

Polynesian at Portland.
Twelve Packages.
2 Cases Dress Goods; 2 Cases Blue & Blk Broads
2 Cases Straw Hats and Hat Shapes;
1 Case Ladies' Scarfs; 3 Cases Fancy Shirting
2 Bales Prints.

From New York:
4 Cases Mulligan Guard Collars;
3 Cases Paper Fronts; 13 Cases Oil Cloths;
LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
EVERITT & BUTLER.
Wholesale Warehouse, King Street.

OAK AND PITCH PINE
TIMBER
For Ship Building purposes, constantly on hand. Also
WHITE PINE, BIRCH, &c., &c.
R. A. GREGORY,
Office—FOOT OF SIXTH STREET—Portland, St. John, N. B.
References—GUY, STEWART & CO., R. B. BERTT & CO.
DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, Dentist.
Office, corner Germain and Duke Streets,
(OPPOSITE VICTORIA HOTEL)
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
No. 14th Entrance without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide (Laughing) Gas

MARITIME
WAREHOUSING AND DOCK COMPANY!
Storage in Bond or Free. Cash Advances
on all descriptions of Merchandise. BANK STERLING CREDITS granted to Importers
Application to be made to
T. W. LEE, Secretary.
Sept 27
JAMES D. O'NEILL,
MANUFACTURER OF
OIL-TANNED LARRIGANS!
Women's, Misses' and Children's HATS and SHOES
IN SERGE, KID AND GRAIN LEATHERS.
FACTORY, No. 1 NORTH WHEAT, ST. JOHN, N. B.
MISPECK MILLS, St. John, N. B.

HOMESPUNS,
IN GREAT VARIETY
All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds!
ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!
Also, First Class
COTTON WARPS.
This above named Superior Goods are of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the
very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.
Orders from the Trade respectfully solicited.
J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent
WOOD'S BUILDING, WATER STREET,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Wrapping Paper.
All Sizes and Qualities.
FOR SALE CHEAPER THAN CAN BE IMPORTED.
T. R. JONES & CO.,
Cantabury Street.

P. BESNARD, JR. & CO'S
Real Estate and Collection Agency,
23 PRINCESS STREET.
Real Estate Bought and Sold, Houses Rented and Rents Collected

WANTED TO LET—A small Freehold
with Cottage or half a mile from a
good locality. A leasehold in a small ground
rent would suit.

FOR SALE—A valuable Freehold on German
Street, with first class Dwelling House, con-
taining four rooms in excellent order and
condition. Is furnished with modern conven-
iences. A desirable residence for a gentleman.
Price reasonable.

A VALUABLE FREEHOLD on German
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The Daily Tribune.
J. L. STEWART, EDITOR.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 24

The Supreme Court Bill.
The bill for the establishment of a
Supreme Court of Appeals for Canada
has excited much discussion in legal
circles in all the Provinces, and grave
apprehensions are entertained in the
Maritime Provinces regarding its work-
ing. The prospect of going to Ottawa
to discuss the merits of the bill is not
the courts of this Province is not a very
inviting one. Hon. Mr. Forrester's
motion for the second reading of the bill
called forth several speeches in opposi-
tion to its provisions. The only Mar-
time member who spoke on it was Mr.
Palmer, who is thus reported in *Han-
sard*:

