THE
Star Wardrobe
****
is the Leading House in Brockville for
FASHIONABLE TAILORING,
Cutting will receive my personal attention
M. J. KEHOE.

THE ATHENS REPORTER
& COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

A. PARISH & SON,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.
W. G. PARISH,
LUMBER.
Special Value in Cedar Shingles.

VOL. VII. NO. 20. Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Tuesday, May 19th, 1891. $1.00 a year in advance. $1.25 if not paid within 6 months. B. Loverin, Proprietor.

HUTCHESON'S
DRESS GOODS.
ARE THE TALK OF ALL THE LADIES.
The Prettiest and Newest Weaves to be had are displayad on our counters and tables, and our designs are seen nowhere else in Brockville. Ladies wanting a good choice should come at once, as they are being picked up rapidly.
PARASOLS—Our Spring Stock of Parasols has arrived and is on exhibition. We show a variety of new effects in fancy parasols, and a very large assortment of Black and Colored Parasols with choice handles. We will be pleased to have you call and see them.
CARPETS—Our new stock of Carpet is now in, and without doubt is the finest we have ever shown. All kinds in Best Brussels, Tapestry, Wool, Union and Hemp. We import *direct* from the factory. We will take pleasure in showing you through
NEW KID GLOVES—Full Stock in Black and Colored Dressed and Undressed, including the celebrated Alexander's.
SAMPLE DEPARTMENT—We will gladly send samples by return mail
Telephone 149. GEO. G HUTCHESON & CO.
BROCKVILLE.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Myron A. Evertts,
SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, &C.,
OFFICE OVER A. PARISH AND SON'S STORE,
MAIN STREET, . . . ATHENS.

Dr. C. M. B. CORNELL,
BUELL STREET, . . . BROCKVILLE.
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.

Dr. Stanley S. Cornell
MAIN STREET, . . . ATHENS
SPECIALTY . . . DISEASES OF WOMEN.
Office Days:—No afternoons of Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

J. F. Harte, M.D., C.M.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHER.
Graduate Royal College (Queen's University.) Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont. Office: Main st., opposite Gamble House Athens. 23-52

J. P. Lamb, L.D.S.,
DENTIST. After more than 20 years experience Mr. Lamb is prepared to render the best services in both mechanical and surgical dentistry.

B. J. Saunders,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor. Engineer for Leeds Co., and Townships of Rear Yonge & Escott and Augusta. Office removed to Fulford block, cor. Main St. and Court House Avenue, Brockville.

The Gamble House,
ATHENS.
THIS FINE NEW BRICK HOTEL HAS been elegantly furnished throughout in the latest styles. Every attention given to the wants of guests. Good yards and stables.
22.1Y FRED. PIERCE, Prop'r.

MONEY TO LOAN
We have instructions to place a large sum of private funds at current rates of interest on first mortgage on improved farms. Terms to suit borrowers. Apply to
HUTCHESON & FISHER,
Barristers, &c., Brockville.

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It's NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

ALLAN TURNER & CO.,
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS
OFFER
Garden and Field Seeds
FRESH AND RELIABLE
AT LOWEST TRADE PRICES
Special terms to Clubs and Large Buyers
Orders and Enquiries by mail will receive prompt attention
KING STREET, BROCKVILLE.

CASH!
WANTED
40,000 DEACON
AND CALF SKINS
HIGHEST CASH PRICE AT THE BROCKVILLE TANNERY.
A. G. McCRADY SONS.

JOS. LANE,
Main St., opposite Maley's Boot & Shoe Store.
BROCKVILLE,
Carries the
LARGEST STOCK OF WATCHES
of any house in town
His Stock of Clocks, Jewellry, Diamonds, Spectacles &c. is complete in every Department and
Will be Sold Right.
Repairing by Skilled Workmen our Specialty
Give us a call when wanting anything in our line 49.

We are Convinced that
MOFFATT & SCOTT
GENERAL MERCHANTS
Addison and Rocksprings
PAY HIGHEST PRICES FOR
BUTTER, EGGS, DEACON SKINS, MAPLE SYRUP AND SUGAR, ETC.,
AND SELL AT BOTTOM PRICES
Our Spring Goods
Have just arrived and for Quality, Quantity and Prices we defy competition. Our Prints, Ginghams, Shirtings, Cattonades, Gray Cottons, and Tweeds are very attractive and cheap, whilst our Wall Paper, Boots and Shoes, Ready Mixed Paints, Leads, Oils, Glass, Crockery, Etc., are far Superior in Quality than ever before shown.
OUR TEAS at 25c., 30c., 35c, and 40c. per lb. are unequalled for flavor and for strength.
Remember we always give as many lbs. of SUGAR for $1 as any "House" in the Trade.
Ladies you should examine our stock of Fine Shoes, Slippers, All-Wool Cashmeres and Prints. Gents our Hats, Furnishings, Tweeds, and Kid Gloves are exactly what you want.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER AND FITS GUARANTEED
Highest Market Price for Produce; 5 per cent off for Cash; small profits and quick returns
OUR MOTTO
MOFFATT & SCOTT

Song Birds fortunes have been made at work for us, by Anna Page, Austin, Texas, and Geo. Bonn, Toledo, Ohio. Sent cost. Others doing as well. Why not you? Some earn over $500.00 a month. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from $5 to $10 a day. All ages. We show you how and start you. Can work in spare time or all the time. Big money for workers. Failure unknown among them. NEW and wonderful. Particulars free. H. Hallett & Co., Box 880 Portland, Maine

JOB PRINTING
Neatly Executed at
THE REPORTER OFFICE
Athens.

The Leading.
SHOE HOUSE

KING STREET, BROCKVILLE.
Geo. S. Young

THE MOLSONS BANK
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT 1855
CAPITAL $2,000,000 REST $1,075,000
BROCKVILLE BRANCH
A general Banking business transacted. Four Per Cent interest allowed on deposits of $1 and upwards. Drafts on Montreal and Toronto, New York and London, England, bought and sold at lowest rates. SAVINGS BANK department in connection.
A. B. BRODRICK, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL
ESTABLISHED 1818.
Capital, all Paid-up $12,000,000
Reserve $6,000,000
Savings Bank Department pays Four per Cent Interest,
Compounded on 30th of June and 31st December in each year.
Sterling and other Exchanges on all parts of the world bought and sold.
BROCKVILLE BRANCH,
COURT HOUSE SQUARE
NEIL McLEAN, MANAGER.

R. W. & CO.
Brockville's Bargain
One Price Dry Goods House
R.W. & Co.
CURTAIN NETS
8c, 10c, 12½c 15c and 17c per yard.
Extra Wide Striped Curtain Scrim 9c and 12½c
Pretty Art Muslins 10c yard
Handsome Curtain Plushes reversible 19c yard up.
Cream and Fancy cold Madrass Muslins and fringes to match.
Elegant Wide Double Fold reversible Cretonnes.
LACE CURTAINS
Scalloped and bound in Cream and White, beautiful new designs, hundreds of pairs to choose from. All retailed at wholesale prices.
CURTAIN POLES
5 ft to 12 ft long, 1¼ to 2 inch sizes, Cherry, Walnut or Black.
HEADQUARTERS FOR STYLISH MILLINERY.
Show rooms at rear end of store.
Latest Novelties in Millinery Goods received daily by express.
DRESS GOODS
Full range of shades French and English Serges, and Poplinettes extra wide widths.
The above makes are the most desirable and popular makes of Dress goods in the market this season.
Thousands of yards of Fancy Dress Goods to select from, 8c per yard upwards
PARASOLS
All qualities, styles and prices
KID GLOVES
Suk Gloves Lisle Gloves Cashmere and Cotton Hosiery in immense variety.
DRESS MAKING
Dresses made to order or cut and fitted.
Mantles made to order, fit and finish guaranteed.
Main St. opposite Buell St. Brockville ROBT. WRIGHT & CO. TELEPHONE 138 A.

AT H. Y. FARR'S
Winding up the Dry Goods Business
CORNER OF MAIN AND PERTH STREETS,
BARGAINS BARGAINS
FOR EVERYONE
Heaps of useful goods to select from
CORNER OF MAIN & PERTH STREETS. H. Y. FARR. CORNER OF MAIN & PERTH STREETS.

LEWIS & PATTERSON
The whisper of goodness and cheapness has got abroad about our Dress Goods and every day there is the livliest hustling in this department. Among the latest arrivals, we show Bengaline Silks in Pansy, Baize, Black, Cream, Maize, Pale Blue, ink and Gold. These goods are sold largely for ladies' blouses. Surah Silks, too, in all leading shades. Our Dress Goods Department should interest you, for we are convinced that equal value can't be had elsewhere. Certainly, never better came here, and we extend to you a friendly invitation to see the stock, whether your wants be present or future.
P.S.—Mantles and Mantle Cloths in good variety. MISS VANCE in charge of this department All cloths cut and fitted free.
TELEPHONE 161. LEWIS & PATTERSON'S.
BROCKVILLE

THE REASON WHY
C. M. BABCOCK
Does the Leading Dry Goods Business in Brockville
Is because the stock is always assorted with the latest novelties the markets produce, and the largest choice.
You are invited to visit the different departments and see for yourselves the difference in goods kept by C. M. Babcock and other Houses in the same line. Good goods are the cheapest in the end.
Do not fail to see the Plain and Fancy Dress Goods. Be sure and see the Sateens and Prints. The greatest variety of Black Goods always on hand. The agency for the ever fast Black Hosiery, Ladies' Gent's and Children's Cashmere Hose. Agency for F ed Rouillon's French Kid Gloves: The best gloves for the least money
The Finest Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Towellings, and drawn thread work see them.
Ready Made Mantles, Mantles made to order, or cloths cut and fitted free by MISS HARRISON
The Millinery is still under the management of MISS WHELAN, who has the finest display this spring she has ever had. Ladies' and Girls' Sailor Hats commencing at 25 cents each. COME AND SEE.
Merrill Block C. M. Babcock

When you come to Brockville it will pay you to go to
W. L. MALEY'S
FOR YOUR
Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Trunks, and Valises.
For one dollar we will sell you our Ind. Kid Buttoned Boot, worked holes
Our $1.50 Button Boot is a daisy. Ask to see it.
$2.00. You all want them. Our $2.00 Dongola Buttoned Boot. The best fitting and the best wearing boot in Canada. Will not crack nor turn red.
$2.50 Buttoned Boot is a seller, every pair guaranteed.
Men's Solid Leather Laced Boots only $1.00
BOYS Good Strong Laced Boots for 85c.
COME AND SEE US W. L. MALEY

COUNTY NEWS.

PITHY PARAGRAPHS POINTEDLY PUT,

Crumbs Culled for the Curious—Purely Personal Paragraphs—Jokes and Jingles—The Week's Wisperings Wittingly Worded.

LYN.

MONDAY, May 18.—Mrs. Phillips and daughter are making preparations to go to California as Mr Phillips finds his health will not permit him to return here.

Death has made a wide breach in the James Kilborn family, both father and mother having succumbed to pheumonia within three weeks.

Rev. Mr. Cairs of Brockville, officiated in the church yesterday, dispensing the sacrament in the absence of Mr. Phillips.

The Athens boys carried off the flag from the Lyn base ball club on Saturday. Our boys might brush up and get it back again before the season closes.

Vanderbilt is said to run his railroad on the Public be d——principle, but you can't run a P.O. that way.

The woolen factory will start in a few days having been fitted up ready for business. It brought two families into the village who had hard work to procure houses. Somebody must build if the village grows.

ELGIN.

MONDAY, May 18.—Mr. Johnston, I. P. S., delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture in the Methodist church on Friday evening. His subject was the educative value of history. Mr. Johnston's delivery is perfect and the way in which he handled his subject showed to his listeners a depth of thought and a large resource of intelect. It was carefully and well prepared and we hope in the near future he will favor us again. Mr. J. R. Dargavel occupied the chair. The choir furnished suitable music. Of course the selections weren't just the latest but then good things never grow old.

The Division of Sons intend with other Divisions holding a basket picnic at Jones' Falls on 23rd May.

Mrs. Judd of Morton paid Mrs. Laishley a visit one day last week.

Dr. Hare a medical student has come to practice with Dr. Coon.

Mrs Gershom Wing is still lingering with consumption.

Mrs. R. G. Murphy spent part of last week at Brockville.

Rumor says Johnny is married. This will cause the tears of the gentler sex to flow.

FRONT OF YONGE.

MONDAY, May 18.—Mr. Henry Powell of Caintown sold to L. P. Kane 2 acres of land on which Mr. Kane will erect a splendid dwelling this spring.

It is said that the dumb gentleman who was married to a Mallorytown lady last week, has wonderfully improved in hearing since joining that numerous family.

Mr. S. H. Dickey is very ill with inflamation of the lungs. He is under the care of Dr. Lane.

Mr. James Herbison, numerator, has performed his work. James did the the work well and treated all parties in a gentlemanly manner.

The duty is likely to be taken off our eggs since the visit of Mr. McVoy and Mr. Lakens to Washington.

Charleston Lake is the best fishing ground in America for its size, and the fish it contains are superior to those of any other waters.

The old Canada Methodist church in Caintown has at last been raised to the ground. It was purchased by L. T. Cain and will now be converted into a beautiful summer cottage.

Mr. James Tennant of Caintown has one of the finest stallions on the road.

The Ayer's Manufacturing Company of Lyn have again started up and are running on full time. All kinds of wooden ware are handled in said factory.

ELLISVILLE

To the Editor:

DEAR SIR.—I understand that the brainy and talented scribe of Ellisville has a grievance over the fact that some one had the impudence to insinuate that he had made an untruthful statement about a factory meeting. He states that he meant no harm or to offend anyone. It has just happened as it was intended, no one has been hurt or offended. I see he has undertaken to measure people's understanding. I am not surprised at that, as he is one of the wise men that came from the South, not in sight of a star, but simply to become the shining star of Ellisville. To start with, his head was full of the right material. He then attended a business college. Had it pressed down, heaped up and running over. He gobbled up all they knew, in a few days, and walked off with it, and now he has become a Professor at music and literature. He surprises us by stating that Mr. J. McMillan is taking the people's senses. I would be the last one to believe that Mr. McMillan would be guilty of committing such an outrage on the people. I never knew that was Mr. McMillan's business. I knew he was taking the census. But I don't wish to dispute that gentleman, however. I can only say that if his statement is correct I would advise his friends to pray Mr. McMillan to return that small amount which he must have gathered off him. Yours &c

A CANADIAN.

Minard's Liniment Lumbermans friend

In the Church of Ascension in Hamilton, trouble has been brewing for some time. On the 8th inst, the minister secured the services of a surpliced choir to help in a special meeting, which so enraged the congregation that, when the minister and the choir entered the church, they blew out the lights, whistled, yelled, groaned and hissed, and made noises and cat calls that might be heard from the top gallery of a theatre. The choir commenced to sing, but the congregation drowned the song by singing an opposition one to the tune of Old Black Joe. It was the most disgraceful scene ever heard in a church, and has caused intense excitement. The row was between the Rituals and the Anti-Ritualists.

There is always a period in our lives that we look back upon with pleasure. The boy recalls with pleasure his first pair of long boots. The girl her first, real china face doll. The young man when first he was able to disco r the first faint dark colored fuzz on his upper lip, and the young lady when she could boast of having a real nice beau all to herself. People of maturer years feel proud of saying that they have a home, and are settled securely for life, but there is one day in the year that all rejoice to know is safely past, and that is the day when house cleaning is done. This year the people of Athens and vicinity will feel an extra exuberance if they have got house cleaning done and purchased their wall papers at H. H. Arnold's, and their curtains at G. W. Beach's and thereby saved enough by doing so to buy some fine dress goods at Parish's or Wiltse's and still have enough money left to get that litttle "duck of a bonnet," shown in the windows of Mrs. Thompson's or Mrs. Bristow's millinery windows, and when all these things are purchased we hope they will have an extra dollar to invest in sending the Reporter for a year to some far off friend.

