

The Waterdown Review

VOL. 1.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1919

NO. 41.

NOTICE

I have secured the Agency for Ford parts for this district and in future will have a full line of all Ford repairs at lowest prices.

When in need of repairs call and see us.

Gallagher's Hardware
Waterdown

WATER BOTTLE WEEK

Two Days Sale, Friday and Saturday

AT CUMMINS' DRUG STORE

The last chance of the season to get one of the following Reliable Quality Red and Brown 2 quart Hot Water Bottles at actual wholesale prices.

\$1.50 Hot Water Bottles, red	99c
\$2.00 Hot Water Bottles, red	\$1.33
\$2.50 Hot Water Bottles, maroon	\$1.65
\$3.00 Hot Water Bottles, brown	\$1.99

Just Arrived

A few of Dr. Mile's celebrated weather calenders. If you want one of these useful calenders, absolutely free, please call for same at once, as they will not last long.

Holstein Friesian Cattle

Their Origin and Early Development

By Chas. M. Flatt

It is safe to say that at least seventy-five per cent. of the dairy cattle of this county are either pure bred or grade Holsteins. This is true of nearly every county in the province and to a greater or less extent of America as a whole. Since there were few Holsteins imported from Holland prior to 1885, their extension has been very rapid. The wide distribution of the breed is not a mere accident, without cause. The dairymen of America are too shrewd to go into any line of business without forethought. It is because in the Holstein-Friesian breed there are more high producers than in any other breed that we find so many of these cattle to-day. The question of how this particular breed became such good producers is an interesting one.

The first records we have of the history of this breed date back to about 300 B.C., when the Friesians came from Central Asia and settled on the shores of the North Sea, in North Holland and Friesland. They brought with them their herds of large white cattle. Some time after a German tribe from Hesse came and settled near the Friesians. As the story is told, the young men of one tribe visited and married the daughters of Friesland. For a dowry the parents often gave several white heifers. Gradually the cattle became mixed, and from their union began the great Black and White cattle of Holland. For centuries the Dutch people raised these cattle for both milk and beef production, but gradually, as the export market for cheese and butter grew, the tendency was to breed for milk alone. On the luxuriant pastures of Holland these cattle were reared under ideal conditions. They developed into a breed of great size. By their close association with the Dutch people they became very tractable, which accounts largely for the ease with which they may be handled.

In 1864, or about the time the first importations were made into America, Holland produced for export no less than 32,000,000 pounds of butter and 61,000,000 pounds of cheese. Up until 1873 no effort had been made in Holland to register any of the cattle. Soon after American breeders began making importations their demand for a Herd Book in Holland became so great that the Dutch were forced to start one. At that time, and even to-day, a considerable percentage of Dutch cattle were red and white. By importing only black and white animals from districts where that kind predominated the American breeder was able to secure animals which bred true to both type and color, so that it is only occasionally that a red and white calf is born from pure-bred Holsteins in America.

So we see that this breed of cattle has no particular claim to be called Holsteins. Although there may have been Dutch cattle of this kind bred in Holstein, still, most have been developed in Holland. However, the name of a breed has no effect on its quality. There is at present an agitation on foot to revert to the name "Dutch Friesian," as was first used by some American breeders.

For over 2000 years this breed of cattle has been bred in Holland. They have been improved by selection and care, so that it is not a remarkable thing to find them to be such great producers to-day. We have seen how they originated and how they were developed for milk production in Holland. It is of further interest to see what American and Canadian breeders have done for the breed.

Library Books

For the benefit of the citizens of Waterdown the following list of books are to be found on the Library shelves:

Geography.
Seven volumes of Highroads of Geography.

History.
Eleven volumes of Highroads of History.
Thirty-two volumes of Chronicles of Canada.
Thirteen volumes of Parkman's Works.

Biography.
Life of Lord Strathcona.
Life of Jno. Lubbock, two volumes.
Canadian Men and Women of Our Times.
Life of Gladstone, two volumes.

Religion.
Story of the Bible, by Foster.
Hurburt Story of the Bible.
Death of Christ, by Denny.
Pilgrims Progress, by Bunyon.

Philosophy.
Russia and the World, by Graham.
Four Noble Women, by Chappell.
The Great Illusion, by Angell.
The Land Question, by Henry George.
The State and the Poor, by Drage.
Progress and Prosperity, by Henry George.

Literature.
24 volumes of Waverley Novels.
14 volumes of Works of Dickens.
12 volumes of Everyman Encyclopedia.

Poetry.
Burns, Himan, Shakspeare, Milton Tennyson, Longfellow, Wordsworth, Browning.

Fiction.
Tarzan of the Apes, two volumes, by Burroughs.
Great Hagar, by Hockings.
Choirs Invisible, by Allen.
You Never Know Your Luck, by Parker.
The Clansman, by Dinon.
Mr. Crew's Career, by Churchill.
The Barrier, by Beach.
Jess of the River, by Roberts.
The Doctor, R. Connor.
Grace O'Malley, by Marchray.
Strong Man Vow, Hockings.
The Raft, Dawson.
Money Master, by Parker.
See next week's issue of the Review for further list.

From Commanding Officer, H.M.C.S. Bethalma, H.M.C. Dockyard, Halifax, N.S.
To Commodore Aemilius Jarvis, President of the Navy League of Canada, Toronto, Ontario.
Sir:—

I beg to request that you will convey to the ladies and members of the Royal Navy League of Canada the most grateful thanks of the officers and men of H.M.C. Atlantic Fleet for their generous and kindly New Year and Xmas Gifts received from them. They were apparently sent from Toronto, Fort William, Winnipeg, and in fact, from every Branch—far Inland—of the Canadian Navy League across Canada from the Atlantic to Pacific.

The Comforts, Pipes, Tobacco, Mufflers, Flannel Shirts, thick woollen Stockings, etc., were duly distributed from the Canteen, H.M.C. Dockyard, Halifax, thence to Sydney, Cape Breton, St. John, Newfoundland, to the various ship patrols, cruisers, and mine sweepers, drifters, etc., amidst the bitter gale and snow of our North Atlantic winter. They were indeed much appreciated, and I wish these ladies could hear some of the nice things that were said by our lads who were so immensely pleased at this kind and loving thought.

I have the honor to remain, Sir, yours most gratefully,

GERALD E. BRIDGE, R.D.,
Commander, R.N.R.

The Epworth League Enjoys Pleasant Time

The Epworth League spent a very pleasant and profitable social evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Langton on Monday evening last.

Mr. C. P. McGregor was chairman and gave the young people a most inspiring address on "Work" and the importance of filling our lives with work well done. Those who work with the thought of paynight always in mind are not the men who advance in life. But the man who does just a little bit more than he is paid to do is the man who gets a promotion to the higher departments of the business where he is engaged. He stated an instance of a young man in Brantford, who came from humble circumstances, who took such an interest in his work that it was noticed, and to-day he is one of the managers in the Simpson company.

Musical numbers were given by several of the young people, followed by a most helpful address by one who always gives us something practical. His address might be summed up under three headings. In whatever your life work may be 1st. Be thorough. 2nd Try to excel, not in the sense of getting ahead of somebody else, but of advancing and becoming more efficient. 3rd. Have the Will to do, as did Lincoln in a cartoon in one of our papers which pictured a log cabin with a ladder up to the White House, and the thought for every young person is that the ladder is still there for one who is willing to climb it.

Refreshments were served and a most enjoyable evening was brought to a close.

High School Examinations

Form III—Ancient History

E. Attridge 67. C. Davidson 55. H. Vance 50. B. Shaidle 36. F. Barram 35. A. Mullock 30. F. Pereira 29. G. Best 28. P. Slater 25. N. Attridge 24. D. McQuarrie 24. E. Griffin 23. G. Forth 22. L. Ireland 21. B. Higginson 18. I. Slater 16. C. Nicholson 16. E. Nicholson 11. M. Baker 11. R. Higginson 2

Then and Now

From the Kolnische Zeitung of September, 1914:

There will be no such country as Great Britain, at the end of the War, in existence. In its place we shall have Little Britain, a narrow strip of island territory peopled by loutish football-kickers, living on crumbs that Germany will bring to throw to them. Whatever this war may bring in its train, certain it is that the laughable and childish military system of Britain will shortly fall to pieces. Then the once mighty Empire, with her naval strength represented by the few old tubs which Germany will have left her, will become the laughing-stock of nations—a scarecrow at which children will point their fingers in disdainful glee.

R. H. Coats, Dominion Statistician, in a recent article in the Monetary Times on "The National Wealth and Income of Canada" says: "Back of the entire reconstruction and rehabilitation problem stands the financial problem; how can we produce and save sufficient wealth to liquidate the obligations of the war?"

The Greater Production campaigns of the last two years have demonstrated that, in the matter of production, Canadians will be equal to any demand that is likely to be made on them. But, saving is quite another thing. Canadians should cultivate it more; for what will greater production avail, unless, at the same time, there be greater saving?

Canadian enterprise will solve the problem of Greater Production. The Canadian War Savings Plan will solve the problem of greater saving. Through the purchase of War Savings and Thrift Stamps saving is made easy. These stamps will greatly help solve Canada's financial problem.

EATS DIRT



GILLETT'S LYE

CLEANS-DISINFECTS-USED FOR SOFTENING WATER-FOR MAKING HARD AND SOFT SOAP-FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH CAN.

Weimar Is Hun Refuge

An ancient city of refuge for ideals is Weimar, the little capital of the Grand Duchy of Saxe-Weimar, where the first German Assembly of the new democracy is being held. The German Athens it was called when Germany truly revered art and letters and sages, and though its glamor began to fade as a citadel of culture when Goethe died in 1828 it has held out all these years against the epurious culture of the Hun.

A shelter for republicanism it was when its fame was spreading through the literary world, and when in 1870 the conquest of France had been accomplished the victor's song was heard, not in Weimar, but in Berlin. The capital of Prussia may lose its influence in German affairs if Germany truly repents; storied Weimar of the Golden Age may prevail once more.

The time of a thousand years enraptures the venerable city founded in the ninth century; her streets are plain to shabbiness, and yet there is within her gates the soul that should have dominated Germany. Weimar gave the world philosophers, poets and dreamers. Berlin gave Prussia war lords and tankers.

The making of a constitution for Germany in such an environment as Weimar may mean much to the future. It is certain that the thought of a new government coming into being in Weimar at this late day is still abhorrent to Berlin.

The Grand Duke Karl August, despite his patrician ways, was at heart a democrat. His palace even in the early part of the eighteenth cen-

AVOID COUGHS and COUGHERS!

Coughing Spreads Disease



SHILOH

30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS HALF THIS FOR CHILDREN

tury was a very plain one, and often he sold jewels and other precious belongings that he might help author, poet or musician. Compared with Wilhelm Hohenzollern he would have been classed as a true republican, although he did join the Prussian army. As a statesman he was far ahead of his time and even came near bringing about a form of constitutional government in his duchy.

His counsellors were men of lofty motives and broad views. The old Germany was scandalized when he called to sit with him in the management of public matters men not of nobil birth, although one of them was Goethe.

We think always of the author of "Faust" when Weimar is mentioned, and yet in these days the sponsors for the young German democracy draw more inspiration from a shabby little house up a side street than from the classic structure where Goethe dwelt. Plain almost to meanness is the other house where Schiller dwelt, as it appears to-day, still attesting as it does his poverty, and yet it seems as some sacred fan to those who hope for Germany.

Schiller was a rebel against militarism. His genius was all but crushed by the relentless rule of the military school where he was sent as a boy. The Prussian idea was to him the epitome of lawless cruelty.

Driven from his native province by a ruler who forbade him to write poetry any more, Schiller found at last in Weimar a haven among congenial souls. It mattered not to them that he had pilloried Teutonic tyranny in his "Wilhelm Tell," or that he had violently attacked aristocracy in "The Robbers."

By far the happiest years of Schiller's life was spent in the German Athens. Carlyle tells of the first visit of Schiller in 1787 to Weimar. The

poets Herder and Wieland received him with cordial welcome and, with Wieland, nestor of German letters, he soon formed a friendly intimacy. "You know the men," he wrote, "of whom Germany is proud; a Herder, a Wieland, with their brethren; and one will now enclose me and them. What excellencies are in Weimar! In this city at least in this territory, I mean to settle for life, and at length once more to get a country."

Goethe was in Italy when Schiller first went to Weimar, but on his return the two poets became warm friends, and their association is linked with the name of the city itself. The literary circle formed about them. Together in bronze they stand to this day in a public square at Weimar—the Goethe-Schiller monument.

The memory of the twain is suggested at every turn in the old town. The National Goethe Museum recalls them with many precious relics.

