

store; among other advantages, cheapness of cost is unpare-

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly.
Money is now a scarce commodity, or I might say, it is so dear, that if I were to see you in only equal delight I shall experience in receiving even sums you may be pleased to supply. I would suggest that the hinges of your desks are thoroughly they be not used as instruments of suppression of the right of speech. I also suggest that unless the covers are made of leather, purchased from the prior of the *Leader*, you do not so lower part of the desks so as to produce notes. It only remains for that until paper becomes more dear that we will for you not to use in

Mr. B. Excellency the Governor, Mr. P. and wife, then left amid the applause, and made for the Governor's house like a high train, when arrived, his Excellency informed that he had just discharged the marriage of all his duties, that offering the collected notes of the so at his window which they do not possess.

VIVAT REGINA AND WINDSOR

For the C. P. Herald.

The Municipal Council of the Town of Beckwith met at the Town Hall on 17th Jan. 1859.

Present, all the newly elected C. The Clerk took the Chair. Each Councilor presented his qualification and of office, duly attested by the Clerk. Moved by John R. Berts, seconded by McNeely that A McArthur be R. present year.—Carried.

The Reeve was then sworn into the Chair and thanked the Council for honor done him.

James Poole and James Conn were appointed Auditors for the month of August, the former by the latter by the Council.

Moved by James Barrows, se John Roberts 2 d. Con. be sworn

Presented by Mr. McNeely, for the sale of Michael Morphy, propping for a sell spirituous liquors, which was a full consideration thereof deferred to the next meeting of the Council.

The following Township officers were appointed:

Poundkeepers.—John Stewart, James Burrow, Alexander Stewart, Duncan McKeenie, Richard Griffiths, Cameron, 9th Con. Peter Roovers, McFarlane and John Graham.

Fence viewers.—John Stewart, Robert Davis, John Ferguson, P.

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and Napo-seo Laralies.
Road Surveyor, -Alila Camacho.
In-pectors of Lakesides, -Jamaica.
John Ferguson and Thomas Hagan.
Pathmasters -W. J. Jan. Co.
son, middle 60. Thomas Kid, Jr.
2nd Con. Martin Jordan and John
2nd and 3rd Con. John Stewart
Mason, E. 3rd Con. George K. D.
Con. Duncan McNeae. E. 4th Con.
Davis, and Donald McLean, Jr.
D Ferguson, E. 5th Con. John S.
and 7th Con. Ronald McDonald
McArthur, E. 6th Con. Angus M.
E. 7th Con. Alexander McEwen,
9th Con. John Cooboy, and Robert

Con. John Stewart and John Mc
W. 10th Con. Robert Carraiche,
Con. Duncn n McCuan, W. 11th Con.
Duff. E. 11th Con. John Geth, W
Lake, 9th & 10th Con. Peter Sine
& 12th Con. Abraham Dowdall, fr
to village of Carleton Place, Nichol
Glen Isle, Daniel Cran, E. 12th Con
Maun, Bar, William Morris, Frank
Burrows, Ashton, Daniel McFarlan
ton Place, Michael Morphy, S aut
the river, Richard Gilbu, North

Moved by James Berrens, seconded by Brice McNeely that the B-Lay to the Government allowance for Road front half of the fourth Concession with on the Campus Line instead of Mid-rain Line be now read the second and passed.—Carried.

The said By-Law which was introduced the first time at the last meeting of Council was then read the second and passed.

The Clerk laid his account for and Jurors' Blank—page stage on both other documents and Stationary for 1898, amounting to \$3 19, before the clerk which was approved of.

Moved by Brice McNulty, seconded by John Roberts that the Clerk do, at once hereby authorized to procure a copy of the last compiled municipal manual for the use of the Councilors and Clerk of this municipality. Carried.

Moved by James Burrows, seconded by Alexander Ferguson, that the Council now adjourn till Tuesday, the 15th of February next.—Carried.

EWAN McEWEEN, Town Clerk.
Franktown, Jan. 31st, 1859.

B. & O. RAILWAY.

Although trains have as yet run

[illegible]

be consumed there. Freight trains leave the Perth station every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, returning the same days.—Standard.

