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The Garland.

THE SCATTERED HOUSEHOLD.

"How the world's aspect changes!"

The family group is gathered,
And all are happy there;
The cheerful smile and glance pass round,
For life with them is fair,
A full unbroken household!

There is another gathering,
But one is wanting there;
The youth who sat beside his sire
Comes not to fill his chair;
The grave yard bears another stone—
The mother's smile is sweeter than—
The Father's glance more bright.

There is a third gathering,
But where is she whose smile
Was wont to make our young hearts glad,
Our father's care and mother's smile,
In vain we list a Mother's voice—
'Tis still in the tomb!

The happy smile is now no more—
Where mirth was now is gloom.
Once more an empty space
Posits that Death has been at work
To fill a Brother's place.

His grave is in a distant Isle,
Made by a stranger's hand;
Oh! hard it is to die away
From one's own native land!

That group may never gather more
Around that kindred heart—
'Tis broken up—what Death has left
Are scattered o'er the earth!
And where that humble mansion stood,
There now is not a stone
To mark the spot and tell of those
Who to their graves have gone!

THE GYPSY'S PROPHECY.

Lady thro' back thy raven hair,
Lay thy white brow in the moonlight here,
I will look on the stars, and look on thee,
And read the page of thy destiny.

Little thanks shall I have for my tale—
Even in youth thy cheeks will be pale;
By thy side is the red-roose tree—
One lone rose drops withered, so thou wilt be.

Round thy neck is a ruby chain,
One of the rubies is broken in twain;
They on the ground each shattered part,
Broken and lost, they will be like thy heart.

Mark you star—'t is shone at thy birth;
Look again—'t has fallen to earth;
Its play has passed like a thought away—
So, or yet sooner, wilt thou decay.

Over yon fountain's silver fall
Is a moonlight rainbow's coronal;
It shines of light will melt in tears—
Well may they imagine thy future years.

I may not read in thy hazel eyes
For the long dark lash that over them lies;
So in my art I can but see
One shadow of doubt o'er thy destiny.

I can see thee but dark revelations
Of passionate hopes and wasted feelings—
Of love that passed like the lava wave,
Of a broken heart and an early grave.

Antiquarian.

"We endeavor by variety to adapt some things to one reader, some to another, and a few perhaps to every taste."—Piny.

ALGERIERS.—The climate of this country is described as soft and salubrious; the seasons follow each other in the gentlest succession; the heats of the earlier autumn are excessive, but generally tempered by northerly winds. Few diseases are peculiar to the Algerine territory; it has not been visited by the plague for many years, though in the mean time raging with much violence in the neighbouring Island of Malta.

The mineral riches are supposed to be great, but iron and lead are the principal metals which have yet been discovered. Gold is said to exist among the mountains of Atlas; other minerals and mineral springs are numerous, and great quantities of the most beautiful corals are found on the coast. It is, however, in the fertility of the soil that the chief riches of the country exist: a happy combination of warmth and humidity gives great vigor and magnificence to the vegetable productions; wheat and Indian corn are extremely abundant, and the vines grow to a prodigious height. The olive tree is indigenous; all fruits common to the south of Europe are of the most exquisite flavor; and the oaks, in many places grow to an immense size. The hills are covered with thyme and rosemary; and in many places there are extensive tracts thickly planted with roses, for the distillation of the famous essence so well known in Europe. The climate has at all times been greatly favourable to the culture of sugar cane, which grows with great vigor and is thought by many to be indigenous, and to have supplied the plants with which the cultivation was first established in the West Indies. The horses of Barbary have long been celebrated for their beauty and symmetry. Beasts of prey are numerous, and the desolated state of the country favours their propagation.