A "Cold Wave" appears to have passed over the greater portion of the Continent of North America during the past week. Our exchanges from all parts of the country speak of cold winds and frosty nights, and in this vicinity the same may be said. On Friday night the cold was so severe that ice accumulated in watering troughs and open vessels. The leaves on the trees, which are about half size, are tinged with a frosty look, and the grass in the open fields has a withered appearance. Plum trees, which are in bloom will suffer most, as without doubt the cold winds and frost will completely blast the blossoms. Apples and small fruits are not far enough advanced to be materially affected, but should the cold winds prevail for a few nights more, they too will be a partial failure. The weather wise, say that this cold weather is caused by a total eclipse on the moon which occurs on Saturday next 23rd inst., and that after that date we may look for rain and warmer weather. All kinds of vegetation needs rain badly, and the long spell of cold weather has retarded growing crops to such an extent that but very little appears above the ground.

The dog tax collector for the village has had a lively time during the past few weeks getting the owners and harborers of dogs to pay the tax and procure the necessary tag. Notices, were posted on every street and "Big Dog" notices in the Reporter and posters warning that all parties neglecting or refusing to comply with the Village By-law, would be prosecuted after the 9th inst. Despite all these warnings there was quite a number who had not made the necessary sacrifice of their time and money and on Monday evening the services of Justice Cawley were obtained and summonses issued against eight who were still delinquent. The next morning after the papers were served the clerk was routed out of bed before the sun had risen and a pitiful appeal made for him to take the money and supply the delinquents with the little brass talisman. He however had no alternative but to send them to "His Worship" to settle which all but two of them did before the hour appointed for the trial. Wilson Riley and Wm. Langstaff appeared and were each fined 50c and costs, eight days being given the latter to pay in. It is the veriest nonsense for owners of dogs to imagine that they can evade or get clear of paying the tax imposed by by-law of the village council. The action of the "Chief" will convince all such persons that the law must, and is going to be enforced.

The Reporter has been the recipient during the past year or two of enough circulars from advertising agents to fill a cart. No less than 8 came to the office in one day, recently. The prices offered are so ridiculously low and the assurance of the agents so great that did we not possess a large amount of forbearance we would be tempted to kick the agent along with his circulars into the street. Just think of our running a paper for the especial benefit of an advertiser who makes the following proposition; "Insert single col. 6 inch ad. 26 weeks, then 3 inch ad. balance of year. This add must have position of first ad. on top of col. or immediately following broken column, ad. must not be preceded by other displayed ads, and the Reporter for a year thrown in." For this they have the gall to offer the magnificent sum of $6.00 per year, payable *when you can get it.* We were simple enough to be gulled into taking an ad. of this sort about a year ago. Once we drew on the advertiser at sight, costing us 25 cents. In about a week the draft came back, with this laconic sentence within across the face *no funds* Another time a checque was sent in payment, which we got cashed at a branch of the bank on which the check was drawn. A few days after a notice was sent us to call in and endorse the check. Now to all and sundry of those advertising fakes we say. Avaunt! thou spirits of evil! from this time henceforth we insert only the live business ads. of the live business men of this county and district unless we have a personal knowledge that the business and the advertiser are all O. K. We have come to this determination believing that the class we refer to will appreciate our determination to have nothing to do with quacks or quack medicines. We make bold to say that we can give the class of advertisers we want better value for their money than any other paper published in the United Counties and are prepared at any time to produce our subscription books for the inspection of those wishing information on the matter.

Jas. Ross of Smith's Falls is in town calling on old acquaintances. This is the first time he has been in Athens since his illness some months ago. He has nearly regained his usual health.

Prof. Wiggins says he expects a dry summer this year, and attributes it to the increased use of electricity in towns and the use of wire fences in country, thus keeping away the thunder storms. We wonder how the Prof. accounts for the rainy weather of the past two seasons. Telegraph lines and wire fences were as plentiful then as now. It's about time the old crank was sat on.

Montreal detectives have arrived in Cornwall to assist the local police in the search for the body of the late Patrick Purcell. The point from which it was stolen is a lonely spot on the banks of the St. Lawrence, about five miles east of Cornwall, and there is no person residing within a quarter of a mile of it. It is generally believed that a plot to gain possession of the body was organized as soon as his death was announced. Before the body had arrived from the Maritime provinces a rumor gained circulation that a gang of men were determined to steal the body and hold it for reward.

Brockville Cheese Board.

Special to REPORTER.

The regular meeting of Brockville Dairyman Board of Trade was held on Thursday in Ashwood Hall. The attendance of buyers and salesman was fairly large for the season. There was however, an absence of the gentlemen representing the "greate houses." When the new president asked for order the bulletin board showed a total offering of 1,858 boxes cheese of which 1,202 were colored which has a preference. The bidding for the goods was fairly spirited, most of the boys were in want of cheese. Colored goods brought 10⅛c for high price, while 10c was freely paid for white. There was but 110 boxes sold for the high point mark, and they had to be delivered at Brockville by farmers' carriage. The buyers manifested a willingness to take the whole offering at 10 to 10 1-16. On corresponding date of last year 8¾c was ruling price paid. Thus far this season's goods have sold at about 1¼c advance. This as a matter of fact should stimulate our dairy farmers to give the cow a fair share of good care and good food.

After the board opened Mr. Howard Bissell said he had received a letter from Prof. Robertson, dairy commissioner, which stated that he, with others, intends being at Willow's factory next Thursday and Friday to make public milk tests. The professor wished to have as many present at these tests as possible and Mr. Bissell extended a cordial invitation to all. Mr. M. K. Evertts intimated that the professor would be at Old Fairfield factory on Saturday, 23rd inst. A full list, giving dates on which Prof. Robertson will visit other factories, will be found in another column,

The discussion booked for next meeting, respecting the advisability of doing away or continuing the open bid for cheese placed on bulletin board promises to be something interesting indeed. It is thought by some that many transactions of questionable character will be brought out of darkness.

The local cheese board at Campbellford was re-organized for the season with a fair attendance. Three hundred white cheeses were boarded and 9¼c bid, but no sales.

The Woodstock cheese market opened on the 13th with a little brighter prospect than the previous week. Seven factories were represented and 925 boxes were boarded, of which only 260 boxes were sold at 10c. Buyers did not seem very anxious to buy.

OUR LITTLE ETTIE.

LINES COMPOSED BY HER MOTHER.

She's gone, the beautiful and bright,
Gone to her home above,
Where kinder arms than ours will shield
And fonder hearts will love.

She faded like a wild-wood flower
And left us, lonely here;
No more we'll hear the happy tones
Of little Ettie dear.

That hand that used to smooth my locks,
So lightly o'er my brow,
And pat my cheek so lovingly
Is cold and deathly now.

That little dress she used to wear,
And hat, too, I see,
The slippers that she wore when last
She sat upon my knee.

I miss her too at early dawn,
The morning meal to share;
I do not see her by my side
Within her little chair.

At evening when the children play
Upon the grassy lawn,
I miss those happy tones of hers
And then I know she's gone.

And oft I'll wander to the spot
Where little Ettie lies,
Close by her grand-pa here she rests.
Close by him in the skies.

She sank into that last long sleep
From which she'll not awake,
Until the deep-mouthed trump shall sound
And death's strong band shall break.

Then father, mother, children, all,
From their low graves shall come
To join those broken ties again
And share a heavenly home.

CAINTOWN, 1891

Bradford Warehouse
J. V. Miller & Co.
Brockville's Best Valued
Dry Goods Store
Ladies' White Underwear
Night Gowns 49c
Chemise 29c
Drawers 29c
Corset Covers
We are showing a large assortment of Ladies' Lined Underwear in single pieces or in sets, well made, beautifully trimmed and full size. The best value in Brockville
J. V. MILLER & CO.
Children's Dresses
For riverside wear
in Gingham
in Chambray
in Lawn
Just received Children's Dresses in washing Materials in three sizes. Just the thing for camping or river side wear Very Week.
J. V. MILLER & CO.
Dress Goods
Twill Beige Suitings 8c
Diagonal Beige Suitings 8c
Check Beige Suitings 8c
40 inch Beige Suitings 18c
Plaid Beige Suitings 14c
We are showing lines of Dress Goods not equalled in Brockville. Very stylish new shades and remarkably cheap. Selling out fast.
J. V. MILLER & CO.
Prints Prints
American Indigo 9½c
Canadian Indigo 10c
English Indigo 10c
For the largest assortment, the newest patterns, J. V. Miller & Co's. is the place. About 300 pieces to select from 5½ to 12½c Every piece this year's importations.
J. V. MILLER & CO.
The leading Glove House
Selling very fast
4 Button Embroidered Backs 45c
4 Button Plain Backs 65c
4 Stud Fancy Back 78c
4 Stud Real Josephine $1.20
Our 78c Kid Gloves are equal to gloves sold in other stores for $1. Perfect fitting and warranted not to split. It is really the best value glove in the trade.
J. V. MILLER
New New
New New
New New
We have no old shopworn goods. Entire stock new and fresh. Can confidently reccommend every article to our customers knowing we give the best value in Brockville.
J. V. Miller & Co.
Bradford Warehouse
Bigg's Block Opposite Central Hotel
BROCKVILLE

R. D. Judson & Son,

Undertakers
ATHENS.
Cabinet-making in all its Branches.
Charges Moderate.
HATS!

Now is the time to buy Hats cheap, and the place to buy them is at
THOMAS MILLS & CO'S
THE HATTERS,
OF BROCKVILLE

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

The Professor and the White Violet.

The Professor:

Tell me, little violet white,
If you will be so polite,
Tell me how it came that you
Lost your pretty purple hue?
Were you blanched with sudden fears?
Were you bedded with fairies' tears?
Or was Dame Nature out of blue,
Violet, when she came to you?

The Violet

Tell me, silly mortal, first,
Ere I answer your thirst
For the truth concerning me—
Why are you in tights a tree?
Tell me why you move around,
Trying different kinds of ground,
With your funny legs and boots,
In the place of proper roots?

Tell me, mortal, why your head,
While green branches ought to spread,
Is shiny smooth as glass,
Without a fringe of fine grass?
Tell me—why he's gone away!
Wonder why he wouldn't stay!
Can he be well, I declare!
Sensitive about his hair?

—*Oliver Herford, in St. Nicholas for May.*

A Fish Story.

Young Dobson, with a mind to fish,
Is quite too fond of playing hookey;
So off he slyly go and scale
The fence, and down beside the brook he
Will sit, and sit, and sit, and sit,
His patience not at all a-bit-ed,
Though not a bite he gets to show
For all the wasted time he's waited.

Once perched upon the bank he sat,
In hopes to catch enough for one dish,
His fair face shone upon the same
And saw his ineffabest sun-fish,
And when his son came home at night
He took a rod from off the cupboard:
"We'll have a fish-bawl now," said he,
And whaled the youngster till he blubbered.

Old saws in Rhyme.

Actions speak louder than words ever do;
You can't eat your cake and hold on to it too.

When the cat is away, then the little mice play
Where there is a will there is always a way.

There's no use crying o'er milk that is spilt;
No accuser is needed by conscience of guilt.

There must be some fire wherever is smoke;
The pitcher goes oft to the well till it's broke.

Be rogues falling out honest men get their due
Whoever it fits, he must put on the shoe.

All work and no play will make Jack a dull boy
A thing of much beauty is ever a joy.

A half-loaf is better than no bread at all;
And pride always goeth before a sad fall.

Fast bind and fast find, have two strings to your bow;
Contentment is better than riches, we know.

The devil finds work for hands idle to do;
A mile is as good as a mile is to you.

You speak of the devil, he's sure to appear;
You can't make a silk purse from out of sow's ear.

A man by his company always is known;
Who lives in a glass house should not throw a stone.

Speech may be silver, but silence is gold;
There's never a fool like the fool who is old.

—*Detroit Free Press.*

The Old Cow-bell.

Bossy, it's spring—you'll soon be free,
Six mouths of glad mess are yours, I hope;
All winter you've been a care to me,
And now I'm cutting your well-worn rope.
But round your neck a circle I twine,
You cannot hide—you are always mine,
At home or down on the dim side-line
I'll hear the cow-bell,

The boys will search when the evening falls,
Barelegged they'll trail through briar and weed
They know the time when the night-hawk calls
And the place where the straying cattle feed.
The children will hunt at the close of day,
And listen, listen, amid their play
Oh, Bossy, Bossy, what gives you away—
* The cow-bell! *

The mother stands with her wooden pail,
And shadows her anxious eyes;
Lo, out of the swamp rises a muddy tail
As the family cow arises!
She's mi ked—and maiden and robin bird
Wink at each other and say no word,
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Letty thought it was strange the cool way in which she was stared at every time she chanced to look away from them, and her cheeks began to grow under the inspection. She did not know the difference, and supposed it was the way in high life so to regard ladies, but it seemed a very unpleasant way in her eyes, and for one moment, before she remembered that she was angry with him, she was thankful that Paul Lennard had escaped this finish.

Ernest Devereux and Charles Temple had acquired this habit in an atmosphere where the women were not so averse to being stared at as Letty Leigh. The greater number of them, being far better looking, took such observation as a natural tribute to their charms; and when the rest lacked in good looks, they made up in impudence. These young men were gentlemen, if being educated at Oxford and belonging to a good family made them so. But they were needy gentlemen.

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Ernest's father had been a friend of Mr. Leigh's in the good old days when "George the Third was king." The son was invited to Fenimore in the hope of something warmer than friendship springing up between him and Letty. That he was poor for his position Mr. Leigh knew; he knew, too, that if he had not been poor, his project would not have been feasible. He was a gentlemen of ancient family and good connections, and if the money of his daughter might win him for a husband, he would be well content; for, as we have said before, he was no miser; it was a gentleman, and not a rich man, he wanted for Letty.

So the old man plotted and talked; the young one smiled and crawled; and Letty, sitting at the end of the table in her chair as lady of the feast felt utterly weary.

The dinner was ended, and Dr. Lennard had not come, and Letty sat wondering why he had stayed away, till, meeting Mrs. Atherton's eye, and learning it was time to go, she rose in a tremble of nervousness, and with many blushes and some little awkwardness, managed to get out of the room.

Charles Temple held open the door for Letty, and she thought, as she made her little bow, that she had never seen a sweeter mouth or more sorrowful eyes in her life. She did not know (how should she?) that the curves of the delicate scarlet lips were carefully studied, and that the deep blue eyes were well drilled into their expression of eloquent melancholy.

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"He knows that I love him, and he as much as told me I need not," she thought, as she leaned against the cold wall of the garden, and busied herself in plucking the leaves off the rose bush that grew close to it. Not a very pleasant thought for a proud girl; and Letty was proud, and, worse still, loving; so it was not much wonder that the big, bright tears should roll down her cheeks, or that the roses, as well as the leaves, should be ruthlessly scattered by her cruel fingers.

The sea-breeze came in chill, and Ernest Devereux, smoking his cigar in the porch, thought that this heiress must be little better than a simpleton to stand out there in her low-necked dress; but then he knew nothing of the inward fret and fever that was making the keen air welcome to her.

Presently, when the cigar was smoked, he strolled toward her, not forgetting to make a timely rustling among the branches, to give warning of his approach. It was well he did so—well at least for Letty; for just at that moment the pain at her heart was the sorest, and the large tears were standing in her deep gray eyes. She turned at the noise, and, seeing who the intruder was, she smiled. A miserably forced smile she felt it was, but Ernest Devereux did not think so. It was no more forced than some smiles that greeted him daily.

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Letty, going back with Ernest Devereux into the lighted drawing-room, felt the smile fading from her stiff face as she looked round and saw that Dr. Lennard was not there. All the evening she was quiet, and Ernest Devereux said to himself that this country girl was wayward as a spoiled town beauty. Perhaps there was a charm for him in these wayward humors; certainly he had not been so attentive to any lady for some years—not since he was "young and silly," as his friend would have expressed.

Charles Temple, for all his sweet smiles and eloquent glances, began to feel out of humor; she game was so evidently marked down by his friend. This dark-faced girl, with her shy eyes, and low, ringing voice, was not to his taste, it is true; but her fortune would have been very much so indeed; and that very night, when the two friends sat up together, smoking their cigars by the open window, he expressed his surprise at the open way Ernest Devereux was commencing an attack.

"You talk and talk," he said, with more animation than was usual to him, "but for all, it seems to me you are not only struck with the fortune, but with the girl herself."

"What if I am?" asked Ernest Devereux, languidly, daintily brushing the ashes of his cigar from off his coat-sleeve with his white jewelled fingers.

