



Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. A California Vinegar. Only Vegetable Preparation. A native herb found in the Sierra Nevada. The medicinal properties are extracted therefrom of Alcohol. The question asked, "What is the cause of weakness?" The answer is, that they remove the impurities of the blood, and the patient recovers. They are the great blood-giving principle, a perfect purgative of the system. The history of the world has never known a more powerful of every disease man is a gentle Purgative as relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs.

enjoy good health, let a Bitter as a medicine, as of alcoholic stimulants.

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Indigestion, Headache, Stomach, Coughs, Brightness, zines, Sour Eruptions of the Face, and the Mouth, Biliousness, Pain in the region of the heart, and other painful affections of the Digestive System, are invariably cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

King's Evil, White Swelling, Swollen Neck, as Inflammations, Indolent Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Skin, Sore Eyes, as, as in all other constitutions, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a great curative power in the most intractable cases.

and other Worms, such as, as in all other constitutions, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a great curative power in the most intractable cases.

Complaints in young or single, the dawn of womanhood, the Tonic Bitter decided an influence that soon perceptible.

In all cases of jaundice, rest is not doing its work. The treatment is to promote the bile and favor its re-purification by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

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# The St. Andrews Standard.

PUBLISHED BY A. W. SMITH.

E VARIIS BENEDICIMUS EST OPTIMUM.—Cic.

[\$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.]

No 33

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, AUG. 18, 1875.

Vol 42

## Poetry.

### WHAT MIGHT BE DONE.

What might be done if men were wise—  
What glorious deeds, my suffering brother,  
Would they unite  
In love and right,  
And cease their scorn of one another!

Oppression's heart may be imbued  
With kindling drops of loving kindness.  
And knowledge pour  
From shore to shore,  
Light on the eyes of mental blindness.

All slavery, warfare, lies and wrongs,  
All vice and crime might die together;  
And wine and corn,  
To each man born,  
Be free as warmth in summer weather.

The meekest wretch that ever trod,  
The deepest sunk in guilt and sorrow,  
Might stand erect  
In self respect,  
And share the teeming world to-morrow.

What might be done? This might be done,  
And more than this my suffering brother,  
More than the tongue  
E'er said or sung,  
If men were wise and loved each other.

### RUTH MURRAY.

#### What Came of Tinkering a Sewing-Machine.

A curious trade to take to, but then it has grown to be profitable. Things were at a low ebb with me when I took it up. There, I won't boast, only say that I'm thankful for it. Poverty comes in at the door and love flies out of the window, so they say; but that's all nonsense, or else your poor people would be always miserable, while according to my experience, your poor man is often more light-hearted than the man with thousands.

I was at my wife's end for something to do, and sat nibbling my nails one day and grumbling horribly.

"Don't go on like that, Tom," says my wife; "things might be worse."

"How?" I said.

"Why, we might have Luke at home, and he is doing well."

Luke's our boy, you know, and we had got him into a merchant's office, where he seemed likely to stay; but I was in a grumbling fit then, and there was a clinkety-click noise going on in the next room that frightened me terribly.

"Things can't be worse," I said angrily; and I was going to prove myself in the wrong by making my wife cry, when there was a knock at the door.

"Come in," I said, and a fellow-lodger put in his head.

"Are you good at works, Mr. Smith?" he said.

"What works?" I said; "fireworks—gas-works?"

"No, no; I mean works of things as goes with wheels and springs."

"Middling," I said; "for I was fond of pulling clocks to pieces and trying to invent."

"I wish you'd come and look at this sewing-machine of mine, for I can't get it to go."

Sewing-machines were newish in those days, and I got up to have a look at it, and after about an hour's fiddling about, I began to see a bit the reason why—the purpose you know, of all the screws and cranks and wheels; I found out too, why our neighbor's wife, who was a dressmaker, and had just started one, could not get it to go; and before night, by thinking, and putting this and that together, had got her in the way of working it pretty steady, though with my clumsy fingers, I couldn't have done it myself.

I had my bit of dinner and tea with those people, and they forced half-a-crown upon me as well, and I went back feeling like a new man, so refreshing had been that bit of work.

"There," said my wife, "I told you something would come."

"Well, so you did," I said; "but the something is rather small."

age, but I could generally get over that by buying a new wheel or spindle, or what not. Next we got to supplying shuttles and needles and machine cotton. Soon after I bought a machine of a man who was tired of it. Next week I sold it at a good profit. Bought another and another, and sold them; then got to taking them and money in exchange for new ones, and one way and the other became a regular big dealer, as you see.

Hundred? Why, new, second-hand, and with those being repaired up-stairs by the men, I've got at least three hundred on the premises, while if anybody had told me fifteen years ago that I should be doing this, I should have laughed at him.

That pretty girl showing and explaining the machine to a customer? That's Ruth, that is. No, not my daughter—yet, but she soon will be. Poor girl, I always think of her and of the bread thrown upon the waters at the same time.

In our trade we have strange people to deal with. Most of 'em are poor, and can't buy a machine right off, but are ready and willing to pay so much a week. That suits them and suits me, for they'll only keep the payments up to the end.

The way I've been bitten though, by some folks, has made me that case-hardened that sometimes I wondered whether I had any heart left, and the wife's had to interfere, telling me I've been spoiled with prosperity and grown unfeeling.

It was she made me give way about Ruth, for one day, after having had my bristles all set up by finding out that three good sound machines, by best makers, had gone nobody knew where, who should come into the shop but a lady-like-looking woman in very shabby widow's weeds. She wanted a machine for herself and daughter to learn, and said she had heard that I would take the money by instalments. Now, just half an hour before, by our shop clock, I had made a vow that I'd give up all that part of the trade, and I was very rough with her—just as I am when I'm cross—and said "No."

"But you will if the lady gives security," says my wife hastily.

The poor woman gave such a woo-begone look at us that it made me more out of temper than ever, for I could feel that if I stopped I should have to let her have one at her own terms. And so it was; for there, if I didn't let her have a first-class machine, as good as new, she only paying seven and six down, and undertaking to pay half-a-crown a week, and no more security than nothing.

To make it worse, too, if I didn't send the thing home without charge. Luke going with it, for he was back at home now keeping my books, being grown into a fine young fellow of five and twenty; and I sat and growled the whole of the rest of the day, calling myself all the weak-minded idiots under the sun, and telling the wife that business was going to the dogs, and I should be ruined.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself, Tom," she said.

"So I am," says I. "I didn't think I could be such a fool."

"Such a fool as to do a good kind action to one who was evidently a lady born, and come down in the world!"

"Yes," I says, "to living in Bennett's Place, where I've sunk no less than ten machines in five years."

"Yes," says the wife, "and cleared hundreds of pounds. Tom, I'm ashamed of you—you a man with twenty workmen busy up-stairs, a couple of thousand pounds worth of stock, and in the bank a—"

"Hold your tongue, will you!" I said roughly, and went out into the shop to try and work it all off.

Luke came back soon after, looking very strange, and I was at him directly.

"Where's the seven and six?" I says angrily. He didn't answer, but put three half-forens down on the desk, took out the book, made his entries—date of delivery, first payment, when the other's due, and all the rest of it—and was then going into the house.

"Mind," I says, sharply, "those payments are to be kept up to the day; and to-morrow you go to Rolly who live nearly opposite to 'em, and tell 'em to keep an eye on the window, or we shall lose another machine."

"You needn't be afraid, father," he says, coldly; "they're honest enough, only poor."

I was just in that humor that I wanted to quarrel with somebody, and that did it.

"When I ask you for your opinion, young man, you give it to me; and when I tell you to do a thing, you do it," I says, in as savage a way as I ever spoke to the lad. "You go over to-morrow and tell Rolly to keep a strict look-out on those people—do you hear?"

"Father," he says, looking me full in the face, "I couldn't insult them by doing such a thing," then without another word he walked quietly

out of the shop, leaving me worse than ever.

It was about eight o'clock that I was sitting by the parlor fire, with the wife working and very quiet, when Luke came in from the work-shop with a book under his arm, for he had been totting up the men's piece work, and what was due to them; and the sight of him made me feel as if I must quarrel.

He saw it too, but he said nothing, only put the accounts away and began to read.

The wife saw the storm brewing, and she knew how put out I was, for I had not lit my pipe, nor yet had my evening nap, which I always have after tea. So she did what she knew so well how to do—filled my pipe, forced it into my hand, and just as I was going to dash it to pieces in the ashes, she gave me one of her old looks, kissed me on the forehead, as with one hand she pressed me back into my chair, and then with the other she lit a splint and held it to my tobacco.

I was done. She always gets over me like that, and after smoking in silence for half an hour, I was lying back, with my eyes closed, dropping off to sleep, when the wife said (what had gone before I hadn't heard)—

"Yes, he's asleep now."

That woke me up, of course, and if I didn't lie there shunning and heard all they said in a whisper.