The Algerines, to a proverb, are a barbarous people; but, though uncivilized and unlearned, they are in a state of civilization far above the Indians of America. They are, in fact, rather a rude than a savage race. Some of their manufactures are beautiful, and worthy of imitation. They dress, with costly stuffs, in a better style and taste than either the Greeks or Turks, and they have that grand distinction of civilized society, an organized police, and laws, and a judiciary. The French have, therefore, not gone to take possession of a wild country, merely on account of the soil, as we have done in North America and Australasia, but to conquer a State of no inconsiderable resources—and the people interested in their success. They propose to regenerate the country; and, perhaps, no scheme to relieve France of a portion of her dissatisfied population could have been

devised superior, for although the acquisition would be important, yet without some object beyond the conquest, such is the state of the Moors—a military people—that it could hardly be expected to pay the expenses of the garrison necessary to preserve it. As the site of the colony, however, it would be difficult, on the map of the world to point out one more eligible to France. The voyage is short, and the climate is so little different, that the French would scarcely be able to discern there that they had changed countries. The French Government have not disclosed their colonial intention; but it is well known, and, doubtless, as soon as the city of Algiers surrenders, the plan of colonization will then be made public.

NAUTICAL HOAX.

Among the passengers on board the packet ship *George Canning*, on her late voyage from New-York, was a gentleman who had resided some years at New-Orleans, in the capacity of agent for the great Leviathan of the London Stock Exchange. For some action of this gentleman, his fellow-passengers conceived that he would be a good subject on whom to play off a hoax. They determined, therefore, to get up one on the first favourable opportunity. A suspicious looking schooner having one evening passed close to the packet, a fear was feigned by some of them that the schooner was a pirate, and that an attack might perhaps be made by the crew, in the course of the night, on the *George Canning*. Measures were accordingly taken to give the pirate a warm reception, should the feigned attack actually be made. Whilst the passengers generally were to assist the crew of the packet, the gentleman in question was to remain below to guard the ladies, five in number, from the monsters of the deep. The conspirators having prepared the plot, and several of them having dressed themselves in sailors' clothes, the alarm of the ship being attacked by pirates was raised, the parties flew to their posts, and the first act of the hoax commenced. Upon the deck the deception was carried on by the firing of pistols and the clashing of cutlasses; whilst two gentlemen, disguised as sailors, and rendered ferocious-looking by bushy whiskers and shaggy hair, rushed down into the cabin, armed with pistols and cutlasses. There they found the hero of the hoax, who, on seeing his assailants, rushed into the ladies' cabin, the fair ones keeping up the deception by screaming most lustily. Here he was seized by the supposed pirates, who, after pulling him about, and frightening the poor scamp nearly out of his senses, ran off. A loud cheer was now raised on the deck, to mark the defeat of the pirates, the leader of whom, it was affirmed, had been shot dead in attempting to reach the schooner's boat. The second act of the hoax was played off on the next day. Our hero, who had been congratulated, by all his fellow-passengers, on the courage which he had displayed in defending the fair, was ushered into the presence of the ladies, who, with the ceremonies usually attendant on the bestowal of knighthood in the times of chivalry, made him kneel down before them: they then bestowed on him the honour of knighthood, placing on his head a crown of their own manufacture, and giving him a medal, made by impressing a dollar on a piece of leather, on the reverse of which was an inscription, commemorative of his heroic and knightly conduct on the occasion of the packet ship being attacked by pirates. He took the captain's place at the head of the table, wearing the crown on his cap, and proposed the opening of a subscription to reward the crew for their heroic courage in defending the ship, handing out his own ten sovereigns towards the fund! The farce was kept up from that day to the end of the voyage, the poor simpleton believing, all the time, that the *George Canning* had been actually attacked by pirates, and that he, by his own personal courage, had saved the ladies from being murdered! He related the story wherever he went; and to crown the hoax, the *Morning Herald*, of Thursday, contained an account of the piratical attack on and plunder of the packet ship *George Canning*, on her passage from New-York to Liverpool!

We subjoin the account given of the above occurrence in the *Herald*, to which paper, doubtless, it was furnished by Sir John S.—
"We give the following extraordinary statement, which was obtained from one of the passengers of the *George Canning*, without note or comment:
"The *George Canning*, Captain Allen, bound to Liverpool, from New-York, was boarded at Sea, on the night of the 21st of June, by pirates. Six of them kept station on deck, and four entered the large cabin. One fellow presented a pistol at the head of a gentleman (a passenger) who placed himself against the door leading to the ladies' cabin, and thus prevented them effecting an entrance. The pirates threatened him with immediate death if he did not move out of the way when another of the party, dressed as a sailor, came down, and looking at the gentleman, desired the party holding the pistol not to fire, as he knew him. The passengers and crew armed themselves, and fired at the pirates—two or three of whom were wounded.—They succeeded, however, in regaining their boat, having obtained a small amount of money from one of the passengers. This must have taken place very near the English coast. The ladies have subscribed a sum of money, in order to present the gentleman by whom they were so gallantly defended with a gold medal, which is now manufacturing in Liverpool.