"Nothing, of course," was the answer; "only it would appear rather strange if Ernest Devereux should have to come down to this fishing village in search of a *bona fide* attachment."

"Strange, would it?" said Devereux. "Well, what is strange is sometimes true in this world; but as you do not happen to fancy the girl yourself, you need not get rusty over my doing so."

"Fancy her!" said Charles Temple. "No, thank you: I have not come quite so low as to fancy a half-tawdry rustic."

A flush rose to Ernest Devereux's low, square brow.

"You have not risen so high, you mean," he retorted, with an insolent half smile.

Charles Temple raised his eyes sharply, and, for an instant, the two men measured each other through the gauzy clouds of the cigar smoke. Mentally and physically Ernest Devereux was the stronger, as the eyes of the younger man fell before his.

"You have strange ideas of rising," he said; "but you are a strange fellow altogether, and I can't half make you out."

"Thank you," returned Ernest Devereux, sarcastically, as he rose, and flung his cigar out of the window, regardless of the sleeping flowers in the garden below. "Thank you, Charley, my dear boy. If you cannot make me out, I must be deep indeed."

CHAPTER IV.

"MAY DIE LOVING EACH OTHER AND NEVER TELLING OUR LOVE."

The two weeks the young men had been invited to stay by Mr. Leigh passed into three, and then into four; and during that time Dr. Lennard had called only once at the cottage. Mr. Leigh was annoyed. He had counted on Dr. Lennard's amusing his guests, and here he had never come near them. Fenmore was, without a doubt, a dull stop. Mr. Leigh felt it so himself, in contrast to his taste of town life. How much worse then, would it seem in the eyes of his friends—if men, as young and dashing as were Charles Temple and Ernest Devereux could be truly called his friends. Under any circumstances, Dr. Lennard could be, if he chose, a most entertaining companion; in a quiet little place like Fenmore he was invaluable.

"What can have vexed the doctor?" Mr. Leigh would sometimes say to Mrs. Atherton; "he is certainly annoyed about something, or he would look in sometimes."

And poor Letty would inwardly echo the question.

Letty was in a deep and dangerous game, one that she had much better have left unplayed; but she was in love, a little piqued, and very much dazzled by the novelty of her position. In plain English, Miss Letty was flirting. Charles had long since flung jealously to the winds and commenced his attack openly as his friend had.

The nights were balmy, the sea was as still as though it could never toss and tumble, and form itself into a great, yawning, insatiable grave. There was a harvest moon, too, and that of itself had much to answer for; altogether, the opportunity was too much for Letty, and, as we have said before, she was flirting—so different that neither of the runners could have given a guess as to which would win.

Ernest Devereux was very much in love for one of his class, perhaps as much as he had ever been before, certainly more than he was likely to be again. The pleasant morning walk and after dinner *tete a tete* were all he could desire; but he was not in a position to waste time in such trifling, sweet though it might be, and he must win or draw out altogether soon, if his Christmas day was to be safely spent in England.

Charles Temple, less needy, more sentimental, less in earnest, perhaps, saw the days slipping by contentedly and gave thanks for the good the present brought; but Devereux could not afford to wait. So one evening when Letty wrapped in her long blue cloak, stood with him watching the tide come in, he made the final venture.

Charles Temple and Mr. Leigh had walked away from them and they were already out of sight, in the dusky light, and they two were alone on the sandy shore—alone in the world, it seemed, with the level marshes stretching out far behind, and the great sea trembling before them.

"I shall be leaving here soon," he said; "before I go there is something I should like to tell you—if I might, that is."

Letty looked up gravely, just enough curiosity in her face and no more.

"Certainly you may tell it to me," she said, "if it is anything necessary for me to hear."

"I don't know that it is necessary that you should hear it," he replied; "but I should like you to listen, if you will, if you care to."

The self-possessed man was getting a little embarrassed, his firm voice had grown tremulous, and no school boy could have uttered the next words more hurriedly, more falteringly than he did.

"Miss Leigh, I have grown to love you."

It was the first time she had ever heard it; the words had a sweet tingle in her ears, though they had not the power to reach her heart, and for a little while she stood silent, her faced dropped, watching the water that was dashing against her feet and wetting the trailing folds of her dress.

Ernest Devereux, one hand resting on a bowider near, the other playing restlessly with the charms that dangled from his watch chain, stood silent also, and watched her.

The sweet, tingling sound of the words just spoken was fading away before the dream of words she had hoped to hear one day spoken by another, and, with a vivid blush, she raised her head and met the eager look bent upon her.

"You surprise me," she said, speaking fast in her confusion. "I never thought of such a thing. You—you—I am very sorry," and then speech failed her altogether, and she looked down on the seething waters with a crimson face and tremulous lips that would not perform their office.

Ernest Devereux roused himself, and his face, that had softened into real emotion, grew hard. It was only another disappointment, and there was Boulogne, if the worst came.

"Nay, it is I who am sorry, Miss Leigh," said he—"sorry that I should be so rash and presumptuous. Pray forgive me and forget it."

He gave her his hand as he spoke, to lead her out of the reach of the waves, and, looking at him, she wondered if she had just seen those cold blue eyes alight that passionless face with earnestness. Had she seen it, or was it only a fancy? Perhaps it was only a fancy, for lately she had grown to fancy such things that were impossible; and a sigh rose and was crushed back again in the second's time that she was retreating from the incoming water.

The following morning Ernest Devereux went back to London. Charles Temple did not return with him.

"I shall run over to Ponsonby's, now that I'm so near," said he; "but I shall meet you at Leyburns' in November."

"Possibly," said Ernest Devereux, though he knew very well that it was not possible that he should be met at this side of the Channel for some indefinite space of time.

The same day Dr. Lennard called, a mere formal visit, and he had not been near for three weeks and more. Letty and Mrs. Atherton were in the drawing room, playing with some fancy work. As the doctor entered Templeton laid the book down, ran toying idly with the leaves as they fluttered itself, and she laughed out merrily at his sallies. Dr. Lennard, walking slowly up he

The Professor and the White Violet.

The Professor:

Tell me, little violet white,
If you will be so polite,
Tell me how it came that you
Lost your pretty purple hue?
Were you blanched with sudden fears?
Were you bleached with fairies' tears?
Or was Dame nature out of blue,
Violet, when she came to you?

The Violet

Tell me, silly mortal, first,
Ere I sadly your thirst
For the truth concerning me—
Why are you so like a tree?
Tell me why you move around,
Trying different kinds of ground,
With your funny legs and boots,
In the place of proper roots?

Tell me, mortal, why your head,
Where green branches ought to spread,
Is a shiny smooth affair,
Without a fringe of fresh grass?
Tell me—why he's gone away!
Wonder why he wouldn't stay!
Can he be well, I dee are!
Sensitive about his hair?

—Oliver Herford, in St. Nicholas for May.

A Fish Story.

Young Dobson, with a mind to fish,
Is quite too fond of playing hookey;
So off he slyly go and skale
The fence, and down beside the brook he
Will sit, and sit, and sit, and sit,
His patience not at all a-bit-ed,
Though not a nibble he gets to show
For all the wasted time he's waited.

Once perched upon the bank he sat,
In hopes to catch enough for one dish.
His fate he shoks upon the same
And saw his ineffishent sun-fish,
And when his son came home at night
He took a rod from off the cupboard:
"We'll have a fish-bawl now," said he,
And whaled the youngster till he blubbered.

Old Saws in Rhyme.

Actions speak louder than words ever do;
You can't eat your cake and hold on to it too.

When the oat is away, then the little mice play
Where there is a will there is always a way.

There's no use crying o'er milk that is spilt;
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The Old Cow-bell.

Bossy, it's spring—you'll soon be free,
Sir mouths of gladness are yours, I hope;
All winter you've been a care to me,
And now I'm cutting your well-worn rope.
But round your neck a circle I twine.
You cannot hide—you are always mine,
At home or down on the dim side-line
I'll hear the cow-bell,

The boys will search when the evening falls,
Barefooted they'll trail through briar and weed
They know the time when the night-hawk calls
And the place where the straying cattle feed.
The children will hunt at the close of day,
And listen, listen, amid their play;
Oh, Bossy, Bossy, what gives you away—
The cow-bell!

The mother stands with her wooden pail,
And shades her anxious eyes;
Lo, out of the swamp with a muddy tail
See the family cow arise!
Sister—and maiden and robin bird
Wink at each other a knowing word,
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Ernest Devereux roused himself, and his face, that had softened into real emotion, grew hard. It was only another disappointment, and there was Boulogne, if the worst came.

"Nay, it is I who am sorry, Miss Leigh," said he—"sorry that I should be so rash and presumptuous. Pray forgive me and forgot it."

He gave her his hand as he spoke, to lead her out of the reach of the waves, and, looking at him, she wondered if she had just seen those cold blue eyes alight that passionless face with earnestness. Had she seen it, or was it only a fancy? Perhaps it was only a fancy, for lately she had grown to fancy such things that were impossible; and a sigh rose and was crushed back again in the second's time that she was retreating from the incoming water.

The following morning Ernest Devereux went back to London. Charles Temple did not return with him.

"I shall run over to Ponsonby's, now that I'm so near," said he; "but I shall meet you at Layburns' in November."

"Possibly," said Ernest Devereux, though he knew very well that it was not possible that he should be met at this side of the Channel for some indefinite space of time.

The same day Dr. Lennard called, a more formal visit, and he had not been near for three weeks and more. Letty and Mrs. Atherton were in the drawing room, playing with some fancy work. As the doctor entered Templeton laid the book down, as toying idly with the leaves as they fluttered to and fro in the breeze, his shapely hands as white as a woman's, his eyes half closed, his scarlet lips curved wearily.

The doctor looked at him and frowned. Undeniably handsome, a perfect gentleman, he yet inwardly stigmatized him as a puppy, and felt vexed, perhaps, that so good a looking puppy should be so much at home in that room.

Poor Letty, sitting pale and silent in the corner of the lounge, felt miserably conscious of the visitor's ill humor. He seldom spoke to her, or glanced toward her, and addressed himself chiefly to Mrs. Atherton. That lady answered his brief inquiries volubly and pressed him to stay to luncheon, but he declined. He had "a great number of visits to make that morning," he said, "and he could not postpone any of them, as he was shortly leaving Fenmore." Mrs. Atherton looked surprised; and he explained that he was going to the south of England for some time, and might perhaps eventually settle there.

"But your patients, Dr. Lennard—whatever will they do without you?" cried Mrs. Atherton, her blue eyes opening wide at the news.

"Very well, I hope," he replied, smiling. "Doctor Green will take charge of my practice for a couple of months. At the end of that time I shall come back here and either continue it, or dispose of it altogether—I cannot, as yet, decide which."

He glanced at Letty as he spoke. Indeed, the words seemed meant for her more than Mrs. Atherton, and the evident pain stamped on her face somewhat startled him. She kept her eyes bent on her work, but the lips were growing purple with the weight of tears which dare not flow, and her needle made uneven stitches in the delicate cambric she was flowering.

"I should think Fenmore must be very bleak and wild in the winter time," said Charles Temple, looking out on the quiet lane and the sunny sea.

"It is not for any reason of that kind that I think of leaving it," said Dr. Lennard, curtly.

"Mr. Leigh will be so sorry," said Mrs. Atherton. "Do stay a little while and see him. Letty, my dear, where did your papa say he was going this morning?"

The tears very nearly gushed out on this unlooked for necessity of speaking, but she managed to keep them back and answer calmly that she thought her father had said he was going to call on Captain Wrigley.

"Yes, to be sure he did," said Mrs. Atherton. "Well, that is not very far off, doctor. He will be here shortly. Do stay!"

"Very likely I shall call at the captain's as I pass," said he, "and if so I may see Mr. Leigh, but cannot stay longer now."

He took up his hat, and bowing stiffly to Charles Temple took leave of the ladies and went out.

"A curious man," said Mrs. Atherton, with her soft laugh; "a very curious man—and he appears to be out of sorts this morning."

"He seems to be none too courteous," said the young man, smiling.

"Doctor Lennard is always a gentleman," said Letty, her face flushing hotly. "He could not be otherwise."

"You must take care what you say, Mr. Temple," said Mrs. Atherton, laughing again. "Letty is a pet of the doctor's, and you may see he is one of her favorites. When she was ill some time ago, he actually parted with his old servant, and sent her up to mind Letty. Not very complimentary to me but I took it in good part. So you must be careful in what you say against Doctor Lennard."

"I have nothing to say against him," he said, with a covert glance at Letty's hot face. "I only thought him a little brusque that was all."

Letty said no more, and Mrs. Atherton, taking up her work, asked him to go on with his reading. He at once complied, but the piece seemed to have lost its flavor, and his musical voice had a weary tone in it. Letty, too, appeared out of humor, and marred the monotony of their morning.

Presently other visitors were announced, and Charles Tempie closed the book altogether, and went out into the garden. The young ladies of Fenmore were not much to his taste; they were too fastidious to a fault, he thought, and very much dazzled by his position. In plain English, Miss Letty was flirting. Charles had long since flung jealously to the winds and commenced his attack openly as his friend had.

The nights were balmy, the sea was as still as though it could never toss and tumble, and form itself into a green, yawning, insatiable grave There was a harvest moon, too, and that of itself had much to answer for; altogether, the opportunity was too much for Letty, and, as we have said before, she was flirting—so cleverly that neither of the runners could have given a guess as to which would win.

Ernest Devereux was very much in love for one of his class, perhaps as much as he had ever been before, certainly more than he was likely to be again. The pleasant morning walk and after dinner chat *a tete* were all he could desire; but he was not in a position to waste time in such trifling, sweet though it might be, and he must win or draw out altogether soon, if his Christmas day was to be safely spent in England.

Charles Temple, less needy, more sentimental, less in earnest, perhaps, saw the days slipping by contentedly and gave thanks for the good the present brought; but Devereux could not afford to wait. So one evening when Letty wrapped in her long blue cloak, stood with him watching side come in, he made the final venture.

Charles Temple and Mr. Leigh had walked away from them and they were already out of sight, in the dusky light, and they two were alone on the sandy shore—alone in the world, it seemed, with the level marshes stretching out far behind, and the great sea trembling before them.

"I shall be leaving here soon," he said; "before I go there is something I should like to tell you—if I might, that is."

Letty looked up gravely, just enough curiosity in her face and no more.

"Certainly you may tell it to me," she said, "if it is anything necessary for me to hear."

"I don't know that it is necessary that you should hear it," he replied; "but I should like you to listen, if you will, if you care to."

The self-possessed man was getting a little embarrassed, his firm voice had grown tremulous, and no school boy could have uttered the next words more hurriedly, more falteringly than he did.

"Miss Leigh, I have grown to love you."

It was the first time she had ever heard it; the words had a sweet tingle in her ears, though they had not the power to reach her heart, and for a little while she stood silent, her faced dropped, watching the water that was dashing against her feet and wetting the trailing folds of her dress.

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"IS THIS YOUR SON, MY LORD?"

An Interesting Letter From Helen Gardener, the Author, Her Habits of Life, Variety of Communications she Receives.

Emily S. Bouton, in the *Toledo Blade*, publishes the following entertaining facts about the woman who in her recent novel "Is This Your Son, My Lord?" has created such a genuine sensation by her fearless unmasking of conventional immorality and hypocrisy:

The personality of an author who has won a wide reputation by long-continued and excellent work, or by some sudden and brilliant stroke of genius, always becomes of interest to the great world of readers. They want to know just how this wonderful woman—if it be a woman—carries herself; what is the color of her hair, her eyes; who were her father and mother, her grand-parents, and where is her home—in short, every minutest bit of information is greedily gathered in order to bring up a complete picture before her readers of the person who has so won their admiration.

This is true of the writer, Helen H. Gardener, of that much talked-of book, "Is This Your Son, My Lord?" and all sorts of paragraphs have been going the rounds of the papers regarding her, of which the following is a specimen:

Mrs. Helen Gardener, author of the novel "Is This Your Son, My Lord?" is about 30 years old, and is described as a really beautiful woman, a little above medium height, of well-rounded proportions, with an intellectual face, deep brown eyes, full red lips, and high, broad forehead. She is a daughter of Julia Ward Howe, and possesses radical views.

This appeared in *Current Literature*, and it being naturally supposed that that excellent magazine must be correct, it has been widely copied.

