

# ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER.

Per Year \$2.50.

ROSSLAND, B. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1903

Eighth Year, Number 34

## MORE ORE AND WORK

### Increased Activity and Shipments Recorded Last Week.

### Outlook For an Active Summer Grows Brighter Daily.

Increased shipments and enhanced activity is the record of the past week in the Rossland camp. Shipments were approximately 100 tons greater per day than during the preceding week, and the addition of the Giant and Nickel Plate mines to the working list constitutes an important factor in the outlook for the camp.

The Miner's list of shipments from various mines is compiled in the following manner: The Le Roi, War Eagle and Centre Star shipping clerks are courteous enough to give the tonnage from these mines; the Le Roi Two and Velvet are procured through the kindness of the Spokane Falls & Northern railway office, while the Kootenay and Giant shipments are similarly obtained through the courtesy of the Canadian Pacific offices. The figures secured through the mining companies' offices are approximately exact, as net tonnage is obtained up to the last day or two of the week. In estimating the capacity of the railway stations the capacity of the cars is figured closely, and in this way a statement within a few tons of the actual figures is secured.

Last week saw work resumed at the Nickel Plate and Giant mine, excavating commenced on the White Bear buildings, the Spitzee's machinery installed, ore bins completed at the Jumbo mine, good progress made on the Le Roi Two concentrator, and encouraging results secured at the Great Western mine. Equally important is the announcement that the Le Roi smelter at Northport is now treating 100 tons of ore daily, with the probability that the smelter will be running at its full capacity at an early date.

### THE OUTPUT.

Shipments from the Rossland camp for the week ending June 20th and for the year to date are as follows:	Week.	Year.
Le Roi.....	4,000	85,904
Centre Star.....	1,680	39,358
War Eagle.....	1,320	27,285
Kootenay.....	290	2,165
Le Roi No. 2.....	350	18,112
Velvet.....	100	2,928
Giant.....	20	385
White Bear.....	25	127
O. K.....	25	90
Homestake.....	90	90
Totals.....	7,770	171,527

### AMONG THE MINES.

**GIANT.**—The Giant came prominently to the front again through the resumption of operations after a couple of months' idleness due to the inability of the smelter to receive the mine's output. This has been remedied to some extent at least, and work has been resumed in the upper level, where stopping and development are steadily under way with a force of some 12 men. Shipments have been started, and about ten tons of ore will be hauled daily to the railway until further notice.

**NICKEL PLATE.**—Pumping operations were commenced Friday at the mine, and the unwatering will be proceeded with steadily. About three weeks' work will be required to unwater the workings. Power is supplied from the steam compressor plant. It is anticipated that mining operations will be commenced as soon as the workings are unwatered.

**WHITE BEAR.**—The announcement that the compressor and hoisting plants for the mine have been ordered marks another substantial advance in connection with the property. About three months will be required to complete the order for machinery and deliver the plant at the mine. Meantime the workings will be sunk to the 1000 level, and buildings erected ready for the reception of the machinery.

**LE ROI TWO.**—In the Joste mine stopping and development are under way to the 500 level. On the 700 level the drift is progressing rapidly to the point where the downward strike of the Annie vein was encountered by the diamond drill. The diamond drill has exploration is under way. In the No. 1 mine work is steadily under way, and a particularly excellent quality of ore is being produced. At both properties considerable quantities of ore are being added weekly to the reserve for milling purposes.

The concentrator construction work is making good progress. Extra heavy foundations are being set up to carry the machinery.

**THE LE ROI.**—The past week has seen no development of special interest in connection with the Le Roi so far as can be ascertained. The report is that mining, development and exploration have proceeded steadily along the usual lines.

**NO DEVELOPMENT.**—No development of interest is reported from the mine during the week. The usual work is proceeding steadily.

**CENTRE STAR.**—Operations along the usual line with no alteration of interest in the working plans is the report from the Centre Star. The concentrator at Silica is working steadily.

**KOOTENAY.**—In common with the majority of Rossland mines, matters have moved ahead smoothly at the Kootenay, and the report returned from the property is that no development of importance has been encountered. It is anticipated that the returns from the ore shipments are timely new complexion on the future of the property.

**GREAT WESTERN.**—The surface work initiated at the mine during the preceding week has been followed up steadily. The results are said to be most encouraging, and the unwatering and exploration of the workings is now said to be practically certain. The management, however, is reticent as to its plans in connection with the mine, steadily during the week, the latter portion being devoted to bringing down a shipment of ore to the railway for shipment to the Northport smelter. It is expected the consignment will average not less than \$30.

**O. K.**—Superintendent Worsan has proceeded with the work at the mine during the week. It is expected that at an early date underground operations of an interesting nature will be started.

**JUMBO.**—The Jumbo is another Rossland mine that has been much in the public eye during the week. A force of some sixteen men is employed. The underground operations are confined to getting the ore body in shape for shipping operations on a considerable scale, and plans are maturing for a railway spur to facilitate these operations. The first installment of ore to be sent out will be a 100-ton consignment for a thorough smelter test.

**SPITZEE.**—The past week has seen quiet progress accomplished in connection with the installation of the new plant. The hoist and compressor are in place, and are ready to operate as soon as the electrical connections are completed. This should occupy but a day or two longer. The company's intention is to commence underground work as soon as possible.

**VELVET.**—No special development is reported from the mine during the week. The manager states that the showing in the second and third levels is improving, and that the output is to be increased as soon as teams are available for hauling additional ore.

### OUTSIDE SECTIONS.

From Burnt Basin, Norway Mountain and Murphy creek come reports of continued activity and encouraging results. Burnt Basin and Murphy creek sections are suffering for lack of wagon roads, but it is hoped that these drawbacks will be overcome.

### BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS.

	Week.	Total.
Granby.....	3,388	152,452
Mother Lode.....	2,276	45,284
Snowshoe.....	2,160	21,750
B. C.....	1,680	14,125
Emma.....	90	9,000
Sunset.....	394	4,925
Providence.....	591	591
Totals.....	11,258	248,133

The Granby smelter last week treated 4668 tons, making a total of 144,607 tons for the year.

## RICH VELVET ORES

### MINE HAS SHIPPED \$52 ROCK CENTRALLY TO NORTHPORT SMELTER.

### OUTLINE OF EXTENSIVE DEVELOPMENT NOW UNDER WAY AT THE MINE.

"Ore carrying \$52 in gold and netting the company handsome returns has been shipped from the Velvet mine to the Northport smelter recently," said William Gray, manager of the mine yesterday. This rock ran 2.4 ounces in gold, and was mined on the 200 foot level. It is a highly decomposed quartz.

Mr. Gray is in the city for a day or two on business in connection with the Velvet, where mining and shipping operations are steadily under way with a total force of forty-two men.

"Just at this particular juncture," continued Mr. Gray, "we are virtually in statu quo. Raises are being run from the 200 to the 100 level and from the 800 to the 200. The raises will provide much needed ventilation for the mine. We are shipping regularly twenty tons to the Northport smelter. As soon as the raises are completed the company expects to stope from twenty-five to thirty tons daily. Six teams are engaged in hauling, and we hope to secure four additional teams in a few days.

"The raise from the second to the first level will connect with the ore shoot in the Portland property, which is practically owned by the same people who control the Velvet. The outlook for both properties is bright. In the Sophie mountain district considerable work is being done at various points by prospectors, but I cannot state what work is actually being performed or what success attends the efforts of the men thus engaged."

The Montreal crematorium, the only place of the kind in Canada, has now been open for a year, and during that time five cremations have taken place. It is stated that 230 out of 426 members of Gore Street Methodist church, Hamilton, have withdrawn because of the refusal of the stationing committee to give them Rev. J. T. Morris.

## Gold Mines of the Lardeau

**CAMBORNE.** June 20.—The Lardeau district of today is that country surrounding the townsite of Camborne. It was formerly known as the Fish River district, and the Lardeau then included Trout Lake and Ferguson districts. This area is not generally known, hence the usual confusion of ideas in regard to this portion of the province.

After several years of scattered prospecting and working of claims all over this district, from Camborne up over the Fish River, a distance of 16 miles, where the dolomites and shales abut against the granite, operations have finally centered themselves in the immediate neighborhood of Camborne, and extending in a line three or four miles both west and east of that point. This has finally been recognized as the limitation of a well defined gold belt, as far as the Lardeau is concerned, although it is claimed that the gold ledges extend into the Trout Lake district above Ferguson, which is quite likely. Many silver-lead and some copper deposits exist in the belt, some claims being rich in both free-milling quartz and galena deposits.

The first quartz vein showing gold in a free state was discovered on Lexington mountain, two miles from Camborne, which then, some three and a half years ago, consisted of one hotel and one store. Since then, but chiefly during the past 18 months, this quartz vein has been traced three miles across Fish river and four or five miles across Pool creek on the other, thus giving a continuity of proven gold-bearing quartz veins of eight miles long. Of course all this ground is taken up, and several properties have been bonded at good figures, long enough for development work to have gained considerable headway. So far the gold values hold their own, the best being obtained in association with pyrrhotite and galena, chiefly the latter.

The scenes of activity around the camp at present cannot fail to impress the visitor with the possibilities of the district, any remaining doubt being settled by an inspection of the mines and the prospects on the same belt.

Beginning on the west side of Fish river, and going east, the mines proper, as distinct from prospects with little work done on them, are the Gold Finch, Eva, Oyster-Criterion and the Independence, Strathcona and Mount Royal and DeBeers, near the Gold Finch; though it is unfair to mention any in particular, when so many exist in the gold belt. Handsome specimens can be obtained from many of these prospects, but what they need is more development work, owing to the breaking down of the dynamo which furnished power for the ten-stamp mill. This week will see the resumption of crushing, and the new manager is effecting improvements which will go far towards securing a steady output. Like most of the Camborne properties, this one is splendidly situated for economical development.

The Eva mine is now so well known that it hardly needs description. As it is the most developed property, however, it is the most interesting. The height of the highest workings is 8000 feet above sea level and about 1700 feet above Camborne. The depth attained so far is about 300 feet, operations having been chiefly confined to drifting on the veins. These are chiefly the main reef and No. 2, the former being the larger but lower grade. No. 2 vein carries very high values, and holds its size and depth with regularity. At the present depth the oxidized portion of the vein still exists. At lower levels heavy concentrating ore will undoubtedly be found, though free milling to a certain extent and easily amenable to cyanide or chlorination. Traces of tellurium are said to have been noticed but this remains to be confirmed. The conditions, however,

are favorable to a very varied mineralization. The Eva mine may be congratulated on its management, and one cannot fail to notice the businesslike manner in which preparations for successful working is proceeding. The building of the ten-stamp mill is proceeding steadily under the supervision of a first rate millwright. The stamps should be dropping in August, and once started can be kept going for three years on the ore now in sight.

The grading of the flume is nearing completion, a good deal of rock work causing delay. The water will be led from a dam on Pool creek along the side of the mountain on a 25 per cent grade a point almost above the Eva mill, where it will enter an 18-inch pipe and drop rapidly to the Pelton wheel at the mill. The total fall from intake to point of application will be 300 feet, developing ample pressure for all purposes. With a capitalization of \$300,000, the Eva should certainly be a success.

The Oyster-Criterion mine, adjoining the Eva, belongs to the Ophi-Lade syndicate. The mine is similar in many respects and has the same chances of success as the Eva. Their mill is also in course of erection, and the flume line skirts the mountain side opposite the Eva line on the other side of Pool creek, the mill being also on this side. The towers of the cable tramway which will bring the ore down to the mill are now extending down the mountain, and will soon be ready for the ropes and buckets. The starting of these two mills will be a red letter day in the annals of Camborne.

The Beatrice is the last of the mines. This old property has heretofore been renowned for its high grade silver-lead ore. Large quantities of this ore are said to exist in the mine, but owing to some outside troubles development has been retarded. More interest, however, is now caused by the recent discovery of a good sized quartz vein, carrying good gold values, this being in fact a continuation of the Lexington mountain series, though at the limit of same in the Lardeau district.

Of the lesser developed properties mention might be made of the Lucky Jack, close to the Oyster-Criterion; the Stockholm, adjoining the Eva; the Independence, Strathcona and Mount Royal and DeBeers, near the Gold Finch; though it is unfair to mention any in particular, when so many exist in the gold belt. Handsome specimens can be obtained from many of these prospects, but what they need is more development work, owing to the breaking down of the dynamo which furnished power for the ten-stamp mill. This week will see the resumption of crushing, and the new manager is effecting improvements which will go far towards securing a steady output. Like most of the Camborne properties, this one is splendidly situated for economical development.

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It was his last thought, he said, to resign his position at the council board, but he wished to go on record as heartily in favor of the police investigation asked for. It would cost money, he knew, but he wanted his attitude understood.

Alderman Dunlop took a different view of the question. It was a fact, he pointed out, that the attorney-general of the province was responsible for the appointment of the police commissioners, and if there was necessity for investigating the administration of these officials it was for the attorney-general's department to take the initiative, and not the council, which had no voice in the appointment of the commissioners and could not afford the expense entailed.

Alderman Embleton wanted to know where the city stood to gain anything from an investigation. Granted that money was collected and not turned into the treasury, it was equally certain that no amount of investigating would get back a single cent of the funds diverted. The proceeding would cost \$2500, and the city couldn't afford such an outlay without a chance of getting something in.

Alderman McKichan said the city had no funds to spend on an investigation. If the citizens were so anxious to investigate he suggested a public meeting and a subscription to defray the costs. Alderman Armstrong confined himself to agreeing with Alderman Dunlop, and Alderman Talbot had nothing to say. Mayor Dean also endorsed Alderman Embleton's idea, and on resolution it was concluded to refer the petition to the attorney-general's department.

## DROPPED THE IDEA

There will be no public celebration of the Fourth of July in Rossland this year. The decision arrived at in connection with the proposed demonstration on Saturday night last has again been revised, and this time the idea is dropped in deference to the sentiment manifested against the undertaking.

This action was formally communicated to the city fathers at the regular meeting of the council last night. The letter was signed by J. P. Cosgro, secretary, and read as follows:

"On behalf of the Fourth of July celebration committee I wish to thank you for your earnest efforts and kindly support. It is with deep regret that the committee learns that some of your citizens are not in accord with the policy of having a celebration in which all may participate. Under the circumstances the committee has decided to withdraw the celebration. Again thanking for courtesies extended."

The foregoing was addressed to Mayor Dean. In ordering that it be laid on the table his worship remarked: "In connection with this matter there has been an entire mistake on the part of the people, for which I am very sorry indeed."

C. R. Gilbert, secretary of the Fire Underwriters' association, wrote respecting various alterations in the method of administering the city fire department, and suggesting that instead of expending \$2000 on bettering the water storage system the council should devote \$17000 to improving the efficiency of the brigade. Mayor Dean's comment was: "It is all very well to make these suggestions, but if it can be shown where the money is to come from we will certainly try to meet Mr. Gilbert's wishes."

Leard Agent Scott, of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, wrote to the effect that if the city would have a survey of the proposed drive to the city park made over N. & F. S. ground, not interfering with platted lots or lands used for railroad purposes, he would recommend the company to deed the ground required. It was resolved that this should be done at once.

Permission was given the War Eagle fire department to practice on Columbia avenue on Thursday and Friday nights in anticipation of their forthcoming trip to Nelson.

## CELEBRATE THE 16TH

The Rossland Miners' Union will celebrate the anniversary of the founding of the organization here in 1885, and the date selected for the festivities is July 16th, which has been observed in this way each year since, with the exception of 1902.

Last year the union waived its celebration in view of the coronation holiday late in June.

The city council has granted the union permission to use the streets of the city for the demonstration, with the customary regulations as to the program being approved, to prevent danger from fires or other menaces to the public weal. No difficulty will be experienced on this score.

In representing the matter to the city fathers, the officers of the union, President Seaman and Secretary Villeneuve, stated that the mine managers would be approached in the matter of granting a holiday upon the proposed receiving the endorsement of the corporation. It was also pointed out that some managers had already signified their willingness to grant the holiday on July 16th.

The celebration will include a program of sports to be run off between St. Paul and Earl streets on Columbia avenue. The usual athletic contests will be included in the list, and the idea of holding the contests on Columbia avenue to give the business men the advantage of the concourse.

The proposal was unanimously endorsed at last night's meeting of the city council, and the union will now proceed to complete their arrangements for the holiday.

B. Kerr will erect a new hotel at Brandon at a cost of \$60,000.

## MILL GOING UP RAPIDLY

### Excellent Progress Reported from Le Roi Two Concentrator.

### Outline of Work Accomplished and Plans for Immediate Future.

Rapid progress is being made with the construction of the Le Roi Two concentrator. The company desires expedition, and is utilizing every opportunity to hurry the work along as quickly as is compatible with good results. Even if the buildings and plant are complete as soon as is estimated it will be October before the mill is treating ore, hence the desire to secure as good a start as possible while weather conditions are favorable.

It is expected that within a week between thirty and forty men will be engaged in the building operations now well under way.

The erection of retaining walls for the various floors of the mill is progressing actively, ten masons being engaged. Three of these walls are finished and the fourth is half done. A start was made at the lower level of the works, and the masons will work up the hill until their department of the undertaking is finished. Contractor Lynch is to start work at once on the structures covering the lower floors. A large quantity of lumber is already delivered on the ground.

The second car of machinery for the Elmore Oil process has been delivered at the millsite. This included tanks, mixers, etc., and completes the first half of the oil plant. Two cars additional are in transit and will be delivered here at an early date, so that there will be no delay on this score. The crushing machinery for the works was ordered in San Francisco and will be shipped from there as well as from Pennsylvania. Delivery is expected in a fortnight, or slightly more.

Within the next day or two a contract will be let for the construction of a box flume from Little Sheep creek to the concentrator site. The distance is approximately a mile, and tenders for the work have been submitted by several contractors. The work will be got under way promptly so that no delay will be encountered.

The schedule in connection with the company's concentrator plant is as follows:

- July 15—Buildings finished.
- August 15—Oil plant erected.
- July 25—Crushing machinery delivered here.
- September 15—Crushing machinery erected.
- October 1—Mill ready to run.

The foregoing is only an estimate based upon known conditions, but as matters have come off according to schedule, or almost so, the company hopes its plans will be realized.

At the present time the Le Roi Two has some 20,000 tons of milling ore on the dumps at the Joste and No. 1 mines. The extra profit to be gained by milling this tonnage will be more than sufficient to defray the cost of the Elmore plant now under construction, which is estimated at \$25,000 in round figures. Further, considerable quantities of ore are being added to the dumps weekly, and the tonnage in reserve will be considerably in excess of present figures by the time the mill is in operation.