Mr. Palmer said that the bill was one
of very great importance to the whole
Dominion. It was stated that it should be
framed so as to effectively meet all re-
quirements. He had several serious ob-
jections to the bill as drafted. The first
to the sixteenth sections provided for the
formation of the court, and the second
provisions with regard to its appellate
jurisdiction, and onwards to the 33rd
clause were provisions as to the mode of
procedure to be followed in the court.
He did not object to a Supreme
Court of Appeal, but his opinion was
that such was not the best mode of
entirely to matters of appeal and should
have an original jurisdiction whatever it
was. The second objection to the bill
was that the procedure suggested would be
a simple one given to the opposite party
in two different courts with perfect
security or other preliminary require-
ments. The third objection was that
before the right of appeal would be
attached. One point was lost sight of
in the bill, and that was the right of
appeal from the court of the Province
to the Supreme Court. It was not with-
out power of Parliament to do so. By
section 118 of the Constitution Act, when
the amount reached \$1,000, but this
should be altered so as to give
the right of appeal to the Supreme Court
in all cases where the amount reached
that amount, and also in cases where the
importance seemed to demand it.
The fourth objection to the bill was
that the bill would not be a simple one
in the Province in which the court was
to sit. A question arose in any court in
the different Provinces in which the ques-
tion of the validity of the law of the
Province and of the Local Legislatures or
of the Dominion Parliament was raised,
and immediately the question of appeal
from that court and forced the litigant in
the Supreme Court which would hold
himself in the Province. The bill would
experience a case, that would cause great
inconvenience. The bill would be a
powerful argument against the creation
of an Exchequer Court. The bill would
if this court were created for original
jurisdiction, there was necessarily no
appeal from it. Of course, the bill
might appear before the same
Judges, but that would be unsatis-
factory. Another objection was the
provision made for the residence of
all the Judges. The bill would be a
more advantageous arrangement
would be to have them reside in
the different Provinces, where they could
preliminary matters in Chambers. There
was no objection to the bill in the
of the court should not be held in rela-
tion to the different chief cities.
The bill has been discussed in Com-
mittee of the Whole, and will doubtless
be amended in many respects. It is not
probable, however, that its fundamental
defect, the provision giving it original
jurisdiction, will be removed. Some of
the speakers thought it within the pow-
ers of Parliament to deny the right of
appeal from this court to the Privy
Council, and wanted such a provision
inserted in the bill. It is evident that
the measure is a very defective one, and
it is possible that it may be postponed
until next session. The bill should be
freely discussed by the legal gentlemen
of the Maritime Provinces, and sugges-
tions sent to Ottawa for the information
of members. So important a measure
should not be passed without all possible
influences being brought to bear to
secure Maritime interests. Mr.
Palmer's suggestion that the Judges
should reside in the capitals of the dif-
ferent Provinces, for the purpose of at-
tending to preliminary matters in Cham-
bers, instead of their being re-
quired to reside at Ottawa, should be
supported heartily by all Maritime mem-
bers.

The Musical Globe, published in New
York, is a publication issued in monthly
parts, each part containing a variety of
parts, with illustrations, and a number
of pieces of music. The April
number contains a selection of ballads,
songs and instrumental pieces, and is
very attractive. It is published by T. R.
Sheraton & Co., Princess Street.

The Last Scene in the Drama of
Henry and Mary.
The last scene in the drama doubtless
found fluttering hearts, not only in the
breasts of plaintiff and defendant, but
with all the crowd who had gathered to
the Hall of Justice in Richibucto to see
the trial.

A tragedy ends with bloodshed, a comedy
leaves its heroes happy, but this drama
represents the trial of the late actor
and his wife, and the result is not
either death, married or happy when at
last it came to an end. The addresses
of the counsel are said to have been
brimming over with eloquence, and the
stern master of fact of the law of contract
was beautifully interspersed with out-
bursts of the poetry of passion. The
counsel for the defence endeavored to
show that Mary's jealousy had
caused the disruption of the marriage,
and claimed that two or three hundred
dollars would amply pay for the lacera-
tion of her feelings, the cost of her grey
silk dress, and her ticket from Boston to
Richibucto. But when the plaintiff's
counsel rose to plead for weighty dam-
ages his tale was one of woman's love
and man's perfidy—the old, sad story
which all have heard and will hear again.
He attributed the cause of excitement to
the fact that the people were there in
force; not through idle curiosity, but to
assist and uphold his client's righteous
cause. He asked the jury to award
damages as they would like to have
awarded to their sisters or daughters un-
der similar circumstances. He charac-
terized the defendant as the greatest
hypocrite that ever came into a court of
justice, and wished it was the law of
the land that the cause could be tried in a
Criminal Court, and O'Leary would then
have his deserts. He had destroyed the
peace of mind of the plaintiff, and he
laughed at his infancy, checked at his
perfidy, and cast her off as an old shoe.
Then, to make the assurance sure, he
said nearly all the correspondents, and
quoted from a letter showing that O'Leary
had maligned his best friends; that even
a well known public man, in his official
capacity, had not even escaped his jury
charge. In conclusion, he asked the jury
to give him into his pocket, and teach
him, through his purse, what he failed to
feel through his conscience.