"How came you to make him more vexed than he was, Luke?" said the wife; and he told her.

"I couldn't do it, mother," he said excitedly. "It was heart-breaking. She's living in a wretched room there with her daughter; and, mother, when I saw her I felt as if—there, I can't tell you."

"Go on, Luke," she said.

"They're half starved," he said, in a husky way. "Oh, mother, it's horrible. Such a sweet, beautiful girl, and the poor woman herself dying almost with some terrible disease."

The wife sighed.

"They told me," he went on, "how hard they had tried to live by ordinary needle-work, and failed, and that as a last resource they had tried to get the machine."

"Poor things!" says the wife; "but are you sure the mother was a lady?"

"A clergyman's widow," says Luke, hastily; "there isn't a doubt about it. Poor girl! and they've got to learn to use it before it will be of any use."

"Poor girl, Luke?" says the wife softly; and I saw through my eyelashes that she laid a hand upon his arm and was looking curiously at him, when if he didn't cover his face with his hands, rest his elbows on the table, and give a low groan! Then the old woman got up, stood behind his chair, and began playing with and caressing his hair like the foolish old mother would.

"Mother," he says suddenly, "will you go and see them?"

She didn't answer for a minute, only stood looking down at him, and then said softly—

"They paid you the first money?"

"No," he says, hotly. "I hadn't the heart to take it."

"Then that money you paid was yours, Luke?"

"Yes, mother," he says, simply; and those two stopped looking one at the other till the wife bent down and kissed him, holding his head afterwards for a few moments between her hands; for she always did worship that chap, our only one; and then I closed my eyes and went on breathing heavy and thinking.

For something like a new revelation had come upon me. I knew Luke was five and twenty and that I was fifty-four, but he always seemed like a boy to me, and here was I waking up to the fact that he was a grown man, and that he was thinking and feeling as I first thought and felt when I saw his mother, nigh upon eight and twenty years ago.

I lay back, thinking and telling myself I was very savage with him for deceiving me, and that I wouldn't have him and his mother laying plots together against me, and that I wouldn't stand by and see him make a fool of himself with the first pretty girl he set eyes on, when he might marry Maria Turner, the engineer's daughter, and have a nice bit of money with her to put into the business, and then be my partner.

"No," I says; "if you plot together, I'll plot all alone," and then I pretended to wake up, took no notice, and had my supper.

I kept rather gruff the next morning, and made myself very busy about the place and I dare say spoke more sharply than usual, but the wife and Luke were as quiet as could be; and about twelve I went out, with a little oil-can and two or three tools in my pocket.

It was not far to Bennett's place, and on getting to the right house I asked for Mrs. Murray, and was directed to the second floor, where, as I reached the door, I could

hear the clicking of my sewing machine, and whoever there was so busy over it that she did not hear me knock, so I opened the door and softly looked in.

There in the bare room sat asleep in her chair, the widow lady who came about the machine, and I could see that in her face which told plainly enough that the pain and suffering she must have been going through for years would soon be over, and it gave me a kind of turn.

"It's no busier as of years," I said to myself, roughly; and I turned then to look at who it was bending over my machine.

I could see no face—only a slight figure in rusty black; and a pair of busy white hands were trying very hard to govern the thing, and to learn how to use it well.

"So that's the gal, is it?" I said to myself. "Ah, Luke, my boy, you've got to the silly calf age, and I dare say—"

I got no further, for at that moment the girl started, turned around, and turned upon me a timid, wondering face, that made my heart give a queer throb, and I couldn't take my eyes off her.

"Hush!" she said softly, holding up her hand; and I saw it was as thin and transparent as if she had been ill.

"My name's Smith," I said, taking out a screw driver. "My machine; how does it go? Thought I'd come and see."

Her face lit up in a moment, and she came forward eagerly.

"I'm so glad you've come," she said, "I can't quite manage this."

She pointed to the thread regulator, and the next minute I was showing her that it was too tight, and somehow, in a gentle mid-way, the little witch quite got over me, and I stopped there two hours helping her till her eyes sparkled with delight, as she found out how easily she could now make the needle dart in and out of hard material.

"Do you think you can do it now?" I said.

"Oh, yes, I think so; I am so glad you came."

"So am I, said I gruffly; "it will make it all the easier for you to earn the money, and pay for it."

"And I will work so hard," she said earnestly.

"That you will, my dear," I says in spite of myself, for I felt sure that it wasn't me speaking, but something in me. "She been ill long?" I said, nodding towards her mother.

"Months," she said, with tears starting in her pretty eyes; "but," she added brightly, "I shall have enough with this to get her good medicines and things she can fancy," and as I looked at her, something in me said—

"God bless you, my dear! I hope you will," and the next minute I was going down stairs, calling myself a fool.

They thought I didn't know at home, but I did: there was the wife going over and over again to Bennett's place; and all sorts of little nice things were made and taken there. I often used to see them talking about it, but I took no notice; and that awful scoundrel, my boy Luke, used to pay the half-crown every week out of his own pocket, after going to fetch it from the widow's.

And all the time I told myself I didn't like it, for I could see that Luke was changing, and always thinking of that girl—a girl not half good enough for him. I remembered being poor myself, and I hated poverty, and I used to speak harshly to Luke and the wife, and feel very bitter.

At last came an afternoon when I knew there was something wrong. The wife had gone out directly after dinner, saying she was going to see a sick woman—I knew who it was, bless you! and Luke was fidgeting about, not himself; and at last he took his hat and went out.

"They might have confided in me," I said bitterly, but all the time I knew that I would not let them. "They'll be spending money—throwing it away. I know they've spent pounds on them already."

At last I got in such a way that I called down our foreman, left him in charge, and took my hat and went after them.

Everything was very quiet in Bennett's place, for a couple of dirty, dejected-looking women, one of whom was in arrears to me, had sent the children that played in the court right away because of the noise, and were keeping guard so that they should not come back.

I went up the stairs softly, and all was very still, only as I got nearer to the room I could hear a bitter, wailing cry, and then I opened the door gently and went in.

Luke was there, standing with his head bent by the sewing-machine; the wife sat in a chair, and on her knees, with her face buried in the wife's lap, was the poor girl, crying as if her little heart would break; while on the bed, with all the look of pain gone out of her face, lay the widow—gone to meet her husband where pain and sorrow are no more.

I couldn't see very plainly, for there was a mist like before my eyes; but I knew Luke flushed up as he took a step forward, as if to protect the girl, and the wife looked at me in a frightened way.

But there was no need, for something that wasn't me spoke, and that in a very gentle way as I stepped forward, raised the girl up, and kissed her pretty face before laying her helpless head upon my shoulder, and smoothing her soft brown hair.

"Mother," says that something within me, "I think there is room in the nest at home for this poor, forsaken little bird—Luke, my boy, will you go and fetch a cab? Mother will see to what wants doing here."

My boy gave a sob as he caught my hand in his, and the next moment he did what he had not done for years—kissed me on the cheek—before running out of the room, leaving me with my darling nestling in my breast.

I said "my darling," for she has been the sunshine of our home ever since—pale, wintry sunshine while the sorrow was fresh, but spring and summer now.

Why, bless her! look at her. I've felt ashamed sometimes to think that she, a lady by birth, should come down to such a life, making me—well, no, it's too new, for Luke's partner—no end of money by her clever ways. But she's happy, thinking her husband that is to be, the finest fellow under the sun; and let me tell you there's many a gentleman not so well off as my boy will be, even if the money has all come out of a queer trade.

CULTIVATE WHISTLING.—An old farmer once said that he would not have a hired man on his farm who did not habitually whistle. He always hired whistlers. Said he never knew a whistling laborer to fail with his food, his bed, or complain of any little extra work he was asked to perform. Such a man was generally kind to children and to animals in his care. He would whistle a chilled lamb into warmth and life, and would bring in his handful of eggs from the barn without breaking one of them. He found such a man more careful about closing gates, putting up bars and seeing that the nuts on his plow were all properly tightened before he took it into the field. He never knew a whistling hired man to kick or beat a cow, nor drive her on a run into a stable. He had noticed that the sheep he fed in the yard and shed gathered around him as he whistled, without fear. He never had employed a whistler who was not thoughtful and economical.

A man in North Carolina who was saved from a conviction for horse stealing by the powerful plea of his lawyer, after his acquittal by the jury, was asked by the lawyer: "Honor bright, now Bill, you did steal that horse, didn't you?" "Now look a-here, judge," was the reply. "I ailers did think I stole that hoss, but since I hearn your speech to that 'ere jury, I'll be dog-oned if I aint got my doubts about it."

A boy got his grandfather's gun and loaded it, but was afraid to fire; he, however, liked the fun of loading, and so put in another charge, but was still afraid to fire. He kept on charging, but without firing, until he got six charges in the old piece. His grandfather, learning his temerity, smartly reproved him, and grasping the old continental discharged it. The result was tremendous, throwing the old lady on her back. She promptly struggled to regain her feet, but the boy cried out—"Lie still granny; there are five more charges to go off yet."