In Weimar music also found a haven. Here dwelt Franz Liszt, the great pianist and composer, and to him, borken, discouraged because Germany did not understand him, went Wagner. The incomparable chamber music of Bach was heard for the first time in the ducal palace.

The court theatre of Weimar, famed in dramatic art, was the home of Corona Schroter and other talented players. Here dramas of Goethe and of Schiller had their first productions.

The more one goes back into the history of Weimar the more does the influence of the city become evident. One landmark is the old city church, built centuries ago, from the pulpit of which Martin Luther cried out against the selling of indulgences. Here is his

The Nova Scotia "Lumber King" says: "I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the best LINIMENT in use. I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT and it was as well as ever next day."

Yours very truly,
T. G. McMULLEN.

portrait, painted by Cranach. Near the altar is a painting of the Crucifixion, from the brush of Cranach the elder, and in it appear likenesses of Luther and Melancthon. The impress of the militant priest, who did so much to form the German language and to give ideals to the Germany of old, may still be detected.

The German people, therefore, in going back to Weimar may be in the first stages of their pilgrimage from a land of tyranny and materialism to one of freedom and ideal.

Paper Underclothing.

Underclothing made of finely crisped or grained paper is manufactured in Japan. After the paper has been cut to a pattern the different parts are sewn together and hemmed, and the places where the buttonholes are to be formed are strengthened with calico or linen. The paper is very strong and at the same time very flexible. After a garment has been worn a few hours it will interfere with the perspiration of the body no more than do garments made of cotton fabric. The paper is not sized, nor is it impermeable. After becoming wet the paper is difficult to tear. When an endeavor is made to tear it by hand it presents almost as much resistance as the thin skin for making gloves.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

BRUSSELS UNDER THE HUN.

During the occupation of Brussels by the Huns old corks sold for 3d and 4d each, empty tins for 1d, and 2 3-4d. each, old linen, leather trunks, old clothes, books and furniture brought cost price, and as much as possible was sold by the Belgians, because they never knew what would be seized by their tormentors. Those same tormentors paid £80 for an oriental carpet four feet square that cost £40 in 1880, and had been in constant use. They also paid 1,800 francs for a piano which cost 1,400 francs eleven years before. Other similar purchases were made with the intention of selling the articles later on—doubtless bearing the magic words "made in Germany." Wonderful dyes were to be obtained easily in Brussels and during the past summer Belgian ladies dyed their sheets according to fancy and wore them. Last winter their spare blankets were transformed into coats. For a while the Belgians were hoaxed into wearing their own patriotic emblems which had been manufactured by the Hun and put on sale in Brussels. But as soon as the hoax was discovered Belgians refused to avail themselves of the privilege of buying German-made goods. A flint and steel for lighting the gas, although

A Packet of— "SALADA"

Tea, will go further on infusion and give better satisfaction than any other Tea obtainable. . . .

Not a shadow of doubt about this. TRY IT!

clever, was unsaleable, the reason being that it was made by the Huns. Brass water taps were taken by the enemy and for these they paid two francs fifty, charging six francs for taps to replace the requisitioned ones. The new ones were of course, "made in Germany." Door handles and bell pulls were seized in the same way, but were not replaced by houseowners. It became "all the style" to hang a piece of firewood to the well wire.

Houses were constantly searched for everything that could be used in manufacturing ammunition, choice furniture was seized as well as luxurious or elegant clothing—all sent to Germany as loot. During this time there was no communication with the outside world—only such letters and news as the Huns chose to allow. It is scarcely conceivable that France and Belgium are even now filled with war's victims who are hearing for the first time of what has been happening outside their own little environment during the awful five years just closed.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Leonardo da Vinci Amazes Surgeons.

Though written four hundred years ago, Leonardo da Vinci's book on anatomy has only recently been published, and surgeons are only now discovering the marvels it contains.

Lecturing recently on it in London, Prof. William Wright pointed out that when it was written the circulation of the blood, osmosis, oxygen and the microscope were all unknown. All doctors believed that the arteries were full of frog air and that the blood was secreted in the heart. The interior arrangement of the heart was also misunderstood.

But Leonardo denied that air entered the heart, and wrote that the blood was "refreshed" in the lungs; he described accurately the anatomy of the heart and large blood vessels and the action of the muscles of the chest and abdomen in respiration.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Golf Balls.

History tells us that at first golf balls were nothing but round or nearly round pebbles about the size of the sphere used at present. These were supplanted by the hand cut wooden balls and then in turn by the feather ball. Then came the gutta percha ball, of which an interesting story is told.

It is said a caddy in Scotland picked up a discarded football shoe with a gutta percha sole and tore off the sole. This he soaked in water until it was soft and then moulded it with his hands to the size of a golf ball. Thence it was only a step to the moulded and hammered gutta percha balls, which endured until as late as 1898, when the rubber cored ball was first brought out in the United States.

The rubber cored ball, the foundation of the ball of the present, was not taken into England until three or four years later, and it is interesting to note that in 1905 Aleck Herd, who was the only player in the field using the ball, won the British open championship with it.—New York Sun.

WHEN BABY IS CROSS

Mothers, when your baby is cross—when he cries a great deal and no amount of attention or petting cheers him up—something is the matter. It is not the nature of the little one to be cross and peevish—the well child is a happy child. Give him a dose of Baby's Own Tablets and he will soon be well again. They are a mild but thorough laxative; regulate the bowels and stomach; banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; in fact they cure all the minor ailments of the little ones. Concerning them Mrs. Alphonse Lachance, St. Apolline, Que., writes: "My baby cried continually but Baby's Own Tablets soon set her right and now she is fat and happy." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Young Folks.

To-day grandpa don't care a hoot For old age, you can bet; He dresses in a college suit, And smokes a cigarette. —Luke McLuka.

And grandma, too, has proven that She's stylish and alert; Just gaze upon her youthful hat, And hold her knee-length skirt. —Newark Advocate.

Time was when folks grew old and gray, They spent their days in reading; But they pinched grandma yesterday For automobile speeding. —Toronto Telegram.

STORED FROZEN MEAT.

Germany Mobilized All Refrigerating Plants.

Berlin has 2,200 tons of frozen meat in its municipal cold storage depots. The supply is replenished from time to time so that it remains at that figure. On their present meat ration of one-half pound, the Vossische Zeitung says, the Berliners are assured of meat enough to last all Greater Berlin two or three weeks, even if there should be a temporary stoppage of replenishment.

How the cold storage of pork has helped Germany to "stick it" is explained in an article in the "Chemiker Zeitung." Early in the war, realizing the serious effect of the British blockade on the meat supply, the government directed the refrigerating industry to mobilize its resources on the largest possible scale. It was ordered to make preparations for dealing with millions instead of thousands of pigs. Cold storage plants were enlarged, new ones built, and the system so extended that to-day there is hardly a local community without its own refrigerating facilities.

Every fortress has a freezing plant of its own. In case of siege it will assist materially in the preservation of perishable foods, especially meat, eggs, fish and butter.

"The German authorities," says the article, "have taken advantage of cold storage to the fullest extent, thereby greatly easing the economic conduct of the war."

CLEAR THE NOSTRILS IN FIVE MINUTES

ROUTS OUT CATARRH, STOPS SNIFFLES, PREVENTS SNEEZING

Catarrhozone Is A Marvel

It just takes about five minutes for the penetrating vapor of Catarrhozone to clear out clogged nostrils. Hard crusts and accumulations are quickly removed. The soothing balsams of Catarrhozone draw out every vestige of inflammation, nose colds stop as if by magic. Catarrh is prevented, better health is assured.

To cure colds without taking drugs may seem almost too much to believe, but Catarrhozone does it quickly and effectively. Endorsed by physicians, and in common use by the people of many nations. All dealers sell Catarrhozone, complete outfit \$1.00; small size 50c; sample size 25c, direct from the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Can.

DOG'S WOOL.

Its Spinning Revives Old English Industry.

To most persons the spinning and knitting of dog's wool seems to be an outgrowth of the necessities of this war. But it appears that twenty years ago Princess Victoria had the combings of her pet brown spaniel spun into yarn by the Sandringham Village Industry and the princess herself knitted the wool into a brown shawl for herself. It was at Sandringham also that the first Borzoi wool was spun, King Edward making the suggestion and clipping the first sample from his famous Borzoi Alex for the test.

Twenty years before that the hair of St. Bernards was knitted into mittens and mufflers and ten years earlier hoolies' wool was spun and woven into cloth that is to-day as good as when first made up although the cap has been worn ever since. A waistcoat knitted from the wool of slye terriers has been worn constantly for two winters and shows no sign of its service. Even the hair of Persian cats has been spun into the loveliest wool by the British Dogs' Wool Association. The wire-haired dogs have proven themselves real workers, also, for their combings make ideal filling for pillows for wounded limbs.

There is every prospect that the spinning of dogs' wool can and will be developed as a national handicraft since much of the spinning can be done in country homes and no doubt



NO MATTER WHETHER MARE, COLT, JACK SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

is as effective in the treatment of one as of the other for DISTEMPER, PINK EYE, INFLUENZA, COUGH or COLIC. The stallion in the stud, the horse in the field or on the road, and the baby colt are all protected from disease by an occasional dose.

Buy from your druggist. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind. U. S. A.

HELP WANTED—MALE

PLUMBER ALSO ELECTRICIAN wanted at once. Must have experience and wages wanted. Steady work the year round. Apply to A. E. Law, Leamington, Ont.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MARRIED man by 18c year; must know how to plough; give references, age, size of family and wages expected. Geo. X. Walker, Sunnyside Fruit Farm, R. R. No. 2, St. Catharines, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IT IS ALWAYS SAFE TO SEND A Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid; send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

SEED CORN High grade White Cap F.O.B. Woodlee (Sacks free) also Golden Bantam Sweet Corn, Perfection Seed Beans and Cane Sorghum Seed. For particulars write, S. J. McLennon, Woodlee, Ont.

BRED TO SHOW LAYING BARRED Rocks, Tobacco and Garden Plants. Write for Catalogue Chas. Barnard, Leamington, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

TWO ACRE FRUIT FARM, SANDY Loam, excellent house and barn, Electric Light, all conveniences, two minutes from Italian, with or without furniture. Owner going abroad. Box 643 Grimsby, Ont.

FARMS AND RANCHES FOR SALE, in Alberta. Write for our New Catalogue, J. C. Leslie & Co., 201 Beveridge Block, Calgary, Alberta.

AT \$50 PER ACRE—TWO HUNDRED acres heavily wooded; in Lambton County; good wheat land; 6 miles from railroad station. C. Hender, Welland, Ont.

FOR SALE—THREE HUNDRED AND twenty-six acre farm land; 12 acres cultivated; balance partly timbered; good farming district; very cheap for quick buyer. G. R. Duncan, Fort William, Ont.

FRUIT FARM—TEN ACRES—NLAG- ara district; peaches, cherries, small fruits; sandy loam; well cultivated; buildings good; conveniences; cheap for quick sale. George Gray, Beamsville, Ont.

FOR SALE—GOOD CLEAN SECTION— close to town; in mixed farming district; equipped if desired; 400 acres cultivated; good water; good pasture; easy terms. Owner J. W. Reid, Cardale, Manitoba.

AGENTS WANTED.

OUR PRODUCT A WINNER USED in every home. Wholesale sales. Agents making five to eight dollars daily. Either sex. Write at once. Craig Bros., Niagara Falls, Ont. Can.

BUSINESS CHANCES

FOR SALE—FULLY EQUIPPED brick manufacturing plant in the city of Niagara Falls, with ten acres of land well suited for the manufacture of brick; no other plants in the locality with a large demand for the manufactured article; a big opportunity for the right party. Apply John E. Hopkins, barrister, Niagara Falls, Ont.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING BOOK establishment and news business; well established and in best business location in best city in Canada. Apply W. P. Cooke, Fort Arthur, Ont.

BRICK BUILDING FULLY EQUIPPED with machinery, completed in 1918. What is required to make it a success is a man who understands fully the manufacture of children's wooden toys and other woodwork. As this town is close to the bush there is ample quantity of suitable wood. The property will be sold if suitable purchaser comes along with capital say \$10,000 and will invite an inspection of the plant and building. Wm. Martin & Son, Box 826, North Bay, Ontario.

OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE GOOD property and business; manufacturing concrete tile, blocks and building material, in Windsor, on siding connecting with five railroads; short haul to new Canadian steel plant at Ojibway; \$5,000 will handle; no agents. W. D. Atkinson, Amherstburg, Ont.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—VERY valuable fruit farm; twenty acres; full bearing; all kinds of first-class fruit; excellent soil; barn; house; town conveniences; equity fifteen thousand; will divide. Box 373 Grimsby.