Helen H. Gardener is not, however, a daughter of Julia Ward Howe, nor is she even of New England origin. Her ancestors have always lived in Maryland or Virginia, and she, herself, first saw light in the latter State, near Winchester. She traces her family directly from the daughter of Lord Baltimore, Miss Calvert, who married a Mr. Chenoweth, he being the first sheriff of Baltimore County, Maryland. Her own father was Rev. A. G. Chenoweth; her mother a grand-niece of Sir Robert Peel, so that it is evident that she has back of her the culture of generations.

The personal description given in the paragraph quoted is, I think, very nearly correct. Her face is full of intelligence, and the earnestness that is visible in all she writes looks forth from her dark eyes.

It is easy to see that intense inward conviction points her pen, and it is this quality that makes her novel, with its background of realism, so vitally pregnant with meaning. This book has taken an almost unprecedented hold upon the thinking public, and I learn, has sold to the extent of 25,000 copies in five months. A knowledge of this fact will explain the *raison d'etre* of the following communication from the author, who, I can well believe, is almost submerged by the tide of communications setting towards her:

I have been asked a great many times to write things about myself for the papers. I have always declined. In the first place I dislike the look of anything like personal advertising, and in the second place I did not feel that my personality was of great interest to the public; but I do wish I could—without seeming to advertise myself, my personality—say one or two things.

A great many people write to me or send me little tokens that touch me deeply, and yet I cannot reply to half of them. Each one, doubtless, expects a full reply and feels hurt that none comes. It is not want of appreciation, but want of time and strength that prevents me from sending a kindly recognition and sincere thanks for the attention.

To-day brought me a large mail. It contained strange, beautiful and pathetic things. I appreciate them all, but I cannot reply to all. I can but explain and let me beg my unknown friends to accept my earnest thanks for their interest and warm expressions, whether these expressions take a written or an objective form.

A sample of my mail is the one received today. It was composed of innumerable advertisements, of course, a number of letters from friends, a number from literary and scientific men and women who are known to me by name only; two sermons recently preached upon my last book, with the "compliments" of the authors; several books with a request to "read and give your opinion"; two MSS. of aspiring authors with the same request—one a novel, the other a "new system of geometry"; the latter MS. to be read with sufficient care to enable me to recommend it to a publisher! A pile of newspapers, with notices more or less personal and interesting, marked for me to read; a box of gold ore from a miner in New Mexico; a live horned toad from a miner in old Mexico; with a letter saying it was his desire to send me something no one else in this climate would own, and a very queer and amusing little fellow I titled (that is the toad's name) for you; a silver filagree bracelet, a most beautiful thing, of spanish workmanship, from Central America; another box of ore and lava from Oregon; and last, most pathetic and touching, an intensely religious "Easter card" of the usual sort, with this written message on the *outside* of the envelope:

"God will bless your footsteps, wherever you go, my light-footed angel.

Yours truly,
"MARY MAGDALENE."

This came from Cleveland, O., and if I knew how to reach the woman who sent it, I should certainly send her some personal message; but since I do not, I hope I may reach her eye, and make her under-tand how deeply that little message of hers and her signature too had me. The letters I get from women are worth volumes hard for. They repay me for all I may do, for they are chiefly from those who need help, and who feel it a privilege to write to me. The letters I get from men are chiefly from scientific, thoughtful men; men who are engaged upon the prob ems of life in one field or another. They are, as a rule, from calm, earnest, studious men, many of them well known in their fields of thought But the women who write are chiefly mothers who cry out with wild, passionate protest, or with tearful inquiry. I wish that I might reply to all; but if I did so, I should do nothing else—my time and strength would all be consumed. It is for this reason that I should like to say through the press that each and all of the letters and evidences of interest and confidence are not only appreciated by me, but they are helpful and stimulating as well, and I hope my seeming neglect will pain no one, and will be understood, not as an unkindness, but simply as what it is—necessity.

Helen Gardener has a future before her, we devoutly hope and believe, in which she may, with strong, fearless grasp, handle the evils that eat into the heart of the people and bring, unless checked, their glory low in the dust. Everything that she has written shows the keen perceptions of a pure woman who has the courage to do battle for what she believes to be right. She has the literary gift of so choosing her words that they strike home, and hence cannot fail of their ultimate purpose.

EMILY S BOUTON.

According to Ability.

Buffalo *Express*: Instead of agitating for short hours under the present system, workingmen would do better to demand a new system by which each man is paid for the work he does regardless of whether it takes him a long or a short time. The good workman who can do twice as much in eight hours as the poor workman would not then feel that he was being unjustly treated by receiving no more pay for it.

In France the Government still levies a tax on doors and windows. To the peasant in his small hut this tax amounts to a little more than three francs a year, but in the towns it rises to 17 francs annually for each family.

Herbert Spencer is now a man of 70, though he looks ten years younger. He is of medium stature, and his head is bald, except for a thin fringe of hair. He has an aquiline nose, a ruddy skin and an intellectual face.

"August Flower"

How does he feel?—He feels blue, a deep, dark, unfading, dyed-in-the-wool, eternal blue, and he makes everybody feel the same way—**August Flower the Remedy.**

How does he feel?—He feels a headache, generally dull and constant, but sometimes excruciating—**August Flower the Remedy.**

How does he feel?—He feels a violent hiccoughing or jumping of the stomach after a meal, raising bitter-tasting matter or what he has eaten or drunk—**August Flower the Remedy.**

How does he feel?—He feels the gradual decay of vital power; he feels miserable, melancholy, hopeless, and longs for death and peace—**August Flower the Remedy.**

How does he feel?—He feels so full after eating a meal that he can hardly walk—**August Flower the Remedy.**

G. G. GREEN, Sole Manufacturer,
Woodbury, New Jersey, U. S. A.

ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

The first session of the seventh Parliament of Ontario was formally prorogued yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sir Alex. Campbell gave his assent to the Bills passed during the session.

His Honor then delivered the following speech from the Throne:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

In relieving you from the duties of the session, I desire to express my appreciation of the zeal and attention with which you have considered the various matters submitted to you as a Legislative Assembly. I am glad to perceive that the development of the mineral resources of the Province has been receiving your consideration. The provisions which you have made for regulating the sale of mining lands, subject to such an interest in them being retained as will add to the revenues of the Province without injury to the miner or the capitalist, meet with my hearty approval. I look forward with confidence to the time when the great regions lying to the north and west of the Province, hitherto comparatively unproductive, will yield rich revenues to the Province and abundant employment to labor and capital.

The consolidation of the laws with respect to education will facilitate the working of our school system. The amendments to the Public and High School Acts, and the provisions made for restraining truancy and securing the more regular attendance of pupils at the Public schools, cannot fail to extend more widely than ever before the advantages which our schools afford for a liberal English and commercial education.

I am pleased to observe the measure adopted for removing the great difficulties incident to the administration of the laws respecting drainage.

The improvements which you have made in the law with respect to loan companies to the liabilities of directors, and to the duties, powers and liabilities of trustees, will prove, I have no doubt, to be greatly in the public interest.

The Public Lands Act, the Medical Act, the Act respecting the Public Health, and your amendments to the Municipal and Assessment Acts, will, I am sure, promote the objects for which they were framed.

The private bill legislation has been unusually large, and deals with a great variety of subjects, and will no doubt greatly benefit the interests affected.

I thank you for the liberal appropriations which you have made for the public service. The supplies which you have granted shall be expended with care and in the public interest.

With the usual formality the Provincial Secretary announced "That it is His Honor's will that this assembly be prorogued, and the Legislative Assembly is accordingly prorogued."

His Honor withdrew and the assemblage dispersed.

BUTTERFLY GIRLS.

Young Women Who Spoil Their Chances of Marrying.

People often wonder why some girls with bright young faces, laughing eyes and a congenial flow of spirits, which makes them general favorites everywhere they go, have plenty of beaus yet no marriage proposals. The girls who remind us of bright butterflies are the ones who remain single the longest. Men like to woo girls who blushes and dimples do not like artfulness. Men want the solid qualities. For instance, few men will entertain a tender regard for young women who try to enliven their visits by telling them of everything detrimental that happens concerning other lady friends. The little mistakes and tryings situations of others should be sacred, and never talked over by disinterested parties. Women who speak lightly of absent companions to their callers lose the charm of sincerity that men desire above all other qualities, and merit the opinion that those visitors are certain to carry away with them.—*Olive P. Fairchild in Young Ladies' Fashion Bazar.*

Why Go Fishing?

The false coloring which a morbid condition of the physical man throws upon men and motives hinders much the prompt and efficient discharge of professional duties. A Methodist Bishop who is well-known all over the United States is an enthusiastic fisherman. He says he would have been a hunter too but for being near-sighted. He prints his fish over conscientious friends ask him how he can afford to spend so much time on the river bank he replies "As a means of grace, sir."

Nothing can be compared to field sports in the way or recreation. Of course the same amount of more physical exertion can be easily had by artificial means, but this is only half, perhaps less. No mind that is trained to close and intense application can suddenly leave off and do nothing. While one swings the dumb bell or takes a constitutional, the tough question, but a sermon, a brief, or a battle with pneumonia, rises in the brain and will not down. The only show is to give the mind something else upon which to work This is most successfully done in the effort to circumvent a wily trout or make the most of a day's shooting. The intensity with which a genuine sportsman will focus his trained facilities on such problems is refreshing to a degree, and sometimes supremely funny.

These are some of the things I say to my friends who seem surprised to see a preacher and a missionary put on a duck hog coat and a slouch hat and "take to the woods." And to myself I say that if ever there was a position in the world which demanded a little communing with nature from time to time it is the one I am trying to fill Even if I thought is interfered a little with my present success in my work, which I no not, I should still not deny myself that which I know to be essential to my properly living the long and laborious life that I believe I am entitled to look forward to.—*Forest and Stream.*

The Queen's Scotch Collie.

Queen Victoria's most caressed quadruped of the canine species is a Scotch collie. When Prince Albert died he left behind him very few assets, but among his belongings was a Scotch collie. That dog passed many years ago to the happy hunting grounds and was decently buried on the estate of Balmoral. The Queen has ever since been the owner of a series of Scotch collies. The present favorite she obtained in the Highlands, as she did all the others, and it is known by the truly Highland name of Jock. Jock is usually kept at Balmoral, but has been permitted on several occasions to accompany his royal mistress on the road that canny Scotchmen are fond of taking Only once was he known to merit censure, so far as the public know, and that was when he was tempted to desert the royal cortege in a London street by the music of the bagpipe in the hands of a wandering minstrel A reward offered for him called attention to the incident. When recovered Jock was in a disreputable condition and had apparently been in very bad company. Unlike his royal mother, the Prince of Wales does not care for dogs. When a good deal younger he was not above seeing a dog fight, in strict incognito, but he never took kindly to a dog as a companion, and Sandringham is not by any means a resort of the canine species. The Prince's son in-law, the Duke of Fife, is, on the other hand, an enthusiast on dogs, and possesses some of the finest specimens in Great Britain.

What Dundas Missed.

"Knoxonian" in *Canada Presbyterian*: It is a grim commentary on popular election that Dr Marcus Dodds had some difficulty in finding a place to grow in. Dr. Candlish came very near being planted in Dundas. What the great Free Church leader would have ripened into had he come to Dundas is a nice question. Probably he would have spent his days in that beautiful village. Perhaps he would have become principal of Knox College. No doubt he would have ripened into something decidedly useful and influential, but at this time of day there is not much use in guessing at what something.

A Great Success

Buffalo *News*: Husband—How did you get along with your shopping to-day?

Wife—Splendidly! I called at 15 places and didn't buy a thing.

Never Saw Mickey Jones.

New York *World*: President Beach, of the Hudson County Methodist Alliance, says publicly that he never saw a professional baseball player who was a gentleman.

He Could Stand It.

Harper's Bazar: Ethel—Is Jack wealthy?

Maud—He must be. We have been engaged two months, and he seems still to have plenty of money.

—The Wrathful Mamma—He is a shameful flirt. The Tempting Girl—Oh, mamma, he just to him. Any one would flirt with me.

THE TOBACCO DUTY.

A Summary of the Arguments for a Reduction of the Excise.

A deputation of tobacco manufacturers from points in the eastern and western Provinces, with a number of wholesale merchants, waited upon the Ministers of Excise, Finance and Customs at Ottawa on subject of excise on tobacco, and also statistics relating thereto. The arguments of the deputation were, briefly: The excise duty in Canada now being 20c per lb., and that of the United States only 6c. per lb., it ceases to be the source of revenue to Canada that it should be. In the Inland Revenue blue book, of June 30th, 1874, when excise in Canada was only 15c per lb and that of the United States 24c, there was a steady increase for four years previous in the manufacture of tobacco, amounting to 418,000 lbs. per annum. If that increase is multiplied by sixteen (the years which have since intervened) it would give $6 688 000 lbs. This added to what was the product at that time, namely, 7,154,183 lbs., would make a total of 13,842,182 lbs., whereas at the present time the average for the last four years in the manufacture of tobacco is only 9,080,269 lbs. One will readily see, even if Canada had only five millions of population, that would not be 2 lbs. per head. According to the blue book of the United States the consumption of tobacco in that country, not including cigars and cigarettes, is actually five pounds per head. In other words, the Government of the United States collects more revenue per head at 8 cents per pound than Canada collects at 20 cents a pound. Another argument used by the deputation to show that high excise did not mean large revenue was this: During the years 1883 and 1884 the excise was lowered to 12 cents per lb. in Canada. The output immediately jumped up to 10,000,000 lbs. in the year ending 1884, and 11,000,000 in the year ending 1885 But when, in the beginning of 1886, the excise was increased to 20 cents per lb., the products fell back to 8 500,000 lbs. These are startling figures, as it cannot be gainsaid that Canadians use the pipe as freely as their neighbors across the border, and the difference of 14 cents per pound in the price is such a strong inducement that there must be some five or six million pounds annually smuggled into this country. Canada's consumption is three pounds per head as compared with the United States' five pounds per head. Then (taking a basis of five million population for Canada) there should be 15,000,000 lbs. of tobacco imported or manufactured annually in Canada as against a little over nine million now.

The deputation did not ask for a reduction of the customs duty on manufactured tobacco, but wanted the excise duty reduced from 20 cents to 10 cents per pound. The duty in the United States is now 6 cents per pound.

These for the Girls.

The summer girl's parasol in pure white is as charming as of yore.

New fans are of crepe, embroidered with chrysanthemums and huge pansies.

It is hinted from across the water that there is to be a return to white hosiery.

Egyptian red underwear is shown in the shops, but is very little bought.

Glass enameling has succeeded china painting as a fashionable industry.

In Amsterdam now it is the fashion to announce a broken engagement of marriage.

An excellent lotion for the face and neck when sunburned is a mixture of two parts Jamaica rum to one of lemon juice.

Gowns are being treated with plaster applique work, something of which dwells are accomplished. It doesn't sound well, but it is very effective and much cheaper than embroidery.

Neatness and Dispatch.

Rochester *Herald*: A correspondent the New York *Herald* calls attention to a case of swift justice in Canada, where a man who murdered his wife on March 23rd was sentenced to be hanged on May 21st, just two months between the two points. The *Herald* makes a comparison with convictions for murder in this state, showing that instead of two months elapsing between crime and punishment, from two to three years is the more proper time to wait. There ought to be an improvement in the administration of criminal justice.

Next Best.

Boston *Sunday Herald*: Next to going to church to day the best thing the dwellers in the city can do is to take a journey into the country. They are clad in all the glory of springtime, and there are sermons in the blossoming trees, the verdant meadows and the sweet breath with which they load the atmosphere. There is time enough to take in both the sermons in the pulpit and the sermons in the fields.

A TORONTO SCHOONER.

All winter she lay in the frozen slip,
Held tight by an iron cord,
But to her a warm smile warmed her lip,
And her old crew went aboard.
The m

ANOTHER "LITTLE WAR."

British Troops to Oppose the Boers in South Africa.

SOME FIGHTING EXPECTED.

