

# THE ECHO.

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MONTREAL, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1891.

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## MEETINGS.

### CENTRAL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL OF MONTREAL.

LOUIS Z. BOUDREAU, - - - PRESIDENT  
J. B. DUBOIS, - - - VICE-PRESIDENT  
P. J. RYAN, - - - ENGLISH REC. SECRETARY  
P. DEGUIRE, - - - FRENCH REC. SECRETARY  
E. PELLETIER, - - - FINANCIAL SECRETARY  
JOS. RENAUD, - - - COR. SECRETARY  
JOS. CORBELL, - - - TREASURER  
JOS. PAQUETTE, - - - SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

Meets in the Ville-Marie Hall, 1623 Notre Dame street, the first and third Thursdays of the month. Communications to be addressed to Jos. Renaud, Corresponding Secretary, P. O. Box 414

**RIVER FRONT ASSEMBLY,**  
No. 7628.  
Rooms K. of L. Hall, Chaboulliez square. Next meeting Sunday, Sept. 27, at 7.30. Address all correspondence to J. WARREN, Rec. Sec., P. O. Box 1458.

**DOMINION ASSEMBLY,**  
No. 2436 K. of L.  
Meets every Friday evening at Eight o'clock in the K. of L. Hall, Chaboulliez square. Address all communications to JOHN WILKINS, R.S., No. 222 St. Antoine street.

**PROGRESS ASSEMBLY,**  
No. 3852, K. of L.  
Meets every First and Third Tuesday at Lomas' Hall, Point St. Charles.

**BUILDERS' LABORERS' UNION.**  
Meets in Ville Marie Hall, 1623 Notre Dame street, every TUESDAY at 8 P. M. Address all communications to WM. JARVIS, Secretary, 111 St. Dominique street.

**BLACK DIAMOND ASSEMBLY**  
1711, K. of L.  
Meets next Sunday, in the K. of L. Hall, Chaboulliez square, at 2 o'clock.  
Address all communications to J. CARROLL, Rec. Sec., 135 Iberville street.

## LEGAL CARDS.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau, John S. Hall, Jr.,  
Q.C., M.P.P. Q.C., M.P.P.  
Armine D. Nicolls, Albert J. Brown.  
**Chapleau, Hall, Nicolls & Co.,**  
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## BUSINESS CARDS.

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Pharmaceutical and Dispensing  
Chemist  
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Sunday Attendance—From 1 to 2 p.m.  
to 6 p.m.; 8.30 to 9.30 p.m.

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Corner of Notre Dame and St.  
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## Marriage of a Spendthrift

EARL DUDLEY AND RACHEL GURNEY.

Family History of a Fast Young Man Whom 10,000 Miners Support in Luxury and Idleness.

The young Earl of Dudley, who was married last week at the parish church at Chelsea, to Miss Gurney, has been regarded as the greatest "catch" in England. The first peer in this very old family was Humble Ward, who married the Baroness Dudley, granddaughter and successor of Edward Sutton, who was created Lord Dudley in 1342. Humble Ward was raised to the peerage as Baron Ward as far back as 1644.

The father of the bridegroom was for many years one of the most prominent and amusing figures in London society. Those who attended the London opera houses in his day could not fail to catch a glimpse of this coal and cattle magnate, who enjoyed an income of \$2,500,000 a year, with his burly form, his florid, fat face, his bushy jet black, curly and well-oiled head of hair, his gay, rakish, man-of-the-world bearing, and his dashing make-up, loaded with jewels.

Eccentric in his latter years to the point of imbecility, he took as his second wife in 1865 the beautiful young daughter of a poor baronet Sir Thomas Moncrieffe, who received by way of compensation for accepting a man three times her age and semi-idiotic, the Countess of Dudley, the most magnificent sapphires in Europe and \$50,000 a year "pin money."

The old Earl died in 1885, leaving quite a family by his second wife. The oldest of his sons, the present Earl, was born in 1867. He was educated at Eaton and was scarcely 19 when he came into the family titles and estates. He forthwith burst his leading strings, and his life so far has been one long series of indulgence and pleasure.

Out of the accumulations of his trustees during his minority he purchased the Whitley estate in Worcestershire from the late Lord Foley, for \$4,500,000. Whitley Court, which was even then a fine place, became under his liberal sway one of the most splendid country seats in Great Britain.

At every race course he has been prominently conspicuous, surrounded by a cohort of feminities decidedly not of the caste of Vere de Vere, who drank wine in public, called him "darling" openly and bled him unscrupulously. Meanwhile his mother planned indefatigably for his reformation, and when, in May, 1889, he and twenty other young swells were arrested by the police in the famous raid on the Field Club at 2 o'clock in the morning, it was reported at first that Lady Dudley had instigated the raid for the express purpose of bringing the gambling career of her hopeful son to an end.

When the Field Club became an impossible resort the Earl, according to report, transferred his gambling operations to Paris, where he lost \$50,000 at cards a month or so later.

Marriage, from the Countess's point of view, was the only certain way of bringing the reckless young spendthrift to terms, and his mother, it is said, looked as high as a royal princess for a bride. The young Earl, however, would have nothing to do with the daughters of the Prince of Wales, if there were, indeed, any chance for such an alliance, but astonished society last summer by announcing his engagement to Miss Rachel Gurney.

Her parents are known as Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gurney. But the "trail of the serpent" rests too plainly upon the young lady's mother, who began life as Mme. Valentine, partner to the well-known Regent street modistes, Mme. Elsie, and whose joyous and gaysome proclivities found full scope in "friendships" as volatile as they were intense and eclectic.

A long, long line of noble and wealthy "patrons" could this vivacious and clever costumiers claim as dowry, from H. R. H. down to lesser lights, and when at last Mr. Gurney and matrimony put an end to erratic flights of fancy she still kept herself "in touch" with her old life of a "free lance."

A separation was the inevitable result, and on Miss Rachel Gurney fell the greater

odium of the whole business. She has been called "Gurney" by courtesy, but the paternal side of her lineage is somewhat vague and indefinite, if not royal.

Miss Gurney was brought up and educated entirely by the Duchess of Bedford, and has been quite like a daughter to her and the Duke, the latter, who is very fond of her and much pleased with her choice of a husband, has given her \$500,000 as a marriage portion, besides providing the wedding trousseau.

The bride is a very beautiful girl, Oriental in type, dark eyed as a houri, with brilliant cheeks and lips and soft dusky hair. She is not very young, having been out four seasons, but owing to "family complications" was never presented of received at court until this season, and now she has managed to carry off the great matrimonial market prize, in spite of all detrimental environments. Although the marriage did not at first receive the cordial approbation of the Earl's mother, she has acquiesced at last to the inevitable, and the famous Dudley jewels were reset, and passed from the beautiful and stately dowager to the young bride.

The princely income of the Earl comes from rents and earnings of fully 10,000 miners who work on his estates, many of whom suffer great poverty and hardship.

## Were Apes or Men at War?

The hunt for ancestors has a strange fascination for all sorts of people. The newly rich employ some one to get trace of a great grandfather so they may sport a coat of arms. The old established families revere their famous predecessors with almost Chinese devotion. But the scientist goes further than all others. He does not seek to identify a progenitor several times removed, but he wants to establish and verify the remote ancestry of the whole human race. Therefore, he and his fellows are delighted at the news that comes from Sinaloa, Mexico, where a lot of bones have been discovered while breaking ground for a big coffee plantation.

The find consists of thousands of skeletons, which, the report states, are those either of large apes or of prehistoric human beings of a very low order. If the remains are of apes they are of gigantic size and of a variety no longer extant, while if they are of men the men were provided with distinct caudal appendages, very thick and short, and curled up like a squirrel's. The arms reach nearly a foot below the knee, and the feet are provided with claws and prehensile toes of unusual length. It is probable that the large number of skeletons found is due to a battle between the two bands of the animals or men having taken place, which is further proved by the number of broken skulls and other bones among them, and the fact that several of the skeletons were found in a deadly embrace.

No weapons, however, were discovered, but as these were probably of wood they have perished in the course of time.

## Love Among the Sioux.

To me, one of the customs of courting is very strangely in keeping with the wild, yet romantic, life of the Sioux. A young man desiring to make love to the lady of his choice, works patiently for several days and constructs a reed flute. There are five or six holes in the instrument, and eight or ten notes can be produced upon it. The sound is weird and plaintive. Some beautiful moonlight night, about 8 o'clock, the young man leaves his home, and stationing himself about 100 yards from the home of his intended, plays for one or two hours a series of strange melodies, all of them in the minor key. The sound floats out on the summer's air, and perhaps a prairie dog on the plain near by, disturbed by the music may raise his small voice in protesting barks; or a great white owl, in a scrub oak, may hoot and whoop in derision.

The sound is as sweet to the maiden's ears as the voice of the lover himself. She listens attentively, and when she concludes that he has played sufficiently long to assure her of his serious intentions, she timidly walks forth from her home. Throwing the now useless reed upon the ground, the young man rushes forth. Then ensues a scene such as only those who have been lovers can appreciate.—W. K. Moorehead in Ladies' Home Journal.

NOVELTIES in Kid Gloves for ladies. New set colors and styles in Kid and Suede Gloves in all lengths at S. Carsley's.

## SCRAPS FOR CIGARMAKERS

The special joint meeting of both unions, which took place on Tuesday, the 22nd inst., was largely attended. The object of the meeting was to take into consideration the furnishing of some seventy-five men for the shop of H. Jacobs & Co. The firm was represented by Messrs. Michael and Misell; and a motion to the effect that the above-named gentlemen and those holding retiring cards be permitted to take part in the proceedings was adopted unanimously.

Mr. Misell then addressed the meeting, during which he stated that, as a commercial traveller of eighteen years' experience, he had seen cigars changed from one box to another; he had seen the vilest kind of cigars placed in the Stonewall boxes and sold as the genuine article, to the detriment of the brand and the label which it bore. He claimed this was not only an injury to the brand, but an outrage on the Blue Label, and that men were deprived by such actions from earning a better living. For the last eight months the speaker had been in the employ of Messrs. H. Jacobs & Co., and during that time he had been agitating the Union Label wherever he went. He stated that in the city of Quebec, during the time Congress was held, there were very few places which sold union-made cigars and probably it would be the same to-day, for he stated that men who attended the Congress and preached unionism never looked whether there was a Blue Label on the box or not; but he went among the ship laborers, bricklayers and other trades, and advocated the cause of unionism, and to-day he was proud to say that there were over thirty places in the city of Quebec where Union Label cigars are sold. This, he said, was a side issue and foreign to the question that they had met to discuss, but it clearly showed that having men on the road agitating the Blue Label would be advantageous to both the cigarmaker and manufacturer. He concluded by saying that the matter rested with themselves whether or not he was to remain on the road as an agitator in the cause of unionism, and hoped that the unions would take such steps as would make the Stonewall factory the best and largest factory in Canada. (Applause.)

Mr. Michaels in the course of his remarks stated that his factory had been a union factory since its foundation, and that it was his intention to keep it one as long as it was possible. He referred to the last gathering he had the pleasure of attending, when an illuminated address was presented to Mr. H. Jacobs previous to his return to London, England, which was voluntary on the part of his employees, and was a proof of the good feeling that existed between employer and employee. That address was now in London, England, and was a treasure prized by Mr. Jacobs. But to-night it was on a matter of business, and one which was equally beneficial to the men as well as himself. He has had an idea for some time that he would like to run the largest shop in Canada, employing only union men. He now felt that the time had come when he could advance a step in the completion of his ideas. But the question arose, and which he met them that evening to receive an answer: Is it possible for me to secure the services of men to the number of seventy-five, not for a month, or two, or three, for I am satisfied that I can increase my present number to that extent and employ them all the year round. This, gentlemen, is the question which I would like this meeting to answer. My interests are your interests.

After several speakers had addressed the meeting, Mr. Michaels stated that on his attention being called to any act of injustice to the employees he would personally investigate the matter. A motion to the effect that the unions would encourage all men to take jobs in H. Jacobs & Co.'s factory was adopted unanimously. A vote of thanks was tendered to Messrs. Michaels & Co. for the sentiments expressed by them. This brought the meeting to an adjournment. The investigation of the charges preferred against certain officers of Union 226 should have been acted upon by the committees appointed for that purpose. The unions should take some action regarding the organization of those cigarmakers recently imported by a certain manufacturer. A committee to interview these men would probably result in being beneficial to all concerned. The insinuations made by Mr. Misell in reference to the action of the delegates who attended the Dominion Congress and who were indifferent as to whether they smoked union or non-union cigars is without foundation, and I would call his attention to an item signed by "Scraps" in The Echo of the 22nd inst., in reference to the manner in which the delegates acted when presented a non-union made cigar.

"SCRAPS."





List of Licenses Issued in the City and District of Montreal under the Licenses Law of Quebec between the 1st May, 1891, and the 30th June, 1891.

Hotels in the City of Montreal.

