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# The Glencoe Transcript.

MONEY SAVERS  
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Volume 46.--No. 27.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1917.

Whole No. 2372.

## Teacher Wanted

For S. S. No. 1, Moss. Second-class certificate. Apply to Chas. S. Harris, Secretary, Route 1, Glencoe.

## Teacher Wanted.

Teacher wanted for S. S. No. 12, Moss. Duties to commence on Sept. 4th. State certificate, experience and salary. MALCOLM McVIEAR, Secretary, Newbury, Ont.; R. R. 1. 71-2

## For Sale.

"Maple Villa" on 100 acres, 1/2 m. E. of Ekfrid, Middlesex Co. 100 acres choice day land—12 acres good wheat, 18 acres oats, 2 acres hay, 2 acres woods, 1/2 m. from Ekfrid, and the balance under pasture, all well fenced throughout. Two-story solid brick house all heated by furnace. Bath, broom closet, and implement house all in good condition, with unlimited supply of water. Priced at \$10,000. For particulars apply to JOHN S. McDONALD, R. R. No. 4, Appin, Ont.

## For Sale.

First-class 100-acre stock and grain farm, situated on Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, Middlesex Co. Clay loam, bank barn and stables, brick cottage, convenient to church and school, 2 1/2 miles from railway station. Apply to E. T. HURON, Glencoe. 6414

## Farms for Sale.

Two choice farms of 100 acres each, on opposite sides of road, half-mile from Appin. Improved, good buildings, well tilled. For particulars apply to Jas. McMaster, Appin, Ont. 53811

## Wells Drilled

Farmers and others who desire to have water wells drilled will be promptly served by having information with Mr. John McMillan at the McKellar House. HENRY HARVEY, JAMES RAEBURN. 74

## Still gathering up Wool

GET MY PRICES  
J. L. HULL,  
EKFRID and WALKERS, ONT.  
R. R. No. 2, Appin.  
Phone 19—Call Melbourne 3814

A. B. McDONALD  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurances. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main Street, Glencoe. Phone 74. 115

JAMES FOOLE  
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies and the best mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, 1/2 m. south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

J. B. COUCH & SON  
Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 100

The Pure Bred Imported Clydesdale Stallion  
Branton Surprise  
10349 (15096)  
Registered and Approved  
Will be for service at his own stable, lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, during the season of 1917. Terms, \$12 to insure.  
ALEX. F. McTAVISH & SON.  
72

We carry a Full Line of  
Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.  
Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavtroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson  
Tinmith Plumber

Notice to Creditors.  
In the Estate of Sarah Jane Walker Grover, Late of the Township of Moss in the County of Middlesex, Married Woman, Deceased.  
NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, Section 56, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Sarah Jane Walker Grover, who died on or about the eleventh day of April, A. D. 1917, are required to file and verify their claims on or before the twenty-fourth day of July, A. D. 1917, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Elliot & Moss of the Village of Glencoe, Solicitors for William Hillman and James Gilbert, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their claims and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of which claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons whose claims against the said estate have not been received by them at the time of such distribution. Dated the 26th day of June, A. D. 1917.  
ELLIOTT & MOSS,  
Solicitors for William Hillman and James Gilbert, Executors of the Last Will and Testament of the said Deceased.

## HAND PAINTED CHINA FOR WEDDING AND SHOWER GIFTS

Sugar and Cream Sets, 5c to \$3.25  
Syrup Jugs, \$1.00 to 1.50  
Marmalade Jars, 75c to \$1.25  
Cream Bowls, 50c to \$1.75  
Mayonnaise Dishes, \$3.20 to \$2.00  
Biscuit Jars, \$1.25 to 1.75  
Cheese Dishes, \$1.00 to 1.65  
Cocoa Sets, \$3.00 to 6.00  
Nut Bowls, \$1.30 to 2.75  
Bon Bon Dishes, 45c to \$1.50  
Fruit Sets, \$1.85 to 3.50  
Honey Sets, \$1.25 to 1.75  
Celery Sets, \$1.05 to 3.00  
Fern Pots, \$2.00 to 3.50  
Mustard Dishes, 35c to 50c  
Jelly Sets, \$1.25 to 1.85  
Dowry Tea Pots, 50c to 65c  
Brown Betty Tea Pots, special 50c  
Pepper & Salts, per pair, 25c to 75c  
Vases, 75c to \$2.00  
Cake Plates, \$1.25 to 1.75  
Sandwich Trays, \$1.35 to 2.00  
Jewel Trays, 25c to 50c  
Hair Receivers, 25c to 50c  
Butter Tubs, 50c to \$1.25  
Spoon Trays, 35c to \$1.15  
Salt Dips, 1 dozen, 90c  
Dresser Sets and Trays, \$2.50  
Smoking Sets, \$2.50  
Cup and Saucers, 35c to 60c

A large shipment of China has just arrived; all new decorations. We invite you to call and see these goods.

## C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler

OPTICIAN M. MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED

## Keith's Cash Store

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, etc.  
P. D. KEITH  
REDPATH GRANULATED SUGAR A SPECIALTY  
TWO CARLOADS THIS SEASON

WE SPECIALIZE IN  
FRUIT, GROCERIES AND FOOTWEAR

FARMERS—Please remember we are well-supplied with an extensive range in Solid Leather Plow Boots, both black and tan, plain and with toe-caps, and reasonably priced. See them next time you are in town.  
BUTTER WANTED CASH FOR EGGS  
W. J. STRACHAN'S  
The Home of Reliable Garden Seed and Good Groceries  
Phone orders delivered

The largest stock of  
LUMBER  
we have ever carried. Prices right. If you are going to build, come in and see us. We can save you money.  
McPHERSON & CLARKE  
PLANING MILL LUMBER YARD CEMENT & COAL

JAMES BROWN  
Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of Elgin and Middlesex  
WARDSVILLE - ONTARIO  
CHANTRY FARM  
Can spare a few Good Shorthorn Females  
ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

A. W. MACFIE  
CHIROPRACTOR & OSTEOPATH  
Dominion Savings Building  
Cor. King & Richmond Streets, London  
Electrical Treatments  
X-Rays  
Rheumatism, Neuritis, Chronic and Nervous Diseases a specialty.  
Phone 4710 Residence phone 5710  
Residence, 267 Piccadilly St.

NOTICE!  
Our buyers, WM. MUIRHEAD and DUGALD MCINTYRE, will take Cream and Eggs at Huron's office, Glencoe. Wagons will also be collecting. Cash paid for eggs. Get our proposition about cream. Phone 1663.  
SILVERWOODS, LIMITED  
Box No. 56.

## District and General.

Miss Mary Jamieson has resigned as teacher of Crinan school.

Seven cattle and several sheep were killed on a farm near Florence.

Mrs. John Erskine of West Lorne died on Friday in her 90th year.

Women have been admitted to the Vestries of the Synod of Huron.

Potatoes have dropped in price in New York from \$12 to \$4 a barrel.

London has contracted for a million feet of natural gas a day at 20c per 1,000.

T. Foster, Metcalfe township, had four horses killed in a recent electrical storm.

West Lorne canning factory has prospects of an unusually large output this season.

A South Yarmouth farmer was fined \$1 and \$8.20 costs for allowing his cattle to graze on the highway.

The Toronto Hydro-Electric system had a surplus profit of \$18,307 last year, on a gross income of \$1,706,177.

Jordan Snelgrove, 16-year-old son of George Snelgrove, nearly lost his arm at the wrist while cranking his father's auto.

An outbreak of diphtheria in an English town was traced to the habit of school children wetting lead pencils in their mouths.

Rev. H. W. McTavish of Muncey has recovered from a long and severe illness and is again able to take charge of his pastoral work.

John C. Snell, editor of the Farmer's Advocate, died in Victoria, Hospital last week, following an illness of several weeks' duration.

Lieut.-Gen. Currie, recently placed in command of the Canadian forces at the front, was born at Napperton, three miles from Stratroy.

The barn of Robert Vogan mail courier, near Rodney, was burned by lightning while Mr. Vogan was on his route. Loss, \$900; insurance, \$400.

The Canadian wool clip is estimated at 12,000,000 pounds of wool this year, which, selling at an average of 45 cents, means an income of \$5,400,000.

Archibald McLean, one of the oldest residents of Elgin county, died last week at his home near Port Burwell, aged 96 years. He came to Canada when a lad of 13 years.

The lawn social at Argyle church, Crinan, on Thursday night was quite a success and \$50 were realized by the young people. Many were prevented from going by rain and cold.

A Stratford solicitor will endeavor to collect subscriptions to the patriotic fund now in arrears. About twenty per cent of the money promised has not been paid, mostly by people able to pay.

The death occurred in Dunwich on Monday at noon of Truman Welsh, one of the oldest residents of that township. Mr. Welsh, who was 80 years of age, leaves his wife, two sons and three daughters.

Mrs. Finch, an aged lady of Sarnia, was knocked down by a bicyclist riding on the sidewalk in that town and died the next day from injuries received. The driver was arrested but a conviction was not secured.

Rev. Howard D. Borley of Flint, Mich., formerly of Mount Brydges, has offered his services to the U. S. government and has been selected for an important position in connection with the army that will go to France.

If the weather is favourable, Ontario's potato crop this year will be larger than in an average year and considerably larger than that of last year, according to a statement authorized by Sir William Hearst, Premier and Minister of Agriculture.

An inquiry is being made at Ottawa regarding the waste attendant on the present way of grinding flour, where by the starchy or finest of the flour is given us for bread but the most nutritive and healthy portions of the grain is fed to our hogs and cattle. Whole wheat flour will be next.

In the Highway Travel Act, as amended at the recent session, a new rule is made with regard to the right-of-way at cross-roads. This rule applies to all vehicles, whether horse-drawn or motor-driven. Where vehicles meet at cross-roads or at cross-streets, the driver must give the vehicle coming towards his right the right-of-way.

At the Baptist convention held in Mount Brydges last week, the subject of raising money for church work was discussed at some length. It was argued that methods of raising money for church work should be such as would meet with the approbation of God. Entertainments were thought useful for social purposes but should not be used for raising funds for religious purposes. The coupon method and duplicate envelope systems were urged as the most useful and up-to-date methods of gathering in the church funds. The opinion was strongly expressed that tea meetings were more of a hindrance than a help to church work.

I. B. Webster, a prominent resident of Dresden, is dead in his 75th year. He conducted a livery there for 18 years and later was in the shoe business. Then he ran a stove mill for three years, but this was destroyed by fire. For five years he was a foreman for the Sutherland-Innes Co. For the past 20 years Mr. Webster has conducted a private banking and brokerage business. He was reeve of the town for several years, and for 10 years a Justice of the Peace. Surviving relatives are the widow; one son, Dr. William Webster of Chicago; three brothers, Henry of Dresden, Alexander of Wallaceburg and Robert of Newbury; and one sister, Mrs. Sarah Smith of Dresden.

## Glencoe Public School.

The following promotions have been made by the teachers on the examinations held last week. Names are not in order of merit. Pupils taking the inspector's papers will be reported later:

Jr. IV, to Sr. IV.—Jean McEachern, Hazel McAlpine, Jessie Currie, Frances Struthland, Sarah Mitchell, R. D. McDonald, Lloyd Farrell. Recommended—Jean Irwin, Willie McMillan.

Jr. III, to Sr. III.—Nuala Stuart, John Simpson, Willie Stinson, Leslie Reeves, Ethel George, Florence McEachern, Ethel George, Margaret McDonald, John Hillman, Grace Dalgety. Recommended—Muriel Weekes, Arlie Parrott, Clarence Leitch.

Jr. II, to Sr. II.—Daisy Dorman, Vada Wehlmann, Martin Abbott, Charles Davenport, Thelma McCaffery, Evelyn McEachern, Sutherland, Wilfred Haghighi, Clifford Stinson, Willie Kelly, Isabel McCracken, Willie Anderson.

Primer to Class I.—Bessie McKellar, Fred George, Charlie George, Frank Sillett, Tom Hillman, Albert Diamond, George Kelly.

The Late Rev. W. J. Taylor.

Rev. W. J. Taylor, rector of St. James' Anglican church, St. Marys, for 27 years, died on June 22nd after a long illness of several months.

He was operated upon at the rectory after having been in attendance at the Synod in London. Deceased was 72 years old. He was born in England, and before coming to Canada was in the offices of the Colonial and Continental Church Society in London, England. He was ordained in Canada and was appointed first to the parish of Wardsville. He served there for a number of years, later going to Trinity church, Mitchell, and finally to St. Marys. Dean Taylor's only son, Rev. Dr. Wm. Edington Taylor, has been one of the Church of England's big men in missionary and educational work in China, where he has done a great work, and where he is associated for some time with Dr. John H. Mott. In addition to his son, Mr. Taylor is survived by two daughters, Miss Edith Taylor, at home, and Mrs. D. G. Voice of St. Marys.

Barn Raising at Crinan.

Malcolm McAlpine, who recently purchased the A. S. McMillan farm, Crinan, erected the frame for a barn 70x40 feet in size, on a 9-foot cement wall, last week. The main portion of the barn was out of the old barn erected on the farm 63 years ago, and torn down a short time ago by Mr. McAlpine. The shingles on the old barn were hand made, the timber having been secured in the township of Dunwich.

David Stuart, who in his 92nd year, helped make the shingles for the old barn. Mr. Stuart was present at the raising 63 years ago, and was also there when the frame was again raised Friday. The original shingles were taken off the old barn by Mr. McAlpine. Mr. Stuart says that the first raising twelve gallons of whiskey were used to keep up the spirits of the men, while Friday only water was supplied, and the quantity consumed was considerably under twelve gallons.

Hunt-Watterworth.

Aylmer, June 28.—A pretty church wedding was solemnized in Trinity Church on Wednesday at 12 o'clock noon when Rev. Murray Hunt, of St. John's church, Dover, East Kent County, and son of Z. Hunt of Mount Salem, was married to Miss Nettie Watterworth of Wardsville.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. Charles Miles, B. A., rector of the church, in the presence of immediate relatives.

Miss Watterworth, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and Fred Hunt, brother of the bridegroom, was groomsmen.

E. A. Miller, barrister, of this place, gave the bride away. Mrs. Campbell played the Wedding March.

After the ceremony all motored to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Z. Hunt, Mount Salem, where a wedding dinner was served, after which the happy couple left by auto for Chatham and Detroit to spend their honeymoon.

Mosa Council.

A meeting of Mosa council was held at Newbury on June 16th, 1917. Members all present. The minutes of the last meeting were read, approved and signed.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by R. W. McKellar, that C. S. Morrison be appointed to have the township portion of the Johnston award drain constructed. Carried.

Moved by R. W. McKellar, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that Stephen Fenwick be paid \$50 for work done on Government drain No. 2. Carried.

Moved by F. J. James, seconded by J. D. McNaughton, that Wm. Stocks be paid \$95 for work done on Government drain No. 3. Carried.

Moved by R. W. McKellar, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that F. J. James be appointed to have the township portion of the Brown award drain repaired. Carried.

Moved by C. S. Morrison, seconded by R. W. McKellar, that Duncan R. McAlpine be paid \$5 for refund of statute labor. Carried.

Moved by R. W. McKellar, seconded by C. S. Morrison, that Duncan C. Munro be appointed weed inspector for the township. Carried.

The council adjourned to meet at Glencoe on July 21st, at 10 o'clock a. m. C. C. McNAUGHTON, Clerk.

## Presbyterian Anniversary.

Anniversary services of the Glencoe Presbyterian Church were held on Sunday and were well attended. Rain in the morning did not prevent the pews being filled, and in the evening, when the services in the other local churches were cancelled, there was a crowded house.

Rev. Dr. Harold Marlatt, Rev. Dr. Gandier, principal of Knox College, was the preacher. His discourses were impressive and timely applications of the Word.

At the morning service Dr. Gandier spoke from Phil. III, 13-14, "This one thing I do, forgetting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before."

The sermon was appropriate as well for a national as a church anniversary. Reviewing some of the great strides that had been made in a material way by the Dominion since Confederation it was opportune to estimate what progress had been made in a spiritual way. Germany had taken the lead in the arts and sciences, yet it was this very thing that intensified her bitterness and atrocity in the war now being waged as a result of eliminating Christ from materialism. Wars would not cease—there could be no permanent or universal peace—until the world was Christianized not only in name but in reality.

The evening sermon was on Sacrifice, with the text from John XII, 24. "Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die, it abideth alone; but if it die, it bringeth forth much fruit."

Dr. Gandier related the story of two noble students of Knox who had made the supreme sacrifice at the front, through whose death he felt the world would reap in time to come a rich and lasting reward. He urged a greater sacrifice for missionary work.

The musical part of the services was a credit to the choir, who were greatly assisted by Miss George of Alveston.

On Monday evening a garden party was given on the same grounds by the ladies of the Willing Workers' Society. An enjoyable social time was had and a splendid program of music, readings, etc., was listened to. Rev. Mr. Lloyd, pastor, presided. There was an apt speech by Mr. Elliott, M. L. A.; selections by the West Lorne orchestra, readings by Miss Jean Walker of London, solos by Miss Wena George of Alveston, and numbers by the male vocal quartette, and songs by W. J. Strachan, Garfield Munroe and Hector McLean. Net proceeds were about \$100.

Judgment in Local Case.

At Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Thursday, in the case of Poole vs. Wilson.—J. C. Elliott (Glencoe) for plaintiff. F. E. Perrin for Wilson. C. H. Ivey for guarantee company. Action by division court having to recover \$804.55 from executrix of last will of George Wilson, deceased, balance of fees for services rendered by plaintiff and alleged to have been received by defendant and not paid over to plaintiff.

Judgment:—There will be judgment against executrix out of the goods and lands of testator in her hands for amount claimed, with costs, and interest at six per cent, and against the company for amount due on new computation at five per cent, in each case with costs. All payments by executor in excess of amount for which estate solely liable to be credited on judgment against company, and company to be subrogated to claim against estate if it pays. Ten days' stay.

