We shall look for still more encouraging results as the days go by. Yours in the work, COUNTY.

Some of the Sunday school people of Monoton have been thinking for some time of organizing their city into an association for more aggressive work, and for that purpose on Wednesday, Nov. 13, in the Presbyterian church, in the afternoon the meeting organized by choosing Mr. Oulton as chairman, and an address on Normal Work was delivered by Rev. Mr. Lawson. The evening Mr. Lucas addressed the meeting on the Benefits of Organization, and T. S. Simms, who was present by invitation, explained the method of organizing in the city of St. John, also the house to house visitation scheme and Home Department, after which a resolution to organize the "City of Monoton Sunday School Association" was unanimously carried, and the following officers elected: J. H. Martin, president; J. H. Wetmore, vice-president; C. W. Burnyeat, secretary; W. M. Black, assistant secretary, and a member from each of the Sunday schools to form an executive committee. Very few that purpose on Monday, Nov. 17, at 7 o'clock, Mr. Robinson and other city clergymen heartily endorsing the work, and it is felt that Monoton now has a strong association, whose influence will be widely felt in all the Sunday schools and in the community at large.

Considerable interest was manifested in normal work, and doubtless one or two classes will soon be begun with a view to the membership trying for the diploma offered by the Provincial association this year. The parishes of Wicklow and Simondou met in convention at Florenceville on the 17th inst. The Rev. D. Fiske writes: "The convention was very encouraging indeed as regards attendance, definiteness of reports of

schools, as well as cheering facts connected with these; the impressiveness of the reports from the provincial convention, the definiteness and earnestness of the devotional exercises, led by Rev. A. H. Hayward, the harmony that pervaded our meetings, and the hearty spirit of co-operation manifested." The Provincial Department and Home Class Departments each received its full share of attention. Mrs. Bradford Smith of Sumnerfield was appointed superintendent for the county. Mrs. Smith read a graphic and beautifully worded paper on the subject of the Home Department. We are expecting great things from Carliston Co. this year.

The Presbyterian, Methodist and Congregational schools of Milltown are all organizing for Home Class work. Harrison Morrison has been appointed superintendent of Home Department of Presbyterian school. Alex. Baxter of the Methodist, and Miss Jessie Graham of the Congregational.

THINGS SLOWLY LEARNED.

There is a man in Scotland who used to write many readable and instructive things. He signed himself "Country Farmer" and a bright person he is. One of his essays is entitled, "Things Slowly Learned," a good line of thought for anybody. Well, here is one of the things slowly learned - that, disease does not jump on a man like a wild cat out of a tree, but develops from seeds and conditions, such as roses and weeds do. We who write and prize the essays of which these lines are one, have said this a hundred times; but all the people don't seem to have thoroughly grasped the idea yet.

For if Mr. Theodore Treasure alone had done so he wouldn't have suffered ten years from attacks of rheumatic fever. In November, 1891, he says he had a fearful attack of it. He had been in a letter that he had dreadful pains all over his body, and was so sore he couldn't bear anything to touch him. Even the bedclothes hurt him, like a feather against a sore eye. "I got kinder to sleep," he says, "to-night all the night long and trying to get ease by a shift of position. "I had a foul taste in the mouth, and spat up a great quantity of slimy phlegm. My appetite left me, and the little food I forced down gave me great pain in the chest and sides. For five months I was confined to my room, most of the time unable to leave my bed, and what I suffered during that time I have no words to describe. Any one who has ever been through such a course of things can easily believe what Mr. Treasure says; for when every muscle and joint in a man's body is throbbing with inflammation, it isn't any common collection of words that can set forth his feelings. It is agony and torment in its highest degree. You ought to know better than to have it. "But we don't" - not yet.

"I was perfectly helpless," continues our friend, "and could scarcely move. In fact, the people that do more medicine than I had, tried to bleed me. Month after month I was laid up and suffering in this way. I had a doctor attending me, but he wasn't able to do much to relieve me. "Finally, to cut the story short, I came to hear of Mother Seigel's Cure-Syrup. I read about it in a book that was left at my house. The book said this medicine was good for rheumatism, and so my wife got me a bottle. After making it for a week I felt great relief. Then I kept on taking it, and not long afterwards I found it had cured me; it had completely driven the rheumatism out of my system. I am writing you should publish these facts, and you can refer any inquirer to (Signed) Theodore Treasure (Wagon and Horses Inn) Douling, Shepton Mallett, November 3rd, 1893."

Now let's hark back a moment. To the thoughtful reader Mr. Treasure's story may look a trifle confused. The account of what he describes the symptoms of rheumatism proper in connection with a lot of other symptoms which wouldn't seem at the first blush to have anything to do with rheumatism. But there's where the pressure is right and the reader wrong. His account shows that he was a victim of chronic indigestion, dyspepsia and torpid liver - and that covers the whole ground. Rheumatism (and this is the slowly learned lesson) is merely a minor symptom of a dyspeptic condition of the digestive organs. At the outset it means too much eating and drinking. This results in the formation of a poisonous acid which fills the body and produces the local inflammation called rheumatism. Hence we cure it from within, not from without. And this new idea is also a new idea - do you see? Try to get this lesson by heart. You can prevent rheumatism by Seigel's Syrup; you can cure it by Seigel's Syrup; but it is more comfortable to prevent it.

REGULARITY OF DROUGHT. H. C. Russell, a scientific man of New South Wales, announces as a result of a prolonged examination of history from which he has culled all the records of drought recorded since the year 500 A.D. that fifteen conform to this theory, which is that there are every nineteen years one long period of three years during which the rainfall is somewhat deficient, and a shorter period when the deficiency is excessive. He even finds a confirmation of the Bible chronology in the fact that the dates of the Egyptian drought in Joseph's time, the drought during King David's reign, the foreboding Elijah and that predicted by Elisha all fall into the nineteen-year period.

EIGHTY IN EVERY HUNDRED. Suffer More or Less From That Most Obnoxious of Diseases, Catarrh - That Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the only medicine that is testified to by thousands who have cured it. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, Sold Everywhere, is the only medicine that is testified to by thousands who have cured it.

I have been troubled with catarrh for a great many years. Have suffered greatly from it. I have tried all the so-called cures, but never received any relief from them. Seeing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder largely advertised, I determined to try it. It was great relief, and today I am honestly satisfied that it has cured. I keep it constantly by me, and I find it a quick cure for cold in the head. It gives almost instant relief. I have no hesitancy in recommending it as the best cure for catarrh, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers from this malady.

ST. MARTINS. Board of Trade Want the Railway Kept Open All Winter.

Superintendent Evans Put the Position of the Company in a Clear Light - Committee Appointed to Carry on the Agitation. St. Martins, Nov. 23. - A large and interesting meeting was held in Vauchan's hall their evening under the auspices of the St. Martins board of trade. James Rourke, president of the board, occupied the chair and W. H. Moran appointed secretary.

The chairman stated that the meeting had been called to discuss the feasibility of keeping the train running during the winter months. Allison Wishart stated that he had interviewed the owners of the land lying between the railway station and the harbor, who appeared willing for a nominal sum to allow the track being extended to the harbor. The owners of the wharf property were also disposed to assist the company in any way possible for the purpose of having the road extended to the harbor.

Dr. Gilmor stated that he had a communication from the government stating that if the railway gave a conditional service the whole year that they could get the contract for carrying the mail. Mr. Wishart stated that in his interview with the manager last week he promised to make known to the company any proposition we might have to offer.

