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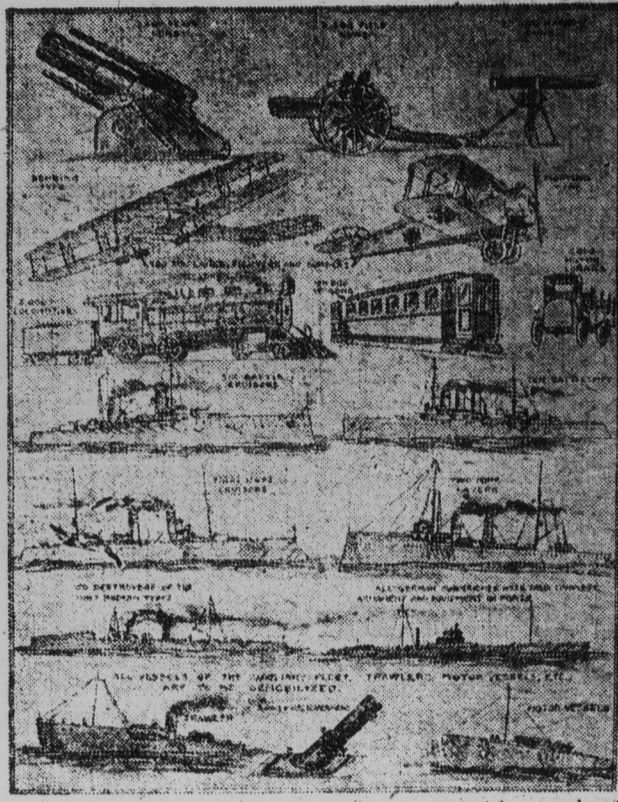
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Seen At a Glance—The vast German war materiel surrendered to the Allies under the terms of the armistice. It is the most crushing surrender in the world's history.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Dec. 24.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern \$2.24 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$2.21 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17 1/2; No. 4 wheat, \$2.11 1/4. in store Fort William, not including tax. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 79 1/2c; No. 3 C.W., 75 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 75 1/2c; No. 1 feed, 75 1/2c, in store Fort William. American corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.67; No. 3 yellow, \$1.62; No. 4 yellow, \$1.57; sample corn, feed, \$1.49 to \$1.65, track Toronto. Ontario oats, new crop—No. 2 white, 73 to 76c; No. 3 white, 72 to 75c, according to freights outside. Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2.14 to \$2.22; No. 2, do., \$2.11 to \$2.19; No. 3 do., \$2.07 to \$2.15; No. 1 Spring, \$2.09 to \$2.17; No. 2 Spring, \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. 3 Spring, \$2.02 to \$2.10, f.o.b., shipping points, according to freights. Peas—No. 2, \$2.00. Barley—Malting, new crop, 93c to \$1.03, according to freights outside. Buckwheat—No. 2, \$1.42. Rye—No. 2, \$1.58, nominal. Manitoba flour—Old crop, war quality, \$11.35, Toronto. Ontario flour—War quality, old crop, \$10.25, in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment. Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included; Bran, \$37.25 per ton; shorts, \$42.25 per ton. Hay—No. 1, \$23.00 to \$24.00 per ton; mixed, \$20.00 to \$21.00 per ton, track Toronto. Straw—Car lots, \$10.50 to \$11.00, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 35 to 39c; prints, 40 to 41c. Creamery, fresh made, solids, 51c; prints, 52c. Eggs—New-laid, 63 to 65c; store stock 57 to 59c. Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 25 to 30c; turkeys, 40c; squabs, doz., \$4.50; geese, 25c. Live poultry—Roosters, 18 to 20c; fowl, 21 to 23c; ducklings, lb., 22c; turkeys, 35c; spring chickens, 25c; geese, 15c. Cheese—New, large, 27 1/2 to 28c; twins, 28 to 29 1/2c; old, large, 28 to 28 1/2c; twin, 28 1/2 to 29c. Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 46 to 48c; creamery, solids, 51 to 53c; prints, 52 to 54c. Margarine—31 to 35c. Eggs—No. 1 storage, 53 to 54c; selected storage, 65 to 66c; new laid in cartons, 75 to 80c. Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 22c; roosters, 22c; fowl, 23 to 24c; turkeys, 40 to 45c; ducklings, lb., squabs, doz., \$5.19; geese, 25 to 26c. Canadian, hand-picked, bus. to \$5.50; imported, hand-picked, prima or Indian, \$5.00 to \$5.50, 17 to 17 1/2c. Extracted—clover, 5-10, 19 to 30c lb; 10-lb. tins, 28 to 30c; 60-lb. tins, 26 1/2 to 27c. 16 oz., \$1.50 to \$5.00 dozen; \$3.50 to \$4.00 dozen.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 37 to 39c; do, heavy, 30 to 32c; cooked 51 to 52c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45c; backs, plain, 46 to 47c; boneless, 51 to 55c. Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c; clear bellies, 29 to 30c. Lard—Pure, tierces, 31 to 31 1/2c; tubs, 30 1/2 to 31c; pails, 30 1/2 to 31 1/2c; prints, 32 to 32 1/2c; compound, tierces, 27 1/2 to 28 1/2c; tubs, 26 1/2 to 26 3/4c; pails, 26 to 26 1/2c; prints, 27 1/2 to 27 3/4c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Dec. 24.—Oats, extra No. 1 feed, 91 1/2c. Flour, new standard grade, \$11.25 to \$11.35. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$4.25 to \$4.50. Bran \$37.25. Shorts, \$42.25. Mouillie, \$67.00 to \$70.00. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$24.00 to \$25.00. Cheese, finest easterns, 24 to 25c. Butter, choicest creamery, 52 to 53 1/2c. Eggs, selected, 56c; No. 1 stock, 50c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.70 to \$1.75. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, \$24.50 to \$25.00. Lard, pure, wood pails, 20 lbs net, 31 to 32 1/2c.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Dec. 24.—Heavy Christmas steers, \$14.00 to \$15.00; choice heavy steers, \$13.50 to \$13.75; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.50 to \$12.00; do, good, \$10.75 to \$11.25; do, medium, \$9.50 to \$9.75; do, common, \$8.00 to \$8.25; bulls, choice, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do, medium bulls, \$8.75 to \$9.25; do, rough bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.00; butchers' cows, choice, \$10.25 to \$10.75; do, good, \$9.50 to \$9.75; do, medium, \$8.25 to \$8.50; do, common, \$7.00 to \$7.75; stockers, \$7.75 to \$10.50; feeders, \$10.25 to \$11.25; canners, \$5.50 to \$5.85; milkers, good to choice, \$9.00 to \$15.00; do, com. and med., \$65.00 to \$75.00; springers, \$90.00 to \$150.00; light ewes, \$9.00 to \$10.00; yearlings, \$13.00 to \$13.50; spring lambs, \$14.50 to \$15.00; calves, good to choice, \$15.00 to \$17.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$18.25; do, weighed off cars, \$18.50. Montreal, Dec. 24.—Steers, \$7.50 to \$12.00; choice butcher bulls, \$8.90 to \$9.00; poorer quality, \$7.00 to \$7.50; butcher cows, \$9.00 to \$5.00; grass calves, \$5.00 to \$7.00; milkers, \$12.50; sheep, \$9.00 to \$10.00; choice select hogs, \$18.50; sows, \$15.00 to \$16.00.

