# Bominion Churchurar． <br> THE ORGAN OF THR OHOROH OF RNGLAND IN OANADA 

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#### Abstract

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The "Dommion Churohman" is the organ or the Ohurch of England in Oanada, and is an acoollont modium for advortising-bonng a family paper, and by far the most extensively circonlated Chureh journal in the Dominion.

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July.bth- Gth SUNDAY AFTRR TRINITY.<br>Morntng-1 Bam. xv. to 24 A Aots xil. Jude<br>July 19th-oth sONDAY AFTER TRINITY.<br>Evpaing-2 Sam. xil. to 9 A ; or xviil. Matthow v. 39

THURSDAY. JULY $2,1885$.
The Rev. W H. Wadielgh is the only gentle man travelling authorized to collect subscrip tions for the "Dominion Ohurchman."

Tan National Booietr's Ammivarsakr. The Netional Society held ita annual meating last month. the report contains the following statements : "During the year 1884 the total acoomodation provided in the elementary sohools of the Churob of England, the Britieh and Foreign School Soeiety, Wesleyans, Romay Catholios and School Boards, was 4.826 .788 , of which more than half was pro vided by the Church of England. The number of ohildron on the registers of these sohools during the same year was $4,387,821$, of which number 2.121,728 belonged to the Oharoh Sohools. The total amount of the voluntary oontributions, during 1884, to the sohools in question, was 784,127 .
12. 10 d . of which sum $585,071 \mathrm{l}$. was contributed to the Ohuroh Sohools. This lapt-mentioned was up wards of 7,0001 . in exoess of the same item in the previons year. The accommodation in Churoh Sohiools has risen from $2,418,676$ to $2,464,788$, being an increase of 41,112 for; the year ending Angust 81, 1884. The average attendance has risen from $1,562,507$ to $1,607,823$, being an inorease of 45,816 for the year. The Ohurch was sducating, last jear, abont half as mainy again as were being ednceted in Board Sahools The Committee lay special emphasis on the increase in the amount of voluntary contribations made towards the eupport of Oharol Sethools. Since the forma. tion of the National Society, in 1811, the amount Foluntarily epent by the Churoh on Elementary Sohools and Training Oolleges has been nearly $29,000,000$ l. or ( $195,000,000$ ). Jriter the head of voluntary offorings and legaeies, $20 ; 6994$. was 16,9192 for the jear 1884, as compared with 16,9191. for the year 1838. The Society's grants towards ouilaings and enlargement during last
year ampunted $40 \%, 2686$. Dusing tive paty year the

Committee have distributed 2,886l. towards the maintenance of the Church Training Colleges." A emark made during the meeting is worth noting. T. Dean of Lichfield remarked that it was comparatively easy to persuade people to allow relig1ous education of a vague kind to be given, but that what was needed was education in definite Ohurch principles. He, however, looked forward hopefully or the fature, and thought that if all who loved the Charch of England woald use their influence in henight way, we need not fear that our children ould grow up without an intelligent knowledge $f$, and faith in, our Catholic Oreeds.
The Archbrego of Yori on the word Agnobtic -The Archbishop of York has been addressing a meeting of the clergy of the rural deanery of Rotherham. His Grace contended that the clergy had no occasion to be disheartened by what was oing on around them, or to speak with bated reath in the presence of the philosophical dis ooveries of the day. He wished to say something about the word "unknowable." There was an other word which he rather disliked, "agnostic," which might be said to describe one who though himself rather a clever fellow in knowing nothing about God. What, however, did he know of him selif? Men made no allowance for unconscions knowledge. We did not know, for example, actu ally what we were doing when we stood ereet, for that was a very complicated process. The agnostic must mend his definition of knowledge if he said that after thonsands of years of sacrifice, prophecy prayer, and praise, we did not know God. Having dealt at length with the question of conscience, the Archbishop said that the history of the Church we one of moral triumph, and that the work of God in
souls was as clearly manifested as that of design in the beantiful world around as. The fact wa that when they came to look at philosophy elose at hand there was something spectral about it, and Mr. Herbert Spencer's view, that they could only have what they had any experience of, was really verbal trifling. He wished the elergy to confront the problems of the philosophers, not to believe that there had oome into the world a set of men wiser than any of other generations, and to recognise that there never was a time, notwithstanding all the prating aboat infidelity and the like, when there was more religions work being aetively done, nore ready reoognition of the jast rights of every oless in the community, or a more determimed the word of God known to all olasses.

Trarible Outbreat of Ritualism.-The following xtract from the Irish Ecclesiastical Gazatte proves hat the Irish Nonoonformists are falling in with the general movement in the direetion of floral deorations of places of worship:-"A fower service (pry Methodist church in Ireland) was held on Sundayweet in Banbridge, when the house was beinulifully decorated with mottogs and flowara. In and around the communion-rails was a choice display o hothouse plants, Findly lent from neighbouring onservatories; and a profasion of cot flowors, tastefully arranged in green turf in the windows, had a most pleasing effeot. The Rev. George Alley, of Belfast, preached morning and evening, and a Sanday BChool Gonvention, or anited meetng of the Baptist, Metbodist and two Presbyterian Snnday Schools, was held at half pagt three ocolock, when there was a large attendance of the so pato and their friends. The Rev. Nobert Boay, pastor of the church, presided, and addresses were delivered
by Revs. J. S. Banke, Baptist minister, and George Alley."
Nerd of Shipatixy wite 隹 Poos.-Although in Oanada, happily, there is no such distinction there are distinases as obtains in these seem a preeent to afise inefvititily from the mevessary oon
ditions under which various oceupation are carried on. The following pieture of the life of the average wage earner of the poorer classes, is by the Bishop of Bedford, it applies here as well as in the lld Land. The monotony and dismalness of life o these hard working people, bas kept them away rom our services, when considered as they too often have been and are in a "monotonone and dismal " style, which is too much like their daily life o be otherwise than repelling to working men and their families. The drink question is intimately mixed up with this question, men go to saloons for oheerfal society more than drink, and drink at home chiefly to "drive dall care away." Henoe the charm of bright services to such men, and hence the inconceivable folly of those who advo cate temperance and yet objeet to the Charch pro viding in her servioes one of the best antidotes to rinking habits, by giving men and women a happy,
cheerful Sunday to look forward to instead of dolefal round of monofonous sarvices as thot the Father of us all loved to be approsebed ina dismal spirit, and His Sabbaths to be made not "delight," but another day of monotony and gloom.
The Bishop of Bedford on the Lives of the Poos.-"The lives of the poor are unually oine dreary round of labour, with nothing to look fore ward to in the world but work, with nothing to sweeten their toil, and with nothing to brighten their intellect except in so far asis some information given them with spacial refarence to the details of their particular employment. It is not in ha: man nature to find such a state of being anything but dismal. It is a great mistake to tofink that ${ }^{2}$ in his is not serions. Everyone soffers in conse quence of it. There is an edncation in the mirr are of classes which, when olasses are not mized, the poor miss in one way, and the rich in another. The poor man has nothing to break the saimeine of his existence, no ideas outside the immediate circle of his own daily toil ; the rich man perhaps does not know it, it is all the siser, him. Bat what sp6aks to our hearts is the thought of these poor people, with so little genaine plasaurg in their ives, debarred from the delights of art, of science, which fill so important a place in our minds; for f you think, you will realise what a large part of the pleasure of a sultivated man consistp is what he has learned and studied, and how, if this were taken away, and all intercopurse with cultivated society vanished with it, life would almost seem to dultito be lived; and yet this is what has to bos suffered by the poor, and by the elergy who work and live amongst them. Where may be found solace and commor for such as these only he reoollection of their Heavenly Friend, Gea th Father, and of their Blessed Saviour, continually with them; in the literature of the Bible itself, if they oan once become familiar with that wonderful book; and in the segvices of the Ohuroh, it made as begutifol as it is possible to make them, for their sakes. These things can elevate the whole mass of the people, who can be reached by religiousin! fluences more readily than byany other. Ioall on all those who know apything of the East-end to who their part in this work; and $\mathcal{C}$ call npon Hose who as yet know nothing of it to stady it with an their might, and no longer sinlow the reproach to neighbourly oify in the worldetthe place where the rich know least of the poor, where the poor are least brought under the influence of the more cul. tivated classes, where the separation of ranks is most decided. We can do muchi to mitigate these evils if we will do our hest to bring tho inflaences of our Churoh to bear upon these poor people. We can forth as missiotaries in the cause. Oh, let no lackness in those present to-dey, who care for the poor, provent them from taling their part in good

NOTES ON THE SPIRITUAL LIFE

## No 3

The Ideal of Life.-Perfection.

${ }^{6} \mathrm{~B}^{\mathrm{E}}$E ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect.' (St. Matt. v. 48). To many persons, even of those who are not careless about the things of the kingdom of heaven, this must needs seem to be a hard saying. It is not surprising that attempts should be made to soften down its meaning or to evade its requirements ; as, for instance, by those who say that this sermon on the mount is merely an exposition of the Law of Moses, and not a recital of the principles of the kingdom of Christ. For such theories there is certainly no ground. The more deeply we study these words of our Lord, elnd the more fully we understand the whole spirit of this Gospel, the more perfectly shall we appreciate ithe intensely Christian and practical significance of this command, and its entire agreement with the general teaching and tenour of the New Testament.

The aim of the discipline of the Lord Jesus Christ is perfection, and nothing short of it ; to be perfect even as our Father in heaven is perfect. We do not mean that the Christian is to win heaven by the perfection of his obedience. Heaven is already won for him by his Lord, when He had overcome the sharpness of death He did open the kingdom of heaven to all believers. Nor do we mean that those who profess to have this for the great object and aim of their life, do thereby pretend that any of their thoughts or words or works are perfect betore God. But they' say that this is the requirement of Christ, that this is the christian rule of life, and that it is not lawful for them to adopt any principle of action and effort inferior to this or different from this.
Let us mark then, how this christian law or life separates the member of Christ from those who adopt any different standard. Contrast it for a moment with the precepts of a mere worldly morality. What rule does the world give us for our manner of living ? Do as others do. Obey the conventional rules of society. Comply with the customs which are established among your fellow-men. Christ will know nothing of such precepts. He offers no homage to custom. He places before the eyes of His disciples a sublime ideal which-and nothing less than which-must they strive to attain "Be ye perfect, even as your Father in heaven is perfect."
No less strikingly is this rule distinguished from that Pharisaic righteousness which our Lord condemned in the Sermon on the Mount, but which is not unknown in the Church of Christ. The righteousness of the Pharisees was not only defective in its motive : it was partial and incomplete; it was self-willed and arbitrary. And it was thus faulty in its form and action, because it was defective in its motive. It was a mere selfish morality, and therefore it knew of no ideal save utility.
Or, yet again, we might contrast the Christian rule of life with the requirements of the Law. The Mosaic law sets before us a number
of commands and positive precepts, which it requires us to do. The Christian law sets before us a glorious ideal which it requires us to be. 'Do this and live,' says the Law. 'Be ye perfect, as your Father in heaven,' says the Gospel. Instead of a number of isolated commands, it gives us one general, comprehensive, all-embracing principle. And this prineiple is Leve, that love, pure, deep-seated, and earnest, which is everywhere self-forgetful and self-sacrificing. This is the essence of the Divine character, as it was manifested in the life of the incarnate Son; and this is the essence of the life of grace in every regenerate child of God. The rule of action in those who are born again by the incorruptible seed of the word is not pleasure, or happiness, or calculation, or self-interest ; it is the perfection of Divine love and goodness as the pattern to which all who follow Jesus are to be conformed.