Oddfellows' Installation.

District Deputy Grand Master W. W. Watts and installing team from Thesville visited Glencoe I. O. O. F. Lodge on Tuesday evening and installed the following officers:—

J. P. G. .... P. E. Lumley  
N. G. .... J. W. Smith  
V. G. .... W. A. Hagerty  
R. S. .... A. G. Grant  
P. S. .... Fred. Gough  
Treas. .... A. J. Wright  
Warden .... Mac McKellar  
Conductor .... John Hayer  
O. G. .... Geo. A. Parrott  
I. G. .... Dan Munroe  
R. S. N. G. .... B. F. Clarke  
L. S. N. G. .... C. E. Davidson  
B. S. V. G. .... J. A. Jones  
L. S. V. G. .... J. A. Jones  
R. S. S. .... John Tomlinson  
L. S. S. .... M. O. McAlpine  
Chap. .... J. E. Roome

Board of Agriculture.

The annual meeting of West Middlesex Board of Agriculture was held at Appin on Thursday, June 28th, with a widely representative attendance. The work of the board during the past year was reviewed and plans made for the coming season's work, including two days' special meetings at Appin, judging classes at Glencoe and Stratroy on live stock and on grain and seeds at Wardsville and Muncey. Further meetings will be held at Mount Brydges, Delaware and Longwood.

Officers elected were as follows:—President, Donald A. Graham, Stratroy; vice-president, Harry B. Brodie, Muncey; sec.-treasurer, Chas. M. Macfie, Appin; executive, J. M. Beaton, A. D. Limon, I. Pincombe and Martin Johnson.

Resolutions were passed protesting to the Railway Commission on behalf of the live stock breeders of West Middlesex against any increase of freight rates as proposed against registered live stock by the Canadian railways, and also respecting the question of the food controller of Canada to consult with representative agricultural organizations in Canada in all measures to be taken in connection with production or marketing of Canada's farm products during the continuance of the war.

## Serious Motor Accident.

Four Chatham men bound for London on a motor trip were injured, two of them perhaps fatally, when their car was wrecked on the Longwoods Road, half a mile west of Stratburn, Monday afternoon. Speeding along at about 40 miles an hour, a light touring car, driven by Harold Marlatt, struck a slightly raised spot on the otherwise smooth road just opposite the farm of Nat Currie. The machine rocketed from side to side then somersaulted, throwing the occupants out, and crashed broadside into a large tree. Mr. Currie, who witnessed the accident, found all the men unconscious. Doctors were telephoned for and the men were carried into Mr. Currie's house.

Joe Glover was so terribly injured that his removal is impossible, and he is now at Mr. Currie's home under the care of Dr. Walker. His chances for recovery, at first thought to be slight, are now improved. His collarbone is broken, several ribs are fractured and he is in great internal pain.

Harold Marlatt was taken to Chatham Hospital on the limited express Monday night. His injuries are also quite serious, with his face and head one mass of lumps and bruises.

George Denger and Lonnie Hassan, the other occupants of the car, while badly bruised and cut, escaped serious injury. They returned with Marlatt to Chatham.

According to the less seriously injured members of the party, this stretch of road was the best they had reached on their trip and the machine was stopped for a short time. People whom they passed on the road say their car was running fully forty miles an hour and were anticipating what happened.

Metcalfe Council.

Meeting of Metcalfe council held June 25th, 1917. Members all present. Minutes read, approved and signed.

Orders to the amount of \$2,070.95 were paid.

The request of W. H. Sterling to have the Brown drain cleaned or repaired was granted and the clerk was instructed to have township engineer examine the drain and report.

The petition of Angus McCallum and others to have the McCallum award drain changed to a municipal drain was also granted.

Nearly \$800 was paid for culvert and work opposite lot 8, con. 5 and 6, caused by a washout.

Council adjourned to Monday, August 6, at 10 a. m.

HARRY THOMPSON, Clerk.

WARDSVILLE

Twenty-two pupils wrote at the entrance examination.

Mr. Sheppard has resigned his position as principal of the public school.

Miss Zoller has resigned her position as teacher in the McGregory school, Aldborough.

Mrs. Robert McLean has returned from New York, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Edith.

Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Wilson purpose spending July with their daughter, Mrs. J. E. McLarty, at Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Douglas Brinson, son of Harry Brinson, rural mail carrier of route 1, Aldborough, has enlisted and is now in training at London.

Robert Yates has several men employed in a waterworks system where by he expects to generate sufficient electric power to run his several enterprises.

AUCTION SALES

On south half lot 20, range 2 north of lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, on one-half-acre, 1 mare, 1 yearling, and foal by Gatling; 1 mare, 3 years old, Percheron; 1 mare, 3 years old, roaster; 1 mare, 2 years old, roaster; 1 yearling, 1 year old, roaster; 1 road mare, good driver; 1 gelding, rising 8 years old, general purpose; 2 cows giving milk, 3 and 5 years of age; 1 cow, 6 years old, due to freshen shortly; 2 fat cows, farrow; 3 heifers in good condition; 1 cow, 4 years old, lately freshened; 2 1-year-old heifers, 1 1-year-old steer, 4 spring calves; 1 Deering binder, 6-foot cut, nearly new; 1 Deering mower, 6-foot cut, nearly new; 1 hay-loader, International; 1 side delivery rake, 1 wagon, broad tire; 2 top buggies, 1 nearly new; 1 Deering disc seed drill, 13 tubes, nearly new; 1 spring-tooth cultivator; 1 2-horse corn cultivator, nearly new; 1 corn binder, 1 hand roller, 1 sulky plow, nearly new, Cock-shutt; 1 2-furrow plow; 1 walking plow, Fleury; 1 Bissell disc harrow, nearly new; 1 set of lance-tooth harrows; 1 set of straight-tooth harrows; 1 set of bobbleheads, 1 hay and stock rack combined; 1 gravel box, nearly new; 1 fanning mill and bagger; 1 set of double harness nearly new; 1 set of single harness nearly new; 1 cream separator; 1 rope about 150 feet long; new; 1 gasoline engine, 100 bushels of oats, a quantity of lumber, whiffletrees, forks, neckyokes, and other articles. Wm. B. Eddie, proprietor; L. L. McTaggart, auctioneer.

On north half lot 2, con. 3, Moss, on Friday, July 6, at 1:30—springers and fresh milkers, also some horses and hogs. Watch for bills.—D. D. Graham, proprietor; J. W. Laidlaw and L. L. McTaggart, auctioneers.

Use the "Special Notices" column in this paper if you have anything to buy or sell. It is the quickest and most economical way of reaching many hundreds of people throughout the district.

# Farm Crop Queries



Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the views of acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.

**Question—V. B.**—Will you please give me a little advice about hog pasture? I had a hog lot which I manured and intend to summer fallow. It was clover last year. I have a grass pasture for the hogs now. What is the best to sow on this lot? Can I sow grass seed and have a grass pasture next year, and what kind?

**Answer:**—I would advise you to plow the lot in question, and carefully disk and harrow it. Then sow a mixture of grass seed somewhat as follows:

- 10 lbs. common red clover
- 8 lbs. timothy
- 2 lbs. alsike

Total 20 lbs. per acre.

This should be distributed evenly and harrowed in thoroughly. If the ground is rather open in texture, I would advise you to roll it and then follow with a light harrowing. In order to insure a good catch of grass, would recommend that you add 200 pounds per acre of a fertilizer carrying 2 to 3% ammonia, 8 to 10% phosphoric acid and possibly 1% potash. Distribute this evenly just after the ground is plowed, so that the disking and harrowing will work it into the soil before the grass seed is sown.

**Question—E. B.**—How should orchard grass be sown and how cultivated? I have twice sown orchard grass with barley without success. What caused the failure? When is the best time to sow orchard grass, in September, or October or the Spring? How much should be sown to the acre?

**Answer:**—If the orchard grass seed is of first quality, from 18 to 20 pounds per acre is sufficient. Otherwise, increase the quantity up to 30 pounds per acre. Probably your difficulty in seeding orchard grass with barley is that you have used too much barley and smothered out the grass. Do not use over a bushel of barley per acre when growing this crop as a nurse crop. Furthermore, orchard grass is rather slow becoming established. The first year it looks very weak. The second year root stalk have developed and a vigorous stand is present. It does not reach maximum growth until the third year. The best time to seed orchard grass in

**Question—A. W. B.**—I am very much troubled with chess or cheat in my crops. Will you kindly let me know the cause and how to get rid of it?

**Answer:**—Chess or cheat is one of the brome-grasses which seeds about the time the wheat ripens. The seeds are usually scattered by the cutting of the wheat. In preparing seed wheat it is difficult to separate them. Hence, they are spread year to year at the time the wheat is sown. It is a comparatively easy matter to get rid of the pest by planting your crops in a rotation where wheat does not follow wheat for two or three years. Clean cultivation and planting of good clean seed will quickly rid you of the pest.

**Question—R. S.**—What is the best time to make a meadow, in the Fall or in the Spring? How much seed is required for an acre?

**Answer:**—As a rule, in Ontario best meadows are established in spring. Fall plow the land and leave it in rough furrow until spring. As soon as it is dry enough to work in spring, disk and harrow it to a smooth seed-bed, then sow a grass and clover mixture, using either wheat, barley or oats as a nurse crop. Best results are obtained from using wheat or barley as nurse crops, since these grains ripen early and are soon removed from the ground. Do not seed the nurse crop too heavily. A bushel and a peck is usually sufficient to the acre when using as a nurse crop. For a grass mixture the following is common in Ontario:

- 10 lbs. common red clover
- 4 lbs. alsike
- 6 lbs. timothy
- 20 lbs. per acre.

Make sure of the quality of the seed by testing a couple of hundred seeds between blotters. Dampen the blotters and place them on a plate, putting the quantity of seed you are testing between them. Keep the blotters damp but not soaked, and if testing during the winter keep the test in a warm part of the house. In a week or ten days the seed will have sprouted and you can estimate the percent of good vigorous seed. This insures the using of seed that will grow. It does not matter how well you prepare your ground, if you do not use good vigorous seed results will not be most satisfactory.

In order to insure a good catch I would advise drilling in at seeding time about 200 pounds of fertilizer analyzing 1 to 2% ammonia and 10 to 12% available phosphoric acid at the time that you are sowing the grain and grass in spring. This available plantfood gives to the grass and clover what whole milk gives to the young growing calf. It is rich in available plantfood which will greatly assist in insuring a good catch of both clover and timothy. It will also help the grain crop.

**To Hold a Cookbook Open.**

The most satisfactory thing with which to keep a cookbook open when in use is a sheet of glass bound with passe-partout binding and kept for this purpose. The book is opened wide, and the glass laid over the opened pages not only keeps your place but prevents the pages from becoming soiled while in use.

Fools learn nothing from wise men, but wise men learn much from fools.

The law of booty governing the Israelites is given in Num. xxxi. 26-47. Booty consisted of captives of both sexes, cattle and whatever a captured city might contain, especially metallic treasures.

**Piano Firm 18 Years Older than Confederation**

On July first Canada celebrated the semi-centennial celebration of Confederation.

Looking back over the progress accomplished in Canada during those years, the many remarkable achievements seem hardly possible.

The industries of Canada have progressed by step as the population increased. Among the older "truly Canadian" firms is The Williams Piano Co., Ltd., of Oshawa, Ont., makers of the famous Williams New Scale Piano.

R. S. Williams came from England and established this concern in 1849—68 years ago. Canadians will feel proud to know that they have such a "truly Canadian" piano—the Williams New Scale, which they can be proud to place in their home. The Williams Piano Co. at Oshawa will be glad to send interesting points concerning the "Artist Choice" piano, free upon request.

Make your Strawberry Preserves with Lantic Sugar

Extra Quality Granulated

10, 20 and 100-lb. sacks  
2 and 5-lb. cartons

A book of preserving labels FREE if you send us a red ball trade-mark cut from a Lantic Sugar bag or carton.

Atlantic Sugar Refineries Limited  
Power Bldg., MONTREAL

the pure cane sugar with "FINE" granulation that dissolves instantly, giving a clear bright syrup.

**Poultry**

Market Calendar.

The culling of non-layers from the flock should be continued throughout July. The season of high production is over and at the high price of feed, it does not pay to keep hens as boarders throughout the summer.

Sell in July old hens, broilers, green ducks and old ducks.

Secrets in Securing Layers.

An egg-laying strain can not be produced by inbreeding. In order for a hen to be a good producer, she must be in good health and full of vigor. Use a male that was bred from a hen that laid 200 eggs or more in a year. Breed for high averages instead of exceptionally high individuals. A good layer usually stands high in front and her back is not on a level, or the rear higher than the front. The best producers usually have large combs, a high tail, and a prominent, large bright eye. Prefer the wedge shape, rather narrow in front but wide behind, and wide between the legs. A hen inclined to be squirrel-tailed is the best layer.

Not always the largest hen is the best layer; generally the smallest one. The heavy laying hens are those with white legs.

A tight-feathered bird is a better layer than a loose-feathered one.

As a rule, the first pullets of a brood to begin laying make the best layers, and the first cockerels to crow usually make the best breeders for egg production.

The laying hen is usually nervous and active; she has a strong appetite, evidenced by a full crop at night; she is the last to retire at night and the first to be about in the morning; she is also late to molt in the fall; she is distinguished by width and depth of abdomen; the comb is usually large and the eye bright.

An authority says that an examination of the earlobe is considered to be almost infallible. A chalky white earlobe indicates that a bird is laying heavily, whereas a cream-colored one shows that the bird is laying moderately, has just started or has just stopped. A milk-colored earlobe shows that the hen has laid slightly or has stopped laying. A very yellow or dark earlobe indicates that the hen has not laid at all. A extremely white earlobe also may mean very low vitality. The more velvety the texture of the hen's comb the better her health, and it is almost a certain sign that she is laying heavily.

**A SNAKE GARDEN.**

Venomous Serpents Preserved as Subjects For Scientific Study.

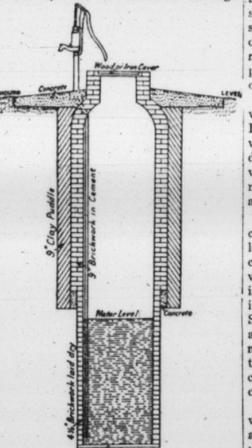
At Butanta, Brazil, there is the most remarkable and repulsive garden in the world. It is seven hundred acres in extent, and is a garden of venomous serpents, which are maintained for purely scientific purposes. There are laboratories which produce serums for the cure and prevention of the effects of snake-bite. The snakes are kept in a small park in order that their habits and the best methods of escaping their attacks may be studied.

## WELLS AND THEIR CONSTRUCTION

Special Care Should be Exercised to Ensure a Pure and Abundant Supply of Water For Home Use.

Apart from municipal water works, our water supply is secured almost entirely from wells. Especially in the rural areas and in the smaller villages. It is of primary importance that the well be properly constructed, that it be situated far from any source of possible pollution, and that the water be of satisfactory quality.

The safest form of well is the deep, or bored, well, carried down through



the pump or other elevating means at the top. Around this well, a concrete platform should be laid of at least eight feet diameter, sloping away from the well, to prevent surplus water, or water from melting snow, working down alongside the pipe.

The shallow, or dug, well is much more common. This type is usually the most carelessly constructed and the source of much danger to health. Such a well, however, may be constructed in a manner as to be safe, in so far as the collecting and containing of the water supply is concerned. It must be understood that no well can possibly be satisfactory if the source of the water supply is polluted.

The illustration herewith shows a well which is as safe as possible. For the upper nine feet the well is watertight, the sloping platform diverts the surplus water from the well, and the top of the wall is carried above the level and provided with an absolutely tight cover.

The pump has been placed on the concrete platform, on the ground level, the pipe is embedded in the concrete and carried to the bottom of the well where the water is coldest. There is considerable advantage in not having the pump at the top of the well. Surplus water is continually spilled, and, as more or less mud, barnyard manure, etc., is carried on the boots of those using the well, this water becomes polluted and seeps through the cover.

In many summer resorts, defective wells are the cause of much sickness, and many cases of typhoid among urban residents have been traced to this source. Too much care cannot be exercised in seeing that drinking water—one of the essentials of life—is thoroughly protected.

## Your Problems

Conducted by Mrs. Helen Law

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. All correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

**Mrs. E. C.**—1. To preserve strawberries in the sunshine, place in a preserving kettle in layers as many pounds of sugar as of sound ripe berries, which have been hulled and washed, and when the juice is drawn out a little set it over the fire to cook; let cook twenty minutes after boiling begins. Turn the berries into earthen or enameled plates, cover each with a pane of glass to fit lightly over the top and place in the sun. Let stand two days, stirring two or three times each day. At the end of this time place in sterilized jars, seal and store them without reheating. 2. To give the hair a dry shampoo take one cupful of cornmeal, warm it in the oven, add one-quarter cupful salt to it, mix well, then holding the head over a cloth or newspaper rub the meal into the scalp. Brush thoroughly.

**Peggy**—1. Red Cross Societies are an outgrowth of the convention of Geneva, Switzerland, held in 1864. 2. Yes, the South Pole was discovered by Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer, who reached it on December 16, 1911. Robert Falcon Scott, the English naval officer and explorer, reached the South Pole on January 18, 1912, only to find the Norwegian flag and records left by Amundsen. Scott perished on the return trip.