Scotchman (to English tourist): "Toot awa ma man, toot awa; dinna ye boast so much about yer ain countrie; dinna ye ken that it was only ca'd Breetin t'il Scotland cam' t' ye, an' then ye became Great Breetin? Aye, an' ye've remained Great Breetin since. Ye'd be a pair lot left to yerself!"

Energy is what wins; many men fail to reach the mark because the powder in them is not proportioned to the lead.

An Indiana court decides that a girl may be engaged to fifty suitors and sue every one of them for breach of promise. What she wants with twenty-five pairs of breeches, however, is a question which only the new fashion of Turkish trousers throws any light upon.

"Mr. D., if you'll get my coat done by Saturday, I shall be forever indebted to you." "If that's your game it won't be done," said the tailor.

A Newark girl hastened the departure of a lingering gentleman caller the other evening by remarking as she looked out of the window: "I think we shall have a beautiful sunrise."



## Telegraphic News.

London, Aug. 13.  
Parliament was prorogued to-day until the 29th October.

The Queen's Speech, in closing, the session says her relations with all foreign powers continue cordial, and she looks with confidence to the maintenance of European peace.

The visit of the Eryid of Zanzibar has led to the conclusion of a supplementary convention, looking to the more complete suppression of the East African slave trade.

With regard to the attack on the English expedition, and the murder of Margary on Chinese territory, she says no efforts will be spared to secure the punishment of the instigators or perpetrators of the crime.

The colonies are generally prosperous. Referring to the preservation of the peace of Ireland, Her Majesty expresses her gratification at the adoption of the measure which, while relaxing the stringency of former enactments, is calculated to maintain tranquility there.

Regarding the shipping bills, Her Majesty rejoices that Parliament has been able to the temporary enactment to diminish the dangers to which British seamen are exposed.

She has every reason to hope that the progress of the revenue, which has marked recent years will be fully sustained at present.

Montreal, Aug. 13.  
Jos. Dantre, Advocate, has received from England the long expected decree of the Privy Council, ordering the burial of the remains of the late Joseph Guibord, in the consecrated portion of the Catholic Cemetery.

Thos. White, Editor of the *Gazette*, received an anonymous letter, threatening assassination if he did not cease giving prominence to the fact that Devlin is in prison.

Ottawa, Aug. 16.  
Lt. Col. J. R. MacShane, M. S., of 62nd Volunteer Battalion, St. John, has been appointed Brigade Major for No. 8 Military District, in place of Lt. Col. A. C. Otty, deceased.

London, Aug. 16.  
Gen. Onoseda, after a sharp fight captured the Carlist position at Lamo.

The Carlist force mentioned on 10th inst., as having passed through Berga, with expectation of surprising the Alfonsists, engaged in the siege of Leo Dargel, approached to within three leagues of the besieged town, but the movements of the Royal army necessitated again their retreat to the mountains.

A treaty of commerce between China and Peru was ratified on the 7th inst.

New York, Aug. 16.  
Three miners were killed at the Drummond Colliery, near Scranton, Pa., on Saturday, by a car which became detached and ran down the slope.

The Jesuits recently expelled from Guatemala have now been ordered to leave Costa Rica.

A letter from Spark Hill, N. J., says there were ten heavy land slides on the Piedmont Branch Railroad last Friday night. Several people are missing, and quite a number of wounded from rocks and earth were washed down the mountain by the flood.

Gold 113½ @ 113½.

ACCIDENT TO REV. MR. EDDY OF CALAIS.—The *Calais Times* of the 13th inst. says:—It will excite the deepest sympathy of his many friends in Calais to learn that Rev. E. B. Eddy met with a serious accident on the morning of the 9th inst., at Grand Manan, where he had recently gone with the intention of passing a few weeks of vacation. From the report which has reached us, we learn that he started out quite early in the morning with his basket and hammer, to examine the mineralogical composition and collect specimens for analysis of some rocks two or three miles distant from his boarding place. While crossing a high cliff the bank gave way, and he fell a height of some fifteen feet on the rocks below, dislocating his ankle, severely injuring his back, and sustaining, in addition, many severe bruises. He fortunately, was within calling distance of some men, who procured a wagon and conveyed him in an entirely helpless condition to his boarding place. The doctor who was called administered chloroform, and with the help of assistance put the foot back in place. It had been turned directly under. He suffered terribly previous to and during the operation. His back is so much injured that he moves with extreme difficulty. The people on the island have proffered every assistance in their power, and have excited gratitude by their kindness.

[The Rev. gentleman returned to Calais on Tuesday last in the *Stroud*, he was still suffering from the accident.]

Sir Walter Raleigh is reputed to have discovered the potato, to M. Teller, of Paris, claims the merit of inventing it, as he has in his garden all the year round new potatoes, which continue to increase and multiply in winter under ground, like truffles, as well as in summer by the ordinary methods. He has taken out no patent, and will only reveal the secret if the nation rewards him with an annuity.

Chicago has wisely decided to pay such of her creditors as failed to collect the interest due on their bonds from the house of Duncan, Sherman & Co. This act of honesty will recommend Chicago to persons seeking investment for their money, and will profit the Garden City a hundred

times more than would have been gained by taking advantage of legal technicalities to avoid payment of a just debt.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—John Pencock, to be a Justice of the Peace for the County of Charlotte.

## The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, AUG. 18, 1875.

### Publisher's Notice.

Persons indebted to the STANDARD OFFICE for the paper, advertising, &c., will please pay our collector, and those at a distance can remit by mail. Many owe us for a year and upwards, and we trust that they will liquidate their accounts without delay. There is no good reason why publishers should not be paid as promptly as others. We are happy to learn that as the postage is now pre-paid by publishers, subscriptions &c. must henceforward be paid in advance.

### The Army Worm

about which so much apprehension has been felt here and elsewhere in the County, and which has done considerable damage in a few localities—is no stranger. For several years past the insect has been seen in this section of the province; at first it attacked the large foliage and fruit trees denuding them of their foliage, the following years it destroyed wheat and oat fields to some extent, and the grass crop in a few instances; but its destructive qualities and countless numbers during the present season has appalled the farmers in this neighborhood. In this, and the adjoining parish of St. Croix, within the past fortnight, millions of these voracious and destructive pests, have committed great havoc on some farms; they are however, disappearing, marching on in a northerly direction. Each locality adopted its own method of killing the insects; by sprinkling lime in their path, others by ploughing a deep furrow around the fields which had not been attacked, and others again used rollers. It is the intention of several farmers to burn over their fields during the latter part of the season and thereby destroy the eggs which are deposited near the roots of the grass. Crows and other insect-eating birds have done good service in destroying the worms. We copy the following paragraph from an interesting article on the "Utility of Birds":—

"Various causes operate to check the undue increase of insects; and the chief of these is the appetite and instinct which a wise Providence has given to birds. If the number of eggs produced by insects is wonderful, the number destroyed by a single bird is no less so. Audubon says a woodcock will eat its own weight of insects in a single night. Dr. Bradley says that a pair of sparrows will destroy three thousand and six hundred and sixty caterpillars in a week. We saw the parent bird visit a young purple martin on a church spire opposite our window five times in as many minutes, each time with an insect. A brood of partridges will nearly exterminate the denizens of an ant-hill in a couple of days. Woodpeckers are constantly employed in ridding the orchards of insects and their eggs, which they skillfully discover under the pieces of dead bark. Robins, through the spring and summer, are continually hunting for worms and grubs which they find concealed under the surface of the ground. We recently noticed a common chipping-sparrow capture a moth; and, upon depriving her of it, we found it to be that of a common apple-tree caterpillar (*Chioscopa Americana*), so destructive to the orchards of New England. To check the excessive increase of insects is evidently the task which birds are intended to perform. Did they have no other office save to cheer and encourage humanity with their beautiful plumage and song, and to typify a purer and more ethereal existence to us creatures who 'grovel here below,' even then they would deserve the favor of every Christian and every poet; but when the useful is combined with the beautiful, and a practical value is added to an elevating symbol, they command the interest of every eye, and their protection becomes a matter of consequence to all."

THE POTATO ROT we regret to state has attacked some fields, the leaves and tubers having become discoloured, and some of the potatoes have rotted. The season is so far advanced, that little fears are entertained of the crop being injured to any serious extent.

MOB LAW IN MONTREAL.—From telegraphic advices, it appears that Montreal the first city in the Dominion, is to some extent under the influence of mob law. A few nights ago at a sitting of the City Council, an effort was made to pass a bye-law providing for compulsory vaccination, in order to lessen and perhaps prevent the spread of small pox, which has been so prevalent in the city and suburbs. Hearing of the Council's determination, a mob of some thousands gathered in the hall and outside, and when the measure was introduced, the building was assailed with stones, breaking the windows and wounding some of the Councilors; all attempts to introduce the measure were frustrated, the meeting broken up, and the bye law postponed for six months. The remedy for such lawless conduct is at hand, and we trust will be applied.