Hotels in the City of Montreal. May 1. Edouard Girard, 1072-74 St Lawrence... May 2. George W Swett, Windsor Hotel... May 3. Arthur Gauthier, 644 and 648 Notre Dame... May 4. Vincent Demers, 1235 and 1237 Ontario... May 5. Louis Larin, 117 and 119 Windsor... May 6. Clement Lapointe, 268 1/2 Craig... May 7. Edward Bradford, 204 St Antoine... May 8. Louis Favreau, 227 Lagachetiere... May 9. Cesera Cousineau, 8 and 10 St Lawrence... May 10. Louis Jette, 510 and 512 St James... May 11. Jean Bte Desourdi, 2645-47 Notre Dame... May 12. Louis Jette, 510 and 512 St James... May 13. Joseph Emond, 11 and 13 Bonsecours... May 14. Olivier Salvat, 51, 53 and 55 Chaboillez square... May 15. Louise C Brunet, 27 and 29 St Gabriel...

Benoni Dufresne, 10 and 14 Papineau square... June 1. Louis Rivard, 159 College... June 2. Simeon Lamarre, 31 and 33 Jacques Cartier square... June 3. Joseph Lefort, 15 and 15 1/2 Jacques Cartier square... June 4. Arthur Demers, 279 and 281 Notre Dame... June 5. Moise Paquette, 535 St James... June 6. Auguste Lebeau, Frontenac... June 7. J Bte Roy, Cattle Sheds C P R... June 8. Sinclair S Mackay, 1937 and 1939 N Dame... June 9. Japhet Giguere, 970 and 972 St Catherine... June 10. Augustin Lalonde, 57, 59, 61 and 63 Chaboillez square... June 11. Victor Ollivon, 594 Lagachetiere... June 12. James Smith, 1900 Notre Dame... June 13. Napoleon V Marcotte, 338 and 340 N Dame... June 14. Joseph Riendeau, 60 Jacques Cartier Square... June 15. Celina H Narbonne, 517 and 519 Notre Dame... June 16. Joseph E Pelletier, 2485 and 2487 N Dame... June 17. William Anderson, 125 Congregation... June 18. William Fahey, 538 and 544 St James... June 19. Joseph Meunier, 45 Bonsecours... June 20. Michel Ricard, 9 Bonsecours...

Restaurants in the City of Montreal.

Restaurants in the City of Montreal. May 1. Leon Gagne, 2307 Notre Dame... May 2. Noe Champagne, 1445 Ontario... May 3. George Sibley, 794 and 794 1/2 Craig... May 4. Elzear Parent, 294 Craig... May 5. Louis Lebeuf, 1253 Ontario... May 6. Francis Desormeau, 1388 Notre Dame... May 7. Hannah Dickenson, 1797 Notre Dame... May 8. William Stafford, 382 and 384 St James... May 9. Narcisse Parent, 1468 Notre Dame... May 10. Alphonse Poitras, 201 1/2 Craig... May 11. Edouard Lalonde, 201 and 203 Seigneurs... May 12. Alphonse Poitras, 201 1/2 Craig... May 13. Jules Champagne, 125 St Urbain...

Odilon Ritchot, 311 and 313 Lafontaine... Louis Naderu, 726 and 730 Ontario... Joseph Champagne, 2318 and 2320 Notre Dame... Joseph Lajeunesse, 1807 St Catherine... Joseph A Riopelle, 1149 Notre Dame... Arsene Carboneau, 1272 Notre Dame... William Chepier, 2089 Notre Dame... Rose D St Antoine, 1416 St Catherine... Stanislas Richardson, 1554-56 St Catherine... Angele Cardinal, 29 and 31 St Claude... Hormidas Cloutier, 224 St Lawrence... Edward Fitzgerald, 2142 and 2144 Notre Dame... Theotime Lanctot, 1761 St Catherine... Eucher Dubuc, 197 Centre... Timothy O'Neil, 485 1/2 Craig... Francis Upton, 24 and 26 Hospital... Jean Bte Bureau, 1802 St Catherine... James J Currie, 315 Commissioners... Robert Robert, 7 and 9 Claude... Basile Cote, 2220, 2222 and 2224 Notre Dame... Henri Bougeant, 25 St Lambert Hill... William Kearney, 43 University... Joseph A A Ayotte, 1742 and 1744 St Catherine... Louis A Lapointe, 30 and 32 Osborne... John Walker, 1550 Notre Dame... Restaurants in the City of St. Cune-gonde of Montreal. June 17. Charles Mallette... Restaurants for Wine and Beer only. May 15. James McKeever, 2059 Notre Dame... Hotels in the City of St. Cune-gonde of Montreal. May 2. Olivier Courville...

Moise Daoust, May 4... Joseph Briteau, May 5... Joseph Mallette, May 8... Francois X. Lapierre, May 12... Narcisse Quintal, May 13... John J. Morgan, May 16... Roch Lauzon, May 18... Michael Carey, May 19... Severe Campeau, Xavier Panquette, Napoleon Turner... Retail Liquor Stores in the City of Montreal. May 1. Leandre Brault, 143 and 145 Commissioners... Leon G. Dufresne, 522 Dorchester... Joseph Charland, 245 St Dominique... Leon G. Dufresne, 522 Dorchester... Hector Renaud, 261 Craig... Onesimo Riard, 1001 Ontario... Avila Riendeau, 809 St James... Joseph E. LaFrance, 240 Gain... William McGowan, 337 St Lawrence... Charles A L Malbouff, 32 Papineau square... Joseph Renaud, 1370 Ontario... Stanislas Toupin, 271 Seigneurs... Louis Beaudoin, 117 Vitre... James J Currie, 315 Commissioners... John Fox, 680 and 682 Dorchester... Patrick J Flynn, 1 and 3 McCord... Frank S Frederick, 482 and 484 Lagachetiere... Casimir Bourdeau, 142 Shearér... William Whelan, 2212 Notre Dame... Florida Gosse, 522 and 524 Lagachetiere... Henri Blache, 1992 St Catherine... Robert Robert, 7 and 9 Claude... Basile Cote, 2220, 2222 and 2224 Notre Dame... Henri Bougeant, 25 St Lambert Hill... James Finley, 2604 and 2606 Notre Dame... William Kearney, 43 University... Joseph A A Ayotte, 1742 and 1744 St Catherine... Louis A Lapointe, 30 and 32 Osborne... John Walker, 1550 Notre Dame... Restaurants in the City of St. Cune-gonde of Montreal. June 17. Charles Mallette... Restaurants for Wine and Beer only. May 15. James McKeever, 2059 Notre Dame... Hotels in the City of St. Cune-gonde of Montreal. May 2. Olivier Courville...



Gedeon Boisvert, 364 Hibernia  
 Henri Cote, 190 Visitation  
 Albert Racicot, 58 Prince Arthur  
 May 16  
 Pierre E Cleroux, 332 Dorchester  
 William G A McDonald, 627 St Catherine  
 Joseph Mageau, 447 Lagachetiere  
 Dolphis C Brosseau, 1436 Notre Dame  
 Zotique Gascon, 1233 Ontario  
 George P Brown, 416 St Paul  
 Alphonse Jolicœur, 1240 Mignonne  
 May 18  
 James Hannah, 100 Forfar  
 Auguste Dionne, 692 Sherbrooke  
 Arthur Chasse, 311 Visitation  
 Camille Legault, 2364 St Catherine  
 Isaie Filion, 155 Desary  
 Joseph Tessier, 1505 St Catherine  
 Pierre Filion, 50 Moreau  
 Rose Ann Vaudelac, 454 Beaudry  
 Joseph A Fortier, 142 Dufresne  
 Almanzar Gervais, 434 Rachael  
 James O'Shaughnessy, 53 Juror  
 Michael Redmond, 93 St. Patrick  
 Thomas Pegman, 206 Ottawa  
 Jean Bte D Beaulieu, 188 St Antoine  
 George Jordan, 2607 St Catherine  
 Gedeon Benoit, 180 St Martin  
 Francois St Amour, 2455 Notre Dame  
 Wilfrid Lefavre, 461 Rachael  
 Urgele Mathieu, 427 Wolfe  
 Michael Dwyer, 114 Fulford  
 Edmond Laplante, 286 Beaudry  
 Joseph Dugal, 567 Laval avenue  
 Edward Upton, 104 Bourgeois  
 Alphonse Valois, 31 Houde  
 Medard Payette, 253 St Jean Baptiste  
 Godfroi Latreille, 221 Germain  
 Jacques Guay, 1284 Ontario  
 James H Howard, 97 Roy  
 Charles A Barbeau, 275 William  
 May 19  
 Jean Bte Bourguignon, 635 St Dominique  
 Joseph Merineau, 751 St Dominique  
 Raphael Beauchamp, 144 Shearer  
 John Slattery, 146 Ottawa  
 Toussaint Decary, 1395 Ontario  
 Joseph Picard, 492 St James  
 Pierre Ste Marie, 660 Sanguinet  
 Stanislas Vallieres, 319 St. Antoine  
 Joel Blain, 196 Dufresne  
 Antoine U Laporte, 709 Mignonne  
 William J Strong, 109 St Antoine  
 Frederic Vezina, 1486 St Catherine  
 David Menard, 158 Mount Royal  
 Joseph C Cusson, 683 St James  
 Napoleon St Antoine, 129 Sanguinet  
 Louis P Lavoie, 116 Germain  
 Emond Robillard, 1220 & 1222 Notre Dame  
 Ovide Beauchamp, 77 Champlain  
 Joseph Saucie, 1390 Mignonne  
 Louis Rivet, 186 Lagachetiere  
 Louis J. Riyard, 1578 Ontario  
 Albert Forest, 683 St Catherine  
 Auguste St Germain, 95 St Albert  
 Abondus Paquette, 1143 St Lawrence  
 David Maloney, 34 St Philip  
 Leonce Lavallee, 1812 Ontario  
 Louis Demuy, 150 Desire  
 May 19  
 Emile Raciot, 35 Cherrier  
 Charles Demuy, 1094 Ontario  
 Felix H Beaulieu, 884 Dufresne  
 George Croteau, 116 St Maurice  
 Charles E Authier, 29 Chatham  
 Alexandre Galarnearu, 130 Barre  
 Jean Bte A Lepailleur, 339 Notre Dame  
 Michael Maddigan, 144 Ottawa  
 Joseph Desautels, 270 Craig  
 Israel Forget, 265 Jacques Cartier  
 Eugene W Villeneuve, 1560 St Lawrence  
 Joseph Bruchesi, 2131 and 2135 Notre Dame  
 Oscar Melancon, 480 Dorchester  
 Joseph Bellise, 84 Maisonneuve  
 Jos P Abel, 23 St Vincent  
 Onesime Champagne, 73 Dufresne  
 Donat O Fortin, 256 Hibernia  
 Arcadius Labrecque, 1758 St Catherine  
 Joseph Pare, 283 Cadieux  
 Arthur Clement, 423 Laval  
 May 21  
 Placide Daoust, 1830 St Catherine  
 Joseph H Lefebvre, 131 Panet  
 George Cote, 1270 Mignonne  
 Napoleon Morin, 112 St Maurice  
 Elzear Christian, 225 Lafontaine  
 Louis Barbeau, 96 Roy  
 Auguste Archambault, 285 Lafontaine  
 Robert Bouthillier, 18 St Felix  
 Louis G Thounin, 39 Lacroix  
 Zotique Gravel, 60 Cadieux  
 Damase J Ouimet, 39e Cherrier  
 Michael Callaghan, 256 William  
 Cyrille Lachapelle, 346 Papineau road  
 Camille Lippe, 2209 Notre Dame  
 Absolon Sauve, 611 St Hypolite  
 Norbert Dubreuil, 362 Jacques Cartier  
 Joseph Mathieu, 468 Centre  
 Joseph J Robillard, 458 Dorchester  
 Charles W Casselman, 556 Lagachetiere  
 Joseph Chartrand, 358 Rachel  
 Adelard Lanthier, 34 Mountain  
 John W Garrow, 345 St Antoine  
 May 22  
 Alphonse Pigeon, 202 St Paul  
 Louis Bellerose, 137 Logan  
 Toussaint E Langevin, 111 Craig  
 Telephore A Berube, 237 Hypolite  
 Cecil G Wight, 472 St Dominique  
 Christophe Messier, 648 Notre Dame  
 Stanislas Demers, 146 St Antoine  
 John Hagarty, 63 St Charles Borromee  
 Louis W Lefebvre, 314 Rachel  
 John P Dixon, 45 Frino- Arthur  
 Nicholas Cleroux, 856 Panet  
 Phileas Brien, 67 Maple  
 Phileas Brosseau, 1295 St Catherine  
 Louis Michon, 1305 Ontario  
 Arsenius Legault, 98 Workman  
 Alexis Joly, 1653 Ontario  
 Patrick Brennan, 116 Murray  
 Adolphe Sauvageau, 261 Dorchester  
 Adelard E Charest, 339a Amherst  
 Mark Walsh, 131 McCord  
 James E O'Brien, 834 Manufacturers  
 James Donnelly, 429 St James  
 May 23  
 Felix S Valiquette, 125 Centre  
 Wilfrid A Thounin, 397 St Antoine  
 Eugene Godin, 128 Richardson  
 Joseph Pelletier, 911 Mignonne  
 Alphonse Lesperance, 314 Rachel  
 Firmin Hudon, 278 St Paul  
 Louis M Souci, 344 Richmond  
 Michael Maloney, 254 William  
 Thomas Lamb, 19 Chaboillez square  
 Joseph G C Meagher, 14 Debresoles  
 Alfred St Antoine, 1454 St Andre  
 Hormidas Laporte, 2476 Notre Dame  
 Joseph Marchand, 1249 Ontario  
 Ulderio David, 943 Mignonne

