

The St. John Standard,

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

VOL. VIII. NO. 86.

TEN PAGES

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1916.

PRICE TWO CENTS

THIRD DAY OF GREAT OFFENSIVE BRINGS NEW AND IMPORTANT SUCCESSES TO THE ALLIED ARMIES

LA BOISSELLE TAKEN BY BRITISH; FRENCH ONLY 3 MILES FROM PERONNE

Fierce Drive of Allied Armies Keeps Up and New Gains Are Made --- Famous French Commander Gen. Foch Directing the Operations South of the Somme River --- Capturing Group of Strategic Villages French are Drawing in on German Railway Centre --- British Losses Smaller than Expected --- German Reports Confirm Success of the Franco-British Offensive.

London, July 3.—Today's news is again a tale of the continued progress of the Anglo-French offensive. Heavy fighting is proceeding all along the line. The British maintain all their positions south of the Ancre river, where the battle still rages. They have captured La Boisselle, the garrison of which surrendered and are fighting successfully around Oullivillers and north of Fricourt.

The British people learned for the first time tonight that the famous French General Foch, who has won a great reputation during the course of the war, is directing the operations south of the Somme river. This has given increased confidence in the result of the Allied offensive.

The French have captured Herbecourt and Assevillers and have made other substantial gains, taking additional prisoners and heavy guns. They are thus making great progress in the direction of the important German junction of Peronne, which is only a little over three miles distant from their advance at Herbecourt.

German Reports Confirm Allies' Success.

The non-committal character of the German official statement, issued today, is considered in London as a virtual confirmation of the success of the Anglo-French operations. The Germans admit that the division of their forces abutting both banks of the Somme, which were partially withdrawn Saturday, has now been brought back to the second line. No data is yet forthcoming from either side as to the casualties suffered. According to the German communication, the Anglo-French losses were "extraordinarily heavy," according to unofficial British reports, however, the British losses were less than had been expected. All reports emphasize the tremendous nature of the British bombardment. The gunners worked so incessantly as almost to fall asleep at their guns, and when there was a slight recess in the firing, they slept easily amid the thunders of the battle.

Great importance is attached to a newly-invented mortar, which plays havoc in the German trenches.

Aircraft are taking an important role in the operations. Thus far the new offensive appears to have had little influence on the battle around Verdun. The Germans are still showing undiminished vigor in the Meuse region, and the French are as steadily resisting.

French Advance Into Heart of Enemy's Defences.

Paris, July 3.—The third day of the battle of the Somme shows that the Franco-British lines have been further advanced, with the French right sweeping to the eastward, south of the Somme. A group of strategic villages, a large number of German prisoners and heavy guns have been taken.

The advanced French lines are now only three miles from the important railway junction of Peronne, the defence of which has been greatly weakened by the capture by the French, on Sunday, of Mereaucourt Woods, south of the Somme, and between Feuilleres and Frise. This was the strongest fortified position of the German second line of defense on the entire front of the attack, but the French division, which took Frise, continued to march with such impetus that the Germans were unable to resist, even under the protection of this formidable work.

One of the fiercest struggles was for the stone quarry, also strongly fortified, three-quarters of a mile east of Curly. Here the Germans tried to stem the tide by a desperate counter-attack, but the French-African colonials, with one of the most celebrated corps of the French army, rushed the position with such energy that the Germans broke before the bayonet.

A Brilliant Coup at Frise.

The French success at Frise also was brilliant, as it straightened their lines south of the elbow of the Somme, thus avoiding exposure to cross-fire. The French announcement today of the capture of the village of Herbecourt and the outskirts of Estrees and Assevillers carries the advance about six miles beyond the point of departure Saturday.

The impetuosity of the French advance is shown in the taking of these villages, which were strongly fortified with barbed wire entanglements across the streets. The stone houses were transformed into batteries of machine guns, and the entire villages were enveloped in a dense network of barbed wire entanglements. Military observers say that these villages had a resisting power compared with that of Douaumont.

Summing up the French advance, south of the Somme, two main features are disclosed:

First—The occupation, for a length of 8 kilometres, of first line German trenches from the Somme to the village of Fay, and including five villages.

Second—A double line of German trenches extending from Haracourt Woods to Assevillers.

The struggle continues with intensity. Observers declare that the first three days' success, while great, are only initial episodes in the increasing pressure of a vast offensive.

British Official Report.

London, July 3, 7.42 p. m.—Heavy fighting continues, but it is proceeding satisfactorily for us, especially in the vicinity of La Boisselle, where the remnants of the garrison have surrendered.

"On other parts of the battle field some further progress has been made, and some additional hostile defenses have been captured."

"An earlier official statement timed at 2.40 p. m., showed that the fighting was being carried on with great intensity and varying success."

The communication follows: "The battle south of the Ancre continues to be hotly contested. All positions gained by us yesterday have been maintained."

"The fighting about La Boisselle and Oullivillers was particularly severe. Yesterday evening we penetrated the vil-

lage of La Boisselle, in which fighting is still going on. About Oullivillers the fighting met with varying success. One attack early this morning secured a portion of the hostile defenses."

"Four hundred more prisoners passed through our collecting stations."

"A very large amount of work was done by our aircraft yesterday. In the early part of the day several attempts at offensive action on our side of the line were made by hostile aircraft in large parties. All were driven back and the enemy's aircraft was held far behind the German lines. As a result our artillery machines were able to work without interruption from hostile aircraft."

"During the day a very large number of aerial combats took place over the enemy's lines. Six hostile machines are known to have been brought down, and five others were

driven down severely damaged. Seven of our machines are missing."

The German version says Allies Still Hammering.

Berlin, July 3, via London (5.05 p. m.).—The war office report of today says that the continuation of the Franco-British drive on both sides of the Somme has not gained any advantage for the Allies north of the river, but south of the Somme the Germans withdrew a division to the second line positions.

The communication follows: "The continuation of the British and French attacks on both sides of the Somme did not win any advantage generally speaking, north of the river, the enemy suffering extraordinarily heavy losses in this region."

"South of the river we withdrew into the second line positions during the night, the division which we re-

called from the first line to the intermediate line positions."

"There was the same degree of activity on the fronts which have not been attacked."

"West of the Meuse (Verdun front) attempts of the French to retake captured trenches, sections of Hill 304, led to minor infantry engagements. East of the Meuse the enemy again exhausted himself in fruitless attacks on the village of Thiaumont, and at Froide Terre ridge. In one of these attacks the enemy temporarily penetrated our foremost trench, about 200 metres southwest of the village, but he was driven out again immediately."

"The hill battery of Danloup, southeast of Vaux fort, has been in our possession since Saturday night. We took 100 prisoners and several machine guns."

"The percentage of dead to wounded is smaller than is usual in trench fighting. Many light wounds have been received from shrapnel and rifle and machine gun fire, but the good weather and excellent physical condition of the men mean quick recovery."

The English Phlegmatic Temperament.

There are plenty of examples of the English phlegmatic temperament. One runner, lifted into the air by the concussion of a shell, said after he came down: "I wish they had provided cushions."

A corps commander, after all plans were complete for the attack at 7.30 o'clock in the morning, said before lying down to sleep: "Wake me at 7.45. The first reports will be in by then."

At army headquarters of the different commanders everything seems to be going on as usual, in quiet business-like fashion, amidst the battle.

MAY BE DECISIVE MOVEMENT OF WAR, BERLIN PRESS SAYS; ADMITS STRENGTH OF ALLIES

SIDELIGHTS ON THE GREAT OFFENSIVE

Machine Gun is Playing an Important Part in the Struggle.

NEW BRITISH MORTAR WONDERFUL INVENTION

Not Since War Began Have Airmen Showed Such Daring—German Trenches Become Death Traps.

Press Headquarters on the French Front, Sunday, July 3, via London, July 3.—(Franco-British)—Machine guns played an important part in the German defense against the British attacks, and also in the British repulse of counter-attacks when organizing positions taken. Both German and British have them in amazing numbers.

During the bombardment before an infantry attack the Germans remain in dugouts so deep that they can be crushed in only by a direct hit with a 15-inch shell. Instantly the bombardment ceases they rush out and man any remaining machine guns from the dugouts. The British carry mobile machine guns forward, and the moment a position is occupied, they replace them.

New Gun a Great Success.

All reports from those engaged in the fighting agree that barbed wire entanglements, however strong, have been invariably well cut, and there is universal praise for the new mortar, the invention of a government civil engineer in Egypt, which the British have manufactured in large numbers.

But frequently the deep German ditches, instead of being rallying points, become traps, with the occupants either surrendering or being blown up by bombs thrown into the entrance when they refuse to surrender. When they have a recess in their bombardment know no cessation in their toll. Where the British advance they must move their guns forward to new positions for the next stage of the attack. When they have a recess in the firing, they fall asleep amidst the thunders of the neighboring batteries, unless they have work on new dugouts.