**Mrs. S. T.**—1. Aphids or plant lice and black fly are the insects injuring your currants and gooseberries. They usually attack the new leaves and tips. Frequent spraying with some of the tobacco preparations or whale oil soap has a good effect. If the fruit is not more than half formed put in the soap and tobacco solution one tablespoonful of arsenate of lead paste or one-half tablespoonful of arsenate of lead powder or one teaspoonful of paris green to a gallon of the spray. If the fruit is well formed this is too poisonous to use and as a substitute you can use Hellebore, one ounce to a gallon of water. Hellebore is a mild poison and must be bought fresh each time, as it loses its virtue on opening. It gives the back of the hand is obnoxious. 3. I am told that a paste of molasses and flour will remove grass stains from colored fabrics without effecting the color. 4. To remove grass stains from white flannel trousers, dissolve one cupful washing soda in two cupfuls water, heat the solution, make a suds of naphtha soap, immerse the stain and rub gently. Ammonia and one pint bran, one-half teaspoonful paris green and one teaspoonful molasses with enough water to moisten to a thick dough. Put a little of this along the rows, and the cutworms will eat it and die. In the fall dig in a good lot of quicklime in the affected ground, after the garden crops are all in. Care should be taken to keep children and domestic animals from the poison bait.

**Mother**—1. To protect the child from flies and mosquitoes, make a

**Horse Sense**

Flatulent colic may be caused by change in food, too much succulent or easily fermented food, as green clover, etc. It is indicated by uneasiness, stamping, pawing, rolling, etc., with continuous pain of varying intensity. Bloating soon occurs, more noticeable on the right side.

Drench with 2 to 3 oz. oil of turpentine in a pint of raw linseed oil, and if necessary repeat in 2 hours. Give rectal injections of warm soapy water. If pain be excessive give drench of 1½ oz. each of laudanum, sweet spirits of nitre and tincture of belladonna in a pint of water. Repeat in 2 hours if necessary.

Make the horse understand what you want him to do. Kind words and caressing touches will improve both his mind and his temper. You will never fail in this way unless you delay the beginning too long.

When he is afraid of harness, papers, or machines it is not affection—it is serious business with him. Flogging will not remove it. Convince him by talking that he is wrong and then you will cure him.

Whipping is likely to send his hot blood from his heart to his head, deluging his sensitive brain and driving him to a frenzy or blinding him with fear.

When he is old enough to set up in business for himself he should be taught the horse alphabet—the halter, bit, harness, the words that mean "come," "go on," "stop," "back" and the feeling of pleasure under the owner's hand. These should all be familiar from colthood up. Horses whose education is begun early will always develop a good character. They will never be balky, scary, nor will they be biters, kickers or have a tendency to run away.

Some horses will become frightened and will kick when given a dry-straw bedding. This probably means that at one time he was hurt with a pitchfork. He isn't wicked but nervous. Teach him that there is no danger.

**A Great Remedy**

DR. HENDERSON'S Herb Treatment (tablets), the great blood purifier, will cure rheumatism, constipation, eczema, kidney, liver, stomach and female troubles. Price \$1.00 with guarantee or 5 boxes for \$5.00. Postpaid. Henderson Herb Co., Dept. W., 172 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

## Health

The Value of Fruit Acids.

Many persons are afraid of fruits because of the acids which they think they contain. Professor Bunge, of Basle, has shown that the acids of fruit are valuable as nutrients, a given weight of the acids of lemons, apples, or grapes—citric, malic, or tartaric—being equal in nutritive value to one-half the quantity of starch or sugar.

Acids are valuable as disinfectants to the stomach, thus correcting certain disease processes. Only those suffering from gastric ulcer or chronic catarrh of the stomach or intestines need avoid acid fruits, and even in such cases fruits may gradually be introduced into the diet, providing proper curative measures are adopted. Fruit acids increase intestinal activity, and thus relieve constipation. They are extremely valuable for persons subject to biliousness, coated tongue, gallstones, chronic rheumatism, Bright's disease and gout. The acids of fruits become alkalies after digestion and oxidation, hence do not produce an acid state of the blood, as do mineral acids.

The great quantity of apples usually found in most parts of the country renders it an easy matter to secure an abundant supply of fruit acid in the form of canned apple juice, or sweet cider. Apples should be selected, washed and made into clear juice, which may easily be canned in glass jars or jugs at a very small expense. Half a pint of fresh apple juice (unfermented) taken a half hour before each meal and on going to bed at night is an excellent remedy for "biliousness" and constipation.

Acid fruits of all kinds should enter more freely into the average bill of fare. The nutritive value of fruits is small, but the value of fruit acids for purifying the stomach and alimentary canal and increasing the activity of the kidneys and liver gives to this class of foods a high value.

**How To Purify Water.**

Water, which looks so harmless and tastes all right while it is going down, and seems so refreshing, may, however, contain the deadliest germs of disease.

In a big city the water supply is regularly inspected by bacteriologists, people trained in the special work of testing the purity of the water. Therefore, the danger of using the water out of the tap is not great. When special pollution occurs the public is supposed to be notified at once by the authorities, so that they may take precautions.

In the country or in small cities, where the water is not regularly inspected and where there is any uncertainty regarding its purity, it is always advisable to use a good deal of caution. Personal protection becomes necessary.

The water should be either boiled or filtered or chemically purified with chlorinated lime.

Reliable filters are easily obtainable. For household use there are excellent filters, which render the water practically free from dangerous organisms. Those that are made of porous earthenware, which can be taken from its place and cleaned by boiling, and thus can be used indefinitely, are particularly good.

Whether or not the water you drink is clean may mean whether you live or die.

**WHEN IS A GLASS FULL?**

How You Can Place Various Objects in a Glass "Full" of Water.

Why is it that when a pail of water is brimming full, one can put a fish of a pound weight into it, and yet it will not overflow?

A very ancient conundrum; and the answer, of course, is that such a thing is not possible.

Nevertheless, you can do some very surprising "stunts" in much the same line with a glassful or a cupful of water. You may fill the receptacle to the very brim, and yet put quite a lot of junk of one kind or another into it without making it overflow.

It is necessary, however, to place the glass on a table that is perfectly horizontal. And the water must be poured into it, slowly and carefully, in such a way as to avoid wetting the edge.

Then you can drop a pin into it, point first, without causing it to overflow. You can drop several pins, two or three at a time. In fact, if you do it right, you can drop sixty or eighty ordinary pins into the glass, and still the water will not trickle over the edge.

The reason why is simply that the edge is not wet, and on this account it is possible literally to pile up the water perceptibly higher than the level of the brim.

The same thing can be done with tacks or with coins.

Put up more food this year than ever when packing for winter use. Clean up the old coffee grinder, or buy a new one, and grind your own corn meal for griddle cakes, muffins and bread. If you do not like bread made of corn meal alone, use some wheat flour with it. Since home ground corn meal does not keep long, it is better to use whole corn by the bushel and grind for meal as needed.

## The Doings of the Duffs.



# FOOD CONTROLLER STATES THE NEED OF STRICT ECONOMY

### Issues An Appeal to the People of Canada Urging Increased Production—Adoption of War Menus and Elimination of Waste.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—In a statement issued Thursday night Hon. W. J. Hanna, the newly-appointed Food Controller, reviews the food situation in Canada, emphasizes the need of the allies, urges economy and the prevention of waste in food, and bespeaks wholehearted public co-operation.

Mr. Hanna's statement reads in part: "The outstanding fact of the food situation, which it is imperative that every citizen of Canada should realize at once, is that Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and European allies are wholly unable to supply the allied armies at the front and on the way. For nearly three years their manpower has been engaged in the direct work of war, and in some cases large areas of their most productive lands have been over-run by the enemy. Their food shortage and the food to supply the armies of Canada and the United States must be wholly provided from this side of the Atlantic. The supply must also be sufficient to cover losses at sea. Australia, New Zealand, the Argentine Republic and other countries are not now available to relieve the situation because of their re-

sources and the shortage of tonnage. "The crop of storable foods grown in Canada and the United States suitable for shipment overseas threatens to be entirely inadequate to meet the demand unless the whole people determine by every means in their power to make up the deficit in their power. It is under a direct obligation to assist in rationing the allied forces. There must be national self-denial and national co-operation to provide the necessary supplies.

"Time and investigation will be required to determine the best means of assuring adequate rations for the Canadian divisions and the allied armies. But these are some measures that are so obviously right that we ask that they be adopted at once and that the men and women of the Dominion pledge themselves to their observance. They include: "Maximum production; the largest possible consumption of perishable foodstuffs in order to liberate the storable foods for transportation; the adoption of war menus; the prevention of food waste; the utilization and creation of organized volunteer bodies to assist the Food Controller in increasing and conserving the food supplies."

# U.S. TROOPS REACH FRANCE

### Advance Guard of Powerful Army to be Sent to War Against Germany.

A despatch from Washington says: The advance guard of the mighty army the United States is preparing to send against Germany reached France on Wednesday night. In defiance of the German submarines, thousands of seasoned regulars and marines, trained fighting men with the tan of long service on the Mexican border, or in Haiti or Santo Domingo still on their faces, have been hastened overseas to fight beside the French, the British, the Belgian, the Russian, the Portuguese and the Italian troops on the western front.

The American forces will be a net gain to the allies. It will throw no single burden of supply or equipment on them. The troops will be fed, clothed, armed and equipped by the United States. Around them at the camp on French soil on Wednesday night were being stored supplies that will keep them going for months, and more will follow.

# NEW GREEK CABINET TAKES OATH OF OFFICE.

### Enthusiastic Populace at Athens Hail the Venizelos Ministry.

A despatch from Athens says:—The new Greek Ministry, headed by M. Venizelos, took the oath at the Palace on Wednesday, and was acclaimed by an enthusiastic crowd on returning to the Government building, where M. Venizelos delivered a speech from a balcony warmly thanking the people for their plaudits. Strong military precautions had been taken to prevent possible disorders, but they proved unnecessary, as the malcontents showing themselves were in a small minority.

# U.S. FORESTRY UNITS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

A despatch from London says:—Ten units of American woodmen sent over by New England states and organizations to turn various forests of the United Kingdom into lumber have arrived in England. The woodmen brought with them not only the necessary machinery, but were fully equipped in every way, even to lubricating oils. Their arrival found them ready to establish their sawmills and began work at once.

# ENEMY HOLDS DESPERATELY TO AVION, LAST DEFENCE OF LENS

### Gave Up His Trenches Leading to Village Only Under Strong Compulsion—Canadian Heavy Artillery Pounding at Final Teuton Stand.

A despatch from the Canadian Headquarters in France, says:—The enemy clings tenaciously to Avion. He gave up his trenches, which were on a slope leading up to the village, a little over a quarter of a mile from the first houses, only under strong compulsion. They were dug in chalk, and our artillery observers had no difficulty in seeing the effect of every shell dropped in them. His new line is immediately in front of the most westerly row of houses in Avion. It is connected with cellars and dugouts in the village, to which the occupants can retire when heavily shelled. Strong Canadian patrols were sent out during last night along most of the front to learn something of the

# REDUCTION IN U.S. COAL PRICES

### Coal Price Cut Follows Investigation Into Costs of Mining Coal.

A despatch from Washington says: An immediate general reduction of \$1 to \$1.50 a ton in the price of coal at the mine was agreed upon here on Thursday by representatives of the coal operators. This reduction is expected to be followed by still further decrease in price after investigation into the costs of mining coal and it is probable that the Government will be given a still lower price than that to the general public. Hundreds of millions of dollars will be saved to the American people through this decision.

The operators agreed to the immediate reduction at a meeting here on Thursday after adopting a resolution by which coal prices would be fixed with the aid and approval of the Secretary of the Interior, the Federal Trade Commission and the Committee on Coal Production of the National Defence Council.

# HUN ARMY WEARS SUITS OF PAPER

### Evidence of Growing Straits of the German Forces.

A despatch from London says:—Striking evidence of the growing straits of the German army, was obtained recently from captured prisoners. Their clothing excited curiosity from its appearance, so it was analyzed. It was discovered that the officers are now wearing woven cloth of leather fibre, and enlisted men uniforms of paper fibre. It is evident such clothing is entirely unsuited to the rigors of a winter campaign if the war lasts that long.

# U. S. RED CROSS TOTALS \$114,000,000.

A despatch from Washington says: Henry P. Davison, of the Red Cross War Council, who has been in charge of its seven-day campaign for \$100,000,000 for war relief work, on Tuesday announced the success of the project. The subscriptions received aggregated at least \$114,000,000.

conditions in this trench line. They found it strongly held by the enemy, and were unable to enter his defence. Our heavy artillery has once more taken up the work of destruction. When the Avion line is rendered untenable the defenders of Lens will have but one shot in their locker. Between Avion and Lens there is a considerable stretch of marsh land along the Souchez. This has been flooded and wire entanglements have been constructed on the eastern side of the flooded area. North of the river, during the night, enemy posts were raided by the English Midland troops and a number of the enemy were killed and taken prisoners. There, as it is to the south, the German new line is strongly held.



Hon. W. J. Hanna, Canada's Food Controller

# HUN ZEPPELIN FELL TO EARTH TWO OF THE CREW ESCAPED

### Airship Plunged From Height of 13,000 Feet and Was in Flames When It Reached the Ground.

A despatch from London says: When the British recently brought down a Zeppelin on the East Anglian coast, they captured two members of the crew, who, in a miraculous manner, escaped death as the airship plunged to earth. This fact was made known to the newspapers on Wednesday by the Admiralty.

One of the prisoners is an officer and the other a private. The private sustained broken legs in the fall of

the airship, but is recovering. His companion escaped virtually unscathed. The Zeppelin fell from a height of 13,000 feet, and was in flames when it reached the ground. How the two Germans escaped death cannot be accounted for.

The above undoubtedly refers to the air raid on the east and south-east coast of England early Sunday morning, June 17, when one Zeppelin was brought down in flames.

# Markets of the World

**Breakfasts**  
Toronto, July 3.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.54; No. 2 Northern, \$2.54; track hay ports. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 75c; track hay ports. American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.81; nominal, track Toronto, \$1.82; millings, \$1.82. Ontario oats—No. 1, \$1.81; No. 2, \$1.81. Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$2.50 to \$2.55; No. 3, \$2.45 to \$2.50. Peas—No. 1, nominal, according to freight outside. Barley—Malt, nominal, according to freight outside. Rye—No. 2, \$2.05, nominal, according to freight outside. **Manitoba flour**—First patents, in 48 bags, \$12.40; second patents, in 48 bags, \$12.50. **Ontario flour**, according to sample, \$11.00 to \$11.10, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment. **Milled feed**—Car lots, delivered Montreal, freight included—bran, per ton, \$21.10; shorts, per ton, \$21.10; good feed flour, per bag, \$2.40 to \$2.50. **Hay**—Extra No. 2, per ton, \$12.50 to \$13.50; mixed, per ton, \$9 to \$11, track Toronto. **Straw**—Car lots, per ton, \$9, track Toronto.

**Country Produce—Wholesale**  
Butter—Creamery solids, per lb. 25 to 25 1/2; prints, per lb. 25 1/2 to 26; dairy, per lb. 25 to 25 1/2. Eggs—Per doz., 23 to 23c. **Wholesale**—The retail trade at the following prices: Cheese—New, large, 2 1/2 to 2 3/4; twin, 2 1/2 to 2 3/4; triple, 2 1/2 to 2 3/4; large, 30c; twin, 30c; triple, 30c. **Butter**—Fresh dairy, choice, 30c; creamery print, 30 to 35c; 35c. Eggs—New laid, in cartons, 37 to 38c; out of cartons, 35 to 36c. **Dressed poultry**—Spring chickens, 40c; fowl, 40c; turkeys, 20 to 25c. **Live poultry**—Spring chickens, lb. 25 to 30c; hens, 20 to 25c. **Honey**—Comb—Extra fine and heavy weight, per doz., \$2.75; select, \$2.50 to \$2.75. **Potatoes**—On track Ontario, per bag, \$4.50; Alberta, \$4.50; Ontario, \$4.50; reds, bag, \$4.00; Red Star, new, bbl., \$11.50 to \$12.75; Red Star, new, bbl., \$11.50 to \$12.75. **Maple Syrup**—Imperial gallon, \$1.75. **Beans**—Imported, \$1.25 to \$1.50; stock, \$1.25 to \$1.50. **Provisions—Wholesale**  
Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 26 to 27c; do, heavy, 26 to 27c; cooked, 41 to 42c; rolls, 37 to 38c; breakfast bacon, 22 to 23c; backs, plain, 36 to 37c; boneless, 39 to 40c. **Cured meats**—Long clear bacon, 25 to 26c; per lb. clear bellies, 24 to 25c; 25c; Pure, \$1.25 to \$1.50; good, \$1.25 to \$1.50; tubs, 27 1/2 to 27c; bails, 27 1/2 to 27c; compound, tereces, 27 1/2; tubs, 27c; stock, 24 to 25c. **Montreal Markets**  
Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$2.38; No. 2 northern, \$2.35; No. 3 northern, \$2.31; No. 4, \$2.15; No. 5, \$1.95; No. 6, \$1.75. Basis contract: June, \$2.37; July, \$2.32; August (first half), \$2.27; Oats—No. 2 C.W., 75c; No. 3 C.W., 75c; extra No. 1 feed, 75c; No. 1 feed, 65c; No. 2 feed, 65c; Barley—No. 2, \$1.25; No. 4, \$1.21; rejected, \$1.10; feed, \$1.10. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$2.73; No. 2 C.W., \$2.52; No. 3 C.W., \$2.34.

**United States Markets**  
Minneapolis, Minn., July 3.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$2.50 to \$2.55; No. 2 Northern, \$2.40 to \$2.45; No. 3 Northern, \$2.30 to \$2.40; Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.67 1/2 to \$1.70; Oats—No. 3, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Flour—Unchanged. Shipments, 30,682 barrels. Grain—\$27.50 to \$28.50. **Duluth, Minn., July 3.**—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$2.38 nominal; No. 1 Northern, \$2.37; No. 2 Northern, \$2.32; No. 3 Northern, \$2.27; No. 4, \$2.15; No. 5, \$1.95; No. 6, \$1.75. **September, \$2.55; October, \$2.50.**

**Live Stock Markets**  
Toronto, July 3.—Extra choice heavy steers, \$12.25 to \$12.50; choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12.00; good heavy steers, \$11.40 to \$11.60; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.40 to \$12; do, good, \$11.00 to \$11.25; do, medium, \$10.75 to \$11.00; do, common, \$9.50 to \$9.85; butchers' hogs, \$9.25 to \$9.50; do, medium, \$8.75 to \$9.00; do, rough, \$8.50 to \$8.75; butchers' cows, choice, \$9.50 to \$10; do, good, \$8.50 to \$9; do, medium, \$7.50 to \$8; do, stockers, \$7.25 to \$7.50; feeders, \$6.25 to \$6.50; canners and cutters, \$5.40 to \$6.40; milkers, good to choice, \$8 to \$11.50; do, com. and med., \$6.50 to \$8.