The Hon. A. H. Gillmor returned from his official visit to Grand Manan yesterday, and left for St. George. He expressed himself as delighted with the kindness and attention of his island friends. The visit we expect will be mutually beneficial—it has improved Mr. Gillmor's health, and will be of service to the residents of Grand Manan. We suggest to our member of Parliament to take such of his colleagues as are to visit St. Andrews this summer, on a trip to that gem of the sea—Grand Manan.

### THE PIC-NIC.

One of those very pleasant affairs, which the young men of St. Andrews know so well how to get up and arrange, was held at Mowat's Grove on Wednesday last. The day was clear and fine, and the "St. Andrews Pic Nic Club," had left nothing undone to make the Pic Nic what it really was—a most enjoyable reunion of the townspeople and visitors. The total absence of class or party, and the universal observance of those amenities which render such gatherings agreeable and pleasant, made all present feel happy. The "Club" had carriages in waiting at the head of the Town to convey persons to the grounds. The tables were nicely arranged, and filled with an abundance of good things—wild and cultivated fruits with an ample supply of sugar and cream, cake, tarts and pies, chicken, ham and tongue, and those healthy beverages tea and coffee were dispensed by fair hands and generous hearts. After all present had partaken of the viands, some strolled about the grounds, while many entered into the various games, and others enjoyed themselves by dancing on the platform erected for that purpose. The music was supplied alternately by Mr. Holden on the Violin, and by the Quintette corps of the St. Andrews Band. The polkas, galops, scottische and waltzes were above the average, there was no jostling, blundering or stopping. A few joined in a good old scotch reel, and contra dances, when the artistic old steps came out in bold relief, and reminded one of the "good old times."

The amusements on the grounds were various, such as pitching quoits, archery, jumping, wheelbarrow and sack races, for which prizes were offered. The Band meanwhile playing some select pieces. We can only enumerate the successful competitors in a few of the games:

Gentlemen's Archery—1st prize Dugald Rolins; 2d, Warwick Lamb.

Ladies Archery—Miss Mary Ross; 2d, Miss Emma Dawson.

Wheelbarrow Race—Walter Magee.

Sack Race—James Cummings.

A more agreeable and happy gathering could not take place than that of Wednesday last, and the young men who carried it out so successfully merit the thanks of the community. As the shades of evening came on, the large party returned to town, pleased and delighted with the Pic Nic.

On Friday evening the young men composing the committees of arrangements, had a Supper at Morrison's Hotel, provided in the host's usual excellent style. The chairman of the Club, Mr. Stoop, presided, ably assisted by Mr. Joe Wade, as crumpier. After the substantial had been disposed of, the usual loyal and patriotic toasts were given, such as the Queen, Canada, our Country, &c., also the Clergy, Ladies, the Press, and the Committees of Arrangements. Col. Mowat's health was proposed in complimentary terms and drank, and a unanimous vote of thanks passed to him for the use of the Pic Nic grounds. The speeches and songs were very good, and the party was a pleasant one. The health of the host and hostess, called forth a happy reply from Mr. Morrison, who spoke in commendatory terms of the Pic Nic and the efforts of the Club, and concluded by proposing the health of the "Pic Nic Club." "Auld lang syne" was then sung, and the company separated, looking forward to another happy meeting next season.

SERVED THEM RIGHT.—A number of mill owners near Woodstock were fined for violating the law by throwing sawdust into the river. Some of the mills shut down in consequence. Such Fishery Officers to enforce the law in this County are required, the St. Croix and Maguadavie at all events would be benefited. We have seen large vessels loaded, lying in the river near St. Stephen some years ago, waiting for the tide where it would be dangerous for them now to anchor at high water.

The Indians in the Western States are on the war path, and murder the whites indiscriminately, and rob them of their cattle and provisions. In Dakota, they rode into the military quarters, and tried to provoke a collision, by trampling the tents and blankets.

The St. Croix Courier of last week took exactly five days to reach St. Andrews. In this age of rapid transit by steamer and rail, it does not argue favorably for efficient service. Does the Courier see?

Some excitement has been caused in Halifax from the fact that an 'attache of the Halifax Hospital, has stated that in many cases, the remains of patients who died in the Hospital, were never buried but taken to the dissecting room. The revelations made by Mr. Dowell, nurse at the hospital are disgusting and disgraceful. Arrests have been made.

The land fog for the past few days has retarded hay making.

BRIGADE MAJOR.—We are rejoiced to learn that Col. J. R. MacShane, has been appointed Brigade Major, vice Col. Otty, deceased. It was Col. MacShane's right and he deserved it. We join with his many friends on the "Border," in congratulating him on his appointment.

THE HAY CROP, abundant in this section, will in many cases be saved in poor condition, owing to the frequent heavy showers. Several farmers have not cut half the crop, waiting for fine weather to make it.

Hon. B. R. Stevenson left here on Monday for the North Shore, on public business. He had quite recovered from his late severe attack of quinsy.

The fishing in the Bay appears to be good if we may judge from the boat loads which arrive daily. Several small mackerel have been caught in weirs.

MANTOBA.—A friend at Winnipeg, sent us the *Standard* of the 31st July, from which we make the following extracts.—This place is growing rapidly, and has a population of 6,000 inhabitants, fine public buildings, Masonic, Temperance, and other societies, a cathedral and other churches, a provincial synod, and several religious and social institutions. The *Standard* looks forward with interest to the construction of the Pembina Branch of the Canadian Pacific Railway as relief from isolation of position, as it will place Winnipeg in connection with the Railway system of the United States, and open up a practical route, passable at all seasons of the year, between that place and the outside world.

The grasshoppers have all taken flight from this Province, scarcely one being now seen. Potatoes that have been planted early and kept eaten down by the pests, are now growing luxuriantly, and will in all probability give a reasonable return yet.

The total number of mowers and horse rakes sold by six of our principal dealers in agricultural implements up to date this year is 115 mowers and 73 horse rakes.—Pretty good for a country said to be on the brink of starvation.

The Mounted Police are about to establish a regular mail between this city and Fort Pelly. It will follow the old cart trail, which is considerably shorter than the route now generally travelled.

The following statement of the Balances at credit of depositors in Government Savings Banks on 31st May 1875, is copied from the *Canada Gazette*:—  
St. Andrews.....\$61,135.93  
St. Stephen.....2,191.38

The *Head Quarters* published in Fredericton, we are sorry to notice has been discontinued owing to financial depression.—The publisher Mr. Lawson, will devote his time to job printing in all its branches.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE has reached us. It is an interesting number—particularly to those fond of cultivating flowers or ornamental shrubs. The engravings of flowers are very life-like, and the information upon the cultivation of them is very useful. It is published quarterly at 25 cents a year, is given free to all purchasers of seeds to the value of \$1 or upwards.

### Post Office Savings Bank in Canada.

The experience of post-office savings banks is eminently encouraging and satisfactory. In Great Britain it has from the first been found that they promote in directly habits of economy among the people, and that by their aid many are becoming wealthy and independent who without it would have remained in comparative poverty. The same pleasing fact is presented in Canada; and the statistics contained in the official report recently issued of the Postmaster-General of the Dominion speak well both for the Government and the people.

The system has been in operation in Canada for about seven years, during which time it has been attended with unvarying success. In the month of June, 1868, there were in the whole Dominion eighty-one post-office savings banks, and so steady had been the progress that in June, 1875, the number reported was 268. Little more than a year after the commencement, or in June, 1869, the number of deposits was 16,653, representing the sum of \$829,855; in June 1875, the number of deposits was 42,508, and the sums deposited \$1,942,346. The average amount of each deposit during the seven years is estimated at \$53.40. A large number of deposits have been in small sums; some have reached the maximum figure allowed by law. In the majority of cases the money has been deposited by those who keep no regular bank account, and who in the absence of this arrangement would probably have made no investment or saving at all. The withdrawals bear apparently a small proportion to the deposits.

The lumber mills of Messrs G. M. Porter and Sons, Calais, have been shut down the past week. It is stated that work will be suspended in the mills of still another firm next week.

### Appeal to the Board of Health.

For the Standard.  
SIR:—Will you please direct the attention of the Board of Health to the unwholesome state of the yards on Water Street, and in the Block between William and Edward Streets. It is enough to create all sorts of diseases—croup, whooping cough, a slaughter house, and celiac with stagnant water during all the hot weather. What a locality for breeding small pox, typhoid fever and other diseases. Surely nuisances should be abated.  
Aug. 17, 1875. FIAT.

The Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland held its annual show at Glasgow on the 27th of July, and following days. It appears to have been an eminently successful exhibition in all essential matters. The attendance was large; the number of animals, and implements on exhibition was much above the average; while in point of quality, considerable improvement has been made. It is justly claimed that the success of the exhibition is a fair index of the progress of the country, whilst a powerful stimulus is afforded to both farmers and mechanics to attempt still greater improvements in both stock and implements.