CANADIANS CROSSED RHINE ON BOAT BRIDGE

A despatch from Cologne says:—The British and Canadian armies crossed the Rhine on four bridges here. The Canadian division passed over on a boat bridge. The weather was extremely wet and spoiled the impressive spectacle. The crossing began at 9 o'clock in the morning and continued until late afternoon. The spectacle was witnessed by large crowds, who were deeply impressed by the magnificent fitness and the marching of the men, the excellent condition of the transport and the horses.

LONG-RANGE CANNON KILLED 196 AND WOUNDED 417 PARISIANS

More Than Half the Fatalities Occurred on Good-Friday Last When Church Was Shelled.

A despatch from Paris says:—Figures are now made public for the first time regarding the number of persons killed during German air raids and by long-range cannon. These statistics relate to the city of Paris only, and not to the suburbs. In 1914, 46 bombs were dropped. In 1915, 70 bombs, 62 of them on March 20, fell on the city. In 1916,

the enemy employed 61 bombs against Paris, and in 1917, 11. During the last ten months of the war there were 1,211 casualties from 396 bombs. Airplanes and Zeppelins dropped 228 bombs on August 6, killing two persons and injuring 392. The long-range cannon fired 168 shells into Paris, killing 196 and wounding 417. On last Good-Friday more than 100 persons were killed.

WILL CELEBRATE ALLIED VICTORY

Canada Will Be Represented in Triumphant Procession in London Early Next Year.

A despatch from London says:—An official celebration of the success of the British arms is expected here in January or February. The authorities, says The Times, are considering details of a scheme for enabling the public to witness a military procession representing every unit which served in the field. All the armies will have a place in the historic procession, with Marshal Haig riding at its head, followed by the Army Commanders. The Dominion and colonial troops, with bands playing and colors flying, will also participate. To this it may be added that Thursday's homecoming of Marshal Haig and certain other Generals is not in any way an official recognition of the services they have rendered. The official announcement gives prominence to this, which therefore disposes of the criticism that he is unaccompanied by Gen. Currie and Monash, the Australian General. The Canadian Press has reason to believe that Currie, besides participating in the general recognition by London early in the new year, will receive special honors here, and will also be offered the freedom of at least one famous English city.

GRAVE OF EDITH CAVELL LOCATED

British Community in Brussels Hold Commemoration Service For Martyred Nurse.

A despatch from London says:—The grave of Edith Cavell, the English nurse executed by the Germans in the Tir National Cemetery at Brussels, is believed to have been definitely located from a German map of the cemetery. Belgian authorities last the British commemoration service. The service was attended by the British Minister, who laid on the mound of earth a wreath from King George and Queen Mary, inscribed, "In memory of a brave and splendid English woman." Sir F. S. Villiers deposited a wreath bound with the British colors in the name of the British Legation and colony, and Brand Whitlock, the American Minister, added a tribute of his own. The Spanish Minister, the Belgian Foreign Minister and the members of the legations' staffs were present at the ceremony. One of the first acts of King Albert after his re-entry into Brussels was to visit the cemetery in company with Queen Elizabeth, who laid a wreath on Miss Cavell's grave.

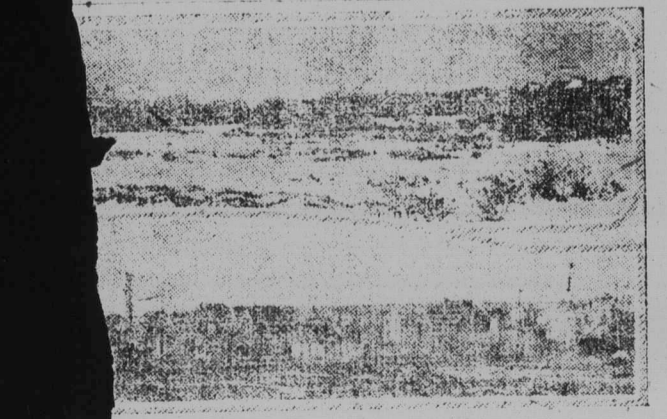
80 CANADIANS BLINDED IN ENGLAND

Prisoners of War Return to England Report Cruelty.

London, Dec. 14.—The Mission attended St. Dun's institute for the blind yesterday met the blind Canadians, sixty in all. A petition was presented to the Premier asking that the Government give to each one blinded Canadian officer 320 acres of homestead in lieu of stipulation that it must be normally cultivated, and by the method by which the land located for them by proxy. Lieut. Hitchings, who reported the petition, pointed out so that in Australia blinded had been given free permanent portation over Government. Sir Robert Borden made a pathetic reply and promised consideration of the request. It is estimated that there are one hundred and eighty cases of total blindness in the Canadian army. Sir Arthur Pearson, Head of Dunstan's, goes to Ottawa next week.

AUSTRALIA TO HAVE 3-DAY CELEBRATION

A despatch from Melbourne, Australia, says:—It has been decided that the peace celebrations of the Commonwealth include three days of holidays. The Imperial Government is being asked to arrange a fleet consisting of British and captured warships shall visit Australia and participate in the celebrations.