The aviators' part has never been so daring, so thrilling as during this battle. One of them, in a small, fast single-man machine, though the usual altitude kept over the enemy's lines these days is from ten to twelve thousand feet, descended as low as five hundred feet during the battle, and was able to identify the khaki of the British and the green of the Germans, as they struggled for the possession of a trench. He sent a wireless message back to army headquarters of the exact situation, the promptness of such information being invaluable. He returned with forty bullet holes in his planes, but he himself and his engines were unharmed.

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Warn the Public that New Movement is Fraught with Significance and Perhaps Deciding Phase of War — British Army Having its First Great Chance — Britain's Industry has Scored Great Achievement in Output of Guns and Shells.

Amsterdam, July 3.—The beginning of the Anglo-French offensive is announced by the German press under heavy headlines.

"From the great Champagne battle of last autumn," says the Cologne Gazette, "we know the imposing preparations with which the French general staff introduced such enterprises and we can be certain that on the enemy's side nothing will be lacking as regards technical means of piercing our lines. For seven days artillery fire poured over our trenches and our brave troops must have greeted it as a deliverance when at last the enemy storming columns came on."

"We should not be deceived by the fact that the enemy reports already speak of great success. Only within the next few days will it be possible to ascertain how far the general attack has brought the enemy."

The Cologne Volks Zeitung refers to the difficulty of holding the foremost German trenches in the face of the enormous energy of the attack, but notes that the attacking forces have not succeeded in piercing the German front.

"Although Germany confronts the coming battle with confidence," says the newspaper, "nevertheless, the movement is, without doubt, fraught with significance, and is perhaps decisive." Great Britain, it adds, now, for the first time, has to bear the main burden.

"The British army in France," it continues, "is strong and well equipped. Britain's industry, after it was organized for the war, has scored

great achievements in the manufacture of guns and shells, and thus prepared, it believes it can now, at last, join the war dance on the soil of Northern France. As regards the military fitness of the English troops it has now an opportunity to show what it is."

Amsterdam, via London, July 4.—The Berlin Tageblatt discussing the Anglo-French offensive, lays stress upon the splendid railroad communications which it says are at the disposal of the British and French armies. The paper says that the railroad net to the rear of the Allied lines is very favorable to the development of an offensive, and that the Allies also possess numerous connecting lines between the wings of the operating armies.

While asserting that the British gains, in ground and prisoners, is slight, the Tageblatt says that about the probable course of the offensive, nothing can yet be said.

"We find ourselves," it says, "at the beginning of an offensive prepared by the enemy and awaited by him with great expectations but we have no occasion to doubt the power of our resistance."

The Munich Nachrichten publishes a statement under a Berlin date saying that the British offensive is nothing more than an attempt to stave off the utter collapse of France, which Germany has "bided to death at Verdun." Germany and Austria, the statement adds, must also reckon with fresh Russian sacrifices on the eastern front all of which it declares will be in vain.

VON BUELOW'S DREAM LIKELY TO BE BRIEF A SMALL GAIN BUT THE TOLL IN DEAD ENORMOUS

In His Book "German Policies" Seems to Forget that Berlin will have Little Choice in Peace Arrangements.

Berlin, July 3.—Prince Von Buelow, former German Chancellor, asserts that Germany must have something more than pre-war conditions when peace is declared in a preface to his book "German policies," which has just been issued. The former chancellor maintains that the re-establishment of national lines as they existed prior to the war would mean a loss to Germany.

In the preface to his book Von Buelow discusses Germany's future, and the form that a peace treaty must take to conform with German aspirations. Declaring that Germany will have to reckon after the war with the hatred of France, England and Russia, he continues, this fact must dictate the form which peace shall assume. The protection which Germany will find against a renewed and new lust for revenge in the west and east and across the channel can only be in its own increased power. Our enemies, too, will strengthen armaments on land and water and we for our part must meet this condition. We must make ourselves strong and harder to be attacked on our borders and coasts than we were at the beginning of this war, not for the sake of striving for world supremacy—

with that we have been falsely charged—but in order to maintain ourselves against our foes. The result of the war must not be negative but positive.

Prince Von Buelow maintains that it is important "to retain, restore and strengthen connections with those states with which Germany did

not cross, awards, irrespective of whether the propaganda of the enemy press and enemy agitators influenced the feelings of the people against us during the war. Here political necessities must disregard national likes and dislikes even though they be justified."

Teutons Rushing Reinforcements from Kovell to Push Back Russians but With Little Success.

Petrograd, via London, July 3.—The Russians are battering persistently at the solid wall of the German defense west and north of Lubk, beyond the Sharna river. The Germans have taken on the offensive at various points, and fierce battles are reported daily, but with little change in the alignment.

The Germans are pouring reinforcements to this front from Kovell, Vladimir-Volynski and Sokal, apparently making a desperate effort to push the Russians back up. Their only success has been to bend the Russian flank positions, at the cost of a fearful toll in dead, into an arc centering on the village of Torchin, fifteen miles north-west of Lubk.

Along the whole line northward to Riga the Germans are attacking on widely separated and narrow fronts, but apparently without co-ordination. The only success admitted by military critics is in the region northwest of Novogrodek, where the Germans throw a force across the Nieman. Little importance is attached to this, due to the swampy nature of the terrain which, it is believed, makes the development of an offensive impossible.

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RUSSIANS LAUNCH FIERCE DRIVE AGAINST ARMY OF PRINCE LEOPOLD AT CENTRE OF EASTERN FRONT

ITALIANS AND CZAR'S ARMIES STRIKE HARD WHILE THE GREAT WESTERN DRIVE IS ON

Berlin, July 3, via London—The Russians have launched an attack against the army of Prince Leopold, on the central section of the eastern front. The war office report of today says: "The Russians succeeded in advancing at one point, but otherwise were forced to retreat with heavy losses."

"The Russians also attacked at many points along the northern part of the front, against Field Marshal Von Hindenburg's troops, but gained no advantage. The official account of operations in the east follows: "Russian torpedo boats and the ship of the line *Slava* bombarded the Courland coast, east of Raggasen, without result. They were attacked effectively by our coastal batteries and by aeroplane squadrons, and the *Slava* was struck."

"At many points along the front of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg the enemy increased his fire, and repeatedly undertook advances. These led to fighting in our lines only near Niki, north of Smorgon. The enemy was ejected immediately with heavy losses. We captured 243 Russians."

ATTACKING PRINCE LEOPOLD'S ARMY.

"On the front of Prince Leopold the Russians attacked northeast and east of Gorodische, and on both sides of the Baranovich railway, after artillery preparation for four hours. A counter-attack is now proceeding against detachments which advanced northeast of Gorodische, otherwise the enemy was forced to retreat, leaving behind many killed or wounded."

"On the front of Gen. Von Linsingh strong Russian counter-attacks were delivered east and southeast of Lutsk, but failed to stop our advance. The number of prisoners was increased by about 1,800."

"On the front of Gen. Count Von Bothmer we engaged in a battle southeast of Plimacz which was favorable to us."

"The situation on the Balkan front is unchanged." Constantinople, July 3, via London—Turkish troops in the Tchouk region of Turkish Armenia have forced the Russians further back towards the Black Sea coast and have occupied strong positions along a seven mile front, the war office announced today.

The official statement says: "In Southern Persia: Our troops are progressing eastward, driving off Russian rear guards."

"In the Caucasus: Our troops, north of the Tchouk, pressed back the enemy eight kilometres to the north in the direction of the coast, and again occupied dominating positions of the enemy on a length of twelve kilometres."

"Our naval forces last week gained several successes in the Black Sea."

ITALIANS HAMMERING HARD AT TEUTON DEFENCES. Rome, July 3, via London—The following official statement was given out here today: "Operations against Del Costo, Monte Helugio and Monte Cimone, the enemy's main points of resistance, developed."

"On the Asiago plateau we pushed forward beyond the northern edge of the Arsa Valley. In the remainder of this sector there was a lull in the preparatory movement to further attacks on difficult ground."

"In the Brenta Valley small encounters on the slopes of Monte Civaron resulted in considerable loss for the enemy. We took prisoners."

"In the Upper But and Fella valleys the artillery was very active. In the Carso the enemy attacked our new positions east of Selz, but was driven back after brisk hand-to-hand fighting."

"Our aircraft made raids on the Upper Asa Valley, and returned safely."

AUSTRIAN OFFENSIVE FAILS. Petrograd, via London, July 3—The Austrians have taken the offensive in formidable force on the eastern front but have been repulsed with heavy losses, the war office announced today.

In various sectors the Russians have taken a total of more than 2,400 prisoners and twelve machine guns.

The official statement says: "Fierce battles continue between the Rivers Stry and Stokhod and south of them. We have taken sixteen officers and more than 800 soldiers prisoners and captured nine machine guns."

"In the region of Zubino and Zaturze (west of Lutsk, Volhynia) the Austrians have taken the offensive, advancing in great force, but were repulsed with heavy losses. Eight hundred men and three machine guns were captured by us."

"East of the village of Ougrinov about 800 prisoners were taken."

"According to supplementary reports, the army of Gen. Letchitzky captured, in the course of engagements near Pochenizyn, west of Komas, seven cannon and four artillery limbers."

