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# MAR C.ELLE IN HISTORICAI NOVEL 

8y
HAMPDEN BURNHAM
Author of "Canadians in the Imperial Service." "Jack Ralaon," etc.
"New France batted againt alate which her own orsanic fault made inevitable. Her hittory is a great and aignificant diama enacted amone untamed forests, with a distant sleam of courtly splendlour and the regal pomp of Veraillea." -
"Frontenac ant Seu F'rance under Louis XIV'."
-Partman.

TORONTO

## WILLIAM BRIGGS



Eintered acmoling to Act of the Parfiament of Canada, In the year one
 Department of Ayrlculture.

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IN GRITEFUI.

ACKNOWLEDGDENT OF HIS MANY

ACTS OF KINDNESS.

## INTRODUCTION.

At the time of the discovery of America, Spain, England and France were the chicf nations of the earth. Each, looking with covetous eye upon the alluring prospect of the New World, hastened to prepare for its conquest and for the inevitable conflict of rival interests. The recent rapid development of the science of navigation and of the spirit of discovery had kindled into surprising fervor the general passion for adventure. The success of Columbus had roused to the highest pitch the lust of conquest and foreign enterprise. All Europe was aflame. The New World was looked upon not only as a treasure-house in itself, but through it also was thought to lie the shortest route to the fabled Indies, where wealth unbounded awaited those who first should dare the perils of the unknown seas.

How little can we know what it then was to dream of " the peerless Orient." Europe was poor-and poverty intensifies cupidity. The old order of things was passing away; the new was hastening to take its place.

In the desire for adventure was embodied not only the lust of gold and of conquest, but the passionate zeal of the Church as well. With the soldier went
the priest-the one to uproot, the other to plant ; the one to take away, the other to give that which could never be taken away. Strange companions, truly. And the history of this companionship was not less strange. War for a world was about to break forth, and whatever military power, commercial power and the power of the Church could do was done for better and for worse in the strenuous enterprise.

The Old World rivalry of Enghand, France and Spain speedily became as fierce, if not fiercer, in the New World. It is not our purpose to follow the fortunes of the invaders in South America, or even in the whole of North America, but to confine our attention to the northern portion of the latter, now known as the Dominion of Canada, from which Spain had withdrawn in order to go southward, leaving this portion of the ficld to her two great rivals.

The heart of this northern wilderness was reached by two routes, the one through Hudson Bay, the other through the St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes. Intersecting the country in every part are innumerable streams, some mere brooks hardly navigable for the bircl-bark canoe, others mighty enough to float the largest of modern steamships.

The earliest strife began in the region tributary to Hudson Bay. In all this vast territory was to be found valuable fur, and in the fur trade with the Indians the first white men discovered a mine of wealth-a discovery, however, which not all their cupidity and desire for secrecy could keep from becoming known.

Then, ton, we have for further consideration the aboriginal inhabitants, the development of trade, the efforts of the missionaries, and all that mighty throbbing of energy and change following in the wake of discovery, ndventure, commercial enterprise and religrous zeal.
The question of trade the English and the French proposed to solve in different ways. The former looked with greater favor upon absolute monopoly as more likely to conduce to order and success; the latter upon the variety and number of the contestants for the prize. The "One Hundred Associates" of Cardinal Richelieu, the "Compagnie du Nord" and the "Compugnie de Quebec" were the chief of all companies under charter from the French King, whilst the most famous of the English companies was "The Honorable Company of Merchant-adventurers Trading into Hudson's Bay." To these must be added, as bearing strongly upon the main history of war and commerce, the immense number of individual traders whose desire for profit caused them to flock into the forbidden region of monopoly, there to ply in every imaginable way an illegitimate trade, with all its attendant and fearful evils.

In referring to the importance of these new developments of trade, a word or two regarding the personnel and purposes of the companies will not be out of place. The list of charter members of the Hudson's Bay Company comprised some of the chief men of the realm, the first governor being Prince Rupert, Master-of-the-Horse : the second, James, Duke of York, after-
wards King of Exgland and the third the renowned Duke of Marlborough.

With such a variety of important and conflicting interests there was maturally almost continual mismalerstanding between England and France, although from the first efforts were nade by the ruling powers of ench to avoid the imperthing struggle.

We take the following extract from the "Instructions of Charles I., of England, to his Ambassador in France," from Mr. Beckles Willson's work, "The Grent Company."
"Lord Preston, who in the year 1684 held the post of Ainbassador Extraordinary of King Charles II. at the , nurt of Versailles, was advised of the return to Parı of the bushranger Radisson in these terms: - My Lord-It has just reached our ears and that of His Roynl Highness, the Duke of York, Governor of the Honorable Hudson's Bay Compary, that the person who has caused all the recent trouble in Hudson's Bay regions, whereby our merchants lave suffered so much at the hands of the French, is at this moment in Paris. As it is as much in the interests of the nation as of the Company that there should be no repetition of these encroachments and disturbances
" Upon the same subject the King of France wrote as follows to the French Governor of La Nouvelle France: 'I recommend you to prevent the English as much as possible from establishing themselves in Hudson's Bay, possession whereof was taken in my na:. ?veral years ago.
" le rivalry born of discovery in the first instance
was alded the rivalry of commerce, and from these differences of interest, always angmented and intensified by wars at home, arose the conflict of arms between France: and England in America which culmimated in the fall of Quebec.

Now let us turn our intention for a moment to a eonsideration of the Indians, with whom an alliance was sought by both French aml English, and whose trade was the immediate object of their clesire.

Fenimore Cooper las been accused of having depieted the Red Indian of North America as a more striking and noble personality than there is any warrant for. In our opinion such an accusation is itself minwarianted, since a proper knowledge of the Indian as he once was not ouly dispels such an idea, but demonstrates conclusively that the great novelist wrote quite within the limits of Indian life and character. It must always be remembered that the Indian was not of a derivative race, but of a primary, coeival with the ancestors of the ancient Greek, Celt and Teutor.

From what we know of the red man from a variety of sources-sources at once authentic and comprehen-sive-we believe that his history is the equal in attractiveness of the history of the ancient Celt and 'Teuton, or indeed of the chivahric races of the Middle Ages on the continent of Europe. This, we are well aware, is a clann of considerable magnitude, but it is one which will be found to sustain itself upon historical examination if the examiner approach the subject with a mind not only free from prejudice but sensitive
to the vibrations of the sentiment of poetry and romance. That he was of n race inherently inferior to the white we decline to admit. Rather wan he of a race that may be compared to the white in exactly the same way that night may be compared to dayless glaring, less clamorous, less vulgar, but not less splendid or less beautiful, and, in addition, possessing those very yualities of mystery which we are accustomed to attach to earth and "all that it inlabits" when the orb of day has disappeared from view.

Of the mechnnical arts the Indian knew practically nothing, and if also we should say that in language, institutions and laws he surely could not be compared so ambitiously, we should, however, find that the comparison still holds, and that nowhere in the world or in the history of man was the theory of human liberty, founded upon the principle of pure individualism, ever so simply and so perfectly worked out. Not Herbert Spencer himself could have wished for $\pi$ more perfect specimen of lis man of freedorn, where icissez-faire and luissez-uller were represented by theoretically unrestrained freedom acting in a practically limitless field. The dignity of the Indian, and all that it comprehends, was the It. lian's first and last glory and consideration. An alert inind, a vivid imagination, a spirit of natural refinement (even in cruelty), $a$ fuultless physique, all grafted upois a temperament essentially romantic, produced a figure unigue in human history.

His laws, though unwritten, were not less immutable than those of the Medes and Persians, but they
were of what we may call a moral rather than a legal character. His religion was all that fancy eould paint in the hours of waking and all that dreans could suggest in the homs of sleep. His manners were the: offepring of a proud sincerity, tempered by the gentler qualities of extreme hospitality and bommers generosity. Beggars wire unknown anongst the Judinn races, for they accounted it not less disgracefnl than inhmann that fool and raiment whould be lacking for one when it existed in abundmee for others. The vulgar greed of ordinary commerce was wholly miknown to them as well, and when the Indians sinw the trade artifices of the white man redncing him, as they said, to the level of a wolverine, they langhed and shrugged their shoulders in seom. In the fine arts, of course, they were not abreast of the Eastern nations, either in range or in degree, but the taste displayed by them in their personal ormanentation was hoth artistic and original, for good taste no less than grace of bodily action was a quality that belonged by natural birthright to the Indian race.

In point of speech and of their spoken tongues thre has been nothing more soft and beautiful in the history of language, and their songs possessed all the sweetness of the finest and most melodious specimens of our modern vocal music. To nature they went for inspiration-since, indeed, they lived in the very bosom of nature-and their accents, like their metaphors, were those of the wind in the forest, the birds of the air, the animals of the chase, and the sounds of waters.

What, then, of the Indian women? They were the toilers and doers of the commomplace. I'hey wonld not suffer their hasbands or brothers to devote their time to other than the glory of war or the exeitement of the chase. On this hasis they were treated kindly and thronghont their married lives fomed compensation for their drmbery in the recollection of the hapy period of their wooing. As maidens they were alloring and often bematiful, ns witness the nmmber who won the love and enduring affection of white men of position. In the heyday and happiness of their youth the Indian puid them the utmost deference and attention, nor was there less of the poetic and the beautiful in his love-making because he was an Indian-rather indeed, the more.

But war was at once his bnsiness and his joy. Canning, artfil and comrageons, he was a drealed and a cruel foe. Gratefnl for favors, which he never forgot to repay, his memory served him not less faithfully when there were insults and injuries to requite. 'Too scornful to be mean, he was disdainfal even of death and showed his contempt of it by going $t$ () it un. :oved through tortures that are too painful to recite. But nothing, even in the fury of battle, could make him forget his code of honor, and if the punctilious in points such as these are not less so in particulars less worthy we must overlook the failings of the less in the virtues of the greater.

The polished arms and gleaning armor of the Europem made him, perhaps, a less vulnerable foe in
open battle, but even these could not make him a nobler specimen of manhood than the Indinn, nor nin enemy more to be dreaded in the final ontenme of a qumrel. While, too, with the Europeni a faculty for combined novement originated a daty of fenlty and strict oberlience, the Indian kept himself always free to live and fight ins he might choose. Nor was this intependence of spirit a source of wrangling and vulgar dispute, since the spirit of individuntism was not accidental but matnral : and whilst it ultimutely made the red a victim to the white race, it demonstrates the proud superiority of the Indinn character. The excess of Enropean chivalry was not less fintastic than grotesque, but the extreme of Indian chivalry was never such as to rouse us to laughter or contempt. If we compare the Don Quixotes of the period of the decline of chivalry with King Philip, Teenmsch or Thayendanega, representatives of the closing years of Indian racial existence and domination, we shall see how the one becones ridiculous because it was not natural, while the other moves us to shmess because of its end.

If, too, repose is the flower of greatness, then minst it also be added to the general picturesqueness of the Indian character, for surcly no people have possessed it in greater perfection.

With regard to vices, of which both races had their share, it is but simple truth to say that the Indian race was the mnch less vicious of the two. In the Indien age theft was unknown amongst red
men, and they had never heard of nn intoricant or of man oath till the firewater of che white men came to drive then to min, looly and monl.

Of that noble race of red-hned men (scientificalls, perlaps, the yellow-hmed, since it was of ancient 'Turanian origin and sprong from the original home of man in the north-enst of Enrasia) there Pematins at the presont day seareely a vestige. Here and thow in the widderness one may still rum nerons a tall, creot and striking figure combining activity with strength, the solitary remmant of a peoplat that, like tho primeval forest, has vamished and "leaves scarce a traco bohmal." Nomad races the Indians were, and as nomal mees they mast be considered lacking all that organization, a knowledge of commerce, an nepmantance with the mechanical and fine arts, and the possession of a literature can furnish, but imbued with the epie qualities of an heroic people well worthy of onr starly nuld almiration, and liffering but in legree from the most cultured races of ancient or modern times.

Scientists agree that the Red Indinn throurh his ancestory dates back to the Paleolithic Age, the Mongol ancestral race in ench hemisphere developing differently. In North America the Monnd-lmilders were the certnin forefathers of the Red Indian.

It is interesting to compare the careers of the original emigrants from their Euro-Aniatic home, as developed in Europe, Asin and Africa, with thowe of their brothers in America.

The English and the French, then-sometimes with and sometimes against the Indians-pursued their way
of conquest und of commerce. The missionary on the one linal, and the ermer on the other, furnish the good ant evil geninges of the long and interesting story from the first liscovery th the time of the opening of onr tale. The seede of rivalry and diseord had grown into a harvest of large proportions. The harvent wis gatiored tifty years afterwards at the enpturi of Quebec.

In a few minor instances, as in the case of Madnan, de Fronteme, we lawe ventured to depart from the reconds of history, but in general wo slall be fonnd to liave mhered to them.

## MARCELLE

## CHAPTERI.

Hard by the trail that from the City of Quehec continued devionsly by land and water for a thousand lengues to the Upper . 'ses and the regions beyond, and two hundred leagues from the begiming of this great highwiy, dwelt Black John, min old coureur-debois. The gain of the great companien under !rench charters in traffic with the Indians had long been mo great that it had tempted many of a VrenchCanadians to engage in illicit trade, a: . vav anid, too, that some of those ligh in the nut oy of the French King were not above violating the ordinances of monopoly which they had sworn to protect. For a few drams of brandy the red man sold the finest fox and benver skins, and so extensive had the leak become that the outlaws of the forest were under constant condemnation of death by royal decree.

What cared they for death, however, in a country where death lurked behind every bush, or for the law where the vast extent of land and water rendered defiance of its provisions easy. It was in vain, too,
that laws were passed prohibiting settlers on the St. Lawrence from being absent from their dwellings for more than a day and a night, or that the area of their wanderings for fish and game was circuinscribed within the smallest compass. Soldiers of France and habitants ulike defied the authorities and their threats. The laws continued to be of little avail except to make trade illicit.

Black John was a coureur-de-bois. He knew the forest and the river from where the Montagnais wandered in the eust to the land of the Ottawas in the far west. But at the time of which we speak he was settled in a cabin in the Huron country, where he had lived for more than twenty years, near the main trail where it meets the waters of the lake of the Hu:ons, but far enough from it to be secure from the prying eye of informers and the King's men. The cabin was built of the trunks of trees laid crosswise at the ends. The roof was of thatch that hung heavily over the ends and sides and in winter held the snow like a blanket, to keep the cabin warm. The windows were few and unprotected beyond light woocien shutters, and the door, for there was but one, wras heavy enough to withstand a rush by a drunken Indian, but no more. Black John knew the people with whom he had to deal, and was well aware that whilst palisades would serve to awaken suspicion they would form no real protection, which was rather to be sought for in the desire of the red man for his "trade" and firewater than in arms and a stout resistance. But what the cabin lacked in strength it made up in co: t-
fort and in the beauty of its surroundings. Tall trees, which shaded derply the ground bencath in summer, rose on every hand, while close by the waters of a spring bubbled up out of the ground and found their way at last into the grent lake beyond. From the top of the ridge behind the cabin the lake of the Hurons was plainly visible through an avenue for the eye cut by Black John in his younger days when he lived alone. But Black John had long since ceased to live alone. He had married a woman of the Hurons, who died not long after, bequeathing to hiin an only child, Marcelle, who had at the time of the opening of our history but recently grown to womanhood. Ahove the medium height and of a finely-formed and well-rounded figure, Marcelle was chiefly distinguished, however, for her exquisite cyes-large, durk and lustrous-and for the purity of her olive-tinteri complexion. From her mother she had inherited a litheness and grace of movement that had early earned her the name of "The Fawn" in Indian parlance. Her attractiveness of person and charm of manner. hat made her widely celeb- ited as "the beauty of the wilderness," but she remained indisposed to accept the attentions of any of her numerous admirers, and continued to enjoy the freedom of her existence and to be the despair alike of soldiers, traders, gentlemen, scouts, coureurs and the red chiefs of her mother's race.

At times the cabin took on the character of an inn. It was an inn in the sense that travellers might put up there if Black John invited them to do so, but it
was not a public house in the sense that it was open to the clamor and riotous misconduct of wayfaring rascals and freebooters. Black John had a good idea of his own dignity and of the respect due to Marcelle, although physically he was not such an one as most men would be afraid of.

The French and the English had been fighting for more than half a century for control of the continent, and the scattered inhabitants of the inmense region in dispute were always at daggers drawn according to their nationality. The Indians played one against the other with considerabl: astuteness, although there were niany cases of sincere friendship and attachment on their part for either side.
"I don't know, Marcelle, but I will give up this job for your sake," said the old coureur, as he sat by his huge fireplace, the glancing light gleaming here and there about the room as it fell upon a polished axehead, gun-barrel, trap, or dagger, for the beams and walls were hung with a large variety of weapons and hunting implements. Marcelle stopped in her work of making a hunting-cap.
"Mon dieu! Why would you give up for my sake?" she exclaimed, in astonishment, for she had never complained of the life they led.
"Ah, my child, you see the people that come this way-bad, bad! I cannot take care of you like I used," replied her fatl ar, dejectedly.
"What does that matter? I am not afraid," she said.
" No, you may not be afraid," mused her father,
reflectively, " but the Huron was here lately, and he says that the English get the stronger and that the Company will send men through here before long."
"What does he know about it?" she cried, reassuringly.
"Ah! The chief was at Ville Marie, and he has a sal heart for $n$ young brave. He feels bad. The French always treat the Indian well, but the English are rude, and want everything for themselves."
"Well! what does he say they are going to do? They are not going to eat us, I suppose."
"Yo do not know the English," said her father, reprovingly. "They would ill-treat you if they dared," and the old man's eyes flashed wickedly.
"I can go away."
"Chut!" said Black John, warningly, as his er caught a sound. There was a step at the door, a low knock, and the Huron entered.
"Ha! Huron, welcome!" cried the free-trader, excitedly. "I have just spoken of you. Take a seat."

The striking figure of the Indian chief drew itself up to its full height and his bright eyes ghistened with pleasure as Marcelle came forward and extended her hand to him, smiling.
"I am glad you have come, Huron," she said. "Papa is gloomy. He says you told him of the English robbers. I say you will take care of me, if need be. Won't you?"
"The Huron's eyes always look for the Fawn. He will be like the engle for her sake," said the Huron, earnestly.
"There!" exclained Marcelle, triumphantly, a blush of plensure overspreading her sweet face. "What have I told you, papa? 'The Blessed Virgin will protect me always. Men forget that. They think to protect themselves. Eh, Huron?"
"The wind will tell if the wolf comes, and the Huron is swift."
"Vraiement! The Huron is swift and strong. The English will do nothing," laughed Marcelle, gaily. "Will your eat?"
"I come from the momntain since the sun rose," said the Huron.
"What! More than twenty leagues? Have you had nothing?" she exclaimed.
"No! Not hungry," nnswered the Huron, placidly.
"Nonsense!" cried Black John. "Tliat is always the way with you Hurons. You are never hungry, never thirsty, never tired. You are too proud. The saucepan, Marcelle. A good friend and a good supper go well together."
"Take the deer's horn or the willow-reed and smoke," said Black John, pointing to the mantelpiece.

The Huron obeyed, and the two men sat before the fire while the ragout steamed and Marcelle busied herself about the house. Presently she brought, in more candles, but the blaze of the tire made them look dull.
"I don't know what to think of it at all," said the free-trader, musingly. "If the English get the better they will drive us out unless I can pay them for a privilege. But they hate us, and you, too. Huron."
"Yes," suid the Indian, softly. "They drive everything away."
"Why not stop them? Sacré:" cried the trader, with energy. "You could do it. Get the Hurons, and the Ottawas, and the Sioux, mal they will be glant to go south and leave us. Curse the Irofuois!"
"The war-path ?" said the Huron, suggestively.
"Certainement! Mon dieu! The war-path. Yom become a great warrior, the king of warriors, und save the country. The scalps! Think of them."

The Huron's eyes flushed at the thought of the glory to be won.
"I will get the Turtles," said he.
"No! Not'Tuscaloosa. You ought to know him; he would sell and betray us all. He is jealous of you alrealy," and Black John seized a brand, lighted his pipe, and threw it back into the fire.

The snowstorm of the preceding two days had ended, as usual, in a gale, and the snow blew across the open space of the forest in sheets. Down the side trail, which near Black John's opened for an arpent or two, it swirled like a winding sheet.
"A bitter night," thought Marcelle, as she peeped out, for she liked to look at the fierceness of a winter storm from the security of the cabin.
"Mon père!" she exclaimed, sudulenly.
"What, Marcelle ?"
"There is someone down the trail-or a bear."
"Come !" said Black John to the Huron, and they went to the door. Both looked narrowly into the night.
"Man!" said the Huron, quictly.
"Oh: help him, Huron," cried Marcelle, in agitation. "Where is Jean that he does not lark?" She whistled, but the dog did not come.

Already the Huron had started down the trail, and his long stride soon carried him to the spot. Presently he returned, bearing something on his back.
"It is a man; I can see him," said Marcelle, as she clasped her father's arm tightly.
"What is it, Huron ?" called Black Juhn.
"A Frenchnan," said the Huron.
"A spyl" cried the trader, fiercely, stamping his foot ; "let him die."
"Oh, no, papa. Take care of him!" exclnimed Marcelle, in nlarm. "Is he dead, Huron?"
"No," said the Huron, as he brought the human bundle in and deposited it on the floor.
Marcelle took a candle and knelt down by the stranger's side.
"He breathes; he is very cold. Rub his hands, Huron. I will get him a hot drink." Marcelle ran to the saucepan and poured out a little of the ragout. She took off the stranger's cap and sinoothed back his tangled hair. "He is handsome," she murmured, admiringly, as she raised his head and put a spoonful of the warm broth into his mouth.
"Let the dog die!" said Black John again; but Marcelle merely shrugged her shoulders and told the Huron to move him nearer the fire.

Presently a long sigh escaped the stranger, and he opened his eyes wide.
"Thank you," said he, at last, in 8 , husky voice.
"Ah, diela merci! he speaks," cried Marcelle, delightedly; but her father was in no humor to be sympathetic. 'The Huron looked on, but was silent.

The Frenchinnn struggled up to his fect and steadied himself.
"You are very grood," said he.
"No ; it is the Blessed Virgin," said Marcelle. "Sit there. How did you get so cold, monsieur ?"
"I lost cverything this morning when the storm arose," said he. "I come from Quebec. I am bound for Hudson Bay. It is a very long journey."
"Yes, and full of dangers," added Marcelle.
"I am travelling--"
"A spy!" shricked Black John, springing up and drawing his hunting knife, unable longer to contain hiunself.
"Papa!" exclaimed Marcelle, reproachfully. "You must not touch him."
"I will!" cried Black John, fiercely, as he pushed back his sleeve.
"Huron!" slirieked Marcelle, in terror, "stand between ; Huron, if you love me, stand between."

With a bound the Huron was by her side and shiclding the stranger.
"What? Huron! You a spy, too? You are all spies," cried Black John, bitterly, and the free-trader sat down unwillingly, black with disappointment and rage.
"He is not a spy," said Marcelle, after a pause.
" Hic is," cried Black John, passionately.
"You are not a spy, are you, monsieur? You will not tell what you have seen?"

## MARCELILE

"Upon my honor as a gentleman," snil the stranger. solemnly, "I an no spy, but one of the King's men nor a traitor to hospitality."
"There, now, papa! What did I say ?" exchamed Marcelle, triumphantly.
"Yes," replied her father, reluctantly, "hut what brings him here?"
"To see what the Jesuits do and to take note of the fur-trude," said the stranger, boldly.

Black John was dumb with surprise, but he inted the priests, nad, indeed, all who were for law and order.
"You hate the priests?" he askel, when he had recovered from his astonishment.
"Yes."
"Good! But then you swear not to revenl what you have seen?"
"Yes," said the Frenchman; "but. I have seen nothing. What have I seon?"
"True ; it is so," said the frec-trader, with sativfaction, as he reflected; "but Marcelle is too fond of strangers always."
"Tell me of your life, monsicur," said Marcelle, " of all the fine ladies and handsome men. It is so interesting."
The Frenchman lighted his half-smokod pipe and slowly recited the incidents of his careor.
"But why did you say that you had come to hate the priests? The Church is holy. You are wrong," she continued.
"I am for His Excellency and ${ }^{\top}$ have no love for priests," snid he, respectfully.
"Ah! that is too bad. What would we women do
but for the prients and the Blessed Virgin? Wo should be wild and bal like the men. No; it would not do. Hark: there is Jean. Huron, please let him in."

A huge mustiff bounded through the opened dowr and roshed to his mistress's side. For a moment ho eyed the stranger questioningly, hut at Marcelle's command, with a low growl nud a whine, subsided at lier feet.
"It is well he is not like prpa. Jean is not suspicions of you," sabil Marcelle, laughing.
"I do not see why your father should be suspicious of me. I do not wish to prevent liis trmling."
"Did you come for a company?" asked Biack John, signiticantly.
"Not for one with a charter," replied the strnuger, smiling.
"How, then, are you for the King?"
"Ah! that is between His Excellency and Monseigneur de Satint-Vallier. They yuar continually. His Excellency has more than once satid that it is the priesty who make all the trouble with the Indians. They obey the Bishop and not the laws," said the stranger.
"Who, then, are jou ?" bluntly asked Black John, tired of fencing and begiming to be interested.
"My name is Francois Latour, und I am for the King and His Excellency the Count de Frontenachis representative. Since we think alike in business and in religion, you and I, we should be friends, eh ?"
"Truly. But where is your party?" said Black John.

## 

"Last in the snow," said Latour", haghinge "They are lost, for I min sure it in not I. Hut I shall find them in the morning."
"What will you do when you fird them?"
"I will give a good report of the people I have met, who are all loyal to His Excellency."
"But what of the trale of which you spoke?"
"Yes. 'That is something to speak of. Coull I not help you to sell more and to make agreater profit?"
"'l'ruly;" snill Black John, gleefully. "If I had more trale amil less protection I conllimake more than the little that comes my way. Tho great companies rob the poor man for the rich, and yet they want us to people the country. It is impossible."
"That is my opinion," mail Latour, "and I think we ngree. I know when they come this why."
" Ah! to be sure. You live at Quebee nud know the Intendant?"
"Yes; well!"
"You know when he semls the spies out and who they inny be."
"I enn always find out."
"Oh! dien merci! If jou would but gro into purtnership with the."
"That is just what I am thinking. Let us speak of that another time, however."
"Yes; it is as well," mul Black John threw another log uport the fire. "The Huron is gone. Humph! But there is no fenr. Tell nas of the Intendant, monsieur." The Frenchman complied.

## CHADIER H.

M. Fibandols Latoter was of an accommonhting us well as haplyy disposition. The detaila of the partnership between him and Bhack John were quickly settled. Being of the gay and festive nort who treat life as they find it, and are not too sermpulons about it, either, he had had no hesitation in concenling the truth when he dimalged to the trader in an easy and off-hand manner the pretended secrets of his mission and of his own opinions. He was on the wny to Hudson Bay, it was trne, if he chose to continue it, but ns a matter of fact he had been prowling ubout that part of the country for some time in search of contraband traders, and had he found Black John when in the company of any of his men he would have been under the painful necessity of arresting him, a proceeding which, as we have seen, was the very reverse of that which he devired. The motnent he opened his eyes after his rescue he had become instantly aware that he was in some secret retreat, a fact still further impressed upon him when he became conscious of the presence of a woman. It was apparently the opportunity he was looking for. The articles of partnership had been gone into minutely, and having been signed, seated and delivered according to the informal but binding methot of that 29
lay -llut is, by wweminin a varicty of confimatory omelis to the afferet that the viohator henped to find himself in a very warm and ont-of-the-way phee if he should sos fur forget himself as to break nay of the stipulations-Monsienr Latour drank to the health of Black Johm nuld the trmber retmined then com. plimene, broth healths bein, drunk in como..aband hrandy. Then Monsicur Latom bule farewell to Marcelle, pouring forth words of compliment and gratitude in a way that did not fail to impress a girl gniltlees of the wiles of conrtiers nad of the art of thittering. Less than un honr after his depmarture Black Jolm likewise took to the trail, but in a diflerent direction, as he wis nuxions to meet a party of Neutrala reporter! to be on their way soull. His pack was henvy, for he expected to lo 14 good trade.

As often before, Marcelle was left the sole temant of the cabin, excepting for her ataunch and true fonrfooted protector, Jenn. She was singing murrily. The storm had censed in the night, and the duy was one of unuwni splendor. A rap came to the door.
"Oh! it is you, monsieur." exchine Marcelle, in surprise. "I thought you had taken the main trail by this time."
"No, lemoiselle; I lanve not yet gone. Will jou not go with me to Quebec? I have a strong escort, and you slan:! be safe, and prordien! but at Quebee you will make a sensution. I fancy I henr His Excellency say. "There is better in this comntry than benvers and foxes. She is like the wild flower of the forest. Mon dieu: But she is benutiful-'"
"()h, monsiour," lneran Marcello, remonstratively.
"'lhen think of the: introme otherys," ho constimed, withnt pretending ta notice the interruption, the tone of which encourneed him, "the the housem, ballw, dances, nud pleasantry nlwия. No dillиess, no loneliness like this, and a rieh, promd hosband. It is glorions-"
"But, monsieur -"
" You may come back il you like. Fon meed not remain if all the ghiety tiren yon. If yon grow wenry of the devotion of the: gentlemen of His Lixcellency's court, perchuse the kine himself-"
" But, pana:" exchined Marcelle.
"Your father will be proul,' aad Latour, decisively, and ther adding in a whisper, "Are we not in partnership, and who knows how much good you can do him there. He will be rich, and come to Quebec to live."
"If I could but ree lim first," plemded Marcelle.
"It is too late. We are ready. We must ntart at once. Already my deputy grows suspicious. Speak. Will you come and be a princess nt the court ?"

Veiling her eyes for a moment with her liands, Marcelle suddenly resolued.
"Yes; I will go. There will be no danger ?"
"None, I swear," replied Latour, dramatically. "I will protect you with my life, even to the very gates of the Chitenu St. Louis itself. Then there is the Convent-"
"'liue," cried Marcelle, joyfully. "I can go there. Very well. I will gro," and in a few moments she had
donned her buekskin blouse and fringed leggings. A ghance at her mocensins, a touch of her hand upon the little knife at her side to make sure that it was there, and $n$ firmer setting of her beaded cap, and she was remdy.
"Wait! I must tie Jean or he will follow. Poor Jem! dear Jean :" and she kissed the dor affectionately as she ran the noose over his head. "There: If papa or the Huron do not come soon he will not starve. He will chew the thong through and be free. Adien, Jean! Adien, cabin! Adien, Huron! Adien, papa!"

Filled with the excitement of the moment and of the dazaling prospect of the future, Marcelle necompanied Latour to the main trail, where stood a group of men all armed and waiting.

The declining sun was already dipping behind the distant mountain and filling the forest with its evening glow when the start was made. For the moment we shall leave Marcelle and see what the free-trader was doing.

From the western shore of the great lake of the Hurons a party of Neutrals were returning with beaver-skins. How Black John's eyes danced as he saw the profit in store.
"Five hundred crowns!" thought he, "and not one less. No; the partnership does not begin just yet. Let him show what he cin do first."

The party of red men grected Black John cordially and began to trade. First one and then the other.
clafed at the small price, butby nightfall the bargain had been struck and the "trade" lamded over.

A pipe of peace and tie fansive of brandy in the morning predisposed all to shami ar. The fire was burning low whentl famow of a Indian fell across the light of the dying coais. It was the Huron. He also was returning and had followed the trail of the Neutrals in order to meet Black John, whom he knew would come to trade. Black Hawk, of the Neutrals, knew him well, and he was not molested. The trader and he returned to the cabin together. Black John tried the door, hut it was loeked. He went to the foot of the tree where the hiding-place of the key was, and found it covered lightly with fallen snow. He jumped up like a madman. "Mon lieu : Huron, where is Marcelle? Follow that trail there. Lose not a moment. See where it leals. Tell me what has happened. Come back quickly." The frenzied words of the free-trader and the barking of Jean were not necessary to urge the Huron to haste. He followed the side-traii carefully to where it joined the main trail, and for more tham a league along that.
"She is gone. The trail is old," sail he, gloomily, when he returned. "Ihe Fre nehman-"
"Be damned!" shritked Black John, in a passion. "There is his cursed partnership. He lied. He has stolen my dhughter." Then he paused. "Any marks of force ?"
"No."
"No," echoed Black John. "Oh, the traitress! the

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scounitrel! the-but what linve they taken? Let us see," and he ran through the house, searching for signs of his being robbed, but there was none.
"What shall we do, Huron? Speak."
"Nothing. Gone south," snid the Huron, calmly.
"What! to the lake?"
"Yes."
"Then it is useless. But what had we better do?"
"She want to go," replied the latter, sugaciously.
"Yes; she has deserted us. We shall not follow her. Now I an alone. It is too bal."

For hours they sat in silence. It seemed impossible to both that Marcelle had gone. The laughing eyes, the bewitching ways, her voice that was so sweet when she sang the songs of the coureurs-de-bois, her lively air, her kindly, sympathetic touch-they were stumned by what had happened.
"He is a scoundrel. He has coaxed her away with his pretty speeches and promises. There! If you had not saved him when he fell!" exclaimed Black John, glad to be able to lay the blame on other shoulders.

But the Huron answered not a word. His pride was giving way to feelings of revenge. Black John eyed him curiously.
"We shall see, eh ?"

## CHAPTER III.

Canada at this period of its history was a vast scene of wildness and activity. From the grent lake of the extreme west to the land of the Acadial.3 nll was rivalry of race and turmoil of perpetinal strife. 'To the south lay the country of the relentless Iroquois, those fierce slayers of men, hard by the domain of thcir allies, the English. To the north of the great lake the Ottawas, the Hurons, the Neutrals, the Montagnais and a hundred other tribes dwelt in terror and savage unrest, in touch and alliance with the French. Blood and burning were in the forest and upon the hill. The red deer, the caribou, the elk. the beaver, the "ermine" were hunted and trapped throughout the interminable wood and by the shores of numberless lakes and rivers. The red men and the white pursued each other without resting from their labor of hate and destruction. What Boston was to the English Quebec and Montreal were to the French, the seats of government and of trade. Situate at the base of the royal mount which has since given to it its name, and at the junction of the Ottawa and the mighty St. Lawrence, Montreal was a trading post of importance and, for those times, of considerable population. It is true that in midsunmer, when the red men brought their beaver skins from far and near in 3

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thousands and tens of thousands, and the pelts of the stoat, the fox, the red deer and the bear in numbers searcely less vast, the population rose with sudden rapidity, but nevertheless all through the year it was a centre of religious and commercial life, and as such never lost its character of the chief emporium of the east.

To Quebec, however, we must look for the source and inspiration of the religious and civil polities which governed these new dominions of Old France. There dwelt the Bishop, supreme in ecclesiastical power, surrounded by the superiors of the various orde."g, which despatched, from time to time, their missionaries and their martyrs into the remotest parts of this inhospitable region. There dwelt, also, the representative of the King, surrounded by his courtiers and gallants, and by ladies both of French and Canadian birth. The policies of the temporal and spiritual heads of the government of the country were seldom in complete harinony. To the Governor belonged the right of declaring war and of making peace and of conducting and ordering the affairs of New France generally. But to the Bishop was given the administration of the affairs of the Church. Both were hampered by the Intendant, the financial officer of the King. Between these two extremes lay the domain of morals and private life, and the latitude encouraged by a Govarnor who desired to please a restless and unstable soldiery was not to the liking of the more ascetic and pious Bishop. From the first, ceaseless complaints had been carried to the King, who, worn
out with the constant bickerings of men more than a thonsand teagues away, besought them ench in turn to live with the other in peace and Christian fellowship. The Bishop remonstrated with the Governor in vain. Officers, wearied with superintending the buifding of the fort and with the ceaseless guarding of the city from surprise and capture, continued to seek relaxation in gaieties that sometimes partook of licence. The noblesse, living in idteness, if not in affluence, came here in increasing numbers from their domains to join in the revelries of the long winter season.

As one looked from the river landward Quebec presented a pleasing picture. 'The fort and citadel sat like $a$ crown upon the top of the precipitous cliff against whose sides the city proper was buitt, the houses clinging like the nests of sea-birds to its face, whilst skirting the water was a motley array of calins, magazines, cabarets, wharf-sheds, warehouses, tents and what not, a make-up to suit the convenience of travellers and traders atike. The fringe of tand atong the water's edge to the right is the camping-ground of Indians, whether Abenaquis and Montagnais or Hurons, Ottawas and the Algonquins proper, whose hunting-ground lay to the north and west. The large heavy-looking buitdings standing out prominently are the Château St. Louis, the Chitteau de Quebec, the Convent, the Seminary and the great Cathedtal. All are of stone and built to withstand the ravages of time and ill-fortune. Streets, narrow, ill-paved and winding, served for communication, excepting where the town gates intervened. From the Château St.

Louis Frontenac could look far out over the land which he held in trust for the King of France, and often his searching eye seanned the river and the converging trails leading to the city to see if the Ireaded Iroquois were not about to burst in sudden fury upon him again.
"I tell you that Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier will be obeyed."
"And iny whom ?" naked Captain St. Just, with a touch of superciliousness for so grallant a gentleman.
"Ah! yes-by whom?" said Madane Ange, with a sigh. "To think that His Excellency will dare to defy the mandements of the good Bishop. What can he expent to come of it but disaster?"
" Now, come, Madame Ange," said Captain St. Just, in a more persuasive tone. "What earthly har:n can befall through a few plays being performed for the arrusement of a lot of us poor devils, shut up as we are for the best part of our existence. It is too severe. It is inhuman to stop them."
"What have I to say, or you, when the Bishop speaks? It is a very bad example, very ball!" said Madame Ange, decidedly.
"But everybody-all Quebec-is with His Excellency," exclaimed St. Just.
"Thank you, Captain St. Just," and Madarne Ange smiled with quiet triumph.
"Of course I do not mean everybody. I mean -."
"Those who want 'Le Tartuffe' and other caricatures of sacred things," suggested Mac ame Ange.
"Ah! pardon me, Madame Ange," said her visitor,
in lespair, " must we languish in our barracks like flies in winter, plastered arainst the ceiling or the walls?"
"You have heard the manlement?" Malame Ange replied, with trmess.
"I have heard it," said St. Just, "and I may any that His Excellency will not obey it."
"He will-he must. Will he dofy God?" Mmame Ange cried, with animation.

Captain St. Just did not reply.
This conversation took place in one of the sitons of Quebec, to dignify them in accorlance with their assumption of vice-regal ceremony. Madame Ange's house was but a few steps from the Chintenu St. Lonis. Like the rest it was of stone, but inelegantly built. This wes but one of a dundred similar conversations of the day. It was the haughty Frontenac agrainst Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier, Bishop of Quebec. Even the Iroquois and the Now Enghand invaders were sometinıes forgotten in the turmoil. Friends parted from friends with anathon as. Duels were fought. Even the King of France himself was at his wits' end to stop it.
"Monseigneur will triumph in the end. The Chureh always wins," continued Malame Ange.
"Never!" replied St. Just, fiercely, unable to conceal his annoyance longer.
"What of the hundred crowns?" asked Madame Ange, archly.
"A mere rumor got up by the priests. There will be nu comproinise."
"Fiather Le Caron," announced the servant, and the renowned priest advanced into the npartment.

Captain St. Just disclained to await him, and almost rudely seizing Madame Ange's hand in saying goodbye, brusl d roughly past him as ho entered.
" What of this dreadful rebellion against Monseig. neur de Saint-Vallier's authority? When will it end?" asked Madame Ange.
"It is already ended, thanks be to Gexl," replied Fiather Le Caron, calmly. "We should hear no more of it. The Bishop gave to His Excellency one hundred crowns. It was not a bribe, but a bounty to the poor."
"Oh! heaven be thanked," exclained Madame Ange, piously. "I have been so disturbed. Will the plays cease?"
"Of that sort, yes. There is no objection as yet to the others," swid the priest.
"No; that is truc. But will Frontenac triumph ?"
"God alone triumphs," said Father Le Caron, with uplifted land.

## CHAPTER IV.

Black Jolln had become unbearably cross. The haughty nonclialance of the Haron, too, had given way to moorliness and discontent. Tho cahin lud become like an Indian wigwam, dirty and unkempt. Had Marcelle suddenly returned she would have been dismayed at its apperrance.

They sat before the fire as usual.
"Well, what do you say?" asked Black John, with a half sneer.
"Yes; the Huron will go."
"Ha! They would like to catch me in Quebec. They would put a pretty ribbon nbout my neck and give it a jerk to make it secure, eh, Monsieur Huron?" and Black John cnashred his teeth with rage. "But I will go if there were a hundred companies and two hundred excellencies living on the fat of the land. Pardieu! It is terrible. I will show them. I will take Marcelle by force and I will bring her backthe little wretch, to leave me-and we will go to the Blue Mountains. Eh, Huron?"

The Indian nodded his head sedately.
"You have never been at Quebec? No. I have. 1 came from there once. Ha ! Ha !" and Black John laughed gleefully at the thought of illicit brandy and contraband trade and how it had robbed the rich
entrepreneura of many a humlred crowns. "Yes, whell the river opens we will go."
"No trail, then," said the Huron, slyly.
"No. They may follow us and whint enu they nee ? Eh? The water. Eh? Ah! Maruelle, you will not play your old father tricke may more."

As Black John anid this he took a little print out of his leathern poeket. It was of a French peasant girl, but so like Marcelle when litele that he had carefully preserved it. It was his only consolation now, and as he looked at it in the firelight a tear stole down his bhack and wenther-staned cheek. The Huron puta log on the fire.
"Look at it, "Turon," said Black John, in a broken voice. "It is Narcelie."
"No," suid the Huron, ghacing at it sullenly and handing it back aggin.

Jean began to hark furionsly. The Huron went to the door. But Jean put his paws on his master's shoulder and yelped agnin in a whining way.
"Who's there?" demanded the trader.
"It is nothing," replied the Huron.
"Why did Jean bark, then? He is never mistaken. There must be."
"No," said the Huron. "You sny, ' Marcelle."
"Yes, yes ; it is that," cried Black John, weeping copiously and fondling the dog, who stood rendy to bark agnin. "Ah, Marcelle, what made you leave me? It was wicked."

The Huron sat stolidly still, waiting for the old coureur to recover himself.
"We will haidd a canoe and have it $r$ velly for the apring!" said Black John, looking intuiringly at his companion.
" Ves," snid the latter.
"And what had wo becter do abont it ?"
"Make it awift and for three," continued the Huron.
"Yes; if we get Mareelle they will pursue un for Irognois, and if they catch us they will know me for the free-trmer, and they will shoot you, Hurm, surv."
"Yes, I know that; but can you padille?"
"Why?"
"Because Huron will build ennoe for two, then."
"And leave Marcelle ?"
" No; leave you."
"Sicré! Huron, you shall nol. Padille or mo pad"llo, I will go through it all," exchamed Black John, vehemently.
"Why not you stay at home ?" said the Huron.
"And wait till ju come back?"
" Yes."
"I did not think of that. You mean you will go alone and fetch her back here?"
"Yes."
Black John dropped his chin upon his finger in deep thought. "It might be. You will take a small camoe, then?" he said.
"Yes. Carry it through the woorls, too."
"That is true," said Black John, decidedly. "You could travel so much faster. But. will go with you to the Lake of the Sorcerers. It will help you on your way, and then I can prepare the place for us to thy to when pursued."
'then Huron mmiled and nswented. He hal nupreme contidence in his own powers, but none in Black John's, whowe day wens nearly done. Hentood ufinad moved about as if already on the trail.
"Now that this in agreed to I will get the bark and you shall get to work," and Black John went to his store-room, where ho kept his mupply of bark and the moitels of eanoes of different size to build upon.

When they had selected the frame, it was brought in und act down with great care and precision. The Huron then set to work. He tirst of all stretched tho strips of lark and oiled them. Then, binding the cross atrijs, which were of elin, upon the model frame, he wound them semurely together. There was plenty of tilue-wecks yet-till the waters would open, hut his impatience was too great for delny. The strip culds were sewn tightly to the gunwale piece, and the cross strips strengthened with blocks inserted in between. The frail craft was at length completed. She was as stiff ns she was light, and a pride and joy to them both. At the bow the Huron embroidered his totem, and it then remained but to make the paddles. How cerefully he worked at these! He took days to choose and try the wood, and then he cut, scraped and carved it with the dexterity of n sculptor. "In the paddle lies tho speed" was the Huron's motto.
"Ugh ! try that," he said, at last.
Black John leaned upon one side and then upon the other of each paddle. They bounded back like trap springs when he lifted his hand.
"Bemstiful: Well done: :" maid he, with achirntion. "Now for the hot sunn and it will not he long till Marcelle will onco more cune tack to ns. Eh, Ifuron ?"

What time Black John lum lieen able to apmere of his dnys and sighte fiom looking at the building of the canoe and the making of the paldles he devoted to making realy for removin, as that when the Ilimron returned he should be prepared to thee. The lower ticr of pistols, kniver, Inlian work, pipes and thes thousand litelo trinkets of the wilderness stack here and there upon the wall were packed away before the grent head of the moore, the mighty muters of the elk and cariboo and the driad looly of a huge mankinonge that lay along the wall near the ceiling for fully five feat were taken down with enre and deposited upn the floor.
"Will you ent across to the main trail?" asked Black John, as a detail of the escape and llight occurred to him.
"Don't know," replied the lluron, musingly ; "may take to the water again."
"That will be it," cried Black John, enthusinstically. "If you leave the river and portage, it will throw them off altogether, and they will follow the trail."
" Maybe hoth," suggested the Huron.
"Ah! that will be bad," anid Black John, in dismay. "Let the good God protect her. It will be enough."

The deep earnestness of the old trader as he uttered this prayer drew the attention of the Huron, who had been more accustomed to curses from him than aught else. But the chief smiled derisively, since he dis-
dained to call upon his own manitou in times of trial. What he owed to his guardian spirit he gave, but at a time when he was not in need of its assistance. When he was in need he expected to receive its protection without asking for it and as a reward for his faithfulness.

Everything being in realiness for action when the time should come, the Huron set off once more for his traps and Black John to do a littlo trading. To his juy the free-trader met a large purty of Ottawas near where the Dogribs hived, who waited for the noving of the ice to go on to Ville Marie, or Montreal, as it was indifferently called. What better? The Huron could join them, and it would be a long way on his journey. Having made a good trade of beads and brandy for the unpacked fur, besides having arranged for the going of the Huron (and the Hurons were not then friendly with the Ottawas), he returned home in high glee to sit in silence and alone, save for the company of Jean, till the chief should come back. Jean also watched for the chicf's coming, and gave more than one false warning of his approach. At last he did come in, however, tate one wild, cold night, the snow frozen to the fringes of his leggings and little icicles hanging like pendants upon the leathern tassels about his neck. His moccasins, too, were stiff with the long tramp. Hanging up the snow-laden snowshoes, the Huron took his seat by the fire, while Black John fetched the jerked bear's-meat and a bowl of soup.
"Eat that till the soup gets hot," said he, handing
the bear's meat to the Huron and putting the soup kettle on the hook. "I have good news to tell you." He drew a stool over and sat down.
"I met Ottawas at the Dogrib ford this moming," he berran, but the Huron looked sullen and remained silent.
"They are going lown the water trail, too," he continued.

The chief grunted contemptuonsly.
"No, no; yulu are too stiff, Huron. It will be a good thing. I made arrangements for you if you will go. But we can see. What think you?"

The Huron considered, and then relenting, spoke, as usual, briefly:
"Yes; it would be well. I will go."
"Gooll Huron! brave Huron!" said Black John, in ecstasy, patting him on the back; but the Huron scowled and Black John desisted. The Huron was mindful of the inaction of the Ottawas when the Iroquois swept away the Huron villages to the south.
"What if Marcelle refuses to come?" asked the Huron presently.
"Fetch her!" cried Black John, without waiting to swear.
"No," said the Huron, determinedly.
"What the devil do you go for, then ?" asked the trader, bridling up. "Sacré! Huron, it is impossible. You drive me mati. Are we chiliren to be baulked by a girl? Eh? Answer me that?"

The Huron's womded pride had grown at first into a desire for revenge, but it in turn had become lost in
a passionate longing for Marcelle. He could not answer Black John; it was futile. Her image came before his mind's eye with painful clearness. If she would not return he would go far into the wilderness and die, but he had no thought to compel her.

Black John watched the inpassive face for a sign, but there was none.
"Huron, you have no sonl. You are like a piece of ice. You will not melt," and with a sudden petulant energy the free-trader began again his impatient walk up and down the cabin floor.
" No; you will not bring leer at all hazards, whether she will or no. Very well ; I will go, too. I will bring her."

The Huron looked up in surprise.
"Yes, I will go myself ; I will go. I might as well be langed ns stay here," and Black John paused triumphantly to look at the ifuron.
"Why throw your life to the dogs ?" asked the Huron.
"Yes, they will kill me, but I will have seen Marcelle," and the old trader put his hands to his eyes and sobbed like a child.

For a moment the Huron was affected; the long suspense was beginning to tell. Then he shook himself together once more and straightened up. The sudden flash of his eye was like the lighting of a beacon upon a distant hill. It was a signal of something strange ; but he kept his thoughts discreetly to hinself.

## CHAPTER $V$.

When Marcelle obeyed her craving for adventure and gave way to the not umantural desire to visit the great city of Quebec, of which she had heard so much, but which she had never seen or seemed likely to see, she was fully aware of the heartbreak which she would leave behind her. But what of that? She intended to return before the winter cance again, and then she would be prized more than ever, and woukd be able to tell of what she had seen at the city and thus while away the long evenings with her father and the Huron. She had long chafed under the solitariness of her life in the wilderness, where she seldom met with one of her own sex, either white or red, and she felt that it was due to her, although her father thought otherwise, that she should have an outing in the fashionable world and learn something of the ways of city life. Upon Monsieur Latour, as a gentleman, she inplicitly relied. His flattery she took rather as something she could not avoid, yet she was not loth to turn his admiration to her own advantage. The escort was at once a satisfaction of propriety and an affair of distinction, whilst the convent at the city would be, no matter what inight happen, a sure and certain haven of security. For the rest she had no fear. Her life in the forest had rendered her oblivious of the perils
and fatigues of such a journey. It was a chance not to be had twice ; hence her resolve to seiz: it.

When they had reached the main trail and joined the waiting party one of the toboggans was at once made ready for her use. Though she had no fear of walking, which she had practised assiduously since her early youth, both as an exercise and a pastime, she yielded to Monsieur Latour's advice that she should save her strength as much as possible in case of need, since it was not to be supposed tlat she could vie with men inured to travel in such a journey as lay before her. Although accustomed to that spirit of devotion and politeness which is inherent in the natures of the French and the Indian, she now became so much the object of it that she laughed gaily at the ready obedience of the men, who ahmost quarrelled with each other for the honor of drawing her toboggan. Latour walked beside her.
"What think you of pursuit, demoiselle ?" askerl he, addressing her by that abbreviation of title then applied to unmarried ladies. "Is there no danger?"
"Indced, yes," said Marcelle, " if we gro south. I implore you to avoid that, for if the Huron traces us he is likely to do anything."
"He could do nothing against so many."
"Ah, yes, indeed, monsieur ; you do not know him. He is the greatest warrior of the Hurons," replied Marcelle, proudly.

Their conversation was interrupted by the sudlen return of the advance scout. He spoke a few hurried words in a low tone to Latour.
"Blessed Mary! It is the Iroquois," exclaimed the latter. Marcelle turned pale at the announcement.

Soon another scout came in to say that there were only seven.
" Then we must fight," said Latour, giving an order or two.

A short distance back on the trail they had passed a clear open space that led to a bend in the river. T'hither they now retraced their course to take up a position. A crufty Montagnais led the way, followed by Marcelle and Latour, the remainder of the party bri, ging up the rear: After going a few hundred yards the Montagnais took them off the trail and led them back to it again almost at the point waere they had left it. In following them up the Iroquois would have to pass the hiding-place. It was cunningly done, and the men were apportioned out to different trees, behind which they could await the passing foe It was ahnost nightfall before the latter appeared, following the trail, as usual, in single file, but moving boldly and rapidly. It was a time of intense suspense and Marcelle durst scarcely breat. When the Iroquois were well within range of the ambush the Montagnais fired. Before he had time to utter his war-whoop the others had followed his signal. Five of the Iroquois fell. The other two, instead of fleeing, turned and rushed forward into the wood whence the firing proceeded, being over-bold because they were Iroquois. The forest now rang with cries and the sound of fighting, but the number and courage of Latour's men secured the speedy death of their assailants.
"'That was well done, Deersfoot," said Latour, walking up to the Montngnais. "We must now seek shelter for the night. Do you think there are any more of them ?"
"No," replied the Montagnais. "That is the way they travel now-no more than that."

The tents were pitched in a grove of heavy elms, Marcelle's in the centre. The customary preparation and cooking of food was onitted, and all excepting Latour and a !alf-breed turned in. Though fearless at home and among " the friendlies," Marcelle shuddered as she thought of being carried away captive by the Iroquois; but as the night wore on without further sign of molestation she recovered her couracre, and as the dawn broke was slueping soundly. Latour and his companion of the long vigil likewise refreshed themselves with slumber, and it was well on in the day before the journey was resumed, the course this time being directed more to the north, to escape further interruption.

Marcelle had been accustomed to shoot almost from infancy. Although she would have hesitated to shoot a man except in self-defence, she had several fine sets of antlers to her credit and the pelt of an enormous bear.

One day at noon a scout came in with the information that a herd of moose were feeding in the valley beyond. Marcelle was instantly thrilled with the enthusiasm of the chase.
" Let me shoot, too, monsieur," she cried; "I am getting out of practice."

A musket was handed to her, one of the lighter and whorter-barrelled sort, and Latour followed her, the scout learling tho way. Along the trail about half a mile or so they came to a ridge of rock that cut across it at right angles. Mounting this, and working their way carefully, they reached the summit, the scout at last putting up his hand warningly as the moose came in view. Narcelle crawled forward cautionsly, and from behind the shelter of a boulder espied the deer feeding quietly upon their favorite rock-moss, patches of which here and there protruded through the snow. Disdaining thie rest which the ground would have afforded her, she raised her musket, and taking deliberate aim, fired. The scout grinned with delight. Her aim had been true. The others moved quickly off, and the travellers advanced to where the fallen moose lay. He was a fine specimen of his kind, and with the aid of the remninder of the escort was borne to the camp in triumpl.
Having left that part of the forest ronmed by the merciless Iroquois well behind, but little fear of them remained. It was quite possible that they might venture so far into their enemy's country, but not so probable as to occasion alarm. A feeling of security and relief succeeded the constant, if subdued, dreal of the carlier part of the journey. The frequent pines, rising to a great height, afforded a shelter from prying eyes that made the glare of a fire or a colurnn of smoke a matter of indifference. Through the rougher country Marcelle went on foot in preference to the discomfort of being dragged over rocks
and ridges of uneven ground. 'The long journey was gradually nearing an end and signs of appronching civilization began to multiply.

Tracks of snowshoes were visible at frequent intervals, bespeaking the wanderings of Montagnais or of the coureurs-de-bois and their own approach to a rendeavous or centre of pop dation. One of the men attacked by the Iroquois in their dash into the wood had received a severe wound in the arm from a blow of a tomahawk, and every evening as the fire was lighted Marcelle unwound the wrapping and cleansed the wound. On one occasion, as he sat by the fire, she knelt beside him, and having finished the dressing was in the act of assisting herself to rise by putting her hand gently upon his shoulder. Latour had been standing at the opposite side of the fire looking on, when, at sight of this tender familiarity upon Marcelle's part, his jealous wrath burst into a flame. Not waiting to complete the half circuit of the fire, he leaped across it ai.i struck the wounded man a resounding blow upon the head.
"You are shamming, you wretch!" he cried fiercely, " and I bid you get into the woods and leave us. Dog! to deceive us with a scratch a child would laugh at."

Marcelle interfered and stepped between.
"Hold! Monsicur Latour. The man-"
" He is a coward," protested Latour, excitedly.
"No," said Marcelle ; "he is brave. He alone received a wound."

Stung by this supposed reference to himself, Latour's fury redoubled, and, drawing his knife, he made ready to attack the object of his jealous hatred, who
now stood some yads away, but fearless. Marcelle sprang forward und seized him by the arm, screaming for help. The sound of angry voices had reached the ears of the men near at hand, however, and these came into camp on the rum. At Marcelle's lidding they seized Latour and held him till he regnined his senses. "I crave your pardon," maid Latour, blandly. "It looked to me the man was treating you as his equal." "What, then ?" said Marcelle. "It is so. He is brave; he is the equal of any."

Impatient at the prolonged reference to a mere serving-man, and angry at the part played hy himself, which his men would. of course, divine to be inspired by jealonsy, Latour withdrew to his tent in silence. The wounded man, however, declined to advance farther with the party, and struck off sulfenly upoir n course of his own.