**United States Markets**  
Minneapolis, Minn., July 3.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$2.50 to \$2.55; No. 2 Northern, \$2.40 to \$2.45; No. 3 Northern, \$2.30 to \$2.40; Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.67 1/2 to \$1.70; Oats—No. 3, \$1.20 to \$1.25; Flour—Unchanged. Shipments, 30,682 barrels. Grain—\$27.50 to \$28.50. **Duluth, Minn., July 3.**—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$2.38 nominal; No. 1 Northern, \$2.37; No. 2 Northern, \$2.32; No. 3 Northern, \$2.27; No. 4, \$2.15; No. 5, \$1.95; No. 6, \$1.75. **September, \$2.55; October, \$2.50.**

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**Italian Designs UNSINKABLE BOAT**  
A despatch from Rome says:—Umberto Puglieri, a naval engineer, has designed a new type of unsinkable cargo boat which has been accepted by the Italian Ministry of Marine. The Revista Maritima, describing the ship, says the vessel has a displacement of 10,300 tons and can carry

# FRENCH TROOPS WIN NOTABLE VICTORY OVER CROWN PRINCE

### Gen. Petain's Thrust, Completed in Thirteen Minutes, Wins Last High Ground of Germans Along the Chemin-des-Dames.

A despatch from Paris says:—The sharp blow delivered against the Crown Prince's new Ailette River positions Wednesday resulted in the loss of his last existing high ground along the Chemin-des-Dames, north of Hurbetise Farm. The suddenness and effectiveness of Gen. Petain's thrust, which was completed in thirteen minutes, compares with the recapture of Douaumont last Autumn and the British successes at Vimy and Messines.

Gen. Petain's recent statement to the French troops explaining France's war aims is significant, coming on the eve of the secret session of the Chamber of Deputies when Gen. Nivelle's April offensive will be the subject of investigation. The French high command's confidence in the unshakable morale of the French soldiers is made clear by Petain, who, on the eve of the fourth year of the war, reiterates the allies' determination to fight on for a lasting peace. Gen. Petain's pronouncement, coupled with the lightning-like attack on the Dragon's Cave, where the French "shock" regiments stormed one of the hardest posts on the whole front, goes far to disprove what a few pessimists have been spreading—that the French are sinking into lassitude after the tremendous struggle of the last three years. The French morale has been improving steadily since the German failure at Verdun, and the successful British onslaughts, with the appearance of American troops on this front, cause the men to look forward fuller of confidence than ever before.

# SOVEREIGNTY OF LUXEMBURG IGNORED AGAIN BY THE GERMANS

### Sent Belgian "Slaves" to Replace the Strikers and Threatened Residents With Summary Execution.

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—Details of the miners' strike in Luxembourg, which the Germans suppressed, have reached the Telegraaf. Over two-thirds of all the Luxembourg workers struck at the beginning of June. The workers demanded a share of the enormous war profits of these mines from work for the German army. The Luxembourg Government warned the people that the Germans would send troops to prevent disturbances, and that the troops would be quartered on the population. In June 16 per cent of the miners at Dodelange struck, whereupon the Germans issued a threatening notice to all town workers, whereby 50 per cent were without food, capitulated.

and declaring that the demonstrations would be suppressed by force of arms and the leaders arrested for treason and tried by court-martial. The Luxembourg Government protested strongly against the new attack against Luxembourg sovereignty. The Germans replied with "slaves" from the Etappe region, compelling them to replace the strikers. The following day 1,000 more deported Belgians arrived at Luxembourg. The strike leaders were summoned before the military governor and flatly informed with menaces that the strike must cease. The following day the strikers, whereof 50 per cent were without food, capitulated.

# BRAZIL REVOKES NEUTRALITY DECREE

### South American Republic Lines Up on the Side of the Allies.

A despatch from Rio Janeiro says:—Brazil has revoked her decree of neutrality in the war between the Entente Allies and Germany. Although no announcement has been vouchsafed as to whether the South American republic will actually enter hostilities by its revocation of neutrality it definitely aligns itself formally on the side of the United States and the Entente.

# HUNS TO REPLACE DUTCH VESSELS

### Holland to Pay Germany Total Compensation Value of Ships.

A despatch from London says:—According to a Hague official communication, forwarded by the Amsterdam correspondent of Reuters, Limited, an agreement has been reached between the Dutch and German Governments concerning the seven Dutch merchantmen which were torpedoed off the English coast last February. Germany undertakes to replace the lost vessels by the cession of a number of German ships, now in Dutch East Indies, of equivalent value, but Holland is to pay Germany a sum equivalent to the total compensation value of the lost ships. Germany will compensate the crews of the lost ships for moral and material damages.

# AMERICAN CREDITS NOW PASS THE BILLION MARK

A despatch from Washington says:—American loans to the allies passed the billion-dollar mark on Tuesday, when the Treasury placed \$15,000,000 to the credit of Great Britain and \$10,000,000 to France's account. Credits to all the allies to meet their expenditures in this country now total \$1,008,000,000, of which Great Britain has received \$550,000,000, and France \$210,000,000.

# TIMES RED CROSS FUND EXCEEDS \$35,000,000

A despatch from London says:—The Times' fund for the British Red Cross and Order of St. John on Thursday passed seven million pounds. In forty years the sugar per capita of the United States has increased from eighteen to eighty-nine pounds. Whatever else is neglected there should be no neglect of corn. Hay will give a light yield this year, but there is plenty of ensilage, the shortage in hay will not be felt. Do not deny your family onions on account of the unpleasant odor. They are one of the best nervines, and are exceedingly useful to tone up a run-down system. The odor can be removed by eating parsley or drinking a little coffee.

# U.S. SENATE PASSED DAYLIGHT-SAVING BILL

### Last Sunday of April Until Last Sunday of September in Each Year.

A despatch from Washington says: The daylight saving law sponsored by Senator Calder of New York was passed by the Senate on Wednesday without roll call. It will not go into effect until next year. The measure provides that time be moved forward one hour on the last Sunday of April in each year and set back to the original time on the last Sunday in September. All clocks in the nation, under the act passed, would be advanced from 2 o'clock to 3 o'clock on the date fixed in April, and remain one hour in advance until the end of September, when they would return to normal time. The bill also fixed standard time, which heretofore has only been done by general agreement, and by act of various State Legislatures. Five standard zones are provided—Eastern, Central, Mountain, Pacific and Alaskan—with an hour's difference in time between each one.

# ARMY OFFICERS HATCHED A PLOT TO OVERTHROW THE PRESENT REGIME OF SERBIA

A despatch from Salonica says:—Several executions took place in the outskirts of Salonica on Wednesday. Col. Dimitrievich, Major Volovich and an Austro-Hungarian volunteer, Malobabach, concerned with many others in a conspiracy of a Serbian secret society to overthrow the present regime of Serbia and substitute an oligarchic form of government, were shot. Many others implicated received long terms of imprisonment. Confide in your wife; you can have no better counsellor.

# CANADIAN TROOPS FIGHTING THEIR WAY THROUGH AVION

### Second Attack in Twenty-four Hours—Advance by Way of Labyrinth of Ruined Houses—All Objectives Are Attained.

A despatch from Canadian Headquarters in France says:—Fighting their way forward, amid a labyrinth of ruined houses, over which the smoke of battle hung densely, the Canadians at sundown on Thursday night were more than half-way through Avion. The attack, which was the second in 24 hours, was made in conjunction with the British troops, all of whom reached their objectives. On the north our hold upon Reservoir Hill was made absolute by the gallant advance of the British soldiers, who went forward without check, despite heavy enemy shelling.

The German trenches on the eastern side were occupied within half an hour after the attack began. Throughout the day there had been incessant artillery activity. The Germans kept Coulotte and Lens-Arras road under shrapnel fire throughout the afternoon, evidently to make difficult the advance into Avion. Their former front line, on the outskirts of Avion, was also hammered with high explosives and considerably damaged. Our guns did much counter-battery work to the east of Lens, where most of the enemy's guns are now located.

# NEWS FROM ENGLAND

### NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

# Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

About two-thirds of the 50 acres of allotments at Chislehurst are planted with potatoes. The London Munitions Tribunal have decided to impose heavier fines on munition smokers. Hayes Fisher, M.P., estimates that war pensions will cost Great Britain about £400,000,000. A peace resolution was defeated by the Northumberland Miners' Council by a vote of 42 to 14. Three German prisoners have escaped from Larkhill, Salisbury Plain. A Parliamentary Committee on the Dogs Bill is being organized by Col. Lockwood. Honorary degrees were conferred on General Smuts and the American Ambassador by Cambridge University. Lord Fisher, President of the Board of Inventions, receives a salary of £1,350 a year in addition to retired pay. For the first time in thirty-one years there was no strike pay distributed by Midland Counties Trades Federation. During last year 111,000 children were treated under the London County Council medical scheme. The death occurred recently of J. H. Thewlis, who at one time was Lord Mayor of Manchester. In an appeal by the British Farmers' Red Cross Fund it is stated that Red Cross work costs £4 a minute. A lecturer at the Aeronautical Society stated that air fights had taken place at a height of four miles. The boot allowance of the Metropolitan police has been raised from sixpence to one shilling per week. H. C. A. Bingley has been appointed a police magistrate in London in the place of the late Paul Taylor. The London County Council has decided to buy the London section of the London United Tramways for £235,000. The mayor of Croydon presented a war savings certificate to each baby born in Croydon during National Baby Week. A further war bonus of four shillings a week has been granted to the clerical staffs in the Royal Dockyards. The Lord Chief Justice and the Attorney-General for England paid eloquent tributes to the late Joseph Choate. A committee of experts has been engaged to free the British printing trade from its dependence on German monopolies. Two road sweepers of Westminster have been awarded the Military Medal for distinguished conduct at the front. George Goose, a potato merchant of Wharfedale, was fined £100 for selling potatoes at a higher price than the official maximum. In August a three weeks' vacation course will be held for students and teachers of French at University College, London. A press photographer was fined £20 at the Thames Police Court for taking a photograph of a group of soldiers without permission. The Prince of Wales and Princess Mary paid a visit recently to the blinded soldiers at St. Dunstan's, Regent Park, London. The late Mr. and Mrs. D. Willis James, of London, left a legacy of £40,000 for the benefit of war widows and orphans in England.

# AIR ROUTE AROUND THE WORLD

Lord Montagu of Beaulieu, lecturing in London recently, made striking proposals for the regulation of the great air traffic which he is confident will come about soon after the war. The regulations would have to be strictly enforced by international agreements. Under his scheme certain air-levels would be limited to certain classes of traffic; the first 2,000 feet should be prohibited to all traffic except to the owner of the soil or for purposes of landing, while the lower altitudes should be used only by machines with silenced engines; the lowest flying level would be reserved for commercial planes, on the ground that they want to operate as cheaply as possible. Above this would be the level for general air traffic, also silenced, while from 6,000 feet to 10,000 feet would be the stratum for official planes of each nation. These would be used by naval, military and civil forces and by the necessary air policemen. Above 10,000 feet Lord Montagu proposes the levels should be internationalized and free to all, provided pilots comply with the rules for meeting and overtaking, etc., and that their craft be passed upon as airworthy. An aircraft desiring to leave its own levels would use its wireless to ask permission from the national or international flying authorities. The British Empire, he remarked, was in a peculiarly favorable position, for its widely-separated possessions enable British airmen to proceed around the world over land and sea without asking concessions from any nation.

## We're Closing the Best Half-Year's Business This Store Has Ever Had

With specials on sale to make a quick turnover of stocks. Our heavy reserve stocks, bought months ago, is the only reason why we can accept such prices.

### Men's Summer Underwear

A SPECIAL—Shirts and Drawers at 38¢ each. These are unobtainable. Shaw-Wood Bathing Shirts and Drawers, 50¢ each. Zummerknot Bathing Shirts and Drawers, 65¢ each. Men's Sport Shirts, special, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Men's Cashmere Half-hose, 25¢, 35¢, 50¢, 65¢ and 75¢. Men's Silk Half-hose, 35¢, 50¢ and 65¢.

### Half-Year-End Sale of Men's Suits

A clearing of all single suits of a kind—often our best selling lines, but broken lines. Only one suit left of a kind.

\$25.00 Suits for \$21.75
20.00 " " 17.75
15.00 " " 12.50
12.50 " " 11.00
10.00 " " 8.75

### Half-Year-End Clearing Up of Shoes

Men's Patent Collar, reg. \$5, for \$3. Men's Patent Collar, reg. \$4.50, for \$2.50. Broken sizes, one pair of a kind, account for the Women's Shoes at these prices. \$4 lines in Patent Blucher for \$2.50. \$3 lines in Patent Blucher for \$2.25. Women's Patent Oxford Shoes, reg. \$5, for \$2.

### A Clearing of Out-of-Style Shoes at Exactly Half Price

These lines are from our best manufacturers and will wear as well as any shoes we have, only a little out of style. Men's Patent \$5 Shoes, \$2.50. A collection of odd pairs, worth \$5, for \$2.50.

### A Big Demand for White Canvas Boots and Slippers

And we're meeting the demand with an excellent stock for Men, Women and Children. "Oxana Breezy" and "Fast Foot" Brands. They are smart American styles, moderately priced.

### Half-Year-End Sale of Middies

Women's Middies, special at 98¢ and \$1.25. Misses' Middies, special at 75¢ and \$1. Children's Middies, special at 45¢ and 65¢.

### Half-Year-End Sale of White Skirts

All made up with large pearl pockets, trimmed with mother-of-pearl buttons. Prices—\$1.00, 1.10, 1.50 to 2.25.

### Half-Year-End Sale of Men's and Boys' Straw Hats

Odd lines clearing at 2 collars for 5¢.

### Half-Year-End Sale of Linen Collars for Men

Odd lines clearing at 2 collars for 5¢.

### Let "New Idea" Patterns Decide for You

The only first-class pattern made.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

## The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription price, \$1.00 per month, \$10.00 per year, \$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. For rates and conditions, apply to the office. JOB PRINTING—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment, including presses, blank forms, programme cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SCHEIDT, Glencoe, Ont.

THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1917

## Wardsville

Alex. Waterworth is home from Welland on a visit. Fred Tuke of London spent the holidays with L. Purdy. Mr. and Mrs. J. Bilton are visiting relatives in Chatham. Mr. and Mrs. G. Love motored to Aylmer for the holidays. Miss M. Winters of Bothwell spent the holidays with friends here. Dr. H. A. Wilson of Toronto spent the week-end with his parents. Mrs. McKay of London spent the holidays with Mrs. (Dr.) O. J. Glenn. Doris Jefferson of the General Hospital, Sarnia, is visiting at her home here. Mr. and Mrs. A. McVicar and family of Brantford spent a few days with his mother. K. Martyn and E. Nichols of London spent the holidays at the home of J. B. Martin. Mr. and Mrs. William Bilton were visiting his parents in Winnipeg after visiting his parents. Mrs. W. Bilton was in Florence last week attending the funeral of her uncle, the late Mr. Webster. Mr. and Mrs. Carl Sheppard and family of Detroit and Mr. and Mrs. O'Neill of Birmingham spent the holidays with relatives here.

## Cairo.

Mrs. Alfred Wehlan is quite ill at present. G. A. Annett left via C. P. R. for Guilford for a time. A number from this vicinity left by auto for Rondeau. G. W. McLean returned to his home in Kenora on Tuesday. Mrs. J. W. Switzer is under medical skill owing to a severe cold. Miss Myrtle Annett of London arrived home on Saturday for a brief visit. Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McKeown of Sarnia visited friends here on Saturday and Sunday. Miss Ila Smith returned on Saturday after a month's visit among friends in Sarnia. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Storey and son Jack of London returned to their home in the city on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen of Sarnia motored here Saturday, remaining over Sunday among friends. No surgical operation is necessary in removing corns if Holloway's Corn Cure be used.

## Newbury

Miss Jim Etcott has returned from Detroit. George Harcourt is enlisting in St. Thomas. Alex. Armstrong was in Windsor Saturday. Carson Mann of Windsor was here for the holiday. Several from here took in the picnic at Eileau on Monday. Miss Nellie Armstrong of London was home for the holiday. Miss Owens left on Monday for Toronto where she is on the examining board. Arthur Batsner and wife of Detroit spent a few days with Miss Graydon this week. Mr. and Mrs. John Burgess spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Alex. Armstrong. A. J. Walker and family of London arrived on Saturday on an extended visit with Mrs. Fletcher. Miss Martha Gordon and Mr. Monk-inson of the Advertiser staff, London, were in town for the week-end. Miss Mildred Payne and niece, Miss Helene Payne, of Toronto, spent a few days with the former's sister, Mrs. Frank Robinson, this week. Miss Bessie Fennell and Miss Nessie Archer left on Tuesday for Toronto. Each will take a special summer course. Miss Fennell is taking kindergarten primary work and Miss Archer her arts course. Tomorrow (Friday) evening the garden party for the Church of England will be held on the church lawn. This is the first one in the village and will surely be an attraction. A bazaar booth, besides the refreshment booth, will tempt the public. Fred Connelly, who has been in the Royal Bank, Wardsville, and Jim Brennan of the Merchants Bank went to London on Saturday to enlist. At time of writing they have not returned, but expected to return for a few days before going into camp.