STRIKING CONTRAST. The devastated area of Halifax just after the disaster of a year ago. Twelve months later, after many new houses have been erected it is being made more modern and more beautiful.



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## NOMINATION.

### Township of Carrick.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the electors of the Township of Carrick will be held in the Town Hall, Mildmay, on Monday, the 30th day of December, 1918, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Reeve and Councillor for the said Township of Carrick.

If a greater number of candidates are nominated than are required to be elected, the polls will be opened at the polling places for each of the polling subdivisions in the said Township on Monday, the 6th day of January, 1919, the polls, to continue open from nine o'clock in the morning until five o'clock in the afternoon, and no longer.

J. A. JOHNSTON,  
Clerk Tp. of Carrick,

### Some Things About 1919.

There will be three eclipses, two of the sun and one of the moon, but this part of the world won't see much of them. Good Friday comes on April 18. Dominion Day falls on Tuesday and Christmas on Thursday. There will be five Sundays in March, June, August and November. February has 28 days. Spring is billed to arrive March 21st at 11 a.m. Summer will get here at 7 on the morning of June 22nd. Autumn canters around on September 23rd, at 10 p.m., and King Winter begins putting on his show at 4 p.m., December 22nd. Signs of the Zodiac will be the same as in 1918 don't forget.

### Good Farm For Sale.

Lot 22, Con. 14, Carrick, one of the best farms in the Township, is offered for sale. 85 acres clear, 12 acres good hardwood bush. There is a good 2 story house with new kitchen attached. Splendid frame barn 58x60. Good drilled well and never failing spring. Place is well fenced and in splendid condition. For further particulars apply to—  
B. Ruland, Deemerton.

### Pleads Guilty to Non-Support.

George Wayland of Kinloss pleaded guilty before Judge Klein in Walkerton on Monday last to the non-support of his wife and five young children who have been getting relief from the Kinloss council. Wayland, who is a former some boy of between 25 and 30 years of age, then had taken a position at Guelph, and is to have blown his wages on a good run down the country, instead of shipping up the needful to support his wife and offspring. He also confessed living with another woman down Guelph way where he was apprehended on the non-support charge. As he admitted his offence he was remanded to jail until Monday next, when he comes up for sentence.—Herald & Times.

### Thoughts For Christmas and the New Year.

Hold your War Bonds. There is nothing "just as good." If an employee, earn your wage; if an employer, pay a fair wage. Work faithfully, and save a portion of what comes your way. Regard no man of any kind as detrimental to the interests of all. Do not start a boom or participate in a boom. Buy what Canada produces. Select with care the goods and stocks you purchase. Deal with established bankers and brokers, rather than with fly-by-night concerns who are here to-day and gone tomorrow. Avoid extravagance and speculation. Invest your business and yourself fully in none but the best companies. Remember that you can cut down Canada's war effort by a mere waste. Don't be afraid to exercise your right. The coming period will be a notable one in our history. Run your own business as well as you can, and thank God for the fish fleet that you have a business at home left.

### Action for Slander.

The December sittings of the County Court were opened on Tuesday afternoon, and sixteen cases entered for trial. The first case was McDonald vs. McDonald—An action for slander. The plaintiff, Malcolm McDonald, is a master mariner residing in the Township of Goderich and during the last few months, when navigation is closed, follows the occupation known as a winter keeper for vessels wintering in the Township of Goderich. The defendant is a resident in Huron Township, Ontario. The plaintiff claimed damages for the use of words which imputed to the plaintiff had stolen a quantity of goods from the Steamship American, which he was keeper. The action was settled by consent of the following: The defendant to give the plaintiff an apology in writing, with the name of the slander complained of to be published at the expense in the Ripley Express. The defendant to pay the plaintiff the costs of the action. Chas. Garrow, Wm. Proudfoot for defendant. J. H. Star.

### Look Out For This Crook.

A crook representing himself as Henry Anderson, traveller for a firm which he calls the "Golden Gate Silk Mills" San Francisco, Cal., carries a line of very fine silk hose, and is putting over on the unsuspecting retail dealers a story to the effect that his firm has a shipment of hosiery on hand at Kenora (or perhaps some other point) C.O.D. \$360 which has been refused by the original consignee. This shipment he endeavors to sell on the understanding that he will have the shipment forwarded to the new purchaser C.O.D. for the amount, but before leaving he usually prevails upon the purchaser to advance him \$20 or more—giving as his reason that his expense money is running low—on the understanding that the amount advanced is to be deducted from the purchase price of the goods. But there are no goods, and the dealer is out his money.

To our knowledge this fraud has been perpetrated on four different people during the past few weeks.  
JOHN BBACKHALL,  
Superintendent Dominion Express.

### A Tired World.

A press correspondent who is accompanying the British troops into Germany says that the chief impression one received from conversation is one of enormous depression and exhaustion. It is the natural reaction. A patient who has suffered from a feverish delirium goes through a period of weakness and lethargy before recovery really begins. It is much the same with nations. All Europe has been in a state of fevered activity for over four years and in all nations—victors and vanquished alike—a period of lassitude is bound to follow. We shall feel something of that on this continent as well. Those who are looking for immediate world-wide commercial activity are bound, for this reason alone, even if civil commotion does not follow.

### Bentnick Boy Shot in Leg

A hunting accident which might have been attended with fatal results but which was serious enough as it was, happened to Herman Kaufman, aged 80 years, of the 11th con. of Bentnick on Wednesday of last week when a shot gun in the hands of Wilfred Copp, aged 16, of the same township, accidentally discharged, the bullet smashing the calf of the victim's leg.

The two boys were out on a hunting expedition and while walking through a bush in single file with Kaufman in the lead, a branch of a tree caught Copp's gun, causing it to discharge. The bullet struck the calf of Kaufman's leg, smashing it to such an extent that it was necessary to secure the services of a specialist from Guelph, who fixed up the wound, assisted by Dr. Campbell of Elmwood. Outside of a little stiffness, it is expected that Kaufman will recover the use of his leg.