The Judge, in charging the jury, told
them that the law of contract was not
others where the law of contract was
involved, and that the cruelly cast of
Connaught was entitled to damages
not only for the loss of a home but as a
compensation for her wounded feelings.
In love, the Judge sagely remarked, the
woman suffers more from disappoint-
ment than man would suffer under the
same circumstances. If then, the coy
Connaught could be found to have
loved the cuddling O'Leary, then the
damages ought to be greater than if she
were merely actuated by the less sen-
sitive motive of seeking a home.
And here is something for ill
tempered maidens to reflect upon.
The Judge told the jury that if the
plaintiff exhibited the temper the de-
fendant says she did—by saying that the
children could cry till their throats were
raw, and get well again, the defendant would
be justified in breaking off the match. He
thought the plaintiff did not discharge
the defendant from the performance of
the contract. The proposal came from
the defendant to be discharged. He in-
structed them "not to dive deep into the
defendant's pocket," but to be reasonable
in their demands. If they thought O'
Leary wanted to get rid of the plaintiff,
then the damages should be increased.

He evidently did think so, by the
damages they brought in fourteen hun-
dred dollars and one cent. As for
O'Leary? That was dear cuddling and
kissing, dear letter writing, and dear love
in every way. No wonder he called her
dear Mary, and well might he exclaim
to his cuddled one, "Why wert thou

so dear?" Alas for the profits
of ships and lobster—all swallowed up
in the enormous bill for cuddling, kissing,
and talking of marriage. Those who
dance must pay the piper; and those who
cuddle must pay for the privilege. Such
was the fate of O'Leary, and his case will
long be remembered as an awful example
of what shall be done with cuddlers who
back out at the eleventh hour. And the
young men and maidens of future gen-
erations shall pass in their cuddling to
think of the result should their love
prove as changeable as that of the coddling
O'Leary and the coy Connaught.

Notes Nova News.
Kenville had a \$22,000 fire Saturday
night.
Combats between young men and goats
annexed people of Dartmouth.
The temperance crusade in Truro has
not proved a success. Liquor is publicly
exposed for sale, and as publicly drunk;
no license is charged, and there does not
appear to be any man in the town with
sense enough to enforce the law.

Notes Nova News.
Captain Gill, ex-Deputy Tax Collector
of Brooklyn, died Sunday night. He
was a native of St. John, N. B., was Ad-
jutant of the Brooklyn Fourteenth Regt.
during the war, and was well known in
the old brigade in which he was the first
to be elected to the rank of Sergeant.
—Bangor Whig.

Two girls attending a seminar in Illi-
nois set two chickens fighting in their
room last Sunday. The result was a
high, and at the conclusion of the con-
test the winning maiden was "better"
by a gold watch worth \$100.00 and a
French corset, two English of false hair,
a patent bustle, and a beautiful book
mark with the name "Gladie" worked
on it in colored silk.

At a public spelling match in Indi-
anapolis, given for a charitable purpose, the
first person who missed a word was Pro-
fessor W. A. Bell, editor of the *School
Journal* and formerly Superintendent of
the Educational Department of the city.
He spelled "algae" with a "d," and upon
his correction he was the recipient of a
large cabbage bouquet.

Millionaires are called "rich men" in
New York, and none others may except
the following. A half millionaire is
said to be "well off and independent."
A \$250,000 man is "very comfortable."
A \$500,000 man is "rich."
A \$1,000,000 man is "a small man," under \$500,000
he is "poor," while a \$25,000 man is such
a poor devil, as to be unworthy of men-
tion.