Irish League Accepts Lloyd George's Proposal

Dublin, July 3, via London—The national directory of the United Irish League met today, with John Redmond presiding, and agreed to accept the proposals made by David Lloyd George for a solution of the Irish question.

As the directory is representative of all Ireland it is not considered necessary to hold a convention of the United Irish League. There were only two dissenting members in the largest meeting of the directory ever held.

According to this account, Lloyd George, in a Pokker, was attempting with another Pokker, to attack a British aeroplane approaching Annay from Lens when another British flier appeared and dived on the two Pokkers, causing Lt. Immelmann to plunge perpendicularly, the wings of his machine breaking off.

MRS. HETTIE GREEN, WORLD'S RICHEST WOMAN, IS DEAD

Leaves Fortune Said to be Close to \$100,000,000.

New York, July 3—Mrs. Hettie Green, known as the world's wealthiest woman, who was eighty years old, died here today. Her husband was the late Edward

H. Green, United States consul-general in Manila. Her son, Col. Green, and her daughter, Mrs. Matthews Astor Wilks, were the only children. The fortune she has left is said to be close to \$100,000,000. She was born on November 21, 1835, at New Bedford, Mass.

OBITUARY.

Miss Iva Ayer.

Many will learn with regret of the death of Miss Iva Ayer of 29 White street, daughter of the late Milton and May Ayer of this city. The cause of death was a relapse of pneumonia. She was seventeen years of age and is survived by three sisters, Mrs. J. A. McInerney, Miss Ames and Miss Gladys, and one brother, Roy, all of this city.

ARGE
MUM COST
LIMITED TO
\$5,000,000

Minister of Public
Replies to Criticism
Contract for Reconstruction
Parliament Buildings

he Standard.
July 3.—There has been
m of the contract entered
Public Works Department
Lyall and Sons, the Mont-
tors, for the reconstruct-
parliament buildings, and
s Murphy, is reported as
ned from the joint recon-
parliament because he had
through illness to attend
meetings, and because he
of the contract being
Lyall & Sons without pub-
tion.

of Mr. J. P. Hunter,
Minister of public works, is
committee discussed the
is of securing the recon-
the buildings within 25
as possible with the best
workmanship, and decided
to be in the public interest
to let by force contract and
Lyall & Sons' Construction
ltd., as an exceptionally
ed and organized construc-
any to entrust with the

or cent. commission up to
four million dollars and
ent, or whatever additional
expended up to five million
a reasonable percentage
work out as a saving com-
the bulk tender system.
The contractor would no doubt
profit of probably 15 per-
centage. The committee has
limited the cost to the sum of five

another Advantage.
In addition to this," said
Mr. Hunter, "the consideration that
the contract method it is
to have the work proceeded
the ultimate plans are
developed, whereas public com-
missions have necessitated a
change of plans every six or eight months
by alteration of plans and the
orders before a commene-
ment has been made on the

ward to the increased cost
over time which will be
Mr. Hunter pointed out that
he subsequently decided to place
the contract on the building. The
contractor would be higher.
Members of the committee are:
Mr. Reid, Hon. J. D. Hazen,
Blondin and Sir James
for the Government, and
Fugatey, Hon. E. Lemieux,
Messrs. Murphy and Senator
in the opposition. They are
the Minister of public
works, and utilizing the
services of his department.

disturbed by newspaper men
or the telephone or by per-
son to go up to his room. De-
votion precaution, however, and
wing to changes in clerks in
the staff of his room, the
ceded in calling him up by
or got up to his room. And
Kitchen called up the man-
nat hotel and inquired each
of the staff of his room, the
ions had not been obeyed.
he manager came down from
and final interview he let it
that it was worth anybody's
low a representative of the
ret at his distinguished guest
day, and then went some-
could recuperate.

Give Our Sons"
(From Punch).
proud cry—a vain and empty
at:
ld not ask so great a sacri-
reville found you at your
4:
saw the cost; clear-eyed you
had caught your ear.
to urge you, or to know the
rn decree you followed, or
oyed;
compelled your swift, unerr-
choice.
the staff of which your
same were made:
high instinct passionately
e.
Your way you knew.

not give you—all unasked you
nt.
of a greater motherland (MS
rs:
your young brief
es were lent.
swept beyond us by resolute
s of
hear, when we have lost our
That far clear call.

MINTO COAL MINES SHUT DOWN AGAIN

Miners Refused to Work on the Basis Recently Agreed Upon.

Special to The Standard, Fredericton, July 3.—The Minto Coal Company's mines at Minto are again shut down through a strike by miners.

Recently the mines were shut down because of the same reason but Sir Thomas Tait came here and visited Minto. As a result of his visit some arrangement was made with the men under which they were granted some concessions and agreed to return to work on the new basis.

Just about as soon as Sir Thomas had left, however, the miners again refused to work and since then the mines have been shut down. Some of the foreigners employed at the mines have already been arranging to leave Minto but thirty Austrians who wanted to leave for Nova Scotia to go to work found themselves unable to get out of Minto because the railway was tied up

RALPH SECORD OF APOHAQUI IS WOUNDED

Parents Receive Word That Popular Young Man Has Been Wounded in the Head

Apoahqui, July 3.—The numerous friends of Corp. Ralph Secord, one of the brave young men of this place, who enlisted at the very outset of the war and has been in the trenches for upwards of a year, were sorry to hear of the official news received from Ottawa by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Secord, stating that he had been wounded in the head. No further particulars have been received by his relatives, though they and his friends are waiting anxiously for a more encouraging report.

owing to washouts. The output of the mines recently has been between 300 and 350 tons of coal per day, much of which has recently been going to the I. C. R., and was shipped via Chloman and the National Transcontinental Railway to Moncton.

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its Wonderful Literary and Moral Value!

Macaulay Says: "If everything else in our language should perish, the Bible would alone suffice to show the whole extent of its beauty and power."

Coleridge Says: "Intense study of the Bible will keep any writer from being vulgar in point of style."

John Richard Green Says: "As a mere literary monument the Bible remains the noblest language of the English tongue, while its perpetual use made it from the instant of its appearance, the standard of our language."

When Walter Scott Lay Dying, he said to his son-in-law: "Lockhart read me something from the Book." Lockhart asked, "What book?" Scott replied: "Why do you ask? There is but one Book—the Bible!"

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Every Word Jesus Spoke Printed in Red Letters
Compare It—No Other Bible Like It!

This Paper Wants to Put the Bible Into Every Home in This Land!
Get It! Read It! Study It! Ponder It! Let Your Children Read It!
For it contains the lore and wisdom of all the ages. It is the
Greatest Book of the whole human race in 6000 Years!

SPECIAL FEATURES:

<p>ALL THE WORDS AND SAYINGS OF CHRIST distinguished from the context by being printed in red.</p> <p>All Passages in the Old Testament prophetic of the coming of Christ, marked with a Star.</p> <p>All the difficult words in both Testaments made self-pronouncing by discursive marks; made so simple a child can pronounce them.</p>	<p>Hundreds of Helps and References.</p> <p>Family Register of Births, Marriages and Deaths.</p> <p>Exhaustive Marginal Annotations.</p> <p>Index to Parables and Miracles.</p> <p>Explanatory Headings at top of each page.</p> <p>Dissertation on the Lord's Prayer.</p> <p>Proving the Old Testament, by Dr. Wright.</p> <p>Books of Reference for Students.</p> <p>Readings of Revised Version collated with King James Version.</p>	<p>Sunday School Teachers' Use of Bible, by Bishop Vincent.</p> <p>Calendar of Daily Readings of Scripture, by Whittle.</p> <p>Authentic Bible Statistics and Information.</p> <p>Harmony of the Gospels.</p> <p>From Malachi to Matthew, by Dr. Fernie.</p> <p>Biblical Weights and Measures.</p> <p>Christian Worker and his Bible, by Whittle.</p> <p>How to Study the Bible, by Dwight L. Moody.</p>
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Wondrously Beautiful Half-tones of Scenes of Sacred History. Text Printed in Large Type, Easy on the Eyes. Eight Tinted Maps of Bible Lands.

EXQUISITE COLORED PLATES OF Nazareth, Bethlehem, Holy Sepulchre, Garden of Gethsemane, Visitation of Virgin Mary, Modern Jerusalem, After the Crucifixion, Tiberias, Damascus, Gate of Jerusalem, etc.