### Farm For Sale.

150 acres consisting of lot 20, con. 2, and the east half of lot 20, con. 3, Carrick. 110 acres of good workable land. 25 acres of good bush, balance good pasture land. Rural mail and telephone, 5 miles from Clifford and 4 1/2 miles from Mildmay. Good bank barn and comfortable dwelling. Well watered, and land is in good heart. Will be sold at a reasonable price. William J. Reddon.

## SPANISH INFLUENZA

### Do Not Fear When Fighting a German or a Germ!

By Dr. M. COOK.

The cool fighter always wins and so there is no need to become panic-stricken. Avoid fear and crowds. Exercise in the fresh air and practice the three C's: A Clean Mouth, a Clean Skin and Clean Bowels. To carry off the poisons that accumulate within the body and to ward off an attack of the influenza bacillus, take a good liver regulator to move the bowels. Such a one is made up of May-apple, leaves of aloe, root of jalap, and is to be had at any drug store, and called "Pleasant Purgative Pellets."

If a bad cold develops, go to bed, wrap up well, drink freely of hot lemonade and take a hot mustard foot-bath. Have the bedroom warm but well ventilated. Obtain at the nearest drug store "Anuric Tablets" to flush the kidneys and control the pains and aches. Take an "Anuric" tablet every two hours, together with copious drinks of lemonade. If a true case of influenza, the food should be simple, such as broths, milk, buttermilk and ice-cream; but it is important that food be given regularly in order to keep up patient's strength and vitality. After the acute attack has passed, which is generally from three to seven days, the patient should be built up by the use of an iron tonic, such as "Irontic" tablets, which can be obtained at some drug stores. A well known blood-maker is a herbal tonic made from roots and barks of forest trees—sold everywhere as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

### Soldier's Prayer.

Now I lay me down to sleep,  
I pray the Lord my rank to keep.  
Grant no soldier tries to take  
Shoes or socks before I wake  
Watch 'o'er and guard my slumber,  
Keep my bunk and number;  
May no pole or guy rope break  
And another me before I wake.  
Protect me in my dream,  
Make it butter, cheese, and cream,  
Let me dream of chocolate cake,  
Forgetting not the sirloin steak.  
Grant that time may fly on wheels,  
'Till I get some decent meals.  
And that snowy feather bed,  
Where I long to lay my head,  
Far away from soldier's sins,  
And those greasy half-baked beans.  
Take me back in my dream to-night,  
And for evermore I'll be all right  
Take me back to that land so true  
Where they don't hike in mud all over  
your shoe,  
Where the rain-storms cease and no  
cold wind blows  
Where the laundries wash, and don't  
spoil your clothes  
Lord, thou knowest all my troubles,  
From grooming mules, to picks and  
shovels.  
Oh Lord if Thou but take me home  
I'll promise the world no more to roam,  
No more to leave the old fireside,  
Though war may rage on every side.  
I'll never swear, and I'll never drink,  
Or at fair ladies cast a wink.  
But I'll settle down with a bonnie wife,  
To live contented all my life.  
Lord grant this my earnest prayer:  
Just take me back to "Anywhere."

### Parcels Stopped.

A cable received from the chief commissioner of the Canadian Red Cross overseas announces that all individual parcels to prisoners in Germany have been stopped, and that food is now being sent in bulk. Owing to present conditions, the former method of addressing parcels to individual men is now unnecessary. This will apply to all parcels for prisoners. Any money subscribed will be used for food and clothes.

### Ban on Sugar Lifted.

The ban on the use of sugar for making French pastry, iced cakes, biscuits or candy for private consumption, as well as in the manufacture of iced goods, has been removed. The war restrictions on the method of serving in private eating places is with effect after January 1, while the ban on sugar may be used in making goods, too, the restrictions on the use of sugar in the manufacture of goods, biscuits, cake, dough, candies, chocolate, table syrup, like, pharmaceutical and medicinal preparations, beers and soft drinks, and jelly powders, ice-cream, and chewing gum, will not be lifted. For the manufacturer, sugar purchased without the regular stamp but it must be noted that the restrictions in public eating places on the use of beef, butter and fats, and for all animal fats by manufacturers remain in force.

The cancellation of so many restrictions which war has imposed on the use of sugar has been made possible through unexpected improvement in stocks, but the Food Board depends on public still to be reasonably restrained and to avoid anything like excessive use of any of these articles, but will still be some weeks before the distributions can be at all close to pre-war conditions.

### The Allied War Bill

The Hon. Lloyd George told an audience last week that the bill against Germany amounted to a tremendous figure of \$120,000,000. Before the war Germany's total production was estimated at less than \$100,000,000, but some now claim that the sources are vastly more than that even at the best such a bill will not hurt Germany. She always banked on her enemies foot the cost of the war and the Kaiser not many months ago plumed himself upon the fact that he had kept the war outside the borders. But he forgot that it would not help much if he lost. Now Germany faces such a war she never even dreamed of. Lloyd George declares emphatically that the Allies have an absolute right to demand that Germany pay the whole cost of the war, and they propose to make it so. The committee appointed to consider Germany's ability to pay the costs has decided that she cannot and they propose to pass the war bills of the Allies.

## Shorthorn Cattle Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorn:—  
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion. Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.  
In Oxforde:—  
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

### JAS. G. THOMSON

## Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.  
Choice young stock of both sexes on hand or young.

### H. H. Pletsch

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE  
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

### DR. L. DOERING

DENTIST MILDMA.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of Dental Surgeons, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario has opened up his offices next to O. Schuttler, Mildmay. Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and Newstead every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

### DR. A. L. WELLMAN M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

SILVER MEDALLIST Graduate of University of Toronto. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Lark House Surgeon Western Hospital, Toronto. Office and Residence—Elora Street North  
MILDMA.

## Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the Estate of Frederick Meyer, late of the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario (1914) Chap. 121, Sec. 58; that creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Frederick Meyer, deceased, should present the same to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of January, 1919.

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# Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.  
This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

### Selection For Eggs.

The selection of the stock for egg production this season is a problem that requires careful consideration. In the cities and towns of Canada there have been undoubtedly a great many more chickens raised than ever before, but in many of the country districts conditions are the direct reverse of this. Many farmers who in former years raised from two to three hundred chickens, this year, on account of the scarcity and high price of feed, have raised practically none, so that despite the increased production in the urban localities, there appears to be a decided shortage in the pullet crop.