## THE VOTERS' LISTS

### NOTICE THAT COURT OF REVISION IS TO BE HELD ON AUGUST 31st.

### COAL MINERS' STRIKES AT LADYSMITH AND COMOX ARE SETTLED.

**VICTORIA.** June 23.—An extra edition of the provincial Gazette was issued last evening containing a proclamation fixing the date for the holding of courts of revision throughout the province. These courts of revision are to be held on August 31st. After August 14th no applications will be entered on the lists of voters now in course of preparation. Registration is to be suspended from August 14th to August 31st. On the latter date all objections against the retention of any names on the lists shall be heard and disposed of. This proclamation, therefore, allows a little over seven weeks in which to register. The revised lists will not be ready until considerably over two months.

Dispatches from Ladysmith state that the strikes at the coal mines at Ladysmith and Comox which have been in progress for some months, were settled today, and there is great rejoicing among the miners.

James Ross, a Dunwich farmer, was struck by a Michigan Central express and killed instantly at West Lorne.

found Mrs. Dumps  
unexpected guest.  
nothing in the house  
at!  
something better far  
meat."  
endorsed Jim's view  
him  
ipped to "Force" by  
Jim."

## BROS.

NT AGENTS  
UMBIA  
Bank of British North America  
and B. C., and London, Eng.  
Montreal, Rossland, B. C.

## PERSONAL

H. Aldridge, general manager  
Canadian Smelting Works at  
returned with Mrs. Aldridge  
to Ottawa and Montreal.  
Belmont's society gave a pleas-  
ant at Union hall last night.  
tion was largely attended and  
successful in every respect.  
Hickey, manager of the Ivan-  
at McGuigan, was in the city  
yesterday.

McDonald left yesterday for  
Spokane Falls, via the Spokane Falls  
train. His destination is Nova  
 Scotia.

Will, of the Velvet, who has  
been in the hospital for several weeks,  
today per Spokane Falls &  
to Vancouver on a visit.

Robert Hutchinson and family  
departed yesterday morning for North  
Dakota.

Miss Hooper left yesterday  
for her vacation in Ishpeming,  
Michigan.

Hurst of the Salvation Army  
night for Montreal, whence  
per the Allan line to Tunisian  
for Liverpool. A number of  
pers of the local corps of the  
Army were at the Canadian  
spot to say farewell to the de-  
parting.

McKay and wife, of San Fran-  
cisco, are en tour through the Pa-  
cific northwest, are registered at the  
Rossland Hotel.

B. Townsend, J. P., has been  
appointed country for several  
years official capacity as license  
agent.

Street, of Camborne, is regis-  
tered at the Hoffman House.

### STRATOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

matter of the estate of Lizzie  
W. late of the Town of Ross-  
land, province of British Colum-  
bia, of George W. Hornshaw, de-  
ceased.

is hereby given pursuant to  
"38" of Chapter 129, R. S. O.,  
all persons having claims or de-  
mands against the estate of the said  
Hornshaw, deceased, who died  
on the 22nd day of February,  
1903, are required to send by post pre-  
scribed and Weir, Berlin P. O.,  
solicitors for John Monk, ad-  
vocate, on or before the 13th day  
of July, 1903, their claim and sur-  
rounding circumstances with full particu-  
lars of their claims and state-  
ments of their accounts and the nature  
of (if any) held by them duly  
verified by statutory declaration.  
like notice that after the said  
date of June the said administrator  
will distribute the said assets  
among the parties thereto, having re-  
ceived the claims of which he shall  
give notice, and the said adminis-  
trator will not be liable for the said  
assets for any part thereof in any per-  
sons of whose claim notices  
have been received by him.

SCHELLER & WIER,  
solicitors for said Administrator.  
May 12, 1903.

### STATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

#### FRACTIONAL MINERAL CLAIM.

In the Trail Creek Mining  
District, West Kootenay district,  
located: About 1 1/2 miles east  
and bounded by the Caro,  
Antelope and Venus min-  
es.

notice that I, Thomas S. Gil-  
more, holder of certificate No. 27,  
acting as agent for Andrew  
and London, England, free  
certificate No. 27,144, intend  
from the date hereof to apply  
for a certificate of improvements  
for the purpose of  
a crown grant of the above  
land.

Notice that action  
must be commenced  
on the 11th day of May, 1903.

THOS. S. GILMORE.



# THE HOUSE DISSOLVED

### Collectors of Votes for the Upper Country Districts.

### Developments in Regard to Island Colliery Strikes.

VICTORIA, June 27.—The legislative assembly was dissolved yesterday, the proclamation being published in a special issue of the British Columbia Gazette. The same issue announces that the writs for the new election will be dated July 16th, returnable November 18th. The new legislature is to be convened on January 21st.

Up-country collectors of votes are as follows: Cariboo, John Bowron, Barkerville. Lillooet, Caspar Phair, S. M., Lillooet. Yale, J. W. Burr, Ashcroft. Kamloops, Edward A. Nash, Kamloops. Okanagan, Leonard Norris, S. M., Vernon. Similkameen, C. A. R. Lambly, S. M., Fairview. Greenwood, W. G. McMynn, S. M., Greenwood. Grand Forks, W. G. McMynn, S. M., Greenwood. Revelstoke, Wm. G. McLaughlin, Revelstoke. Slocan, H. P. Christie, Slocan. Ymir, Thomas Henry Atkinson, Ymir, Nelson City, Harry Wright, Nelson. Rossland city, John Kirkup, S. M., Rossland. Kaslo, Alexander Lucas, Kaslo. Columbia, Charles E. Hamilton, Golden. Cranbrook, James F. Armstrong, S. M., Fort Steele. Fernie, Lestock R. Forbes, S. M., Fernie.

It is expected here that D. M. Eberts will try to be a candidate in Saanich, which is practically the same as his old seat, South Victoria. There is a likelihood that the strike at Extension will be settled, as many of the miners are dissatisfied with the Western Federation. It is stated that over 200 miners have signed a circular stating that they are willing to resume work. This has been submitted to the ex-premier, who has, however, left everything in the hands of the manager, Andrew Bryden. It is not in the least probable that Dunsuir will for one moment consider the recognition of the union, especially as long as it continues its connection with the Western Federation.

A dispatch from Cumberland says: At a largely attended meeting of Chinese in Chinatown last evening George W. Clinton, representing the Wellington colliery entered in a contract with about 100 Chinamen to get out coal for a period of two years. As each miner may employ several helpers, this means the practical exclusion of white labor from the company's mines. A petition is being sent to Ottawa by local sealers, which in its preamble states that it has come to the knowledge of the sealers that the lessees of the seal rookeries on the Pribylofs from the United States are bringing influence on Great Britain and Canada to abolish pelagic sealing in order that they may secure a monopoly. This the sealers fear would rob hundreds of employment and destroy an industry.

## CAUSE FOR REGRET

REV. CHARLES W. HEDLEY, M. A., DEPARTS FROM ROSSLAND THIS MORNING.

LEAVES RECORD OF ZEALOUS WORK AND GOOD DEEDS QUIETLY PERFORMED.

(From Thursday's Daily.) Rev. Charles W. Hedley, M. A., late rector of the St. George's church, leaves this morning for the coast, where he will spend a few days prior to returning east to the Algoma parish to which he has been allocated. It is probable that a considerable number of Mr. Hedley's friends and former parishioners will gather at the depot to bid him farewell.

During his residence in the Golden City Mr. Hedley has won a wide circle of friends through his unremitting zeal in the work of the church and his cheerful co-operation in various semi-public movements that made for the benefit of the community generally. This was particularly the case in connection with the public library, which would probably not yet have been achieved had it not been for the perseverance of the retiring rector of St. George's.

Mr. Hedley's influence among the young men of the city has been especially good, and many a young fellow entertains feelings of the deepest gratitude to him for a helping hand extended at the juncture when assistance and encouragement, particularly the latter, were most needed. Much of the latter work was done in a manner which entirely escaped public attention, but Mr. Hedley's close friends knew and appreciated thoroughly his efforts along this line. The Golden City suffers a genuine loss through the departure of Rev. C. W. Hedley, and numerous friends will join The Miner in the hope that his future career in the church may be successful and pleasant.

At St. George's yesterday Mr. Hedley held a levee on a small scale for

the purpose of taking leave of his parishioners. Many of these took advantage of the opportunity, and if good wishes can ensure success, Mr. Hedley's path will be strewn with roses. Rev. Mr. Hedley came here from Brantford, Ont., where he officiated for a year or two as curate of Grace church under Dean Mackenzie. He is a brother of Robert R. Hedley, metallurgist and manager of the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson.

## ITS UNVEILING SOON

"FATHER PAT" FOUNTAIN TO BE FORMALLY UNVEILED DOMINION DAY.

COMMITTEE NOW ARRANGING PROGRAM—CHILDREN WILL TAKE PART.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The "Father Pat" memorial fountain will be formally unveiled on Dominion Day. At least the committee in charge of the construction of the memorial is arranging for such a ceremony, and there is no reason to disbelieve that their plans will be effective. This will be the only public function in Rossland on Canada's national holiday, and for that reason the committee is especially anxious that it should eventuate. The fountain will be completed several days prior to Dominion Day. The exact date of completion is unknown as yet, by reason of the fact that the electricians for the corners of the memorial have to be shipped from the east and their delivery here cannot be accurately foretold. Otherwise the structure is already finished. Contractor Shackleton of Nelson only requires to put in a day or two longer before turning the fountain over to the committee, and receiving the balance due him on the work.

The committee's proposal, so far as it has been arranged to date, is that several days before the national holiday the fountain shall be covered with canvas. At the hour arranged on July 1, this covering will be removed, thus constituting the unveiling ceremony. It is suggested that the school children should be massed in front of the fountain, that a band be in attendance and that speeches be delivered appropriate to the occasion and the day. From every standpoint the proposed ceremony seems eminently desirable and appropriate, and the unveiling is certain to attract every citizen who does not journey to one or other of the celebrating cities of the Kootenays and Boundary.

## THE BATTLE IS ON

REGISTRATION OF PROVINCIAL VOTERS COMMENCED YESTERDAY HERE.

JOHN KIRKUP IS COLLECTOR OF VOTES AND COMMENCEES DUTIES.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The provincial political campaign is now fairly on. Yesterday the registration of voters for the general provincial election was commenced, and this brings matters down to a basis where all the interests concerned have some definite ground on which to operate. From this time on the campaign will be waged steadily, increasing in intensity as the not far distant election approaches.

John Kirkup, government agent, was notified by wire of his appointment as collector of votes for the Rossland city electoral district. A large supply of forms necessary for registering voters is to hand, and the work is already under way, a number of registrations having been made yesterday. All former voters' lists for the province have been cancelled, in consequence of which the entire electorate will have to register regardless of their former status. No fee is attached to the registration, and the requirements for applicants are that they shall be of male sex, 21 years of age, British subjects, six months resident in the province and one month in the city. Applications are made on oath, which may be administered by any of the following officers: Justice of the peace, mayor, reeve, alderman, councillor, commissioner for taking affidavits in the supreme court, registrar of titles, notary public, collector of votes, provincial constable, special provincial constable, government agent, government assessor, municipal recorder, deputy municipal recorder, judge of any court, stipendiary magistrate, municipal clerk, municipal assessor, postmaster, postmistress or Indian agent. The political bodies are working actively already. The Conservative association opened rooms yesterday in the premises formerly occupied by the Grand Union hotel, and the Liberals meet tonight at the board of trade rooms, when the question of more commodious quarters will be decided.

## ROAST UNENDORSED

THE LOCAL MINING ASSOCIATION WOULD'N'T HAMMER MR. ROBERTSON.

MATTER REFERRED TO THE CENTRAL ORGANIZATION.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The Rossland branch of the Provincial Mining Association has declined to endorse a stiff roast of Provincial Mineralogist Robertson emanating from the Princeton branch. The resolution

to this effect was discussed last night at a well attended and animated meeting of the executive of the Rossland association, and it was finally passed along to the central organization for action. Incidentally some of Mr. Robertson's methods, or rather his unaccountable pessimism, in respect to the mineral resources of the province, were commented upon pretty severely. The resolution which the Rossland association was asked to endorse read as follows:

"In the opinion of this branch of the Provincial Mining Association, the present provincial mineralogist is unqualified for the position he occupies, and we believe it in the interests of the province that the executive of the provincial association urge upon the government the desirability of a change. Our reasons for this belief are as follows:

"First—His reports on new mining camps are invariably pessimistic and tend to discourage both prospector and capitalist seeking a suitable field for operations; so notoriously is this the case that interior mining districts having few developed properties have never welcomed his visits, and his name has become a by-word and a jest among large numbers of the prospecting fraternity of Southern B. C.

"Second—Because of their official character his reports have an extremely injurious effect on outsiders unacquainted with the country's resources, and go far to nullify the efforts of those who are working for the development of new sections.

"Third—In particular we protest strongly against his report on this district, which did it a grave injustice."

The meeting was in session a couple of hours, the foregoing being the principal topic under debate. After it had been disposed of by reference to the central association, the meeting discussed minor details arising out of the association's business. Incidentally it was decided that in future no Wednesday night meetings should be held, because of prominent members of the executive being compelled to attend meetings of the Miners' Union on Wednesday nights. To meet the convenience of these gentlemen another evening will be selected for future meetings.

## OUT OF POLITICS

SMITH CURTIS REITERATES THAT HE IS NOT OUT FOR RE-ELECTION.

DISCUSSES MARTIN AND ANNOUNCES PUBLIC MEETING HERE THIS WEEK.

(From Thursday's Daily.) "I have already stated that I am not a candidate for re-election to the legislature," said Smith Curtis last evening on his arrival in the city from Halcyn Springs, "and I repeat that this is my attitude at the present time. Important private business demands all my time, hence my decision to abandon politics at this juncture."

"It is my intention to hold a public meeting here next week," continued Mr. Curtis, "provided business arrangements permit. I have to go to the Boundary at once, and may be called east immediately. If these business engagements do not interfere I am anxious to meet my constituents. At this public meeting I propose to discuss politics as they have been during my term in the legislature, and as they are at the present moment."

"On the subject of Joseph Martin I have nothing to say beyond what I have stated on the public platform on a score of occasions. I do not consider that Martin is worthy of the position of party leader and will oppose his resuming the position he has apparently vacated voluntarily. "Next time the province is to divide on party lines, I do not see that it is necessary to reiterate my attitude. I have always stood for Liberal principles, and I stand there today. My position and my attitude on all important issues that have arisen from time to time in the house will be gone into at the public meeting, which I hope to convene as already stated."

Mr. Curtis will be in the city a day or two prior to leaving for the Boundary, where he has important mining interests.

PHOENIX CONSERVATIVES. Organization Effected at an Enthusiastic Meeting.

PHOENIX, B. C., June 17.—Local Conservatives held an enthusiastic gathering last evening at Masonic hall for the purpose of completing an organization here, in view of the approaching provincial campaign. There was an excellent attendance of the faithful, and a large number of names were signed to the membership roll. The name chosen was the Phoenix Conservative Association, and the following were elected as officers: President—James PUNCH. First Vice-President—Geo. W. RUMBERGER. Second Vice-President—W. X. McDONALD. Secretary—W. B. COCHRANE. Treasurer—ISAAC CRAWFORD. Executive Committee—Charles D. HUNTER, W. J. PORTER, Dr. R. B. Boucher, G. R. MEAD, George McNichol, W. H. MOORE, James Cuthbertson, Alex. MILKIE, C. N. MORTON, J. Haverly, Hugh McDonald, D. MURRAY.

The Conservative convention for Grand Forks riding, in which Phoenix is located, will probably be held at Grand Forks at a date yet to be determined.

The late Hon. James O'Brien bequeathed \$10,000 to various Montreal charities. Mr. G. G. Stuart, K. C., has been elected Batonnier-General of the bar of Quebec province. Mr. James Carmichael, who has been postmaster of Oshawa for thirty years, is dead, aged 83.

# A RAILWAY IS NEEDED

### Riches of the Similkameen that Await Development.

### The Keremeos Valley and Its Prospects—Some Fine Claims.

SECOND ARTICLE.

Editor Miner: In my last article I mentioned a few of the mining camps in the upper Keremeos valley that are at present awaiting the advent of a railway to become contributors to the revenue of the province as shippers of ore and employers of labor. But there are many, very many, mining properties at Camp Hedley, Aspen Grove, Fish Lake, Copper Mountain and elsewhere in the great Similkameen country that are similarly dependent on cheaper transportation facilities to become producers, to say nothing of the vast coal measures awaiting development in various places in the Similkameen valley. From east to west for seventy miles—from the free milling quartz groups of Fairview, of which the Stenwinder mine, with its ore at present awaiting the advent of a railway to become contributors to the revenue of the province as shippers of ore and employers of labor. 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# NGING THE SEATS

## Columbia Elect-Districts For Commons.

## Amendment Voted in by a Large Majority.

June 13.—Over five million elementary estimates for the ending June 30th, were being in British Columbia; the Quesnel-Atlin and Port Selkirk telephone lines; \$12,000,000 for the Vancouver harbor; \$4000 for the Hardy Bay wharf on the river; \$2000; Alberni-Clayton; further amount for new British Columbia; \$9000; Northwest Territories; \$225,000; Yukon, \$203,642; Yukon lines, \$175,418.

Against Mr. Tarte's amendment of the session, there was a majority for the amendment declared that the burden of the government and readjust, without present tariff so as to maintain policy adequately and firmly the large national interests and also that it was the duty of the government to carry out an election policy.

A distribution committee made up of Prince Edward Island, British Columbia were in Prince Edward Island two members, Kings one, one in Nova Scotia Pictou and Victoria is attached to the New Brunswick was allowed over to decide whether to be attached to King's or county.

olumbia was taken up next. was heard in respect to of Yale and Cariboo. It to divide it into two counties known as Kootenay and Yale-Cariboo. Kootenay inland, Nelson and all portions of Kootenay lakes. Yale is the remainder of the Cariboo, including the Grand. The villages of Hope are attached to Westminster. Vancouver includes North and South Vancouver, and that portion of Richmond of Howe Sound. The city is a separate constituency. will include Esquimalt, Saanich and Nanaimo city. A new, which will be called Colville will include all that portion of island north of Nanaimo and by ex-Governor Mackenzie constituency on the main-land name of Burrard will be British Columbia gets one.

operating the Canada Inland, with a capital of \$1,000,000, has passed its final stages and will be assented by the governor-general in due measure is broad in its privileges, including lumbering and copper mining and erection

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# CITY NEWS

## GOOD SHOOTING—

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## TENNIS GAMES—

## UNIQUE STORE WINDOW—

## BUSINESS CHANGE—

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**To Cure a Cold in One Day** Cures Grip in Two Days.  
 Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. *E. W. Groves* on every box. 25c.  
 Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, *E. W. Groves*



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We take pleasure in offering to the public a saw manufactured of the finest quality of steel, and a temper which toughens and redens the steel, gives a keener cutting edge and holds it longer than any process known. A saw to cut fast "must hold a keen cutting edge."