When the sun of the last morning rose it was upon a brilliant scene. T's the south, but far away in the distance, glenmed the shining roof of a city temple as a star gleams when first the moon is rising. Beyond an occasional remark from the men, scarce a sound was heard other than the steady tread of the snowshoes on the snow. To Marcelle it was a monent of intense excitement, but she preserved her caln. At the first conviction that it was the great city, the long-desired end of her pilgrimage, a pang of homesickness shot through her bosom and she would have gladly returned to her cabin home, hut with one look of hopeless longing at the forest behind her she turned her face once more towards the city and resolutely journeyed

## CHAPTER VI.

Is a room of the Sit. Louts barracks frontine ugon the square two officers of the Guarl sat oner their wine. The wind was hlowing with great force aud occasionally snow was lashed furiously against the windows. In the brond fireplace the logs burned briskly and the room was filled with a warment and glow that contrasted pleasantly with the weather without.
"They say that His Excellency laughed at SaintVallier, but will yield," remarked La Montagne, a man of years and moderate views. "If it is not untrue, he has yielded already, and yet I do not believe it." "

St. Just turned sharply to the other and said: "La Montagne, you are beside yourself to throw doubt upon the courage of His Excellency or to credit the stupiditios of Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier. What could have been more ridiculons than his conduct at Montreal? The Récollets place De Callicre's priedieu in the aisle where it ouglit to he, but His Lordship, forsooth, finding the passage narrow, puts it to one side without ceremony."
"What! without ceremony, and in a church, too ?" said La Montagne.
"Yes. You are very droll. But it is important that some stand shall be taken, and we must be on one

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side or the other-for His fixcellancy or for the Bishop."
"For Gud or for the King?"
" You are stupid, too. I will not gro oul if you are not more rensonable.
"Yes; I will be wilent. I am for His Excellency," said Lat Montagne, who delighted in teasing his companion, but knew when to stop.
"Now that is ns it should be," said St. Just, "and I know that when it comes hefore the King-"
"The what?" gnsped La Montugne, who had not foreseen the notoriety.
"Yes: it will come before the King-at any rate, before the Sovereign Council-"
"Ah!" said La Montngne, relieved, " of which His Excellency is president?"
"But it is the King's Council," affirmed St. Just, solemnly.
"And will Saint-Vallier run hia head into that noose ?" asked La Montagne, doubtfully.
"I will not listen to such scandal. It is insufferable!'" exclaimed St. Just, rising.
"Chut! mon ami ; I speak as a notary. Did I not play notary's clerk last November?"
"Yes, but this is no subject for chopping logic on. What would His Excellency do if he suffered defeat?" "Take the hundred pistoles," suggested La Montagme, inaliciously.
"Never!" cried St. Just, fiercely; " that he will never do. What! when he turns back the Iroquois and the English alike, to give way to a stupid and turbulent
" But about De Calliere ?" observed La Montagne.
"Yea; he put the Ricolletw under the ban for that," replied St. Just ; " but he camot put Hin Excellency mader the lma, I assure you. Mind you, trado in suffering. 'The coureurd-de-bois, finding supervision lax, are growing insolent and rich. In all my lifoI never saw such dammable conduct. Where wonl. religion be without churches and missions, nud where would churches and misvions be without trade, eh?" St. Just's voice had risen to a high piteh of conviction.
"St. Just," said La Montagne, calmly sending a paff of smoke up anongst the timbers mad settling into an easier position, "you are inimitab) There's nothing like it left in France."
" Send up a bottle," said St. Just, in lisgust.
" Buthear ine," continued La Montagne. "Where did you get this knowledge of religion and ofmorals?"
"Have you heard anything lately ?" nsked St. Just, significantly.
"No. Something new, eh? Let's hnve it," said La Montagne, with energy.
" Oh well! I shall not circulate anything. I merely asked you if you had heard amything, because then we could talk about it."
"I did hear something," said La Montagne, looking at St. Just narrowly.
"What was it?" nsked St. Just.
"Well, my dear fellow, I am in the smme case with you. I have a prejudice against circulating things, you know."
"Alı:" "xiluimel st. Just, dryly; • \& then that madame has tuld yom."
"Ar she has not. But in a demoivelle-"
"Yic. yes; I Auplose as It is a diflerent stary," and it. Just pat mack his head ta laugh with grenter insolenes: "but tha bottle?"
"To tho devil with the ixatle: Came, st. Just, you do not mean to quarrel with me. Kesides I am your muperior wilicer. Ont with it like a friond and a тини."
"You mean a woman ""
" Yes, anything; but ine un."
"There is yet to be a play," smid St. Just, walemmly.
"It will never he. I will wager you tell pistoles," reptied La Montagme.
"Done: The order has been secretly given."
"Not "Partuffe'?" aud Lat Montagne looked quizaical.
" "lo, not 'Thurtufli,' but a better."
"Then the Bishop wins," and La Mantagne langhed triumphantly.

St. Just was amnoyed. "You will see," said he, quietly.
At this moment there was $n$ mise at the gate and a challenge from the sentre:

Both men sprang up. A soldier ran in to inform them that there was a serious riot in the town. Shurriedly putting on their grentconts and ordering a few pikemen and musketeers to follow, they man in the direction indicated by the soldier. 'i. esount of strife and pillaging soon reached their ears.
"It is the coureurs-le-hois arrain," "xelaimed st. Just, ay he ran.
"Yes; they are devils. His Excellency must hang a few more." As La Montagne finished, they turned the corner ind were in full view of the scene of tmmult. The door of the inn heing cipen, a flood of light upon the snow revealed the combat then roing on. Cour-enrs-de-hois and soldiems were engraged in a fierce struggle. The satuge shouts of the former and their desperate energy had alarmed the innkeeper, who had sent to the barracks for help.

St. Just sprang at once upon the mearest outlaw, but failed to bear him down. His companion and the file of solliers following rushed past him into the middle of the mike.
"Prisoners, in the King's mame!" shonted La Montagne, with a voice of authority.

A definnt yell from the coureurs-de-bois was the response. Both sides being out of breath, and the soldiers, though superior in number, being pretty weli used up besides, St. Just determined, during the pause, upon a chatlenge.
"I will fight Lebrun for peace or brandy!" he cried, in a loud voice.
" Lebrun is not here; I ann the captnin," replied a coureur, stepping forward instantly npon hearing the challenge. "What would you have?"
" Peace, in the King's name," replied St. Just.
"Or the gibbet?"
"You know the law."
"But I do not fear it," and with that the agile coureur was upon St. Just like a flash.

The quarters were too close for sword-play, but not for the dirk of the coureur.

St. Just was upon his back in the suow, the coureur grasping him by the throat. La Montagne sprang forward and seizol the outhaw, bearing him over. Instantly the tumult was renewed, hint st. Just, rising, parried La Montugne's thrust.
"It is hrandy; he could have killed me," he said, huskily, and mising his hand.

Thereupon La Montarne give the order to forbear, and without paying further attention to their wounds Lebrun's licutenant and the lwo officers entered the imn.
"What is this all about! Your name?" said St. Just, addressit the conreur, as he mised his grlass in salutation.
"Latour," replied the coureur, frowning suggestively.
"Pray what of him? I have not heard of him for months," asked st. Just, who besides being grateful for his life bore in mind His Excellency's desire to have bat one source of disturbance of the peace of the King at a time, and thilt just now the Bishop.
"He has returned with a captive."
"An Iroquois chicf, l suppose?"
"No, pardieu! the daughter of a coureur." exclaimed the outlaw, with a roar of rage and smashing his glass upon the floor.
"Easy, my friend, easy !" said St. Just, soothingly. "His Excellency will redress a wrong, if it is such."
" If he will not, we will," replied the coureur.
" Let us hear of it," said St. Just.
"Yes; let us hear of it," repeated La Montagne, in a cominanding tone.
"It is not necessary ; the Bishop will protect her," said the coureur.
" Ah ! there it is again," exclained St. Just, unguardedly ; "ahway's the Bishop." And then, changing his tone, "My friend, what is your name?"

The coureur looked at him cumningly. "Jean," said he.
"Jean what; your other name ?" said La Montagne.
The coureur langhed outright.
"We change our numes too frequently to remenber. I forget mine; but I am always Jean."

La Moutagne shrugged his shoulders contemptuously.
"'Then, Jean, if it must be so, what is it you would nay of Monsieur Latour?"
"Nothing," replied the coureur, with a sneer, as he took the glass of brandy handed him by the innkeeper.

La Montagne looked sheepish, but diviued the meaning.
" I'rue, you may not wish to speak ill of one so distinguished in the favor of His Excellency -"
"No; of the Bishop," interrupted St. Just. "Latour is no friend of His Excellency. You remember the-"
"Yes," said La Montagne, taking the hint and correcting himself: "he is high in the favor of the Bishop, but then we must have justice. His Excellency will see to that."

The coureur was interested.

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"Let him tell it, La Montagne. If there has been a wrong it shall be righted. I pledge His Excellency's word for that," said St. Just.

Jean made ready to speak.
"Brandy once more," said st. Just, turning to the innkeeper. As the glasses were filled the coureur glanced from one to the other, and then hegan :
"Six or seven of us came in from Lac St. Josephr, and by the roal youder, where we met a man who had been injured in the forest," said he, printing in that direction. "We travelled all night and brought with us a heavy pack. We had passed the Tête du Ceri when we saw men ahread coming our way. We slipped into the bush, thinking it might be one of the noblesse or of the Intendant's party. They came along and we heard the sound of weeping. It was very soft, but not too soft for us to hear. It was a woman. Her head was down and her face lidden. The rest marched in front and behind in silence. One of my men twitched me by the sleeve. 'Latour,' he whispered. It was true; that was the brute. It was he who killed the squaw. Just then I saw the red patch of buckskin and I sprang into the road. 'Halt!' I cried. Latour would have brushed me aside, but could not. 'What have you there ?' I asked. Instead of answering he called to his men and drew his own sword. There was a flash, and a bullet went through my coat here at the shoulder, but my men came down too quickly for the otliers to fire.
"' What is this? How dare you stand in my way? I an Monsieur de Latour.' 'Who shot the squaw and
who struck Sigurd in the forest;' I said. He was furious. 'Know, Monsieur le Baron de Latour, that she was the friend of the coureurs-de-bois, and now-' Pardieu! but with n scremm the woman was at my feet. 'God be thanked!' she said! ; you will not see me suffer. I am one of you. I mm the daughter of Black John. I begr of you to anve me from this traitor.' She was very beautiful. I took her from him. I knew Black Johm. We did not waste words. She is with the nums. He will not strike Sigurd again so quickly."

La Moutague and St. Just would have lieard inore, but the coureur assured them that there was no more. 'The two officers looked at each other for a moment, and, with the interchange of a word or two, made ready to depart.
"You have done well, Monsieur Jem," said St. Just, extending his hand, which the coureur took. "We will not forget yon. You are both good and brave, I see."

La Montagne followed his companion's example, and then they passed out of the door, and, with a word to the soldiers, who formed and marched away, turned in the opposite direction. After lenving the hair and wig-dresser's, where their disordered apparel and headgear were attended to, they took the direction of the convent.
" There will he trouble over this," said St. Just.
"It was very unfortunate. Where are you going now ?" said La Montagne, who nlways left matters of policy to his more astute companion.
" T'o the convent," replied St. Just. "We must tell

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this woman that she is under the protection of the King. At all hazards we mast keep things quiet and out of the hands of the Bishop. Satour is a fool."
"A common wench! Pshaw ! what does it matter ?" said La Montagre, puffing out his lips.
"Not to us, truly, but you see it matters to the courcurs-de-bois, and, by Henven! if they join the Bishop we shall have to treat with the Iroquois, and then what will the King say?"
"His Majesty is semding a regiment at this time," retorted La Montagne.
"Yes," laughed St. Just; "like all the promised regiments, a few soldiers of the line and officers of the nobility, who are more intent upon beaver-skins and Iroquois."
"But a humdred thousand crowns-"
"Yes, yes; 1 know a hundred thousand crowns is a great temptation, but who will pay it if the English succsed? The forts are useless along the river. Except at Quebec ten men and an officer could set us at defiance," said St. Just.
"Yon exaggerate. What of Trois Rivieres, Champlain, the Saut, eh ?" asked La Montagne. "What of an officer and ten men there? Not so fast, iny comrade; there is reason in all things."
"You do not see far enough, La Montagne," replied St. Just. "The English have inade many attacks even upon the city itself. They are but recently driven off. They are planning, we know, for a descent upon Acudia, while to the west all is in the hands of the accursed Iroquois. So sure as the war goes on, or
begins agnin in Europe, there will be a sudden cutting off of all supplies from France. With ourselves we are on the brink of a civil war. Monseigneur is determined to set military and eivil power at maught, relying upon prayers and miracles. Under such conditions the English will not fail next time. Then the coureurs-de-bois, hearing that His Excellency no louger has supremacy, will ignore the laws of trude altogether. 'They are so insolent now that they walk in and out of the city as they see fit, and, as we have seen, do not fear to brawl with us and treat us with contempt."
"Ah! if Frontenac wished he could wind these fine fellows up in short order," said La Montagne, reassuringly ; "but just now he is thinking of more important things. This quarrel with the Bishop is unfortunate."
" Yes, and worse," said St. Just ; "and we must do all we can to checkmate His Lordship."
"You think, then, that the rumored settlement of the difficulty is untrue?" suggested La Montagne.
"I have alrady expressed my opinion. When men quarrel they do not forget it as readily as they pretend. If there is a truce, we must use it to strengthen our defences and mark-"
"Here we are," said La Montagne. "We had better hold our peace. What do you propose to do?"

They were in front of the main door of the great Ursuline Convent.
"Let us hear what this woman has to say. We may forestall an intrigue."
" Agreed ! although we may easily meddle too much without instructions. You must do the talking."

## CHAPIER VII

When Latour and his party came in sight of Quebee the light of a glorioms morning was, as we have said, enhanced hy the gleaming of church spires and of the windows of the houses that here and there caught the sums rays and sermed aglow with flame.
"We will enter by the eastern gate," said Latour, at the same time making $a$ sign to the man in advance, who, since they were out of the forest and free of danger, had fallen back near the main borly. Instantly the course was changed, bu' as the sign, not as the words, indicated.
"Is that the comvent?" asked Marcelle, pointing to a luge building that began to loom up as they approached.
" No; that is the Chateau SSt. Louis, the residence of His Excellency:"
"And that?" she asked agrain.
"It is the Chiteau de Quebee you see yonder."
"But can we not see the convent? Is it not large emough?"
"It is indeed harge (nough," Latour replied, smiling; "but the buildings which you have already seen hide it from view. You will be able to see it from the gate. Do you see that great house yonder where the group of trees is ?" and he pointed to the west, where, just 5
over the brow of the hill, it came prominently into view.
"Oh, what a lovely place:" exclaimed Marcelle, with rapture, as she cunght sight of the fine structure and its surroundings. "It must be the house of some great lord to be so higg as that."
" It is mine," sail Latour, quietly, at the wame time watching the effect of his ammomement.
"Ah! Monsienr Latour, you must be very rich and great. Yon have been deceiving us. Yon do not trade, I am sure?" said Marcelle.
"On the contrary, I do enguge in trade-not persomally, perhaps; but then we all do, even His Excellency himself," said Latour.
"Is it so very profitable!" asked Marcelle.
" Very," replied Latour: "In a few years we make enough money to roturn-to go to France and to the court of the King if we like, where everything is so great and splendid."
"Have you ever been there?"
"Yes; three yeurs ago I was received in audience by His Majesty. There were many of the great men and women of France there, too. I remember well the Duchess de Naganure, the loveli st woman in Frunce. She was very pleasant to me,-indeed, it was the remark of the court; but lest I should make the King jealous, I withdrew. It would have stood in my way. I am to be made a duke for services in the war. If I had had $n$ wife the decoration would have been conferred a year noo ; but then I was not at that time in love."

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"You are, then, in love now, monsieur !" said Marcelle, gaily. "She will, no donbt, be long since remly to welcome your return."
"I wish it were so," he replied, solemmly.
"You are afraid, then, that whe will have forgotten you! Fie! monsienr, women are not like that-certainly not in the forest. When we women of the forest are in love, it is all we have and all we think of."
"Ah! then jou have been in love!" mad Iatour, smilly.
"No, no!" snid Marcelle, yuickly. "You have mistaken me. I did not suy what I did or thought. I spoke of the women of the widderness. We are not so many thint we do not know."
"But you yourself are all French, are you not?" asked Latour. "Your mother was French?"
"No; my mother was Huron, the daughter of a chief shain by the Iroquois-but where are we going to? The gate is there, is it not? We are going away from it," and the sudden change in Marcelle's tone indicated some alarm.
"Just for the moment," said Latour. "I want to show you my estate and its beauties -"
"But I would rather go another time, monsieur," said Marcelle, halting and looking questioningly at Latour.
"If you do not go now you will not be able to go at all. I know how the grod sisters will do. They will say that you are young and innocent, and that you must not go anywhere without their permission and
escort. But what they would not mind since it has been done they wonld frown upon if it werenbont to be madertaken. It is one of the most bemutiful places in the world, ns you have seen. Lat ne move puickly and we shall bee lack it the gatelefore nightfall. My old honsekeeper will be so ghal to see yom. Sot out, men: alvance:"

Bat Mareelle atcoul atill. She hala frightened took, mal turned her "yes repenterlly fowarle the city.
"Mareelle," saill Latomi, stomly, "I will explnin to you when yon wish, but in the mantime we must advance. You are makind."
"I will not go, monsienr," waid Mareelle, timuly. "I will go to the convent myself." and she turned in her tracks and made ofl' townals the city.
"Halt, Mareelle! How dare jon defy ma!" eried Latour, red with rage. Seeing her hastening her pace, he sped after her. "I will show you that I mom not to be defied," mail he, reaching out and seizing her by the arm.

Marcelle screamed, mod with a sudden blow knocked his hand loose, but in a moment he had seized her ugain and was holding her firmly. 'Two of his men had followel him and drew near.
"Bring the sted here und the ropes," saial he, nugrily.
"But you will not bind me?" eried Marcelle, in terror.
"I shall, indeed, and to the sted, too, and drag you alung like a dead pis."

Marcelle put her head in her hands and wept. Then the thought of captivity roused her to maduess.
"You will not dare," whe cried, definntly, mul for a moment she lost all fear: But the approach of the men with the aled, tho evident determimation of her captor to carry ont his threat, and her own helplessness, caused her heart to sink within her.
"Oh, let we go," whe plember. "I will not tronhle you any more. Yon have had a mother and perhaps a sister. 'Ihink of them and-"
"I inean you ho larim, Marcelle," mail Latonr, gently, "Far fron it. I wonld shay the man who would ofler violence to yon, but since I have said before my men that yom minst visit my chatean with lue first, after which I will comluct you to the rity-"
"That camot matter to so great it gentleman," said Marculle, tearfully. "I will npeak well of you to the men."
"Marcelle, you mast go with me and at once," said Latomr, angrily, as he chave an apprehensive glance along the road leading to the city.

The men advanced to bind her, inat sho turned and went with thein unresistingly. Thry walked beside her, whiting for further orders. Marcelle and lier captors had melvanced in this way some little distance to the edge of the woon when a man bouded smidenly from a clamp of firs down to the rom in front of them.
"Halt!" lie cried. "Why is the woman weeping ?"
"Stand aside, you scoundrel," cried Latour, in a passion.
"The man who killed the squaw!" exchimed the stranger, with supreme insolence.
"Fire!" cried Latour, in a sudden frenzy of rage.

Two of the men only, having been ready for the word, fired ; the others looked hastily to their flinte. But the atranger's companions had leapect down at the word "fire" and in n moment had seized Latour's escort and held them prinoners

Marcelle's feelings were now divided between grief and fear. She stood waiting for the atranger to apenk. Latiour awore and threatened, but it was of no avail.

With consummate coolness the outlaw walked up to Marcelle, and taking off his topue, lenned forward, looking at her neckilress closely.
"Where do you come from?" he auked.
"From the lake of the Hurons," mail Marcelle, wonderingly.
"Humph! Do you know Black John?"
"My father!" exchimed Marcelic. "What do you know of him?"
"Of the coureurs-le-hois. You are a prisoner?" he asked again, glancing quietly at Latour:
"I am," said Marcelle; "hut what would you do ?"
" Liberate you," said he; "I am a coureur-de-bois." At these words Marcelle rushed forward and threw herself, half-faintiug, at his feet.
"You are too good!" she cried; "it is the Blessed Virgin," and she began to recite hurriedly a prayer.

Mennwhile the chief of the coureurs, whon we recognize as Jean, gave orders that Latour and his men should turn towards the city.
"Monsieur Iatour will go, too," said Jeun, mockingly, ns the former showed a disinclination to start.

Marcelle walked by the sidu of her reacuer. "You will take me to the convent, monaienr, I heg."
"Wherever yon wish," satil the comrenr, gallantly ; "yon are the daughter of one of us, und once, long ago, Black John anved my lif.
"And now you have sur.... 'mlle. • "uieur," maid Marcelle, gratefilly.

"Yes," maid Marcell. the is. \& t it eleft of the trail."
"But that was, lot 1.... 1.......ans ngo. You are not so old as that ?"
"Yes, I min, monsienr-hom. it Ler, sul Marcelle, smilingly, for she was begimmadi whan courage and self-possension.
"I thought so," said the conrenr, in a matter-of-fact way. "The Iroquois were ratiding and the King's officers were not on the trail of traders. Those were harder times than now by a grood dent. Why, I would have been strung up to a post then if I had walked near the city. But now I go free. Frontenac is afraid of the English. They all trade, too. The King pays for nothing. The laws against us are no good. It used to be that no man could go to the woods for more than a day. Now they go when they please. But it is better. It is better to be free. What were these devily doing?"

Marcello was startled by the abruptness of the question.
" Monsicur Latour wished me to visit his bif honse yonder before groing to the convent. I did not wish to do it, and he insisted."
"You did well," mail Jeme, emphatically. "Latour is a bad man. He killed a splatw of the Abemapuis for nothing at all. 'They will kill him now: He deserves it. He is a bad man. But it is all right now. I will see you safo into the convent."

Marcelle again expressed her gratitude.
"But what of my father and the cabin?" she avkel.
"Your mother-"
"My mother is deal," said Maredle, sally.
"Dead! what a pity! She was tha finest woman of the Hurons-tall : taller than gou.
" Did yon know Metawa?" abled Mareelle.
"Who is he ?"
"The Huron," said Marcelle, disat!pointedly:
Jean tooked at her quizaically, but her eyes were in the distance.
" But your siory, monsicur! You forrot what you were going to say," maid Mareelle.
"One wild night." resumed the coureur, " the wolves were after me, but I mon a hong why when I heard them. I was tirel, and jont as I was giving up I heard the crunch, crunch of snowshoes on the ham snow. I called out as loud as ever I condd, but there was no response. Then I heard the showshoes coming nearer: It wis Black Jolin. He took me to his cabin near by. I would have been caten by the wolves but for him. My atrength was gone and it was very cold. Your mother rubbed my foot. It was nearly frozen. She gave me soup, and I sat by the fire. But that was twenty years aro. I think there was a little baby. I dial not see it, hut I herall it ery:"
"Yes," said Marcelle ; "it was in a little roomat the side. Tlint was I."
"Yes, yes; that must have heen you. You are here now. The convont is that big place there. 'Then I will turn the traitors off and let them go into the town."

The party halted before the great door of the Virsuline Convent. Jean made a sign to Mareelle and she went forward and knocked. The door opened stowly, bat was elosed instantly and bolted when the muns saw the character of the visitors. Then Jean went forwand and struck the door sharply with the hilt of his hanting knife. The door opened arain, but ouly on the half-chain. Marcelle began to speak and then the sister called her to come close. Presently the door swung wide open and Marcelle entered.
"Adien, monsicur!" anid Marcelle, turning abont and waving her hand to the courear. "I shallabays pryy for you. Adien, mieu!"
The comeur doffed his togue and howet, and as the door closed he turned away. He hal prid a lebt and was satisfied.
"Marche, done!" cried the couremr, and as the words died on his lips the men and their prisoners resumed their mareh and disappeared down the street.

## CHAPTER VIII.

"WILL you be good enough to inform Mother de l'Incarnation that Major La Montagne and Captain St. Just present their compliments and would respeetfully await her pleasure."
'lhis stilted pronouncement of an ordinary salutation, delivered through the erack of the half-opened door of the Ursuline Convent, was sufficiently ridieulous to cause Major La Montagne to sinile.
"What is all this fuss about, St. Just? You are carrying your diplomaey to ridiculous lengths surely when you send a message thus, just as if we were outside the drawbridge of a great castle."
"That is just what it is, my dear fellow. This is a great castle and this big door the portcullis," repeated St. Just.
" Nonsense!" said La Montagne. "Do you intend also to kiss the Mother Superior's hand?"
"I do not," replied St. Just, hotly, " but if you see nothing in all this after our conversation and agreement, perhaps we had better retire."
"In good order, eh? No, we shall not retire without liaving met the enemy."
"The Mother Superior is ill at present, but Sister St. Aubert will see you if you so desire. She is the superintendent of the convent," said the nun, returning.
"Certainly," said St. Just; " we shall see Sister St. Aubert."

They entered the convent and were shown into a small reception-room.

The nun hurried awny.
"When we see Sister St. Aubert, what do you propose to say?" inquired La Montagne.
"What the exigencies of the moment may repuire in behalf of His Excellency," said St. Just.
"Ah!" exchimed La Montagne, twiddling his thumbs and looking at the pictures of the saints and martyrs adorning the walls.
Sister st. Aubert entered the roon and looked warily about in the half-light.
St. Just and La Montague promptly arose and remained standing, the former howing deeply, till the good sister invited them to be reseated.
"I suppose, Sister St. Aubert," began St. Just, "that you are reasonably desirous of knowing to what you are indebted for this visit."
"Yes, monsieur," rephied Sister St. Aubert, pleasantly.
"This, my companion, is Major La Montagne of His Excellency's Guard, and I an Captain St. Just of the same corps."

Having satisfied himself that this was not an ill beginning, he continued:
"You know His Excelleney is most desirous of putting down the disorders which have lately grown up in the woods and are beginning to manifest themselves in the city. We understand that a young
wommn now in your care has experienced treatment which has not escapel the attention of His Exce!lency's officers."
"Unfortunately what you state is true," replied sister St. Aubert, earmestly.
" Do yon know the facts?" asked St. Just.
"Yes. The young womm came to the door of the convent in charge of a band of conreurs-de-bois with some other prisoners," replied Sister it. Aubert.
"You took her in?"
"Yes. She hal been reseued from her comluctors."
"Do you kniow the mame of her comductors?"
"We do," said Sister St. Aubert, cautiously, " but just now would prefer to say nothing. The girl is safe."
"Quite so," continned St. Just, a little baffled, but with a becoming smile. 'Then, after a pause, "You know, if we could leam the names of the offenders His Excellency could punish them."
"We would prefer to acouse no one at present," said Sister St. Aubert.
"Could wo see the girl!" asked Lit. Just, innocently.
Sister St. Aubert thought for a moment, when, to his delight, she agreed and left the roon.
"Mon dien! you are a diplomatist surely if we see the girl," said La Montagne.

St. Just drumned his fingers upon the frame of the chair and looked wise.

A nun entered with two more candles and placed them upon the table.
"That is better," said La Montarnar; " now we shall be able to see her when she does come."

Marcelle was startled when Sister St. Aubert brought up the visitors' request, but she phaced herself altofother at the sister's diseretion. A little attention to dress followed and then they went down.
'This time beth St. Just and La Montagne bowed very profounlly, and the latter showed a disposition to asmme the pasition his rank entitled him to, notwithstanding their agreement.
"A most terrible uatmage has been perpetrated arganst the prace and dignity of His Majesty the King and of His Fixcellency the Count de Frontenac," atid La Montugne, addressing Marcelle.
"There has indeed," put in St. Itust, "and we have come to learn, at the lady's will and plensere, some particulars of it that we may proced before Ilis Exeellency and his commei! to necuse the proper party."

Marcelle was silent, hat at a whispred word from Sister St. Aubert sle bergan:
"Monsieur Latour came to the cabin of my father, who is known as Black John, the comremr-de-bois. He persuaded me to come to Quebee and told me I shonld be receivel at the court of His lixcellency - " "And so you shall," sail St. Just, "xultiarly. "Pray proceed, in the King's mame."
"Then I made ready and with his escort accompanied him, but when we came to the city he wished to turn off ant ge to his own house that lies far out there to the westward."
"A most villainons proceeding," said St. Juast solemaly. "We are indebted to youl for the information. You were resencd by a comreur-de-bois, we
"Yes; but for him and his men I should not have reached the convent so soon," replied Marcelle.
"It is well to find these rampers of the wilderness as ready to do a good dead as they are able to do a bad one," continued St. Just. "We shall not detain you at the present longer. Pray convey to the Nother Superior, Sister St. Anbert, the profound sense of the obligation we are under: His Excellency, I am sure, will notify you at my request of his pleasme that you should appear at the Chateau."
"I shall look to that," said La Montugne, muthoritatively. Both men bowed agnin and took their drparture.
"Pardieu! La Montagne, but that girl will make a *"nantion at court," said St. Just, when they were clear 1f the baiding. "I have never seen such eyes and stich dazaling skin. It accomets for Latour's madness."
"Do yon think His Excellency will be pleased to "ear of your promises?" asked La Montagne, dubiously.
"Mon dieu! Yes. She will be the sensation of the hour. She will be under His Excellency's protection instead of the Bishop's. Is not that of some importance?"
"You mean the sensation?"
"Yes. It is all sensation, and it will show the King how little Saint-Vallier is doing for the peace of the country while we are working night and day. If the Bishop should take the matter up he could make trouble for His Excellency. Latour was in His Excellency's favor, at any rate a twelvemonth ago. It would be easy to inake out a case. The noblesse in

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the especial favor of His Excellency resorting to violence and rapine would ent a sorry tigure if Monseigneur took up the matter of the comintry's unrest and intermal disturlmuces. There would los another. recall, or I mamistaken. It is a murow escape and we must look to it."

La Montagne "yed his companion closely during this discourse.
"What do yon now propose to do!" he asked.
"I propose to no (") His Excellency and lay the whole affair before him. He will see what you do not," replied St. Just.
"Aml the procurator?"
"Low here, my dear comrmle. 'these procmrators and deputies nre more interested in keeping their positions than in informing His Excellency of the true state of affairs. I shall see His Eixcellency himself."
"And I had better go with you," suggested Ia Montagne.
"Decidedly. Officers of the Cuard should know all about these things and work together for each other's good, or else how shall we ever git promotion? Duroe is in charge of the artillery of the seventh corps in La Vendre. He would still be kicking his hrels in this barbaric country and running the risk of losing his sealp at every turn had he not been diplomatic."
"I forget. What did he do ?"
"What did he do? Mon dieu! hear him:" exclaimed St. Just, impatiently. "Did he not find the brandy in the Island of Orleans? Did he not pich

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up Madane Piequart's henigear when it was about to be carried into tho Sit. Lawrence by the wind? Did lie not cry 'Firu!' in time to anve the chintean ?"
"No, he did not," said Lat Monturne, emphatically. "Ihe chatemu was burned."
" Yeen, yes; I know that But he called' Fire!' in time to save it if there had been seldiers enongh sober to carry water. It was not his fimalt."
"Is this the sort of stulle you wish to deal in when the guestion of the day is whether Firnee or Fingland shall own a continent!" intpinimel La Montagne, sarcastically.
"My dear combrale, such questions as those are for the hig people of France and lingland and for His Excellency: They are not for as. Some day when we get to be bisp people we will speak of those. In the menntime it is necessmy to grow big."
"And this is what you call growing lig. Pah!" smid Ia Montagre, disunstedly.
"Very well. If you will not, you will not. I can do nothing with yon. I will gro myself," said st. Just.
"Then I shall leave it all to you, but come at once and tell me how it came off when yon have done."
"That I shall ; we are bothers," vaid St. Just.
The lights of the fort were shining brightly across the show when the two officers reachel their puarters. From the deep recessen of the windows their shafts of light shot out into the night, enabling one to see the sentries as they paed smartly to and fro in order to keep warm. Voices within were raised in discussion. The young subalterns, bit lately arrived from

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France by the King's appointment, wero loasting of what they were going to to.
"Ah! he will kill an Iroquois chief, will he?" said La Montagne, as he overheard the boast. "Perhinps he will change his mind about that."

St. Just passed on in and went to his own room. His mind was on fire with the possibilities that were seemingly within ensy reach. He resolved to dress himself appropriately and visit His Excellency without delay. Ringing the bell, he directed his servant to prepare his wig forthwith. It was no small affair, this wig of visitation and ceremony, and gave its wearer, at lenst in his own eyes, a certain imposing air that carried weight. His coat of maroon velvet, rolled and open at the neck, with fluted skirt and ruffled sleeves, rested neatly upon his brond, square shoulders, and yet did not draw close enough to hide the rich embroidery of the waistcont. His boots, also, of the latest style from Paris, rose a little more than ankle high and fell back at the top in folds held in their place by bands of silken string. His plumed hat did not ill become him, and with his sword and walking-stick, both of which were carried by every well-ordered gentleman of the day, and gloves as well, he was no discredit to the circle of diplomacy which he had resolved to enter. It was yet an hour to tea-time and a favorable moment to intervicw His Excellency in secret. Stepping into the square once more upon his solitary mission, he pulled his cloak about him to protect him from the snow which the searching east wind every now and then caught up and whirled suddenly about.

## CHAPTER 1X.

I'us: Chiteau St. Louis, the officinl residence of the Governor of New Frnince, whs built partly of word and partly of stone, and what it lacked in denign it made up in the strength and massiveness of ith construction. It was a large buildihg, also, and held, besides the Governor and his wife, the members of him fanily and suite. Of guesta, too, there was usually a large number, consisting mainly of members of the Royal Court spending a holiday amidst the romantic mid strange scenes of the most extensive and farthest distant province of the French King, and feeling anew and with greater intensity the enthusiasin of a youth jaded by the stiffness and insipidity of the Court of Vernailles. The diplomatic corps dwelt there also, whose business, but by no means their pleasure, it was $t_{1}$ checkmate the combined attempts of English and Iroquois upon the Acadian and Canadian provinces without resorting to actual war, which threatened, by its constant recurrence, to turn the profit of trade into a source of poverty and weakness. Fighting for a kingdom of vontinental range ns they were, every now success of the English of Boston or of the French of Cannda was received at the English Court or at that of France with corresponding joy or disappointmont. Reputations were made, or more often lost, in

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this diplomatic content; hence it was that men of prominence and distinction graced the conrt of frontenac much beyond the importance of the province or of its neparent requirements the line of territorial demareation might apparently have been made moros secure between the French mal English by the building of stronger and more mamerous forts along that line; but the building of forts upen the Canalimen frontior would really have had a counter-eflect, since whilst it might keep off the Iropuois it would furnish also a secure base of attack upon them for the Indian allies of the French, who were ouly too anxious to begin hostilities if with a prospect of sucerss. This would have effectually diminished the profluct of the Canadian fur-trade, without which forts mad allies alike would have been worse than useless. Diplomacy, therefore, took the place of forts and lines of defence. At the Chintenu lived also at all times a certuin humber of the Canadian noblease, who by right of blazonry on the one hand, and by reason of their relationship to the people of the colony and to the turbulent and haughty coureurs-de-bois on the other, were entitled to and received the distinction. The noblesse formed, indeed, the connecting link between the governor and the governed, without which it would have been, especially in the case of the coureurs-de-bois, impossible to proceed. Then, too, the noblesse were a source of strength by reason of their knowlelge of the country; and although their obligntions of holding of the Crown were discharged by the ceremony of faith and homage, their military and civil services


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were of much greater valuc. Likewise they served to perpetuate the monarchical institutions of Old France, a most important service, even if on all ordinary occasions their gain was greater than their giving. Beyond the priests and confessors of the houschold, the clergy lived in their own establishments. 'To these permanent residents with the royal governor may be added the occasional explorers and adventurers of rank and distinction, who were aceustomed to spend a few days at the Chaiteau both on arriving from France and on returning from the interior of the wilderness.

When St. Just was ushered into the presence of His Excellency he was met by a reserve which, though to a certain extent accustomed to, he now found chilling in the extreme.

Frontenac stood with his back to the fire and never so much as deigned to ask the reason of the visit.

As it was make or mar, and assuredly would be the latter if he did not pluck up courage and give utterance to his thoughts, St. Just began :
" May it please your Excellency, the daughter of a coureur-de-bois has been immured in the Ursuline Convent."
" By whose order ?" asked Frontenac, gruffly.
"She was brought in by MonsieurLatour, who promised that she should see Your Excellency. He has just returned with his party of voyageurs," continued St. Just.
"What does this mean? Is it some further villainy of the-" Here Frontenac stopped.

St. Just continued: "Your Excellency, this woman
is a daughter of the famous Black John, who is said to have a strain of nobility in his blood. Latour was upon one of his exploring expeditions when he came to the cabin of Black John. It seems he was fascinated by the beauty of his daughter, for so it must have been, and he induced her to come to Quebec under the protection of Your Excellency."
"Is she of good report?" asked Frontenac.
"For aught I know, and looks it. She spurned Latour and reached the convent of the Ursulines, where she now is.
"I am interested," said Frontenac, directiug his visitor to a chair.

St. Just was delighted and watched the countenance of Frontenac eagerly.
"She was rescued, Your Excellency, by the coureurs-de-bois," said St. Just.
"And placed in the convent?"
"Yes, Your Excellency, but that wa:" where she had herself wished to go."

Frontenac was now decidedly interested as the details of a possible conspiracy agrainst the civil power presented themselves to his view.
"But i thought you said just now that Latour had induced her to accompany him since she was to be received at court?"
"It was thus, Your Excellency."
"Then why is it that she seeks the convent, not, as you have said, was immured there?"
"Your Excellency knows that the convent is always the place of refuge of the modest and defenceless."
"You are an olficer of my guard?"

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"Yes, Your Excellency."
"And expect promotion?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Then see to it that she leaves the convent and comes to the Chitenu. Make what promise you like. Within certain limits I give you a free hand."

Frontenac moved towards the door. St. Just lowed deeply and retired.
"Ha! What will that beast La Montagne now say?"
The sound of a distant bell warned him to be quick if he would reach the convent before closing.

Once more he stood before the massive door and heard it creak in the opening.
"What do you wish ?" asked the nun, peering out.
"I come, most sainted sister, from His Excellency, with a message for the ranger's daughter."

Upon hearing such important news the nun hurried away. St. Just awaited patiently her return.

At length Marcelle re-appeared, but, as before, in company with Sister St. Aubert.

St. Just, though unable to distinguish the identity of Marcelle except by her voice, did not onit to make one of his courtly and insinuating bows. His plumed hat he held in his hand, though at the imminent risk of catching cold.
"I ain from His Excellency the Count de Frontenae and Governor of New France and of such other possessions as lie under the dominion of His Majesty," he siid, solemnly. "His Excellency has directed me to say, that having heard that one Monsieur Latour has mistreated you and misdirected you regarding his
intentions, to the annoyance and discomfrit of His Excellency, that therefore he requests you to enter the precincts of the Chatenn, there to abide under the immedinte protection of Her Excellency and himself until such time as, having inquired into the case in hand, he shall be enabled to do justice and award punishment. Thereupon His Excellency will send you back to this sacred abode under escort befitting the dignity of your station and of His Excellency whose guest you are."

Marcelle was nonplussed by this long and grandiloquent harangue, yet since it came fronn His Excellency she was duly inpressed by it.
"Will monsieur wait?" asked Sister St. Anbert.
"I am at your service," said St. Just.
It being long past the hour of twilight, and against the rules of the convent that risitors should be allmitted within the portal at such a time, St. Just continued to wait without upon the steps, kicking his heel., and stamping his feet to keep them warm. This time there was a longer interval than before between the rppearance and re-appearance of the portress, but at last the door reopened.
"The Mother Superior directs me to convey to His Excellency her profound obligations for the honor of his message and of your visit, monsicur, but it is impossible that the demoiselle should leave the convent to-night," she said.
"Shall I come in the morning ?" asked St. Just.
"We wilh send His Excellency word," said the nun, who then abruptly closed the door.
"Pardieu, this is growing complicated," thought St. Just, as he wheeled into the street. "We shall see if in the morning Monseigneur de Snint-Vallier will consent to give up his prize."
Pondering deeply upon this problem, he had not gone many steps when the idea of a probable and valuable ally occurred to him. To the house of Madame Eernard-Pallu he hied without delay. Madame Bernard-Pallu du Crespigny-such being her full title-was a lady of influence not only at court, but wherever else she chose to exercise it. Her shrewdness was such that she had remained a good friend both of the Governor and of the Bishop throughout a misunderstanding which had done more even than the Lioquois and the English together to unsettle Canadian affairs and to disturb the King.
St. Just, however, was not to be trifled with or imposed upon by protestations of friends'ip unless the usual proofs were given and received. This he showed plain!y to Madame Bernard-lallu in the very first stage of the interview. Failing in these, she was perplexed, but revolving in her mind the penalties of a refusal of the request, which, after all, was merely that she chould see Marcelle and should picture to her in glowing terms the pomps and pleasures of the court, thereupon leaving the leaven to work of itself, she was fain to consent, relying upon her ability to conceal from the Mother Superior the true motive of her visit.
"But who is this Marcelle? Some wildcat of the woods, I suppose?" said Madame Bernard-Pallu.
"Nay," snitl s't dust, craftily, "she is lovelier than Elise Bérunger."

Now b:lise Beranger was the daughter of Mmbue Bermard-Pallu's rival at court. Though childless herself, she was umble to repress her envy when Malame Beranger held the attention of their bixcellencies by moms of the bematy and aminbility of her daughter ľlise.
"You say she is lovely. Do you mean really benutiful?" asked Madame Pallu.
"Under finvor she surpasses in beanty all the youner ladies of Qnebece," said St. Just, solemmly:

Mndame Bernard-Pallu meditatel. It was n serions step.
"I will see this girl and bring her to my house in the morning," she snicl, fimally.
"No, malame; it is not that which I want. I am desirous of having the authorities of the convent consent to Marcelle's going to the Chateau, and what is even more important-that Marcelle should wish to go, and thereby of her own accord put herself under the immediate protection of His Excellency."
"Yes; I see your meaning. I shall do what I can. But what has become of Latour?"
"I do not know," said St. Just, "further than that he protests against insinuations and asserts that he has been misjudged."
"What does His Excellency say?"
"Oh! he intends to punish him-that is, I suppose, if Marcelle does not make it difficult by remaining under the protection of the Bishop."
"Does His Lordship know that this girl is umler his protection?"
"I do not think so. It is so recent that he can scarcely have heard, but it is certain that he will have heard before long."
" Yes, of course ; since you have made your request in His Excellency's name," observed Madnme BeruarlPallu. "What do you think will come of it ?"
"That depends upon two things," said St. Just.
"What?"
"Upon whether Marcelle wishes to shine amid the splendors of the vice-regal court, or prefers to remain hidden behind the thick walls of a convent."
"To become a nun?"
"Yes; that is it."
"But suppose that the Bishop makes it a matter of religion and of conscience?" asked Madane BermardPallu.
"Then lie will be prepared to go any lengths, and it will re-open the whole quarrel. This must be prevented at all costs. Marcelle will never dare to disobey the orter of the Bishop. Of that we may be certain. But then she could leave the convent before she receives His Lordship's order:"
"But what of the Mother Superior ?" asked Madame Bernard-Pallu.
"As I have said, that depends upon you," replied St. Just.
"Very well. I go to mass to-morrow morning and will stop at the convent on the way."
"I shall rely, then, upon your wisdom," said St. ust, rising.
"You may."
St. John returned to the barracky. La Montagne was asleep in his chat; but awoke on St. Just's entrance.
"It is you, St. Just, eh?" said he, with a yawn.
"What have you done?"
"I have nucceded -"
"Say 'we,' plense. I have helped to do the unravel-"
"But there is no marnelling. It is in a most unfort-" "
"Then I will have nothind 10 ilo with it," cried La Montagne, starting up, heing theceived by the other's expression of countenance.

## CHAP'ER ズ.

Masemadi: had no desirw to be a nun. By mature of $n$ grom and sweet disposition, inclinel to religions worship and of a deep and abiding faith in the Blessed Virgin, she was yet neither sulliciontly ascetic to wish to soek the life of a recluse, nor had she cause to be sufliciently remorseful to repnire it. The attentions of the good sisters she regarded with gratitude, and their piety with mhimition. But to contime as an imant of the convent, except from such a necessity as lately befell her, was neither her wish nor intention. The new, therefore, that His Bxcellency the Count de Fronteme and Her Excellency his wife were desirous of having her pay them a visit at the Chntenu was received by her with secret rapture. It was plain to her, however, that the sisters were not of a similar opinion, and that they regarled her stay with them as likely to be imlefinitely prolonged into aloption into the sisterhood. 'That there was some misunderstanding between the clergy and His Excellency she surmised, lnt being ignornnt of politics and of diplomatic disputes, she failed to grasp its significance or the importance of the part she herself might play with respect to it.

She had risen in the gloom of a dark winter's morning and way preparing to accompany the sisters
to the combent chapel, whon atap at her hedranom dows atartled her. T'o the request to entere it laly in furs romponded by coming in and closing the doxno behind har. She removed her. *kwommiliselined to the nstomished Nmeelle the s. ling commemance of a woman of refinement of about middle Mge.
"You are Marcelle? Then yous will pariton me. I have hemd of you," Madnme P'alln anid, cherily, "and of the treacherg of Latom:. I nim Madame Bermand. Palla, widow of Monsieme Bermard•Palla, and one of the Indies-in-wniting of Her Exeellencs:"
"From Monsieur St. Jnst!" asked Marcelle, reçaining her composure.
"Yes; from Cnptain St. Just," Ieplied Madnane Bernard-Pallu. "You are to come with me if jon will."
"What? At so early an hour? Then the Mother Superior has sent word to His Eixcellency? It is so kind. But it will be necessary to see at least Sister St. Aubert before leaving!"
"Yes; the sisters are so good and kiml," nssented Madane Bermard-Pallu, reassuringly.
"I must hurry, then, or they may be in chapel."
Marcelle inade haste to get ready.
"As you please," snid Madame Bermari-Pallu, whose quiet manner cahned Marcelle's excitement.

They descended into the hill in search of the sisters. The first one to appenr was Sister St. Aubert. Madame Pallu kissed her teuderly.
"I have come to chaperone Marcelle for Her Excellency," said Madame Pallu, amouncing her object with innocent candour.
"Tr" ther "hitenn)" askerl Sister sit. Aubert, in trepithtion.
"Yes; for Hor Fixerollenry."
"For Her Exacellency ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "chmal Sister St. Anbrite
"Why, Cuptain St. Just armanenl it, did he mot!" maid Malame lillu, apologetionlly, for sho laml no iden of flying in the face of the Churel.
"It may be, it may bee I will mee tho Mother. I have mo dombt it is prite no. but 1 mast obey onders. Yon are to escort her ?"
" Yes."
Sister St. Abliert went in menreh of the Nothor Superior, lat reflinel withont having seen her.
"The Mother Superior is at mass," she satid.
"Oh," exchimed Mudame Palls, us if hor plans were greatly to suffer throngh this delay. "I all afraid I camot stay, then. His lixcellency nwaits me with Marcelle. Then I shall inform His Excellency that it will be necessury-but Ciaptain St. Just must have been mistaken."
"Ho had nrrangen it, then?" msked Sister St. Aubert, doubtfilly.
"Yes, yes. He snic' all was urranged."
Here was an unpleasant situation. It wonld not be grood policy to offend His Vixcellency.
"Then perhaps Marcelle might no if there is nothing to prevent her return when the Mother wishes."
"Nothing, dear Sister St. Aubert. It is only $n$ visit, I assure you. It is a mere matter of formality."
"Very well. What say you, Marcelle?"

# MARCEI,I, E 

"I will ko," said Marcelle, who wea afraid the chance might not vecur agnin, "bat I will return immediately:"

Sho retarned to her room, but re-nppeared without delay. Madane Pullu led the way. Thoy descended into the street, where a richly-furnished sleigh was drawn up in waiting.

It wax a smmptnons thongh somewhat early intro. duction to the splendours of palace life, int it served to set at ease Marcelle's mind as to the mamor of her taking leave and the powition and credentinls of Madame Pallu herself.

Madame Bermard-inalh conld senrcely repress her excitement at the success of her miventure.
"I will send word to the Mother that you were seat for and that you had no opportumity to bid her metien," she snid, turning to Marcelle when they had set out.
"But I can return? It will not be so far, will it?" suid Marcelle.
"'True, it will not he so far, but then, you know, at present there is no great friendship between the Bishop aul His Excellency."

Marcelle's heart sank within her.
"Then I must return to the convent at once. I will be on the s:de of the Church," she said.
Such unexpected piety in a dnughter of a coureur-de-bois somewhat surprised Madame Bernard-Palla, but she soon recovered her lost ground.
"You are quite mistaken," she said, renssuringly, if you think the Bishop represents the Church, Pope or

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clergy. The clergy think the Bishop is a madman. It will be time enough to be afraid when the Cardinal has spoken
" And has he not spoken ?" asked Marcelle, relieved.
"Not except to admonish the Bishop. But let us say no more about it. Once having seen His Excellency you can do as you please. We women must be discreet."

The morning sun, now beginning to appear from behind the Laurentian mountains, suddenly shed a flood of light over the city which was springing, as it were, in a moment into the activities of daily life. The sounds of sleigh-bells and of runners creaking in the snow were heard in every direction. Men and women, clad in the familiar toque, cloth or skin coat and moccasins of the common people of the period, were moving about, either going to or returning from one of the numerous churches, or making ready for an early start into the woods.

As Madame Bernard-Pallu's horses turned the corner of the street leading to the Chîteau St. Louis, a sleigh was leing driven away from the door of that edifice, while a lady and gentleman ascended the steps and disappeared into the building between two attendants who stood at the entrance.
"His Excellency," excla' 1 red madame Bernard-Pallu, excitedly. "We are just in time."

At a word from Madame Bernard-Pallu the coachman whipped up his horses and drew up hurriedly before the Château.
As Marcelle and her conductress passed into the

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entrance-hall servants were relieving their Excellencies of their wraps.
"Ah! Madame Bernard-Pallu!" exclaimed Frontenac. As lie spoke his eye fell upon Marcelle.
"The daughter of the coureur-de-bois?" he avked, stepping forward to take her hands in his.
"Yes, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, timidly.
"Then, believe nee, we must thank God for your rescue from the traitor satour, although he may have meant no ill, and welcome you to our midst, where you shall stay and be cared for as one of us."

The warmth of his welcome was enlanced rather than repeated by his spouse, who straightway conducted Marcelle to her future quarters.

Frontenac tarried in the hall below and continued speaking with Madame Bernard-Pallu.
"And you say that you did not see the sisters?" he asked.
"With but one exception, no, Your Excellency. They had gone to the chapel."
"And do you think that wise ?"
"Captain St. Just innpressed me with the extreme necessity of getting her away at once from the control of the Bishop, lest His Lordship should make use of Latour's misconduct in his report to the Cardinal." "I care not," said Frontenac, haughtily, " what monseigneur may do, but I will send a messenger to apprise the nuns of what has been done and to pay for her lodging. Is it with Marcelle's consent?" "Perfectly," said Madame Bernard-Pallu, " Marcelle had no wish to remain. Of course, I told her that
she was to come to the Chîteau by Your Excellency's invitation and command.'
"You had much better have left the latter word unspoken," said Frontenac. "Where is St. Just?"
"I do not know," replied Madane Bernard-Pallu, abashed. "Is it Your Excellency's wish that he convey the message to the Mother Superior?"
"It is," he replied, briefly.
"I would take it myself, and at once, if your Excellency will permit. My sleigh is at the door."
"With pleasure. I shall esteem it a favor. You know what I wish to have said?"
"Perfectly."
Frontenac himself conducted Madame BernarlPallu to her sleigh.

Although this distinction was the more gratifying since it would be noised abroad before breakfast that something important nust be in the wind when Madame Bernard-Pallu and His Excellency were in conversation at dawn, it did not allay the fear of Madame Bernard-Pallu that she was likely to be malle one of the storm-centres of the dispute between His Excellency and the Bishop if the clergy should penctrate Frontenac's design of using Marcelle as a shield against the shafts of criticisın and ridicule dispatched so frequently by the Bishop and his allies against himself, the laxity of his administration, and the licence of his Court.

It gave cause for meditation, but before her equipr.ge had reached the convent she had reached a
decision. She would stand by His Excellency, upon whom her pension and position alike depended, so long as it was possible.
"I an bidden by His Excellency the Count de Frontenac, my dear Mother, to inform you that Marcelle Courtebois, so hospitably received and so charitably dealt with by you, has necepted the invitation of His Excellency, your very dear friend and wellwisher, for a sojourn at the Chateau. He commands me, in addition, to pay you all that you may require for the support, boad and lodgring of one who, according to all usages in the case, is a ward of the King, and therefore not at the charge and expense of anyone save His Excellency and the Sovereign Council."
"Jo you mean that Marcelle has already left this convent?" asked the Mother, in a surprised and distressed tone.
"I do," said Madame Beraard-Pallu.
"Was it by her own wish?"
" It was."
"I have nothing more to say," saill the Mother Superior, coldly.
"But you have terms, dear Mother. What shall His Excellency pay?"
"That I cannot say. She was in our charge, but not placed there except by the hand of God. I will report to His Lordship."

Madame Bernard-Pallu turned pale. It was the contingency of all others $t_{1}$ be averted.
"That is true, dear Mother. Of that even His

Excellency is aware, and none more-but that Marcelle siould wish to lenve the convent and dwell at the Chiteau is her own doing, amd in no sense his."
" But the invitation."
"'True, she was invited-and Cuptain St. Just, who is perhaps a little hasty and inconsiderate, undertook to curry out His Excellency's commands. He may have done so realizing that for His Excellency to leave a warl of the King at the expense of our Church would be as unworthy of the Council as it would be worthy of our Church-where the Church did not demand it."

The countenance of the Mother Superior underwent a catit ict ehange of expression at these loyal and submassive words.
"Did His Excellency command you to bring this message?"
"He did."
"I shall then leave it till the Abbe returns from Montreal," said the Superior.

Madame Bernard-Pallu could not repress a sigh of relief. The crisis had been averted. It was now necessary to see that His Excellency should know whom to thank.

That afternoon St. Just came to interview Madame Bernard-Pallu. He was anxious and, as usual, excited.
"How have you succeeded?" he cried, even without waiting for the usual formality of a greeting.

Ma" " e Bernard-Pallu shook her head ominously.
"- afraid there will come trouble out of this.

I am sorry that my wish to oblige you lins led ine into a quarel with the Mother Superior."
"Oh! dear:"
"Yes, and with the Abbe."
"Oh! denr: Oh! dear."
"Yes, and with Monseigneur de Suint-Vallier."
The mention of the Bishop's mane chilled the very Llood in St. Just's heart.
"What do you think?" he asked, huskily.
"There will be another interdict."
"Surely not."
"Yes, and we shall be punished."
"By whoin?"
"By the Bishop."
"For what you have done?"
"I ? I have done nothing."
"It will be necessury for you to tell that to Father Delaurier or to His Excellency," said St. Just, quietly. "What has the father to do with it ?" asked Mudane Bernard-Pallu, giving a deep sigh and wiping an imaginary tear from her eye.
St. Just was nervous. "Where is Marcelle ?" he asked.
"At the Château."
"Then you really have succeeded?"
"Have I not told you?" she replied, crushingly.
"You are sad," he remarked, after a pause.
"You will be so, too," she said, threateningly.
"What had I better do?"
"Confess to Father Delaurier."
"But it is you, not I."

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"Very well ; confess that. I can say no more. Adieu!"

St. Just arose and departed in a quandary of quandaries. How La Montagne would laugh, and yet-it was a serions matter. He was in this perplexed comdition of mind, walking lowly towards the barracks, When a long shall bugle-blast roused him from his reveric. Lie stopped to listen when another and then another coning from different quarters of the fortifieations waned him that something unusual was afoot and cansed him to hasten into a run.

## CHAPTER XI.

In all the vast region of French and English America there was nothing so to be dreaded in the seventeenth century as the Iroquois. A firiendly confederacy composed of five nations-Molawks, Oncidns, Onondagas, Cayugas und Sunecas-they yet developed a rivalry in war that excelled in horror the worst of the recorded annals of human treachery and crime. They regarded it as a prime necessity that all obstacles in their path of conquest and dominion should be thoroughly removed. Shrewd and acute far beyond the average of men, they foresaw the ultimute acquirement of their country by the whites and the consequent removal or destruction of their race if every means in their power were not adopted for withstanding it. From the whites, therefore, they continued to obtain at every opportunity, either in trade or as bribes in time of need, arms and ammunition, which, with the addition of their tomahawks, rendered them formidable opponents indeed. In the great struggle between the French and the English they had been sought and won as allies by the English. This was not due to any fancy that they loved the English more, but simply that they loved the French less. Champlain, a hundred years before, had joined with the northern Algonquin tribes against them, and to
this diplomatic mistake was ultimately due the loss of New France to Old France, since from the date of its announcement and the subsequent invasion of the Iroquois territory by the Algonquins and their French allies, the Iroquois never ceased to retaliate in the most barbarous and effective manner. Neither white man nor red, nor women nor children, were ever free from the dread of their attack. When peace had been proclaimed, that was the time they made war on pretexts too numerous to consider. On the other hand, when war had been declared it was pursued with a vigor and destructiveness that left ruin and heartburnings everywhere in its train. As a consequence the development of trade and agriculture in New France was retarded and the colony kept in infancy when it should have grown into manhood along with the colonies of New England. When at a later date England succeeded, after a long series of fruitless attacks, in wresting New France from the mother country, it was because the combined and lung-continued 2 tacks of the English and Iroquois had held the population of New France in check and thus had balked the designs of every statesman from Cardinal Richelicu to Colbert.

To demonstrate the truth of this conclusion it is only necessary to affirm that had the Iroquois allied themselves with France, the English and Dutch would have been driven from Boston, New York and Albany into the sea. As it was, the explorers, adventurers and agents of the French King succeeded before the close of the French régime in erecting forts as far west as
the Ohio, encircling in the embrace of an arm extending from Quebec to that river the northern and western limits of the country of their enemies. But the balance of power remaining with their Iropuois foes proved for the Fronch too strung an obstucle to further mbance, and when, little by little, they and their northem allies were driven back agnin beyond the great lakes, the evening of a long day had begun to draw in and the tragic ending of as mighty a struggle as ever took place between rival races for territorial supremacy wns alrealy merely a matter of time.

