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TRANSLATION OF A LETTER
Frone
MR, G. W. vis TO MESSRS. abolph boissevin and co.
H. ÖyENS AND SONS, MMSTERDAH.

# TRANSLATION OF A LETTER 

 Frow
# Mr. G. W. VIS to Messrs. ADOLPH BoISSEVAIN \& Co. AND <br> <br> H. ÖYENS \& SONS, AMSTERDAM. 

 <br> <br> H. ÖYENS \& SONS, AMSTERDAM.}

Antrembas, Ortuler 10th, 185:3.
GENTLAMEN,
At your request I visted Camela dering the montho of Jnly, Angnt, ond part of soptenther in this year, for the purpere of making a persomal examination into the present condilion and !uture prospects of the Camadian Patcific Railway, and now beg to report the rente of my ins atigations.

Making Wimipeg, the eapital of the province of Manitota, my starting-point, I first proceded on a tom of inspection aloug the sonih-western branch of the Candam Pacific Railnay for 42 miles, to Moris, a horing fown with : fapatation of aboat o,000. Travelling further and pasing the vilhers of Mimewasha, Selonville, and New haven, I cance at a distance of 100 miles from Wimiges, to Manitoba ('ity, whith han a pepulation of ahout 500 and is the preecent tepminne of this tmanch.

Iha order to form a corvect atea of the roctal condition of
those lamers anttod at somo distance from the ratwas, I bolt the line at Janitob City and made my way by means of a horso and light whegon for $1 / 10$ miles as far as Souriw River, visiting among oflur places on the way Silver Spring, Filot Mond Cryatal City, amd Clearwater, cach with a pepahation of from but to 1,000 . I also passed a number of small rillages, steh as Marringhurt, Swan Lake, Glenomi, and Deloraine, at shont disimes from ono another. This distriet, comprising the sonthern part of the province of Manitoba, is upon the whole very faromably situated. The land is with fow exceptions of an excollent quality, and is peculiamy maphen in wery way to agriantaro and eathe-raming. Tho sottlest aro mamly of Emglish, Scotch, and Canadian nationality, and loing thrify an! encrgetic they are now in a prosperone comdition. I was partandary strock in travelling ore thic part of the country with the many smat lakes and rivers and the abomdance of aroud foroh water, a moth, important fintur: in a new comtry sull as Wantoba, and one in which some of the United Ntatm io the south-Kansas, Nehraka, and Dakuta, for inatmon-are in pats moch defieient. Thowe farms sibuat at no greater distame than 40 miles from the milway wete, I fomd, in the most flourishing state. Fammers. howerot, who are settlel further from the matway bate batnally gomsiterabe tronble in forwarding their amin to the matkets, and for this reatom
 looked torvand to in the more renawto partio.
 rye, oats, barles. veat, and beons. Maine (Indian com) is but little grown, and the rlimato kn - not apmear particularly adapted to that kienl of errain. I'otatom and all chasses of vegetables grow in great abmatance, and sumbes in size and quality anything I bave seen in the United States. Ono acre of land yiekls from 300 to 32 in bubls of potators:

1umpis froprently weigh 25 th. cach: canliflowers and white
 Thourh ten wxperiments hew as yet hem mate in the rultivation of froit trees, if is an areomanal fact that aplowtos (an lan rased with a great deal of success. So many ohecetions hawe heen saised agginst Manitohat on aeromint of the allered seropity of the climate, that it was with suprise I saw in the getmen of the Son. Domad A. Smith, at Wimmiper, a rineyard of there years arowih in the open air actually overlaten with graper. Ar. J. II. Mr'Tavish, the fand Commissioner of tho Cimarlian Pacific lanhary, when pointing out this remankalo growth, asimed me that the smpes in this very vimyamb hat in the prevons year ripened in the later part of Septemier. Molons, eumants, stowberrees, and raplurries wers on be fomed in weat quantitios ; pers, Firench beans, and kiney hems-in fixt, all tho geten produce so highly prish in when fertile Holland were to besent all arombl. I conter into these dratalk hemase of the aroneons statemems thet hase hesm made tron time to time ahont Itanitoln. Those who ham themedres seen the prosime cemot int be consinced that it in a momably tertile region.