The extremely high prices that are ruling for all meat foods are causing and will continue to cause people to raise more eggs. The result of this increased demand for eggs will be that more and more people will want to secure pullets for winter egg production, and there will be a great temptation to keep over anything and everything that looks like a pullet.

The need to keep up production is very apparent—so apparent in fact that not one pullet that is capable of profitable production should be slaughtered. At the same time it would be well to remember that word profitable. There will be undoubtedly a strong demand for all the new laid eggs that can be produced, but that is no reason why poultrymen should produce eggs if they cost more than they will bring.

Unless careful culling is followed, there will not be profitable production. To ensure the most profitable production, birds must lay in the winter, pullets must be properly matured before cold weather sets in. This means that chicks of the general purpose breeds such as Rocks and Wyandottes should be hatched not later than the fifteenth and Leghorns than the first of the month.

wide spread and the keel is forced down away from the pelvic arches so as to give large capacity. Thin, pliable skin as well as pliability of the abdominal parts are indicative of heavy production.

Cull the flock closely and early so as to get them well settled before winter and feed a good, generous ration. The following ration and method of feeding have given satisfaction:

Scratch feed composed of two parts corn, one part feed wheat and one part oats, is fed in a deep litter morning and evening: Dry mash of two parts brass, two parts shorts, two parts cornmeal, half part gluten, half part oil cake and one part fine beefscrap in hoppers all the time. Green feed: Roots, mangels, preferred, or sprouted oats at noon; also either green cut bone in the proportion of a half ounce per hen per day or moist mash, or these may be fed alternately.

When sour milk is available a supply is kept constantly before the flock and the green bone may be omitted. Grit, oyster shell, charcoal and beefscrap are also kept in hoppers, and a supply of water is at hand.

### The Period of Oestrus During Which To Breed Sows.

The period of oestrus or heat in the sow appears in the neighborhood of every twenty-one days, with the normal animal in good breeding condition. The sow remains in heat from one to five days. The effect of delaying the boar's services until the period of heat is almost over, has long been a subject for discussion with the hog-man. Such practice, it is claimed, invariably results in larger litters than would be the case were the sow bred during the first day. As a physiological explanation of the foregoing, it is claimed that during the latter part of the period a much larger number of ova are presented for fertilization by the male element, with the resultant increase in the size of the embryo litter.

As a rule house plants suffer most for want of light where the temperature is high. As far as possible flowering plants should have an eastern or southern window. Many plants will remain in a semi-dormant state in a temperature of 40 degrees for months, with but little light in locations where they would soon die if the temperature was raised to 68 or 70 degrees. Palms, rubber plants, aspidistras, and other plants kept standing in the middle of rooms and in halls, entirely out of direct light, no matter how carefully cared for, soon begin to show unhealthy signs and unless

horses and cattle, the generally accepted practice, particularly in the former class of stock, is to breed until the period is advanced. Likelihood of conception would thereby seem to be increased, due, no doubt, to the fact that the female functions have had to take place properly, that the female is usually more receptive to attention and allowing a reasonable length of time to elapse after usual advertisement of oestrus. With the sow the same probability of conception by delayed breeding is attested, for the foregoing reason, a larger litter should be expected, by no means so sure, the claims of many expert breeders to the contrary. The size, vigor, and numbers of the litter may be far more, certainly controlled by the condition of the boar and sow at the time of mating. Such, at least, would be indicated by the results noted from a large herd of breed sows kept at the Experimental Farm at Ottawa. As a general practice is to breed the second day, using, where necessary, the breeding crate. During winter of 1917-18, however, several groups of sows were bred, by using a boar to run with each lot, thus obviating much labor in handling reluctant individuals and resulting to a minimum the number of "used sows"—the size and vigor of the resultant litters, left little to be desired.

In brief, to the man who keeps a few sows, and who makes use of a neighboring boar, breed on the first day, depending, of course, on the sow's individual peculiarities. See if she is in rising condition—not too thin, but in fair flesh and breeding every day. If the sows have on fall grass, use a little grain in the breeding. If the sows have irregular in heat, this will tend to bring them in for breeding regularly and within a few days of one another. Use judgment in breeding a weaned sow. If she is much run down from nursing her litter and in this condition a few days weaning, a disappointing second litter will in most cases result. No boar is kept, try to select services of one, not too heavily used, reasonably well fed and above all well-exercised. The thin boar, the over-fat individual, frequently the getters of small litters, no matter how they serve the sow.

allows his boar to do results may be disappointing. The boar does not

# Poultry

Ten rules for success:—

- 1.—Improve your poultry stock.
- 2.—Keep one of the general-purpose breeds, such as the Plymouth Rock, Wyandottes, Orpington, or Rhode Island Red.
- 3.—Provide one clean, dry, vermin-free nest for every four or five hens.
- 4.—Conclude all hatching by May 15 and sell or confine male birds during the remainder of the summer.
- 5.—Gather eggs once daily during ordinary time, and twice daily during hot or rainy weather.
- 6.—In summer, place eggs as soon as gathered in a cool, dry room.
- 7.—Use all small and dirty eggs at home.
- 8.—Market eggs frequently, twice a week, if possible, during the summer.
- 9.—In taking eggs to market, protect them from the sun's rays.
- 10.—In selling, insist that the transaction be on a "loss-off" basis; for, if care has been given the eggs, this system will yield money to the producer.

### Care of House Plants.

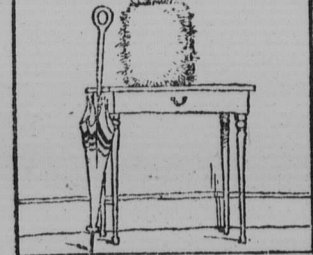
As a rule house plants suffer most for want of light where the temperature is high. As far as possible flowering plants should have an eastern or southern window.