A gentleman in want of a housekeeper
tried an old expedient. He sent out
two advertisements, one for a lady of
education and elegant manners, qualified
to act as a companion in well as house-
keeper and was overwhelmed with re-
sponses. The only requirement in the other
advertisement was that the girl should
be plain in features, but not so plain as
apparently appeared to answer that appeal.
One of the best of the letters referring
to Cornell, the other day, sent a young
lady friend of his cake of Lubin's finest
variety of toilet soap, with the request
that she would be so good as to send
him a copy of the same. The next day the
young man was somewhat astonished
when he received a letter from the young
lady containing the present of a fine tooth
brush, with the request that he would
draw no inferences therefrom.

Bishop Ames tells a story of a slave
master in Missouri, in the old time of
negro servitude, who said to his chattel:
"Tommy, I fear you are a great preacher."
"Yes, massa, do Lord do help me power-
ful sometin' to say to de white folks."
"You see, massa, dat wouldn't never do, cause
de white folks dey such a 'dissess over de
meat'."

LOCALS.
For advertisements of WANTED, Lost,
Found, Sale, Hire, or To Let,
see Auction column.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisers must send in their favors
before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure
their appearance in this list.

AMUSEMENTS.
Calvin Church Socials
Globe Zoological Exhibition.
To Let (Second Page). P. Besnard & Co.
Election Card—Stephen G. Lizard
Card—Hall & Fairweather
Children of Nova Scotia
Ammonia Carb—John Chaloner
do

REMOVALS.
Corporation Revenue—E. H. Lester
WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE (or
apartments with board.) Possession re-
quired about the end of April. Apply
at this office. 2w cod

REMOVED.
The Government has taken the Court
say Bay Railway Extension off the hands
of the contractor.
A man at the east end of Duke Street
has built a house without assistance, tak-
ing four years to do it. The structure
has been purchased by Mr. Duncanson,
at present of Lower Cove, but late of
Halifax, and receives an extended notice
in the *Telegraph* this morning.

Many complaints are made by holders
of boxes at the Skating Rink of articles
being stolen from them. A piece of
chamois and a pair of gloves have been
taken from box 20 recently, and their
owner is on the track of the thief and
will expose him if he does not replace
the articles in the box.
The rink was brilliantly lighted last
evening with gas and kerosene, and the
ice was as hard as it has been at any
time during the season. The lamps are
not the proper kind for the place, but
there are so many of them that skaters will
be able to get along when there is little or
no gas.
REDDEN'S GHELAN SNUFF cures Catarrh
as if by magic.

Cheerfulness, courage and great activity
of intellect are engendered by Feltow's
Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites,
and its capacity of imparting power
of endurance to the brain and nervous sys-
tem is shown in its property of sustain-
ing persons through mental difficulties.

OYSTERS.—We would advise the readers
of THE TRIBUNE, especially those who
are fond of oysters, to call on George
Sparrow, at the head of King Street, and
try those splendid oysters which he has
on sale. They are certainly the finest
oysters in the city, and we think the only
place where you get Shellac or Prince
Edward Island oysters in St. John.

ANNOUNCEMENT!
To be sold at 100¢ for 60 days, the large and
well selected stock of
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
To make room for the
SPRING STOCK,
Which will arrive about the middle of
April.
GREAT BARGAINS will be given!

MARTIN'S CORNER,
O. H. MARTIN,
Cor. Colburn and Union Street,
St. John, N. B.
Spring Styles, 1875.
SILK HATS!
Also a large assortment of
FELT HATS!
In all the Leading Styles,
A. & R. MAGEE'S,
64 UNION ST.,
(Graham's Building) 2 doors East Charlotte St.
See Sign of Silk Hat with the five mystic
stars letters.

J-P-H
COUGH MIXTURE!
An invaluable preparation for
Coughs,
Colds,
Influenza,
Asthma,
Whooping
Cough,
Bronchitis,
Tidling
Sensation
in the Throat,
Etc.
Prepared by
HANINGTON BROTHERS,
CHEMISTS,
Foster's Corner, St. John, N. B.