The system of fortifications at Quebec was supposed to be complete enough to hold off any attack by land or water. Assuredly an attack by water was hardly to be reckoned upon, since the precipitous promontory upon which Quebee was built was bulwark enough to defy an assault, with, of course, the assistance of a few defenders properly disposed. It was not so with the landward side, however, where, apart from the approach of the forest to within a short distance of the city walls, serving as a cover to an enemy, there was nothing but an ordinary rise and fall of the land, inaking at best neutral ground for an enemy's advance.

Whenever a surprise cane, therefore, it was to the landward side that attention was first directed, and thither ran St. Just when he had thrown off his civilian attire and had re-assumed his military cap, his sword and his pistol. La Montagne had preceded him, in command of the auxiliaries.
Scarcely had they mounted the crest of the cliff
leading to the fort or citadel, as it was indifferently named, when bingle calls resounded from the opposite side and called the soldiers in all haste in that direction.
"What is it ?" cried St. Just, momnting a lalder and preparing to ascend the wall.
"The Iroquois, I think, sir:" replied a soldier; "but I have not seen one yot nor hend one."

St. Juat mounted the wall and ran to where it joined the matural parapet of roek.

Dark as it was he could descry something crawling over the snow dirently below him. Thking caroful aim, he fired, but there was no further sound than the sharp crack of the pistol shot.

The object of his fire, however, no longer moved, showing him that his ojes had nut been deceived. Soldiers and civilians were hurrying to and fro carrying arms and supplies, while officers impationtly gave their orders or siouted defiance at the concealed enemy.
"It is most mysterious," said St. Just, meeting his companion, La Montagne.
"Mysterious it is, but not more than usual," replied the latter.
"Where is the Colonel ?"
"Drunk!" said Ja Montagne.
"It is impossible!"
"Well, you will see. Unless someone has picked him up, he remains on the floor by the fire, where he fell just before the alarm was given."
"Then you are in cominand?"
"Yes; the duty devolves upon me."
"Son will get thes credit of henting ofl this nttack."
" I mupose so."
"Brave man!"
"No jesting, please. I am in commami."
Once more a bugle-call rang nerons the nnow, lnt this time it was given with mach an energy and shrillness that there could the no mistaking its significance.

Lat Montagne, hastily giving an order, set off at top spreed, necompanied by St. Just. Despite the heroic and determined efforts of the sol ers upon the walls and high ground, forms of such theness and activity that there could be no mistaking them sprang upon the parapet and were gnining entrance to the city For the first time, ton, there fell upon the air the awful warcry of the Iroquois. Disposing their men in open order to intercept any of the enemy who might succed in gotting in, La Montagne and St. Just gave the order to advance. Alrealy the conflict had begun upon the parapet, where groans and warcries alternated with alarining frequency.

St. Just had scarcely reached the top when an Iroquois sprang towards him. His pistol had carelessly remained uncharged. It therefore became a question of sword and tomahawk, Frenchman and Iroquois. St. Just, nothing daunted, advanced to the attack, but, retrenting to the edge of the wall, the Iroquois suddenly threw his tomahnwk and stretched St. Just bleeding upon the stones. With a shrill and fearful cry the red man sprang upon his victim, whom he now had completely at his mercy. In less time than
it takea to tell it hu hal rneircled tho prontrate masin heal with his knifo mal torn off the sealf. All thix Ia Montagne maw na ho merogigleil up the lader, lut it hal Ineen Iono with nuch speed that tho Indian leaped from the wall ins Ia Montagne and his men nscended it. In other purter the Irognois had been beaten ofl; thanke to the vigilance of the muntinels. That thoy were meroly a roving lmond of matallders it whs generally surmisel, wince their meargre numbers warranted wo other supposition. But iefore retrenting they hme mangel to do consid. erable damage, notably in the case of por St. Javt. who, Huconscions anl coverel with bood, wat borne off to the Histel Dieu.

Tho nttack had subsided before intelligence of it reached hradquarters, and the litter bearing St. Just was met by a messenger from Frontenne inquiring What was the reason of the bugle-culls and outery. The toreh-benvers mul litter-men procended on their way, but were met nirain by IIis Excellency himself, who, recuiving the reply to his message and likewise information of the wounding of St. Just, had come without an escort in their direction. As he approached, Major La Montagne, observing the i:oll-known figure of His Excelloncy, halted his mea and ndvanced respectfully to meet hin.
"Is Captain St. Just cleal ?" demanded His Excellency.
"No, Your Excellency, nithough it may be that he is very nenr it. Ho has given vent to ngroan or two and is breathing well."
"Of that I am only $t(x)$ ghad to hear. Are his wommen merions, thon!"
"Yes, Your lixcellency. Thas Iroplois threw his tomahawk nend wombled him deoply in tho shoulder. but worse that that is che lows of his mealp."
" His scalp:" uxclaimed His Vixeolloney; "it will In: a serious and diafliguring wounl."
" He hates wigrs," maid La Montaphe.
"But lu" must now wear one-for I hemr him groming." saill His lixcelloney; "he mant be placed at once mider the care of my anripen. Bring him to the Chatenu. I will precede: "1t ath giverlirections."

St. Just openel his ayes, bite they vore so clogged and cloted with blowl as to be ahoost anserviceable.

As the litter and its bearers deew upat the entrances to the Chitenn His lixcellency mal the surgeoin Littrais appeared, directing how nud to wha' a of the Chateau he should be carried. Her Eix, y and Marcells were there to receive him.

The surgeon mbound the rags that ham been linstily wrapped about the wommerl man's head to protect it from the cold and to stop the bleenling, and proceeded to cleanse the wouml, aply healing remedies and dress it again with fresh bmodnges. St. Just had quite recovered consciousness, but was as yet too weak to speak. It did not prevent hiln, however, from noting the movements of Marcelle an I the attentions of His Excellency.

They came to see him day by day whenever the attendant apprised them that he was awake. Marcelle woull talk to him by the hour and tell him of
the forest of Black John, of the embin atme of the Hirron.
"You do not for ect the Hhrom!" suggested St. Just, playfully.
"Ah, no. He wats a fine warrior, brave and fleet," sitid Mareelle, with enthusiawin.
"Will he erse to Quebec, think you?"
"No; it is too far: He has been but onee to Montreal, but I will return to the cabin by and by and then I shall see him. Quebee is a queer place, I think. There is so much quarrelling and anxicty. We never had it this way at the great lake-at least, not since the coming of the Iroquois. But that was long ago."
"You live at peace, then, at the great lake?" said St. Just.
"All, yes. We never quarrel. Papa sometimes scolds me, and the Huron will get angry with his traps, $l$ it never with me, and then I alwiys have Jenn, who is iny prot"ctor. He is very strong and barks fiercely, and he is not afraid of the wolves."

There was a step at the door.
"You are awake, then, and able to converse ?" It was Frontenac himself who spoke.
"Yes, Your Excillency," replied the wounded man.
"It is very pleasing to see your quiek recovery. Not many of those wounded so seriously as you have been live to tell the tale. Your valor was excellent and shall be brought to the notice of His Majesty."

St. Just turned his face away to hide the blush of pleasure and confusion.
"Where is Major La Montagne, Your Excellency?" St. Just ventured to inquire, for he was much put out that his comrade had not been once to visit him since accompanying him to the Chatenu on the night of the attack.
"Major La Montagne has buen despatehed to Chambly," said Frontenae quietly, and then, observing the look of inguiry in the wounded man's face: "The fort there has been attacked agran. It was part of the same band that attacked us. I have sent him to see if assistance is required. The Iroguois are getting very bold and seen to know when we are weakest and least prepared."

St. Just could not repress his desire to add a note of warning. "If Your Excellency will forgive ine, you will remember what Father Billot threntened."
"Yes; but it could not go the length of treachery!" replied Frontenac, with annoyance.

## CHAPTER XII.

When La Montague made ready for his journey up the frozen St. Lawrence to Chambly, he took every precnution to ensure his own safety and that of the men accompanying him. Apart fiom the importance of his carrying out his instructions and the succoring, if necessary, of the fort guarding the Richelien, the main waterway of the Iroquois, it was essential that as few lives as possible should be lost in the undertaking, since at a time of general disturbance and unrest every soldier procurable was needed to enable Frontenac to hold Quebec agrainst the English and to keep open the avenues of trade. But so successful or so fortunate was La Montagne on his tour of discovery and relief that he returned to Quebec before the ice in the river had broken up, and thus was enabled to save weeks, if not months, of time in the taking of further precautions and in preparing ineans of protection for the habitants cultivating the soil.

At Chambly he had found that the fort had been attacked, as was reported, but that the strength of the place and the vigilance of its defenders had resulted in the moving off of the Iroquois to intercept a body of Ottawas coming down the St. Lawrence to Quebec. To these, however, warning was despatched, and it was confidently hoped that they had escaped the toils of their enemies.

After a delay of a week at Chambly, La Montagne went overland to a point opposite Montreal, where he crossed to that city upon the ice. Here everything was in confusion, not only from rumors of the Iroquois being abroad, but also because the interdict imposed by the Bishop was still in force. The Récollets had withdrawn, as a consequence of the suppression of their services and of the closing of their churches, to various $p o^{\circ}$ its of retreat and hiding, many, however, finding their way to their brethren at Quebec, where they were under the especial protection of Frontenac. The pall of gloom and discontent hung heavily over the scene of visitation of the Bishop's wrath. Poverty had begun to blight the hopes of those engaged in trade. Threats of rebellion and of murder were freely made, and unless something was soon to be done for the relief of the people Frontenac's administration would once more be stamped with failure, and withe :t a doubtonce more would he be recalled. Calling into his private apartments his confidential advisor and confessor, Father Prague of the Récollets, he laid the information which La Montagne had brought before him and asked his advice.
"This Bishop is determined to push his measures to the extreme limit. He has insisted upon my recall, but if, as I believe, I have the support of the clergy excepting the Jesuits, as I certainly lave of the greater part of the laity, it may be that at the final outcome of the quarrel between us His Majesty will decide in my favor. What think you?"

Frontenac spoke these words as one who had
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weighed deeply the cost mad conserpmenees of his actions, and from the expression of his face it was upparent that he had determined that cither he or the Bishop should be supmeme once for all.
"I am at a loss to accoment for His Lordship's action in blocking the trade and prospects of Montreal. One would linve thought that the withlrawal of the members of my order and their general inhibition woull have been enongh to sativly his determination to be severe. He regards, of course, the principle involved," said Father Pragne, with deliberation.
"But can any thiner be worse aft.r my yiclding up the play of the ohnoxious 'Tartuffe' than to continue hitterness into every walk of life? It is impossible that this should go on. Ilis Majesty is tired of our bickerings and complaints, charges and cometer-charges. It will therefore be necessary to devise some means that will show the people what I mean and which, besides relieving them of distress, will liberate trade and vindicate my authority. It is true that upon my arrival I was received with every mark of esteem and confidence by both people and clergy, including the Jesuits, but by reason of some atsurd ideas which Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier entertains of what he terms the laxness of my rule, he is determined to place a virtual interdict upon all pleasnres. This, of course, will lead to a reaction which will throw us back to where we were before. I am letermined, moreover, that the domination of the Sulpicians at Montreal, so arrogant and suspicious, shall cease. Montreal must be brought under control and the absurd mentrast of

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 piety and licence exhilited by the clergy and tralers done away with. If my authority is set at naught how can I conchode a peace with the Iropuois? The English are aware of what is going on, and the incessant raids of their Indian allies are dae in no small measmre to this knowledge. Biven the Hurons and Abenaquis in the villaress beyond the city walls are not slow to observe the effects of mandements delivered with such fiereeness mal recklessness. Throme mast he more tolemance and less severity, or the habitants and noblesse alike will join the coureurs-le-bois and make govermment impossils."Frontenate spoke with more than his usual anima-
on. tion.
"It is true," observel Father Prague, with caution, "that the conrears-de-bois will lake alvantage of the condition in which the trade in beavers now is. But you are acenstomed to the illegal comblat of the conr-enrs-de-hois. Is Your Excellency aware, however, that members of the noblesseare giving a semi-private support to His Lordship!"
"I an not aware of it," sail Fromtenac, with asperity, "but I shall bring one of their number before the Sovereign Council, to show them that I have not lost my influence with the King, as has been so persistently reported."
"Monsicur de Latour ?" saill Father Prague, suggestively.
"Why speak of him, Father Prague?" asked Frontenac.
"I have heard that he appealed to Monscigneur for
protection since you withdrew Marcelle from the convent and have expressed an intention of punisining him."
"That determines me. I slumll order histrial forthwith. If he has appealed to the Bishop the whole question of the withdrawal of Mareelle from his protection will arise, and will result in new charges being preferred against we to the King, I supposethat I have invaded the convent and carried off a member of the community. The fort that bore my name has been demolished, and the lake which it protected to the advantage of trade is now the gatheringplace of all those opposed to law and order. Monsieur DeNonville did not incur my emmity by succeeding me, but he has won my esteem by his refusing to bow his neek to a yoke which is already raised in expectation of my submission. I have been notified of the arrival in the month of June of the Marquis de Beaurepaire. He is in the confidence of His Majesty, and comes to see for His Majesty's own eyes the conlition of the colony. It is my purpose to conduct him in state from Quebec to Trois Rivières, to Chambly, to Montreal, and thence to the Creat Lakes. But it is manifest that this can in no wise be done without the establishment of peace with the Iroquois and with Monseigneur de Saint-Vatlier. When the ice has gone I shall despatch an embassy to the Iroquois, imongst whom the faithful Cardot labors in ignorance of the efforts of his Bishop to undo tine effects of his teaching. With his aid, and by liberal promises and still more liberal fultilments, I shall secure peace with the Iro-
quois, at least for a time, and then I shall deal with His Lordship of Quehec."
The visit to which the Connt de Frontemac referred had been decided upon by Colleret at the express command of the King. The shipments of beaver-skins had beeome enormons, and $y$ et it was manifest that half the wealth of the finr-trate at least was retamed in Camada through illicit trathing and oflicial connivance. The mommacture of hats from the pelt of the beaver had grown in France to immense proportions, due ehiefly to the example set hy His Majesty mad other: interested in the firr-trade of the colony in wearing hats made of that material. But of late there had been signs of a falling off in the export of fur generally, incluclin: both the beaver and the stoat, mind alamed by the prospect of a decay in trade, as well as by the reports of Comadian aftairs reaching the royal and ministerial ear, it had been decided to rlespatch inn officer of renown to look into the affairs of the country, without appearing really to do so. One so circmastanced as the Marquis de Beaurepaire would, of con'se, be welcomed by the Canadian noblesse, and the civil authorities wonld naturally show him every attentionamd see to it that his welcome by the Church should be of so meagre a kind in comparison that the standing of the two branches of the King's service, if so it may be described, would present a striking contrast both to the Marquis de Beaurepaire and to the people. More than once charges of laxness had been preferred, as we have seen, by Monseigneur de SaintVallier to the King against Frontenac, and the coming
trinl of Latour was to nerve as a public refutation of all these charges which at may time hat heen made. Word had been received that the margis had sailed. Then a ship from st. Mato calling at Plasance had denied the rumor: But these deminls, and thare were many, were supposed to lave origimated with sym: pathizers of the Sishop, who, of conss, hal suen that the dispatel of a military instomel of a chorical anmbaswador angmed more of the asembancy of the military inflatace at the fremeh conrt than of that of the church. The Bishop, on the other haml, who was in reality teo sine people of the colony to panse to think of diphmacy and its effect upon the publie miml, worked himats np into a condition of mental ferment over the proposed, or as he fancied it, the threatened visit, which resulted in utteranees and decrees, or rather wamings from the pulpit, that served better to apprise his amemies of what he intended than to inflnence the fathful in his behalf. Seeming how mistaken the attiturde of His Lordship was-at least, from a political point of viewmembers of the varions orders betrayed their lack of interest, and as he was not a member of my religions order himself, he hal no agents bound to cary ont his directions and to seek his wellare except the Jesnits, who at the moment were diseredited.
"Monsieur de Champirny has written a very full account of our public alfairs," remarkel lather Prague. "He has spoken of the necessity of increasing the garrison and has, I am toll, referred to the two prisoners in the Bastille."

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"Messieurs de Varennes mad de Jino?" said Frontemac, in surprise: " His Majesty will not thank him for that. He hat dome better to remark upon the high price of salt, which, howerer, is more a matter of his own dring ; or bettere still, upon the haliding of my house. 'Ihat, I fincy, will nover be dome."
"Nur has he mitted the usmal complaints agranst Yonn Exer lloney;" continnel the priest.
"Ihat weve too much to expect," sainl Frontenac. harghing hittorly: "He comphains of my draughts upan the trasmry, although the returns go to France and not to uss. The balance shombl be struck at Versailles amil not at (enebec. Even the timber for masts exported, and of such admittedly excellent quality, is phid for as if the traders hat so right to recompense, while, when the harvest was destroyed 'y caterpillars, a few bushels of seed were given us as a great compliment. It mant be ahmitted, and I shall always be ready to acknowledge it, that on occasion the minister beconmes musmally generous-not, however, when M. de Mareuil was arrested in conncetion with the comedies. De Villebon has aid himself open to just conrphants. The: English satil up and down the galf with perfect freedon, when a vessel or two, well handled, womld hrive them to ofler waters in a trice. However, if there is room for lissatisfaction on that score, there is not on the erromals of semding us patents of nobility."
"Your Excellency has hearl of the capture of Fort Nelson?"
"Yes; some time ago. With the territories of the

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Hutson Bay thus in our hunds, and with n forward and progressive policy ngainat the Iroyuois and the Euglish, our beloved Frunce wonld soon be mistress of all that part of the continent between Mexico and the Polar regions, and between the Ohio River and the Atlantic Ocean. But what can we do when greed and intrigue take the place of trabe and finir denling?"
"Wonld it not be better to take Monsieur de Champigny and visit the minister?" suggested Finther Prague.
"Lenving de Suint-Vallier to control the colony? Never!" said Frontemac, firmly. "If the Intendant choose to go himself I shall raise no objection beyond giving written replies to my statements which he may make to the King, but in my opinion life in Canada, so long like a cauldron of boiling water, will ultimately boil over and put out the fire benenth it. It is too intense to last."

## CHAPTEK NHII.

Lours XIV. han set his heart "pem the firm estabhahment of French monarehical institntions in New France. Thronghont his correspondence with his vicerogs and intendmats in Cumbla it is male phan that these officials were expected to rnemage to their "tmost the adoption of the varions orders of French society hy the people of the colong. Ihis introxhetion of the cultare and sucial system of Ohl France into Cianad was no easy matter, since the freerlom and independence of mamer of the Cammlims was ineompatible with the marowness and intlexibility of French conventionalism. The natural result was a sort of compromise by which an mintocracy hecume estah. lished in a way suitable both to French and Canalian ideas without interfering with the freelonn of the popmane or with the reserve of the conrt. The people at large despised the trammels of etignette and ceremony, yet had n native polish of their own which gave a dignity to their bearing suitable to the independence of their mamers. Accustomed to perils of every kind from their youth up, hardy ahost beyond belief-to the extent of groing barefoot and half-naked in winter-born and bred in the very lap of matnre, in a land unlimited in extent and mexcelled in bematy, French-Canadi as and courcurs-de-boin, hate-breeth

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and Indians, all atike conlld in no wive be brought to subatituse the artifleial for the reat, or the coremonial for the matural. With this limitation, the institntion
 barons mal gentillommese or matithel moldias, was at

 allil in many caves the descernlanter of the seignomes
 ons were the manmine of the esmbins-le-lois, their fine physigne nall reckleas commate canspal them to be somphit after as ormanments of the comrt-when wire rants fin the: arrest were not too many mall tes insistent to be owerlonked.

The Chaterans st. Lomis formond pate of a wall of fortification. Buhind it, and uren a slighty highoer elevation, was the fint or eitahel, which, with the Chitean, ohelosed a spmare which setwol as a paradegronnd for the ollicers and soldiers of the garrison, and nes a promemme for the residents of the Chinteme.

At either end of the Chitemas a wateh-tower arose to $n$ considerable height, commanding ans extensive view of the st. Lawrence. The yombing ladies of the viee-regal residence were necostomed aftur their return from enrly mass to walk in thes splume, or if the day were unplensmint, to seek tho towers, where coffee was served, comversation enjoyed, und the highwhy of the St. Sawrence scamed. Eixpeditions to points distant from the city walls were rarely madertaken withont muple military escort, since it was never known at what moment a trencharons Indian

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 Womble sook to keratify his thate for botehery mold bhemt The gentlemern of the Chitemen ment of the fort orempied themselver in metenting meerting of the: athl in drilling the, garrisoll, whermating thoir dotiows whin powihle with the plomanores of the chase. Ther


 tary and civil life a quality of winiomanosw wheh ita "peatance and pretensione Indiof. 'The daily vontine


 The lather were installed at the Chitenat, mal since they were always peoty and wemplisheel, they lont " ehmon to 1t which dis medin torenleem it firm the
 struge spirit of liking for the werole mul stremmes and mutrmmelled lifi of the coloniste, which, to a limited "xtent, they were piomiltiel to elljoy, anl becmme one with the comntry und its imbinhitmes. At certain sensons, anll with phopro escorts, the: mohlesse were visited it thoir arignories, whome the life of the wornly was tasterl und a fombleses for the romblyy aceplimel. At the thon of which we spenk:
 quatered in the Chitema muler Ilis Excelloney's especial protection, but whether in intuce of movement, charon of mammer, of persemal beanty, mone could hope to vie with Marelle Conntebois.

The day was dark and gloomy. The enst wind had been blowing all the preceling day and night. The clouds looked realy to shower flakes of unseasonable snow upon the gromal, ahready waking to the pulse of spring.
"It is a drealful day to be shat up here when Major La Montarge is realy to take us to Bonport," remarked sophie Benoit, one of these whan hat come from France three monthes hefore on a visig to Her Exeellency.
"This is the day of the trial," said Manguerite Valin, soltely.

Mareelle starten and tumed slighty pale, althongh it was really no further emeern of hers.
"It seems to me mawise," satil Lithole Beauhamais; "that Monsiem Latom should be tried for an offence the remembrance of which must only serve to make our sweet sister here bhish."
"Ihat is not it, at all," replied Mareruerite Valin, laughing. She was older and knew more of life than the others. "Her Excellency told me that the affair would have been left to be forgotem but for the danger that the Bishop would complain in secret to the King of the conduct of His Excellency's protergé"
"And of the pretty speeches of Captain St. Just at the convent," said Sophie Benoit.
"Falsehools, you mean," said Lithole Beahharnais, boldly, but with an inclination to laugh.

Lithole Beauharnais was the niece of the Count of that name whose seignory lay below the Ile d'Orleans. Her cousin, of the Fourth Regiment of Chasseurs of
the French army was ionon on lenve, and having spent the greater : if of of has 1 . liday at Bemuharmais with his father, . : 'anl "mane up to Quebee to say farewell. He was a hambsome man of distinguished арреarance.
"Did you hear the mandement to-day?" continued Lithole Beauharmas, drawing her work from her preket, which eonsisted of threal done in a crosis-stiteh very fishiomble in those days.
"Not to-diy," sald Sophie henoit; "I had to hurry away. Has someone stolen a pige?"
"How irreverent you are," exclaimed Marguerite Valin, pretending to be shocked, although, ats a matter of fact, the mandements read from the church steps of Notre bame after mass frequently concerned no more serious topic. "It referred to the fortheming trip of His Excellency to Bonport."
"Indeed, and what did it contain?"
"Those who have not fasted for two weeks of Lent must not go," said Marguerite Valin, with malicious deliberation.
"You will not have it ail to yourself, even if I can't go," said Sophie.
"But it is St. Just with her," replied the other, referring to Marcelle.
"What! The man without a scalp?" and Sophie laughed immoderately at the surgestion.
"Have you heard Father Vauban?" asked Marcelle, anxious to put an end to the silly badinage of the other two.
"Is he handsome ?" asked Sophie.
"Yes."
"Ravishing!"
"He speaks well."
" Mon dien: I prefer a man who looks well to one who speaks well. I am tired of incessant talking. There are nearly as many to do the tallinery as there are to be talked to."
"If Mother Matie de i'meamation hears these rebellious words she will reprove you," said Mareelle.
"One would think that you had spent a year in the comvent instead of a day," said Sophie, with a smile. "It would have been better if you had."
"When does Monsieur le Majeur arrive!" asked Marguerite Valin, turming to Lithole.
"He is here."
"Not in the Chateau?"
"Yes."
There was a tremendous fluttering of wings at this announcement, on the part of Sophie Benoit and Margrucrite Valin.
"I will bring him in," satid Lithole, laughing. "He is with His Excellency."

She went out and returned, as she had threatened, with her cousin. He bewed profoundly on his introduction, and stood smiling at the pretty group.
"He speaks to Marcelle more than is necessary?" said Sophie Benoit to Marguerite Valin.
"Let us hear what he will say. Hush! Listenwhat?"
"His Excellency commands me," said Major Beauharnais, in his deep sonorous tone, "to take you all

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to Beauharmais for a visit. The ice is out of the river and the chill has gone from the air."
"I don't know about that part of it," said Sophie, erlal of the chance to enter into the conversation. "But we shall be glad to go."
"And you, demoiselle!" said he, turning to Marcelle. Marcelle assenterl.

Sophic aml Marguerite were literally curared.
"The daughter of a wood-ranger, an outhaw, a bramlyseller! Indeed!"

There was a knock at the door. A note was hamded in. It was for Marcelle, and read:
"I ann condemned to the Bastille. It is a punishment too severe for my crime, which, indeed, was not one. I ask you to intervenc.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { "To Demoiselle Marceife, "Latour. } \\
\text { "At the Chiteau St. Louis." }
\end{array}
$$

Marcelle was moved by the dignity and sincerity of the few simple words of the note. She gathered up her needles and politely withirew to consult Her Excellency.

The others wondered.
"She is handsome," suggested Sophie, resuming the conversation.
"Glorious!" said Beauharnais, clasping his hands.
"But she is of plebeian origin," said Marguerite Valin, commiseratingly.
"With good blood, though, I am told," said Beanharnais.
"What, already ?" exclaimed Sophie Benoit. "Ah! well. It is too sudden to endure. You are davaled by her eyes."

Major Beauharnais saw that he had grone a little too far if he would not make trouble.
"'That is true, but everything is brilliant here."
Sophie laughed, but Marguerite looked angrily at him from under her eyebrows.

When Marcelle left the room she descented into the rivate apartment of Madame de Frontenac and showed her Latour's appeal.
"What think you ?" asked Madame de Frontenac, when sle had finished reading it.
"If it were not against His Excellency's wish I would pardon him. He is sorry."
"Who brought the note?" asked Madane de Frontenac.
"I do not know, Your Excellency."
"We shall see," said Her Excellency, leaning forward and pulling the bell. A few questions to her maid followed, then turning to Marcelle :
"No. It was the aide-de-camp. But here is His Excellency himself," and the tall and handsome form of Frontenac parted the curtains and entered as she spoke.
"It is you, Marcelle," he said, with more than usual warmth. "You have got Monsieur Latour's appeal ?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"What will you do-be harsh or merciful?"
"As Your Excellency judges best—be merciful," said Marcelle, dropping her voice to a whisper, while her eyes sought the floor.
"He made a most impassioned appeal for mercy," continued Frontenac, meditatively. "I do not think he was guilty in mind. He is more of a lover than a criminal, I think. Nor did he seem to try to avoid arrest-nay, rather sought it. We shall then pardon him after a twelvenonth; and now," raising his voice to a louder tone, "let us seek our maidens fair in yonder tower, where they sit and gossip all day long."
"And into the night, too," suggested Madame de Frontenac, laughingly.
"My dear," said her husband, holding his finger up in mock disapproval, "then that is your fault."

## CHAPTER XIV.

The spring !ad come and gone. 'The melting snow and swollen streans and genemal dampness mader fort, the most disagreeable features of the most disagreethble season in Couada, had disappeared, leaving all nature in the loveliness of June. The seignory of Seauharnais extended from the River St. Lawrence to the uplands in the rear, a distance of forty miles, and lay along the river for the space of four. The entire estate, wreather $l$ in stretches of forest and sparkling with the waters of lakelets and small streams, presented an ailuring picture of sylvan beauty. With the exception of the manor-house and of a small portion in the hands of censitaires, cultivated according to the tenure of their holdings, the face of nature remained unmarred by any evidence of the hand of man. 'To the left, where over a long stretch of rolling country a forest of elms reared their tall trunks and shaggy branches in primeval grandeur, the underlying turf was green and soft as the grass-plot of a wellkept park. Farther westward a ridge of pines outlined the margin of a pinewood forest, where the great trees towered aloft, symbols of stateliness \& id strength. Pools of water marked the deepening course of brooks that rose in hillside springs and ultimately joined their tiny currents with the river. Along the edges
of these streams, mavigable only by the birch-bark, and upon the shores of these lakelets of the forest, the greenness a d luxurinnce of June tempted the explorer to land noll idle away the pmssing hour:

Life in the city had heen unnsmally netive and disturbing during the preceding winter. Quarrels of a vexatious and often stupid character hetween the authorities of Clurch mul state hat renderel it, excopt at ocensional intervals, almost anendurable, while the continual fear of the Iroquois by hand and of the Einglish by sea had made vigilance the price of mere existence. In the smmmer, however, quarrels and fears alike were almost of neeessity lain aside. Bicelesiastical vis:ts to distant parishes relieved the tension within the city, whilst the coming down from the north and west of the Hurons aml Ottawas gave the Iroquois an opportunity of seeking their enemies elsewhere and to a large extent drew off their attention from Quebec and its environs.

Preparations were being made for the outing to Beauharnais. Canoes of the frail birch-bark, but of exquisite mould and workmanship, were alrendy at hand. Arquebuses and pistols furnished arms for the soldiers chosen to accompany the party as a guard and for the purposes of display. Cushions, cloths of velvet, and every accessory of luxury and confort male the birch-barks dreams of beauty and idleness. Expert paddlers and pilots were selected and put in charge. The lazy current of the great river alluringly invited those in search of pleasure to trust themselves upon its ample bosom, whilst the blue of the sky and
the softness of the nir soothed the senses into forgetfulness of danger and of care. Baskets of foold and cases of French wine had atrealy been seat on in alvance to t ! , destimation. As the bell of Notre Dame amounced to all the world that it was the hour of eleven, Iadies amb gentlenen in the pietnrespue attire of hunters and coureurs-de-hois strolled down the winding street to the water's edge and prepared to embark for Benulinrnais.

As Marcelle's eyes wandered for a moment over scenes like to those fimiliar to her from childhood, and as she saw once more in fancy the emme of the Huron flying swallow-like over the surfiace of the water, or the form of her father lamen down with "trade" trudging wearily throush the forest, an indescribable longing to be free came over her and tears for a moment bedimmed her vision. A sigh escaped her.
"Why do you sigh? Alas : peerless Marcelle," snid a voice beside her, "are you monrning for the cabin of your childhood nnd the voice of the Huron?"

The reference to the Huron startled lier. What could Major Benularnais know of her or her thoughts beyond what he had seen and heard within the castle walls? She looked at him intently for $a$ moment.
"Yes," she replied, with unconscions sadness; " the forest that I see yonder skirting the river appeats to me and fills iny thoughts with yearning and my eyes with tears."
"But you are too beautifnl, Marcelle, for such $n$ life as that, made as you are to adorn courts and palaces," he continued.
"Not so, Ifinjor Beauharmais. You are too kind to be guilty of the cructty of mere idlo llattery, yet your lagruare is extrovagut mad cimses me sorrow."
"Tor me my hournige is nether extravignolt nor sorrowful. I, t , h. , ve an intonse longing, but it is the longing of $k$. $\because$. Neither the sky nlove, nor the green of the hills, nor the murmuring of the brook, once so dear tal mo, has the power to enchan my thoughts for a simgle instant. It is of you I think, anl--' "
"Come, demoiselle: Come, Bemharnais! Look alive, or we shall be liere all day and miss the evening at the camp-fire if we get on no faster than this. All have embarked except Demoiselle Sophie and you two." It was St. Just whosproke, and his voice showed a trace of bitterness sul chiding.
"We are ready," smid Bemuharmais, errutly.
"And you will take me in your canoe, too!" asked Sophie Benoit, appronchinge,
"Certainly; we shall be lappy," replied Beauharmis, but in a tone of forced politeness.

Springing lightly in, Beauharmais dipped his paddle and the canoe in a moment was trembling upon the moving waters of the river.
"'They have grot far ahead," remarked Sophie, looking over her shoulder at the others in the distance.
'To this Beauhmanis made no reply except to sheathe his paddle leeper in and to put more strength into the struke. They sped swiftly over the water in response to his efforts, and before long were within hailing distance of the others. There were ten canoes
in all, some holding five passengers and others no more than two.

The dremay stilhess of the air was ever and anon broken by the voices of the langhing and the gay. From the distant eity, tho, came necasiomil sommes borme far "ןon the sarface of the water, anl mow and then arose the cries of ducks and geese behaten on their long journoy to the morth, as flocks of them went stremang swiftly by. Wild pigeons seromand from the deep recesses of the formst, white the moisy blackbird, and the sweet note of the oriole varied tho harsh music of the waterfowl. But all wonll grow ailent again and leave the world of forest and strean to bro peopled with the st. ange mul mysterions beings which human thonghts mader such conditions are prone to suggrest.

An Indian brave, phllling silently and swiftly, ifashed his paddle in the smilight and was gone.

Sophic Benoit lookel up from her day dreams with 14 start.
"An Indinu!"
"Yes ; nn Abenaqui," said Beauharmais.
"Where do they come from!"
"From Acadia."
"And are they brave?"
"Yes; but they are cruel."
"Like the Iroquois?"
"Do not sper,k of them!"
The manor-house of Beauharnais now came in sight. Built of stone and made to serve the double purpose of comfort and protection, it stood upon the summit
of $n$ hill some distance from the river, looking out from nagrove of maples towards Quebec. A brond veramlah, festooned with budding elematis and native ivg, encircled it, and from its atope a man of nearer fonr than threescore yens cane slowly down toneet the visitors. His long grey har gave him a peenlindy venerable aspert, but did not suflice to hide the madimmed brightness of his eyes. This was the Count de Beanharmaix himself. With pleasant smile mal welcoming hamdatiake he greeted them all, colntriving in the spirit of gallantry of that age to pay a subtele compliment to the ladies. To Marcelle he made n sonewhat lower kow, mind then stood silent in admiration of her beanty:

Madmar Bérmaror at this moment came up. "Comut do Bemharnais, have you ever seen my daughter E:lise lookirg better?"
"Never," maid the chl man, looking about in quest of the object of the remark. "But who is this lidy?"

Madane Bérangir was amoyed and maswered impatiently, "A more truler's daughter!"
"'That is not so bad. I see whe comes with Eugione."
"She has forced herself upon him and Sophie Benoit, too."

The Count opened his eyes wide in incredulity. "Women as beautiful as she do not force themselves," he said. "You are ready for souns refreshment. Eugine would not put us to the touble and has brought his own food and wine. The tables are rendy. How is Ulis Excellency?"
" Hia Eixcollency is well," replied Madame Bóranger. with an air of antiafuction. "He is contemplating a tour of the ndvance poses. At Montreal the sulpicinns are in fear of the desuits."
"So they ought to bee," rejoined the Count, empha. tically. "The siulpicinnm come in late and wish to take molvatage of all that the Jesnits have dones before, simply becanse the desnity cannot appoint a Bishop."
"Yes, yes: you are right," nssented Madame Béranger. "Are you taking the to dine ?"
"With plearure."
"And Elise!"
"But Engine will do that."
"At your request,!"
"Certninly-at my request."
Madane Beranger called over one of the servants man maid, in the hearing of the Count: "You will say to Major Beauharnain that the Count de Beauharnais wishes him to take Demoiselle Béranger to table."

She stood watching for the effect of her message and noted with delight the apparent acquiescence of Eugene. Servants now passed about everywhere. recalling the wanderers of the party, who ascended the steps and took their seats. Flise sat immediately upon the left of Major Beauharnais, but Marcelle sat upon his right.
"It is insufferable," said Madame Beranger to Sophie Bunoit, when she saw it. "Are we to make way for the daughter of a mere outlaw?"

Sophen Benoit's cyen were bblage with jealousy: Madame Béranger moticel this with mativfaction.
"This comes of His Vixcelloncy's desire to please," who anid.
"Nay. more," mail sophie: "it comes from the Bishop."
" Oh, bother the Bishop: lie is the canse of all the yuarrelling. I will mot allow flise to asacinte any longer with this girl, Excelleneg or no lixcelloncy."
"The" Count do Heauhamais is very old." anid Sophie.
"Very-and reeble," mded Madame Branger, in a whisper.
"He cannot live long."
"No. The dear old gentleman is so fond of living, too."
"Very. And then the Mhjor will succed him."
"And Marcelle."
"Never:"
"What do you mean ?"
"I mean," saial Madame Branger, incantiously, "that the County of Beanhmmais shall never be presided over by a wood-witch."
"And yet she is not beautiful."
"Common-vulgar!"
"But how do you propose to bring it about?"
"You have heard of the escapade of Monsieur Latour!"
"Oh, yes; long ago. He is in love with her."
"In love? Mud you should rather say."
" If he would kilhap her," suggested Sophie.
"He will not try that silly trick agrain. Look!" ahost sermmed Madame Béranger, as Major Beauhamais gave Marcelle his hand to deseend the stair.
"What an air she has!" said sophie.
The sun having begon to sink behind the distant hills, it was deemed both necessary and wise that the departure of the holiday party should wo longer be delayen. The moon alrealy shone with stary brightness. The violet band of softened color along the horizon faded gradnally into the deepening blue of the npper sky anl approaching night. Stars, bursting intesudfen brilliance, thickly doted the fimament, and the lights of the city, twinkling by the rivers edge and high up in the castle overhem, warned all that to dally longer with song and mature's loveliness was to inemr danger from the restless red man and to canse anxiety in the hearts of those they had left behind.

When Madiane Bernard-Pallin undertook the somewhat alventurous task of getting Marcelle away from the convent, in order chielly, as we have seen, to check the ambitious designs of Madame Béranger, she counted not without her host. 'Too old to take part in the festivities of the court, which often led to fatiguing journeys by land and water, she was yet able to follow in her fancy the doings of such as Madame Béranger, who had a daughter's fortune to make. Had she been present on this occasion she would have felt amply repaid for her boldness in the charrin of Élise Beranger's mother and in the venomous jealousy of Sophie Benoit. Women are more
cunning than men as a rule, and once resolved upon accomplishing their purpose, no labyrinth can puzale them or stone wall resist them. Sophie benoit meant to dethrone Marcelle at the first favorable opportunity, and, of course, she was aware of great possibilities of help in the direetion of Madame Beranger, who, she fancied, was crafty enongh to be a tool, but not aleep enough to direct the attack and to reap the advantage. As the pieknickers made haste to obey the request of Major Beauharnais that they seek their craft and prepare for immedinte departure, sophie benoit looked at Madane Brianger signiticantly, and that lady returned a look that spoke volumes. It was no time for further parley or for the maturing of phans for the future. Tl:at must be done at leisure in the city and within the sechasion of their own nests. Sophre therefore stepped lightly into the canoe, as if she had not a care in the world, turning at the same time upon her conductor one of those bewitching smiles for which she was justly famous. Marcelle followed. As the flotilla got clear away and each eanoe began to seek its own course, whilst still in the company of the others, the melancholy hoot of the great woodowl boomed across the water.
"The giant's despair," said Mareelle, half unthinkingly.
"What is that!" asked sophie, in whom the fear of night had sncceeded to the vivaeity of the day.
"Merely a story with us in the woods."
"Please tell it to us," said Beauharnais, beseechingly.

Sophie berged for it, too, and Marcelle began:
"In the days when the Hurons were a nation, living to the south and east of Lake Huron, before the Iroguois came and killed them or drove them farther in, they were far in advance of all the Indian tribes of North America. His Excellency told me so when I told him that my mother was a Huron. 'They lived in houses of birch-bark and tents of deerskin, clean and finely ormanented. line stalwart men the braves were, too, such as mo men save the Mohawks were. But the Hurons were more than that. They were kind to their squaws and did not make them do all the work, as the Iroquois and Algonquins do. At one time a woman was chicf of the Hurons, and the fane of her beauty and courage was far extended, even to the Seminoles and the Dacotahs. There was peace with the Iroquois then, and the Ottawas kept to themselves. The Hurons were the pride of the forest. No one was so fleet of foot or could go so far. The elk, the cariboo and the red deer could run for three days and three nights, but the Huron could outlast them. The moose, too, a Huron would fight singlehanderl. One of the villages was situated on the shores of the lake of the Eries. There were six score in it, all told-warriors, women and children. One day a great canoe, longer than the largest war-canoe, which will hold thirty braves, came to the landing place, but the warriors in it were not red men. They were spirits clad in cloaks of red and grey, with plumes upon their heads in place of eagle feathers. The strangers landed, and the Indians, hidden in the
woods, saw them kneel and raise their hands to the sun. Then they arose and weat up toward the ritlage, holding their plumes in their hands and walking slowly. Dawnflower, the chief of the Hurons, advanced ont of the woods to meet them. When the strangers saw her they raised their hands aloft and gave atterauce to strange sounds, such as the Indians had never hearl before. Then they pointed to their mouths and signified that they wished something to eat. Dawnflower then called to the Huron women, who hrought deer's-meat that had been aried in the sun and berries. The strangers ate the meat and berries and drank from the water of the lake, and howed their hea ls and clapped their hands as tokens of their gratitude. The Huron chief took a violent fancy to the dress and ornaments of the visitors and would gladly have exchanged food or Indian dress and bead-work for them. Some of the strangers, seeing her anxiety, would have willingly given some of their cloaks and ormanents in exchange, but the chief of the white spirits refused. He made known to the Hurons that he coulil shoot an arrow farther and straighter than the best of them, but that there must be a prize for competition, and that if the Huron warrior should win he slrould have a cloak and headplume with ornaments and a handful of beads. This was arreed to by the Hurons, who offered food as the prize in the event of the white-faced stranger's success. But the chief of the strangers shook his head. Then they offered a huge bearskin and the horms of a moose. But these he refused just as firmly as the
others. Being in despair the Hurons asked him what he required. At this he pointed to the chicf and dechared that he wished to have her for his wife. But the Hurons in turn positively declined to consider such a proposition and murmured deeply at the unreasonableness of the reguest. While they were disputing, Dawnflower, who now covetel the dress and ornmments more than ever, sent an Indian lad ofl into the forest with a mesage. This message was for her. lover, who at the time was in the forest engraged in building a birch-bark canoe. He was the strongest of the Hurons, and in all the land that bordered on the great lake of the Eries there was none who conld equal him in the distance to which he: could send an arrow. Under one pretence and another the strangers were detained till Black Fox should arrive. At last he cane, and with all possible speed, as the words of the message had directed him.
" 1) awnflower met him at the edge of the forest and spoke to him of her proposal to pit him against the strunger in a trial of shooting, with herself as the prize. The proposal by no means met his approval, and he firmly declined to risk the maden in a mere trial of skill. and that, too, against an unknown and mysterious stranger. The girl, however, wonld not permit him to decline, and threatened if he did not instantly obey her, that she would break her pledge to him to become his wife. It went hard with Black Fox to refuse under these conditions, and besides, the others had begrin to tannt him with being afraid, some of the braves hoping to see him beaten, while the women were anxious to see the Dawnflower taken
away. Finally he agreel, amb stepping into his lodge, bromght forth a new bow and several arrows, and tried them and proved them true. Dawnflower was in ecstasies, and danced and sang with glee. The mark, or target, a sapling of the size of a woman's wrist, was selected and stack in the ground. A hundrel paces were markel off from it by the white man, who threw his phame, cloak and ormments upon the eromed in preparation for the contest. The sumlight striking upon the ormanents mate them shine with such splendor as the Indian arim had never Wreaned of. The chicf of the strangers the made a sign to the Indian to shoot first, which the latter agreed to, since it grave him a slight adrantage. Bhach. Fox titted an arow and took his stand with care. Sindlenly raising his how he drew the string, but the arrow missed its mark by a hairs-breatel, morely molling the bark. The stranger then pat an arrow in his grm, and it was by this means that he intended to deceive the Harons, for $t_{1}$. had never seen a grun before, or anything like it, and were not aware of its power and preeision. They stood by and watched with emriosity the white chief making his preparations to shoot. He stood close mader ic tree and hehiml it, so as to shied his eyes from the snm, and there was a smite of eatm and maticions confilence upon his face. At last the stranger put his bow to his shonlder. Taking carrfint aim, he was in the very act of firing when a great wool-owl in the tree above him gave a lond and mournful cry that cansed him to falter and miss his ain. The report of the grun-shot stunned

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the Hurons for a moment, and they grasped their weapons in a threatening way, but seeing that mothing more than $a$ sound came of $: t$, and that the prize was theirs, they lunghed good-maturedly, and taunted the paleface with his failure to make good his boast. Then, too, after all their jealousy of Dawnflower on account of her beanty, mad of Black Fox for his strength and skill, they were full of joy that they should be deprived of neither. Blaci Fox, you will be pleased to know, marrid Dawnflower shortly afterwards. There was a great ceremony, in which all the Huron customs were faithfully observed. The most important event commeted with it was the adoption of the white wood-owl as his totem by Black Fox. As to what happened to the white men I know nothing, but it was snid afterwards that the party of strangers was made up of French explorers and others who had come with the first to land in this country."

The pretty story drew to a close as the canoe came alongside the wharf.
"That was lovely, Marcelle," exclamed Sophie Benoit. "What was the girl's arame?"
"Marcelle," said Benuharnais, quietly, meaning to praise her beauty.
The lights of Lower Town, in warehouses and shops along the strand, beamed across the water, giving token of the awakening industry of the season of trade, while far up in the Chatean and citadel overhead the windows blazed with candles, signals to the holiday-makers, so that they might not miss their way.

## CHAPTER XV.

Sophie Benoit was delighted when she thought over the alliance she had made with Madame Beranger for the avenging of her wrongs and the humbling of Marcelle. They had $u$ common object up to a certain point, and after that " Voili !" as Sophie exclaimed. It would be necessary for each one to look after herself. Sophie was a malignant little thing down deep in her heart. She knew that Marcelle was in every way worthy to be the fnvorite that she was. Her modenty was equal to her beauty. In fact, she seemed altogether unconscious of her superior charms. But she had taken the fancy of the greatest catch of the year, the heir of Beauharnais. It was a prize worth striving for. Sophic Benoit would dissemble, she would pretend to be Marcelle's friend, but she would find a means to destroy her utterly if necessary to her own success.

Madame Béranger was equally ill-wishing, but not so subtle-equally wicked and merciless in her intentions, but as a strategist commonplace, at least in comparison.

Sophie appeared at Madame Béranger's the next morning. How her eyes beamed over her coffee as she looked after the restless Madame Béranger and besought her to come and sit down, in order that they
might begin their conversation in earnest. At last the elder lady was ready.
"Élise has gone out. I ain so sorry," began Madame Béranger. "But perhaps it will not prevent our discussion."
"All the better," laughed Sophie Benoit, maliciously. "I dislike saying things of importance before girls. They are so giddy and do not uaderstand. Very well. What do j u think?"
"You saw it all yourself, more than I. It is insufferable. Had he chosen one of ourselves here in Quebec we should have been satisfied, but an interloper! It is not fair. Who could blame us for rescuing Beauharnais from her claws ?"
"Who, indeed?" observed Sophic.
"What plan have you to propose?" asked Madame Béranger.
"I would hint that she is not-" and Sophie's eyes blazed with hellish jealousy.
At first Madame Béranger did not understand. Then, as she waited in vain for Sophie to finish her sentence, it dawned upon her what was meant.
"It would be fatal," she remarked, in a low whisper.
"She deserves it," said Sophie, firmly. "She has no business here."
"But how could we have heard it?"
"From one of the trappers for your husband."
"That would be two years ago."
"Yes, but that would not matter."
"Perhaps not," replied Madame Béranger, reflec-
tively, " but it might get me into trouble with lis Excellency."
"Can't you find the man?" suggested Sophie, impatiently.
"You might; you might. It will be ensy for you. You understand," said Madnme Béranger, delightedly. "But I do not know one who would do it. They are friendly to the courcurs. A few pistoles, eh ?"
"Yes; a hundred if necessan'y. But he must say so in the hearing of an outsider. Then we can carry it on."
"How easy!" exclained Madarne Béranger, excitedly. "You are so clever. I ani like Carole to you. It is a tine thing to have your abilities."

Thus the two women settled upon a plan for Marcelle's destruction without a qualm. Their annoyance was too recent for them to delay longer the arranging of details.
"I know a man," said Madane Béranger, after a moment's pause, and then she hurriedly left the room without apology, returning in a few minutes ready for the strect.
"What! so soon?" snid Sophic Benoit. "You must be confident of success."
"I am," replied the elder woman. "Even if it isn't true, so far as we know, it is quite likely that it is, all the same. Besides, she deserves it. Let her go back to her pen in the woods and we will say no more."

Sophie was specchless with delight at this monologue carried on in a hurried whisper.
"You will let me know his mane?" whe asked, as they were about to part.
"This very day;" said Madmme Réranger.
"When?" suggested Sophic, lemding her gently on to the desired end.
"As soon as I have everything ready."
"Oh, thank you-on your way back?"
"Yes."
"Well, then, good-bye. I shall remain in all day waiting."
"Good-bye," and Madame Béranger waved her little gloved hand.
" Good!" solilofuized Sophie, as she returned alone. "She is off. But I will make assurance sure. I shall have somebody within hearing. I have no mind to be trapped."

Meanwhile Madamo Béranger sought the lower town, going rapidly along the base of the wall till she reached the stand where she was well known as a purchaser of wild fruits from the Indians and of whatever else a thrifty housewife could get of a useful character at a decidedly moderate price.
"Where is Octave?" she said, stopping at last before a group of women who stood gossiping for want of something else to do.
"He is in the little magasin yonder," answered one, pointing to a shed back of a great storehouse. Madame Béranger soon found Octave, and after glancing about to see that there were no listeners, she opened the subject nearest her heart. It is needless to say that it was done adroitly. Old Octave suspected
nothing. He supposed that the wilow of his former master needed help from lim, and being grateful, he was ready to give it.

It was true that he had been on more thmen one ocension in the vicinity of Black John's cabin. It was true that Marcelle was often left alone thereday niter day. It was a free-and-easy life, to say the lanst of it. Indians and others constantly visited the cabin, and often called when John was away.
"Had any gossip ever been heard concerning Marcelle?" Octave shrugged his shoulders.
"Had there?" and Madame Biranger grew impatient.
"There was sure to be," replied Octave, dubiously ; "but what of that?"

Madane Beranger smiled. "But what of that?" she echoed in her heart. Had sle not possession of all the facts leading up to what she so ar lently desired? The locale, the personages, suspicions-all were there. What more was necessary? She stopped for a moment longer to arrange with Octave for the delivery of some trifles which she purchased, and then she sped up the steep hillside,-so quickly and over-hastily that it was necessary to stop to take breath. Sophie Benoit was at home. She admitted Madame Béranger without ceremony.
"It is true !" exclamed Madame Béranger, kissing her ; "it is true!"
"Can you prove it ?" asked Sophie, eagerly.
"No, no!" answered Madame Béranger, with mingled surprise and contempt in her voice; "bui what

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of that? It is likely that she bore no very good reputation, and oven that is enough."
"Yes; it is enough, and anfer," assented Sophic. "What will you do now?"
"Speak of it, of course."
"Who was it that told you?"
"Leave that to me," amiled Madane Béranger, artfully. She knew enough not to put herself in her companion's power.
"Will you tell Madamo Schmitt ?"
"I will tell Rosie Larocque. She cannot keep a secret even if she were to be burnel fo"telling it."
"And then?"
" Mathilde Birot."
"Whom can I tell ?" naked Sophie.
"You tell Mathilde."
"What?"
" That Marcelle lived alone in the cabin for weeks at a time, with Indians, coureurs, brandy-sellers, trunken guides and the King's men."
"She is not fit to associate with."
"I should think not."
" Nor to spenk to."
"Vile! that is what I say," and Madame Béranger grathered up her skirts preparatory to lenving. She kissed Sophic affectionately.
"You did find a tool, then?" said Sophie from the doorstep, as Madame Béranger reached the roadway.
"Yes. Good-bye; au revoir!"
Sophie re-entered, muttering, "That is satisfactory. Now we shall see."

## Chapter xvi.

Tue Comte de Frontenac oceasionally allowed himself the dissipation of sipping ten with his wife and her ladies-in-waitug. It was an interval of relaxation between the cares of the day and the formal entertainment of guests in the ovening. On this particular occasion, however, Her Excellency was alone with Marcelle, who had long since become her constant companion and favorite. They were in earnest discussion when His Excellency entered.
"But, my dear, why should you feel the least compunction about remaining? Surely wo have done nothing to induce you to leave us," snid Madame de Frontenac, repronchfully.
"What is this ?" exclaimed Frontenac, pausing, as he caught the tenor of the conversation. "Who is thinking of leaving us ?"
"I, Marcelle, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, with pretended boldness.
"And why?" he asked, in a disappointed tone
"I have too long trespassed on your kindness, Your Excellency. It was bold of me, and thoughtless, very thoughtless, to come across the for it to Quebec to see the city and the court, of which I had heard so much, but I must plead the haste and ignorance of youth; and alas! my vanity, as well."

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"If it were not that I see my wife and you have been discussing this question seriously, I should order you instantly to forbear causing us pain and yourself a needless annoyance. But do you wish to leave us?"
"Oh, Your Excellency, no," replied Marcelle. "I was, and am yet, a poor girl, born and brought up in the forest; but, for all that, I am not destitute of gratitude and shame."
"There is no need, Marcelle," said Madame de Frontenac, reprovingly, "tor you to use so harsh a word as shame. You ran a great danger, and even risked your life, in coming so far and in the manmer you did, but, thanks be to God, you came through safely."
"Ah!Your Excellency-" Marcelle legan, at the thought of all her sorrow and happiness, but she was fain to press her handkerchief to her eyes to drive back her tears.

Frontenac looked at her for a moment as a tenderhearted man looks at a woman weeping ; then he said, in a voice of assumed firmness:
"Marcelle, you liave been a daughter to my wife and to myself, and often have we blessed God that He sent you to us in place of another. We look upon you as our child, the child of our own blood; and yet, if you wish to leave us you shall, and I will send you back, under escort, to your enbin by lake Huron, but you will break our hearts if you go."

Marcelle smiled through her tears at His Excellency's kind words.
"You will not lesert us, Marcelle. Say not so. Have you not enough tine clothes- " he continued.
"Your Excellency, do not mention fine clothes, I begr," said Marcelle, putting her hands together supplicatingly. "I an ashamed of fine elothes. I ann too fond of them, I know. It is a weakness of the coureurs-de-bois."
"Look, Marcelle; my wife is weepingr. Sce what you have dones."

One look, and Marculle threw her arms affectionately around Madame de Frontonacis neck. The two women sobbed for a moment together and then, with an effort, dried vineir eyes.

As Marcelle handed H i. Excellency, with trembling hand, a cup of tea, she laughed away the remembrance of her weeping, but there was still in her eyes the shadow of a tear.
"You rogue!" said Frontenac, gnily. "What a fright you gave us. It is worse than the Iroyuois. If the English should come in sight in the morning I should view them with indifference in comparison. How did you enjoy your picnic at Beauharmais? You have told me but little of it."
"Very much, Your Excellency."
"Major Beauharnais is very pleasant, and a fine, manly fellow," continued Frontenac.
" Yes, Your Excellency."
"He has asked me if it would be with my consent if he paid you his addresses. What think you, Marcelle?"
"I am unworthy of Major Beauharnais, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, quietly.
"I will contradict you, if you will allow me," said Frontenac. "You are worthy of any man. But it is as you say, Marcelle. You know it does not mean that you are compelled to marry him, or even accept his attentions. I shall not permit him to pay you any attention whatever if you do not wish it."

Frontenac expected that this formal and sontewhat severe statement of the case would draw a milder reply from Marcelle, but to his astonishment she was silent, nor could she be induced to say anything further.
"Well, you women are a strange and puzzling mixture," said he, at last. "I will leave the settling of this point between you and my wife, and perhaps you will come to some conclusion. I must, you know, not keep the young man in suspense too long. It would be unkind."
"Your Excellency will forgive me," said Marcelle, sadly, " but I have not thought of love."
"Then you are a fortunate and an unfortunate girl," said Frontenac. "But do you not think the seignory of Beauharnais and the heart of its future owner sufficient payment for a little love ?"
"I cannot say, Your Excellency. I have not thought of being the wife of any man-unless-"
"Unless?" said Frontenac.
"Unless it might be-"
"Unless it inight be?" he repeated, remorselessly.
"The Huron," exclaimed Marcelle, the words forcing themselves through her tightened lips.

Frontenac and his wife looked at her in blank amazement. "Do you mean the Indian you so often spoke of ?" asked Madame de Frontenac, incredulously.
"Yes," said Marcelle, timidly.
"Do you think of him so ?"
"Not now, Your Excellency," replied Marcelle, half frightened at the coldness of their voices.
"Then, we need not discuss him further, Marcelle," said His Excellency, relieved. "It would be a silly thing to throw aside the earldom of Beauharnais for a poor Huron chief. Think over this, my dear child, and ask my wife's advice, which she will gladly give you. Are you not fortunate in being beloved of such a man?"