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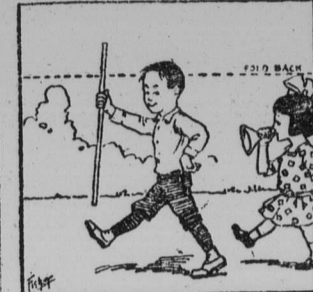
Palms, rubber plants, aspidistras, and other plants kept standing in the middle of rooms and in halls, entirely out of direct light, no matter how carefully cared for, soon begin to show unhealthy signs and unless

# FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



I'LL GO AND BORROW MOTHER'S MUFF, I THINK THE FUR IS JUST THE STUFF TO MAKE A TALL DRUM MAJOR'S HAT. WE HAVE NO DRUM—BUT WHAT OF THAT.



placed in the light nothing will save them. Excess water must be removed from saucers, otherwise the soil will become sour and the plants die. All smooth leaved plants should be sponged to remove the dust and allow the foliage to "breathe."

The receptive mind is one of the best gifts of God.—R. B. Ince.

# MOTHER-WISDOM

### Ill Health Spells Poverty and Misery: We Must Prevent It.

Helen Johnson Keyes

Is there something mistaken about the methods we use in teaching our boys and girls health and hygiene? According to the statutes the subject must form part of the school curriculum, yet how little is really learned? The truth is, very few children will kindle to enthusiasm over such subjects as, "how to be well," "what are germs?" "clean milk," or "the unspeakable fly." We must attack the subject in a different way if we want to get their interest.

Instead of lecturing to them on "How to be Well," why not show them that if they want to be good-looking, bright, and competent, they must have health; that health means popularity and power? Let them understand that fresh air is good for the complexion, that exercise gives strength and grace to the figure, that a good digestion means a clear skin, an agreeable disposition, and an active mind. After they have been made to feel that health is worth while, because it gives power, then we may tell them how air, exercise, and nutrition act on the body. We have related health and health-habits to something which interests them.

Almost any person, particularly a young girl, will resent being told that she ought to take more baths in order to be cleaner, but if she is reminded that she will be prettier for frequent bathing and if the boy is told that he will play better ball for having frequent cold showers or plunges, they will feel that it is worth while to test the suggestion. The girl's mind will leap to dreams of influence and admiration, which every normal girl desires, the boy will see himself out-stripping his mates in muscle and general capacity. And the dreams will come true: Cleanliness does produce beauty and strength and when our daughters and sons have learned that this is so, then it will be the moment to teach them why it is so, what the pores are and what they do.

Ill health spells poverty; if they want a bank account and the respect of the community, they must have the power which health confers. Why does the government, we might ask them, distribute free medicines and treatment to maintain health among animals? Because the sickness of animals means enormous loss of wealth to the nation. Loss of health among human beings means even greater loss of wealth to the nation and, in addition, great personal suffering and the humiliation of families. The reason why the government has not enforced health among them as it has among brutes is because they are self-governing creatures and are supposed to keep themselves well without government intervention.

The following very suggestive table, computed carefully by men who have studied the facts, gives in dollars the value to his country of an individual according to his age:

0-5	\$1,500
5-10	2,300
10-15	2,500
15-20	3,000
20-25	5,000
25-30	7,500
30-35	7,000
35-40	6,000
40-45	5,500
45-50	5,000
50-55	4,500
55-60	4,500
60-65	2,000

65-70 ..... 1,000  
70 ..... 1,000

If a club of young people were given the task of collecting the statistics of deaths from preventable diseases in the district or county during a year and then of multiplying each age-group by the number of deaths which have occurred within those young people would have a appreciation of the commercial value of health, their own importance, the importance of their neighbor's national prosperity. Health we assume a totally new significance.

A school club whose members were set the task of collecting certain health statistics among the pupils, reporting, perhaps, to a physician would learn more about health hygiene in one term that text books could teach them in several terms because they would perceive the relation between well-being and success.

Suppose the club made a census of the following facts:

- (1) Children who breathe through their mouths.
- (2) Children whose appearance, habits, and way of reading indicate defect in eye-sight.
- (3) Children whose ears run whose reply to questions indicate faulty hearing.
- (4) Children suffering from constant toothache and indigestion.
- (5) Children abnormally restless, nervous and unruly.

Suppose a table of comparative marks were made out between and thoroughly normal children would not the result be a new impetus for health and a new idea of importance of it in relation to attainments in later life?

An honor roll should be within this club of children with open windows, brushing teeth twice a day, tooth baths twice a week, ate less than amount of candy and drank amount of milk.

With the school spirit that has been kindled, the homes and the churches could scarcely escape the contagion of enthusiasm. The application of cleanliness to the dairy, to the refuse, would become as matters of social decency and public opinion. People would see these things of their neighbor's importance of their own survival in healthy minds of the community and success, ill health with poverty and social degradation.

To the hard-hearted, and poverty might remain pulsive or ridiculous but spirited they would be called to call for assistance and sympathy, this element of community would gradually and done away with. Children be starved because no flour main for them to feed the filth of decaying milk from dirty stables. Diseases would be isolated, the loss to the community should be as small.

This method takes the way our minds are made to see the relation of health to the way we live becomes interesting or attention. If mothers are making sanitation, clean health, interesting to them they will certainly follow.

Dr. C. J. ...  
Treatment of ...  
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from the irritati ...  
After being as ...  
as may be possib ...  
mixture of linseed ...  
ter, or thickly po ...  
bismuth.



He at once sallied forth to see what might be going on, and so got mixed up with the crowd just as the row began. The crowd broke open the door and rushed into the building, from the balcony of which a strong lunged orator addressed them.

The arrival of several companies of infantry put an end to his speech; the soldiers retook the building and drove the intruders out. Reinforcements coming up charged the crowd. The people retaliated with sticks, stones and anything else that came handy. Several were injured, but none seriously.

The troops threatened to fire, but fortunately for the crowd, did not do so.

At midnight, the whole place being in an uproar, the Governor gave orders and released the prisoner, who was carried home in triumph and amid general enthusiasm. The American had been rather roughly handled during the scuffle, in which he could not take part.

#### Lithography in Persia.

Type printing is unpopular in Persia. The straightness of the lines of the Persian's artistic sense, and the fact that in printed books the character of the letters is entirely

Persia is to-day largely dependent on lithography for its own production of books. Naturally these are scarce. At the beginning of the nineteenth century a press with movable types was set up in Tabriz, and a fair number of books was printed. The effort met with no encouragement, however, and had shortly to be abandoned.

which makes a Persian the great calli-

### The Weekly Fashions



© McCall

What a fascinating little design for the kiddie! The fulness at either side of front and back may be smocked, shirred or tiny tucks used as illustrated. McCall Pattern No. 8656, Child's Dress. In 5 sizes, 6 months to 6 years. Price, 15 cents.