A GIANTIC HOTEL is about to be built in London, with American capital, by an American architect, with American speed, after an American plan, and to be managed on the American system. A site not far from the House of Commons, and close to St. James's Park, has been purchased, and it is said that a year hence the first visitors may take up their abode in the new establishment. This hotel will make up 1,000 beds; the dining rooms will accommodate 700 persons at the same time; and a staff of 400 servants will be required to carry on the duties of the house.

There are encouraging indications of a revival in the lumber trade in Canada. It has been in a very depressed condition for about two years. But stocks at the mills on the Ottawa are said to have run down, and from this side a larger demand is being made. An improvement in the lumber trade at the present time will have a remarkably good effect upon both the feelings and finances of the people of the Dominion.

A grand scheme for the universal interchange of meteorological observations has been perfected, and is about ready for operation. It contemplates a system of daily bulletins from signal stations in all parts of the world, and the transmission by telegraph of the results of the observations of the weather and the probabilities.

The army worms are making great havoc in Rockland, and appeared, in force in Waldoboro. The *Rockland Gazette* describes them as black worms, from an inch to an inch and a half in length, some of them marked also with horizontal stripes. In some cases they have attempted to invade dwelling houses, and have been expelled with great difficulty.

The long talked of up-river railroad, connecting the St. Croix and Penobscot and the European and North American roads, is again under discussion in town.—The distance which it will be necessary to build, from Princeton to Eaton, is only about 25 miles; and it is claimed that the city should build this road in preference to the Shore Line. Let's have both, assisting first that road whose managers are first in position to commence the work of construction.—*Calais Times*.

The committee who had charge of the recent Picnic in aid of the Presbyterian Church fund, were not discouraged by the unfortunate circumstances which prevented its being carried out, but have decided to hold a picnic on Crocker's grounds on the 24th instant. It will be on a large scale and will embrace much greater attractions.

While reducing the grade at the corner of Mission and 14th streets in San Francisco last week, the workmen unearthed a cask containing gold in scales and nuggets, the value of which is variously estimated between \$30,000 and \$80,000.

### DIED.

At Bay Side, on the 14th instant, Sophronia, wife of Mr. James Adams, and daughter of Mr. Ralph Cookson, in the 44th year of her age.

On the 25th July, at the residence of his son-in-law, in Washington, D. C., in the 82nd year of his age, Capt. Stephen Pine, formerly of St. Andrews.

At his residence, St. Stephen, on the 7th inst., John Eagan, aged 58 years, leaving a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss. He was a kind and obliging neighbor, and respected by all who knew him. Peace to his ashes.

### Ship News.

#### PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

##### ARRIVED.

Aug. 12, Esther, Maloney, New York, bal.  
13, Franklin, Langmaid, Portland, Flour, &c., J. R. Bradford and others.  
14, Ned, Taiton, Dorchester, 112 tons coal, N. B. & C. R. R.  
15, Jane, Craig, New York, ballast.

##### CLEARED.

Aug. 14, Robert Ross, Clark, St. Stephen, ballast.  
Mosquash, Aug. 17, Julia Clinch, load. ing for New York.



Board of Health.

For the Standard.  
Please direct the attention of  
the Board of Health to the  
unwholesome state  
of the streets, and in the Block  
and Edward Streets. It is  
all sorts of diseases—cess-  
laughing house, and cellar  
during all the hot weather.  
breeding small pox, typhoid  
diseases. Surely nuisances

FIAT.

and Agricultural Society  
d its annual show at  
7th of July, and follow-  
appears to have been ar-  
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The attendance was large;  
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farmers and mechanics to  
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OTEL is about to be built  
American capital, by an  
set, with American speed,  
in plan, and to be managed  
system. A site not far  
of Commons, and close to  
has been purchased, and  
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their abode in the new es-  
hotel will make up 1,000  
rooms will accommodate  
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the house.

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The Rockland Gazette de-  
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rich is variously estimated  
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on the 14th instant, So-  
of Mr. James Adams, and  
r. Ralph Cookson, in the  
age.  
July, at the residence of his  
Washington, D. C., in the  
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Andrews.  
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Peace to his ashes.

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**ARRIVED.**  
Mr. Maloney, New York, bal-  
Angmaid, Portland, Flour,  
Bradford and others.  
n. Dorchester, 112 tons coal,  
R. R.  
New York, ballast.  
**CLEARED.**  
at Ross, Clark, St. Stephen,  
Aug. 17, Julia Clinch, load-  
ork.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The Fog Whistle on Michias Seal  
Island will stop for necessary repairs  
on the 7th instant.

until further notice.  
J. H. BARDING,  
St. John, August 5, 1875. au 11 21 Agent.

BRIDGE CONTRACT.

TENDERS will be received at the Office of  
Public Works, Fredericton, until Friday, the  
10th day of September next, at noon, for the  
erection of a

Bridge over the Tabusintac River,  
Northumberland County, according to plan and  
specification to be seen at the said Office, and at  
the residence of A. R. McDougall, Esq., Super-  
visor. Each tender to be marked "Tender for  
Tabusintac Bridge," and to give the names of two  
respectable persons willing to become parties for  
the faithful performance of the contract. The  
said Bridge to be completed on or before the first  
day of March, 1876. The Department to furnish  
all the Lumber.

The Commissioner does not bind himself to ac-  
cept the lowest or any tender.  
WM. KELLY,  
Chief Commissioner.  
Department Public Works,  
Fredericton, 6th August, 1875. aug 11 31

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by this Depart-  
ment at Ottawa,

Up to the 20th of Aug. next,

For the erection of a

LIGHTHOUSE

On Midjic Bluff, Passamaquoddy Bay, Charlotte  
County, N. B.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the  
Agency of this Department at St. John, and also  
at the Office of the Collector of Customs, St. An-  
drews, and at the store of Hugh Ludgate, Esq., St.  
George, N. B., where Plans and Specifications  
can also be obtained by intending Contractors.  
Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned and  
marked on the outside "Tenders for Midjic Light-  
house."

WM. SMITH,  
Deputy Minister Marine & Fisheries,  
Department of Marine & Fisheries,  
Ottawa, 16th July, 1875. 31 jy 28

Valuable Stand  
FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale that valu-  
able stand for Travellers' House or Tavern,  
situated near the junction of the Rois Road and  
Great Road at St. George.

On the premises are a well finished story and  
a half House, with a large Barn; there are 18 acres  
of cleared land, a portion of which is under crop  
of Oats and Potatoes, also a kitchen garden with  
beans, peas, carrots, &c.  
The above stand is well calculated for a Tavern  
or private residence, being within 5 miles of the  
Town of St. George.

Terms made known by the proprietor on the  
premises, or at the "Standard" Office.  
JAMES ORR, Jr.,  
St. George, July 13, 1875.

TENDERS.

TENDERS will be received by this Depart-  
ment, at Ottawa,

Till the 31st July next,

For the construction of

TWO BEACON LIGHTHOUSES,

On Washademoak Lake, Queen's County, New  
Brunswick.

Also, for the construction of Beacon Light  
Houses at Spruce Point and Marks Point, St.  
Croix River, Charlotte County, New Brunswick.  
Plans and Specifications of all the Light Houses  
may be seen at the Agency of this Department, St.  
John, N. B., and of the St. Croix River Light  
Houses at the Office of the Collector of Customs,  
St. Stephens, N. B., where Forms of Tender can  
also be procured by intending Contractors.

Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned and  
marked on the outside "Tenders for Light Houses."  
WM. SMITH,  
Deputy Minister Marine & Fisheries,  
Department Marine and Fisheries,  
Ottawa, 30th June, 1875. 31 jy 21

Government House, Ottawa,

Monday, 14th day of June, 1875.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR IN  
COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable  
the Minister of Customs, and under the provisions  
of the 8th and 54th sections of the Act passed in  
the Session of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered  
61 and intitled: "An Act respecting the Customs,"  
His Excellency, by and with the advice  
of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been  
pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that,  
inasmuch, in the County of Guysboro', Province of  
Nova Scotia, he and the same is hereby constituted  
an Out Port of Customs under the survey of the  
Collector of Customs at the Port of Guysboro'—to  
take effect from the First of July next.

W. A. HIMS WORTH,  
CLERK PRIVY COUNCIL.

Visiting Cards

IN PRETTY STYLES,

AT

Reduced Rates.

Persons requiring them will please leave their  
orders as early as convenient, at the

STANDARD OFFICE.

AGENTS LOOK HERE!

We want agents in the  
Counties of Victoria,  
Carleton, York, Sunbury, and Charlotte, to  
sell the celebrated "CHAMPION WASHING  
MACHINE," to whom we will give a salary or  
commission. Send for circular giving full infor-  
mation.