Mr. Evans, the superintendent of the Central railway, on taking the platform eulogized the St. Martins board of trade for the effort put forth for the interest of St. Martins and the central railway, and predicted that the board would be successful in their efforts. He recognized the fact that the welfare of St. Martins meant the welfare of the Central railway, as their interests were identical. In 1891 he prevailed on the managing director of the company to send a writer to having extended the road with a view to having access to the harbor. He estimated that \$5,000 would be sufficient to extend it to the harbor. The harbor facilities were good, and a large shipping business had been carried on. The company had frequently said "give us some evidence that the people of St. Martins will take an interest and assist the road, and we will do what we can." In 1893 the expense in trying to keep the road open in winter amounted to \$2,000 over and over for the regular running expenses. At the present time the company had about made up their minds to dispose of the road, or get rid of it in some way, as they were running it at a loss. Last week he received orders to close up the road for the winter. The road had been kept in good condition, and the people of St. Martins must say that in the summer season they received a fairly good service. The road bed was in good condition, and a little extra expense would make it first class. He was convinced that a large portion of the lumber that now goes to St. John would find its way over this road and be shipped at St. Martins, and that in a short time a good business would be guaranteed. Sixty thousand dollars expended on the road \$32,000 for bridges, road bed and general work. This amount, which was over and above the regular running expenses, made a large sum, but the return was not good. If the people of St. Martins would take an interest in the road, assist in trying to make it a success, this will influence the company to try and give them a continuous service. During the winter the passenger traffic was fairly good. The freight for the past six months had not exceeded \$240. The rates on the St. Martins road were lower than on any branch road in New Brunswick or Nova Scotia. It was about on the same basis as the C. P. R. The question of carrying freight and competing with the vessels was out of the question, the operating expenses being so much larger than either steam or schooner. They could not undertake to carry the freight, carrying of mails unless they had a guarantee that the road would pay the running expenses. If the receipts of the road would pay the running expenses there would be no trouble but the road would be kept open all winter. The road was run at a loss, and extra accommodation would mean extra expense. He said he had endeavored to convince the company that the road would pay if run continuously, and he had often thought that the people of St. Martins did not do what they might have done to assist the company. An effort should be made to see what could be done with the government regarding the road. It was only by a great effort of the people of St. Martins that some plan could be arrived at to keep the road open. The road was bad for a plow, and taking it altogether it was hard to keep open. The cost of improving the road bed so that a plow could be used would be considerable. He recommended that if the company would not operate the road that the people of St. Martins form a company and buy it. It could be bought for a nominal sum, but whatever company took it the road must be extended to the harbor in order to have any good results.

He thought that if the company could be guaranteed \$1,000 per month that there would be no doubt, but what it would get a service the year round. The expense of running the road in the winter would not be over \$300 per month. He had positive orders to shut the road down the first of November, and was keeping it open now on his own responsibility. The company have lost between \$500 and \$800 during the year. The loss in October was \$298 and the balance of the loss was in August and September.

It was of the C. P. R. that weekly service was of the question, and the engine would have to pass over the track every day to keep it open. Mr. Evans stated that the main carriage freight from Hampton to St. Martins at the same distance as the C. P. R. carried it from St. John to Hampton, although the former distance is eight miles farther. Mr. Titus felt a deep interest in the welfare of the train and would do all he could to advance its interests, and as far as he personally was concerned would patronize the train. Mr. Evans said he did not think that there had been the consideration shown the management there should have been. The company had printed rates and tariff, and were always willing to supply what was asked for them, and give any other information concerning the road. The chairman stated that between \$5,000 and \$6,000 were paid annually for freight coming to St. Martins. This would materially help out in paying the running expenses. He suggested that the meeting appoint a committee to interview the merchants with a view to getting their freight sent by railway.

The following motion was moved by Allison Wishart, and seconded by J. S. Titus, and adopted: That the Dominion government be informed of the amount paid annually for freight brought here, and petitioned to give a cut rate for freight over the I. C. R. from St. John to Hampton for St. Martins and intermediate stations. The committee were appointed as follows: Allison Wilson, W. H. Moran, Robt. Hastings, James Rourke and J. S. Titus. On motion of W. H. Rourke, seconded by M. Kelly, that a committee be appointed to memorialize the Central Railway company through the superintendent to continue the service of the road during the winter by the snow. The committee are as follows: Dr. Gilmor, W. H. Rourke, M. Kelly. On motion of Dr. Gilmor, seconded by W. H. Moran, a vote of thanks was passed to the superintendent of the Central railway for his attendance at the meeting, and the courteous and frank manner in which he had stated the position of the road.

EX-PRIEST SLATTERY It Required a Guard of Twenty-five Policemen to Protect Him from a Newark Mob. New York, Nov. 24. - It took all the police reserves in Newark, N. J., to-night to save Slattery, the ex-priest, from being mobbed. He lectured in this city this evening, and at the close of the performance a crowd of some 1,500 gathered at the doors to wait for his appearance on the street. Slattery and his wife waited in the church until the crowd began to disperse. A guard of twenty-five policemen then assisted the couple to reach a cab that was in waiting. Then the cabman lashed his horses and attempted to break a way through the mob. Orders in the meantime had been issued for the police to surround the cab. The double quick to the scene of the trouble. As many as three or four hundred people were still massed together, the most with the sole purpose in view of reaching Slattery. It was a struggle, howling mob, and the ex-priest drew a revolver. A shower of stones and other missiles greeted this action, and to the end of his perilous journey Slattery was in danger of frequent attacks of this nature. Slattery and his wife fled safely on board a train bound for New York when the crowd began to pour into the building. It was impossible then to do the ex-priest any harm, as almost immediately the train steamed away.

NOW IS THE TIME. Cure Your Rheumatism Before It Gets a Hold. TAKE RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE Thousands Have Been Cured By Its Use. During the coming winter a large portion of your time will be spent in slugs. Want of exercise will cause sluggish blood, and as a consequence the kidneys will not perform their functions. You become dyspeptic, have pains in the back, hips or loins and lose your appetite. That means rheumatism. Look out for it. Ryckman's Kootenay Cure invigorates and purifies the blood. Stomach troubles disappear in from one to seven days, sometimes a few doses is sufficient. It conscientiously used it never fails to cure rheumatism, neuralgia and kidney complaints. All druggists sell it. The quarterly meeting of the local union of the Christian Endeavor was held Nov. 24th in the Portland street Methodist church. The attendance was large, the big school room being completely filled. The president, Rev. G. O. Gates, occupied the chair. After the opening prayer by Rev. W. Penna delivered a hearty address of welcome. The reports were then received from the different societies, and all reports as doing good work. The secretary then read the following report: MEMBERSHIP LIST. ST. JOHN LOCAL SOCIETY. Active. Assn. Hon. Tit. Gorman st. Baptist... 189 26 1 226 St. John Presby. Juniors... 42 13 2 56 St. John Free, Juniors... 17 1 1 19 Robert Christian... 4 10 10 19 Congregational Juniors... 26 1 26 Reformed Presby. Juniors... 17 13 3 33 St. John Baptist... 94 5 109 Centenary Methodist... 72 10 8 80 G. A. M. Lodge... 24 24 24 72 Carleton P. C. Methodist... 28 12 40 Car. P. C. First Baptist... 29 29 58 Fairview P. C. Baptist... 63 34 97 Waterloo st. F. C. Baptist... 40 9 4 49 St. John Baptist... 17 17 34 Queen St. Methodist... 72 23 4 95 St. Stephen Presby... 29 29 2 34 St. John Baptist... 29 29 2 34 Silver Falls Christian... 18 18 18 54 Seaman's Mission... 81 81 81 244 Main st. Christian... 17 17 17 51 Tabernacle Baptist... 28 28 28 84 Total... 1335 346 42 1748

The report also stated that 146 have joined since July, 1895. The Main street F. C. Baptist society heading this additional list with fifty new members. Following this addresses were delivered by Rev. A. J. Gordon, and Rev. H. W. Stewart of the Coburg street Christian church. The latter gentleman explained the object and purpose of the provincial union. An anthem by the church choir and a consecration service brought the meeting to a close.

THE C. P. R.'S REP'LY. Not Disposed to Increase Their Limit of Finance Aid.