TURKISH.—The first of these fowls, called by the English *Turkies*, and by the French *poules d'Indes*, were said to have been brought from Mexico, and were, in the year 1570, served up as a great rarity at the nuptial feast of King Charles IX. of France.

THE LIFE OF JAMES WILSON, BLIND FROM HIS INFANCY; AUTHOR OF ORIGINAL POEMS.

(From the *Liverpool Mercury*.)

We have perused this little memoir, of thirty six pages, with much interest, and strongly recommend it to the public, as a source of amusement to the readers, and of remuneration to the author, a deserving man, who has claims upon the sympathy of his more fortunate fellow-creatures. His work, which evinces piety without cant, cheerfulness without levity, gives evidence of an original and strong mind, improved, under every possible obstacle, by extensive reading and close study. We shall here transcribe a passage from Mr. Wilson's little volume, as a specimen of his style. Speaking of novel reading, the writer says,—

"My present dislike to this kind of reading I do not entertain without reason: for, first, a great deal of precious time is thereby spent that might be more usefully employed; secondly, the judgment is left without exercise, while the passions are inflamed; and, thirdly, those who are much in the habit of novel reading, seldom have a taste for books of any other kind; and hence their judgments of men and things must differ as far from his who has seen the world, as the most of novelists differ from real life. It is well aware that some of them are well written, and display ability in the author,—have the circumstances well disposed, the characters ably delineated, and the event preserved till the final close of the scene, which generally proves interesting and affecting. But to what does all this tend? (except in recording the customs and manners of the times which they represent,) only to mislead the imagination, to foster a morbid sensibility to fictitious woes, and a romantic admiration of ideal and unattainable perfection, without strengthening the judgment, cultivating active benevolence, or a just appreciation of real worth. In contrasting the characters of Tom Jones and Sir Charles Grandison, with those of the Duke of Sully and Lord Clarendon, we observe a striking difference between the real and fictitious personages; yet, the mere novel reader is neither wiser nor more virtuous in reading the lives of these illustrious characters, while the tear of sympathy stains his cheek as he pores over the imaginary sorrows of his heroes and heroines. There are, I know, many novels to which the above observations do not apply, particularly some of modern date, which are very superior to most real life; but still the best, even of these, present overcharged pictures of real life, and in proportion as they are fascinating, they incite the mind to more serious reading."

ANTIQUARIAN RESEARCH OF THE HONOURABLE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

As Hawthorne, in *Love in a Village*, says, "There is no necessity for a man to be a conjuror who has ten thousand a year income," so by the same rule it may not be absolutely necessary that this bloated and insatiable body of monopolists should be deeply versed in antiquarian research, or any other kind of literary pursuit. The following anecdote is to be found in the *Recollections*, &c., by John Nichols; vol. II, p. 13:

"I was informed by the late Warren Houstess that while he was Governor-General of Bengal, he sent a present to the Directors of the East India Company of one hundred and seventy-two Darrees. They had been found buried in an earthen pot on the bank of a river in the province of Benares. The Darree is a gold coin of the ancient Persian empire, deriving its name from the Persian Emperor Darius, and having on its reverse an archer. In allusion to this reverse, Agreilus, King of Sardinia, said "he had been driven out of Asia by 30,000 archers" by which expression he meant he had been forced to relinquish his expedition by the efforts of those archers in the different republics of Greece who had been bribed with Persian money. Perhaps the Darree is the most rare gold coin that is come down to us from ancient times. There is one in the British Museum, and I believe there is another in the collection of coins belonging to the King of France. I never heard but of one more, and I forget in whose collection it exists. Mr. Hastings told me that when he sent these coins to the Court of Directors, he considered himself as making the most magnificent present to his masters that he might ever have in his power to send them. Judge of his surprise when he found on his arrival in England that those Darrees had been sent to the melting pot! I do not know the names of the Directors of that year; they were fortunate in not having been tried for this act by a jury of antiquarians."