This secret process and temper is known and used only by ourselves.

These saws are elliptic ground thin back, requiring less set than any saw now made, perfect taper from tooth to back.

Now, we ask you, when you go to buy a saw, to ask for the Maple Leaf, Razor Steel, Secret Temper Saw, and if you are told that some other saw is just as good ask your merchant to let you take them both home, and try them and keep the one you like best.

Silver steel is no longer a guarantee of quality, as some of the poorest steel made is now branded silver steel. We have the sole right for the "Razor Steel Brand."

It does not pay to buy a saw for one dollar less, and lose 25 cents per day to labor. Your saw must hold a keen edge to do a large day's work.

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A STRIKING CONTRAST.

The Conservative party of British Columbia seems determined to free itself of any possible domination by the Victoria "ring" that has controlled B. C. politics for many years. The "ring" may be partly composed of Conservatives, but not one of them will have a voice in the McBride-Wilson policy that is surely destined to place the province on the highroad to prosperity. Dunsmuir and the railways will have to bear their fair share of the cost of government from now on. Because the Conservatives are determined upon this course they will be able to show a surplus instead of a deficit. It is absolutely necessary for the welfare of the country that this be done, and the Conservative party is to be congratulated for being sufficiently independent, honest and courageous to undertake the task.

Joseph Martin is hand in glove with Dunsmuir and the railways, but he still controls the Liberals of this province. The next two most influential Liberals are E. P. Davis and E. V. Bodwell, solicitors respectively for the C. P. R. and the Great Northern railway. It is therefore impossible for the Liberal party to escape the domination of the very factors from which the Conservatives have freed themselves.

The general public will remember this at the next elections and vote accordingly.

THE ENEMY OF ORGANIZED LABOR.

The Secretary of State in the Laurier government has styled the demand for recognition by the Typographical Union an "impertinence."

This is but another illustration of the way the Grits regard organized labor. The Liberal nominees at the forthcoming general elections will have a hard time reconciling this last slap in their hysterical appeals for the support of organized labor in British Columbia; although it is a foregone conclusion that they will come forward with the same old "gag" about being the "workingman's friend."

There is today a remarkably high standard of intelligence in the ranks of organized labor, and nowhere is it more apparent than in the Typographical Union. It is safe to say that Canadian printers will deeply resent the hostile attitude of the Liberal party towards their trade organization, and that they will receive the hearty support of all trade unionists in their attempt to destroy the political influence of the Liberal party.

SOUTHERN B. C. COPPER OUTPUT.

The great smelting works at Anaconda, Montana, made a world's record for May for copper production. The end of the month showed that the copper output was 13,570,000 pounds—about 3,000,000 pounds greater than any month since the works were completed. This record is certainly a refutation of the rumors that this huge plant was not constructed on the best lines known to the metallurgical world, and was a rank failure. Even this great output was not accomplished by any strenuous efforts, but was the result of good, careful work. It takes about 2000 men in the many different departments of the plant to keep the works in operation.

The Rossland-Boundary copper mines are only in their first stages of development. But they already have more ore in sight than the Anaconda properties. The chief reason for this is the enormous size of the British Columbia ledges. With adequate smelting facilities the copper output of Rossland-Boundary should greatly exceed what that of Anaconda could ever be. It is, however, hopeless for the copper miners of this district to expect to attain this much desired condition until there is an

ample and cheap supply of fuel. This cannot take place until the provincial government allows the coal of the Flathead and Lodge Pole districts in East Kootenay to come into the market in active competition with the product of the Crow's Nest collieries.

A BAR TO PROSPERITY.

With the smelters of Southern B. C. running at half of their capacity the output of the mines is curtailed to the extent of many thousand tons. This is going to have a very bad effect on the mineral production for the current year. The whole trouble lies in the fuel supply. There is not sufficient coke at reasonable cost until other collieries than the Crow's Nest are available. It is therefore absolutely essential that the Flathead and Lodge Pole coal areas be opened to development without further delay.

With the opening of these new areas, it is not to be expected that fuel from that source would become immediately available, but it would be sufficient guarantee to the mines, and plans for development on a large scale—now delayed solely because of the fuel situation—would be put into operation forthwith. This is all that stands between the Kootenays and the greatest possible prosperity.

A CORRECTION OF SENTIMENT.

All loyal and liberty-loving Britons will deplore and deeply resent certain despicable utterances of a local contemporary with regard to the intention of a number of United States citizens resident in Rossland to arrange an innocent and modest little celebration of the Fourth of July. Aside from the fact that these gentlemen desire to appropriately observe the anniversary of their country's natal day, they see an opportunity to assist in putting a little extra money in circulation and thus help to advance the general prosperity of the community. It is to be hoped that no American resident in Rossland will accept the disgraceful expressions as being a reflection of the true sentiment that prevails here concerning Americans and American institutions. The people of this country, and particularly of Rossland, are much too broad-minded to object to any little event like a Fourth of July celebration on this side of the international boundary. The abuse is all the more objectionable because it endeavors to disparage the board of trade also, simply because some of the originators of the celebration are British subjects as well as members of that body. This is the first time that The Miner has deigned to recognize local gutter journalism, and would not do so now but for the fact that some British subjects who are celebrating with their American cousins, directed attention to the article in question and requested that this journal contradict it and so preclude the possibility of a false and disgraceful impression of Rossland being gained abroad.

THE SUBSIDY CURSE.

If enormous subsidies be given to the railway companies applying for them, in elections hereafter it will be a question, "How is the C. P. R. likely to go?" "How will the G. T. R. influence be exerted in this contest?" "Is the Canadian Northern for or against the Government?" We have seen what the C. P. R. can do in an election; we know how enormously the Grand Trunk, with much less influence than it is proposed to give it, can affect elections. In the Northwest the Canadian Northern is becoming every year more masterful in its control of the Manitoba situation. Rivet these three bonds around the ankles of Young Canada, and this trinity of corporations will be able to pick the pockets of the prostrate country at their leisure.

DEPARTMENTAL INEFFICIENCY.

The new government at Victoria has been too busy straightening out the tangle left by Prior, McInnes and Wells to give much consideration to the way provincial departmental business is conducted. The inefficient and neglectful manner in which the various departments are operated is a scandal of long standing, and it is high time that the old order of things were changed for the better.

The Department of Lands and Works comes in for the largest number of protests and complaints. The way this department is conducted has become so notorious that it is a wonder the legislature did not long ago appoint an investigating committee to hear complaints and report upon a plan of complete reorganization. The staff of this department needs careful overhauling. Particular attention should be paid to the record that the Deputy Commissioner has made for himself. If evidence is wanted as to how he has run the department it is obtainable from every district in the province. Collected, we venture to say, it would make a truly startling story of annoying neglect and appalling incompetency—if nothing else of a worse nature.

The Attorney-General's office during D. M. Eberts' time was also a freak institution, but under the con-

trol of a hard-working and conscientious man like Mr. McPhillips, the present head of the department, it is likely to become as efficient as circumstances will permit.

The Department of Mines is in fairly good shape, with the exception of the office of the Provincial Mineralogist. We have yet to learn why a man like its present incumbent was ever appointed and why he has the hardihood to continue to draw his salary. The right man in this office could be largely instrumental in creating the liveliest interest in our mineral resources. With monthly bulletins prepared and written in a style that would make them popular, incalculable good would be accomplished. The technical, financial and general press the world over would be glad to publish these bulletins free of cost and a splendid advertisement would thus be obtained. But instead of doing this and much other beneficial work, he grinds out a colorless, valueless and decidedly pessimistic report six months to a year old. It is small wonder that branches of the Provincial Mining Association have found it necessary to call attention to the inefficiency of the Provincial Mineralogist.

There may be inefficiency in the other departments, but no complaint about them has reached us. We are only dealing with those that we have been asked repeatedly to expose. It is far from pleasant to have to do this. The fault lies with those who have allowed men who are incompetent or worse to enter the government service.

BRITAIN NEEDS A WEAPON.

In proposing his new imperial trade policy Mr. Chamberlain is influenced by two motives. One is the desire to add the element of interest to that of sentiment as an imperial bond. The other is his desire to strengthen the hands of the United Kingdom in its fight for the defence of its own markets and for the preservation and extension of its commerce in foreign markets.

The latter motive is not emphasized so much as the former; but perhaps it is not less strong. Even if it be decided that Britain cannot grant a preference to the colonies, it is likely to become necessary for her, before long, to resort to taxation for other than revenue purposes in order to gain a national weapon of defence. In the commercial warfare waged against her by rival nations. They close their markets to British goods, but pour their surplus products into the free British market, which is becoming more and more the dumping ground for the world's surplus goods. So long as this state of things meant cheap food and raw material only, it was viewed with complacency by the British people, for although it has brought British agriculture to the verge of ruin, it has been upon the whole favorable to British commerce.

Now, however, conditions are rapidly changing. Britain's protected rivals are enabled to slaughter their surplus manufactures in the free British market; and as the manufacturing industries of these countries are being developed at an enormous rate, the surplus increases year by year until now the volume poured annually into Britain has begun to threaten the prosperity of many British industries, and is causing a feeling of uneasiness and anxiety for the future.

And Britain is absolutely defenceless. She has no lever with which to bring pressure upon her rivals and compel them to give her fairer commercial treatment. British industry after industry may go down, smothered by the torrent of surplus foreign goods, but with the present system in force nothing can be done to help them. They feel the pressure even now, during a period of general prosperity; but public men and manufacturers are asking, what will it be when the next period of depression comes round and the protected countries will have double or treble the quantity of surplus product to dispose of that they have now.

Three years ago Lord Salisbury sounded the note of warning and pointed out the danger of Britain's defenceless condition. In the recent speeches of Premier Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain on the trade question this element of weakness was pointedly and candidly discussed. It is a realization of the danger and anxiety for the future which, we believe, have caused the premier and Mr. Chamberlain to force the question of a change in the national trade policy upon the attention of the British people.

Armed with the power to tax foreign products, the British government would be in a position to force better terms from foreign countries. What immense tariff concessions the United States would be willing to make to save American food products from being taxed! How ready Germany would be to grant better terms in return for the freedom of the British market!

In the "campaign of education" which is about to begin in Britain, Mr. Chamberlain and his numerous lieutenants will have much to say about these things, and probably with great effect.

WHITAKER WRIGHT NOT YET FREE.

It is a general principle of international law that in order to afford a basis for extradition the offense must be made criminal by the laws of the country upon whose authorities the demand is made as well as by those of the country making the demand. This principle is embodied in the extradition treaty between Great Britain and the United States. It was lately invoked in the case of Whitaker Wright, the English financial operator, who was taken into custody in New York upon a complaint charging him with having committed fraud in England. His counsel sought to have him discharged from custody on the ground that the offense was not made criminal by the laws of both countries. The United States circuit court for the southern district of New York refused to order his discharge, and the United States supreme court has this week dismissed a writ of habeas corpus taken out by Wright, on the ground that the offense charged is made criminal both by a British statute and by the penal code of the state of New York, and that, therefore, the commissioner who held Wright for extradition had jurisdiction and had right to refuse to accept bail for his appearance. It looks as though Wright will yet have to answer the charge of having wrecked the B. A. C.

PREFERENTIAL TRADE.

Canadian papers have been furnished by the Chamberlain incident with another illustration of the necessity of securing British news through some other channel than the Associated Press. That agency deems it wise to color British events to suit readers of the United States, and there is evidence at hand to show that in this case it has succeeded too well in its endeavor. The London Chronicle has taken the trouble to give a collection of British editorial opinions on the subject of Mr. Chamberlain's suggestion, and so sturdy an American paper as the San Francisco Chronicle upon perusing the extracts given is moved to remark: "A glance at these expressions discloses the fact that the Associated Press reports of the state of British opinion were misleading. The solidarity exhibited by the house of commons by no means mirrors the condition of outside sentiment. That, on the whole, seems to be uncertain, but the uncertainty is marked by a strong disposition to investigate and to not be diverted from the purpose of inquiring into the merits of the proposal of Chamberlain by the clamorous charge of the free traders that preferential treatment of the colonies would inevitably result in the starvation of British workmen."

The Unionist papers stand by Chamberlain with remarkable unanimity. They do not all endorse his proposal outright, but they insist that it shall receive proper consideration. The London Times, for instance, remarks: "One thing clear is that a very large issue is about to be placed before the constituents of this country, which, if threshed out in the scientific spirit for which Mr. Balfour pleads, will in any case be a powerful instrument of political education." The Morning Post says: "There are strong arguments for, as there are strong arguments against, the policy of tariffs and preferences." The Daily Telegraph declares that the British people will not be deterred from forming their own conclusions by the pusillanimous warning against giving offense to Germany or any other power." The Express says: "It is a scheme which deserves the most encouraging response." The Pall Mall Gazette observes that "the gist of the policy described by the leaders of the ministry will not be obscured, as their opponents are pleased to hope, by any bandying of the terms 'free trade' and 'protection.'" The St. James Gazette tells its readers that "Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain have told the truth which had to be told, if they and their supporters have to wander in the wilderness for telling it." The Globe asserts that there must be "a widening of the basis of taxation," and concludes that "the government have an unparalleled opportunity before them." The Saturday Review is sure that "it would be impossible to start a free trade regime in England at this moment," because there is now "a quite different state of things from what existed in the days of Cobden and Bright."

The provincial Unionist press discourses in about the same strain, but the Liberal organs generally denounce preferential treatment and insist that it "means, without doubt, starvation for the great masses of the people." Liberal editors as a rule refer to the project of Chamberlain as "rank protection," but there is an uncertain note in their utterances which suggests that they have lost confidence in their ability to make a bogey of the word. They all approach the matter from the party standpoint, and do not attempt to conceal their satisfaction over the creation of an issue upon which they think they may take a stand which will carry them back into

power. Meanwhile, however, the Unionists are getting ready for the fray and they seem to think that the ground to which they have shifted the discussion is a much safer one for them than the ticklish quagmire created by the educational act which threatened to swallow up the party.

THE FORTHCOMING CAMPAIGN IN ROSSLAND.

Only four days have elapsed since the new voters' list was opened for the provincial general elections, but in that short space of time about 300 people have registered in the Rossland division. Of this number more than two-thirds are pledged to the Conservative party. The remaining third is divided between Independents and Liberals, the latter somewhat in the lead. It will thus be seen that the Conservatives to date are fairly entitled to claim more than two votes to the Liberals' one. This may be accepted as a reasonable indication of what the proportion will be on election day.

It is highly gratifying to the friends of good government to know that the electors of Rossland are evincing so satisfactorily their willingness to support the McBride government. It is a guarantee that the Conservatives will control the next legislature.

The opponents of McBride realize this and are utterly demoralized. The Grits see that their case is hopeless, for they know that the people of Rossland are determined not to have an Oppositionist again as their representative. Besides, there is no little strife in the Liberal camp. There are dozens of patriotic Liberals who will not work with the unregenerate Grits. This better element of the Liberal party think more of good government than party politics, especially when party politics with them unquestionably means Martinism with all its attendant evils.

There is, however, much to be done by the Conservatives before election day. The party must enter the campaign so strongly fortified with regard to a general policy and vitally important local issues that it shall sweep everything before it. To use a western colloquialism, "hot air don't go" in this fight. The electorate must be offered a Conservative candidate who is right on every one of the many important issues. There must be no equivocation. So essential is this that The Miner would favor the preparation of a carefully compiled list of questions bearing upon every condition from labor to a fiscal policy for submittal to all aspirants for the nomination. This, taken in connection with the candidate's past record, will make the nomination of the right man a comparatively easy task and his election a foregone conclusion. The party cannot afford to take any chances. Its candidate must be a man who will do his whole duty without fear or favor.

FAIR TAXATION.

The general prosperity that is assured by the advent of the McBride government will make more Liberals Conservative than all the platforms that were ever written.

Mr. McBride and his colleagues have a comprehensive idea of the real wants of the country and are prepared to do what is necessary as rapidly as possible what is necessary as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

But first of all it is absolutely necessary that a fiscal policy be established that will bring a surplus instead of the deficit that has for many years appeared in the financial condition of the province. All that is required to accomplish this much-desired end is a fair and equitable system of taxation that will force the big dividend-paying corporations to contribute in the same proportion as the ordinary business man. A fair system of taxation would lessen the present burden on the younger industries like mining and still provide a surplus on the present basis of expenditure.

No one can object to the inauguration of such a policy, but it will require no little courage to tell the "big guns" that in the payment of taxes in the same proportion as their neighbors, they would have to disgorge something over a quarter of a million dollars more annually than they have in the past.

IN FAVOR AGAIN.

It was not to be expected that the house of commons would long continue cold to Mr. Chamberlain, who knows its moods, and has long been accustomed to play upon them. Recently, we are told, his remarks drew the warmest applause from the government benches. And we may rest assured that it will not be very long before he has found a method of presenting his new policy which will appeal strongly to certain

hereditary emotions of Englishmen. His political success has been largely due to his thorough knowledge of national peculiarities, and his ability to present his case in a way to identify it with the ordinary Englishman's point of view. His undertaking in the present case is no light matter, for the Englishman has sworn during fifty years that his bread shall not more be taxed. Mr. Chamberlain will not, if he can help it, run straight against the public sentiment that has thus been matured; he will rather, if he can, find something to talk about on which he and the Briton with a good conceit of himself can agree. Germany's attitude toward Canada and Canada's attitude toward Great Britain have between them provided him with his opportunity. He may thunder against the malevolent design of the ambitious German to disrupt the British Empire, and British opinion will go a long road with him. He may appeal for a response to Canada's tentatives, may point a glowing picture of a reconstructed empire, whose physical and material greatness will overshadow that of Rome, and there will be plenty to listen. He has gone into this enterprise with the full knowledge that nearly all the men who count in British politics are strongly opposed to him, and the rest critical or timid. He is not the tribune that Mr. Gladstone was, yet he goes into the fight with not a tithe of the support from public men that Mr. Gladstone had when he declared for Home Rule. His action reveals the possession of magnificent courage, and while that is not everything, as Mr. Gladstone's case conclusively indicated, it is a great deal, and has at one time and another done much to raise the standard of British political achievement to the high level it has attained.

THE TOY PISTOL BUSINESS.