HANINGTON'S
QUININE WINE
—AND—
IRON!
GIVES VITALITY
—TO—
Impoverished Blood!
Promotes Assimilation of the
Food.
INCREASES THE APPETITE!
Dispels Languor and Depresses and gives
TONE AND STRENGTH
—TO THE—
WEAKENED FRAME!
Price, 50 Cents per Bottle.
PREPARED BY
HANINGTON BROTHERS,
Foster's Corner, St. John, N. B.

REMOVAL!
R. & T. FINLAY
HAVE removed their Harness Manufactory
to their New Premises,
No. 16 Charlotte Street.
where they will be happy to wait upon their
friends and customers, and all who may have
them with a call. Their stock of
Harness, Collars, etc.,
is large and complete, and they are prepared to
execute all orders.
R. & T. FINLAY,
16 Charlotte Street.

By Telegraph.
Canadian,
British and Foreign.
(To the Associated Press.)
LONDON, March 23.
General Sir Charles York has been ap-
pointed constable of the Tower, vice
Field Marshal Gomm, deceased.
Henry Cole has been made a Knight
commander of the Order of the Bath.
Ship *Malmesbury* from New York ar-
rived in damaged condition and was
obliged to throw overboard a part of her
cargo.
Marquis De La Concha, late Captain
general of Cuba, has arrived in Madrid.
The weather throughout England is
fair.
A conflict occurred in Callan, County
Kilkenny, yesterday, between Bishop
Moran and Father O'Keefe's party, dur-
ing which much violence was used, and
O'Keefe's chapel completely wrecked.
Consols 23. Breakfast steady; wheat
at 45¢ for California flour; 37¢ at the
100 club do.; 84¢ at a 9¢ red western
spring; corn 22¢ 6d a 32¢ 9d; peas 42¢
6d a 44¢ for Canadian.

New York, March 23.
The son of John Mitchell arrived here
on Liverpool from Liverpool on the steam-
er City of Chester.
The tornado in Georgia, previously
mentioned, devastated a district en-
compassing eight counties in Georgia and
two in South Carolina. The destruction
of property is immense, and the list of
killed and wounded appalling.

LONDON, March 24.
The debate in the Commons last night
on the bill for the amendment of the
Peace Preservation Act, the Home Rulers
opposing the bill contrasted the preva-
lence of crime in England with the pre-
valence in Ireland.
Sir Edward Watkin retorted that Eng-
lish people do not welcome American
conspirators among them, but are con-
spicuous for their loyalty and law-abid-
ing dispositions. He said that if the Irish
would renounce the leadership of stump
orators, and adopt industry in place
of political agitation, the necessity for ex-
ceptional legislation would cease.
Mr. Disraeli pointed out the con-
trasts contained in the bill, and, appeal-
ing to the patriotism of the Irish mem-
bers, he asked them not to agitate the
country by an opposition to a bill that
must be passed.

THE BILLS.
The bill passed its second reading by
264 to 60.
THE TUNING.
The Nottingham spring handicap race
was run to day. Murder was first, but
being disqualified, the race was given to
Castle (Wellan), which was second. St.
Patrick and Malpasque, which were re-
spectively third and fourth, were placed
second and third.

THE FUNERAL OF JOHN MITCHELL
took place yesterday at Newry, Ireland.
His remains were buried in the church-
yard. A great crowd was present, and
quite unparalleled notwithstanding such
placards were distributed.

NEW YORK, March 24.
GOLD.
Gold closed yesterday at 115.
APPROVING THE PRESIDENT.
The resolution submitted by Mr. An-
thony, approving the action of the Presi-
dent in the Louisiana troubles, was passed
by the United States Senate yesterday
by a majority of nine.

THE PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.
To Morning Papers.
OTTAWA, March 23.
Mr. Devlin raised the question of priv-
ilege, relating to a question in the *Nov-
 Scotia Herald*, which stated that he (De-
vlin) spoke falsely when he said he had
Bishop Sweeney's authority for voting for
the amendment of the member for Que-
bec on the Nova Brunswick school ques-
tion. He called on several members to
affirm that statement on their personal
knowledge.