There is no place, perhaps, in the world where the inhabitants live to so advanced an age as in the Shetland Isles. Instances of individuals attaining to upwards of 120 years of age in these islands, and being able to go about their ordinary employment to the last, are of frequent occurrence. Chamberlayne in his "Present State of Great Britain," says, "They (the Shetland Islanders) are generally healthy, commonly live to five, six, or seven score years of age." The same author, in another part of his book, mentions that at the time he wrote, he knew of one woman upwards of 140 years of age, who then retained the full exercise of her faculties, and constantly attended to the occupation in which the greater part of her life had been spent.

On Saturday evening, while Mr. Wombwell's wild-beasts were at feed, one of the tigers quietly walked out of his den, the door of which had been accidentally left open for a moment, and, by a single bound, placed himself in the centre of the arena, and in the midst of a hundred trembling spectators. There was, of course a great deal of hurrying to and fro among the gentlemen, but the object of their alarm conducted himself with the greatest propriety; and, after dancing a simple sort of minuet in the midst of them, suffered himself to be caught and reconducted to his den. There are some of the tigers, however, which are not quite so goodnatured as the one we have just immortalized. On Tuesday forenoon an inquisitive rogue of a boy crept under the wheels of one of the carriages, and put his face close to a hole in one of the dens, in order to reconnoitre his inmates—a privilege which the state of his pocket did not allow him to enjoy in a legitimate manner. In the midst of his extasy, at having discovered so excellent a peeping hole, a huge claw was dashed in his cheek, and bit off a tuft of hair. A friend of our's, who chanced to be loitering near by when the poor fellow crept under the wheels, instantly took him to Dr. Nesting, who humanely sowed up the laceration, which we regret to add, will occasion a disfigurement for life.—*Edinburgh Observer*.

THE FIRE-IRONS; OR, FAMILY QUARRELS.

(From *Jacob Jones's* *Prose* for *Capit. N. Hymen*.)

Mr. Chase was gravely reading the original *Hafen* *Slowkenberg*, at one side of the fire, and Mrs. Chase sat downing worried snuffings at the other. By some unaccountable accident, the *Iron* was all on Mrs. Chase's side. "My dear," said Mr. Chase, "how much it makes me to gaze on any thing that looks so important! He had enough, my dear, to let me have the picture on my side." Mrs. Chase, who was busy taking a long stitch at the time, replied, "I'll give it you presently, my love." "Say, please, put me out of pain at once," he absolutely quitted his seat, and to my eyes, the fire-iron looks like a saw with one cut." "O! how foolish! How can you be so whimsical?" "How can I be so whimsical?" "Lord, man, don't be so plucky lightly." "No, madam, I am no such thing." "Pray, don't put yourself into such a pester." "I'll tell you I am not in a pester." "I say, sir, you are for shamed! How can you throw yourself in such a position?" "I am in a pester." "Yes, sir, you are." "Is that all?" 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NOTICE.

A RACE BY CUPIDS. From the Italian. A hundred Cupids, pausing for a space Amid their jocund sports the other day...

The scientific expedition to Egypt, set on foot by the Tuscan Government, according to a letter from Florence, have paid their respects to the Grand Duke...

INDIA RUBBER.—This valuable product, first made known by La Condamine, in 1736, is the juice of a species of tree growing in South America...

THE FORT TAP.—At a village in the south of this county, on the borders of the Vale of Belvoir, the Reverend Vicar of the Parish had recently occasion to hire a labourer...

A village smith (says a provincial paper) not one hundred miles from Bristol, has lately purchased for his daughter a piano, and engaged a master to give her lessons in the science of harmony...

Good.—We have with much astonishment remarked an item in the terms of several of our contemporaries, that "no paper will be discontinued until all arrears are paid up."

DAY & MARTIN'S BLEACHING.

30 BLS. DAY & MARTIN'S LIQUID BLACKING.—Assorted sizes. 10 Barrels PASTE do. do.

St. John, June 1st.

GEORGE D. ROBINSON.

Has received by the Fourth, from Glasgow, a Part of his QUINCE'S PATENT...

7 BLS. PALE SEAL OIL. QUANTITY of very superior Pale Seal OIL, in casks from 26 to 80 gallons.

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200 CRATES BROWN WARE. containing—Milk Pans, Water Jugs, Stew Pans, Toilet Mugs, &c.