WASH COLORS.—For washing elegant colors, the Scientific American ladies to boil some bran in rain water and use the liquor cold. Nothing can be so good for restoring color and for cleaning the skin.

TO MAKE OLD DRESS NEW.—Leave a dress a week or day in warm water. Then put the flour in a tin and stir it up in, taking care that out of the oven was nicely heated

Toronto, Jan. 29, 1859.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The SPEAKER informed the House that during the recess he had received several communications from members of the House of Commons, including the members of the defunct Brown-Dorion Administration, and some gentlemen who had never before had seats in Parliament; and that he had issued his Warrant to the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery for the return of a member of the House of Commons, who had been elected in the North Riding of England, in the room of Charles Allan, Esq., deceased.

The following new members were then introduced and took their seats:—

Mr. FINLAYSON, member for East Brant, by Messrs. Brown and Dorion.

Mr. HARCOURT, member for Haldimand, by Messrs. Foray and Drummond.

Mr. FORAY, member for Sheffield, by Messrs. Duncan and Heath.

Mr. CARON, member for Maskinonge, by Messrs. Loring and Scott.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Atty. Gen. CARTER, introduced by Atty. Gen. Macdonald, introduced a bill to provide for the Administration of the Oaths of Office to persons appointed to be Justices of the Peace in this Province.

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.

The SPEAKER having read the Speech, Mr. ALLEYN laid before the House despatches and other documents relating to the Seat of Government.

THE ROYAL SPEECH.

Atty. Gen. CARTER, seconded by Atty. Gen. Macdonald, moved that the Speech from the Throne be taken into consideration on Monday next.

The motion was carried.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS.

On motion of Atty. Gen. CARTER it was resolved that the Votes and Proceedings of the House be printed for the use of members; and that the usual standing committees be appointed. He also gave notice that on Monday next, he would move that a select committee be appointed to prepare the names of the said standing committees.

The House then adjourned till 3 o'clock on Monday.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Soon after the withdrawal of the members of the Lower House, His Excellency left the Council Chamber, and, on retiring, was warmly greeted by the people assembled around the Parliament Buildings.

The following business was then transacted:—

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet, introduced a bill relating to Common Schools.

Read a first time *pro forma*.

THE SPEECH FROM THE THRONE.

On motion of Hon. Mr. VANKOUGHNET, seconded by Hon. Mr. DeBlaquiere, it was ordered that the Speech from the Throne be taken into consideration on Tuesday next.

COMMITTEE ON PRINTING.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSS, seconded by Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet, Hon. Messrs. Knowlton, Matthews, Armand, Seymour, Murray, Fane, Christie, Boulton and Government were appointed a committee to superintend Printing during the present session.

COMMITTEE ON CONTINGENCIES.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSS, seconded by Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet, it was resolved that Hon. Messrs. Morris, Mills, Alexander, Crawford, Campbell, Renaud, Archambault and Desjardins, be the standing committee on contingent accounts.

COMMITTEE ON THE JOURNALS.

On motion of Hon. Mr. ROSS, seconded by Hon. Mr. Vankoughnet, Hon. Messrs. Gordon, Perry, Murray, Mason, Kirkwood, Ferrie and Renaud, were appointed a committee to revise and perfect the journals of the House.

The Council then adjourned till 3 o'clock on Monday.

DOWNING STREET, 10th September, 1858.

Sir,

I have to acknowledge your Despatches of the 26th and 27th inst. in the margin with their enclosures, giving a detailed account of the political events which recently occurred during the Session of the Canadian Parliament ending with the appointment of a new Administration composed of Messrs. Galt, Sherwood and other gentlemen.

You are well aware that Her Majesty's advisers have no wish to interfere in any way in the domestic affairs of the great Province under your Government, and therefore while they have read with an interest proportioned to the gravity of the subject the documents thus communicated to them they abstain from expressing any opinion on their general contents.

With regard however to your own conduct in this crisis as an Officer of the Crown, they are of opinion that you acted in accordance with those principles of constitutional Government which obtain in this country as well as in Canada; nor have they any reason to doubt the soundness of your judgment in applying those principles, although this is not a point on which they are qualified to decide.