And the same is everywhere required by the Gospel. "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart; and thy neighbour as thyself." What is this, but another form of the words: "Be ye perfect ?" We are told over and over again that no other spirit is right, or Christian, or acceptable to God. "Though I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, and have not charity, I am become as sounding brass, or a tinkling symbal." Charity and charity alone " never faileth."
" Be ye perfect"-does the requirement still seem a hard one? Let us look into it, carefully and earnestly, and we shall see that nothing less could have been demanded of us. The words with which the command is enforced declare as much, and so does the model which they set before our eyes, "even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect." God is our Father, and we are His children. It was for this end that "God sent forth His Son. made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law," it was "that we might receive the adoption of sons." (Gal. iv. 6.) It was for this end that the Holy Spirit was given to dwell in the Church, " for as many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the sons of God." (Rom. viii. 14.) It was for this end that we were in holy Baptism grafted into the Body of Christ, that we might be members of Christ, children of God, and so inheritors of the kingdom of heaven. But the children should be and must be like their Father ; otherwise they cannot be considered His children. And those who call themselves Christians, and yet deliberately adopt a standard which is lower than this, are only sowing in their own hearts, the seeds of alienation and distrust towards their Father in heaven. ' Be ye perfect as your Father is perfect, because He is your Father, and because you are His children.' The requirement is reasonable and necessary, and the reason assigned for it irresistible.

To be continued.

## TO CORRESPONDENTS.

A large quantity of Diocesan News and Correspondence held over for want of space-

WHY SOME CLERGYMEN FAIL.

## by RICHARD FERGUSON

IAM rather painfully conscious that, in entering upon the consideration of the fol. lowing subject, I am treading upon somewhat dangerous ground, and soI beg to preface my remarks with the most heartfelt declaration of esteem and deference for that exemplary, sorely tried class of females who form the subject of this article, viz., clergymen's wives, a declaration which I make, let me tell upon my word of honor as a gentleman and clergyman, with all the sincerity and energy of which I am capabe, without evasion, equivocation or mental reservation.
Having made this deliverance, however, 1 am bound to state my opinion that more clergymen fail from the ill-advised interference of their wives in parish affairs, than from any other single cause as yet adduced in these papers. Clergymen suffer not so much from ill-assorted marriages, because, for the matter of that, probably about three-fourths of men get vastly better wives than they deserve-as from the mistaken idea, so fatally prevalent, that a clergyman's wife should of bounden necessity take a very leading part in parish affairs, and bear, in some sort of a way, the same relationship to the female part of the parish as her husband does to the male portion.
We find this notion everywhere common in varying degrees, and especially in the rural districts, where very often a clergyman, unaccompanied by his wife, is scarcely welcome on his pastoral visits, and her failure to visit as regnlarly and systematically as her husband, constitutes a positive grievance, that not unfrequently imperils the well-being and stability of the parish, and sometimes develops, as can be testified to by parsons not a few, into open rebellion. And then, again, in our towns and villages, who is it that is expected to be the head and shoulders of the "Ladies' Aid," the Social, the Tea Meeting, the Dorcas Society, and all those innumerable parochial sideshows, good, bad and indifferent ? those "Ilttle foxes " that so insiduously prey upon the clergyman's usefulness and peace of mind. Who but that female admirable Crichton the Clergyman's wife.
And yet, how often is it that the interests of a parish are materially advanced by a clergyman's wife filling the position that public opinion assigns to her, or to go a step further and put it a few degrees stronger, how many parishes are there that can sustain uninjured, the active, aggressive, "co-operation" of the parson's wife. To this, and solely against the grain, candor compels us to answer very, very few.
We hear so much about energetic, zealous clergymen's wives, "good workers," efficient help-mates, and young clergymen are having so industriously dinned into their ears the importance of marrying some woman qualified to act as their first lieutenant in all matters, Extra-sacerdotal that my somewhat bluntly expres sed opinions will no doubt appear to

## matter

many as the flattest heresy, and the contravention of what is one of the fundamenta canons of clerical success. Isn't a good wife, it might be indignantly asked, as essential to a clergyman's success as to any other man's How many men every day are marred or made by their wives, and why not a clergyman? Can a clergyman, in fact, without a suitable wife hope to attain success at all ?

All very true, and something that defies the first breath of contravention. Most undoubtedly a clergyman's well-being and success is as dependent upon the sort of wife he gets as is the lawyer's, doctor's, shoemaker's, and hedger and ditcher's. But what do we consider the ideal wife in these latter cases, the woman who can engross her husbands deeds, or mix his draughts, or stitch his uppers, or handle a spade, or she who can make his home bright and attractive, bring up his children in the way they should go, and play the woman in every respect. What would be the fate of the doctor or lawyer, whose wife system matically meddled with his patients or clients and why, I ask, therefore, should a clergyman be regarded as exempt from the working of this otherwise universally applicable rule. Why should it be considered as so vitally essential to his success that his wife should occupy a position that, with any other man, would ensure his complete and speedy failure? Why indeed?

In my humble opinion the clergyman's wife, "who rules well her household," and efficiently fills and beautifics that sphere of which women alone of all created beings are qualified to fill, and beautify is infinitely more of the true help mate, and sets to the parish by far the most edifying example, and is in every sense more the model clergyman's wife than she who, in any degree sacrifices her well being to the exigencies of parochial claims. As a motto for women in all ranks, spheres and conditions of life, nothing can approach the old saying, "charity begins at home," and no woman, be she clergyman's wife, or premier's wife, or hod carrier's wife, who ignores this, can be anything else than a failure as a woman. She may be a brilliant success as a parish administrator, a novelist or a salvation army captain, but not as a woman, and will therefore be as far as nature is concerned a failure. And to take higher grounds, a woman having taken upon herself the duties and responsibilities of wifehood has no more right to subordinate these duties and responsibilities to any secondary object, however excellent and laudable, than the clergyman has to make his legitimate work a side issue. Wifehood, like any other profession, demands entire self-consecration to ensure success or to avoid failure, and a woman who in any degree permits exterior objects to interfere with her wifely duties, is more or less guilty of a breach of contract, and is inflicting a serious injustice upon her husband and family, and in a sense living upon false pretences.
A clergyman to succeed, must like any other man, have a good wife and helpmeet. but good and helpful in which respect let me ask, in tramping about the parish and leaving
babies, shirts, and dinners to take care of few tracts, that it can be said to have otherthemselves, or in making home a haven of rest wise accomplished the work it laid out for and recuperation, and sweet feminine compan- itself.
onship and sympathy.
And so I may, I think, fairly conclude with the assertion that the clergyman's wife has no more laid upon her, as of necessity, to do than any christian gentlewoman, and that she is no more bound to destroy her husband's creature comforts, and therefore happiness and possibly usefulness for the sake of the parish, than is Mrs. Churchwarden, or Mrs. Lay Delegate, or Mrs. Prominent Supporter.
Of other aspects of the subject $I$ intend speaking next week.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LIBRARIES.

$O^{N}$NE of the principal objects of Sunday School Libraries should be to supply, not only innocent and healthy literature to the young, but also literature that may instruct them in the principles of the Christian Faith, and to make them loyal and intelligent Churchmen and Churchwomen. The great difficulty in forming such Libraries is created by the very abundance of the material which is offered for selection. The result is, many books are taken on trust, and many are found to be valueless, either as a means of sound instruction, or even as a sure source of amusement and many more, it is to be feared, wholly fail o carry out the principle we have laid down In Cambridge, Mass., a Church Library Association has been formed for the express purpose of examining and critically reading books with a view to their recommendation fo Church Sunday School Libraries. The Asso ciation is composed of forty ladies and gentlemen, all of whom are communicants of the Church, who are divided into reading committees of eight members each. Every book presented for consideration is read by each member of a committee, who gives a written opinion regarding it. If a majority of these opinions are favorable, the book is then brough before the monthly meeting of the association the opinions are read and a discussion is held upon the merits of the work. A vote is then taken, and if one-fourth of the members present object to the book, it is not placed upon the list. It has been found that only about one-third of the books examined are, as a rule, considered eligible. The clergy of Cambridge constitute a committee of advice upon doc trinal and learned works.
This Association has recently issued a new catalogue, a copy of which can be obtained on application to the "Secretary of the Church Library Association, Cambridge, Mass.," enclosing the necessary postage to pay for its transmission. This catalogue is not a mer list of names of books, but also gives informa tion as to the publishers and price, and in most cases the names of the authors.
Some such work, we think, might be advan-
ageously undertaken in Canada. A Church
Book and Tract Society, we believe, was form-
ed with some such object some years ago, but

A catalogue, such as that we have referred to, would be useful, not only in the formation of Sunday School Libraries, but also to enable parents and others desiring to buy books for family use, judiciously to supply their wants.

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$\frac{\text { From our own Oorraspondents. }}{\text { DOMINION. }}$

## MONTREAL.

Annual Synod.-First day,-At the first basiness meeting of the Synod, at the Synod Hall, under the meeting of the Sisnod, at the following officers were presidenoy of Bishop Bond, the following omeers were
 treasurer ; Messrs. G. W. Simpson and S. C. Fatt, anditors, and Mr. L. H. Davidson, ohurch advocate. The nsual standing committees were renamed.
Rev. Mr. Stone then moved, seconded by Rev. Canon Norman, "That this synod now assembled send its kindly greetings to the Presbyterian General Assembly now in session in this city, and that it com mended their delibera ing of Almighty
(he Rev. Mr. Stone and Mr. L. H. Davidson were named as a committee to carry it into effect.
Rev. Canon Anderson, seconded by Mr. Charles Garth, then moved the following resolation, which Tharried and referred to the same committee: That this Synod of the dioceve of Montreal sends its loving greeting to the honored Bishop and Synod of the diocese of Haron, now in session, and pray God abandantly to bless their deliberations to His own glory and to the extension of the Kingdom of Heaven." A letter from Sir William Dawson, extending a cordial invitation to members of the Synod to visi McGill University, was then read by Rev. Canon
Empson.
His lordship Bishop Bond, then delivered his annual charge to the Syno. In the course of his eloquent and impressive address, the Bishop alluded to the period of excitement and anxiety through which they now met in times of peace, when so lately the war news was the first question of interest in their daily hife, was, his lordship said, a matter for grateful acknowledgment to the Almighty, for national satis. faction and for mutual congratulation. Still, anxieties were too real and too recent for unmixed com. placency, and the almost universal deprossion in business having had its effect upon the church's funds, hey sould say that they had not been without theil troables. The Bishop spoke earnestly and forcibiying the peace and loyalty of their congregations, oxhorting them to avoid strife, self-will and prejudioe. Men, he said, must naturally differ in opinion. They were not alike in form and feature, in mind, taste, or babit, but they might and ought to be alike in the xercise of charity, forbearanoe, and Christian courtesy. After touching apon a number of subjects, all of muoh importance to the work of the charch, his lordehip announced that, in response to the expressed wishes of some of the leading clergy and laity, he had arranged to hold a charoh congress in this city on the
20th and two following days of October nexth 20th and two following days of October next. Prominent church members, clerical and lay, from ail parks nd Mother Church, had, he said, been invited to assist, and there was air assist, and there was every reason to hope that tie. In conclusion the Bishop said, that in the course of the year, he had visited 107 parishes, missions and mission stations, and administered the rite of confir mation in 81 ohurches. He had admitted 7 persons to the office of deacon, and promoted 5 to the priesthood. In addition, he had laid the foundation stones of two new churches, one at Thorne West, and one at St. Lambert, and had conseorated the new ohurch at West Broome, and the new barying ground at Sorel.
Ven. Archdeacon Lindsay having presented a memorial from the Women's Christian Temperance Union, rotesting against the recent astion of the Senate in the report of the committee on edncation, whioh drew sttention to the resolutions passed at the last meeting
of the Syiod in 1894, that the recommendation of the Committee on Edaonation in reference to the reoogrition on the part of the provincial council of publio instraction of the courses of teaching in our higher this Synod, and the Bishop be respeotfall reguested to make the reoommingadion immediately eitective coarges at MoGill University, three taking a praction course, three preparing for the University, one taling course, three preparing for the vaiversity, one taling divinity alone. In all making eighteen stadenta. The recommendation of the Counciil of Pabtio Instirue tiventat the Bishop should nominate annaally a com.
mittee of examiners, was complied with and their miltee of examiners,
report was annexed.