A Delegation Of Montreal Today - The Dredge Freeport to do some More Work. The harbor improvements committee of a common council had a long session on November 24th. There was almost a full attendance of members and Engineers, Peter Blair, Esq. and Capt. Dickenson of the dredge Freeport, were also present. The mayor in opening the meeting made quite a lengthy address and read a number of letters. He stated that on the 18th instant a committee consisting of Ald. Christie, Daniel and Robinson and himself was appointed to interview the C. P. R. authorities and ascertain what additional bonus they were willing to give in view of the increased cost of the wharves at Sand Point. A letter was sent to Mr. Timmerman, the general superintendent of the Atlantic division, inquiring what the C. P. R. were willing to do. It was pointed out in the letter that the wharves planned by their engineers could be built and the necessary dredging done for \$108,159. The lowest tender received by the city was for \$141,850. The C. P. R. agreed to give \$50,000 towards the works. The cost of constructing the wharves according to City Engineer Peter Blair's plan would be \$250,000, which would mean a contribution of over \$100,000. The mayor said the reply received from Mr. Timmerman in substance stated that the C. P. R. were willing to contribute to the wharves and the dredging to the extent of \$50,000, which would mean a contribution of over \$100,000. The mayor said the reply received from Mr. Timmerman in substance stated that the C. P. R. were willing to contribute to the wharves and the dredging to the extent of \$50,000, which would mean a contribution of over \$100,000.

The mayor remarked that the Freeport had done excellent work. No fault could be found with it. Ald. Waring, in answer, said the Cape Breton would not be ready for work before Christmas. Ald. Daniel explained that in view of the report of Mr. Dickenson it would be necessary to build after the front of the space just above the Connelly wharf. He moved that the Freeport work by day only till that work was completed. Ald. Waring urged the city to decide whether they were going to build or not. Ald. Wilson thought all work after that should be done by the government dredges. Ald. Waring said there was no telling how the Cape Breton would work. It was a matter of experiment. Ald. Stackhouse was well satisfied with the work the Freeport had done. He had watched Connelly's dredge at work and was of the opinion that it could not have done any better than the Freeport. Ald. Daniel, replying to Ald. Wilson, said a dredge at Montreal which he had seen at work seemed able to do anything that the Cape Breton was doing. The same pattern. If the Freeport continued till the last of the week it would complete the job now in hand. By that time the city would know what the C. P. R. were going to do, and would be in a position to decide what course it was best to pursue. Ald. McArthur said if it was necessary to have the wharves the city should go on. Ald. McKelvin was opposed to doing any further work until the bridge committee would meet this morning to deal with the council's communication. Ald. Christie agreed that the Freeport ought to be employed a few days working in dry times only, as negotiations might be reopened looking towards the immediate resumption of work on the wharves. There was plenty of work for the Freeport to do. Ald. Daniel's motion passed. Ald. Waring said it was reported that the scoops for the Cape Breton were now on their way down from Levis. It was stated the Springhill was to go to Cape Breton for them. Ald. Ruel moved that the committee be appointed to interview the C. P. R. authorities to be appointed to proceed to Montreal to interview Vice-President Shaughnessy. The mayor assured the committee that nothing would be done till the council were assembled. City Engineer Peters said there were difficulties in the way of wharf building in the winter time, but they were far from insuperable. The work would be subject to interruptions, but it could be carried on. The matter of the dredging was an element of uncertainty. Ald. Waring said 35 feet was the limit in which the Cape Breton could dredge. Engineer Peters added that the wharf would be ready to sink before the dredging was done. The wharf could be completed in a month and a half. Ald. Stackhouse said the city wanted better terms from the C. P. R. Ald. Ruel said if better terms could be got from the railway for one berth work should go on. Otherwise he would not go in for doing any work. Ald. Christie urged the city to proceed with the pulling out of the piles. All the material should be removed. The city should know what the bottom was before any further work was done. Ald. Wilson thought all were of one mind, viz., that the piles should be pulled out and the necessary dredging done by the government dredges. Ald. Hamm did not approve of sending a delegation to Montreal. He went in for the city building the wharves themselves. Ald. Daniel said the crib had been floated and towed up to Rodney wharf. The work of clearing up the wreck would be proceeded with at once. The mayor said the delegation could find out how the city stood with the C. P. R. Ald. Ruel's motion passed and Mayor Robertson, Ald. Christie, Daniel and Robinson will go to Montreal this afternoon. Another recommendation of the advisory committee that the Ring house at Sand Point be rented to the C. P. R. for offices at \$100 a year with the privilege of subletting to a tenant approved by the city was adopted.

DEPT. ARE IMPROVING EFFICIENCY

The Size of Tables. Foot to the re which sol fitness at the con to be dra drain mig hunderd f if it were h there effect perhaps. Dig a h soil is sat idly the w which an natural g soil. If the must be haps not apart. Or be placed apart in all that is. The dep to place t upon the though it ruts the soil deep, soils which deep. On should be there are containing in which c the drain line separa city. If a percolates may be in apart inc. The foll determining a th of grade outlet. T formula, w supplies terial. T cubic feet drains fr diameter, cent, or o the separa foot per f. Table 1. - to 20 inch square foot. Diameter of the in inches in. 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

Th. Harb. of the Great South American N. W. H. Whistler. All the results of the Credulous and Sceptical - When they are compared to the results of the Personal Aliments They Become Their Best Friend - For It Never fails Them. Mr. Dr. Woodcock of Campbellton, Ont., says: "I recommend South American Nerve to everybody. I consider it would be true to the best interests of humanity to give it away except to all remedies of its construction. I have procured a large quantity of it. It has been of such benefit to him that he has proved its great worth as a stimulant and nerve tonic. It has done wonders for me, and I keep it constantly in my pocket, and keeps me well and strong. It is wonderful medicine."

CONVINCED THE SCEPTIC.

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DEPT. ARE IMPROVING EFFICIENCY

The Size of Tables. Foot to the re which sol fitness at the con to be dra drain mig hunderd f if it were h there effect perhaps. Dig a h soil is sat idly the w which an natural g soil. If the must be haps not apart. Or be placed apart in all that is. The dep to place t upon the though it ruts the soil deep, soils which deep. On should be there are containing in which c the drain line separa city. If a percolates may be in apart inc. The foll determining a th of grade outlet. T formula, w supplies terial. T cubic feet drains fr diameter, cent, or o the separa foot per f. Table 1. - to 20 inch square foot. Diameter of the in inches in. 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100

Th. Harb. of the Great South American N. W. H. Whistler. All the results of the Credulous and Sceptical - When they are compared to the results of the Personal Aliments They Become Their Best Friend - For It Never fails Them. Mr. Dr. Woodcock of Campbellton, Ont., says: "I recommend South American Nerve to everybody. I consider it would be true to the best interests of humanity to give it away except to all remedies of its construction. I have procured a large quantity of it. It has been of such benefit to him that he has proved its great worth as a stimulant and nerve tonic. It has done wonders for me, and I keep it constantly in my pocket, and keeps me well and strong. It is wonderful medicine."

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CROSS THE WATER.

New President of the Royal Academy Knighted.

Boundary Dispute Between Great Britain and Mexico.

London, Nov. 26.—Coventry, Pa., the author, is dead. He was at Woodford in 1832. He was Queen at Windsor Castle to knighted Edward J. Poirer, the newly appointed president of the Academy, in succession to the late Sir John Millar.

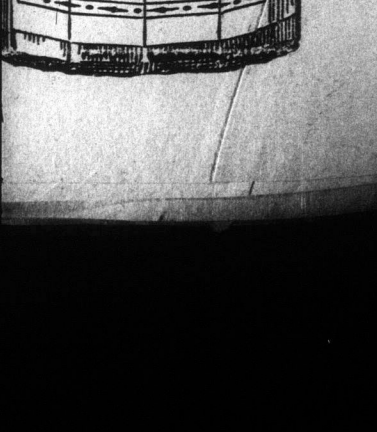
Second Thanksgiving dinner of the American Society took place in the grand hall of the Hotel Henry S. Welcome, chairman of the society, presided in the absence of the United States ambassador, Mr. Bayard.