FOR SALE.

BABY CHICKS OF QUALITY GUAR- anteed to reach you in good condition. Bred-to-lay, S. C. W. Leghorns. Exclusively. Our stock is bred for size, health and profit. April and May delivery 25¢ each, 50¢ \$1.00, 100 \$2.00. Write for particulars. Address Walnut Glen Farm, R. R. No. 4, Chatham, Ont.

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—100 TO 150 ACRES clay loam for mixed farming by farmer with stock, implements and own help. Leonard Cox, R. R. No. 1, Whitby.

In these same places there will develop some interesting work in weaving and knitting. One very important consideration is the fact that the yarn is practically indestructible and of delightful texture, thus giving every encouragement to careful designing of patterns in weaving.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

For Spring 1919.

The cape is still popular. As is the new sleeved wrap. Of wool tricotine or of cashmere velour. They are ready for spring wear.

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

Pain? Hirst's will stop it!

Used for 40 years to relieve rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains, lame back, toothache, earache, swollen joints, sore throat and other painful complaints. Have a bottle in the house. All dealers or write us.

HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada

PLACE ENEMY IN POSITION OF IMPOTENCE

Allies to Fix Germany So She Cannot Renew Hostilities.

NO "WHITE PEACE"

Armistice Conference Has Been Postponed In- definitely.

London, Cable.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen says the German Armistice Commission has been informed that the armistice conference has been postponed indefinitely.

Paris, Cable.—The Supreme War Council met at the Foreign Office at 11 o'clock this morning for the purpose of reaching a final determination of the new terms of the German armistice. There were present in addition to the foreign ministers of the great powers, Marshal Foch, Field-Marshal Sir Massey-Petain, President Wilson, General Pershing and General Diaz. A full agreement on the terms was presented in the report from the sub-committee, embracing military and economic members. The report was unanimous, including the concurrence of the American members, General Bliss and Norman Davis, which indicates that economic measures figure in the new terms equally with military measures.

The German authorities have been asked to furnish information confirming amount of their war material, cannon, airplanes and other equipment. This question came up in the recent session of the War Council, when the extent of this war material was advanced as a reason for taking effective measures against the renewal of warlike activities.

Before determining on any such step it was considered desirable to request information, both as a memo dealing with the subject and as testing the good faith of the enemy in disclosing the status of his military equipment.

The Havas Agency understands that the council decided first to place Germany in a military situation, where it would be impossible to recommence hostilities. It is pointed out that the enemy countries are preserving war material permitting them to equip very rapidly an army of at least 3,000,000 men. The council decided, secondly, according to Havas, to make Germany realize that we are the conquerors and that it is not a "white peace" that we are seeking to impose on her.

In case Germany submits with good grace, continues Havas, it is possible that the Entente would facilitate the resumption of the Entente's works of peace for the benefit of Germany. The council also had to examine the demand by the Poles that a clause be introduced into the armistice that the agricultural machinery stolen by the enemy should be restored.

The council's programme also contained questions of effectives and the raising of the blockade concerning Turkey and Bulgaria.

Persistent Asthma—A most distressing characteristic of this debilitating disease is the persistence with which recurring attacks come to sap away strength and leave the sufferer in a state of almost continual exhaustion. No wiser precaution can be taken than that of keeping at hand a supply of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, famous as the most potent remedy for eradicating the disease from the tender air passages.

DIE IN STREETS OF PETROGRAD

People Passed Semi-Starvation Stage.

Murder by Wholesale by Bolsheviks.

London, Cable.—There has just arrived in London an English trade unionist who has lived in closest contact with Russian workers in different parts of the country for the past five years. He has come direct from Petrograd, and in the course of an interview with a London Daily News representative he described the terrible conditions of life in Russia under Bolshevik rule.

"Conditions in Petrograd," he said, "are beyond belief. The suffering of the people is so terrible that it can hardly be imagined in England. Machinery for food distribution has completely broken down and practically all the workers in the city are suffering from sheer starvation. They have passed the stage of semi-starvation. I have seen people literally dying in the street. At night Petrograd was like a city of the dead.

"I often asked people why they didn't overthrow the Bolsheviks, and the reply I got was: 'We can't. If we lift a little finger that will be the end of us.'"

"Russia has passed beyond the sphere of politics. The question is now one of humanity. People are dying wholesale of starvation. The population of Petrograd has dwindled from 2,000,000 to about 600,000. Thousands have been killed or have died from the effects of starvation. The reign of terror extends to the country districts. There, however, the people are not starving.

"The Soviets are generally formed of the very lowest elements. They have taken the best horses away from the peasants, presumably for the needs of the army. I believe no one is allowed to keep more than one cow.

"If a workman or a soldier of the Red Army dares oppose or even speak against the Bolsheviks he is given short shrift. If he is a workman he is excluded from his union, and, of course, that means starvation. If he is in the Red Army he usually disappears and no one knows what becomes of him. A friend of mine told me that 16 out of 100 men who belonged to the Red Army disappeared in a fortnight. Should a man desert his parents or nearest relations are held to account and severely punished. They may be imprisoned, fined or sent to forced labor."

The Real Liver Pill—A torpid liver means a disordered system, mental depression, lassitude and in the end, if care be not taken, a chronic state of debility. The very best medicine to arouse the liver to healthy action is Parmalee's Vegetable Pills. They are compounded of purely vegetable substances of careful selection and no other pills have their fine qualities. They do not gripe or pain and they are agreeable to the most sensitive stomach.

PRINCESS PAT.

Her Own Regiment Guard at Wedding.

London, Special Cable.—The infantry of the princess princesses Regiment will form the guard of honor at Westminster Abbey on Feb. 27, and will be composed of the original members. The Ontario Hospital at Orpington, in which the bride showed active interest, will be specially represented. The trousseau will be simple, and not beyond that of any bride of an officer of equal rank with the princess' future husband. No materials are being ordered outside the British Empire, stories of lavish shipments of silk, etc., being pure fiction.

DIVISION OF HUN TONNAGE

Maritime and Transport Council Decides

On Disposition of the Foes' Ships.

Paris, Cable.—An official communication issued this evening says:

"The Maritime and Transport Council met Feb. 1, Feb. 4 and Feb. 11. Those present were M. Clemenceau and Boisson for France, Signor Crispi for Italy, George Rublee for the United States, and J. A. Salter for Great Britain.

"Important decisions were made as to the allocation for management and use of Austrian and German tonnage. Passenger vessels will be mainly employed in the repatriation of troops and cargo vessels for the carrying of food to different parts in Europe, including liberated areas and enemy countries. The vessels are to be divided for the purposes of management among the associated Governments.

"These arrangements were made on the understanding that the ultimate disposition of the vessels by the terms of peace would in no way be prejudiced, and in order to make this fact they are being administered in the meantime in trust for the Associated Governments as a whole. They will fly the flag of the Allied maritime transport service, as well as the national flag of the country undertaking their management.

"The council appointed delegates to proceed to Spa, together with representatives of the Food Departments and the naval authorities of the several Governments, to meet the representatives of the German Government February 16 and arrange with regard to the delivery of vessels which the German Government was bound to hand over under the armistice of January 16 and the Treaty agreement of January 17.

"The preparation for a considerable number of vessels has been proceeding, and about 750,000 tons dead-weight tonnage, have been named by the German Government and are now ready to sail. Meantime the associated Governments are making an examination on the spot of other German vessels in German ports."

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does the work surely and promptly.

CANADA WILL SUPPLY 20 P.C.

Of Bacon Reserve Sent From England

To Furnish Food for Ger- many.

(From J. W. Dufos, Correspondent of the Canadian Government).

Paris, Cable.—There has been a tentative agreement between the allies and German representatives as to furnishing food to Germany, but this arrangement is conditional upon the acceptance by the Germans of the terms to be submitted.

Germany wants immediately 30,000 tons of pork stuffs and 250,000 cases of condensed milk. Following this there will be a second order for 200,000 tons of wheat and 25,000 tons of pork products.

In addition, Germany will require between March and August, 400,000 tons of wheat, with large quantities of other grains, maize and forage. Germany's urgent food requirements is an inducement which will compel her peaceful acceptance to the new terms to be submitted.

Canada has a direct commercial interest in the impending settlement, because there is an understanding that 20 per cent of the meat products shipped to Germany from the reserves in Great Britain are to be replaced by purchases in Canada. Thus the expected submission by Germany as to the conditions will mean the shipment in the couple of months of the bacon surplus which has accumulated in Canada.

RUSS PROBLEM YET UNSETTLED

Was Before the Peace Con- ference Saturday.

Day Set for Prince's Islands Meet.

Paris, Feb. 16.—The Russian problem was again before the Supreme Council of the great powers yesterday. This was the day originally set for the assembling of the conference at Prince's Islands, but with the day passed without a conference, hopes of meeting the island meeting have not entirely been abandoned. The Supreme Council heard Winston Spencer Churchill, the British Secretary of War, yesterday. Col. Churchill proposed further means for the adjustment of the Russian situation. No action was taken on his proposal, however, which went over until Monday. The general outlook for an adjustment of the situation was said not to be encouraging.

Invitation of the Peace Congress to the various Russian factions to meet at Prinkipo may be withdrawn as none of the parties have complied with the condition that they cease fighting each other, according to Reuters. This and other questions, the correspondent says, were discussed before President Wilson left Paris.

Stop the Cough—Coughing is caused by irritation in the respiratory passages and is the effort to dislodge obstructions that come from inflammation of the mucous membrane. Treatment with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will allay the inflammation and in consequence the cough will cease. Try it and you will use no other preparation for a cold.

HOG RAISING WAS PROFITABLE

Results of "Profit" Compe- tition Given.

Toronto Report—Hog raising in Ontario is a profitable industry if the results shown by the "hog-raising for profit" competition conducted by the Ontario Department of Agriculture are an indication. The competition covered 11 counties of the province and embraced 63 young farmers, who were able to show an average profit of \$1.41 per 100 pounds of gain in the weight of these hogs.

Under the rules of the contest the hogs were taken when six weeks old and fed for 16 weeks. The cost of feed of various kinds was set by the Department on a fixed basis for comparison and the selling price as well. The winner was J. A. Hickson, of Janetville, Durham County, who from May 31 to Sept. 20 increased the average weight of his three hogs by 205 pounds. His average profit per hog was \$20.93, and his profit per 100 pounds of gain in weight \$15.08.

In the acre-crop competition there were fewer entries than usual owing to the shortage of labor and the extra demands made upon the young

farmers. The winners of the oats contest were Alvin Clark of Alvin, Ontario, and J. W. Dufos of Alvin, Ontario. The winners of the corn contest were J. W. Dufos of Alvin, Ontario, and J. W. Dufos of Alvin, Ontario.

James Taylor, of Port Arthur, gathered 23 bushels of potatoes from his acre and at the ruling price last fall had a profit of \$29.80 on the acre. At the present price of 75 cents per bushel, his profit was \$162.45. The second man for the province is also a Northern Ontario farmer, Wm. Draycott, of Stratton, Rainy River, who has a yield of 284 bushels, but slightly higher production costs.

Allan Fraser, of Gore Bay, Manitoulin, won the Spring wheat competition with a crop of 47 bushels and a profit of \$13.35.

The winners secure a two weeks course in live-stock and seed judging at the O.A.C., with railway fare and expenses during the period they are away from home.

There may be other corn cures, but Holloway's Corn Cure stands at the head of the list so far as results are concerned.

PEASANT ARMY WINS.

Petlura's Ukraine Force to Fight Bolsheviks.

Vienna, Cable.—Advice received here from Kiev say that the forces of Petlura, leader of the Ukraine peasant army, have been in possession of that city for five days, having defeated the local Bolsheviks. Petlura, the advice add, is preparing to help the French at Odessa fight Moscow Bolshevik bands which are attempting to invade the Ukraine to secure food.

The delegate of the Ukraine in Vienna says the Ukrainians and Ruthenians in the region of Lemberg have expressed a willingness to sign an armistice with the Poles, but that the Poles demanded that they retire 20 kilometres from Lemberg, which the Ruthenian leaders were unwilling to do. The delegate also said the Poles were unwilling to accept an armistice which did not place in their hands an important part of the oil regions.

COUP AGAINST THE BOLSHEVIKI

Rumor of Big Turn-Over Soon in Russia.

Move for a Federation of States.

Paris, Cable.—Russian circles in Paris, which may be described briefly as a conglomeration of all the defunct Russian Governments, where the former Premiers of the Czar and revolutionary Ministers mingle in a common fraternity, are resounding with all kinds of rumors of an impending radical transformation of the Russian situation within a week.

The most definite of these reports has it that there is to be a sudden revolutionary coup for the overthrow of the Soviets in Moscow and Petrograd.