## Appin

Appin Park Committee met recently and decided to hold the annual garden party on the evening of Wednesday, August 8. The new Methodist pastor, Rev. H. B. Parnaby, arrived from Belgrave last week, and Mr. Bristol left for Siloam. Appin Red Cross Society recently purchased \$10 worth of flannel, yarn, cotton and twinning to be worked up during the next two months. A lawn social under the auspices of the Bethel Red Cross Club was held at D. E. McAlpine's on Wednesday evening. There was a large attendance and a good sum was added to the Red Cross treasury. The program was much enjoyed. A sale of patriotic tags by little girls enhanced the receipts considerably. Nights of Agony come in the train of Asthma. The victim cannot lie down and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It banishes the frightful conditions, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep as soundly and restfully as a child. Insist on the genuine at your nearby druggist.

## Melbourne.

Rev. Wm. R. Vance, Methodist minister here, and Rev. Dr. Rayson of Delaware will exchange pulpits on Sunday next. A number from here attended the 23rd annual convention of the Stratford district Epworth League, which was held in Stratford on Wednesday, June 27, and reports a profitable session. At the regular meeting of the Epworth League last week, the topic was given by Ernest Stevenson, Mr. Parr of Hill Street Methodist church, London, addressed the League. The solo "Father, Guide our Nation" which was sung in the Methodist church Sunday evening by Miss Gladys Gleadow was very much appreciated by all present. Memorial services were held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday evening for two of our young men who have given their life for our Country. The church was well filled. CLEAN STOMACH, CLEAR MIND.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops, and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach, and the best preparation for that purpose is Parnee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

## MOSA.

Mrs. A. B. McLachlan visited at Hugh L. Walker's last week. The pupils of S. S. No. 9 presented their teacher, Miss Gubbins, with a beautiful piece of silverware, prior to her leaving. Mrs. W. R. Brown and son Royal of Chicago, Miss Kate Patterson of Chatham, Mrs. Margaret McIntyre of Knapsale and Mrs. Gray and daughter Jean of Detroit visited at Mac. McLean's last week. Quite a number from here took in the garden party at Napier and report a good time. Donald Secord and bride have returned from their honeymoon. John Secord has purchased a Ford car. Mrs. Mary McLean and son Archie have gone on a trip to South Dakota. Dr. H. McLean and wife of Inwood visited the doctor's mother, Mrs. A. McLean, on Monday last.

## SHIELDS STATION.

Campbell and McLachlan shipped two cars of hay from here last week. A social will be held at No. 12 school, Mosa, on Thursday July 12th, in aid of the Red Cross. Dr. McLean and wife of Inwood spent Monday visiting his mother, Mrs. McLean. Miller's Worm Powders do not need the after-help of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and they will be found palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels untenable to the parasites. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to exert most beneficial influences in the digestive organs.

## OUR INFANT ARTS CONTAIN PROMISE

Music and Literature Are Bound to Develop.

### BEGINNINGS ARE SMALL

A Few Novelists and Poets Who Represent This Young Country Have Won International Fame and Our Musicians Are Making Progress, But We Have No Drama.

It is almost too much to expect that a young nation will have developed in less than a half century many signs of artistic self-expression, but already Canadians are beginning to look for indications of artistic endeavor in the Dominion. We are a country without a great deal of tradition. Even the Provinces that had existed for a century or two before Confederation are really new in the sense of having any feeling of national consciousness. They were considered colonies for so many years, and the struggle for existence was all that filled the mind of the pioneers. Then came nationhood, and Canadians became slowly more conscious that they needed literature, art, and music. They were content for many years to import those beautifying influences of life, and were rather inclined to discourage local effort. In this respect things have changed greatly of late, and every Canadian is looking for the time when we shall have novels and poetry, music and drama, pictures and similar forms of national self-expression that the world will recognize and honor.

Canada has not been without poets. Indeed it is in this branch of literature that our country has been richest. There are men like Archibald Lampman who have pictured and interpreted our life and our Canadian scenes in their verse in a manner that has made them classics in our land. Bliss Carman, Wilfred Campbell, and Duncan Campbell Scott have given the world many beautiful lyrics and there are other writers of verse like Pauline Johnson, the gifted Indian poetess, who will be long remembered because they belonged so peculiarly to this land. Robert W. Service is the man who has won the widest international fame as a poet, being known in England as "The Canadian Kipling."

Our novelists have not been as numerous as in other countries, but they have done no work as fine as the exquisite poetry of Lampman, but several of them stand high in the estimation of the general reading public. Sir Gilbert Parker is well established as a careful and painstaking novelist, and his earlier work helped to make the life of the Quebec habitant known to people in England and the United States. Though not greatly by name, he has nevertheless won a considerable reputation. "Raith Connor" has made for himself a public only a little less extensive than that possessed by Sir Gilbert Parker. He has attracted attention with his novel, "The Sky Pilot," undertaken to describe primitive life and primitive conflicts as they appear to the minister, and he immediately made for himself a large following. There has never been a more characteristic Canadian novelist than Judge Halliburton, and though he is not widely known now, it is generally believed that he will make his name as great a classic as Washington Irving. In this respect, his fame is a little like that of Dr. Drummond, whose habitant poetry is perhaps the most purely Canadian thing we possess in the way of literature. We have in Stephen Leacock a humorist whose fame is by no means local. Perhaps he will become the Canadian Mark Twain.

There is no drama in Canada as yet. Not a single play exists that has been accepted by competent critics as a picture of the life of a nation that is worth preserving. As every national literature must include drama, our people are naturally waiting with some interest for a playwright who will do for Canada what Synge did for Ireland and Barrie for Scotland in placing their people behind the footlights.

In music, Canada has so far been interpretative rather than creative. The Junedesehn Choir of Toronto has been pronounced the finest choral organization on this continent, and there are people who declare that it will hold its own with the great choruses of the Old World. In fact, Dr. Vogt was arranging to take his choir abroad to challenge comparison with the sinners of Europe when the great war upset his plans.

Our composers have not done any very ambitious work, but some of it, though light, is accepted by the most discriminating musicians. The songs of Gen. Branscomb and the compositions of Clarence Lucas are doing something towards making the name of these Canadians famous. If one were to ask what is the most widely known piece of music by a Canadian, the answer would doubtless be Robert S. Ambrose's beautiful setting of Phoebe Cary's poem "One Sweetly Solemn Thought." Our two national airs are now almost as widely familiar, and we are particularly fortunate in having found in less than fifty years two songs like "O Canada" and "The Maple Leaf Forever." Lavallee's music dignified national anthems in the world, while the swinging joyous melody written by Alexander Muir will never cease to appeal to people who like a simple wholesome tune.

## THE BLESSING OF A HEALTHY BODY

Has Not Had An Hour's Sickness Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. MARRIOTT  
73 Lees Ave., Ottawa, Ont.,  
August 9th, 1915.

"I think it my duty to tell you what 'Fruit-a-tives' has done for me. Three years ago, I began to feel run-down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having read of 'Fruit-a-tives', I thought I would try them. The result was surprising. During the 3 1/2 years past, I have taken them regularly and would not change for anything. I have not had an hour's sickness since I commenced using 'Fruit-a-tives', and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain."

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### Great Lakes Steamship Service.

The Canadian Pacific Railway will, commencing Saturday, June 2nd, operate Great Lakes Steamship Express trains between Toronto and Port McNicoll on the following schedule, with first-class coach and parlor car running through without local stops. Northbound.—Leave Toronto 2:40 P. M., arrive Port McNicoll 5:15 P. M. each Wednesday and Saturday, connecting with the palatial C. P. R. Great Lakes Steamships leaving Port McNicoll on above days at 2:42 P. M. for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Port William. Southbound.—Leave Port McNicoll Mondays and Fridays 8:30 A. M., arriving Toronto 11:45 A. M. Great Lakes Service via Owen Sound is now in operation. Steamship "Manitoba" leaving Owen Sound at midnight each Thursday for Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur and Port William. Full particulars from any C. P. R. Agent or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

### Maintain Calf Flesh for Early Maturity.

The question of early maturity in beef animals is a very important one at this trying time. I believe one of the main points in this question is to maintain the calf flesh by a little special care and feeding at the weaning time. Two many calves are allowed to rough it with the older ones. At this particular time this is a common mistake with farmers. A well grown yearling that has been kept going from a calf will produce about as much beef (and it will be a lot better in quality) as a two-year-old that has become thin and stunted after weaning. It has been my experience that it is the last year that cuts the profit in two.

I would advise that milk, either whole or separated, be fed for at least 3 months. It is the last two months that count. I am not an advocate of heavy grain feeding for profit. Better feed lots of green food in summer and roots and ensilage in winter are more satisfactory. I find that bran and oil cake meal make a safe mixture for young calves that are not getting a full ration of milk. In breeding for early maturity, a lot can be done by the selection of a sire that is well developed, especially where the expensive cuts are in a beef carcass. The extra pounds they produce early, over some other breeds. However, the Angus-Shorthorn cross seems to be very good, as the results of the fat stock shows will prove.—Thomas Henderson, in Canadian Countryman.

### Attractive Dining Car Service.

Probably nothing helps more to make a railway journey really enjoyable than a visit to the "Dining Car," especially if it be a Canadian Pacific dining car, where the passenger is assured of the highest form of efficiency in the culinary art, the choicest provisions that the market affords prepared on the scientific principle known as "Dietetic Blending."

Your favourite dish, as you like it, may be enjoyed at reasonable cost, amidst ideal surroundings, while travelling on the Canadian Pacific.

The Transcript office receives and forwards advertisements to be inserted in Toronto, London and other papers.

Fifty cents will pay for The Transcript four months; \$1, eight months; \$1.50, one year. If to the United States, add one cent a week for postage.

Homeseekers' excursions to western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Tuesday until October 30th, inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific agent or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

## THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid Up, \$7,000,000  
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits, \$7,421,292

A general banking business transacted. One dollar will open a savings account. Joint accounts may be opened in two or more names.

Branches at Alvinston, Newbury, Bothwell, West Loring and Muirkirk.

GLENCOE BRANCH J. A. McKELLAR, Manager

## TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

Goes to Press  
JULY 20th

Please report changes required to our Local Office, to-day.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	\$25,000,000
Capital Paid-up	12,911,700
Reserve Funds	13,471,700
Total Assets	293,000,000

SIR HERBERT S. BOLT, President  
E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director  
C. E. NEEL, General Manager  
STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

415 Branches. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.  
Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch—E. M. DOULL, Manager  
Branches also at Stratford, Appin, Wardsville, Dutton and Rodney

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

## CASTORIA

THE BENNETT COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Like "the shadow of a rock in a weary land" is Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to all those who suffer pain. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has the blessings of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever enquired for.

Your Chance—the West is Calling.  
Homeseekers' excursions to Western Canada at low fares via Canadian Pacific each Thursday until October 30th, inclusive. Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Agent or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, Ont.

# Summer Wants

You can't go astray if you buy a FLORENCE or NEW PERFECTION Oil Cooking Stove. Fully guaranteed, in 2, 3 or 4 burners.

Screen Doors and Windows, Hammocks, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Lawn Mowers, Croquet Sets, Sprayers, Paris Green and Arsenate of Lead.

Washing Machines, 1900 gravity; the right kind to use; wash in six minutes. See them before you buy.

## JAMES WRIGHT & SON

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT CHI-NAMEL ROPE  
GOLD MEDAL TWINE FENCE WIRE

## New Spring and Summer Millinery

MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET, GLENCOE Phone 25

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs

## GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

### ATTRACTIVE TRIPS

MUSKOKA LAKES  
ALGONQUIN PARL  
MAGANETAWAN RIVER  
LAKE OF BAYS  
KAWARTHA LAKES  
GEORGIAN BAY

Round trip tourist tickets now on sale from stations in Ontario at very low fares, with liberal stop-overs.  
**GET YOUR TICKETS IN ADVANCE**  
Both reservations and full particulars at all Grand Trunk ticket offices or write  
C. E. HORNING,  
District Passenger Agent, Toronto

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

### HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

to the Canadian Northwest  
Commencing on Tuesday, May 8th, and continuing every Tuesday until Sept. 30th.

For rates and other particulars, apply to  
R. CLANAHAN  
Ticket Agent at Glencoe

## McAlpine Bros.

### Flour and Feed

### Coal and Cement

Highest Cash Price Paid For WOOL

## WESTERN UNIVERSITY

LONDON

Three More New Professors, Equal to Any in Canada.

Students can now obtain as good an education in Arts and Medicine at the Western as anywhere.

President:  
E. E. BRAITHWAITE, M.A., Ph.D.

## Patronize Home Industry

## by buying McLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

J. A. McLachlan  
GLENCOE

There are now seven drilling rigs working in the Glencoe oil field. Nearly all the wells now being drilled are said to be good prospects. Drilling commenced yesterday on the farm of Archie Munroe, lot 21, con. 14, Met-calf. The arman wells are being operated as fast as the oil can be taken care of.

Postmasters are instructed not to forward letters to or from certain fortune-tellers and certain race tipsters in the United States. They are not to issue money orders payable to the parties mentioned. Fortune-telling circulars have been received in the mails from two persons in Toledo, Ohio, and racing tip circulars from two parties in Brooklyn, N. Y.

The Battle Hill Relief Society will meet at the home of Mrs. David Coulthard on Thursday afternoon, July 12. Please bring all finished articles, as a box will be packed at this meeting. The society will also pack a crate of fresh eggs to be sent to the returned soldiers at Byron Sanitarium. Will all who wish to help fill the crate please bring eggs to this meeting?

Rev. G. A. Francis, a former pastor of Rodney and New Glasgow Presbyterian churches, died at his home at Spalding, Sask., on June 17th, in his 64th year. He leaves a widow, one son and two daughters. Mr. Francis was well-known in Glencoe and vicinity upwards of thirty years ago, when he supplied the Presbyterian pulpit during a vacancy. He gave up preaching and was engaged in farming for some time.

The excessive rains this season are beginning to have a serious effect on the crops. Corn and beans, either late in planting or having to be replanted, will require the most favourable conditions from now on to mature an average crop. Fall wheat, oats and hay promise a large yield, except where drowned out in low land, if weather conditions are good for harvesting. Potatoes planted on high ground are showing up well.

Major Hugh Ferguson, son of D. A. Ferguson of Regina, formerly of Glencoe, has been awarded the D. S. O. by the military authorities. Major Ferguson was in command of the leading battalion in the charge at Vimy Ridge. Early in the engagement he was severely wounded in the shoulder, yet he led his men on until the objective was attained. Shortly afterwards a German bomb exploded within eight feet of him, inflicting a severe wound in the leg. Major Ferguson was taken to an English hospital and was making good recovery at last accounts.

A circular sent out to postmasters calls attention of friends of soldiers at the front that when writing to them or sending parcels they must be addressed either "Battalion" or "Battery." Many people, it is claimed, have gotten into the habit of simply writing "Batt." and leaving to the word out to its full length. This to a certain extent shortens the address and takes up less space, but it is impossible for the post office to determine whether the letter is addressed to a battalion or battery. People have gotten into the habit of abbreviating too many words at all times. It is a good safe rule to write out all words in full.

The annual garden party of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Napier, held on the grounds of Mrs. Sutherland there on June 25th, was a most successful despite a bad condition of the roads due to wet weather. Proceeds amounted to over \$150. W. H. Sutherland of Toronto occupied the chair and the program was given by the Fox-Wilson Fun Company of Toronto, in songs and trios; Piper Leitch of Alvinston and Miss Gladys Comber of London, in selections on the bagpipes, also dancing by Miss Comber, Revs. Williams and McKay of Alvinston, Rev. McFarlane of Napier and R. J. McCormick of Warwick, in addresses, and the Kerwood brass band.

The Alvinston Press says: W. McMaster of Appin and Miss Armstrong of the Grand Central staff had a remarkable escape from death on Friday night of last week. They were speeding along the fourth line in Mr. McMaster's car and, according to the owner's story as given to the Free Press the next morning, something went wrong. This we presume is absolutely correct, as the result of a mix-up included taking the ditch, cutting down a telephone pole, smashing the car badly, and a severe shake-up for the young lady and a peeled face for the gentleman. Apparently something wrong somewhere. It is fortunate that both escaped without serious injury.

Invitations are out for the wedding next Thursday of Avery R. Gillette of Chatham and Miss Marion Innes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Innes of Moss.

The Duart Dramatic Society will give the play "The Wayfarers" in Wardsville Friday evening, July 13th, under the auspices of the Women's Institute.

Potatoes are rapidly declining in price as shipments of the new crop from North and South Carolina arrive on the market. In a few days more the home grown product will be ready. It has been decided to issue a special stamp to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of Confederation. There will not likely be a series, but only a three-cent stamp. It will be issued sometime in July.

Hon. William M. Martin, Premier of Saskatchewan, re-elected by about a thousand majority in Regina city, is a son of Rev. W. M. Martin retired Presbyterian minister, South London, and clerk of London Presbytery.

Before D. C. McKenzie, police magistrate, on Friday, an Ekfrid township farmer was fined \$10 and \$10.15 costs for assaulting a young man, son of a neighbor, in the church sheds at Mayfair during the special services held on Sunday, June 24th.

Dan A. McCallum, reeve, and Thos. Mawhinney, commissioner, have let the contract of drawing one hundred cords of gravel on con. 1 and 2 road, Ekfrid, to W. R. Quick at \$3.75 a cord. The gravel will be obtained at Mr. Graham's pit at \$1.25 per cord. Last year gravel and teaming cost \$4.25 per cord, but, as with everything else, the price has gone up.

Judge Judd of London held division court at Glencoe on Tuesday. A jury case was the only one heard. This was an action brought by the Alvinston Brick and Tile Company against the township of Moss and Wm. Perry, drain contractor, on an account of \$75.80 for tile furnished for the Peter Mitchell drain. The township disclaimed liability, as Perry had no authority to act as its agent in ordering the tile, and the jury found accordingly. Judgment was given against Perry for amount of claim, less interest, with court costs, but no witness fees to be allowed.