It is impossible to conceive why the authorities do not put an end to the toy pistol business in this country at once and forever. To permit the irresponsible children of silly and reckless parents to endanger the lives of all about them is to become personally responsible for the consequences. Where the power is there is and must rest the responsibility. The city and provincial authorities can prevent the use of these deadly toys, and they do not. Therefore they must bear the blame for all accidents. It is unfortunate that they cannot receive the missiles in their own persons instead of their finding judgment in innocent bystanders. It is less than two weeks to Dominion Day, and the hospitals are already receiving their harvest. Two boys in one day at the hospital at Victoria is a fine beginning for our annual "celebration."

Why, in this twentieth century, we should continue these barbaric methods of "celebrating" is beyond comprehension. We know in advance that a certain number of persons will be killed in this country on or about the Twenty-fourth of May and Dominion Day, and that thousands of dollars' worth of property will be burned, entirely as the result of using fireworks in large cities. If the people know this and permit the performance to go on, are we not all participants in the crimes of murder and arson? If we knew just by these means, and precisely whose property was destined to the flames, we should unquestionably surround the endangered persons and property and forbid the shooting of firecrackers and pistols anywhere in the vicinity. Why, since we cannot in advance pick out the victims, should we not protect everybody? We laugh at the tom-toms and firecrackers of the Chinese as evidence of their stupid barbarity. But it is as stupid and barbarous to shoot off firecrackers in dangerous places in honor of a Christian national holiday as it is to shoot them in honor of a heathen joss.

HOPES FOR SILVER MINERS.

The improvement in the price of silver gives encouragement to silver miners all over the world, especially since there is good reason to believe that in the near future the price will advance to about 65 cents, which is practically the rate fixed by the coinage of Philippine dollars.

The pending negotiations will probably result in establishing a gold-silver ratio at which a market price for the white metal of something like 65 cents can be maintained.

Commerce between gold and silver countries calls for a stable ratio, because it is the fluctuation in the rate of exchange which at times subjects importers into silver countries to great loss by reason of a fall in the price of silver after their goods have been ordered. Great Britain, the United States and Germany are as deeply interested in this as Mexico and China because they are heavy exporters to the latter. They should, therefore, use their influence to fix a ratio that would be stable.

Improvements in the cost of production have made it profitable to mine silver ore of a so much lower grade than it was practicable to mine twenty-five years ago, that with silver at 65 cents, silver mining would be almost if not quite as profitable as when silver was worth \$1.29. Hence the outlook for silver producing districts is brightened by the rise in the price, and if the advance continues until 65 cents is reached every silver camp will become as active as it was in the early eighties.

KING PETER

Peter Karageorgovich recognized as the Emperor of Austria, the King of Montenegro, and other potentates following their example. Britain is showing some interest about doing the Emperor of Germany indifferent. It red of the old Emperor that he coupled with an expression of horror at the man georgevitch's accession throne was brought has corrected the offence to the crime in message by the station of an official Petersburg Gazette the assassination of mands the punishment were responsible for congratulations of the negro overstep the mon deency.

The civilized world sentiments of the emperor and join willing the punishment if Peter condones himself and his pale of civilized fe he will be practice revolutionary methods applied to himself if his course should approval. Moreover effect of encouraging method for the corrigriances not only ions but in every city thus put the lives positive jeopardy.

ANOTHER OP

There is something rumor back of the p a large smelter plant and concentrates d'Alenes, Idaho, lead movements of late of Spokane, in com many conferences J. Hill, of the Great would indicate that would soon act in the tain that Mr. Sweeney have for years ended pendency of the smel been compelled to demands, owing to tions. It is said that able to Mr. Sweeney a smelter at or near ington, will be the plant would draw it Republic camp as d'Alenes, and man that are now shipp Sound smelters. Such a necessity and one ble, as there is no quantity of ore nee huge plant in const of sufficient quality requirements as to fit Such an undertak feasible and would start, and it would to the Kootenays in one. Aside from the lead smelter at Spo the competition for in this district and it would be a large fuel. It would be, for the proprietors rely upon Kootenay vncial government Nest monopoly by areas of coal lands East Kootenay.

It is nothing short of the government of have been so stupi development of the this country and gr it is, however, we fuel for the existi alone for export. country so cursed by ernment as B. C.? that the new adm keep us out of our much longer.



Motions of Englishmen. His... has been largely due to a knowledge of national pen...

BY PISTOL BUSINESS.

possible to conceive why the... not put an end to the toy...

This twentieth century, we... these barbaric methods...

FOR SILVER MINERS.

movement in the price of silver... management to silver miners...

the outlook for silver produc... is brightened by the rise...

KING PETER'S DILEMMA.

Peter Karageorgevitch has been... recognized as the new king of Serbia...

The civilized world will indorse... the sentiments of the czar and the Austrian...

The Servian king thus ascends... the throne between two fires. He must...

ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY.

There is something more than mere... rumor back of the proposition to build...

Such an undertaking is undoubtedly... feasible and would pay well from the...

It is nothing short of incredible... that the government of this province...

AN OPPORTUNITY OVERLOOKED.

It would be well for the manufac... turers of sawmill machinery to give...

If the cable news from Britain were... our only source of information...

But British newspapers are not by... any means unanimous in their...

London Standard: Nothing is further... from the truth than the suggestion...

Sheffield Telegraph: The fiscal... change which Mr. Chamberlain has...

Yorkshire Post: We do not think... that Mr. Chamberlain need belittle...

London Morning Advertiser: With... plentiful materials to hand, those...

RICH ORE IS FOUND

Product of Free Gold Vein in Lardeau River Country.

Kaslo People Are Much Excited Over the Discovery.

KASLO, June 23.—Frank Marquis... and George Gilbert came in this...

The property, which is called the... Gold Park group of two claims, is...

TOUGH FOR PUPILS

EXAMINATION PAPERS FOR ENTRANCE TO HIGH SCHOOLS VERY DIFFICULT.

LAST YEAR'S NOT A CIRCUMSTANCE — WHY 'T WAS DONE.

Public school students trying for... entrance to the high school at the...

The papers on mathematics and... Canadian history, on which pupils...

Of course there is a reason for... the attitude of the department in...

to overflowing, and it is maintained... that to prevent further congestion...

Inspector David Wilson was in the... city for the purpose of getting the...

FROM THE ORIENT. Chinese and Japanese Clash with Russian Representatives.

VICTORIA, June 23.—The steamship... Duke of Pife, which ran between...

News was received by the Empress... of China that on May 25th a collision...

On the night of June 7th there was... a collision between Russian soldiers...

NEWS OF THE COAST

Cory S. Ryder, of Ladysmith, who... assigned for the benefit of his...

M. King, the veteran timber cruiser... with a considerable party of...

The case of Rev. J. M. Donaldson... Church of England minister at...

NEWS FROM THE EAST

WINNIPEG, June 23.—A very disas... trous fire broke out in Wetsaskwin...

OTTAWA, June 23.—The postmaster... general introduced a bill in the...

MONTREAL, June 23.—The French... Canadians of Montreal tonight...

MONTREAL, June 23.—The Star's... London cable says: Leading manuf...

The executive committee of the... National Liberal Federation has...

It is evident that Earl Onslow... president of the board of agriculture...

JUSTICE ARMOUR is resting quietly... but is a little weaker.

TORONTO, June 23.—The Gagey... debate continued today. J. W. St. John...

declared that the opposition would... support a vote of thirty thousand...

TORONTO, June 23.—The board of... trade today placed itself on record...

MONTREAL, June 23.—The C. P. R... is advised that the Crown Prince...

QUEBEC, June 23.—Miss Lizzie Bird... of this city, while attempting to...

TORONTO, June 23.—The inquest into... the death of Samuel Glass, a youth...

GRAND FORKS RACES.

Good Prospects for a Successful Meet... on July 1st.

GRAND FORKS, June 23.—In addition... to the official program for July...

THREE DROWNED.

BUFFALO, June 23.—The Great Lakes... tug O. W. Cheney was run down by...

MINING INVESTMENTS

There is a revival in the mining... business throughout the Northwest...

"There is a tide in the affairs... of men which, taken at the flood,

GOOD MINING PROPERTIES FOR SALE

We have some special bargains... both in the listed and unlisted...

Our 1903 Booklet sent on request... J.L. Whitney & Co.

MINING AND STOCK BROKERS... ROSSLAND, B. C.

GOLCONDA RED BOY REFERENDUM BONANZA CASCADE LARDEAU ETHEL CON. CRACKER

We have special bargains in all... above stocks, and are headquarters...



THE TRADE OUTLOOK

ADVANCING PRICES AND GOOD DEMAND MAKE BUSINESS BRISK.

CROP REPORTS IN THE EAST AND THE WEST ARE ENCOURAGING.

TORONTO, June 19.—Bradstreet's report says: The continued advance in the markets for staple goods has stimulated the demand at Montreal for fall delivery. Many retail merchants are feeling the necessity for providing themselves against any further advance in prices, and as stocks in jobbers' hands show large reductions the past month, and it is known that repeat orders are costing more money, there is more disposition throughout the country to buy liberally at present prices. The fine outlook for the crops is helping trade in all lines, and the general opinion in trade circles is that the turnover, the coming fall may be much larger than ever before. In some departments of wholesale trade the sales so far this season are equal to the whole volume of business in fall goods two years ago, and in a few items equal to the total of last year. Payments are not as prompt as might be desired, and it is feared that losses through stock speculation may have been a factor in this connection. Cotton and cotton goods continue to advance, and the mills, it is declared, could not replace the goods at the present prices of the raw materials. There has been a steady increase in the demand for goods for fall delivery. At Toronto this week the excellent outlook for the fall trade, combined with the steady advances in staple manufactures, continues to stimulate the demand in nearly all departments of trade. The crops in this province are all that could be desired, and the reports from Manitoba and the Territories are very promising. The movement in seasonable goods is quite brisk in some lines. Values of woolen and cotton goods, both foreign and domestic, are strongly held at recent advances. Country payments are a trifle slow. Wholesale trade at Quebec during the past week is reported satisfactory, and the merchandise is moving freely. The rain greatly improved crop conditions, and the reports from country districts are favorable. A dullness is noticeable in shipping circles, but it is thought the situation will improve as the season advances. At Victoria, Vancouver and other coast trade centres there is a good demand for fall staple goods, and trade generally appears to be in a healthy condition. The outlook for business is promising. Payments have been fair. Provincial industries are active and continue to employ many hands at good wages. The feature of the situation at Winnipeg is the steady progress being made by the crops. The feeling in trade circles, not only in this city but throughout the province and the Territories, is one of increasing confidence in the future of trade. The buying of staple goods for the fall has been larger than in any previous year up to this day. Payments are fair. NEW YORK, June 19.—The following are some of the weekly clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending June 18th, with percentages of increase as compared with the corresponding week last year. Montreal, \$31,320,506; increase 51.7. Winnipeg, \$4,547,533; increase 50.7. Ottawa, \$2,204,495; increase 15.3. Quebec, \$1,731,593; increase 12.8. St. John, N. B., \$997,488; increase 2.4. London, \$438,051. Toronto, \$18,423,419; increase 20.0. Halifax, \$1,784,213; increase 15.6. Vancouver, \$1,325,059; increase 19.4. Hamilton, \$1,041,880; increase 13.2. Victoria, \$592,532; increase 24.6.

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NOW MASONS COME

GRAND LODGE OF MASONIC FRATERNITY TO CONVENE HERE IN 1904.

ROSSLAND WILL BE THE CONVENTION CITY OF THE PROVINCE NEXT YEAR.

Last week the International Order of Odd Fellows concluded to hold their session of 1904 in Rossland. Now the Masonic grand lodge has followed suit and will convene here next June. Between the two orders more than 150 delegates from points throughout the province will spend the three or four days required to transact the provincial business of their respective organizations within the walls of the Golden City. In 1904 Rossland will be the "Convention City" of British Columbia. It is safe to say that every effort will be made to make these fraternal visitors thoroughly at home and to entertain them in the most hospitable manner. Moreover, Rossland will have two officers in the Masonic grand lodge of 1904. Dr. D. E. Kerr has been appointed grand junior warden, and John Dunlop the second representative from Corinthian lodge, is elected one of the stewards for the ensuing year. Corinthian lodge has certainly been well treated in the distribution of grand lodge offices. The Odd Fellows assembled 72 strong in Vancouver last week. The Rossland delegates—Dr. Kerr and Alderman Thomas Embleton—put in a bid early in the session for the grand lodge meeting of '04, and circulated industriously among the delegates for their support. Victoria was in the race for convention honors, and put up a stubborn fight for next year's meeting. Even up to a few minutes before adjourning the Victoria delegates were contesting valiantly for

the grand lodge convention, but the Rossland men were thoroughly entrenched, and the efforts of the men from the capital were abortive. The Masonic grand lodge meeting follows the Odd Fellows' gathering within a few days, so that the city will have to wear its holiday attire for a solid week.

ABOUT THE PEOPLE

BUREAU OF PUBLIC INFORMATION'S ANNUAL REPORT ISSUED.

NEW ELECTORAL DIVISIONS AND STATISTICS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA'S POPULATION.

A map has been issued by the provincial government showing the electoral districts of the province under the new redistribution measure. Rossland city is a distinct riding. The surrounding country is grouped under the heading of Ymir electoral district, and includes the following sections: Waneta, Ymir town, Sirdar, Kuskonook, Creston and vicinity, Trail city, Smelter Junction, Velvet mine, West Robson and Fire Valley, the total population being 3923. The population of Rossland is given at 6133 and the numbers of votes polled in the Dominion and provincial elections of 1900 are given respectively at 1003 and 1169. This vote was polled within the city proper, now established as an electoral district.

The Bureau of Public Information's report contains a variety of interesting statistics relating to the population of the province. The population is placed at 177,272, of which 87,828 are described as rural and 89,477 as urban. By origin the largest number claim to be English, 52,910 claiming England as the land of their birth. The smallest number claim Jewish origin, only 146 being thus described. Under the head of nationalities, 144,994 are described as Canadians, 14,201 as Chinese and 10,070 as American. Other nationalities in profusion are represented.

Yale-Cariboo has 41,840 males out of a total of 114,840 and 20,049 out of a total of 64,576 females. In the province there are 74,173 unmarried males and 34,549 unmarried females. Of the total males only 52 are described as divorced and 37 females. Of the latter class Yale-Cariboo carries off the palm: 23 of the 52 male divorcees and 14 out of the 37 females belong to the "up-country." The Anglican denomination is the strongest in the province with 40,672 members. Roman Catholics come next with 34,227, closely followed by the Presbyterians with 34,176. The Methodists are fourth with 25,921 and the Buddhists fifth with 19,927. There are over fifty religions listed.

Fraternal News

(From Sunday's Daily.)

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES—The members of the fraternity are looking forward with keen interest to a visit at an early date from Marion B. Baxter, deputy supreme commander. What the D. S. C. thinks of the fraternity and the members of the fraternity are looking forward with keen interest to a visit at an early date from Marion B. Baxter, deputy supreme commander. What the D. S. C. thinks of the fraternity and the members of the fraternity are looking forward with keen interest to a visit at an early date from Marion B. Baxter, deputy supreme commander.

"Among the many beneficial organizations, nothing shows up better, or with more to its credit than that which is known as fraternal work. Fraternal life insurance companies supplement the failure of other bodies—or rather, do what other bodies are not specifically organized to do, and are distinctly in the line of benevolence and self preservation.

"There are a large number of fraternal life insurance societies operating in the United States and Canada. But there are only six that are larger than the order of the 'Ladies of the Maccabees.' Those are operated by men, while the Order of the Ladies of the Maccabees is operated and controlled entirely by women. This is a matter about which loyal women should feel proud. I believe it is wise to take up the study of fraternal work, in its application to the needs of all classes of women. Whoever enters upon this work with an eye single to the truth, will eventually land within its camp.

"There are some fraternal societies that are cheaper than others. But a fraternal society in order to be safe, must do two things: "1. Make the assessments equal to the death expectancy. "2. Provide for an emergency or reserve fund.

"These conditions are met with by the Ladies of the Maccabees, to the extent that no old line life company of whatever sort questions the foundations upon which we stand.

"We are the largest body of women banded together for beneficiary work in the world, and we are strong, because we are founded upon strict business principles."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—Rossland Lodge, No. 21, Knights of Pythias, met last Friday evening at the hall on Queen street, and during the regular order of business conferred the second rank on one candidate. The lodge has quite a few applications on the table, and during the next few weeks will be very busy with initiations. Next meeting night, Friday evening, the first and third ranks will be conferred on three candidates.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS.—Tomorrow evening the Rossland Lodge, No. 38, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, will meet at its hall and confer the initiatory degree on one candidate. Last week the lodge was very busy with the conferring of degrees, having conferred the first, second and third on three candidates all in one evening.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

At the last meeting of Rossland Camp, No. 176, Woodmen of the World, one candidate was initiated into the order, the members of the lodge using the new ritual and initiating the candidate in admirable style. The camp also ordered some new paraphernalia, and before long should be in a very prosperous condition. The camp still has two candidates on the list for initiation, so it will probably be busy next meeting night.

GOOD HEALTH.

How it Can be Obtained and How it Can be Preserved.

The health of the whole body depends upon the blood and nerves. The blood must be rich and pure, and the nerves vigorous and strong. Therefore a medicine that makes new blood and strengthens the nerves reaches the root of many serious diseases. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do this, and this is the secret of their wonderful power to conquer disease. Thousands of cases—many of them in your own neighborhood—have proved that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous and bilious headache, heart trouble, indigestion, neuralgia and the ailments that render the lives of so many women a source of misery. Mr. James Adams, Brandon, Man., says: "Before I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills my health was much shattered by rheumatism, nervous depression and sleeplessness. For fully a year I rarely got a good night's sleep. I gave the pills a thorough trial and can now truthfully say I could not wish for better health."

What Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done for others they will surely do for you, but you should be careful to get the genuine with the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper round each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50c per box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing to Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

LOST BY A SCRATCH

ROSSLAND PLAYED REVELSTOKE TO A TIE AT LACROSSE YESTERDAY.

BUT LOST EVENTUALLY—INTERESTING AND FAST GAME PLAYED.

(From Friday's Daily.)

The recently organized Rossland lacrosse club lost by a scratch in the first home game yesterday. It was Revelstoke that turned the trick on the local men, and the visitors had to exert themselves to the utmost to win out. After a full hour's play, the teams were tied. A few minutes' extra time was decided on to dissolve the tie, and Revelstoke captured the deciding goal. The score was: Revelstoke 7, Rossland 6.

The match was not scientific enough to suit the veterans of crack clubs who were present, but, having cognizance of the youth of the team and the indifferent grounds, it was agreed that the play was meritorious. Certainly it was interesting.