Catteraising hos not up to the pren ont been carred on to any great extent is Sonthrm Kaniton: This is manly atoibutahle mather to the fate that mone of the farmets do mot ats y et luesess the eapital mennsury to this bmach of agaculate, than to any wan of ahatal,ility in the land. Th herever I did sen matite they Wore in at mont theriving ondition: and there camot be fine shighten dombt that in a ferw Yars the stock of eatere in Manitula and the Comadian NopthWhat will rank honhy hoth as mands mombers and breed.

On my second jommey throngh the prowince of Manitoba I again made Wrimipeg nes starting-point, and proceded for 56 miles along the main line of the ('anadian Pacific
 to brambon. Thase towns have ench a popmation of athom
 in exery way. Laning the rainay at limaton, and having
 travelled in a south-westerty direction fi, low miles along the wentern bank of the Nompis xivas. The obeevations matle
 impressions as those formed in Kouthern Manitota.

My nest frip was from Virden, 180 miles west of 1 Vimnipeg in a sonthemly direction, to Piputome Creek, a very fertile region in which a mreat many Scoteh famers have sothod during the past year. Returning, I proweded in a nortbedy direction to a point ahont 25 miles north of the Qu'Apmetle rivery traversing in particular the morth-westem part of the province. These districts were, I fombl, mone thinly populated than those to the sonth, thomgh har hand is in all respects of excellont quality, and eqperially adapied to gemeral laming and cattle-raring. Small hivers are formd here and there, and woods supply winter finl.

This completing me inspection of thr por inte of Mantobn, I went westward alonge the main line of the Camadian laceific Railway to Regina, situated at a distaneo of Batimiles from Wimipeg, and thence for 42 miles (o Moes. Jaw. Fath of these towns has a population of from 1 , (0)0 to 2,000 . In the early summer shortly precoding my visit much dronent had frevaled in this distriet, and the ontstanding crops did not present as promising an aperamee ather parts of the country, though sufficient rain fall while I was in the neighboumood to insure a moderate harvest. Travolling westrated from Muose Jaw, I passed, among othes phace, Swift Ciment; and, staying a day at Medicine Mat, which has a jopulation of about 1,000 inhabitants, I contimed my journey to the ricinity of Calgary, 841 miles west of Winniperg. Calgary
milow al on Conros. livily orec, 1 along - mate urable mineg fertile sembed ticerly livelle of the popuin all micral re and : from ache of . In onght, Is did of the reightward ront ; lation the $\lg : n y$

Wras at the fimo of me vieit, tha lantloses point to which tha












 $\therefore$ mheifict witl hocomo modifind, and the lame equalle as ambuetibe ats that lying in a mote astery diraction.
 to a more ar hese considerable tattice in the tramepert of lise -tork. an I when it is pemembered that the trecte of mautastionathy tertio Lamb aboy the mainay extend to a point
 of the Xorthurn Pareife, Union Pacitic, and Kansas Pacife ? ?atways, it most ho allowed that in the mattere of its land upan the Canadim Landic hatway Compay hasery mason 10) In - ariation.*

## CITM.ITE:

The elinate of Manitoba and the Canadian North-West hats bean form time to time the subjeet of many contradictory reporte, cme hearing this in mind, I made every endeavour (1) Pather weh information as would malde me to give the peal finetro of the ease.

[^0]Othofin！statememta published by the Camadian（iovern－ ment show the monthly indications of the thermometer during 1880，1sel，am 188：，to he at follows in degroes Fahrmuncit ：－

| Sonti． |  | Lowで隹 | Hiehnew． | A renagre． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tomary | －• | －－3i4 | $\%$ | 3 |
| Pranmary | － | －－3i3 | 319 | 3 |
| Sarole | ．．． | －－3！ | 3 N | 9 |
| Anmil | ．．． | 1 | 1.1 | 30 |
| Mis．． | －． | 25 | 83 | 51 |
| tune． | ．．． | ：8 | （1） | 63 |
| ．In！ | ．．． | 41 | 9．） | $6{ }_{6}$ |
| Alrimisi． | ．．． | 10 | 61） | 6， 3 |
| Scptesular | ．．． | 26 | Q1 | ［1］ |
| （etulor | ．．． | K | 7： | 41） |
|  | ．．． | －－2x | 43 | 14 |
| － | － | $\cdots$ | ： 3 | 11.1 |