Very Kev, Dean Oarmichael submitted the'report of the committees on Sunday Schools. Reports from the committee on Dathongessene nod the Girl's Friondly Society were also submitted.
Rural Dean Lindsay read the report on Foreign Missions. The contribations had inoreassed somewhat, and last year the rovenie amoanted to $\$ 1,876.88$. which was disbarsed as - follows: To the society for the Propagation of the Gospel, 9964.66 ; Charoh Mris. society for the Promotion of Ohristianity among the Joien, 188.78.
Yeh. Arobdescour Findsay reed the report of the parieh work done by the Obarch and Sebool Society. committee on imming so
Rev. H. Drekson reported what he had done in mference to providing immigrants with employment, and expressed his thanks to the Star, Witeces, Oazelte, and Hera d, for the free insertion of notices. Reports from the Women's Proteotion Immigration Society, the city missions committee, and the committee on French work were also presented, as were reports from the
A long disenssion took place on Dr. L. H. Davidson's
"That no sale, disposal, or exchange of any prop. erty held in any parish or mission for the parpose of church work, shall be made, nor shall say mortgage be granted thercon, without the consent of the lord given atter the Bishop shall have subemitted the propoom to the executive committee of the diocese, and po the legal adviser of the Synod. That no application shall be made to the legislatare of the province of Qaebee, for authority to mortgage, sell, or in any wey to interfere with, or change the trust conneoted With the grant of any property held by any parish or miscion within this diocese for the parposes of the Fiter due submission and consent thereby given." The motion was lost by 22 to 26 votes. The meetiog closed with the benedietion.

Ths Festival Services.-A special festival service was hela in St , George's Charch last evening in connection with the Synod. There was a large attendance of the visiting and also a good congregation. Atter momsther, tore niod with one accord in prayer and supplication."
(To be contimued.)

St Georges:-Bishop Bond held a special ordination marviee in this parish with the following result: Dacoons-Mr. F. Bald win, nephew of the Bishop of lopioal College, and Mr. J. Senior, of England Priests-Rev. C. Trotman, Montreal Theological College; Rev. C. J. Boulden, M. A. ; Rev. W. Aldens, and Rev, W. Garrett
There was morning prayer at 9 30, Rev. Mr. Boalden repding the papers and Rov. Mr. Gomery the lessons. At the eleven oclock sorvice, the priests were present. ed by Very hov. Dean Carmichael, and the deacons py treched by the Rev. Canon Mails, who delivered a preached by the Rev, Canno y yolls, Who delivered a "Preach the Whrd." The reverned gentleman, in the eourge of his remarks, enforced the doctrine tha ing the gospel faithfully, and living a life consisten ing the gosper gol, so that the preacher would be Wiving example of what he preached. Holy Comman lion was then admiministored by his Lordship the Bıshop the clorgy present being Very Rev. Dean Carmichael Rev, Ognon Mills, Rev. Caion Du Vernet and Rev, Canon Anderson.

Tery Rer Doap Carmichael Intonads visiting the old country during the Sammer.

## ONTARIO.

Triomasiven.-On Wednesday, the 17th, of June the parish of Roslin held their annual Sunday socoo pionio at Thomasbarg. The proceedrogs of the day Spening hymn 891 A. M, morning pror Palios : the day; lat lesson, hymn 841 ; 2ad lesson, hym 888, ooneluding prayers, hymn 381. Addressed by Ven Arobdencon Daykin on prayek, elosing with hymn 882 and benedıotion. The following Sanday sobools were present:-8t. James', Tweed; St. Paal's, Roslin; Itar whs dressed in white and on it threatg. The plar was cressed in White, and on it taree vases o in potse and sat the binck of the reredos, were the worde in gold letters on a white ground, "Soffer the litul children to come anto me, and forbid them not." O the south side of the altar hang the banner belougin to Ohrist Charch, of soarlet eatia, on which was paint ad in white, "Feed my lambs," and in the oentre the more of light Oa the anotth aide the banner for Money taithfol unto death," and in the contre shield, hemo swora, breins -pito spasi and crosis the desig, tale trom the S.P. O. K., conflrmation eard, with gol fringe. At the preyer deak etood the Roslin batiner of cardinal velvet, with the word "Emmantel," underneath a orown and I. H. 8., this banner bolin in the shape of a shiela trimmed with gold braid and three tassels to matob. All these banners wer painted by Miss $\mathbf{H}$, Arbuokle, of Thomasburg, and are - greast ereditt to her. Near the palpit stood the white silk floss, with donw brd Christian Soldier and on the other side the numbe of the oburch en, Tweed, with a cross and I. H. S, this work hen done by Mise Eliiott, Miss Honston and Mrs. Ebb was mach admired. At the conclasion of the servic the boy whioh hed the highegt makks in each Sanday childran farried in the banner of the school, and th and had dinner. After dinner the boye plaged beil and the girls went to the awinge as a plajed bail races for both boys ana girls, eto The Re Godden, of Stirling reapmont and seel with him whioh he had brought from Newfound land, and exhibitel to the children. Visitors preeen rom other parisises wure: Mre Godden and Mr Lewin, lay reeder for Archdeacon Daykin, of Madoc The incumbent, the Rev. S. Bennette, closed the day' pleasure by calling uponsill tosidig the National Anthem thas ended one of the most enjogable days ever apen at Thomasburg.

Cardisal.-The ohurch has suffered a heavy loss in the sudden removal of Willam Thomas Benson, M.P. of this place, in the drocese of Oatario. Though rie in this world's goods and called to oocapy most re sponsible positions, he was marked by a singula implicity of eharacler, which greatly endeared hi o al Loyal to the charoh and geparons in her sup port, his place will be hard to fill. On the sad day o sorrow to a gean muitiluae assembied in unfeigue serrow to pay the last doties to one who had deser vedy filled a large place in the affections of all wh worship woold not hold ehareh where he had loved enter. The village choir of those who soaght to wenty.five vears, chanted the " he hade rised and sang hymns fitting the cocesion, and onem had dearly loved him, spoke in broken morde weeping people of the grace of God which had worke in this noble chriatian gentleman, and the morme for all were mourning, though in accord with hisom simple wish, none wore the castomary trappinge) to lowed his body to.the rail way station, whenoe it wa carried to Montreal for burial. Thers it was met by many of his fellow-members of Parliament, and laid to rest int the resurrection of hie Just. May our lovin Lord comfort those who have such bitter canse to mourn, and give all who loved him grace to follow hi good example.
 Kingston, on the 7th June, the Bishop of Ontario hel ceived olvatha to the order and deacons were by the Rev. W Y Deo. by the Rev. W. Y. Daykin, L.L.B, whose discours ponsibilities on fe mint on the authority and res sentation of candidate ro then oame the pre ate there were two, Mr. ville, and brothersin le of of B A, draggist, Belle Mr. R. T. Barns. For the regular diaconate ther Was one, Mr. Schrader, late of Renfrew, son of Arch deacon Sehtader, Colombo, IManí of' Conjlon, Arch gradgate of St, Angnatine Oollege, - Lngland. Th
 Brown, of Marymbarg, ware prosented for primeth orders.

All knelt while the Veui Orentor was suid, and then iergy and oandidates prooeeded to the altar, where ar the biebop thio Nicene Oreed. The offorlot, 88, ing been taken, the non, oommunic nnte withdmen wavi the oelebration of Holy Oommanion followed. Abool ifty participated in it. Then oume the recessifonat bymu, the Nano Dimittie, the olergy retiring frome the oharch in inverse order.

Kiveston.- Oomfrmation.- The Bishop of Optario veld a confirmation servioe at 8t. Georgo's Cathedrio on the Tch June, the building was orowded. The oniali: wo went Rev. B. B. Semiththe lessons. The Bishofenin Iressed the eandidates, eqplaining to tham the im. portanoe of the step they were taking, Conffrrittion Nliess to the Ohuroh of Eveland considered whowe formality. Ho hoped that the candidates bad only a correot view. It was not manufatiturea by mito, fivethe was it a new fangled notion. It was the conformingthet will to the will of God. The form had been tanded dome throagh eiphteen centuries in the nutional Ohareh of England: ft was not only sacred to them beonose of or age bat it was also a commandment of the Now Teste. ment. They had to receive God's grace in the ordintite. The wit of man could not bave devised a better ordit. nance, even if the holy scriptures bad been silent re . garding it. It was not a talismanio charm, bot wo. rather a religious education to fit them for after lile. He exhorted the candidates to obeerve and reverence all religious services beld in the ohorch to whidh they belonged. They declared by their presenee that they wonld continue to be loyal memabers of the Charch of England. He counselled them not to be easily induoed ohange their beliel. The beliel of somo rested to ightly on them that they did not think any more of The candidates by thetr ohanging their garmente. hat they intended to live and dien demonstruter Tharch of England. They would be tempted the the path of reetitude, boit wherever tempted from bould make it a habit of their lives to think of they confirmation. Moltitudes, it wes true, had thlas away from the faith but multitudes tuore had been aved and reached heaven. He unged the new mem. bers to take an active part in charch work, and shom by their poblio life part tharat work, and cordabip then confirmed the candidates according to caistom.

Kingstox.-Meeting of Symad.-The subjeet of appountments to aterest, as rasolutions were ost, ts the clergy voted one osely, and the laity to the contrary, It wonld have. been wiser to have had a commitee to conaider the nastter, and if possible avolided so decided a confict between the votes of the clergy and latty.
The reports of the Widows' and Orphans' Fund Committee, Episcopal Trast Fand Committee, and the committee on daties of registrar and Clotis rust Fund Committee were adopted.
Division of the Dioocse. -The report of the committee on the division of the diogese aume ap. It was dejared that the Synod had committed itsoalt to the rinciple of a division, and that the report was the ion. The provinial Synod had granted leasve forthe vision
The report as follows was adopted

1. That the prosent Epiagopel Fund of the Diposese of Ontario be divided in the following proportions, tario, as hereafter to be constituted, and one-tbird to go to the proposed Diocese of Ottawe
2. That the parts which are to constitnte the net diocese be respectively regnired to mides the the sum of $\$ 20,000$, so that require to rive, shall have an Epliscopal Oaplital' Fund of $\$ 61,000$, and he new Diocese of Othaw ehall have is minimum apital of \$40000.
3. The committee would also recommend, that the Biehop be requested to visit Eniglard, and make an ppeal to the church societies, and otherwise, on boalif of the new Sees.
A. The committee suggest, as a meany of sativing zunds locally, that the confirmation candidates of the diocese be invited to contribate a minimum sum of ity ionts each, to be capitalized, for the benefit of he fund, until the amount required be gollegtad.
ס. That a private appeel bo sent to every adals


It is proposed that the Diocese of Ontario shall consist of the counties of Addingion, Lennox, Hastings, Frontenac, Privoe Edward, Leeds ald Grenville. Charoh population conse of the counties of Carleton, Daudas, hail Glengarry, Lunare, Popalation, 42983.
After a discoissiou upon the dincopline queetion, Arobdeacon Lsader reported that $\$ 2500$ had been arllected towards a See House. A scueme was set on foot to raise $\$ 10000$ for a see Hoase, and thas mark the twenty fith anniversary of his lordship's epis. The Synod was then olosed with the benedietion.