Frontenac was not a little piqued that Marcelle should have shown so much reserve in her affection. Of imperious will, he was not accustomed to be opposed in anything, even by those whom he cherished most affection for. At the conclusion of this painful interview with His Excellency Marcelle withdrew to her private apartments and gave way to gloomy forebodings. It would be hard to give up all the happiness she enjoyed at Quebec, where fortune, who had almost proved unkind, had ended by fulfilling her dearest wishes. Involuntarily she took up the ends of her neckerchief in her fingers and felt the fineness of its quality-her dress, too, that had

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succeeded her skirt of fringed leather and her leggrings. Instea! of a head-dress wound about with buckskin strips and ornamented with the stained quills of the porcupine, she was provided with hats of soft, rich velvet and of graceful outhine, with plumes and ribbons in them such as she had never seen before. Then, too, upon her fingers rings that sparkled like the dew upon the grass; jewels in her hair that would have made the night-owl hide his eyes and turn green with shame and envy. Could she go back to the ways of the wilderness, its leathern dress, jewels of agnte picked from the nearest stream, with none to athire? If she could but get the imagre of the stately Huron, whose handsome face and haughty carringe had so impressed her, and who had not been excelled -may, had not been equalled, by the most pretentions of the courtiers of Quebec-if she could but get his innage out of her mind, the world of honor and fine clothes, of love and splendor, would he at her feet. She grew angry with the Huron when she thought of all this self-denial on his account and tossed her head with annoyance and regret. Had not the Huron, too, on more than one occasiol chided her? Then, too, why had he not come to Quebec in quest of her if he loved her? Had he dared to forget her? Her heart beat nervously at the thought, and yet she had told His Excellency that she had never been in love.

The Count de Beauharnais was an old and influential friend of Frontenac who, in the days of the recall, when the shadow of diplomatic death enveloped him, had stood gallantly by him and had written to the

King on his behalf, even at the risk of incuring His Majesty's anger aud resentment. Frontunc was a man not likely to forget his friends. That he should befriend Beauharmais's son was, therefore, natural, and he was strongly inclined to make his befriending effective.
"She seems unaware of what it is that is being offered her," said Frontenac, by way of "xplamation, when Major Beauharnais appeared for the promised answer.
"Is she unwilling, then, to consider my alldresses?" asked Beauharnais, reddening with mortification and astonishment.
"My wife and I have questioned her, but all she will say in reply is that she is grateful for what we have done for her, and that she does not know what it is to be in love."
"Did she say nothing of the Huron, Your Excellency?"
"That she did, Beauharnais, hut I dismissed the idea promptly. It was, I said, not for her to compare the heir to the County of Beauharnais with an Indian. Much as I love her, I cannot have my friends insulted."
"Had I, then, better give up all idea of it, Your Excellency?"
"Do you love her ?" asked Frontenac.
"With all mysoul!" replied Beauharnais, fervently.
"Well, then, Beauharnais, you shall have her. Women, you know, are peculiar, and must sometimes be humored out of their unreasonableness. If you

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pursue them, they flee; if left alone, they will return. I shall not allow Marcelle to make a mere convenience of her life with us. I have kept and clothed her, talked to her and humored her, not to be met by ingratitude, I assure you. Yet she is not ungrateful. I do not know wint my wife would ever do without her. She is unselfish, loving and kind, and sings so sweetly. There is a strangeness about her, too-a strangeness, a sort of shyness of the forest. What will become of her I know not, unless she marry well. Some day she miny disappear just na she appeared. It was a strange coming and may be a strange going; but yet in points of honor she surpasses any of the tadies of the court. Neither lie nor any word of deceit has marred her conduct. She goes to mass and fasts with regularity, as all women should, but there is a haunting mystery in her eyes that I cannot explain, and yet sometimes it fascinates me. To my wife she reveals nothing beyond $n$ few words of Black John or of the Huron, who seems in truth to have been a sort of playmate of her youth. Do you intend to rejoin your regiment in France?"
"No, Your Excellency; I am desirous of remaining here. My father, in the ordinary course of nature, cannot long survive, and is anxious that I shall be near him. If I could get an appointment upon Your Excellency's staff-"
"That you shall," said Frontenac, promptly. "Since the death of Nicole I have been without an aide-decamp, chiefly because I could not get one whom I could trust to do my bidding and keep his own
counsel. If you resign I will give you that appointment. It is necessary, too, that the position of the noblesse here should be strengthened. It is, as you know, in necordance with the King's wishes."
"I am most grateful to Your Excellency," said Beauharnais, "and shall tell my father how much you have done for us."
"Was it ' Nicomède ' or 'Mithridate' you took part in last ?" nsked Frontenac, coming to a subject of greater interest to himself.
"It was ' Nicomede,' Your Excellency."
"Have you thought of another?"
"No, Your Excellency; not since-"
"Not since ' Le Tartuffe' an ? Monsoigneur de SaintVallier?" interrupted Frontenac, laughing.
"No, Your Excellency."
"Would you not like to enliven us with another? I do not think the Bishop will bother us again. Besides, I have reasons for wishing to assert the King's supremacy; but of this you will say nothing. It is a small affair and of trifling moment, but it is important that the civil power should be predominant. Have you thought of a play?"
"No, Your Excellency. It did not occur to me that you would care to be disturbed; but then-"
"Yes, I wish it. Then there is none to match Marcelle as a heroine," and Frontenac smiled. "If we can prevail upon our enemies to leave us in peace the country will prosper, and it is not bad diplomacy to let the plague of Boston see that we hold them in such contempt that we can amuse ourselves despite their
threntenings and intrigues. Madame Bermard-Palln asks me constantly how the Iroquois plan and carry out their raids. To create a play of such material can give no offence and yet do much to justify our actions. Monsienr de Champigny himself, though inelined to drarrel and to side with Monseigneur, would I ain convinced, be happy to lend his aid for such $a$ purpose, for more than once the minister has questioned the necessity of his expenditure, hinting that it were better for him to give out law than money. His Majesty in his last letter asked why, since he was appointed to receive, that he did not receive more. Here, then, is his chance to show that the payment of thirty companies of French soldiers is not a pastime but a necessity. You can get Duchesneau, Aillebont, Repentigny, Tilly, Langlois, St. Just, L^ Montagne and the rest, to help you. We are bound together, you and I, by motives of gratitude and self-interest. Let us see to it that the allinnce prove effective."

Beauharnais howed and withdrew. "This, then," he thought, "is what His Excellency means. I am to see to it that he has his will by the acting of another play. He will see that I shall be rewarded by the hand of Marcelle. Yes, Monsieur le Gouveneur, if you can carry out your bargain, I will carry out mine. Let us see if the success be equal."

## CHAPTER XVII.

IT was nearly nine o'clock in the morning, at the residence of M. Levesconte; in the Pue Anne, before his three daughters hal finished sipping their coffee and attiring themselves. It was the custom in Quebec in those days for the young hadies of the household to spend their mornimgs at the upper windows fronting upon the street, and for the young gentlemen of the gayer sort to promenade with n view to seeing them. The three danighters of the Levesconté household were anxious to get married, and had set their minds to that end, ignoring the more useful and profitable pursuit of doing the family spinning, which they left to their economical and industrious mother. They were pretty enough, but their spirit of industry, such as it was, went no further than dancing, of which they were inordinately fond. Of the two hours set apart for dressing one was devoted solely to the hair and its ornamentation. Rolled into a lofty and extended coiffure, which was pierced with shining arrows and bedecked with aigrettes, it was at once a product of energy and the centre of attraction. Not, indeed, that the full skirts and beaded bodices of somewhat startling, but nevertheless artistic colors, did not attract a large share of admiration, but simply that the figures of the ladies, differing very little in
their form or size and being moulded and attired upon a somewhat similar scale, the attention of beanx and the envy of rival was more particularly centred npon the head and its Iress, and therefore of it one must speak witl due regard to its importance and effect.

Delphine was the youngest. She spent a very large portion of her tine in almiring lierself, and it was, perhaps, as well that she did so, since grenter leisure would lanve but given her greater opportunity for gossip, which was a vice to which she was maturally addicted.
" Narcisse Bellefenille says that if the ship arrives from France the ball at the Chatenu will take place a fortuight from yesterday," said Marianne, the recond daughter and the bentuty of the family.
"Has he asked you to dunce alrealy ?" asked Delphine, sneeringly, for she was in love with Narcisse.
"Dear me! How jealous yon ure!" remarked Marianne, casually. "No; he did not ask me to dance, but he asked me if I was to be there."
"And what did you tell him?"
"Tra-la-la!" trilled Marianne, pretending not to henr. "The Schnidts will be over to tea this afternoon."
"Well, then, I am going out," cried Delphine. "Marie Schmidt comes over here for no other reason in the world than to copy my dresses."

Judithe, the eldest, and Marianne gasped at this announceinent.
"And the nigrette, too?" asked Judithe.
"Yes; and the aigrette, (oo," replied Delphine, mancily; "hat that is nothing. I hase heard something about tho Schmidte, amb nbout some other people, as well. Marcelle is to dance with Major Bemuharmis, and sho is to the married to him in September."
"It is false-amere piece of ूossip! :" suid Marimme, turuing as white as paper.
"Is it, inderd?" cried Delphine, trimmphantly. "You will see. Do yon think that he wonld have paid her all the attention at Benulanatis, when hes didn't so inuch as look at anybody else, if there hat not been something in it ?"
"Then you don't really know. I knew that you were merely gossiping; but I will tell you something that will make you think twice, my denr. Mario Schmidt received a present from Narcisse bellefenille."
"Ha: hat ha:" laughed Delphine, morekingly. "What is that to me? I heard Captain St. Just sny, myself, that Marcelle was the most heantiful woman in the world." minn with the bnld heal?"
"It is all very well for yon to laugh at him, but it was his father who ownel the slaves. No other man in Canada owns slaves beside Captain St. Just's father."
"They do," asserted Marianne.
"Who?"
"Monsieur de Bonport has one who was brought
here lave year from the south. Ho eame in 11 ship. Here in Narcisse now. Is that gon, Silteisen?" It was Delphine who apoke.
"Yes, it is I. I just cmme to tell you something.," Narcisse stersel at the foot of the stair.
"About the bnill" "
"No-nbout Mareelle."
"Mon dien: What is it?"
"She is to marry Major Beanharmis."
"'ruly?"
"Yes; Her Vixeelloncy has manomeel it."
Marianue fell over in a half-faint ugninst the wall.
"What do you think of that?" continued Narcisse.
"He ought to marry a hely. But, then, he is not married yet. It may not be true," said Delphine. "Where are you going this afternoon ?"
"Oh, I nIII mingig out to hear the band with Marie Schmidt," anid Nimeisse, quietly, as if it mude no matter. Then he took his departure and slammed the street door after hill.
"He is a nasty gossiping fool," said Judithe, ns she looked up from her needle at Marinune, who had but partinlly recoverel from the shock. "When the ball comes off you will be the belle. Marianne. You are far more beautiful than she is, and Major Benuharmais will see it, too. Yon shall have my dimmond ring, but do not show him that you care for him."
"Eh?"
"Ignore him. Just be pleasant and polite to him, but not confidentinl. Reserve the little confidences for someone else, but if he shows signs of coming round accept his attentions. Then, when he is gone,
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accept or pretend tonceppt the attentions of, shy, Jean Boisnille."
"I couldrit," protested Mariame.
"Well, if you do not want Philip. Menulanrmaia to fall in love with you then don't .1 . . isay."
Mariame looked diseonsolate.
"If you langh at "t man ui
neteles him und spurs him o.:
too much it makes him an , if '..., im this good netvice with the a if at isered years'standing. Delphine stemi "1 "1 "1 thirty mirror and listoned to it all inter. volving in her mind a plan to pumi $\quad 1$, st refeuille.
arcinge Belle.
"He will dare to go with Marie Schmilt ?" and Delphine's eyes flashed wiekedly.
Madame Levescontí was a woman of auple proportions, no longer pretty, but of homely goond sense. She was very fond of her daughters, but nevertheless found them a source of grent anxiety. The prevailing fashion of elaborate dresses, bought even from the modistes of Paris; of morming calls that resembled petites levecs rather than the visits of the daughter of a candle-maker to the daughter of a poor comatry gentleman who visited Quebec in winter at an expense which left him a beggar the remainder of the year; of promeandes upon the parade, of balls at the Chatenu and at the Hotel de Ville, aud of private parties of almost equal magnificence, together with the trials of match-making, wore upon her nerves to an alarming extent. Sumetimes she was compelled to resort to the stimulant of smelling-snits, which she kept in a
pint bottle, stopped with a cork stopper wrapped with paper to make it air-tight. On ceremonial uceasions Delphine was bottle-hohler, but she would in no way allow hor mother to make ase of such a valgar and unsighty thing at critical moments.

Madane Levesconti left her spinning, which she had been at since seven o'elock, and took a look at the canlles in the cellar to see if they were hardening evenly. Then she trudged wenrily up the mainstainway to ronse her danghters firom their indulence.
"Jephine, you haven't swept the phatry," she sighel, as she reached the top of the stairs, breathing hard.
"It is Julithe's turn," smpped Delphine. " Anyhow I an going to the patrade this aftermoon and have not time."
"Narcisse bellefonille was here jnst now," smial Judithe, hatrhing, "mad lins mate Delphine joalous."

Delphine's black eyes glemmed with rage.
"Delphine, my child, yon must sweep the pantry to-diay," said her mother, tirmly:
" luat my grey dress is--"
" I camot help it."
"I will sweep it," intervened Mariame.
"Will you?" satid Delphine, imploringly.
"Yes; I do not care to go to the parale to-day."
"Then I will tell you all ahout Philippe Beamarnais and if he wallis with Marcell. Will you lend me your new wrap!"
" 'ou don't need it. It is warm."
" Yes, I may need it, and it will make Marie Schmidt look foolish."

Just then there was a sound that made the wimlows tremble. It was the grm at the Citadel amomacing the sighting of the ship from France.

In a twinkling the three girls had boumded up the attic stair and were peering through the littlo window ut the white-sailed ship from France, which had arrived with wives for the peasnnte of the seignories and husbands for the laties of Quebee. While young French women were shipped to Now France in this way for the benefit of the habitants, the young gentlemen to whom we refer cane all unknowingly, and of their own free-will, moved by a spirit of adventure and the romantic tales of travellers and explorers. Not a few of these young sprigs of French socicty lost their hearts to the fair damsels of Quebec and marrying, settled down to a life of colonial independence. It was a complaint of the ladies of Montreal that they got but second choice, and, as a consequence, they were by no means pleased. One would have thought that in a country of sudden wealth and freedon of life husbands would have heen more eas:ly procurable than wives. Such, indeed, was the fact, as we have seen in the case of the peasantry; but this expectation did not upply to higher social conditions, since the sons of the noblesse were vastly more inclined to become coureurs-de-boie and to lead the widd life of the woods, with its licence and revelry amid plenty mad the loveliness of nature than to settle down to the narrow and stilted existence of poverty and respectability within the walls and palisades of Quebec and Montreal.

The booming of the signal-gun was followed by the

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ringing of the bells of Notre Dame and of the Jesuits' Chureh. But it was hardly necessary that the inhabitants siould be further apprised of the ship's arrival, since already the wharf was crowded with people of every sort. There were strange figures of men in leathern leggings and mocensins (although the season was that of summer), whose tangled hair and insolent bearing proclaimed them to be the far-famel coureurs-de-bois; revellers from the city inns who staggered down the streets and lanes leading to the wharves, clerks and bargainers moving about the warehouses, and loafers who seem always to turn up for everything from everywhere. More leisurely and with some show of dignity came the civic officials, clerks of the govermment offices, and ladies with their escorts. As the ship came within hailing distance she was greeted with repeated cheers, the cheers being accompanied by waving handkerchiefs and other emblems of excessive joy. To these warm and familiar greetings the response from those aboard was equally hearty, testifying that if those ashore were delighted, after the lapse of a long and wintry season, to see the faces of friends from across the sea, the latter were no less delighted to gain sight of a resting-place after two months' tossing in the storms and upon the billows of the Atlantic. The cargo consisted of arins and ammunition, of groods for home consumption and for trade with the Indians, necessaries alike for the protection and profit of those engnged in the defence or the commerce of the country. It can be well inngined also that His Excellency the Governor,

Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier the Bishop, and Monsieur de Champigny the Intendant, saw the unloading of the bag of letters with some concern, since it would contain curt or gracious acknowledgments of the reports and complaints of the King's servante, aceordingly as the King and his minister were pleased with their actions and the prospects of the country or otherwise. 'llat there would the severe strictures upon their quarrels each one knew, and probably before the packet had been detivered each had composed his reply in case of censure, with the addition of such new causes of complaint as had arisen in the meantine. Slowly the passengers toiled on their way up the steep strects of the city, except those who had the good fortune to drive in that extraordinary means of conveyance named the caliche, which not remotely resembled the ricksha of Japan, with a horse, however, instead of a man as the chief instrument of torture. Two hundred and twelve passengers had come by this the first ship of the season-seventy peasants or peasants' laborers and their wives, destined to take up land and to add to the glory and profit of the noblesse and to the anxicty of the Giovernor ; thirty women, young and strong, wives for the habitants; seventeen priests, six of whom wore the black robe of the Jesuit order: : and ladies and gentlemen of leisure and means who hal come hither to visit the people of Quebec, and, so far as the mate members of the party were concerned, to explore, to shoot, to fish, and to penetrate the forests, whose extent and beauty, denizens and dingers, had moved their curiosity and roused the spirit of adventure.

## CHAPTER XVIII.

In a little inn on the upper edge of Lower Town, that looked more like the fortified entrince to a cave than aught else, sat two men. One was a fisherman lately returned from Big liny, where he had been as guide with several of the officers and civilians of Quebec, who were entertaining their visitors from France with an expedition to sahon water.
"What luck had you?" inquired the landlord, as he rubbed the shining surface of the oaken table.
"We had good luck," replied the fisherman, "so far as fish went, but there'll be the devil to pay with the wood-rangers, and it ain't my fault, for I didn't guide them where the brandy was. They fell on it by accident. I can't explain it, either."
"Who found it?"
"La Montagne."
"Ain't he a blackgruard? He has an eye like a fishhawk, and if there's any brandy goin' he'll be there. But what does it matter so long as they don't know who it is ?"
"But they do."
"They do?" incredulously exclaimed the innkeeper.
"Yes, mon dieu! Jean was caught hy two soldiers."
"Sacré!" cried the innkeeper, inlignantly:
"What will happen?"
"He'll he daugling from the giblet by night."
The knot of men and women who hal gathered where the lane and the alley-way intersected testified to the correctuess of the fisherman's surmise as to the excitement in store. Under gunad of a file of soldiers and securely pinioned, Jean, the coureur-le-bois, known from 'ralousac to Trois Rivicres as a daring and successful adventurer and illicit trader, walked smartly towards the meceting-place of the Consenl Supirieur, which in cases of life and leath had alone the repuired jurisdiction. The large stone building in which the Council met became the centre of popular attraction and excitement. Although there was no dispresition to interfere with the law or to attempt the rescue of the prisoner, there was a great deal of sympathy for him, since it was an open secret that everybody engraged in illicit trading who could equip or undertake an expedition. Even in an age of utter recklessness with regard to life it was considered that the penalty of deatly for infraction of the laws of monopoly was too severe and that it woukd, if justice had been done, have long since removed from their sphere of usefutness many of the most prominent and distinguished men in the service of the King. Here and there amongst the assembled crowd were scattered friends and relatives of the coureur, who evinced in his bearing and behaviour, however, not the slightest sign of fear or regret.

The council-chamber was a large low-ceiled room lighted by windows so narrow and so stmall that it was evident that, like all buildings of secure position

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within the military limits of the city, it was chiefly intended as a centre of lefence in case of attack. At the heml of the table sat the Indendant. Thirteen members of the Council were present, Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier alone being absent. A guard of soldiers was stationed behind the chairs of the members, who sut in the form of a semi-circle. His Excellency, and not the hatendant, being the middle point of the are. All being realy, the prisoner was brought in and made to stand at the foot of the table, pinioned and under ghard. Without, soldiers stood in front of the comeil-house and kept the populace at a rempectful distance. The attorney-general, clad as the rest in his official robes, arose and read the charge and stater ent of the case to His Excellency and honorable memb is of the Council. It is unnecessary to give the precis form of the legral document, which set out at great length and with inimitable verbiage the long list of ines which Jean's illicit brandy-selling included in contravention of the statute in that behalf, of the dignity of His Majesty, and it might have been added, to the ruin and demoralization of the Indians, who in their origimal condition had never known an intoxicant. To the order to plead to the indictment Jean answered nothing. Coureurs-de-bois did not recognize the law as binding them. They were members of that pecnliar order or race of people, if they may be so described, for the very reason that they abhorred all law and order, and in the trials which they had undergone before the judicial officers of the King there was no record that they had ever deigned

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to recognize the law by plemling to an ind!etmont. As to whether they broke the: law or kept it, that was in their opinion no man's business, and to prying eyes or indue interference they were accustomed to make answer with the knife.
During the arragmment of the culprit and the: process of his trinl a diflerent scene wis being enacted at the Châtean, where a litf we squaw in strange hathiliments had succeeded, after in hour's strughle, in getting a messuge to Marcelle. Upon the receipt of this communication, und with an instinctive suspicion that something was afoot, Marcelle hastenel to her private apartments and had the spuaw shown in. Quictly, but with tragic earnestness, the old woman tohl Marcelle how Jean Dilbot was her only and mach loved son and that it was he who had saved her from the clitelies of Latour.
"If it is in my power Jean's lifo shall be spared," exclaimed Marcelle, shatching up her cloak nad hood and starting out in all haste in semeh of nill. Walking quickly and revolving in her mind possible seltemes of securing help, she turned into the Rue Richelien and knocked ut the door of the office of the superintendent of military stores. He was an old inam, the superintendent, who had been retired from a superior office some years before, but being of use and experience his services had been retained in their present capreity.
"Demoiselle Marcelle," he exclaimed, with pleasure, as his unexpected visitor whs shown in, and then, observing her affliction, "Why, ay chid, you are in deep distress. What can it be?"
" Ah: Monsieur Itenri, I am truly in dmp distress, nald I know not where to then if not to you whohave no often befrienderl mes."

Marcelle then detailon to him with all possible speed the arrest of dem, thes "pyrnl of lis mother, the fret of her own rescue, and the absence of Frontenac from the Chatean.
"But he is at the Comecil-hoard," said Monsieur Henri; "can you not see him there?"
"But I conld not go there alone," said Marcelle, "His Excelleney wonld be oflended."
"No, but I can go with you, and I shall," saying which the old man suatched up his hat and cloak and accompanied her.
"Conld you not hime spoken to Her Excellency?" ingmired Monsiemr Henri, as they hurried along.
"She has not risen," replied Marcelle.
As they turned into the Rue Richelien the crowd near the council-house and the gimerl of soldiers proclaimed the natnre of the proceedings going on within.

Marcelle's heart beat fast. "Ihere is Captain Sit. Just," she said, as she came in sight of that officer standing at the entrance.
"You will let us in ?" she askel, calmly.
"Yes, lemoiselle, hat it will be necessury for me first to apprive His Excellency und get hiv permission."
"Then make haste, I beseech yom."
St. Jnst hurried nway to do her bidding.
"He will see you. His Excellency is coming hinself," saill he, returning.

Presently Frontenac appeared, hat with a shadow
of displeasmre upon his face. The evidence has been taken and he had been abont to deliver sentence when interrupted.
"What woull you have with mo, Marcelle? Is aught gone ill at the Chitean?" naked he, somewhat sternly.
"No, Your lixcellency, all is well there, and I implore Your lixeellency's pardon, hat is the man on trial Jean the conrenr?" Without replying Frontemac called her within, out of hearing of tho solliers.
"What to you seek with me, Marcelle? It is JeanJean Dilbot, the courenr-de-bois-whomi I am abont to condemn to denth."

Marcelle shmhlered visibly at the anmoncement. "It was he, Your Excellency, who rescued me from Monsiear Latour."
"What:" exchamed Frontemar, in amazement, "this man?"
"Yes, Your lixcellency, if this tre Jem. I could more surily tell if I could see him."

Frontemaces face rehsed its stermases while he comsilererl.
"You shall see him," he sail. "Come with me."
Frontenac preeched her into the conncil-chamber. "Is that the lman!" he asked, nswe came within view of the conrear.

Marcelle clasped her hands insohnutarily. "Yes, Your Excellency, that is Jean, the man who saved me."

Meanwhile the varions membery of the Conncil had turnel in womlerment to gaze at the intruder.
"You are sure, Marcelle?" Frontemac repeated. earnestly.
" Yes, Your Excellency."
"Then he shall not die," said he, 'puickly.
A place neme the tahle was fomm for Mareello by Frontennces direction, and then, resmming his po. .on as abont to deliver the sentence of the Council, he spoke as follows:
"Monsien" Intendant and gentlemen of the Conncil: You are aware that the resalt of onr deliberations han been to finl the prisoner Jean Dilbot gnilty of viohtion of the statate of His Majesty umber which he has been daly armigned. Yon are also aware that the exercise of the premogative of pardon lies in my hands as representative of His Majesty. Within an hour tho formalities smbsequent to our finding would hive included the sentencing by me of the said Jemn Dilbot, the prisoner at the bins, but-" and here Frontenae pansed, looking first at Marcelle and then at the prisoner-"I an informed hy Marcelle Courtehois, one of the hadies of my conrt, that it was he who, at the time of the illegnl and improper action of Monsienr Latour, did reseue her from illegal detention and conduct her in safety to the Comvent of the Ursulines. Further, yon will remember that at the trial of the and Monsienr Latour this man was nbsent, having departel from the city and being beyond the conniz. ance of the oflicess of this conrt then despatched in quest of him: that the trial land to be conducted withont his testimony; and that in the absence of so materinl $n$ witness $a$ lenient view was taken of the acensed's case, to the end thint he was acquitted of wrong intent and liberated. It was not my purpose,
nor in it within uns power to re-open the charge
 of proper juristiction at l'mis, lut it is within my power to difer inflofinitely, or till such timens l, ryme. scoting llis. Majesty, shall sre fit, the sentence arljulared urainat the prisoner at the bar, nul in pursunace of this, my dotermination nul privilegre, I dirace the cler\% (o) Proninter my order to that effict, Hal I horehy lechare this prisoncer at liberty until such tine as he shall firther be called on to apperar for sentence" Frontenac resmaned his sont annil profommi milence. The elerk registereal the decree as ordered, and Jema Dillot was lireed from his lmonls and sot ut liberty. With the impression of the solematy of the procedings still "pron hinn, Hnd of his nurow escapre fionn lenth, iss ho pmased Marcelle, Jenn knelt at hore fieet nnel taking the tips of her fingers reverently in his ho kissed them tenderly, necomprnying the netion with n lew whispered words, hat one of which Marcelle canght, "courenr-rle-bois."

The court laving been dechured mljomrned nftor this dramatic nul somewhat alannt termination of its procecdings, Frontenac withbew with Mareelle uml Monsien Menri into the aljoining upartnent, which served the donble purpose of eomsultation and rohingeroom, There they waited till His lixeellency's carriage arrived, when they took their depmiture, neeompnaicd by the grmard, which on all formal ocensions such as this kept sufe the person nul dignity of the representative of His Majesty in Cnnadn.


## MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

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The extraordinary nature of the proceelings soon became noised abroad, and the crowds in the street, Jrawn together for grossip and the gratitication of their idle curiosity, lifted their caps and cheered the Governor and Marcelle lustily. The trial and the deferring of the sentence for reasons foreign to the case was to the public a matter of extraordinary importance, since no sinuilar instance np to that time had been recorded in the annals of the court. But in order that his leniency on this secasion might not be mistaken for a relaxing of the severity of the law against illicit trading, Frontenae directed the heralds of the court to prochain from the steps of the councilchamber the intention of the Council to extend the right of the Crown to seareh upon suspicion, and further, to have the proclamation in writing atfixed to the door of the council-chamber for one week from the date of the proclamation itself.
" Did you not recognize Dilbot?" isked La Montagne of St. Just.
"Yes."
"Why did you yourself not speak to His Excellency then?"
" My dear superior officer, I never volunteer information."
"That is diplomacy, I suppose. Ah, I see. It may hang you yet"; and La Montagne extended himself with supreme satisfaction.

## CHAPTER XIX.

The: buke de Vautreuil was a young nobleman of France. The Court of Versitilles, tilled with the bennty aml wit of the kinglom, was the centre of political and social intrigue. There was yet inother passion, however, than that of conniving for phace and power, and one that excited a still stronger influence upon the members of the court-that master passion of the human heart, love. The example set in this repard was mot less potent. The King himself, great in matters of state, was not less so in affairs of love. He had been credited with saying that women were the agents of the devil, and for this reason, if for no other, : "vinced a desire to win their favor. The Duke de Vautreuil was, as we have said, young. He had come into his rlukedon early in life, and being altogether a most desirable party, it was not long till he had attracted the attention of many ladies of the French Court. However, as often happens, his eyes wandered farther than the throng about him, and chanced to fall upon the exquisite person of Julienne de l'Ampére. This lady of beauty, but of little else, attracted about the same time the notice of an even more exalted personage. To the suit of the young duke the lady at first lent a willing ear, hut flattered by the notice of the King himself, her attention became so distracted
that, in the end, the duke grew tirst of all despondent, then critical, and then furious. He vowed, however, that the perfidy of woman should never drive him to despair and that he would travel abroad in search of a happiness which Julienne de l'Ampére denied him. Perhaps, too, in his wanderings he might neyuire fame as well, and to win fame was the chief ambition of the young men of the court of Louis, since royal rewards of rank and fortune were bestowed only upon those who had done something to enhance the glory which they wished to share, and hence it was that in course of time the fame of great deeds became the passport to promotion. Aristocratic birth and title did not of themselves suffice to secure the favor of the King, who knew well how to curb the aspirations of parasites who sought to live within the splendor of a throne which they had done nothing to create. The policy of the King was sulopted by the ladies of the court, who bade suitors for their hands gain their favor by travel and adventure, as in the days of chivalry. Perhaps, therefore, by the time of his return the lady in question would be glay to listen to him, and with this idea, as well as that of seeking relief from the sufferings of his heart, the young duke resolved to venture far afield. Preparations for his departure were immediately undertaken. His promised "adventure" became the topic of the hour. The gossips affirmed that he was about to visit the continent of America, the vast domain of the King beyond sea, where the hated English and their allies, the barbarous red men, were attempting to withstand

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the soldiers of France, anl where the product of the mine, of the forest, abl of the chase were so great that fortunes incalcnlable awaiterl those who had the hardihond to dare the dangers of warfare and of the leep to grin them. As on other occasions, both the peril and the profits were greatly magnifiom, although what would seem paltry in these days was still vast chongh in the time of Louis XIV . to attract, not only the attention but the womberment of Europe. Twenty min-at-arms, with pikeamiarquebuse, breastplate and helmot. formed the duke's grame. Arms, aceontrements and ammmition for a lareger foree and a long stay were shipped in alvance to Qublee. So ample were the preparations, and so general the applause, that the king himself gave the expedition his royal blessing, in addition to that ahready given by the Cardinal.

Anid the cheers of the populace, the envy of his friends, and the tears of the fearful, the duke sailed from St. Malo for the capital of New France. After a stormy and prolonged vovage he reached it safely. His arrival was attended with the usual sensational features of great events, but he had no time to waste in the trifles of provincial society. Without consulting the Governor-General further than to present his credentials for countersignature; without asking his advice or that of the Intendant or of any of the officers of state, and without delay, he took his cleparture for the interior of the continent, to encounter an experience which he was not likely soon to forget. The passport of the King opened all official gateways to his progress,
and as lie disnppeared in the distance with his canoes, his guides and his men-at-arms in all the splember of so great an mutertaking. Frontenac wonld have smiled with comtempt had it not been that he knew but too well that in the conse it woult be his mupleasmat task to nceount to the King for the dismp. pearane of the ilhnstrions "adventurer:" Montreal was reacheal and heft bihind with even less consideration than Quebee hal becon, and the fong and ardmons vogage up the Ottawa beginn. A few roving redmen viewel the i-mposing expelition with anxions and covetons eye, but beyonl frightening the thate by their sudden appearance and reappearance int, ther belief that he was in danger of being overwhehned by numbers, no incident occiared worthy of note, and Carillon was reached withont mishap. His gnides, the chicf of whom was Big Pierre, the sigmalman from Pointeau Pic, were alive to the wishes and requirements of their wealthy employer, and while they obeyed to the letter the secret instractions of His Excellency that they were not to rm the duke into unneeessary danger, they made his experience interesting for him and entertaining for thenselves. This task was made the casier by the departure of the Iroquois from their usual piace of combat, they having gone west to attack the Ottawas, who had lately captured and burned a Mohawk. Having spent the winter in hunting and trapping and in stalking the red men-for, as we have said, a few still roaned in the neighborhool-the duke returned with the floods of spring and worked his way back to the city of Qnebec. Delighted with the
alventure, he was all good-hmmor, and calling up his whipper, he lefermed his sailing that hemight enjoy life for a time at the city as well. Frontenac had inviterl hinn, with mach flomrish of complinent, to wait for the most important of the mamal functions, the state ball, soon to take place: not, however, without frile on the part of His Excellency, who hoped that having escaped the perils of flood and forest, and being in the best of humor with hinnself and the country genurally, the dake wonlel aro bate to France and report to the King ficomably of what he had seen.

A!l Quebec was now astir, not only in anticipation of the festivity for which, indeed, it had been long prepatring, but lecause of the duke's promised appearance, the additional pelat exciting the ladies to the utinost and griving no little concern to the men. There was nothing further in the way of new clothes to come from Paris. It merely resolval itself, therefore, into the inaking over, more splendidly, of the material at hand, and this, in itself, was a inatter of interest. The afternoon concerty of the band becane the rendezvous more than ever of the youth and beauty of the town. Not all the efforts, however, of the industrious, or of the lovely, could enable then to rival the favorite of the Governor in the eyes of the duke. Marcelle knew that it was Frontenac's wish that she should make herself agrecable to him, and withont incurring the odiun of forwarlness, she found a way not only so to do, but to her astonishment and dismay, to win his profound admiration as well. Having gone too far, it now became a matter of difficulty to recede without
sacrificing thoue interests which whe hand heen so maxious to protect. Moming walks, aftemoon promenales, dimers at the Chatemu, mal eveninge devoted to masic, all in eompmy with Mareelle, made the dake's holiday a dremon of phave mat gave him serions thought of postponing his departure indefinitely. To all the mlvances of lowr-making, however, Mareello was ohnhate: and eohl, mal as the time of his retmon to France drew nearer his attentions redonbled.
The ball was an ungualified sutceess. Officers and eivilims, mothere mat danghters, old imal yomer, all alike presenterl thomsolves to their Excellencies and their grest, looking their best and happiest. 'To the nsual excitement of a hall-room was added the gossip of the envious, who behell with chagrin Marcelle's unwished-for trimmph. In order that she might not be thought to have dressed more splendidly or more heeomingly than usual out of deference to the presence of the duke, Marcelle omitted certain features of ornament, such as her finest jewels, so that, if possible she might be suspected of no design upon the stranger, while still maintaining, however, the dignity and the duty of her position. But as if to mock at her ineffectual efforts, inture hal endowed her with a inore glowing and perfect loveliness than usual, and it was plain to the eye of so experienced a diplomat as Frontenac that there was trouble ahend for both Mareelle and hirrself. The jealousy of the ladies Frontenae could easily master and subdue, but the devotion of the duke and the undisguised irritation of Beauharnais were two things not so easy of adjust-
ment. He had esenped for a moment from the lieat mand buvthe of the hatl-romm and was stanting in the meonlight upon the lomergleony, that commanded a view of umivalleal masnitule and branty. There was a step behind him.
"Marcelle:!" he exclaimed, as she came towards him.
"Yes, Your Excelleney : it, is I," Mare:lle answeren, soltle: "I have come to ank your permiswion-"
"Tu do what?"
"To leave (Enchac amil to gro back to the little entin in the forest."
"Nonsense, Maredle," said Frontenac, impatiently: regarding the repuest ay a remewal of her freak of finney, inspired by the excitenent of the oceasion.
"But I an serious, Your Excellency. He has proposed."
"Who? The duke!"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Why did you let hiun go so fur, Marcelle," said Frontenac, gently, "when you are already engaget to Major Beauhnrnais?"
"I could not help it, Your Excellency," pleaded Marcelle, shyly, and yet conscious of the justice of at least part of Frontenac's rebuke.

Frontenac half turned away and looked into space.
"What did you say when he spoke to you ?"
"I referred him to Your Excellency."
"Do you love him ?" askel Frontenac.
"No, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, quickly.
"You must delay, then," said Frontenac, reflectively. "Tell him you will let him know by letter."
"But he say's that he will not gio until he knows lily "uswer," sad Mareelle.
"Then I suppose he minst know it at unce ; Int it is most unfortumate. Why cant you wombll mamuge your lowe atlitire butter? Viry well, I will speak to him. Somd him to me."

Mareelle departed to do ay directed, and in amothere moment the Dake de Viantronil stoorl beside Frontenac.
"What is it you wish! Is it ay Marcelle has mail!"
"Yes, Your Bxcellency; I tove her as my life," replied the duke, fervently.
"Wo yon know who she is?" inquibed fronteme, shagextively, "anl that she is already "ogaged?"
"It is nothing to me whence she sprang," reptied the lover. "I more her, mil know -my, wish to know -nothing furthera cept that she loves me, and that yon will give your consent to our marriage."
"But what of her betrothal ?" remonstrated Frontemac, in leaperation.
"She could not be betrothed and receive iny attention as she has done, Your Excellency. You must be mistaken," replied the duke, trimmphantly.
"I will ask her that," said Frontenac, sending for Marcelle, who appeared, trembling with agitation.
"Are you not engaged to Major Beamharnais, Marcelle ?" asked Frontenac, bluntly.
"No, Your Excellency," she replied; " but I heg Your Excellency will not he angry with ne. I implore-"
" Enough, Marcelle; I wished to know the truth. Be not afraid of my displeasure. You may return to the ball-room."
"Yon are not aware, then, of the circmastances of her birth " resmmed frontanace, endeatoring to gain time.
"No. Your Fixcellines: nor do I care."
"Bat you aro young."
"Not $\mathrm{t} x \mathrm{x}$ young to love."
"Nay, but the King -"
"I ann my own master." satid the duke, tirmls:
"Does the girl love youl" aked frontunate, still boking for a way of esenpe.
-I have asked her and she withholdy her maswer a groul sign, Viour Eivellency:"
"Not Mway." said Frontemace, Wrily; and loth to recall his pomise to Bemharmais. "But I minst consult her more at leisure."
"At Your Excellency's plensure."
"Meantime we will have a ghas of wine," said Firontenac, in which commend the dake silently but relnctantly nepuiesced.

How glorious was the trembling brilliance of the moon upon the water: The charm of the smmer night, the softness of the nir, the muffled sounds that cane creeping soothmigy upward from the city and from the river below, the bewidiering strane of music within-how these wond have made the passing hour a enfimpse of heaven for the dake if Marcelle and frontenat har spoken but one worl of assamace or consent.

At last the music censed, ahmost as the declining moon met the dawning of another day. The gruests asembled to suy. "rood-night." Marerlle had niready

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gone to her own apmitnente, where, wated ut the window, she nwaited the ir hparture. When Fronteme and all the inhabitants of the Chitemu lanl gone torest. mal the stillnesa of shrop hat fallon upen the serinn of so mach !aughter and rejoicing, Narcelle erept softly out uron the Inkeng to gran upon the dyiner moon.
"Is all this pann,", she thonght, "this music, this luve-making, the answer to the yemoning of my hemet? Or whonld I be linppies with the Haron far in the forest by the gromt lake of the Manitom, where the wind in the theo-topes lalls me to, sleep, and the mery singing of birdels awakens me again!"

## CHAPTER XX

Abour the time that Marcelles hat renched the conclusion of her philosophizing a len:t was being rowel ruphlly neross the river to loint lavis, opmosite, in which were five persons, in indition to the boatman, all hent "pon a serions errand.

We have mentioned that the heir of Brablammis Was in a rare over the atcentions of the Duke de Vautreuil to Maredle. Instend of seeking out the laly, lowever, and asking her for some sort of expla-mation- Which, in this case, wouh have been donbtlens quite to his satisfaction-he decided to proceed in a different way in order to accomplish, if possible, two things at once, vi\%: the answer to the question, and the death of the questioned. Philippe Benuharmais had gone to the ball, as in duty bound, but in a disturbed and unhappy state of mind, and being still further disturbed by the nttentions of the duke, he had, on one of the weak plens of a lover, retired at an early hour to sharpen his sword and await developments. Wrapped in his clonk, he had stood within the shadow of the Chiteau for a considerable time before the bali hal come to it conclusion and the guests had begun to depart. At last the Duke de Vautreuil, who for the occasion was established in quarters near by, came out in company with others and was proceeding on
his way. Beauharnais suddenly stepped forward and tapped him peremptorily on the s: alder.
"I vish to speak with yon," he said.
The duke drew his sword and made realy to defond himself, but the others, mongst whom were La Montagne and St. Just, recognizing the voice of Beauharnais, immediately spoke up and greeted him by mame. This disarmed the suspicions of the duke, who sheathed his sword and stood waiting.
"I wish to speak with yon in private," repeated Beamarnais, with such an air of seriousness that the dake without more alo withdrew to one side with hin.
"Well, what is it?" nsked he.
"You know thar Marcelle Courtebois is betrothed to me," said Beauharmais, in a tone half questioning, half informing.
"I know nothing of the sort," replied the dukr, emphatically.
"But the fact is-" begran Beauharnais.
"The fact is that I hearl her deny the state-ment-"
"You lie!" said Beanharnais, calmly.
In an instant swords were out, and they were at it. The others now rushed in and hegged them to desist, parting their weapons with their own, and forcing them back when mere words were of no avail.
"I beg Your Grace to remember that we are responsible to His Excellency for your welfare," said Major La Montagne, in an agritated manner.
"You!" cried the Duke. "Who the devilare yon? No man is responsible for me but inyself. I demand satisfaction upon the fiek of honor-if, indeed, you Quebeckers are aware of such a thing."

The effect of this decharation was to deeply incense the duke's C'anadian companions, who felt that they deserved no such slur. Notwithstanding, therefore, the anger of His Excellency, shouhl ho know of their so loing, and the purishment which they weli knew would follow their abetting and assisting these two men to fight a ducl, La Montagne and st. Just consented to provide a boat to take them to a scell" of action, together with the seconds, the surgeon, and whatever else might be necessary.
"Whom do you wish for your second!" inquired La Montagne of the duke, somewhat haughtily.
"None," said he; "I shall be my own second."
Taking this to be intended as a still further insult, La Montagne and St. Just said no more, but !ed the way to the wharf as rapidly as possible, in order that they might cross while still the shadow of the hills lay upon the surface of the river. A boat was easily procured, but some little delay was experienced in securing the services of a surgeon. However, at length one was secured, and the party embarked without further delay. With the exception of an order to the helmsman to keep up stream as far as possible, to avoid the village of Levis, the journey across was made in silence. Two of the party were resolved upon death, while the others hesitated between a desire for revenge upon the duke and a nervous dread
of Frontenac's anger, and perhaps the anger of the King
"What do you think of this affair?" asked La Montagne of St. Just, as they neared the other shore, in a low voice inaudible except to themselves.
"I hope Beauharnais will stick him," replied St. Just, briefly.
"Nay, I do not mean that. If all were clear for fighting I should hope so, too, but His Excellency-"
"It is Vautreuil's fault. He would have it-"
"Chut!" exclaimed La Montagne, fretfully, "it will be ours if he has it."
"I would give a hundred pistoles-" began St. Just.
"If you had them," suggested his superior officer, with irritation and ill-disguised contempt.
"Yes, let it gro on," said St. Just at last, in desperation. "If the worst comes to the worst I will turn coureur-de-bois."
"And leave the rest to me, I suppose," said La Montagne.
"You can do the same."
"I know what I shall do. I shall forbid it before it is too late."
"You shall not," retorted St. Just, emphatically. But a new idea had suddenly occurred to the nervous major. He would appeal to the principals themselves. He coughed, and then began:
"Gentlemen: I appeal to you both in the King's name to give up the idea of this duel, which you know is expressly in violation of the decree of His Excellency since the death of the civilian Jean St.

Pierre at the hands of Colonel du Guesclin." He paused tu allow his words time to have full effect.
"It is in violation of the decree of a higher power even than his," said the duke, in a scoffing tone.
"The King's?" said La Montagne, eagerly.
"No-God's," replied the duke, dranatically.
La Montagne was nonplussed for the instant at this display of blasphemy, but taking advantage of the opening, resolved to press his pount.
"Will you not then desist ?" said he.
"Not unless my opponent begs it," sureered the duke.
"Keep silence," roared Benuharuais, in an ungovernable rage, "or the field of honor shall be where you
The duke instantly drew his sword, but once more the others prevailed upon lim to restrain himself till the proper field of combat had been reached.
" $1 t$ is useless. We cannot prevent it," sighed La Montagne in St. Just's ear.
"No ; I will swear to that. Then we are gentlemen, and, as officers of the King, have been insulted. It must go on."
The boat was beached, and the party wound their way up to where the trees hid the village of Levis from view. Then they waited for the dawn, which was not long in coming. The principals threw off their superfluous garments and drew their swords. At a word from La Montagne the combat begran. It was apparent at once that the duke was overmatched. Missing a lunge, the sword of his opponent instantly ripped up his sword-arm to the elbow.

La Montagne and St. Just ran forward, but the duke waved them back. He had changed his sword to the other hand, and agrain stood in position. This time the struggle began without the usual signal, and by dint of a fury that was not to be denied, the Duke succeeded in pressing his sword-point past the guard of his opponent, and in slightly wounding him in the cheek. With the rage of a lion Beauharmais advancel, and in an instant had run the dauntless Vautreuil through the right shoulder clear to the hilt. The duke fell with a nom and lay bleeding upon the ground.
"Quick, Poirier • shouted La Montagne, but the surgeon was already chere, and, kneeling by the fallen man's side, he poured brandy into his mouth, and then set hinself to stop the bleeding. Little was said, every effort being directed to prevent a tragedy.
"It is too late," said Beauharnais, wearily. "He has met the fate that he deserved."
"For God's sake, hush!" said La Montagne. "No more of this. We must get hin to the Hôtel Dieu without delay. It is his only hope. His breathing even now is stronger. Is there hope, Poirier ?"

The surgeon shrugged his shoulders doubtfully, but continued his efforts to staunch the bleeding. At last he gave the signal, and all four took hold of the wounded man and bore him gently as they would a child down to the boat. They haid him upon a bed made of the cloan. $f$ the others, his head being pillowed upon th … of St. Just.
"Are you satisfied?" asked La Montagne, sarcastic-
ally, of Beauharnnis, as he took a frightened look at the womuled man's pallid face.
"Yes, but not more than satisfied," replied Beanharnais, grimly. He was one of those quiet but revengeful men who mean everything for death when they are wronged.

The boat was run into a little byy on the Sit. Cliarles shore. It was evident at a glance that it was useless to attempt the Hôtel Dieu, and a house in Lower 'Town was selected, where, happily, an usher of the council-chamber was found to live. By dint of care and great labor the wounded man was curried up the rocky face of the shelving cliff leading to the usher's house, and safely deposited there muder the superintendence of the surgeon, who watched him narrowly and with a skilful eye. A messenger whs then despatched for the priest.
"Pardieu!" exclaimed St. Just, with a mingled feeling of prayer and relief. "I vow a thousand Aves if he recovers."
"Who will tell His Excellency?" asked La Montagne, quietly.
"You, of course," said St. Just.
"But you are the diplomatist; I am nothing."
"This is no time for diplomacy. Your duty--" began St. Just.
" I appoint you," said La Montagne.
"What for?" gasped St. Just, as the possibility flashed upon him.
"To inform His Excellency," said La Montagne, inexorably.
"But I cannot."
"But you must. I insist. I will remain with the duke."
"Mon dieu! What shall I say ?" grasped St. Just in despair.
"Sny tlat he was wounded in a duel-" sugrested La Montagne.
"In a dnel?" cried St. Just, incredulously.
"Yes, and that you were there-"
"And you."
"If you mention my name without instructions I will have you put in the guard-house for forty clays," snid La Montagne, resolutely.
"But if His Excellency asks?" pleaded St. Just.
"Then come for me. But don't you attempt to involve me in this affair unless he shonld get well, when I don't mind your saying that I did all I could to stop it."
"And yet you want-"
"Silence!" cried La Montagne, wrathfully.
St. Just was unable to speak for mincled rage and apprehension. He set off on his mission tull of misgiving and astonishment.
"This is a pretty trick to play me," he said to himself as he walked along, "when he could have stopped it easily by informing His Excellency; and now he lays the blame upon me, and forbids me to mention his name. Pardicu! It is difficult," and St. Just's eyes glittered maliciously. "Very well, I would sooner have the first word than the last in this case, I can tell you, Major La Montagne, with all your orders."

## Marcelle

St. Just approached the Château slowly and in fear of the dreaded eye of Frontenac, which had, it was supposed, the gift of looking through and through. The servant informed him that His Excellency was taking coffee with the ladies. Here was a respite. But at last he grew impatient to have it over with, and bode his request for an audience be taken in.
"Good morning, Captain St. Just," said Frontenac, cheerfully. "There is nothing of unusual inportance in so early a visit, I hope."
"There has been a duel, Your Excellency."
Frontenac frowned terribly, and then said simply, "Who have quarrelled?"
"I have been sent by Major La Mont-no, you will pardon my slip, Your Excellency-I have come to announce, as in duty bound to Your Excellency's person and to the King, that His Grace the Duke de Vautreuil, having quarrelled with Major heauharnais, has fought a duel with him, and has been wounded."
"Bally?"
"Yes, Your Excellency; he lies at the point of death in the house of Simon Legros, one of the ushers of the Council."
"You must comluct me to him at once. This is a serious affair," and without more ado Frontenac domed his hat and cloak and set out.
"Why did you not prevent it?" asked Frontenac, as they hurried away.
"My superior officer was present, Your Excellency."
"La Montagne?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"And did he permit it without protest?"
"No, Your Excellency."
"What was the duel about?"
"Over the duke's attentions to Demoiselle Marcelle."
"Ah! Jealousy. It is too bad."
The wounded man opened his eyes at the sound of Frontenac's voice, but was enjoined to close them again. The surgeon was of opinion that the wound would not prove fatal, but that it would be unwise to move him from his present position.
'The priest, one of the Bishop's own household, in view of the hopeful aspect of the case, withdrew upon Frontenac's entrance, which the hater noted with annoyance. Frontenac then directed that a sentry be placed before the door.
"I will see to it, Surgeon, that a relief nurse is sent to you from the Hôtel Dieu, and I myself will return in the morning. Major La Montagne and Captain St. Just, since your presence is not required here, you will accompany me to the Chateau," and he turned to them with a look full of menning.

As they turned to rollow Frontenac, La Montagne shook his fist wrathfully at St. Just, as a boy does when at school he is caught in some delinquency.
"It is a fortunate thing," said Frontenac, when he had taken a seat in his private apartment at the Chatean, and had bidden the others to do likewise, in preparation for a review of what had just happened, "that we are not face to face with death as well as with disgrace. As you are aware, I gave strict orders that there should be no more duels amongst loyal subjects"-and he emphasized the word "loyal" sug-
gestively-" of His Mnjesty. The frequency of their occurrence has done a vast deal to unsettle private and public life in this colony, and has deprived nes on more than one occasion of a valuable subject. When I gave those orders I expectel them to be obeyed. Why were they disolneyed?"
"It was impossible to prevent this duel, Your Excellency. Major Beanharmais having insulted the Dake de Vautrenil, the latter demmaded instant satisfaction," La Monthgne replied. He then wert on to give full particulars of the quarrel and its unlappy ending.
"Do you wish trinl by the usial court-martial, or will you leave your punishmerit, to me?"

The question was abrupt ard unexpected, but both cried eagerly, "To Yon lixcellency."
"Then I direct that yon shall remain barrack-bound till further notice, on pain of dismissal from the service."
"And this is your diplomacy," sneered La Montague, as the two culprits emerged from the Chateau and walked across the square to their quarters.
"No. It's yours," retorted St. Just.
"You mentioned my name, you scoundrel," said La Montagne.
"No, I did not."
"Who then?"
"His Excellency," said St. Just.

## CHAPTER XXI.

In a room in the honse of M. de Champigny mat two men, one of them the Intendant himself and the other the Duke de Vautreuil. De Champigny had determined that the haughty behavior of the Comnt de Frontenae mhonld come to an end. He had written long and frequent letters to the King, which, like those of his rival on the sane topic, had been trented with scant courtesy. The quarrel had gradually developed from being merely one between rival officers of the King into a feull between the two men themselves.

The present position of the Duke de Vautreuil was brietly this. He land been apprised from day to day during the period of his con:valescence of the trend of events at the Chinteau, and, in addition, of the history of the great quarrel hetween the Bishop and His Excellency on the one hand, and between the Intendant and His Excellency on the other, which was slumbering at the time merely for the lack of someone to stir the fire. Notwithstanding the attentions of Frontenac, which, however, he construed more as the result of tact than of kindness, he had resolved to take the side of the Bishop and of the Intendant in a prompt and effective manner, since in that way lay the possible winning of Marcelle. His clerical informant had left no doubt in his mind that the Governor was heart and 202
soul for Benuharunis in whatever might take place with regard to her, mul as a conserpence, and by reason of his extreme infintantion, he was resolved to grain possession of her or set the colony on tire with renewed strife.
"Ihen yon menn she really belongs to the custonly of the Bishop?" salit De Vautrmil.
"That is certainly the case. She was in the Urauline Convent when hesent a messenger who by misrepresentations induced Mother Marie de I'Inearmation to nive her up."
"What a dishonorable netion!" contia .ed Do Vantreuil. "Why has His loordship not insisted on her restoration?"
"He has been away from quebee a great deal on a journey throngh his diocese, and then, yon know, the trouble at Montrenl takes up much of his time," De Chmupigny explained.
"Ihere secuns to be a conspiracy mongst the people to keep the Bishop occupied so that he shall not interfere with Frontenac."
"There is no conspiracy," replied De Champigny with eandor. "It lies with the Bishop himself whether he will risk a combut a loutrance with the ambitions Governor and usurper of other men's rights, or allow them full sway while he devotes himself to his purely episcopal duties."
"Yet is it $n$ )t for the welfare of his people that he should check the pride of Frontenac!"
"Yes, truly," said De Champigny, smiling.
"How had it best be done, think you?"

## MARCELI, E

"Stop his interfering with my ondern to the habitants, and hix spemling of mon'y on balls and wieked thentricals, when it is morely needed for the colonists, Who have not need for the gromed nor clothew for their children."
"And is it trous that he trallies with the dealers in contraband! "asked the dake.
D. Chmupinny shluginel hix shoulders memingly, fatideched to cummit himself (1) so surions a statement.
" In France it is gencrally supposed chat there is only one man in Cimala, nul that is Frontenac," continued De Viantreuil.

The Intendant amiled contimptnonsly at this attempt to play upon his jealonsy.
"Are you aware that it is frontenac's intention to have another play ! " maid De Vautreuil.
"You hall better tell that th His Lordship. Play or no play, it concerns me very little," replied Do
"But you would support me in a renewal of the ugitation if the Bishop can le induced to take it up."
"I will do uverything in my power to curb viceregal extravagance and interference."

Convinced that it was useless to purley further with De Champigny, who was clearly willing but airaid, De Vautreuil took the hint and visited Monseigneur de Sant-Vallier, who, as guileless as he was ardent in the service of the Church, received his visitor without suspicion.

Do Vautreuil being admitted to the presence of His

Lordahip, althongh ntill nore fotm the effect of his wound, knelt with profonmel devotion.
"Your lordahip is aware ehne I have been lately attacked by the minions of Frontenne, who, knowing that I wonld cury back ta firance a trues repert of tho low and seandalons behavior of the Governor, and of those nbout hinn, insiltom me, anl ly a conspiratey Mour "lit iny life."
"I Was aware that Your Cirace hal heen wennlad. and had recovered so fire as to leave vonr ronna, lat by whoni, and unter whut circonasta, I diil Itot know," waid the Bishop, enromesty. "Inere can bee no doubt, however, that gour deniro to vindicate the Church mal the homor of Ciod would, in the minde of thase given over to worlilly thinga, resnlt in ant attempt to cans: $y$ (rut $t$ change your mind."
" Such has been the case, my lomi."
"What are thes circoniratances of the utack!"
"After tho ball which was lately given at the Chiteau, I was net upon by a horde of ruthims in the suite and pay of frontenac. I wisheal to pay my addresses to a young lady thore, in order that by marrying her I might rescoe her foom certain peridition."
"You do well to call it no," sibil the Bishop.
"It is their intention, or rather Frontenac's intention, to present another play," remarked De Vautrenil.
"Another play: And after our mandate rend from the church-door:" exclaned the lishop, in astonishment.
"Yes, my Lord."
"But you are still living as a guest at the Château." "No, any Lord, I have withdrawn, and um living in umble quarters till such time as I might see Your Lordship to find if nothing can be done."