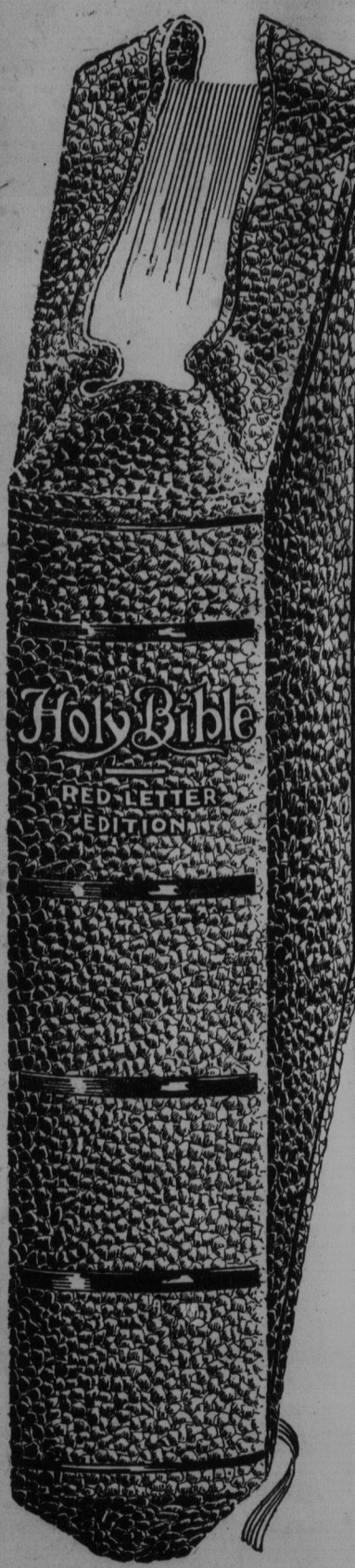
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No. 9 WEEPER

New No. 9 embodies good feature of our models and eliminates possible objection. Among its new features: Perfect brush (operated by foot) fibre bearings and long rods. Very low, n. high.

Guaranteed DOO 13 King St.

Our New Styles in Canvas Shoes are a Cool Proposition for a Hot Day

Waterbury & Rising, Limited

Monthly Meeting of the Local Red Cross Society

Many important matters came before the monthly meeting of the local Red Cross Society held on Monday afternoon in the depot rooms.

Receipts: Royal Fruit Co., A. D. Emerson \$ 37.00, Trinity Corporation 12.53, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. R. Reid 25.00, Friends at Long Reach, S. Theo. Holder 31.04, Sale of violets, Witanetode 9.05, Mrs. H. E. Wardroper 5.00, W. J. Ambrose, Esq. 5.00, Upper Gaslowe Red Cross 40.00, Tattoo, Per Col. A. H. Powell 975.90, Proceeds of bazaar, Willis Dunham 3.54, Mrs. G. Cuthbert, Jos. McNeill, Ruth Cuthbert, Mrs. Mackenzie (Florenceville) 6.00, East St. John fee, Mrs. Burditt 1.00, Proceeds sale, Olive Scott, Laura Polkins, Rowena Cronk, Emma Bilzard, Bernice Days 13.29, Miss J. S. Thompson 2.00, Rev. R. A. Armstrong 10.00, Stone Church Circle 25.00, A friend per F. H. S. 25.00, Mrs. A. P. McIntyre 2.00, St. Luke's Circle 5.00, \$1,243.40

Expenditure: Materials, needlework, wool \$ 545.90, Monthly grant to headquarters 300.00, Proceeds Tattoo to head office 975.90, \$1,821.80, Balance in regular account, \$352.10, Needlework department, reported by Mrs. F. S. White: Goods received in the month of June, 1916: Palama suits, 182; hospital shirts, 356; handkerchiefs, 320; bed socks, 4 pair; towels, 25; quilts, 12; operation stockings, 89; wringers, 326; U. bags, 10; bedside bags, 198; personal property bags, 9; hospital caps, 98; cleanest cloths, 2; arm rests, 17; hot water bottle bags, 21; field shirts, 22; slippers, 15 pair; bed pan covers, 5; ether, 100 tins; operation bags, 1; first aid case, 1; puzzles, 7; magazines, 1 package—total, 1,841. Central Greenwich Women's Institute, per Mrs. Frank Short, 1 pajama suit, Mrs. David Martin, St. Leonard's N. B., 120 handkerchiefs, S. C. Lord, 351 Centre St. Milton, Mass., 7 puzzles.

Contests: Drawing of a man's face, more than fifteen years of age, piece, by drawing around STANDARD inside the circle as clear as in the event of deration. Times you have managed to get the coupon which is given Wednesday, July 12th, with to THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

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MADE IN CANADA GILLETTS LYE. Used for making hard and soft soap, for softening water, for cleaning, disinfecting and for over 500 other purposes.

COL. GUTHRIE RECOMMENDS PROMOTIONS

Officer to Command "Kilties" Has Selected Some Officers -- The Construction Battalion -- Other Military News.

Yesterday was a quiet day in local military circles. Lt.-Col. Guthrie, O. C. of New Brunswick troops, spent the day in Fredericton, where he was engaged in taking over the barracks where his new little regiment, the 236th, will be quartered. Captain D. Allan Laurie is in charge at headquarters in the absence of Lt.-Col. Guthrie.

Announcement has been made that a course for non-commissioned officers of the 236th Battalion will be opened at Fredericton on July 10th. Sergt. Byers will be the instructor, and it is expected there will be a large number taking the course.

A portion of the battalion to which Lt.-Col. Guthrie plans to give considerable attention is the pipe band. Several pipers have already signed on the new battalion, and it is hoped to secure about fifty pipers. Lt.-Col. Guthrie will come to the city from Fredericton at noon today. It is learned that he has sent forward recommendations that Captain Goggin, the medical officer for the 236th, and Captain Laurie, who will command a company in the kilties, be promoted to the rank of major. Captain Laurie is at present attached to the headquarters staff in this city, while Captain Goggin is in Fredericton. Both officers were with Lt.-Col. Guthrie in action at the front, and Captain Laurie has only lately recovered from the effects of serious wounds received in battle.

General Benson Coming. Considerable interest centres in the visit of Major-General Benson, the officer commanding the sixth military headquarters at Halifax, who is coming to St. John this week on official business. It is learned that General Benson will discuss with the local authorities the question of recruiting with a view to making arrangements for the early completion of the ranks of the New Brunswick battalions now in training at Valcartier.

It is learned that the party of twenty-two men from the 115th Battalion, under Lieut. Porter, will leave for Valcartier in the course of a few days to rejoin their battalion. Lieut. R. Fraser Armstrong of the 65th Field Artillery Depot, former engineer superintendent of the Water and Sewerage Department, returned to Woodstock yesterday morning after a pleasant visit to St. John. A number of recruits who have taken the officers' training course at Aldershot have returned to St. John. They are for the most part members of the 115th Battalion and instructions have been issued for them to join their battalion at Valcartier.

SOLDIERS TO BE PREFERRED FOR CITY JOBS

Commissioners Affirm Principle That Nothing is Too Good for Boys in Khaki-- Other Business at Council Meeting.

All the commissioners were present at the noon committee meeting of the council yesterday. E. A. Schofield appeared on behalf of the returned soldiers' committee and urged that preference be given to returned soldiers when positions were being filled. He also suggested that if no returned soldier was available at the time any position was filled that the appointment be only temporary with the understanding that as soon as a returned soldier was available he should get the position. The commissioners agreed with Mr. Schofield that the principle was a good one and some of them pointed out that civic employees who had enlisted did so with the promise of their old positions when they returned.

As the police had not notified dog owners that July 1st the tax would double, it was decided to extend the time when they can be procured at one and two dollars until August. Commissioner Fisher recommended that the salary of C. Fisher, foreman of sidewalks, be placed at \$1,000 per year. This was agreed to. Commissioner Fisher was instructed to use his own judgment in regard to placing a man on the dump on Lansdowne St. to level it off. Commissioner Fisher referred to the need of retaining walls on Rockland Road and Chesley street. He was given authority to go ahead with the work on Rockland Road which will cost \$964, while the Chesley street one which will cost \$2,000 was referred back.

Since the appointment of Donald Munro to an office in Carleton county, the office of secretary of the Returned Soldiers' Association has been vacated. Charles Robinson, formerly city traveller for Messrs. Baird & Peters, has been appointed to the office, and assumed his new duties on the first of this month. Mr. Robinson has a wide acquaintance throughout this province, which will be of especial value to him in his new work. He has an intimate knowledge of the requirements of very many employers of labor and of others who may from time to time require help in various capacities, and because of this should be well qualified to place in suitable positions many of those men returning from the front who may be in need of employment. There are in New Brunswick organizations in all counties which keep in touch with the central office in St. John and as Mr. Robinson will be in communication with the various organizations, he should be able to place all those men returning from Europe and in respect to possible employment there should be little difficulty in placing all for whom situations are desired. Mr. Robinson will have his office at 49 Canterbury street.

Barbados Molasses Crop. A cable was received from the Barbados board of trade by the secretary of the board of trade here which stated that statements and figures which appeared in the Democratic newspaper of April 22 or 23 were utterly false and misleading. The Barbados board estimate the total island crop at 70,000 puncheons fancy and 20,000 grocers' molasses, and of the 20,000 grocers, 4,000 was sold to England. The Democrat estimate of 115,000 puncheons was absurd. The cable requested that this information be passed on to the boards at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax and St. Johns, Newfoundland. This cable was probably sent out in answer to newspaper clippings and correspondence sent from Newfoundland asking the different boards of trade to cooperate to try and stop the speculation which was evidently going on in molasses, he also suggested that molasses be sold by weight instead of measure.