The movement, it is said, is to take the form of a convocation of all the existing anti-Bolshevik Governments in Russia first to issue a protest against the proposed conference at Prinkipo, in the Prince's Islands, and, second, to decide upon a proclamation to the world that a federation of Russian states is being formed and will be ready to enter the League of Nations as soon as the allies extend the help so much desired by the Russian leaders here.

**NOW GERMANY
WILL FINANCE**

Weimar Friday Cable.—(By the Associated Press.)—There will be a sharp seizure of the fortunes of the wealthy, according to a prediction made before the German national assembly today by Dr. Heim, Socialist. He did not believe, however, that the government would be able to get the great sums needed by seizing fortunes and he thought that the balance must be taken from the war profits. The wealthy, Dr. Heim added, will be hit at their most sensitive point, the pocketbook. Luxuries will not be permitted and luxuries will be taxed so that over a certain moderate sum will be taken by the government.

"Society is so shallow," remarked the blase young woman. "It's a good thing it is," replied the cynic, "or half the people who are wading around in it would be drowned."—Boston Transcript.

SHORT ITEMS OF THE DAYS OF THE DAY

Dardanelles On Saturday Opened to U. S. Trade for First Time.

SILK STRIKERS BACK

Brantford G.W.V.A. Would Ban Returned Soldier Canvassers.

Plainclothesmen were met by a shower of alcohol in raiding a place inhabited by foreigners on Simcoe street, Toronto.

General Mannerheim, the Finnish Regent, has been taken ill and has cancelled his visit to Copenhagen.

The Dardanelles were thrown open to American trade interests for the first time since the world war, on Saturday.

It now appears likely that the Peace Conference's invitation to the Russian factions to meet at Prinkipo may be withdrawn.

The body of a new-born babe was found under the verandah of a frame house at Kitchener.

L. D. Willgress, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Siberia, has resigned. He intends to enter the services of the Royal Bank of Canada.

The explosion of an oil lamp used in lighting Grand Trunk station at Yonge Mills, near Brockville, is given as the cause of its total destruction by fire.

Striking members of Silk Workers' Unions at Paterson, N. J., affiliated with the United Textile Workers, voted unanimously to return to work.

President Wilson has nominated Huxia C. Wallace, of Tacoma, Ambassador to France, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of William Graves Sharp.

Ill less than a week with pneumonia the death of C. G. L. Wilson, president and managing director of the Ingersoll Packing Company, occurred on Saturday.

A public appeal for the suppression of the returned soldier canvasser, utilized by firms to play upon the sympathies of the general public, has been issued by the Great War Veterans of Brantford.

Fire was discovered in the residence of Mr. Abel Hendra, Concession street, Lakefield, and the building was completely destroyed. Most of the contents were saved. The loss is \$2,500, insurance \$600. The cause of the fire is not known.

The Peace Conference mission to Poland arrived at Warsaw from Paris by way of Prague. It received a bisterous welcome from the people of the city, who over-ran the station and stormed the train in their enthusiasm to greet the delegates.

Children suffering from worms soon show the symptoms, and any mother can detect the presence of these parasites by the writhings and fretting of the child. Until expelled and the system cleared of them, the child cannot regain its health. Miller's Worm Powders are prompt and efficient, not only for the eradication of worms, but also as a tamer up for children who are run down in consequence.

KING EDWARD BLAMED FOR WAR

London, Cable.—In one of the most remarkable statements made from the German side since the close of the war, the Kaiser Crown Prince blames the late King Edward VII. for provoking the conflict with England. The correspondent of the Daily Express, writes an interview with the younger Hohenzollern from his place of exile, Wieringen, Lohand.

In defending his part in the world's greatest drama, the Crown Prince said: "If you want to know who started the war I will tell you; it was Edward VII. I have talked with him for hours at a time, just as we are talking now. I know perfectly what was in his mind. He did not want to fight Germany; he wanted to squeeze her, but the creation of the Entente was the beginning of the world war. Neither my father nor I began it."

NEW BRIDGE PROPOSED.

Niagara Falls, Ont., Despatch.—A bill was introduced into New York Legislature today in connection with the building of a new bridge over the Niagara River between Buffalo and Buffalo. The Canadian Government at Ottawa will be asked to cooperate with the Washington Government, and if these declining efforts will be made to have Ontario and New York State put up the money.

No man can cope out the eccentricities of time. To-morrow never comes, but to-day goes into the discard, just the same.

THE WATERDOWN REVIEW

Issued every Thursday morning from the office, Dundas Street, Waterdown
Subscription \$1.00 per year. Papers to the United States, 50 cents extra.

Advertising rates furnished on application
G. H. GREENE
Editor and Publisher

THURSDAY, FEB. 20, 1919

LOCAL MENTION

Russel Attridge is reported dangerously ill with pneumonia in England.

Mr. A. E. Rodgers, of Hamilton spent Monday with friends in the village.

Mr. S. D. Binkley, of Hornby, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Griffin last week.

The Patriotic league will give the returned soldiers, now home, a reception on Tuesday, March 4th.

Miss Annie Stewart, of Caistor Centre, is visiting her sister Mrs. H. W. Park.

Mrs. Henry Newell of Kilbride, is spending a few days with her sister-in-law Mrs. W. S. Griffin.

The many friends of Mrs. F. J. Shadle will regret to hear she is confined to her bed with influenza.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Innes, who returned home recently from Vancouver, spent the week end at Niagara Falls.

Philip Binkley returned to the village Thursday of this week after a week visit in the vicinity of Greenville.

A large number of phones are being installed in the village and immediate vicinity. Mr. Jas. Markle is in charge of the work.

Several of our citizens are wondering who the two young ladies were who roamed our public thoroughfares a few nights ago.

Capt. Douglas McGregor returned to McGill University on Monday last to resume his studies after a brilliant military career.

Miss Myrtle Slater, of the Toronto University, who has been spending a few days at her home here, returned to Toronto on Monday last.

Miss Jean P. McGregor, Editor and Proprietor of the Gore Bay Recorder, was the guest of Peter and Miss Janet McGregor for a few days last week. Miss McGregor while in town was a caller at The Review office.

The Waterdown Poultry Association held their regular meeting on Monday evening last in the Bell House. The following officers were elected for 1919: E. H. Slater, Pres; Wm. H. Reid, Vice-Pres.; J. J. Green, Sec. Treas.

The K. K. Klub held their last meeting as an organization on Wednesday evening. The funds on hand will be given towards the Memorial hall, and the wool yarn divided with the French and Serbian Reliefs. A full report of the clubs activities will be published in next weeks Review.

Mr. J. Falstrom, of Hamilton, has opened a shoe repairing establishment in the village. The town has been without a cobbler for some time, and it is to be hoped the new proprietor will find plenty to do. As soon as the weather moderates sufficiently to warrant going barefoot the Editor intends having his shoes repaired.

The "At Home" given by the K.K.K.'s in the Roller Rink last Friday evening, despite the disagreeable weather, was well attended. This is the third entertainment the club has given since its organization, and, like the previous ones, was a grand success. It is very evident that the ladies of our village spell success in all their undertakings.

The following lectures and dates have been assigned to Waterdown in connection with the University Extension Course under direction of Mr. A. E. Smith, Feb. 28th, Prof. DeWitt; Ancient Rome and its Monuments, Mar. 14th, Prof. Keys; American Humor—its Genesis and Exodus, Mar. 28th, Prof. de Camp; French Women before, during and after the war.

Local Time Table

Leave for Hamilton—7.50 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 4.27 p.m., 8.00 p.m.

Leave for Guelph Jet.—8.40 a.m., 1.20 p.m., 4.21 p.m., 7.55 p.m.

S. Frank Smith & Son Auction Sales

Tuesday, March 4—Wm. Mount, Lot 10, Con. 12., Township of East Flamboro.

Wednesday, March 5—Norman Koella, Lot 7, Con. 7, Township of East Flamboro.

Thursday, March 6—J. B. Shelton, Village of Waterdown, Threshing Outfit.

Do not fail to see Uncle Tom's Cabin at the Roller Rink next Tuesday.

Members of the Merrill System club of Hamilton will hold their first of a series of weekly whist and euchre parties at Royal Templars hall, corner Main and Walnut streets, on Friday evening of this week. The player with the highest score will be given a \$25.00 piece of furniture obtained from the Green Furniture Co., and now on exhibition in the window of their store at 123 King St. East. Each player will contribute 25 cents and all the money will be put into prizes. The object of these social gatherings is to increase the membership of the club and thus aid in financing the new Merrill System Apartment Buildings which are to be erected in Hamilton this season. Both ladies and gentlemen are invited. Geo. W. McNeill of Waterdown is chairman of the committee.

Greenville

The Patriotic League met on Wednesday afternoon with Miss Lizzie Green.

The entertainment which was to take place in the Township hall has been postponed on account of the flu.

The ice harvesting here is about over. The ice men say the quality is fine.

Miss Lizzie Green spent the week end in Hamilton.

Miss Gertrude Riley is able to be around again after a brief illness.

Flamboro Centre

Mr. and Mrs. E. Finnamore gave a euchre party to a number of friends Wednesday evening, at which a very enjoyable time was had. Miss A. Finnamore and Mr. F. Featherstone were the prize winners.

A number of our young people were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Battenham on Friday evening last.

Mr. S. Wyatt called on friends in Kilbride last week.

Miss Hasselfeldt spent Sunday at her home here.

M. F. Alderson and friend were Sunday visitors in town.

We are all pleased to see Morris Scott back in civilian clothes again.

Several of the young men of Waterdown go through the village in the wee small hours of the morning.

Our school is closed on account of the "flu."

A Romance in Chas. A. Newell's Apple Orchard

Ben Davis was an awful flirt. He was a native of Spitzbergen and quite famous as a Wagner. He became smitten on Miss Gravenstein, a wealthy young lady of Baldwin. His attentions turned McIntosh Red with anger and made Jonathan, still another suitor, Greening with jealousy. Jonathan engaged a Northern Spy, who found out that Ben Davis had stolen some of Grimes Golden from the King. On being exposed Ben had to flee to Roxbury and Jonathan was able to celebrate his Golden Russet wedding with Miss Gravenstein in Nonpareil splendor.

NOTICE

Mr. Geo. Potts, Village Constable has resigned his position as such constable to take effect on March 31st, 1919. The village Council will receive applications for the position up to 5 o'clock p. m. on March 12th, 1919.
D. DAVIES, Reeve

All Kinds

Of No. 1 Wood and Coal for Sale At Reasonable Prices

H. SLATER

Waterdown

For Sale

Five H. P. Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engine in first class running order. H. Heatherington, R. R. No. 1, Waterdown.

For Sale

150 bu. Golden Vine Seed Peas
WATSON HAMILTON R. R. Freeman

Wanted to Rent

House and some garden land, must have stable and possession by April 1st, would buy if suitable
J. W. YOUNG Waterdown

Wanted

Wanted to buy 50 to 100 acres. Price must be reasonable.
STEWART CAMPBELL Millgrove

COAL

Nut, Stove, Egg and Lump coal at Millgrove station. Phone 14-11
H. A. Drummond.

Farmers Attention

Bring your live hogs to Millgrove station. We are prepared to pay highest market prices.
Drummond & Gallagher

FOR SALE—Dry Hardwood cut in 14 in. lengths delivered at \$10 per cord. Chas. A. Newell, R. R. 3, Campbellville. Phone Nelson 11-4

FOR SALE—A quantity of straw, apply to Ed. Blagden, Millgrove, Phone 32-11.

For Sale

House, Barn and 2 lots on Victoria street, Waterdown. Plenty of fruit. Also nearly new Organ on easy terms apply at Review office, or to
R. ZIMMERMAN
Stoney Creek

Wood For Sale

30 acre Hardwood Bush in half acre lots.
CHAS. A. NEWELL
R. R. No. 3, Campbellville

Wanted

To rent or buy a farm of 100 acres with good buildings and well watered. Will exchange village property. Apply at Review Office.

For Sale

Base Burner, Self Feeder Coal Stove cheap, apply to
C. P. MCGREGOR, Waterdown

For Sale

A splendid building lot, 160 feet frontage on Dundas street
G. N. ARNOLD
Waterdown

For Sale

A large quantity of wood for sale either cord or stove length, apply to
C. W. DRUMMOND
Phone 34-2 Waterdown

For Sale

A splendid 200 acre farm in Township of Nelson 5 miles from Waterdown, apply to
J. C. LANGFORD
Waterdown

SPECIALS FOR FEBRUARY

4 Bars Grand Laundry Soap	25c
10 Bars Sailor Boy Soap	25c
2 pkgs. Kellogg's Corn Flakes	27c
4 lbs. Rolled Oats	25c
Tartan Tomatoes	20c
Tartan Corn	22c
Tartan Peas	15c

We will hand you back \$1.00 on each Raincoat you purchase 15c off every pair of heavy Mitts and 25c off every pair Men's lined Gloves. We still have a few of those lovely Collars for Ladies which we will sell at a reduction of 25c each.
Do not fail to secure some of these Genuine Bargains

Canada Food License No. 8-17371

O. B. Griffin, Waterdown

AUCTION SALES

Of every description conducted in any part of the Province

If you are looking for a farm property of any kind we can help you locate just what you want.