These figures shom that in winter the in mometer does at times indicato a very low temperatmo，hat it wond be allogether incorrect to form a juitgment as to the severity of the climate from these indieations alone．The air is in general pure and dry，and the cold is on this acecomet much less felt than in countries where the atmo－phere is humid and baden with moisture．I spent the whole of December and part of Tamary in Manitoba hast year，and I am con－ rinced that the winters there are haring and eminenty healthy．Moreover，I have frequently atservent in my jommers the sturdy，rigorons appearance of the inhathants．As regards myself，I always found the cold agroeahde，and saffered no personal inconvenime whaterer，though J wor the same clothing as 1 am acenstomed to wear in Amaterdam， New York，and elsewhere．

I was t］a more surprised at my experionee in this respeci， becanse of the misrepresentations that were made to me at

10ヶern. (olloter legrons



 Wakent, and othor Immenem Stales, amel soldy wish the








 and drif mal imundo batiar as it is known to don on wher Westrom raith.1!"








 at' ('ammi.

L whuld ato drave attemtion to the fact that, for hmudeds of mitso woth of the 'ranalian Parilic lailway, the countre is



 11. Jopmation of this part of the conntry will moloubtedy increase erpaty at son as direct milway commanication is
esahlished with Wimnoneg and lacilities affordod for the thansport of produce to castern matkeds.

With regand to the combition of the ('amaian laneifie as a ralwar. I hate permally examined the whole line so fiar as it is completed, with the soke exempton of : 200 miles and I am able in erope eespeet to comfirm the favmable reports of the Disectors. The line is being substantially built and finished in at surerior mamer. The steel rath nsed are of bery good quality bense tha make of thr well-known him of Krup, ot Eseen on tha ! ? hine. P'usuant to the charter of the Cantalian Govermment, the railway company is exempt from the payment of daty on the materials used in constametion and equipment. The rolling-stock, the stations, and other buildings necessary to the working of the milway are made in a practical and sulbtantial manner, and will comipare very favomably in every respect with those of other western matroads in America.

I wond remark paricularly on this point, becanso many of the American milway have ben, as is well known, chaply and budly constructed, and it has subsequenty been found necesary in may cases to devote a portion of the net earnings to improve and eomplete the line. When the Canarlian Pacitic Railway is constructed throughont, the Compary will possess a solidy-bailt road, amd the whole of the net camines; will come direetly to the lenefit of the shareholders.

## RASTERE JOLGMON.

The Eastern bivision of the Camation Pavitie hailway, extembing from Mombeal to C'allander, a distanen of $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{3} 5$
 vetion a wrat many French-Camdians, ame party thromgh denes foresta where she timber trade has abreaty attained as certain degree of importanee.

There are along this seetion of the bine six principal stem
od for the
'anific :s: al so fill as $\therefore$ :mall 1 :m rorts of the nd tinished - very good Krupp, of - Cumalian from the uction and lure buildmale in as pare very stern rail-
ic many of 1, chatiply cen found net (:arnCanadian many will $t$ carnings

Railway, of 315 where the y through uttained :a
al stem
sawing-mills, and during $18 \mathrm{~S}^{2}$ as many ats 11.5 millions of feet of timber were convered sia the Candian I'acific Railway to Montreal and chelser, and from these ports some portion wat shipped to biurope. This tmber imdutey is capable of a vast amome of extension, and will dondthes in time bring about a bery desiable tallie orer the Gamatian Pacifie Railway.

The chief towns along the line of the Eastern Division of the railway are :-

| Montreal, with a population of ... |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 140,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ottana | , | " | , | ... | ... | 27,000 |
| Brockville | " | " | , | . | $\ldots$ | 8,001) |
| Hull | " | , | " | ... | ... | 7,100 |
| Pembroke | " | - | ,, | ... | ... | 2,804 |
| Almonte | " | " | " | ... | ... | $\because, 70$ |
| Proth | " | \% | : | $\cdot$ | ... | 2,500 |
| Arnprior | " | * | " | ... | ... | 2.100 |
| St. Jerome | . | , | , | ... | $\ldots$ | 2,0100 |
| Smith's Falls: | , | ., | - | ... | $\ldots$ | 2.0 () |
| Aylmer | , | , | " | ... | ... | 1,800 |
| Renfrew | " | " | " | . | ... | 1,604 |
| Buckingham | , | " | " | ... | ... | 1,500 |
| La Chute | .. | " | , |  | ... | 1,300 |

## LAKE SUPERIOR DIVINION.

When completed, the Lake Superior Division will have: a mileage of $74 t$ miles, axtending from Galtander to lort Arther, or Thumber Bay and inchending the Algma banch, of abont 93 miles in length.