May 21  
 Joseph Rochon, 81 Rachael  
 Louis Leonard, 379 and 381 Montcalm  
 Mathias Cruse, 66 Lagachetiere  
 Joseph H Therien, 383 St Lawrence  
 John Lyons, 1808 Notre Dame  
 Peter McKeown, 214 William  
 Camille Brien, 27 Roy  
 Paul Rose, 623 St Lawrence  
 William V Gordon, 2290 and 2292 St Cath-  
 erine  
 Hormidas Lalonde, 42 Barre  
 Joseph Tougas, 86 Logan  
 Joseph Giguere, 396 Wolfe  
 Alexandre Lapierre, 372 Richmond  
 Justine A Racine, 73 Campeau  
 Arsene J Charlebois, 96 McGill  
 Ernest Robert, 176 Dorchester  
 Edward Quinn, 140 Manufacturer  
 Patrick Hayes, 19 Juror  
 Pierre Legault, 260 St Jean Baptiste  
 Wilfrid Guenette, 331 Sanguinet  
 Ernest Neveu, 256 Lagachetiere  
 John Swail, 430 St James  
 Joseph Payette, 325 St Constant  
 Alexandre Debien, 1133 Mignonne  
 Christina McLeod, 282 Hibernia  
 William Carrigan, 101 Delisle  
 Joseph L Crevier, 278 Lagachetiere  
 Amedee Poitras, 312 Lafontaine  
 Paul Legarde, 2129 Notre Dame  
 Alphonse Hogue, 1764 St Christophe  
 Marcel Gagnon, 58 Lusignan  
 George E Pinaud, 171A Panet  
 Adelard Denis, 1244 St Christophe  
 Alexandre Lortie, 3094 Lafontaine  
 Joseph Gariepy, 299 Dorchester  
 Benjamin Lavallee, 324 Fullum  
 Ferdinand Filiatreault, 198 St Lawrence  
 Adolphe Dajenas, 271 St Antoine  
 Joseph Audet, 413 Craig  
 Albert Bigouette, 1303 Notre Dame  
 Emery Brisson, 1117 Mignonne  
 Philias Vanier, 433 Seigneur  
 May 27  
 Theodore St Cyr, 231 Cadieux  
 Joseph Nadeau, 394 Maisonneuve  
 Charles S Thompson, 1000 St James  
 Fortunat Themins, 472 Cadieux  
 James Kelly, 186 Nazareth  
 Edouard St Antoine, 29 St Andre  
 Damase Lariviere, 643 Notre Dame  
 Adolphe C Clement, 100 Drolet  
 Venance Payment, 63 Versailles  
 Charles Chaput, 2, 4, 6 Debresoles  
 May 27  
 Maxime Gougeon, 1190 St Lawrence  
 Henry Ward, 44 Dorchester  
 Ernest Gouin, 1592 St Catherine  
 Joseph H Mayraud, 51 Common  
 Mary Lynch, 190 Ottawa  
 Marceline Bolduc, 528 Lagachetiere  
 Malvina Lambert, 1239 Mignonne  
 Damien Mayer, 516 Hypolite  
 James E Manning, 3 & 5 St Antoine  
 Thomas Gauthier, 2010 St Catherine  
 May 29  
 John Dumphy, 33 Young  
 Bridget Frawley, 125 Colborne  
 Arsene Corbeil, 1564 St Catherine  
 Joseph A Dussault, 595 St Lawrence  
 Joseph A Pelletier, 2696 St Catherine  
 Joseph G Guenard, 302 Mignonne  
 Samuel Desy, 1591 Notre Dame  
 Leandre Beaucaire, 1349 Mignonne  
 Pierre Lepine, 110 Plessis  
 Joseph Vanier, 2004 St Catherine  
 Joseph W Rivet, 230 Lagachetiere  
 Patrick Gleason, 118 Ottawa  
 Auguste Girard, 293 St Antoine  
 May 30  
 Michael Devin, 39 McCord  
 Desire Nantais, 103 Logan  
 Joseph E Beaudry, 1131 St Lawrence  
 Clephire Godin, 527 Lagachetiere  
 Gregoire Jabinville, 423 Dorchester  
 Michael Kilkerry, 701 Craig  
 Louis W Telmosse, 242 St Paul  
 Colin Campbell, 17 St John  
 C Alfred Chouillon, 12 and 44 St John  
 Stanislas Poulin, 16 Champlain  
 Ernest L Guillierme, 30 St Jean  
 June 1  
 Medard Dufresne, 1 Houle  
 Alexandre Boiton, 18 Barclay  
 Antoine F Daoust, 1003 Mignonne  
 William Monteith, 157 Congregation  
 Stanislas Girouard, 142 Desary  
 Anselme Labrecque, 1341 Ontario  
 Patrick O'Brien, 31 St Patrick  
 Pierre E Normandin, 121 St Andre  
 Pierre Dubuc, 210 Centre  
 John Scanlon, 239 Bleury  
 Avila Tremblay, 105 Moreau  
 Joseph C Vigneault, 498 William  
 Olier Payette, 355 Rachel  
 Walter M McMillan, 428 St Denis  
 Francois X Bernier, 297 Fullum  
 William J Murphy, 508 St James  
 Alphonse Lefebvre, 1620 St Catherine  
 William Rafferty, 187 St George  
 Josephine Lefebvre, 194 William  
 Hormidas Gariepy, 155 and 159 St Paul  
 Azarie Majeau, 78 St Catherine  
 Julius Rohr, 30 Hospital  
 Joseph A Dionne, 121 Congregation  
 June 2  
 J Ananie Vaillant, 1247 St Catherine  
 Joseph Christin, 868 Mignonne  
 Alexandre Legault, 207 Barre  
 Charles Lacaille, 329 St Paul  
 Francois X Sarazin, 336 Berri  
 Joseph E Aumond, 130 Fullum  
 Aristide Allaire, 517 St Hypolite  
 Joseph O Levesque, 2064 St Catherine  
 Joseph Perreault, 428 St Hypolite  
 Arthur Vary, 140 St Martin  
 Ludger Legault, 104 Delisle  
 Tancrede E Bleau, 2500 Notre Dame  
 Alphonse Beauchamp, 1367 Ontario  
 Jeremiah Collins & Son, 210 Etienne  
 Joseph V Perrault, 1000 Ontario  
 Thomas Carroll, 373 Wellington  
 Arthur Beaufooy, 211 St George  
 June 3  
 Emile Bastien, 1069 Mignonne  
 Damien Fortier, 129 St Urban  
 Bernard Connaughton, 110 Grand Trunk  
 Maxime Bernard, 1047 Mignonne  
 Michael P Laverty, 118 Bleury  
 Joseph M Wilson, 338 St Paul  
 June 4  
 Joseph H Giguere, 971 St Catherine  
 Charles Chevalier, 246 Montcalm  
 Samuel Rousseau, 160 St Catherine  
 Napoleon Collin, 1472 Notre Dame  
 Frederick Kingston, 25 Hospital  
 Arthur Robitaille, 212 St Paul  
 Maro Legault, 474 St Dominique  
 June 5  
 Pierre B Menard, 59 Richmond  
 Aureline Bigouette, 313 St Lawrence

Francois Gobeil, 603 Sanguinet  
 June 6  
 Alexis Thibault, 590 Centre  
 Louis Prevost, 772 St Denis  
 Honore Bernard, 309 St Paul  
 Joseph L Barre, 1425 Notre Dame  
 June 8  
 Charles Tison, 2438 Notre Dame  
 June 9  
 Francois Grolean, 191 Notre Dame  
 Arthur A Lefavre, 206 Centre  
 Margaret Dumphy, 171A Ottawa  
 Alfred Masson, 326 St Paul  
 Hector Hardy, 174 Perrault lane  
 Pierre Brisebois, 104 Inspector  
 June 11  
 Onesime Noel, 945 Mignonne  
 Margaret A Brady, 88 and 90 Bleury  
 Jimena S Walker, 2206 St Catherine  
 Arthur Laniel, 545 Albert  
 Jean Bte A Mongenais, 257 St Lawrence  
 Joseph Lafrance, 22 Fullum  
 Daniel Doyle, 40 Murray  
 June 12  
 Mary Shannon, 63 St George  
 Francois Vermette, 68 St Antoine  
 William Moodie, 2567 St Catherine  
 Phidime Guay, 1161 St James  
 June 13  
 Eusebe Vincent, 216 Montcalm  
 Telephore H Lesage, 1308 Mignonne  
 June 15  
 Robert Dagleish, 22 St John  
 Auguste St Jean, 312 Panet  
 Joseph Jutras, 262 Sanguinet  
 Olier Jutras, 465 Dorchester  
 June 16  
 Napoleon Foucreault, 604 Papineau avenue  
 Adelard Labelle, 1132 Mignonne  
 Joseph H Bosquet, 184 St Dominique  
 Hector W Lareau, 327 Maisonneuve  
 Joseph M Dufresne, 1621 Notre Dame  
 June 17  
 Magloire Laporte, Marlborough  
 Alexander D Fraser, 199 St James  
 Jean Bte Gregoire, 689 Notre Dame  
 June 19  
 Pacific Lord, 206 Maple  
 Rosanna Burns, 70 Murray  
 William Farrell, 420 St Paul  
 Edward Elliott, 59 Bleury  
 June 20  
 Elias Rivet, 42 St John Baptiste  
 June 22  
 Edouard Houle, 210 St Denis  
 Victor Niox, 1950 St Catherine  
 June 24  
 Joseph U Brunet, 107 and 107 1/2 St Antoine  
 June 25  
 James E Mullin, 60 College  
 Henri Coutu, 319 Logan  
 June 26  
 Wilfrid Corbeil, 253A St Antoine  
 Joseph Frappier, 12 Chaboillez square  
 Aime Mathieu, 87 St James  
 Wholesale Liquor Stores.  
 May 1  
 Charles G Hope, 18 St Alexis  
 James M Douglas, 18 and 20 Hospital  
 May 4  
 James A Gillespie, 12 St Sacrament  
 Charles E Colson, 22 St John  
 June 8  
 David Law, 28 St John  
 May 12  
 Robert P McLea, 8 Common  
 June 3  
 Walter N Wonham, 22 St John  
 Temperance Hotels.  
 May 4  
 Pierre E Poirier, Coteau Station  
 Michel Bouvier, Vercheres  
 May 15  
 Jean Bte Legault, Ste Marthe  
 June 18  
 Vital Thounin, 9 Bonsecours  
 June 4  
 Francois Lavergne, St Polycarpe  
 June 11  
 Elie Lanthier, St Telephore  
 June 30  
 Napoleon Bedard, St Justine de Newton  
 Hotels in Towns.  
 May 1  
 Alphonse Lecair, St Henri  
 Joseph Quevillon, Maisonneuve  
 May 4  
 Athanase Branchaud, St Henri  
 May 5  
 Anatole Papineau, St Henri  
 May 6  
 William Harvey, Lachine  
 May 8  
 Walter Armstrong, St Henri  
 May 12  
 Gedeon Normandin, St Henri  
 Francois Longtin, St Henri  
 Philippe Vincent, St Henri  
 May 13  
 Pierre Larante, St Henri  
 May 14  
 George Rolland, St Henri  
 Charles Lamkin, Notre Dame des Neiges  
 Joseph Prevost, Maisonneuve  
 May 15  
 Robert Wiseman, St Henri  
 Ambroise Major, Lachine  
 May 18  
 Theophile Bourdon, Longueuil  
 Joseph Blondin, Lachine  
 Joseph Martin, St Henri  
 Abel Turcotte, do  
 Alfred Plouffe, do  
 May 20  
 Michel Leger, Lachine