The middle of the dinner there a surprise provided for the guests, which each one present received a leather bound souvenir containing the portraits of Mr. Bayard and the American presidents, including President-elect McKinley and his cabinet.

Bayard's letter of apology for not being able to attend and wish- ing to be followed by the United States ambassador from for castle, in which he said: "The charming souvenir of the day is a book which has just been received, and which is a copy of the book which I have before your dinner is over. I love the United States and Britain will join in mutual relations over the peaceful relations of the English speaking peoples world."

Bayard's sentiment was greeted with cheering, and Mr. Welcome, chairman of the society, in an allusion to Mr. Bayard's regretted absence, said that it was a good omen that the U. S. ambassador was the Queen at a Thanksgiving dinner. The toast to the Queen, was given with unusual energy and vigor.

Frank Lockwood in proposing the toast to the United States, said: "I have a message, he said, that the Queen would have been pleased to have received him. The toast to the Queen was drunk with enthusiasm and music of the Star Spangled Banner was honored without cheering, and the speeches of the evening were followed by a grand banquet given at the Queen's invitation to her as a great compliment."



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There is no other clothing house in Canada who will sell clothing as low as we do. Look at these prices: Men's Pants, 65c.; Men's Suits, \$2.99. Twice the money would not buy better in any other store.

FRASER, FRASER & CO., CHEAPSIDE. 40 and 42 King Street, St. John, N. B.

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Nov. 24.—Major Sutherland, chief government whip, arrived here today to make arrangements for the campaign in Cornwall and Stormont. A suit has been brought by A. S. Woodburn for compensation of the bindery work given out by the government during the time that he held the contract from December 1879 to November 1888.

The minister of marine has decided not to order a marine investigation into the cause of the collision between the steamship Tiber and the schooner Maggie in St. John's harbor, Newfoundland, owing to the fact that the captain of the Tiber is now under trial for manslaughter.

The annual report of the inland revenue department is out. It is the first of the blue books for the past fiscal year that has so far been printed.

The accrued revenue for the year ending 30th of June last was \$8,041,086, compared with \$7,912,097 for the previous year and \$5,441,456 for 1894. There were 4,882,210 spirits manufactured at the various distilleries during the year and the total quantity handled in bond and otherwise was 4,884,571 gallons. There was placed in warehouse during the year 4,479,209 gallons. The total quantity on which duty was collected was 2,463,068 gallons, the amount of duty being \$4,011,287, compared with 2,640,000 gallons in 1895 with a duty of \$3,901,579. This included income tax. The duty on tobacco, snuff and cigars was \$2,351,899, compared with \$2,369,821 in 1895. The annual consumption per head of the above mentioned articles was as follows: Spirits, 623, compared with 666 in 1895; beer, 228, compared with 2,471 in 1895; wine, 470, compared with 390 the year previous; tobacco 2,120, compared with 2,163 in 1895.

Dr. MacPhail of McGill university arrived here tonight to discuss with the officers of the fisheries department the steps to be taken towards making known the methods discovered by Dr. MacPhail for preventing the blackening of lobsters after canning. The packers on the Atlantic coast are very anxious to learn Dr. MacPhail's method, as it means considerable money to them if it can be successfully carried out. One firm offered \$10,000 for the exclusive right of use.

Information has reached the agricultural commissioner that the internal revenue department at Washington is going to take vigorous action against the parties who shipped a consignment of filled cheese from Chicago to Glasgow recently.

Col. Tucker is here on departmental business. Data are being collected by the railway authorities in conjunction with the city police, government detectives and the Provost Marshal's constabulary association with respect to the records of burglaries and more serious offences which have been committed by tramps during the past few months.

This information will be embodied in a petition to be presented to the minister of justice, and that certain amendments be made to the criminal code applying especially to the changes suggested will be the insertion of a provision providing that every tramp arrested upon whom a revolver or other weapon is found be liable to six months' imprisonment and fifteen applications of a cat-o-nine tails.

The fisheries department was advised today that the Behring sea claims commission got down to business at Victoria today. Sixteen claims were filed by the Canadians, aggregating \$424,000 and \$35,000 for personal detention of marine mammals. More claims will be filed tomorrow.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—Preliminary to the departure of Hon. Messrs. Blair and Davies for the west, the cabinet put in a double shift today. Moreover, the absence last week of the minister engaged in the tariff enquiry created some arrears of departmental business, which had to be cleared up without delay, as next week Messrs. Cartwright, Mowat, Fleming and Paterson will be at it again. Matters arising in the departments of railways and marine received the attention of council today. There was a general clearing up as regards the work of these departments, as Messrs. Blair and Davies intend to be absent for about five weeks. They left tonight by the 800 train, accompanied by Col. Dornville, M. P., and Chief Engineer Schriber, the object being to afford the minister an opportunity of inspecting the working of the Sault Ste. Marie canal. Should the weather become as severe as reports indicate, Mr. Schriber will probably superintend the closing of the lock for the season.

Instructions have been given to issue a writ for the election in Cornwall and Stormont. Nomination will be on December 12 and the election on December 19. Mr. Snetinger is the liberal candidate, Mr. Letoh conservative and Mr. Adams independent.

The minister of agriculture has sent a circular to the farmers' associations, Creamery associations, Farmers' Institutes, some Sheep and Cattle Breeders and Poultry and Pet Stock associations suggesting that they discuss the question of tariff revision, and either forward the resolutions adopted at the meetings or name a committee to meet a committee of the government.

At today's meeting of the cabinet, the question of successor to Lieutenant Governor Fraser was mooted. It may appear a little unnecessary to raise the point so early, but there are reasons for it. Mr. Blair is going away for some time, and already the office

seekers are becoming importunate. Peter Mitchell is in the field, while the friends of Mr. Gillmor, ex-M. P., are strongly pressing his claims. Mr. Blair favors G. G. King, ex-M. P., and little wonder, as Mr. King made his calling and election sure by resigning after the general election to furnish Mr. Blair with a seat.

Ottawa, Nov. 25.—Rev. Mr. Hordage preached to a large congregation in St. Andrew's church today. In the course of his observations he alluded to the Manitoba school question. "We were pretty well assured," he said, "this time that the Manitoba school question was settled, and whether it was or not, it was right for Postmaster-General to have a proper regard for the claims of Roman Catholics, and for Catholics to regard it as their duty to build up a citizenship. In this way we could join together, Catholics and Protestants, French and English, in the line of Canadian unity and prosperity."

Acting on the invitation extended by the home government to nominate a Canadian judge on the judicial committee of the privy council, it is understood that Sir Oliver Mowat will recommend to his colleagues the name of Sir Henry Strong, chief justice of the supreme court, for appointment to the position. Some months ago, when the conservatives were in power, Hon. Mr. Blake's name was mentioned for the position by the Liberal party, but as soon as Hon. Mr. Laurier's ministry took office it was discovered that Mr. Blake was ineligible for the position. It is reported to-night the appointment of Sir Henry Strong will not involve his resignation of the chief justiceship. He will visit England between the terms of the supreme court, and receive his expenses elsewhere.

Wm. Brown, who was recently released from a Cuban prison, is a Nova Scotian by birth. His case has been brought to the attention of the government, and Sir Donald Smith has been asked to interview the foreign office with a view to securing from the Spanish government reparation for the indignities inflicted on Brown without justification. Hon. Joe Martin arrived here today. He says his business has to do solely with mining.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—A rumor is in circulation that the premier will be knighted on New Year's day. Sir Wilfrid is euphonious and will look well in print. Hon. Mr. Laurier disavows all knowledge of such intentions on the part of her majesty and presses his belief that titles are more fittingly bestowed on members of the old families and who have the necessary means to wear them with distinction.