THOMPSON & CO.,  
Woodstock, N. B.,  
Proprietors of Patent

June 16, 1875. 3m

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, July 31, 1875.

AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN IN-  
VOICES until further notice: 11 per cent.

J. JOHNSTON,  
Commissioner of Customs.

aug 4

J. H. McCULLY,

TUNER AND REPAIRER

PIANOS & ORGANS,

AND OTHER MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

TERMS MODERATE.

Apply at the "Standard" Office. apl 14

Spring Goods.

Messrs. Street & Co.

offer for sale the following Goods in Bonded  
Warehouse, and daily expected from abroad:

GIN.

70 Hbds. John DeKuyper & Sons,  
70 qr. casks, J. H. Henkes &  
25 octaves, Blankenhorn & Noyel,  
500 cases, FINEST QUALITIES  
50 do red, GENEVA  
50 do blue, BRANDIES.

50 Hbds. J. Hennessy & Co.,  
65 qr. casks, J. & F. Martell, Jules  
700 cases, Roben & Co., and  
30 " 3 star, Vine Growers Company,  
100 " Pint Flasks, finest pale and dark  
100 " half do. BRANDIES.

Vintages 1865, 1866, 1869, 1870, 1872, & 1874.

WHISKIES, & C.

2 Hbds. Murphy's Old Irish  
5 Casks, WHISKY.

10 qr. casks, Highland malt Scotch Whisky.  
6 do do Bullock, Laid & Co., fine malt " "

2 Hbds. Dunville & Co., J. R. Old Irish  
15 qr. casks, Whisky.

50 Hbds. Goodrich & Worts and Allens Old  
Rye Whisky.

15 Hbds. Goodrich & Worts Alcohol, 95 c. o. p.  
5 Puncheons Demerara and Jamaica RUM.

100 cases Dunville & Co., J. R. Old Irish Whisky.  
60 do Flett & Co., Irish malt Whisky, pt. flasks

25 do Camlachi Scotch Whisky.

20 do finest old blended Glenlivet S'ch Whisky.

20 do old Crow Bourbon, quarts and pints.

20 do John Bull BITTERS.

20 do FINE OLD RUM, (35 years old.)

WINES

10 Hbds. PORT WINE,  
30 qr. casks, (various qualities.)

10 Hbds. SHERRY,  
35 qr. casks, (various qualities.)

40 cases and baskets CHAMPAGNE.

5 do Sparkling Hock,  
30 do CLARET.

ALE & PORTER.

50 Hbds. Alsopp's Ale, Quarts and Pints.  
75 " McEwan's " "

20 Hbds. Alsopp and McEwan's draught ALE.

40 cases Guinness' XXX STOUT Quarts and

60 Hbds McEwan's do pints.

3 Hbds Guinness' Double Stout.

TEA.

50 Chests FINEST LONDON  
40 hf. do CONGOU TEA.

PAINTS & OILS.

40 Cwt. White, Green, Red, Yellow and Black.  
Brandram's Lz do in 100, 50, 25 lbs. and small

packages. 12 Casks Bran ram's best BOILED  
and RAW OILS.

And various other Goods, which they will sell low  
for cash or approved paper.

St. Andrews, May 1, 1875. 4i

WANTED FOR A TERM OF YEARS,  
a small COTTAGE in St. An-  
drews. Must be in good repair, rent to be mo-  
derate. Apply to

Apr 18 4m. A. E. NEILL, Calais, Me.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

EDUCATION OFFICE, Fredericton,  
May 28th, 1875.

UNDER the authority of the twenty-third Re-  
gulation of the Board of Education, a Teach-  
ers' Institute will be held, in the Temperance  
Hall, Fredericton, on Wednesday, Thursday, and  
Friday, the 7th, 8th, and 9th of July next. The  
first Session will begin at 10 o'clock, a.m. There  
will be three Sessions each day.

The Teachers of the Public Schools in the Coun-  
ties of York and Sunbury are requested to be pre-  
sent at all the Sessions of this Institute. In the  
event of any Teacher being unable to comply with  
the request (see Reg. 23), it is required that a  
written statement of the cause of absence from any  
Session be transmitted to this office.

THEODORE H. RAND,  
Chief Superintendent.

MANCHESTER HOUSE,

SPRING, 1875.

WE HAVE RECEIVED

Per S. S. Sarmation, Peruvian, &c., our

Spring Stock,

CONSISTING:

BL'K CASHMERES AND ALPACAS,

Fancy Dress Goods,

Prints, Cottons, Linens,

CLOTHS,

LACE CURTAINS,

CARPETINGS,

Ties, Frillings, Gloves,

HATS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS,

AND MILLINERS STOCK.

Ready-Made Clothing,

Furnishing Goods,

Haberdashery and Small Wares.

Making full assortment in all Departments  
for sale.

ALSO—10 Bales NEW STYLE

Paper Hangings.

Wholesale & Retail.

ODELL & TURNER. ap 28

CENTRAL EXCHANGE

OPEN TO

PERMANENT and TRANSIENT Boarders.

LIVERY STABLE

IN CONNECTION WITH THE HOUSE.

Conveyances to St. George and St. Stephen  
at short notice.

Good Teams and careful drivers.

Free Hack to Boats and Train.

ROBERT ADAMS,  
PROPRIETOR.

Water Street, St. Andrews. my 26

MORRISON'S HOTEL,

Corner Water and Edward Sts.,

St. Andrews.

THE Subscriber thankful for the support which  
he has received, respectfully announces that he has  
removed to his large HOUSE, corner of Water  
and Edward Streets, for the reception of  
Travellers & Permanent Boarders,  
and hopes by strict attention to business, and ef-  
forts to please, to obtain a share of public patron-  
age.

The table will be supplied with the best  
market affords, and the rooms are furnished in  
good style, warm, and well ventilated.  
Particular attention given to getting up DINNERS  
and SUPPERS.

He also keeps on hand, the best Wines, Bran-  
dies, Whiskies, &c.

Connected with the House is a large and well  
arranged Stable, with an abundance supply of Hay,  
Oats, &c.

WM. MORRISON.

St. Andrews, Jan. 14, 1875.

WATSON HOUSE,

OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD DEPOT,

ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

THE SUBSCRIBER having leased the above  
commodious Hotel, and thoroughly refitted it, in-  
tends conducting it as a first-class house.

EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS.

Transient and permanent boarders accommoda-  
ted on liberal terms.

D. W. McCORMICK,  
PROPRIETOR.

Sept. 29, 1874.

St. Andrews Drug Store.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the  
inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity that  
he has purchased the stock and trade of the  
ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE,  
and will keep constantly on hand the following

Drugs, Chemicals

PATENT MEDICINES,

DYE STUFFS,

&c. &c.

Cleaver's Toilet Soaps.

QUININE WINE.

Fellows' Hypophosphites.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

SHOSHEVES REMEDY,

DR. BAXTER'S CHALYBEATE,

with a large variety of

DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK.

A select stock of

ENGLISH NOTE PAPERS

with ENVELOPES to match.

E. LEE STREET.

St. Andrews, Aug. 26, 1875. ly

Department of Marine & Fisheries,

Fisheries Branch,

OTTAWA, 3rd May, 1875.

Fishery Laws and Regulations for New  
Brunswick.

THE attention of all persons concerned is re-  
quested to the various provisions of the FISL-  
ERIES ACT, and Amendments thereto, applica-  
ble to the Province of New Brunswick, and to the re-  
vised Fishery Regulations adopted under the same,  
as published in the CANADA GAZETTE. Copies  
of the said Acts and Regulations will be furnished  
to the Inspector of Fisheries, at St. John, N. B.,  
and to Fishery Officers of respective Counties in  
New Brunswick, for public information.

By order of the Minister.

W. F. WHITCHER,  
Commissioner of Fisheries.

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NOTICE.

THE late firm of JAMES W. STREET & Co.

having been dissolved by the death of the  
senior partner, the business will in future be con-  
ducted by the surviving partner W. D. FORSTER  
and T. H. STREET, under the name of

Street & Company.

W. D. FORSTER,  
T. H. STREET.

St. Andrews, May 6, 1875. 1m

New Books.

JUST RECEIVED:—

A HERO and a Martyr—by Chas. Reade, 15cts.

King of No-land—by B. L. Farjeon, 25cts.

The Treasure Hunters—by Geo. Fenn, 40 cents;

Jessie Finn—by B. L. Farjeon, 50 cents;

Jack's Sister—75 cents;

She Love that Lived—by Miss Eiloart, 75 cents.

GIFT BOOKS.

BALLADS OF BEAUTY.

Mrs. FOLLIN'S

LITTLE SONGS.

DORCAS CLUB.