S. Frank Smith & Son

The Old Reliable Auctioneers

Waterdown

Caledonia

The Sawell Greenhouses

Paper Whites
Daffodils Narcissus
Marguerites
Sweet Peas

We are as near you as your Phone

DO IT NOW

Take off that old broken plaster which has spoiled the appearance of your room for so many years, and

IT WILL PAY YOU

To put on a metal ceiling or wall which is handsome, durable and easily cleaned

For Sale by

W. H. REID, Waterdown

Gordon & Son

LADIES and GENTS

**CUSTOM
TAILORS**

We have a good line of
Never Fade Blue Indigo
Serges and Worsteds.

Cleaning, Pressing and
Repairing a Specialty

PHONE 153
WATERDOWN

BUCHAN'S

Canada Food License No. 9-1987

FOR

**Confectionery
Cakes and Pies**

Tomatoes, Peas
Snow Cap Pilchards
Chicken Hattie
Sardines
Pork and Beans
Domestic Shortening
Evaporated Milk

WE SELL
Linkert Bros.

BREAD

Fresh Every Day

AGENT FOR
Wah Lee
LAUNDRY
HAMILTON

PHONE 182
Waterdown

A Correspondant's Trip to Toronto

A week or two ago the writer took a trip to Toronto and attended a congregation of soil tillers known as the convention of the United Farmers of Ontario, the abbreviated form of which is the U.F.O. About five hundred cow milk extractors, potato bug-gers, manure haulers, swine feeders, burdock growers, pig killers, bean flatters, groundhog murderers and skunk combators met in the Labor Temple to discuss the best co-operative methods of buying and selling farm commodities. The president, Mr. Halbert, in his note of welcome, addressed the audience as "gentlemen," not noticing that there was a lady in the crowd. He afterwards corrected the statement and said that too much favor and education could not be given to the ladies because the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world. A masculine voice coming out of the jaws of a man whose head looked as if the mange had waged war or had been struck with lightning and resembling a checkerboard, said that the same hand that rocked the cradle made men laldheaded.

Between sessions the writer purchased a copy of the Toronto Globe and a quarter's worth of street car tickets and proceeded to examine the horses as advertised in the paper. The common plea among each of the horse salesmen was that they had sold yesterday the horse that was advertised in the paper, but had "another just as good." The fact of the matter was that they would advertise a beautiful, high-stepping, city-broken, broad chested, clean limbed, bright eyed, broken single and double and guaranteed sound (imaginary) horse for about one-half what one might expect. Then the poor henpecked farmer would travel from afar to see these (imaginary) snags, only to hear the old song "sold yesterday, but here is another just as good." Their advertisement should read as follows: "For Sale—Black mare 25 years old, not strong enough to pull Albert Eaton's Jersey cow and balky as Will Hopkinson's Billy, toothless as Spencer Bennett, lame as John Ironside, breechy as Norman Mills jumping a nine-rail fence out of Charlie Newell's watermelon patch, grey-headed as Charlie Rolph, and guaranteed to have nothing sound about it." At length I became disgusted as the next dealer went over the same old rigmarole (sold yesterday, etc.), I asked him the way to a certain street where there were some more (imaginary) horses, only to be reminded that he was not an information bureau. Needless to say I quickly left him as he was brushing a horse in search of a speck of dust. As I went out of the barn fortunately I noticed that the padlock of the door was on the outside and of course yielded to temptation and locked the door, enclosing the pelican advertiser and his horse lides to dine together for the rest of the day and perhaps until now, for all I know. Anyway he would have plenty of time to compose another advertisement suitable for an imaginary horse while I started home. Now in the midst of my dreams I hear him kicking at the door trying to get out and going over his catechism and making explicit plans of what he is going to do when he gets out, but it does not bother my conscience a bit.

I next took a Yonge street car and asked the conductor if his car would take me to the station, only to be asked if it was the Union Station or the police station that I wanted. I informed him that it was the Union I wanted, but if he really wanted company to the police station I would go along. At last we arrived at the Union Station, and as the writer is a man weighing between 140 and 200 pounds (dressed) and wearing a Persian lamb cap that I had scalped off one of Bob Gastie's sheep and just like the policemen wear, and was standing on the platform when a big, burly, stuffed cop, inflated up to 110 pounds, came up to me and said, "Where did you get that cap?" "Well," said I, "to tell the truth I knocked a cop down yesterday and relieved him of it and can have yours before morning." Just what would have happened I do not know if the conductor of our train had not called, "All aboard for Sunnyside, Mimico, Oakville, Bronte, Burlington, Hamilton, Kennel, Deserted Village, New Orleans and Jerusalem."

GALLANT YOUTH DEAD.

Lieut. Ian A. McLeod Was the
Youngest V.C.

Canada's—perhaps the Empire's—youngest Victoria Cross winner is dead from influenza in Winnipeg. This gallant youth is Lieut. Ian A. McLeod, R.A.F., of Stonewall, Man. Early in October Lieut. McLeod returned from England accompanied by his father, Dr. McLeod, who had gone overseas in the spring to be with his son, who then lay critically wounded in London.

Lieut. McLeod won the V.C. last April, when 18 years of age, after less than one year in the air service, part of his training having been received in Toronto. He won the V.C. when, whilst flying with an observer and attacking enemy formations with bombs and machine-gun fire, he was assailed at a height of 5,000 feet by eight triplanes, which dived at him from all directions. He enabled his observer to direct fire bursts at each machine in turn, shooting down three out of control. By this time he had received five wounds. A bullet penetrated the petrol tank and set the machine afire. He then climbed out on the left bottom plane, controlling the machine from the side of the fuselage, and by side-slipping steeply, kept the flames to one side, thus enabling the observer to continue firing until the observer was reached. The observer had been wounded six times when the machine landed in No Man's Land, and McLeod, notwithstanding his own wounds, dragged him from the burning wreckage at great personal risk from machine-gun fire. He was also wounded by a bomb, but placed his comrade in comparative safety before falling himself from exhaustion.

McLeod first came under the notice of his superiors by volunteering to attack single-handed a German gun of heavy calibre, which was doing much damage on the western front. He returned to his base after locating the gun and destroying an enemy captive balloon and 11 Germans who were manning it.

Large Seal Increase.

Preliminary figures for the 1918 census of fur seals on the Pribilof Islands have been received by the Bureau of Fisheries, says the San Francisco Chronicle. These figures show that the approximate total number of the Alaskan herd was 495,000 in 1917. The number of pups born was 143,005, and the number of breeding cows was the same. The average harem based on a count of seven rookeries, was 26.76. This census did not include the 33,881 seals taken during the present year.

The Department had authorized a take of 35,000 skins during the regular killing season, which ended on Aug. 10, but only 33,881 were taken. Of this number 7,000 were taken on St. George Island and 26,881 on St. Paul Island. A few seals will be killed from time to time during the remainder of the year for the purpose of furnishing fresh meat for the natives.

By the terms of the north Pacific scaling convention of July 7, 1911, 15 per cent. of this year's take of the skins belongs to the Canadian Government and a like proportion to the Japanese Government. There will be no actual delivery of these skins, but under a provision of the convention, the market value of the skins will be credited to the respective Governments as an offset to certain advance payments made to them by the United States.

An Official Story-teller.

In several of the public libraries of Canada story-telling to children has for some years been a special feature. Each Saturday morning from fifty to one hundred children assemble at the library in a room set apart for the purpose and called the "Children's Room." The ages of the children vary from six to fourteen years. At St. John, N.B., story-telling has been continued now for three years. This year it has been found advisable to divide the children according to age and to hold two classes of half an hour each. The work has steadily grown in interest, and the demand for books of a less trivial type justify the work of the committee in charge. During the summer, when opportunity offers and a story-teller of note is a guest of the city, notice is given to the library, and it is often possible to have a special session.

New "Official Gazette."

Official announcements for the Yukon Territory are now made in a "Yukon Gazette" section of the Dawson Daily News, these occupying "such portions of page six as may be required" by the Territorial Government for advertising. The Government notices are published with the footnote: "Only the preceding portion of this page constitutes the Yukon Gazette.—(Signed) J. A. M. H. Maltby, King's Printer."

Hangman Grants Reprieve.

Sullivan and Johnson, two Manitoba murderers condemned to death on the gallows, obtained a five days' reprieve through Ellis, the hangman, being unable to reach Winnipeg by the date set for the execution.

Union Coming.

In Brockville the representatives of the Presbyterian, Methodist and Baptist churches will hold service in common during the winter months, coal conservation being the object but church union the distant objective.



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Cause of Early Old Age

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SUNDAY SCHOOL

Lesson VIII.—Feb. 23, 1919. Moses Praying for Israel. Exodus, 32: 1-34: 9.

Commentary.—I. The Golden Calf Made and Worshipped (32: 1-6). A test was made of the patience of the Israelites by Moses' long stay in the mount with the Lord. The marvelous displays of divine power in their behalf had not brought them to a state of mind and heart where they would be steady and trustful. They demanded some visible representation of God. They spoke slightly of Moses, and it would appear that they wanted a leader to conduct them back to Egypt. Their noisy demand to Aaron to make them gods, was met by the request that the people give up their golden ornaments. Aaron may have thought they would rather do without their gold. After the golden calf was completed, the people joined in worshipping it and engaged in riotous and degrading dances that accompanied such worship among the Egyptians whence had been borrowed the idea of the calf as an idol.

II. God's Words to Moses (32: 7-10). 7. The Lord said unto Moses—While Moses was receiving the law on the mountain from God, the people below were going into idolatry and its accompanying evils, and the Lord would make known to him what was taking place among his people. Moses was the one to whom the Lord addressed his messages to the children of Israel. get these down—Moses had been in the mount forty days. It was good for him to be up there with Jehovah, but his presence and labors were needed below. The people—God speaks of Israel as Moses' people, but a little later Moses speaks of them as God's people, which thou broughtest out of Egypt—Moses is here given credit for having brought Israel out of bondage, have corrupted themselves—God did not palliate the sad condition of Israel. He spoke out in unmistakable language in telling of the sin of Israel, 8. turned aside quickly—A few days before this they had declared that they would obey the word of the Lord and would follow him (Exodus, 24: 3), but now they had apparently forgotten their vow and had turned from the Lord and Moses to follow their own ways. made them a molten calf—The Israelites were in contact to a greater or less degree with the idolatrous worship of the Egyptians while they were in Egypt, and it is not strange that the representation they made of God was in the form of a calf, for Apis, the sacred bull, was an object of worship at Memphis, Egypt, worshipped it—The Israelites did not intend to worship an Egyptian deity, but worshipped Jehovah under the symbol of a calf (32: 4-6). these be thy gods—Moses was gone and the people were desirous of having some visible representation of Jehovah. 9. A stiff-necked people—The Lord likened the children of Israel to an ox that was unmanageable and would not submit to be guided. 10. let me alone—The language indicates that the Lord was inclined to punish Israel for their departure from him and called upon Moses not to interfere with this purpose. The narrative leads to the conclusion that he would test Moses' interest in Israel and his faith and patience. that my wrath may wax hot—God's displeasure at sin is great, and persistent transgression leads him to punish the transgressor severely.