RECEIVED. Er Biz from Newcastle: 5 TONS CORDAGE, assorted, from 6 thread Rattine to 7 inch Shrouding...

LOWE & GROOCCOCK.

Has received per the above Ship, from London, a very extensive and well selected Assortment of GOODS.

Supernum. Black, Blue, Olive, Brown, Gaford Mice, Cloth, Bottle Green, Drab, Grey, and Citron Olive BROAD CLOTHS.

Black, blue and drab Saxony Cashmeres; White, brown and mixed Drills; Black, plain, & striped Drills; &c. &c. &c.

THE FORT TAP.—At a village in the south of this county, on the borders of the Vale of Belvoir, the Reverend Vicar of the Parish had recently occasion to hire a labourer...

Blue, black and brown Linings and Casings; Twined and plain silk and colored Hosiery; Black, blue and drab Saxony Cashmeres...

Blue and white Linings; Blue, black and brown Linings; Blue, black and brown Linings; Blue, black and brown Linings...

White, green and yellow Marking Cottons, with assortment of Worsted and Linen; Embroidered Coloured Cottons, &c. &c. &c.

SIXTEEN Bales of Printing, Writing, and Wrapping PAPER, of all descriptions; Printing, Printing, and Printing Cards; A Variety of Stationery and Posters...

With many other Articles, well adapted for the present season, too numerous to mention—All of which have been carefully selected by Mr. L. and will be found a Great Assortment.

FLOUR & STAVES. The subscriber offers for Sale the Cargo of Sic's Desiah, from Baltimore:

148 BLS. SUPERIOR FLOUR: 46 do. do. Fine do.; 100 do. Extra superior do. of New Wheat; 100 do. Howard-street RYE FLOUR—a superior article for Families; 100 do. NAVY BREAD.

WINE & LOAF SUGAR. Received per late Arrivals, and for sale by the Subscriber: 2 TONS SHOT, from BB to No. 9;

PALE SEAL OIL. QUANTITY of very superior Pale Seal OIL, in casks from 26 to 80 gallons.

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200 CRATES BROWN WARE. containing—Milk Pans, Water Jugs, Stew Pans, Toilet Mugs, &c.

RECEIVED. Er Biz from Newcastle: 5 TONS CORDAGE, assorted, from 6 thread Rattine to 7 inch Shrouding...

LOWE & GROOCCOCK.

St. John, June 1st.

QUEBEC BEER.

BOSTON CLEAR PORK, &c. &c. Just landed ex Ship Dispatches from Quebec: 30 BLS. PRIME BEER, latest

A FEW BARRELS BOSTON CLEAR PORK. —IN STORE— 75 Barrels Navy Bread;

AN ASSORTMENT of very handsome Rush and Wood bottom'd Boston manufactured CHAIRS.—For sale very low by E. DEW. RATCHFORD.

SPICED SALMON, &c. FOR SALE. 400 K LPTS SALMON; 100 Smoked do.;

30 PUNCHONS JAMAICA RUM; 10 DITO MOLASSES; 10 BARRELS SUGAR.

100 CASKS CUT NAILS; 6 IRON BEDSTEADS.

RUM, SUGAR, & MOLASSES. A SUPPLY OF RUM, SUGAR, & MOLASSES, which will be sold cheap for Cash, or other prompt pay—by D. HATFIELD & SON.

NEW GOODS. D. HATFIELD & SON. Has received by the BRITONS, from Liverpool, and other recent Arrivals, part of their Supply of BRITISH & AMERICAN GOODS.

CLOTHS, Flannels, Linens, Cottons, Moss-lins, Silks, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Caps, &c. suitable for the season—Lines, Twines, Cordage, Canvass, Kedges with Chains, Cammouses, Ship Chandlery, &c.

THE REMAINDER of their SPRING SUPPLY, they expect by the first Arrivals from London and New-York, which, with the recent Importations and their former Stock on hand, will comprise a very extensive and well selected assortment of Articles in general use, either in Town or Country.

NEW GOODS. The Subscriber, in addition to his former Supply of BRITISH MERCHANDIZE, has just received the remainder of an extensive Spring Importation of GOODS, suitable for the season.