A London cable says: Replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day in regard to the reported Boer "trek" being prepared for the invasion of Mashonaland, Manicaland, and other South African territory for the purpose of establishing the so-called "Republic of the North," Hon. Edward Stanhope, Secretary of State for War, intimated that troops were being sent to British Bechuanaland in order to oppose the proposed Boer "trek." Recent advices state that 20,000 well-armed Boers propose to cross the Limpopo on June 1st and proclaim the Republic of the North. The leaders of the trek include men of position from both the Free State and Cape Colony, and all steps taken are said to have met with the approval of the famous Afrikander Bond recently in session at Kimberley. The Boer movement is a South African movement in the direction of northward expansion, and is bound to conflict with the claims of the British chartered company, to say nothing of the claims of the Portuguese South African Company. One of the objects of the raid is said to be the replacement of the chartered company by a popular movement free from the Imperial Government's control. There is a strong feeling against the company and against Imperial control in South Africa. The leaders of the trek, however, say little or nothing about the chartered company, claiming to base their proceedings upon concessions granted long before the chartered company existed. The new republic will be founded on constitutional laws of the South African Republic, and is expected to attract men of high character and ability from all parts of South Africa. Another "little war" in South Africa seems to be threatened. It will require many more British troops than are now available to cope with the 20,000 Boers, who are dead shots and capable of suffering the most severe hardships without complaint.

BLAINE TO SALISBURY.

A Basis of Settlement Laid Down by the American Government.

A Washington despatch says: The following note in addition to the correspondence that has already passed in relation to the Behring Sea controversy is made public:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, April 14th, 1891.

SIR,—The modifications which Lord Salisbury suggests in the question for arbitration do not wholly meet the views of the President, but the President changes the text of the third and fifth in such manner, it is hoped, as will result in an agreement between the two Governments. While Lord Salisbury suggests a different mode of procedure from that embodied in the sixth question, the President does not understand him actually to object to the question, and he therefore assumes that it is agreed to. The six questions as now proposed by the President are as follows:

1. What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea now known as the Behring Sea, and what exclusive rights in the seal fisheries therein, did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the cession of Alaska to the United States?

2. How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

3. Was the body of water now known as the Behring Sea included in the phrase "Pacific Ocean," as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia; and what rights, if any, in the Behring Sea were held and exclusively exercised by Russia after said treaty?

4. Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction, and as to the seal fisheries in Behring Sea east of the water boundary described in the treaty between the United States and Russia of March 30th, 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty?

5. Has the United States any right, and if so what right, of protection or property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring Sea, when such seals are found outside the ordinary three-mile limit?

6. If the determination of the foregoing questions shall leave the subject in such a position that the concurrence of Great Britain is necessary in prescribing regulations for killing of the fur seal in any part of the waters in Behring Sea, then it shall be further determined:

First—How far, if at all, outside the ordinary territorial limits is it necessary that the United States should exercise any exclusive jurisdiction in order to protect the seal for the time living upon the islands of the United States and feeding therefrom.

Second—Whether a closed season (during which the killing of seals in the waters of Behring Sea outside the ordinary territorial limits shall be prohibited) is necessary to save the sealfishing industry so valuable and important to mankind, from deterioration or destruction; and if so,

Third—What months or parts of months should be included in such season, and over what waters it should extend.

DELEGATED TO KILL GOULD.

A Crank Who Said He Was One of Christ's Followers.

A New York despatch says: A dangerous lunatic named Charles J. Dixon, who comes from Pueblo, Col., was arrested here last night at the residence of Dr. Munn, Jay Gould's physician. Dixon told the doctor that he belonged to an organization known as "Christ's Followers." This organization was strong throughout the country, and he had been delegated at a secret meeting to come to New York and kill Jay Gould. He said he was known as vice-president No. 71 of the order, and told a sensational story as to how the organization was formed. Dixon was locked up as insane.

Dixon said that if Mr. Gould would give himself $660,000 in cash and $200,000 for some charitable institution he felt as though he could save Mr. Gould's life by arranging matters with his people. If Mr. Gould refused to accept both propositions and he (Dixon) failed to kill him the organization would certainly kill Dixon.

In a room where Dixon had been stopping detectives found a trunk full of clothing, a revolver and a slungshot, but the lunatic was unarmed when arrested. He had $860 in his pocket. Dixon said, among other things, that he killed four men who tried to rob his office at Pueblo. He declared he had been a land agent and formerly owned a newspaper called the *Jacksonian* in Colorado. To morrow he will be examined as to his sanity.

MANGLED BY CARS.

The Letter That Told of the Errand on Which He Was Going.

An Albany, N. Y., despatch says: The mangled body of a young man was found on Saturday on the Central Railroad tracks a few miles west of Schenectady. The following letter, found in one of his pockets, indicates a romance in connection with his life:

HERMANN, MO., March 24, 1891.

Mr. Samuel Bright:

DEAR FRIEND,—I got your letter in which you ask the hand of my daughter. All right if you are the respectable young man I take you for I shall be glad to have you for a son-in-law. I don't care if you are poor. I have enough for us all. All I want is a good fellow to manage my money and other affairs, as I am getting too old for that. I know A. Jager and Eli Rogers and will come to your city soon and find out if you are all right, and if you are all right will let you come and marry my daughter soon.—Your friend,

A. WENDELL.

Nothing was found on the body to indicate where the victim had lived. He was well dressed and in the same pocket with the letter was a New Testament. It is thought that he fell from a west bound freight train on which he was trying to make his way to the object of his affections.

PLUNGED INTO THE FLAMES.

Unaccountable Freak of an Excited Man at a Forest Fire.

An Atlantic City, N J, despatch says: Thomas Smith, in the employ of Capt. R. D. French, of Fort Republic, while fighting the forest fire in that vicinity, became so excited as to lose control of himself, the flames seemingly exerting an influence over his actions. He threw away his shovel and dashed into the fire. His companion thought he had been burned to death, but the next morning he found him lying beside a brook into which he had plunged to extinguish the fire in his clothes. His head and hands were severely burned and his hair singed from his head. Smith was weak from exposure, and after being been resuscitated could assign no reason for his mad freak.

Angel Cake.

New York *Sun*: "What is the matter?" asked Mrs. Mundy, poking her head out of her flat window and addressing the policeman.

"Matter enough," said he. "A piece of your angel cake fell on a man's head and we're waiting for the ambulance."

The spirit of organization has struck the bellringers of the English churches, the first annual meeting of the "Central Council of Church Bellringers" having been held, with seventy delegates attending, representing twelve thousand members. A prominent topic to be discussed was the modification of harsh sounding bells, the ringers evidently appreciating the fact that the sentiment in England against church-spire clangor is growing.

—Dr. Wm. R. Lee, who was the driver of an express waggon in Springfield, Ohio, four years ago, has lately been appointed royal physician to the King of Siam.

SENTENCED FOR LIFE.

McGuire's Punishment for Pushing Miss Tucker Under the Cars.

A LIFETIME IN THE PENITENTIARY.

A Cobourg despatch says: At the Assizes to-day Andrew McGuire was tried for a crime that in gravity is second only to murder itself. The indictment upon which the prisoner was arraigned charged that "on December 1st, 1890, at Cobourg, by wilfully and maliciously assaulting, beating, pushing, shoving, forcing, casting and throwing Miss Margaret Tucker against an express train and locomotive, and upon the track of the Grand Trunk Railway, before and in front of the then moving cars and locomotive, he attempted to kill and murder Miss Tucker, a young lady with whom he professed to be in love, and to whom he had offered marriage." The affection, however, was not mutual, and she did not encourage his attentions. Miss Tucker was the chief witness for the Crown. She testified that on the evening of December 1st she went up to the Grand Trunk station to see off a lady friend who was going west. After the express came in about 7.30 Miss Tucker and a young man named Gilbert Turner were walking down the platform at the station when the prisoner rushed across the platform and pushed Miss Tucker against the train, which happened to be backing up at the time in order to couple on a Pullman car. She fell between the platform and the track near the engine. Fortunately Thos. Hardy, the engine driver, saw Miss Tucker falling under the wheels and stopped the train. Her shoulder was close to the driving wheel, and if it had touched her she would have been thrown under the fire box. Miss Tucker said as she was passing the ladies' waiting room she saw McGuire standing near the entrance; after she had gone a few feet she saw him rushing towards her. He seized her left shoulder with both hands and shoved her off the platform. Her companion, Turner, who was walking on the outside, was thrown against the train by the force of the shove, and she fell past him upon the track. Miss Tucker deposed that the prisoner had threatened to kill her several times. In February of last year he met her on the street near her home in a secluded part of the town and told her that he would have revenge for the four years he had spent at Kingston, and that he would swing for her yet. In September last as she was passing him in the street he swore and threatened to kill her. She took his threats as serious and was afraid of him.

Dr. Reynar, of Victoria University, was at the station when the occurrence took place. He saw the prisoner rush upon the young woman and throw her towards the wheels of the train. She was so close to the wheels that he expected to see her cut to pieces. The other witnesses examined by the Crown were Gilbert Turner, Abe Moyse, Ella Smith, John Macdonald and Thos. Hardy, who described the occurrence as they saw it. The defence set up was that the prisoner had rushed against Miss Tucker by the purest accident in an effort to catch a man who was boarding the train. Evidence was offered to show that the prisoner made no attempt to escape and did not know that he had shoved Miss Tucker under the train until he was arrested late the same night. The prisoner's counsel made a strong effort to convince the jury that Miss Tucker was too much bewildered and excited at the time to remember accurately what took place.

Judge Rose told the jury that the question they had to determine was whether McGuire's act was the result of simple accident or not malicious intent. If they believed Miss Tucker's evidence the prisoner had a spirit of revenge and opportunity to carry it out showing intent and not accident. After a short deliberation the jury found the prisoner guilty. He was then formally identified as the same person who at the Fall Assizes in 1885 was convicted before Judge O'Connor, at Cobourg, for having shot John Tucker, father of Miss Tucker, with intent to murder him. Old man Tucker had forbidden him his house. It was also proved that at the same Assizes he was convicted of having committed a grievous assault upon John Higgins, deputy jailer, while in custody awaiting trial. Upon these convictions McGuire was sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the Penitentiary at Kingston. Judge Rose deferred passing sentence to day, but it is generally expected that McGuire will be sent to prison for a long term. He is a young man about 30 years of age and belongs to a respectable family in town. He seems to be possessed by the demon of jealousy.

WON'T ACCEPT THE BIBLE.

A Baptist Minister Gives His Hearers a Dose of Heresy and Then Resigns.

A Rochester, Pa, despatch says: Rev. A. G Bonsall, pastor of the First Baptist Church here, preached a sermon Sunday that almost took away the breath of his hearers. Then he presented his resignation, and it will probably be accepted on Wednesday. In the course of his sermon he said: "It is questionable whether Christ gave us a book and told us to swallow it all. We are told that Moses took the account at hand. There is nothing positive as to their authorship, and I do not believe that all of the Bible is inspired of God.

"Why are we to believe Paul was inspired when he says he was not? As to eternal punishment, I believe man will always be within the mercy of God. I do not believe Christ when in the manger and while he walked the earth was so consecrated that he was God. I believe, however, God was in Christ."

Mr. Bonsall is very popular as a pastor. The acceptance of the resignation depends upon whether or not the failure to accept it will be construed as an indorsement of his views.

YANKEES MAKE A CAPTURE.

The Chilian Transport Seized, But She had Fulfilled Her Mission.

A Los Angeles, Cal., despatch says: The schooner Robert and Minnie was captured yesterday afternoon about three miles from San Pedro by Deputy Marshal Anderson on board the tug Falcon. She made no resistance and was towed into San Pedro harbor and tied to the wharf. The arms said to have been on board her had disappeared, and it is believed they have been transferred to the steamer Itata.

Fifty steamers at Valparaiso, laden with coal, which were detained by order of President Balmaceda, have now been released under pressure of foreign powers, and are about to trade at the ports held by the Congressional party. These vessels will load with nitrates, the duty on which will bring the insurgents a large sum.

Although Goday has failed to raise for President Balmaceda a loan in Europe the agent of the Congressional party has been promised assistance here.

New York's Pockets Buttoned Up.

A New York despatch says: The present week is expected to be a critical one for the various striking trades unions. At the meeting yesterday afternoon of the housesmiths a vote was taken on the question, "Shall we continue the strike?" Out of 1,000 votes there were but eight noes. The framers are still holding out doggedly, though the bosses are getting the better of them. They received yesterday twenty applications for work. It is estimated that on account of the strike in the building trade at least $10,000,000 that would otherwise have been invested will remain uninvested.

Cold Luncheon.

Woman (to tramp)—Want something to eat, eh? My fire is out and I have no kindling to light it. Can't cook, or even warm things without a fire, you know.

Tramp—No, mum.

"There is wood and a hatchet out in the shed."

"Yes, mum, I see it. Have you any pie?"

"I have mince and pumpkin."

"Pumpkin will do, mum. That's good old."

Don't Like the Cat.

Chicago *Inter-Ocean*: The public whipping post may be cruel and against civilization, but the statistics of Delaware show that it is pretty effectual. Only one out of each hundred publicly whipped ever appears for a second dose, while 37 per cent. of those sent to jail for similar crimes appear again before two years.

A Story With a Moral.

New York *Herald*: "Oh, Tommy," said the little girl in awesome tones, "I know something awful about our Sunday School superintendent."

"Tell me," said Tommy.

"Don't you never tell—but I saw him—I saw him laughin' to-day.

THE BONDING PRIVILEGE.

The U. S. Attorney-General's Opinion Handed to Secretary Foster.

A Washington despatch says: The Attorney-General has furnished the Secretary of the Treasury with an opinion that it is entirely within the power of the Secretary of the Treasury to withdraw the privilege of sealing cars by consuls on Dominion soil containing merchandise from Asia or Europe and destined for importation into the United States without a violation of the Treaty of Washington. Assistant Secretary Spalding, who has charge of customs matters, was asked to-night whether it is the intention of the Treasury Department to make public the opinion of the Attorney-General. His answer was that it is not, for the reason that the Treasury is now engaged in framing regulations in accordance with that opinion; but that those regulations will not be issued until after the return of President Harrison. This is the first direct statement made by a Government official since the opinion of the Attorney-General was rendered. Unless, therefore, the President upon his return shall look at the matter from a different point of view from Secretary Foster, the consular sealing privilege will be withdrawn during the month, as at first indicated by Mr. Foster. It is understood also that some of the Western roads have determined to bring to the attention of the Interstate Commerce Commission the alliance between the Canadian Pacific and the New York Central. These Western roads maintain that this alliance cannot be operated without a violation of the Interstate Commerce Law.

THE ILL-FATED HELGA.

One by One Her Unfortunate Crew Dropped Into the Boiling Sea.

A Halifax despatch says: Particulars come by mail steamer to-night of the most disastrous marine casualty, as far as loss of life is concerned, that has happened on the coast of Newfoundland for a long time. It occurred last week. The Swedish barque Helga, Capt. Stuesstak, of Turnisburg, Sweden, bound to Quebec with cargo of ballast, struck on Renews Island during a dense fog and tremendous sea. The unfortunate men clung to the rocks in most perilous positions, notwithstanding the raging billows. Several boats manned by brave volunteers put off to attempt rescue, and one after another gave up the fight and dropped into the sea, until out of the twelve who composed the crew but one was left. This man, Alexander Jallasson, after much buffeting with the waves, was finally washed within reach of the people on shore and kindly cared for. The man cannot speak a word of English. The rough yet kind hearted people of Renews worked with unabated energy to recover from a remorseless sea the remains of ill-fated mariners of the wrecked barque, and so far have succeeded in recovering nine. These included the captain. They were all interred on the beach opposite where the calamity took place. Another body was seen, but it went beyond the reach of the searchers before they could grasp it. The vessel is a total wreck, and but little of the wreckage was washed ashore.

TURNED WHITE BY FEAR.

Frightened by a Face at the Pane a Woman's Hair Turns Gray.

A Portsmouth, N. H., despatch says: The hair of Mrs. Murby, the wife of a shoemaker, turned white last night by fright. Nine years ago, when she was 17 years old, her step-father committed an assault upon her, and she was ordered by the courts to stay out of New Hampshire at least twelve years. Last night as she sat at her window the brutal step-father, from whom she had not heard in the interim, pressed his face against the pane.