This stateinent vas not wholly false. Under one pretence and another, and being actinated both by a sense of shame and a desire for revenge, De Vautrenil had not yet returned to the Chittean, in spite of the pressing invitations of Frontenac. If his attempts. upon the credulity of De Champigny and the Bishop should fail, however, it was his intention to yield to His Excellency's solicitations, and to return to the Chiteau, since it would be useless for him to maintain a quarrel with His Excellency without assistance.
"I am glad to find that yon disapprove of the frivolities of the Conrt," snid the Bishop.
" Not only do I disapprove of them, but all Francenay, the King hinself is scandalized by the rumors that reach him."
"His Majesty approves, then, of my attempts to purify the colony of this handmaid of heresy."
"Oh, yes, my Lord. During all my life I have been devoted to the interests of holy mother Church, and it grieves me sorely to witness the laxity prevailing."
"And you did not take part?"
"Only so far as courtesy compelled, my Lord. But even politeness could not cause the to refrain from suggesting to His Excellency the impropriety of loose example."
"Excellent young man! The Church indeed is fortunate in having one so devoted to her interests."
"There is but one way to upset the phans of His Excellency, and that I have found fron conversations with the officers of his guard and those about him," remarked De Vautreuil.
"Are they too agninst him?"
"In spirit, my lord, for they have not lost all regard for religion; but they say that simce Frontenac triumphs it is well to be on his side."
"And they say he triumphs?" said the Bishop, betraying for the first time a sign of emotion.
"Yes, my Lord."
"I will direct my secretary to demand the return of Marcelle to the convent."
"Yes, my Lord," said the duke, triumphantly, "and then?"
"Aml then I shall ask the meaning of the preparations."

In order that the reuler may be better able to follow the trend of events in succeeding chapters, it will be necessary for him to pernse with care and patience a more detaile? account of the relations of the governors, bishops, and intendants of New France with each other, from the time when the great Laval and the Jesnit fathers foreed Mexy to resign and to return to France, to that of Saint-Vallier. The King in sending Courcelle to take the place of Mézy had wit drawn a man of force to replace him with a man of fire. No sooner had Courcelle been installed than Colbert, the minister, had had to comsel him to act more mildly. Ther, too, the intendant of that time, M. Talon, though pious enough, prized his position
more than piety, and in obedience to the commands of his superiors harl set himself to wateh the clergy' from his double vantage-ground. It was not long, therefore, till the aritation was renewed and a demand made by the Bishop for their recall. On one memorable occasion a Jesuit father compared them to the noxions toadstools that grow up in a night, but in the norning are cut down and thrown into the firc. The bishops of the Canadian Church had not relinumished their intention of making Canada a theocracy of the purest type. The slightest sigh of heresy or carelessness, of latitude or liberalism, was viewed with instant suspicion and became the object of inmediate attack. This policy of watching the norals as well as the faith of the people necessarily carried itself into all the details of life, and led subscquently, since it did not receive the official sanction and support of the Pope, to a series of situations as impossible as they werc undesirable. When we consider, likewise, how unnecessary this policy of interference really was, its future aspect becomes more painful even than illadvised. In reality, the civil power in Canada did not wish to interfere with the ecclesiastical, but unfortunately the ecclesiastical wished to dor inate the civil. That this was not the policy of the Church in France itself was nothing to Laval or Saint-Vallier. They considered that Canada was in their hands for the good of the Faith, and boasted that there was not a heretic in all New France. With a craftiness that did doubtful service, the minister of Louis introduced the rivals of the Jesuits, the Récollcts, into Canada, and in
this we lave the fommation of a new caluse of discord, which, while it strengthenel the hamls of the representative of the King in his conflict with the hishops, weakened the influence of the (hureh itself and precipitated difficulties not less scandalous than absurd. The King, it must he rememberel, aspired to be himself the rock upon which the Chureh in Canalia was to be bnits, and hence we see that whitst he censured the clevgy he did not wish to injure the church itself. Had he wished he: conld have anded many of the quarrels before they hal got fairly under weigh, by the simple process of refinsing sunsidies to ecclesiastics. Then, too, in the bishops and superior clergy were vested lands free of fendal temure, and sometimes to such an extent that Laval before his death wis the greatest single landowner in the colony.

When, therefore, in view of all these thingr, we read of differences in policy and opinion amongst the lishops themselves, as when Saint-Vallier undertook to do away with the importance of the Seminary of Quebec-the very life-work, one might say, of Laval himself, who was still alive at the time of the attempt -it is not difficult to foresee the possibility of the universal trials, troubles and disaster which subsequently came to pass. In conjunction with his efforts for the Church, Saint-Valiier employed some of the arts of Satian, nor did he hesitate to stoop to the meanest and smallest intrigues to gain his point. It would have been well for his reputation hid he condescended to imitate the virtues and self-denial of the curés under
him. The combination of the spirit of the politician with the austerity of the rigid disciplinmian in their spiritual ruler naturally produced a condition of feverish unrest anongst the people thenselves, and although the Marquis de Nonville submitted to the ordinances of the Bishop with regard to fansts, balls, dances, comedies, declamations, entertainments, irreverence, flirtation, luxury in dress, the wearing of fontanges und other abominations too numerous to mention, for himself, his wife and his unfortunate daughter, the Marquis de Frontenac had no intention whatever of so doing. Masqueraders were the objects of Saint-Vallier's special loathing, and the clergy and even the faithful were enjoinel wherever they saw a luask upon a face to seize and tear it off without delay or compunction. On the other hand, the conduct of Courcelle on one nemorable occasion was such as to justly offend the sensitive, whether faithful or faithless. A priest, old and infirm, had totterel past the grovernor's residence leaning upon his walking-stick on his way to Lower Town, whither he was going for the purpose of paying his usual pastoral visits. The governor sent a sergeant after him to order his inmediate return. The priest refused to obey and in the morning was compelled to go on his bended knees before Courcelle and make a humble apology for his disobedience. The Congregation of the Holy Family, a society of women and girls which met in the cathedral, did not fail to report and divulge the secrets, scandals and common-places of everyday life to their clerical advisers, and this
also naturally gave rise to much commotion and annoyance.

To add further to the spirit of fear and general unrest-as if, indeed, anything were needed of that character-the dread of witcheraft spread its universal terrors over the land, but fortunately, with the exception of the case of the converted Huguenot miller and a girl of the city of Quebec, little was heard of the nefarious doings of these hideous spirits of the nir ; chiefly, ..s doubt, through the strenuous efforts of the clergy, who did all in their power to check fear of them at the outset. If penances were severe they were also frequently practical, and the condemnation of a penitent wife to the retaining of a troublesome servant in her employ had much to recommend it. When we see with what rapidity the spirit of wickedness and evil-doing spreads amongst the young it is inanifest that if the measures to be taken for its suppression were to be effective they must necessurily be severe; and in a colony which presented opporjunities and temptations of so varied a type, the licence of the ungodly often bade fair to destroy the results of years of patient toil on the part of the clergy, who, whatever may have been their faults, presented to the world the noblest spectacle of selfsacrifice and religious zeal recorded in the annals of martyrdom.

## CHAPTER XXII.

Frontenac sat in his private apartments at the Chitenu. The soft air of summer pinyed gently with the fringe of the heavy curtains that hung over the windows and fell in sweeping folds upon the floor. A few books and many papers lay on the table before him. His brow was furrowed with deep thought as he looked moodily into space, while his nind ran rapidly over the growing discontent and the imminence of the impending struggle. As resolute and bold as he was just and kindly, he was not formed by nature for subinission, nor was he so commanded by the King. A knock at the door was followed by the entrance of the attendant. Frontenac looked up in anger at the interruption.
"Father D'Anton wishes to see Your Excellency."
"Show him in, but stand ready to show him out," said Frontenac, curtly.

A dark, heavy-set priest of the Jesuit order entered. Frontenac remembered his face, and did not like it.
"What would you have of me?" he asked, without rising, and in the tone of one who had resolved to show his teeth.
"I am come from His Lordship Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier, Bishop of Quebec and of the diocese of Canada, so appointed and ordained -"
"Your inessage?" snid Frontenac, interrupting him.
"To inform Your Excellency that in the interost of morality and of the religion which you profess, you are required to return the inaiden Marcelle Courtehois, daughter of the coureur-lle-hois, to the Ursuline Convent, from which she was improperly taken by one of Your Excellency's oflicers, in order that she may agnin come under the coutrol of His Lordship; with a view to her entrance into the order of the Congregation of Our Lady."
The priest spoke in a mild and unoffending torie that induced Fortenne to hear him out.
" Does His Lordship feel that the young lady is in ball hands here?"
"His Lordship is impressed with the necessity of doing more for the suppression of frivolities than leretofore. His conscience has long reproached him that the society of Quebec, and under Your Excellency's eye, is so given over to idleness, luxury, and irreligion that the souls of the multitude are at the mercy of the Evil One. It is a matter of further reproach to him, he has bidden me say, that the young girl, having been clearly placed in his control by the hands of our Blessed Lady and the Providence of God, should have been taken from it by deceit and brought up to dress unbecomingly, to dance, and to conduct herself as if life here were everything instead of nothing."
"But such is not the case," said Frontenac. "Is there any charge that she evades her religious duties ?"
"None that I know of, Your Excellency."

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"What then ?"
"But the danger-we are bidden to beware of the tempter and the despoiler of our precious ones."
"I an afraid, Father D'Anton, that we shall have to lenve it to the young lady herself. I shall have her called in, und if she desires to leave the Chatera for the Convent of the Ursulines she certainly may do so." So saying, Frontenac directed that Marcelle should bo called in, meanwhile continuing:
" Do you not think that His Lordship had better contine himself inore to the religious life of his dioc se and less to the civil? He lins so interested himself -nay, has so interfered-in every department of iny administratior, that as representative of the King I am obliged to protest continually. It can only lead in the end to serious trouble. You will kindly convey to His Lordship my firm resolution not to yield my prerogative by the sinallest particle, for so am I commanded by His Majesty."
"The affairs of man are as nothing in the eyes of God," said the priest, lumbly.
"Nor in the eyes of His vicegerents? Then we shall see."

As Frontenac concluded a gentle tap at the door announced Marcelle. She entered, pale and trembling.
"Be seated, Marcelle," said Frontenac." "I híve sent for you because this good Father D'Anton has been despatched by the Bishop to demand your return to the Convent."
"Oh, Your Excellency !" said Marcelle, breathlessly, as she fell into a chair, rather than sat in it.
"The Bishop is of opinion that you should enter the Convent to complete your religious education with a view to becoming a member of the Congregation of Our lady. Do you wish to leave us? It remaina for you to say."

Marcelle, who had been listening intently, suldenly reached forward and threw her arms about the neek of Frontenac, burying her face in his shoulder, and wept bitterly. Frontenace was much aflected.
"Answer, Marcelle," said he, at last. "Which shall it be?"
"I do not wish to defy His Lordship, who has been very kind to me, and if he commands me to go by right of his authority in the Church I suppose I must go," sobbed Marcelle.
"You subinit, then?" asked Father D'Anton, w.h triumph.
"If I must, father. But as for me, I do not wish to go."
"Then you shall not go. If you do not wish to go, you shall not go," said Fronteme, ising wrathfully and speaking hoarsely. "Too long have the officirs of my govermment and of my household been interfered with by Monseignear de Saint-Vallier, and I shall ppeal to the King. To him 1 shall submit if so dir ceted, but not till then."
"You defy the Church, then? Is that to be my message?" asked the priest, disappointedly.
"No, I do not defy the Chureh, but I defy Monseigneur de Sitint-Vallier. Let that be your messagre. It is enougl."

Frontenac paced the floor in violent agitation after the priest's departure.
"Why strould His Lordship have so suddenly wished mo to teave the Chiteau, Your Excellency ?" naked Marculte, tearfully.
" I do not know, my dear girl, and I do not care. So long as yon wish to remain umder my protection there is no power in that prond Bishop to take you away. Yet, if you take my advice, you will amounce your engagement to Philippe Bearhamais. That, of course, would prevent your having to leave the Châtenu."
"Wonld it not be well, if I must take such a measure of relicf, for me to see the Bishop and get his consent ?"
" It would be well, and I commend your sagacity in thinking of it. You will then be free from the anxieties of His Lordship and from the attentions of the Duke de Vautreuil."
"I loathe that man," said Marcelle, hastily. "He has $n$ wicked face that no woman can mistake."
"Oh: you are a prejudiced hot, you women," said Frontenac, playfully, regaining his spirits at the prospect of a satisfactory settlement-satisfactory to him becalise he should defeat the Bishop and at the same time reward the fidelity of an ohd and finthfint friend.
"Then I am to say that I wish to necept Philippe Benuharnais?" said Marcelle, rehearsing her instructions.
"Yes," replied Frontenac.
"It is a great pity," sad Marce"' "for I do not
love him. I do not want to be married. I am happy here."
"My dear girl," suid firontemac, affiectionately, " you see how it will be. You cmurot always remain single unless - unless you euter a convent."
"I an not fit to be a nun," continued Marcelle, disconsolately. "I am two fond of the air, the forest, the beautiful lakes, the great trees and the songs of the birds."
"You lanve your choice," said Frontenac, pressing Iris advantare. "Philippe Benuharmais, an estimable, honorable gentlemen, or a convent-or the Duke de Vintreuil."
" Never!" exclaimed Marcelle, fiercely. "Can I not go back to my little cabin? Ihrey shall not make me do what I do not want to do. It is slavery, and I shall not do it."

Marcelle way more in earnest than Frontenac ever had seen her, and he wondered at the unusual brilliance of her eyes. However, he laughed at her impetuosity, as le was accustomed to do, and bade her make her request. It could do no harm.

Somehow Marcelle felt ns she put on her clonk of sombre black, and her liat without a plume, for she did not wish to attract attention by a gay attire, that fate was hard and the will of man unjust. But there was still $n$ friend who would tell her what was best. Father Delaurier was leer confessor. She would consult him first. It was now eleven. At twelve o'clock he would be at his coufessiomal-box in the cathedral. She waited, musing and looking over her dresses and

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jewels. She seanned her face in the ghases enrefully to neo if all traces of weeping hat dismppeared. She tried to sing, but it was useless. At last the hour drew near enough for her to net ont. Portune favored her. She mot SHether Deharier as ho eame from the Palace.
"I want to speak to you, Finther Delatrier, please, lefore you go in."
"Have you mach to any to me, Marcelle?" ho asked, gently.
"No, father. I morely want to nak you if I do wrong if when the Bishop orders me I do not become n num!"

Father Delaurier was atare eld, but he was one of those who believed that the Bishop overstepped his nuthority, nad he naswered, "Yon minst not speak of whint I tell you to anyone but myself-"
"I promise:" cried Marcelle, engerly.
"No, yoll will not do wrong, but it is not well to defy the Bishop or protuce seandal in the parish. Has he so ordered you?"
" Yes, father. He sent his messenger, Finther D'Anton, to-dny to require me to lenve the Chitean on account of its frivolities and to go to the Convent again with that olyject in view."
"And do you not wish to marry?" nsked Father Dolaurier, archly, emphasizing the altermative.
"No, father ; but I would rather marry than become a mun. I ann not patient enough, nor could I shut myself up as the grod nuns do."
"Ihen marry. It will met the difliculty. Come salt the: Bishop and ask his bleasing."

Fortithal by the ndvee of Fimher Delamber, Marcoflo walked frick!! , though with some apprehension. to the pratace of the Bishop.

Monseignear de sabin- Vallier wa* a man of hofty learing anl severe combenance, lint withat of an mulerlying sensitivanoma mid swerthess of dipporition that meeden but ther right ereasion for it to beeomo instantly manifest. As sho heard hia step in the hatl Marcelle grew fearfing. So much depembed upen the interview.
"My Lard, you have ortered no to withlraw from the Chitemand re-enter thi Comsent," satil Maredle, in a low tone of hatiful humility.
"Yes, my child; I think it best."
"Thom, my loml, you to uot wish me to mary?"
"'lo marry, Maredles 1 had not hand of this before-yet now that you speak, the dake did mention it."
"Will Your Lordship grant me permission to receive the attentions of Philippe Deauhmmis?"
"There is nothing ngninst it, I suppose," sail the Bishop, quietly, though evidently at a loss. "You know it is our wish that there should be marringes, as many us possible that are suitable. It is in the interest of our blessed religion of of the welfare of the colony."
"Then I have Your Lordship's pernission?"
"Yes."

As Marcelle knelt to receive the Bishop's blessing her mind was ill at ease. But an idea suddenly occurred to her which relieved her of her scruples.
"If, iny Lord, by chance the marriage should not come to pass, or gives promise of being too long delayed, I shall report to Your Lordship and do as you wish ?"
"That will be satisfactory to me, my child, and I am sure that you will feel the better for your ready submissici: to my wishes."
"Then it will not be necessary to return to the Convent?"
"No, my child."
Marcelle felt that the burden of a heavy load had been lifted from her heart, and returned to the Chitteau joyful in mind, while the Bishop went to his frugal repast happy in the thought that the Church once nore had triumpled, even in the household of the refractory Frontenac himself.

As Marcelle entered the Château she again sought His Excellency's door, but now devoid of apprehension and with a smile of happiness and content. To Frontenac she narrated the circumstances of her meeting with Father Delaurier and of her interview with the Bishop, all of which he comnended.
"He has had his way in this case," said Frontenac. 'I $I$, too, must have mine. He has sent his messenger and has been obeyed. He has granted you a permission which he cannot well revoke. I wish you to visit the Seignory of Beauharnais in the meantime, but
the frecton of our honsehold must be established despite His Lordship's order. I will 'ase the play."
"Yes, Your Excellency," said Marec le, who felt liat she could manage a sojourn at $t^{\prime}$ simpoy ory well while preparations were going on winch rould be sure to rouse the Bishop to action once more and lead to distress and tumult. Frontenac intended Marcelle to take active part in a dramatic representation, of which naturally she would be the chief attraction, but lest she should be seized upon or ordered under pain of episcopal displeasure to withhold herself from such iniquities, he had determined to put her under the protection of the Count of Beauharnais, whose age and standing, both with the Chureh and in the colony, were such as to stifle criticism. He had foreseen, too, that it was quite possible that the Bishop or those of his clergy who still obeyed him, or perhaps, indeed, the count himself, who at his time of life was more inclined to side with the Church than with the state upon such a question, would exact from Marcelle a promise to avoid them. This did not so much matter so long as she remained personally frec. The play to be presented was in the nature of a representation of life as it was in the colony, and therefore such that she would take her place in it without compunction or the effort of study. For the others it was a different matter. Upon them he could bring pressure. The season should close and the last ship should leave for France with the triumph of the King and the discomfiture of the Bishop. It

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was to be a battle for civil liberty, fought upon a stage, with soldiers, accoutrementy, flars and all the circumstance of war, without bloodshed or anything worse than a mandate and a few anathemas. Once and for all frontenac had resolved to shake off the authority of De Saint-Vallier, and in a case such as this, where every effort would be male by the Bishop to re-assert his puwer, it would probably settle itself by an appeal to the King and to the final decision of the Bishop's superiors. Whatever might happen, affairs could not be worse than at preseat. Quarrels in the kitchen, conflicts in the streets, divisions in the common life of the citizens, all concerning the trivialities of what were called "morals," were gradually sapping the vitality of New France, and would ultimately render it an easy prey to England. European wars had rendered the probability of assistance froin France, in case of need, exceedingly doubtful, and therefore it was doubly necessary that the life of the colony should no longer be disturbed from within. That he should in the end have the support both of the Church in France and of the King, Frontenac was certain. It needed but firmness on his part to ensure success.

## CHAP'TER XXIII.

Major La Montagine and Captain St. Just were playing chess in barracks. Wine, tobacco, and the pleasantries of convivial grossip helped them to while away the confinement to which they had been condemned. Their brethren in arms supplied them with details of the various happenings in the gay and festive life of the city, as well as in the more serious side.
"What do you think will be the next inove of His Excellency?" inquired St. Just, hipropos of the news that the Bishop had demanded the return of Marcelle to the custody of the Convent of the Ursulines.
"To tell him to go to the devil," said La Montagne, weariedly.
"But, that won't settle it," said St. Just, reflectively.
" Mon dieu! no. However, His Excellency is bent upon defying him, and you remember his expressed wish to have another play."
"Yes; we shall have another play, sooner or later," said St. Just, bitterly ; "but I am mistaken if it will be all play for all that."
"Your mind is wandering," said La Montagne, patronizingly, and pointing to the board. "That is merely Biteau's gossip."

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"Not at all. Vautreuil has gone over to the Bishop altogether."
"That is, then, the result of the duel, you see. He has resented His Excellency's fivoring of Beauharnais," said La Montagne.
"But his kindness to De Vautreuil ; his visits-"
"They are nothing. This woman's beauty will be worse than the Iroquois yet."

St. Just laughed. "She will marry Beauharnais and then there will be an end of it."
"You think so? I do not. I will back le Vautreuil. What chance his a penniless Canadian with a rich aristocrat? Even Frontenac is not his equal."
Captain Du Lut opened the door. "Wlat! At it again? Is it the King or the Bishop this time?" he asked, playfully.
"'To what do you refer? I am beaten," said St. Just.
"To the death of Boileau's child."
"Well! what of that?"
"Mon dieu! It is nothing, but it will raise another storm all the same."
"Sit dorvn and tell us about it."
"Oh! by-the-way, His Excellency has granted you liberty."
"What! Are we free ?" shouted both together.
"Yes; I am to announce it to you."
Both officers rose simultaneously and danced gaily around the room together, singing snatches of whatever came into their heads.
" Now, when you linve sobered down I will tell you of the child," said Du Lut.
" Never mind it."
"But oif the row."
"Ah: yes; we are fond of fighting. Go on. Take a glass, and be quick. I slall dress for parade this aftermoon."
"No parade," said Du Lut, sententiously.
"No band?"
" No."
"No ladies ?"
"No."
"Sacré: What las become of it all?"
"Monsiegneur de Saint Vallier-" began Du Lut, in the $\mathrm{r}^{\text {nonotone of a court officer. }}$
"Be hanged!" said St. Just. "We are for the King and freedom. Here's to the King!"

The three men filled their glasses and drank off.
" Let us hear of the child," said La Montagne.
"You know, then," began Du Lut, "that Monseigneur objects to the fontanges."
"So I have heard."
"But His Excellency does not."
"Of course not. It is absurd."
"Well, Boileau had a daughter just eighteen years of age, pretty and gay."
"I will be introduced," said St. Just.
"She had a number of admirers, among others one Ménier, who is a smuggler. He brought her dresses and ribbons in his brandy boat, and lo! and behold
she had the audacity to go to Mireuil to mass dressed like a rainbow."
"Or a bird of Paradise."
"The cure' condemmed her to hell from the altar steps, and threatened all who should speak to her till she had made her peace witl. the ban of the Church."
"Well!"
"'fhen she thed from spotted fever, and is buried in unconsecrated gromud. But Monseignenr de SaintVallier dechared that His Excellency hal set her on to defy him, and he called down upon the heads of all traitors to 13. Church the vengeance of Gorl. His Excellency says he will have no more of it, and is determined to assert the supremacy of the King. Meanwhile, your precious duellist angers the Governor beyond measure by threatening to go back to France and visit the King at Versailles in the interest of the Bishop unlens Marcelle, the adopted danghter of His Excellency, is given to him in marriage instead of to Sieur de Beauharmais. Then orders are given by His Lordship that she be returned forthwith to the Ursuline Convent, in order-mark you!-in order that she may not further become contaminated by the balls, parties, theatricals and the heaven knows what which you gallants are guilty of to the scandal of His Lordship and the ruin of your own souls."
"Good! Hear ! hear!" cried St. Just, laughing; but a look of concern took the place of a smile upon La Montagne's face.
"We cannot defy the Church," said the latter, seriously.
"No, certainly, but we can defy the Bishop, who thinks he is above the Church and the worh, things mortal and immortal," retorted St. Just.
"Beware!" said La Montagne. "It is not for us to quarrel with him. You remember Rigot?"

St. Just's face straightenel for a moment, but with a contemptuons shrug of the shonders he dechared once more for the King, and continued:
"I will not be condemned for kissing n pretty woman or smoking a pipe. It is childish. There is no harm in it. The King enjoys himself at Versailles and nothing comes of it. The duke knows that, and is well aware that he is playing the hypocrite. Where is Beanharnais?"
"I have not seen him fir many days. He is likely at the seignory till the affiai blows over."
"It has blown over, else how should we be free?"
"Yes, but ho is the favorite."
"True, and he may not have gone, after all."
"Let us phay spin-the-dice since there is no band. What of the Holy Family ?"
"Never mind them. They confess too much, I am sure, and will need more absolution than a priest can give them. I see Dilbot is in town again."
"What! With brandy?"
"He has come for the Bishop's blessing," said St. Just, at which he and Du Lut laughed loudly.

They played and talked and otherwise disporter themselves in efforts to efface the remembrance of their ennui.
"I wish I could go to France," yawned St. Just, hopelessiy.

## MARCELLE

"That will never be. You are doomed," said Lat Montague.

A messenger entered and lianded a letter to La Montagne. "It is for you, St. Just," sail he, turning it over, "nand from His Exc llency. It is for you to go to France, eh? No?"

St. Just blushed with pride as he rose and repuired to his dressing-room. It was a summons from His Excellency to his presence. Withont delay St. Just put himself in proper shape to nppear, and then walked across the square to the Chateau.
"I wish you," said Frontenac, ignoring the fact that he had not seen St. Just for days, "to convey with due speed this letter to the Count de Beanharnais. I will tell you the purport of it, ns I wish you to carry out in person its provisions."

St. Just bowed low. "Yes, Your Excellency."
"I an anxious that Demoiselle Marcelle shall have the pleasure of prying the Count de Beauharnais nnother visit at Beauharnais, since it will not only be a pleasant diversion, but it will also give her a muchneeded outing before the autumn closes in upon us with its short evenings."
"Yes, Your Excellency, I shall get a Montngnais whom I know to be a good guide in the river and $a$ good canoeman, and will start without delay."
"You will return before dark?"
"If the count is at home, Your Excellency. Otherwise, shall I wait?"
"By all means; I desire an answer," said Frontenac.

St. Just t ok the le:ter and desputched a masemer for the Montagnais. Not bany minutes nfter they were gliding swiftly over the surface of tho st. Iawrence townrds their destimation. The old emme was found walking to and fro in frote of his homse, taking a last peep at the sum becre it dismporabl belind the hills. He adjusted his apectacles ind reand the missive.
"His Excellency is grood enough to say that gon do not need a letter of reply;" and he, smiling plensantly. "Tell His Excellency, I beseech you, that Limahamis is at the service of Demoisede Marcelle, who, I understand, is at the present moment suffering from the close city nir. I do not wonder. She vill soon recover here."
"This is some new move of His Excellency's," thought St. Just, as he wolked nwny. "Marcelle never looked better in her life. But it is not for me (t) do other than to keep silence if I value my future."

Though the visit had been short, the darkness of night was Alrealy coming down, and St. Just took his paddle with a firmer grip. The Mont:gnais now and then looked nervously about, keeping his eye on the ishand and along the shore. All at once he called to St. Just in Indian, "Puddle! The Ironnois!"

It was not necessary to cry 'paddle' to St. Just when he heard the word "Iroyuois." With a bound the birchbark grained new headway, but after a few strokes the Montagnais changed his mind and turned it shorewards. However, their pursuers were but
equal in number, and St. Juat was armed, haviner nu aryuebins. They gained the shore and sprung out quickly, St. Just making for a large tree, while the Montagnais followed, carrying the canoe. The twe Iroquois, who land with their usmal daring ventured far in quest of menenture and of prey, stopped as they saw tho aryuehuse raised, and paldled slowly off towards the comer of the island.
"They will come argann," said the Montagnais, " and attack us at night."
"What had wo better do, then? Bat I am not afraid of them," said st. Just, fentessly.
"They are Mohnwks," remarked the Indian, as if that were enough.
"And I an a Frenchman and you are a Montagmais," said St. Just, at last, with a boldness which he was far from feeling. However, it had the desired effect upon the pride of the Indian, for he straightway put the canoe in the water arain and pointed alongr shore. "We will go this way," le said, "and then we can dart across the river."
"Iroquois are in the river, Your Excellency," said St. Just, as he stood once inore before Froutenac.
"Then I wish you to clear them out with all pos. sible despatch," said Frontenac, with annoyance. "Not one of these marnuders must be within fifty miles of Quebee by this day week. I leave that to you. Report to Major La Montagne and request lim to come to me in the morning. Have you a letter ?"
"No, Your Excellency. The Count de Beauharnais
answered by word of month, mill places Bealharnais the the demoiselle's service."
"Very well. You have done as I told you. That will do."

St. Just sought his quarters, cursing the Iropuois. But it was of no avail: the command of His Exxeellency must be obryed Ia Montange laughed, bue suid nothing.

## CHAPMFK XNV.

Tine Duke de Pautreuil why a man of sullen and determined character. To this ho alded much of the boldness and indinerotion of gonth, so that when he heard that not only was Mareelle not tore-enter the Convent and once more come meder the conteol of the Bishop, but that on the contraly she was is be bee trothed to Philippe Bemhmonis aml to pay a visit to the count his father, his jealous ruge was ronsed to a high pitch and his energies to action. That he, the representative of one of the prondest honses of Ohd France, should be sel at nanght even by Fromenac him In was little to his liking, ind he vowed that he would make him repent it. As for Philippe Beanharmais, he had with him a double injury to avenge. In the end he had no doubt that he should gian possession of Marcelle, who had continned to avoid him, without giving him serions offence, and had thus unknowingly added to the frenzy of passion the pride of future conquest. The Bishop he reghoded as a dupe of Frontenac and he resolved to enlighten him without further delay.
" Your Lordship has consented, I have heard, to the proposed betrothal of the daughter of the courenr-debois to Philippe Beanhamas," said De Vantrenil.
"Yes," roplied the bishop. "The gomig maiden has expressed a preference for him. You know we are anxinus that nome of the women of the colony shatl remain single, and it has given me great joy to receive her chatial submission. I have given her my heaning, and I pray that no ill may befall her." Monseigneur de saint-Vallier did not observe the disturbed condition of the young dake's feeling.
"Then you consent to her taking part in the play abont to le given at the Chatena?"
"I think you ure mistaken," replied His Lordship, frowning alightly. "There is hardly likely to be another attempeat so bold a defi.ance of my authority, bat even if that were possible, Marcelle is to becomen wife and she, therefore, will not take part in further frivolities."
"You are sure of that, my lord?"
"She has renewed her submission, and I have every confidence in her grood faith."
"But if you are not certain would it not be well to make sure?"
"I deem it unnecessary," replied the Bishop, "to put firther questions to her, in view of her being, as yon see, willingly under my guidnace. In fact, she would have retnmed to the Convent at once were it not that it is inpossible to receive there the attentions of Major Beauharnais. She is perfectly willing, dear child, to do as I direce."

The duke tossed his head in contempt of the Bishop's crednlity. He conld plainly expect no aid from the Church. The visit of Marcelle to Beauharnais
had been annomed and soon hecane conmon property. When it first reached the enrs of the duke he had thought of lying in mubush with his twenty retaners, taking her eaptive and hurrying her abonrd his vessel, moored at a convenient point in the river. On second thought, however, this would be too hazardous an undertaking, siace she would be escorted by an otheer and soldiers as a gruard of honor, the usual accompmiment of a member of the vice-regal household upon a stnte visit. To fight with the escort would inem treason to the King. Of affairs of a treasomable character the duke had alrealy seen the disastrous results. He was prepared to take Marcelle by stealth, but not by force. The opportunity would, in all probability, present itself in the course of her stay at Beabhamais. With due secrecy such an undertaking could then be safely carried out. His own men were devoted to his interests, and their necks would depend upon their success. Once away, he would arrive in France without a possibility of the news having preeeded him, and it would then be easy to spirit his victim away to one of the more remote of his country-sents, where nothing further would be heard of her. The more he ran the details of the project thus over in his mind, the more fensible it looked, till already in anticipation, like a baron of the Middle Ages, lee embraced the beautiful captive. He was impatient to see his skipper, a man of much firmmess of purpose, but likely to have little or no scruples where women or his own interests were concerned. To him the duke unfolded his scheme.
"A young laly of the Chitean St. Louis is about to gro upon a visit to the Seimory of Bemulamais, which lies off the Island of Orleans. You know it."
"I do, master:"
"You are prepareal to do my bidining" asked the duke, looking at him murowly.
"Yes, manter."
"You will drop down the river to a point below the seignory. It will be necessary to say why you go. It will de to intimate that your canvas has been lying idlle and needs an airing before our departure for France."
"It will be well to go up the river first, master," suggrested the skipper, cumningly. " A stretch or two the other way first would throw them off the scent."
"You are right, Lebrun."
"By what day should I be there, master ?"
" A week or two weeks hence, but no longer. We must excite no suspicion, and let not the men know. The secret remains with you."
"You have told me only part of the secret, master," said the skipper, griming familiarly."
" At the time appointed, which I shall arrange, this lady will go aboard with me-perhaps unwillingly, but that is nothing to you; and be prepared to sail for France on the following morning."

The skipper, who had stood with his hat in hand respectfully receiving his instructions, now put it on and went off smiling. That he could be trusted the duke felt assured, yet he threw a glance of suspicion at him as he walked away.

The departure of Marcelle for Benuharnais was attended with a degree of ceremony befitting her adopted rank. Five canoes, all of the ordinary size, excepting one which, larger and more sumptuously furnished than the rest, was destined for her conveyance, lay at the wharf in waiting. Major La Montagne was in command of the escort. The vice-regal carriage, with footmen in livery, looked strange amid the more natural character of the surroundings, although the costumes of the Canadians were equal to those of the attendants in point of color, if not of costliness. The descent of the carriage to within reach of the wharf was attended with so much jolting and danger that Marcelle begged of La Montagne to desist.
"I will get out and walk. It is safer," she sid, laughingly, when the carriage stopped.
"A carriage on land is like a canoe on shore in this country," said La Montagne, "but for all that, ceremony is not inappropriate."
"I suppose that it is required, that we may not draw disgrace upon His Excellency, but as to its use I can see but very little of it," said Marcelle.

A crowd gathered near to see them embark. Already the soldiers forming the escort had been put with the luggage into the smaller canoes, which had dropped behind, and were being held at the wharf against the slow-moving current of the river by the paddles of the canoemen. All this the Duke de Vautreuil watched with interest as he stood upon the terrace-wall looking at the preparation and departure.

When St. Just received his order from Frontenac to scour the vicinity of the seat of goverment, and to drive the small bands of audacious Iroquois from the more settled parts of the colony and back to the forests from the water-way of commerce, the Sit. Lawrence river, he was, as we have seen, not too well pleased. He felt that he had brought it on himself, however, by informing the Governor of the pursuit of himself and the Montagnais, and yet, being no coward, when the order was given he prepared himself to carry it out. The ordinary soldiers of the garrison, untrained to Indian warfare and the artitices of the red men, would have been worse than useless in pursuit of them, although in case of itsence, under proper guidance, they could perform their part with courage and success. But the men required by him on this occasion were those who, at once bold fighters and skilful canoemen, keen of sight and quick to draw the right conclusion, were capable of equalling the Indian in strategen and of meeting him successfully face to face. With this in view St. Just strolled into the brandy and tobacco shops of Lower Town with two companions of the class he was in quest of. Relying upon his own judgment as well as upon the acuteness of his companions and their personal acquaintanceship with the men sought for, he was not long in unearthing a score or more of the sort desired and in concluding a bargain with them. The contract having been signed, or properly speaking, agreed to, for the men could in no one instance either read or write, further details of the equipment were left in the
hands of their leader, a man without fear and of a physique and stamina fitted to carry out what would certainly be required of him. He was a coureur-debois, as were several of his men, the remainder being made up of Canadians accustomed to Indian warfare and of half-breed descentants of the various tribes in the vicinity of Quebec and discharged soldiers of the Salières-Carignan regiment, so famons in colonial history.

The equipment of the expedition consisted as usual of canoes and arins-in this case for fifty men. Of provisions, however, but a small quantity was taken, since fish and game were abundant, and each member of the party was supposed to furnish hinself with food. The start was made an hour before dawn, in order that the landing upon the opposite or adjacent shore should not be a warning to an enemy, Since the last attack of a severe and threntening claracter, several small expeditions had been despatched from Quebec to police the rural districts and, if necessary, frighten off the scouts and forerunners of new bodies of the enemy. Of late the increasing boldness of the hostiles demanded more energetic measures. St. Just, having taken counsel with His Excellency and the leader of his men, decided to land one small party at Trois Rivières, another at the mouth of the Chaudiere, and still another at Beauport or St. Anne. From Trois Rivières and St. Anne, after exploring the river, they could strike into the forest and meet at or near Quebec again. The Chaudière party was, after exploring
the south shore, to return to the same point as near as possible to the time at which the north shore party was expected there.

Nothing of moinent, or even of interest, attracted the attention of St. Just at Chaudiere, where the original party livided into three and proceeded on its several ways as alrealy cutlinel. St. Just himself undertook the St. Anne station, which he finally decided upon i.s preference to that of Beauport. All were now keenly alive to their duties and on the watch for signs or traces of the red men. Having arrived at St. Anne, scouts were sent out into the forests like hounds despatched in quest of deer. St. Just with two canoes, one containirg himself, two canoemen and two soldiers, the other a single scout whose duty it was to go ahead and discover if aught of a significant or threatening character lay before them, set out upon the river from St. Anne eastward past the extremity of the Island of Orleans. The scout was a courcur-de-bois whose reputation for sacracity extended from La Chine to Isle Percée upon the river, and wherever the coureurs wandered in the forest. As the reader will have noticed in the case of Marcelle's first meeting with Jean Dilbot, the coureurs-de-bois formed an order whose totem or coat-of-arms was a red deer, which served as a sign of union as useful and as effective as culors to the members of a regiment or the sign of the cross to believers. It must not be supposed, however, that the coureurs-de bois were indistinguishable except by this insignium. On the contrary, the bearing and facial appearance of
a coureur distinguished him from other men in a marked legree, yet in case of need it servel its purpose in a mamer always prompt, if sometimes fantastic. As Barest, the scout in question, stole silently in his boat of bark from shadew to shadow, from bay to bay, and point to point, his attention was attracted by a cance almost opposite to his own, but upon the farther side of an island which by between, and which in another instant would hide it from view. Barcot gave a low whistle such as the night-bird gives in the depths of the woods at inating-time. The other canoeman caught the sound instantly and turned.
"Where do you go, Barcot ?" asked he, carelessly, as the canoes drew near each other and he recognized the scout.
"Have you seen anything ?" asked the scout, looking deeply into the other's eyes.
"I have. But it is nothing. A woman, that is all."
"Fair and foul, like the word of an Iroquois," suggested Barcot, smiling at his own jest.
"Monsieur to duc takes a lady with him to France, but she does not wish to leave the country. She is too fond of Canada," said the other, laughing quietly.
"Who is she ?"
" I do not know."
"No lying. What do you know?" demanded Barcot, curtly.
"Pardicu! I know nothing. It is someone at Beauharnais."
"It is Marcelle," exclaimed Barcot, with horror. "When does it, happen?"
"Not the daughter of Black John ?" inguired the other, who had heard her name often in the streets of Quebec.
"Yes, at the Château. She left a week ago to pay a visit to the old seigneur. You remember the duel ?" answered Bareot, hurriedly.
"I do, and he shall not get her. Pardieu! I would seuttle hinn first. She is to marry the young seigneur?"
"Yes, and she shall," said Barcot.
"She shall," eehoed the other. "I am on my way from the ship now, which is at anehor two leagues below. She is to be taken to-night, if I get baek to tell monsicur where his ship is and that all is realy."
" Whieh you will not do," said Bareott, admiringly.
"Never! By God in henven! She is one of us. Although I an well paid, I will put my knife under his leathern coat rather. Down with the traitor!"
"No," snid Barcot, refleetively, "that will not do. You will be suspected if you do not arrive. Go, but tell the duke that something has gone wrong with the ship-the rudder is loose, or what you like, Keep him for two days and then-how many men has he?"
"With hin? I do not know, but one is Leblane."
Bareot turned blaek with rage. "Gooll! I will kill hinn. I have waited long. $H e$ is a cowarl, and keeps under the roofs of Quebec." A new ineentive and exeitement was added to the adventure for the seout. But Leblane had married the other's sister, and had Barcot not been so angry for the moment he would have notieed the effeet of his words. The
stranger, as we shall call the dake's conreur, having recovered countenance, carried it off aminbly.
"Well: What do you propose, comrate?" he nsked.
"There are not many, yon sny ?" suid Barcot. " Then, let it take place to-night."
"To-morrow night," suggested the stranger, engerly.
"Very well," said Bnrcot; "Captain St. Just is hehim. We have too many as it is. We shall land two and then go on."
"Agreed!" said the stranger. "That will do."
Barcot, however, was prone to suspect. After the interview the stranger paddled leisurely away and the scout did likewise, but only till a point of hnd hal hidden him from view. Then with a sweep of his puldle he turned the birchbark about and sat motionless, watching through the leaves of the bush the departing inessenger.
"So!" exclained Barcot, with satisfaction, as he saw the latter quicken his pace till at last he put all his strength into the stroke. "He has told me too much, has he? Not this time, my brave comrade," and satisfying himself that it was time for action, he, too, changing his paddle hand, sent his craft with a bound over the water. St. Just watched the return of the approaching scout with some concern, supposing that he came with news of a party of Iroquois or mayhap of smugrglers. But he was more concerned than ever when he heard of the duke's plot, and without a moment's hesitation he prepared to forestall him.
"Put about and land there, Blackhird, with all speed," said he, addressing his half-breed steersinan and pointing to the main shore.

The soldiers were landed, and with their arms and a small pack of provisions were left to make their way back to camp, while without further delny St. Just with the others set out after Barcot, who with $n$ long lead was making stendily off in the direction of Benuharnais.

## CHAPTER XXV.

Wuen Barcot indiscreetly discovered his intense hatred of Leblanc to the duke's scout the feeling of loyalty to his order, aroused by the words of Bareot, subsided in the stranger's breast. It was well known that Barcot was cruel and relentless, that a wolf was not more persistent upon the track of a deer than he upon the trail of his victim. The luke de Vautreuil and his men were camped in a deep recess in the forest not far from Beauharnais, and yet was the campingplace so hidden from view that it was as secure from discovery as if it had been a hundred miles back from the nortly shore. The duke was uneasy and apprehensive. In a land where instinct superseded reason, of Indians and coureurs-de-bois, the inhabitants partook inore of the nature of birds and animals than of that of men. The same sublety, the same keenness of sight and scent-in a word, the same mysterious faculty of finding out things the most obscure, and communicating them from or to places the most inaccessible and remote, characterized as with these the Indians, the half-breeds and the coureurs-debois. Being aware of this, De Vautreuil was ill at ease, nor was he free from fear that the coureurs-de-bois, hearing of his action, might succeed in taking vengeance upon him before he should be able to reach the ocenn
und safety. He wins sitting in his tent wating, lat impationtly. for the arrival of worl where his skipper hatl anchored and that all was realy for aetion, when his seont arrivel. Upon heing shown into the dake's tent the later deliverod his mossange, takinge care at thos same timo to say that in the skipper's opinion not a moment should be lost in case astorn might suldenly arise, which, by reawon of the position of the vesed near the sont! shore, might necessitaten new anchorage and new plans. To Leblanc, however, the real condition of nflairs was maloknown, und the latter, whose character Barcot had leseribed aright, was inmediately thrown into a state of constermation It was then within an hour of darkness, and the plan being to seize Marcelle when she was taking her castomary evening walk through the irvumls about the mamor-house in company with the lord of Beauharnais, there was no time to lose. Leblane was abont to interview the lake when the latter came himself to scek him. Immediate netion was deciled upon. The canoes were at once dragged from their hiding-places, tents were strnck, and evory preparation made for departure.

While still the sun shone brightly above the horizon, two canoes were being heuled for Benuhamais, the others remaining stntionary in the neighborhood to afford aid in case of necessity. From time to tine both the duke and Lehlane looked anxionsly nbout, but no other craft hove in sirht to disturb them in their undertaking. They landed and set to work. The duke could not trust hinself to superintend personally the taking of harcelle captive, and with instructions

## IIARCELILE

regarding her treatoment in cose of resistance ho beft the rest in the hamds of Leblane and lay hiden in the bua... Having uppromelied the portion of the demesne in the vicinity of the manor-honse, Leblanc and his men planged into the thicket and were noon lost to view. The duke gave them a time for their return which they themselves hat thonght to be rensomble, and then began to grow restless and impatient. He had expected to hear a seream or two, or perhaps a worl of besceching, but the calm evening nir remainea; undisturhed and it seemed to him even as if the waters of the St. Lawrence, so sitent were they, for once stood still. He was standing in the attitude of listening and expectancy, when Barcot crept up hehind him and, before he was aware, had placed one hand upon his mouth, at the same tine seizing him firmly by the throat with the other. With meffort the duke turned half round, but was thrown violently to the ground and held there half-choked and powerless.
"If you make a sound I will kill you," said the scout, in a low tone, still holding his hand upor the duke's mouth. Then Barcot released him and drew his knife. He now pointed to the wood in the direction of the chatean and bade the duke arise and move thither. They had cone but a rod or two when they came npon St. Just, who stood wniting anxiously. Not a word was spoken, and St. Just by a threatening sign gave warning to the duke that his safety lay in silonce. When they had come to the brow of the hill upon the summit of which the chinteau stood, the cause of his discomfiture presented itself to the duke's oyes. The
men dexpateloel by him toenrry out Mareallen capture Iny buand and bleeding upon the grombl, athl gagered begond the posibitity of nttering a somm. The four prisoners were then pheed in the strong romn of the manor-house mal a gound set orom them. When this had been done to his atisfaction, st. Just set ahout either capturing or driving off the dake's men wating near at humb upon the river.

When Marcelle and the ald seignear hall hegnn their usual evening stroll the gollen cloude of the sonthern and enstern akies were reflecting the splendor of the declininis sun with unusual brilliance.
"Look there, Seigneur, mad there," said Mareclle, as pointing to tho sky she directed his attention to this or that hit of coloring or excessive brightness. "At the Lake of the Hurons that woull mem a storany night, rain and the howling of the wind."
"It will not mean so with us," said the old seignenr, cheerily; "it may mean a freshening of the air, and we slun't be surry, shall we? It has been oppressively hot. I hope my son will not meet with a storm. He will be on Lake Champlain by unw if he is returning."
"God will protect him, Sieigneur. He is a worthy son," said Marcelle, consulingly.
"Yes, he is a worthy son and has been a great boon to me. October will be a fine month for the wedling, and then you and he will, after the lovely antumu in the country, return to Quebec for the senson of gaicty."
"Amel you, Scinhumt."

## MARCELLE

"No, not I, Marcelle," said the the old man, sadly ; - I shall live out my days at Benuhamais."
"But why remain shut up here in the winter?"
"It is not so long," replied the ohl man, looking up; "and when I was young I loved winter more than summer. I used to go from Beatharmais to Quebec and I'rois Riviares on snowshoes, aml enjosed every moment of it. The air was crisp then and always clear, but it is changed now. The sum is hot so bright upon the snow as it used to be, but I suppose it is becanse I am growing old and feeble."
" Here is Ciptain St. Just," exchimed Marcelle, in surprise, as that oflicer came in sight from the wood, followed by two neen in the garb of canoemen or himiers.
"Good evening, Demoiselle, and you, Seigneur," said St. Just. "The evening looks clear and bright, but bids fair to be a stormy one; hut it is not merely the pleasure of greeting you once more that has brought me hither."

The Count de Beauharnais and Marcelle were shocked and disturbed by the news of the Duke de Vantreuil's wicked plot for her capture, but both were gratefnl that Providence had given timely warning to a friend and protector. They gladly yielded themselves into the safe-keeping and gnidance of Sit. Just, who, without wasting the few moments of precious time at his disposal, strengthened the barricade of their apartments and put a trusted servant on guard in case of surprise. Then, having borrowed a hat and cloak of Marcelle's, he put it upen one of the serving-
women who looked most like Marcelle in height and firure. He himself resolved to personate the Count de Bemuharnais. His men were stationed in a convenient place near at hand, and yet completely hidden from the view of those appronching. Behind the courtyard wall of the manor-house he placed the Count do Benuhamais' men, consisting of three habitants and seven of those who worked upon their furms. Happily these had not yet gone to their cottages for the night. They were strong men, and valuable in an emergency such as this. Near the river and in view of it, so as to command a swe - of all appronches to the shore below, Barcot wis placed, that he might, upon the drawing near of strangers, give warming by the pre-arranged sigmal. His plans being set in order and all inade ready, St. Just and the servant-maid began their promenade. St. Just leaned upon his walking-stick and stopped ever and mon to peep at the sky, as the seigneur had done, while the maid walked demurely beside him in imitation of Mareelle.
"Hark: It is the sigmal," said he, as the clear note of the whip-poor-will fell upon his ear. "Now, men, be prepared to do your duty." The evening walk continued, St. Just stopping now and then to address to the maid some words of regret or prophecy, when he became conscious of the near approach of Marcelle's abductors. He had phamed that as they came to the end of the path leading to the manor-house and were on the point of darting forward to seize Marcelle, his own men should rush upon them from behind, the others from the courtyard immediately coming to their
assistance. It all fell out as he had planned. The duke's men, Leblanc leading, crept cautiously up, and just as they were ready to spring upon their intended victim, they themselves were fallen upon from behind. Upon a given signal, the others from the courtyard came ruming out and overpowered them. They attempted to shout for help to their comrades upon the river, but in a trice they were benten into silence and submission. Meanwhile there hal occurred something of an even more important character in the wood below. As som as Barcot had made sure that the others had been disposed of, he seized the duke, as has been described, and then drove him up the pathway to the manor-house.
"You, too, will enter the house," saill St. Just to the duke, pointing to the manor-house. The duke for an instant demurred, but a look about convinced him that to resist would be useless. When once within, where a sound of disturbance would matter little, he was bound like the others, and consigned to the strong room.
"What! Do you throw me to the dogs?" he exclaimed, as he drew back from the indignity offered him.
"I dishonor them, not you," said St. Just, contemptuously. "Enter, and be quick about it." Leaving a habitant on guard, St. Just, under the guidance of Barcot, collected his men and hastened to the wools bordering the river near where they had landed. The others of the duke's party were not in sight.
"Where are they, do yon think, Barcot ?" whispered St. Just, peering through the bushes.
"Hidden yonder along shore," replied the scout.
"Shall we, then, attack them, or wait?"
"We shall wait, Monsienr le Capitaine, and when they come to the Juke's aid we fire."
"But it will be hloody work, and so far we have come off without it. If his Excellency -"
"Then they will rescue him and overpower us."
"Well, perhaps you are right," assented St. Just. "Now, men, as Barest says."

The scout withdrew into the bushes and set up a cry for help so lond and stremous that it brought the duke's reserve in hot haste from their hidingplaces. As they paddled up and stepped quickly on shore, Barcot gave the word and five arquebuses emptied their murderous contents upon the unsuspecting victims. A number fell. The remainler threw themselves upon the ground, and, being chiefly soldiers and sailors belonging to the duke's ship, cried out that they surrendered.

St. Just at once stepped forth into view and ordered them to throw up their hands. This they readily did. He then ordered them, as many as were able, to stack their arms and move to the left. Having in this way put further resistance heyond their power, he called to Barcot and they descended to the shore. Four of the Frenchmen were already dead, and one lay wounded and moaning with pain. A gaping wound showed where the slugs had torn an ugly hole in the poor fellow's side.
"He will be dead, too, in an hour," said Barcot, pitilessly ; " let us attenil to the others."

But St. Just called to two of his men from the ainbush, who took the wourded man and carried hiin to a softer bed. One by one the prisoners were brought forward to lave their arms pinioned. It was the work of not inany minutes, and by the time darkness had begun to settle down upon the face of nature, making friends and foes alike obscure, the prisoners had been placed safely within the courtyard of the chiteau, the gates closed and barred and a strong guard set upon the windows and upon the walls overlooking them. St. Just, however, was relieved when daylight cane, and being exceedingly desirous of getting the duke and responsibility off his hands, he was on his way to Quebec with the entire party of captors and captives before the sun liad fairly risen in its morning strength and splendor.

It is doubtful if an attack by the Iroquois, or even by their allies, the English, could have created a sensation equal to that produced by the landing of the duke and his men as prisoners in charge of Captain St. Just. The crowd of loungers anci the ill-todo was speedily increased by a better class, whose curiosity overcame their feeling of reserve. But to the repeated questions of the spectators, who, having witnessed the approach and landing, now followed the prisoners and their guardians in their march to the citadel, not a word of explanation was given In response to an order from St. Just, the party drew up before the gates of the fort to await
the pleasure of His Excellency. The surprise of Frontenac, when intelligence was conveyed to him of the attempted abduction and its results, can be imagined. By his orter the prisoners, with the exception of the duke, were placed in security to await further lisposal. The duke was invited, with a derree of ceremony and consideration due perhaps to his rank but not to his feelings, to enter the quarters of the officers, where he was proviled with accommodation till such time as His Excellency should have heard the particulars of his capture and should make up his mind what to do about it. To St. Just Frontenac gave orders that he should at once repair to Beauharnais and request the attendance of the Count de Beauharnais, whom he intended should remain at the Chinteau St. Louis till his son's return. Marcelle should, of course, also return with him.

## C'HAPTER XXVI.

To try the duke nad find hian gruilty would be to incur the unpleasant responsibility of sentencing him in aceordance with his deserts. His punishment could not be less than ten years' imprisomment at hard labor within the walls of the common prison Powerful friends at the Court of Louis would beyond doubt straightway interest themselves in his welfare, and would demand, if indeed they did not succeed in procuring, his early release. Frontenate therefore decided to a void a cause of future trouble and amoyance by leaving the trial of the offender to the King's Court at Paris, trusting to the evidence which he would forward to procure a punishment which he himself would not dare to inflict. As a consequence the depositions of St. Just and his principal assistants were taken and properly attested in readiness for the prisoner's committal.
"There is something of the irony of fate in this fortunate rescue, Captain St. Just, for which I have prepared to recommend your immediate promotion," said Frontenac, as he sat chatting with that officer.
"There is, Your Excellency; but first let me thank you for recommending my promotion. It is, I feel, more than I deserve," said St. Just.
"The Duke do Vautreuil," continued Frontemac, "is a villain, and his attempt will bring with it, I hope, the punishment which it deserves. I have decided, in view of all the circmostances coneming it, to have the marriage of Major Beaularmais take place as soon after his return as possible. It will enable him to set up honsekecping in the city for the winter season ard to bring the aged seigneur, his father, with him from Beauharmais, which is as lonely mul desolate a place of residence in winter as it is benutiful and desirable in summer: I shall rely largely upon you to carry out my wishes in respect of the armangements."
"Yes, Your Excellency," assented St. Just, who felt, however, as if he were signing his own deathwarrant in assisting in the final disposal of Marcelle. "A rumner has arrived, Your Excellency." exclamed St. Just, suddenly starting up as he canght sight of the form of post-haste in vogue in those days in Canada, flashing past the window and bringing up at the door.
"Admit him at once, but stand by as usual," said Frontenac. The Algonquin youth was brought into the room with an interpreter, a staff for the purpose of interpretation being kept within reach of His Excellency and the Sovereign Council. Standing before His Excellency the youth displayed neither boldness nor a sense of shyness, but the usual calm indifference of the red man. He drew from his leathern girdle a piece of paper that bore evidence of having been hurriedly torn off from a larger one for

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the purpose of immediate use. It was hauded by St Just to His Eixcellency, who reall as follows :
" Your Excellency,-In all hate by runner. I have met Onontario, the Algonguin, who informs me that six hundred Iroquois are on their way to attack Trois Rivieres. It is said, also, that a large party is preparing to join them, if they are successful, in attacking Montreal. Your Excellency's devoted servant, 12 m . Philimpe N. S. Beauhabsais." "You will take, Captain St. Just, a message to Major La Montugne at once," suid Frontenac, as he finished reading, "nnd prepare to send tifty soldiers in all haste to the aid of Trois Rivicres, and if it is alrendy being besieged, to relieve it."

The news of the intended expedition spread rapidly. The Indian runner was taken into the kitchen of the Chiteau and fed in preparation for his immediate return with word from His Excellency. He was tall and slight and lid not give the impression of being particularly active, but he had a way of moving as if without exertion that toll of speed without exhaustion. He had covered the space of thirty leagues between Trois Rivieres and Quebec in hut little more than twelve hours, as indicated by the message. His $\therefore$ ee was of the greyhound cast, long, thin and expressionless, but yet indicative of that peculiar sort of determination which is born in a man and does not repuire power of will to put it in motion. Not being a brave, no fenther adorned his long straight hair, and beyond the bird's claw at his throat he possessed, with
the exception of the broal girille or lenther clout at the waist, no further article of ornament or dress upon his borly or limbs. His feet were clothed in the usial mooserkin mocensins.

The garrison at Quebec was divided into two parts for military purposes, one having the protection and lefence of the city umler its especial care, and the other held in readiness to relieve and succor the villages and amall centres of population along the bunks of the St. Lawrence. The relieving column being made up of light infantry, was ilressed, armed and accoutred in a mamer entirely different from that of the regular soldiers of France, whose uniform they assumed only on more formal occasions. Besides the arquebuses, they took with them a small piece of brass ordnance, which servel the double purpose of signalling to the hesieged and of carrying terror into the ranks of the enemy. Ench soldier was a competent canoeman. St. Just was entrusted with the command. Before the day had begun to wane the relief party was on its way up the river.