May 22  
 Jean Bte Lepine, Maisonneuve  
 May 23  
 Auguste Beaudry, Longueuil  
 May 26  
 J Alexandre Riendeau, Longueuil  
 Arthur Christin, Maisonneuve  
 Oscar Fortin, Lachine  
 June 1  
 Benjamin Carignan, Lachine  
 Frs X Dumas, St Henri  
 June 8  
 Pierre Brunelle, Maisonneuve  
 June 12  
 Hubert Giroux, St Henri  
 June 19  
 Jean Bte Lepine, Maisonneuve  
 Hotels in the Villages.  
 May 1  
 Frederic N T Catudal, Notre Dame de Grace  
 West  
 May 4  
 Gustave Bourassa, Laprairie  
 Thomas McEniry, River Beaudette  
 Adolphe Raymond, St Anne de Bellevue  
 Jean Bte Labelle, Boucherville  
 George Kennedy, Notre Dame De Grace  
 West  
 Hormidas Desmarchais, Notre Dame des  
 Neiges West  
 Gedeon Paquin, St Louis du Mile End  
 May 5  
 Charles Jasmin, Coteau Station  
 Jean Bte Lalonde, do  
 Elmire St Denis, do  
 May 6  
 Honore Brodeur, Varennes  
 May 8  
 Emery Gauthier, Vaudreuil  
 Emery Lalonde, St Anne de Bellevue  
 May 11  
 Godfroi Charlebois, Ste Anne de Bellevue  
 Paul Vien, Chambly Canton  
 May 12  
 Napoleon Amesse, St Genevieve  
 John P McDonald, River Beaudette  
 Damien Prier, Coteau Landing  
 Thomas Duchesneau, Pointe Claire  
 May 14  
 Edward Amsbury, Comoy  
 Olivier Clermont, Rigaud  
 May 16  
 Alexandre Legault, Ste Anne de Bellevue  
 May 18  
 Louis T Hogue, St Louis du Mile End  
 May 19  
 Joseph Lefebvre, Coteau Station  
 Edmond Seguin, Pointe Fortune  
 Paul Cadieux, Ste Rose  
 Clement Perras, Laprairie  
 May 20  
 William Irvine, Notre Dame de Grace West  
 May 21  
 Louis Charron, Laprairie  
 Clement Desourdy, Chambly Basin  
 Theotime Giroux, St Polycarpe  
 Napoleon Courtemanche, Chambly Canton  
 Maurice Lebeau, Pointe Claire  
 Alphonse Daoust, Cote St Paul  
 May 27  
 Etienne Beausette, River Beaudette  
 Domina Martin, Laprairie  
 Leon Daoust, St Polycarpe  
 May 29  
 Joseph E Charlebois, Ste Rose  
 May 30  
 Stanislas Lefebvre, Coteau Station  
 Pierre P Belair, St Rose  
 June 1  
 Jean Bte Thomas, jr., Cote Visitation  
 Leon P Belair, Pointe Claire  
 Zenside Lefebvre, Ste Genevieve  
 June 3  
 Isaie Leroux, Coteau Landing  
 June 15  
 Leandre Robert, Laprairie  
 June 18  
 Antoine Sabourin, Rigaud  
 Hotels in non-organized Territories  
 June 18  
 John McClanaghan, Mount Royal Park  
 June 20  
 Arcade Depati, St Helen's Island  
 Hotels in the Parishes.  
 May 1  
 Antoine Laurin, St Martin  
 Phileas Cusson, St Constant  
 Cyprien Castonguay, St Lazare  
 May 2  
 Indger L'Eucuyer, St Philippe  
 May 4  
 Alfred Charbonneau, St Vincent de Paul  
 Jean Bte Pelouin, Sault au Recollet  
 Zotique Courville, Ste Justine de Newton  
 May 5  
 Camille Legault, St Dorothe  
 Odilon Leroux, Vaudreuil  
 Luc Lapierre, St Martin  
 Eusebe A Desormeault, St Martin  
 Onesime Trudeau, St Isidore  
 Alphonse Bernard, Belœil  
 Francois Lizotte, St Bruno  
 May 6  
 George Bertrand, St Vincent de Paul  
 Eusebe Crevier, St Laurent  
 Jean Bte Pepin, Longue Pointe  
 May 8  
 Antoine Serre, Vaudreuil  
 Nephtalie Charbonneau, St Laurent

Hormidas Meunier dit Legace, St Laurent  
 Jean Bte Marcotte, Sault au Recollet  
 May 11  
 Henri Bourassa, St Jacques le Mineur  
 May 12  
 Felix Rochon, St Laurent  
 May 12  
 Esther Leroux, St Lazare  
 Elie Lavigne, Vaudreuil  
 May 13  
 Adelard Devoyau, St Clet  
 Adrien Rouleau, St Clet  
 Toussaint Lariviere, Sault au Recollet.  
 May 14  
 Joseph Montpellier, St Lazare  
 Eusebe Lacombe, St Justine de Newton  
 May 16  
 Joseph Besner, St Lazare  
 May 18  
 Olivier Gervais, jr., Contrecoeur  
 Joseph Buianger, St Martin  
 May 19  
 William Fournier, St Zotique  
 Adolphe Durocher, Pointe aux Trembles  
 May 20  
 Eugenie Leonard, Pointe aux Trembles  
 Alphonse Barrette, Laprairie  
 May 26  
 Hughes Chevrier, Ste Martha  
 Leon Vervais, St Laurent  
 May 27  
 Alexandre Bonneau, St Philippe  
 May 29  
 Francois X Adam, St Clet  
 Cleophas Picard, Sault au Recollet  
 Paul Boire, St Philippe  
 Edmond Latour, Cote St Paul  
 May 30  
 Gaspard Mathieu, St Laurent  
 Narcisse Beaudry, Pointe aux Trembles  
 June 1  
 Alfred Deschamps, St Leonard Port Maurice  
 Alfred Charron, St Hubert  
 June 2  
 Oswald Tetrault, Vercheres  
 Ludger Gauthier, St Ignace du Coteau du  
 Lac  
 Joseph Leduc, L'Isle Perrot  
 June 3  
 Zotique Lamer, St Laurent  
 June 5  
 Alfred Belanger, St Martin  
 June 9  
 Octave Pharand, St Ignace du Coteau du  
 Lac  
 June 10  
 George Avon, St Telephore  
 June 16  
 Alfred Perron, Laprairie  
 June 20  
 Thomas T Montgomery, St Telephore  
 Jean Bte A Mongenais, Vaudreuil  
 June 22  
 Malvina Lambers, St Bazile  
 June 23  
 Alexandre Danis, Ste Justine de Newton  
 June 26  
 Antoine Menard, St Ignace du Coteau  
 June 30  
 Elie Veronneau, Ste Julie  
 Pierre A Loiseau, Belœil  
 Liquor Stores in the City of Ste.  
 Cunegonde, of Montreal.  
 May 2  
 Isaie Vary  
 Valarie Vian  
 Paul Desjardins  
 Felix Labelle  
 May 5  
 Alfred Legault  
 May 6  
 Joseph Pinsonnault  
 May 9  
 Isidore Lachance  
 May 11  
 Philippe Pilon  
 Francois Perrier  
 May 12  
 Antoine P Lalonde  
 May 15  
 Emmanuel Charbonneau  
 May 19  
 Philemon Gougeon  
 May 20  
 Antoine Lussier  
 May 21  
 Aristide Beauchamp  
 May 26  
 Elzear Marchand  
 Jean Bte Robert  
 May 27  
 Joseph Robert  
 Jean E Menard  
 Jean Bte Bourcier  
 May 29  
 Victoire Boivin  
 May 30  
 Wilfrid Meloche  
 June 2  
 Francois X Chadillon  
 June 19  
 Joseph Chartrand  
 Retail Liquor Stores in the Towns.  
 May 1  
 Azaire Bleau, St Henri  
 Octave Chicoine, St Henri  
 Francois X Peladeau, St Henri  
 William Vezina, St Henri  
 May 4  
 Francois Marsan, Cote St Louis  
 Jean Bte Desautels, St Henri  
 Pierre Z Ste Marie, Longueuil  
 May 5  
 Marie Mailloux, St Henri  
 Mederic Guerin, St Henri  
 Narcisse Bissonette, St Henri  
 May 6  
 Magloire Hotte, Cote St Louis  
 Camille Clement, Lachine  
 (Continued on Sixth Page.)



## =The Echo=

PUBLISHED BY  
The Echo Printing and Publishing Co.

DAVID TAYLOR, MANAGER.

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MONTREAL, September 26, 1891.

THE ECHO is mailed to subscribers at a distance every Friday evening, and delivered in the city early on Saturday. Parties not receiving their paper regularly should communicate with the office.

The concluding instalment of our serial story is unavoidably postponed till next week.

## TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

With the present number THE ECHO completes the first year of its existence, and it is for our subscribers, a large number of whose subscriptions expire at this date, to say, by a prompt renewal, whether they are satisfied with the course pursued by this journal and whether or not it has fulfilled the promises made at its start a year ago. To give those subscribers a chance to declare themselves we will continue to send the paper for a week or two, and in the meantime we trust they will act upon the hint and send their renewals as early as possible as the existence of such a journal depends a good deal upon the promptness with which subscriptions are paid. Since the first number of THE ECHO appeared the publishers have received many flattering opinions regarding the course it has followed and the general nature of its contents, which are greatly appreciated by them. They have also been the recipients otherwise of substantial favors from many friends anxious to assist in making THE ECHO a success, and to those the heartfelt thanks of the publishers are tendered. Had it not been for this countenance and assistance from advertisers and others it is probable that THE ECHO would have gone the way of its predecessor, a consummation that would have delighted a certain class who regard the existence of a labor paper as a constant menace to their schemes. As it is, however, THE ECHO still lives and there is every prospect, if workingmen continue to show their appreciation of it, of a long and prosperous career ahead.

To those who so readily subscribed at the beginning of the undertaking the thanks of the publishers are due, but unfortunately there is another class, to whom a few words must be said, namely, those who have not paid their subscriptions for the past year. Some of these held back no doubt from the perhaps excusable plea that there was just a possible danger of the contract not being carried out by the publishers, but now that this danger has been removed there is no possible excuse for withholding the subscription. The amount is very small—only one dollar—and we hope all those who have not paid will see it their duty to do so without further delay.

## THE OTTAWA STRIKE.

Latest advices go to show that the men on strike at Ottawa still remain firm, and in this attitude they have the sympathy of the entire community, who, of course, are well aware of the conditions under which they have hitherto been working. Relief stores have been opened and merchants and others are contributing liberally to the assistance of the strikers, whose exemplary conduct under very aggravating circumstances receives commendation on every hand. It has been stated that the millmen were anxious to compromise by allowing an increase of fifty cents per week, but the moderateness of their whole demand gives the men confidence in holding out. When the dangerous nature of their employment is considered, it is surprising to find the wages paid to have been on such a low scale, and still more surprising to find the men have endured it so long. Called upon to work 11½ hours per day for the miserable pittance of \$6.36 per week, an increase of fifty cents per week and a reduction of the working day to ten hours cannot be called an extortionate demand. Elsewhere in our columns will be found an appeal to organized labor on behalf of the men from the Ottawa Trades and Labor Council, which ought to be acted upon at once by every organized body in this city. The urgency of the case will be apparent to every wage-worker who knows from bitter experience how difficult a thing it is to make both ends meet on a higher wage than is here quoted. Many of the hands were entirely dependent upon even this small allowance for existence, and its consequent loss must be keenly felt. They have no organization to back them in the unequal fight against capital, and therefore their case is all the more deserving the sympathy of those who have experienced the benefits of unionism.

We are glad to find that there has been a very general condemnation of the conduct of the three Justices of the Peace in calling out the militia for the slight disturbance which took place in the neighborhood of the mills last week. When the fact that one of the three was an interested employer is taken into consideration the outrage is all the more to be condemned. No effort whatever was made by the civil power to cope with the difficulty, whatever it amounted to. At the first intimation of the strike the military were resorted to at the instigation of parties whose interest it was to make it appear before the public that they were being persecuted and intimidated. We would recommend this incident as a suitable subject for parliamentary inquiry, and hope that some one of our members who claim to represent the labor cause will take the matter up. The responsibility of calling out the military should be taken out of the hands of irresponsible and probably (as in this particular case) interested parties and placed under direct control of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, who is responsible to the people, by whom the militia is maintained.

## CONVICT LABOR IN TENNESSEE.

Hon. George W. Ford, Commissioner of Labor and Inspector of Mines of Tennessee, has just published his special report to the Governor and General Assembly on the condition of the mining industries of that State and the recent troubles at the Briceville and Coal Creek Mines over the employment of convicts under the infamous lease system. Notwithstanding the brief time allowed the Commissioner for making the report to the special session, he gives a very complete and manifestly impartial statement of the whole question and the causes which led to the July troubles. He shows from the records the unlawful and unfair conditions under which the mines were be-

ing operated by the mining companies and the patient efforts made by the miners a year ago to obtain redress. The company refused to allow checkweighmen to see that the miners got full credit for the coal mined by them in the darkness of the mine and weighed by the company outside in their absence. The miners occupied the company's houses and were at their mercy. They were charged at the company's stores for their provisions and mining supplies in some instances from twenty to thirty per cent. more than the rates charged in other stores. The companies issued scrip to the miners, which involved a loss of twenty per cent., all in violation of law.

When the miners began to agitate and protest against the injustice, a form of cast-iron contract was submitted to them for individual signature as the condition of their being retained. This was what led to the troubles of July. Last June the miners were notified that if they would not sign the contract that convicts would be employed to take their places. A few of the men did sign, but the great majority indignantly refused. On the 5th of July a carload of convicts were landed at the Tennessee mine and put to work. The houses lately occupied by the miners were being arranged by them for the reception of another lot of convicts expected to follow.

The whole valley then became aroused in protest against the action of the company. Not only miners but farmers, store-keepers, and men of all trades and professions joined in public meetings to discuss the situation, and the unanimous sentiment demanded the removal of the convicts. On the 14th of July, the day before the second consignment of convicts was expected, a public meeting was held, attended by citizens of all classes, and it was decided to make a formal demand for the removal of the convict miners from the valley. A crowd of about three hundred, armed with Winchester rifles and other arms, marched to the stockade and demanded that the convicts be turned over to them, so they could march them down to the station, about five miles away, whence they would ship them to Knoxville. This was done, and the convicts were safely delivered at Knox County Jail that evening.

The Governor was appealed to for military assistance by the company. The miners, farmers, merchants, and others who constituted the body of the people of the village also appealed to the Governor defending their action in removing the convicts. The militia were found to be largely in sympathy with the people. The Governor finally effected a compromise by calling this special session of the Legislature to consider the question of abolishing the lease system, as it had been abolished in nearly all the rest of the country. The Legislature will make a grievous mistake if it fails to act in good faith and effectively on the question as it is now presented. The policy of high-handed defiance of the sentiment of the community by using those convicts to do the work which furnished the regular means of subsistence of the working people cannot be permanently sustained, and it will be far better to take measures now to amend the wrong than to invite the difficulties which its continuance is certain to bring in the early future.