Mrs. Murby was so terrified that she could not utter a word or move a finger. The man scowled and pressed a card against the glass, on which was written the following in his own handwriting: "I have located you and have returned for revenge." Then the figure vanished. The woman fell on the floor in a faint, and it was half an hour before she recovered sufficiently to relate what had happened. Her hair had then become white. It was later learned that a man answering the description had boarded the evening train for Boston.

SAFE-CRACKERS CAUGHT.

The Brussels Post Office Burglars captured at Listowel.

A Brussels despatch says: The burglars who are supposed to have gone through the post-office safe here on Sunday night were hanging around Listowel. They visited Mr. Scott's bank and several other places. Their appearance and the recent telegrams warning the different constables in this section to be on the lookout no doubt led to their arrest by the chief constable at Listowel. A revolver and some powder were found in their possession. They were tried and found guilty of carrying a revolver, and fined $25. As soon as they were arrested Brussels chief was wired, and he found McDonald, whom they had used so badly on Sunday night, drove to Listowel. McDonald picked one out as the man instantly; the other one he was not quite so sure about. One of the men is Wm. Hendrick, of Detroit, and the other is Louis Smith, alias "the kid." The examination is postponed till 9 30 to-morrow.

KILLED BY AN ORANGE PIT.

It Was Swallowed by the Boy and Grew a Sprout an Inch Long.

A new York despatch says: Frederick Leek, a boy of 14, lies dead at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Leek, at Jackson avenue, Long Island City. The boy died from acute peritonitis, resulting from inflammation caused by his swallowing an orange pit. Young Leek swallowed the pit while eating an orange at the residence of his aunt a week ago. He ate the orange in the morning and towards evening complained of severe pains in his left side. He continued in great agony until Thursday, when an operation was performed and the pit was found on the right side of the groin at the point where the large and small intestines meet. It had a sprout fully an inch long. The boy grew better after the operation, and it was thought that he would recover, when peritonitis set in, resulting in his death.

A BATTLE WITH STRIKERS.

Two Brickmakers Killed While Interfering With Non-union Workers.

A Denver, Col., despatch says: A terrible fight took place here to-day between a party of striking brickmakers and a gang of colored men engaged by F. N. Davis, proprietor of the brickyard, to take their places. Davis, his son, and seven negroes, all heavily armed, were going to work, when they were intercepted by strikers and ordered back. Davis warned the strikers to get out of the way. The latter refused, and Davis and his men opened fire. Two strikers were mortally wounded, and sixteen others were more or less hurt. The Davis party were all arrested. Davis says the strikers had guns, but they deny it.

A Governor's Naturalisation.

A Lincoln, Neb., despatch says: Just before adjournment of the Supreme Court yesterday a decision was handed down in the Thayer-Boyd quo warranto case. A judgment of ouster was rendered against Governor Boyd in favor of ex-Governor Thayer. The decision was written by Judge Norval, Judge Cobb concurring, but Judge Maxwell dissented. Counsel for Governor Boyd announced that they would at once apply for a supersedeas for the purpose of taking the case on a writ of error to the United States Supreme Court. They claim that the question of naturalization is a Federal one and they are confident of success in the court of last resort.

No Kind of a Fellow.

Boston *Herald*: Julia—I declare, I think there's no spirit in Harry. He offered to kiss me last night, but didn't.

Ethel—Why not?

Julia—Just because I told him to stop.

One of the Unfortunates.

Puck: Brotherton—Marriage is a failure.

Benedict (in surprise)—Why, I didn't know you had ever been married!

Brotherton—I haven't—I failed.

She Would be a Living Witness.

Brooklyn *Life*: She (threatening breach of promise suit)—Do you intend to deny, sir, that you proposed to me?

He—No. I intend to plead insanity.

The census recently taken has demonstrated the gratifying facts that there are 146 parishes in Scotland where there are no paupers and, consequently, no poor-rates, and that in these parishes there are no blind asylums.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The motion of Mr. Hazen for an address in reply to the speech was then put and carried.

The address was introduced and ordered to be presented to the Governor-General by such members as are Privy Councillors.

SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

Mr. Charlton introduced a bill to secure the better observance of the Lord's Day commonly called Sunday.

Mr. Charlton, after introducing a bill to further amend the Dominion Elections Act, chapter 8, revised statutes, said that if the candidate or agent at any time during an election promised that the Government would make, or would be solicited to make, any grant of money or construct any public work for the benefit of the constituency, such promise being calculated to influence the election in the interest of the candidate, it would be considered a corrupt practice within the meaning of the Act. The provisions of the Act would also apply to any promises of a grant of money made by any Cabinet Minister, or official in the employ of the Government, where an election was pending, and which was calculated to influence the result in the interest of any candidate; and also the surveys of any railways or other preliminaries which would give the impression that a public work was to be proceeded with and which would influence the result of such election.

Sir John Macdonald suggested the addition of a clause providing some penalty for any candidate who said that if his party succeeded in getting into power such party would assist railways.

Mr. Landerkin—I would like to ask if the Bill will refer to the High Commissioner?

Sir Richard Cartwright—I think we will have to have a special Act for the High Commissioner pure and simple.

Mr. Edgar, in introducing a Bill to amend the Electoral Franchise Act, said that whether the House decided to retain the Dominion franchise law or whether it was abolished, as he hoped it would be, he intended to test the feeling of the House upon the principle of "one man one vote.

Mr. Wood (Brockville), in moving the first reading of a bill to amend the Dominion Elections Act, explained that there was ambiguity in the law as to whether or not a deputy returning officer should number the ballots before putting them into the box. The bill proposed to make it clear that that officer should number the counterfoil, but not the ballot.

Mr. Mulock introduced a bill to amend the Militia Act, which, he explained, removes a disqualification which prevents officers in the Canadian militia being appointed the officer commanding Her Majesty's forces in Canada.

Mr. Cameron, (Huron), moved the first reading of a bill to repeal the Franchise Act. He said that the Franchise Act was vicious in principle and bad in detail, and could not be remedied by amendment, so he proposed to abolish it, lock, stock and barrel.

The bill was given a first reading.

Mr. Cameron (Huron) introduced a Bill to amend the Act respecting the election of members of the House of Commons. He proposed to revert to the old system which prevailed before the Government assumed the power to appoint the returning officers. Where there was one riding in a county the sheriff should act; where there were two ridings he should be the returning officer for one, and where more the Government should appoint the additional officer. The Bill made additional provisions as to corrupt practices, and fixed the penalty at two years' imprisonment or a fine of $500.

Mr. Tupper moved the first reading of a Bill respecting fishing vessels of the United States.

Sir John Macdonald moved that when the House rises on Wednesday it stand adjourned till Monday.

Mr. Taylor moved the first reading of a Bill to prohibit the importation and immigration of foreigners and aliens under contracts or agreement to perform labor in Canada.

Sir John Thompson, in response to Mr. Watson, said the Government had agreed to pay the costs in testing the constitutionality among others of the Manitoba Act, 53 Victoria, chap. 38, an Act respecting Public Schools.

Mr. Larivière, in moving for copies of all correspondence, petitions, memorials and any other documents submitted to the Privy Council in connection with the abolition of the official use of the French language in the Province of Manitoba by the Legislature of the Province of Manitoba was somewhat similar to that of Quebec in regard to the use of the English and French languages.

Mr. Larivière moved for copies of all correspondence, petitions, memorials, briefs and factums, and of any other documents submitted to the Privy Council in connection with the abolition of Separate Schools in the Province of Manitoba by the Legislature of that Province. They had, before the Province of Manitoba was created, a system of Separate Schools in that colony, and when the Manitoba Act was passed it was intended that this system, which existed in the older Provinces, should be continued in Manitoba. He might say in regard to the question of education, as well as that of a dual language, that Manitoba had ignored the letter of the constitution in the passing of an Act during the session before last. Proceedings had been taken in court in order to test the action of the Legislature.

Mr. Gray, in the absence of Mr. Tarte, moved for copies of documents in connection with the construction of the Kingston graving dock. Carried.

Mr. Devlin moved for copies of all petitions presented to His Excellency with reference to the School Acts of Manitoba, and all memorials, reports, Orders-in-Council, and correspondence in connection with the same. The Catholic county of Ottawa had for many years been represented by Protestants, both in the Commons and the Legislative Assembly. He was the first Catholic who had represented Ottawa county in this Parliament, his distinguished predecessor, Mr. Alonzo Wright, having held the seat for 29 years. That gave the House an idea how liberal the Catholics were on the other side of the Ottawa River. When a candidate came forward they did not ask what were his religious views. They simply ascertained his political character, and then rendered their verdict. If this spirit of generosity were not recognized in Ontario, and then this agitation would disappear and Canada would have prosperity and happiness. It was time the storm signal was hoisted. It was time that Canadians should be warned of the danger ahead. Much of the agitation now existing was due to the course pursued by the member for North Simcoe (Mr. McCarthy), and whether or not that gentleman had the approval of his leader he (Mr. Devlin) knew not, but it was known that when he occupied a prominent position in the Conservative party, and when he was the Ontario leader, he declared as early as 1887 in a speech in Barrie that the French of Quebec were getting more French than when they were conquered on the Plains of Abraham, and that as members of the body politic they were a great danger to Confederation. That was pretty strong language. The fruits of such utterances were to-day being reaped. The first shot upon the French was fired in the Jesuit storm, and the second shot in the Local campaign in Ontario. Now the firing was going on all around. Separate schools and the French language, it was declared, must go. The great danger to Confederation was in the policy pursued by Mr. McCarthy, who received the approbation of many members of the House who dare not declare openly for his policy. This crusade would have a most unfortunate effect, because it would show that the rights of minorities were not to be respected.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) moved for the correspondence as to the Atlantic mail service.

Mr. Foster did not have any fault to find with the request for information. The original proposition was to secure a Pacific service line to Australia and an Atlantic service. To-day the Pacific service was the highest order. Although the Government spent a great deal of time to accomplish the Atlantic service, it had so far been unsuccessful for various reasons. Before the close of the present session they hoped to be in a position to give more definite and more favorable information. They realised the great desirability of having a first-class service, and hoped soon to be able to meet the wishes of the House.

Sir Hector Langevin moved that the time for reception of petitions for private bills be extended from the 8th to the 22nd of May.—Carried.

Mr. Tupper, replying to Mr. Flint, said it is the intention of the Government to have the fishery bounty cheques issued hereafter before March 5th in each year.

Sir John Macdonald, in answer to Mr. Choquette, said that the question of allowing the entry into Canada free of duty of animals from the United States for the purpose of being slaughtered is under consideration of the Government.

Mr. Haggart, replying to Mr. Jones, said that the Government is considering the question of a two-cent postage rate, and in answer to Mr. Denison he said that the proposal to approach the Imperial authorities with a view to establishing a uniform Imperial two-cent rate was also being considered with the general question of the reduction of postage.

Mr. Haggart, in reply to Mr. Mills (Bothwell), said that the census of 1881 was announced by the end of July of that year, and, similarly, the census of 1891 would probably be announced by the end of July of this year.

Sir Hector Langevin, answering Mr. McMullen, stated that the entire cost of the safe with the foundations put in the Finance Department was $44,468. The tender was $39,750.

Mr. McMullen moved for a return showing the cost of the construction, the location, the date of erection, the capacity of the elevators on the Intercolonial Railway, together with the quantity of grain that had passed through them each year since their erection.—Carried.

Mr. Landerkin moved for a return giving the date of the declaration in every riding during the election, if adjournments were made from the time fixed at the nominations, why, and the name of the returning officer where such occurred, the name, occupation and address of the returning officer, the date of the return by the returning officer to the clerk of the Crown-in-Chancery, the date of the receipt of each, together with the name of the electoral district, the member elected thereto, and the date of the publication of his return in the *Canada Gazette*. He said that it had become notorious that irregularities had crept into the methods of holding elections, and that delays had occurred for which sufficient reasons were not given. He desired to ascertain the reason for the delay in gazetting his return in South Grey. It was desirable, if there were any advantage to be gained, that all should have it; while if there were any disadvantages, it should be remedied as far as possible.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) said the subject was entitled to the consideration of the House. In a large number of instances considerable delay had occurred between the date of the election and the date of the declaration. There were penalties provided by law for the returning officers who abused the powers given them, but in many cases they could not be enforced, as the men appointed had nothing. In 1887 the Clerk of the Crown-in-Chancery was at fault, but now it was the returning officers. This was a gross abuse, and one which should not be tolerated.

Sir John Macdonald said every returning officer would be responsible for the proper performance of his duty. The publication of his own return was delayed by the returning-officer, who was a personal and political friend of his own, and had it not been he perhaps would not have had the petition filed against him. He agreed that all means should be taken to see fair play on both sides.

Mr. Charlton said that his return was gazetted on April 4th, two weeks later than that of the member for South Norfolk. It might have been through inadvertence, but such delays were unjust.

Mr. Montague said the delay in this case took place on account of the illness of the returning-officer.

Mr. Mulock moved in amendment that the following be added to the motion: Also copies of all letters written by or on behalf of any member of the Government to any member-elect or to any other person or persons suggesting that any returning-officer be asked to delay making his return to the Clerk of the Crown-in-Chancery.

The motion as amended was carried.

The House adjourned at 4 15 p. m.

A HIGH PRIESTESS DEAD.

The Eminent Theosophist, Madame Blavatsky, Joins the Majority.

A London cable says: Madame Blavatsky, the well-known theosophist, is dead. Madame Helene P. Blavatsky was born in Russia about 1820. She married Gen. Nicole V. Blavatsky, Governor of the Crimea, during the Crimean war, but she spent nearly 40 years in India studying the mysteries of Buddhism, to which, as modified by her own theories, she was a convert. She published "Isis Unveiled" in 1877, and founded the Theosophical Society in the United States in 1878, returning to India the next year to spread its tenets. She deal much in occult lore, and claimed to have found the key of wonderful knowledge. She gained many adherents in India, although responsible persons have published an expose of alleged frauds by which she duped the credulous.

TO BUY UP CANADIAN COMPANIES.

Sir Charles Tupper Chosen President of a Waterworks and Gasworks Corporation.

A London cable says: Sir Charles Tupper has been appointed director of the Waterworks and Gasworks Securities' Corporation which has just been organized here with a capital of £2,000,000 sterling. The object of this new corporation is to buy up waterworks, gasworks and other concerns of the kind in Canada and the United States. There is every prospect of an early settlement of the question of the power of the trustees to invest in colonial inscribed stock. A simple bill approved by the colonial representatives in London is being drafted for the Imperial Parliament. Legislation may also be necessary in Canada and the other colonies.

Her Boston Pride Shocked.

Chicago *Tribune*: "I desire to insert this small advertisement in your paper to-morrow morning," she said.

"This," said the advertising clerk, looking it over, "will it go among the 'wants.'"

"Have you no 'wish' column?"

"No, mum, I'm afraid."

"Then sir," replied the lady from Boston, haughtily, "you need not insert it. I simply wish a situation as governess. That is all. It is not a case of want. Is there any newspaper printed in English in this place?"

The Rothschilds as Leaders.

The Rotchschilds never tell family secrets. One of their mottoes is, "Gold never repeats what it sees," and another, "A man will not tell what he has not heard"; but some idea can be had from the fact that since 1815 they have raised for Great Britain alone more than $1,000,000,000; for Austria, $250 000,000; for Prussia, $200,000,000; for France, $400,000,000; for Italy, nearly $300,000,000; for Russia, $125 000,000; for Brazil, from $60,000,000 to $70,000,000; and for smaller States, certainly between $200 000 000 and $300,000,000 more, perhaps $8,000,000 000.

Blood Oranges All Right.

Medical Director Wales has furnished Health Officer Townsend with a report on an examination of the "blood" oranges recently submitted, in which he says: "The oranges are naturally stained, no artificial coloring of any kind having been used. The small spot on the side is a fungus spot and not a puncture. It is impossible to stain an orange by injecting any artificial staining fluid into the fruit, either before or after plucking from the tree."—*Washington Star.*

Back to the Old Postage Rate.

A circular was received at the post office to day from the Postmaster-General, stating that the Department had decided to postpone putting into effect the regulation introduced April 18th, compelling the payment of one cent postage for every two ounces on papers mailed from the office of publication to subscribers in the United Kingdom until July 1st next. Newspapers will accordingly be mailed to subscribers on the old conditions until that date.

Wonderful Skill.