Frontenac, Her Excellency and Marcelle stood waving signals of good-bye to St. Just and his men from the balcony, and long after the latter had disappeared in the distance, they stood as if hoping stiil to catch a last glimpse of those groing to the rescue of Philippe Beaularnais and the people of Trois Rivières.
"God grant that they may get there in time," said Frontenac. "It is a perilous business and one which I wish we could see the last of. To you, my dear,"
waid he, midrussing Marcelle, " it must be a moment of especinl anxiety."
"May the Blessed Virgin sustain you," piously alded Madane de Frontenac.
" I never could see," continum Madame do Frontemac, after a panse, during which all seemed to recover from the shock of the occasion and to prepme calmly for whint the future might have in store, "why people were ever anxions to leave beautiful France for a widerness full of wild animals and ferocious savagres."
"Ily dear," replied her husband, "n spice of danger adds to the zest of life, and while you speak of the beaty of France, your sense of that danger makes you forget the heauty of this land of teeming waters and limitless forests."
"True, husband," said Madmine de Frontenac, " the lakes and rivers liere are even more than lakes and rivers; they are spas and great streams that fill the oceans. The inland waters, too, are, so far as I have seen them, gems of beauty; but then, you know, nothing ean atone for the long winter."
"What say you in reply to these severe criticisms of my wife's?" said Frontenac, turning laughingly to Marcelle.
"Her Excellency may be right," replied Marcelle. "From mid-December till the approach of spring the waters are locked in ice, the land covered with snow ; but then who would wish, having been born in the forest as I liave, and in the winter, too, to leave a land where one's very soul is filled with the pleasures
of the woods and where, as His bixcellency has junt anid, a sense of dhuger keeps one from being dull."
" Dill ! " exclatimed Malame de Frontenac, langhing. "Surely not. I shonal like to have n yuiet hour or two, no that I conld go to shecp und rest. It seems to me as if I hal not rested since I left France."
"Oh: Your Excellency;" wial Marcelle, ndilressing her. "If you land sat, as I lave ione, by the litele spring that rises in the hill near the cabin, with my dog at my feet, the souml of the bubbling water filling my ears with haghter and gaiety, the roll of the lake of the llarons coming to me through the forest, when, as the wind freshened in the afternoon, the wares would fall henvily upon the shore, splashing high ngminst the rocks, as they sny the sen does-"
"And you have never seen the sea?" exchamed Madme de Frontenac, in amazement. "How strange never to have seen the ocean. I cannot fancy nurer having seen the ocem. I do not know what it would te like."
" But, my dean:" said Frontenac. "What appeals so atrongly to Marcelle and to me-indeed, to all who have travelled by land and water in Canala-is the mystery of the unknown. The conntry yon see is, as we French people say, unexplored. It extends to the west finther than the ntmost limit of Russia does with us to the east. To the north it is equally limitless. What there is in all this vast extent begond the little that we know of the St. Lawrence, the Great Lakes, the country of the Algonquins and of the Hurons, and of that to the sonth, inhmited by

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the English, the Duteh and their allies, is like a cavern of umonnded depth hidlen in impenetrable darkness, and holding wo know not whint of the wonderful in the animal and mineral world."
"Truly, Louis, yon are elognent when your apeak of this now province of the King," mail his wife, maniringly. "I have often wonderel what lay far to the weat, farther than any yet have gone."
"That wonld be hard to sny, my dear. Mountains, probably, nud vast lakes again, rivers and foresta."
"But men, I mean. What sort are they? Like the terrible Iroquois, or more peaceable and less given up to war and the horrors of burning and slaying," said Madame de Frontenac.
"The Sioux live there, or Dacotalis, us they are called. They are more terrilile even than the Iroguois, it is raid. 'They have not the snme fantustic deaire to mako war for the aake of glory and revenge as the Irojuois, but more from brutal savagery und the desire to slay. They have not the high sense of honor of our eastern Indians, nor the same deep. нented gratitude which makes the memory of an Indian a proverb, and a shame to the white man's."
"Yes, I know one, a Montagnis, like that," continued Malame de Frontenac. "He was old, very old, and had once been a chief, they said. But when he came to the kitchen he looked very little like a chief-more like a beggar, and yet, nfter all, the twice or more times that I saw him there was something so natural and polite about him that I supposed he must
 or, perhapes, n linhitant."
"The trie Indime," sail Frontemac, "is a gevel... . " by muture. Ho has the instincts of mobility, "1, minst confesm, after nll, hlone constitut. $1 /$. While we bonst of $n$ lime of ancerotore, wit' grentuess and strength nt longe intervals, " the amme mal ghlory of the bonse alis heralitry the bad or cownolly wartion right and tillo to distinction, until ly wime. meritorions exploit he is allowel to take it if Inlimes are the knightsorrrant of the new comta nuld while they nre mot girt in sta.el, bur are they smromaled with netemdats and the primp of kroghthomb, their barbaric dreas is mot less picturesplee, mat, to be just, it indientes much grenter comrages. It rmpuires more bohlness to light withont armor than with it. As to their trentment of Hepoor, thare is "othing like it in the history of the worlit. It is nccounted manngst them a disgruce if a liave, strong. and able to hant, should revel in flonty while others starve. So keenly is the doly felt of proviling for the weak, that a warrioe will give all he has rather than cat while the weak, umable to provide for themselves, go withont. There is un eontrompons throw. ing of largess, which, after all, is more a tribute to the grandeur and vanity of the giver than a denire to leep the poor wretelus who receive the alms. Amongst the Imdians, ns I am toht-and, indeed, from what I lave seen, it is well worthy of crelence-the
spirit is not that of vanity on the part of the giver, but of shame that he shoull think of loing otherwise."
"But their trentment of their squaws!" remonstrated Malame de Frontenac.'
"They do not ill-treat their squaws, with fow exceptions," replied her husband. "The women work because they wish to do so. It is a disyrace in their eyes that their warrior husbands should tarnish their fane in war with common toil. Then remember, my dear, that white women have been known to leave their own kindred and become the wives of the Iroguois, the Harons and other well-known tribes, and nothing could induce them afterwards to change or reverse their choice. This preference for Indinn life seems strange to us, but it has its fiseinations of which we do not dream. Except for the thin veneer of what we call civilization, we are all savages or children of nature still. While, however, the women are not to be admired so much as the men, nothing can excel the dignity and figure of an Indian of the purc blood." their victims-"
"There, again, is a common mistake. It is intended as $n$ tribute to their courage. If the victim quail it is a triumph for the conquerors, and a disgrace to the conquered. If he die heroically they worship him as a sort of grod who has shed lustre upon his tribe."

As Frontenac finished his praise of the Indinn he might have notied, had he looked, the heightened
color and sparkling eye of Marcelle, who had listened with gratification to his glowing deycription of the virtues of her mother's race. But he was pondering upon new plans for the conquest, in war or pence, of the Ironuois at the very moment when he was praising them so highly. He knew, if others did not, or had not yet realized it, that the ultimate dominion of North America luy with the side upon which this ferocious confederacy should cast its weight. How true were his conchasions history has since fully demonstrated.

## CHAPTER NXVH.

It was part of Frontenne's policy always to keep In tonch with his enemies, not simply by means of an orlions system of spies, which no man availed himself of less, but throngh the services of smase and capable arentes who had power to make pretty much what terms they chose, so fire as they were required to gain the main object in riew. Hal it not been for the stupidity and jealousy of his rivals he would never have sulfered the indignity of a recall, and it spoke equally well for his generosity and sagacity that he should have yielded to the request of the King and should have once more assumbed his diflicult and thankless pusition as Governor-General of New France. The ntter finhure of his successor showed the great value of the man who had bern deposed, and now that he hal been restored to his position he was not long in bringing agrain into play the poliey which, had it been followed out in the first instunce, would have brought about long since the important results at which he aimed. It had always been Frontenac's design to take alvantage of the intermal jeal. ousies of the Iroguois. In accordance with the disdainful independence of the Indian character, the Mohawks at one end of the line of tive confederates, and the Senecas at the other, made war with whom 204
and when they chose ; nor were their allies in between much less inclined to suit their own taster, althongh litherto the confederney itself had never been wholly set at naught by the members of it, or it solidarity entangered.

Worl had been received by Frontenac from one of his roving arrents in the west that the Iropuois intented once more to gro down the Richelien. Major Reauharnais on leaving Qrebec directed his course to the west, and having ascended the Ottawn, threw ourt spies towards the country to the south, well knowing that if it was the intention of the Senecas to descend upon the colony by way of the Ottawa and to join the Mohawks upon the St. Lawrence, no better plan than despatching sconts over a wide area to the south could be adopted, while if these two tribes were not in sympathy, the jealous Senecas might be induced to interfere and to betray their rivals. Till well away from Quebec he had had no escort other than a single canoemm, since he did not wish to excite the suspicion of larking Irofuois spies, who often ventured within sight of the river and for days kept ceaseless watch upon the main line of travel between Montreal and the capital of the colony. To such as these he would appear as an ordinary fishermen trying lis luck. At Montreal he had procured two camoes and six additional men, all of whom were scouts of experience and known fidelity. Having ascended the Ottawa to a point unknown to the average traveller, and, indeed, to himself hitherto, except as the geographical centre of a series of routes
from the south, the west and the north, along which or in between which the Iroguois would travel if they intended coming by the Ottawa at all, he drew up and cached, as they say of things hidden, his provisions and canoes, and despatching his scouts in different directions, passed his time in patiently waiting for their return. At such a season, when the duck were beginning to come in, it was a pie?e of great selfdenial for him to refrain from firing his fowling-piece, but knowing that to do so would be death to his plans and probably to himself as well, he contented hinself with fishing and watching the river for canoes. One day, as he sat cooking a trout over a fire of hawthorn twigs, which, being dry, gave off no smoke, one of his scouts returned in all haste with the news that a large party of Mohawks and Senecas in full war-paint were on their way down the Chicto, a small tributary of the Ottawa, which joined it at a point below that where Beauharnais had established his headquarters. T'o delay action meant the failure of his mission, and having cut a few characters in the bark of a young sapling to inform the other scouts when they came in that he had seen Iroguois and had gone on to warn the Canadians, he set out for Carillon and Montreal, both he and his companion paddling with all haste. It was a matter of some doubt to them as to whether the Irofuois would not reach the Ottawa River first, but.on passing the mouth of the Chicto they assured themselves that such could not have been the case. As they passed Cirillon they were met by one of the scouts who had narrowly escaped falling into the
clutches of another large party, whose destination, lre hand found, whe Trois Rivieres. Detniling this scout to go on to Montreal and to notify them of the threatened danger to that city, Philippe Bemhamais ran ashore at the first suitable spot, and hiding the camoe, begnn with his companion the overland journey to Trois Riviores. Having arrivel there in a state ahmost of exhaustiom, the liabitants and villarers were called within the shelter of the palismes and prompt measures for defence were taken. Meanwhite, Beauharmais sent an Indian rumer to Frontenac, with the result, as we have seen, of a party being despatched urder St. Just to succor Trois Rivieres.

True to the information brought in to Beauharmais by his senuts, the Iroquois appeared, and when the first of them were seen furtively advancing in the mamer peculiar to Indians, the outposts of the garrison moved in and gradually fell back upon the palisades.
"'There are seven hundrel," said Marchand, the commandant, to Benuharnais, with an onth, as he returned to his quarters after $a$ tour of inspection. "Unless His Excellency dispatehes at least one hundred men well armed, and with all speed, we shall be overwhelmed."
"It looks ominous," said Benuharnais. "Your provisions, you say, are light."
"Mon dieu! Who would have expected the Irogmois at this time when His Execllency has ahmost concluded a treaty."
"You can't conclude a treaty with them," rejoined Beauharnais.
"No; there I agree. The English and the Dutch forbill that, und the Iroquois know, too, that they hold the balance of power:"
"Are the women all in ?" asked the commandant of an orderly who entered.
"No; the widow Benoit and her daughter have not yet had time."
"Tell Sergenat Villiers to take three men and go to meet them."
"Better still," interposed Benuharnais; "why not send word to them to gro down to the river? Then they will be sure to be picked up by our purty from Quebec.
"Good," assented Marchand. "Yes, tell them that, and see that a runn - is sent to them this time."

The sound of firit reached their ears. Marchand jumped to his fect. "Come, Beauharmais; it is time to man the defences."

Soldiers and civilian: vere running to their stations as the officers emerged from the barracks. The Indians, having seen that a surprise was impossible, had deternined upon a sudden attack. Already the assault was being seriously maintained. Marchand and Beauharnais stood in a conspicuous place $t_{1}$ : receive reports and give orders.
"It is like a thunderstorm," exclamed Marchand, as the Indians burst upon the grates and threatencil every moment to carry them by the sheer weight and fury of their onset. That part of the village which was without the walls had been sit on fire, and the smoke of the burning houses blew thickly over the defenders of the stockade, and under cover of it more
than one of the: Iropnois climbed the palisale and leapeel to his denth below. The war-cries of the red men resommdal everywhere on the land sitce of the fort. So far the defence had been effective, but a new danger now arose. A large detachnent of the enemy had taken to their canoes and were paddling rapiilly to assail the fort from the western or water side. As Marehand and Beauharmais looked at the women and children, who were huddled together in the middle of the square, and behind sheds and storehomses, they shuddered to think of the death that nwaited them if this new move should be purstel with vigor.
"We have not the men to spare," said Marchand, in desperution.
"But-what is that?" and seizing Beanharmais by the arm he pointed to the river.
"It is our men," sisid Beauharmais, quietly. "You had better tell the people-"
"And the soldiers."
"Yes, it would be just as well."
Soon women in a frenzy of hope and despair were climbing up wherever they could gain foothold to see if help were really coming.

Meanwhile Marchand and Beauharnais had run to resist the new attack. A scream of joy arose from the women and children as their lookouts contirned the news. They waved their aprons and their kerchiefs to the cmoenmen, but it was needless. The smoke of burning houses had been seen afar off and had told its tale. At this moment a grate upon the northern side of the palisade was unexpectedly driven

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iar. Beauharmais was instantly at hand. He engaged a stalwart warrior who bounded at him, swinging his tomahawk and yolling with savage trimmph. But the fight was of short duration, and Deauharuais, withdrawing his sword, turned to meet the attack of others.

The relieving party landed close to the walls and rushed to the assistance of the garison. With their aid the Iroquois were fimally beaten off; but the approach of night was viewed with anxiety. The Mohawks had pushed the siege with great dnsh and cournge, and had lost heavily, owing to the ure of firearms at elose quarters by the garrison. During the early hours of evening the relief party; in common with the soldiers of the garrison and all those capable of bearing arms within the stockide, were stationed at regular intervals in a circle about those women and children who, for lack of space, could not be placed within the stone walls of the fort. About midnight the alarm was given that another assault was about to begin, but so skilfully had the disposition of the troops been made that beyond the destruction of the remaining houses outside the walls nothing serious was accomplished. The use of the deadly arquebuse had proved effectual, and when the light of day once more illuminel the seene of lesolation and disquietude it was found that the Iroquois had departed as noiselessly as they had come, discournged by their losses, and, no toubt, by the fact that they had failed to take the garrison by eurprise. Seouts wre sent out igto the woods in every direction to investigate, but not an Iroquois remained, and it became evident
that they had gone either to juin their brethren before Montral or to take pirt in a venture that gave grenter promise of success nt less cost. The do. light of the inlabitants of Trois liviomes at the amouncement of their departure malo itself manifest in extramgant exhibitions of joy, anl all nlike, men and women and chidren crowided about Philippe Beauharmais to thank lim, with temes null embraces, for their deliverance. In tho history of the colony, in no enve hal so sirious an attack ly Inlians been so promptly and eflectually met, amilwithout doubt land Trois Riviores suffered amilalation at the hambe of the Iropmois it would have set lack the elock of French dominion liy a ifnarter of a century. 'Tha' part played by beablarmas farther ensured the: friendship and faror of one who alremly regardind hinself as in debt to him.

The mising of the siegre was followed by the return of the relieving party to Quebec, after maple arrange: ments had been made to aill the imhabitmots of Trois Rivières in reconstructing their hurned hwollings. Is the canoes appronched the city, erliding swiftly ahmer upon the current of the noble river, in the full splinnlor of the noonday sun, the signal gime of the fort was fired. The populace tarned out on muser to weleone Beanharnais and his men, for alrmme the news had becone general of the defeat of the Iropuois aml of the grallant rescue of the people of Thois Riviores, many of whom hall relatives at the capital.

Frontenac, who never missed an opportanity of showing publicly his appreciation of services rembered to the state, chal in the brilliant uniform af af memal
of the Fremel army, mul aseontonl hy his lxaly-gumal and membere of his lomseldili, row through the city cowarily the lambing place. Marcelle, who rente bevide him, ant her horse with tha ense nurl grace of the natural horsewomme. Piemulinrmais blushed with pleasire at the sight of ome so denr to him. Nor was Marcelle herself unaflicted by the valor and devotion of one whom she was lenrning to regarl from day to day more ns a friend than meroly a convenient instrument of Frontenaces colonial policy.
"You are deserving of every praise. Beauharnnis," suid Frontenac, as the yomis oflicer came forward to neknowledge the linurg representative and to conform to the usum ceremonies nttemiant upon such a cordial greeting. "Ay far Marcelle, sho has been even more concerned than I. You need not blush," he milded, playfully, turning towards her: "It is the greatest reward we can bestow upon our worthy subject, and you will permit it? E: :"

Though perceptibly confused hy lirontenac's public trownl of the bethrothal, Mareelle, not to be ungratefal for past favors, smiled encouragingly upon Beauharnais, as he contrivel to glance ut her from his position near His Excell nncy.
"St. Just, too, is worthy of honorable mention. Come, Captnin St. Jnst ; much yon men to barracks and dine with us this evening. SVow, beauharnais, mount your horse and let us nway:"

It was evident that Frontemac was in good spirits, but he would have been a bold man, or a still boller woman, who would have crossed him even at such a time.

## CHADTER XXVHI.

If there was one thing more than nother likely to please His Majesty the King, it way the announcement of a wedding in New France. 'The subtleties of theological controversy and of official diplomacy all had to be endured, in His Majexty's opinion an the necessary evile of human life and of international complications: but the setting up of new home in his fusorite province, as New France always continued to be, was so positive a sign of progress, stability and content in the new continent, that it ranked with the most gratifying achievements of his reign. It was not altogether a mere matter of routine or of reward for a favorite courtier, therefore, that prompted Frontenac to be so persistent in his efforts to persuade Marcelle that she should yiehl to the uddresses of the heir of Beauharmis and consent to marry him. We have before pointed out how anxious Jouis was to establish the monarchical and feudal system of France upon $n$ sound and enduring basis in Canala. His solicitude for the welfare of the Canadian noblesse was prompted by the desire of sening these systems flourish as in their native cline. Amongst the commonalty, mar:age was ma le the ocension of a large royal bounty, while, on the other hand, bachelorhooll was regarted after a certain age as a crime ngainst the state, and as such


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sorerely punishable by har. Amonget the moblesse, rewarts and punishments were of a different and more exalted character, and while the poverty-stricken nuble would, under ordinary circumstances, hare shrunk from matrimony as a road to cortain ruin, under these considerations lre welcomed it as a passport to wealth and royal favor. '?hat the quiet persistence of Frontenac should seem to Macelle a sign of deepseated and unwavering, if not cruel, determination upon his part, was unaroidable. It wore upon her, and sometimes in the quiet of retirement her heart rebelled and she would give way to a burst of sudden weeping and definnce. But in the presence of their Excellenries it was otherwise, and she grave no outward evidence of her true feelings beyond these mild, if not the less definite, expressions of opinion.

To Frontenac, on the other hand, persistence was but the part of duty. Women, in his opinion, needed the guiding and controlling power of men to move them, like ships at sea, in the right direction. It lay in his power to compel Marcelle, and if she would not yield to persuasion, and do as she clearly ought, he considered that it would he, not only his duty to the King, but to her as well, that he should bring stronger pressure to bear. But to Frontenac's gratification, Marcelle made no further objection to his matrimonial plans. Beauharnais was summoned and the wedding-day appointed.
"'To you, Marcelle, I leave the task of asking the Bishop to officiate," said Frontenac, after Beauharnais' departure. "I fancy that it will be more pleasing to

His Lordship than if I should inyself make the repnest. Do you not yourself think so?"
"But will Your Excellency not say to him that I have your permission to do so?"
"It is true, my dear girl, that his punctiliousness might take offence if it were not by my expressed sanction. Madame de Frontenac, therefore, shall go with yon to deliver it. If it need more, then I shall go myseli, but my wife is a better diplomatist than I."

Madane de Frontenac smiled amusedly. "Y'umen are all obsequionsness when begging favors. What shall I say to Monseirnenr? Hal I, too, not better leave it to Marcelle?"
"I beseech Your Excellency to do it," said Marcelle, addressing Madame de Frontenac. "His Lordship, as you will remember, granted me permission to receive the addresses of Major Beanharnais, and it is not to be supposed that he wonld now refuse to marry us. If Your Excellency ask: it would please him. Of that I am sure."
"You are almost as good a diplomatist as my wife," said Frontenac, laughing. "I quite plainly see that in affairs of the heart it is best to leave it all to the ladies. Come, Marcelle, since that is resolved upon, sing for me one of those chansons du crépuscule. It is a suitable hour."

Marcelle took her guitar from the window-corner and ran her fingers over it doubtfully; then, as if having at last made up her mind, she began to sing. But it was the "Hymn to the Virgin" which she sang. The pathos and prayer of both music and 18
words trembled at first upon her lips, mod then as her soml poured forth its longing, the room wats filled with melorly. She tinished mad a sigh eseapend her. Mahme de Frontenuc looked up in shight astonishment, hut Fronteme, who was intent upon his thoughts, nsked agrain for one of the chansons.
"Which one, Your Exerllency?" asked Marcelle.
"' La Silence du Soir,"" he said. "I know no sweeter song ?"

Marcelle had sung this sweet song of twilight once before for Frontenac, and it had been hurd for her to repress her tears. Bat now the twittering of the young birds in the nest, when one by one they "peeped" n note or two mul then nestled for the night under their mother's wing, the lonely sighing of the wind, that rose and fell with phaintive melancholy, and then, at last, the house in the forest, recalled so vividly her own sweet home by the great lake of the Hurons that her efforts to sing it were in vain. The weight of sorrow lay too heavily upon her heart.
"Do let it be 'La Voix du C'urillon,' Your Excellency. It is not so sad, and then it suits my wedding-day," she added, with forced playfulness.
"Whatever suits your wedding-day we shall welcome, Marcelle, and if I could sing it should be a merry song, I assure you." And Frontenac spoke with more than his usual earnestness.

This song, sparkling as it is with the movement of the waters as they leap and bound in the rapids of the Long Sault, suited Marcelle's condition of mind.
"Marnificent!" exclaimed Frontenac, as she finished. "I see as I never saw before what the fecling of the
native-born in Camala is. One must limethr the air of New france in childhooi. It almost amomes tor frenay with you, Marculle."
"Yes, Your Excellency. But I do mot know how I shall like it when the country is filled with people, ns Malame de Frontenac says it will be some day."

Frontenac laughed at her apprehension. "You need not fear that this land is at all likely to be taken up by censitaires and mollesse. It is a long way from that yet. I wish I could assure His Majesty that it were so."
"While you two are discussimg the condition of the country I will spin-that is, if Marcelle is not going to sing again," satid Madame de Frontenac. But Marcelle pleaded to be excused.

Frontenac leaned back in his chnir and sighed. "It will he necessary, then, for me to think of the new miracle," he said.
"What is that?" asked Madane de Frontenac, earnestly.
"Has not Father Dchanier told you?"
"No, nothing."
"Ah, well. That is because the Bishop has not yet published it from the altar."
"But you will tell us?" urged his wife.
"It is of Latise Béruc," replied Frontenac. "She is very pious and good. She lives in the parish of Saint Thérese, and has written prayers upon images of the Virgin. The defent of the Irorumis at Trois Riviores is ascribed to her, because she gave a poor woman there one of these, with a prayer against the Iroquois especially."
"She must be very grool," sail Madame de Frontenac, with admiration.
"Yes," sail her husbanl, casanlly. "But it is not the first time. Not being able to real, sle gives all here time to fasts and prayers. There is none like her in New France, so it is said."
"But sle can write," saill Madame de Frontenac, innocently. "Are yca sure that sle canmot read."
"No," replied Frontemac, curtly. "That is probably another mirucle."
"But you have not yet told us all," said Mminme de Frontenac.
"It appears," continued her husband, Irily, "that demoiselle Latise will give a charm against a black cat for a livre. Against a spitting of blood it is four or less, if you can't pay so much ""
"It is wonderful," suid Madams de Frontenac.
"Then there is the wood-ranger, who had the fear of death, which haunted him day and night-but here is Philippe. Come in, Philippe, we are glad to see you. Marcelle has been singing, but we cannot prevail upon her to sing again. Now, even you will admit that that is hard. Yet there are other things for us to think about. To-morrow Her Excellency with you both will, if there be no obstacle, proceed to the cathedral for your betrothai. That will please His Lordship. It will be a public announcement by him of the wedding and of the day chosen for it. The people who will attend will begin to get their dresses made, and I shall see to it that there will not have been a grander wedding in New France and one better suiting the will of His Majesty."

## CHAPTER XXIX.

How to bring the nofarious phan which they hat matared to a succesmal ending was more than Madame Bertanger and sophie benoit could for the moment think out. All their machimations would be useless if they did mot produce upon the mind of Marcelle's self-constitut-d gitalian the impression so desired. Yet who would venture to tell him. Not Sophie Benoit, for full of venom as she was she did not care to ron the risk of Frontenace + possible displeasure. Her accomplice at last yielded to the necessities of the care and resolvel to undertake the painful duty. That she was an enemy to Marcelle all who were in any way connected with life at the court were well aware. Gossip seldon remains ille when once started; nor did it in this case. Varions insinuations of the k :n! proposed had been set afloat in the air, but asyet none of them had reached either His Excellency's ears, or those of his amiable, if somewhat suspicious, spouse. The sight of Major Beauharnais' continued attentions to the "Halfbreed," as Madame Béranger called her, at last maddened that good lady beyond endurance. With ell the stiffness and formality that "hedged" the representative of the French King on ceremonial occasions, as on all others, there was a freedom about Frontenac and about life at the Chateau that made it easy for

## MARCELLE

those who had the entrie to take advantare of their privilege nad extend their intimacy. When the splentor of such demonstrations as those of the levenes mad receptions hal been haid aside till other such occasions, those friends at court who were expected to conform punctilionsly to the most minute regnirement of court etignette were given a respite.

It was a boll stroke, but Mahame Báronger resolved to make it-the droppingrof a billet-fonx within the Chatt an in such a manner as to ensure its reaching Her Excelleney: Mmame Bramger was shrewd enongh to. sire that a torch of this kintleonld kindle a fieree blaze. It had been whispered behind the enrtains and in the corridors of the Chateru that, gentle as she was, Malame Frontemach harer been quite pleased with the romaticaloption of the childof the wilderness by her headstrong hashand. It was the knowledge of these momors that sugrested the present plan. Attempts to circulate tales of impropricty, fomnded on Madame Beranger's conversation with the Company's employe, had friled. A more desperate measnre, therefore, had been needed and resolved npon. Madame Beranger know that Fridny was sweeping day at the Chitean, for it was sweeping day with all carefnl Canadian honsekcepers, and they had copied the present ocenpmits of the Chatcan in choosing that day. The tête-r-tîte in Madane de Frontenac's boudoir hal been altogether to her satisfaction. Madame Béranger had brought Her Excellency news of a capable housemaid. Servants were not scarce, but capable servants werc hard to get. It was a kind act on Madame Béranger's part, and Her Excellency im-
pressed upon her her opinion of the inestimable value of the service rendered.
"Marcelle will bo so clelighted," she said.
Malniae Beranger bmaished instantly $n$ sudden inelination fo be nervous, mal paid Marcelle a complinent.
"She is so lovely", she exchamed, in mhniration.
"And brettill still, su sweet," assented Madame de Frontenite.
"What an omament to the Chatuan!"
"Quite. We certainly should not know what to do withont hor," alded IJer Excellency.
"You have leeen so kind to her:"
"Not inore than she deserves, I assure you."
" Everyburly is lost in admiration."
"It is, on the contrary, so kind of the dear child to live with 11s."
"Well, it ought not to be, but then, of course, her life in the widderness was so free and untrammelled."
"Yes, of conrse, it must have been. But her manners are so perfect."
"Qnite, ns Your Excellency says."
"You will gu with me to the cathedral? We neet to-morrow, you know."
"So we du, Your Excellency. I will, of course, be rady."
"Good-bye."
" Good-bye," sayingr which Madame Béranger softly glided into the corridor and the semi-darkness left by the closing of Madane's door. Slipping her hand into her pocket she drew forth the uncanny missive and dropped it behind a portiare that as usual lay drawn

## MARCELILE

and folded against the wall. With a sigh of relief she walked yuickly past the servant at the door and reached the street. She conld senres restrain her feet from hurring her to sophie Benoit. But no, it would exete suspicion, or might do so. No one must commect, her with the crime. Mareelle would receive her deserts and be taught that she had better have stayed in the widemess, where un abmaloned life might be led with impunity. such thoughts as these ram throngh the mind of Madame Beranger till she at last reached sophie's door.
"It is done:" she said, in a hoarse and exultant whisper, in Sophie's ear.

But Sophie mast have the details; and how they rejoiced over the success of their plan! It would be necessary now to do nothing but wait. 'lime would lintch what they had placed in the nest.
"But do you think Frontenac will believe it?" asked Sophie, hopefully, when the full story had been told.
"Of course!" cried Madmue Béranger, emphatically, and growing prouder of her achievement. "The servants will carry it to Madame, you may be sure. With all her amiability she is suspicious, and when she is roused, my good Sophie, she does things most inconsistent, as you say, with her sweet smile and pretty teeth."
"Inconsistent," said Sophie, scornfully ; "I should think she is. She gets credit for a lot more than she does, but if she packs that witch off, bag and baggage, we will give her all the credit she deserves. I am not one to grudge other pecple what is due them."
"Nor I."
" How are we going , hear about it ?"
"Frontenac will be angry."
"Well?"
"Why, then, it will all come ont. The servants will tell it all over Quatme.:"
"Thry dare not. Beaides, we onght to hear of it

"Nevermind. I have armaredall that. Josephime, who sweeps ont the upper back liall, is a sister of Marie Lelomis, and she will tell Marie, mad Marie will be over at my house in one minnte afterwards. It:n't it tovely ?"
"Isn't it?" mssented sophie: "and no one will know that we-that you had anything to do ahont it."
"Frontenac will kill her:."
"I believe le will."
"Then the other story will get about."
"How lovely: Really, Sophie, you have a brain to plın."
"Well, if I have, you have the one to carry it out."
"Yes, I ann not so bad at that."
"Hush!"
"What do you hear?"
"Par Los, I thought I heard His Excellency's voice."
"Are you frightened?"
"Not I." said Madame Béranger, haughtily. "I could commit murder to gain my ends; that is, if someone stands between me and my right.s."
"I could commit two," added Sophie, who wanted it understood that uhe way just as lold as the viher.

## CHAPTER XXX

T'us: state of trale in New Franes, if such, imbera, it emble ever have heon called with any romod fon the proper ase of the term, wis mot inlike that of a chila atlicterl with what physicime eall pernicions anmmin. The paternal system of govermant, hy which everething chmated from the King, who real his correspondence in the apmotments of his famons finorites, and decreed what the replies should be pretty much as those favoriters sugrested, did not surceed in stimuInting to healthy activity trmbe between fromee and her collong. An inferior system of pilotage in the river leterred to a certain extent French merchants from sending gookls to Canada, since it was by un means certain that they would ever reach their dentination. Then there was no phan of marine insmance in vogue, ant this deficiency admed considerably to the risk of venture. Pay in specie, too, was practically mu impossibility, since no matter how after it might he imported into the colony it was impossible to keep it long in circulation there. It fomm its way back to France with promptness nad regulnrity. Amidst the complaints and jealons bickerings which characterized Camadiancierical and official life, it hal been always a matter of chief importance to the rival sides that one or the other shonld seore in the estimation of the

King. Fronteme, however, Inver forgot his duty to the colong, and nt all thacy songht to stimulate the industry of the people, theth citizen and habitant, in order thut they might in time harn to spinn nud wowne, mul to make shoes an! other artiches of eloth. inge mid encrally tu provide themmelves with what.

 they mixht of menersity have resore the thenthern costumber of the cmmerns-de- Mois, if mot to the: "even morn scanty costame of the Imdimas themadres. With thir enl in view, an attendant was inspatehed to the habitants cabins to give orders for the making of a momber of artiches of use mad ornament, which llis Excallency intended to presont th Philippe Beanhmonis mul his young wife when they were remply (1) begin hansekerping. The finer artiches of "pparal nat ommant were, as we have seen, always imported into Camala from the art and industrina centres of framee, bat the productions of the genins of the sons and danghters of the habitantes were not to be despised in the carving of woot, the making of dothes for servants, and in the manufncture of wooden vessels sulh ns were repuired ahout the farmhonses atheched to the seignoury demesnes.

A cabin built of heavy logs overlapping crosswise at the fonr corners, thickly plastered with a tough clay, thatched as we have seen the cabin of Black John was, and covered with a mative creeper, oversprending even the roof in its wild lixuriance, was the linhitation of Jean Ladoit, a humble habitant. The cabin
stood near a south shore of the St. Lawrence, at the shore end of the feudal holding, which ran in a narrow strip some distance back towards the interior. For this Jean paid three capons and a dozen of egrgs yearly to the seigneur, Guillanme Narignon, who, besides being a gentleman by royal patent, kept shop and dealt in tallow candles, hempen cloth, sabots and anything and everything likely to tee of use to his neighbors in their vocations of farming and trapping the beaver. 'The habitant had, on a former occasion, attracted the attention of the Governor by his persistence in remaining upon his holding at a time when rumors of the coming of the Iropuois had frightened his neighbors into leaving their farms and hurrying for refinge to Quebec and Montreal. His brave example had had an excellent effect upon the refugees, who, instead of cowering under the gruns of the forts in mortal dread for an indefinite length of time, grew ashamed when the Iroquois did not come and Jean Ladoit still continued to hold his ground. Indeed, it was doubtful if any crops would have been put in during that whole summer along either bank of the St. Lawrence had it not been for this incentive ; therefore, Frontenac was only too grlad of the opportunity to give the deserving habitant a share of his patronage.
"There will be seven carved chairs for the entrancehall," said Michel Ambroise, His Excellency's messenger.
"So many!" exclaimed Jean, in astonishment. "I cannot make them in the time. I have but four."
"True, you have but four yourself, yet you can buy the other three, and sell them over again," said Ambroise, smiling.
"Eh! I can? Then I will do it. It is a good profit His Excellency sends me," said Jean, gratefully.
"Then we shall want a bale of hempen cloth-"
" Ah! stop!: It is impossible. 'There is not one bale in all New Fr:m e."
"Goaway, dean. You can weare it."
".No," said Jean, emphatically, for he was too honest to undertake what he could not carry out.
"But your neighbors?" remonstrated Ambroise.
"Yes," said dean, thinking deeply, and scratching his heal; "it wonld give them all work."
"Of course it would, and see to it that it is done. 1) o not disappoint His Excellency."
"Never:" said Jean, bowing at the mention of the Gove mor's name. "It shall be done."
"Bravo!" exclaimed Ambroise, patronizingly, "anu now for a birchtark-just lig enough for two. It is intended for the honeymoon."
"But there is the seigneur," remonstrated the habitant, "he has two, and they are so beautiful."

By this time Jean was overcome with the number and extent of His Excellency's orders. He declined utterly to touch the canoe. In fact, he was doubtful about the hemp. But for the chairs-they should le ready, if he had to work night and day. When the messenger departed Jean sat down to think the affair carefully over. He had thirteen children, for whom he had received the King's bounty. They had been romp-
ing merrily in front of the cabin when the messenger arrived, but had shrunk quietly away on his approach to the cabin. Now, however, they burst into the eabin, through the back loor, like an avalanche from the hillside. Jean was distracted. He called to his wife.
"Lisbeth! Lisbeth! Come anil take these noisy ones away. It is impossible for me to work. I cannot think."
A short stout woman appeared at his summons, her loose sleeves tucked up at the elbow, and her wooden shoes elattering on the hard clay floor.
"What do you wish?" she asked, in her Breton tongue, for she followed the dialcet of her father, who had been one of the sea-folk of Brittany.
"I have an order from Monsieur the GovernorGeneral," said Jean.
"Oh!" she said, but that was all, as if her faculties had suddenly failed her.

The children were circling around their mother in a frenzy of playfulness. The house was completely topsy-turvy. Jean put his head in his hands and wept. It was too mueh.

Leaving this scene of happiness and confusion we will follow the messenger along the shore. He had shoved off, and for a time sat steadying his canoe in the current, as he thought of what he should do about the birclibark. The suggestion of Jean that he should visit the Seigneur de Marchandise, he had no intention of adopting. His orders were to patronize the habitants or peasantry, and these he was
bound to carry out. As he gave his canoe an extra drive or two with a few vicions strokes of the pallile, two children appeared upon the shore from behind a bush. They were very pretty, but ran bashfully away as fast as their little legs could carry them. Ambroise callerl to them lustily, but it was useless. He disembarked, and drew his canoe up. As he walked up the pathway to the cabin door there was a suspicious silence. Rat, tat! A very pretty woman of middle age, demure, and clad in monsselaine, answered his knock.
"You are Madame Archambault?" he asked, politely. Yes, it was she.
"I might have known it; everything is so clean," he continued. "I have an order from Her Excellency for you."

Instantly she was alive to the importance of the occasion. She was fanous for her butter and eggs, and on extraordinary occasions had supplied the viceregal household before.
"I am afraid-," she began, in a soft, low tone.
"Nonsense!" said Ambroise, sternly, "you habitants are all afraid. I do not mean to frighten you, but have you no desire to serve His Excellency?"
"Oh, yes, monsieur."
"Very well. Then on Monday of the week after next-without fail-you will deliver as before at the Château six dozen eggs and one dozen chickens."
"Yes, monsieur."
"And let me see. It is you who has the watercress?"
"It is, monsieur."
"Very well-a very large bunch of fresh watercress. Your children are prelty."

The woman looked down at them and smiled.
"Where is your husband?"
"He is at the little whirlpool fishing."
" Does he catch many?"
"Yes, and large," said his wife, brightening up; "sometimes he catches a maskinonge as long as that." She indicated the extreme length by extending her arms.
"Ah! then I will wait, and take one home with ne. Where are your butter and eggs. Let me see ..nem."

By this time the urbanity of the distinguished visitor had put Madame Archambault entirely at her ease. She put on her little leathern cap, and, taking the children one by each hand, conducted him over to the dairy, a low house, built of clay, on the side of a hill. A little rivulet, not larger than an elm of ten years' growth, shot out from the face of the hill and fell upon a large rudely-constructed water-wheel, whose buckets, as they filled, toppled over.
"The wheel does the churning for me, as you see, monsicur," she said, pointing to the moss-covered wooden water-wheel.
"That is excellent," said Ambroise, admiringiy, "and Archambault made that?"
" Yes, monsieur."
"I will report it to His Excellency. It is the only whe in the whole colony. He will be very much inter-
ested when I tell him. Here is Archanbault now. Isn't that he at the shore?"
"Yes, it is my husband," said Madame Arehambault, prondly. "He will have plenty of fish."

The children had darted off at once upon hearing that their father was coming, and were tearing down the pathway like two mad things.

Seeing the strange gentleman, the habitant advanced bareheaded, his cap dangling in his fingers.
"Where are your fish ?" asked Ambroise, introducing hinself.
"I have not had good luck to-day, monsieur-only three little maskinonge." He went back to the canoe and lifted them up. They were very pretty and enticing, though small. The messenger struck a bargain with the habitant, who wrapped them up in a bundle of green leases and put them in the former's canoe.
"You will not forget the eggs, then?" said Ambroise to the woman as he stepped into his craft and shoved out into the river.
"No, monsieur."
"Nor the chickens?"
" No, monsieur."
"Then good-bye. I will tell His Excellency what clever people you are, and about the water-wheel and your pretty children."

## CHAP'IER XXXI.

A gooniy compmy of ladies and gentlemen were taking tea upon the balcony of the Chitemi. It was a typical summer evening. The softness of the air, the clearness and l,rilliancy of the sky, where comentess stars were born at every moment as the chariot of the sun carried him further and farther upon his way to obscurity; the rising moon, the mellow twittering of the birds in the trees as night drew near, the far call of the loon that lay upon the bosom of the river-all gave token of the loveliness and charm of a Canadian twilight towards the end of summer. It had been the custom of "e wife of the Governor of New France, since the first appointment to that office, to give, amongst the more general and lively of her entertainments, something of a more formal and exclusive character, such as is dimer-party in the winter season, or an evening tea, sach as we now describe, rluring the heat of the summer. While they served as occasions of entertainment to the guests, they served also as a means of communicating important information, or, in other words, as a means of forestalling gossip, and of setting on the right path whatever was intended for or might reach the public ear. The wives of the chief officials were invited as a matter of course, but the positions of precedence and public envy were given to
the wives of the ('analian noblesse and to the wives of those interested in commercial ventures of such importance as to wariment their attendance in the interents of the colony. Father Delaurier represented the Chureh on this occasion, giving indication by his prenence that afternonn teas were not ander the ban of Ilis Lomdship Monseignenr de Saint-Vallier: The han of voiees was suddenly hashed as Captain St. Just, on hehall of His Excellency, rose to make an amomee:nent.
" His Excellency the Governor-General wishes it to be made known to the people of Quebee and Cinnila generally that the weddiner of Mareelle Courtebois, one of the ladies-in-waiting to Her Excellency, aml of the personal househohd of Their Excellencies, with Major Philippe Noel Suspime Beauharnais, son and heir of the Earl of Beauharnais, will, as rilrealy unofficially announced, be celebrated at the Cathedral of Quebec, by the Right Reveremd Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier, Bishop of Queliec and Metropolitan of Canada, upon Wedneselay, the fourth day of Aucrust, 169--, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, to be followed by a déjeuner at the Chanteau St. Louis, and during the evening by a representation of life in Canada. It is requested that this representation shall on no occasion be lescribed or referred to as a play ond theatrical stage-setting, since so to do will not only be the circulation of falsehood, but an affront to the civil and ecelesiastical representatives of the King and of the Church."
The reading of this proclamation produced a degree of astonishment amongst the guests such as could
searcely be conceived at a later date. That the frud whieh had existed so long hotwern Frontonat and the Bishop shoult end so happily spote volumes for the forbearanee of the Bishop or for the diplomney of the Governor.

We have set forth in the foregoing pars the anxiety of Frontenae to impress the Kingr with the sneeess of his Governorship. It wonld hive been patent to a much less nstute mind than his that the celehration of the marriage of a member of the viee-regnl honsehold by the Bishop withont the atteming fenture of a thentrical entertainment would have been pratieally to anmounce to His Majesty that he had surrendered to his implacable opponent on these terms. On the other liand, to have sought the serviees of a priest of less degree for the ceremony would have shown not less clearly that tho Bishop maintained his stnbborn attitude, while, also, it was by no mean certain that a priest would earry out the commands of Frontenae Itnis regard if there were afterwards to be a flying in the face of the authority of the Bishop, since, no matter how divergent were the views of the Bishop and many of the clergy on points of ecelesiastienl administration, they were of one mind in maintaining the ordinary diseipline of the Chureh. It faet, it was possible for His Lordship to anticipate the celehrition altogether by proclaiming an interim interdict, which would of itself arouse a state of feeling that might lead once more to a recall, and who eould say that the man recalled would not once more be the eivil representative of His Majesty, Frontenac himself?

Having this in view, the stubborn mind of Frontenac yielded so far as to enable him to pay a personal and conciliatory visit to the Bishop.

When His Excellency, in compmay with a single aide, drove up to the thoor of the Bislophs palace at an hour fixed by previous appointment, he was received with all the courtesy that became his station, and as he ascended the steps leading to the entrance, there emerged from the hall no less a personage than Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier himself to receive hin.
"Your Excellency has found his way to my humble abode after a long interval," said Saint-Vallier, smiling with a complaisance which he could searcely feel.
"I have come upon an important mission to Your Lordship," replied Frontenac, grasping the extended hund of the Bishop cordially, and kneeling to kiss the episcopal ring, a performance in itself which did much to pave the way for further enncessions.
"May I ask Your Excellency to specify to what I am indebted for this sigual mark of favor?" said SaintVallier, closing the door.
"For many years," replied Frontenac, "there has been a degree of estrangement between the representatives in Canada of the King and the church, which has produced an unhappy feeling in the breasts of all who are loyal to both. No one admires more than I the efforts of your clergy to spread the gospel of Catholic truth anongst the inhabitants of this colony, both the civilized and uncivilized, at all times and in wll weather, amidst the fury of the storms of winter.
and the torrid heat of summer, and in the face of dangers and privations-nay, I may may of tortures which nothing but the devotion of a martyr could prompt " hmman being to confront. From time to time, tales of the heroic death of some servant of the Church reaches the ears of the faithful in Quebec, who utter a prayer or two and go upon their usual ways. 'To the inlleand vicions, of which unfortumately we seem to have more than our share in this city. these examples of devetion to the Church convey no lesson. In a worl, the events of "period which is producing saints for the calendar of future generations pass by ahnost unnoticed."

F'rontenac paused to take breath and collect his thonghts. The Bishop, who hall listened to the glowing words with an interest that amounted to enthus. iusm, gave utterunce to his approval.
" What Your Excellency has said is but too true. The way of the Church in this distant country is a way of thorns, but ns such not an unworthy initation of the journey of our Blessed Lord Hinself to the Cross."
"It is ns Your Lordship has said, not an unworthy following of such a supreme event," resumed Frontenac. "Why then should we not have a true and faithful representation of these glorious events for the edification and purifying of our people?"

The Bishop sat back in his chair and fixed his eyes upon his visitor.
" Do you refer," he asked, "to such representations is occurrel during the pontificate of the great Hildebrand or of Gregory, where the virtues and sufferings

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of the members of the enrly Church were set up for the better teaching of the people !"
"Withont doubt, what I suggeat for four Lordshipis approval is of a nimilur kind, nlthough the events of which you sprak mee, I regret tosny, history unread as yet to me," rephied frontemac, with unassumed humility.
"It would seem as if there were warrant for the sughestion," continned the Bishop, " in the practices of the Bishop of Ardeans, who tnught the gospel to the people ly just such cous repreventations as those of which you spenk."
"And if it succeeded as you might approve," ec tinued Frontenac, "it might be repeated from year to year. The habitants and Indians would doubtless flock to the representation of events so connected with their religion and with the teaching of the missionaries. Your Lordship is to oflicinte in person, I believe, at the marriage of Marcelle to Philippe Beauharnais. Would it not be fitting that we should celebrate an event so important in the life of the colony and so pleasing to His Majesty the King by a representation such as we speak of."

The Bishop thought carefully over the suggestion for some time, and then turning somewhat suddenly to Frontenac enquired :
"Would the representation be under my authority or under Your Excellency's?"
"Could we not work together?" suggested Frontenac, and then as an iden occurred to him, "I suppose the Iroquois, the French soldiers and inissionaries,
the Montagnais and the other tribes of our vicinity would comprise the dramatis prosonur, if such I might call them."
"The way to Calvary was attended by such na these. In my own little parish of Lithole once in tell yearn wo held the Paasion Play as at Obermmmergin. It wan of grent educational valne, and there is no doubt that. the introduction of a similar festival into Cimmela would have a good effect," maid the Bishop.
" Have you heard lately from Finther Lallemant!" inguired Frontenac.
"Ah: It is the will of Heaven that the true finith shall come to the Iropuois only through fire," exclaimed the Bishop, his face lighting up with joy at the thought of what the devoted priests of the Iroquois mission were permitted to suffer for the cause of Chriat. Father Lebrim has passed to his reward. The cruel Iroguois induced him by fair promises to believe that they accepted his words. He built with incredible labor a house of lark in a grove close to the river. bank. After the departure of the Senecas, who declared war against the Illinois, he spent his time mnongst the Cayugas, wh invited him to settle amongst them. This, howeve, he refused to do, being anxious to renew his efforts with the Senecas when they returned. 'Two Indian converts, past the middle age, lived with him, and the Cayugas formed the plan of capturing all three. One evening, just as darkness was closing in, one of the converts, who had gone out to bring up water, saw figures dodging from tree to tree. The dog barked, and Father Lebrun went out
to investigate. After looking about he turned to go into the house ngain, whin a Cayngn fired, and my heloved prieat foll deme."
"It is a reanlal:" criel frontenac, with sudtun passion. "I have tanghe liese savages a lescon before. and I whall teach them amother. Patiser lebrun was a desnit, and they have not always hen friendly to the, lat I forgive him. Hedied in the canse of Christ."
"Amen," said the Bishop solemmly, while he howed his hend in momentar mayer.
"Weare then frien. once more !" said Frontenac, extending his lamal.
The Bishop grasped it aflectionntely. "Thisaction of yours in visiting tae and showing " spirit of contrition and forgiveness restores you to iry heart and to the full contidence of the clevgy. A: Excellency and Marcelle have asked me to ollici.. d sy you liave contirmed it, I shall gladly solemmis the sacrnment of their marriage."

Delighted beyond measure at the success of his mission to the Bishop, rundered necessary by the batling complications of the civil, militury and ecclesinstical administrations of his goverument, Frontenne took his departure with the speed and enthusinsm of a min much younger in years, and re-entering the Chiteau flung himself into a chair to straighten out the thread of his new policy, which inpressed him alike with its present result nud its promise for the future.
"I shall not, however, have a Passion Play. His Lordship is mistaken. My plays have been for the
entertainment and education of my officers and the ladies of my household. Then, too, I cannot lenve it to the management of the clergy. I must continue to be my own master," and thus, as Frontenac reflected, the old spirit of haughty independence revived in him cill the last trace of the recent reconciliation gradually vanished from his mind. That this mhappy ending of the interview should lend to further misunderstandings and ill-feeling was inevitable.

## CHAPTER XXXII.

The afternoon had worn itself away in a variety of unexpected happenings. A message was brought just as the sun was setting to Onontio, as Frontenac was termed by the Iroyuois in his capacity of governor, from the Mohawks, that if he would cause one of their number at present a prisoner in the hands of the French at Montreal to be delivered up to them they would make peace for one year, and leave the French in undisturbed repose. To the Indians of all races Frontenac had always been a foomnn worthy of their steel, feared and yet, at the same time, held in their high esteem as the greatest of all those who had been sent from France to rule the dominions of the French King.
"Bring the messenger before me," cried Frontenac, and in prompt respouse to his order a cringing specimen of the Abenaqui tribe was brought into the room.
"You are not a Mohawk nor an Iroquois," exclaimed Frontenac, in astonishment.
"Abenaqui," said the Indian, who understood a little French.
"What means this?-the interpreter," demanded Frontenac, his keen eye already in search of hidden mennings and Iroquois mockery. It was ashe supposed. The Abenaqui had been caught by a party of roving

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Mohawks, who despatched him to Frontenac with a message, threatening him with their most cruel venereance if he should fail in one jot or tittle of it. As Frontenae meditated with mingled amoyance and amusement upon this not maknown phase of Iroquois wit, the Abenarui, who till then had stood in mortal dread of the great Governor, vohnteered some information of a more stertling kind, and quite unprompted by his Mohawk captors. Encomaged by the interpreter, he related as follows: An Euglish woman had been taken in a boriler raid, and in hope of gaining the leniency of the Indians hat told them that an English Heet had left Boston to attack Quebec. At first Front nac gave no credence to the tale, hut as the Abenaqui stood a most severe and searching cross-examination withont showing signs of speaking falsely, he was handed over to Major La Montagne, and inquiries set upon foot. Soon word was brought in that a messenger had been sent from Montreal with the same news, that upon leaving Montreal he had run into an advancing storm, which eventually had swamped him and compelled him to swim ashore. Procuring another canoe he had set out once more. The English had set sail, the message ran, and word of it had reached Montreal overland. Their fleet was a powerful one, and every determination had been expressed to take Quebec.

Frontenac at once gave orders to prepare to meet the invaders. St. Just was despatched to Montreal to inform Callieres, the governor of that city, that he was to send the eight hundred French regulars, then quartered there, with ull speed to Quebec, under a capable commander. The excitement in the capital soon grew to fever heat. Not only were the soldiers animated with a spirit of zeal aml determination tlat boded well for the safiety of their charge, but the people themselves applied in large numbers for arms and ammunition, and when they had secured these they $w$ it through the strects singing martial songs and grecting the name of Frontenac with cheers and shouts of approwal. To a governor grown old in the service of his king, the loyalty of the people and their affection so displayed was intensely gratifying. I atoned for years of trial and disappointment, and made him feel that he hal won at last some small measure of that exteen which is the last reward of noble souls. If there were some amongst the clergy and their dependents who before the alarm or war were nothing loth to give utterance to their detestation of hin, now that the shock of battle seemed likely to come at any moment they acelaimed him with the rest. Every effurt was male to strengthen and complete the fortifications. From time to time improvements had been hegun, and they were now being worked upon with a view to inmediate completion. The upper porion of the city stood upon the summit of a veemingly impregnable cliff, whose means of access were securahle at a moment's notice. Along the shore of the St. Charles, which at the foot of the great promontory forms a junction with the St. Lawrence and bounds the city upon the eastern side, a line of palisades had been placed,
extendiner from the Sant in Matelot to a point at the rear of the city. These were reinforced by earth. works and heravy Inuricades, which, defended by brave men, were capable of withstanding the attack of a large army. In the rear of the city Frontenne had not long before completed n system of lefences consisting of trenches with the accompanying earthworks. Large towers built of stome at short intervals furnished additional mems of coping with the enemy, as well as opportunitics for observing their movements. This line of defences extended from the river St. Charless to the edge of the cliff frouting in the St. Lawrence. At the Sant au Matelot, at the palace gate, and at the windmill and Momut Carmel, bat teries of heavy guns were planted, while guns of lighter calibre were held in reserve. 'The upper part of the city was thus well protected. That part which hy along the strand, consisting of warehouses, magazines, inns, lodging-houses and small shops, was practically at the mercy of an attacking force, since beyond the planting of a few latteries of eighteen and twenty. four pounders it was impossible to take measures for its protection.

While the defences of the city were thus being pushed to completion with feverish energy, official messengers were being despatched in every guarter, calling in the militia and peasantry. When these had gathered, and had been disposed according to the directions of Frontenac, a force of two thousand five hundred men inanned the fortifications, while a considerable number $w$. stationed farther
down the river, whose dinty it was to prevent a landing. At length everything laud been made realy, expectation stood on tiptne. At all homs of the day eyes were strained in the direction of the Island of Orleans to catch the first glimpoe of the enemy's ships as they tiled past and prepared to come into position opposite the city. Occasiomally a runner wonld arrive from the Montagmais or other Indian eneampment along shore to warn Onontio of the appronch of the English. At last the vigilunce of the sentinels was rewarded liy the appearance, just as the day was breaking, of lights moving in the distance upon the river, and then as the day brightened the long-expected ships appeared.

Upon the crest of the cliff near the Chitean stom 1 Frontenac, his wife and Marcelle, eager as the rest to catch sight of the fleet of the enemy.
"There," exclaimed Frontenac, with energy, as a ship in full sail rounded the island's point, "you see the proud arrival of the enemies of France: What say you? Shall they take Quebec?"
"Never!" replied the two ladies in a single breath, but their pale cheeks showed how deeply they felt the alarin of the hour.

For a short space of time they continued silently viewing the advance of the war-vessels into the Basin, and then Frontenac turned and spoke to Marcelle:
"You will remember, Ma'celle, for I have often toll you, how France was saved by the efforts of a brave woman from the inroads of an English king. See to it that, while I am engaged with my officers and
the duties of my position, you inspire the women of the city with your own comrare and determination. In all the history of the struggles of our enemies with the forces of our King on this continent there has been nothing equal th their preparation for this attempt. Their mighty ships of war are tilled with soldiers, and I am mach mistaken if before the siege is raised we shall not have need of all our valor to repel them."

It was not that Frontenate guniled hefore the task now set him, for no man was braver or more resourceful than lie, but he knew that the number of the city's defenders might be a source of weakness as well as of strength to it, since food was scarce and unequal to the demmils of a long siege. Privations and hunger, with the usual ncompaniment of disease, might do what the Encrish could not do. It was this that occasioned him a certain degre of unensiness.

Marcelle was not slow to appreciate the necessity of obedience to the command of Frontenac.
"Your Excellency has asked me to do more perhaps than I am able, but it shall not be said that I did not do whatever I could to preserve Quebec from the hands of the heretics."

Frontenac listened to her with admiration, and then, taking her hand in his, he leaned forward and kissed her upon the cheek.
"You blush," he said, half laughingly; " your cheek is like a splash of blood upon the winter's snow ; " and then, growing suddenly solemn, "God grant that it may not be so."