## TORONTO.

Trimity Colleger School.-Speech Day.-The 8th of July 18 to be observed at Trinuty College School, Port Hope, as annoal speed Diy. The principal, the Rev. Dic. Bethane, will glady weloome "old boys" and all rrienas or the happiest festive days of the charch to those who take an interest in this prosperons and admirable institauon. This year will be signalised by the visit of the new Bishop of Niagara, who, following in the steps of his wise predecessor, ${ }^{18}$ giving active assistance to all good works helpfal to the onarch-especi ally educational ones. We trust the clerk of the weather will bo in a good hamour on Speech Day, and the event prove a pleasant one to the principa and staif, as weik tions," of prizes, hooours and congratalations.

St. James' Ohuroh. - A confirmation was held at this oharch on the glad Jane, when forty.two candidates about equally divided in sexes, recelved the Apostol rite and were earnestly adidressed by the Bishop.
st. Anne's Ohurch.-Mr. Kirkpatrick has resigned the posstion of superintendent of this Sanday schoo and been proesented with an address and gitts by the shortly to resame these dries as the Charch canno afford to weaken her staff of Sanday sohool workers

Rrturn prom the War in Egypt.-We heartily oon gratulate Lieat. Col. F. C. Dedison, on his safe return from the Nule. He speaks in high torms of the roya
ties.

Bighop Stracean Sohool-Olosing Exercises.-The olosing exercises in connection with Bishop Strachan school took place on the 24 uh Jone, at Wykeham hall. There was a large namber of visitors, among those present being the Lord Bishop of Toronto, Hon. G. fessor Hirsohfelder, Professor Theodore Martens, Mr Alexander Marling, and others. The young lady pupils of the institotion, presented a charming appearance in their toilettes, provided a delightful antertainment in the shape of a concert with recita "My heart vocalist was Miss Langstaff, who sang "Gavotte"" from a singing bird and "Me popular sweetness, both of which numbers elicited spprecia. tive applause. The elocutionists wice Misses $\mathbf{E}$. Marling, A. Longh, Sollivan, Starkey, E. Cooke E O'Reilly and Ridley, who recited a number of pieces with a skill and judgment that reflected credit on bheir instructor. Piaco solos wore given by Misses Clara Lough, Sullivan, Moberley, Stafford, K. Cooke and hidley, all of whom displayed maoh meit, both rom a technical and musioal pont of view. Arrange ments of well known compositions for eight and welve hands were oapitelly played by Misses Stafford, Ridley, Roberts, Dcew, K. Conke, M. Roger, A. Pater Bon, C. Lough. M. Browne, F. Burnside, T. Howard, K. Grycler, F. Shape, M. Sullivan, H. Hall, M. Wilson, K. Richards, M. Beck, A. Simpson and B. Wilson, which was lass sang Barnby's "A summer song," Specimens of drawing in oils and water colours and of fancy work by the pupils were displayed in the reeep. tion room, the colleotion forming played in the recep. xhibition. Between the first and seoond parts of the programme the Hon. G. W. Allan distributed the prizas, after making a fow congratulatory remarks to the lady principal and the pupils undur her oharge as to the satisfactory work the sohool was doing. The company broke up aroote eleven o'olock, after having prite list next woek.

Public Schools Parade. - On the 25 th Jano, the chiluren atteuding the pablic schools, Toronto, pa-
raded the main streets. $1 t$ was indeed a most raded the main streets. It was indeed a most impresboys so well dreased, so healthy looking and mani beys so well dressed, so healthy looking and mani.
festing marked signs of physical care and well being. The military aspeot of the procession was especially. The military aspect of the procession was especially
noticeable, the marching of several of the schools bsing quite up to the volanteer standard. Some of parade, by noticing the pride of the children in their banners, and partucipation in a feative procession witb masic and all the outward and visible signs of joy and gladness. How pazzled many of these soong people mast be, when they are told as they will be that a procession with banners and masic, in association with religions festivity, is an abomination and wicked ness 1 Their puzzling over this problem will lead hundreds to see the atter absurdity of the Paritan
objection to all these signs of fesure joy in Church objection to all these signs of festive joy in Church ervices.

## NIAGARA.

Ancastre.-The Bishop of Niagara arrived in thi parish on Saturdag afternoon, the 13 th inst. At clock, at the request of the stockholders, His Lord the old one horing blon a new carriage lactory previonalg. The Been destroyod by fre a week robed in the charch clese by. They were matis the door of the church by the stockholders, whers crocession was formed, the rector preceding the Bishop and bearing the pastoral staff. Upon reach ung the site of the factory, His Lordship delivered an excellent address to the large congregation shere waiting, impressing upon all the desirability of ming ing religion in their every day life and work, and o beginning, continually and ending all things in God's oame. The following were the prayers said :-"Al mighty and everiasting God, we humbly beseech The to bless this corner stone for the foundation of thi bailding to be erected for the promotion of man's enter prises, and grant that they whose sabstance may hrough this and other like employment be increased
 hings both in hearen and earth; to Thy mercifn protection we commend the workmen employed in this building. Let Thy fatherly hand ever be over them; keep them from all evil, accident, hart or hinderance, and from all unfaithful profane, or unhol $y$ words or deeds; that the worknow begnn, may by Thy blessing on their labour, be brought to a happy and ; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen." The Lord's prayer and benediction closed the service. The Bishop then taking the trowel in his hand, said:In the faith of Jesus Christ and in the hope of God's lessing on this enterprise, we lay this foundation tone in the name of the Father, of the Son, of the Holy Ghost. Amen." E. Kenrick, Esq., barrister, Who is the secretary-treasurer of the company, then hanked the Bishop for his kindneas, and for the good advice given, and assured his Lordship that would deeply impressed with the whole service, then dis persed.

A reception was given the Bishop and Mrs. Hamilon, during the evening at the rectory, and was rargely attended. On. Sanday morning the Bishop confirmation servioe was held. The churoh was alled before the hour of service. Fifteen candi dates-three of whom were over fifty-were confirmed This, it may be observed, is the fourth confirmation service which has been held in this parish in the past $31 x$ years, the incumbency of the present pastor. Eis Lordship in ap address of about halt an hour explain
ed tue Nows they were on that day renewing, and told the candidatas how they wonld be sble to keep them A celebration of the Hu the newly confirmed was largely attended. Alk the newly conirmed xcept one who took ill during ue service--remained Revs. -T rector, W. R Olark, assisted in the service. It may be said to the credit of this parish, that althougb neither large nor rich, it has met for some years back al diocesan and parish claims-the latter of which have been very heary. The large stone church and rectory here, are amongst the handsomest of this diocese.

Gurlpe.-Another teacher's examination in connee tate, has been lately beld in Guelph. Six teacher he teaching of the VenerabléArchieacon Dizon, ${ }^{\text {an }}$ acquitted chemseives very wan. example of real and do
interest in Sanday Soboool work, worthy of all bonour, and their zeal is a reproach to the too common indif erence prevailing on this important matter. Surely the knowledge that " maketh wise unto salvation," is the most important of all knowledge, and those who impart it, ghould ase dilizent preparation, as well as prayer, to become "good stewards of the manifol
grace of God." grace of God.

Halton and North Wentworth Rural Deanery.The new Bushop and his amiable wife, have won all nearts in the diocese, by their Christian earnestness nd unassaming demeanor. They recently paid hare acme yisit to this deanery, hrom Ancther ssembled to welcome them, on Satarday, 18th inst nd where the Bishop administereu the rite of con rmation to 15 catechomens. On Sunday, 14th, he proceeded to Hamborough West, where in the even ng a tall choral gorvice was hela, and was joined in 7y a a largo congregation. After an early communion on Mondas, followed by a , large pablic reception,
the Bishop and his party arrived at Waterdown. ae en ar party arrved at Waterdown Grace Church to witness, and we hope to profit by race tion. The Kev. Baral Dean Bnll, G. B. Boll, and F . Howitt were present from South Wentworth, and evy. Messes. Clark, Geoghegan, Manson, and Rara Sann Belt, represented the deanery. Here also arish welcome was extended to the new Bishop and is wife, in the gronnds of Mr. Davidson. On Taus. ay, 16th, atter an eariy commanion and brcakfast. e Hpiscopal party, consisting of the Bishop and Irs. Hamitton, with Rev. Messrs. Geoghegan and annson, proceeded to Milton, where, in the evening. onfirmation whs admipistered to six candidates, four of whom were from other religiogs bodies. The next day, 17th, the Bighop's party reached Burlington bont nopn. Here again, as pabic . welcome on hey had also the plessure of welooming their former sasistant ministar, RyF. W. R. Clark and Mrs: Clark, ssistant minuser, Ryy. W. J. Mackenzie of Militon, In the evenitg divine servioe was held in St. Luke's
 Messrs. Clark, Geoghegan, Manson, and the rector took part, and the lishop preached. The large conregation spemed ploased and edified by both servioe and germon.

HURON.
Walrervilus.-The Rev. M. Aston, has resigned England 27th inst.

Godrrich.-Rev. Mr. Owens has resigned the assistant ministry of dione to diogese of Ontario.

Sr. Tromas.-Rav. E. M. Ballard has handed to his lordship the Bishop, his resignation as rector of Trin ity Charoh.

Ingrrsoll.-The resignation of Rev. E. Bland, reoor of St. Jamps' Chureh, though doubted, is confirmed Tho rups may fead al lesson from these facts.

Botrwerli- Lagt Sanday, Rev. R. F. Dixon held his farawell seryices in Grace Ohurch. There was a arge qongregation at each service. The number of ated at on time, with the exoeption of one public oeldbration. It must have been gratifying to the Rov. Mr. Dixon, ap he looked over his congregation, to see such a representation of his own people, who regard yir remoyal as a sprions loss to this parish, for who them of $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{tbe}}$ laith once dolijered to the saints" as kan place during hie four years pastorahin: a fipe
 and turniture, scommodions drive shed, and fence arpund rhe ohurgh ors in Bothwell, besides altar and

 lipess er hibited by wher pastor in time of diffonlty qyer which thoy had no contro. We all know with elf. sugtaing sparing net her himself nor hiv horse, hoddin
Vatin