Continent: Old Doctor—No, sir; I never have a patient die on my hands; never!

Young Doctor—How do you manage it?

Old Doctor—When I find that a man is going to die, I get him to call in another doctor.

Too Much So.

Boston *Transcript*: "I have such an indulgent husband," said little Mrs. Doll.

"Yes; so George says," responded Mrs. Spiteful. "Sometimes indulges too much, doesn't he?"

The census in England, taken at the beginning of April, reveals the same state of affairs that the United States census of last year did. The rural population is flocking to the cities and towns, and while the cities return a large increase, the country as a rule returns a decrease.

FOOLED UNCLE SAM.

Chilian Vessels Get Supplies at San Francisco.

ONE CARRIES OFF A U. S. DEPUTY-MARSHAL

The Attempt to Capture the Robert and Minnie Fails—The Chilians Too Smart For the Americans.

A San Diego, Cal., despatch of yesterday says: Last night United States Marshal Gard seized the Chilian steamer Etata, now receiving supplies in the harbor, and placed Captain Mauzum under arrest. Telegrams have been passing between this city and the department at Washington which brought about the above results. Tug-boats have left to seize two vessels seen outside, one of which is supposed to be the schooner Robert and Minnie, and the other a warship belonging to the Chilian insurgents, which have been hovering around the entrance of the harbor to receive the supplies taken on board the Etata. The warship was first sighted about noon yesterday passing north. Ten hours later she repassed the harbor, going south, laying to just north of Coronado Islands. Customs Officer Berry sent a party out to investigate, who reported seeing a large vessel under steam which they could not approach nearer than two miles on account of her steaming away from them. Orders were received from Secretary Blaine to seize both vessels if found within the three-mile limit, and Marshal Gard and Collector Berry went out last night in different tugs for that purpose. At midnight the Etata received 40 head of cattle, 47 head of sheep and 3,000 pounds of dressed meat from the ferry-boat Coronado. The vessel has also received other stores, including 800 tons of coal. As soon as all the provisions and fuel were on board she expected to leave the harbor and cruise between here and Catalina to meet the schooner Robert and Minnie, from which she was to take the Remington rifles and ammunition, and then sail for Chili.

A to-day's despatch says: About 5.30 last evening the Chilian steamer Etata quietly steamed out into the ocean, carrying with her U. S. Deputy-Marshal Spencer. Marshal Gard was not aware that the captain had any intention of disregarding his authority, for he left for Point Loma just one hour ahead of the big steamer, and had proceeded some distance out to sea before he could have been aware that the Etata was following him. Marshal Gard's errand on his second trip was to take the schooner Robert and Minnie anywhere she might be found in the open seas, outside of Mexican jurisdiction. He left the wharf at 4 o'clock Besides Marshal Gard there were aboard A. C. Spaulding, of San Francisco, A. M. Conoughy, Capt. Crawford, and four soldiers from the barracks armed with rifles and ammunition, who had been detailed to go on the expedition at the request of Marshal Gard. It is known that the Marshal received instructions from Washington that he had authority to take the Robert and Minnie on the high seas under the neutrality and piracy laws. At 4 o'clock Wednesday morning Marshal Gard and party left for Coronado Island, where the Robert and Minnie were last seen on Tuesday. Just outside a sail appeared, which the tug made for. As soon as her master saw the Tiaguana he put about and ran south in order, it was supposed, to get into Mexican waters before he was overhauled. The meeting place of the schooner and tug was two and a half miles south of the international line—about fifteen miles southwest of Point Loma. The tug passed to windward of the Robert and Minnie, and those on board had a good chance to observe her closely. on her stern were the words Robert and Minnie, San Francisco. The schooner was so heavily laden that she made but slow progress. There were but four of her crew visible, and these watched the movements of the tug anxiously through a glass from their position on the poop. The schooner being in Mexican waters, Marshal Gard returned to port to telegraph for instructions. There has at no time been any real doubt in the minds of those best informed that the ammunition which the Robert and Minnie carried was intended for the Chilian transport, and that it would be transferred to the hold of the Etata for use of the insurgents as soon as the big steamer obtained what supplies she needed. It is definately known that communications have passed between Capt. Ferrall of the schooner and Capt. Mauzum of the Etata. The Chilians laid their plans well and they were carried out to the letter regardless of the interference of the U. S. authorities. Just after midnight this (Thursday) morning Marshal Gard and party returned from outside and reported that the Robert and Minnie had completely disappeared. The Deputy-Marshal who had been placed in a small boat at the entrance to the harbor to watch for developments, reported that when the Etata started out Pilot Dill was sandwiched between two armed Chilians, while four others guarded both bow and stern. He reports that at least eighty Chilians were drawn up in line on the decks, showing that while the vessel was in port she was plentifully supplied with men, arms and ammunition. While here she displayed only one small cannon and a crew of about sixty men. The deputy reports that when the vessel left the harbor she turned north and steamed toward San Clemente.

INTERNATIONAL Y. M. C. A.

Opening of the Convention at Kansas City Yesterday.

A Kansas City despatch says: The 29th International Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association opened here this morning. After prayer, reading of the Scriptures and singing, the committee on permanent organization was appointed. The committee reported the following officers for the permanent organization: President, Thomas H. McPheeters, of St. Louis; Vice-Presidents, Chas. A. Jewell, Connecticut; Thomas A. Wilkie, Ontario; David Coleman, Alabama; H. A. Avery, South Dakota; Thomas D. Foster, Iowa; John A. Schemerhorn, Colorado; Secretary, Herbert M. Clark, Michigan; Associate Secretaries, Ralph C. Goodwin, Massachusetts; Wm.

This week we are showing several lines of

NEW GOODS!

including Muslins in Plain Stripe and Checked

FLANNELETTES

For quality and price cannot be beaten

PRINTS AND SATEENS very cheap

LADIES' BLOUSES in several materials prices very reasonable.

EMBROIDERIES from 2c upwards.

Boys and Girls Straw Hats cheap.

See our DRESS GINGHAMS at 8c.

Mens Hard and Soft Felt Hats

AT A BARGAIN

WHITE SHIRTS UNLANNDERED SHIRTS

REGATTA SHIRTS TOP SHIRTS

NEGLEGIE SHIRES AND UNDERSHIRTS

IN LARGE QUANTITIES

Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Hosiery, Braces and Handkerchiefs

SOLD VERY CHEAP AT

HEMAN SHEPHERD'S

BROCKVILLE, May 12th, 1891.

D. W. DOWNEY

THE ONE PRICE BARGAIN SHOE HOUSE

BROCKVILLE, ONT.

Pulling down Prices Pushing out Goods

THE WALK OF LIFE

will be rough and unpleasant to a lady or gentleman who has had the misfortune to be badly fitted with Shoes. Therefore we invite you to visit our Shop where you will find a store full of the best makes, in American and Canadian Boots and Shoes, in all widths, on Opera, Medium Opera and Common Sense lasts, plain and tipped

Ladies I Kid Oxford Shoes	$ 90
" Dongola " " handturned	1 25
" " " Button Boots	200
" Lilly " " tipped	1 50
Men's B. C. Lace Boots, M.S.	1 25
" Boston Calf " whole fix	1 75
" Fine Dongola "	2 50
" Cordovan Oxford Shoes	1 25

Trunks and Valises we have for everybody, and prices lower than ever before.

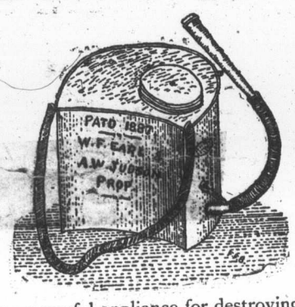
D. W. DOWNEY

FLINT'S NEW BLOCK, BROCKVILLE.

IT'S NO SECRET

THAT THOMPSON has one of the best equipped Grocery and Provision establishments in the County. Everything in our line as low as the lowest. A large stock to select from.

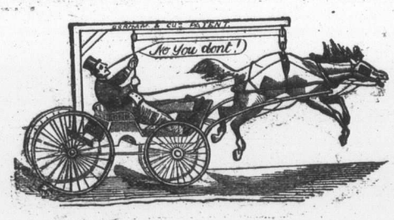
Paris Green Sprinkler



The most successful appliance for destroying potato bugs ever invented.

W. F. EARL,
Patentee and Manufacturer

Athens, Ont.



That Harness was made at

Acley Brown's Harness Shop, in Athens,

And it don't break, bust or run down at the heel. The stitches are all hand made "put thar" by Almeron and Exeyrie. No slop work in this shop, and don't you forget it.

McCOLL BROS. & CO.,

TORONTO

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in the following Specialties,

LARDINE, CYLINDER, RED ENGINE } OILS | WOOL, BOLT CUTTING, EUREKA } OILS

Try our Lardine Machine Oil and you will use no other.

For Sale by G. W BEACH, ATHENS.

THE REPORTER

ATHENS, ONT., MAY 19, 1891

LOCAL SUMMARY.

ATHENS AND NEIGHBORING LOCALITIES BRIEFLY WRITTEN UP.

Events as Seen by Our Knight of the Pencil.—Local Announcements Boiled Right Down.

AN UNCOMMON GIRL.

She knows no Latin, she knows no Greek,
But the purest Canadian she can speak;
She knows the uses of her and she
And the proper places of I and me.
She doesn't use big words to tell
A story, although she can use them well;
In short, she's a girl without pretense
With an ample supply of common sense
And I'd rather rather have her any day
Than the girl who can parley voo frongsay.

WANTED.—Boarders, apply Mrs. A. Berney, Athens. 15tf

Send 25c and get a trial of the Reporter for three months.

Mr. J. Judd of Morton, was visiting friends here last week,

Mrs. Bristow has received her summer stock of Hats and Flowers.

An exchange says that flour thrown on burning oil will extinguish it instantly.

The young fellow in his mad struggle with an incipient moustache raises a terrible fuzz.

Its the man that never advertises who discovers that he gets more dust on his goods than in his cash drawer.

The latest novelties in Flowers, Laces, and Millinery Goods, just arrived at Mrs. Bristow's.

The Reporter will be sent to new subscribers from date to Jan. 1st, '92 for 50 cents, in advance.

Mrs. Halliday and daughter of Elgin, visited friends here on Thursday,

Mr. Horner, B. O., was in town last week and held services in the Methodist church.

The Postmaster General says the government is considering the question of reducing letter postage to two cents.

The Smith's Falls News claims that the population of that town has more than doubled in the last 10 years.

Don't forget the meeting of Unionville fair directors on Friday next 22nd inst., at 10 a.m.

Be sure and see the stock of dress goods at G. W. Beach's before deciding on your dress.

It is forty three years ago last Wednesday since the first Lodge of Oddfellows was started in Smith's Falls.

The story is again revived that beans planted in the same hill with potatoes will keep away potato bugs.

The next total eclipse of the sun, visible in Canada. will occur October 1st. Paste this in your scrap book.

Wire Door Screens, Window Screens and Lawn Mowers for sale at G. W. Beach's.

Mr. Della Brown, graduate of the Toronto University, is home here spending his holidays.

Rev. Mr. Bousfield of Newboro, will preach in Christ church next Sunday evening.

Remember that the Reporter contains more home news than any other paper printed in the County of Leeds, only 50 cents, to Jan. 1st '92.

A full assortment of White and Black Straw Hats, Shapes, Laces, Flowers, Frille, &c., all new and fresh. at Mrs. Bristow's.

A lady fainted in the Methodist church during the service last Friday evening, due to the place being overheated.

Mr. H. F. Waring a young student preached a good sermon in the Baptist church last Sunday evening. He will preach again next Sunday.

The lawns and gardens of our citizens presents a gay appearance, that of Mr. W. G. Parish being specially attractive.

The Queen has placed £800,000 in the hands of agents to discharge the indebtedness of the Prince of Wales. That's the way the money goes.

Frency, the man arrested in New York for the murder of Carrie Brown in Jack the Ripper style, has been found guilty.

Subscribers will please tell their neighbors when they come in to borrow the Reporter that we will send it to them from now to Jan. 1st 1892 for the small sum of 50 cts. in advance.

The 24th coming on Sunday this year, the Governor General has proclaimed Monday 25th, to be a public holiday. It is likely all the business houses here will be closed.

The boys will play ball, etc., on Main street just long enough to put a ball through some large plate glass window and then a stop will be put to the practice.

At the recent Assizes at Cobourg, Dr. Alfred Farncombe was fined $300 and costs for negligent treatment in not properly reducing a dislocated shoulder.

McLean, the Easton's Corners man who eloped with another man's wife and got seven years for stealing, has been put to work in the carpenter department at Kingston penitentiary.

The Reporter will contain full and accurate accounts of the transaction at the Brockville Cheese Board, during the season prepared by a thoroughly competent person. Only 50 cts. to end of 1891.

Smith's Falls is going to appeal against the judgment whereby Mr. Vernon, the ex-chief of police, recovered $319 and let the town in for about $800 costs.

Here's another for the puzzle solvers: A clerk counted a basket of eggs. When counted in two, three, four or five at a time one always remained, but when counted in sevens none remained. How many eggs were in the basket?

A week ago Sunday evening, a boy preacher, a seventeen-year old member of the Sykes family, preached the sermon in the Renfrew Methodist church. There are three members of the same family preachers—all young men and all eloquent speakers.

The Kingston News complains of the number of useless dogs in that city, which keep up a continual howling all night, thus destroying the rest of many people who are light sleepers. Of course these kind of dogs do not disturb the slumbers of those whom the last trump would scarcely disturb, but any one can imagine the distress of the nervous and exhausted sufferers of illness and disease. The only remedy we can suggest is to put a heavy tax on all dogs and let the dog catchers look sharp after the tagless ones. This will thin out the useless curs at least.

The Rev. T. J. Stiles, of Frankville, was lately presented with a purse of $32 towards defraying the expenses of an operation performed on his eyes in Montreal.

In the notice of the Court of Revision, Rear Yonge and Escott last week the date should have been Tuesday, May 26th instead of the 25th. It is correct this week.

Dr. Robinson is giving the boys pointers in athletic sports. Personal experience at McGill college, Montreal, has given him valuable information on these healthful games and the boys here are getting the benefit of it.

A rather amusing story is told of a young boy who works in a factory, Wingham, When about to take a chew of tobacco the other day, he observed what he thought a string in the plug of tobacco, and on pulling on it to his surprise, he found he had a mouse by the tail. It is hardly to be expected that the boy will still be the user of the weed.

C. W. Robeson, son of Justus Robeson of Hard Island, left last week for Hammond, St. Law. Co., N.Y., where he will open a bakery. Charley is a hardy chip off the old Robeson block and is bound to suceed if economy and hard work can accomplish it. Elijah W. Middleton also intends shortly starting for the Western States to seek his fortune. Thus one by one our young men and mechanics are leaving us to take up their abode under the Stars and Stripes.

Byron W. Loverin of Greenbush, has about two acres of the finest strawberries that we ever saw. Should the season prove favorable, he will have a large crop to harvest. He proposes selling them in the villages in the vicinity instead of shipping them to Ottawa and Almonte as formerly. He intends offering them at prices that will command a ready sale. and by selling them himself direct to the consumer he will save express and commission charges, which he proposes to divide with his patrons.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff

A great many people think a newspaper should have about a page of local news whether anything happens or not. Deluded mortals! Local editors cannot make people break their necks, commit suicide, or do any of the other exciting things that go to make up the material out of which the local reporter delights to weave paragraphs. Furnishing domestic news when there is none is very much like extracting blood from a turnip. It is no more than fair than those who grumble at the lack of local news in their paper should stop and think whether they could not give the editor an item or two worth printing, and, if so, let them hold their peace or growl at their own remissness.

A correspondent of the Pembroke Standard writing from Copper Cliff says:—"I would strongly urge mechanics, miners and other workingmen to keep away from Sudbury district until a real revival of trade sets in. The place has been overdone in being boomed, and strangers at a distance imagine instead of being a place of from 1,500 to 2,000 inhabitants it is anything from 10,000 to 20,000 and that work is to be had at all times. If, therefore, you have a job and think of bettering yourself by coming to Sudbury, I say: Don't! The town is full of idle men anxious to get work, but cannot."