Messrs. Desjardins and Dechaud did so.
Geoffroy's bill respecting the cutting
of timber was amended so as to allow the
Government to pay cutters by fees or
salaries as they pleased and was then
read a third time and passed.
Some other Government measures were
advanced a stage without discussion.
The Senate amendments to the Marine
Telegraph bill were concurred in.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
(By Telegraph to the Tribune.)
FREDERICTON, March 23.
Hon. Mr. Willis moved resolution re-
lating to union of Maritime Provinces,
according to notice.
The Speaker ruled it out of order.
Hon. Mr. Willis said he would, of
course, submit to the Speaker's ruling.
He then moved the following resolution:
Resolved, That in the opinion of this
House a Legislative Union of New Brun-
swick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward
Island would lessen the expenses con-
nected with their Government, and leg-
islation have a tendency to diminish local
prejudices which, to some extent, ob-
struct their material progress, add weight
to the influence of their representatives in
the Federal Parliament, and otherwise
promote the interests of the people.

The Hon. Provincial Secretary com-
mitted the bill in amendment of the Act
relating to attachment and the abolition
of imprisonment for debt, Mr. Richard in
the chair. Details of the bill were dis-
cussed quite fully by Messrs. Davidson,
Jones, Austin, McKenzie, Smith and
others.
The discussion was continued until
after four o'clock. A number of amend-
ments being well considered and made,
progress was finally reported that several
sections might be changed previous to
the bill being finally agreed to.

Dr. Dow introduced a bill to incor-
porate Miller Flaming Manufacturing Co.
The Surveyor General recommended the
bill relating to trespass on lands and
other property of the Crown, Mr. Keane
in the chair. The bill incorporated a
section in the bill setting forth that the
party from whom lumber is seized, may,
after fourteen days, apply to a judge to
have the claim heard and decided upon.

Mr. Rogers presented the petition of
Joseph McAlman and others of Albert,
praying that in legislation in regard to
the Albert Railway private rights may be
protected.
Mr. Austin presented the petition of
S. Dean and others relative to the St.
John Slaughter House bill.
Mr. Davidson committed the bill re-
lating to the Albert Railway, Mr. Burns
in the chair. The mover explained that

The present bill is to make it clear that the debentures are payable on any bills constructed. The Company also ask authority to call in old and issue new debentures to facilitate the building of the work.

Mr. Rogers and Mr. Ryan deprecated the immediate passage of the bill, and asked for time to consider it. The reporter fails to say what was done with it. Hon. Mr. Fraser introduced a bill relating to St. Paul's, Fredericton, and to the churches in New Brunswick in connection with the Church of Scotland.

On motion of Mr. Burns the papers relating to the dismissal of Theo. F. Gillespie were referred to Burns, Cover, Elder, Butler and McLeod, as a select committee for a report thereon.

On like motion of Burns O'Leary, Dow, Rogers and Austin were appointed a select committee on the bill in Gloucester in 1873.

Mr. Burns presented a petition from Rev. T. Dowling and one hundred and sixty others against the Carquest Police Force and Lockup bill.

Mr. Perley committed a bill to ignore portable Lakeville Corner Manufacturing Co. Elder in the chair. Agreed to.

Hon. Mr. Crawford committed a bill to provide for allotment of dowers to widows out of the estates of deceased husbands, Blanchard in the chair. The mover said that the bill is one introduced by Woodburn last year, but not passed on account of a being crowded out by other business. It provides that a widow, within forty days after the death of her husband, may apply to the Supreme Court in Equity to have her dower assigned. If she does not so apply the heirs may, after ninety days, apply to the same Court and oblige her to make her claim. If there is no opposition to the claim on the part of the other heirs, after they have received notice of the widow's claim, the allowance shall be made. If the judge otherwise, these commissioners shall be appointed to examine and report as to what right the widow may have in the property, after which the dower shall be assessed.

On suggestion of Davidson the forty days limitation was taken out of the bill, so as to enable the widow to apply at any time, and the bill was agreed to.

Mr. Keen recommended a bill relating to the sale of sulphurous lignora in St. John, Ryan in the chair. Agreed to with amended title and certain other amendments.