For sale by

H. R. SMITH,

14 King St., St. John.

dec 23

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 6th April, 1875.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Excellency  
the Governor General by an Order in Council  
bearing date the 7th instant, and under the author-  
ity of the power vested in him by the 3rd Section  
of the 34th Vic., Cap. 10 has been pleased to or-  
der and direct that the following articles be trans-  
ferred to the list of goods which may be imported into  
Canada free of duty, viz:

"Sheet German Silver."

"Box wood."

By Command,

J. JOHNSON,  
Commissioner of Customs.

May 26.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any claims against the  
estate of James W. Street, Esquire, late of  
Saint Andrews, merchant, are requested to  
present them duly attested within three months  
from this date, and all persons indebted to the  
said estate, are requested to make immediate pay-  
ment to

MATILDA STREET,  
GEO. D. STREET,  
S. D. BERTON,

St. Andrews, April 3, 1875. 3m



Representative and Champion of American  
Art Taste.  
PROSPECTUS FOR 1875—EIGHTH YEAR.

## THE ALDINE,

THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA,  
ISSUED MONTHLY.  
A MAGNIFICENT CONCEPTION, WONDER-  
FULLY CARRIED OUT.

The necessity of a popular medium for the representation of the productions of our great artists, has always been recognized, and many attempts have been made to meet the want. The successive failures which so invariably followed each attempt in this country to establish an art journal, did not prove the indifference of the people of America to the claims of high art. So soon as a proper appreciation of the want and an ability to meet it were shown, the public at once rallied with enthusiasm to its support, and the result was a great artistic and commercial triumph—THE ALDINE.

THE ALDINE, while issued with all the publicity, has none of the temporary or faintly interesting characteristics of ordinary periodicals. It is an elegant miscellany of pure, light, and graceful literature; and a collection of pictures the rarest specimens of artistic skill, in black and white. Although each succeeding number affords a fresh pleasure to its friends, the real value and beauty of THE ALDINE will be most appreciated after it is bound up at the end of the year. While other publications may claim superior cheapness, as compared with rivals of a similar class THE ALDINE is a unique and original conception—alone and unapproached—absolutely without competition in price or character. The possessor of a complete volume can not duplicate the quantity of fine paper and engravings in any other shape or number of volumes for two times its cost; and then, there is the chromo, besides!

The national feature of THE ALDINE must be taken in no narrow sense. True art is cosmopolitan. While THE ALDINE is a strictly American institution, it does not confine itself entirely to the reproduction of native art. Its mission is to cultivate a broad and appreciative art taste, one that will discriminate only on grounds of intrinsic merit. Thus, while placing before the patrons of THE ALDINE, as a leading characteristic, the productions of the most noted American artists, attention will always be given to specimens from foreign masters.

The artistic illustration of American scenery, original with THE ALDINE, is an important feature, and its magnificent plates are of a size more appropriate to the special treatment of details than can be afforded by any inferior paper. The judicious interspersal of landscape, marine, figure, and animal subjects, sustain an unabated interest, impossible where the scope of the work confines the artist too closely to a single style of subject. The literature of THE ALDINE is a light and graceful accompaniment, worthy of the artistic features, with only such technical discussions as do not interfere with the popular interest of the work.

**PREMIUM FOR 1875.**  
Every subscriber for 1875 will receive a beautiful portrait, in all colors, of the same noble dog whose picture in a former issue attracted so much attention.

**"MAN'S UNSELFISH FRIEND"**  
will be welcome in every home. Every body loves such a dog, and the portrait is executed so true to the life, that it seems the veritable presence of the animal itself.

Besides the chromo, every advance subscriber to THE ALDINE for 1875 is constituted a member, and entitled to all the privileges of THE ALDINE ART UNION.

The Union owns the originals of all THE ALDINE pictures, which, with other paintings and engravings, are to be distributed among the members. To every series of 5,000 subscribers, 100 different pieces, valued at over \$2,500 are distributed as soon as the series is full, and the awards of each series are made, are to be published in the next succeeding issue of THE ALDINE. This feature only applies to subscribers who pay for one year in advance. Full particulars in circular sent on application enclosing a stamp.

**TERMS.**  
ONE SUBSCRIPTION ENTITLING TO THE ALDINE ONE YEAR, THE CHROMO AND THE ART UNION.  
\$5 per annum in advance.  
(No charge for postage.)  
SPECIMEN COPIES OF THE ALDINE, 50 CENTS.

THE ALDINE will, hereafter, be obtainable by subscription. There will be no reduced or club rates; cash for subscription must be sent to the publishers direct, or handed to the local canvasser, without responsibility to the publishers, except in cases where the certificate is given, bearing the fac simile signature of James Sutton, President.

**CANVASSERS WANTED.**  
Any person wishing to act permanently as a local canvasser will receive full and prompt information by applying to  
**THE ALDINE COMPANY,**  
58 Maiden Lane, New York

**REMOVAL.**  
**JAMES STOOP, MERCHANT TAILOR,** begs to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Establishment to the building lately occupied by W. D. Hart, next door to J. R. Bradford's, where he will be happy to see his customers, and by promptness and efforts to please, to receive a continuance of the patronage hitherto afforded him.

**VISITING BUSINESS CARDS**  
NEATLY PRINTED AT THE  
**STANDARD OFFICE.**

## Bay of Fundy Red Granite Company.

POLISHED  
COLUMNS AND PILASTERS,  
Tombs and Monuments  
Mausoleums, Vaults, etc.

Estimates made for Building work Granite supplied to dimensions. Designs furnished to order.

The Polishing Works and Quarries of the Bay of Fundy Company are now in full operation and the Company are prepared to fill orders with dispatch. Further particulars and price list on application to the Secretary at St. George, N. B. St. George, N. B., March 18, 1874.

## North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.  
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

**FIRE & LIFE**  
PRESIDENT: His Grace the Duke of Roxburgh, K. T.  
VICE PRESIDENTS: His Grace the Duke of Sutherland, K. G.  
His Grace the Duke of Abercorn, K. G.  
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S.  
CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING  
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.

**HENRY JACK,**  
General Agent.  
Aug 9. W. B. MORRIS Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity.

**Work for all.** At home male or female: \$25 per week, day or evening. No Capital. We send valuable packages of goods by mail free. Address with testimonials to M. J. C. 181 Broadway, N. Y.

**\$5 TO \$20** per day. Agents wanted! All classes of working people of either sex, young or old, make a money order, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Post card to M. J. C. 181 Broadway, N. Y.

**STREET & STEVENSON,**  
Baristers and Attorneys at Law,  
Solicitors &c.  
OFFICES—WATER STREET.  
ST. ANDREWS

**REMOVAL.**  
W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

**DRUGS, CHEMICALS**  
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,  
Toilet Articles, Groceries,  
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other ceteras commonly found in a Druggist Shop.  
St. Andrews.

**G. F. STICKNEY,**  
WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.  
Has received a further supply of  
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,  
Chains, Rings, Brooches,  
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.  
Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Patent Wares,  
Papier Maché, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Bohemian Goods

**JET AND RUBBER GOODS.**  
CUTLERY, HARDWARE, EDGE TOOLS  
Toys, Fancy Soap and Perfumery,  
Together with a general assortment of  
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods  
WEDDING RINGS made to order.  
July 19 41

**REMOVAL.**  
H. O'NEIL & SONS respectfully inform their friends generally, that in consequence of their late Market having been destroyed by fire, they have removed for the present to the building adjoining the store of Mr. Edward Lottimer, where they will be happy to supply the wants of their numerous customers, and beg to return thanks for the patronage heretofore received, and trust by efforts to please, to merit a continuance of their custom.

H. O'NEIL & SONS.  
St. Andrews, Aug. 20, 1874.

**GEO. STEWART, Jr.,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL  
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,  
DEALER IN  
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES,  
DYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL  
INSTRUMENTS,  
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,  
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.

## BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

MARITIME BLOCK,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.  
Head Office, -- Halifax, N. S.  
W. C. MENZIES, Cashier.  
Authorized Capital, ---- \$1,000,000  
Subscribed and Paid Up, --- \$750,000

Agencies at Amherst, Kentville, Pictou, New Glasgow, Sydney and Yarmouth.  
FOREIGN AGENTS.—DOMINION OF CANADA (Canadian Bank of Commerce) Union Bank of Lower Canada; NEW YORK: Bank of New York, National Banking Association. BOSTON: Merchants National Bank. LONDON: England: Williams, Deacon & Co.

The Bank of Nova Scotia grants Drafts on New York, Boston and through out the Dominion of Canada; buys and sells Sterling Exchange and American Currency; collects Bills, &c., throughout the Dominion of Canada and United States of America; grants interest on Special Deposits, and transacts a General Banking business.

The Bank's notes are redeemable in St. John, W. L. FITCH, Cashier.  
Aug 19--1y AGENT.

## JUST ISSUED!!

And Mailed, post paid, on receipt of the marked price.

Pieces marked "have Illustrated Title Pages.