## NOTES OF THE WEEK.

The tailors of Windsor, Ont., who have been on strike for some time past have now given up the struggle, but the bosses are pursuing their advantage to the bitter end and refuse to employ any of the old hands. The men can turn the tables on their old employers and advantage themselves at the same time by starting a co-operative tailoring establishment. Such an institution as this would have the cordial support of other grades of workers, who, generally speaking, are the cash paying and there-

fore most profitable class of customers. By trying to deprive the men who went out on strike in order to better their condition of employment, the tailoring bosses of Windsor are exhibiting a mean and contemptible spirit of revenge which will finally react upon themselves.

An eight-hour law will undoubtedly be one of the rallying cries of the British Liberals at the next general elections. Although as yet the party has not committed itself in favor of State limitation of the hours of labor, a majority of the Liberal members voted for a recognition of the principle applied to railway workers, and it is safe to say they will go farther and accept the resolution adopted by the Newcastle Congress as the basis of an eight-hour measure. It may not be altogether pleasant for some of the party to swallow the dictum of a Trades Congress, yet, rather than weaken the party and antagonize the working classes they will vote in that direction.

Parliament, at the bidding of Government, has, by a majority of fifteen, declared Sir Hector Langevin to be innocent of all complicity in the hoodling schemes of McGreevy, Murphy & Co. The division list showed 101 members voting for this whitewash, but we venture to say it will be exceedingly difficult to find a similar number in the whole of Canada to arrive at the same conclusion. With the exception of three defections it was simply a machine vote, the majority looking to party interests instead of upholding justice and truth.

The air is afloat with rumors that the British Government are sending several regiments to Canada to be stationed at Quebec, Halifax and Vancouver. Probably the wish is father to the thought in this case, and the rumor is believed to have arisen out of the fact that troops going home from India are to pass through the Dominion in order to test the advantages to be gained by the C. P. R. route.

## LIQUOR SELLING AT THE EXHIBITION.

To the Editor of THE ECHO.

SIR,—What about that \$500 that Mr. S. C. Stevenson, the manager of the Exhibition Company, was to give to some charitable institution if any intoxicating liquor was sold within 300 yards of the Exhibition buildings. It was an awful crime to sell Weiss beer on Labor Day, but quite proper to sell lager during the Exhibition, without mentioning what could be got out of the "green bottle."

Yours, etc.,  
CONSISTENCY.

## Workingmen

SAY  
they find no store to compare with  
ours for

EXCELLENCE OF GOODS

— AND —

LOWNESS OF PRICES.

RONAYNE BROS.

17 Chabouillez Square.

TEA! T TEA!

Housekeepers, look to your interests and

BUY STROUD'S TEAS AND COFFEE

Have you tried STROUD'S 30c Black, Green or Japan Teas? If not so and save 10c to 20c per lb. This is no catch, and any person finding Teas not as represented will have their money refunded.

Stroud's Tea and Coffee Warehouse  
2188 NOTRE DAME ST. NEAR MOUNTAIN.

JOHN MURPHY & CO.'S  
ADVERTISEMENT.

## 'The Fa' o' the Leaf!'

Suggests—blankets. And these very necessary adjuncts to human comfort invariably recall the name of the well-known firm of John Murphy & Co. The reason is plain, once you have seen the bargains they offer, and the quality of goods they keep.

## MANCHESTER DEPARTMENT.

Grand display of White Blankets. Prices from \$2.00 per pair.

Grand display of Colored Blankets. Price from \$1.25 per pair.

Grand display of Eider Down Quilts. Price from \$1.25 each.

Grand display of White Quilts. Prices from 75c to \$1.00.

Grand display of Bleached Table Linens. Prices from 40c per yard.

Grand display of Unbleached Table Linens. Prices from 30c per yard.

Grand display of Table Napkins. Prices from 40c per dozen.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Napkins.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Table Cloths.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Tray Cloths.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Sideboard Covers.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Grand display of Hem-stitched Towels.

## SPECIAL!

GRAND DISPLAY OF SILK RUGS.

\$8.00 Silk Rug for.....\$1.50  
2.50 Silk Rug for..... 1.25

## JOHN MURPHY &amp; CO.

1781, 1783

Notre Dame street, cor. St. Peter  
Terms Cash and Only One Price.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

\$25,000 to lend on City or County Property, interest from 5 to 6 per cent., by sums of \$500 and upwards also money advanced on goods. Commercial Notes discounted. House and Farm for Sale or to exchange.

JOHN LEVEILLE, Agent,  
156 St. James

## Printers' Roller

DO YOU WANT

A GOOD ROLLER

OF COURSE YOU DO!

Get HENRY OWEN to make your Roll and you will have what you want. All at low prices. Rollers cast with despatch.

COMPOSITION IN BULK.  
GET PRICES.

769 Craig St., Montreal

DRINK ALWAYS THE BEST

MILLAR'S

Ginger Beer, Ginger Ale

Cream Soda, Cider, &c.

GLADSTONE!

The Best of all Temperance Drinks

To be had at all First class Hotels

Restaurants.  
69 ST ANTOINE ST.



**EDUCATION AND UNITY  
ARE OUR ONLY SAFEGUARD**

(Written for THE ECHO by Cyrille Horsot.)

The regulation of the industrial and economic relations of mankind upon a basis of strict justice,—in other and more familiar words,—the equitable adjustment of the relations between labor and capital, has long engaged the thoughtful consideration of statesmen, philosophers, and students of political economy. For years poets and enthusiasts have dreamed of a time when poverty should be no more. Reformers have agitated, have promulgated theories and established systems; and philanthropists have devoted their lives and given millions of dollars, all in the vain attempt to bring about a state of society in which, among other things, the wolves and the lions among men should lie down with the lambs, and peace and plenty reign supreme throughout the land. That the hopes and dreams, the studies of theories of these noble-minded and well-meaning individuals have not been productive of better practical results, is due, we think, to three causes—causes which seem to us inherent in human nature itself, and which, whether we perceive it or not are, after all, but part of the iron law of necessity by which the universe is governed. The first of these causes is made up of the combined selfishness, ignorance and indifference of the masses of mankind, and the prejudices and timidity of even the educated and thinking classes, making the acceptance of new truths and theories a slow and painful process. The second lies in the ease with which men use up oceans of ink in writing about, and atmospheres of gas in agitating and discussing matters of reform compared with the great difficulty of their getting themselves united in any political purpose; all reforms, truths and theories not of a scientific character having ultimately to become matters of practical politics before mankind can derive any benefit from them. The third cause is the great diversity of opinion among reformers, philosophers and statesmen themselves regarding the causes of the great inequalities in social conditions which we see around us, and the remedies which should be applied to bring about more of an equilibrium. When doctors disagree, who shall decide? Well, it is the duty of the most interested and wisest to decide between themselves. When there is, what stock jobbers call "depression in business," philanthropists open soup houses to feed the starving as they would do to a submissive pack of hounds. Why are over three millions of men out of employment in North America? That being the estimate of the number of men idle in this country, our cunning impostors will answer "depression." For years the labor question has been coming to the front more and more prominently, and more and more aggressively, until it has now become the supreme question of the day and hour. Capital and its allies, Labor and its friends and sympathizers are arrayed one side against the other in a great conflict of ideas; a conflict which, let us trust, may be fought out without resort to the brutal, sanguinary and inhuman force of our Christian government; we need not any more explosive stranger than moral dynamite, and in which the most just, the most progressive, the grandest, the noblest, or, as our evolutionist friends would say, the fittest idea, shall in the end prevail. Never before has this "Labor Question" been argued and discussed as it is being argued and discussed to-day. Men talk of it in the streets, in shops and offices, on the cars and ferry boats. The genuine lights of the churches have not been silent in the pulpit; the press, which but a few years ago gave scanty mention of labor news as unworthy of notice, now devotes whole columns to it. Labor has come to have a literature of its own. Besides innumerable articles in newspapers, magazines and reviews, books and pamphlets by the score have appeared; books by clergymen, books by college professors, books by workmen for; and books by lawyers, books by capitalists against. In addition to all this, there are now published in the United States and Canada upwards of two hundred newspapers in the professed interest of the labor cause. But greatest of all, the labor question has come into politics, come to stay, evidently, to the great consternation of the time-serving, place-hunting and hoodle-grabbing politicians who are dazzled to know what to make of it, and whose plans for the future have been seriously interfered with by the march of new ideas which are, apparently, beyond their comprehension. But as a counterpart they parade their hirelings ever and anon in order to terrorize us. In the face of all these facts, it is useless to wind ourselves away in the mummified wrappings of prejudice and conservatism; it is folly to shut our eyes. This great question, put back at least a quarter of a century by the anti-slavery agitation and the terrible war which grew out of that agitation, resulting in the abolition of negro slavery and the downfall of the slave

power, is now pressing upon the white slaves or solution. The great social question, the question of industrial slavery, is before us, not only pressing upon the American people, but all over the "civilized" world. The masses of mankind are becoming stirred, are becoming restless, with what we shall call a "divine discontent," a discontent from which there is much to be hoped, and at the same time, it must be confessed, much to be feared, under the increasing intensity of the struggle for existence. But what is the use to warn the hoarders, since the evil spirit blinds them with gold? Millions of people out of employment, crippling all dependent upon them, means a loss to the consumptive power of the world of many millions per year; a sum sufficient to cause a reaction in business and a general curtailment in expenses, from which result apprehension and timidity among all classes; in short, what are called "hard times." But why these periods of "good times" and "hard times?" Considering the vast extent of untilled land all over the globe, the fertility of the soil, the immensity and variety of the crops, the greatness of our resources in coal iron and precious metals, the timber and game of the forests, the fishes of the seas, lakes and rivers; the facility of intercourse between all parts of the two hemispheres, are the "times" ever as good as they might be, and why, in a business sense at least should we not have good times all the time? Oh! because there are too many sharks who, thinking themselves never fat enough, in spite of the gospel law, of which they make an abominable farce, see nothing more lawful than to crunch the small fry and keep it in an everlasting obedience in order to show that them, and only them, are the legitimate masters of the bounties of nature and will prove it by insidious argumentations, and if that won't do, by bullets. So, the producing trash had but two alternatives, viz.: to put in practice the stratagem used by the ant-eaters on the boa constrictors when they are asleep, or to be swallowed by them forever. We agree that the aggregate production of wealth has been greatly increased. It is true that great fortunes have been accumulated, such as were never dreamed of at the beginning of this era; fortunes which enable their proud possessors to rival and leave far behind them the Oriental Caliphs and Roman emperors in luxury and magnificence; but were the benign men of this new era to revisit the earth, they would find the poor still with us, and large classes maintained by humiliating charity or living on the verge of recourse to it. They would find that the "tramp" had come with the locomotive; come, too, in such numbers, that in one of the Eastern States of the great modern Republic of America it was seriously proposed a few years ago by some philanthropists of the canine race, to drown them like rats in a trap. They would find alms-houses and prisons as much the signs for our boasted progress as costly dwellings, rich warehouses and pompous churches. They would find men looking for work and finding none, and every town and village of any considerable size each having its unemployed or occasionally employed class, living sparingly, wearing old clothes; helped perhaps by friends or relatives, pinching and hoping for better times. They would find in factories, where labor-saving machinery has reached its most perfect and wonderful development, little children debarred from their legitimate and only inheritance—the school—at work in their father's places. They would find large cities where wealth, culture and fashion reach their highest eminence, one half the population dwelling in crowded tenement houses, in the midst of squalor and wickedness. They would find insanity and suicide both on the increase. In short, they would find that on this beautiful planet, given by God, without distinction to all living creatures, that in the midst of inexhaustible natural wealth the masses of willing producers are, with few exceptions, miserably poor, and that the struggle for existence is daily growing harder for them, and would find, too, that these same producers—which their divine master called His friends—are nowadays despised, vilified, insulted and disgraced by gilded and low drones who, by dexterous circumlocution, blind them and cheat them every day of their hard labor, as the parasite hornets do on the industrious bees. And it is not only the meekly ignorant and toiling masses who are engaged in a perpetual struggle for bread, but the learned professions as well are overcrowded with needy men who stick at nothing, often very far from being honorable, in order to make a scanty living. Of lawyers, there are at every county bar three times and more the number necessary to perform its cavillous work. Of editors there is so vast a swarm, that the rich oligarchs, desirous of building up a public sentiment favorable to themselves by means of the newspapers, sold to their personal interests, can hire editorial writers like hod-carriers, to deliver them scores of paragraphs and leaders, the bricks and mortar in the construction of popularity. Of reporters, we have heard some say, that their salaries average a little more than

those of street car conductors. Who and what is the chief cause of these sorrowful results? The answer is: the concentration of capital, agglomeration of the products for vile speculation and an illicit appropriation of machinery, etc., in the hands of a comparatively small number of a few insatiable cankers of the human race who, by their craftiness and impudence—to which they give the name of talent and intelligence—control the power of every government of which they are the real masters, thus making the masses of producers their scape-goats, their puppets, in a word, their living machines to run the metallic machines made by the latter to enrich the former. They are earthly gods, stout believers, liberal supporters of the temple in which, regularly and fervently, they go to invoke Mammon for gold and an everlasting rest after death, as a reward for the good they have done to their fellow-creatures in their lifetime. As this great question is inexhaustible, I will have more to say about it shortly.