Official circles the statement is confirmed that Sir Henry Strong's appointment on the judicial committee will not involve his resignation of the chief justiceship. Sir Henry will visit England every July, when his colonial cases are heard. This will not involve any interference with his supreme court work here. It is understood that the imperial government will pay the expenses of the colonial judges to and from any place in England, so that no expense will be incurred by Canada.

During his visit to British Columbia Hon. Mr. Davies will hold a conference with the wharfers and obtain their views on the subject of the suggested modification of the Behring sea regulations for which the United States is pressing.

The attention of the government has been directed by Mayor Cole of Niagara Falls, Ont., to a case of ill treatment of a British subject by the American authorities at Niagara Falls, New York, under the labor law. George Sharvill, an Englishman, who has resided at Niagara Falls with his family since July, was the other night waited upon by the customs and police officers and unceremoniously bundled over to the Canadian side of the bridge without a moment's warning. The government will call the attention of the American authorities through Sir Julian Pauncefote to this unneighborly action. A few cases of this kind may induce the government to adopt reprisals.

The tariff commission sits in Hamilton on Tuesday and Wednesday, 1st and 2nd; in Brantford on Thursday, 3rd, and in London on Friday and Saturday, 4th and 5th.

In the exchequer court today the case of the Queen v. St. Louis came up. B. B. Osler, Q.C., Mr. Hog, Q.C., and Solicitor General Fitzpatrick appeared for the crown and Hon. A. C. Geoffrion and Mr. Emard for St. Louis. The crown sued for \$14,000, which was due on the contract, and recovered the amount by a judgment of the exchequer court. Mr. Geoffrion, for St. Louis, now holds that under the law of Quebec, which the case must be tried under, the crown cannot sue the same parties twice on the same facts. From the remarks of Justice Burridge it looks as if the court was likely to decide in favor of Mr. Osler, however, contented that the case did not come under the Quebec law, as it arose at Ottawa, and such being the case there was no estoppel against the crown as between subjects and subjects.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—The grit press certain officials in the Quebec post office are to be fired for allowing copies of the Courier du Canada, a conservative sheet, to pass through the mails free of postage during the June election campaign.

Ottawa students of the University of Ottawa are disappointed in their efforts to secure the international football match with Princeton this year.

It is hoped that they will be successful next year.

The colonial office has sent a communication to the government stating that the republic of Guatemala has modified its claims regarding the holding of articles of which Canada has the right to a good trade, from February 1st to June 30th, during the time of holding the Central American exhibition, a large number of commodities are placed on that free list, but must be imported through the port of San Jose. Among them are all kinds of fish, either canned, salted, dried or smoked; all classes of cereals, pickles, condensed milk, biscuits, meats, salted or mixed, fruits, macaron, butter, brushes and brooms, machines, kitchen ranges and other articles manufactured of iron.

The cabinet has not yet considered the question of the date of the holding of parliament, but the ministers are in hopes that they will be able to call the house about the middle of February.

H. J. I. Tarte will likely be back to Ottawa on Tuesday or Wednesday. He may go to Sault Ste. Marie, where the people are looking for new public buildings.

Wurtels has been appointed vice consul for Ottawa. The imperial concurrence in the appointment has been received.

Charles Seeger of Ontario has been appointed to inquire into certain superannuated and promotions in the outside service of the customs at Cobourg during June and July.

The Anchor Wire Fence Company, with chief place of business in Stratford, are applying for dominion incorporation with a capitalization of \$90,000.

Ottawa, Nov. 30.—A telegraphic patch from Winnipeg appears in the evening papers stating that Mr. Smart of Brandon is appointed deputy minister of the interior in succession to Mr. Burgess. The premier, who asked what truth there was in the story replied he had not heard a word of the matter and regarded the despatch as a pure fabrication.

It is by no means settled when Premier Laurier will visit England. Possibly he may have to cross the Atlantic this winter, but he is not anxious to visit England until next year. Public business, however, chiefly the fast approaching steamship question, may render it imperative for him to go. The journey can be avoided if the visit will be postponed until after the next session, in which case Sir Richard Cartwright will accompany him. Sir George will see the premier never visited Europe.

The finance department has run out of new one dollar bills, hence the dirty ones at present in circulation cannot be called in. It will be a month before a new supply of ones are available.

Two young ladies named Mrs. and Miss Potvin were drowned in Rideau Canal today while skating. A gallant effort was made by a companion to rescue them.

A number of the employees of the railways, post office and agricultural department walked the plank today. Messrs. Mowat and Fielding left for Hamilton today. The tariff commission resumes tomorrow.

The funeral of the late Mr. J. Giroux, a geological survey department, was held at the death of N. J. Giroux of the survey staff. Mr. Giroux was lying ill at his father's house and his illness was hastened by the burning of the dwelling.

Hon. Mr. Tarte and party returned to Ottawa tonight. He says what impressed him most in the west was the feeling of confidence among the people. He was surprised to find so many young men settled out there, all willing to work. Immediately on reaching the city Tarte paid a visit to his chief.

TELEGRAPHIC.

QUEBEC.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—The outward movement of grain and provisions from Montreal this season in almost every important article shows a gratifying increase with the exception of flour, pork and smoked meats. These three show a decrease as compared with the season of 1895, flour being 3,200,000 odd in excess of 1895, corn 3,000,000, peas 2,200,000, and apples 500,000 barrels more than in 1895.

It is now known that Rev. Abbe Proulx met with so much opposition in Rome that he did not even bring the Manitoba matter officially before the papal authorities.

A few members of the Ontario branch of the best known of the province, pleaded guilty today to forgery and embezzlement to the amount of \$12,000. The accused was one of three executors and for forgery of the same to his own credit.

Dr. Slack unsuccessfully contested Mississipi county at the last do- minion election. He will be sentenced to prison.

Montreal, Nov. 25.—Hon. Alphonse Desjardines, who accompanied Hon. Mr. Dickey and Sir Donald Smith to Winnipeg, expresses himself to the effect that the terms then offered to the conservative delegates were, although not acceptable, more frank and honest than those accepted by Hon. Mr. Laurier.

Montreal, Nov. 26.—Mayor Robertson, Dr. Daniel and Dr. Wm. Christie of St. John arrived here this morning and were closeted with Vice-premier Desjardines the better part of the day. When the conference ended a correspondent was told that the situation had been carefully gone over and all its aspects treated, arriving at a memo. of agreement which will be placed before the St. John council. The mayor said that until this was done the delegation did not feel justified in making the terms public, but his friends believed that they would be found fairly satisfied by the people of St. John. They left for home this evening.

Col. Tucker, M. P., is also here with his family. He is turned upon the interests of St. John and New Brunswick in general. He told your correspondent that to prevent any trouble over the government he would accept it himself. The colonel being asked if the government would be afraid to

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,

St. John, N. B.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets and Furniture.



Good Suits for little money. A neat Brown Check Suit for \$6.00. Great value.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

Frantic Advertising to induce people to buy CHEAP CLOTHING has no effect now. Good Clothing is the only Cheap Clothing. Manchester, Robertson & Allison have raised the standard of High Class Clothing, selling better goods than ever before shown in St. John in Men's Ready-To-Wear-Clothing, but at prices no higher than previously charged for the ordinary makes.

All our goods are first class in Cut, Style, Finish, Fit, Material, Workmanship.

See our MEN'S OVERCOATS, equal to custom made, \$12.00, \$13.90, \$14.50 and our Unequaled Ulster for men, \$10.00, \$13.25, \$15.50. Men's Extra Quality Reefers \$9.00, \$10.75.

open his constituency, replied that this made no difference to him.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—Hon. Peter Mitchell has evidently not much hope of getting the governorship of New Brunswick.