They are bound, however, not to pass over one subject without remark.

The question of the Federation of the Colonies is one in which Canada has no doubt a very deep interest, and in which any representations proceeding from the Legislature of that Province will be received with the greatest attention. But it is necessarily one of Imperial character, involving the future Government of the other North American Colonies, equally bound with Canada by the common ties which unite all the members of that Empire. It is therefore one which properly belongs to the executive authority of the Empire, and not that of any separate Province, to initiate. I do not however question the importance of the reasons which led you to advert to it, and shall await the further development of the views of yourself and your advisers on the subject. I have communicated your speech on this subject to the part of my despatch, to the Lieutenant Governor of the other North American Provinces.

In reviewing the history of the Session of the Canadian Parliament now terminated, it is impossible for Her Majesty's Government to express regret that after having deliberately invited the attention of Her Majesty on the question of the future Seat of Canadian Government, the Assembly should have thought proper deliberately to reject that award. They are not in possession of the reasons which may have led to so unexpected a decision; but they are too strongly assured of the loyalty of the representatives of the Canadian people, to believe that any individual among the Members who joined in that vote intended to slight his Sovereign.

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) L. B. LYTON.

The Right Hon. Sir EDMUND WALKER HEAD, Bart, &c., &c., &c.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Two Petitions were brought up and laid on the table.

The Honorable Francis Lefebvre took the oath and his seat.

The House proceeded, according to order, to take into consideration the Speech of His Excellency at the opening of the Session.

Mr. Dufresne moved, seconded by Mr. Burton,—That an humble Address be pre-

sented to His Excellency the Governor General, to thank His Excellency for his gracious Speech at the opening of the present Session of the Provincial Parliament; and further, to assure His Excellency,—

That we shall give our earnest attention to the question of the Seat of Government of Canada,—being again read,

Hon. Mr. Scitoe moved that the said paragraph be accepted by leaving out the words after "That," and inserting the following in lieu thereof:—"the fundamental principle of the representative system, and one of the most important advantages resulting from it, is the right of the majority to have their views and opinions prevail in the administration of the country; and it is the duty of this House to repel any attempt which might endanger a principle which for centuries has been preserved, the franchises and liberties of England. That, in declaring on the 28th July last, 'that in the opinion of this House the City of Ottawa ought not to be the permanent seat of the Government of this Province,' this House, without intending any want of respect to the Sovereign, expressed its views and opinions on the subject of the Seat of Government in the ordinary and constitutional exercise of its privileges."

And a debate arising thereon, the debate was adjourned.

The House adjourned.

3rd February, 1859.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House, Accounts of the Trustees of the Montreal Turnpike Roads, to 31st December, 1858.

Also, Report of the Provident Life Assurance and Investment Company, for the year ending 31st August, 1858, and Statement of the affairs of the Montreal City and District Savings Bank on the 31st December, 1858.

Seven petitions were brought up and laid on the table.

Petitions received and read:—

Of A. A. McDonald and others, of the Township of St. Hubert, praying for certain amendments to the Division Roads Act of Upper Canada.

Of the Reverend B. McCann and others, of the City of Quebec, praying for the passing of an Act to incorporate the St. Bridget's Asylum Association.

On motion of Mr. Turcotte, a Select committee was appointed, consisting of Mr. Turcotte, the Hon. Messrs. John Sandfield Macdonald, Scitoe, Attorney General Macdonald, Durand, Morin, Aitken, and McNeill, and Messrs. Loberge and Campbell, to assist Mr. Speaker in the direction of the Library of Parliament, so far as the interests of this House are concerned, and to act as members of the Joint Committee of both Houses on the Library;—and a Message was sent to the Legislative Council, to inform them thereof.