## MOOSONEE.

My dear Christin Friend.-Another year has ou Heavinly Father proserved me in health and strength, and enabled me to labour for Him continu ously in this inclement and isolated land; and now it is with deop pleasure and thankzulness faithful ban giving you an acoount of what rand my haikear whio has come to a close
Oatwardly the year was a very obequered one storms of unpreoedented force and daration almos entiroly deprived us of summer, while a serious anc tatal epidemic of influenza visitod every post on the Albany if threatened to be as destructive as the whooping congh had been the provions meason; ou tairs to England, finding the Hidson Straits entirely closed by ioe, and was consequentiy obliged to retur to the vicinity of Moore to wnter; then winter set i muoh earlier than usaa, entirely preventing as from making a fall fishery, an objeot of such great import ance to us in providing a portion of our wintar food the weather has been extremely sovere, and suoh large quantities of snow have falien, that $Y$ shail ne be surprised shoola a cestuctive hood take place in spring. Neariy the agenived with or year, opposition ; indeed, there are very few persons in the diocese, except those in the far north, who have not been baptized, by far the greater part into our own beloved Ohurch. For those on the north-western part of the bay a man admirably adapted for the work he boen appointed, in the person of the Rev. J. Loflecis, who thongs, with God's blessing, to gather into Christ's has done with those in the eastern side of the bay Many difficolties have arisen in our way as to th loention of Mr. Lofthouss, but I hope they are now cearly surmounted, and before long Ohurchile wi tending eventally as far north as any human boin exist For this miseion, the most andinons pertaps Moseonee liberal provision mnst be made, so tha the dear brotber, to whom its management will b entrusted, may feel that he has the fallent Eympath of those whose sastitute he is in the evangeiizatio of the heathen. For the present winter, Mr. Lofi house is reesiding at York Factory, in the piace of M Winter, who is now in England on acconnt of hi wife's health; but I expect them both beck in tit summer, when Mr. Lotthouse wili betake himself his more northern home and devote bimseif to hi labour among the Eskimo and Cuipwyans. The Ven burgh during last summer, condioting at each place es very successfal mission; his sod, a divinity studen nourr my charge undertook his first tions proved very acoeptable to the Ojibbewa Iodians who resort to that port for the parposes o trade. The Rev. E. J. Peck visited Fort George and Ct. Whale R-in the early part of the summer, and then started from Lattie Whale R. for the distan station of Ungawa, at the entrance of Hudson's Straits, t) see the Indians and Eskimo of that quarter ; he was then embarked on board the Hon. Hudson's Bay Company's steamer for Quebeo when he wae to proceed nothing of him since be left $L$ W. R. I hope all nothng of him since he left L. W. R. I hope all ha gone well with him, and that by and bye he will again appear
The Rev. H. Nevitt remained at Moore all the sum mer, conducting services, and school, and attendin thon ; this kept him vcry folly employed while I we bsent on varions missionary journeys.
As soon as the river broke up, I set off for Long Portage House, a station one handred and twenty miles distant, on the way to Canada. The Indians there are jube ways, and as yel have not made mucb progreas come emancipated from the superstitions which now oppress them.
Returning from Long Portage Honse, I remained fo a short time at Moose, making all necessary arrange ments, and then went in my mission boat to Rupert hous, which 1 formerly visited yeariy, and where tiled, and for which I had missionary permanentily set one arrive from England last autumn. Sad tronble have come upon my much loved. last few years, numbers of them having died of starvation from the failure of deer, which was former ly very numerous in their hunting grounds; it greatly pained my heart, when asking ior one and another, to ago," "She died of starvation three years ago;" trust the worst is over now, and that yoars ago,
misery and death as I was constrained to listen to, will never fall on my ears again. My mission was very sucoessfal; for $I$ was enabled not only to minister to all the Rapert's Hoase Indians and residents, but likowise to the Indians of the far interior, who oame in different trading brigades from Mistasinee, Was. Wanepe, Machiskun and Nitchekwuh; these are an Chribtians, many of them are communioants, and the greater part of them read and write the ayllabia
characters very well. Rupert's House is a great characters very woll. Rupert's House is great
centre of trade, hence the vital necossity of the estab. oentre of trade, hence the vital necossity of the eoce.
lishment of a strong mission there. I commenced lishment of a strong mission there. bat the greater part of the materials will come over from England, and, shonld a olergyman come by our ship, whioh ie almost a certainty, he will bring those materials with him ; I need not say that all this will be costly; the dergyman's stipend too, is as yot but partially pro. vided for ; I am therefore constrained to look to you and my other Ohristian friends for that assistance which will enable me to oarry out my plans withou eouniary anxiety. At Rapert's Honse, I had eigh een baptisms, married seventeen couples, confirme fty-seven persons, and administered the Secramen Returning supper to sixty
Refurning to Moose, I intended to remain there the camainder of the summer, as there was 80 much to bo cry of whon from Abany, with the urgent regies bay I wo that the peore rapidy. I went at once, and found matters very bad Arohdecoon Vincent was himself suffering, but both he and the Hon. Hudson's Bay Company's represents. ive, were indefatigable in their endeavours to miti gate the sorrows of those by whom they were su rounded. My presence inspired hope ; all felt tha what conld be done for them would be done ; the were not to be lett alone; a ohange for the better too. ploce almost at once, and betore 1 left all the sick were on the road to recovery. I visited Albany again jast before Ohristmas, and Yound all well; 1 wha angaged almost dsily in examining and revising Arobnto the Oree in mase it is his
 oill , and ion is Religions Tracts Society is oue calculated to be exremely nseful among all the Cree tribes in the Dio ans
Oar Moose Indians left as for their distant hanting grounds in Ootober, and from the more distant ones have not heard ; they must be doing fairly well, of some of them would have been in before this. We Indiom have any oases of starvation among the Moose mdians, most of them being tolerably well off, and able to takeoff with them a good supply of flour, when hoy go off in autumn. We are all doing what we aest he sofferings of our poople, we look to our English brethren, who onder God, have pleced ns where ure, to keep onr hands and hearts uplifted by their yympathy and prayers, that we weary not in our laboar, bat go on reoicing in the Lord, and the pow His might.

Believe me, My dear Uhristian friend,
Jan. 26th, 1885.
Contribations, will be received by either of my two commissionaries: the Rev. Canon Soott Robertson,
rhrowley, Kent, or the Rev. J. Burnside, Herting rhrowley, Kent, or the Rev. J. Burnside, Herting

cordbary, Herts, by the Rev. A. Clarke, The Grang Elvington, York, or H. G. Malaher, Esq., 20 Compto ferrace, Islington, and in Canadar by the Rev. H. Pol lard, Ottawa, or they mar be paid to the account of he Moosonee Charoh Fund at Mesars. Lloyd | Barnetts |
| :--- |
| London. |


FOR SUNDAY SCHOOL TEACHERS, ON THE INSTITUTE LEAFLETS.
Published under authority of the Sunday School Oom
mittee of the Toronto Diocese
Compiled from W. 8. Bmith's work on Genesis and other
writera.
July 12th, 1885.
VoL. IV. 6th Sundav after Trinity.

## Bible Lesson.

The Cave of Machepelah."-Genesis xxiii.
In the life of Abraham, the "Friend of God" and him called to beart trials and morrows. The last lesson, bot hisod firm was that recorded in our test. To-day we see how true it is what the wise mas est. To-day we sec how true it is what the wise man
aid, "One event happeneth to all "" and "Our days
on the earth are as a shadow, and there is none ahin on
ng.'
(1). Abraham's Sorrowe. Our lesson opens with the death of Sarah, and we nee Abraham in the ohacroter of a moarner. Although Sarah was old when the Was born, she lived to nee him grow to man's estat to be thirty neven yearis of age ; but " the yearse of
the life of Sarah " came to an end, sud she died "Abraham came to mourn for Sarah, and to weep fo habrabam is ame nat mourn for Sarah, and to weep for elative or friend, but Abraham does not grievene or who has no hope ; no, he was able to lay the body Sarah in the tomb "in sure and certain hope of th resurreotion to eternal life;" but he was ntill "stranger and a sojourner " in the promised land, and must at onoe think of a proper barial place. (2). Abraham's Purchase, verse 8. He "stood up." Job ii. 8 . time close to Hebron, and the Hittites were the thit nessors of it. Abraham addresses the citizens " 1 pes gate of the city," the usual place where basinees win rransaoted, and asks for a posession, verse 4. The address Abrabam as a "Mighty Prinoe," equimlan
to our " Your Excellency," and offer him the ohole of our Yoil our Exceiliency, and orer him thene were generally in espe rith their nalochros. or shelvero penerally in cave Abrabam deolines to receive a gitt from the rook bega them to request Ephron to sell him the Maobpelab situnted in a field belonging to prim stating that he desires to pay full weight of mosein therefore verse 9 . Ephron offers to make a pminn to Abraham not ouly of the cave but of the fiota, verse 11 ; this, however, Abraham deolines, and insition upon paying for it. It was worth much more to him than to Ephron ; the latter names a high price, vere 15 ; four handred shekels of silver by weight, equa probably to aboat two hanared and uny dollace, amount would be about equal to fitteen handred lars; to Abraham, howevar, it was pricelose, os oarnest of an everlasting inheritance, he therfore ch the traneaction at once, weighs him oot the foll of money, and thas, verse 17, the field with all the trees, and the desired oave were " made sure" unto Abraham, and then he lays the body of Sarah to reet. Jacob and Lhat Abrah known oven now Atter a lapee of upwards of thre thoneand years. A mosque is ereoted on and the osve is strietly guarded by the Turks. Prinoe of Wales and Dean Stanley being among the
few who have of late years been allowed to enter it.
(3). Abraham's Hope. His knowledge of immortality, and hope of a resurreotion were, of conrse, not in clear as the knowledge and hope we have. now the or tord esus Christ has brought hife and yimoria ity to light through the gospel, batSo. Paul wins asia in the $x$. Canaan would be filsilled, and so abo ehe to hase Canasa would be fast he was gone to be with and Let ns thant we have what takes away the fear of death; we know what death is conquered and that all those who sleep in Jesns are in joy and fellicity in the Paradise of God, and when we come to die may we be oheered with the blessed hope of a glorions resurrectiop.

For Christ our Lord was baried once, He died and rose again,
He conquered death, He left the grave,
And so will Christian men.

## Correspandente.

## All Letters oontaining personal allusions will appear owe

 the signature of the writer
## arreive

## OUR NORTH-WEST MISSIONS.

Sin,-In your issue of Jane 11th, I find an artiole on "Our North.West Missions," which seens to me to cell for comment. With the general aim of the artiole I heartily concur. Now, if never before, wes come the time when the missions of the Nortitare must no longer be left to drag on a bekgarlo sutained by large, and syatematio and continnons gifta." - 1 by large, and syblo is, as you most justly say, a scandal uarole, hordes of uncivilized, unchristianized pagans." I bave my self'felt tbis, and said it, again and again, in my pubseir felt tbis, and said it, again and again, in my
lic appoals. In Christ Churoh, Guelph, on Sandy March 29th, when the excitement over the Nort West was at its highest pitoh, I expressed the op ion, that whatever might be said as to the eamenim, the
tion of the North. West by the Government