The players lined up on the Black Bear grounds as follows: Revelstoke. Goal. Rossland. Bob Tremble..... W. Robinson Point. Walter Hill..... Ed. R. Summers Center Point. A. M. Hyatt (Cap.)..... Ed. Conroy First Defense. J. P. Cogan..... George Paul Second Defense. E. Dodd..... Jack McKinnon Third Defense. Eddie Edwards..... Jack Donahue Centre. J. M. Graham..... P. Wilkinson Third Home. H. Woods..... Roy Clothier Second Home. D. Dodd..... Bob Andrews First Home. T. Melville..... Eddie Powers Outside. C. Latham..... C. Summers (Capt.) Inside. A. C. Cap..... Al. Keating Field Captain. A. E. Kincaid..... Donald Guthrie Time Keepers. Geo. Clothier..... A. M. McQuarrie Umpires. Billy Prest..... Arthur Leighton

Julius Levy refereed the game, and outside of or two trifling misunderstandings gave general satisfaction. This was creditable indeed, considering there is usually a little kicking done. Not a man was ruled off during the game, and it was only necessary to warn a couple of players, a fact which speaks well for the conduct of the players generally and gave satisfaction to the spectators.

Unfortunately for the financial welfare of the home team, the weather was bad in the early part of the afternoon. Rain fell steadily until 2:45 and this kept the crowd away, although by 3:30 o'clock a fair showing was made by the grandstand and bleachers. At the latter hour the weather was excellent and the day ideal for lacrosse. Also on account of it being Saturday, the merchants' busy day, a great many were necessarily kept away. For future games some arrangement will be attempted to allow every one to witness these matches to increase the finances of the club, an absolute necessity to the existence of the game in this city.

THE GAME AS PLAYED.

Rossland started things going with a rush, and at the end of the first quarter had scored three goals to one for Revelstoke. It looked promising at this time for Rossland, and the spectators were quite confident as to the final outcome. Aldridge and Miller, Trail, defeated Phillips and Davis Rossland, 9-7, 7-5. Following the match the visitors from the Golden City were most hospitably entertained. Dinner was served at the smelter mess, followed by a pleasant social evening.

The Rossland club's next match is at Nelson on Dominion Day, when a team has been entered in connection with the celebration of the national holiday.

IN PHOENIX DISTRICT.

Work on New Mines — Snowshoe and Granby Operations.

PHOENIX, June 20.—The tunnel on the Blue Jay, work on which has been proceeding for some months, is now in an even 300 feet, the last few feet being in the ledge, which shows good ore. The property is under lease and bond by Morrison and Edwards, and is one of the old locations in the camp, being located at the extreme end of the hog back on which the Old Ironsides and Knob Hill mines are situated.

Now that the unwatering of the Athelstan, in Wellington, camp, has been finished, Foreman Oxley has a force of men at work preparing to ship surface ore if possible. The ore will be hauled by wagon to the Winnipeg mine, and thence shipped to the Montreal & Boston Copper Company's Sunnet smelter at Boundary Falls, which concern is understood to have some interest in the work now going on at the Athelstan.

At the Snowshoe the new 150 h. p. electric hoist, the latest of any kind yet installed in the Boundary, is now about ready for use, the timbering of the main incline 300 foot shaft having been completed and other details finished. The hoist will be in operation in a day or two. The force at the Snowshoe continues to be about 100, and the shipments run about ten to twelve cars of ore daily.

At the Granby mines the force has been reduced slightly of late, owing to the fact that but two furnaces are in operation at the company's smelter. As an auxiliary coke supply is now beginning to come in, however, a third, and perhaps a fourth, furnace will be placed in operation in a day or two, when the force at the mines will again be somewhat increased.

YMIR NOTES.

Work Resumed on Many Properties — The Pilot Mine.

YMIR, June 20.—Considerable activity prevails in the Ymir camp at present owing to the number of properties which are resuming operations, after a temporary shut-down due to the heavy snow fall last winter.

The Pilot (Ymir) Gold Mining & Milling Company, Limited, which is a new local company, organized recently for the purpose of developing the Pilot and Exchange claims, is making preparations towards installing a stamp mill on the grounds. The promoters of the company, Messrs. Hughes, Dimmock and Crow, all of whom are practical working miners and millmen, have thoroughly developed the property during the past four years and now have the mill in shape to furnish a daily output for a small mill. The ore is strictly of a free milling nature, the values running from \$10.80 to \$104. Thirteen assays taken over a course of 700 feet on the ledge gave an average of \$15.40 per ton in gold. The company has been capitalized for \$50,000, divided into 500,000 shares at the par value of ten cents per share, fully paid up and non-assessable. Two hundred shares have been put in the treasury, at par value, for the purpose of installing a mill, preparations for which are already under way. A crew of men with a pack train of supplies have already left for the property.

YMIR NOTES. Political Matters — Trouble Caused by the High Water.

YMIR, June 22.—The appointment of T. H. Atkinson, of Ymir, as collector of votes for the Ymir riding meets with the approval of all. There will be no danger of a juggled voters' list with Mr. Atkinson as collector.

Alfred Parr, of Ymir, is a candidate for the Liberal nomination in this riding. Mr. Parr is very popular and would make a strong run, a large number of voters have already promised him their support should he receive the nomination. Owing to the high water at Deadman's Eddy the Nelson & Port Sheppard Railway company's trains run between Nelson and Waneta only, all mails, express and passengers for points south of Northport go via Nelson and Rossland. For the convenience of this business the train going north reaches Nelson so as to enable close connection with the C. P. R. trains.

R. F. Mathieson, of Ymir, employed by the Porto Rico Sawmill company, had a finger taken off by the cut-off saw Thursday. In some manner he slipped, and in trying to recover his balance touched the saw with the above stated result.

HARDY MOUNTAIN MINES.

Chicago Capital Interested in a New Company.

GRAND FROKS, June 22.—T. H. Rea, a well known mining operator, formerly of Rossland, recently organized a company in Chicago for the purpose of operating the Betts and Hesperus, two well known claims on Hardy mountain about four miles from this city. The new corporation which is capitalized at one million dollars, in shares of one dollar, will start development work immediately. The officers are wealthy business men of Chicago, the president being Charles J. MacGee. President MacGee will arrive shortly to inspect the property, which has always been regarded as a promising one. About two hundred feet of crosscuts and surface work performed by the former owners has opened up some rich bodies of sulphide ore. Mr. Rea will personally direct the development work, which at the outset will consist of surface stripping with a view of opening up a glory hole similar to those at Granby and Snowshoe mines. It is his intention to make a smelter test at an early date. The new company is the Hesperus Gold and Sulphur Mines Company.

Pierre Guay, his wife and two children, were drowned in the St. Lawrence off Bout de l'Île, near Montreal, on Sunday.

Corporal George Villiers of A battery, who deserted a year ago, has given himself up to the authorities at Kingston.

LIKES CAMP AND JUMBO

Finch and Campbell's Expert Favorably Impressed with Conditions.

Is Pioneer of Slocan Camp and also Operated Here.

"When I got off at the depot I didn't know where I was, so many and so marked were the changes since the last time I was in Rossland. Once I was in the hills, however, I had no trouble in finding the mine. After looking around for several days I am satisfied the camp has a bright future, and that a number of properties now resuming operations on a considerable scale will rapidly come to the front."

This emanates from W. H. Springer of Spokane, who has been in the city for the past week. Mr. Springer has for several years represented the big Washington firm of Finch & Campbell, whose interests in the Pacific Northwest are probably greater than those of any other firm operating in mines. Mr. Springer is a pioneer of the Slocan country, Springer creek being named after him. He was the original locator of the well known Freddie Lee. In 1896 Mr. Springer was in Rossland, and became particularly familiar with the mineral resources of the camp.

Mr. Springer's mission on this visit is to examine the Jumbo mine in the interests of Finch & Campbell, who are large shareholders. His opinion is decidedly favorable. There is no doubt, he says, that the mine possesses an immense ore body already blocked out. If it can be demonstrated that the average values are sufficient to leave a profit the future of the property is assured for several years. Mr. Springer says that the ore body on the No. 1 level is 150 feet in length without the boundary being defined as yet, and 25 feet in width. While it is not sufficiently developed to justify an absolute statement as to the tonnage "in sight," he is of opinion that about 25,000 tons is blocked out in the ore body on the first level. He believes that the shoot will be picked up on the second level, and with this tonnage no sinking will be required for several years. Figuring on favorable treatment rates, Mr. Springer estimates that any ore over \$8 per ton in value will return a profit to the company, and that as the 100-ton trial shipment to Tacoma in 1898 went over \$12, the prospect for the property is bright.

Referring to his pioneer experiences in the Slocan, Mr. Springer states that he first went into the country from Nelson in 1888. He only went as far as Springer creek, and the ore there discovered was on what was afterwards known as the Dayton claim. Samples from the showing were brought back to Nelson, but they did not go high enough to justify further development at that stage. In 1891 he went back again and located the Freddie Lee. From this property some ore was shipped at a profit, the product carrying 126 ounces of silver worth \$5 to 81 cents per ounce, and running high in lead, which was in the ore body in considerable amount. The difficulties under which the pioneers of the Slocan labored in opening up properties are demonstrated by the following table of costs incurred in producing and marketing Freddie Lee ore:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Per Ton. Mining..... \$10.00. Teaming to Kaslo..... 40.00. Freight and treatment..... 26.00. Duty..... 23.00. Total..... \$99.00.

The owners of the Freddie Lee found these charges too heavy to overcome, and ultimately lost their property to the Bank of British Columbia. Mr. Springer is to be in the city for a day or two longer. He states that the Second Relief mine in the Erie section is now operating at a profit and the outlook for continuous profitable operations is excellent. This is one of the few remaining British Columbian mines owned outright by Finch & Campbell.

Stunted, weakly children are those whose food does them no good, because they do not digest it properly. Keep the child's digestive organs right and it will grow up strong and healthy, and it will not cause mother much trouble while it is growing up. It is the weak children—the puny children—that wear the mother out caring for them day and night. All this is changed when Baby's Own Tablets are used. They promote digestion, they give sound, natural sleep, they keep baby bright and cheerful. They are good for older children, too, and cure all their minor ailments. It costs only 25 cents to prove the truth of these statements—and you will be thankful afterwards. Mrs. Archibald Stewart, Carleton, N. S., says: "I have given my little one Baby's Own Tablets, and am more than pleased with the results. I recommend them to every mother." That's the way all mothers, who have used Baby's Own Tablets, talk. That's the way you will talk if you try them when your little ones are ailing. You can get the Tablets from any dealer, or they will be sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mrs. P. W. Hall of 69 Osborne street, Montreal, was killed by a C. P. R. western express at Lakeport on Saturday night.

Mr. F. W. Grey, a cousin of Lady Minto and of Earl Grey, has been appointed professor of elocution at the University of Ottawa.

After many ventures due to inadequate Northport smelter, point where more than has been twenty-two months of the mines are running. This is especially land's standpoint, to everyone who question, and afford guarantee of enhanced Rossland mines should reduction works.

E. J. Wilson, the smelter, has introduced less important changes. It is predicted Wilson's regime will attain the greater efficiency yet achieved. Reduced costs and charges to the mines. The smelter is to be put from Washington Superior, Wis. The from East Kootenai and purposes failed though there may be in this respect at date. When East Kootenai smelter arrives it is assumed a much more promptly blown in, seriously under Morgan, general of Spokane Falls & N. E. that his company of coke in sight for er, and that the h. be permitted to into ery of fuel at the assumed a much more ion than the outlook at this time. Wh. tively short section with water the t. come at a pinch by come at a pinch by train of cars from ed section, and p. with a locomotive. precluding the ne. motives entering t. It is evident the smelter has an exce. tive activity on sive basis, with a. erations will soon h. capacity of the w. daily.

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# CAMP AND JUMBO

Campbell's Exorably Impressive Conditions.

of Slocan Camp Also Operated Here.

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### WEEKLY CHILDREN.

Weakly children are those does them no good, because digest it properly. Keep digestive organs right and up strong and healthy, and cause mother much trouble growing up. It is the weak e puny children—that wear out caring for them day and this is changed when Baby's ts are used. They promote keep baby bright and cheer- are good for older children, are all their minor ailments. y 25 cents to prove the truth tatements—and you will be afterwards. Mrs. Archibald rleton, N. S., says: "I have tle one Baby's Own Tablets, s than pleased with the re- commend them to every- That's the way all mothers, use Baby's Own Tablets, 's the way you will talk if m when your little ones are can get the Tablets from or they will be sent by mail a box by writing the Dr. Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

W. Hall of 69 Osborne street, was killed by a C. P. R. press at Lakeport on Sat- V. Grey, a cousin of Lady of Earl Grey, has been ap- of elocution at the of Ottawa.

# NORTHPORT IS ACTIVE

Le Roi Smelter Is Now Treating 1100 Tons Daily.

Cutting Down Big Ore Reserve Rapidly—The Coke Supply.

After many vexatious interruptions due to inadequate coke supplies, the Northport smelter has at last reached a point where more activity is attained than has been the case in the past twelvemonth of thereabouts. Five furnaces are running out of the total battery of six, and almost 1100 tons of ore is being put through every 24 hours. This is especially important from Rossland's standpoint, for reasons obvious to everyone who has looked into the question, and affords the best possible guarantee of enhanced activity at the Rossland mines shipping to the Le Roi reduction works.

E. J. Wilson, the new manager of the smelter, has introduced several more or less important changes in respect to the works. It is predicted that under Mr. Wilson's regime the Le Roi smelter will attain the greatest measure of efficiency yet achieved, which means reduced costs and corresponding advantages to the mines shipping thereto.

"The smelter is deriving its coke supplies from Washington point and West Superior, Wis. The expected shipments from East Kootenay have to all intents and purposes failed to materialize, although there may be some improvement in this respect at a comparatively early date. When East Kootenay coke commences to arrive in any quantity it is probable that the No. 6 furnace will be promptly blown in, but as yet this is not seriously under consideration. R. C. Morgan, general superintendent of the Spokane Falls & Northern railway, stated that his company had over 100 cars of coke in sight for the Northport smelter, and that the high water would not be permitted to interfere with the delivery of fuel to the works, unless matters assumed a much more serious complexion than the outlook seemed to warrant at this time. Where only a comparatively short section of track is covered with water the trouble can be overcome at a pinch by backing down a large come at a pinch by backing down a long train of cars from one end of the flood- ed section, and picking the string up with a locomotive at the other end, thus precluding the necessity of the loco- motives entering the water.

It is evident therefore that the Le Roi smelter has an excellent outlook for continued activity on the present exten- sive basis, with a probability that operations will soon be enlarged to the full capacity of the works—about 1400 tons daily.

The effect of this on the Rossland camp is obvious. A short time will suffice to reduce the big reserve of ore at the works to normal proportions of 15- 000 to 20,000 tons, and to keep the smelter running at full capacity will then ne- cessitate a very substantial increase in the output of the Le Roi mine. The present output of 500 tons per day will necessarily be doubled at least to enable the company to take full advantage of means of reducing treatments costs, and to mine and handle this increased out- put means big increases in the work- forces at the mine. This spells increased payrolls and enhanced business through- out the community. The desirable re- sults extend to other properties in a lesser degree to such an extent that the entire community will profit very materially from the increased activity at Northport.

# HANDS ARE JOINED

CANADIANS WILL PARTICIPATE WITH AMERICANS FOR THE FOURTH OF JULY.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING ATTENDED BY RESIDENTS GEN- ERALLY.

(From Friday's Daily.)

It's to be "Hands Across the Line" for Rossland's Fourth of July celebration. The organization meeting last night was attended by several prominent citizens in addition to numerous enthusiastic Americans, and the feeling throughout was that Canadians are invited and expected to take as prominent a place in the demonstration as Americans have in times past when celebrations of a patriotic nature were held locally.

About thirty people attended the meet- ing held at the fire hall to arrange for the demonstration. Nelson A. Burritt was appointed chairman, and John P. Cosgro as secretary. The citizens of the city were represented by ex-Mayors Clute and Goodvee, A. B. Mackenzie, secretary of the board of trade, Dr. W. Kenning, Dr. Coulthard, M. R. McQuarrie, J. H. Watson and others.

The object of the gathering having been stated, it was unanimously decid- ed that a celebration should be held, and the gathering promptly resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider ways and means. Committees and officers were appointed as follows: S. F. Parrish—President. Mayor Dean—Vice-president. William Thompson—Vice-president. Carl R. Davis—Secretary. A. B. Barker—Treasurer. Executive Committee—Officers and chairmen of sub-committees. Finance Committee—N. A. Burritt, chairman; Captain G. A. Ohren, Fire

Chief Guthrie, Roscoe R. Leslie, Andrew G. Larson, Frank French, Fred Demuth, George A. Tippet and Alderman Harry Daniel.

Sports Committee—A. B. Mackenzie, chairman; J. H. Watson, H. W. Vance, E. Strout, Ralph Harron, Dan Thomas and J. P. Cosgro.

Fireworks—Oscar H. Baum, chairman; G. A. Mellor, William Matters and C. V. Jenkins. Decorations—J. Stephen Deschamps, chairman; George A. Mitchell, Keith Lackey, Lorne A. Campbell, A. S. Good- eve, M. R. McQuarrie, George W. Mc- Bride and H. G. Oliver.

Committee meetings were called as follows: Finance, Friday evening at 8 o'clock in the Windsor hotel; sports, at A. B. Mackenzie's office on Friday at 3 p. m.; executive committee, at A. B. Mackenzie's office on Monday at 3 p. m.

The balance of the meeting was de- voted to a general discussion of the program for the holiday. Rock-drilling contests, hose reel races and other fea- tures were considered, but no definite arrangements were completed, the program being left in the hands of the executive.

# 'T WAS CURTIS DID IT

ROSSLAND'S MEMBER TURNED SCALE IN FAVOR OF PARTY LINES.

HIS ADVICE TO PREMIER McBRIDE DID THE TRICK—HOW IT HAPPENED.

(From Friday's Daily.)

Smith Curtis, Rossland's member in the late legislature, declares that he turned the scale in favor of a division in the province along straight party lines. Had it not been for a certain conversation he had with Premier McBride at a time when matters were in a formative stage, a coalition government would have undoubtedly been formed, in which the late opposition would have borne an important part. The general election would have eventuated, but the division would not have been on party lines and the advent of this phase of British Columbia politics might have been postponed for years.

A quiet little conversation between Mr. Curtis and Hon. Richard McBride turned the trick. This is how it happened.