Morning Breaks Upon the Tomb—Easter Anthem. Thomas. 50  
"Swinging on the Garden Gate—S. & C. Hays. 35  
"Where is my love to-night?—S. & C. Hays. 35  
Sing, Darling, Sing! (as sung by C. Wagner) 35  
Angel Gabriel—Comic Song Stewart. 30  
"When Silver Locks Replace the Gold—S. & C. Hays. 35  
(Answer to Silver Threads Among the Gold.)  
"You never miss the Lager till the Keg runs dry 49  
"Gone Awa!—Comic Song, Waud. 30  
Alone and at Home—Song & Chorus. Hays. 35  
"My wee Wife waiting at the door, Thomas. 40  
Oh! Miss Susie!—Sad song and Chorus. Hays. 35  
Give me but a Smile—song and Chorus. Stewart. 30  
When first I met thee, Nellie dear, S. & C. 30  
I'm Captain of the Guards—Comic song, Hays. 35  
Beyond the Golden Door—S. & C. Hays. 35  
Gertie's with the angel's bow—S. & C. Hays. 35  
Please God, make room for a little B. J. Cox. 30

**Instrumental.**  
La Belle Jeunesse—Polacca Wilson. 50  
"Sweetheart—McDermott Mayhew. 40  
"Twinkling Stars—Moreau de Salaberry. Wilson. 50  
The Highland Maiden—Romance, " 50  
Cujas Animam (from Stabat Mater) Wagner. 40  
"Dreamland—Moreau de Salaberry Mayhew. 40  
"Echoes from the Palisades—Moreau de Salaberry Wagner. 40  
Venetian Regatta—Transcribed, " 50  
"Merry Foresters—Forest scene, Mayhew. 40  
Rocking Waves—Transcribed, Mayhew. 40  
"The Scottish Lassie—Reverie, Pacher. 40  
Katie's Polka Mazurka, Novel. 35  
Fair Land—Leverie, " 35  
Sparkling Jewels—Polka, Christie. 30  
"Think of me sometimes—easy waltz, Wagner. 20  
"Temperance March (easy) " 20  
"Men are such Deceivers (easy polka) " 20  
"Mollie Darling—easy March, " 20

**Peters' Household Melodies, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.** Collection of popular songs. Price, 50 cents each; yearly 12 numbers for \$4.  
**Peters' Parlor Music, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.** Collection of easy Piano Music. 50c. each, yearly 12 numbers for \$4.  
**La Creme de la Creme, Nos. 1 to 15.** Contains 24 pages difficult Music in each number. 50c. each; yearly 12 numbers for \$4.  
PUBLISHED BY  
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.

**ROYAL HOTEL**  
(FORMERLY STUBBS.)  
Opposite Custom House and Public Offices, PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.  
The proprietor of this hotel has been thoroughly renovated and refurnished. It will be re-opened on 1st of May next.  
Having secured the services of Mr. Charles Watts as Manager, the proprietor trusts that their united efforts for the comfort of their guests will give entire satisfaction.  
Terms \$2.00 per day.  
THOMAS F. RAYMOND, Proprietor.  
June 12

**ST. ANDREWS FOUNDRY.**  
THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully announce that they are prepared to execute orders for  
**Foundry Work,**  
with punctuality and despatch.  
STOVES of approved patterns, MILL and SHIP CASTINGS, and other foundry business attended to. Particular attention paid to  
**Blacksmith Work**  
of every description, and satisfaction guaranteed by punctuality and a desire to please, they hope to merit public patronage.  
A LAMB & CO.  
St. Andrews, Oct. 22, 1874. oc22 1y

**NOTICE.**  
ALL persons indebted to the late Mr. James Reed, of Waweg, Parish of St. Patrick, will please call and settle their accounts with the subscriber within thirty days from this date, and all persons having any legal demands against said Estate, will please present them for settlement within thirty days.  
MARY ANN REED,  
Sole Executrix.  
Waweg, Co. of Charlotte, Oct. 14, 1874. 21

**Debentures for Sale.**  
THE TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS, ST. ANDREWS, District No. One, offer for sale DEBENTURES in sums of from \$100 to \$500, secured on the credit of the District.  
Jan. 21, 1874.

The Standard,  
IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY  
**A. W. SMITH,**  
At his Office, Water St., St. Andrews, N. B.  
**TERMS**  
\$2 50 per Annum—if paid in advance.  
3 00 if not paid till the end of the year.

**ADVERTISEMENTS**  
inserted according to written order or continued until forbidden if no other directions.  
1 week 2w 3w 1m 2m 3m  
1 Inch \$1 00 1 50 2 00 2 50 3 50 4 50  
2 " 1 50 2 50 3 50 4 50 6 00 7 25  
3 " 2 00 3 00 4 00 5 00 7 00 9 00  
4 " 2 50 3 50 4 50 5 50 8 00 11 00

Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.  
All letters addressed to this office must be post paid.

**BOOTS & SHOES.**  
LADIES' MISSES AND GENTLEMEN'S  
Boots and Shoes,  
in a variety of styles, at the  
**BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.**  
ALSO—A supply of imported Stock, consisting Ladies and Misses Boots, Arctic Overshoes, and Rubbers,  
which will be sold at the lowest terms  
J. M. HANSON.  
St. Andrews, Dec. 9, 1874.

**C. E. O. HATHEWAY,**  
AUCTIONEER.  
Office, -- Water St., St. Andrews.  
SEPT. 30, 1874—3m.  
**RING LOST.**

LOST on Saturday morning last, is a faint Lady's Gold Ring, set with brilliant in shape of a Maltese Cross, with an Emerald in the centre. It being a family memento, the finder will not only receive the thanks of the owner, but likewise a liberal reward, on leaving it at the  
Standard Office.  
August 4.

**BAY RUM**  
10 Galls. good Bay Rum, for sale at the  
ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE,  
Nov. 8. E. LEE STREET.  
**For sale or to Let.**  
THE TWO STOREY DWELLING HOUSE and Lot corner King and Parr streets. The property is pleasantly situated, and with slight repairs would make a pleasant residence. Possession given immediately. Apply at the  
STANDARD OFFICE  
Aug. 6.

**BULBS.**  
Just received—a quantity of choice  
HYACINTHS and other BULBS.  
Also Hyacinth GLASSES, at the  
ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE.  
Oct. 21. E. LEE STREET.

**Goods remaining in Store**  
31 Chests }  
32 half " } Fine Congou TEA.  
20 " } Breakfast Soulong TEA.  
6 " } Oolong do  
8 Hbds. }  
10 Qr. Casks } Cognac BRANDY.  
200 Cases qts. } do do  
50 " pt. flasks. } do do  
10 " 1/2 pt. }  
20 Hbds. }  
250 Cases } Best Pale GENEVA.  
15 " } CLARET.  
25 " } CHAMPAGNE.  
3 Hbds. } Best Scotch & Irish  
25 Qr. Casks } WHISKY.  
50 Cases qts. } do  
50 " pt. flasks. }

**PAINTS & OILS.**  
2 Tons Brandram Bros. best white Paint.  
do do do  
8 Cases Boiled and Raw Oil.  
J. W. STREET & CO.

**GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.**  
Ex "Choice" from London.  
40 Hbds. }  
30 Qr. Casks } Best Pale Geneva.  
200 Cases }  
30 Chests } Congou Tea.  
10 Hbds. }  
10 Bbls. Refined Crushed Sugar  
20 Cases "Bridges & Son's" best Stout  
Porter,  
30 Cases "Guinness" Dub'n Porter, quarts and pints.  
5 do London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.  
20 Qr. Casks } Pale Sherry.  
73 Hbds. }  
31 Ton "Brandram Bros" Best White Lead  
4 Hbds. } do Boiled and Raw  
4 qr Casks } Linseed Oil.  
J. W. STREET.



**Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters**  
Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of Walker's Bitters?" Our answer is that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded, possessing the remarkable qualities of Walker's Bitters in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

If men will enjoy good health, let them use WALKER'S BITTERS as a medicine, and avoid the use of alcoholic stimulants in every form.

**H. H. McDONALD & CO.,**  
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.  
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Grateful Thousands proclaim Walker's Bitters the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

**Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers,** which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary.

No is so cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

**Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.**

**Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Scalded Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc., etc.** In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, Walker's Vinegar Bitters have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

**For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.**

**Mechanical Diseases.**—Persons engaged in Painting and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

**For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Blisters, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ringworms, Scald Head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scour, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors, and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.**

**Pimples, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like these Bitters.**

**For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.**

**Jaundice.**—In all cases of jaundice, rest assured that your liver is not doing its work. The only feasible treatment is to promote the secretion of the bile and favor its removal. For this purpose use WALKER'S BITTERS.

**Cleanse the Vitiated Blood** whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

**H. H. McDONALD & CO.,**  
Druggists and General Agents, San Francisco, California, and cor. Washington and Charlton Sts., New York.  
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

No 3

Sole By  
By  
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