The 140th at Valcartier. In a letter received yesterday from a soldier of the 140th Battalion, in training at Camp Valcartier, he states that the 140th have, since they arrived in camp, undergone inspection about eleven times, being inspected by different officials in the Canadian militia. The inspections were all successful and the inspecting officers were well pleased with the excellent showing made by officers and men of the 140th.

FIVE SHOTS TO EVERY ONE OF ENEMY'S

British and French Not Repeating Error Made in Last Drives but Have Prodigious Supply of Munitions.

Paris, July 3.—The desperateness of the struggle along the front of the Allied offensive in northern France is shown in the progress made through what the official bulletins describe as the "line." This designation does not refer to a single line, but to the important first position defenses, from a half mile to a mile deep, comprising an intricate system of trenches called a labyrinth, connected with advanced posts heavily armored with concrete, in which machine guns are installed, while in the trenches themselves are armored turrets protecting other machine guns.

The second and third lines of the general defensive works of the Germans on the western front are equally important and similarly intricate. All three lines must be pierced by the Allies before their desire to force the Germans to battle in the open can be realized. In the battles of Arras and the Champagne, the French attacked the second line without sufficient artillery preparation. The error was not repeated in the present case. The accumulation of munitions behind the Allied front is prodigious, while the Germans' stock is apparently less plentiful, as their reply is in the proportion of one shot for five. This leads to the impression among observers that their extended front is not as well equipped or manned as in previous battles.

The fighting about Verdun centres chiefly upon the Damloup works, which have changed hands twice within the past twenty-four hours, the Germans first taking them, and the French recapturing them as a result of a desperate counter-attack.

Hotel Arrivals. Royal. W. J. Kent, G. Lindsay, Bathurst; Fred C. Peabody and wife, Arthur Ray and wife, Jennie L. Ray, Northam, Mass.; Misses L. and C. Wainmaker, A. L. Foster and party, F. G. Hatch, Boston; E. S. Carter, Roxbury; Geo. J. Rees, Shadyside; C. J. Govan, Montreal; W. A. Bruce, New York; Geo. Kennedy, Montreal; W. M. Fraser, St. Andrews; R. S. Curry, Jackson, Miss.; Dr. H. B. Murray, Providence; R. L. Hills, Hartford; C. R. Rogers, Wrentham, Mass.; W. B. Sheehan, W. B. Bell, Montreal; H. W. Wood, Oxford; H. M. Barnard, Jr., Portland; W. S. Bucklin, R. A. Boutelle, W. P. Crocker, Fitchburg, Mass.; W. A. Doherty, Philadelphia; W. J. McLean, Halifax; T. S. Estrella, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Lane, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Carleton Welch, New York; W. H. Bucknell, Antigonish; E. C. Shee and wife, New York; P. G. Mahoney, Melrose; W. J. Driscoll, Princeton, N. J.; W. J. Driscoll, Boston.

Victoria. Mrs. H. H. Marshall, S. Cabot, Boston; Dr. and Miss Miller and family, Philadelphia; Chas. Anderson, McAdam; Frank Bird, Woodstock; Mrs. A. Cooney, Brownville; W. A. McKinley, St. Andrews; C. H. Fowler, Brownville; M. B. Hanson, Montreal; Gerald P. Doherty, Washington, D. C.; H. R. Boufford, Three Rivers; Miss I. Henderson, M. B. Green, Grand Manan; C. H. Keith and wife, Petitcodiac; G. A. Porter, Fredericton; Mrs. A. Raymond, Campbellton; Chas. T. Harris, Montreal; A. W. Carpenter, Queenstown; A. P. Coleman, Halifax; J. Fraser and family, Ottawa; A. M. Henderson, Queenstown; Wm. H. Miller, Campbellton; C. H. Bullock, J. F. Gimson, R. N. R. Quebec; Frank Bavid, Woodstock; John Samuels, Ottawa; N. E. Sharpe, Pictou; W. G. MacLennan, Macas Bay; Arthur J. W. Back, Milltown, N. B.; J. H. Donley, Berlin; A. D. Horton, Moncton; J. B. Dargatz, Fredericton; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Howatt, Spokane, Wash.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. CORRECTS ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. BRIGGS' DISPEPSIC TABLETS.

GOV. HUGHES PREPARING HIS CAMPAIGN

Republican Nominee Mapping Out His Western Campaign-- Preparedness and Mexican Situation Two of His Subjects.

Bridgehampton, N. Y., July 3.—Plans for the forthcoming trip to the Pacific coast engaged the attention of Charles E. Hughes, the Republican candidate today. Mr. Hughes expects to prepare in advance most of the ten or twelve speeches he will deliver on this trip and to limit them to 1,000 to 1,200 words apiece.

It is likely that in addition to his prepared speeches the nominee will discuss at each city where he speaks issues of peculiar local interest. The main addresses, however, probably will be well in hand a week before he starts on the trip the second week in August.

Preparedness and the administration's foreign policy, particularly with reference to Mexico, will be the chief subjects discussed on the trip unless present plans are altered. The nominee made it plain to callers today that he does not intend to make the campaign one of personalities.

The present prosperity of the country also will be discussed.

Montreal Sporting Man Here. Among the arrivals in the city yesterday was George Kennedy, of Montreal. Mr. Kennedy is easily rated as one of Canada's greatest sporting men. As a promoter of many big sporting events, he is known all over Canada, while lacrosse, hockey, baseball and champion fighters, have all been handled successfully by him. He is at present in the city in the interest of the Willard-Moran fight pictures, he having control of the right for the production of these pictures in Canada.

RIGHT OF WAY SECURED FOR VALLEY LINE

Purchase for Oak Point-Westfield Section About Completed--Government Meets at Capital This Evening.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, July 3.—The provincial government will meet here tomorrow evening and Premier Clarke is expected here this evening. John Connor of Woodstock, right of way agent for the St. John and Quebec Railway Company, is in town. Mr. Connor has been engaged in purchasing a right of way for the St. John Valley Railway between Oak Point and Westfield and has about completed his work in that section.

He states that about 300 men are engaged on construction work on the railway at present. John Kennedy of Kennedy & McDonald, who have the sub-contract north of Westfield, is also here. The divorce court will open here tomorrow, Judge McKewen presiding. There is a large docket. The York County council's semi-annual session opens here tomorrow morning.

Tax Bills Coming. The citizens will receive their annual invitations to call on the chamberlain very soon. The tax bills are all made out and will be given to the district commissioners today or tomorrow, and everybody will probably know in a few days what the city requires from them in the way of taxes this year. The time for taking advantage of the five per cent discount has been extended to August 1st on account of the bills being late in getting out.

Two St. John ministers begin their vacation this week. Revs. F. S. Dowling of St. Andrew's Church and G. Dickie of St. Stephen's Church. The latter congregation will hold united services with Calvin Church during the months of July and August.

HAY, OATS and FEED. At Lowest Cash Prices. St. John Milling Co. Ltd. Tel. West 8 Rodney Wharf.

Removal Notice. We have removed our Branch Office from 245 Union St. Cor of Brunswick, to the Collins building. 35 Charlotte Street. Boston Dental Parlors. Head Office 527 Main Street, Phone 683. Branch Office 35 Charlotte St. Phone 38.

LATE NEWS AND VIEWS FROM SPORTING WORLD

NEWS

A DULL SESSION OF N.Y. MARKET

Dull at Midday and Lapsed Into Absolute Stagnation Later in the Day.

SHARP DECLINE IN SEVERAL ISSUES

Bond Market Firm With Steady Enquiry for Anglo-French and Canadian Issues at Slight Advance.

New York, July 3.—Coming between two holidays, today's market was in significant and unimportant, to the last degree. Dealings were light and confined to the outside, because increasing dull at midday and lapsing into absolute stagnation later, the total turnover barely approximating \$20,000,000.

Attendance of traders was the smallest of any regular session for many weeks, and outside interest was utterly lacking. The short interest found further excuse for attacking special stocks in the face of the increasing dullness, which the government intends to levy upon gross earnings of munitions companies and related concerns.

STEAM BOILERS

On hand at our works and offered for sale.

- 1 Inclined Type, on skids, 50 H.P.
1 Locomotive Type, on skids, 20 "
1 Vertical Type, 20 "
1 Return Tubular Type, 45 "

Complete Details, together with prices, can be had upon request.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY advertisement with logo and contact information: R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD., Agents at St. John.

COAL For Grates—Old Mines Sydney and Cannel.

For Ranges and Stoves—Reserve and Springhill.

SOFT COALS Now Landing Sydney and Minudie.

BEST QUALITY DRY HARDWOOD Sawed and Split, Delivered to Any Part of the City.

BRITISH PORTS Liverpool, June 30—Arr: Sch Sup L Davidson, Portland and St John, B.

FOREIGN PORTS Boston, June 30—Sld: Str Bay Stat Liverpool.