Mr. Curtis received a note from Premier McBride shortly after the latter had been called to power by the Lieutenant-governor, and in the seclusion of the premier's private office was in- formed that he (the premier) was in a quandary as to the lines on which to form his government and divide the province. Mr. McBride's indecision arose from the fact that he had come into power with the assistance of an opposition formed of Liberals and Conserv- atives alike. Mr. Curtis pointed out that Mr. McBride had accepted the platform of the Conservative party, which had declared for party lines, and it was equally well known that the Liberals wanted a division on Federal party lines. It was, therefore, estab- lished that the country wanted party lines, and Mr. Curtis expressed the opinion that Mr. McBride was in honor bound to grant the desire as expressed by the convention of Liberals and Con- servatives. Furthermore, he personally favored such a division, and proceeded to give his own views on the subject at some length. At the conclusion of the conversation, the premier remarked that Mr. Curtis' opinion had determined him in the policy he would adopt, and shortly after the formation of the present government along straight Con- servative lines ensued.

The ex-member from Rossland is naturally indignant at the shabby trick played him and the Rossland riding in respect to the appropriations for public works. He has secured an appropriation of \$18,000 for the company of trails and roads, among the items being the Burnt Basin wagon road, necessary to the development of a rich section of the Rossland district, and this appropriation was properly passed by the committee drafted to examine the appropriations before the supply was voted as per agreement. Upon the vote being recorded, Mr. Curtis left the committee, to find later to his unutterable disgust that later in the day the appropriations for all public works had been reconsidered and defeated. He blames chiefly for the failure of the supply of plans which made for the good of the entire country, and the incident only added to the list of black marks which Curtis has recorded against them, and which he proposes to air in their respective constituencies, if he has the time and energy to take the stump with the gentlemen in question. Paterson, the Grit candidate for the Islands, also is in Curtis' bad books, and will be opposed by Curtis if conditions are propitious.

# MID-WEEK MINE NEWS

WHITE BEAR PLACES ORDER FOR COMPRESSOR AND HOIST- ING PLANT.

JUMBO TO GET A SIDING—I. X. L. SHIPS ORE THIS WEEK.

The White Bear Mining company has definitely placed its orders for the new plant to be installed at the mine in ac- cordance with the program adopted for the development of the property on a large scale. It has been concluded that the plant will be electrically driven, and the machinery necessary for this purpose has been ordered. A Canadian firm will supply the twenty-drill com- pressor and will deliver the plant here in about three months from date.

200-horse power hoist has been ordered in Denver for delivery in Rossland at the earliest possible date. In addition, machines of various description, including lathes and wood-working machinery, have been ordered for the machine shop, which is to be a feature of the com- pany's new works.

The company is already preparing for its new plant by excavating the ground on which the new buildings are to be located. This work is well under way. Underground operations are still con- fined to the 850 level, but a start will be made for the 1000 level as soon as arrangements can be completed.

GIANT WORKING. Mining operations have been resumed at the Giant. Today a force of men will be at work on the property, and already shipping operations have been started. The company had seventy or eighty tons of ore ready for shipment to the railway, and it is proposed to ship about ten tons per day for the present. A larger output would be shipped were the smelter at Trail prepared to receive unlimited quantities. Unfortunately, the coke shortage prevents the smelter from adopting this attitude, hence the Giant's output will be restricted for the present. Mining is confined to the first level of the property.

FOR THE PAYNE. The result of the tests in zinc separation by the use of the Wilfley tables at the Payne mine has been so satisfac- tory that the company has placed an order for six tables in addition to the one installed for experimental purposes. This marks an important advance in connection with the zinc mining industry of the Slocan.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT. The lessees of the I. X. L. mine are bringing down a shipment of ore from the mine at Trail prepared for shipment to the Northport smelter. The consignment will be in the neighborhood of 25 tons, and it is expected to realize not less than \$30 per ton. The operators of the property have been at work for some time, but preliminaries engrossed considerable time, and steady mining work has only been started for a few days.

IN BURNT BASIN. A number of properties in Burnt Basin are being operated on a small scale, principally by locators. No steps have been taken toward reopening the Contact mine, which the lessees under way for the basin, and it is not likely that any extensive work will be undertaken there until the government carries out its un- dertaking in the matter of constructing a wagon road.

The Contact company had arranged to equip the property with machinery for hauling heavy machinery, and until this road is built the progress of the camp is inevitably stayed.

JUMBO SPUR. The management of the Jumbo mine has opened negotiations with the Spokane Falls & Northern road for the construction of a spur to a suitable point for the loading of ore from the mine, and the question is likely to be disposed of at an early date.

A report was circulated yesterday to the effect that an eight-foot vein of ore had been encountered in the Jumbo workings. This is a misstatement, ac- cording to M. R. Galusha, managing director, who states that there has never been but one ore body in the Jumbo. At times this body carried rich streaks, but nothing in the shape of an entirely new find has been made.

# TRADE WITH EMPIRE

STATISTICS OF GREAT BRITAIN'S EXPORTS TO THE COLONIES.

GERMANY'S REPORTED INTIMA- TION REGARDING PRE- FERENCE.

LONDON, June 19.—Lord Camper- down in the house of lords today drew the attention of the house to the recent revelation of Foreign Minister Lans- downe to the effect that Germany had intimated that if the other British colonies follow the example of Canada, in giving a preference to British imports, Great Britain would probably not be allowed to continue in receipt of most favored nation terms. Lord Camper- down asked that the papers on the subject be laid on the table.

Lord Lansdowne replied that he de- sired to deprecate the assumption that the conduct of Germany was actuated by deliberate hostility to Great Britain. He considered that Germany's course was not unnatural, considering the way in which Great Britain had hitherto dealt with these questions concerning the colonies. If Great Britain made her position perfectly clear and intelligible, as she ought to do, it would, he thought, be possible to ac- complish a settlement of these ques- tions in a manner satisfactory to Great Britain and to her colonies.

TORONTO, June 19.—The News' London cable says: Chamberlain, in the house last night in answer to a question in reference to British ex- ports to the colonies, said that they show a large and continuous increase. The yearly average for five-year pe- riods was given by him as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Year, Value. 1874-80... £37,465,270; 1881-87... £1,234,831; 1888-94... £1,188,008; 1895-01... £5,188,121; 1892-00... £6,043,165; 1902... 109,028,611

The gross value of the ore mined and shipped to the smelter during April was \$11.1 per ton, equal to... \$137,217. From this deduct smelter losses, refiners' settlement rates, etc., equal to \$2.05 per ton... \$112,664.

Deduct cost of mining and smelting at \$8.21 per ton... \$9,734. Estimated profit on ore shipped to Northport smelter... \$13,830. Estimated profit on ore shipped to Nelson smelter... \$50.

Total estimated profit... \$13,895. Velvet, Rossland—The manager cables: "Have received the following returns from smelters, namely: Seventy-eight tons first class ore yielded 71 ounces gold and 7200 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1900, or an average of 24 1/2¢ per ton. Seventy-four tons second class ore yielded 45 ounces gold and 6500 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1050, or an average of 22 1/2¢ per ton."

# LE ROI IN APRIL

MANAGER'S REPORT ON OPERA- TIONS—DEEP LEVEL DEVELOPMENTS.

FIGURES ON \$1.15 PER TON PROFIT FOR APRIL SHIPMENTS TO SMELTER.

The manager's report of the Le Roi Mining Company, Limited, for the month of April, as published in London papers just to hand, is as follows: "Ore shipments—The ore shipped during the month amounted to 12,156 tons, containing 4581 ounces gold, 6488 ounces silver, 307,532 pounds copper, value per ton \$11.41. A portion, 130 tons, containing 363 ounces gold, 209 ounces silver and 2355 pounds copper, was sold to the Hall Mining and Smelting Company, Limited, of Nelson, B. C., for experimental purposes; the balance was shipped to the smelter at Northport. The cost of breaking and delivering the ore on the railroad cars was \$2.77 per ton, while the cost of development was equal to 93 cents per ton.

"Mining—The tonnage stoped during April is lower than for several months past. This is largely due to the fact that without increasing the present force the sill floors of three stopes have been taken out, a proceeding which, by means of an additional labor in breaking the ore, has resulted in the ore mined being higher than has been obtained since December, entirely owing to the yield of the stope near the east end of the 500-foot level, but the copper contents are lower than formerly. It is regretted that a small 'streak' of good ore, which was met with during the month of March on the 500-foot level, was not enlarged, and the man- ager has been compelled to abandon work upon it for the present, owing to the comparatively high cost involved in stopping. It is gratifying to note, however, that the Dunkle stope on the 900-foot level presents a promising ap- pearance, and it is believed it will con- tinue to the 1050-foot level and prob- ably yield 4500 tons of \$10.25 ore. Its extent will probably be tested during May by means of a raise from the 1050-foot level. The manager is led to believe that the 'pay ore' recently met with on the 1050-foot level to the west of the main shaft is a continuation of the Mulligan shoot; the body has passed through a dyke and is still in good ore. A drift is now being run on the level below the 1200-foot, for the purpose of undercutting this shoot and to determine its extent. The crosscut on the 900-foot level, which was refer- red to in the last report, has now passed through the Black Bear shoot. The manager intends to drift upon it as far as the Josie dyke, 30 or 40 feet distant, in the hope that it will widen into a 'pay shoot.' A raise has been com- menced on the 900-foot level to the east of the main shaft to ascertain if the main ore shoot carries sufficient values to pay for extraction. A cross- cut has been commenced on the 500-foot level west of the main shaft to prospect for the main ore shoot, which it is expected will be reached during May. The expenditure for the month on mine account was \$44,793.

"No. 1 smelter—The expenditure for the month was \$81,045. The public ore purchased during the month amounted to 2151 dry tons, containing 1402 ounces gold, 3007 ounces silver, 112,363 pounds copper. The tonnage treated during the month was 14,915, segregated as follows: Le Roi, roasted ore, 10,834; Le Roi raw ore, 1721; public ore, 2262. It was not possible to keep the whole of the three furnaces blown in on March 23rd in continuous operation during April, as the coke supply practically became exhausted on the 26th of the month, and two of the number had to be 'banked' pending the receipt of further deliveries of fuel. This stoppage was, however, a temporary one, as at this date—15th May—the furnaces are in operation. The fuel now being used is being obtained largely from the east and from the Northwestern Improvement company's collieries in the state of Washington. Although the manager of the Crown's Nest Coal company promised by tele- graph that he would ship 100 tons of coke daily, commencing 27th April, practically nothing was received from him. The smelting costs for April, on the basis of the tonnage smelted, were approximately \$4.03 per ton. This sum, considering the cir- cumstances under which operations were conducted, is quite low.

"As to April profits, although the manager refrained from making an estimate as to this in the cable sent to the London office, he is of the opinion that the smelting expenses were difficult to determine at that time, he thinks it may be fairly assumed that the profit from the ore shipped to Northport during the month would amount to no less than \$1.15 per ton. The ore sent to the Nelson smelter was below the average in grade, so that he estimates the profit upon it at 90 cents per ton."

The gross value of the ore mined and shipped to the smelter during April was \$11.1 per ton, equal to... \$137,217. From this deduct smelter losses, refiners' settlement rates, etc., equal to \$2.05 per ton... \$112,664.

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# FLOOD AT NELSON.

The Water Now Subsiding—Mr. Taylor Nominated by Liberals.

NELSON, June 19.—The Kootenay river reached its highest point of the season this morning, and has subsided half an inch in the last eight hours. It is now 24 feet above low water mark. Railway tracks are under from six inches to two feet of water in many places on lines running out of Nelson. All along the water front gardens and houses are submerged, and if the rise of water had not ceased great damage would have ensued. A peculiar circumstance of the overflow is that it has solved a difficult problem for the city council. There were over forty families of squatters living along the lake shore whom the city authorities have wished to get out. Threats and proceedings alike proved fruitless un- til the water came. Now all the cab- ins are vacated, and before the water subsides will be torn down. A lacrosse game was played this afternoon between Nelson and Revel- stoke in which the former were vic- torious by a score of 7 to 0. At a largely attended meeting of the Liberals this evening, S. S. Taylor, K. C., was unanimously elected as candi- date to run in the Liberal interests in the next provincial election.

Regarding the coal market in San Francisco, Mr. Howard said there was at present 250,000 tons on the way from Australia, the largest amount he had ever known in his experience. This had not begun to arrive yet, and the result of the arrival of this coal on the mar- ket in San Francisco could not be an- ticipated. It would undoubtedly permit the Western Fuel company to use their Nanaimo coal for domestic purposes in- stead of manufacturing, but it would be very difficult to predict what effect it would have on the price.

A party of thirteen young women from England brought over by Hon. Mrs. Joyce, who is at the head of the British emigration movement, have ar- rived in the province where they will make their home. Some of them have come out to join husbands and brothers already here, and a few are domestic servants. Speaking of the prospects of the movement Miss Drake, secretary of the Montreal Home, who was in charge of the party of the trip west, said that the numbers brought out this year would undoubtedly be far in ad- vance of all previous years. Last year's arrivals lacked but one of 200, and at the rate they have begun this year there should be between 250 and 350 brought out. Owing to the unusual immigration from the British Isles this spring, the number should rapidly advance from year to year and reach totals that a few years ago were undreamt of."

# ACTION NEXT WEEK

ARBITRATION OVER FLUME LINE GROUND POSTPONED FROM SATURDAY.

ARBITRATORS WILL CONVENE ON MONDAY AND GET BUSY.



# CAMP AND JUMBO

### Campbell's Exorably Impressive Conditions.

### of Slocan Camp Also Operated Here.

off at the depot I didn't was, so many and so the changes since the as in Rossland. Once I hills, however, I had no hills hadn't changed at all, ground for several days the camp has a bright at a number of properting operations on a scale will rapidly come to

es from W. H. Springer of has been in the city for Mr. Springer has for represented the big firm of Finch & Camp interests in the Pacific probably greater than other firm operating in Springer is a pioneer of ntry, Springer creek her him. He was the or the well known Freddie r. Springer was in Ross- came particularly fa- ne mineral resources of

's mission on this visit the Jumbo mine in the ch & Campbell, who are ders. His opinion is de- ble. There is no doubt, the mine possesses an im- dy already blocked out, monstrated that the aver- sufficient to leave a future of the property several years. Mr. that the ore body on the 150 feet in length with- ary being defined as yet, n width. While it is not eveloped to justify an ab- sent as to the tonnage "in of opinion that about 25, -cked out in the ore body bright. He believes that he picked up on the second th this tonnage no stink- equired for several years, favorable treatment rates, estimates that any ore on in value will return a company, and that as the shipment to Tacoma in r \$12, the prospect for the

to his pioneer experiences, Mr. Springer states that nt into the country from 88. He only went as far creek, and the ore there as on what was after- as on the Dayton claim. om the showing were to Nelson, but they did enough to justify further at that stage. In 1891 he gain and located the Fred- om this property some ore at a profit, the product ounces of silver worth \$5 per ounce, and running which was then worth con- y. The difficulties are the of the Slocan labor- ing up properties are de- by the following table of in producing and mar- die Lee ore:

Per ton	\$10.00
Kaslo	40.00
treatment	26.00
	23.00
	\$99.00

of the Freddie Lee found es too heavy to overcome, ely lost their property to of British Columbia. ger is to be in the city for o longer. He states that Relief mine in the Erie sec- operating at a profit and for continuous profitable as excellent. This is one remaining British Columbian d outright by Finch &

# HANDS ARE JOINED

### CANADIANS WILL PARTICIPATE WITH AMERICANS FOR THE FOURTH OF JULY.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING ATTENDED BY RESIDENTS GENERALLY.

(From Friday's Daily.)

It's to be "Hands Across the Line" for Rossland's Fourth of July celebration. The organization meeting last night was attended by several prominent citizens in addition to numerous enthusiastic Americans, and the feeling throughout was that Canadians are invited and expected to take as prominent a place in the demonstration as Americans have in times past when celebrations of a patriotic nature were held locally.

About thirty people attended the meeting held at the fire hall to arrange for the demonstration. Nelson A. Burritt was appointed chairman, and John P. Cosgro as secretary. The citizens of the city were represented by ex-Mayors Clute and Goodeve, A. B. Mackenzie, Secretary of the Board of Trade, Dr. A. W. Kenning, Dr. Couillard, M. R. McQuarrie, J. H. Watson and others.

The object of the gathering having been stated, it was unanimously decided that a celebration should be held, and the gathering promptly resolved itself into a committee of the whole to consider ways and means. Committees and officers were appointed as follows:

S. F. Farris—President.  
William Thompson—Vice-president.  
Carl R. Davis—Secretary.  
A. B. Barker—Treasurer.  
Executive Committee—Officers and chairmen of sub-committees.  
Finance Committee—N. A. Burritt, chairman; Captain G. A. Ohren, Fire

# WEEKLY CHILDREN.

Weakly children are those does them no good, because digest it properly. Keep digestive organs right and cause mother much trouble growing up. It is the weak e puny children—that wear out caring for them day and this is changed when Baby's ts are used. They promote they give sound, natural keep baby bright and cheer- are good for older children, re all their minor ailments. 25 cents to prove the truth statements—and you will be towards. Mrs. Archibald rleton, N. S., says: "I have ttle one Baby's Own Tablets, re than pleased with the re- commend them to every- That's the way all mothers, used Baby's Own Tablets, 's the way you will talk if when your little ones are a can get the Tablets from or they will be sent by mail a box by writing the Dr. Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

V. Hall of 69 Osborne street, was killed by a C. P. R. press at Lakeport on Sat- V. Grey, a cousin of Lady of Earl Grey, has been ap- of elocation at the of Ottawa.

# NORTHPORT IS ACTIVE

### Le Roi Smelter Is Now Treating 1100 Tons Daily.

### Cutting Down Big Ore Reserve Rapidly—The Coke Supply.

After many vexatious interruptions due to inadequate coke supplies, the Northport smelter has at last reached a point where more activity is attained than has been the case in the past twelvemonth of thereabouts. Five furnaces are running out of the total battery of six, and almost 1100 tons of ore is being put through every 24 hours. This is especially important from Rossland's standpoint, for reasons obvious to everyone who has looked into the question, and affords the best possible guarantee of enhanced activity at the Rossland mines shipping to the Le Roi reduction works.

E. J. Wilson, the new manager of the smelter, has introduced several more or less important changes in respect to the works. It is predicted that under Mr. Wilson's regime the Le Roi smelter will attain the greatest measure of efficiency yet achieved, which means reduced costs and corresponding advantages to the mines shipping thereto.

The smelter is deriving its coke supplies from Washington points and West Superior, Wis. The expected shipments from East Kootenay have to all intents and purposes failed to materialize, although there may be some improvement in this respect at a comparatively early date. When East Kootenay coke commences to arrive in any quantity it is probable that the No. 6 furnace will be promptly blown in, but as yet this is not seriously under consideration. R. C. Morgan, general superintendent of the Spokane Falls & Northern railway, stated that his company had over 100 cars of coke in sight for the Northport smelter, and that the high water would not be permitted to interfere with the delivery of fuel at the works, unless matters assumed a much more serious complexion than the outlook seemed to warrant at this time. Where only a comparatively short section of track is covered with water the trouble can be overcome at a pinch by backing down a large come at a pinch by backing down a long train of cars from one end of the flood-section, and piling the string up with a locomotive at the other end, thus precluding the necessity of the locomotives entering the water.