A great deal has hem mid and writan coneming constaction on this division; but I find that, after repeated surseys, the amgense of the company remer the difticultios to be more casty surmomed than wat at tirst apposed. Last winter the Directors informed mo that temels haif
to be rut for a distane of ahont 21 mike, whereas in the miximat survers of the (foremment ongine ore the length
 mites : mat now lately the enginese of the company have
 whout $\because(1) 0$ At. of not axcoming hald a mile. will mect all ragatemente. The Dinectors naturally comeder this a very


 Fankamk and I visited enly a mall pertion, athont 100 miles.







Tha - livion will andoblomd! become a very important


 if will 'e compleat and the iane realy for trathe in the


## GUINNDER BAY HIVLNGON.



 (irsumment, and was comserent to the Company on the ist





raas in - lenyth II eicht 15゙ have 'Herth ot' neet all $\because$ rery rill cost
therefore somewh:t defective, the traffic of the past cummer has eutirely cous up to anticipations.

Three lines of stmaners, cuch provided with several stem wessels, mavigate the reat laken, and comsy a considemhte namber of pasengers and a large quantity of gools hotwoen the rast and west. 'Tlwos steaners start from Collingrood, Owen Sonnd, and Simba in the province of Ontario, on Take Maron, and now that the Thunder Bay Pivision of the railway is in peration, mon to Port Arthar. Trade was formerly almost "selnsively carride on hotwen the eastern ports and Duhth, in Minmesota, but now Port Artiar in asmming the greater inmortance. A mamber of tremeht wessek ply botween Buftalo, Gheveland, 'Tuldo, and other American ports and Fort Arthur, whence the goonls are transported cie tho Camdian lacitie Ralway to Wimaneg.

The ralway company has, moromer, reconty had there Earge stemmers buil at Glasgow, and these will, from the grening of mavigation in the spring of is8, , run between - 1 sgoma, the temmas of the Algoma branch of the billway and Port inthur. This comection will gise the Commay a letter control over the passenger and grool traftic acros the American lakes, and also largely increase the throngh tratfic.

The local trative on the Thunder Bay Diviwion is at present smatl, lont a considerable dimber trade is being developed at Rat Podaron, 13.5 milos cast of Wimipers, and promises to lacome an importand inlustry in the near thture

Ahost the whole of the country from Port Aithur to Wimiperg is mede or less wooded, and inereased railway bandites will undoubtedly bring about the creetion of steam swing-mills at varions places atong the line. The grond (on-ists partly of rocks and partly of fertile soil, so that, with the felliner of the trees, the mining and agropetatural 4. -rares may ho leveloped to am aqual extent as the timber the laking these facts into consideration, the 'hunder

Bay Division will. in my opinion, forn a wery important section of ther railway.

## WESTERN DIVISION.

The Wertern Division consist of the Pollowing lines, $1 \%$ :-

> Main line from Wimipeg to Calgary sth miles.
> Calgary to the Rocky Mountains (in comrse of constraction and to he completel in 1.883)
> 122 "
> Branch line from Wimnipg sonthward to st. Vincent .. Sonth-westward to Maniteda City ... 101

Jotal ... 1,17.t miles.
Uaving dweit at some longth at the commenement of this repert on the tract of comentry fraversed by the Main Lime ami the South-W' estern Branch Line, I shall nut enter into firther detail, but merely ahl that a few monthe ago valmble conl mines were discovered in the vicinity of the Somis and Sakatchewan rivers, and have now hem partially heonght into operation. The diseorery of these mines is a mater of ereat importmen to de Camadim Pacifie Railway, not onls as regards the tramenort of eoal for the fablic. and its ute (on) the ('ompany's locomotives, hat also in comenction with the industrial intereds of Manitola and the ('ansdian NorthWest. The Sonthen Branch Line from Wimiperg to st, Vincent is a part of the Govermont sindeidy, and wats some timo ago conveyed to the Compan. This line in, as
 Nimuapons, and Daniohat !ahay, and is therey phaced in direet commmication with the ritiow of St. Pant and Minneapolis, and with the whole Anervan milway system.
'Whe tract of lank along this sonthon hanch is highy productive, and a large mumber of farmer have altady -ettlen there, so that this part of the province of Manitula is being tapiolly devaped.