The House resumed the consideration of Mr. Dufresne's motion of Tuesday last, for an Address to His Excellency, to thank him for his gracious Speech at the opening of the present Session,—and of Hon. Mr. Scitoe's motion to amend the second paragraph of the proposed Address, by leaving out the words after "That," and inserting the following in lieu thereof:—"the fundamental principle of the representative system, and one of the most important advantages resulting from it, is the right of the majority to have their views and opinions prevail in the administration of the country; and it is the duty of this House to repel any attempt which might endanger a principle which for centuries has been preserved, the franchises and liberties of England. That, in declaring on the 28th July last, 'that in the opinion of this House the City of Ottawa ought not to be the permanent seat of the Government of this Province,' this House, without intending any want of respect to the Sovereign, expressed its views and opinions on the subject of the Seat of Government in the ordinary and constitutional exercise of its privileges."

And a debate arising thereon, the debate was adjourned.

The House resumed.

And the debate on the said motion of amendment was resumed, and further adjourned.

The House then adjourned.

Toronto: 3rd Feby. 1859.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Last night, after the report left, the following resolution was debated at much length in the Legislative Council,—the Hon. Mr. Campbell was the mover, the Hon. Mr. DeBlaquiere the seconder:—"That this House do perceive that the transfer of the Seat of Government to Quebec for a fixed period, until the completion of the necessary Building at Ottawa, is involved in the duty which devolves upon the Executive of carrying out the Queen's decision, or that any such arrangement has ever been recognized by any resolution of the Legislature; and this House do perceive that the expenditure attending a double removal of the Seat of Government after the Queen's selection of a fixed site has been promulgated."

The resolution was carried on the following division:—

Yeas—Messrs. Allan, Archambault, Boulton, Campbell, Christie, DeBlaquiere, Durand, Fane, Ferguson, Frier, Gordon, Hamilton, Loberge, Murray, Patten, Perry, Seymour, Simpson, Smith, Harnett, Smith, Hollis—24.

Nays—Messrs. Armand, Crawford, Dufresne, Government, Knowlton, Murray, Patten, Prince, Renaud, Ross, Tache, Treasurer, Vankoughnet, Wilson—10.

The remainder of the items of the Address was agreed to.

4th February, 1859.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House, Accounts of the Trinity House of Montreal, for the year ended 31st December, 1858.

Mr. Scitoe acquainted the House, that his Warrant for the appointment of Members to serve on the General Committee of the Elections was upon the Table,—and the said Warrant was read, as follows:—

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

Pursuant to the thirtieth section of "The Election Petitions Act of 1851," I do hereby appoint the Honorable William Hamilton Merritt, Member for the County of Lucan, Jean Charles Chapais, Esquire, Member for the County of Kamouraska, Robert Bell, Esquire, Member for the North Riding of the County of Lanark, Ignace Gill, Esquire, Member for the County of Yamaska, George Benjamin, Esquire, Member for the North Riding of the County of Hastings, and Jacques Olivier Bureau, Esquire, Member for the County of Napierville, to be Members of the General Committee of Elections for the present Session.

Given under my hand this fourth day of February, 1859.

HENRY SMITH,

Speaker of the Legislative Assembly.

Two petitions were brought up and laid on the table.

Petitions received and read:—

Of Charles Smith and others, of the Parish of St. Martin, County of Lanark, praying for leave to enable him to erect a Meteorological Observatory.

Of the Right Reverend the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal and others; praying that aid may be given to Doctor Charles Smallwood, to enable him to erect a Meteorological Observatory on the Council of the County of Lanark.—Of William Duff and others, of Chippawa and neighborhood.—Of George A. Clement and others, Electors of the Division of Niagara.—Of Thomas L. Hillwell and others, of the County of Lan-

coln,—and of Daniel Matthews and others, of the County of Norfolk; praying that the Government will stay all further proceedings against Lawrence W. Mercer, the present Sheriff of Norfolk.