July 2, 1888.]
Churoh oortainly coold not clear her akirts of all|
 of the Sakkantobewan district, it might moat oonfi. dently be affirmed that not one drop of blood would
have been shed."
Moat cordially, therefore, do $I$, in common with thonands of your readern, echo your
 of Providenoe.
When, bowever, I come to your practical applica. tion, I mast oonteess I was not prepared for the remed Whioh the wisdom of the editorial chair had disoov. ared of oertain proverbial method of reconciling the oondioting oluimes of two great apostloes of old times, The North. West is to be sibesidised at the expense of
 "pot mbtions, which might well be shared in the lees tavored fielde of enterprise." Again, "Algoma has prosumed very far apon the gonerosity both of the Onarohmen of Canade and England, by a peristeneny
and continuity of solicitation, which bas practically and continuity of soliotitation, which has practioally denied a hearing to the rightal), if not more argen
danims of otber diocoese in the Dominion, which are luso of a missionary obaracter." $A$ gain, $"$ Oar North. West Missions have indeed been most nffairly osed by Algoma monopolising the titile of à missionary docoese. Now, in reply to thise formidable indiot nent would meraly oxpress my regret, that the nod oo lightly on faots, in support of the sentimente enunciated here. What toochos Algoma, tonches the apple of my eye, and I oannot allow such statements ${ }^{2} 0$ pases anchallonged. With nutairness, she is not jastly ohargeable. In her begging, (plainer English
soliditation, ${ }^{\text {and }}$ (he has simply availed bersell of ofll soilicitstion,") she has simply availed herself of all
legitmate ways and means of improving her financees, daty in whioh had she been remises, yoo, sir, wool have been one of the first, and most properly, to
remind her of her shortcomings. As the 'atrocions crime ' of 'drawing munificent contributions,' my only regret is, that she has not been still more sucwhom the dentist is the only fitting type of the mis. sionary 'solicitor.' Of monopoly there has been sim. ply none. Algoma, while always glad to recognise the claims of her sister dioceses in the North.West, has not hesitated to prens hbr own necessities, as having prior a right to be heard before any other, whatsoever, to older Canads. (1). She slone in which she stands ory jorisdinada. (1). She alone, of all our mission. ary jurisdictions, owes her origin to the Canadian vincial Synod of this eoclesiastical province, and is incial Synod of this ecclesiastical province, and is overnediby in lons, to the provincial synod (4) Sto alone, as her bishops fall at their posts, receive sne essors at the hands of the provincial synod. n North. Weat A $)$, spent annually by the " C. M. S," 75), Algoma alone receives not a farthing. These are simple facts which furnish a significant comment on the statement that Algoma is only one, among a number of missionary dioceses, all bearing the same
Now, as to the profonnd remedy for the Chureh'A alleged failure to deal justly by the North. West in the past. That a remedy is londly called for we now see What shall it be ? The editorial alluded to says, "These afflicted dioceses should now take rank as at ity of Charchmen at home and in the old land." Wy of Charchmen at home and in the old land. By all means let this sign of " rated, provided it be not attempted on any commanistic principle. Let the process by which it is to be not at all of levelling down. In other words, let ithe Charch, through her missionary board, take prompt and adequate measures for increasing her "Domestic " and to such a fignre, that without reducing Algoma's resorces even by a dollar, the North-West shall receive just as much as she does, acoording to its To out Algoms only true solution of the problem. West, would be "robbing Peter to pay Panl,' and crippling one, without any adequate counterbalancing advantage to the other. Judgment must not begin quent tears and blesed with watered by the re self-sacrificing labours of the saintly, sainted Fanguier. Let me suggest "a more excellent way," If the Church really desires to wipe out the blot that rests on her escutcheon, becanse of the North. West, let her gird herself to her divinely appointed task with new aith, and love, and liberality. Let her clergy dismiss their faithless, shortsighted fears that large offertorwill given by their flocks for outside missionsary objects and let them preach more frcquently, that self-sacri
cee for Christ's soke, is the condition of growth in the
elife, alike of the parish and individual. han laity make a conscience of their giving, no less than of their praying and praising, and remember aking note of the offerings cast into the treasury Next, let the Church set about a reformation of be inancial system, as she did three handred years ago her theological, and drive ont, as with a scourge o mall cords, that aiso, unscriptural methods whic ow protane her sanotuaries, so making way for th flective principle of sore ssociated with the first day of the wed beneficience lated in amount, by an honest regard, and regu Let the collective wisdom and anthority of th Church endorse this principle in her next provincia council, and throw its weight into the scales in it avor, and before long, the tide, now at its lowest ebb, will be seen turning and flowing. Springs will open in unexpected places. A steady stream of gifts will
pour into the treasury. The supply will equal the pour into the treasury. The supply will equal the will be no longer needed. Before we ask, th Church's heart and hand will anticipate and answer Enough will be forthooming for every parochial, dio ignored or left out in the cold. Missionary dioceses hat are sometimes made to appear as rival claimants or the falling crumbs, will then feast at the same board. In a word, missionaries will be multiplied ohurches built, congregations organised, service ostablished, and all the other agencies and instrumen alities brought into play, whioh, by God's blessing and in the good time, will make the wilderness an the solitary place to be glad for them, and the deser
to rejoice and blossom as the rose." I am, dear sir yours faithfully,
C. Aygoma.
June 19th.

## ITINERANCY.

Sir.-As I was unable to be present at the discus sion of this question, at the late meeting of the Synod, I take the liberty of making the few following remarks on the subject.
It is not denied that the itinerancy has its disad vantages and hardships, but its advocates claim that It may also be observed, that some of the wisest heads among the Methodists believe, that without the itin arancy the whole system of organic Methodism would fall into ruins. It is also preferred to all other methods of ministerial arrangements, becanse of its better adaptation for aggressive action. The whole force being all the time mobilized, is in a condition that allows any part of it to be thrown upon any point that seems to call for reinforcements. It is also
claimed in favour of the itinerancy, that it secures a claimed in favour of the itinerancy, that it secures a better distribution of the ministerial talents of the is the Church generally profited by having a few pul pit celebrities, shat up to certain rich and fashion. able charches, rather than scattered by frequent removals over a much wider area. The itinerancy gives a field of labor to every minister. The most notable element in Methodist ecolesiasticism in its al prevading solidarity. No local ohureh can claim the service of any particular minister, for he belongs alike placo of can any ministers choose for himself his plstem it movable at all times, and lest by the too long contin uance of a minister in one place, his local attachments or entanglements shonld become too strong to be readily overcome, it has been deemed best, that remo
It would appear that a step which is desoriked, as "a new and important departure in Methodism," bas just been adopted by the Wesleyan conference in England-the appointment of a connexional evangelist," duly accredited and working under the cirecapon the conierence. The Methodists. This shows how important it is that steps should be taken at once by Churchmen, to obtain official sanction to employment of a distinct order of lay preachers. Even in the time or Wesiey, mision, and which it still continnes to do, while the services of laymen in the Church of England have not been utilized in that
way. The Bishop's address before the synod, represents the Chirch finances as in a bed state. The principal object to be held in view and acted upon is, to make every parish self-sustaining, as well as contributing to the general support of the Church. That the volun tary system is now interfered with by the commutation fund and uhe rectory lands to sone an have nearly destroyed the voluntary system in the
localities where they exist. The existence of these endowments, are asssumed to render other contribu rens unnecessary. Some means should be devised to etire aged, infirm, and incapable men. At a meeting Church, beld last year at Philadelphia, U. \$., he Bishops say in their address
"Ministers while not sought for by the people, often claim, becanse of their years in the ministry, a right to the more prominent appointments, and failing to secure them, complain of the Church and of its anthorities, and spread a spirit of dissatisfaction broughont the Charch. Our observation is that, where the ministry is holy and aggressive, the churches prosper, whether in our rural districts or in our to retain positions and receive support, and mechan. cally perform the duties of the office, our churches fail. Not only is care needed in admissions to the conferences, but there should be some way in which nefficient ministers might be more easily retired, that the conferences might be able to receive active and
promising men who are offering themselves for the Work." 13 th.
P. Tocque.

## EXPLAIN THE LAW.

SIR,-Would you or some of your readers, kindly state in as explicit and brief a way as possible, what is the exact state of the law at present with regard to religions instruction in the Public Schools, and if it is possible for a clergyman to give religions instruction ing school hours. Yours,
enry G. Moorz
Shelburne, Ont.

## CHURCH SYNOD GREETINGS.

SIR,-On the first day of the assembling of our Diocesan Synod, a motion was made by the Rev. Mr. Stone, rector of the Church of St. Martin, seconded Chnrch of St. Matthias, to suspend rector of the Order, to enable the Synod to suspend the Rules of vote, our affectionate greeting to the Presbyterians vote, our affectionste greeting to the Presbyterians
now assembled in Synod, and our prayers for the blessing of God upon their work. To this was appended, apparently as an after thought, a similar greeting to the diocesan Synod of Huron, but no notice was taken of the synod now in session in the United States, surely more entitled to our prayers than the resbyterians
Our Synod was so taken by surprise at this motion, althongh I had reason to was raised in opposition, although I had reason to know many members were opposed to it, and others considered injadicio and the Synod, protesting against any motion being sprang upon Synod, without due notice, so that objectors may
the Syno, protesting against any motion being spring be heard.
The Presbyterian Synod received our message and expressed great gratification thereat, and requested
our Synod to appoint a time for a deputation to wait on them.
This deputation, however, our Synod did not appoint.
w, first, I wish to remark, that apparently in the eyes of the proposer and seconder of this motion, the synod of the Presbyterians, who went out from the prajers than the syncds of our own Church.
Secondly, that were that body self.entitled "the Reformed Episcopal Chureh," now assembled in synod, they wonld certainly be equally entitled to our prayers and good wishes as the Presbyterians. Thirdly, I would ask what is the meaning of the words "Heresy and sehism," against which we are
taught by the Church to pray "Good Lord deliver us?"

I grieve to see that in a spirit of peseudo charity, the barriers of the Faith for which the Bible urges us to naught. I remain, faithfully yours in Holy Catholic Chureh,
Montreal, June 18, 1885.
-A writer in the Quarterly Review makes an eatimate of the relative strength of parties in the Ohurch of England. Placing the whole number of the clergy at 28,000 , he thinks that the High Ohurch school in its varions sbades belong upward of 11,000 or nearly one half of the whole. He gives whole, or 6,000 , and to the Broad Church section 3,000 , or about an eighth of the whole, leaving another 8,000 which cannot atrictly be claimed by either party.


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## TRAJAN AND RABBI JOSH́UA.

Like all the Roman rulers up to the time o Constantine, the Emperor Trajan was an idolater. He reigned about one bunared years after the birth of Ohrist. On the whole, he was a good and ust king, and so the people honored him. But he now not the only true God, with all his wisdom
After he had reigned some years, the Jews rebel led, and were guilty of great ernelties. But the Roman army soon subdued them, and many of their great men were carried in chains to Rome. Among these was the good Rabbi Joshua, who did not fear, in a city of idols, to say that there is only one God.
One day the Emperor Trajan sent for him, and suid:

You teach that your God is everywhere, and boast that He resides among your nation. I should ike to see Him.'
"God's presence is, indeed everywhere," replied Joshua, "but He cannot be seen. No mortal eye oan behold His glory.
The emperur insisted upon seeing God
"Well," said Joshua, "suppose we try first to look at one of his ambessadore."
The emperor having agreed, the rabbi took him into the open air at neonday, and bade him look a the sun in its glory
"I cannot," said Trajan, "the light dazzle me."

Thon art unable," asid Joshus, " to endure the light of one of His ereatures, and canst thou expect to behold the glory of the Oreator? Would not such a sight kill thee?
Never fcrget, when you look around at thir great world, from whose Hand all things came. Then all creation will speak to you of God, from the tiniest weed up to the glorions sun. For the "heavens still declare the glory of God, and the firmament showeth His handiwork.

## AMUSING NEWSPAPER MISTAKES

Few persons are aware of the ease with which the most aggravating mistakes can be made in setting op type from a M.S. The letters are so small, they are all upside down, and hardly any person writes so distinctiy, that'all his letters are distinet from the others. The following is a highly amusing passage from Good Words.
Perhaps one of the most common slips to be seen in a newspaper, is the mixing up of report of different events. It is rather trying to one's gravity in following the eolid facte and figures of a railway report, to miss the facing-points, as it were and find one's self shunted into a noisy electioneer ing meeting, with ninety-pine speaking and one listening. Some time ago, the following appeared in a London newspaper. It had been speaking in high terms of a new tenor, a rara avis, who had delighted and entranced all hearers. The oriticism was elaborate, bnt finished by saying, "He wae sentenced to five years penal servitude, so tha society wiil for some time be freed from the inflic tion of his presence." This extraordinary clima was simply owing to the fact that the end of a tria had been lifted, and left at the bottom of the notice of the tenor, to which it formed such an inappro priate pendant. The dropping of a letter is not an ancommon thing: but it is sometimes extremely awkward. A London morning paper is ceaponsible for the following: "A gentleman was yesterda brought up to answer a charge of having eaten hackney coachman for demanding more than his fare "-the missing letter was a-b.
The reporter in the House of Commons, at th end of his fifteen minutes, naually pats in the name of the man who is to follow, in this form: "Rob inson's first follows." These catch linescare commonly set up by the compositors, and are of course removed when the types are finally put into form. On one occasion, a London morning paper omitted to take out this line, with the following result. The speaker had said "And now, Sir, I have ahorm you the evil consequences of this polioy, we
began badly, we are going on worse, what follows? Here the unfortunate catch line soswered the ques tion, "Rubinson's first follows." Equally funny are tion, "Robinaon's first follows," Equally funny are
the slips that oceur from the transcription of har the slips that oceur from the transcription of harriedly taken short hand notes. An amusing story
is told of the late Mr. Justice Byles. The learned is told of the late Mr. Justice Byles. The learned
judge was an excellent short hand writer, having early in life graduated as a reporter. At th Somerset Assizes, on one occasion, as was customary, he read portions of the evidence to the jury, but flonndered hopelessly in the middle of a senrence. There was an awkward pause, and the jury and bar nervously awaited the result. His Lord. ship at last, after many effurts to decipher the mis sing word, dropped his dignity and leaning over towards the reporters below, inquired, "Can any of you gentlemen asiest me to a word here, I bave not put in the vowels, and what I have in my book looks as if a witness had said "Go and call in the baby," but, with a puazled look, it can't be that because there is no baby in the cese. The reporte suggested the word "Bobby," or constable, and that solved the difficulty. Mr. Gladstone was once reported as having said "I have burned my boots and destroyed my breeches, and therefore cannot etreat." The printer had tarned bosts into boots, and bridges into breeches. - Good Wonds.