Miss Ada Cook, principal of the public school, is spending the holidays at her home near Fortus.

Mrs. A. E. Archer and two children of Tilbury are visiting Mrs. Archer's mother, Mrs. Blackwell.

Mrs. A. F. Brock of Winnipeg has been spending a week with her brother, Reeve A. J. Wright of Glencoe.

Miss Jessie McMurchy of Detroit spent a couple of days this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John McMurchy.

Mrs. Fred Nevin and daughter Helen of Windsor spent the holidays with Mrs. Nevin's sister, Mrs. R. Eddie.

Mr. and Mrs. Hodges and family of Toronto spent a few days last week with Mrs. Hodges' mother, Mrs. Mary McKee.

Mrs. John A. Dobie has returned home after a three week visit with friends in London, Dorchester and St. Thomas.

Miss Ethel Fothergill of the High School teaching staff will attend Art School in Toronto for six weeks this summer.

The many friends of Mrs. John Thomson will regret to learn that she is seriously ill, with little chance for recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McKellar and little daughter left on Tuesday to holiday at Grand Bend and for a trip on the Georgian Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Carman of Los Angeles are at the McKellar House. Mr. Carman is the oil operator who discovered the oil field.

Mrs. Chas. Barbour and three children of Sooke, B. C., are here on a visit to Mrs. Barbour's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Thomson, and other relatives.

John A. McRae of Detroit spent a few days the past week with his niece and nephew, Mrs. W. W. Gordon and Dan. McRae, on his way to Toronto and Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. John Spackman of Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Ross Watterworth and daughter Alice Jean of St. Thomas, Mrs. Will Jardine and Miss Cassie Greer of Port Huron spent the week-end at D. A. Dobie's.

Miss Catharine B. Sutherland, who has been teaching in The Ozark Bible and Literary School at Eureka Springs, Ark., for the last two years, has returned home. During her vacations she was engaged in evangelistic campaigns in the State of Arkansas.

The Rev. B. F. Lawrence, pastor of the Assembly of God in Springfield, Mo., and Sec. Treas. of The Southern Missouri District Council of the Assembly of God, is visiting W. R. Sutherland for a short time for the purpose of holding religious services on Mr. Sutherland's lawn.

# E. MAYHEW & ON

## Confess that Pride is One of the Reasons for These Extra Values for This Week

Pride and Ambition spur us on and impel us to offer these MONEY SAVING SPECIALS FOR 10 DAYS. Money saving for you—Profit losing for us. We're proud of our past business records. We're ambitious to increase them.

### We Are Going to Make This a "Record Week"

Where Pride enters into this situation is that to make sure of our aim we have willingly put aside profits on many lines for this week in order to make a Record Week. Again we say, it's your move if you would benefit by our Ambition.



Shoes you can rely on.

Shoes of Quality.

We save you \$1 on every pair.

### Boys' Wash Suits, \$1.19

Regular price \$1.50, in blue and tan colors.

### Men's Straw Sailors, \$1 each

On sale this week. Regular price \$2. Newest shapes, with head-conforming cushion bands.

A great lot of Women's Sport Hats, Motor Caps, Veils, Panamas and Leg-horn Hats at terrific reductions.

### House Dresses

Just the thing for morning wear. Come early and get your pick. Sale price, \$1.19.

### Groceries

Fresh every week, and extra good quality.

### Girls' and Misses Wash Dresses

Fine Linen Wash Dresses in tan, blue, pink—in fact, all the latest shades; Mary Pickford and all the latest styles. Prices reduced—a saving of 20 per cent.

### We're Still Talking Suits

We are distributing values that are most unusual in the face of the present extraordinary market conditions. Attend this sale and you, too, will agree that it offers great values. See our specially priced \$16.50 Suits.

### Underwear and Hosiery

A splendid chance to save on most reliable goods.

### Fancy Parasols, 98c

# E. Mayhew & Son

## LOCAL AGENT WANTED

For Glencoe and District to sell for "The Old Reliable Fonthill Nurseries"

Splendid list of stock for fall planting 1917 and spring planting 1918, including many new varieties which we have under control.

Send for new illustrated catalogue, also Agent's proposition. Handsome free outfit; exclusive territory; liberal commissions.

## STONE & WELLINGTON

The Fonthill Nurseries (Established 1837)

Toronto Ontario

## Notice to Creditors.

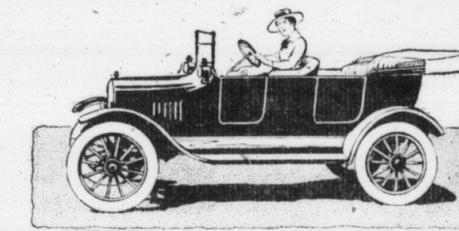
In the Estate of Thirsa Holman, Late of the Village of Newbury in the County of Middlesex, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914," Chapter 121, Section 56, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Thirsa Holman, who died on or about the twenty-seventh day of March, A. D. 1917, are required on or before the twenty-fourth day of July, A. D. 1917, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss of the Village of Glencoe, Solicitors for Albert Holman, Administrator of the estate of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 29th day of June, A. D. 1917.

ELLIOTT & MOSS,  
Solicitors for Albert Holman, Administrator of the Estate of the said Deceased.



## GIVE YOUR WIFE ONE

Thousands of wives and daughters run their own Ford cars. They use them for shopping, calling, attending the theatre, taking the children for a run in the country or to school.

The Ford is as easy to operate as a kitchen range, no knowledge of mechanical details being necessary. Inexpensive to operate. A woman can call around town all afternoon or take a 25-mile spin in the country, at the minimum of cost for gasoline, oil, wear on tires, etc.

You couldn't give "her" a present she would appreciate more than this beautiful, modern car, with its streamline effect, tapered hood and crown fenders.

OVER 700 FORD SERVICE STATIONS IN CANADA

Runabout	\$475
Touring	495
Complet	605
Town Car	780
Sedan	800

F. O. B. Ford, Ont.

## Duncanson & McAlpine

Dealers Glencoe

Exceptional Quality and Value in

## WASH SKIRTS

at **\$1.50**

The picture gives a good idea of the smartness and tailoring shown in two typical models. Made of snow white Gabardine, pearl button trimmed with slit pockets and belted yoke, or with fancy pockets, pearl button trimmed and shirred and belted at waistline. Can be had in all sizes for misses and ladies.

MAIL INQUIRIES SOLICITED

## B. SIEGEL & CO.

DETROIT

715 West State St.,  
CORNER WOODWARD & STATE

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchin*

# The Purple Mask

by Grace Curard  
Novelized from the Motion Picture Play of the Same Name by the Universal Film Mfg. Co.

## FIFTH EPISODE—(Cont'd.)

As Pat walked about the drawing room Kelly's admiring gaze followed her every movement.

"Kelly, you're slipping," the Sphinx said to himself. "You better look out or you'll be in love."

Then as if to remind himself of "even thinking of such nonsense," Kelly turned abruptly on his heel, and walked into an adjoining room.

It was some little time before Pat came face to face with the Sphinx in the Crosby drawing room.

"How charming you look, Miss Pat," was Kelly's stammered compliment when he came face to face with the beautiful Patricia.

"You are even more lovely than you seemed to be when looking down upon me as I lingered near the jaws of death," the Sphinx continued.

"Hush! Please be careful and don't ever mention that scene again," Pat implored, as her face flushed scarlet.

"I may not mention it, but I shall ever be grateful to you, Miss Pat," the Sphinx responded; and then to change the subject he continued:

"Rather surprised to see me here, Miss Pat?" he said inquiringly.

"Not in the least," the beautiful girl replied. She fixed her great eyes full upon Kelly's face and continued deliberately:

"I had heard you were called to guard the jewels, and I wonder if you can prevent them being stolen." She kept her gaze fixed upon the Sphinx, as she waited for his answer.

"Miss Pat," he finally said, with great deliberation, "I'll prevent the Apaches from getting the jewels if I am compelled to expose their leader and arrest every guest in attendance here."

"How dramatic that would be," said Pat, accompanying her remark with one of her musical little laughs.

"This is a good time to laugh, Miss Pat," the Sphinx remarked, as he turned from the girl and abruptly ended the conversation.

"He is just as rude as ever," Pat said to herself, as she where Kelly lay so ungraciously left her.

Pat's eyes flashed with resolution. She went to a low French window that looked out upon the Crosby grounds and signalled to the Apaches who were assembled and ready to take orders. The response quickly assured her.

The Crosby guests were assembling round a monster punch bowl, on a table in the center of the drawing room, when Pat turned from the window. As she started toward the table there was an ominous crash, of a bursting bomb, as it fell in the grounds near the mansion.

Women screamed with terror, and the male guests rushed out upon the lawn, with excited shouts that an air raid upon Paris was in progress. The guests surged in and out of doors, rushing from one room to the other while Pat waited patiently behind the window portieres for her chance to act.

The jewels had been brought into the drawing room to be admired by the guests when the crashing of the bomb turned the scene into bedlam and everyone began to rush aimlessly about. Even Kelly, usually cool and unexcitable, was thrown off his guard. He rushed out of doors with the other men and gazed wonderingly upward.

"Pat above them in an airplane circling overhead, the whirr of its engine being plainly heard."

The time Kelly had consumed upon the lawn was enough for Pat to accomplish, by quick action, what the Sphinx had been hired to prevent. She fled from her cover behind the portieres, ran to the punch bowl table at a moment the drawing room was deserted and there she had but to reach out her hand and take them, gleamed the Crosby gems in plain view.

Pat snatched the jewels from the box containing them, and quickly disappeared from the scene. She had gone to another room, when the men returned from watching the airplane.

Kelly ran straight to the table and found only the empty jewel box. As he turned for a moment to hastily survey the room, the Sphinx saw a trim slight figure, dressed in Apache costume, disappear through the low French window.

Pat had gone into an adjoining room and hurriedly divested herself of the evening gown she had put on over her Apache costume. Watching her opportunity, she slipped through the window and was fleeing toward her automobile when Kelly bounded from the Crosby mansion in hot pursuit.

Straight to the airplane hangar Pat was driven by her faithful chauffeur. As close behind as he could speed his machine came Kelly in eager chase.

"I was going to give this package to you," Pat signalled as she reached the hangar and was met by De Saint, "but I am too closely pursued to get away myself. So you'll have to take me with you in the air and land me at a safe place—then I can make my way home."

In the brief moment Pat had taken to explain, Kelly had reached the hangar and was hurrying into the yard. De Saint signalled to the Apaches who were there to protect their leader, and the Sphinx was surprised by the opposition that confronted and quickly started to overpower him while he dashed toward Pat and De Saint as they were preparing to go aloft in the airplane.

There was a sharp stiff fight, with Kelly out-matched in strength by the numbers who assailed him. Just as the airplane began its short run on the ground in preparation to ascend, one of the Apaches landed a stunning blow on Kelly's chin, and he fell unconscious into the machine's structure. De Saint and his fair passenger started to rise from the ground. The machine was acting queer and De Saint shouted to Pat that there was something wrong. The girl turned in her seat, by partly unloosening the straps that bound her, and beheld a sight that unnerved her for the moment, and fully explained the cause of the trouble.

The limp form of a man rested on one of the airplane's wings, and put the machine out of balance.

Half dazed by terror, and almost paralyzed by the surprise of her discovery, Pat managed to shout to De Saint that the cause of his trouble had been disclosed.

"There is a man lying senseless on one of the wings," she screamed in De Saint's ear.

"Try and haul him in here," answered the aviator, recognizing the Sphinx's cry.

But as Pat turned to obey instructions the airplane suddenly swerved. De Saint worked desperately at the controlling handles—but to no purpose.

The frail airship began to descend with lightning speed toward the ground. Pat closed her eyes, in resignation to the fate that threatened. There was a crash of breaking branches, a swish of leaves and bending boughs, and the airplane came to a sudden stop, caught safely in the top of a giant tree.

Then another frightful and more terrible fate than the one they had seemingly so narrowly escaped, faced the imperiled trio. Flames burst suddenly forth from the ignited gasoline and began to envelop the frail structure with leaping tongues of fire.

(To be continued.)

## FORMER HOME OF THE CZAR.

Sumptuous Palaces Situated in the "Village of the Czar."

"Travellers from Petrograd to Tsarskoye-Selo have a journey of fifteen miles to the south over the oldest railroad in the Russian Empire," says a bulletin of the National Geographic Society. "The line which connects the capital city with the 'Village of the Tsar' (which is the meaning of the hyphenated name) was constructed in 1838. It runs through level country dotted with fertile fields and rich pasture land."

"Tsarskoye-Selo has taken more than 200 years to attain a population of 30,000. It was an insignificant Finnish village when Peter the Great assumed control of the mouth of the River Neva. The monarch presented the village to his royal consort, Catherine I, and began the construction of the Great Imperial Palace, usually designated as the Old Palace, to distinguish it from the New Palace built by Catherine II during the closing years of her reign and of the eighteenth century. The edifice was completed just a year before Peter's death, but it was greatly beautified by his daughter, Elizabeth Petrovna, between 1747 and 1756."

"Some of the most magnificent royal apartments in Europe are to be found in the Old Palace, notably the bedroom of Marie Alexandrovna, consort of Alexander II, with its opalescent glass walls, its columns of purple glass and its mother-of-pearl inlaid floor. The walls of another chamber are panelled with amber; a third apartment is decorated with silver, another has wonderful tables and chandeliers which glow with the soft light of lapis-lazuli, and there is a ballroom which glitters with gold and mirrors. The agate room of the palace was the bedchamber of the great Catherine."

"With all these sumptuous apartments at his disposal, Nicholas II, so recently deposed, seldom occupied any of them, but preferred to live in a modest building no larger than the country home of the average well-to-do Canadian."

"The extensive gardens and parks are among the chief beauties of Tsarskoye-Selo. Picturesque grooves, artistic bridges, charming arbors and delightful swan ponds are to be found on all sides, with here and there an artificial ruin which captivates the eye and quickens the imagination."

"The famous Alexander lyceum was formerly located at Tsarskoye-Selo, and here some of the foremost Russian literary geniuses, including the great Pushkin, were educated."

"Beyond the imperial gardens and grounds the streets of the village are broad and straight. There are several barracks and hospitals, and eight churches."

## MIDSUMMER THANKS.

For all the golden glory of the noon,  
For buds and blossoms and full-fruited trees,  
For quiet landscapes dreaming 'neath the moon,  
For peace and laughter and domestic peace;

For music and her sister Poesy,  
For what great pens have written, great men done,  
For learning's lamp, and priceless liberty,  
For life renewed each morning with the sun;

For friendship linking mind with kindred mind,  
For hope and courage meted for the strife,  
For toil and sorrow, tutors grim but kind—  
For all of these our thanks, O Lord of life!



## A COURSE IN HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE COMPLETE IN TWENTY-FIVE LESSONS.

### Lesson I. Why We Need Food.

The fundamental principle of all food is the nutritive value of the food itself. If food lacks the necessary elements that are so important, it fails to accomplish its mission in the body.

We eat in order that we may work. That the workers may eat in an intelligent manner, it is most necessary for the housewife to know the principles and laws governing digestion. For instance, while the heavy protein of food is very acceptable during cold weather, it would be unwise to supply it to the family during the hot season of the year. Many of the heavy and coarse foods that we eat during cold weather are actually needed. This is especially true of a person who works out of doors doing heavy manual labor.

When the sedentary or indoor worker realizes that his diet should be decidedly different from the diet of a person whose work exposes him to the open, much ill-health and disease will disappear. In order to secure good health, it behooves us to know just what we are eating.

The five principal constituents of food are: Proteins, carbohydrates, fats, mineral salts and water.

Proteins are contained in meat, milk, cheese, butter, eggs, fish, grains, and legumes. Proteins contain hydrogen, carbon, nitrogen, sulphur and sometimes phosphorus. Their chief use is tissue building, repairing wear and making muscle. They also supply heat.

Carbohydrates are found in starches and sugars, green vegetables, grains and fruits. They are composed of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. Carbohydrates are used to supply energy or

power to do work. They enter, to a small extent, into the process of building tissue. They also furnish heat. Starch, by the process of digestion, is converted into a dextrine, and then made into a convert sugar. This change takes place in the intestines.

Fats—The source of fats is in beef, lard, chicken and other compounds of an animal source, and in olives, corn, peanut and cottonseed oil of a vegetable source. Vegetable oils are free from all domestic oils, it is the by-product of corn from which cornstarch is made. In composition fats contain carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. Fats in the body furnish a greater amount of heat than starches. They are used also for building tissue. A large amount of fat must be used during cold weather than in hot weather, for the heat radiating over the surface evaporates more quickly in the cold, or, in other words, the cold oxidizes this body fuel.

Mineral Salts—The source of inorganic salts is principally in green vegetables, grains, milk, meats, eggs and fish. The salts found in foods are calcium, iron, chlorine, phosphorus, magnesium, sodium, sulphur and potassium. Salts are used to regulate the body; they are also needed for the formation of bone and teeth structure and appear in tissue building.

Water—Water is the most necessary of all foods; it forms a part of all tissues and is the important factor in the blood stream. It is present in large amount in all body fluids. It carries nourishment to the blood and regulates the bodily process of elimination.

One hour for green peas and lima beans.  
Forty minutes for asparagus.  
Thirty-five minutes for corn cut from cob.  
Do not add any water. Have the oven hot.

To steam, use a regular steamer, or, in the absence of this, use a stand fit inside of the saucepan in which the vegetables are to be cooked. This method may be used for asparagus, corn, potatoes, beets, turnips, etc.

To cook in ordinary saucepan, add one pint of boiling water to each quart of peas, lima beans, celery, lettuce or cabbage. Put an asbestos mat under the saucepan and cook.

Remember that using large amounts of water lessens the nutritive value of these vegetables.