It is evident therefore that the Le Roi smelter has an excellent outlook for continued activity on the present extensive basis, with a probability that operations will soon be enlarged to the full capacity of the works—about 1400 tons daily.

The effect of this on the Rossland camp is obvious. A short time will suffice to reduce the big reserve of ore at the works to normal proportions of 15,000 to 20,000 tons, and to keep the smelter running at full capacity will then necessitate a very substantial increase in the output of the Le Roi mine. The present output of 500 tons per day will necessarily be doubled at least to enable the company to take full advantage of means of reducing treatments costs, and to mine and handle this increased output means big increases in the working force at the mine. This spells increased payrolls and enhanced business throughout the community. The desirable results extend to other properties in a lesser degree to such an extent that the entire community will profit very materially from the increased activity at Northport.

### 'Twas CURTIS DID IT

#### ROSSLAND'S MEMBER TURNED SCALE IN FAVOR OF PARTY LINES.

#### HIS ADVICE TO PREMIER McBRIDE DID THE TRICK—HOW IT HAPPENED.

(From Friday's Daily.)

Smith Curtis, Rossland's member in the late legislature, declares that he turned the scale in favor of a division in the province along straight party lines. Had it not been for a certain conversation he had with Premier McBride at a time when matters were in a formative stage, a coalition government would have undoubtedly been formed, in which the late opposition would have borne an important part. The general election would have been evaded, but the division would not have been on party lines and the advent of this phase of British Columbia politics might have been postponed for years.

A quiet little conversation between Mr. Curtis and Hon. Richard McBride turned the trick. This is how it happened.

Mr. Curtis received a note from Premier McBride shortly after the latter had been called to power by the Lieutenant-governor, and in the seclusion of the premier's private office was informed that he (the premier) was in a quandary as to the lines on which to form his government and divide the province. Mr. McBride's indecision arose from the fact that he had come into power with the assistance of an opposition formed of Liberals and Conservatives alike. Mr. Curtis pointed out that Mr. McBride had accepted the platform of the Conservative party, which had declared for party lines, and was equally well known that the Liberals wanted a division of Federal party lines. It was, therefore, established that the country wanted party lines, and Mr. Curtis expressed the opinion that Mr. McBride was in honor bound to grant the desire as expressed by the conventions of Liberals and Conservatives. Furthermore, he personally favored such a division, and proceeded to give his own views on the subject at some length. At the conclusion of the conversation, the premier remarked that Mr. Curtis' opinion had determined him in the policy he would adopt, and shortly after the formation of the present government along straight Conservative lines ensued.

The ex-member from Rossland is naturally indignant at the shabby trick played him and the Rossland riding in respect to the appropriations for public works. He had secured an appropriation of \$1,500 for the construction of trails and roads, among the items being the Burnt Basin wagon road, necessary to the development of a rich section of the Rossland district, and this appropriation was properly passed by the committee drafted to examine the appropriations before the supply was passed as per agreement. Upon the being recorded, Mr. Curtis left the committee, to find later to his utterable disgust that later in the day the appropriations for all public works had been reconsidered and defeated. He blames Joseph Martin and W. W. McInnes principally for the formation of the plans which made for the rood of the entire country, and the incident only added to the list of black marks which Curtis has recorded against them, and which he proposes to air in their respective constituencies, if he has the time and money to go take the stump against the gentlemen in question.

The Grit candidate for the Islands, also is in Curtis' bad books, and will be opposed by Curtis if conditions are propitious.

### MID-WEEK MINE NEWS

#### WHITE BEAR PLACES ORDER FOR COMPRESSOR AND HOISTING PLANT.

#### JUMBO TO GET A SIDING—I. X. L. SHIPS ORE THIS WEEK.

The White Bear Mining company has definitely placed its orders for the new plant to be installed at the mine in accordance with the program adopted for the development of the property on a large scale. It has been concluded that the plant will be electrically driven, and the machinery necessary for this purpose has been ordered. A Canadian firm will supply the twenty-dial compressor and will deliver the plant here in about three months from date. A

Chief Guthrie, Roscoe R. Leslie, Andrew G. Larson, Frank French, Fred Demuth, George A. Tippet and Alderman Harry Daniel.

Sports Committee—A. B. Mackenzie, chairman; J. H. Watson, H. W. Vance, E. Strout, Ralph Harron, Dan Thomas and J. P. Cosgro.

Fireworks—Oscar H. Baum, chairman; G. A. Mellor, William Matters and C. V. Jenkins.

Decorations—J. Stephen Deschamps, chairman; George A. Mitchell, Keith Lackey, Lorne A. Campbell, A. S. Good- eve, M. R. McQuarrie, George W. McBride and H. G. Oliver.

Committee meetings were called as follows: Finance, Friday evening at 8 o'clock in the Windsor hotel; sports, at A. B. Mackenzie's office on Friday at 3 p. m.; executive committee, at A. B. Mackenzie's office on Monday at 3 p. m.

The balance of the meeting was devoted to a general discussion of the program for the holiday. Rock-drilling contests, hose reel races and other features were considered, but no definite arrangements were completed, the program being left in the hands of the executive.

200-horse power hoist has been ordered in Denver for delivery in Rossland at the earliest possible date. In addition, machines of various description, including lathes and wood-working machinery, have been ordered for the machine shop, which is to be a feature of the company's new works.

The company is already preparing for its new plant excavating the ground on which the new buildings are to be located. This work is well under way. Underground operations are still confined to the 850 level, but a start will be made for the 1000 level as soon as arrangements can be completed.

### GIANT WORKING.

Mining operations have been resumed at the Giant. Today a force of men will be at work on the property, and already shipping operations have been started. The company had seventy or eighty tons of ore ready for teaming to the railway, and it is proposed to ship about ten tons per day for the present. A larger output would be shipped were the smelter at Trail prepared to receive unlimited quantities. Unfortunately, the coke shortage prevents the smelter from adopting this attitude, hence the Giant's output will be restricted for the present. Mining is confined to the first level of the property.

### FOR THE PAYNE.

The result of the tests in zinc separation by the use of the Wilfley tables at the Payne mine has been so satisfactory that the company has placed an order for six tables in addition to the one installed for experimental purposes. This marks an important advance in connection with the zinc mining industry of the Slocan.

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The lessees of the I. X. L. mine are bringing down a shipment of ore from the mine to the railroad for shipment to the Northport smelter. The consignment will be in the neighborhood of 25 tons, and it is expected to realize not less than \$30 per ton. The operators of the property have been at work for some time, but preliminaries engrossed considerable time, and steady mining work has only been under way for a part of the period.

The O. K. mine is expected in the city at a comparatively early date, and the matter of utilizing the O. K. stamp mill for the treatment of ore mined on the I. X. L. will be taken up.

### IN BURNT BASIN.

A number of properties in Burnt Basin are being operated on a small scale, principally by locators. No steps have been taken toward reopening the Contact mine, which is the principal property in the Basin, as it is not likely that any extensive work will be undertaken there until the government carries out its undertaking in the matter of constructing a wagon road.

The Contact company had arranged to equip the property with machinery on an extensive scale. Plant is essential to further development of the mine, and the success attained up to the present time has been sufficient to warrant the erection of works on a considerable scale. It is absolutely necessary to the installation of machinery that a wagon road should be constructed, as the existing trail cannot be utilized for hauling heavy machinery, and until this road is built the progress of the camp is inevitably stayed.

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A report was circulated yesterday to the effect that an eight-foot vein of ore had been encountered in the Jumbo workings. This is a misstatement, according to M. R. Galusha, managing director, who states that there has never been but one ore body in the Jumbo. At times this body carried richer streaks, but nothing in the nature of an entirely new find has been made.

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# LE ROI IN APRIL

### MANAGER'S REPORT ON OPERATIONS—DEEP LEVEL DEVELOPMENTS.

### FIGURES ON \$1.15 PER TON PROFIT FOR APRIL SHIPMENTS TO SMELTER.

The manager's report of the Le Roi Mining Company, Limited, for the month of April, as published in London papers just to hand, is as follows:

"Ore shipments—The ore shipped during the month amounted to 12,156 tons, containing 4851 ounces gold, 6488 ounces silver, 307,532 pounds copper, value per ton \$11.41. A portion, 130 tons, containing 363 ounces gold, 209 ounces silver and 2355 pounds copper, was sold to the Hall Mining and Smelting Company, Limited, of Nelson, B. C., for experimental purposes; the balance was shipped to the smelter at Northport. The cost of breaking and delivering the ore on the railroad cars was \$7.77 per ton, while the cost of development was equal to 96 cents per ton.

"Mining—The tonnage stoped during April is lower than for several months past. This is largely due to the fact that without increasing the present force the sill floors of three stopes have been taken out, a proceeding which, of course, entails additional labor in breaking the ore. The gold values in the ore mined are higher than have been obtained since December, entirely owing to the yield of the stopes near the east end of the 500-foot level, but the copper contents are lower than formerly. It is regretted that a small 'streak' of good ore, which was met with during the month of March on the 500-foot level, has not enlarged, and the manager has been compelled to abandon work upon it for the present, owing to the comparatively high cost involved in stopping. It is gratifying to note, however, that the Dunkle stope on the 900-foot level presents a promising appearance, and it is believed it will continue to the 1050-foot level and probably yield 4500 tons of \$10.25 ore. Its extent will probably be tested during May by means of a raise from the 1050-foot level. The manager is led to believe that the 'key ore' recently met with on the 1050-foot level to the west of the main shaft is a continuation of the Mulligan shoot; the body has passed through a dyke and is still in good ore. A drift is now being run on the level below the 1200-foot, for the purpose of undercutting this shoot and to determine its extent. The crosscut on the 900-foot level, which was referred to in the last report, has now passed through the Black Bear shoot. The manager intends to drift upon it as far as the Josie dyke, 20 or 40 feet distant, in the hope that it will widen into a 'pay shoot.' A raise has been commenced on the 900-foot level to the east of the main shaft to ascertain if the main ore shoot carries sufficient values to pay for extraction. A crosscut has been commenced on the 500-foot level west of the main shaft to prospect for the main ore shoot, which it is expected will be reached during May. The expenditure for the month on mine account was \$44,793.

"Northport smelter—The expenditure for the month was \$85,104.35. The publication purchased during the month amounted to 2191 dry tons, containing 1402 ounces gold, 2007 ounces silver, 112,335 pounds copper. The tonnage treated during the month was 14,915, segregated as follows: Le Roi, roasted ore, 10,934; Le Roi raw ore, 1721; public ores, 2262. It was not possible to keep the whole of the three furnaces blown in on March 23rd in continuous operation during April, as the coke supply practically became exhausted on the 26th of the month, and two of the number had to be 'banked' pending the receipt of further deliveries of fuel. This stoppage was, however, a temporary one, as at this date—15th May—four furnaces are in operation. The coke now being used is being obtained largely from the east, and from the Northwestern Improvement company's collieries in the state of Washington. Although the manager of the Crow's Nest Coal company promised by telegram that he would ship 100 tons of coke daily, commencing 27th April, practically nothing was received from that source. The smelting costs for April on the basis of the tonnage smelted, were approximately \$4.09 per ton. This sum, considering the circumstances under which operations were conducted, is quite low.

"As to April profits, although the manager refrained from making an estimate as to this in the cable sent early in the month of May, for the reason that the smelting expenses were difficult to determine at that time, he thinks it may be fairly assumed that the profit from the ore shipped to Northport during the month would amount to no less than \$1.15 per ton. The ore sent to the Nelson smelter was below the average in grade, so that he estimates the profit upon it at 30 cents per ton.

The gross value of the ore mined and shipped to the smelter during April was \$14.1 per ton, equal to... \$137,217. From this deduct smelter losses, refiners' settlement rates, etc., equal to \$2.05 per ton... 24,653. Estimated profit on ore shipped to Northport smelter... \$13,830. Estimated profit on ore shipped to Nelson smelter... 65. Total estimated profit... \$13,895.

Velvet, Rossland's new manager cables: "Have received the following returns from smelters, namely: Seventy-eight tons first class ore yielded 71 ounces gold and 7200 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1600, or an average of 24 4/8 94 per ton. Seventy-four tons second class ore yielded 45 ounces gold and 6500 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1050, or an average of 22 1/8 84 per ton."

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# FLOOD AT NELSON.

### The Water Now Subsiding—Mr. Taylor Nominated by Liberals.

NELSON, June 19.—The Kootenay river reached its highest point of the season this morning, and has subsided half an inch in the last eight hours. It is now 24 feet above low water mark. Railway tracks are under from six inches to two feet of water in many places on lines running out of Nelson. All along the water front gardens and houses are submerged, and if the rise of water had not ceased great damage would have ensued. A peculiar circumstance of the overflow is that it has solved a difficult problem for the city council. There were over forty families of squatters living along the lake shore whom the city authorities have wished to get out. Threats and proceedings alike proved fruitless until the water came. Now all the cabins are vacated, and before the water subsides will be torn down.

A lacrosse game was played this afternoon between Nelson and Revelstoke in which the former were victorious by a score of 7 to 0. It was a largely attended meeting of the Liberals this evening, S. S. Taylor, K. C., was unanimously elected as candidate to run in the Liberal interests in the next provincial election.

### ACTION NEXT WEEK

#### ARBITRATION OVER FLUME LINE GROUND POSTPONED FROM SATURDAY.

#### ARBITRATORS WILL CONVEENE ON MONDAY AND GET BUSY.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The arbitration of the matters at issue between the lumber firm of Blue & Descamps and the corporation will not be proceeded with on Saturday as expected. Gus Creelman, who has been selected as the city's arbitrator, is detained in Nelson until Sunday night, in consequence of which the proposed start on Saturday is cancelled.

The arrangement is to proceed with the arbitration on Monday, and it is thought that the case will be disposed of in one day.

When the arbitrators already elected convene—Elmer A. Roney, representing the Blue & Descamps firm, and Gus Creelman for the corporation—their first business will be to decide upon the third arbitrator from the list of eligibles to be compiled by each of the parties. When this is disposed of an inspection of the ground will be made. Having familiarized themselves with the lay of the land, the arbitrators will proceed to take such evidence as may be offered relating to the value of the land in issue. It is thought that two afternoon sittings will dispose of the whole business, which is desirable with a view to keeping down costs.

When the arbitrators have decided upon their award, the decision is placed in writing and sealed. Either party to the issue can take up this award upon payment of the costs of the case, and the party against whom costs are awarded is usually compelled to pay the expenses.

The dispute arises over the value of the ground traversed by the flume from the Rock creek intake of the city water system to the Stony creek channel, so far as the flume in question passes over Blue & Descamps' timber limits. The company's first proposal was, without prejudice, to accept \$1,000 for the right of way. When this offer was not accepted they placed a value of \$2,000 on the ground.

### CHANGING FISH LAW

#### INSPECTOR SWORD TELLS LOCAL FISCATORS HOW TO DO IT.

#### MATTERS MUST BE TAKEN UP AT OTTAWA—ACTION IS PLANNED.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Rossland anglers who have sought to secure amendments to the laws relating to fresh water fish with an eye to protecting trout from the devastating work of the pot-hunter have learned this that their work to date has been abortive largely for the reason that it was directed in the wrong channel.

Now that they are properly informed as to the course to be pursued to accomplish something, a fresh effort is to be made.

When in the city a day or two ago, Charles B. Sword, of New Westminster, provincial inspector of fisheries under the federal department of marine and fisheries, enlightened the local anglers as to their position. All efforts to secure amendments to the fishing laws have previously been made to the local government. This, Mr. Sword says, was an error, as the provincial authorities have only scant jurisdiction over the waters of the province, and any provision they might make in the way of preventing the sale of trout would be ultra vires.

Mr. Sword states that an order-in-council from the federal government would be necessary to prevent the sale of trout, and that the precise families to which the trout to be protected belong must be described in the application. The latter feature is not the easiest of the conditions. Mr. Sword suggests that when the matter is taken up, certain representations to be made should be forwarded through him, and this will be done. Frederick Schofield, clerk of the supreme court, took the question up with Mr. Sword.

It is now proposed to reorganize the Rossland Fishing Club, and to renew the attempt to secure prohibition of the sale of certain varieties of trout that are deemed to be in danger of extinction.

### NEWS OF THE COAST

William Melbourne, whose father lives at Langley, went swimming in the Fraser river with some companions, but after he plunged into the river he did not rise again. Efforts were at once made to locate the body, but it was not till the evening that it was recovered. The young man was just 21 years of age. It is supposed he was seized with cramps upon entering the icy freshet waters.

President J. L. Howard, of the Western Fuel company, who has been in Nanaimo, in an interview said that the development work now in progress at Departure Bay was the only large work projected at present, but that will mean a large increase in the coal output when the hoisting begins.

Plans are now being prepared for all the top work. The pit head and hoisting engines will be of the usual kind, but the method of loading ships will be entirely new in this country. Large bunkers will be constructed which will be filled directly off the screens by an endless conveyor. Another conveyor will run direct from the screens to the wharf, so that when a ship is loading the coal will be carried direct from the screens to the hold of the vessel. This conveyor will pass under the bunkers so that the coal may drop direct from the bunkers to the conveyor and to the ship without handling.

This system of loading will obviate the necessity for so many locomotives and cars and save a great deal of money in handling. This will be the first conveyor of the kind on the American continent, and it will not only be used at Departure Bay, but wherever it can be used to advantage in Nanaimo.

A conveyor will be arranged for the Nanaimo bunkers and also at No. 1 shaft to carry the rock out to the end of the dump.

Other small improvements in the way of expense economy are also contemplated.

Regarding the coal market in San Francisco, Mr. Howard said there was at present 250,000 tons on the way from Australia, the largest amount he had ever known in his experience. This had not begun to arrive yet, and the result of the arrival of this coal on the market in San Francisco could not be anticipated. It would undoubtedly permit the Western Fuel company to use their Nanaimo coal for domestic purposes instead of manufacturing, but it would be very difficult to predict what effect it would have on the price.

A party of thirteen young women from England brought over by Hon. Mrs. Joyce, who is at the head of the British emigration movement, have arrived in the city, and they will make their home. Some of them have come out to join husbands and brothers already here, and a few are domestic servants. Speaking of the prospects of the movement Miss Drake, secretary of the Montreal Home, who was in charge of the party on the trip west, said that the numbers brought out this year would undoubtedly be far in advance of all previous years. Last year's arrivals lacked but one of 200, and at the rate they have begun this year there should be between 250 and 350 brought out. Owing to the unusual immigration from the British Isles, which during the year would rapidly advance from year to year and reach totals that a few years ago were undreamt of."