III. Moses' Intercession (32: 11-14). Moses besought the Lord his God—Moses' life was bound up in his people and in the work to which the Lord had called him. He was not ready to let Israel fall and he undertook an intercession in their behalf that they might be spared, and yet accomplish the sublime purpose God had in raising them up. His plea was fourfold. 1. Israel was Jehovah's people. 2. God had performed wonders in delivering the nation. 3. The Egyptians would exult in their destruction. 4. God had promised their fathers the land of Canaan for an inheritance. Against their people—The Lord had called Abraham and he had responded in faith and obedience to become the founder of God's peculiar people, Israel was God's

people and Moses urged this as an argument in his plea. Brought forth out of Egypt—"With great power and with a mighty hand" the Lord had delivered Israel from Egyptian bondage, thus showing the intensity of his interest in them: Would he let the facts that he had chosen and raised up this nation and had brought them out of Egypt go for naught? 12. Wherefore should the Egyptians speak, etc.—Moses questioned the Lord regarding the effect the destruction of the Israelites in the wilderness would have upon the Egyptians. They would declare that Jehovah had wrought wonders in leading them out of Egypt, across the Red Sea, simply to destroy them. They would have a false idea of the God of Israel and a lowered idea of their former slaves. Moses' plea was for the honor of Jehovah. He would have his name exalted not only among the Israelites, but also among the heathen. Turn, Repent—Moses showed himself equal to the test and besought the Lord to turn from his wrath and to change his purpose concerning his people. 13. Remember—thy servants—In true prayer there is a pleading of God's promises, and Moses presented before Jehovah the promises he had made to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob and several times repeated. Swearers by their own self—See Gen. 22: 16 and Heb. 6: 13. The Lord had made his promise as strong and as sacred as it could possibly be made. I will multiply your seed as the stars of heaven—A strong expression showing the greatness of the future nation. This land—the land of Canaan. Inherit it for ever—Canaan was promised to the descendants of the patriarchs as a permanent and perpetual inheritance, but upon the conditions of their faith and obedience. 14. The Lord repented of the evil which he thought to do—It is not unusual for Hebrew writers to attribute to God the feelings that belong to men. The Lord's change of purpose or course of action is dependent, upon the course that men can take. If man repents, God's threat is withdrawn; if man turns to evil, the promised blessing is withdrawn. Through the intercession of Moses Jehovah changed his course toward Israel.

IV. The tables broken and renewed (32: 15-34: 9). Directly after Moses had offered his prayer of intercession and had prevailed, he went down from the mountain having in his hand the two tables of the law. When he saw that the children of Israel were worshipping the golden calf, he threw the tables of stone from his hands, doubtless in token of the lamentable fact that Israel had thus quickly broken God's holy law. He then ground the golden calf to powder, scattered it in the water and made the people drink it as a punishment. Aaron's excuse to Moses for his part in the idolatrous worship is weak and puerile. It was the effect of one consciously wrong, but impatient, to explain his unhelpful act. "There came out this calf," is the only excuse made a sinner can give for his godless life, but it is a poor way to meet responsibility. Aaron was effective as a spokesman, but he lacked the qualities of a leader. If he had taken a decided stand for the right, it is likely the nation would have escaped the punishment that came to them. It was a most happy thing for the tribe of Levi that they could respond to Moses' call. "Who is on the Lord's side? let him come unto me," and take their stand with Moses. The death of three thousand persons was a mark of God's displeasure at the sin

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their hearts turned back again into Egypt." Impatience of delay or disclosure has wrought many a spiritual disaster. Popular clamor found an all-too-willing instrument in Aaron, whose chief recommendation at the beginning seemed to be that he could "speak well" and who, while God was detailing the order of the priesthood, was weakly yielding to the popular demand and employing the graving tool on Israel's idol, turning the "glory of the uncorruptible God into an image." And is it not true that many another has spurned or delayed high honors for the worship of wealth, fashion, influence or power, all idols of their own making?

II. The intercession. There is but one greater example of utter self-abnegation and intercession than that of Moses. In his life he twice brushed aside the proffered honor of the fatherhood of a new and greater nation and stayed the flood of wrath long patient and long provoked. He pleads covenant relations, "Thy people"; promises to preceding generations, "Remember Abraham, Isaac and Israel...to whom thou swarest"; and the honor of God before the Egyptians, "Wherefore should the Egyptians speak?" The climax is reached in the abandonment of intercession, "If thou wilt forgive their sin—and if not, blot me...out of thy book." He could not survive an unpardoned nation and rested not until the dread crisis was past and assurance renewed. "My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest." Jesus appropriated the phrase in the universal invitation as He also appropriated the relations of shepherd, bridegroom, king and judge, all of which belong to God.

III. Application. The ministry of intercession antedates Moses and is abiding both in its responsibilities and possibilities. With right personal relations, it is a mighty instrument which all can wield. Abraham's intercession for the doomed cities is the first recorded example. The supreme example is Jesus in the petition for His apostles and for all who "believe on me through their word" (John 17: 20), and for His murderers amid the agonies of the crucifixion. Paul could wish himself "accursed from Christ" for his brethren and kinsmen, and commands that "prayers, intercessions...be made for all men." Love finds in this its highest exercise and holiest expression.—W.H.C.

Facts About the Moon. The apparent size and brightness of the moon depends upon its nearness to the earth, and the biggest and brightest full moon we have enjoyed this century was that of January, 1912, which came as near to the earth as any moon can ever come—about 221,520 miles, that is to say. For another moon to rival that we must wait until 1930.

The greatest distance the moon can ever recede from the earth is 264,350 miles; when, of course, she appears smaller and dimmer. The phases of the moon, since she shines by reflected sunlight, depends upon the continually changing position with regard to the earth. It is because of this that the horns of the crescent moon in its first quarter always point to the left, while in the last quarter the position is reversed, the horns then pointing to the right. She always turns the same face to use so that what the other side looks like we do not know. The probability is, however, that it does not differ materially in appearance from the one we are acquainted with, for the moon is a cold, dead world, a huge mass of burnt out slag.

Being destitute of either water or air it is, of course, quite incapable of sustaining any sort of animal or vegetable life. The so-called "man in the moon" is really a group of extinct volcanoes, some of them more than twenty thousand feet high. The moon exerts comparatively little direct influence on the earth, except

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insofar as regards the tides, which are due almost entirely to its attraction. Its reflected heat is almost negligible, being somewhat about 185,000 times less than that of the sun; while the light of the full moon, notwithstanding its apparent brightness to the sun's light, is as 1 to 63,000.—Suffolk Gazette.

A Pledge.
I will not trade with a German shop. That lives by the German hand. I'll buy no goods with a German name. That's made on German land.
I will not take a German's word—He'll break it if he can. There is no love in a German heart. Or faith in a German man.
I'll not forget those awful deeds To girls and little boys— No more I'll hang on Christmas trees. Those blood-stained German toys.

This is my oath, and from this day on I'll swear to keep it true, And since I know you feel the same, I'll ask this oath of you.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888. A. W. GLEASON. (Seal) Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists. See Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

LIFE ON TRAWLERS.

Brave Men Who Fish While Fighting Huns. On the cool, smooth surface of this northern sea lay one of His Majesty's armed trawlers, engines stopped, but drifting slowly with the current. Hidden from our quarry, by a few miles distant cape, a ceaseless watch is kept for the contraband-running neutral. Unsuspecting our presence, he makes a "landfall" of this particular promontory. The very action of taking this far northern course proclaims his anxiety to reach the Scandinavian port without overhaul from a British patrol vessel.

Some ten miles' steam will take us within the Arctic Circle, but there is nothing on this perfect evening to suggest its proximity. For it is mid-summer, with a temperature of warmth and freshness that is delightful. Happily fog is absent. With the exception of the deck and engine-room watches, everyone is fishing—or, rather, pulling fish out of the water, for scarcely a minute passes without the whack of a flopping big cod on deck. The fish are running on the large size. The crew's arms ache with the ceaseless "bobbing" with the baitless bait of lead and hooks. Two men will now tally on a line—an extra heavy fish has been hooked. Now a shout from the man of the reecl line. No bottom! The trawler has drifted over a submarine valley. Lines hauled, a few turns ahead with

the propeller, and the edge of the valley is found. Here's sport! The halibut lurks in the cliffs and crannies of these underwater hillsides. A position is maintained in from 60 to 70 fathoms. Overside go a couple of strangled baited line. One cuts away under the trawler before its length is out. Talled on, hauled, sore hand work, a grand halibut is bucking on deck like a pirate broncho. The weight, by a crude measurement, runs over 70 lbs. A hail from the bridge! The vigilance of the look-out is never relaxed. Our ship forges ahead ere lines are in. Full speed is quickly worked up. Course is set to cut out whatever is under that skying trail of smoke which has just opened out of the cape. Perhaps a shot across bows will be necessary? Not! The "Stop instantly" signal is sufficient, and a large tramp (neutral, with German sympathies), deep-laden, with a suspiciously large crew, lays blowing off. Our boarding officer is quickly examining papers. In half an hour he has reported. We steam away, not to the happy fishing ground, for the "fireless" has been talking, but to the rendezvous with a cruiser, many miles away. By and by the smell of the cooking fish reminds us that the cruiser shall share in the bountiful catch.—London Daily Mail.

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Reminders. Duty is busied with small things. But to the things with which duty works she imparts her own holiness. The best we can do for any man is to help him to be his own best self, to reach his own highest possibility. Courage cannot be cultivated, but it can be inspired. No one is well educated till he can help educate others.—Great Thoughts
Marriage is a tie, but of course it is necessary to make both ends meet.

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Dairy Produce—		
Butter, creamery dairy	0.50	0.55
Do., creamery	0.57	0.63
Margarine, lb.	0.35	0.40
Eggs, new laid, doz.	0.55	0.60
Cheese, lb.	0.33	0.38
Dressed Poultry—		
Turkey, lb.	0.50	0.55
Fowl, lb.	0.28	0.35
Spring chickens	0.35	0.40
Duckings, lb.	0.38	0.42
Geese, lb.	0.30	0.35
Fruits—		
Apples, bkt.	0.25	0.30
Do., bbl.	3.00	7.00
vegetables—		
Beets, peck	0.25	0.30
Do., bag	1.00	1.10
Carrots, peck	0.20	0.25
Do., bag	0.25	0.30
Cabbage, each	0.05	0.10
Cauliflower, each	0.10	0.15
Celery, chkd.	0.10	0.15
Lettuce, 3 bchs. for	0.10	0.15
Onions, 75-lb. sacks	1.25	1.50
Do., bkt.	0.25	0.35
Do., picking, bkt.	0.40	0.45
Leeks, bunch	0.10	0.15
Parsley, bunch	0.10	0.15
Peas, bag	1.00	1.10
Do., peck	0.25	0.30
Potatoes, bag	1.25	1.50
Rhubarb, bunch	0.15	0.20
Sage, bunch	0.10	0.15
Savory, bunch	0.05	0.10
Turnips, bag	0.75	0.80
Do., peck	0.20	0.25

MEATS WHOLESALE.

Do., hindquarters	23.00	27.00
Carcasses choice	21.00	23.00
Do., medium	18.50	20.50
Do., common	15.50	17.50
Veal, common, cwt.	13.00	15.00
Do., medium	20.00	23.00
Do., prime	24.00	27.00
Heavy hogs, cwt.	18.00	18.00
Shop hogs, cwt.	20.00	21.00
Abattoir hogs	22.00	24.00
Mutton, cwt.	18.00	20.00
Lamb, lb.	0.27	0.28

TORONTO CATTLE MARKETS.

Receipts: 2,034 cattle, 158 calves, 1,928 hogs, 82 sheep

Export cattle, choice	15.00	16.50
Export cattle, medium	13.00	14.50
Export bulls	9.50	10.75
Butcher cattle, choice	10.50	11.75
Butcher cattle, medium	9.50	10.50
Butcher cattle, common	6.50	7.50
Butcher cows, choice	9.50	11.75
Butcher cows, medium	8.00	9.00
Butcher cows, canners	5.00	5.40
Butcher bulls	8.00	9.00
Feeding steers	9.00	10.25
Stockers, choice	8.00	9.00
Stockers, light	6.50	8.00
Stinkers, choice	9.00	10.00
Springers, choice	8.50	9.50
Sheep, ewes	9.00	10.00
Bucks and culs	5.00	6.50
Lambs	15.00	16.00
Hogs, Fed and watered	17.25	18.00
Hogs, f. o. b.	16.50	17.00
Calves	16.50	17.50

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE
Fluctuations on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange yesterday were as follows:
Open. High. Low. Close.

Oats—				
July	0.65%	0.66%	0.65%	0.66%
May	0.63%	0.64%	0.63%	0.64%
Flax—				
July	3.14	3.14	3.19%	3.11%
May	0.83%	0.84%	0.83%	0.84%

MINNEAPOLIS GRAINS.
Minneapolis—Flour unchanged. Barley, 71 to 84c. Rye, No. 2, \$1.22 to \$1.23 1/2. Bran, \$4.00. Flax, \$3.36 to \$3.38.

DULUTH LINED. Duluth—Lined—On track, \$3.37; arrive, \$3.37; February, \$3.37 asked; May, \$3.33 bid; July, \$3.31 asked.

Evidence Crops Up Every Day

THAT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ALWAYS HELP KIDNEY DISEASE.

Quebec Man Who Suffered From a Roudown System and Kidney Disease Finds Quick Relief.