**AN APPEAL FOR AID.**

The following circular, which speaks eloquently enough on its own behalf, has been issued under authority of Ottawa Trades and Labor Council to all labor organizations:—  
The Millmen of the Chaudiere, to the number of 3,000, are on strike for shorter hours and more pay.  
The hours at present worked are 11½, and the wages average \$1.06 per day.  
The men, though not organized, are being rapidly put into an organized state, and are determined to hold out, with every prospect of success.  
They are asking for 10 hours per day and 50 cents advance per week.  
The Unions of Ottawa have felt it their duty to take the matter up and sustain the men.  
The general public are entirely with the men, and we appeal to you for financial aid, as quickly as possible, as the battle will be short and decisive.  
We appeal to you to call a Special Meeting of your union and send us what you can. Send all moneys to J. W. Patterson, President. John Legge, Secretary T. & L. Council, Labor Hall, George street, Ottawa.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

**THE ENGINEERS.**

To the Editor of THE ECHO.  
SIR,—I see from an excellent report in your paper that the Locomotive Engineers held a session here on the 16th inst. at the Windsor Hall, and were addressed by a number of our influential men on the aims and objects of the association and the good work done since its foundation. But to me the most notable feature of the whole proceedings, and one which must be regretted by all interested in the cause of labor is the fact that among all the speakers who addressed the meeting not one was a representative of organized labor in this city and, if I am correctly informed, not even an invitation was extended to any of our representative men belonging to other organizations. Such action on the part of what is supposed to be a model labor organization, whether an oversight or intentional on the part of the committee, is certainly to be regretted. An organization of such high standing in the cause of down trodden humanity should be the first to recognize the existence of others in the same field.

Yours, etc.,  
A TRADE UNIONIST.

**THE WIDOW FLYNN CASE.**

The following subscriptions from employees of Robert Mitchell & Son, Montreal Brass Works, have been received by us and forwarded to the Treasurer of the above fund:—

Two friends...	\$2.00	T. Giddens...	\$ 25
E. Lauer...	1.00	C. Robertson...	25
M. Kane...	25	Jno. Kenny...	25
Jno. Allen...	25	H. McCroary...	25
G. Cardwell...	50	A. Smith...	25
A. Chateau...	1.00	Jno. McMahon...	25
J. Laing...	50	T. Desjardins...	25
J. Guerin...	50	Jos. Partal...	25
J. Daley...	25	Louis Morin...	25
W. Harney...	25	H. Hannah...	25
W. Byron...	25	A. Murphy...	25
J. Cluin...	25	T. Ward...	25
J. Fletcher...	50	M. Desourdes...	25
E. Shoove...	25	J. Keane...	25
C. Wright...	25	R. Brady...	25
M. Russell...	25	S. Payne...	25
M. Nelson...	25	M. Sweeney...	25
D. Donnelly...	25	H. Cooper, sr...	25
M. Shea...	25	J. Humble...	25
T. Edmonson...	25	J. Hall...	25
H. Cooper, jr...	50	W. Robinson...	25
E. Ford...	25	T. Gumbley...	25
A. Beuce...	25	G. Tucker...	25
W. Ewing...	25	P. Bruce...	25
J. Brady...	25	T. Morrissey...	50
S. Simpson...	25	P. Barsalou...	25
Jas. Hayes...	25	A. Gee...	25
J. Kenny...	25	F. Marsh...	50
	\$11.50		\$ 7.50
Total			\$19.00

NEW SEASON'S FURS.—The fashionable and most stylish garments now in stock at S. Carsley's, Notre Dame street.

**WILLIAMS  
PIANOS**

Endorsed by the best authorities in the world.

5000 Sold in Montreal.

21 Styles to Choose from.

SOLE AGENTS  
FOR CENTRAL CANADA:

**WILLIS & CO.**

184 Notre Dame St.,

(NEAR MCGILL STREET.)

*Tuning and Repairs  
done in an artistic manner  
at reasonable rates.  
Also Tuning by the year.*

**FOR THE SCHOOL BOYS**

Now on hand a CHEAP LINE of BOOTS AND SHOES guaranteed to stand extra tear and wear. Just the thing for boys going back to school.

Misses, Girls and Children's Boots in great variety of Style and Price.

The above goods have only to be seen to be appreciated and they cannot be matched elsewhere for quality and cheapness.

Try a sample pair and we are sure of a continuance of your custom.

**J. CHURCH,**  
30 Chaboillez Square.

**PRESSWORK**

TO THE TRADE,  
Publishers and Patent Medicine Dealers.

You don't require to put your money out on a big press, send it to HENRY OWEN, who will do it for you BETTER and CHEAPER than if you had a big press of your own.

SEE!

Facilities for Printing Newspapers, Pamphlets, etc., to the extent of 120 reams per day.

FOLDING AND BINDING

DONE ON THE PREMISES.

769 CRAIG STREET.

**McRae & Poulin,**  
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Highland Costumes,  
Ladies' Mantles

A SPECIALTY.

Our Garments are Artistically Cut  
in the Latest Styles.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

2242 Notre Dame Street,

MONTREAL.

**R. SEALE & SON,**

General Directors,

41½ & 43

St. Antoine St., Montreal.

Bell Telephone 1022.  
Fed. Telephone 1691.

**CARSLEY'S COLUMN.**

**COLONIAL!**

Our Exhibit of Umbrellas in the present Exhibition is of the same class as was shown by us at the Colonial Exhibition in London, England, 1886. The whole Exhibit, including the Show Case, was made on our premises, Notre Dame street, by our workmen and mechanics. We think this Exhibit will successfully compete with any Umbrella Manufacturer in the world. In England numbers of orders were taken and filled, up to Four Guineas each. In most cases Mr. Gladstone's bust was carved in Ivory for handles. Amongst them now on Show will be seen, carved in Ivory, the bust of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, Marquis of Lorne, Lord Dufferin, Mr. Gladstone, Hon. E. Blake, Hon. Mackenzie, Lord Lansdowne, Hon. P. Mitchell, Lord Randolph Churchill and others. These Umbrellas are covered with Handwoven Spitalfields Silk, are as well made as it is possible to make them. Some of the carved handles cost from twelve to twenty dollars each. We exhibit as manufacturers only. As Dry Goods dealers we make our exhibit in our own premises.  
S. CARSLEY.

**GRAND EXHIBITION**

— OF —

**NEW MANTLES**

— AT —

**S. CARSLEY'S.**

**MANTLE DEPARTMENT.**

New Mantles New Mantles  
New Mantles  
Paris Model Mantles  
Vienna Model Mantles  
London Model Mantles  
Handsomely Trimmed  
Perfect Fitting  
Splendid Garments  
Newest Styles Latest Fashions  
In New Materials  
Perfect Models No copies  
Perfect Models  
S. CARSLEY.

**MANTLE DEPARTMENT.**

Ladies' Jackets, Silk Lined  
Ladies' Jackets, Braided  
Ladies' Jackets, Embroidered  
Ladies' Jackets, Trimmed Fur  
Fashionable Lengths  
From 30 inches to 36 inches  
In New Materials  
For Fall Wear For Winter Wear  
Black and Colors  
Opera Cloaks Opera Cloaks  
Opera Cloaks  
In Newest Season's Shades  
From Paris  
Handsomely Trimmed  
With Newest Trimmings  
S. CARSLEY.

**MANTLE DEPARTMENT.**

Children's Waterproofs, Misses Waterproofs,  
Ladies' Waterproofs, Tweed Covered.  
New Patterns, New Styles. For Walking,  
For Driving.  
Uster Cloths, Mantle Cloths, Jacket Cloths,  
In Black and all Colors. Newest Patterns.  
SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!  
Scotch Plaids.  
New Stripes, Fancy Patterns, Velvet  
Shawls, Chaddah Shawls, Camel's Hair  
Shawls.  
S. CARSLEY.

**LINEN DEPARTMENT.**

MANUFACTURERS' STOCK.

A Manufacturers' Stock of Remnants of Linens of every description will be sold at very Low Prices next week. Linens of the very best quality and manufacture will be found in this Lot, varying from 2 yds. to 5 yds. in length.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Unbleached Table Linens, Half-bleached Table Linens, Full Bleached Table Linens, Apron Linens, Glass Towellings, Towellings of all kinds.  
S. CARSLEY.

**LINEN DEPARTMENT.**

Cotton Sheetings in all widths  
Linen Sheetings in all widths  
Cotton Pillow Casings  
Linen Pillow Casings  
Cotton Towels Linen Towels  
Damask Towels  
Colored Borders Fringed Ends  
Roller Towellings  
Barnsley Crash Russian Crash  
Scotch Crash  
Apron Linens in all widths  
Apron Linens in all qualities

**S. CARSLEY,**

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779

NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL.

**CARSLEY'S COLUMN.**



**LIST OF LICENSES.**

(Continued from Third Page.)

May 8  
Louis Delorme, St Henri  
Jean Bte Hurteau, St Henri  
May 9  
Louis C Despres, St Henri  
May 11  
Guillaume Onellette, Lachine  
Olivier Descarie, St Henri  
Nere Leclerc, St Henri  
Roch Dealonghamps, Cote St Louis  
May 12  
Amedee Major, St Henri  
May 15  
Husmer Lanctot, St Henri  
May 18  
Albert Turcotte, St Henri  
May 19  
Philius Huard, St Henri  
Alfred N Lepailleur, Lachine  
May 20  
Aldric Hudon, Maisonneuve  
Henri Bellerose, Maisonneuve  
May 21  
Wilbrod Labreche, St Henri  
Hormidas Deslauriers, Lachine  
Jean Bte Roy, St Henri  
May 26  
Joseph Leduc, Cote St Louis  
Stanilas Landerville, St Henri  
May 29  
Charles Lebrun, St Henri  
May 30  
Moise Richard, Maisonneuve  
Olivier P Robert, Lachine  
Joseph A Pare, Lachine  
June 2  
Wilfrid Robidou, St Henri  
Louis A Papineau, St Henri  
Adelard Allard, Lachine  
June 4  
Treffle Lemoine, St Henri  
June 6  
Lucien Sauriol, St Henri  
June 10  
Charles Paquin, St Henri  
June 11  
Joseph Allard, Lachine  
Etienne Lacoste, St Henri  
June 16  
Moise Desautels, St Henri  
June 24  
Antoine Leduc, St Henri

**Retail Liquor Stores in Villages and Parishes.**

May 1  
Joseph Ostigny, Chambly Basin village  
Joseph Vaillant, Notre Dame de Grace West  
May 2  
Emerie Lefebvre, Coteau Station  
May 4  
Dosithe Deslauriers, Notre Dame de Grace West  
May 5  
Calixte Guyon, Vercheres  
Henri Trudeau, St Louis du Mile End  
George St Denis, St Clet  
Joseph A Valois, Vaudreuil  
Joseph A Lanctot, St Isidore  
May 6  
Arcade M Bissonnette, St Joseph de Soulange  
Felix C Larose, Vercheres  
May 8  
John Watts, Chambly Basin  
Nicephore Latreille, Coteau Station  
May 9  
Antoine St Denis, Ste Anne Bellevue  
May 11  
Jean Bte Belanger, St Louis du Mile End  
Antoine Pelonin, Sault au Recollet  
Henri Brossard, Laprairie village  
May 12  
Gedeon Deguire, Ste Justine de Newton  
Leon Charlebois, Pointe Claire  
May 13  
Leandre Renaud, St Louis du Mile End  
Treffle Dubois, St Louis du Mile End  
May 14  
Clovis O Senecal, St Marc  
Hormidas Amoit, Vercheres  
May 15  
Elvidas Leonard, St Louis du Mile End  
Malvins Lalonde, Vaudreuil  
May 19  
Hormidas Riendeau, Chambly Basin  
Omer S Bissonnette, St Ignace du Coteau Lac  
May 20  
Jerome Jacques, Vercheres  
May 21  
Cresus Bernard, St Bazile la Grand  
Jean Bte Brunet, St Louis du Mile End  
May 27  
Justus Pepin, Sault-au-Recollet  
Joseph A Chevalier, St Louis du Mile End  
May 29  
Hermenegilde Duchesneau, Pointe Claire  
Stephen Carriere, Coteau Landing  
Joseph A Chevrier, Rigaud  
June 1  
Ovide Lapiere, St Louis du Mile End  
Arthur St Maurice,  
Joseph Bourbonnais, St Ignace du Coteau du Lac  
June 8  
Venant Henrichon, Cote St Paul Village  
June 9  
Nazaire Chartrand, St Marthe

**Special Licenses.**

May 18  
Zotique Renaud, for the estate of Joseph C Murchand  
May 19  
Club National of Longueuil, for 20th May only

June 1  
Blue Bonnets Race Course, for June 2 1891, only  
June 3  
Blue Bonnets Race Course, for June 4, 1891, only  
June 5  
Blue Bonnets Race Course, for June 6, 1891, only