Hon. Mr. Ross has responded to the demand of public opinion that third-class certificates for teachers, instead of being valid only for the counties in which they are issued, shall be legal, without any redtape formularies in every part of the province. The idea originally was that it was best to restrict certificates to the counties in which they were issued, thereby enabling each county to control the supply of its own teaching material. Under certain circumstances the certificates were extended to other counties. The better system, however, is that embodied in the new education act. Teachers are educated at provincial institutions; they are given provincial certificates; their certificates should be good in any part of the province. That will be the law in future. It was a wise amendment.

The superintendent of experimental dairy work will visit cheese factories in Ontario to give instruction in the best method of testing milk and manufacturing cheese of any quality. This itinerant work has been undertaken as preliminary to the experimental investigations which will be carried on at several factories during the latter part of the manufacturing season. Each of the superintendents will be furnished with a Babcock milk tester and other new and useful apparatus for enabling cheesemakers to discover both the quality and the condition of the milk which they handle. All cheese makers from other factories in the several districts are invited to get one of the superintendents at the place which is most convenient to them. At these meetings a demonstration of milk testing will be given and information on the best methods for the care and preparation of milk for cheese factories will be furnished. He will be at Delta on June 2nd, and Newboro June 3rd.

Messrs. C. C. Richards & Co.

Gents,—Having used MINARD'S LINIMENT for several years in my stable, I attest to its being the best thing I know of for horse flesh. In the family, we have used it for every purpose that a liniment is adapted for, it being recommended to us by the late Dr. J. L. R. Webster. Personally I find it the best allayer of neuralgic pain I have ever used.

B. Titus,
Proprietor Yarmouth Livery Stable.

$500 FOR A NEEDLE.

Our Homes, a thirty-two page monthly magazine, devoted to house buildmg, home furnishing, house decoration, fashions, general literature, etc., is the best publication of its class in America. The publishers in order to increase the circulation of their magazine, offer large cash rewards to those of their subscribers, or intending subscribers, who correctly answers the following question: Where in the the New Testament are the words, "a needle," first found? Cash daily and weekly rewards, given while the competition lasts. The publishers will give away thousands of dollars among those correctly answering the question —the leading reward being $500 in gold. Send ten cents in stamps or silver for a sample copy of Our Homes and complete rules governing the competition. Address Our Homes Publishing Co., Brockville, Ont. 184t

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

When a man comes into our office and planks down spot cash and says: "Send me the paper for a year," that means business. When one says: "I want your paper, but haven't the money now," that's all right. When he takes it out of the office several years, and then sends it back refused, that's meanness. When a man spends from ten cents to a dollar for cigars, and says he can't afford to take his home newspaper, that's a misrepresentation. When a man borrows his neighbor's paper every week, that's pure, unadulterated gall.

Athletic sports form the chief amusement at night for our high school boys and others. The games indulged in are healthful and harmless. One of the sports, anxious to beat his opponents in a jumping match, shed his outer garments, and left them in a shop till wanted. Clad only in his guernseys he returned to the game, while the proprietor of the shop closed up and went home. Imagine the surprise and chagrin of the young sport when he went to claim his pants and coat. The shop was closed and the owner was nowhere in sight. Full two hours he wandered through the streets before the shop-keeper was found, who delivered up the wearing apparel to the rightful owner.

Our baseball boys are the champions. On Saturday last, in spite of the threatening aspect of the weather, they drove to Lyn to play a match with the club of that burg. Flying rumors were afloat early in the evening, as to the result, but not until the rig containing the champions drove up the streets singing "We beat them on the tanbark," to the tune of "He's a jolly good fellow" that the anxious crowd was sure that victory had perched upon the banner of the Athens baseball club. But it had. Although our boys are very quiet about the game down there, it has leaked out that they were not treated as well as they might have been by the boys of Lyn. However, it will make no difference, for when a return match is played and our boys have to entertain the Lyn club, the latter will be shown how well they will be used, and that our boys are perfect gentlemen even if they are baseball players. It is said that our club will go to defeat the Brockville boys on Monday, 25th. In the meantime they are anxious for more clubs to conquer

We have received a lengthy letter from the church property committee of the Ballycanoe R. C. Church extolling the superior merits of a couple of furnaces purchased and used by them during the past winter in the church and Presbytery. While anxious at all times to note the prosperity of any sect or individual we cannot consistantly insert a communication which is a direct advertisement for any person or firm without being paid for it. Our only source of profit in running the Reporter is in the advertising and did we allow communications like the one referred to, space without pay our regular advertisers would soon want to put their ad's in under the same heading. Our terms for the insertion of this class of advertising is only sufficient to pay for the setting up, and if it is not worth that much to the interested parties, we must decline to publish them.

The East and West Leeds Teachers' Association will be held at Athens in the high school next Thursday and Friday. The following subjects will be discussed: Drawing, F. H. Eaton; Geography, Miss Rowsom; Questions and Answers, R. Grant; Literature, E. R. Witheril; Reading, R. McDonald; Kindergarten Work, Mrs. Elliott; Composition, W. H. Foster; History, J. McCool; Fundamental Principles in Arithmetic, J. D. Dickson, B. A. On Thursday evening, a public entertainment will be given in the lecture room of the high school, at which addresses will be given by the inspectors and some of the teachers and music furnished by the choral union. Teachers, parents, and friends are invited to the day sessions of the association as well as to the entertainment, day sessions from 9 a.m to 4 p.m., evening entertainment at 8. Our young people are looking forward to the event with pleasure, for many teachers will be present, and a good time may be expected.

The Arnprior Chronicle one of the best exchanges we get, had a sensible editorial last week on correspondents. It says it is always glad to receive good local news or harmless jokes from correspondents, but it declines to publish such foolish nonsense as items about "best girls," "three in a buggy," "out for a walk," "on the front doorstep," etc., which only emanate from the minds of some person who knows no better. In this the Chronicle is right, and shows its own common sense in sitting right down on the practice. Such items only interest one or two persons and are often the cause of much bitter feeling as well as a direct insult to the parties interested. But the Chronicle might go still further, and speak of the low-bred remarks that are often heard on the street, as a couple pass. Right here in classic Athens with its famous schools, boys and youths congregate on the street corners, and insult people who pass, with some low, dirty, mean, insulting speech. Boys that ought to be more manly upright and honest are a disgrace to themselves, their parents and their town.

On Saturday last, we received a letter from a friend in Hutcheson, Kansas, from which we glean the following extracts: Mrs. Hester Brown, an old acquaintance and a relative to many of the people of Athens died in Uriah, California, recently, where she and her husband has lived for the last five years. Mrs. Brown was born near Charleston, Ont., in 1833. She was the daughter of Samuel and Hester Slack, who settled near the Charleston Lake in 1825. She was married in 1849 and left Canada in 1850, located in Lee County, Iowa. Leaving there in 1853 to go to California, she crossed the plains with ox teams and was six months on the way. She and her husband, in company with 13 others that crossed the plains were often attacked by Indians but made the trip safely in spite of many perilous adventure. She had no family, but leaves a husband, four brothers and one sister, Marven and Israel of Ontario, William of Iowa and Samuel of Kansas are her brothers and Mrs. Louisa Sheldon of Chantry is her sister. Many of her friends in this vicinity will read of her death with moistened eyes and sincere regret.

Minard's Liniment is used by physicians

A gay bachelor of Philadelphia has a curious decoration over his sitting-room mantel. A large frame is filled with photographs of girls and women, most of them pretty. At the bottom of each picture is pasted a newspaper clipping. "Why, Mr. Brown, what do you mean? asked a bright, bewitching little damsel one day recently. "They are pictures of the only girls I ever loved," he replied, "and those clippings are their marriage notices."

Music Lessons.

A few pupils who wish to get instruction in Music will be given lessons on the piano at very reasonable rates by applying to

Miss Bertha Loverin,

Athens, April 14th, 1891.

The People's Column

Advertisements under this heading will be inserted at 25 cents for 4 lines or under, or one cent per word when the number of words exceed 25, and ten cents for each subsequent insertion. The number of insertions required should always be plainly stated on the copy. This is a special offer we are making in order to create a special interest in this column. We would consider it a special favor if those who answer an advertisement would mention THE REPORTER as being the source of their information.

Slips for Registration

Of death's in Rear of Yonge and Escott can be filled in by either of the Athens undertakers, and those for births by Mr. R. D. Judson.

R. E. CORNELL,
Div. Registrar.

For Sale or to Rent

Rear part of the North East half of Lot No. 15, 9 Con., Township of Yonge, containing 50 acres, about 20 acres of good wood land, remainder in pasture, all good land. For terms apply to G. H. WEATHERHEAD, Brockville
194t

To Exchange

The subscriber has a good new Lumber Wagon that he would exchange on fair terms for a horse. Apply early.

WM. H. JACOBS,
Blacksmith
194f
Athens, May 12

Notice

All parties indebted to the Estate of the late R. B. Alguire either by Note, Book or Court account are requested to make payment to the undersigned.

ISAAC C. ALGUIRE,
Executor.
Athens. May 4th, 1891 183t

Athens Driving Park.

THE subscriber having leased the Athens Driving Park, and fitted the track up in good shape he is now ready to engage to handle horses and break colts. A good barn on the grounds, from my long experience in handling horses, I can guarantee the best results, from placing animals in my charge. Charges reasonable, can be found at the Armstrong House when not on the track.

HARVEY SHELDON.
174t

Fine New House for Sale or to Rent

The Subscriber having decided to remove from Athens, wishes to Sell or Rent that fine new house just outside the corporate limits of the village of Athens, on the Addison road. Size of House 22x28, two storeys and Kitchen in first-class condition 12x18, in storey, Mansard roof. One half acre of splendid land, a good quiet location for a moderately sized family. Terms made satisfactorily to desirable purchaser. Call on or apply by letter to the undersigned.

JAS R. FOLEY.
16 tf.

Important to Cheesemen.

We have now in stock a large supply of Milk Sheets for cheese factories. Size 16x21 inches with heading for name of factory, names of patrons, column for weight of milk, and total for week. Printed on extra heavy paper and furnished at reasonable prices. A sample sent to any address on application.

REPORTER OFFICE, Athens.
153t

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A TEN GALLON keg of McColl's Celebrated Lardine Oil, apply at Reporter office.

Court of Revision.

REAR YONGE AND ESCOTT.

The Court of Revision for the Township of Rear Yonge and Escott for the year 1891 will be held in the Township Hall in the Village of Athens on Tuesday, May 26th at 9 o'clock a.m., of which all parties having business at said Court are hereby notified to attend.

RICH. E. CORNELL,
Township Clerk.
Elbe Mills, May 12th, 1891. 192t.

Incorporated Village of Athens Court of Revision for 1891

Public notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the municipality of the Village of Athens, for the year 1891. will be held in the Town Hall in said village, on Wednesday May 27th at the hour of 2 p.m. All parties having business at said court are hereby notified to attend.

B. LOVERIN,
Village Clerk.
Dated at Athens this 12th day of May, 1891. 192t

Notice to Creditors

In pursuance of R.S.O., 1887, chap. 110, sec. 36. All creditors of Reid Burritt Alguire, late of the Village of Athens, in the County of Leeds and Province of Ontario, Division Court Clerk, deceased, who died on or about the twelfth day of March A.D., 1891, are required to file their claims and proofs thereof with the undersigned solicitor or executor before the tenth day of June next, after which date the Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate of said deceased ratably and proportionately according to law, having regard only to such claims as he may then have notice of.

M. A. EVERETTS,
Solicitor for Isaac C. Alguire, Executor
Dated at Athens this 30th day of April A.D., 1891. 184t

The Surest Crop

A farmer can raise is Corn. It provides food for man and beast. Ten acres can be worked with the

TWO-HORSE

Straddle Row Cultivator

Easier than one by the old hand-hoe process. "Lay down Shobel and de Hoe," and send to the

Lyn Agricultural Works

For Full Information to

G. P. McNISH,
LYN AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Bargain in Boots and Shoes

"Money saved is money earned," you can save

TWENTY PER CENT

by buying your Boots and and Shoes this spring

at ARNOLD'S, CENTRAL BLOCK

We have, during the past ten days added to our usual stock of Boots and Shoes

$3,000.00 worth of choice new goods

Bought in the best markest for Spot Cash which means a big saving in discount and enables us to sell you

First-class goods at prices before unknown in Athens

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF

Every Pair Marked in Plain Figures

H. H. ARNOLD,

Central Block, Athens.

GILT WALL PAPER

AT ODELL'S

15 CENTS

15 Per Cent Diccount on Wall Paper at Odell's

New Baby Carriages at Odell's

Wall Paper, largest stock at Odell's

Curtain Poles at Odell's

Roller Blinds at Odell's

25 Per Cent off all Crockery and Glassware

—AT—

O'DELL'S, BROCKVILLE

BANK OF TORONTO

ESTABLISHED 1855

CAPITAL PAID UP $2,000,000

RESERVE $1,500,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

—PAYS—

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST

Compounded every Six Months

Farmers' notes discounted at current rates.

BROCKVILLE BRANCH
COMSTOCK'S BLOCK

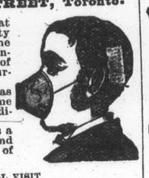
THOS. F. HOW,
Manager Brockville Branch.

DR. WASHINGTON

D.L.C.P.S.O. & T.L.S., ETC.

THROAT AND LUNG SURGEON.

78 McCAUL STREET, Toronto.



Graduated in 1872, at Victoria University with honors. The same year passed the examination of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

Since 1880 Dr. W. has devoted his whole time to Throat and Lung diseases.

The Cut represents a Porous Respirator and the patient in the act of breathing.

WILL VISIT

OTTAWA, GRAND UNION HOTEL, March 24th all day
" 25th till noon

Diseases Treated.—Catarrh of the Head and Throat, Catarrhal Diseases, Chronic, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption, also Loss of Voice, Sore Throat, Enlarged Tonsils, Polypus of the Nose, and any other Nasal Obstruction removed

Dr. Washington's wonderful cures are known all over the Dominion. Consultation free

Karley & Seymour

ARE FRIENDS TO THE

Farmer and Builder

They have the best assortment of Hardware, Tinware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Calcimines, Glass, Silverware Fishing Tackle, &c., in town and prices to suit the times. The Daisy Churns "best in the market" always in stock and at lowest prices. Guns and Ammunition of best quality. See them.

KARLEY BLOCK
ATHENS

Farmersville Lodge

No. 177

A. O. U. W.

Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month, in Lamb's Hall, Central Block, Main St., Athens

VISITORS WELCOME

M. WHITE & CO.,
TAILORS & GENTS' FURNISHERS
KING STREET, - BROCKVILLE.

A.M. CHASSELS

The Old Reliable

TAILORING

HOUSE.

Gentlemen who wish to have their suits made up in

The Latest Style

AND

PERFECT IN FIT AND WORKMANSHIP,

SHOULD PATRONIZE

A. M. CHASSELS, - ATHENS,

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

"THE work in Bookkeeping is practical and thorough, the instruction in Penmanship excellent."—N. E. Britton, Moose Creek. "After three and a half months in Shorthand I wrote 175 words per minute, new matter."—Ethel Thompson, aged 15, Brockville. "167 words per minute was my speed three months from time of entering."—F. J. Cornell, Carleton Place. Write for Circulars. Address:

FRED. J. BLANCHARD, Principal.

WANTED MEN, local or traveling, to sell my guaranteed Nursery Stock. Salary or Commission paid weekly. Outfit free. Special attention given to beginners. Workers never fail to make good weekly wages. Write me at once for particulars.

E. O. GRAHAM, Nurseryman,
(This house is reliable.) TORONTO, ONT.

$6000.00 a year is being made by John E. Goodwin, Troy, N.Y., at work for us. Reader, you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time, or spare moments only to the work. All is new. Great pay SURE to every worker. We start you, furnish everything. EASILY, SPEEDILY learned. PARTICULARS FREE. Address at once, STINSON & CO., PORTLAND, MAINE.

MONEY can be earned at our NEW line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This is an entirely new land, and brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

New Tonsorial Parlor

REMOVAL

PARISH BLOCK, ATHENS

The Subscriber has removed his barber shop from the Dowsley Block to the shop lately occupied by John Warshavsky, has fitted up the shop and having engaged a first-class workman, he is prepared to attend to all customers in his line with promptness. A share of the public patronage solicited.

14-4w W. H. McLAUGHLIN