Lenving the presence of the white-haired Governor, whose calm and dignified bearing in the face of the impending conflict inspired her with a strong desire to assist in the preservation of her country, Marecelle hastened to her apartments. She called a maid, and bidding her prepare to accompany her through the city, Marcelle dressed herself in street at ire, domaing, however, in place of the highly-ornamented clonk then worn by ladies, the buckskin blouse which she had worn when first she entered the city, and the beaded enp of the same material, bot's of which, while not unsuitable to her skirt of lighter material, yet gave her the commanding and half-masculine appenrance of a woinan of the coureurs-le-bois, which she then desired to assume, since nothing could have the effect upon those of her own caste like the assumption of their dress and bearing. Upon her breast the heraldic totem was, as formerly, plainly in evidence to those who, looking for it, should seek the sign. The city was in a frenzy of excitement, and, in view of the variety of the elements of which its population was composed, likely to break out in disorder. The coureurs-de-bois, in the spirit of recklessness and daring which prompted them to violate all rules of discipline and order, were going about in small bands from inn to inn toasting the King, the Governor, and Jean, their present lead or chief, and shouting defiance at the enemy. At any moment they were likely to break loose in further confusion, and as the English had filled their ships' boats with armed men, intending to land them at the first favorable place, a
prile-mile attack upon them by the courcurs-le-bris, if it should chance to ensue, would spoil the plan of nubush which had been carefully made, if the English attack should lie, as anticipated, in the vicinity of the St. Charles River. Soldiers and civilinas, too, were alike at their mercy, and as Marcelle, followed oy her maid, turned into Mountain Street, she came upon a group of thein Irunk and quarrelling. Standing on one side was Jean Dilbot himself, but making no effort to restore order and decormin. The thundering of the cannon, as the hatteries at regular intervals fired at the fleet and upon the approaching boats, and of the reply of the heavy guns of the fleet, had so far produced no effect upon the brawlers, who seemed oblivious to the fact that the attack had already begun. Not even an occasional ball striking against the cliff and falling back upon the houses and into the streets, distracted their attention from their carousal. Marcelle boldly approached, and at the first lull gave the cry of the coureurs which they use in case of dire need. Instantly the shouting and the dancing ceased.
"Who are you?" demanded a tall, dark outlawwho stood a handbreadth above his fellows.
" Marcelle, the daughter of Black John, the coureur de-bois," answered Marcelle, bolrly.
" Marcelle!" cried Jean Dilbot, advancing.
"Marcelle!" shouted another and then another, till with a wild cheer for the daughter of the coureur they stood before her all attention, which from her attitude they supposed to be what she desired.
"Coureurs," she said, speaking in n clear, sweet voice "you henr the camon of the Ehylish. Shall they take our blessed comntry?"
"Never!" they shonted, in a chorus that was not silenced by the breaking forth of a battery overhend. "Shall it be said that in the hom of danger the coureurs-de-bois knew not how to helinve themselves as inen, but broke into rebellion and disorder?"
They now listened quietly, and began to be asharned.
"Then, I tell you, brothers of the forest and of freedom, that you canse our great Frontenac anguish of soul in this hour of trial by your behaviour. I know your kind hearts and your conrage. No one knows them better. You saved tne once; now we your comntry, your wives, your children and your cligion. Do you wish the English heretics to take possession of your forests and of your lakes and rivers? Then follow me to the Chinteau st. Lonis, where you will see the Governor and hear what he conmmands."
"Bravo! Bravo!" exchimed Jean Dilbot. "Yon have done what I, their leader, could not do. They are in earnest now."
"Can you not get the others? Where are they?" asknd Marcelle.
"We shall ind them if we turn to the left here and reach the Château by St. Anne Street," replied Jean. "Then let it be done, and in all haste, for I hear the cheering of the soldiers in the distance."

With a certain discipline, and obedience as prompt, if not so precise, as that of the soldiery, the band of
courenry followed their new leader into St. Anne Street, where in front of the Cinbaret Daclos was a atill larger mumber of coureure shouting and danciug ns the others had done, and tervifying the women and children in the neighborhood.
"Halt:" cried Jenn, stemly, ns his men drew near.
"Coureurs! Attention!" he cried, in a lond nud commanding voice.

To them also, as they pansed in their madness, Marcelle spoke words of warining, and appented to to their patriotism and courage.
"We go to Fronteme. Will you not join us?" she cried.

With murmurs of assent and admiration not unmixed with a sense of shane, they snluted her, and fin'ling behind as the others advanced, followed them.

In this way in nu incredibly short space of time Marcelle had collected all the coureurs in that quarter of the city, and ns it was the quarter containing the grentest number of wine and brandy shops, Jenn informed her that not many of those at present in the city could have escaped her.

Silently, but with all possible speed, she led the now quiet and abashed outlaws to the Chanteau, where forming in line they waited the appenrance of the Governor.

Upon the balcony at the rear of the Châtenu, glass in hand, watching the enemy's boats in their attempt to extricate $i f$ sselves from the mud into which they had unwittingly run, and in which they lay exposed to the shots of the fleet, which fell with
increasing frequency into the city, Frontenac was atanding when Marcelle appronched him.
"What is it, Marcelle?" he asked, calmly.
"The courcurs have been collected and nre Irawn up in front of the Chiteall awniting Vour Fiscolloney's phensure. 'They are prepared to obey orders mow."
"Did you do this, Marcelle?"
" Yes, Your Excellency."
"God bless you:" he exclaimed, fervently: "we need them to nubush the enemy:"

Putting down his ghass, he accompanied her to the entrance of the Chitenu, where, standing upon the steps, he proceeded to address them:
"At this moment, Frenchmen, our enemies are about to land upon the left bank of the St. Charles river. Between the point of landing and the ford above is a strip of wood and some uneven ground. It is just what is required for an ambuscade such as you frenchmen of the forest know so well how to lay. You have your leader, the brave Jean. He is ready to conduct you to the spot. Will you fight thus for France? Say, patriots, if you will go?"

With a yell such as might have been heard far out upon the river the coureurs responded in the aflimative, crowding aromad Jean Dilbot and demanding that he lead them where llis Excellency had directed.
"You have done France a good service to-day, Marcelle," said Frontenac, as the coureurs departed on the run for the castern gate. "Now, go to your room and rest my child. You looked fatigued and pale from your exertions, IIark! Thay are cheering.

But the remaining wordy were lost as Frontenac hurried once more to hia point of look-ont, to which him aides came from time to time for further or'grs.
"Beamharmais." said Frontenac, as that ulficer reportel for orders, "one of the crises of this attack is at haml. I will lead the charge myadf on these herotics with three companies of regulars, When they have driven the coureurs ont of malash, na 1 expect they will after some lons. Tell gour colonel and wee that they are ready."

Major Benuharmais, having carried the order of His Excelle:cy, returned to notify him that the men were remly in the square.
"Then I ain ready also," said Frontenac, his grey hair streaming in the breeze.

At the head of three compmies of the regring soldiers of the garrison, Frontenac marched through the eastern gate, down the steep slope to the shore of the St. Charles, where boats were in waiting to ferry them across. Farther down towards the river's mouth, English troops could be seen endeavoring to land and draw off the attack of the French, in order that their comrades below might the more freely and unopposed attack the city. It was a fateful moment. The coureurs had becane engaged just ns Frontenac and the French came in sight, and fighting with great courage, were holding the English at bay, and at the same time doing them serious damage. A ball flew close to the head of the gallant Frontenac, who seemed to regard its whistle as a signal for advancing.
"Furward! Frenchmen, forward!" he cried, "and
drive the haretics before you." With a vigorous cheer and equal comrage, the French mlvanced on the romble to the edge of the strip of wookl on the opposite side of which the scene of conflict lay. At the sight of these reinforcomenta the Now binglanders drew back and reformed with the ovident intention of advancing to the charge. But it was too late. Frontemac and his men were upon them apace and drove them down the slope with much loss. Bnrely half their munber reached the boats and sacceeded in rowing out of rauge.

Instend of wasting time in useless nuttempts to follow the fugitives and continue the battle on the water, Frontenac ordored his men to return, excepting the coureurs, whom, after commending for their valor, he placed oner more in the wood to lolis the English in check shoufld they again attempt to hand. As Frontenac hurriedly recrossed the St. Charles and ascended the right bank, he saw the boats of the fleet rowing rapidly away.
"They will attempt nothing further to dny, La Montagne," said he; "but I nm mistaken if old Phipps gives up withort a better try than this. It is haril to believe that he ordered so weak an attempt. Yet it was made in force enough. See to it that everything is in readiness for the morrow, and that those ships which are within range of the batteries get no peace. To-day's failure will either discournge or exasperate them."

Just then a messenger on horseback galloped up, mul dismounting hurrielly, handed frontenac a piece of paper.
"This is well, and yet not well, La Montarne. The remainder of the men from Montreal will be here in half an hour. 'They landed above when the firing was heard and will reach the eity overland. Phipps mast attack to-morrow or clse we shall find means to attack him. We have too many to feed, but not too many to defend our walls."

As darkness fell upon the excited city, every measure was taken which pradence could suggest to guard agrainst surprise. With Marcelle at his side, Frontenac stood at a window of the wateh-tower graing into the blackness of the river, in hope of catching sight of a light if perchance the English sought to land.
"The city is well defended, Your Excellency;" said Marcelle, desirous of encouraging him, although his eye gleamed with all the energy of youth and fire of battle.
"Yes, Marcelle, and my mind is greatly relieved that Jean and his men are on guard at our weakest point. Your friends are as watchful as they are brave."
"I an pleaced to hear you speak so of them, Your Excellency. They love you as I do, and will die for you."
"Hark!" said Frontenac, starting up from the seat which he had momentirily taken. But the sound was not repeated, and he sat rlown again with a sigh.

## CHADTER NXXII.

The break of day witnessed a suspension instead of a renewal of hostilitios. The disconfiture of the landing-foree, brought ahout chielly throush the aid of the conrems-de-bois, as we have seen, hat a disconraging and a deterrent effect upon the Engrlish, who resolved to hold a comeil of war and of prayer before proceeding further with the plan of attack. Rourh weather now, however, added its terrors to the valor of the Canalians, and in view of the danger in waiting, and of the poor prospect of success, Phipps weighed anchor and with his whole fleet took his departure. Beyond the reach of the gruns of the fortress, and sheltered by the Island of Orleans from the severity of the weather, the English commander tarried in order to put his ships in condition for the voyage to Boston. But uins delay occasioned no alarm in the minds of the Canadians, who had given theinselves over to thanksgiving and rejoicing.
"Monseignear de Saint-Vallier is proceeding to the cathedral in state, Your Excellency, and is preceded by the captured flag," said Philippe Beauharmais, in answer to a question from Frontenac respecting the boomingr of a great gum.
"The admiral's flag!" exclaimed Frontenac, in astonishment. "Did you gather his meaning from
such an extraordinary action? Has he asked our permission?"
"No, Your Excellency; the success of the defence is ascribed to Saint Anne, the Blessed Virgin and Saint Francois Xavier," replied Beauharnais.

Frontenac's brow contracted into a deep and angry frown. "It is always this way. He wiil have it that the hosts of Heaven are his especinl allies, and that we count for nothing."
"But the people, Your Excellency-"
"Well, what of them?"
"They thank Heaven, too; but they are preparing bonfires in your honor."
"Is it so ?"
"Vast quantities of wood have been brought up from below, and the coureurs are making extensive preparations."
"Then there will be disorder. However, if they do not set fire to the city it will not matter. Yet, Beauharnais, it will not do to let this opportunity pass of doing proper honor to His Majesty. The statue of His Majesty in the square might well be carried shoulder high in procession. See to it that this be done."
"And your Excellency?"
"I will address them in the Place de la Concorde, and I shall invite Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier to do likewise."

Major Beauharnais departed to do His Excellency's bilding. The preparations being made justified the feeling of alarm that fire was a dangerous plaything
for the coureurs-de-bois and their allies on such occasions amongst the soldiery and pensantry. Choppers had gone out to the forest and hewn away large pines and bulsams, which in their gummy state, when well going, would furnish light and heat for too large an area of the town for either comfort or safety: Frontenac sent for Colonel Dumont. "It will be necessary from what Beauharmis tells me of the preprations for this evening's celebration, that the garrison be ready to parade at short notice."
"It would be well, Your Excellency," replied Colonel Jumont, "and I have already given order:s that the water-tank be filled in case of fire. Were it not that the danger of fire spreading would be greater from below, it would be well to have the bonfires in Lower Town."
"Yes, and the loss in that event would be heavy to the traders," said Frontenac.
"True, Your Excellency; but beaverskins can be replaced more easily than buildings."
"To-morrow," said Frontenac, "the troops from Montreal must embark. It will not do to keep the garrison there weakened for longer than necessity requires. The Iroquois will make a raid, I am convinced, before the leaves drop from the trees and the snow returns to mark the traces of their snowshors. I shall not be content till I have heard that all is well at Montreal."

The sound of revelry and music ushered in the evenfing's festivities. Brandy, the sale of which was "strictly forbidden" but yet comparatively unchecked,
had fired the coureurs with a desire to excel themselves, and had filled the Indians with the fury of madness. Quarrels were frequent. The flames of bonfires in full career shot higher than the tallest tower, being buitt on higher ground and tier upon tier crosswise like a funcral pyre. The breeze off the river, blowing in putfs, fanmed the fires and bore the sounds of shouting and riot towards the Chiteau. From its windows Madame de Frontenac and her ladies-in-waiting viewel the wikd but inspiring scene, while Frontenac himself, Major La Montagne, Major Beauharuais, Cuptain St. Just and others of subordinate rank, stood behind them explaining the meaning of various sights and sounds, and as occasion refuired it, allaying their alarm.
"To whom does the honor of the day belongr ? To Marcelle, of course," said Frontenac, in answer to his wife's question. "It was she who rescued the city from a mob and then turned the mob into soldiers. It was they, my dear, who ambushed and then drove the English off."
"Do you hear, Marcelle ?" asked Madame de Frontenac, smiling. "His Excellency yields the palm to you."
"Not to me, Your Excellency, I implore; but mayhap, to the coureurs some part of the credit is owing," said Marcelle.
"A man stands without and demands to see Your Excellency," said a servant, crossing to where His Excellency stood, and speaking low.
"Who is he ? Not a messenger, I hope."

## MARCELLE

"A coureur, Your Excellency."
Frontenac descended to the entrance, where the tall, dark form of an outlaw of the forest sithod before the sentry, who barred his way:
"What would you, my man?" asked Frontenac, gently. "You are, I see, one of the coureurs to whom I owe so much."
"The coureurs wish to see Marcelle," said the man, respectfully, his cap in hand.
"What!" exclaimed Frontenac. "That is impossible, unless they come before the Chatealu. The lady cannot trust herself in so furious a company. That I could not allow."

There was no response from the coureur. Then Frontenac, who by no means wished to offend allies so important both in the city and in the wilderness, noting the man's expectancy or embarrassinent, spoke again.
"Will they not come here as they did before?"
"The coureurs would crown her Queen of the Coureurs if she will come to where they are gathered," replied the courcur.
"Are you Jean Dilbot?" asked Frontenac, suddenly, as he caught a clearer sight of the outlaw's features in the dim light of the candle overhead.
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"And they wish it, do they ?" remarked Frontenac, relenting.
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Then it must be done. Nothing can well be denied to them to-day. Where do you wish her to
"To the bonfire, Your Excellency."
" But we slall not know which of the many. Will you escort us, for I must gro with her on such an occasion."
"My men will be overcome with the honor of a visit from Your Excellency. It will be more than we deserve. I will return to them again and bid them prepare for the arrival of their king."
"I foroid that, Dilbot," said Frontenac. "On this oceasion I wish to surprise them at their rejoiciugs, and, in fact, in order that they may feel altogether free and in no way embarrassed by my coming, I shali now, that I think of it, go in disguise. You will, therefore, wait and conduct Marcelle, and in your hands I will place her, but I shall accompany her with others, merely as a companion, but not as an escort. She needs no escort with her own."

Without waiting for Dilbot's reply, Frontenac returned to the ladies and inforned them of the wish of the coureurs that Marcelle should allow them to crown her their queen.
"A signal honor," said Madame de Frontenac, with a slight asperity.
"I envy you-but will you go ?" exclaimed Marie Duclos, excitedly. She was a native-born, and spoke with the subdued earnestness of one to whom such incense ineant more than it were possible to those of French birth beside her.
"Yes," replied Marcelle, proudly, her loveliness enhauced by the excitement of the moment.
"Are we to see it all?" cried Mathilde Florian, clasping her hands in expectancy.
"You will put on your coureur dress," said frortenac to Marcelle.
"As Your Excellency commands."
"Then go to the tower donr, where I will meet you. The others may coms later, hut not with us. It would offend the coureurs, I think, who have asked for you."

Marcelle did not long delay in douning the attire of the forest. Like the wild-flowers of the woods she was best suited in her natural setting. As Frontenac appeared disgruised in a black wig, for which, however, he had a great aversion, aud in the phainer garb of a Canadian gentleman, Marcelle laughed subduedly. "You laugh, Marcelle," said he, as he turned the ruff at his r. eck so that the points should not disturb him; "but despite my three-score years and ten I feel equal to a bowl and a brawl as well as the gryest of my courtiens."
"I laughed not, Your Excellency. it the oddity of your dress," said Marcelle, apologetically, "but that you should fancy that the distinction of your bearing could be disguised in so mild a way from the keensighted and sharp-witted men of the forest."
" You flatter, I fear, Marcelle, but it is permitten you. An event like this does not occur so often that both you and I should not feel exultant."

His Excellency and Marcelle stepped forth into the entrance-hall. Beauharnais and others of the suite were already there in response to Frontenac's orders.
"I will hand you over to their leader, Marcelle," said Frontenac, "but we shall follow you at so short a distance that in case of need-which, however, I do
not fenr-we shall be renly to fly to yom asvistance. Is that as you wish?"
"Y'es, Your Excellency:"
Fronter e then accompanid Maredle to the street and placed her in the custorly of Dilbot, who was overjoyed at His Excellency's condescension and favor.

In this order, with Marcelle and Jean Dilhot leading, and His Excellency with a few of his officers in the rear, the procession appronched the seene of gatety. The hage bontire, but half-concenled by buildings and the contour of the cliff from those approaching, burst suddenly on their view.
"We remain here in the shadow," said Frontennc. "I do not wish to disturb them."

As the eyes of the expectant throng enught sight of Marcelle in her courcur dress, with Jean Dilbot emerging from the shadow of the walls into the glare of the fire, a mighty cheer burst from their thronts that drowned the crackling of the burning wood and filled the breast of the forest maiden with excitement and pricle. One after the other, coureurs broke from the crowd and ran cherring towards her, waving their caps and dancing wildly. As they drew near, however, they formed themselves into a guard of honor, which, at the word of their leader, became at once a model of order and propriety. This was the first step in the process of the coronation of Marcelle, who submitted to the requirements of her new dignity with pleasure and confidence. It was with a feeling of distinct relief, however, that Frontenac saw the

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change in the dimeanor of the conrenrs, and when they escorted Marcelle higher up the terrace to mu elevated point opposite the bonfire, well away from its extreme he it, yit within the rallinnce of its illumimation, he batched the progressive stops of the coromation with an interest quite devoid of misgriving. The chair to which Marcelle was conductel whs made from the antlered head of the ginnt moose, an animal of enormons size, alrendy then disappearing from lower latitudes, mol to be found in plenty only in the extreme north. From tip to tip the antlers measured not less than eight feet, and their huge palmations formed nims for the sitting-piece, large enough of themselves to have hell Mareelle. The eyes, of amethyst, gleamed like balls of flame in the firelight. A dozen conreurs rangel themselves about this huge chair of coromation in the attitude of guardinnship, except at the front, where a clear space was left that the approaching subjects might have free access when the time for submission should arrive.
Dilbot, who conducted the ceremony with the ease and dignity of one accustomed to command, save the signal to retire, Marcelle being left alone save for her grand. The crowd of stragerers and loungers stood off in the distance, where they conld still witness the strange proceeding without attracting the notice or attention of the courcurs, who would be only too quick to resent any interference from without. The coureurs then returned, with their head, bearing something of Jean Dilbot at much care, which, is thay of evident value with 21
to Marcolle as a gorgeous garment of highly ormamented backskin, more splendid and bemutiful than nnything of the kind she hal ever 'chold. Behind the bearers of this beantiful robe of state and gueenwhip walked a coureur carrying the well-known eap of that fraternity, light in weight, though thickly fringed and tasselled. As the procesvion drew up before Marcelleshe arose to receive it. The bearers alvancel under the direction of Dilbot and replaced her ofd cont with the new one. The cap-bearer then stepped forward and knelt before her. With an air of solemnity that had hitherto not characterized the proceedings, Dilbot tork the cap in his hands, and amidst the most profound silence, save for the oceasional roar of the flames or the smapping of the burning woorl, addressed Marcelle as follows:
"It is long since the coureurs of the woods first crowned their chief. More thana hundred years have passed since then. But you have been good to us. It was you who saved me, their leader, when in peril. It was you who spoke the word and the coureurs obeyed. You are our saviour and our queen." (Loud cheers and $n$ waving of caps greeted this eloquent and fitting allusion to Marcelle.) "In former days the great moose, who has disappeared from the haunts of the white man, was the proudest trophy of our chase. The chair which you occupy is the head of one left to us by the first ot our kings or chiefs. It has been kept as a sacred treasure, and will continue to be held in safety and reverence till such time as the need of it shall again arise, and long may it be till then." (Further
checers from the onthws). "In those dinss, tow, the kmiak, the great elk, and the ice-beare, rommed in the forests, hit now are they, too, thinge of tho past. All, all vanishes except the fillelity of the comrure theach other. As hemdman of the conemers, in the absemee of our chicf lathrun, who has mot heen heard of since the Ottawas forded the Mackinate, I place this e.p ugon your hem to crown you one Quren, to whom on our knees we now swear allorimee."

As the coureur chinf spoke these conchaling worls he placed the erp ipon Nareelle's hemb, the comrenw aceompmining the action by kmeling upon the gromad and uttering a short but peculiar form of payer.

Arraged in her new coat and cap of otlice, Mareelle: looked the part to which she had been raised, tho pieturesgue wihlness of her attire anll the splemior of her beauty adding to the strangenessand trilliance of the unusual scente. Silence fell ifron the throng as she begran to address them.
"I nin proud, O men of the forest, of the homor and dignity to which you have raised me to-night," she said. "My father and my mother knew what it was to enjoy the frecdom of the woods, of the waters and of the phain. .ly finther, as you know, helomins to the order of the coureurs, and cound he see me to-night in the persor of your queen, and did he know of the brave part whielr you have taken in the defernee of the country of the French Kingr, he 11 , mld be pleased more than it is in my feeble power to tell you. But there is one greater tham any of us standing not, fur away who glories in your deeds, and if you will
promit me, I will ask grom lembre, the brawe dean Dillmet, to beserech him to addreas gom, for your, as woll as I. I am sure, owe no promber alleginace than to His Fixedfency, sant to na by the great king."
'This happy mating (o) Marcelles' remarks was greeted with homl demonstrations of approval, mid almost hefore the cherring hal subwided it was re. newel with even "reater ferror, as Dillot amerped from the deep shatow of the wall neemmmaied by Frontemac, whose mujestic nir mo lisennise could hide, natl by the atheres of his eseort.

As firontemate appooblow: Mare tle, she moved as if to make way for him, lout with a wave of his hand he directed her L. remam, and then enraing towarls the firchight and the connens, he spoke:
"I have mot waitel for a comrenient time to neknowletge whit the King, my master, ant what $I$, his governor and vicerog, awo to you in this glorions defence of his dominions. Yon have receivel from me, through your brate leader, the token of my gratitude. It is fitting, too, that yon should have chosen for your gueen ons so worthy of your choosing, both by right of birth and by right of benuty, for in all the land of old or new Frmace thare is none more benutiful than Marcelle. The statue of His Majesty the King stands, as you know, in the Place de la Concorde, aud to complete your ceremony there could be nothing more suitable, both to the occasion of your rejoicing mad to the honor of the Fing, than for you to carry that statue in procession, while you praise his name and glorify his greatness."

## MARCV:I.L.

This sugigestion of frontenuc was received with nechamation, nul tho coureurs, who regarded hine na their enpecial friend in vinw of his hnieney and spirit of justice in the interpretation of the laws, could ant the restrained, hate bookn into temmalt as they rom throngh the crowidal struets in fluse of the royal statue. The Place de la Concorilo was straightway transormed from a place of pence intor a phee of lise eme. The shonting couremes mo soon'r thrmel into the sybare than they rion towarls the statue of the Kinig with all the ardor of contestants in a race. Citizens who hat noghected to make way were tumbled alont like: ninepins, the resule being that indivialmal gluarely spraner up in many places, amb there was likely to enste a riot of no small proportions when the commanding voice of frontemac was heard lirecting the eourenrs to iorm themselves into aguad for the reception and escort of the rogal efliny. With billoot at their hemd, antmber seized hold of the statue and placed it upon a platform which, resting upon bearing At this moment the music of the gatison band was heard in the distance, and by the time of its arrival everything was in readiness for the movinig forward of the coureurs, who had litile idea that their elevation of the wooden statue of the King Was serving the domble jurpose of deelaring their loyalty to the head of the State and their disapproval of the omission of the Bishop to do proper honor to his eivil superior.

Torches were provided of pine and spruce, which, raised on high in the hands of the courours and of
citizens who fell in behind them, gave to the demonstration the charneter of a general rejoicing on a large seale.
"His Excellency has well timed his rebuke of the Bishop, for by to-morrow the ship, bearing the news of the siege will have maled," remaked st. Just to La Montngne, as they stood in the rear of the vice-remal party, who viewed the march past with satisfaction.
"Yes, it will read well to His Majesty, who will note also the lishop's absence; that is, if a list of those present is furnished with the other details," rephed the linter.
"You think, then, it won't be," raid St. Just.
"I do not think - "
"No, I have observed that," said St. Just, grleefully. La Montarne looked at his companion with seom.
"It ill hefits you to assist at laying traps for - "
"A hundred pistoles for their regratement!" It was the voice of Frontenac speaking to Beauharmas. "They have deserved well of us. I shall report their demonstration to the King."
"What did I tell you!" exclained La Montagne, with exultation, yot in a whisper: "The Bishop has been duped."

With almost parental pride Frontenne escorted Marcelle back to the Chatean, accompanied by his officurs. The triumph of himself and his household had been complete. He smiled with satisfaction as he reffected how it wouhd be a lesson to Monseigneur de Saint-Vallior and teach him once more to respect the authority of the King, and not to attempt the
usurpation of a precelence which belonered to the King's representative and to no other. Fronteme, ap)peased by the success of his recent effort, both as military and civil governor, turned his attention onee more to the accomplishment of his cherished desire, the marringe of Marcelle and Philippe Beauharmais.
"And now, Marcelle, there remains but one wish unfulfilled, one duty to Heaven and to your." Marcelle trembled as her protector spoke. "Philippe has distinguished hinself in the service of his country. I have recommended him for the consideration of his king. But no decorntion that he may receive, or finor, even from His Majesty, would be worth a moment's purchase in his eyes in comparison with the bestowal of your heart-aay, he has that alraaly your hand I should have said. The appointed time is drawing near, and although our preparations have been upset to some extent by the invasion of the English, they shall not on that account be suffered to lapse in the smallest detail. I shall give orders for the decoration of the Chiteau on a scale equal to the occasion, and it will be for years to come the talk of New France, how Frontenac rewarded you with a husband of proven worth, and your husband with $\Omega$ wife of unequalled beanty and sweetness. Your silence is not the less grateful to me since it proceeds from a sense of duty nobly done. How pleased he looked at the adoration-for, indeed, one must call it so-of the coureurs-de-bois. His eyes were fixed upon you as upon some glory which enehained his senses, and even when I spoke to him he forgot the

## MARCELLE

duties of his office, so absorbed was he in love and admiration."

Frontenac paused and looked at Marcelle, as if he expected her to speak.
"It is Your Excellency's wish ?" she said, enquiringly.
"My wish ?" Frontenac exclaimed, in a tone of amazement, combined with some irritation. "It is my command, you might have said."
"Then I obey," said Marcelle, in a low voice.
"Well spoken, Marcelle," sail Frontenac; "such a chance does not occur twice in the life of inortals."

When a maid brought the billet down to Her Excellency, as foreseen by Madame Béranger when that lady deposited it behind the curtain, Her Excellency laid it upon her work-table so that she might give it to Marcelle when she should come in. Madane Béranger had not supposed that Her Excellency would descend to opening any communication addressed to Marcelle, but she was well aware that it was the custom of young ladies resident in the Chateau to submit their relations with the sterner sex to Her Excellency's approval, or disapproval, as it sometimes turned out to be. A letter was a rare form of communication at that date. In cases of formality especial messengers were despatched, a custom still retained in royal correspondence. In cases of less importance or notoriety, communications were verbal and restricted, in compliance with the strict usages of the prevailing conventionality of the time. There were no secrets in those
days-at least it was so taken for granted. Whether our forefathers and foremothers were more suspicious or more careful, they did not permit that indifference to propricty and that freedom of manners which at the present day is hailed as $n$ victory for womankind in the cause of feminine liberty. The note had been bronght to Madame Frontenac in the matural course of events, and as required by domestie discipline. It would be impossible, therefore, as Madame Béranger and sophie Benoit knew, for Marcelle to concenl the fact of its arrival. It would be necessary for her to let Madame Frontenac into the secret of its contents. The affinir fell out as calculated by them. Marcelle entered, flushed with the exercise of walking on the terrace, where every day the young ladies of the household took an airing.
"A letter for you," said Madame de Frontenac, pointing to a small receptacle on her work-table, while continuing with her needle the work she had in hand.
"A letter for me?" exclaimed Marcelle, in amazement. "Who could have written? It isn't from papa or the Huron, for they camot write. Has it the Bishop's seal?"

Madane de Frontenac made no reply, merely waiting for Marcelle to open and read for her information.

Marcelle was stricken with shame and indignation. The color came and went as she slowly spelt out the meaning of the words, for she, too, had but recently learned the accomplishment of reading.
"What is it, Marcelle?" enquired Her Excellency, who could not fail to note the excitement and consternation manifest in Marcelle's countenance.
"I do not know what it means, Your Excellency. It is addressed to me, and looks like a man's writing. I do not know what it means." As she ran her eyes over it again her color partially returned, and she soca regained her composure, but it was not a composure mingled with defiance. Her pride had been deeply wounled that any man should have attempted such a liberty.
"It speaks of what, Marcelle ?" continued Madame de Frontenac, pitilessly.
"Will Your Excellency read it ? It is difficult for me."
"I would rather that you read it aloud to me, Marcelle." The sound of her name seemed so strange that Marcelle started and would gladly have fled to her own room.
But Madame de Frontenac, now suspicious that all was not as it should be, asked for the letter and concealed it in her pocket.
"His Excellency and I will examine it for you and let you know what we think. It is enough."

When Frontenac had returned from a shooting expedition to his Château, a servant infurined him that Madame would be pleased to see him when he had finished dressing.
"Well, my dear, whiat is it ?" asked Frontenac as he entered into her apartments in his usual cheery way.
"I have something of importance," replied his wife.
"It is no less than a letter seeking an appointment by is Gomer açuaintance of Marcelle."
"With Marcelle?" exclamed Frontenac, in astonishment. "It is impossible:"
"Scarcely impossible," said his wife, with feminine incredulity. "Here is the letter."

Frontenac took the labored scrawl, and read and ro-read it, and then laid it on the table.

It purports to come from some friend of hers who knew her in the woods-a pal, we are e pected to assume."
" How dreadful:" sighed Madane de Frontenac.
"It is dreadful, if true. But what says Marcelle ?"
" She says she cannot understand it. No, she does not deny it. She avoids giving a straight answer."
"I will see what truth there is in this, and quickly enough," exclaimed Frontenac, who had made up his mind what to do with a suddenness nharacteristic of him. "Has Marcelle left the Château ince receiving it?"
"No, my dear. Not since it was found."
" Found, and where?"
"Behind a curtain of the portiere of my boudoir."
"A likely place to put a billet-doux," remarked Frontenac, bitterly.
"It was well hidden," observed his wife, who could not readily forego a senvation.

Frontenac took up the letter again and left the room abruptly.
"Where is Demoiselle Marcelle?" he enquired of the first servant who came across his path.
"In her bedroom, master."
"Then ask her to meet me in my office at once."
The servant hurried to Marcelle's apartments and informed her. Marcelle had been weeping. Hergood name had for the first time in all her life been subjected to suspicion and scrutiny. Angry and depressed as she might feel, there was no good in either. She could leave the Chateau now, in all probability would have to leave it, but it would be under a cloud. She was prostrated by the base insinuation. All resentment, as all gaicty, was banished from her tear-stained face. She received His Excellency's command almost with indifference. She had expected it, but it was none the less terrible.
"Tell His Excellency; please, that I will go at once," said Marcelle.

Frontenac awaited Marcelle with some impatience. At last there was a timid knock.
"Come in, Marcelle," he cried, in a tone of unconscious severity peculiar to him when aroused.

Marcelle pushed the door open and entered.
"Why do you look so sorrowful, Marcelle?"
Frontenac was unfeignedly astonished. He had no suspicion of her, whatever others might have.
"Your Excellency -" began Marcelle, in a broken voice.
"You are not going to be faint-hearted over this, Marcelle," continued Frontenac, but with a tenderness in his tone that Marcelle had never heard before. "We will presently discover the villain, and then-"
"Oh, Your Excellency:" exchamed Mareclle, in ngonized relief, mal sinking unbilden but from very weakness into a chair.

Frontenac rang.
"A glas of wine," sail firnitenac, ns the servant appeared. "I believe you innocent of all possible wrong-doing," le continued, turning in his chair and facing the distracted girl. "But we must entrap the writer of this infamous epistle, and you munt lend me your help."
"What can I do, Your Excellency ?"
"We will concoct an answer."
"As Your Excellency directs. I will be inhlal to prove to Your Excellency that I am not immolest, but I can scarcely hope -"
"Enough, Marcelle. At present you are in no frame of mind to engage in setting traps. Later on I will do what is necessary. In the ineantime, just as if nothing had happened, we must not allow the base trickery of some jealons woman- for I am sure it is that and nothing more-to interfere with our happiness. I will, of course, tell Beauharnais all about it, but then he is too hot-headed to be trusted in this affair, which inust be left to me. He would be sure to make a scene and spoil all."

## CHADTER NXNIV.

'The: recont success of the Canalime arms, due to the promptness of Frontenac and his capacity for command as much as to the valor and patriotism of the Camadians themselves and their Freneh anxiliaries, had given him a reputation throughout New France and New Encland such as no other Frenchiman had liitherto enjoyed. Nor was he slow to take advantage of it, being well aware that the popular mind must be kept occupied or it will wander and lose itself in other affairs of entertaimment or of business, and being out c. hand will continue so, like a colt that, having once felt the sweets of freedom, seeks them again despite rein, whip and spur. To conquer thus in the mind of the King and in the eye of the multitude at what might be called, with peculiar appropriateness, one blow, was as gratifying as opportune.

The rebuke of the Bishop was intended more for the notice of the King than for that of the people, although their partieipation and interest in it was such as to impress them with the power and predominance of the viceroy. The ebb and flow of publie opinion would, howe ver, in due course, Frontenac well knew, especially in view of the importance of his spiritual office and position, place Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier in his old position in popular estima336
tion again, if tho attention of the people were not held in leash by further entertainment. Accordingly, the day was finally set for the wedding of Marcelle and Philippe Beauharnais, and gowns that hal been in process of manufacture in Quebec, or had been imported from Paris, were now brought forth and inspected for the last time in preparation for the coming event. Carpenters were employed who huilt a new balcony overhanging the descen ling cliff, an extension of the one uhrealy existing, upon which the whole of that portion of Quebec society to be admitted to the wedling-feast could sit and be served, if the weather were fine, in full view of the St. Lawrence and its high banks, which, clothed in the green of forest and meadowland, presented to the eye a scene of equal extent and beauty. Wherever the scaffolding and framework of the balcony seemed likely to shock the eye by the rudeness or skeleton character of its framework-necessarily more temporary than permanent, both in appearance and structure-hanging haskets of flowers and of ferns of immense proportions were introduced, and the side of the cliff, at best bare and unadorned, liecame a terrace for the nonce blooming with Howers embedded in verdure.
The extension of the baleony was also purt of the plan for sating the audience at the play, for, as we have seen, it was Frontenac's design to give the play upon the evening of the wedling-lay. Little was said regarding this intention, however, since the play was to take place as an impromptu amusement, and one, as it were, suddenly thought of for the entertaininent of
tho gheste, who shonhl be the more delighted with it for its anexpeetednesa, a pleasmat fiction much in vorue in the time of the great I.onlis. Promarntion for it was stemlity going on. The general phan or skeleton of the plot showed Marcelle as the heroine rescued by a frienilly Indian at an opportume moment, when the French soldiers of nu expedition sent for her relief hal been led awny upon a false scent. A priost scempied a reapectable position in the foregromal, which would soften the asperities of the moment and puict the fears of those who might he afrail of the subsequent anathemas of Saint-Vallier. The play would slow Maredle at her hest, and he $n$ fitting conchasion to her marringe-day. That it would pleawe Frontena for nother reason we have already seen. Then, again, it had become $n$ part of FronWenne's settled policy to win the conremrs-de-bois. Whether it was che to the mixture of Indian blood in the veins of miny members of that strange boty of men, or otherwise, it enjoyed an immunity from Indian bloodthirstiness that left its nembers frequently unharmed in the midst of the most savage ontbursts of Iroyuois or Algonquin. It has been alleged that the terror of their mame left the coureurs free to come and go where others durst not venture. So potent or so fortunate a body of lithe, active and courageous men, having a matural feeling of affection alvo for the cause of France, woull become in time the police or standing army of New France, and, if early won to the side of the Governor, must in course of time develop into a bulwark of vice-royalty.

Frontenac hal given instructions, therefore, that the green of the coureurs-de-bois should be eseorted from tho eathedral by a bolly guard of members of that body, and likewise that at the supreme moment or climax of the play their intervention should set matters rioht and restore Marcelle to her friemds. If to this the Bishop should object, it would muprestionably be interpreted as an exhibition on his part of unfriendliness to the coureurs.
The addition of the balcony, as extendmel to the drawingrom, gave a large and commorions seatingspmee for the nudience and for fyontenac, who intended to be present in state. Scences typical of the country and of the conditions of the day were minted for the decoration of the stape, but where possible or necessary the natural was substituted for the artificial. The realistic character of the seenery and of the acting, for which ample neope had been allowed, would have the effect both of incruasing the interest and of lessening the objection to it. If Monseigneur de Sinint-Vallier lecided to condemn the play, and should ban those who attended it, he wonld find that every provision had been made to anticipate his action. Robes and antlers were brought from the magazines of Lower Town, together with canoes and the equipment of camps, even to the smallest detail, that nothing might be wanting to render the scene correct.

To La Montagne and St. Just fell the work both of superintending and construction, and whilu upon them would surely rest the blarne if any part of the setting
of the play shoulal go wrong or the misapplied, they were but hulf eonvinced that their rewarde would compensate them for the worry ant trinble. Neither were they always at one, bud simes they were neme. times of diverse minds in matters beth of art amil of etignete, Fronterac himsalf was sometimes callid upon to decide, which he enstomarily dill with promptness and sutisfnetion.
"Mndame Giurot is not coming. I hemel of it to-day." St. Just hal been contemplating the pheing in proper position of a part of the scenery which, despite numerous suggestions and much worry, refused either to fit in its place or to harmonize with its surroundings. His mind, wandering from the failure of his own efforts, reverted to the dismppointments of others.
"It is impossible: She would not misw it for the world," anid La Montagne, who had in mind Madame Gigot's pretty daughter.
"No; she has henrl of the play, anlil is ill," snid St. Just.
"Then you think that fear of the bishop has made her ill. It will not excuse her. His Lixcellency is in no mood for pretended illnesses."
"And then there is Dimot, the magnainier, and Avenant-" "
"Let them stay away; it is a matter of indifference," cried Ia Montagne, wrathfully.
"But the audience? It will be a severe blow to His Excellency if nothing comes of it after all our work. And then the Bishop-"

MARCEL, I. F:
"Sever mind. (is on. I cannot wait for evermore over pro "olsmad treas and painted peals of water." lat Montane was growing implationt.
"Might I ask Monsieur Io Major," leman Sb Just, with mock seriomanman, "low you propose (o) dispose of the Bishop when he visits the Chateau nfterwnrids?"
"At the "lijenmer!"
" Yes."
"I don't know. Ho will not cone. Yon are foulials to nat such questions, Sit. Just. Yous know lis Excellency would mot ask him mme then afliont him with preparations for a play."
" But if he chooses on come /" shighestorl St. Just.
"Mmlınи!"
"No, no; I Am no inmiman. He may come Ho may have been informed of what is to take place, atm may threaten the guests with the princes of printery. "That would be disastrous."
"Pardien! It would," said Lat Dontatere, relleclively. "The triumph of His lixcellency would be short-lived. Still we cannot help it."
"But you will see that Father Delauriev will arrange it all," suggested sit. Just.
"Perlinps so. At any rate, a han means preface, and we need no pennae nitre all this work," sail Lat Montague.
"That is truce. Jet us leave these "prices of state and religion to those who are paid for it."
" Have yon enraged the Montagnais for the capture of Marcelled!" asked La Montane.
"Yes, he understands. Tobigo is a fine-looking man, and then it doesn't take my traning."
"But you cannot rely on these fellows."
"No. But I threatened him with worse than helltire if he did not do his dirty."
"Your indignation, I suppose."
"Precisely."
"Then he is certain to be there," snid la Montagne, sarcastically.

The playful bickering of the two officers was cut short by the entry of Frontenac, whose vigilance was proverhinl and extended at all times to the minutest details of his affairs.
"The arraugements do you eredit," saill Frontenac, as with a sweep of his "ye he glanced at the probable setting of the drama. "It will be necessary to hide the stage from the public till the afternoon, when the guests have departed. They will ret:rn in the evening, and during theit absence the stage may be unveilet."
"Yes, Your Excellency," silid Major La Montagne, with half a sigh. "I will leave that, with Your Excellency's permission, to Captain St. Just."
"It conld not be in better hands," said Frontenac, approvingly, but the compliment, great as it was, had not the effect of subduing the fires of wrath kindled in the breast of the chosen officer.
"Would Your Excellency suggest the material by which it should be covered?" asked Major La Montagne.

[^0]"But we have so few."
"Then borrow. I leave that to you." So saying, Frontenac departed.
"Then borrow! Then borrow!" shonted st. Just, with grlee. "Yes, I will cover it up when you have done the borrowing, and I will have no nonsense about it. Be quick, Major."
"I lirect you to consult Monsieur l'hitembent at once with respect to the covering sugisested by His Excellency," said La Montagno, firmly.
"But J shan't do it!" cried st. /hast, angrily.
"Then I sh. order yon to the guard-rom as a common offender."
"I dare you to do it!" cried St. Just, heside himself with rage. "I shall appeal to His bxedlency and have you dismissed from the service-"
"Shame ! gentlemen," said a soft, sweet voice, at the sound of which both turned. It was Sophie Benoit, whose pretty face had long since tired the heart on more than one occasion of each of the men adhressed.
"I appeal to you," exclaimed St. Just, enger to get the first worl.
"I am first: I declare it by right of rauk," retorted La Montarene.
"Then you do not wish me to decide?" said Sophie, laughing.
" Yes, we agree."
"Then both should do what neither wishes to do," she began.
"But I do not decline," interposed La Montagne, entching the arift of the julgment,

## MARCELLE

"Then why demur? Go!" Whereupon Sophie laughed iminoderately at her own wit. St. Just, too, joined in out of malice. La Montagne looked offended at the preferment of his subordinate; but Sophie speedily came to the rescue.
"If you will be so gool, Major La Montagne, you are to take me into the déjemom: Do you refuse?"
"Never!" exclamed La Montagne, dramatically. "I an your loveliness's slave."
"Cuase bowing, then, and be off," said Sophie, blushing pleasedly.

One glance at St. Just, and Lar Montagne betook himself to his errand. St. Just's disappointment was worth the trouble and the care of all that day.

## CHAPTER XXXV.

The welding-lay dawned with the promise of fine weather, and as the warm sun flooded the city with the light of a summer morning, the populace poured forth into the streets, eager to satisfy their eyes with a sicht of the splendors of the occasion and their appetites with the good things provided for them by His Excellency. Flagy floated from every tower, while the dwellings of even the humblest gave evidence of the desire of those within to rejoice with the joyful, ana to testify their admiration for the bride and groom. Frontenae, too. shared in this endeavor of the people to show their affection for Marcelle and Philippe Beauharnais. His recent success had magnified his talents in their eyes, and his condescension on the oceasion of the bonfire had greatly increased his popularity. Indians from without the walls and from the villages adjacent stalked into the eity with the half-demure, half-lordly air of freemen of the wilderness, the gorgeousness of their attire of fringed buckskin and trailing head-feathers eontrasting oddly with the humbler garments of the squaws. Voyageurs stopped on their way to the upper country to enjoy the celebration and to contribute with their reckless jovialiey to the general exhilaration. Habitants from the seignories came as in duty bound, but none the 345
less glad to lay aside the cares of husbandry and the task imposed upon them by the Governor of watching the river front for their own and the general weal. With a trustfulness that ahmost exceeded the limits of wisdom, the Iroquois were for once left unthought of, as if even they could not so far forget thenselves as $t$ ) mar the pleasure of the day. Despite the excitement of the people and the number of the visitors, there was little disorder save in the purlieus of Lower Town, where the brandy shops did a thriving trade ; but even here quarrels were soon over and goorl feeling as often renewerl.

At nine o'clock His Excellency's carriage, for the conveyance of himself, Her Excellency and the prospective bride, drew up before the Chiteau, accompanied by two vehicles of lesser pretentions, intended for the ladies of the household assisting in the ceremony of the wedding. A body of horsemen, at whose head rode Colonel Dumont, furnishel the garde d'honneur, and in shining helmet and breastplate added much to the appearance of the entourage. The groom, accompanied by La Montagne and St. Just in the uniforms of the same corps, had already ridden to the cathedral, and awnited the coming of the bride. The approaches to the sacred edifice were gruarded by coureurs-de-hois, who kept the line on either side that those arriving might have freedom of access. Marcelle, though pale, was supremely beautiful, and as she descended from the carriage and, upon the arm of His Excellency, entered the cathedral, the spectators followed her with luoks of the most ardent admira-
tion. Half-suppressed exclamations of wonderment greeted her as she passed, and even the venerable and distingrivhedGovernor himself for the moment took an inferior place in public eonsideration. To those who by birth or fortune were entitled to and had received cards of invitation to the ceremony and to participate in the subsequent festivities, the appearance of the bride was not more productive of interest and concern than the meeting of Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier and his perpetual rival in colonial affaisa. Frontenae maintained his composure with an asoumption of hunghty ease, indicating, at least to some degree, a conscionsness of the circmastance. The Bishop, on the other hand, looked the emberliment of religious seriousness. His pale face anl mmoved expression of countenance betrayed not the slightest mbending for the occasion, while his appearance in the company of his attending priests impressed the people deeply with a sense of his exalted position and power. $f$. Frontenac for a moment confronted him in giving the bride away, the stillness was undisturbed, but a sigh or two of relief was plainly audible as that part of the ceremony passed off without incident.

The pealing bells forewarned the people without of the hapny conclusion of the marriage ceremony, and the appearance of Philippe and Marcelle Beauharnais at the eathedral door was greeted with shouts and other manifestations of gladness. Whatever lack there might have been in popular interest in the arrival of His Excellency was amply atoned for upon his re-appearance. The bridal procession re-fonmed
and departed amidst tumultuous dernonstrations of the people's good-will. 'lo the coureurs-de-bois was accorded the honor of escorting the lnide and groom to the Chateau.
"The day has done honor to itself in the splendor and heartiness of your reception, Mahme Beanharmais," suid Frontenac, with mingled gallmatry and playfuhess, as with his wife he stood upon the steps of the Chintean to receive the brile and groom.

Marcelle blushed anew with pride and pheasure.
"To Your Excellency is due whatever of happiness I enjoy - " began Mareclle, respectfully.
"Chut! madame. Happiness is not so ensily purchased. It lies in the heart, and not in the ear that hears or the eye that sees," said Frontenne. "But I will not deliver a homily upon matrimony-you need not fear. To you, Colonel Jumont, and your officers my thanks are lue, as likewise to my gallant coureurs, who have shown that they are at home alike in the woods or in the city, and that the freedon of the wilds is not ineompatible with the restraints of civilization. Would that it might always be so."

The more serious matter of the general reception putting a stop to further parley at the entrance of the Chatcau, the bridal party continued on into the grand drawing-room and took their station there.
"What think you of the efforts of Major La Montagne and Captain St. Just, Marcelle? Have they not done well to transform this hideous blazonry into a scene at once so pleasing and so natural ?"

St. Just and La Montagne looked at each other
with an expression of dismay: His Excellency was unconscionsly maming them ns the abetors in his contemplated crime. 'They becane nevvons and fearful.
"It revena their mond taste not leas than their kind hearts," replied Marcelle, pleasantly.
"And yot they seem not too well-phenemp that we shonhl invade their monlesty with our recognition. Believe me, gentlemen, it is not mobecoming two modent gentlemen that they shonla receive the reward of merit."

With a incroic effort La Montanne smilea, and St. Jnst straightway followed smit.
"But here is Matane Biranger. This doultless recalls yomr own wedting-dny, Malame Branger!"

Madane Beronger had a arried a discharged soldier, who by dint of thieving and contrabond trade land amassed a compretence. This way well known to Frontenac, lant all was gold to him that glittered, for that day. Itis gay demeanor and amiable pleasantry furnished the theme of gencrat conversation.

Madame Béranger, though for the moment visibly disturbed by the notice of His Exrellency, was by no means put out of countenance by it.
"Yes, Your Excellency. I was just saying to my danghter Élise that Madane Beaularnais was so like what I was on my weddingr-day.
"I am sure," affirmed Frontenac, "and monsienr was like the young seigneur?"
"I will not say he was quite so handsome, Your Excellency."

## MARCELLE

" But equally refined?" suggested Frontenac.
" Yes, Your Excellency."
"It is that way," said Frontenne, solemnly, "that history repents itself."

A whort distance away, and wniting for the notic. of His Excellency, stood Monsienr and Malane Levesconté, and their danghters, Delphine, Murianne mad Judithe. As was to be expected upon the nccasion of the netual narringe of Philippe Beanharmais. Mariame was sad and pale. She looked sutliciently charming. however, to attract the attention of Major La Montugne, who contrived to spend much of his time in her society and to distract her thonghts from her disappointment. In comparison with Delphine, ton, Marie Sclmaidt was commomplace. Narcisse Bellefenille was devoted to Delphine, who smiled continually with satisfaction.

The dignitaries of the Sovereign Council, juigres, and other prominent officials, arrived for the dejeuner: Their wives were arrayed in the amplitude of the fill skirt allowed by the fashion of the time, and what they lacked in beauty they made up in dress. Sophie Benoit attaelied herself to Madame BernardPallu, to whom Jean Dilbot paid particular attention, since her son Follard was a courear-de-bois-but, if rumor were true, he was no ornament to the fraternity. The hum of conversation and the gradual awakening of everyhody from the solemnity of the religious ceremons to the gaiety of the subsequent festival quite transformed the assembly. The laughter of Delphine Levesconté was, perhaps, exces-
sive, since it interrupted those still extending engratulations to the bridal pair, mid even the remarks of His lixcelluney, who, however, bore with beeoming self-smeritice whatever silliness the giddy mal thourhtless might intliet upon him.
"Ilis Eixcellency is really very much pleased with the arrmgements, Sophie Benoit shas," remarked st. Just to La Montagne, as they drew tngether for a moment's respite and conversation.
"Yes, and Mareelle is, too. Did yonthink them not in "arnest! Int there is the Intendant: His Excellency has beren waiting for him, that I know. He did not appear at the church, but then that was a smub to the Bishop. If he had not appeared here His Lixeellency would have had his head by nightfall."
'Ihe Intendant, Monsieur de Champigny, was more distinguished in his appearance than his retions or his office would warrant one in supposing. The natrow spirit of earping in his letters and in the alministration of his office as financial ugent of the King was not present in his countenance, which had something of the lofty look of Frontenac himself, although it fell far short in the quality of greatness, which neither time nor the disyrace of supersession could remove from the faee of him who feared neither Lonis nor the Iroquois. Upon the arm of Monsieur de Champigny walked, with an air of equal dignity, his wife, one of the most beautiful women of New France. Everywhere the kindness of her acts and the generosity of her temperament had inade her name a household word. Frontenac greeted her with the
warmith of manner affected by him when desirous of whowing especial favor. It was anch well-timed and discrect ucts upon his part as theso that riveted to him the friendship of the gool and gentle and won the: faichfuhness of those less mmenabile to the courtesies and kindness of civilized life. Being a man of a both positive and negative temperament, he had strong friends as well as resolute foes, and if he exemplified the negative side of his mature by a certain aloofness in the presence of the undesirable members of the colony, he no less warmly greeted those whom he admired; for it was never his inclimation to be all things to all men that by hypocrisy he might attain thut which his nprightness prompted him toconyuer. The Iroquois, like others of the red race, were quick to real the character of their white friends and enemies. Frontenac's disposition to substitute frankness for the wiles of the uncandid procured him that degree of respect and influence which they accorded to no other agent of either England or France.

The assemblage was now complete, but for the nbsence of one not less notable than His Excellency. "Would the Bishop come?" was the question upon every lip but Frontenac's. Had Monseigneur de Saint-Vallier been as wise as he was good he would have atteniled, but it was not in his heart to countenance the conduct of a governor whose every act had been in defiance of his own. Yet the programme of the play conld scarcely have been carried out in the presence of the man whom it was chiefly
calculaterl to offend, for, whateror were the faulte of Frontennc, rudenens conld mot the justly mombereel Hmonerst them. 'The Bishop did not come, and tho semding of a substitute who possessed neither tho eredentina of him prosition nor the pliability of one likely to orerlook the seriousuess of the offences whs not the less likely to arouse in frontenace an auger which he disguised only Jeronse he was able to gratify it.

Notwitinsta ling the general attractivenows of the dresses of the lalies and the importance of other circmmatances at which we have already hintel, Philippe anl Marcelle Beanhamais occupied, with the venemble count, the lirgest slanre of public attention. The evident intention of the Bishop to absent himself reconciled the assemblage to his absence, und this, with the returning vivacity of Marcelle, gave renowed color and anination to the scene.

The success of the preliminaries, as la Montngne and St. Just considered the wedling, the reception, the dijeuner, and, indeed, all prior anl leading up to the entertaimment of the evening, was such as to inspire confidence in the remainder. The hanguethall, imposing anove from its lengrth than from the beauty of its propurtions, lial been transformed into a picturespue and inviting dining-room. in which had been mate ready, with tho greatest formaliey and care, a defeuner such as had never before graced the tablo of a colonial governor. Frontenac was desirous of rendering the occasion memorable. To the health of himself and his bride the heir of Beauharnais
replial with becoming diffidence. The Connt de "eanharmis forgot the faeblobiess of his frame and the number of his years in tho general enthminam and delight. Eiven the calculating litemant, remembering, perhaps, the conrtesy of fimateme to his wife, apoke with a diwcturs and fervor surprising to all who hearil him. By Frontenac, however, be it mail, the exaggeration of his Ingugge was viewed with both suspicion and contempt, for it was no prasport to his regard that one should moluly abuse his enemies moy more than that they should minostly necnse himself or his friends. But this fating of derision Fromtunas took care to concenl, and the pleasme of the festival increased as the moments flew by. To the proposal of his own health he replied with composure, and concluted his reply with a glowing allusion to Mareello and a reguest that all would return for the duncing ana diversions of the evening. Ton this renewal of nn ulready nccepted invitation the reply wis prompt nud effisive.
"My heart is in my Cliront," complained St. Just to his brother in nrms.
"Yes, and you land better swallow it. We shall be under an interdict by to-morrow. God alone can save us."

## CHAPTER NXXVI.

Ir dill indeed neem as if : "enther, which hatl
 vie with the bride in her conrt in kind to one: as The moon hung lik, mimerneath, the rive: dam a, white daraling the eye with ird .. "i "t ver light, lingrering heat of a summer day. ...t . 1 ring not a sting of dmmpness or of night if 1,11 ary, the air, laden with mmsic and the fragrance of flowers, partook of the universal charm, soothing the senses into a iream of love or of that sweet ecstasy which, in the mind of man or womme, usurpes the reason when the emotions rephace the judgment and lead us heavenward before our time.
'Fo Frontenac it was a moment of trimmph-though, to so prent a man, not nuduly so-when the guests arrived, not in two or threes seeking their friends in fear and trembling as if ulready the wrath of the mighty overhung them like a cloud but in numbers puakling to the eye, and all alike animated with the spirit of the occasion and by a desire for unrestrained enjoyment. Women rivalled each other in the splendor of their dress, which, to th surprising degree, shone with jewels and the then fashionable display of 23 35.5
gold. It had been the constom to suppose that everything of value in exchange was taken to Paris, there to be converted into necessaries for the Canadian people, who experienced, as a rule, less of luxury than of labor. But the startling brilliance of the ormaments worn by the ladies on this ocension showed to what an extent the colony had improved, and testitied its recent progress in the arts and devices of polite society. That vanity was still the chief of human sins there was mople evidence, and had the goond Monseigneur to Saint-Vallier been able, or plensed, to take a peep into the Chinteau Sit. Louis on that memorable evening, it is yuite probable that few of those offending would have been at ease, in either borly or miml, for many days to come. But heaven so willed it that the people seemed to have forgoten their religious obligntions-at least, with rergard to their chess and fonchess for frivolity. As Frontenac, white with the paleness of nure, looked for a moment upon the happy throng, and thought of framee, of his own youth, and of the graiety he had denied himself, he smiled at their present happiness, white he wondered at the spirit of ambition within himself which had driven him so far afichlin search of fame.

The stage occupied oneemi of the long drawing-room. The proscenium was made up of curtains of oriental silk joined together to form one large picee. On either side tapestries of considerahle size nod heauty had been placed so as to deceive the eye with the illusion of vastness in the size of the stage itself, cutting off the corners of the room and making the end wall
nppear of ample tength. The scenery, which hat bern painted with care and skill, represented the forest with vistas of water, upon which were holinns in their birch-barks, or the cabin of the suther, mestling by the river-bank, where tall ehas shaded it in summer and in winter presumally wombld shelter it. from the awepping winl. 'lhere were erlimpses of rivulets purling through the depthe of worme, whose trees overhuns the little stream an if listenine foits masice or hearkening for news of the lropuois, of of some message from afar: The eity, too was mot forgotten. The towers and massive bildings of the fort and Chatean sugrested the conltast to the life of plain and forest, while hidden away in one comer rose the spire of a church, as if, however, omly the extreme reguirements of the picturr had prompted the artist to introdnce it. As thre enrtain rose the orehestra poned forth a volmme of sweet sommeds, and as the meloly ccased two scouts appared npon the scene, coming torether. ly happy condedence, from different directions, but with similar tales to tell. They spoke of the eolong's mimest, of the powerless. ness of the King, of the dovastation wronght the red men, and of the unchecked violation ol momopoly. It was a picture of New France at the time of Frontenac's return, and the audience presently womdered if Frontenac himself would appear at the dinourment. The scouts having exchanged views with regard to what they had seen, a third arrived with further tidings of rimors of the advance of the Iroqueis and of their threats to take New France from
the great King and drive the remaining Hurous and the Algonquins into the uttermost parts of the earth. While the opening of the play was thus beiner conducted with much skill and success, quite a diflerent affair was being enacted on the side by Ciaptain Sit. Just and Mitor La Montagne. St. Just was so murh taken up with the details of the opening and hat been so much in demand by both performers and andience that he had found it impossible to prese reve a rensonable degree of coolness amid the hasta and turmoil of his multifarions duties. What was his indignation and alarm, therefore, when La Montagne, ever on the watch for his friend's shorteonings, expressed the opinion that the Montagnais had not put in sur appearnace, as promised, and that, as a consequence, the rescue of Marectle would have to be accomplished by some of those alrady taking part !
"I will see to that," said St. Just, in a tone of defiance, as he detected the trimmphant sneer of his senior officer. "It shall not be said that what St. Just undertook he was not able to carry out, even without the help which he hat a right to expect."