An entirely new dress. The belt, one, being belted. Met Ladies' H small, 3



## ROYAL YEAST

Has been Canada's favorite yeast for over a quarter of a century. Bread baked with Royal Yeast will keep fresh and moist longer than that made with any other, so that a full week's supply can easily be made at one baking, and the last loaf will be just as good as the first.

MADE IN CANADA

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED  
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

#### To the Sleeping Heroes.

For you who answered duty's call  
 We deeply grieve to-day.  
 You, who went forth to win or fall,  
 Yours was the warrior's way.

Where'er you lie 'tis honored dust.  
 Of you be truly said:  
 Our comfort is the old-time trust,  
 God rests his own brave dead.

And now at last the dove of peace  
 O'er us her pinions spread,  
 Our thanks to you shall never cease,  
 'Twas victory's fires you fed.

#### Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

##### Quite a Feat.

A sergeant was drilling an awkward squad.

"Company! Attention, company; lift up your left leg and hold it straight out in front of you!"

One of the squad held out his right leg by mistake. This brought his right-hand companion's left leg and his own right leg close together. The officer, seeing this, exclaimed angrily: "And who is that blooming galoot over there holding up both legs?"

A double boiler should have a good large base, so that the water will not boil away quickly.

### The Hospital for Sick Children

TORONTO

War Laid Heavy Hand on Children's Charity.

Dear Mr. Editor:—

The annual report of the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, marks a new record, despite the heavy handicap the war placed upon its work.

The task of ministering to the suffering youngsters of this province was no light one in view of the Hospital's splendid response to the national call: 25 doctors and 43 nurses from its forces have seen service overseas.

Yet the number of patients treated is 5,048, or 1,308 more than last year. Of these in-patients, 759 were from 263 places outside of Toronto.

The tireless efforts of the staff possible also a reduction in the necessary for

#### Tonnage Lost During War.

The world's total losses of merchant tonnage from the beginning of the war to the end of October, 1918, by enemy action and marine risk was 15,053,786 gross tons, according to official announcement issued in London on Dec. 6th.

During the same period vessels totalling 10,849,527 tons were constructed, and enemy tonnage totalling 2,392,675 was captured, making a net loss of tonnage during the war of 1,811,584.

#### Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

"A true friend embraces our objects as his own. We feel another mind bent on the same end, enjoying it, insuring it, reflecting it, and delighting in our devotion to it."—Channing.

#### MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

Mix salt and pepper ten to one in a large bottle for kitchen use.

#### FOR SALE

**WELL-EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER** and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,500. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 59, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE** in New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell \$2,000. Worth double that amount. Apply T. H. Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

#### STORM WINDOWS FOR SALE.

**GET OUR PRICE LIST SHOWING** cost of windows glazed complete, any size. Halliday Company, Box R. 61, Hamilton.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

**CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC.** Internal and external cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Edman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

**ACHES AND PAINS**  
**QUICKLY RELIEVED**

## CHRISTMAS 1918.

*We have occasion to be  
happy this Christmas —  
to be humbly grateful  
for the wonderful bless-  
ings of Victory and Peace*

*May every one of our  
customers enjoy the  
Festive Season to the full  
and may this New Year  
swing wide the portals  
that lead to increased  
Happiness and Prosperi-  
ty.*

CANADA FOOD BOARD LICENSE NOS. 8-540 and  
10-2626.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

With receipts of nearly 1600 cattle on the exchange yesterday the market for choice heavy steers, what few there were canners and cutters, and stockers and feeders, showing quality was fairly good, and steady, a little stronger in fact than last week. Medium butcher steers and heifers were inclined to be slow, but the canners, as stated, firmed up quite a bit and taken altogether, while the market was without any special feature, it was satisfactory, with an early clean up. The exchange has taken on a decidedly holiday air and we do not look for any important runs for the balance of the week.

The sheep and lambs and calves were all steady with comparatively light runs, 118 calves and 707 sheep and lambs, and 1047 hogs, with the prices holding steady at 18c fed.

#### Report of S. S. No. 11 Carrick

Sr. IV—Geo. Ste Marie 72%, Eva Mc-Intosh 57.

Jr. IV—Willie Waechter 62, Elmer Dickison 59.

Jr. III—Willie Ste Marie 59, Stewart Pomeroy 56.

Sr. II—Irene Ste Marie 74, Jean Mc-Intosh 72, Alfred Waechter 68, Willie Grubb (absent).

Jr. H—Leo Grubb 68, Lloyd Kleist 61.

Jr. I—Dalton Dickison 36.

Average attendance for Dec.—11 93

M. D. Widmayer, teacher.

#### Lost Diamond Ring.

Fred Armstrong, a cattle buyer, of Brampton, had a strange experience one evening recently. During the afternoon he had received a consignment of cattle, driven by three men. They were invited to stay for supper, preparatory to catching the 6:15 train. One of the men was acting strangely and seemed ill at ease, and after they were gone Mrs. Armstrong missed her diamond ring. Mr. Armstrong jumped in his car and caught the train as it was pulling out of the station. He tackled the man in the coach, but he denied knowing anything about the ring. On being taken to the lobby he admitted the loss of the diamond ring. Mr. A. ... so overjoyed he let the man ... caught the even- ... from ... able family and ... is valued at

*Helwig's*

Let us enjoy  
this year, with

Only one more week

Start

#### Xmas. Handkerchiefs

Handkerchiefs in large variety, P hem stitched, fancy embroidered, also color effects .... 5c (up

#### Boxed Handk

Handkerchiefs in fancy two and three in a box, colors .... 25c 35c

#### Silk Glo

"Niagara Maid" Silk white, black, navy, grey. Just what your friend would

#### Crepe Faille

Heavy weight Crepe this cloth is 36" wide and ing, comes in black, navy burgundy, fescuda, biscuit. Price ....