## THE CUNNING BIRD

In a thicket on the left side of the path through the forest a ground-robin had built her nest. Its reasures were five little eggs, which gave promise f fivertittle birds ere many days would pass.
But how wreoked will be the hope, and desolate the home of the robin, if that egg-hunting boy find the est and robs it. If birds can think, how active he thoughts of the patient robin as she hears the steps of the heartless spoiler of bird-treasures. bodes no good that he comes along this bright summer morning peering this way and that for the little speckled eggs. But the robin had a plan by which to save her treasures. She arose quickly and ran to the opposite side and sat in the thicket chen, as he came up, she suddenly flew as if soared rom her nest. She lighted very near it, and then ran along the grass.

Ah," said the boy, "I know your tricks ; you an't fool me. You want me to think your nest is on his side, near you, but I know it is on the other ide. This old trick is played-out."
If ever a bird wanted to langh, this ground-robin did, as she watched the eager boy hunting in vain or her nest on the wrong side of the path. After while he went off tried and disappointed while the robin, with a song of joy, flew back to her nest.

This bird is sometimes called the Chewink. It it potted with white, red and black. It builds in he bushes, and so swift are its movements that it s not easy for a gunner to get a shot at it. It i also noted for its cunning ways to protect its pest -Good Words.

## BEGIN WITH THE CHILDREN.

When God determined to make Him Ohnrol n earth, $\mathrm{He}_{\theta}$ "called Abraham alones and blessed him and increased him." He did not choose a great nation, and by mighty works and preaching ndeavour to build a great church at once. He ook one man, and promised that he should be some a mighty nation, because He knew him, that be would command his children, and his honsehold fiter him, that they shopld keep the way of the Lord. Afterwards, when He gave is written law or men, He commanded that ther should teanh it to their children.
The wisdom of this often repeated command, hown, not only in the past history of Israel, bu n the existence of the Jews to-day. If Hebrew parents permitted their children ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{g}}$ graw up in ignorance of the tanets of their religen, and to
stray about from Snadey school to Snndey aghool, and from church to chmroh, acoording to thein own whims, how long would Jodism ceptinie to xist?
If Ohristian parents discharge their,duty to their
children, there would be less complaint about feeble congregations. God's way is the best; le as, then, follow it, and train up the children in the nurture and admonition of the Lord, and in a knowledge of the doctrine, discipline, and worship of the Charch.

## THE WIDOW'S LAMP.

some years ago, there dwelt a widow in a lonely ottage on the sea-shore. All around her, the oast was ragged and dangervus; and many time her heart was melted, by the sight of wrecked ishing-boats and coasting-vessels and the piteous ries of perishing haman beings.
One stormy night, when the howling wind was making her loneliness more lonely, and her mind was conjuring op what the next morning's light might disclose, a happy thought occurred to her. Her cottage stood on a high spot, and her window looked out on the sea.
Might she not place her lamp by that window, that it might be a beacon-light to warn some poor mariner off the coast? She did so. All her life after, during the winter nights, her lamp burned at the window; and many a poor fisherman had canse to bless God for the widow's lamp; many a orew was saved from perishing.
That widow woman "did what she could ;" and all the servants of Christ kept their lights burning as brightly and steadily, might not many a soul be warned to flee from the wrath to come ? Many Obristians have not the power to do mueh aetive service for Christ; but if they mould simply live as lights in the world, they would do much. If those who cannot preach or teach, would but walk worthy of Him who hath called them to His hingdom and glorg, how much would the hands of Ministers and teaghers be strengthened.-Christian Monitor

## SILVER RULE

You all know the golden rule: "Do unto thers as you would wish them do unto you." Here is a rule which is almost a part of the golaen rule, but which we will pat by itself, and because of its value call it the silver rule: "Thipk and say all you can of the good qualities of others forget and keep silent concerning their bad qualities," You cannot conceive how much such a ourse will heighten your own happiness and raise you in the esteem of your companions. Did you ver think more of a boy or girl, because he or she found fanlt with others? Never call your schoolmates or playmates ugly or cross to their faces or behind their backs. It they are ugly, or stingy, or behind their backs. If they are ugly, or stingy, or
oross, it does not make them better for you to talk or think about it, while it makes you to dwell upon the fanlts of others, and causes your own soul to the fanits of others, and causes your own soul, to
grow emaller, and beoome like the foul bird that grow. 日mailer, and booome like the foul bird that
prefers carrion for food. Rather tell all the good you can, and try to think of some good quatity of your mates.

## HE MAKETH MY FEEP LIKE HEND'8 PEET."

Do yourknew what that sweet Seripture meaps? you do not I will tell you. A hind's feet are ry emall, need but a little space to stand on. A ind's feet are very sure; wherever they strike here they stiek, and seldom slip in slippery places. hind's feet are very swift, like the wings of an aglo. And so sure, and so small, my Jesus makes ay feet, so that $I$ can stand anywhere, and fall nowhere, and run everywhere with Himself, and like Himself, leaping upon the mountains, kipping upon the hills, as a hind let loose.'-From "all. About Jesus."
-When weashall elimb the shining ateops of aaven, and from the light of the eternal world ook bsock on this enigma of human life we shell are nothing fore which to praise God mose than or notingavingrgiven mes severything for which wo ask him here on earth.-Dr. J. 4. Broadus,

## AT NIGHT I WILL PRAY

When all the world is wrapped in solemn pesce, And darksome shadies bespenk the day's release, While all around seems bethed in balmy sleep; Then, ere the rosy god my senses steep, In sweet oblivion, soul forgetting mase,
To the good God supernal, I will raise, My heart's full strength in eager prayers for all And pray that in the night no harm befall; That through the day in goodness He will guide, All those, who trust in Him whate'er betide ; That from His throne He'll send a Heavenly ray; From the sun of Righteonsness to light their way; Thus, for friends both dear and true, 1 will pray.

Oh I for a voice like many song full birds, To wing its flight to Heaven to take my words, And ley them at the golden throne on high, Where a loving God deigns to hear each ory Bat if my lips should ever silent be, iy suai can pray for irienas most conscionsly, Surgests to me that binds me to my friends, Their thoughts with mine, in some mystarions That urges me to pray and think by day That God is all in all, and joins each soul,
Throngh His blest spirit, and can thas control And leop by perfeet will, each loving sonl.

## THIRTEEN WAYS OF BEING HAPPY.

## He that keepeth the law, happy is he. <br> Happy is the man that fearoth alway

Whose trasteth in the Lord, happy is he.
He that hath meroy on the poor, happy is he.
If ye suffer for righteousmens' sake, happy are ye Behold we count them happy which endare. Bappy is that people whowe God is the Lord.
Happy is he that hath the God of Jsoob for his help.

If ye be reprosehed for the name of Ohrist, happy are ye.
Happy is he that condemneth not himself in that thing whioh he alloweth.
Happy is the man whom God eorreeteth, for he maketh more and bindeth up.
Happy is the man that findeth wisdom, and the man that getteth underatanding.
If ye know these things, happy are ye if ye do them.-Christian Intelligencer.
Do you want to know the man against whom you have the most reason to guard yoursalf? Your looking-glass will give you a fair likeness of his face.- [Whately
A holy life, spent in the service of God, and in communion with him, is without donbs the most pleasant and comfortable life that any man can live in this world.- [Melanethon.
The Lord's prayer is not, as some fancy, the easiest, the most natural of all devont ntterances. It may be committed to memory quiekly, but it is alowly learnt by heart.- [Marrice.
To be always intending to lead a new life, but never to find time to set about it, is as if a man should put off eating anp drinking from one day to another, till he is starved and destroyed.[Tillotson.
You may tame the wild beast; the conflagration of the American forest will cease when all the tim ber and the dry wood is consumed; but you canno arrest the progress of that cruel word which yon uttered carelessly yesterday or this morning.- $\mathbf{F}$. W. Robertson.

The setting of a great hope is like the setting of the sun. The brightness of our life is gone, shadows of the evening fall behind us, and the world seems but a dim reflection of itself-a broader shadow. We look forward into the lonely night: the sonl withdraws itself. Then stars arise, and the night is holy. - LLongfellow.
Homanity longs for happiness, yet is never ready to be happy to-day. In our efforts to enjoy life we forget that we cannot be happy to-mortow, next month, next year-we can only be happy to-day. Therefore make the most of to day. Vieit your friends, invite them to enjoy your hospitality, play with your children, lighten the cares of your wife, help a neighbour out of distress, beantify your home. A selfish man secures little enjoyment. The happiest man is the one who makes others happy.
you have vainly sought for comfort try this: help some man who has treated you desperately meanDo him good servioe in his distross. It will give much more satisfaction than helping some one who has helped you.

## A Parable

Quoth a litule brown seed, "I do not know Why it is I must struggle and grow
When the earth is so warm, and dark, and still, I would never leave it, had I my will. I would never leave it, had my wil. I mnst strive and struggle ; I cosnnot stay Though what awaits me above up there, I do not know, and I do not oare."

Bat ahl when the seed to blossom grew, Rocked by the sephyrs and fed by the dew. And gently unfolded to light and sun Its delieste flowers, one by oneIt softly sang to enoh langhing breese "Sarely no blossoms were ever like these I This plory of sunshine is lift indeed I could never have dreemed of, when bat a seed."

And what are we, in this life of ours, But seeds of God's futare blooming flowers? Shall we murmur and grieve that we do not know For what He would have us struggle and grow? Mid earth's mystarions gloom nutil Beneath His sunnhine, and in His land Oor sonis shall blossom-and nuderstand
[F. M. S., in Faith and Works,

## HYMN.

## By J. R. yewnele.

God of God, the One begotten, Ere the worlds were hung in apace : Light of light, who doat illumine All who come to Thee for grace One with Father and with Spirit. One in mystic Trinity ; Maker, Raler of creation,
Lord of all, wo worship Thee.

Born of woman (wondrous story, Born of woman (wondrous sto
God as man was manifest. Suffering, toiling, weeping, waiting, Watobing for the promised rest ; Man of sorrows heavy laden, Pressed with woe and miseryHambly loving, meekly kneeling, Son of Man, we learn of Thee.

God, who offerest salvation,
Man, who dids't salvation bring, Unto Thee be glory given,
Ever Prophet, Priest and King, Let the tongues of men and angels Swell the song of jubilee: God or of all, we worship Thee.
Port Dover, Ont.
-God is a kind Father, He sets us all in place where He wishes us to be employed; and that em ployment is traly "our Father's basinoss." He chooses work for every creature which will be de lightful to him if he does it simply and humbly.
He gives us always strength enough, and sense onough for what He wants us to do ; if we tire our selves, or puzzle ourselves, it is our own fanlt, and we maynways be sure, whatever we are doing, that we cannot be pleasing Him if we are not happy ourselves.-Ruskin.
-The best thing to give your enemy is forgiveness ; to an opponent, tolerance ; to a friend, your heart ; to your child, a good example ; to a father, deference; to your mother, conduct that will make her prond of you; to yourself, respeet; to all men harity.-Mrrs, Balfour.
-God makes the glow-worm as certainly as the tar ; the light in both is divine. If mine be a arth-star to gladden the wayside, I must cultivate aumbly and rejoicingly its green earth-glow, and not seek to blanch it to the whiteness of the stars
that lie in the fields of blue.-FEsays.