"I was called to Premier Laurier," he said to your correspondent today, "firmly but friendly, yet he did not say a very much. It looks as if there was a dicker whereby Senator McClellan would go to Fredericton and G. G. King, ex-M. P., will take his place in the senate." However, Peter is satisfied that so many friends have stood by him.

A big meeting will be held here on Wednesday evening when the first gun of the anti-school settlement campaign will be fired. The rally will be held under the auspices of the Club Cartier and the chief speakers will be Sir A. P. Chabot, Messrs. Bergeron, Monk, Dupont, M. P., Hon. Jos. Royal and others. Similar meetings will be held all over the province.

Toronto, Nov. 28.—Miles Pennington, late general manager of the Grand Trunk railway, is dead, aged 82. He was a prominent citizen of Toronto for many years.

Montreal, Nov. 30.—There is a feeling of unrest in the Canadian Pacific railway locomotive shops, as the different foremen of the respective divisions have notified from seven to ten men in each that their services were no longer required. This means from sixty to one hundred men out of employment during the winter.

Twelve banking institutions of the province of Quebec and Ontario who begin tomorrow to pay dividends aggregating upwards of \$1,350,000. This sum is for the most part the half yearly dividend of the various money institutions, and according to the usual custom the dividends to shareholders are made payable on and after December 1st. Of the above amount the Bank of Montreal will pay half.

ONTARIO.

Toronto, Nov. 25.—An immense mass meeting of the unemployed was held last night, and very strong language was used by the speakers against the government and city council. Resolutions were passed favoring abolition of the monopoly in land, by removing all taxation from buildings and personal property; the spending by the Ontario government of four million dollars surplus in developing Canada's mineral resources and settling the unemployed on free lands; demanding of the hands of the banks and of the government that the government establish by law a minimum rate of wages of 15 cents per hour and provide a superannuation for Canadian laboring men in their old age.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—Sir Oliver Mowat is said to be about to retire from the Laurier government and go on the supreme court bench in place of Sir Henry Strong, who is to become a judge of the judicial and Ontario will be placed before the St. John council. The mayor said that until this was done the delegation did not feel justified in making the terms public, but his friends believed that they would be found fairly satisfied by the people of St. John. They left for home this evening.

MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, Man., Nov. 24.—On Sunday Archbishop Langevin announced that the terms of the settlement shut out all hope of restoration of the minority's schools, educational work would be taken directly under his own supervision. His announcement has been promptly followed by action. This morning, under the personal instruction of the archbishop, ten schools were opened. Four in St. Norbert, two

in St. Jean, one in Letellier, one at St. Adolph, one at St. Joseph, and one at Labroquerie. These schools are opened at the voluntary expense of the minority. They are all in the French Catholic settlements of the Red River Valley.

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this evening, repudiating the schools settlement and appealing to Catholics to make further sacrifices for separate schools.

Hon. Mr. Tarte stated when here on Saturday that the dominion ministers, Hon. Messrs. Blair and Daryse, who are coming west, would like to meet them at Minnespota, as they are going to the coast on the Soo line. They will likely return by the C. P. R. owing to pressure of business at Ottawa. Hon. Mr. Tarte was forced to go back without meeting them.

The citizens of Bellefleur have just unveiled a handsome monument to the Northwest mounted police who fell near there in the Red River war.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 25.—Hon. Victor Stanley, second son of the Earl of Stanby, formerly governor general of Canada, and Miss Anne Pooler, the second daughter of Hon. G. E. Pooler, president of the council of the British Columbia cabinet, were married here today.

Hon. Victor Stanley was born in 1857, and was gazetted as a lieutenant in the royal navy in 1889; served at the bombardment of Alexandria, and in the Egyptian war in 1882, for which he wears a medal, bronze clasp and star. The bride is very beautiful, and one of the most popular young ladies in society here and in the Pacific province.

Rosland, B. C., Nov. 26.—Thanksgiving was generally observed, the offices and stores being closed early.

Rosland, B. C., Nov. 27.—The syndicate headed by Lt. Governor McIntosh of the Northwest Territories, today purchased, for \$40,000, the Spotted Tail group of three claims adjoining Crown Point and the Sullivan, situated on Lookout Mountain. Gen. C. S. Warren of Butte was vendor. The claims are all crown granted and now the owners will resume the development at once.

St. John's Star has declared another dividend of \$50,000, payable in December. This makes total of dividends to date \$300,000.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27.—Behring sea claims commission resumed this morning at Ottawa. Mr. Peters, senior Canadian counsel, filed the remainder of the British claims and applied for order to examine D. E. Benecke and Andrew R. Laing as witnesses in the case of the schooner Starward, which was made with the proviso that the American counsel do not object. None of the latter were present and the session was a very brief one.

DORCHESTER.

Confederation Life Association v. T. B. Calhoun Being Tried.

Dorchester, N. B., Nov. 30.—The county court reopened here this afternoon at two o'clock. The Confederation Life Association v. T. B. Calhoun occupied the attention of the court all the afternoon. The plaintiff in this case seeks to recover the premiums on a life policy written for the defendant. The defendant sets up that the policy's terms were not as agreed and therefore declined to accept the policy. H. B. Smith for plaintiff, M. G. Todd for defendant.

Mayor Robertson said the bridge company would be asked to meet the council on Monday at 4 o'clock.

We are not called upon to exercise judgment so much as mercy and love.

SPORTING MATTERS.

Erne Got the Decision Over Dixon in the Twenty Round Go

It Was a Lively Fight and Was Witnessed by a Large Crowd

Danny Fitz Would Like an Answer from D. J. McNaughton of Moncton.

THE RING.

Birmingham, Eng., Nov. 24.—"Ed die" Connolly of St. John, N. B., who was matched to fight Causer here to night, knocked his man out in the fifth round. Both weighed 132, 1-2 pounds, but Connolly had the advantage in height and reach.

The tenth slightly favored Connolly, but it looked like an even contest, both the contestants being well trained.

In the first round Connolly was allowed to force the exchanges.

In the second round Connolly forced Causer down and delivered a heavy blow in the face before his opponent had time to rise, caused murmurs of disapproval.

The third round showed fast work and the Londoner landed strong.

In the fourth round Causer brought his opponent down.

In the fifth round Causer fell twice and was counted out. Neither man was much hurt.

Dave Sullivan and Leon Fight a Draw.

New York, Nov. 24.—The Bohemian Sporting club held its regular weekly boxing show tonight and had three bouts on the programme.

The first of the preliminary bouts brought Tom McDemott of Brooklyn and Billy Barrett of New York, six rounds at 112 pounds. After a clever exhibition the referee declared the bout a draw.

The next have been a ten-round fight at 138 pounds between Frank O'Neill (colored) of Chicago, and Charley Connolly of Wilkesbarre, Pa. Connolly started in cleverly, but the Chicago boxer soon tired him out and the referee stopped the fight in the third round and gave O'Neill the decision.

Leon and Sullivan then came on and the spectators applauded vociferously when it was announced that "Iron" Mace, the old-time champion, was to referee the contest, which proved interesting to the spectators. Both did good work, but the fight resulted in a draw in the twentieth round.

Tommy Ryan Defeats Smith.

New York, Nov. 25.—For the fifth time Tommy Ryan of Syracuse and "Mysterious Bill" Smith of Boston met tonight at Maspeth, L. I., to try to decide which was the superior in the welter-weight class. There were probably 3,000 people in the building when the preliminary bout was put on. Jim MacFay, the old-time English champion, occupied a seat in one of the ring boxes, and he was the centre of attraction before the sport began, and he had quite a reception in his box.

By way of an appetizer Billy Moore of Syracuse and Frank Patterson of Brooklyn started out to box ten rounds at 123 pounds. At the outset Patterson was expected to have the best of it, but before the second round had closed Moore proved to assert himself, and very pretty fighting characterized the remainder of the bout.

Setting on the night, Ryan and Smith fought at 8 to 5 on Ryan, and the eagerness with which the Boston contingent accepted these odds soon reduced the betting to evens.