Miguasha Point, Que., Feb. 17.—(Special).—More evidence crops up in this vicinity every day to prove that for rundown people there is no remedy to equal Dodd's Kidney Pills. Among the many who have come forward with statements is Mr. Paul Landry, a well-known resident, whose testimony can easily be corroborated. "It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you your Dodd's Kidney Pills are the best medicine that I have ever taken," Mr. Landry states. "When I commenced to take them there was not much hope for me. After taking four boxes I felt like myself again. I advise all persons who suffer from kidney disease to take Dodd's Kidney Pills." Dodd's Kidney Pills are popular all over this country, because they not only cure the pains and aches of the different diseases springing from disordered kidneys, but also give new life and energy all over the body. They do this naturally. They cure the kidneys. Cured kidneys strain all the impurities out of the blood, and the pure blood carries nutriment instead of poison to all the nerves and muscles. You have never heard of a person Dodd's Kidney Pills harmed. You hear of thousands who have benefited by them.

Old Folks Need Mild Eowel Tonic

And Should Avoid the Use of
Harsh Pills and Laxative
Purgatives.

Old people, no matter how sound and hearty, should avoid cathartic pills, purgative water salts and all other temporary relief measures. They cause constipation to-day, but find you up worse than ever to-morrow.

It is better to get the bowels into the habit of performing their normal function at a certain time each day and this can be done by strengthening the muscles of the stomach and bowels by the tonic action of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild laxative that acts as close to nature's way as possible.

Thousands of people, old and young, prevent and cure habitual constipation by using Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a mild yet active medicine that is noted for its promptness in curing headaches, belching gas, sourness in the stomach, fullness after meals, liver soreness and muddy complexion. You'll have the best of health, feel good, eat well, digest and sleep well if you regulate the system by Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c box at all dealers.

The Spider Of Death

(Orange Sentinel.)

"What do I want to do? Why go back there? What for?" And the man thrust gauged and scared fingers into a leather wallet hanging from his waist and, after clumsy fumbling brought out two cartridges, one short and snub-nosed, the other long and tapering. For satisfaction. To put these into the vital parts of two men.

The man who said these grim words sat back in his chair and leaned his chin upon a rough crutched stick which he held between his hands that looked tortured in spite of their great strength and power.

Imagine a figure bowed at the knees and back, clad in khaki regimental breeches and puttees. Had he been upright, he would have stood considerably over six feet, but the huge shoulders were bent, and it seemed almost impossible for him to straighten his muscular limbs.

THE SPIDER BRAND.

I invited him to come in. Then he removed his hat and with difficulty I repressed a nervous shudder, for I was looking at a disfigurement that seems almost unbelievable in these days of so-called "civilization." This man's naturally high fine forehead gives plenty of room for the sinister sign that stretches from temple to temple and from the arch of each eyebrow to the edge of the scalp. It is a heavily tattooed design of a huge crab-like creature which is called in the country where it was made "The Spider of Death," or "The Scorpion."

This creature, which is pricked in blue, red and green inks upon his forehead, has three great bodies. One lies over the other and each outline is clearly visible. It shows first the military drum of Germany, and superimposed upon these the fez, the star and the crescent of Turkey. On either side stretch eight human, hooded legs, while from the middle or head of this horror hangs a ring showing that the man branded thus is the property of the Turks, for eternity.

TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

This Woman Recommends
Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine. Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."



—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Neb.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Finkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Finkham, Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

"Yes, that is what I have to show for my share in the great war," the branded man told me. "I have seen a lot in my life—I was born 57 years ago in Chicago and I guess there are a good many of them there yet who remember the name of Houghton, who was famous for feats of strength and physical endurance—right through from Maine to California."

"I was with Stanley in '78 when he was on his great African expedition, and we rescued Dr. Livingston. I was with Captain Peary in 1906 when he tried to get to the North Pole. I have been 'strong man' and an actor in circuses. I have circled the world with a herd of Esquimaux dogs."

"I have been mixed up in British wars for the last twenty years. I fought in the Sudan, in the Boer war and now in this greatest war."

"I joined up with a regiment of Royal Engineers that was being recruited in the States."

"Over I came, and with the sappers laid mines and built bridges and put down barbed wire in France for a spell. I was at Mons, and I got the ribbon right here."

"I was moved on to Saloniki and then to Mesopotamia, and that's where I got caught. And that's where I met the 'Spider of Death.' It was while I was doing some work with barbed wire one night alone out under the stars in Mesopotamia that I got done in."

"They got me, the devil, but it took a lot of them to do it, and I accounted for a fair number before I was found and tortured and smashed into unconsciousness. I was put to work and I tried to escape, and I was caught and put through more tortures, and then I lay low and was cunning, and they became afraid of me."

"I have no education, but I have brains, and they know that I was to be feared." And so one day a Turk under the direction of a German officer, put this upon me, and the man made his forehead with a terrible torture.

"I was put to work at pulling a plow, and I dragged this plow across the land, and when I didn't cover enough ground, or the furrows that I made were crooked, I was beaten with a leather cat-o-nine tails that had nails at the end of each thong. On my back are the deep marks and the unhealed scars of 42 stripes that were made when I was a beast of burden in Turkey."

GUARD OF HAREM.

"Then the general potentate for whom I worked seemed to realize that he was wasting good material in rough, unskilled labor. He placed me as the guardian of his harem. Among the many slaves in this place there was a young Arabian girl who had been stolen and sold to the man who was our master. She was unhappy to the verge of madness, and the horrors through which she went nearly drove me mad as well."

"I witnessed things done to women that are past belief, and I was helpless, a branded prisoner with a ring upon my head. By methods that had never been told to me, this Arabian girl too long to tell you, this Arabian girl and myself planned together and succeeded in escaping. I killed two of the brutal attendants of the inner court of the harem before we got away."

"Finally we got across the border into her native land and there I rested for a time and had my wounds attended to, and finally managed to get in touch with British troops."

"I have seen women crucified and children torn limb from limb while still alive. I have had to be one of a band of workers to dig up what these fiends called a 'bit of pleasure.' This is a hole dug in the ground eight or ten feet deep by six in diameter, where animals are put and then women and prisoners are thrown in and left until the end. I've seen tortures and mutilations that I could not talk to you about."

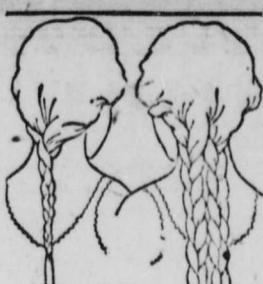
CLARIONET REEDS.

Difficult Art of Preparing Them for Use.

To prepare a clarinet or oboe reed for use, place a very thin, flat piece of steel into the reed between the blades and with a very sharp knife scrape the surface about the middle of the reed on each side until it becomes very thin and smooth at the top, sufficiently to allow it to vibrate. Blow into the reed and if it "crows" it usually is a sign that the reed will be a good one.

If thought too weak, cut a small portion off the tip of the reed. If too strong, scrape it until it suits the embouchure, taking care that there is no inequality in the scraping. In case the reed should be found to have too little vibration, it must be scraped thinner at the top; if it vibrates too much, or if the tone is too shrill, scrape from the bottom to the middle of the reed and it may be necessary to cut a small piece off the tip. Scraping is the most difficult and delicate part of reed-making. One should pay the strictest attention to this important part and not scrape too vigorously, as doing so is apt to cause inequalities and spoil the reed. Scrape gently, a little at a time and strive to keep both sides of even texture. Blow into the reed frequently, that is, sound it, make it "crow" while it is in the process of scraping in order to test its vibratory qualities from time to time and to better judge the amount of scraping necessary for the reed to suit your embouchure.

Sometimes even with the greatest care, a reed will turn out badly. This may not arise from any fault in the



Thin Endy Hair or Thick and Healthy?

A scalp cared for by Cuticura usually means thick, glossy hair. Frequent shampoos with Cuticura Soap are excellent. Preceded shampoos by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff, itching and irritation of the scalp. Nothing better for the complexion, hair or skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

making or scraping, but may be accounted for by the quality of the cane. On the other hand, with a little trouble and experimenting, one may derive some service from a reed that was thought at first to be good for nothing. It may be added that a reed should hardly be worked down all at once to the required flexibility. That is if a reed appears to be quite satisfactory yet seems a bit stiff, it is advisable to play on it in the orchestra or band. The playing will often be the means of softening it. Besides, the response of a reed while playing in an orchestra or band is quite different from that at home in a small room. For that reason it is better to play on a reed which at first offers a little resistance.—Exchange.

Did Hannibal Use Dynamite?

Everyone knows the story of how Hannibal crossed the Alps. The historian Livy says he demolished the rocks that opposed his progress with the aid of fire and vinegar. The word used by Livy and ordinarily translated "vinegar" is acetum.

The question has been raised by a European officer whether this is the true meaning of the original. He thinks that by substituting the historian referred to a substance resembling dynamite in its properties, and his interpreter to consider the question whether the ancients may not have possessed a formula for making a powerful explosive of this kind.

He calls attention to the fact that two ancient historians—Marcus Graecus and Albert of Aix—speak of the existence of two kinds of acetum, one of which possessed greater energy than the other. A clue to the composition of this explosive may be found, he believes, in the fact that to acetum was ascribed the property of extinguishing the dreaded "Greek fire." He thinks the substance may have been strongly oxygenated.

Imported Frocks.

For spring.
One-piece, of course.
Neck lines partly oval.
Half and three-quarter sleeves.
A dominating narrow, straight silhouette.

A Blood-Food Discovered That Entirely Overcomes Anæmic Weakness

CAREFULLY INVESTIGATED REPORTS ESTABLISH TRULY WONDERFUL RESULTS.

Hitherto it has been seen a hopeless task for a thin-blooded person to gain either strength or weight. Neither food nor medicine in many instances had beneficial effect. This is practically a perfect blood-food, containing such elements as iron, and has been produced, and when taken after meals will put new life and vigor into people that have despaired of ever being strong again. This truly wonder-working treatment consists of taking two small chocolate-coated Ferrozone Tablets at the close of every meal.

This wonderful blood-food supplies nourishment, vim, energy—sends a stream of vigorous, strength-making blood to every nook and corner of the body, makes every muscle and fibre sing with new-found life and health. That gnawing tiredness leaves you—Ferrozone drives it away. Sleepless nights are turned into periods of rest, and you pick up fast. Day by day your appetite improves—this means more food is transformed in nutrient that will build and energize weak organs. The inclination to worry passes away because Ferrozone imparts nerve-tone and bodily strength that prevents depression.

Think it over—Ferrozone is a wonderful tonic, in fact, it is more health that lasts. Thousands use it, and thereby cleanse and restore the entire system in a perfect condition. You'll feel the uplifting power of Ferrozone in a week—it's bound to help you if you only give it the chance. Sold by all dealers, 50c, a box or six boxes for \$2.50. Be sure of the name Ferrozone. Forwarded by mail to any address if price is remitted to the Cattarhazone Co., Kingston, Ont.

"WHERE DO I COME IN?"

Question Which Creates Reader Interest in Everybody.

"Every human being likes to see himself in reading matter—just as he likes to see himself in a mirror. The most likely to any publication (so far as reader interest is concerned) would be one in which every reader could find his own name. The ideal illustration would be a group photograph of all the readers, so that each reader could have the fun of finding himself in the picture. Once in a while the newspapers print a flash-photograph of a thousand men having a banquet together. When they do, each one of those faces and men takes a special interest in that photograph. He shows it to his family and he invents ways and means of bringing it to the attention of his neighbors."

"Newspapers are read widely because the individual reader sees himself constantly in the paper. I do not mean that he sees his own name. I mean that he reads about things happening to individuals which might happen to him, and he keeps comparing himself with what he reads. For example he reads in the newspaper that so-and-so has just fallen out of a high-story window and broken his neck. He thanks God that he himself has not broken his neck—and he reads about a certain man who has come into possession of ten thousand dollars from the estate of a dead brother, and meditating on his own connection with what he has been reading, he wonders when that old uncle of his is going to die and leave him that dollar and a half he has been waiting for since 1888."

"Country newspapers have enormous circulation in proportion to the population. The half or three-quarters of the people in a little town to take the village paper. The reason is obvious—the country paper is personal to its reader. Its columns are almost like a private letter from a member of the family. If a New York newspaper could get that close to its readers it could have three million circulation. But it can't. Besides, the people of New York are not that close to each other. They don't know each other well enough to be interested in such an item as the following: 'While backbiting, our great Broadway theater has been suffering with the grip and has gone to spend a week with his aunt in Philadelphia.'"