Mr. Johnson committed a bill to amend the law relating to parish and county officers, Keen in the chair. Johnson explained that the bill is to prevent persons whose names were not on collectors lists the year previous to the assessment from being parish or county officers.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL. Fredericton, March 23. The bill relating to water supply in St. John, Eastern side of the harbor, and in the Town of Portland, and to sewerage in St. John was committed, Hon. Mr. Jones in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Seely explained the object and necessity of the bill. It was proposed to lay down 31,250 feet additional of pipes and to lay 81,000 feet of sewers, and to make 47,000 feet of sewerage, and to issue \$200,000 of debentures which would extend over 8 or 10 years. The object was \$200,000 the city should be willing to be assessed for. The reporter fails to say what was done with it.

The bill relating to the appointment of the Police Force in the City of St. John was postponed for three months on motion of Mr. Jones.

The bill relating to streets in the town of Portland passed. Bill requires that streets shall be 50 feet wide.

The bill to amend an act to authorize the Town of Portland to raise money by way of lotto to purchase a steam engine and extend the fire alarm telegraph, was committed; Hon. Mr. Seely in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Jones explained that in 1873, when Portland had fire on the brain, the act was passed but not acted on. Now the people wanted to purchase steam fire engine, extend fire alarm telegraph, and to issue \$200,000 of debentures. He considered it a very judicious bill.

The bill relating to water supply and sewerage in the Town of Portland was passed.

Nova Scotia Iron Ore. We have been shown a specimen of iron ore found in Kings County, Nova Scotia. The deposit of the ore is said to be very large and of the best quality in the Dominion. The person who has discovered the ore, and who has obtained a lease of the land on which the ore is, intends to open up the deposit this spring and work it. It has been tested in St. John and declared by competent judges to be of the first quality.

CLARENCE IN THE AIR.—So it would almost seem by the hundreds who are suffering from its causes. Now don't do it any longer, but run to the nearest drug store and buy a box of Resler's German Snuff. It will only cost you 30 cents.

City Police Court. The first night had not the effect of causing many drinks, as the police failed to secure a single prisoner. Wm. Frost, who came to the Station for protection, was let go.

The Daily Tribune and all the most popular Canadian, English and American newspapers and magazines can always be obtained at the bookstore of Mr. W. K. Crawford, King street.

Portland Police Court. The badly ventilated court room was filled with a miscellaneous crowd this morning the case of interest being that of John Wilson charged with abusive language to Ellen O'Brien. He had called her a jade and she sought the aid of the law to vindicate her fair fame. The case was dismissed on payment of costs by Mr. Wilson.

John O'Neil and Daniel Dunham were each fined \$4 for drunkenness.

The Vinegar Factory Burned. The large wooden building on Pitt st., used as a vinegar factory, took fire about seven o'clock last evening and was totally destroyed together with a quantity of vinegar, materials of manufacture, and some of the papers of the proprietors. The fire was discovered in the generating room and spread so quickly that nothing

could be done to save the building, which was in ruins in a few hours. The works were owned and carried on by Messrs. D. V. Troop and A. W. Masters, and were well supplied with the necessary appliances of the business. A large stock on hand, awaiting shipment, was destroyed with the rest, and in fact scarcely anything of value was saved. The building, which was about 12 years old, was formerly owned by the corporation. It was insured for \$4000 in the Queen. The stock, &c., was uninsured, and it is thought that the total loss will be not less than \$10,000.

THE UNIVERSAL AYER.—On my journeys over the continent—through Turkey, India, China, Japan, Persia, Ceylon, Brazil and Mexico, and the United States—in them all to some extent and in some to a great extent, I have found the Universal Ayer represented by their own people. I know they have it to such a degree that it frequently gave me a distinguished importance to have come from the same country.—Ayer's letters from abroad.