#### Plaid and Str

Taffetta Silks in plaid for skirts and



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-at any rate, a human element

ard for us to credit the vast  
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-f trade."—Emerson.

for a change,  
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... for a house  
... and pockets are in  
... connected with the back  
... Call Pattern No. 8637;  
... ouse Dress. In 3 sizes,  
... 4 to 36; medium, 38 to 40;  
... large, 42 to 44 bust. Price, 25 cents.  
... These patterns may be obtained  
... from your local McCall dealer, or  
... from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St.,  
... Toronto, Dept. W.

Nothing finer has come out of this  
war than this line from an epitaph in  
a British graveyard in France: "For  
your to-morrow they gave their to-  
day."

I was cured of Rheumatic Gout by  
MINARD'S LINIMENT.  
Halifax. ANDREW KING.  
I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by  
MINARD'S LINIMENT.  
LT.-COL. C. CREWE READ,  
Sussex.  
I was cured of Acute Rheumatism  
by MINARD'S LINIMENT.  
Markham, Ont. C. S. BILLING.  
Lakefield, Que., Oct. 9, 1907.

"Heroism is the brilliant triumph  
of the soul over the flesh—that is to  
say, over fear; fear of poverty, of  
suffering, of calamity, of sickness, of  
isolation and death. There is no  
serious piety without heroism. Hero-  
ism is the dazzling and glorious con-  
centration of courage."—Amiel.

**Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.**

Canada is a land of motor cars,  
holding third place in the number of  
automobiles in use. In 1917 there  
were 199,302 cars registered in Can-  
ada, an increase of 47,705 over 1916,  
while the number of new cars regis-  
tered in that year was nearly 76,000.  
The increase for 1918 is expected to  
be on a proportionate scale. One Can-  
adian in every 40 owns a car, and  
roughly speaking, there is one auto-  
mobile for every eight families.

Keep your shoes neat

# 2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES  
LIQUIDS

... a who  
... the sows, go  
... pected, even if the boar  
... how much scientific knowledge,  
... ded the herd is well-exercised,  
... used in dry quarters and suffici-  
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... mphasis, too, must not be neglect-  
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... act on breeding stock of green feed  
... summer, and succulent foods,  
... es, clover, hay or ensilage in w

made p-  
average length of  
the little patients from  
1914 to 14 this year.

These results show that the Hos-  
pital has again paid to the children  
rich dividends of health upon the in-  
vested kindness of its supporters.  
There has been careful stewardship  
of the funds entrusted to the Hospital.  
There has been saving—almost scrim-  
ping—in every direction except where  
it would prevent the Hospital's soothe-  
ing the suffering or shortening the  
sickness of one child. The daily cost  
of operation was held at the lowest  
point which would still allow the  
children entrusted to the Hospital to  
get the best medicine and the best of  
care.

And yet so high has risen the cost of  
every item in the Hospital's budget—in  
labor, in fuel, in food, and, above all  
in medical supplies—that the mini-  
mum expense of taking care of one  
child for one day has risen from \$2.84  
back in 1914 to \$3.21% in 1918. Of  
that, \$1.66%—the amount per patient  
per day that the official Government  
grants do not cover—must come from  
voluntary contributions.

During the past four years debts  
were incurred to the extent of \$100,-  
000, which the Trustees felt assured  
would be wiped out by the public as  
soon as the war drew to its close, an-  
those heavy demands cease which  
have been made upon the generosity  
of the loyal people of this province.  
The time has now come when it is ne-  
cessary to make known the Hospital's  
dire need of financial assistance.

If this 43rd Christmas appeal fails  
to rally the friends of this Charity to  
its support, it will be necessary to  
mortgage its land, buildings and play-  
By the bounty of the late John Roy  
Robertson that property has just been  
cleared of debt for the first time since  
it began its ministry of healing mercy.  
Little children have lost a  
hearted friend, and the pro-  
prietor's benefactor. It is for the  
to decide whether his life-work  
be shadowed with a mortgage  
less than a year of his passing.

What think you?  
Send your answer as soon as pos-  
sible to the Secretary-Treasurer, Ho-  
pital for Sick Children, College Street  
Toronto. Meanwhile the Charity  
"Carry on," trusting in your support.  
IRVING E. ROBERTSON,  
Chairman of Appeal Committee.

# Hotel Del

Coronado R.

Where the  
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**ADDITIONAL LOCALS.**

There will be an Executors auction sale of farm lot 20, Con. A. Carrick, in the County of Bruce on Jan. 7, 1919, or shortly after. The farm stock and implements of the estate of the late Joseph Meyer will also be sold. Sale bills will follow later.

The 1917 Victory Bond maturing in 1922, advanced in price this week one-half of one per cent. It is first class buying yet. If you have any spare funds see J. A. Johnston at once.

On the sixth concession of Turnberry, while cutting wood with a sawing machine, James McBurney, met with an accident, when a splinter flew up, almost testing his eye out. A doctor was at once rushed to the place, but upon the advice of the physician it was decided to send Mr. McBurney at once to a London hospital, where he is now. An operation has been performed. At Victoria Hospital it was stated that the patient is doing well, but that he has lost his eye.

The recently arrived pastor of a Toronto Methodist church is scholarly but absent minded. Speaking to a member whose face he recognized on the street, he remarked, "And how is your wife?"

"I'm sorry, but I am not yet married," was the response.

"Ah, how pleasant that is, I suppose your wife wife is single, too," remarked the forgetful parson.

General Currie says that the Canadian army in the last two years of strenuous fighting has never lost a gun, has never failed to take an objective, and has never been driven from an inch of ground once consolidated.

For the Wardenship of Bruce next year there are already a number of aspirants:— Reeve Douglas of Hepworth, Reeve Brown of Chesley, Reeve Grant of Tnra and Reeve Johnston of Bruce, who has served eight years in the County Council, if he decides to again stand for the reeveship, may also be a candidate for the Warden's chair.

Get into the habit of turning the broom around in your hands while you sweep, to save wearing it onesided.

An elephant works from the age of  
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Bring

**HEI**

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**THI**

This is the Sto  
just a few item

**MIXED NUTS**

Almonds, Filberts,  
Brazils, etc.  
Special at .....

**CHRISTMAS ORA**  
No. 1 Good Eatir  
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