"The reason so much reading matter is unpopular and never attracts a wide reading public lies in the fact that the reader sees nothing in it for himself. He takes an article well, says, 'The Financial System of Canada. It looks dull, doesn't it?' It looks dull because you can't quite see where it affects you. Now take an article entitled 'Why it is easier to get rich in Canada than in the United States.' That's different. It interests you. You wonder where the Canadian has an advantage over you. You look into the article to find out where you can't get an idea from it. Yet it is basically alike, differing only in treatment. One bore you and the other interests you. One bores you because it seems remote. The other interests you because the writer has had the skill to make his facts and figures into items that are personal to you. The minute you become personal in this world you become interesting.—American Magazine.

As to the recent German talk about their determination to get back their colonies, it may be said that the Allies are going to see to that. But as to the colonies themselves and how they fared under German rule, some interesting data has been gathered. When she first entered on African territory it was stated that Germany had a colonial policy peculiar to herself and did not need to learn from foreign nations. As the Kolonialzeitung said with brutal plainness, territory was acquired "not for the evangelization of the black, not primarily for their well-being, but for us whites." Preparations for war were the first consideration, and forthwith new colonies began to drill and arm the black troops. Next, there was the labor question; a system worse than slavery was applied. The facts from time to time have been before the Reichstag. Every German is not wicked, or was not at that time, and many protested. Officially, but it could not prevent the truth coming to light. Laborers were caught like game and sent down to the coastal plantations in chained gangs. A witness from the Cameroons says: "Native soldiers, with loaded guns, were sent to scour the country for laborers, who are frequently roped or chained together and driven in this manner either to the Government undertakings or to the various farms." Another wrote on March 29, 1914: "I saw one large gang of men tied together by the neck and being driven by colored soldiers to the posts where they would be distributed. I am told by the people living in the district that this is a common occurrence, and that thousands have been sent in this manner to work on the railways and roads, and it is well known and openly admitted that the mortality among them has been above 30 per cent."

Kindly Huns In Africa

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They were kept in subjugation and at work by such flogging as is not paralleled in the annals of slavery. It is most significant that at the outbreak of war, Ebermaier, Governor of the Cameroons, issued the following proclamation: "Whether among you helps our enemies will feel our severity. But who stands by us faithfully will be rewarded. Therefore I decree that corporal punishment shall be done away with for the soldiers of the police force and for the colored Government officials, because they have shown themselves faithful, also for all who have left the service honorably. The commander decrees the same for the soldiers of the protectorate."

The concession in itself testifies to the prevalence of flogging. And Evan-Lewis in "German Rule in Africa" gives many horrible examples. Let one speak for all. It refers to a woman carrying a baby on her back and a

ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.
Heals all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

sack of grain on her head. "She fell forward on her face, and the heavy sack fell partly across her and partly on the baby. The corporal jumped her certainly for five minutes and the baby as well."

The German colonist does not recognize humanity in a colored man. An uncontradicted story is of the notorious Captain Dominik who, after the massacre of a village, permitted his native soldiers to place 52 children in wicker baskets and watch them spin down the Natchigal Rapids to their death. This was unbelievable once, but not now.

What all this means to the native tribes is made abundantly evident by the figures which show how swiftly they are being exterminated. For example the native population of Togoland fell from 2,500,000 in 1891 to 1,500,000 in 1913; that of Southwest Africa from 500,000 in 1904-05 to 110,000 in 1911.

Fair Exchange, Yet a Robbery.

While Gustave Dore was at Ischl and wandering about the mountains he became much interested in a country wedding and sketched it on the spot. He put the sketch into a book into the pocket of his paletot and went back to the hotel to dinner. After dinner he looked for the sketch. It was gone. Angry at the thief, the artist called the landlord and made complaint, but no trace of the book was found. From Ischl Dore went to Vienna, and there he found a letter and a parcel awaiting him. The letter, which was anonymous, read thus: "Sir, I stole your book at Ischl. The sketch was so charming that I could not resist the temptation of having it in my possession, and I knew very well you would never consent to sell it to me. But theft is neither my trade nor my habit, and I beg you to accept as a souvenir of my crime and my enthusiasm for your talent the walking stick which will reach you at the same time as this letter."

The cane was one with a massive gold head, in which was set a gem of value.

Can Sleep Anywhere.

A soldier who enlisted and was sent to Houston was sent out to the trenches for training, and while on duty he was granted two hours' rest. He was allowed to sleep on the firing step of the trench, which he said, was nine inches wide. He said when he comes back he will be able to sleep out on the window sill.

LINGERING WEAKNESS FOLLOWING DISEASE

Banished by the Wonderful Tonic Powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

In almost every case the victim of a gripe, influenza, fevers or contagious troubles, are left weak, ailing and despondent after the disease itself has disappeared. They do not pick up strength as they ought, and remain tired, listless and discouraged. The one and only reason for this is that the blood has been impoverished by the ravage of the disease through which the victim has passed. Strength and full activity will not return until the blood has been restored to its normal condition. The blood can be enriched and purified by no other medicine as quickly and as surely as by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. To enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves is the whole mission of these pills, and thousands have found them beneficial in bringing strength and energy after disease had left them weak and run down. Miss Beatrice Cassidy, Vroomantown, Ont., says:—"From my own experience I can speak in the highest terms of praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I passed through a severe attack of scarlet fever, from which I did not regain my strength until the fever itself had passed. I was left very weak, pale and frail looking, and although I was continuing to take medicine, I did not improve. At this time a friend advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and following the advice, I soon felt the pills were helping me, and after taking them for about a month I found myself fully restored to my old time health and strength. I therefore strongly advise anyone who feels weak or run down to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and I feel sure they will not regret it."

Rich, red blood is the whole secret of good health, and from the first to the last dose Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enrich and purify the blood. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50c a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

You never can tell. Lots of people who think they are marrying for money merely invest in a gold brick.



Are You Equipped

This is the day of the brained man and woman.

It is training that fits you to climb to the top.

Get that training now—while the opportunity is yours

You can enroll at any time calendar and other information upon request.



Thrifty Stamps save "quarters"

PRINTING

Invitations, Programs
Visiting Cards
Announcements
and
Wedding Stationery

Neatly printed at

The Review

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FOR SALE

Two Splendid
Building Lots
Facing on Main St.
50 x 230

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DENTIST

Mill Street Waterdown

John Kitching Mervyn Kitching

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FUNERAL
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Up to Date Equipment
Motor or Horse Hearse
We Pay All Telephone Charges
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CORNER MAIN AND SCHOOL STREETS
WATERDOWN

Lots 50 by 150 to 165 Feet

OWN YOUR OWN BUNGALOW

Lots overlook Hamilton, the Bay
and Cement Highway.

Lots to suit the purchaser. Easy
Terms.

C. P. McGregor, Owner
Phone 168 Waterdown

For Sale

\$3300

Mill Street, Waterdown, next to Dr. Hoppers

Desireable 9 room stone and frame
dwelling, good furnace, electric lights
sleeping porch, new cistern, fruit cel-
lar, good barn, chicken run, about
three-fifths acre of land with fruit
trees and good garden soil

Apply to

L. M. STOCK

439 King St. East Hamilton, Ont.
Phone, Reg. 4874

Blocked by Horses.

The Porcupine Advance records a twenty-minute delay for a train on the T. & N. O. a few days ago, caused by five horses getting on the track and running ahead of the locomotive. The engineer declares that he almost caught up with the runaways several times.

New Factors in Labor Unionism.

Clerks, ledger-keepers and other kindred employes of the banks of Winnipeg have formed a bank clerks union and affiliated with the Trades and Labor Council of the Manitoba capital. The school teachers of the 'Peg contemplate similar action.

Rules for Hunters.

Game conservation is a vital question in Canada. The time to act and place upon a sound and sane continuing basis all game birds and animals is now. Insofar as rules for sportsmen are concerned, they will obey them. Here are a few good ones:

1. Be a real sportsman. There is more honor in giving the game a square deal than in getting the limit.
2. Make sure it's a buck or drake. If you can't see his horns, or determine a duck, she hasn't got any, and in case of a duck don't shoot.
3. Help enforce the game law. Game and fish are public property, and only a game-hog will take more than his fair and legal share. Violations should be reported to the nearest official of the Government.
4. Respect the ranchman's property. He regards the man who leaves his gates open, cuts his fences, chouses his live stock, or shoots near dwellings as an outlaw. Put yourself in his place.
5. Be careful with your camp fire and matches. Save the forests. One tree will make a million matches; one match can burn a million trees.
6. Leave a clean camp and a clean record. Unburied garbage, crippled game, and broken laws are poor monuments for a sportsman to leave behind him.

Children Lost In Big City.

Two children, a ten-year-old girl and her seven-year-old brother, disappeared from their home in Toronto recently and were not found by the police until the third morning after they had left their home to go to school. The tots wandered down to Scarborough Beach, where they spent the afternoon, and afterwards managed to reach Yonge street, where the police found them.

"We wanted to see Santa Claus, and we saw him," said the little girl. For two nights they had slept behind the big pillars of a bank. They spent the day-time in the downtown stores.

They Met Again.

During the last days of the war, a German field kitchen loaded with stum, coffee, cigars and cigarettes for a hundred men, and making a slight and quite pardonable error as to the whereabouts of the somewhat jumpy German line, drove up in the darkness to a battalion of Canadian Infantry and there started to unload before the delighted Tommies discovered them. The captors were about to pitch in when a lieutenant rushed out of the dim-lit dugout and, with uplifted hand, postponed the feast, hissing out as he did so that there might be arsenic in the stum and that anyway the whole thing was probably a plot. This turn of events dejected the German cook, who was fatter than any one in Germany is supposed to be in the fifth year of the war and who had just been congratulating himself that even the fiendish Canadians could not be so very cruel to one who had brought them such unexpected refreshments. The cook brightened up, however, when it occurred to him that he and his drivers might disarm suspicion by themselves sampling all the rations on hand. They weren't allowed to do more than sample them when the bunch joined in, and in five minutes 25 Canadians had cleaned up a meal which had been prepared for a hundred Germans. The cook was still a bit worried about his scout, who had gone on ahead to feel the way and of whom nothing had been heard since. He was told that he would probably meet him before morning. Sure enough, at dawn, in the prison cage far behind, the stray ration detail all met face to face. "Oh, Johann!" "Oh, Gottlieb!" It was a great reunion.

Speed of Car.

A new automobile attachment makes a permanent record of the speed of the car during the entire trip for the purpose of preventing speed disputes with authorities.

No Man's Land.

In the north of the Province of Quebec there are still 250,000 square miles of unexplored country, making, with the 642,000 square miles in western Canada, a total of 901,000 square miles.

A Zulu Chief.

There has just died at the Brockville General Hospital, Mr. Charles Cetawayo, who by right of birth was a king in his own country, he being the eldest son of the famous King Cetawayo, of Zululand. For some time past he had practiced as a mining engineer in Ontario, being engaged in investigating mica deposits near Westport, for Kingston capitalists, when taken ill.

EAGERS

WATERDOWN

Canadian Food Control License No. 8-11802

Dry Goods

This is a good time to buy cottons and sheetings as all indications point to an advance of 10% on all cottons. Bleached sheetings 8-4 width, a good strong cloth

45c and 50c a yard

White Cotton Sheets, hemstitched 2 yards wide

\$3.25

Hemmed Sheets. We draw attention to the fact that these goods will keep their shape after being laundered as they are torn instead of being cut

\$2.25

Goddess Corsets, laced in front, made for slight figure

\$2.50

Silk Poptins, 36 in wide, in good colors, navy, brown, grey green and black, per yard

\$2.00

Groceries

Postum Cereal. There is not a particle of coffee in Postum nor any medication or adulteration whatever

30c

Babbitt's Cleanser at your service, safe, modern, effective quick and economical

10c

K. A. G. kills all germs. A household disinfective, leaves everything clean and sanitary, no objectional odor

15c

Magic Hand Cleanse. A combination of pumice, soap and glycerine

15c

Sun Liquid Ammonia. The standard of strength and purity for a quarter of a century in Canada

20c

Three-in-One Oil cleans, polishes, prevents rust and lubricates all kinds of machines

15c

Chocolatta. The ready to use chocolate, a digestive food beverage of very high nutritive value, soluble in water

30c

Lipton's Instant Cocoa. Guaranteed absolutely pure

20c a package

Aunt Jemina Pancake Flour 20c

White Lily Corn Syrup in 2 lb. tins

Boots and Shoes

Men's Black Split Meno Grain Leather Work Boot, blucher cut, a good strong boot

\$4.50 a pair

Women's Black Kid old ladies lace Boot, plain toe, low heel

\$4.00 a pair

Homestead Red Paint

For painting barns, fences, sheds, silos and out buildings This paint is made with materials that will give good protection against the wear and tear of the weather. Put up in one-half, one and five gallon tins.

This Store Will Close

on Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights at 7 o'clock. We would appreciate very much your co-operation in this early closing movement.