GENTLEMEN'S & LADIES' GLOVES, ass'd. DITO DITO SHOES & BOOTS, DITO DITO CLOTH & WORSTED STOCKINGS and half Hose.

A variety of Mecklin and Gimp Lace; Lace Veils; Bonnets; Gros de Naples; Blue, Black and brown, broad and narrow Crotches, of all descriptions;

PAINTS and Oil—raw and boiled; BRASS GLASS—assorted; PLYMOUTH and Windsor Soap; BRUSHES and Bristle Combs; FANNERS; BOMBOZETS; SHUFLONS; GENTS fine Beaver Hats; mens' and boys' do. assorted;

AN extensive assortment of furniture, printed and plain COTTONS, bleached & unbleached; Silk Handkerchiefs; Coloured and black Lining Cambrics; An extensive assortment of Ironmongery; Nails, Bolt and Bar Iron; Camp ovens, Pots and Kettles, &c. &c. BRANDY by the Hogshead; Hollands Gin; Port and Madeira WINE.

FOR SALE. AN ANCHOR, of 13 Cwt. or thereabouts. Apply to JOHN ROBERTSON. 22d June.

FOR SALE. THAT Valuable Tract of LAND belonging to the Subscriber, known and distinguished as Lot No. 1, lying on the north side of the Great Road from Loch Lomond to Quaco, 18 miles from this city, and containing 500 acres, more or less.

FOR SALE. A FARM at Black River, containing 300 Acres, of which about 15 acres are cleared.—The situation is capable of much improvement, and of easy access either by land or water.

FOR SALE. THE DWELLING HOUSE in King-street, presently occupied by the Subscriber, opposite the Market Inn. It contains three Stores, which rent for £100, besides accommodations for a large family, and the situation is considered inferior to none in the City for a Boarding House or Tavern.

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St. John, June 1st.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, TAILOR.

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement of business in this City, and begs to intimate to his Customers and the Public generally, that he will continue the above Business, in its several branches, at his shop, North West corner of the Market-square, adjoining the Drug and Medicine Store of Mr. W. O. SMITH, and hopes, by strict attention and a disposition to please, to merit a continuation of their patronage.—All favours will be gratefully received and executed in the best and most fashionable manner, on moderate terms.

INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE. THE ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut, continue to Insure HOUSES & BUILDINGS of all descriptions, GOODS, FURNITURE, &c. within the Province of New-Bruswick, on the usual terms, for which, with any other particulars, please apply to the Subscriber, continuing to be at the same old office, as before.

THE NEW-BRUNSWICK FOUNDRY COMPANY respectfully inform the Public, that having lately imported from Great Britain a quantity of the first quality Pig Irons, they are now prepared to execute with promptitude and accuracy, orders for Machinery Castings, of all kinds; Hollow Ware; Franklins; Cooking Stoves, and Apparatus; Grates; &c. &c. Composition Rudder Braces, and Brass Work executed in the best style.

N. B. Orders left at the Foundry, Portland, or at HARRIS & ALLAN'S, on the Mill Bridge, will be carefully attended to.

FOR A FEW WEEKS ONLY! LIKENESSES WITH THE FEATURES PAINTED IN COLOURS, ONLY TWO DOLLARS EACH!

J. H. GELLESPIE, PROFILE MINIATURE PAINTER. (Late of London, Edinburgh, and Liverpool.)

RESPECTFULLY solicits the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of St. John and its vicinity, to visit his PAINTING ROOM, in the house belonging to Mr. NAGEL, opposite Trinity Church, Germain-street—where his very curious and elegant apparatus (by which he has taken the Likenesses of upwards of 30,000 persons) may be examined, and where specimens may be seen.

Mr. G. detains the person sitting only ten minutes—Paints the Features and Drapery neatly in Colours, at a very low charge; and, from having practised above twenty years, he generally succeeds in producing a strong resemblance.—At Halifax, (N. S.) he lately painted upwards of 1400 Likenesses.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber respectfully informs the Public in general, that he has purchased the improvements belonging to the BREWERY in Carmarthen-street, Lower Cove, formerly belonging to Mr. JOHN MONAHAN, where he offers for sale the following BEERS:—

BURTON ALE, MILD DO, PORTER and TABLE BEER.