## Chillorens' Alppartutent

## TIM'S DOVE.

One day, when little Tim Ray was pioking berrine a field, he found a dove with a broken He oarried it home, and bound the wing olose tothe dove's pide with a linen band. Soon the wing me as well as ever, and the dove could fly again; bet it did not want to fly away from Tim, for it hem grown very tame. Tim was glad to have it stay, for he had no toys or pets.
When he went to piok berries, the dove would ge oo, perohed on his ahoulder. Tim named it Fhirg, and taught it to come at his oall and to eat from his hand. At night the dove would roost on the head of Tim's bed.
Tim's mother was taken very sick. There me no one to nurse her but Tim ; and when she coold not eat, and began to grow worse, Tim went for a dootor.
" She will get well if she has good food," the doctor. "She muat have chicken or meit the doo

Tim had no money to bay meat ; bat, allatonem he thought of his dove. He knew it would mike good broth, but he oould not bear to kill it.
He saw a neighbor going by the house, and be went out and put the dove in her hands. "Plemen vill $m y$ dove and make my mother some broth," he said, "she is so siek."
Then he ran into the honse, and tried not to think of his poor little dove. He did not want his mother to see him ary, for she would have mid thy the dove should not be killed.
In about an hour the neighbor brought mome good hot broth ; and when Tim's mother ate it, dio said she felt almost well again.
"You shall have some more to-morrom," "ill the woman. "I will make broth for you every des untal you are well again."
Tim followed the woman to the door as she weel out, and said, so that his mother should not hour, that he had no more doves and did not know hor to get meat for more broth.
Before the neighbor could speak, there was little rustle of wings, and Fairy flew in and peroled on 'Tim's shoulder.
"Coo I 000 I" she said, peoking at his cheek.
You see I did not kill your dove," said the woman. "I made the broth from a ohioken. I have plenty more at home. You were a good boy to be willing to have your pat dove killed to mak broth for yonr mother."
How happy Tim was. He loved his dove belter than ever, now that he had it baok again. Hi mother did not know, until she was quite well, hor near she had oome to eating poor little Fairg:Selested.

## A LITTLE PRAYBR.

Teach me, 0 God, to do Thy will Regardless of my own;
That I may seek my truest peace In pleasing Thee alone.
What e'er my wants or wishes be, Should they confliot with Thine, Help me, 0 God, to lay them down, And every wish resign.
When days are dark, and nights are sad When life seems all unblest, Teach me to say-what e'er betideMy Father must know best.
And when at last, weak and alone, In Death's dim vale I stand, Help me to feel amid the darkMy Father holds my hand.

COMFORTING NEWS.-What a comfort and how very convenient to be able to have a cion indoors, it being neither offensive nor unheaitay, Heap's Patent" Dry Earth or Ashes Closets an perfectly inodorons. The commodes with urine separators, can be kept in a bedroom, and aro nvaluable in any house during the winter seanona or in case of sickness; they are a well and
piece of furniture. Factory, Owen Sound, Ont.

WHAT SEED SHALL WE SOW
wonderful thing is a seed
The one thing deathless forever ! The one thing ohangeless-atterly true, Torever old and forever new, And fickle and faithless never.

Plant blessings, blessings will bloom Plant hate, and hate will grow : You can sow to-day, to-morrow will The blossom that proves what sort of Is thing seed, the seed that you sow.

RIGHT OR "SMART."
" Turn the grindstone a few minutes for me, won't you, Will?" asked Mike, as Willie was hurrying by on his way to school.
There was plenty of time, but Willie wanted to be early enough for a game of ball in the school yard; besides he had a new book under his arm with a certain story in it which he well remembered. So he looked back over his shoulder with a laugh :
" No, thank you. Nobody can catch me in that way. I know all about the story of "The Man with an Axe to Grind.' "
Jamie was following him, and he wanted to get to school early enough for a play too; but he hesitated a minute, and then threw his satchel on the ground and said: "I'll turn for you, Mike."
Willie laughed at him when they were coming home at noon. "What made you stop this morning ? I'd be too smart to be caught in that way. Did'nt you ever read the story about Franklin ?"
"Yes, but I don't suppose it meant that no boy should ever turn a grindstone, and I don't believe he meant to teach people to be disobliging, either," answered Jamie thoughtfully, "but only not to be flattered into doing wrong. Anyway, I remember something else

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that is wiser than anything Frank lin ever wrote: 'Whatsoever y would that men should do to you do ye even so to them.' I know i I were a poor fellow like Mike, I' think a little school boy with plenty of time might stop and help me a ew minutes."
Mike was standing in the yard with a pretty white rabbit that he had caught while out chopping in the woods. He held it up as the boys reached the gate.

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#### Abstract

" Oh, Mike, where did you get The Histony of Hundreds.-Mr, ? Give it to me-do! I've been John Morrison of St. Anns, N• S., was wanting a rabbit this long time," so seriously afflicted with a disease of cried Will. "No, sir!" said Mike, emphatically. "This isn't for the smart boy; it's for the right boy-and that's Jamie. Folks that are too smart to be kind to anybody else, will soon have to be smart enough to get along without anybody being kind to them. That's the truth, whether your great Misther Frank

A Hunan Babometrr.-The man with in ther your great Misther in said it or only Mike Gwyn."


## SFIFMBURNT ANI DUNAIK MISSION.

VOL. I.
MONTHLY PAPER-MAY, 1885.
No. 7.
Rev. Henry Grattan Moore, B.D.

CHUROH SERVIOES.
St. Paul's, Shelaburne.-Sunday.-Morning Prayer 8r. Paul's, Sheldurake-Sunday.-Morning Prayer
at 10.80 a.m., Sunday School 8 p.m. Evensong 7 p.m.
Holy Communion is oeleblated on the first Sunday in the month, after Morning Prayer, and on the third Sunday in the month at 8 a.m,
Holy Baptism is administered at any Servioe.
Priday Eiening.-Evensong at 7.80 p.m., Ohoir practice at 8 p.m.
8r. Jamgs', Dundale.-Sunday soh ool at 2 p.m Evensong at $\mathbf{3}$ p.m.

## OHUROH OFFIOERS.

St. Paul's, Shelburne.-Ohurohwardens, s. Jelly; George Timbury. Sidesmen, W. Collins, John Little. Treaearer, T. D. Belfry. S. S. Saperintendent, E. Berwiok. Librarian. W. F. Young. Organiste, Mrs. Moore and Miss Danbar.
St. James,' Dundalk-Ohurohwardens, H. Messrole, Thomas Laking. Sunday Sokool Saperintendent, J. Laking. Organist, Miss Lamon.

The ohoir of St. Paula Oharoh presented Mism Dan.
bar, on the ocoassion of her Marriage, with a hand- from 11 to 8 o'clook. There will be a flower table some clook, as a small token of their regard and lemonade tent, ioe-cream and strawberries, and other thanks, for having very efficently presidad for more innocent amusemente and recitations. than a year at the organ during the evening service.

REPAIR AND IMPROVEMFNT IN ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, SHELBURNE.
Every one attending St. Paul's Church will admit that some substantial repairs are absolutely neoessary to preserve in suitable condition the Charch fabrio. The vestry, at its last meeting, resolved to pall down the prosent unsightiy chimney, ereocy also resolved to lower the firewalls and to extend the roof over to lower the firewans the roof along the side, so as to project well over the side walls; to put up the neoes. project well over the siae wals, sary length
the water.
These, with some internal repairs, are absolately neoessary, and we bope the members of the Ohuroh in Shelburne will liberally support the fand whioh is being raised to oarry them out.

DOMINION DAY.
The Ladies of St. Paul's have arranged to hold a grand Fete in the Park, Shelbarne, on Dominion Day, in order to raise some money for the repairs and ime
provement of the Church.
Dinner will be merved

The following ladies have kindly oonsented to assist: Mrs, Hemstreet, Mrs. Ohisholm, Mrs. Moore, Mise Jones, Mrs. Dumber, Mrs. Belpy, Mrs. Strattan, Mre. Jelly, Mrs. Little, Mru. Timbary, Mrs. Collins and Mrs, Aylings.
We oan promise a pleasant day, full of enjoyment for all who may come, and we trust many of our riends, both in town and country, will turn out and It is by their patronage this good oand
is exper poplar ine sing number of popalar airs during the course of the day.

ST. JAMES OHUROH, DUNDALK.

## Cuuron Expanszs Fund.

The offertories on the first Sunday in each month or the fatare will be applied to this fund, the pro. coeds of which will be devoted to the repairs and poese acy may be agreed upon by the Inormbent and posen Churchwardens.

## MARRIED.

At her father's renidence, Jane 174h, 1885, by the ev. H. G. Moore, Joeephe Danbar to U. F. Miller,

THREE PRECIOUS SPICES

A prince wat once overtaken by a Shower during his morning walk and took refuge in a peasant's cot tage. The children were just a their dinner, which consisted of a large dish of oatmeal porridge. They all seemed to enjoy it very much, and looked as fresh and red 3 roses.
"How is it possible," said the prince to theil mother, "that they can eat such coarse food with so good an appetite?"
The mother answered: "That comes from the spices which I put 0 it.
"What spices are those ?" asked the pritte.
"In the first place," said the mother, "I always make the chil dren earn their dinner ; secondly, never give then anything except at meal-times, that they may bring hunger with them to table; and, thirclly, I have accustomed them to be contented with what they have by never giving them dainties ard titbits."
The most valuable spices to be met with are work, hunger, content

## FAITHFULNESS IN LITTLE THINGS.

It is related of one who, in the depths of his despair, cried, "It is of no use to be good, for yon cannot be good, and if you were it would do you no good." It is hopeless, truthless, and faithless, thus to speak of the goodness of words and work. Each one of us can do a little good in our own sphere of life. If we can do it, we are bound to do it. We have no more right to ren der ourselves useless, than to destroy ourselves ; we have to be faith ful in small things as well as in great; we are required to make as good a use of our one talent as of the many talents that have been conferred upon us; we can follow the dictates of our conscience, and walk, though alone, in the paths of duty; we can be honest, truthful, diligent, were it only out of respect for one's self; we have to be faithfull even to the end. Who is not struck with the answer of the slave, who, when asked by an intending purchaser, " Wilt thou be faithful if I biny thee ?" "Yes," said the slave, "whether you buy me or not." -Smiles.

## GENERAL GORDON'S PRAYER-BOOK.

It is related of the Late General Gordon that at a dinner in a London club, one of the members jbkingly accusted hifin of setreting a bottle of wine in his pocket. Ochers observing that his pocket buiged out, made bets that they could guess the brand, and challenged him to produce the bottle. In indignation he drew from his pocket a Prayer book and said :
"This little book has been my
companion for years, and I sincere ly trust thist you may find a com forter and stapporter in the trials of lile thit will prove as true to you as this has been to me." Then he withdrew from the company, and the next day received many apologies.
$\rightarrow$ Children sommence life, not indeed as sheets of blank paper on which tre may wifte at will, but with every variety of temper and inclination for good and for evil bequeathed to them by those who gave them birth. The education which fails to recognize this is radicatly defective. The external forces employed to trafi a child are subcesdful only as they are adapted to draw out, to galde, or to restrain the internal impulses. Unless we discolver what these impulses are, ake are likely to become, unless we with their origin, nature, and their robable resilts, we are not fit to ake part in the guldance of a youth-
ful mind. Most of the fail ful mind. Most of the failures of parents and educators proceed from ignotance of these facts.

## "COUNTRIES ENOUGH."

A little girl of seven years exhibited much disquiet at hearing of new exploring expedition. When she was asked why she should care about it, said; "If they discover any countries, that will add to to the geography I have to study ; there are countries enough in it now."
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