SHIPBUILDING PLANT STARTED The shipbuilding plant of Washburn Brothers, which has been idle for 15 years, has been leased by the Atlantic Coast Co. of Boston.

BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Braves Trim Phillies. Boston, July 3.—The Braves defeated the Phillies 5 to 1, today in a game that was called at the close of the sixth inning because of rain. The score: Philadelphia ... 001000—1 5 3 Boston ... 200003—5 11 1

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Recherster, 1; Toronto, 0. Toronto, July 3.—Recherster shut out Toronto today, 1 to 0. The score: Toronto ... 00000000—1 5 1 Rochester ... 00000000—0 6 1

TWO FOR BALTIMORE.

Baltimore, July 3.—Baltimore took a double-header from Newark today, 5 to 3, and 5 to 4. The score: Baltimore ... 30011003—5 9 1 Newark ... 00000200—3 7 1

THIS DATE IN RING HISTORY.

1894—Bob Fitzsimmons and Joe Choynski fought a five-round draw at Boston. This bout was one of the many in which Fitz's wonderful recuperative powers saved him from what seemed certain defeat.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 3; St. Louis, 2. Chicago, July 3.—Chicago won an erratic game from St. Louis today, 3 to 2. The score: St. Louis ... 00020000—2 7 1 Chicago ... 10100103—3 8 2

CLEVELAND, 6; DETROIT, 4.

Cleveland, July 3.—Deans' wildness early in the game and his ineffective play in the fifth, combined with two costly errors, gave Cleveland a 6 to 4 victory over Detroit today. The score: Detroit ... 01010000—1 5 1 Cleveland ... 00030103—6 13 1

WASHINGTON, 1 TO 0, TODAY IN AN 11-ROUND GAME.

Washington, July 3.—New York beat Washington, 1 to 0, today in an 11-round game. The score: Washington ... 0000000001—0 5 1 New York ... 0000000000—0 3 1

FILES SUIT FOR \$12,500.

Chicago, June 28.—Mordcaid Brown, formerly manager of the St. Louis Federal Baseball Club, today filed suit for \$12,500 in the Federal District Court here against Otto Sifele and Philip A. Ball, owners of the club, alleging an amount is still due him on the unfinished portion of his contract.

DILLON'S NAME IS PRICE.

Frankfort, Ind., July 3.—It was here, on February 2, 1891, that Dillon was born and christened Ernest Coultter Price. Although young Price left here when a boy, before he assumed a fighter's name and gained fame in the ring, this city still claims him as its own.

THE HAMPSHIRE'S PART IN JUTLAND BATTLE.

Like a word from the grave comes a letter which has been received by G. M. Stone, of No. 365 Ocean Ave., Brooklyn from one of the sailors of the cruiser Hampshire, the vessel which was sunk with Lord Kitchener on board. The letter was mailed just before the vessel left port on its final trip and is mostly devoted to the account of the ship's part in the North Sea battle.

THE BEST DOCTOR

on earth is moderation. In every walk of life you will find the healthiest, brainiest men are moderate men. never indulge to excess in eating or drinking.

They demand a pure wholesome whisky, such as FOUR CROWN SCOTCH, the most popular whisky in Canada.

FOSTER & COMPANY St. John Agents for New Brunswick

LAST NIGHT'S BOXING MATCH WAS VERY SHORT AND SWEET

"Roddy" McDonald of Halifax Put Frank Perron of Providence "Out" Twice in Less Than One Round—A Laughable Preliminary.

To be knocked out twice in one minute, was the experience of a boxer who claims to be Frank Perron, of Pawtucket, R. I., and the man who delivered the punches, which caused the man from the States to take the count on two occasions, was Roddy McDonald, of Halifax.

The promoter of the bout was Bert Dryden, who is striving hard to bring boxing up to his old standard in St. John. He has had his troubles in starting these exhibitions, this being the second one, this being the second one, this being the second one.

Some of the sports present at the ring were not satisfied, and thought they should receive back the dollar they paid for admission, while the majority of those present thought the decision was a good one.

TY SUSPENDED FOR THREE DAYS

Became "Peeved" When Called Out on Strike and Threw Bat Into the Grandstand.

Chicago, July 3.—Ty Cobb, Detroit outfielder, was today suspended for three days and fined \$25 by President Johnson, of the American League, for throwing his bat into an unoccupied section of the grandstand when he was called out on strikes in a game here yesterday.

CELEBRATED BASEBALL BIRTH.

Celebration of the "birth of baseball" in Cooperstown, N. Y., was begun there last week in connection with the opening of a new railroad passenger station, H. M. Hempstead, president of the New York National League Baseball Club, was among the early arrivals, and John K. Tener, president of the National League, was a speaker.

A special Baseball Commission appointed by the National and American leagues in 1907 declared that baseball was first played in Cooperstown. This was said to be as early as 1839.

General Abner Doubleday, a West Point graduate and a native of Cooperstown, was credited by the speakers as being the originator of the modern game. It was he, according to Mr. Tener, who first laid out the baseball diamond and fixed the strategic positions of the players, the fundamental features of which, he said, despite many changes in the rules and methods of the game, never have been improved upon.

Bringing Up Father



down like they did before the main feet came up and chased the Germans back. "Don't think I don't appreciate the way those fellows fought. They went at it hammer and tongs and took advantage of all the conditions. I mean that if the light had held, the main feet would have been able to come up with them and knock them to pieces the way they did our light cruisers. You see, our main feet came up fresh and the Germans had been fighting for some time. Even in the short time they were in range, the Germans were badly hit by our main fleet.

"I suppose you are interested in what we were doing. We got well into the action, but were not hit, for a wonder. We got into the fight before the main fleet closed up. We think that we accounted for one light cruiser. We hit her and later she was reported in flames. Most of our time though was spent in dealing with submarines.

HINTS ON WALKING.

The following article has been written by a member of the Children's Corner, Eidon Tait of Jordan Mountain, and ought to prove of value to Scouts.

The time for hiking is approaching. Scouts, like the migratory birds, are eager for change of scene, and no way to the woods and the fields for a time. There then arises the question of knowing how to hike, the art of walking. To be sure, every boy and scoutmaster thinks he knows how to walk—but does he? There is abundant chance for practice; methods both physical and mental enter into walking; it is educational in exercise and observation.

Anybody can stretch out his legs, reach out toe and heel, and get along somehow. But just notice how much sooner the imperfect walker gets weary than does the walker who knows how to progress and makes half-unconscious use of every necessary faculty in so doing.

Some of the little things that count are the length of stride, the rigidity of leg, the appearance of step too long for continued comfort is more tiring than a step too short. Step out precisely at the length and in the manner that is the least effort to you, no matter what others do. There is something odd about this length of stride; some long-legged people will naturally step short; some short-legged ones will step long; the latter are naturally spring-legged and are usually good runners and jumpers.

Outside of the regular parish churches, however, there were other religious edifices, like the Sainte Chapelle, for the law courts, and the Sorbonne for the university. These two buildings were "disaffected" because their clergy refused to submit to the law, and obstinacy on both sides continued to prevent religious worship in either. The lawyers were the first to move, and have now obtained from the government the restoration of the Sainte Chapelle. It is believed that the Sorbonne, where sacred concerts have occasionally been given, will also soon be restored to public worship on demand of the university.

Before the abolition of the Concordat and the separation of Church and State in France the government, which was theoretically owner of the church buildings, paid the salaries of the clergy, and even had a voice in the selection of bishops and cardinals. Today the Church is as free in France as it is in America. It has to support itself, instead of being subsidized by the government; but, on the other hand, it is not subjected to interference in religious matters by the civil authorities.

The abolition of the Concordat was followed in 1906 by the law of associations for worship, "associations cultuelles," by which all religious bodies, in fact, all societies, even cricket clubs, were required to have authorization of the State to continue their functions. This applied to all the parish churches in France. But the Pope refused to allow the Catholic church to apply for authorization. In the juncture the government, in order not to be obliged to close the churches, concluded to consider the religious functions as ordinary public meetings. This was agreed to as far as parish vivendi was established which lasted until the law of 1907 did away with the necessity for asking special permits to hold services.

Rev. W. A. McQuarrie was ordained to the Christian ministry and inducted to the pastoral charge of Notre Dame, P. E. I., May 30. Revs. H. J. Fraser, J. K. Murchison, S. W. Irvine, G. A. Sutherland and J. A. Greenless took part in the service.

Jones' Red Ball Ale or Porter advertisement featuring an image of the bottle and text: are the best stimulants for body and brain. The traveller, the workmen in the woods drink them, the brain-workers in the city find grateful comfort in their use.

All physicians recommend them.

SIMEON JONES, Ltd. St. John, N. B. BREWERS

THE BEST DOCTOR advertisement with text: on earth is moderation. In every walk of life you will find the healthiest, brainiest men are moderate men.

FOSTER & COMPANY advertisement for Four Crown Scotch whisky: They demand a pure wholesome whisky, such as FOUR CROWN SCOTCH, the most popular whisky in Canada.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY advertisement: SOFT COALS Now Landing Sydney and Minudie. Fresh Mined, Burned—JAILING & GIVERN. Tel: 42 11 22 25 5 Mill Street.