YEAST, GRAINS, and VINEGAR. Having employed an experienced Brewer, he flatters himself, that he will be able to give satisfaction to Customers, and respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

N. B.—Persons having Barley for sale, will please apply to Mr. JOHN MONAHAN, North Market Wharf, or to the Subscriber, Lower Cove. EWEN CAMERON. St. John, N. B. 26th January, 1830.

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St. John, June 1st.

WILLIAM LIVINGSTONE, Surgeon.

Accoucher, &c., Licentiate of Glasgow University, respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of Saint John and its neighbourhood, that he has commenced practicing all the different Branches of his profession; and may be consulted at Mrs. Cook's Boarding House, Prince William-street, every day from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 3 p. m. to 7 p. m.—Town and Country Business attended to.

As Mr. L. has studied under the most celebrated Oculists and Aurists of the present day, and for the last five years had extensive experience in diseases of the Eye and Ear, patients afflicted with either of these, or any other of the maladies attendant upon the human system, may depend upon being treated upon the most scientific principles: He has also had wide, and very successful experience in all the different diseases of Women and Children. Teeth extracted with the greatest ease and safety upon the improved plan. Mr. L. is in possession of the most satisfactory testimonials of Professional ability from those whom he studied under, viz. Dr. James Jeffrey, Professor of Anatomy, Dr. John Towers, Professor of Midwifery, &c. &c.

Night calls attended to by ringing the Door Bell. Advice to the poor GRATIS. May 18.

J. HARDING, M. D., Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons, and Member of the Royal Physical Society, Edinburgh, announces, that it being his intention to practice the different branches of his profession in Saint John, he purposes publishing some Remarks on the Diagnosis and Prognosis of certain diseases of the Heart and Lungs, which have recently been so very frequent both in Dublin and Edinburgh, where so many opportunities have occurred to him, (during his assistance in different Hospitals) of forming Clinical remarks, with a strict attention to Auscultation, or the use of the Stethoscope invented by LAENNEC.—Dr. HARDING has forwarded a Prospectus to Boston, with the view of obtaining Subscribers, and as soon as a sufficient number have come forward, he will immediately proceed in publishing the work.—Any persons residing in this or the neighbouring Provinces, wishing to become Subscribers, will be received by forwarding their names to Dr. HARDING, at his residence in Prince William-street, (in Mr. Peltzinger's house).

Advice to the Poor, between the hours of 9 & 11 a. m.—GRATIS. August 10.

PROPOSALS.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late HUGH JOHNSTON, Esquire, deceased, will render the same for settlement, within twelve months from the date hereof: And all Persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to

J. JOHNSTON, Executor. St. John, 30th March, 1830.

ALL Persons having demands against the Estate of the late Hon. JOHN ROBINSON, deceased, are requested to present the same to the Subscribers; and all persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

W. H. ROBINSON, Executor. St. John, N. B. 25th October, 1828.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of WILLIAM GONSOR, late of Golden Grove, County of Saint John, deceased, are requested to present their Accounts, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof: And all those indebted to said Estate, will make immediate payment to

NATHAN GODSOE, Adm'r. St. John, May 25, 1830.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing on Lots No. 8 & 9, Golden Grove, or conveying therefrom any of the Stock, Farming Utensils &c. in the event they will be prosecuted to the utmost extent of the Law. NATHAN GODSOE. May 25.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of COLIN BANISTER, late of this City, Master Mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same, duly attested, to the Subscriber, within Three Calendar Months from the date hereof: And all Persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

W. P. SCOTT, Sole Adm'r. St. John, June 15, 1830.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of DAVID VAUGHAN, Senior, late of the Parish of St. Martin, County of St. John, deceased, are hereby requested to render the same, duly attested, to the subscribers, within Three Months from the date hereof: And all those indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

RACHAEL VAUGHAN, Adm'r. DAVID VAUGHAN, Adm'r. SIMON VAUGHAN, Adm'r. August 24th, 1830.—4*

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of ALEXANDER MCCOY, late of the Parish of Portland, deceased, are requested to present their Accounts, duly attested, within six months, from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said Estate, will make immediate payment to

JAMES McCULLAUCH, Adm'r. August 31, 1830.

ASSISE OF BREAD. Published June 1, 1830.

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LAUCHLAN DONALDSON, Mayor.

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