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Other small improvements in the way of expense economy are also contemplated.

Regarding the coal market in San Francisco, Mr. Howard said there was at present 250,000 tons on the way from Australia, the largest amount he had ever known in his experience. This had not begun to arrive yet, and the result of the arrival of this coal on the market in San Francisco could not be anticipated. It would undoubtedly permit the Western Fuel company to use their Nanaimo coal for domestic purposes instead of manufacturing, but it would be very difficult to predict what effect it would have on the price.

A party of thirteen young women from England brought over by Hon. Mrs. Joyce, who is at the head of the British emigration movement, have arrived in the city, and they will make their home. Some of them have come out to join husbands and brothers already here, and a few are domestic servants. Speaking of the prospects of the movement Miss Drake, secretary of the Montreal Home, who was in charge of the party on the trip west, said that the numbers brought out this year would undoubtedly be far in advance of all previous years. Last year's arrivals lacked but one of 200, and at the rate they have begun this year there should be between 250 and 350 brought out. Owing to the unusual immigration from the British Isles, which during the year would rapidly advance from year to year and reach totals that a few years ago were undreamt of."

### CHANGING FISH LAW

#### INSPECTOR SWORD TELLS LOCAL FISCATORS HOW TO DO IT.

#### MATTERS MUST BE TAKEN UP AT OTTAWA—ACTION IS PLANNED.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

Rossland anglers who have sought to secure amendments to the laws relating to fresh water fish with an eye to protecting trout from the devastating work of the pot-hunter have learned this that their work to date has been abortive largely for the reason that it was directed in the wrong channel.

Now that they are properly informed as to the course to be pursued to accomplish something, a fresh effort is to be made.

When in the city a day or two ago, Charles B. Sword, of New Westminster, provincial inspector of fisheries under the federal department of marine and fisheries, enlightened the local anglers as to their position. All efforts to secure amendments to the fishing laws have previously been made to the local government. This, Mr. Sword says, was an error, as the provincial authorities have only scant jurisdiction over the waters of the province, and any provision they might make in the way of preventing the sale of trout would be ultra vires.

Mr. Sword states that an order-in-council from the federal government would be necessary to prevent the sale of trout, and that the precise families to which the trout to be protected belong must be described in the application. The latter feature is not the easiest of the conditions. Mr. Sword suggests that when the matter is taken up, certain representations to be made should be forwarded through him, and this will be done. Frederick Schofield, clerk of the supreme court, took the question up with Mr. Sword.

It is now proposed to reorganize the Rossland Fishing Club, and to renew the attempt to secure prohibition of the sale of certain varieties of trout that are deemed to be in danger of extinction.

Deduct cost of mining and smelting at \$3.21 per ton	98,734
Estimated profit on ore shipped to Northport smelter	\$13,830
Estimated profit on ore shipped to Nelson smelter	65
Total estimated profit	\$13,895
Velvet, Rossland's new manager cables: "Have received the following returns from smelters, namely: Seventy-eight tons first class ore yielded 71 ounces gold and 7200 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1600, or an average of 24 4/8 94 per ton. Seventy-four tons second class ore yielded 45 ounces gold and 6500 pounds copper; net returns from smelters, \$1050, or an average of 22	



# General News Of the Kootenay

EAST KOOTENAY.

During a thunder storm lightning struck a tree in V. Hyde Baker's yard, splitting the tree from top to bottom. The shock shattered several panes of glass in Mr. Baker's residence.

Roadmaster Crossman has been transferred to Lethbridge, from which point he will have charge of the section from Macleod to Dunmore Junction. Larry Doolan of Macleod will succeed Mr. Crossman as roadmaster of the Elk-Eldar section.

That the authorities are determined to rid the district of the many thieves who have had a habit of breaking and entering prospectors' cabins and other dwellings during the absence of the tenants was evidenced last week, when Gold Commissioner Armstrong sentenced Eugene Ferlotte, alias O'Brien, to one year's imprisonment at Nelson for breaking into H. Bradford's shack near Kimberley and stealing shiny articles.

During the month of May the following records were made at the government office at Fort Steele: New locations recorded, 11; certificates of work issued, 50; certificates of improvements, 2; miners' licenses issued, 235; water rights, 5; transfers of mining property, 38. Applications for coal prospecting licenses in May 133, and for the first two weeks in June 55 applications were received.

The Kootenay Central survey party returned to Fort Steele Monday. The survey has been completed from below Elk river to a point north of Skookum Chuck, a distance of about 80 miles. So far no engineering difficulties have been encountered, and a grade of less than one per cent has been established.

All mining is quiet in East Kootenay except placer mining on Wild Horse creek, which is going ahead with satisfactory results.

Hydraulic mining on Finley creek is carried on with a canvas hose and wooden nozzle. With this crude apparatus Mr. Charles Chapman makes possible the use of water in large quantities.

The Perry Creek Mining company have a large force at work cutting a right of way for a three mile flume. The new sawmill was steamed up Thursday, and sawing of lumber for the flume will commence Monday. The big steam shovel at Perry creek, is doing excellent work and a large amount of gravel is passing through the flume.

The pay for each collier of the Crow's Nest company for May is as follows: Michel, \$43,158.50; Coal Creek, \$42,550.30; Morrissey, \$39,097; Total, \$115,205.30. This exceeds the total for any previous month by \$10,000.

Dr. Fagan, secretary of the provincial board of health, says he will recommend that the government establish a septic tank sewage system in Fernie.

The Gem restaurant in Fernie, conducted by Samuel Thorpe, was burned down. The town had a narrow escape from a bad fire.

A petition is being circulated at the Coal Creek mines for the granting of a postoffice at that place. Some better small accommodation is badly needed at that place.

The boom of 50,000 lozs belonging to the East Kootenay Lumber company was safely landed at the foot of Moyle lake last week.

William Dick lost a considerable quantity of cedar posts at Morrissey Mines. They were for the coal company and were piled near the railway track. The fire is believed to be the work of an incendiary.

A number of Fernie business men have taken up a large quantity of coal lands toward the head of Elk river. The coal is said to be of fine quality. A party left Fernie last Saturday to prospect the ground more thoroughly.

## THE LARDEAU.

The Imp. Dev. Syndicate has secured five acres of ground from the townsite company, on which they will erect a stampmill as soon as conditions at the mine warrant it.

The fires recently started to burn up fallen timber on the neighboring trunk lines of the Eva and Oyster, spread into the standing timber and followed the trails to the Lucky Jack, Goldify and Everett cabins, all of which were destroyed, together with valuable tools and supplies.

On Mr. Crossan's return from a visit to the Triune, he telegraphed his foreman, Aleck Dodds, to come at once and start operations. So it is hoped that the Triune will get started soon. It will require ten days or two weeks to complete repairs and get the tram running, and about the same length of time will be needed to build a new cabin and get things generally in good running order.

A. H. Gracey, M. E., manager of the Imperial Development Syndicate, spent the week in Camborne arranging for the immediate development of the Cholla group owned by his company. Mr. Martin, formerly of the Venus mine, near Nelson, will have charge of the work here. A tunnel will be driven 200 feet, and it is expected that the ledge will be encountered about 100 feet in.

Dr. Milloy, of Rossland, owner of the I. X. L. gold property, expects to have a crew of men resume work on the claim next week. He will spend all summer superintending operations and expects during the course of the next month to have a party of moneyed men looking over it with a view to purchase. Considerable work has already been completed and about six tons of ore shipped to the smelter.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 22.—In the wreck of two Missouri Pacific freight trains at Cole Junction, five miles west of this city, late last night, four men were killed and one dangerously injured.

RUSSIAN PRISONERS MUTINY. ST. PETERSBURG, June 22.—Troops had to be called upon recently to quell a mutiny of prisoners in the jail at Vladikavkas, capital of the Terek district, Ciscaucasia, with the result that four of the mutineers were killed and eight were wounded. The prisoners did considerable damage to the interior of the jail before the soldiers were summoned and fired a volley at them.

COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND. Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 ladies. Safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. No other. All Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, \$1 per box; No. 2, 10 degree stronger, \$3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. No. 1 and No. 2 is sold in Rossland by Messrs. Bree, and Rossland Drug Co.

THE BOUNDARY.

A big strike of free gold has been made on the E. P. U. mines. A car load of high grade ore will be sent from this property to the Trail smelter next week.

The Mountain Queen, a claim immediately above the Greenwood smelter, which was located by a syndicate of local prospectors last week is likely to make them all rich. A big showing of rich galena ore has been uncovered.

Next week President Flumerfelt, of the International Coal and Coke company, will go to Blairmore to make a commercial test of the coal for coking purposes, after which, if successful, as anticipated, 100 coking ovens will be erected with all possible speed, to relieve the coke shortage at Boundary smelters.

Each week the Providence becomes more and more a wonder. On June 1st, when the final payment was made, the owners were satisfied that before the ore in sight was mined out they would secure a handsome return on their investment, but this week the vein was encountered richer and stronger than ever at the 180 foot level. The working shaft followed the vein to the 125 level, where a good deal of rich ore was taken from the stopes. The shaft was continued more vertical than the vein in an additional 55 feet. A crosscut was then started to tap the vein and it was encountered in 12 feet. The vein is fully 15 inches wide and is of at least as high value as at the 125 foot level. This strike demonstrates that high grade veins will go down in this district, and it may go down a great depth, since at the 180 foot level the vein has got beyond any surface influences.

## THE SLOCAN.

Returns from the last car of ore shipped from the Republic netted the owners \$2000 above all expenses.

Amos Thompson made a very important surface strike on the Sinfli last week. For a month or more sluicing has been going on and a new lead was uncovered some days ago. The ore showing on the surface is high grade galena, and gives every promise of opening into a big ore shoot.

The ore body has been encountered in the long tunnel now being run on the Home Run, Silver Mountain, to get depth. The owners, Messrs. Moran and Greenlee, have nearly a car of ore ready to ship.

A new ledge has been uncovered on the Erin, near Slocan City. The vein is fully eight feet wide and extends into the Republic property. The ore is heavily charged with copper in an oxidized state. Assays also give 187 ounces of silver to the ton.

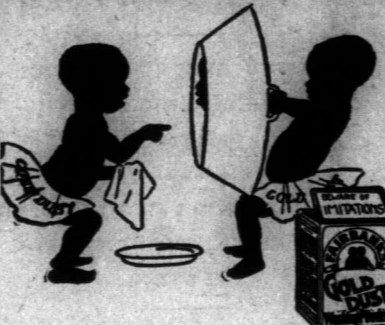
The experiments conducted by Prof. Parks with the low grade ores of the Arlington mine assures that property a plant that will save at least 95 per cent of the silver values. The new treatment is a modification of the Pelati-Clendish system, with the assistance of electricity, and has proved so successful as to warrant the movers in the idea having the process patented. Besides saving a large percentage of silver it will save 95 per cent of gold value and will effect a saving of from \$5 to \$7 a ton in the present cost of treating the Arlington ores.

## SLOCAN ORE SHIPMENTS.

The following are the ore shipments from the Slocan since the 1st of January, 1908, to date:

SANDON.	
Payne	567
Slocan Star	3824
Ivanhoe	2743
American Boy	401
Reco	134
Ruth	140
Blue Bird	20
Idaho	21
Monitor	420
Queen Bess	144
Total	8139 1/2
Zinc.	
Payne	823
Ivanhoe	180
Total	903
MCGUIGAN.	
Rambler	573 1/2
Antoine	152 1/2
Red Fox	46
Slocan Boy	16
Silver Glance	55
Surprise	4 1/2
Rio	9
Bismarck	18 1/2
Total	885
SLOCAN LAKE POINTS.	
Arlington	40
Black Prince	17
Bondholder	2
Bosun	660
Dayton	4
Enterprise	265
Fisher Maiden	280
Ottawa	126
Hartney	21
Republic	50
Meteor	12
Total	1470
FOUR WERE KILLED.	
The Collision of Two Missouri Pacific Freight Trains.	
JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 22.—In the wreck of two Missouri Pacific freight trains at Cole Junction, five miles west of this city, late last night, four men were killed and one dangerously injured.	

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



## GOLD DUST

Will clean anything cleanable—clothes and dishes, pots and pans, floors and doors—in fact anything from cellar to attic. GOLD DUST lightens labor, lessens care. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, Quebec, Boston, St. Louis. Makers of COPCO SOAP (oval cake).

## THE STOCK MARKET

Trading was quiet during most of the week, the last day seeing more activity. Prices have not changed materially. Giant opened at 31-2 and advanced 1-4 on the week, with fairly heavy sales. White Bear has been steady at 41-4, few shares changing hands. Other local stocks have scarcely appeared on the record. Centre Star selling at 27 and War Eagle at 13. Cariboo McKimney has been quiet, staying around 113-4. Rambler-Cariboo took a spurt at the close, selling up to 41. Payne was weak early, but firmed up towards the close, selling at 141-2.

	asked	Bid
American Boy	4 1/2	4 1/4
Ben Hur	5 1/2	4 1/2
Black Tail	4 1/2	3 1/2
Canadian Gold Fields	4 1/2	3 1/2
Cariboo McK (ex-div)	12 1/2	11 1/2
Centre Star	28 1/2	26 1/2
Fairview	6 1/2	6 1/4
Fisher Maiden	2 1/2	2 1/4
Giant	41 1/2	41 1/4
Granby Consolidated	35 1/2	34 1/2
Lone Pine	1 1/2	1
Morning Glory	2	1 1/2
Mountain Lion	22 1/2	21
North Star (E. K.)	12 1/2	10 1/2
Payne	15	13 1/2
Quip	32	29
Rambler-Cariboo	41 1/2	40
Republic	2	1 1/2
San Francisco	5	4
Sullivan	4 1/2	4
Tom Thumb	5	4 1/2
War Eagle Con.	14	10 1/2
Waterloo (Ass. paid)	3 1/2	3
White Bear (Ass. paid)	4 1/2	4

## SALES.

American Boy, 1000, 41-2c; Giant, 2000, 31-2c; White Bear, 2000, 43-8c; Mountain Lion, 1000, 22c. Total, 7000. Cariboo McKimney, 1000, 113-4c; Giant, 1000, 31-4c; White Bear, 2000, 41-4c; Novelty, 4000, 2c. Total, 8000. American Boy, 2000, 41-2c; Giant, 5000, 33-4c; Morning Glory, 1000, 131-4c. Total, 8000. Mountain Lion, 2000, 22c; Giant, 3000, 33-4c; White Bear, 2000, 41-4c; War Eagle, 1000, 13c. Total, 8000. American Boy, 1000, 41-2c; Cariboo McKimney, 1000, 113-4c; Centre Star, 500, 27c; Mountain Lion, 500, 21-2c; Rambler-Cariboo, 1000, 41c; Morning Glory, 2000, 13-4c. Total, 6500. Mountain Lion, 2000, 22c; Sullivan, 2000, 41-2c; Giant, 5000, 33-4c; Payne, 2000, 141-2c. Total, 12,000.

## PERSONALS

(From Wednesday's Daily.) Passengers ticketed over the Spokane Falls & Northern yesterday included Miss Margaret Murphy to Portland, J. J. Landridge and wife to Everett, G. W. Hall to Walla Walla, P. Cirade to Victoria, J. T. Conner to Lind, Wash., Mrs. William Hooper to Vancouver and A. Fraser to Vancouver. Miss Stunder left last night for Winnipeg, where she will make her home. T. B. Braden, of the Calgary Herald, has been in the city for a couple of days. Mr. Braden left last night for Revelstoke. Albert J. Goodell, manager of the Boundary Falls smelter, is at the Hotel Allan. W. T. Trembath, hoist engineer at the War Eagle, leaves this morning for Spentim, Mich., to spend a few weeks with relatives. Harry McIntosh, proprietor of the Hoffman House, has returned from the Territories. D. W. Moore, of the Trail smelter, spent yesterday in the city.

## HURRAH FOR LACROSSE!

Splendid Meeting Last Night—Big Things Doing in the Game.

Last night's meeting of the Rossland lacrosse club was the most satisfactory and enthusiastic since the organization was started. Saturday's game here has established the fact that the national game is on its feet at last in the Golden City, and the veteran players are rallying in splendid style to the support of the younger element, which has up to the present time carried the burden unassisted.

Among the officers present were J. S. C. Fraser, honorary vice-president; A. B. Mackenzie, president, John P. Cosgro, vice-president, and Charles A. Summers, secretary-treasurer. A wide range of subjects was discussed, one of the most interesting being the question of forming a lacrosse league to include Trail, Rossland, Nelson, Phoenix, Grand Forks and Greenwood.

It is promised that some good games will be seen in the city this season, and a strong effort will be made to enlist the support of the community generally for the game. The officers of the club are well satisfied with the outlook, and predict a bright future for the Rossland club.

THE BEST INVESTMENT IN ROSSLAND—Advertise in the Rossland Miner. It pays.

## PRESENTING THE MUSES.

Interesting Tableaux for Tomorrow Evening's Concert.

The muses were the favorite goddesses of the poets, nine beautiful maidens representing some accomplishment of the mind or branch of science. In the tableaux to be presented tomorrow night at the Presbyterian concert under the direction of Mrs. T. B. Linton, Calliope, the studious, is the central figure, with Erato, inspirer of light poetry, at the left holding a roll of parchment. Polyhymnia, the mistress of the stately ode, is at the right of the group, holding an open scroll. Terpsichore is posed upon a pedestal in the background. Comedy and Tragedy are grouped together at the left. Urania is at the right, with a globe in one hand and a rod in the other, and with eyes fixed upon the heavens. Euterpe the musical is posed with the harp, while Clio is upon the extreme left with the beloved lyre. The second part of the tableaux will be the revel or dance of the muses, as given in the elocution department of the Toronto Conservatory.

## AT SHEEPSHEAD BAY.

Fast Going in the Races for Swift and Surf Stakes.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Perry Belmont's River Pirate won the Swift stakes at Sheepshead Bay today. He also broke the track record, covering the quarter in 27 and a half seconds, in 1:25, which is one second faster than the best previous time, made by Irish Lad last year. River Pirate had everything in his favor, as he is a noted mud runner and the track favored him today. Charles Elwood, on his good race in the Tidal stakes Saturday, was made an even money favorite, with River Pirate next in demand. Charles Elwood made the lead to the main track, covering the 1:25, which is one second faster than the best previous time, made by Irish Lad last year. River Pirate had everything in his favor, as he is a noted mud runner and the track favored him today. Charles Elwood, on his good race in the Tidal stakes Saturday, was made an even money favorite, with River Pirate next in demand. 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