STEAM BOILERS advertisement: On hand at our works and offered for sale.

Jones' Red Ball Ale or Porter advertisement: are the best stimulants for body and brain.

THE BEST DOCTOR advertisement: on earth is moderation.

FOSTER & COMPANY advertisement: They demand a pure wholesome whisky, such as FOUR CROWN SCOTCH, the most popular whisky in Canada.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY advertisement: SOFT COALS Now Landing Sydney and Minudie.

SHIPPING NOTES advertisement: (The time given is Atlantic Standard, one hour slower than present local time.) July Phases of the Moon.

BRITISH PORTS advertisement: Liverpool, June 30—Arr: Sch Sup L Davidson, Portland and St John, B.

FOREIGN PORTS advertisement: Boston, June 30—Sld: Str Bay Stat Liverpool.

SHIPBUILDING PLANT STARTED advertisement: The shipbuilding plant of Washburn Brothers, which has been idle for 15 years, has been leased by the Atlantic Coast Co. of Boston.

NEWS AND COMMENT FROM THE FINANCIAL WORLD

A DULL SESSION OF N.Y. MARKET
Dull at Midday and Lapsed Into Absolute Stagnation Later in the Day.

SHARP DECLINE IN BOND MARKET FIRM WITH STEADY ENQUIRY FOR ANGLo-FRENCH AND CANADIAN ISSUES AT SLIGHT ADVANCE.

New York, July 3.—Coming between two holidays, today's market was insignificant and unimportant, to the last degree. Dealings were light and contracted at the outset, became increasingly dull at midday and lapsed into absolute stagnation later in the day.

Attendance of traders was the smallest of any regular session for many weeks, and outside interest was utterly lacking. The short interest found further excuse for attacking special stocks in the tax of five to eight per cent, which the government intends to levy upon gross earnings of munitions' companies and related concerns.

Declines from two to four points were recorded during the forenoon by various speculative issues, the weakest features being United States Industrial Alcohol, Crucible Steel, Baldwin Locomotive and the Motors. Metal shares also were depressed by the additional break in Copper and allied products in the London market.

Mexicans made pronounced recovery on the more favorable outlook in that country, and such stocks as Mercantile Marine, Texas Company, Sears-Robuck and Cuban Cane Sugar were fairly strong throughout.

Falls of the investment class were dull but invariably better, especially the transcontinental group, with considerable activity at gains of a point or more for Southern Railway and Washab preferred shares.

Such minor falls as Iowa Central and Minneapolis and St. Louis were weak on very light offerings.

The market was at its best in the final hour, improved being due to rumors that an understanding involving the early removal of our forces from Mexico had been reached. Mexican Petroleum made an extreme gain of four points, and other specialties recorded greater part of their losses.

TEN MILLIONS MORE OF GOLD FROM LONDON
Brings Total for June to Total Larger Than Any Month Since the War Began.

Special to The Standard.
New York, July 3.—The arrival of \$10,000,000 gold from London this week with the \$56,000,000 which had come from Ottawa to New York last month brought the June imports up to a total larger than the shipments from England and Canada in any previous month since the war began.

Shipments to New York and Philadelphia from Canada during the month and a half up to the last Saturday that the movement was in progress amounted in round figures to \$100,000,000.

In the absence of any official explanation of how the Ottawa gold fund was accumulated an examination of the possible sources of supply at last reveals a rather peculiar agreement between the amount available and the total shipments from Canada between May 11 and June 3.

Produce prices on Montreal market. Montreal, July 3.—Corn, American, No. 2 yellow, \$3 85; No. 3, 3.55; extra No. 1, feed, 53c.

Increaser in customs duties. The customs duties for St. John continue to show a most satisfactory increase. Last month they were \$68,188.84 greater than for June 1915.

Shipping notes. Liverpool, June 30.—Arr: Sch Sagle L Davidson, Portland and St. John, N.B.

Foreign ports. Boston, June 30.—Arr: Str Bay State, Liverpool.

MONTREAL MARKET WAS IRREGULAR
Disappointment Among Some That Sharp Rise Did Not Result from War News

ONLY MINOR PRICE CHANGES
Many Cannot Understand Why Prices do Not Soar in Face of Great Allied Drive.

Special to The Standard.
Montreal, July 3.—One of the peculiar features of the moment is the disappointment which appears to be rife in some quarters, mainly of the unpatriotic character, over the failure of the stock market, to respond to the great Allied drive against the Germans.

Closing letter of N.Y. market by E. & C. Randolph. (E. & C. Randolph's closing letter of New York market furnished by McDougall & Cowans.)

New York Cotton Market Sales. (McDougall & Cowans.)

MONTREAL MARKETS. (McDougall & Cowans.)

WINNIPEG WHEAT CLOSE. (McDougall & Cowans.)

NOVA SCOTIA STEEL GROWS POPULAR ON BOSTON BOARD
Ambitious Plans for its Development by American Interests Said to be in the Making.

Special to The Standard.
Boston, July 3.—The Boston News Bureau today says: It is a matter of passing encouragement to the Boston market that a tendency to trade in Nova Scotia Steel common on the Boston board has developed.

Control still in Canadian hands. Special to The Standard.
Montreal, July 3.—The Star says concerning the foregoing report: "While it has been known locally for some time past that the Boston and New York financial houses of Hayden Stone and Company has acquired a substantial interest in the company and had one of its partners, Norman B. McKelvie, elected to the board it is believed here that the control of the company remains in Canadian hands."

High Grade Bonds For July Investment. Below will be found a list of some of the high grade Government Bonds and Municipal Debentures offered in our

Eastern Securities Co., Limited. Investment Bankers. HALIFAX, N. S.

McDOUGALL & COWANS. Members of the Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 PRINCE WM. STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Paul F. Blanchet. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT. Telephone Connection. ST. JOHN - and - ROthesay

Agents Wanted. For each village or district where there is no one selling Saturday Evening Post, Ladies' Home Journal and Country Gentleman.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Open	High	Low	Close
Anglo Fr Bds 95 1/2	96	95 1/2	96
Am Bond 87 1/2	88	87 1/2	88
Am Car Fr 53 1/2	54 1/2	53 1/2	54
Amer Loco 65 1/2	67 1/2	65 1/2	67
Amer Small 92 1/2	94 1/2	92 1/2	94
Amer Woolen 44 1/2	45 1/2	44 1/2	45
Amer Zinc 37 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	38
Amer Tele 128 1/2	130 1/2	128 1/2	130
Anaconda 81 1/2	83 1/2	81 1/2	83
Amer Can 52	53	52	53
Alchison 105 1/2	107 1/2	105 1/2	107
Balt and Ohio 89 1/2	91 1/2	89 1/2	91
Bald Loco 71 1/2	73 1/2	71 1/2	73
Butte and Sup 66 1/2	68 1/2	66 1/2	68
C P I 41 1/2	43 1/2	41 1/2	43
Ches and Ohio 63 1/2	65 1/2	63 1/2	65
Chino 50 1/2	52 1/2	50 1/2	52
Cent Leath 50 1/2	52 1/2	50 1/2	52
Can Pac 181	183	181	183
Cons Gas 134	136	134	136
Goodrich 72 1/2	74 1/2	72 1/2	74
Kans City 30 1/2	32 1/2	30 1/2	32
Kenne Cop 47 1/2	49 1/2	47 1/2	49
Eric 1st Pfd 52	54	52	54
Inspr Rub 73 1/2	75 1/2	73 1/2	75
Inspra Cop 50	52	50	52
Kans City 30 1/2	32 1/2	30 1/2	32
Penn 35 1/2	37 1/2	35 1/2	37
Lehigh Val 79	81	79	81
Louis and N 132 1/2	134 1/2	132 1/2	134
Mer Mar Pfd 91	93	91	93
Mex Petrol 98	100	98	100
NY NII and H 81 1/2	83 1/2	81 1/2	83
NY Cent 104 1/2	106 1/2	104 1/2	106
Nor and West 129 1/2	131 1/2	129 1/2	131
Nor Pac 113 1/2	115 1/2	113 1/2	115
Nevada Cons 16	17	16	17
Reading Com 96 1/2	98 1/2	96 1/2	98
Repub Steel 45	47	45	47
St Paul 98	100	98	100
Sou Pac 57	59	57	59
Sou Rail 24 1/2	26 1/2	24 1/2	26
Studebaker 132 1/2	134 1/2	132 1/2	134
Un Pac 138 1/2	140 1/2	138 1/2	140
U S Steel Com 85 1/2	87 1/2	85 1/2	87
Utah Cop 78 1/2	80 1/2	78 1/2	80
Westinghouse 37 1/2	39 1/2	37 1/2	39
U S Steel Pfd 117 1/2	119 1/2	117 1/2	119

CUNARD LINE
CANADIAN SERVICE
MONTREAL TO LONDON (Via Falmouth) From Montreal, July 16

MANCHESTER LINE
From Montreal, June 24
July 1
July 11
July 17
July 24
July 31

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
On March 3, 1916, and until further notice the S.S. Connors Bros. will run as follows: Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Company, Ltd., on Saturday, 7.30 a.m., daylight time, for St. Andrews, N. B., calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or L'Etete, Deer Island, Red Store of St. George, returning leave St. Andrews, N. B., Tuesday at 11.00 a.m., Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor. Weather and tide permitting.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
Commencing Sunday, June 18th.
ST. JOHN - MONTREAL
Ocean Limited
Daily Except Sunday

GRAND MANAN S. S. CO.
Season 1916—Grand Manan Route.
On and after June 1st and until further notice the Steamer "Grand Manan" will run as follows:
Leave Grand Manan Monday at 7.00 a.m. for St. John via Campobello, and Wilson's Beach. Arrive at St. John at 2.30 p.m.