**Bottlers.**

May 1  
Julia Purfield, 53 Dorchester  
John H R Molson, 1006 Notre Dame  
Elizabeth A Freeman, 681 and 683 Dorchester  
May 4  
Charles Strangman, DeLorimier avenue  
James P Scott, 36 Chabouillez square  
May 5  
Reul Perron, 230 Champlain  
May 11  
Pierre L N Beaudry, 20 St Dizier  
Thomas Kinsella, 241 St Antoine  
May 13  
Stanilas Denis, 585 St Dominique  
May 18  
Joseph N Pelletier, 88 Knox  
Charles Therrier, 663 Sanguinet  
Moise Viau, Town of St Henri  
May 20  
Richard J Johnson, 300 Rivard  
May 23  
Joseph Desrochers, 172 Drolet  
May 26  
Euclide Beaudoin, 274 Visitation  
Elzear J Caisse, 174 Wolfe  
May 27  
Thomas Murphy, 590 Sanguinet  
May 29  
Henry A Ekers, 409 St Lawrence  
May 30  
John McCrory, 100 College  
June 2  
Alphonse Desjardins, 3 Napoleon  
June 9  
Maxime St Jean, 113 St Hubert  
June 10  
Damase Onimet, Village St Louis du Mile End  
June 11  
Joseph Hebert, 162 St Elizabeth  
June 16  
Andrew J Dawes, 521 St James  
June 18  
Thomas Ferguson, 209 Christophe  
June 23  
John Atkins, corner St Dominique and Fortier  
June 25  
Elzear Bigonnesse Village Chambly Canton

**Bars on Steamboats.**

May 1  
Andrew J Baker, Captain, Bohemian  
Louis H Roy, Captain, Montreal  
Louis O Boucher, Captain, Berthier  
Robert Nelson, Captain, Quebec  
May 29  
Toussaint Bourassa, Captain, Laprairie  
June 18  
William Sheppard, Captain, Sovereign

**Billiard Tables.**

May 1  
Jean Bte Ratelle, 1 table, Montreal  
May 2  
George W Swett, 13 tables, do  
May 4  
Bird B Luckey, 3 tables, do  
William A West, 1 table, do  
May 5  
Vital Raparie, 6 tables, do  
May 9  
Ferdinand Lachapelle, 2 tables, do  
May 11  
Louis Coutu, 2 tables, do  
Francois Lamoureux, 1 table, do  
May 12  
Jean Bte Archambault, 1 table, do  
May 14  
William Hewson, 2 tables, do  
Anstole Papineau, 3 tables, St Henri  
Valerie Labelle, 1 table, Longueuil  
May 15  
James McKeever, 2 tables, Montreal  
May 19  
Jane Walton, 1 table, do  
May 20  
Vincent Demers, 2 tables, do  
May 21  
Arcadius Gosselin, 1 table, do  
May 26  
Ferdinand Lachapelle, 3 tables, do  
May 27  
Gideon Normandin, 3 tables, St Henri  
John H Smith, 2 tables, Montreal  
May 27  
Joseph Lanctot, 2 tables, do  
May 30  
Roch Henri, 1 table, do  
June 1  
Hormidas Gibeau, 6 tables, do  
June 6  
Joseph H Penne-ton, 4 tables, do  
June 16  
Edmond Blanchard, 2 tables, do

**Wholesale Druggists.**

May 1  
Alfred B Evans, Montreal  
May 4  
Henry Lyman, Montreal  
May 23  
Kenneth Campbell, Montreal

**Bars in Clubs.**

May 4  
Montreal City Club, 132 St James  
May 4  
Canadian Club, 350 Lagachetiere  
May 13  
St James Club, Dorchester  
St Antoine Club, 237 St Antoine  
May 30  
Montreal Racket Club, Concord  
June 19  
Montarville Club, Longueuil  
June 30  
National Club, Longueuil

**Billiards in Clubs.**

Montreal City Club, 2 tables, Montreal  
May 12  
Canadian Club, 3 tables, Montreal  
May 12  
St James Club, 3 tables, Montreal  
St Antoine Club, 1 table, Montreal  
May 21  
L'Union des Commis-Mrrochands, 4 tables, Montreal  
May 27  
Montreal Amateur Athletic Association, 12 tables, Montreal  
May 30  
Cercle Montcalm, 1 table Lachine  
June 5  
Cercle Catholique d'Hochelega, 5 tables, Montreal  
June 19  
Montarville Club, 2 tables, Longueuil

**Powder (Retail).**

May 1  
Napoleon Leveille, 661 Notre Dame  
Thomas W Boyd, 1641 do  
David Millar, parish of St Laurent  
May 4  
Louis H Hebert, 207 St Paul  
May 5  
Napoleon Mathieu, 2681 Notre Dame  
Alexandre Prudhomme, 1940 Notre Dame  
Sarah A Cartwright, 1467 Notre Dame  
May 6  
Charles H Letourneux, 261, 263 and 265 St Paul  
May 8  
John Watts, Village Chambly Basin  
May 11  
Jean Bte Boulanger, St Louis du Mile End  
May 14  
Frs X Rastoul, 193 St Paul  
Hormidas Amyot, Parish of Vercheres  
May 16  
Paul St Jean, 1535 St Catherine  
May 18  
Leon Laurent, 1362 Notre Dame  
Pierre Demers, 2191 Notre Dame  
May 29  
Francois Charron, Parish of St Hubert  
Jerome Jacques, Parish of Vercheres  
May 20  
Joseph Brunst, parish Ste Julie  
June 1  
Pierre Dansereau, 218 St Paul  
June 2  
Julie Laverdure, village of Varennes  
Hyacinthe Sylvestre, Laprairie  
June 3  
Thomas Costin, 1596 Notre Dame  
Cleophas Normand, village Ste Rose  
June 15  
Joseph Manton, 499 Craig  
June 16  
John H Wilson, 1874 Notre Dame  
June 23  
Daniel Sennett, 9 Victoria square

**Powder (Wholesale).**

May 21  
Edward Murphy, 405 St Paul

**Powder Works**

Hamilton Powder Co, parish of Belcel

**Peddlers.**

May 1  
Saul Menard, St Joseph de Soulange  
Jules de Kerouallen, Montreal  
Jean Bte Lamer, St Martin  
Napoleon Lamer, St Martin  
May 2  
Daniel Vazeau, St Martin  
May 4  
Raphael Marc, Montreal  
Joseph Lussier, Varennes  
May 5  
Olivier Bourbonnais, St Polycarpe  
May 6  
Frank Menelle, Montreal  
Alfred Galipeau, St Leonard de Port Maurice  
May 12  
Theophile Dufille, Vercheres  
May 15  
Emile Cool, Ste Marthe  
Bazile Decoste, Rigaud  
May 21  
Joseph Gauthier, Boucherville  
Edouard Rivet, Montreal  
May 22  
Raphael Deguire, Ste Justine de Newton  
May 29  
Narcisse Durivage, St Jacques le Mineur  
June 2  
Andre Fauvel, Rigaud  
June 8  
Francois X Brabant, St Polycarpe  
May 17  
Jean Bte Dechatalet, Montreal  
May 20  
Noe Papineau, St Vincent de Paul

May 23  
Edouard Lamer, St Martin  
May 30  
Frank Cohen, Montreal

**Additional Districts.**

May 29  
Narcisse Durivage, for the district of Ibeville  
June 30  
Frank Cohen, for the district of Richelieu  
Frank Cohen, for the district of Arthabaska

**Pawnbrokers.**

May 1  
Dora Cohen, 1486 Notre Dame  
May 2  
Louis Aronson, 517 Craig  
May 11  
Sophia Davis, 3 Dollard lane

**Pigeon-Hole Tables.**

May 1  
Ferdinand Corriveau, Montreal  
May 14  
Marius Raymond, Montreal  
June 2  
Joseph Chevalier, jr., Longue Pointe  
June 4  
Phidias Monette, Montreal

**Auctioneers.**

May 1  
Walter M Kearns, Montreal  
May 1  
Abraham Courtemanche, Montreal  
May 5  
David H Fraser, Montreal  
May 12  
John M M Duff, Montreal  
James C Simpson, Montreal  
May 13  
Alphonse Marcotte, Montreal  
May 15  
James Steele, Montreal  
May 16  
Henry J Ashman, Montreal  
May 18  
David Rae, Montreal  
May 19  
Matthew Hicks  
May 22  
Arthur Barsalou  
June 3  
Thomas J Potter, Montreal

**Assistant Auctioneers.**

May 5  
William H Fraser, ass. to David H Fraser  
May 12  
Henry L Putman, ass. to James C Simpson  
May 15  
James Reynolds, ass. to James Steel  
May 22  
William H Arnton, ass. to Arthur Barsalou  
Montreal, July 2, 1891.

**WILLIAM B. LAMBE,**

Collector of Provincial Reven ue  
District of Montreal.  
63 ST. GABRIEL STREET,  
By order of the Treasury Department, P. Q.

**A Lunatic's Advice.**

A circus proprietor once, when entering a large town in Cornwall, was much annoyed at finding a turnpike gate close to the town at which he had to pay toll for all his horses. Very near the turnpike was the asylum, and sitting on one of the walls which surrounded the asylum grounds was a perfectly harmless, but at the same time hopeless, lunatic, who was very much interested in the discussion going on at the toll-gate.

"Hi, master!" he called out as the proprietor came up, "don't you pay. He's got money out of your pocket to put in his own. Piebald horses never pay toll."

"Never pay toll! Are you sure?" asked the proprietor, not knowing the man to be an idiot.

"Of course I am. Ask anybody here, and they'll tell you the same. You take my advice, and go back and make him give up the money."

Very much annoyed at being so robbed the angry proprietor tore back, and in language more forcible than polite demanded his money back. But the tollkeeper refused to give it up, and indignantly denied the lunatic's assertion, desiring to be brought face to face with his traducer. The proprietor, only too pleased, brought him up to where the lunatic was still sitting, reveling in the row he had made.

"What do you mean by saying that I robbed this fellow?" shouted the furious tollkeeper, "and that piebald horses never pay toll?"

"Why, you fools," answered the lunatic, "of course they don't. Their masters have to pay for them."—London Tit-Bits.

The New Brunswick militia went into annual camp at Sussex on Tuesday. About a dozen soldiers of the 71st Battalion (York), who arrived at St. John on Tuesday morning from Fredericton on their way to camp, wandered off and their special train went away without them, so that they had to wait until another special went out. They put in the time by getting drunk, and shortly before the train went out they had a free fight on Milk street, during the progress of which one man received a cut with a bayonet. The row was finally stopped by the police, and the troublesome recruits got on board the train.

**ECHOES OF THE WEEK.**

**European.**

The British Government has officially recognized the provisional government of Chili. The Bank of England on Tuesday shipped 290,000 pounds of gold to the United States, and 60,000 pounds to Germany.

The London Times announces that the French Government has authorized the Credit Foncier to issue the new Russian loan.

The re-election to Parliament of Sir James Ferguson, the new Postmaster-General, will be opposed by Mr. Scott, of the Manchester Guardian.

At a meeting of the Freeman's Journal shareholders on Wednesday, E. Dwyer Gray was elected director by a vote of 61 to 18. The present board of directors thereupon resigned.

Advices from Portuguese Guinea say that a French mission station in that region has suffered an attack from the natives, who killed ten attaches of the mission. A Portuguese gunboat has been sent to punish the offenders.

The Dutch Minister of War, Col. Bergansius, proposes a period of enforced military service similar to that in use in other continental countries. The period proposed will extend over ten years, and will consist of six years' actual service with the colors, and four years' service in the army reserves.

Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, has written to a correspondent justifying the permission given to French officers to inspect English defences and arsenals on the ground that it would remove the false impression of England's strength created by the depreciatory tone of the English press.

A decided sensation has been caused by the announcement that there has been a death from cholera in Kilburn, near London, which, instead of being an over-populated and bad sanitary section of the metropolis, is in reality one of the swell suburbs of the West End, where merchants engaged in the city reside in luxury.

A German Imperial decree is published modifying the passport regulations. It provides that after September passports for entering Alsace-Lorraine will be required only from military men in active service, ex-officers and pupils of foreign military schools and men who lost their German nationality before performing their military service. A visa will be required in these cases and will be granted gratis. Finally it is ordered that foreigners staying in the Reichsland beyond 24 hours must notify the police of their presence, on penalty of expulsion.

**American.**

Forest fires are raging in the interior of Wisconsin. It is feared the devastation will be very serious. The village of Comstock has nearly all been wiped away. Particulars are meagre.

The marriage of Clinton J. Egerly, the divorced husband of Rose Coghlan, to Miss Barker, was opposed by her father, Geo. Barker, but approved by his wife. As a result of this disagreement Mr. and Mrs. Barker have separated.

Samuel W. Thornton and his sister-in-law, supposed to have been drowned at Coney Island a month ago, are safe in Jacksonville, Fla. They say they were carried out by the tide, floated on a log and were picked up by a Spanish barque.

The second triennial meeting of the congress of American physicians and surgeons began at Washington on Tuesday morning. The general meeting was called to order shortly after 3 o'clock. The members have started a project for the erecting of a statue to Benj. Rush, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, member of the Original Federal Constitutional Convention and surgeon-general and physician-general of the army.

**Canadian.**

Col. Ryan, of the Imperial forces at Halifax, was asked if there was any truth in the report that a cavalry regiment would be stationed at Halifax. He stated that it was possible there was some foundation for such a rumor.

Rafting of logs at the Fredericton booms is closed for the season. Only five million logs of the St. John river cut are hung up by low water. Next winter's lumbering operations promises to be on a smaller scale than for years past.

The City of St. John, N. B., is rapidly filling up for the opening of the international exhibition which, in way of attractions, bids fair to surpass all previous industrial shows in the Maritime Provinces. In the past St. John people have let Montreal and Ontario manufacturers monopolize the best places. This year St. John manufacturers are to the fore as never before, and the exhibition will be almost wholly a Maritime one.