The rounds opened hands at 10:15 o'clock.

Round 1—Smith added for half a minute. Smith landed a light left on the body and they clinched. Smith landed lightly on the head, and Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 2—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 3—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 4—Both landed lefts on the face. Ryan landed a light left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 5—Both opened with lefts on the face. Ryan landed a light left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 6—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 7—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 8—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 9—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 10—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 11—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 12—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

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Round 14—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 15—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 16—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 17—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 18—Ryan led off with the left on the body and Smith swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Round 19—Smith opened with a left on the body and Ryan swung for the neck and another on the mouth. In answer to Charley's instructions Smith landed hard over the kidneys. Smith clinched with the right on the jaw and Ryan started back. Ryan put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith swung his right hand on the body and Ryan put a hard left on the head, and Smith put two lefts on the chest and neck. Smith tried hard for the face, but fell short.

Ryan at any time for any purpose at all, and he stipulated that he was willing to put up any sum from \$5,000 to \$10,000, providing that Tom Hurst would not referee.

The majority of the spectators and the partisans of both men are willing to have them meet again in order to decide which is the better man at catch or stipulated weights.

McNaughton and Danny Fitz. A letter was sent to D. J. McNaughton of Moncton on Monday last, on behalf of Dan Fitz, offering to box him a number of rounds in the railway town, but up to the present hour McNaughton has not replied. Fitz would like to hear from the Moncton man right away.

New York Looking for the Fight. New York, Nov. 27.—Warren Lewis, of the Greater New York Athletic club, visited the office of District Attorney Backus, in Brooklyn, today, for the purpose of ascertaining if his club would be given a permit for the proposed Corbett-Fitzsimmons bout. Mr. Backus declined to decide on the question today, but promised to give Mr. Lewis another hearing tomorrow.

The Dixon-Erne Fight. The Dixon-Erne Fight. The Broadway Athletic club's arena was fitted tonight with a large crowd of the sporting element from this and other cities. Many of them cheering and a number of the best pugilists in the mill, which was one of the hottest ever seen in the squared circle.

There were loud calls for a draw before the fight was over, but the referee decided in favor of the Buffalo boy. There was plenty of cheering and very little hissing when the referee's decision was announced. Erne rushed over and shook hands with Dixon.

The fall breaks of both teams put up good games. Currier's work being faultless. It took Moffat six minutes, some time, and they paid dearly for their teaching, to get on to some of Pickering's clever tricks. But the Wanderers' forwardness and heavy and stronger by far than their opponents won the day. Sometimes, with a show and a steady push, twenty-five yards would be gained. At other times they would slip back for ten and fifteen yards at a time. The attention of the quarters, combined with the fine runs and punts of Jones, Hansard and Markham, and the great St. John dribbling, in which Hansard and Markham were the main factors, would not only keep the Wanderers from regaining the ground and carry the fight further from their goals. On account of the ground, the speed of the Halliday's unvarying could not be utilized, and besides, they were being stopped and unvarying tactics, who were often upon them before they could move a foot, and the passes behind almost invariably were followed by serious consequences.

St. John led off well and the punting was lively for a time, but at its quarter field the ball first passed into touch. A free kick, one of the few awarded them, relieved them somewhat. The Wanderers' attack was heavy and powerful. The ball came into their hands, but the ball came and Hansard's hands, and with unflinching judgment he kicked past centre and into touch. Beale kicked back to centre, and then the most spirited play of the game took place, and the pulses of the spectators for a brief moment beat faster.

A rushing dribble swept the ball into the Wanderers' territory; then a counter rush carried it back again to the grounds of the St. John's. Lively rushes and good punting took the fight into one field and then the other, but on the whole the half was rather in favor of the Wanderers. Their might, however, was well matched by St. John's side, and neither side expected to be scored against.

The second half resulted disastrously for the visitors. In vain did they wage for a long time a hard fought battle in the territory of their opponents. In vain did Jones run and Hansard punt and dribble; in vain was Jones' quick dash to the line with the ball in his arms, for the might of the Wanderers was destined to push them back again.

St. John started the half well with a dribble, following the kick off that swept the ball to the 35. But to the Wanderers it quickly came again and past, and then Forbes' quick play brought the ball within ten yards of the Wanderers' goal. But lucky in their defence, their dribbling and punting regained the centre. Then the ball got dribbled down with a rush to the Wanderers' quarter field and then nearer to the goal.

From the scrum the ball was passed back into the hands of Teddy Jones, and he with a quick dash got over the line, but upon his back lay a Wanderer or two and the scrum was called. Five yards from the goal line, the Wanderers changed and the kick of Forbes took the ball to the centre; a dribble hurried it fifteen yards further and then some punting back and forth until one of Beale's bounds low across the St. John's players, and in a moment a sharp dribble dashed it to the quarter touch. Back, but only a return again more determined than ever did the visitors drive the attack.

The ball came at an orbital moment to Macmichael, who pushed cleverly forward, but despite this, thirty-five yards from the line saw the next "scrum." With a dash and fervor the Wanderers pushed and shoved on the slippery ground. Two or three dashed through and the ball rolled along before them swiftly. The ball was swiftly kicked over Macmichael's head and Pickering gathering the ball sped to the goal line. Forbes kicked the goal, leaving score 5 to 3 in favor of the Wanderers.

It was only five minutes before the close of the game that the Wanderers scored. Had the conditions been more favorable the "back line" of St. John might have made even better showing than it did.

Tonight the St. John team are the guests of the Wanderers at the performance of Lara. The best of feeling prevails.

Saturday St. John will play Dalhousie, leaving at five in the evening by the accommodation train for home. The teams lined up as follows: St. John—Hansard, Kerr, Markham, half backs; Moffat, McKean, quarter backs; Jones, S. Harrison, Magee, Shaw (Capt.), Hilyard, Frith, Robb, Combs, forwards.

Wanderers—Currie, back; Forbes, Burrows, Beale, half backs; Pickering, Borradale, quarter backs; Bruce, Wilby, Grierson, Godwin, Rhodes, Umhake, Simson, McCurdy, Moffat, forwards.

W. G. Robertson of the Wanderers gave the utmost satisfaction as referee. W. E. Thompson was touch judge for St. John and G. S. Troop for the Wanderers.

THE VALISE FOUND. Manager Black's Money Recovered on Saturday Morning.

St. Stephen, N. B., Nov. 29.—Manager John Black of the Bank of Nova Scotia started on Thursday morning last for St. Andrews to attend to business transacted there by his bank on one day of each week. At the lower station at what in Calais he had to descend to reach the railway station in order to do so he slipped and lost his hold of a valise containing over one thousand dollars in cash and a number of notes and acceptances. It could not be recovered and the trip to St. Andrews was abandoned. A number of men were employed to frantically search for the valise, but nothing was found and Saturday's services were not needed for the valise was found this morning by Wm. Grant, mate of the Rose Standish. It had struck the outer logs of the wharf.

HOW ABOUT ST. JOHN? (Toronto World.) On Monday ten people narrowly escaped instant death by the dropping of an elevator in a New York building. The apparatus was of modern construction and would probably be considered as safe as any in New York or in any other city. Like all elevators, the one in question was supposed to be absolutely safe, as it was equipped with safety catches, which were designed to prevent just such an accident as this being shaken up, or other the safety catches should work just at the time they should have worked. Fortunately no fatal accidents occurred, although three of the passengers had their legs broken and were badly shaken up. The elevator is a dangerous contrivance in Toronto, as well as in New York. In this city many of these contrivances are operated by boys. Landlords should be more careful and should frequently inspect and no one but a thoroughly reliable person should be placed in charge of them. Furthermore, the manufacturers should see that their safety appliances and catches are made of the best material, and that they will work not theoretically, but practically, and in the hour of danger especially.