The mont important phaces along the Westem Division He:-

Wimiper, with a population of about ... 25, 000
Portage la l'miric , , .. ... 4,000
Bamdon ., .. ... 4, 1000
Emeremon ., .. ... 3,1000
St. Vincent .. .. ... 3,0100
St. Bonifice $\quad, \quad$.. ... 2,002
Mortis ,., $\quad$.. $2,0(10)$
Port Arthur ., .. ... !. (nit)
Rat Portage ,. .. ... 1 , (月)
Regina ., "... 1.0н1
Moox! Jaw :. .. ... 1. (1ни)
Modicine Hat ... .. ... 1,0ни
Calmary , , ... sim
Selhirk ", .. $\quad$.. $n$.
Otterlmine ., .. ... Situ
Nivervillo ., ... jum
Cathery , ., ... .ome
MeHourne .. .. ... ing
Liviten .. .. ... . .on
Momsomin .. .. ... rime
Whiterrood ., .. ... .i00
Bromber o, ., ... . 0 ,

Indian Hear ,. ., ... S(1)

These tigures are only approximative, as no official statisties are as yet to be hanl, though it is evident that these phaces have aready develom to a certain degreen of impurtane from the fict that there are some twenty stam sawing-mills in Manitolat, with a suming-power of one mition fect per day. There is abso a large mumber of stam eherators, Actamills, and grain stores, with a total caparity of two whillon bullels of grain. It will bo seen from tas figreres that parchasers of grain are sufficiontiy momerons of amble the famers to dispose of Hheir promee at dair matket priws.

With magent , that section of the mitway extending from the Rocky Monntans to the Pacific Ocem, I an onty repeat what was piblianed some time ago by the Company, viz, that the finc firm l'ort Moonly on the Parific to Kimlomp, in Britinh Columbin, a distance of 218 miles, is being built by the Camadian (ioverament, and will, when completed, be handed ower tree of rost to the: Company, as forminge gari of the: sulsidy to which 1 hase previondy refermed. The Conadian !acific Raitway Compay have, therefore, to consumt ony 263 milics of milway from Kambope castward, in orter to moplete and bing into uneraion the
 milos will mutudedy cost a great doal of moner, thongh tha Piectors inform wo that as the engineers penctrate frether imo the momatamos comenty the difternhes prowe (1) lio Jese than was anticipated, and that they are now "onvine"d that the cost of constraction will not reach the previous a-timates. Time alone can show "how far this wiow is a correct one. Port Mooly, the western terminus of the mailuay, is aid to have excellent natmal facilities fond shipping, and in this respect comes up to the requirements of the outlet of so great an enterprise.

As recrands the length of the throngh line of the Canalim
official ent 11:14
degrer. twrolty owne of number with a It will ain are yose of

18 from : remat \%., that (ops, in nilt by terl, be fart The ore, to enst. on the 8020 Elough hernate jruve now do the s viow 11115 of us for ments: adian

Patific Thilwar, compared with the more southern routes, the
 Montreal to Civerpool 2,800 mites, making a total distance
 move than 1,100 miles less than from א̌an Franciseo to Giverpond wix New Tonk and the Union and Central Itaeife Raibwys.

From Liverponl to Yokohama, vii Montreal and Port Moorly, is 10.985 miles; viii New York and Sun Prancisco it is 12,038 , milos, making a difference in tivour of the C'anadian L'acitic or 1,45 mikes.

There is, therefore, wery reason to anticipate that as soon as a line of stemmers has been established to marigate tho Pacific Orean, making Pore Moorly the castern port, the Canadian Pacific Railway will lave its sham of the through traffic from England and (amata to Yokohama, Mong Kong, Pekin, Molboume, Syduey, and other ports in China, Japar, and Australia.

## RBCRID'S AND WORKLNG EXIENSES.

The receipts of the railway are published each weel, and the grand total up to the 1 st of September, 1853 , was $3.352,922$ dollars. The working expenses of the present ver have not yot been published. In 1852 they amounted to about fol per cent. of the gross camings.

These tigure give a decidedly favoumble impression, thongh as rehaing to a milway still under constructicn they unot bo taken iss a stamdard on which to base the cal"nit. $i$ ons of the protits of future years.