The House resumed the consideration of Mr. Dufresne's motion of Tuesday last for an Address to His Excellency, to thank him for his gracious Speech at the opening of the present Session,—and of Hon. Mr. Scitoe's motion to amend the second paragraph of the proposed Address, by leaving out all the words after "That," in the said paragraph, and inserting the following in lieu thereof:—"the fundamental principle of the representative system, and one of the most important advantages resulting from it, is the right of the majority to have their views and opinions prevail in the administration of the country; and it is the duty of this House to repel any attempt which might endanger a principle which for centuries has been preserved, the franchises and liberties of England. That, in declaring on the 28th July last, 'that in the opinion of this House the City of Ottawa ought not to be the permanent seat of the Government of this Province,' this House, without intending any want of respect to the Sovereign, expressed its views and opinions on the subject of the Seat of Government in the ordinary and constitutional exercise of its privileges."

And a debate arising thereon, the debate was adjourned.

The House resumed.

And the debate on the said motion of amendment was resumed, and further adjourned.

The House then adjourned.

Toronto: 3rd Feby. 1859.

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The resolution was carried on the following division:—

Yeas—Messrs. Allan, Archambault, Boulton, Campbell, Christie, DeBlaquiere, Durand, Fane, Ferguson, Frier, Gordon, Hamilton, Loberge, Murray, Patten, Perry, Seymour, Simpson, Smith, Harnett, Smith, Hollis—24.

Nays—Messrs. Armand, Crawford, Dufresne, Government, Knowlton, Murray, Patten, Prince, Renaud, Ross, Tache, Treasurer, Vankoughnet, Wilson—10.

The remainder of the items of the Address was agreed to.

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Mr. Speaker laid before the House, Accounts of the Trinity House of Montreal, for the year ended 31st December, 1858.

Mr. Scitoe acquainted the House, that his Warrant for the appointment of Members to serve on the General Committee of the Elections was upon the Table,—and the said Warrant was read, as follows:—

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Of the Right Reverend the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal and others; praying that aid may be given to Doctor Charles Smallwood, to enable him to erect a Meteorological Observatory on the Council of the County of Lanark.—Of William Duff and others, of Chippawa and neighborhood.—Of George A. Clement and others, Electors of the Division of Niagara.—Of Thomas L. Hillwell and others, of the County of Lan-

coln,—and of Daniel Matthews and others, of the County of Norfolk; praying that the Government will stay all further proceedings against Lawrence W. Mercer, the present Sheriff of Norfolk.

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And a debate arising thereon, the debate was adjourned.

The House resumed.

And the debate on the said motion of amendment was resumed, and further adjourned.

The House then adjourned.

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Nays—Messrs. Armand, Crawford, Dufresne, Government, Knowlton, Murray, Patten, Prince, Renaud, Ross, Tache, Treasurer, Vankoughnet, Wilson—10.

The remainder of the items of the Address was agreed to.

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Last night, after the report left, the following resolution was debated at much length in the Legislative Council,—the Hon. Mr. Campbell was the mover, the Hon. Mr. DeBlaquiere the seconder:—"That this House do perceive that the transfer of the Seat of Government to Quebec for a fixed period, until the completion of the necessary Building at Ottawa, is involved in the duty which devolves upon the Executive of carrying out the Queen's decision, or that any such arrangement has ever been recognized by any resolution of the Legislature; and this House do perceive that the expenditure attending a double removal of the Seat of Government after the Queen's selection of a fixed site has been promulgated."

The resolution was carried on the following division:—

Yeas—Messrs. Allan, Archambault, Boulton, Campbell, Christie, DeBlaquiere, Durand, Fane, Ferguson, Frier, Gordon, Hamilton, Loberge, Murray, Patten, Perry, Seymour, Simpson, Smith, Harnett, Smith, Hollis—24.

Nays—Messrs. Armand, Crawford, Dufresne, Government, Knowlton, Murray, Patten, Prince, Renaud, Ross, Tache, Treasurer, Vankoughnet, Wilson—10.

The remainder of the items of the Address was agreed to.

4th February, 1859.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House, Accounts of the Trinity House of Montreal, for the year ended 31st December, 1858.

Mr. Scitoe acquainted the House, that his Warrant for the appointment of Members to serve on the General Committee of the Elections was upon the Table,—and the said Warrant was read, as follows:—

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

Pursuant to the thirtieth section of "The Election Petitions Act of 1851," I do hereby appoint the Honorable William Hamilton Merritt, Member for the County of