A PROFESSOR'S PECULIAR TASK. (Mail and Express.) Prof. James of Harvard is devoting a needless amount of time and energy to proving that genius is not a disease. Strangely enough he fails to name anybody who ever said it was. The professor will probably next attempt to demonstrate that good health is not contagious.

OLD LADIES AS HIGH KICKERS. (Hambur Spectator.) The great journals are making quite a fuss over the fact that "even the opponents of the government admit the wisdom" of putting Hon. David Mills in the senate. There is no need for remarks in this case, the present opposition is not the carrying crowd that was lately in opposition. The only persons who are able to kick because Mr. Mills has been made a senator are his enemies. They are not longings for the bench and the old ladies who are condemned to listen to his speeches.

Aunt Miranda—"I suppose you saw Mary's girl when you were to the city. Has she grown much since they moved away from Basswood Corner?" Uncle Jed—"Grown why, she's grown; you won't believe it, but has never been out of her shoes for a week."—Brooklyn Life.

Boy goes on. "What do ten times make?" "Ten times make one very glad these times."—Boston Traveller.

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had been running, but efforts were made this afternoon to clear the tracks with snow plows and gangs of shovelers, and trains were started east and south. Fears are entertained of suffering among settlers in remote districts when fuel is scarce. Stock losses on the ranges will be very heavy.

A snowing and that drifts are eight feet a day. Minn., Nov. 27.—The wires of St. Paul are bringing reports of the great blizzard which has been raging in the Dakotas for several days. The storm is the worst known for many years.

The following special give some idea of its extent: Minn.—Worst blizzard since Lake Falls, or saw. The snow, which has been falling at intervals for several weeks, has been piled into huge drifts by a high wind and all trails suspended.

Wisconsin—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

Michigan—Blizzard blizzard since yesterday morning. We are at a standstill. No trains, and business suspended.

Illinois—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

Ohio—Blizzard blizzard since yesterday morning. We are at a standstill. No trains, and business suspended.

Indiana—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

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Washington—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

Oregon—Blizzard blizzard since yesterday morning. We are at a standstill. No trains, and business suspended.

California—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

Alaska—Blizzard blizzard since yesterday morning. We are at a standstill. No trains, and business suspended.

Hawaii—A heavy storm still raging. Mercury at a still stage suspended.

Madame A. Albani. The Distinguished Canadian She Greeted by a Large and Fashionable Audience.

It is a long time since the citizens of St. John were favored with such a treat as they enjoyed Nov. 27 in the Opera house, which was given by the company of whom Madame Albani is the star.

The house was crowded to its utmost capacity, and was the most representative gathering ever seen in St. John.

The opening piece was a duet for the violin and piano by Miss Beatrice Langley and Signor Sepilli. Of the former it may be said with truth that she played with a young girl instinct with life; the notes were mellow, true, clear cut, and at times almost ravishing; the chords were particularly fine. It was a rich treat for all lovers of the violin.

The next piece was an aria, Soul Sublime, Pure and Holy (Komborg), by Braxton Smith, a very fine tenor. His voice is full, rich, and of great compass, elastic and well under control. The hearty manner in which the audience demanded an encore showed the appreciation of his singing. The next was a song, Ave Maria (Mascagni) by Miss Beatrice Langley, whose tones were clear, mellow, and at times quite pathetic. The selection was admirably adapted to show the qualities of her voice. She, too, was greeted with a demand for an encore.

The next was a song, The Forenoon Song (Gibet), by Langley. Her voice, whose singing took the house by storm. Her stentorian voice stirred the feelings of his audience and elicited tremendous applause. Twice he was called back, and each time the excitement seemed to increase.

All eyes were now turned to the door through which the singers entered the stage. They had not long to wait.

W. G. Robertson of the Wanderers gave the utmost satisfaction as referee. W. E. Thompson was touch judge for St. John and G. S. Troop for the Wanderers.

THE VALISE FOUND. Manager Black's Money Recovered on Saturday Morning.

St. Stephen, N. B., Nov. 29.—Manager John Black of the Bank of Nova Scotia started on Thursday morning last for St. Andrews to attend to business transacted there by his bank on one day of each week. At the lower station at what in Calais he had to descend to reach the railway station in order to do so he slipped and lost his hold of a valise containing over one thousand dollars in cash and a number of notes and acceptances. It could not be recovered and the trip to St. Andrews was abandoned. A number of men were employed to frantically search for the valise, but nothing was found and Saturday's services were not needed for the valise was found this morning by Wm. Grant, mate of the Rose Standish. It had struck the outer logs of the wharf.

HOW ABOUT ST. JOHN? (Toronto World.) On Monday ten people narrowly escaped instant death by the dropping of an elevator in a New York building. The apparatus was of modern construction and would probably be considered as safe as any in New York or in any other city. Like all elevators, the one in question was supposed to be absolutely safe, as it was equipped with safety catches, which were designed to prevent just such an accident as this being shaken up, or other the safety catches should work just at the time they should have worked. Fortunately no fatal accidents occurred, although three of the passengers had their legs broken and were badly shaken up. The elevator is a dangerous contrivance in Toronto, as well as in New York. In this city many of these contrivances are operated by boys. Landlords should be more careful and should frequently inspect and no one but a thoroughly reliable person should be placed in charge of them. Furthermore, the manufacturers should see that their safety appliances and catches are made of the best material, and that they will work not theoretically, but practically, and in the hour of danger especially.

A PROFESSOR'S PECULIAR TASK. (Mail and Express.) Prof. James of Harvard is devoting a needless amount of time and energy to proving that genius is not a disease. Strangely enough he fails to name anybody who ever said it was. The professor will probably next attempt to demonstrate that good health is not contagious.

OLD LADIES AS HIGH KICKERS. (Hambur Spectator.) The great journals are making quite a fuss over the fact that "even the opponents of the government admit the wisdom" of putting Hon. David Mills in the senate. There is no need for remarks in this case, the present opposition is not the carrying crowd that was lately in opposition. The only persons who are able to kick because Mr. Mills has been made a senator are his enemies. They are not longings for the bench and the old ladies who are condemned to listen to his speeches.

Aunt Miranda—"I suppose you saw Mary's girl when you were to the city. Has she grown much since they moved away from Basswood Corner?" Uncle Jed—"Grown why, she's grown; you won't believe it, but has never been out of her shoes for a week."—Brooklyn Life.

Boy goes on. "What do ten times make?" "Ten times make one very glad these times."—Boston Traveller.

To triumph over our passions is of all conquests the most glorious.

wait for Madame Albani, who tripped lightly on to the stage with all the charm and grace of a young girl, and was greeted with that subdued applause which mark suspense and expectation. Madame's personal appearance and manner is as attractive as her voice. Her singing is so full and so full to attempt a description of the voice of the great cantatrice. Only those who are well acquainted with the character of the French Canadian singer can understand the charm which surrounds Madame Albani. The inheritance of religious instincts, coupled with exceptional talent, has undoubtedly contributed most largely to the formation of that character, whose charm is irresistible. To say that her voice was like a bird, thrilling, affecting and charming is to speak in mild terms of that which must be heard to be appreciated.

At the close of her first song two hands were raised, and Madame Albani was hailed as a star. Her second song was a duet for the violin and piano accompaniment, and for the second encore, "Home, Sweet Home."

A duet, "A Night in Venice," by Miss Robinson and Signor Sepilli, their voices blending beautifully.

A violin solo, "All Ungheresi" (Waltz) by Miss Langley followed, another great treat to all lovers of the violin. She evidently has control of her instrument, and novices may well be surprised at the wonderful capabilities of this small instrument. The beautiful manner in which she held it added greatly to the charm of her playing. This concluded the first part.

After an interval of ten minutes the third and fifth acts from Gotto's Faust were given.

The singing was excellent, and the voices blended beautifully. The orchestra, perhaps, the best at times was a shade too strong. Madame was a charming Marguerite and was ably supported by her assistants.