## SMALL VICTIMS OF GREAT CONFLICT

### RESCUING LITTLE ONES FROM WAR'S TERRORS.

#### Most Pathetic of War Stories Are Those of Countless Homeless and Parentless Children.

From the frontiers of Belgium, France and Alsace since the beginning of the war thousands upon thousands of children of all ages have been rescued from scenes of carnage, destruction and destitution and taken to Paris, homeless as well as frightened. In countless instances the homes of these boys and girls were utterly demolished; in countless instances father or mother or both were killed, often before the very eyes of their little ones.

Horror piled on horror greeted the childish eyes; agonized cries pierced their childish ears; roar of cannon, rattle of small arms, engulfing waves of smoke overwhelmed them. No wonder they suffered from shattered nervous systems, when added to the inferno was lack of food, lack of clothing, lack of beds in which to sleep and roofs to keep off the storms. On every hand death, shattered bodies of those they loved, on whom they depended; on every hand ruined homes, churches, schools; where once the little ones tended flowers in garden plots shells had torn up the earth into cavernous, yawning gaps.

But strong hands and stout hearts of unknown friends were ready and willing to help them. During the very first month of war, in August, 1914, two colonies were established in France for the care of these desolate children.

Gathering Up the Lost Ones.  
Since then a stream of the war's little sufferers has been pouring from the shifting fighting fronts back toward the colonies of France and ten other cities have been established. Into them have been gathered up to the present approximately 1,200 children.

In the colony at Oulins, France, are some fifty children from bombarded villages of southern Belgium. Many of these little ones had remained at home

### The Peerless Perfection Fence

Divides your stock and they stay where you put them. The fence that serves you for all time. Can't rust, sag or break down. Stands any weather. Lock joints securely held with the Peerless lock. All parts heavily galvanized, the strongest, most serviceable fence made and fully guaranteed.

SEND FOR CATALOG of all kinds of fencing for farms, ranches, stock raising, lawns, utility fences, ornamental fencing and gates. See the Peerless line at your local dealer. Agents wanted in open territory.

THE DANWELL-HOXIE WIRE FENCE COMPANY, Ltd.  
Windsor, Manitoba, Hamilton, Ontario

### BANG GO SAXPENCE!

It is part of our Service to worry for you, so why should you worry about the high cost of living interfering with your annual vacation?

Our excellent buying facilities combined with increased patronage is enabling us to give the high cost of living a black eye, and with our assistance you can get more for your shilling than you can elsewhere.

That is why you should spend your vacation in Toronto, Canada, or send your wife and kiddies, they will be very much at home at the Walker House, Geo. Wright & Co. Proprietors, as the management give special attention to ladies and children traveling unaccompanied.

REASONABLE RATES

AMERICAN PLAN EUROPEAN PLAN IF DESIRED

The Walker House Geo. Wright & Co. Proprietors Toronto, Canada

## 2 IN 1 SHOE POLISHES

A "2 in 1 Shoe Polish" is made for every use. For Black Shoes, "2 in 1 Black" (paste) and "2 in 1 Black Combination" (paste and liquid); for White Shoes, "2 in 1 White Cake" (cake) and "2 in 1 White Liquid" (liquid); for Tan Shoes, "2 in 1 Tan" (paste) and "2 in 1 Tan Combination" (paste and liquid).

10c Black-White-Tan 10c  
F. F. DALLEY CO. OF CANADA LTD., Hamilton, Can.

QUICK-HANDY-LASTING

### A Lost Trade Secret.

It has frequently happened that valuable trade secrets have been lost beyond recovery. For instance, the best watch oil, it appears, cannot be obtained to-day, because the secret process of mixing it perished with the inventor. It is said that the last quart of this famous fluid was sold for \$200, and that was thirty-five years ago. Since then every effort has been made to analyze the product in an attempt to reproduce the oil, but without success. The man who made it and who alone knew its composition died, and it further appears, not even his name or the place of his burial is known. He never revealed to anyone the details of his process, and it was not until after his death that the real value of the oil was appreciated.

### Valuable Time.

Ralph's father is a doctor, and Ralph naturally likes to play he is one, too, using an old medicine case and hat of his father's to dress the part properly. One day the telephone rang, whereupon Ralph called out, "Somebody wants me," and caught up his hat and case and hurried out. "Come back and shut the screen-door, Ralph," called his mother. "Later, when he came in looking very sober, she inquired sociably, 'Well, how did you find your patient, Ralph?' 'Dead,' he replied, and then added pointedly, 'died while I came back to shut the door.'"

### Preparing for To-morrow.

It must not be supposed that the committee made no provision for the future. Those in charge of the refugee children understand that almost all of them will have to earn their living, and a hard living at that, as soon as the war is over. France and Belgium particularly will be hard put to it to provide for ordinary affairs.

### Some Pathetic Cases.

One of the noblest countenances among all the rescued waifs is that of little Georges Surdeau, aged 5, who was on his way to seek a tool his grandfather had left in a field near their home when an exploding shell came rushing out of the sky. Several civilians in the field were injured and little Georges's right leg was so badly shattered that it had to be amputated.

That was eight months ago and the wound has not yet healed. Nevertheless Georges hops around on a crutch, he has become fat and chubby and cheerful, and he seldom complains excepting when the pain of the wound becomes more than he can bear.

One pathetic instance of many at the sanitarium is that of a delicate little boy named Nestor Delanoy, whose

mother died of a painful illness during the bombardment of Poperinghe. Nestor was the youngest of six children. Where their father was nobody knew—at the front perhaps, or himself lying dead in a long trench filled by other brave soldiers who had fallen in defence of liberty or a prisoner perhaps of Germany.

Fatherless, motherless, with little to wear and nothing to eat, the children were obliged to beg in the streets or to starve; and they came near starving as it was. But a good angel dropped down out of the skies one day, an angel in the shape of a member of the Franco-American Committee for Children of the Frontier, and before his baby mind could reason it out little Nestor found himself on the way to Paris with fifty other child refugees from the north.

Then, before long, he was taken to the Jonchere sanitarium, for, owing to lack of proper food, he was too weak to stand or walk. He is there yet, a child of excellent mentality, with a smile which wins all hearts. And best of all, his physical improvement is perceptible.

A slice of cucumber rubbed over the face will cleanse it as well as soap and is better for the skin. If the face has that shiny, oily look which is so unbecoming in warm weather, add a few drops of lemon juice to the warm water in which you bathe it.

### Canadian Order of Chosen Friends

A fraternal and insurance society that protects its members in accordance with the Ontario Government Standard. Sick and funeral benefits optional.

Authorized to obtain members and charter lodges in every Province in Canada.

Purely Canadian, safe, sound and economical.

If there is no local lodge of Chosen Friends in your district, apply direct to any of the following offices:

Dr. J. W. Edwards, M.P., W. F. Montague, Grand Councillor, Grand Recorder.  
W. F. Campbell, J. H. Bell, M.D., Grand Organizer, Grand Medical Ex.  
HAMILTON - ONTARIO

## TREASURE HIDDEN IN OCEAN'S DEPTHS

### RECLAIMING LOST SHIPS MAY BE POSSIBLE.

#### Many Sunken Vessels Lie in Comparatively Shallow Water and Most of Them Might Be Raised.

The Germans (according to the news dispatches) have a scheme for fishing up the ships their submarines have sunk—in the aggregate a huge merchant fleet. It is a bulky idea. Let's make them do it!

A great majority of the sunken vessels lie in water of no great depth. It ought to be a matter of no very serious difficulty to raise most of them—or at all events a large percentage of the "submarine" tonnage.

Very many of the lost ships have been sunk in the North Sea, which might be described as a vast shallow pond. It is so shallow that if its bottom were raised by only 150 feet three-fourths of it would become dry land.

Other sinkings by submarines have been mostly in waters to the south and west of the British Isles, particularly off the coast of Ireland, in relatively shallow sea. One has only to glance at a hydrographic chart of that region in order to perceive that the soundings are not of many fathoms.

#### The Atlantic "Bridge."

From Ireland there runs across the ocean to Newfoundland an irregular belt of relatively shallow water which has suggested to geologists the notion that at some future time a big terrestrial uplift might conceivably create a land bridge between North America and the British Isles.

The fishing banks far eastward of the Newfoundland coast—shallows rich in mollusks and other forms of life that attract multitudes of hungry cod, haddock, halibut and other valuable food fishes—are parts of the belt above described. One of these banks, Flemish Cap, is 300 miles out in the North Atlantic, and the water that flows over it is hardly more than 300 feet deep.

Six hundred miles out is the Saint-hill bank, which rises to within 600 feet of the surface of the sea, and the Milne bank, 150 miles further toward Europe, is only 400 feet deep. Just about midway between the Newfoundland coast and Ireland are the so-called Faraday Hills, which are elevations of the sea bottom a little over half a mile beneath the waves.

As for the North Sea, its shallowness has doubtless much to do with its popularity as a feeding ground for fishes. Its bottom is overpaved by ever-renewed supplies of detritus, rich in organic material, poured into it by many rivers, and this detritus furnishes unlimited food for the mollusks and other forms of life on which the fishes subsist.

#### The Fishpond of Europe.

Thus it comes about that the German Ocean (as the Teutons call the North Sea) is the great fishpond of Europe. All continental Europe, as well as the British Isles, looks to it for a very large fraction of its food supply.

The most remarkable thing about this marine fishpond is that its resources seem literally inexhaustible. The more fishes caught, the more there are left to catch. It is no exaggeration to say that—in peace times at all events—virtually every square yard of its bottom is scraped repeatedly by the "beam-trawls," from which no finny creature can well escape.

The reason why is simply that man's utmost efforts at fish destruction in that aqueous arena accomplish only a very small fraction of 1 per cent of the killing done by the natural salt-water enemies of the species concerned. This is particularly true of the herring, which, caught in the North Sea, supply all Europe. They are salted and cured for market by the millions of barrels, but a single great "school" of them might (if all were captured) meet the whole annual demand. Man's influence on their numbers, or upon the perpetuation of their species, is so unimportant as to be negligible.

Before very long, however, there is to be another kind of fishing in the North Sea and nearby waters. It will be a fishing for "submarine" ships, and the issue of the war will decide for whose benefit the fishery will be.

#### A Singular Orange.

The five-fingered orange of Japan is one of the freaks of the plant world. The tree on which it grows is found only in Japan, and even considered apart from its fruit, it is one of the queerest-looking members of the vegetable kingdom. It seldom grows to a greater height than six feet, and its twisted gnarled branches are so entangled with its trunk, which grows knotty and awry, that it is not possible to find two inches of stem growing in the same direction. As if to protect its singular and delicious fruit still more effectively, it sends out a multitude of long hard-needle-pointed thorns.

When a tooth aches it is caused by acid penetrating a cavity. The pain may be relieved by rinsing the mouth with a little baking soda and water.

# Redpath SUGAR

"Redpath" stands for sugar quality that is the result of modern equipment and methods, backed by 60 years experience and a determination to produce nothing unworthy of the name "REDPATH".

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

Made in one grade only—the highest!

2 and 5 lb. Cartons—10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

## THE AMPHIBIOUS BELGIAN SOLDIER

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS TOO  
ARE MANY OF THE TROOPS.

Much of the Fighting on the Belgian  
Front is Carried on in Boats  
on No Man's Sea.

There are some thousands of soldiers in the gallant little Belgian army holding that corner of their unhappy kingdom still untrod by German foot who answer Kipling's description of the marine; they are soldiers and sailors too. How these Belgian infantrymen fight in boats at night is one of many strange stories of the war.

For two years most of the Belgian front has been under water, the barrier the Belgian flung across the German path in the first year of war by opening the dikes. On one side of the water are the Belgian trenches, on the other side the German. There are miles and miles of flooded, sodden country with here and there a village shelled to rubble, one of the most desolate regions of the whole desolate western front.

By day all is quiet on those lowlands except for the occasional crack of the sniper's rifle or the rumble of the usual bombardment. But when night falls there begins exciting, touch and go work in the dark between the trenches on No Man's Sea.

Strange Warfare, This.

For considerable stretches the water is nearly a mile wide. Just at its edge little boats lie hidden under the Belgian trenches. In the darkness the Belgian infantrymen steal down to them and now become maifines, set forth on patrol.

It needs not only daring and coolness, but some special training to do this hazardous work. The men use padded or muffled oars, sometimes punt poles; sometimes they lie flat in the bottom of the boat and paddle with their hands. They are armed with bombs, sometimes with long knives.

Creeping silently close to the German shore, to see what the enemy is up to over there, is a risky undertaking. Any moment a star shell may flood the water with light and reveal the little boat and its crew to watching marksmen, and through the night machine guns sporadically spray the water near the German trenches on the chance of hitting something unseen. Sometimes they are mines.

The risk of all these things is nothing to the thrill of meeting a German patrol boat. Hearing the strokes of a punt pole, the Belgians crouch tensely, the safely pins removed from their bombs, until the German craft is almost upon them. Then the bombs are hurled, and in the racking roar that follows the Belgians slip away as silently as they came.

In No Man's Sea.

The strangest part of this strange warfare is that getting back to their own shore after such fights is comparatively without danger if there are no star shells. The Germans in their trenches are afraid of hitting their own boat if they fire, and so are the Belgians, for neither side knows which boat threw the bomb, which boat was hit.

There is only one way for Belgians and Germans to get at each other on land. Here and there raised roads run from one line to the other, isthmuses between the pools of water. These causeways, sole survivors of Belgium's peaceful days in all that war-blighted region, stand up like the backbones of half submerged sea monsters, spined with broken trees.

Out along the roads are Belgian and German advanced posts, most of them hidden, where night and day men lie in the mud and watch and listen for the other side to try an attack along the road. That seldom happens, and when it does the machine guns sweep the attacking force off the road into the cold, muddy water of No Man's Sea.

DO FISH FEEL PAIN?

It is Generally Thought That They  
Do Not Suffer to Any Extent.

General opinion appears to be that fish are almost insensible to pain.

A keen angler, who has had considerable experience, states that, in his opinion, which has only been arrived at after most careful observation, fish are almost totally unable to feel pain as we understand it.

"When, as a boy," he says, "I was fishing on the Leith, it was common occurrence to hook, cast after cast, a young salmon (known locally as 'par'), which, according to the fishing regulations, we were required to throw back into the river.

"As we were fishing for trout, these young salmon became a great nuisance, and in consequence were not removed very carefully from the hook. Some of these, therefore, were rather badly wounded when thrown back into the water, and one would have thought that they would lie low until they had recovered.

"One day when I was fishing this river I actually hooked the same fish on no less than three different occasions.

"Since then I have gathered a considerable amount of similar experience, and am firmly convinced that fish are practically insensible to pain."

The Real "War Bread" must contain the entire wheat grain—not the white flour center—but every particle of gluten and mineral salts—also the outer bran coat that is so useful in keeping the bowels healthy and active. Shredded Wheat Biscuit is the real "war bread" because it is 100 per cent. whole wheat prepared in a digestible form. Contains no yeast, baking powder, seasoning, or chemicals of any kind. Food conservation begins with Shredded Wheat Biscuit for breakfast and ends with Shredded Wheat Biscuit for supper. Delicious with sliced bananas, berries, or other fruits. Made in Canada.

A HEROINE OF  
THE FACTORY  
WORKER IN A GREAT ENGLISH  
MUNITION PLANT.

Pathetic Little Tale of a Girl's Devotion to the Cause of Duty.

All her mates in the great munition factory wondered why she worked with such feverish energy.

She was not robust. They knew that she was married, that her man was "out yonder," that she had no one dependent upon her, and that she kept herself to herself, sharing none of their joys and pleasures, but ever ready to help bear another's burden; ever ready with that practical help which is worth a pound of pity, says an English writer.

But all appeals to her for assistance and advice had to be made out of working hours. From the instant she "clocked on" for her particular shift until, weary and worn, she "clocked off," she did not and would not waste a moment.

And somehow the quiet resolution, the grim tenacity, the almost white-hot concentration of this woman on her work exercised a beneficent influence in her shed, which percolated even to the most flippant among that band of workers.

Her form was frail and thin. Her outdoor clothing was of the plainest description. She mystified them.

A Wasted Day.

Why, they asked themselves again and again, did she work with such feverish energy? Why did her plain, uninteresting face become suffused with radiant enthusiasm as she bent lovingly over her shells? That she was not a miser, they knew, for she was generous to a fault, so that she was not working like a slave, harder than all the others, to earn the extra pay.

The excellence of her work began to be talked about. In none of the shells she handled was there ever the slightest suspicion of a flaw. Inspectors, out of mere curiosity, had subjected her work to the most searching tests, and had found it blameless.

And how utterly impervious she seemed to the influence of the injurious ingredients she had to use. Cor-dite, lyddite, chloroform, nitro-glycerine, poisonous, noxious fumes, which rendered the other workers sick and dizzy, and caused them to re-

turn to the rest-room compulsorily provided by Government orders, left her untouched. Although her complexion yellowed, and big, black circles formed under her eyes, she was always at her bench, always bending grimly over her shells, handling them almost lovingly.

Vainly they had tried to penetrate the armor of reserve in which she had encased herself. She was always courteous, never lost her temper. But when they asked her point-blank why she was slaving herself to death in this manner, she deftly switched the conversation into other channels.

Nature Rebelled.

Once the factory had a day's holiday. It was a compulsory holiday. Had she been permitted, she would have gone to the shed, and bent her back grimly over the shells, which seemed the Alpha and Omega of her existence.

But as she was not allowed to work she joined a party of women and girls and went for a day to the seaside. She spent her money lavishly; she did everything that the others did, and as she had donned her best clothes she came in for a certain amount of admiration.

Yet to the keenest observer it was plain that she was not really enjoying herself. Something was lacking. And only the woman knew what it was. She wanted to be back at her bench. Every hour spent away from the shells she loved meant torture. To her simple mind, always with the great idea, as yet uncommunicated, at the back of it, it seemed sinful to bask in the sunshine on the silvery sands when the lathes which turned the shells were silent.

Came one morning when she did not appear at the factory. There was quite a commotion. Everybody was speculating what had happened to her. She had never lost a minute since she started, and she had worked every hour of overtime the authorities had permitted.