La Montagne eyed his friend with some amusement as St. Just turned on his heel and disappeared behind a wing of the scenery.

There were Indians in plenty always in Quebee, looking for gifts for trade, or for employment as gnides and runners. It would require but one moment to choose one of fine tigure and commanding mien, and but another to renew, perhaps, some of his attire, and, if necessary, to supplement his head-feathers.

A war-whoop of the Iropuois, such as only an Indim could give, following upon the rescue of Mareefle and her disappeararce behind the seenes, and the task of the red man would be dons: A pound of tobacco womld secure the best amonerst the Montagrais or Hurons for the part. The latter, since their compuest and dispersion by the hopmois, had come to live near Quebee in considerahle number, umber the protection of the French. and beiner from the upper comatry, near the lake of their nane, they were in ermeral request by those who towk the trail or water route in chat direction in alfaire of tradeor state. Sit. Inst rishtly expected to find members of the Huron tribe within casy reach of the Chatean, and ne one mifht say, airealy primed for their part in a Huron-Jrofuois play. Not twenty steps towards Lower 'lown, from the terrace-wall, he met a tall and dignified specimen of the red race moving stealthily, as is their wont, but withal, contentedly aud without suspicion. St. Just first addressed him in Montagnais, bat the reply being in Huron, he at once entered into nerotiations in that tongue. A pound of tobaceo, as st. Just had suspected, overcame the Huron's bashfuluess or dislike of an undertaking of which he knew aisolutely nothing. As he adrancerl with the Huron within the radiance of the lights of the Chatean, st. Just was so much impressed with the appranace of the inan, and with the success of his capcure, thant he drew from his girdle a knife of finest steel, anl grave it witlonat further bargaiming to the object of his search.
"Look there, La Montagne: what think you now
of my promise? 'This Huron is much better than any Montagmais, and I mistake me much if he will not delight His Excellency."

La Montagne, who was in truth much relieved at st. Just's success, confessed his admiration for the Huron, and set to work to school him in his purt, which, to his great delight, became an easy task when he fomd that he understord the french tongue as spoken by the courcurs-de-bois and voyageurs. After the scouts, whom we introduced to the reader at the opening of the phay, had delivered themselves of their opinions of the state of the country, a messenger arrived upon the scene with the intelligence of an attack upon the fort at Chambly, and of the enpture by the Iroguois of a beautiful French girl, who had been on a visit to the wife of the commandant of that fort. So important was the announcement considered by the colonel of the regiment in garrison, that he straightway reported it to a still higher authority, who directed that the most speedy and effective measures shonld he taken for the recapture of the gill and the punishment of the enemies of France. This order on being read, although the author of it did not appear, was received with excessive applanse, since it could have emmated from no one but frontenac himself, whose energetic and decided diction fitted so well the cireunstance of the play and the temper of the audience. Thereupon solhers from the garrison pass before the foothights in quick review, and the excitement of the audience rises to a high pitch as the troops, under Major Beauharnais, depart in pur-
suit of the Iroquois. The scene then chnnges. Deep in the heart of a lonely wood appears Marcelle, who by a strange miracle having eseaped from her captors for a brief space, calls in her distress upon the heavenly powers to intervene in her behalf. Against the dark green of the forest lackegromen the pale and trembling heroine stands, mul as she addresses the miscen spirits, besceching them to save her from captivity, a tall form cmorres from the dark ness and-
"The Huron:" eried Marcelle, with a shriek of agony, and then fell fainting upon the ground. With abound the Haron rescuer had seized Marcelle in his cmbrace, and passing through the side scenes had reached the exit and the street before those at hand had awakined to the fact that Marcelle had been carried off much beyond the requirements of the phay. The audience was still testifying its delight with the splendor and success of the presentation by repeated applause and calls for Mareelle, when St. Just, in a frenzy of excitement, rushed track upon the stage and cried that Mareelle hat been carriel away in reality. The silence of surprise fell like the hush of death upon the people. Then Frontemac arove and hurried behind the scemes. Instantly all was confusion and ahrm. Orders were given, and a general pursuit was begun in all directions, some running one way, others another, but none knowing whither to proceed; yet all in hot and angry haste. The bell of the fort rang with a fierce nergy, to be succeeded in another moment by the booming of the alarm gun to rouse the inlabitants that they might render aid to Marcelle,

Who as yet no one dreamed to be other than the victim of m Indimeng guile.

Despite, however, a thoroug's search in every guarter, there was no sign of Mareelle or her Huron captor. Soldiers and citizens land fled into the forest at the tirst alam. Others, seizing canoes, had lannched them upon the river, and had paddled hither and thither with all speed; but the moom declined, and daylight appeared, yet there were no tidings of the missing one.

While the citizens were -till prosecuting at random a fruitless search, frontenac called his oflicers togrether and gave directions for an organized pursuit.
"It is impossible," said he, "that the scoundrel shatl g.t elear away. I empower you to ofler rewards for 'larcelle's rescuc. Make them what you think necenry, but let there be no dehay."
At first he had been stricken with grief aul consternation, but these had been followed by feelings of $\mathrm{ma}_{\mathrm{r}} \mathrm{r}$ and dismppointment. Being a Huron, the Indian would not injure Marcelle, who in time might find means of returning to the city. But the sense of terror and aharm for her safety having been thus allayed, the upsetting of his plans and the absurdity of the position in which he was placed combined to cause frontenac acute amoyance and chagrin. The outcome of the play, unless Marcelle were speedily rescued, would be attributed by his enemies to the wrath of God. Hence the triumph of the Bishop would, even without his seeking, be complete. For Beauharnais in his distress he entertained a feeling of sympathy not ummixed with shame. He had been
the author of the compact, and it was due to his influence that the weilding had been carried out. Upon him, therefore, rested a large measure of the olium. As Frontenac thought deeply over these things, and pietured to himself the swent face of Marcelle, langnishing in captivity, turning ever and anon towards Quelace a look of longing and regretthe griof of Beanharmais - the futility of the semreh, and the trimmph of the Bishop, he determined that, cost what it might, they ahould not be, und it was with this end in view that he hal ealled his officers about him.
"What think you, Colonel Dumont! As commandant of my garrison, I beg gon to give your opinion as to what had lest be done in this misfortume."
"I should consilt, Your Excellency, those lest acepainted with the conning of the Indian, and most accustomed to his ways, the coureurs-le-bois," replied the commandant, promptly.
"Well said, Dunsont: And you, Captain St. Just, I beg, will see to it that Lebrun or Dilhot, or, indeed, may of the coureurs-de-bois who may be met with, shall attend upon us at onee for consultation and to receive our instructions."
St. Just arose to carry out His Excellency's command, but noticing the expression of that officer's face, Frontenac called him back and questioned him.
"Captain St. Just, before you go give me your opinion of what is best and soonest to he done, for by the look of your eye you seem to have an idea, or, at least, something to communicate."

Anxious to give an opinion which he knew to be the correct one, and thus in $n$ measure to redeem himself from the fault of which he had unwittingly been gruilty, and which also might in time be otherwise discovered, and canse his disgrace and banishment, St. Jive turned to His Excellency and said:
"If I may, Your Excellency, without presumption. give my opinion-"
" Yon may. I command it," interrupted Front-mac.
"Ihen, Your Excellency has often heard Madame Beauhamais speak of a Haron Intian who lived with her father in-"
"Hold!" cried Frontenac, in Hismany, as the truth berman to dawn upon him. "Was this he?"
"I know not for certain, Your Excellency, but when she saw him entering from the side seenes to her rescue, she gave a scremm and cricd, 'The Huron!'"
"And that, then, was not part of the play ?"
"No, Your Excellency."
Frontenac pansed, white a durk frown thickened int) a scowl of ominots meming and intensity over his flashing eyes.
"Have I, then, been deceived and tefied ?" he asked hoursely, but no one ventured to enlighten him.
"I have often heard her speak of the Huron," he continued, slowly, as if speaking to himself. "She has told us tales of his prowess and daring-but that was long ago. Of hate she has said nothing-nay, not one word of him. I thought that she-truly, I myself hat forgotten his existence. The perfidy of women: Marcelle!" But for a moment words seemed
to fail hin, then, with a returning flush of rage, he exchimed: "I have indeed been decuived and defied, but it has been in vain. Dend or alive she must return. Her honor, the honor of Beauharnais, the honor of myself, the credit of the: King. have been cast upon the ground. I ought to have known. What will a women not to for lowe? All else is nothing to her." As Fronteme spoke the energy of youth animated his frame. His long white hair, thrown fire back, as was his habit when agitated; his penctrating eyes, glenming with indignation; his woier, trembling with disnppointment and emotion, made him the picture of what in reality he was-the Governor of New France und all that it eontained in the King's name.

Recovering from the extreanty of his agitation, und calming himself by furce of will as he returned to the consciousuess of what hud happened and what was best to follow it up with, he smiled, and turning to Colonel Dumont, spoke gently, but with a tinge of sагсыми.
"Conld this not have been better done, Dumont!"
"I know not, Your Exerlleney." Dmmont replied with concern. "Perhaps Major La Montague or Captain St. Just can exphain"
"Captain St. Just has departed, Colonel Dumont," said La Montagne, in fear and trembling.
"Can not yon, then?" arked Frontenac.
"No, Your Excellency. Tho Hontagnais had failed to keep his appointment, and as this Indian was nenr at hand-"
"He was taken?"
"Yes, Yuur Eixcellency."
"One would think, if there were such .ngs, that it was an intervention of Providence on her behalf. Yot it may not bos as we have mad. She may have been carried oll' against hor will. 'I'he words apoken by her may well have been hoses of surprise ns woll as of love. She became inseusible?"
"Yes, Your Excellency," roplied La Montagne.
"Then, let the search procesed. If it hee so, she shall be restored to her hasbant. If it bo otherwise, she must be punished. It is treason to the King, and in such case she shall suffer, as others have suffered, the penalty of her misconduct. Rescue or punishment, much it shall be, and I direct that ivery eflort be made, and without delay, to that eat. Meanwhile, send Captain St. Just to me."

As Frontenac addressed these words to Culonel Dumont his rage revived, and La Montagne trembled for the safety of his friend.
"Yes, Your bixcellency," said Colonel Dumont, rising and bowing, "it shall be done, and with all thoroughness and speed."
"For God's sake, fly-pursue her-gro anywhere, but go!"

As La Mratagne directed these worls of energy and good counsel to St. Just, whom he had met as they turned a corner of the street, the latter drew brek in astonish:ment.
"What is the matter ?" gasped St. Just.
"His Excellency has given orders that you be
brought before him to exphin your taking of the Huron at luphazard when the Montagnais fated you."
"And who toll him! I dill not."
"No, I dial. He demander it."
"Pah:" exchimed it. Just, in contemptuous disghat. "But you approved. I toll you of it."
"Me 1"
"Yes, yous I shall explain to Ilia Excellency. les. It is also my duty."
"You will not say that?" said La Montugne.
"Shan't I?" and St. Just gave a knowing ant determined wag of his heme.
"Then pursue her," said La Montane. " Lane mot a moment. I shall report that you have gone."
"I think I hud tetter be off; but if you play me. shrew - "and as St. Just turned to hurry away into Lower Town he raised his finger in momentous warning.
"Be gone!" cried La Montague: "This will save us."


## MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART

 (ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)

## CHAP'TER XXXVII.

Nor since the recall of Frontenac hinself, if even then, had there been such excitement in Quebee ns when the news of Marcelle's abrluction became noised abroad. The efforts to effect her rescue for a time wholly occupied public attention, but as one by one the searchers returnel without any trace of her, curiosity gave place to apprehension, to be succeeded in turn by all manner of gossip and speculation. Some, as before, were of opinion that it was an Iroquois, and not a Huron, who hal carried her away, and that he had been waiting, undetected, for a favorable opportunity. Others maintained that Marcelle must he in hiding in the city; that it was impossible that she should have been carried off' without leaving so much as a suspicion of the direction in which she had gone. Many affirmed that she would be recovered in a short time, while not a few threw out hints that they had said all along that this was what would come of His Excellency's determination to have a play, and of his taking up with an upstart from the wilderness.

Madame Béranger was delighted. "I hope she is dead," she said, in jubilant confidence, to Madame Bernard-Pallu ; "then Philippe Beauharnais can marry again ; and it is to be hoped that he will marry a lady this time. Besides, we know, if others do not, that it is impossible to defy the Bishop."
"That is true," assented Malame Bermad-Pallu, seriously: "If even one so great as His Excellency presumes to deny the Church we know what must come of it."
"Certainly," said Madame Béranger, "everyborly is talking about it. Some say that His Exeellency will have to do penance for this, or he will te hehe responsible by the Bishop."
"What will it be?"
"A public apology," replied Madame Bhanger, positively, "and I hope it will bring Frontenac to his senses."

Meanwhile, orgranized parties were despatched in all directions in puest of the Huron and his eaptive. La Montague, who reported that St. Just had go:e alone, or at most with a single coureur-de-bois, upon a trail which he had discovered that would prove without doulit to he the true one, was commenued for his energy and ordered to take soldiers and depart to his aid.

Colonel Dumont, like Frontenac, was impressed with the suriousness of the situation, since it would lead to ecelesiastical ascendancy and the consequent decline of the military power if the Bishop, as he was sure to do, should take advantage of popular credulity and surprise, and endeavor to convince the people that the failure of His Excellency's plans was due, not to human, but to divine intervention. He therefore set himself to the task of making search with energy and determination.

Procuring runners from the Huron colony of

Orleans and from the Montagnais villages near at hand, hedrilled them thoroughly in the circumstances and conditions of Marcelle's origin, her home by the lake of the Hurons, her coming to Quebec, her fondness for the Huron chief, the wedding, the presenta. tion of the play, the sulstitution of the Huron for the Montagnais, his capture of Marcelle and immediate disappearance. These facts were presented to them, not that they should tell to all whom they might reach the history of the case, but that they might seek for the fugitives with phans of their own making, since it is well known that Indiuns alone understand Indians and can at all times best act upon their own judgment. Of their fidelity there was no doubt, but to inake it doubly sure, rewards were promised of a considerable anount. to be doubled for those who should contribute to Marcelle's rescue, and to be increased fourfold to those who should effect it.
"I think with this, Your Excellency, there is every probability of succeeding," said Colonel Dumont to Frontenac, at one of the consultations which they now held both morning and evening.
"What of Captain St. Just?" asked His Excellency.
"Major La Montagne reports that he departed, without orders, upon a trail which he had suddenly discovered, and which required following up without delay."
"Yes, I hope there is something," said Frontenac. "Do you know, Dumont, there is something strange in all this, which I trust will be explained when Marcelle returns. Her Excellency is of opinion, upon
running over in her mind the history and conversation of the girl, that she married Major Beatharmis in good faith, but upon seeing the Huron, for whom she had, no doult, at one time cherished a certain fondness, she became dazell, but that, when she comes to her senses, she will insist upon being taken back to Quebec, and this will be done."
"But what of the Huron? Will he obey her, Your Excellency ?" asked Colonel Dumont, doubtfully.
"He may not, it is true," replied Frontenac, "but Marcelle will find means to escape him. By the way, have you heard from Beauharnnis?"
"Yes, Your Excellency. He is now at Lac anx Épines, having crossed the country to that water, from which he has sent me word."
"Poor fellow!" said Frontenac, tenderly; "what does he report?"
"His hop,es, Your Excellency."
"Hopes? Then he is not without hope. He bears it well. I had been afraid otherwise."
"He is a soldier, Your Excellency," said Dunont, with a touch of pride.
"True, Dumont, and no doubt will bear his misforture with becoming fortitude. But it will all come right in the end. I have made up my mind to that. If Marcelle's abduction has been brought about without her connivance, her rescue will be her wish; if with it, it shall be her punishment. I am not to be disobeyed for a freak of fancy and an Indian's tale of love." Frontenac spoke in a tone of mingled indignation and bitterness.

There was a knock at the door. The servant announced a messenger for Colonel Dumont.
"It is a message from Captain St. Just, Your Excellency," said Colonel Dumont, returning.
"What news from that military coxcomb?" exclaimed Frontenac, with a sneer.
"It is, if Your Excelleney will read it-"
"Read it to me, Dumont. I an in no mood to rend just now," said Frontenac, sharply.

The letter ran as follows: "Dear Coionel Dumont,After leaving the city I started off in a canoe to explore the river up above, where I was confident there would be some trace of them. I inet a coureur-debois whom i knew, and persuaded him, upon the promise of good pry, to go with me. This man, who is three-quarters Montagnais and very cunning, when he heard that the Huron and Madame Bualharnais had left no trace, directed me to skirt the shore, for as he said, 'the Huron has put his canoe in farther up.' Sure enough the quick eye of the coureur detected a sign of recent footsteps, and as this was the only trail I had heard of I started, hoping to overtake them, as there were now two of us in one canoe, and only one in the other, to do the paddling-that is, not counting Marcelle. We kept to the north shore all that day till we came to Valois village, and then we got trace of them. They had landed not far away, and had been seen going into the interior. The Huron was carrying Marcelle over his shoulder, and had destroyed his canoe. What could that have been for, do you think? The coureur thinks it must have been done
ina fit of age, but I think that it wns toprevent Marcelle's making her escape. There are omly two trails now for then to strike, the Ottawa nul the Huron. It looks to me as if the Huron wonll take the latter, anil harry to the fur interior. If Majou La Montagne takes the north route, amb then, when he reaches the upper waters, throws out seouts, it is, if I may say so, quite possible that the Huron, encumberef, with a woman umable to stand very much fati-ulue, might be cornered and taken. I shall wait hore for further orders from you."
"Send them, Dumont!" cried Frontenac, his cyes flashing. "Send them; I an in hot haste now. They must be taken. What is that again about the Indian's destroying his canoe?"
"To prevent Madame Beauhamais' escape, Your Excellency."
"Yes."
"It looks as if he suspected her of that intention," said Colonel Dumont.
"The dear girl! Make all haste. Let Major La Montagne take whom and what he pleases."

Frontenac arose, smiling for the first time during the interview, and Colonel Dumont hurried away to instruct Major La Montagne.

## CHAPTER XXXVIH.

When Marcelle, upon the fateful night of the play, looked up in response to the pre-arranged sigmal, expecting to find that the Montangais had arrived for her rescue from the sleeping Iroquois, she was stricken almost instantly into insensibility by the appearmes of her beloved Huron hinself. Nature was not strong enough to withstand the rush of emotion which, embodying as it did the hope of enrlier years, the regret of later, and the last, faint longing upon her weddingday, overcame her consciousness, and threw her into a deep sleep. With that instant intuition characteristic of the Indian, the Huron saw at a glance that Marcelle had not forgotten him, and if a doubt remained, the appealing cry with which she exclaimed, "The Huron!" was enough. Seizing her as directed and conveying her behind the scenes, he inoved swiftly towards the doorway, and disappeared into the strect, carrying his insensible but precious burden. With incredible speed, and favored by the slowness of pursuit, the Huron reached the top of the terrace-wall, and creeping along the outside edge, which lay in a deep shade, he came to the pathway leading to the water which at a later date afforded means of ascending the cliff to the British under General Wolfe. At the foot of this pathway he had concealed

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his canne in the dense underbruth. Laying Mareelle gently upon the bank, he disongured it from its hidingeplace. In motl $r$ instant he had placed her in it and was paldling with all speed for the sonthern shore.
"Ha!" he exchamed, with a ferling of retief as he reached the deepshatow of the foreat thrown by the moon far out upon the water: Then, like a deer listening for the hounds upon his trail, he paused and harkened for sommls of pursuit. The river farther up wound so as to throw the protreting slandows once more upon the horth shore. The Huron paddled quietly till le came to the point where the shadows fell the other way, and then changing his paddle to his left hand, so that the glemms of the moombeans upon its blade might not betray him to pursuers, he turned his how and continued northward till he reached the shelter of the other shore. Since starting from the foot of the cliff, when he threw a small foxskin over Marcelle's throat and shoulders to protect her from the night air, he had not had time to give her more than a passing glance. Every faculty had been straired to escape pursuit. But now for a moment he hreathed more freely, und leuning forward he pulled the neckwrap clover, and, undoing the fur pouch at his girdle, put it across her lands, which felt cold to his touch, while over her feet he placed his buckskin shirt, leaving his chest bare to the nightwind, now blowing strongly from the east. With one look of unfathomable love and tenderness the hunted Huron began his exertions anow, and drove the canoe
forwned with renewed vigor. At last the day dawned, and it was necessary to go ashore to eseape detection. With searching look he was scaming the shore-line and the edge of the forest for an opening that would emble him to hand nud carry Mareelle safely through it to the top of the cliff.like banks of the great river, when the sound of a voice startled him.
"Oh, Huron, and it is really you?" said Mareelle, her soft voice further subilued liy fatigue and the overwhehning emotion of their mecting.
"Yes, Marcelle," said the Haron, turning towards her as he withdrew his gaze from the wools. His broad chest till rose and fell with his deep breathing.
"And you came at last," she sail.
"Did the Dawnflower expect me, then ?" asked the IUuron, delightedly.
"Not expected you, Huron, but hoped. Why did you come?" she added, languidly.
"Because the Huron loved you as the stars. He was mad with loneliness."
"I thoughs you had forgotten me. You were so long in coming."
"The Huron could not, even when the Dawnflower deserted us."
"Nay, Huron, do not speak so. Have I not proved my love?" avked Marcelle, tearfully, yet feeling the apparent justice of his reply.
"Then you love the Huron ?" he nsked, earnestly.
"As my life-nay, more," said Marcelle.
"Black John will be glad," said the Huron, evasively, although his grleaming eyes betrayed the jny starting up.

The Indian listened. "We must Ily. The Frenchman is oll our trail."

He ran the canoe into the hashes and stepped ashore. Then tenderly he raised Mareelle to her feet.
"You will have to carry me, Huron, for a little. I an weak, but I will soon be strong."

The Huron took her in his arms. All day long they journeyed through the forest, and at nightall sought a place of sheter where none could appronch without giving warning. The rest brought back strungth to Marcelle's limbs, and she was able to follow the Huron without help or waiting.
"We will soon be at the Megnwah," maid the Huron, as the Muniton mountain came in sight from the edge of the elm wood.
"And then?"
"I have my canoe there."
"Heaven be thanked," said Marcelle. "We may escape yet."

There was a sound of footsteps. The fugitives stood as still as the trees above them. Then a shrill ery resounded through the wood. It was the signal of one runner to the others. They were discovered.
"What shall we do, Huron?" whispered Marcelle, drawing close to him, and looking besecchingly into his eyes.

He turned to her with a grlance of infinite tenderness.
"Does the Dawnflower love the Huron enough to die with him? Will she go to the hunting-rrounds with him?"

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Marcelle fat her hand upon his arm. "You would not kill yourself, Huron?"
"The French will slay me."
"That could not be," said Marcelle, trembling with fear: "and yet if I thought that frontenac wonld take vengennce nod punish you I would die with you. My heart would break. I should weep forever. No, Haron, we mast not-cannot part."

As they stood in each other's embrace the sound of those coming in at the first sigmal of the seont incrensed in volume until it was plain that in a moment their pursuers wolald be upon them.
"Fly, Huron. Pily, I heseceh you. I will remain, mill be taken prisoner. 'They will not kill me. There will then be hope. Bat you, my love, must ascape lest they dare kill jou. His Excellency will protect me."

Marcelle continued urging him, hat the Huron shonk his hearl sally.

Now and then he raised his head to listen, and his eye glemmed with the definuce of battle.
"No, sweet one, it canno: be. Where you go I go. When the doe is robbed of its fawn it cares nothing for death. Neither care I."
"But we must live, Huron. We shall live!" cried Marcelle, in sudden frenz: "Those who love so cannot be separated."
"Hark! They come," said the Indian, stolilly.
"Shall we then give ourselves up?" asked Marcelle.
"Yes," replied the Huron, who realized the hopelessness of an attempt at escape.
"Then if they ham you huy shall kill me. I will not live. I will tell them that." Maredle's egas gleamed withmiger as the spirit of the defiant combeter re-nnimated her trembling fomme.

A number of Imlinas and whlines land formed and invisible ciacle alont them, and now rleavel me
"Da your and the Intian survender. Mablame
 where they stochl, his sword Irawn.
"Is the lliuron to he takento (Quploce and treatod like an Binglish prisomer?" asked Mareedle, thming at the sound of la Montarnees voice, ald stretching out her hand towndy him.

As fer that I calmot say, Wi: are instructed to eatch you hooth if pos-ille, but you at all hazar.l. For the Indian, it matters little whether alse or deal.:
"But jou will pledge your worl not th harw him till he is tried by His Excellency."
"I will promise you, Malame Benularnais, that I will carry out my orders to the leteser. It is not for me to say. I command yon to return with me to Qnebec. As for the Indian, I shall shoot him if he resists."
"If you will not harm ns, then, we will return with yon," replied Marcelle, spenking in a low tone to the Huron, whondvaneed with her and phaced himself in the hands of the King's officer.

## CHAPTER XXXIX.

The flight of Marcelle, the beautiful favorite of Frontenac, from his court into the wilderness, producing a great sensation in Quebec, gave rise to a variety of speculations with respect to its cause. At the first the impression of the people at large, who knew little at any time of the inner workings of society at the Chateau, was, as we have seen, that an Iroquois had with consummate boldness entered the buildings during the progress of the evening's entertainment and carried off the newly-wedded wife of theheir of Beauharnais. Others averred that it was a direct judgment upon the Governor for his continued opposition to the Bishop, and that the humble Indian was merely the instrument of a higher power. Yet another class, chiefly those connected with trade, held stoutly to the opinion that it was a case of robbery, and that Marcelle had been carried away in order that the crime might remain undetecter in the confusion until the robbers should have got well away. There were those, too, who maintained otherwise.
"It's a Godsend to the country. I said from the first I heard of her and her grand airs that she was an English spy. Mon dieu! It is terrible to think that one who can speak the French tongue should turn upon us like that."

Old Jacques, who wagged his head to emphasize the profound character of his thoughts and conclusions, was a former pilot on the river. He continued :
"I have seen too many strange things in iny time to take everything for what they say it is. There are many people in this world who are diplomats, as they call themselves, whose business it is to keep friends with everybody. Such people often keep friends with thieves as a consequence, and spies, who are the same as thieves. They in time get their deserts, but it is not before misfortune comes to our country."
"What do you mean, Jacques?" said his old comrade, a sailor and sea-tisherman of former days. "I have heard you speak of spies before, but you did not say where."
"I did," replied Jacques, sharply. "Have I not told you and Madore there that Frontenac was bewitched by a strange woman? Am I fool cnough to believe what these people say, who come from Heaven knows where?"
"But she married the heir of Beauharnais," interposed Madore. "They are not so foolish as to allow that."
"You think so," said Jacques, contemptuously ; "and I suppose when all this chasing is over and Philippe Beauharniis settles down again, and His Excellency has got back his senses, we shall hear the truth. Here was a fine yarn she spun for them--how she lived at the Great Bay, and had been taken prisoner by a Mohawk, but escaped, and was then rescued by His Excellency. It isn't everyone who can be
conveniently rescued in this fashion. I have no faith in women."
"But you had a wife."
"Yes, and thank God she's dead, although she tid wh th she could, I suppose, poor woman. I shouldn't speak like that." Jaeques muttered a prayer or two in expiation of his offence. "Women don't want to do a thing because it's right. Mon dieu! No," he resumed. "That is too tame for them. They have no character: That is why the best spies are women. They would fool thi devil."
"They say she will not be free long, anyhow," said Madore.
"I am sorry for that," said Jacques. "We were well rid of her at any price. If she comes back now she will only make things worse. She may run off with Frontenac himself next time."
"You are talking treason," said Madore, who loved to poke fun at the old pilot.
"Treason! treason!" said he, scoffingly. "As if it is treason to try to save the country. I don't know what's going to come of it all, but I am mistaken if you don't see the Mohawks down on us like a thousand devils."
"Who cares if they do," said Madore. "We beat the English, and we can beat the Mohawks."
"Pah!" replied Jacques. "One Iroquois is worth two Enghishmen. The English are cowards. Didn't they clear ouc? It wasn't we who beat them. It was their own faint hearts. If they had stayed a week longer we should have been starved to death." The old mun hobbled to the door.
"Good day, Monsieur Jaeques," suid a passing acquaintance.
"You have heard of His Excellency's catch ?"
"No. What is it?" cried Madore, ruming to the doorway, having caught the last words.
"Marcelle, the English spy, as I call her, has been caught, and her Mohawk husband. There'll be some fine hanging over this."
"When did you hear it?"
"This morning. They are not far away by now. They will be here, Hemri says, by noon."
"It is nearly that now," said Madore, taking a look at the sun.
"Yes, but they will fire the gun."
The gun at the citadel was often fired between times to warn the inhabitants to keep within doors or to alarm the guard and soldiers on holiday leave.
"Now he is mistaken. They are coming yonder. He is always wrong."
Some dust arose in the distance as a body of people, some riding, others walking, came into view. A lady sat upon a cushion upon the back of a horse, which was led by a soldier. It was Marcelle. She was pale and fatigued, as if a long journey without sleep had told upon her. She shunned the gaze of the onlookers and kept her eyes fixed on the ground. La Montagne brought up the rear, where he could keep a watch upon everything. Strapped to two Montagnais, between whom he walked, was the Huron. His face was stolid and expressionless. A crowd of curious people accompanied them as far as the gate of the square.

## MARCELLE

With the exception of the sentry, so one appeared. The grate was closed and barred. Marcelle wros handed down from her horse and conducted into the Chateau. The Huron was consigned to the prison in the rear of the fort.

Two inaids appenred and escorted Mnrcelle to her old apartments. Presently the old housekeeper entered.
"His Excellency will see Madame Beauharmais when she is rested and dressed," she said.

Marcelle was about to return thanks for the respite, when she thoucht of the Huron. 'They might do him injury if she wa ted.
"I will see His Excellency, Mathilde, at once, if he will see me," she said. "It will take me but a moment to get ready."

The woman took the inessage and returned.
"His Excelleney will see Madame Beauharnais when she is ready," said Mathilde, with cold and ominous formality.

As Marcelle was led into the presence of the great governor her courage almost failed her. But her own fate and that of her lover hung in the balance, and she resolved to be brave. For a moment she stood in the presence of His Excellency before he raised his cyes to look at her. Then he fixed them upon her with that glittering coldness which had often terrified her when he looked at those who had displeased him. :ilength he spoke.
"You have ' ined?" said he, with a touch of irony in his tone.
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Have you nothing to say?"
"No, Your Excellency."
"Is it true that you planned the escape?"
"No, Your Excellency."
"But it was 'the Huron,'" exclaimed Frontenac, almost angrily.
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Sit down, Marcelle, you look tired." The tone of Frontenac's voice as he said this startled Marcelle.
"Oh, Your Excellency, have merey!"
"Yes, I shall have mercy upon you, although you had none for Major Beauharnais, whom you have atterapted to dishonor."

Marcelle flushed with the color of a shame of which she did not feel guilty.

Frontenac waited with cruel deliberation, then he continued:
"I took you in when you were $a$ homeless wanderer, and now you have treated me as no woman ever dared to do before. How could you have dared? Speak, I will have your explanation."
"I love the Huron-" Marcelle began, tremblingly, but Frontenac cut her short instantly.
"The dog!" he exclaimed, with passion, moving uneasily in his chair. "Have you no shame, when you had wedded Beauharnais?"

Marcelle would have kept silence, but the piercing eye of her inquisitor bade her speak.
"I have no excuse to offer, Your Excellency."
"You have well spoken," said Frontenac, in a milder
tone. "What excuse could there be? You have broken your promise to me. You have broken your vow to Beauharnais. No squaw of the Abenaquis could have done worse. How I have been mistaken! Well, if Mother Marie de l'Incarnation will take you in once more, sin-stained as you are, she shall have you. I shall give immedinte orders for your disposal."
"But the Huron ?" cried Marcelle, in extreme agitation.

Frontenac, who had risen, turned a look of deep disdnin upon her.
"You dare, then, to mention his name agnin in my presence!" he cried. "He shall have such a punishment as traitors have."
"Oh, God!" cried Marcelle, falling at his feet. "Have mercy, Your Exc ..uncy."
She rested her head upon the floor.
Frontenac looked at her for an instant, and then smiled triumphantly.
"You! Is it you," he exclaimed, "who ask for mercy? Shame upon you! I might have-nay, I ought to have known. But you do not wish, then, to go back to the convent?"
"Yes, Your Excellency, I will go," said Marcelle, submissively. The unexpected reply calmed and touched the heart of Frontenac.
"Rise, Marcelle," said he, gently, giving her his hand. But she drew back from it and remained kneeling.
"I am unworthy of the honor, Your Excellency," she said, tearfully.
"Rise, Marcelle, an I command. This business is strange. I have known strange women and false ones. But this that you have done passes my comprehension. Are you mad?"
"I loved the Huron-"
"Have done:" cried Frontennc, in a momentary fury. "Am I to be sold for a dog of a Haron? Speak, and speat: the truth, or it shall be wotse for you."

Marcelle was stricken with fear and awe at the sudden ontburst. Then, after a pause, Frontenac resumed, but in a calmer tone:
"You have played me false. Do you deny it ?"
" No, Your Excellency."
"You confess with readiness. You seem used to it. You played Beauharnais false."

Marcelle did not speak.
"Do you deny it?"
"I was never- true to him, Your Excellency. I did not love him."

Marcelle was deeply affected by this reference to her kind trentment, and continued to weep as if her heart was breaking.

With a sigh of sorrow and disappointment Frontenac resumed his chair.
"Cease, Marcelle. I cannot bear to sec you weepingr thus. Tell me-tell me but the truth. Will you not oven tell me that?"
"It was a sudden madness coming over me, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, looking up and endeavoring to explain. "Once I had loved the Huron far off by the lake of the Hurons in my home when I lived with iny father. But I did not then know what it was to love. I could smile or frown, and it made the Huron glad or angry. Often have I thought of the wilderness, and of my father, and of the cabin by the spring ; of my dog, of the birds in the trees, of the former glory of the Hurons, my mother's race, of the winds of winte coming through the bare trees and whistling through the roof-thatch. The fire would roar up the chimney, and the Huron would come in. He chatted with my father. They spoke of trade, of the English, of the French, of Your Excellency, and then the Huron would speak to me. He was always gentle when he spoke to me. His deep, soft voice was the voice of love, but I did not know it then. I wished for the city and the gay life of the city. I grew tired of the forest and of teasing the chief. But when I came you treated me so kindly I grew fond of you, as your own daughter might have been. I was proud of the great Governor, who
spohe to me, and took mo with him, and never foumd fault. But when I lifted my eyex and saw the Hurom my senses left me. I would have given all I hal, my very life, to the Huron. It was the strange fremay of a woman, Your Excellency. But I could not help it. My very soul was his. When I awoke I fomal it trine. He, too, hal dreamel of me, nud loved me still. He came, unk nown to me, to seek me out, null chance fulling in his why he found ine. God forgive me for my sins."
"Marcelle, you evidently think that love exenses "verything," said Frontenac, looking at her half in admiration, half in anger.
"Of that I do not know. If I am to be punishel, I beg Your Excellency to pronounce sentence upon me, but spare the Huron."
"Agnin!" cried Frontenac, who wondered at her lefinnce of him in repeating that name.

At last Frontenac's pity was moved by Marcelle's utter desolntion, and he bade her retire till such time as he should sen! her word of his decision. "But, Your Excellency-"
"Yes, I will spare him in the meantime," said Frontenac, impatiently. Marcelle withdrew.

## CHAPTER XI.

Whes Marcelle had been comlucted back to her place of retirement in the Chiteau, she threw herself upon the conch in an agony of suspense and apprehension. Knowing that Frontenac, whilst he might be lenient with her to the extent of devising some form of punishment which would relluce her to the position of a wilful and disobedient girl, undergoing a mild form of chastisement, would deal very differently with her lover, the fatnl "meantime" which he had male use of in his pledge of respite for the Huron had full significance in Mare Me's estimation. She knew that an Iudimn had no stauding such as that enjoyed by a French citizen in the eye of the law, and since the chicf belonged not to the dreaded Iroquois, but to the dispersed and despised Hurons, no question of state conld intervene to save him in case the penalty of death were decided upon. To the mind of Frontenac the crime of the Indian was that of stealing, the taking off of a precious jewel, and as suck to be punished accordingly. The crine of Marcelle he considered a moral one, in which she had set at maught the morality of married life, the ordinances of the Church, and last, but not least, her duty to himself. While her offence was unpardonable, and of an atrocious kind, it was not of the common
nort which included infractions of the law of the land. That it merited punishment was alremly decided by hime, tut in what form he hat not made up his mind. The Haron he would leave to the temer mercien of the Sovereign Council huving jurialiction in wuch matters, and with this in viow he direeted that it shonld the called topether. The exciteme it of the public mind following the mumomement f the call. ing tonether of tho great Combeil ineres ed when it whs known what was the renson of its assembling, since it was fully expected thint the Bishop would atteml-an event as important as it was rare.

The Governor was nuch amoyed when, on turning the corner of the street leading to the comncl-house, he found that a targe number of people hal assembled there, amongst them being many conreurs-de-bois.
"What do all these people seek, think you, Dumont ?" inquired Frontenac, ns a deep shadow of displeasure fell upon his countenance. "Is it merely
curiosity?"
"That is what I should think, Your Excellency," replied that officer. "It is certainly not out of sym. pathy with either of the offenders."
"But the coureurs - what brings thein here? They are idle, but not merely curious, as a rute," continued Frontenac, scanning the crowd for signs of explanation. A cheer burst forth.
"Ah! that is better. A silent crowd meaus mischief. I am confident, notwithstanding the information brought in hy Duplessis, that the public at large will be pleased to see the moral and civil lat uphede,"

## MARCELILE:

" By n nevere punishment, Vour Exceilency 1"
"Yes,"
"I am afraid, Your lixeellency, it is otherwise," answered Duramen, respectfilly; upon whose candor and honesty frontemac plaved great reliance.

Fromemac wat astomiahed.
"It is impossible, Dumont. The prople are goonl Catholies."
"Ouly some, Your Fixcellency:"
"True, many, expeciully the courcur, have no religion."
"It is they who speak so strongly."
"Ihe" you, too, have information. Sieak, Dumont. fou hould lave done so before."
"'They say," replisil Dunont," that Four Fixcellency competled her to mary Beanharmais."
"It is false," said Frontenac, ungrily, as ho descended from his carringe mad cutered his private room. "It was of her own free will. At no tine did I use compulsion, or do other than give ndvico such as, being lier guardian, I whs called upon to aive. It would have all gone well but for the Indin... His appearance spoiled all my plans. He shall die. He is a traitor."

The members of the Conucil having arrived, they were formally called tocrether, the Iutendant, as usual, taking the chair. The Bishop did not appear, for worl had been sent him that Marcelle would not be proceeded agninst under the criminal Inw, nud would not be cited to appear before the Council. The Huron
was put upen his trial. He wan dressed meroly in the senuty costlune in which her hal teen taken, a pair of fringed buckrkin tronvers and mocasins. The miseclea of his neck, ahoulders and chent strood out in Iroll relief to the admiration of those whon had an eye for manly beauty. When bidden to rises to hear the reading of the clarge, he complied readily, but one could seo in hix defiant bearing and hi. jig cyes that but for themanacles that held him sec.aroly tho tayk of his guards would not have been ans ensy one. The evidence as to identity, mod of his conduct in viohation of the law, was, of conrse, direct and conclusive, and it remained hut for Frontonac to pronounce the sentence of denth.

The expectant members of the Council, failing to hear the pronouncement of the Huron's loom, since Frontemac puased, as if reluctant to give tho fatal word, fell to talking with ench other. The hum of voices recalled him to himself, and without further waiting he turned to the clerk and said coldly,
"Let it he entered as the sentence of death."
The sentence having been rend aloud, in complinnce with the usual procedure, the Huron was still more heavily bound and then conveyed away: Cavalry escorted the carriage in which he way driven to the fort itself, in order that no chance should be given wonld-be rescuers of relensing so importnut a criminal. Upon the morrow, at sumrise, he would undergo the penalty of death by shooting, for the councillors in general had been averse to hanging hins, since

## MARCELLE

Marcelle had consented to her own abduction. Had Frontenae protested, or had Philippe Benuharmais intervened, the more dreaded and disgraceful denth by langing would have been substitnted, but the Governor was depressed by a sense of grief and responsibility which, like a cloud, shadowed his usual grood-nature, and ever and anon suggested to him that neither propricty, nor statutes, nor the decres of judges, could shake the hearts of lovers. He had himself been in his earlier days a man of deep feeling and tenderness. This happier time was recalled to him by the plendings of Marcelle and the approaching denth of the Huron. His mind's eye, wandering to the cabin in the forest which she had so often described to him, saw there the half-breed girl and her Indian lover, the one the very flower of girlish loveliness, untamed and forestborn, the other ahmost ummatched amongst the Indian race for manly beauty and the heroic qualities of the red man. Was it the Huron's fault that love should lave proved too strong, and should have drawn him to the very door of denth itself? There was something so brave, so natural in the action of the heroic savare that the chivalrous Frenchman felt his heart relent. Beauharmais had not yet returned.
"No, I camnot slay this man, much as he has done. In similar circumstances I should have done the same myself. No life has he taken, nor has he shed one drop of blood. Poor Philippe: When Marce!le protested I ignored it, for who would have dreamed that all this unhappiness would have come to pass.

Love, it seems, is greater than death, for it defies it. so once I felt myself in France-in good, in beautiful Fiance. Nay, he must not die. I shall defer the sentence, at least till my heart is harder. I anm too old to slay men and women for loving and being true. I cannot go into my grave with this reproach of cruclty. God forbid!"

As Frontenac paced the floor in meditation he suddenly wheced and approached the door:
"Send Colonel Dumont to me," he direeted.
As Celnel Dumont entered the room Frontemac arose.
"The Indiar must not be shot to-morrow," he said. Dumont looked at him in surprise. Did Frontenac demand a severer sentence?
"Dumont, I make a confidant of you. I camot consent to this brave Huron's death. He has committed no fault, no treason to all that he who once has loved has faith in. He has disappointed me of my intention to reward Beauharnais. But Beauharnais shall lave to find another and, perhaps, more suitable companion."
"That would displease His Lordship," said Durnont, in the tone of one who ventures to suggest what may have been overlooked.

Think you so ?" asked Frontenac, eagerly.
"Your Excellency is aware that the sacrament of marriage has been violated. That is equal with murder in the Bishop's eyes."
"True," said Frontenac, reflectively; "and yet there is sonething wanting to constitute the crime.

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I cannot undertake to please His Lordship. We must have more of the spirit of the divine law and less of the letter written in blood. Besides, I am not certain but that those who murder love commit the greater crime."
"They have been faithful," remarked Dumont, quietly.
"Through years of trial," added Frontenac, quickly. "It is we who would rob the red man. It is not he who has robbed us. No, it cannot be. He must not be shot. Bring him before me. If Beauharnais should return send him in at once."

## CHAPTER NLI.

"It is you, Beauharnais," said Frontenac, looking up. It was near the hour of midnight, and within but a few more hours of the time set for the Huron's execution. Frontenac had continued much depressed since the Council meeting.
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"You look to have travelled far."
"I have cone from the mountains east of the Nipissing country, and Colonel Dumont had left word that immediately upon my arrival I was to appear before Your Excellency."
"Yes; that was the direction which I gave. Sit down. You look travel-worn, but not tired. You have heard of Marcelle's return ?"
"Yes, Your Excellency. She is now in the Château, I am informed. The Indian-"
"Has been doomed to die. What think you?"
"If ever there was a just sentence it is one," exclaimed Beauharnais, with a burst of passion.
"You, then, think he should die?"
"No moment is too soon. But perhaps Your Excellency thinks differently?"
"Yes, Beauharnais, I do-but it shall rest with you. You have been wronged, but not by the Indian alone.

Marcelle consented to the abduction when she came to her senses."
"My God! It is then true," said Benuharnais, in a choking whisper, while his eyes wandered as if he were beside himself.
"It is too bad-too bad!" said Frontenac, who viewed Beauharnais's ngitation with sympathy. "But I would recommend to you that you should bear your part with dignity. She loves the Huron -that is certain."
"Beyond doubt?"
"Yes, beyond all doubt. To hear her plead for him one must know that."
"But when he is dead, Your Excellency, it may be that she will then think no more of him. Women are fickle."
"Not Marcelle," said Frontenac. "She has refused birth, fortune and the privileges of my court for the Huron. That is not fickleness. It is love. Would it not be well to let them go free?"
"Your Excellency," exclained Beauharnais, starting up wildly, "am I to lose my wife, and shall there be no vengeance on the Huron?"
"Yes. It is hard. He must die!" Pity and firmness ebbed and flowed in Frontenac's heart as upon his lips.
"Will the Church consent to my degradation?" asked Beauharnais, boldly. "It is a crime past all redemption."

Frontenac reflected. It was true. All-even th. Bishop himself-would concur in the justice of ate
punishment. Public opinion would support the net of vengeance and of retribution. Nothing would restore the equilibrium of the public mind ur:less it brought with it the satisfaction of the Bishop and Beauhurnais.
"If, then, the Indian is shot-"
"Then Marcelle is mine agrin. It is simple ; it is plain. If I consent, then naurht remains-"
"That is true, Philippe. If you consent it is as if a necklane had been stolen and recovered, or some such jewl ; nothing more."
"Yes, Your Excellency," said Beauharnais, with delight.
"But if the Indian lives?"
"Then the crime is black as night, and Marcelle is lost to me. Her love for him will remain. At the first opportunity she will leave me."
"Yes; there is but one way for it-the Huron must die. His death is expiation, and that alone."
"Then he shall die, Your Excellency?"
"Yes. Tell Colonel Dumont that I wish to see him."
"I am Your Excellency's most devoted and grateful servant."
"Your Excellency sent Major Beauharnais for me?" inquired Colonel Dumont.
"Yes, Dumont, and it is as well that you did not bring the Indian. On reflection, I think I shall have to give up my romantic ideas regarding this affair of the heart and treat it as a plain matter of business or oi policy. Would not that, after all, be the safest and the best plan?"
"Is Your Excellency aware that the coureurs-de bois are restless?"
"What about? Th.y do nut inare to question my authority?" nsked Frontenac, angrily.
"No, Your Excellency:"
"Then what?"
"They do not speak-so far, at least-of rolellion. merely demurring to your Excellency's punishinent of Marcelle."
"I have not punished her."
"It will be a suvere punishment to her, they say, if the Indian be sacrificed."
"Shall he who robbed Beauharnais of a wife, ine of my plans, and the Church of a soul, go unpunished?"
"Of course, they care nothing for the Church."
"But the Bishop?"
"They think him an old woman."
" Do they? They are not so far astray in that; but I will not be threatened. Did you see Dilbot?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"What did he say?"
"He said that it was hard, when the coureurs hal done so much for you, that you would not deal more gently with their queen."
"Furge!"
"But they mean it."
"What care they?"
"It matters much to them, Your Excelleney, and Dilbot says that the English may come, but they will never hinder them again from taking what they please of Quebec."

# MARCELLE 

"Pray what would they themselves do ?"
"Retire, he says, into the wilderness, whieh is large enough for them ; and besides, the game is going farther north.'
"The boobies! Do they not know that it will be as bad for them if the English get possession, even nominally, of our dominion? But I am greatly worried over this. Had Marcelle refused to marry Beauharnais it would have saved us from this iniserable failure and all harshness. Send for Marcelle. I will speak with her."

During Colonel Dumont's absence Frontenac reflected.
"I will recommend Beauharnais for his services so highly that the King will grant him whatever he wishes. If that will not please, then-but it must. Then the Bishop will complain of my want of disci-pline- Marcelle!"
"Yes, Your Excellency," said Marcelle, entering, tear-stained and disconsolate.

Frontenac paused and looked at her in deep distress. "Why do you grieve so, Marcelle? You look as if the world had fled from you."

Frontenac spoke with gentleness and feeling. Marcelle did not reply, but looked steadily at the floor. "Speak," said Frontenac. "You sent for Dilbot, did you not?"
"No, Your Excellency."
"But Colonel Dumont informs me that the coureurs are restless and tax me with being ungrateful. Have
" No, Your Excellency."
"I thought, Dumont," saill Frontenac, turning to him, "that they had spoken of Madame Beanharmais?"
"Yes, Your Excellency, but not becanse they hal seen her. In fact, I learned from Dilbot that she refnsed to see him."
"Refused!" said Frontenac. "Why did you do that, Marcelle !"
"I wonld trust Your Excellency," she replied, simply.
"Then, thougl: you have wronged me you would trust me?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Truly this is strange. I never heard before of this in France. However, yon I do not intend to punish; with the Indian it is different."
"Will one life pay the full peralty, Your Excellency?" asked Marcella, coldly.
"Yes," replied Frontenac.
"Then, take mine; without him it is nothing. I love the Huron and will gladly give my life for him. Spare him, I beseech Your Excellency."
"Marcelle!" exclaimed Frontenac, his voice trembling perceptibly, "do you love him so?"
"Yes, Your Excellency."
"Then you both are pardoned. God forbia-" Frontenac turned his face to the wall and for a moment was silent. Then, turning again, he addressed Colonel Duınont:
"Dumont, I care not what the people say, or Monseigneur. It is beyond me to crush a love like
this. Go and bring the Huron to mo that I may see him." Then turning to Marcelle: "I have read your agony in your eyes, Marcelle. You and I, too, perhaps, have done more in the affair of your marriage than we should have done. It is true that, as you say, you did not love Philippe, nor did you say so, yet his heart will break with his sorrow and discrace. It is dreadful, and I have erred deeply in trying to mould, although unconsciously and with no evil intention, you and him to my policy. I will take the blame and forgive you."

Marcelle stood as if transfixed during the utterance of these words of parion.
"Have you nothing to say, Marcelle?" asked Frontenac, who observed her embarrassment.
"Except to thank you, Your Excellency. But my words cannot express my gratitude."
"It will be best, of course, that you shoulil depart into the interior withont delay. It will save continued anguish to Beaubarnais and the intolerable burden of general gossip. But tell me, Harcelle, since you put such trust in me, have you no regret at leaving us?"
"Nothing but the strange spell under which I an could ind ice ine, even for the sake of home, to leave Your Excellency, althongh I should like to see my father once more, and the scentis of my childhood. Alas! how much I might have saved to you and to him had I not been filled with the curiosity and vanity of a young and thoughtless girl!"
"It is as you have said, Marcelle, but we can only
thank Heaven that it has not been worse. Here is the Huron."

As Frontenac bade them enter, Colonel Damont and the Huron advanced into the room. The Huron's eye fell upon Marcelle and lighted up with pleasure.
"It is now but $n$ short time till dawn. 'The play is ended. The tragely which I had intendel has finished otherwise. It has been a strange afliuir. I did not understand human nature as I thought. Huron, you have been brave and fnithful. You are to be rewarled. I have pardoned you, and now let your departure be like your coming, unexpected. Take Marcelle and with her disappear into the wilderness. Some day I may, perchance, see you again, Marcelle. May you be happy; those who love are not always happy. I will give you a safe-conduct that you may encounter no hindrance. By the dawn you and the Huron will have begun a new life. Goodbye. Speak not $n$ word, but be far on your journey when the sun has risen."

Frontenac took Marcelle's hand in his, and made n sign to Dumont. Without more ado the scene was ended and the silence of night fell once again upon the Chinteau and its surroundings. Relieved in mind, for he was thankful that irritation had not impelled him to give way to severer measures, Frontenac sought his couch and sleop.

## CHAPTER XIII.

Fisom the moment of Marcelle's escape Black Johm and the Huron had never ceased to bemona her absence, watching without hope for a sign of her return, picking up bits of news from travellers, going far upon the trail to meet or overtake her, cursing her for her wilfuhess, but always resolving some day to have her with them again. The life of the wilderness was replete with trugedies, and hat whe been slain by her captors-for such in reality the two men considered the Frenchmen to be-it would have hen merely one more of the incidenty usual in the everydny life of the forest of the red men in times of so much stir and strife.

The season had now arrived when the trail of the hunter would be hard to follow, and the Huron Inatured his plans accordingly. Like a wise man he did not discuss them with Black John, for the free-trader had long since given himself over to brooding and melancholy. He took his departure silently for the great city of Quebec, where he had never been, and of which he knew nothing beyond hearsay, taking advantage of the absence of Black John amongst the Foxes, who of late had quarrelled openly with the Beavers and threatened by their turmoil to upset his trade. .vhich, by some strange
pervernity had become better and more remunerative vince Marcelle had gone awny. But even this enhance. ment of him fortune hat not reconciled Black John to her absence. There was nothing that could do that, not even gold, which, as with the Jew, ho would have parted with like teech to mave his much-beloved daughter. Kinives, hatchets, bemels, wanpman, tobaceo, and the promise of hamly he carried with him, nod when he had disposed of them the chiof of the fooxes said:
"Now, will white man join usaganast the Beavers?"
"No, I will not," returned the trader, emphatically. "You wish to make war merely to give your warwhoop and to kill. 'lhere is wo reanon in it. You Indians kill one another: and the French and English kill you both. Where will you be lnefore long? look at the Hurons. You will go the same way. The Iropuois will find you weakened and only the women and children remnining. What will they do then? Ell ?
The chief of the Foxes looked wise, and was silent. Then at length the spoke again, but not as before.
"It is true what the trader snys. We are fools. We waste our blood and our scalps upon ench other. The day will come when only the spuaws and the children will remain. We are not wise, but we are like the wolves which turn on each other."

Black John was delighted to hear him talk in this fashion. "Then, next winter, you will ino," he said, "to the region of the black fox and the silver, where they are in plenty, as they used to be here. You will trap

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the beaver in new foresta and by atreame you have never heard of, much less seen. The Beavers will go westward to the great Bay, and will hring leme nad buckskin to the market, ns well as Iweaver. I, Hack Jola, will buy all you have. I will nowe my little cabin t) the Moskinwa, for it in $(\mathrm{ok}$ musely on elie main trail now, and too many white men come to roh me of my focols. I will give you limaketes for your spanws, and seed, so that you may krow maize like the Irmpois and have fixal for the winter time. Then if the Irogucis want war you will be ahle to give it. You can join with the otthwas, the Ojihways, the Misміч. anges, the Crows, the Dacotalis, ngainet them. There is glory ill that. There is not ghory in killing easch other. The sealp of a Beaver should never hang from the belt of a Fox."

These remmark of the evmber were received with applanse. Ono after the other the ohler chiefs, and then the youngir, mrose, mud expressed their sativ. faction.
"We will become a great untion," atlirmed Crowfont.
"Yes; you will be like the Irogueis, and grenter They will hear you coming and will tlee. Their нcalps will hang from your girdles. The Firench, too, will be pleased. They will reward you with powder, und guns, and brandy."

Thu" red meng grunted with delight, and uttered frequently their "oush" of approval. Young braves stalked majestically to null fro lowking to the south. Iroquois.

Black John took his pack-strap and slung it over his back. He bade the Foxes good-bye. They had promised to make peace with the Beavers. He journeyed on to the Turtles, and spoke to them in the same manner. The sound of the great lake boomed pleasantly in his ears as he came in sight of the cabin, from which he had been absent since the ice went sut of the rivers, but his heart quickened its beating as his eyc caught signs of life. "It is the cursed Ottawas, or an Ojibway," he thought, as he approached boldly, for he was determined to save his property. But it was neither. It was Marcelle and the Huron! What joy he felt as he clasped Marcelle to his heart! He kissed her. He shook her hands and patted her on the buck. Then he remonstrated with her and reproached her. But she was silent and happy through it all till he had finished, when she said:
"Father, I am home again, but I belong to the Huron, too, now. He has taken me for his wife and I have taken liin, as the Hurons marry, for my husband. We shall live with you always, and-"
"You will leave us no more?" interposed Black John.
" Never again."
"Then we are happy. Eh, Huron?"
The Huron siniled and looked at Marcelle, but said nothing.

Summer and winter have many times succeeded each other. The wild flowers have bloomed in the forest, and fallen asleep till another season. The Iroquois
have been beaten buck by the $A$ issinsacras, in lthe latter have adopted the Huron an mate hina : great chief. Black John lies buried by the : $:$ - 5 rast of the lake of the Hurons. The great Frontenac himself has been gathered to his fathers. But Marcelle and the Huron fear not death. The waters of the spring sparkte in the sunshine as Marcelle looks at them from the door of her cabin. The sound of waves beating upon the shore comes through the tree-tops to her ears. The birds sing merrily, and the green of the hillside is fair-for Marcelle is happy.


[^0]:    "With tapestries, if possible."