At a meeting of the Windsor, Ont., Tailors' Union held on Tuesday night, it was unanimously agreed to declare the strike at an end and permit the members to seek employment wherever it could be found. With this understanding the tailors started out on Wednesday morning in search of work, but at each of the shops they were informed that they were supplied with all the help they needed and that none of the old hands would be taken back under any consideration.



REVISED AND CORRECTED.

"He who by the plough would thrive,  
Himself must either hold or drive,"  
The proverb said of old;  
But in these modern days 'tis found  
That those whose labor tills the ground  
Win very little gold.

The way that things are going now,  
The man who holds or drives the plough  
Reaps but a scanty store;  
While idle hands receive the spoil  
Filched from the tillers of the soil,  
And ever seek for more.

No, he who by the plough would thrive,  
Himself must neither hold nor drive.  
If you to wealth would rise,  
With aid of labor's strong right arm,  
Just get a mortgage on the farm  
Or corner wheat supplies.

PHUNNY ECHOES.

Can a man who falls off a roof be called  
an eaves-dropper?

To the indolent man every movement is a  
labor movement.

He (proudly)—My motto is live and let  
live. She (wearily)—I wish it was sleep  
and let sleep.

Tommy—What part of speech is woman?  
Papa—Woman is no part of speech at all,  
my son. She is the whole of it.

Jack (the facetious)—I wonder what State  
they run the lottery of love in? Pauline  
(the cynical)—In every State, I guess, ex-  
cept the married state.

Johnny, said the pretty teacher, what is a  
kiss? I can't exactly put it in words, re-  
turned the boy, but if yer really want'er  
know I can show yer.

I cannot imagine why you should discour-  
age him. He seems to be a young man of  
steady habits. Yes, that is so, mamma,  
dear. And bachelorhood is one of them, I  
think.

Ikey—I am going, now, to pay you a  
peautiful diamant engagement ring, Rebe-  
ca. Rebecca—Don't forget, Ikey, that my  
fader sells them cheaper than anyone else in  
town.

It strikes me, my dear, said he sarcasti-  
cally, as the cries of the baby arose above  
the lullaby she was trying to sing to it, that  
your voice is something of a Jonah—it is  
swallowed up by a wail.

Four year old Charlotte had been having  
some trouble with her English, but she has  
entirely passed her difficulties in one point.  
I see how it is now, mamma, she said the  
other day. Hens set and lay. Yes. And  
people sit and lie, don't they, mamma?

Began With "A."

In London one evening, writes a corres-  
pondent, I was looking for the Alhambra.  
Not knowing exactly in what direction it  
was, I stopped to inquire of a passer by,  
when suddenly the name of the theatre es-  
caped me entirely.

The situation was awkward, but I said:  
Do you know where that large theatre is  
near here? The name begins with "A."  
The man replied at once:  
Oh, you mean the 'Aymarket, sir.

It Wasn't Exactly Murder.

Murder!  
One afternoon recently this cry in a hotel  
in the neighborhood of Broadway, proceed-  
ing from a room on the third floor, caught  
the ears of several chambermaids and cre-  
ated instant consternation. Yes, there was  
no mistaking it. It was the voice of a man  
who shrieked the word from room 40, and  
the chambermaids at once sent a messenger  
to the office with the news that murder was  
being committed!

Don't kill me by inches!  
These words alarmed others besides the  
chambermaids, and the group of three or  
four presently grew to a dozen. Who oc-  
cupied the room? One of the chambermaids  
recalled seeing a black bearded man of  
somewhat piratical look, accompanied by a  
woman closely veiled, enter the room. Was  
he killing her?

Oh, oh—you are killing me!  
It was the voice of the man. The veiled  
woman had him in her power and seemed to  
be submitting him to some torture. Several  
of the crowd knocked at the door, and one  
of the chambermaids demanded in a falsetto  
voice that it should be opened at once.  
There was a ha, ha, ha! from the veiled  
woman, and the voice of the man cried out:  
What! do you mock at my misery?

The manager came from the office and de-  
manded admittance in the name of the law,  
and after some little delay the door was  
opened and a woman stood in the opening  
and asked what was wanted.

What's going on in there? Who's being  
hurt? demanded the manager.

She laughed her ha, ha, ha! again, and it  
was echoed by the voice of a man behind  
her.

What's all this about? shouted the man-  
ager.

Why, what do you all want? she replied  
demurely, I was only pulling a porous plaster  
off my husband's back.

LABOR AND WAGES.

AMERICAN.

Fifty-two cards were deposited with Ty-  
pographical Union No. 6, New York, last  
week and thirty-eight were withdrawn.  
Members John Carrigan and Cornelius A.  
Day have died.

Canmakers' Assembly No 1304, K. of L.,  
has passed resolutions condemning the ac-  
tion of the electricians belonging to the or-  
der who favored a petition to Congress to  
repeal laws that may exclude able bodied  
immigrants from this country.

The Homebraker & Keener File Co., of  
Middletown, N. Y., has adopted the File-  
makers' Union's stamp and made their shop  
a strictly K. of L. shop.

The nine hour rule has gone into effect for  
the carpenters, joiners and calkers at the  
shipyards in Baltimore.

The Philadelphia Branch of the National  
Lithographic Artists' and Engravers' Asso-  
ciation has resolved to have its work done in  
printing offices employing none but union  
men.

The Central Council of the Knights of  
Labor in Chicago is to be abolished and its  
functions will be vested in D. A. 24.

The Bakers' Union of San Francisco have  
established a school of oratory.

The Joint Executive Board of the New  
York Bakers' unions has applied for per-  
mission from the State Bureau of Labor to  
take up statistics in regard to the condition  
of bake shops in that city.

The Cloakmakers' Union of New York  
has reduced its branches to five, composed of  
operators, tailors, pressers, Italians and  
ladies. These branches are to elect three  
delegates each, who are to propose a plan of  
reorganization. The dues were reduced  
from 10 to 5 cents a week. Joseph Baro-  
ness has notified the Union that he will not  
again accept any office in the organization.

EUROPEAN.

The Bakers' National Union of Germany  
has adopted a union label.

The Melbourne unskilled labor unions  
have formed a federation with a political  
platform.

The carpenters' strike in London is in its  
twenty-seventh week. About 3,600 men are  
out and over \$150,000 have been paid them  
from the strike fund.

Delegates of the Employers' Associations  
of New South Wales have held a secret  
meeting, adopting a "plan" with a view of  
"overthrowing unionism and anarchy."

The labor representatives in New South  
Wales Parliament have agreed that no mem-  
ber of the party be permitted to accept a  
salariated office while being a member of Par-  
liament.

The dockers of Havre, France, have struck  
on account of wages. The employers offered  
slight concessions, which the dockers re-  
fused. The mayor is endeavoring to nego-  
tiate a settlement.

The New Unionism is marching on in  
Australia. The Croydon Miners' Union has  
seceded from the Amalgamated Miners' As-  
sociation, which does not allow politics to be  
discussed at the meetings of its affiliated  
unions, and joined the political Australian  
Labor Federation.

About \$41,000 was sent from the southern  
colonies in Australia to the bush workers to  
aid them during their strike. Some remis-  
sances were sent direct to the seat of war,  
and when the balance sheet appears it will  
probably be shown that \$50,000 was sub-  
scribed by workers of the south to carry on  
the futile but memorable struggle.

The Australian Workman, the organ of  
the Sydney Trades and Labor Council, is  
involved in a libel action, which has arisen  
out of an article which attempted to prove  
that the well known Ardill, who was con-  
nected with a home for women and other  
charitable institutions had been miscon-  
ducting himself, and was not the agent for  
good that he professed to be. Damages are  
laid at \$10,000.

A trades union of barmaids, the name  
given to that numerous army of young ladies  
who dispense the cup that cheers and like-  
wise inebriates over the bar, was brought  
into existence last week in London, Eng-  
land. It is to be called the "Barmaids'  
Guild." Its objects are to keep the scale of  
wages up to a specified standard, to grant  
weekly allowances to members out of em-  
ployment, and to provide legal counsel for  
girls unjustly and illegally discharged from  
situations; 200 good looking barmaids  
signed the roll as charter members.

The unemployed of Melbourne have been  
interviewing the Premier of Victoria with  
respect to the opening up of public works,  
to afford opportunity of work to those who  
are unable to procure employment from private  
capitalists. Mr. Munro informed the men,  
through the deputation, that wood cutting  
would be offered the men; but nothing  
beyond that would be done. The difficult  
part of the unemployed question is that  
large numbers of the unfortunates are  
physically incapable of performing work  
which requires good physique, hence often  
their pitiable condition.

Spring comes and with a joyous  
voice  
Bids man with nature to rejoice.

Spring Overcoats!

A specialty is made in this  
garment, of which we have a  
large assortment. At a fashion-  
able tailor's they would cost  
from \$20 to \$30.

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French Algolia and light  
Meltons—is used in the manu-  
facture of these Coats.

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Each Garment Tailor-Made

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deserved it. No failure possible where superiority is  
evident and so generally acknowledged.

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Suits for Children, 4 to 12 years, - 2 00 to 8 00  
Knee Pants for Children, 4 to 12 years 0 75 to 1 50  
School Pants for Boys, 12 to 16 years 1 00 to 3 50

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and form, but all  
may have robust  
health and strong  
nerves and clear  
minds. Our treat-  
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men. The methods  
are our own exclusively, and where  
anything is left to build upon, the  
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the result of over-work, sickness,  
worry, etc., forever cured. Full  
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to every organ and portion of the  
body. Simple, natural methods. Im-  
mediate improvement seen. Failure  
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## OUR BOARDING HOUSE

Reflections on Current Events by the Boarders.

"A howl arose lately from a section of this community," said Brown, "because a policeman in self-defence used his baton upon the head of a prisoner, and there were many who not only applauded the Mayor's action in suspending the man but actually demanded that the right of the police to carry and use clubs should be revoked. Without going into the merits of this case, I merely wish to point out that every man on the force must be able to read and write and produce a first-class certificate of character before he is enrolled. After he becomes a policeman he is responsible to the Chief, the Mayor, or Police Committee for each and every one of his official acts; the fact of his being an officer does not preclude any citizen from entering an action in our courts of law for any injury or wrong that he may have suffered at his hands. He is then doubly responsible for any abuse of power with which he may be invested; responsible to his superior and the elected representatives of the people in the City Council, and responsible to the laws of the land. Under such circumstances it is not likely that even the most pugilistically inclined "Bobby" will greatly abuse the power he holds; not only is his bread and butter at stake but such a course might ultimately land him in prison. Of great deal more importance to the community and of greater danger to the State is the power vested in irresponsible magistrates, any three of whom may, upon demand, call out the militia and let 'slip the dogs of war' upon any community no matter how peaceably inclined. This was done on the Hereford Railway three years ago, when the troops were called out to assist a swindling contractor in robbing his men of three months' pay, and is repeated to-day in Hull, where the militia is being used to intimidate lumbermen into working for starvation wages. There is not an elective official to-day in Canada from a two-penny-half-penny town clerk to a responsible Minister of the Crown who, if he had the power, dare call out the militia upon so little provocation and for such nefarious purpose as was deemed good and sufficient to the magistrates of Hull and Cookshire. It may be highly patriotic to 'sit on' a policeman for abusing his power, but what about the magistrates who so flagrantly abuse their power?"

"The whole fact of the matter is that not ten out of every hundred of our justices of the peace understand the duties of their office," said Phil, "or yet are competent to intelligently discharge them. Neither is this anything to be surprised at when you consider the indiscriminate way in which they are appointed. Why, we have had men appointed who couldn't write their own name or yet read it if it was written in letters as big as a barn door, and whose only qualification was that they had lent the Government a hand during election times, and often in a very questionable manner at that, and these are the men who hold the power to declare civil war among us. Nothing occurred at either Cookshire or Hull which half a dozen constables with a little tact and common sense could not have settled satisfactorily, yet in the former place it almost created a revolution, with an expenditure of eight thousand dollars, and at the latter place no man living can say what the outcome may be. Should this unwarranted calling out of the militia result in riot and bloodshed, in destruction of property or loss of life, there is positively outside of Judge Lynch's code, no law under which you could punish the magistrates who signed the warrant for their inconsiderate and hasty action. The militia is an organization maintained at the expense of the State, and should only be called out as a last re-

sort when all other efforts of the local authorities to maintain order had failed, and no one but the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, who is responsible to the country, should have the power to call it out. If the office of justice of the peace was ever intended to be anything more than an honorary title thrown into the maw of ambitious and vain glorious politicians, it should be made elective; if not, the present incapable incumbents should be shorn of the power to plunge the country into a civil war."

"It just amounts to this," said Gas-kill, "that if the militia is to be used for no other purpose than that of intimidating labor it is high time that labor took steps to disband an organization which acts the part of bumbailiff for greedy capitalists. As a matter of fact, I can't understand why workingmen have not devoted more attention to this question in the past. I have never yet read or heard of a single instance where the militia was called out for the purpose of protecting labor or to shoot down capitalistic robbers, and until I do hear it or see it done I shall advocate as a measure of first importance the disbanding of all troops whether they be regulars or volunteers. I don't believe in picking the stick which is to be used on my own back."

BILL BLADES.

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