When night came one of the women to whom she had been exceptionally good went to her lodgings to see what was the matter. She found her ill—desperately ill. Nature had at length rebelled.

The Reason Why.

The woman's yellow-hued cheeks were sunken and hollow. She was so weak that she could scarcely put out a hand to greet her visitor. There was no lack of comforts in the room, and a doctor had been; but the pain in the woman's face was pitiable to behold. And it was not physical pain, but mental agony, caused by her enforced inaction.

The women talked, as women will. At first the invalid was reticent and evasive. Gradually the visitor worked the conversation round into intimate channels. She spoke of home life, of life before the war, and of dear ones at the front, and at last learned what she wished to know.

Why did this woman work so terribly hard? Why did she turn out a larger number of shells than any other woman in the shed? Why did she take such a pride in her work? Why was she so particular that every shell which passed through her hands should be so perfect?

The woman on the bed turned a radiant face to her visitor. The old enthusiastic look leapt back into her eyes.

"I'll tell you, Sarah," she answered happily. "My man's a gunner! He may use some of the shells I fill!"

Just that; nothing more. But it was understood by the woman at the bedside, just as you and I will understand.

Motoring at Night in the Country.

Over the city's doorstep.

Where the paving comes to an end,  
We slip with a jar of the throbbing car;

And then with a cough of the horn we are off  
On the road where the willows bend.

The city was hot and brilliant,  
It is cool over here and dark,  
There's only the light of the star sown night,  
And away at the back of a farmhouse black  
A solitary spark.

Damp and fragrant the meadows,  
And wide and dim as Time;  
There are wreaths in the air! Their fingers, their hair,  
Are breathing my face, as madly we race  
To the foot of the long, slow climb.

Up we wind through the forest!  
Up till the top we gain!  
Then a safe surprise in the eastern skies,  
As down we dip like a plunging ship  
To the luminous waves of the plain.

For across the silent reaches  
Of that radiant world, it seems,  
From the old, old moon, by the stars a-swoon,  
Sets sail, through the bright soft sea  
Of the night.  
A silver fleet of dreams.

Oh, world of sweet white magic,  
All drenched in a dew of light!  
This monster of brass and of iron and of gas  
Is carrying me into Arcady,  
By a country road at night.  
—Mary B. Mullett.

Even if the farm tractors do come,  
Good horses will still be needed. And  
Europe is already short of horses, and  
the United States will be equally short  
if the war goes on.

## STRENUOUS WORK SOON TELLS ON YOU

Business Men and Breadwinners  
the Victims of Nervous  
Exhaustion.

When worry is added to overwork men soon become the victims of nervous exhaustion—neurasthenia—the doctor calls it. Some have no reserve strength in their systems to bear the strain; others overtax what strength they have. If you find that you are nervous and not sure of yourself, that you sleep badly, and wake up tired and aching, your nerves are out of order.

Other signs are inability to take proper interest in your work; your appetite is fickle; your back feels weak, and you are greatly depressed in spirits. One or more of these signs mean that you should take prompt steps to stop mischief by nourishing the nerves with the food they thrive on, namely the rich, red blood made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills have cured thousands of cases of nervous disorders, including nervous prostration, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance and partial paralysis. Here is an example. Mr. P. H. Callan, a well known business man in Coleman, P.E.I., says: "I owe my present health, if not life itself, to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had always been an active man, and when I began to run down in health paid little attention to it as I thought it only a temporary weakness. As time passed, however, I found myself growing worse, and consulted a doctor, who said that I was not only badly run down, but that my nervous system was badly shattered. I lost flesh, my appetite was poor, I slept badly and notwithstanding the doctor's treatment grew so weak that I had to leave my business and was confined to the house. Time went on and I was steadily growing weaker, and my friends were all greatly alarmed for my condition. In this condition I was strongly recommended to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as the doctor's medicine was not helping me I decided to do so. By the time I had used three boxes I could tell that they were helping me. When I had taken eight boxes of the pills I felt able to attend to my business again, and people were surprised to see me out again. I had taken twelve boxes, until I had taken twelve boxes, by which time I was feeling as well as ever I did, and was being congratulated by all my friends on my full restoration to health. I feel now that if I had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at the outset I would not only have saved much money spent in doctor's bills, but would have had renewed health sooner. I cannot speak too highly of this medicine, and would recommend it to every man who feels weak, nervous or run down."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE REGIMENTAL MOTTO.  
Tells How it Came Into Existence and Relates Some Anecdotes.

If you look at the badge of a regiment, you will generally find in it a word or short sentence expressing some guiding principle or idea. That is the motto.

I may be in English, French, German, Gaelic, or Welsh—examples in all these languages are, in fact, possessed by British regiments—but usually I am in Latin, and I often give a clue to territorial connections, military exploits, etc.

Originally I came from the motto of a particular family, which, sometimes nothing more than the war cry of its remote ancestors. Such a motto is the "Esperance" (hope) of the Northumberland Percys, famous in Border fighting. It rang high above the din of battle in many a bloody conflict between English and Scots.

But in more recent times I became of territorial or other significance. Look at the regiments whose motto is that of their own city or county. The Devonshire Regiment, for instance, bears "Semper Fidelis" (ever faithful), the motto of the city of Exeter.

In other cases the mottoes of particular regiments were given to them for military achievements. "Celer et audax" (swift and bold) the King's Royal Rifles owes to Wolfe, and the unique possession of the Worcestershire Regiment—"Firm"—appears to have a similar origin.

It was formally conferred, with new colors, after the Peninsular War. So, again, with "Primus in Indis" (first in the Indies), the motto of the Dorset Regiment. This famous corps, formerly the 39th Foot, was the first European regiment of the Regular Army in India, and it fell the task of avenging the horror of the Black Hole of Calcutta.

The most remarkable motto which commemorates military achievement is that of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment, the only one in the British Army bearing the name of a person not of royal blood. In the first battalion, the old 33rd Foot, Wellington spent many years, and on his death—in 1852—Queen Victoria, wishing to mark her appreciation of this connection, ordered that the regiment should adopt his crest and motto for its badge. The motto is "Virtutis fortuna comes" (Virtue is the companion of valor).

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

## In the Moment's Modes

BABY'S OWN TABLETS  
OF GREAT VALUE

Mrs. J. A. Lagace, Ste. Perpetue, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets have been of great value to me and I would strongly recommend them to other mothers." Thousands of other mothers say the same thing. They have become convinced through actual use of the Tablets that nothing can equal them in regulating the bowels and stomach; driving out constipation and indigestion; breaking up colds and simple fevers; expelling worms and curing colic. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Economy Suggestion.

During some excavations in a district of historical interest some workmen came upon a stone which was shaped very like a coffin. They thereupon began to discuss coffins, and an Irishman remarked: "Why don't they use stone coffins now? They'd save a lot of money!" "Why? How would they? They'd be most difficult to make," said another workman.

"Oh, but," said the Irishman, "you see, a stone coffin would last a dead man all his life!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Antiquity of the Bracelet.

Few wearers of bracelets know that they were once used to distinguish the insane. Before lunatics were confined to asylums they wore an armband for distinction. Bracelets for the arms and anklets for the legs—so frequently mentioned as ornaments in the Bible—are still commonly worn by Eastern married women of all ranks. They were looked upon as a capital means of investing money as they could not be taken for debts of the husband.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.  
Gents.—I cured a valuable hunting dog of mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT after several veterinarians had treated him without doing him any permanent good.

Yours, &c.,  
WILFRID GAGNE,  
Prop. of Grand Central Hotel,  
Drummondville, Aug. 3, '04.

Owing to sharp corners and unevenness of the molars, many horses fail to properly masticate and digest their food. Have a good veterinarian or other experienced horseman examine the mouth carefully and file or "float" the teeth into normal condition. By so doing, much feed and horse energy will be saved.

It is not curious that Germany, which began the war as the greatest of all military powers, and which expected its army to win for it a quick victory, finds itself forced to a warfare of defense and retreat on land, and that on the other hand England, long confident of its power on the sea, is threatened to-day with defeat because its navy cannot protect its merchant vessels from the enemy's submarines?

If the beds are wanted where hyacinths and tulips are planted, they can be taken up as soon as the plants have done flowering and heeled in an unused space where they can fully ripen their bulbs.

A baby's bottle ought never to be washed with soap, but the moment it is empty it should be washed in cold water, then filled with a weak solution of boracic acid.

Clothes sprinkled with hot water can be ironed in 15 minutes, and the results will be as satisfactory as though dampened in the usual way and allowed to stand for many hours.

Scientists have decided that bad temper is hereditary and can be traced to ancestors and transmitted to descendants.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargol in Cows

## ROYAL YEAST MAKES PERFECT BREAD

A New Pine.

The teacher had been reading to the class about the great forests of America. "And now, boys," she announced, "which one of you can tell me the pine that has the largest and sharpest needles?"

"Up went a hand in the front row. 'The porcupine!'"

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Double Meaning.

Tourist—You have a very large acreage of corn under cultivation. Don't the crows trouble you a good deal?

Farmer—Oh, not to any extent! Tourist—That's peculiar, considering you have no scarecrows.

Farmer—Oh, well, I'm out here a good part of the time myself.

MONEY ORDERS.  
PAY YOUR out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

Even if apples are low priced it will pay to spray this year. Neglect in one season means a debilitated orchard in the next.

Frugality is good if liberality be joined with it. The first is leaving off superfluous expenses; the last bestowing them to the benefit of others that need. The first without the last begets covetousness; the last without the first begets prodigality.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE  
PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS  
CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT.  
DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers —It's like magic!

Soft corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drop dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

BOOK ON  
DOG DISEASES  
And How to Feed  
Mailed free to any address by the Author  
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.  
118 West 31st Street, New York

WOMAN SICK  
TWO YEARS  
Could Do No Work.  
Now Strong as a Man.

Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years I suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and determined to try it. It brought almost immediate relief. My weakness has entirely disappeared, and I never had better health. I weigh 165 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. J. O. BRYAN, 1785 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

Granulated Eyeids,  
Sore Eyes  
Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salvein Tubes 25c. For Book of the EyeFreeask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

When the weather was hot and sultry, and the sun kept the steel deck of the vessel like a stove. The vessel's original allowance list had included one electric fan, and so the commanding officer immediately submitted a requisition asking that a fan

be furnished for the wardroom and one in each compartment in which the crew were quartered, five fans in all.

The request in due time reached Washington, and some three months later was returned disapproved, since the bureau "did not wish to add any unnecessary weight to the vessel for fear of reducing its speed."

Nothing daunted, the commanding officer returned the requisition with a statement thereon of the weights of himself, his two commissioned assistants and other members of the crew, and requested that one or two of the heavyweights be transferred, and that a man weighing about one hundred and fifty pounds be assigned to his place, and further requested that the disapproval of his requisition be reconsidered. Needless to say, the fans were forthcoming and no one was transferred, not even the commanding officer!

Although the straight lines in frocks are very popular, every now and then one sees a stunning frock diverging far from this effect. The frock illustrated is an example of this; a short panel in the front and back hangs from the shoulders to well below the normal waistline, breaking the straight lines of the skirt while large square pockets do the same at the side. A long narrow girde confines the panels at the waistline. McCall Pattern No. 7820, Misses' Dress; four-piece skirt, in two lengths, suitable for small women. Pattern in 3 sizes; 16 to 20 years. Price, 20 cents.

Chasing butterflies or rolling hoops is lots more fun when we have practical little short frocks to romp in. This smart model has such cunning pockets hanging over the simple straight gathered skirt, it will surely appeal to the little one. McCall Pattern No. 7796, Child's Dress; in 4 sizes; 4 to 10 years. Price, 15 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

UNTying THE RED TAPE.  
How the Commanding Officer Got What He Wanted.

Since the chief requirement in a torpedo-boat destroyer is speed, speed, and yet more speed, it has always been the aim of naval constructors to keep the fittings of such vessels as light as is consistent with strength and to dispense with all fittings that are not absolutely necessary.

Sometime in the year 1904, says Lieut. F. H. Roberts in the Army and Navy Journal, a flotilla of destroyers sailed from the Atlantic to the Philippines by way of the Mediterranean and the Suez Canal. It so happened that the commanding officer of one of the destroyers weighed about two hundred and thirty pounds. His two assistants, both of them ensigns, each weighed more than two hundred pounds. Out of a half dozen petty officers three were heavyweights, and in the crew were two or three others of the same size.

When the flotilla arrived in the Philippines the weather was hot and sultry, and the sun kept the steel deck of the vessel like a stove. The vessel's original allowance list had included one electric fan, and so the commanding officer immediately submitted a requisition asking that a fan

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# LAST CALL

## TO THE BIG SHOE SALE

A mighty money-saving event for the people of Glencoe and surrounding country closes Saturday night, July 7, at 10 o'clock. Hundreds of families have benefited by our

### BIG SELLING-OUT SHOE SALE OF THE MODERN SHOE STORE STOCK

Don't let this opportunity pass by. It means big money for you. After we close the store on Saturday night you will be obliged to pay the former high prices for shoes. Now we are selling shoes at 19c that were formerly sold at \$1.25. Men's (Kaufman) High Grade Rubber Boots, white and red soles and heels, former price \$5.50, for \$3.98. Women's Patent Oxfords and Pumps, sold by the Modern Shoe Store for \$3.00, while they last, \$1.98. Women's Patent Button, black cloth top, actually worth \$4.00, cut to \$1.49. Women's Oxfords and Pumps, black and tan, \$3.00 and 4.00 value, cut to 98c. Men's Black and Tan Oxfords, that were sold by the Modern Shoe Store for \$4.00 and 5.00, cut to \$1.98. Women's Poplin and Satin Pumps, pink, blue and white, former price \$2.00 and 3.00, cut to 98c. Men's High Grade Black Work Shoes, red soles, Stirling's make, sold by the Modern Shoe Store for \$5.50 and 6.00, cut to \$4.49.

Anticipate your shoe needs now, not only for present but for future. We'll make it worth your while by giving you such shoe bargains that you never dreamed possible. Father, mother, sons, daughters--all can save money here. Come early. Buy early. No waiting. Extra clerks. Wonderful bargains.

#### SPECIALS FOR WOMEN

Big lot Women's Pumps, Oxfords and Slippers cut to - **98c**  
 Big lot Women's Patent Oxfords, gray and fawn tops, \$4 value, cut to **\$1.98**  
 Big lot of Women's Black Velvet and Patent Pumps, cut to - **\$1.39**  
 Big lot Women's Brown High Top Lace Shoes, \$8 value, cut to - **\$3.98**  
 Big lot Women's Fine Shoes, \$4 value, cut to - **\$2.98**  
 Big lot Women's White Canvas Pumps, cut to - **\$1.39**  
 Big lot Women's White Canvas High Lace Shoes, new Louis heel, cut to **2.98**  
 Women's Patent Button, black cloth tops, cut to - - **1.49**  
 Elderly Ladies' Fine Kid Laced Shoes, \$6 value, cut to - **4.98**

#### SPORT SHOES FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS

Big lot Women's Sport Shoes, high lace, rubber sole and heel, cut to **\$1.98**  
 Big lot Men's White Vacation Oxfords, cut to - - **98c**  
 Big lot Boys' Running Shoes, black, white and brown, cut to - **98c**  
 Big lot Children's White Canvas Vacation Oxfords, cut to - **59c**  
 Women's Tan Button Shoes, \$5 value, cut to - - **2.48**

#### SPECIALS FOR MEN

Big lot Men's Fine Shoes, cut to **\$3.69**  
 Big lot Men's Black Work Shoes, \$5 value, cut to - - **\$3.98**  
 Men's Tan Oxfords, rubber sole, \$5.50 value, cut to - - **4.49**

Big lot Men's Tan work Shoes, cannot be replaced to sell for less than \$5, cut to - - **3.48**  
 Big lot Men's Mahogany Button and Lace Shoes, \$7.50 value, cut to **5.49**  
 Big lot Men's Rubber Boots, cut to **\$3.98**  
 Big lot Men's Work Shoes, cut to **\$1.98**  
 Big lot Men's High Grade Shoes, \$6.50 value, cut to - **\$4.98**

#### SPECIALS FOR CHILDREN

Big lot Infants' Soft-sole Shoes cut to **39c**  
 Big lot Children's Fine Shoes, \$1.25 value, cut to - - - **19c**  
 Big lot Children's Patent Slippers and Roman Sandals, cut to - **98c**  
 Big lot Children's and Misses' White Canvas Slippers & Oxfords cut to **98c**

Big lot of the well-known Stirling Shoe, with brass eyelets, brass hooks and red soles and heels, for which you paid \$5.50 and 6.00 to the Modern Shoe Store, cut to \$4.49.

Big lot of Brown Suit Cases, cut to \$1.49.

Big lot of Club Bags, 16, 17 and 18-inch, \$3.50 value, cut to \$2.48.

#### This is the Most Bona-fide Shoe Sale Ever Held in Glencoe's History

A mighty money-saving event. Let nothing keep you away. It will pay you to attend even if you live many miles away. The prices are beyond belief, but what we advertise we do. No goods reserved--everything is included.

Tell somebody. Tell everybody. Tell your friends. They will thank you for it. All goods are tagged and marked in plain figures, displayed on racks and tables, to make your buying easy.

Remember the closing day--Saturday, July 7th. To avoid making a mistake, look for the big red, white and blue sign "Selling Out."

Big lot of Men's Rubber Boots with white soles, also Tan Military Rubber Boots, \$5.50 value, cut to \$3.98.

Big lot Men's Harvest Shoes, brown canvas, with solid rubber heels, \$3.00 value, cut to \$2.48.

Big lot of Men's High Top Leather Boots, \$6.00 value, cut to \$4.49.

W. A. Currie & Co.'s Old Stand, Glencoe

# KNECHTEL & COMPANY

THREE BIG STORES

LONDON, STRATFORD AND WOODSTOCK