The bark Sarah B. Dean, Captain Edridge of the Sarah B. Dean, from Buenos Aires, Dec. 23rd, for New York, which was towed into Plymouth on the 7th inst., reports: On the 6th Jan., at 5 a. m., weather thick and stormy, wind S. W., a heavy gale, the bark was in lat. 48 45 N., lon. 12 W., under close-reefed topsails and foretopmaststaysail and mizzenmast, upon trying pumps in usual manner discovered ship had sprung a leak, making water on port beam, and on starboard tack 25 minutes every 2 hours. Still continued to leak, but weather somewhat moderate, but on Feb. 10, lat. 43 49 N., lon. 35 W., a heavy S. W. gale, heavy sea running, and ship laboring heavily, leak increased suddenly, the pumps constantly kept going, but kept her free. Crew being exhausted, held consultation with officers and crew; resolved to run for nearest port. Bangs kept constantly going until Thursday, Feb. 25, when we fell in with 35 pilot cutter of Scilly, when I determined to go into Scilly. On meeting with pilot cutter afterwards, and my crew being much exhausted, took a pilot and five hands to assist the ship into port, agreeing to pay from the sum of \$45 to assist in pumping. A portion of the cargo has been pumped up. She would undergo repairs at Plymouth before proceeding.

We much pleased to notice that Mr. F. A. Bernard has been so much encouraged of late as to give up his intention of leaving St. John. He likewise gives lessons in the different branches of drawing, painting, &c.

Portland Civil Court. Only two cases were on the docket this morning, and one of these was undecided. The other was defended, but contained no points of interest, being a simple case of goods sold. Verdict for the plaintiff in both suits.

Dr. Foster's Jaeger's Balm upon a wet Irish boy for a rich, creamy balm for the mouth, imparting a delightful fragrance to the breath, and thoroughly cleansing the teeth from all impurities. Call at the Drug Store and get a sample bottle free.

Another Case of Larceny. The police were sent for to arrest another thief this morning, the offender being a man named Robert Crosby. Shortly after breakfast time he was seen to enter the shop of Mr. W. C. Mortimore, undertaker, Charlotte street, with two shops under his arm, no one being in the shop at the time. After he left Mr. Mortimore's assistance was secured and a pair of scissors and a set of shears started after the thief, who was secured and was found in his possession, and the places were marked with the names of Mr. Mortimore, carpenter, from whom it is supposed they were stolen.

Christmas Goods. CHRISTMAS GIFTS. MR. MARSTER'S PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS, Cor. King and Germain Streets, [is a first-class place, where you may select on getting your own pictures or have those of your friends.]

Enlarged and Framed. in the Latest and Best Style. Be sure and give him a trial. 43

DIED. In Halifax, March 22nd, after a long illness, Mrs. PATRICK NARR, in the 31st year of her age, leaving a husband, two children and a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.

On Monday, March 23, at her residence in Pines street, in the 5th year of her age, JANE, infant of the late James Patterson, LL.B.

On Tuesday, 22nd instant, at the residence of William H. Brown, Union street, ASTRUC, widow of the late Andrew H. Brown, of Grand Bay, in the 7th year of her age.

SHIPPING NEWS. PORT OF SAINT JOHN. ARRIVED. TUESDAY, March 22nd, after a long passage, 2nd—Stuyvesant, 2nd, Capt. Portland, James (Dunville) & Co.

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Second Edition. HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY. (Special to the Daily Tribune.) Fredericton, March 24.

Hon. Mr. Fraser thought it would be scarcely fair to disqualify a man in this way, for he might move into a county or parish and be in every way prepared for the duties of citizenship. The ratepayers should in such case be allowed to exercise their own judgment. The bill requires a man to pay taxes two years before being eligible to office.

Mr. Johnson said in some parts of the Province strangers with neither property nor qualifications of any kind had been appointed to parish offices, and he looked upon it as an outrage on the ratepayers, and contrary to the doctrine laid down by Fraser the other day, that no man should vote when he does not pay his taxes.

Mr. Smith said the object of Johnson was simply to disqualify all persons not ratepayers from holding Parish and County offices.

Mr. Jones said the bill itself would scarcely bear that construction, and he would ask that municipalities be exempted from its operations.

Mr. Phillips, in reply to Butler, Crawford, and others, said that as no assessment list is made up until after the parish meeting, it is necessary to go back to the assessment list of the previous year in order to ascertain who are qualified voters.

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