## EMIGRATION.

The emingration to Canada from Europe alone amounted in 18s1 to 115,000 persons, and in 1882 to 150,000 . No figures hare as yet been published showing the total emingfion of 1883.

Threse figure include flosio immigrants who rottled in Ontam, thongh by firs the wrater momber proceded to Mantolia amd Hlu Nordt- Wiot.

## THE (iOHFRNDENT SUBSIDY.

The subsily made be the (tandian Gowomanent to the rainas company wats no lows than ata millions of dollars, in
 line of a total lengetle of 713 miles.

 sthetion, the fecuniary entsidy of the United Statos Cowemmanst took the form of a lowe on the seenrity of a secoms mongage, and will hatro to be refanded with intorest. Then Comalian Pacific Railway Company obtains on the contary a fome qift of en million dollars.

As to the land, $8,72: 8,800$ of the 25 million acres were sold up to Angust ilnt, 1880 , for the totat sum of $18,892,84$ dollars, aratagig abont 8 lollats per acre.

What Comata is able to pay shel a liberal subsidy is evident from it butget for the last five yaus:-


If will than be seen that now ithestanding the large sums of shoney atremy paid to the Emadian lacilie Rathaty Company in 1ase and IRsB. the financial position of Canada has impmbed by swemal mitions.
ittord in reded to
to the llars, in malway

11 laiki, ler con-Governseconil it. Tli.. Min:u! Cre solil $8!2,840$ evident

Th like maner, as tho Thited Status Rovermment desired at all nalier period to bring ('alifornia into closer mion with the eastern States by the eonstraction of the Union and Contral l'anfie Raibwas, so the Gamadian Govermment considaren it a political necassity to commed Manitoba and Briti:h Cohmbia with the eastern provinees by means of a raihoad. But, firther than this, the Camadian Pacifie Railway onens up an entirely new and direct ronte from Enghan to Chim, Japan, India, and Australia, across British teritery and this mast assuredly be of the momost importance to a great Power whose posessions and commercial interests are so widesprad throughout the world.

I have now, gentlemen, come to the conclusion on my report. It is by no means an casy task to paso a corrent judgumbt uron so great and comprehensive an enterprise as that whels I have been inverigating. My examination of tho Canadion Paeific Railway has, as a whole, led me to the sane faromable conchsions as those originally formed by yourselves.

In the first phace, the rathay is under the managenent of gentlemen well known in the United States and Canada for the in intrerrity and good failh, as woll as for their emergy and busines ahility, of which they gave the most decisive prools as directors of the St. P'ml, Mimnempolis, and Manitoha Railuay Company.

Greomenty, it is my firm holiet that Manitota and the Canadian Numhnorot. as well w the lastem proviners of Canata, hase before thom a future equally as bright as that of Xehmaka, Kimas, MEmesota. Dakota, aml other American States.

I have been, as you are anare, for more than fore yen in tho United Stater, holding for four vars, the post of Eecretary (o) tive Precident of the Kansas Pacifie, and for another three thet of Eeceretary (o) the Managing Dinentoi of the Union

Pacitic Railway. As attache to those roals I lad anple opportunity of watehing the great and stemty devolopment
 City, Onaha, Council Blufle, St. Piml, and Mimneapolis, lawe Inring the last five gears almost dombled their popalation owing suldy to the impetus siven to argiculture and cattle-mising by the construction of through railways. Hardly two gears ago, Manitoba and the Camadian NorthWest were in exactiy the samu position as Kansas and Nebraska held hetore the constrmetion of the Kiansas and Union Pacife Railways, and now that the Camadian Pacifie Ralway may be emsilned an acemplished fact, there is in my opinion no reason th doubt that cities such as Wianipers, lortage lat Priarie, and Brandon will increase in population and importance in the same proportion as have the cities of these States to the sontlo.

Aceording to the latest statements issued bey the Board of Directors, the remaning 750 miles now in conse of construetion will be completed about the end of 1855 . The property of the Company will then consist of ahont 3,30 , miles of solidlybuilt railway and 17 million acres of genemally fertile land; and it must le admitie \& that this great concern, growing in value with the increase of population and development of Manitola and the North-West, is a somed and highly creditable enterprise, which, though in a certain degree specalative in its present character, will in the course of a revy few yars be crowned with highly satisfactory results.
I. am, Gentlemen,

Yonr obedient Servant,








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     (16) hit that is not fitirly fit for settlement.