Majestic Steamship Co.
St. John - Fredericton
Str. HAMPSTEAD
Will leave old May Queen wharf at 8 a.m. (St. John time) on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday for Fredericton and intermediate ports.

Crystal Steam Steamship Co.
ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE
The Str. D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every Mon, Wed. and Fri. at 8.30 a.m., returning alternate days, leaving Fredericton 7 a.m.

FURNESS LINE
The following first-class steamers will sail from London for Halifax and St. John, N. B., returning from St. John, N. B., for London via Halifax: S. S. Rapahannock. S. S. Kanawha. S. S. Sateramo.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES.
INTERNATIONAL LINE.
Steamships Captain Austin and Governor Dingley

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.
Lumber and General Brokers
SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, GYPSUM
SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING.

FIRE INSURANCE
We represent first-class British, Canadian and American tariff offices with combined assets of over One Hundred and Sixty Millions Dollars
C. E. L. JARVIS & SON, 74 Prince Wm. St.

Western Assurance Co.
INCORPORATED 1851.
Assets, \$3,213,436.28
R. W. W. FRINK - BRANCH MANAGER
ST. JOHN, N. B.

WORLD

et, all societies, even orthodox...
This applied to all the...
allow the Catholic church...
for authorization. In...
the government, in order...
to close the churches...
for the university. These...
an ordinary public meeting...
agreed to as far as parish...
law of 1907 did away with...
entry for asking special...
services.

STEAM BOILERS

land at Our Works
Offered for Sale

NEW.
Type, on skids...50 H.P.
Type, on skids...20
Type...40
Type...60

DOMINION COAL COMPANY
General Sales Office
Agents at St. John.

COAL
Grates—Old Mines
Ranges and Stoves—
Blacksmith Purposes—
All Sizes of BEST HARD COAL

SOFT COALS
Now Landing
Fresh Mined, Screened
JAMES S. McGUIVER,
42 St. John St., 5 Mill Street

BEST QUALITY DRY HARDWOOD
GEO. DICK,
46 Britain St.

SHIPBUILDING PLANT STARTED.
The shipbuilding plant of Washburn Brothers of Thomaston, which has been idle for 15 years, has been leased by the Atlantic Coast Co. of Boston.

THE WEATHER. Forecast. Maritime—Strong winds, unsettled, with occasional rain. Washington, July 3—North-eastern New England—Partly cloudy Tuesday; showers in Eastern Maine; Wednesday fair, variable winds.

Temperatures. Min. Max. Dawson 52 56. Victoria 50 54. Vancouver 52 68. Prince Albert 64 72. Saskatoon 61 74. Calgary 58 66. Moose Jaw 61 82. Regina 64 85. Winnipeg 58 64. London 55 74. Toronto 61 76. Kingston 60 70. Ottawa 60 68. Montreal 60 84. Quebec 54 60. St. John 54 68. Halifax 54 64.

Around the City. The steamship Pretorian was due at Quebec, and the Scandinavia at Liverpool yesterday, while the Corinthian is due in London today.

Playgrounds Opening. The Centennial playgrounds will open this morning. It is expected that the rest of the supervised playgrounds in the city will be open on Wednesday at latest.

Lieutenant Foley Goes to France. On Saturday, at noon, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Foley, of Westmorland Road, received a cablegram from their son, Lieutenant Frederick D. Foley, of the 5th Battalion, stating that he was leaving for France.

The Police Court. In the police court yesterday Edward White was fined \$15 for being drunk and using profane language to Conductor Holland on a street car. Thomas Keating, for breaking a door, was remanded. Stanley Moore was remanded for assaulting Wm. Moore.

Liquor Shipment. The Board of Trade has received copy of Supplement No. 9 to Express Classification No. 3, which bears upon the shipment of liquors. Under the terms of this supplement corrugated boxes instead of wooden boxes may be used when such containers comply with certain specifications.

One Lonely Man. Up to last midnight the arrest book at police headquarters was decorated with the name of but one lonely man. He was not under arrest, but, having no home, sought protection out of the train in a cell at headquarters. He will be turned loose this morning at six o'clock to continue his wanderings.

Rotary Club. Captain Grant of the American Legion addressed the Rotary Club yesterday at their noon luncheon. His address was along patriotic lines and was much enjoyed by the Rotarians present. He also spoke of the success which had attended a Rotary Club entertainment at Ottawa, at which \$1,000 was raised for patriotic purposes. It was proposed to hold some sort of entertainment for the benefit of the Patriotic Fund, Ward C. Hazen was appointed chairman of a strong committee who will consider the matter and report at a meeting to be held Wednesday at noon at Bond's.

Will Wed Today. At ten o'clock this morning, in Exmouth street Methodist church, James A. Moore will be united in marriage to Miss Ethel Maud Hastings, daughter of Sergeant Aaron Hastings of the local police force. The bride will be given away by her father, and the ceremony will be performed by Rev. W. G. Lane, the pastor of the church. The couple will be unattended. The young couple are extremely popular among a wide circle of friends and a large number of valuable and useful presents have been received.

Siloam Lodge Installs. District Deputy Grand Master J. A. Murdoch and staff consisting of the following: H. Y. MacKinnon, grand wardens; H. E. Codner, grand secretary; C. W. Segee, grand treasurer; C. D. Fowler, grand chaplain; A. Boveyer, grand inner guard; W. Watson, grand marshal, visited Siloam Lodge No. 25, I. O. O. F. last night and installed the following officers: Noble Grand, John Walker; vice-grand, Charles H. A. McFarlane; recording secretary, A. S. Walker; financial secretary, A. E. Jenner; treasurer, John Jackson; chaplain, C. J. Stammers. The balance of the officers were not installed last night.

Victoria "Wet Wash" Laundry is the best—they clean the clothes thoroughly. 2 to 10 Pitt street. Phone 990.

DECEASED WOMAN RECEIVES CONDOLENCES OF MINISTERS

Mrs. Kate Melanson of Long Wharf Has Highly Prized Letters from Sir Sam Hughes and Hon. J. D. Hazen.

Mrs. Kate Melanson, of 26 Long Wharf, a sister of Private Cornelius Garnett, who lost his life in action on June 24th, while fighting the enemy with the "Fighting 26th," has received letters of sympathy from Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, and Major General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence. The letters are as follows: Dear Mrs. Melanson, Ottawa, 27th June, 1916. Dear Mrs. Melanson, It was with feelings of very great regret that I learned today of the death in action on June 24th of your brother, Private Cornelius Garnett. I am writing this letter for the purpose of extending my very sincere sympathy to you in your sad bereavement. Nothing, of course, can lessen the effect of the blow, and of the sorrow caused to you and his family and intimate friends, but at the same time it is a satisfaction to know that he died serving his country, fighting in defence of those who are left at home, and of the free institutions that are so dear to the heart of every Canadian and British subject.

ST. JOHN AGAIN FIGURES IN THE CASUALTY LIST

Pte. F. W. Peacock of Dorchester Street Dies of Wounds—News of Other Local Men.

One more St. John man was added to the already long list of those who have given their lives for the Empire and freedom. One was reported wounded and word was received from some of the before reported missing that they were prisoners in Germany. Pte. F. W. Peacock, of Dorchester street, received word yesterday that her husband, Pte. F. W. Peacock, had died of wounds at No. 1 General Hospital at Camberwell on July 1. He was wounded in the head on May 28. He was one of the men who left St. John with Col. McAvity and his band of heroes.

PTE. C. M. BENNETT TELLS OF BATTLE OF SANCTUARY WOOD

St. John Man Who Left This City With the 26th Wounded While Fighting—Shell Struck Dugout and Buried Bennett and Chum—Now in English Hospital.

The following very interesting letter has been received from Pte. C. M. Bennett, giving an account of how he was wounded and conveyed to hospital in England. Pte. Bennett is one of the men who left St. John with Col. McAvity, St. Luke's Hospital, June 21, 1916. Dear Emma: As you will notice by the above I have changed my address. After facing the terrible Huns for so long they managed to get me, only instead of half burying me this time they whole buried me, fracturing my thigh, filling my left hand and right arm with some shrapnel and severely shaking me up. The last letter I received from you is dated May 29. If you have sent any since that it is doubtful if I will get them unless the battalion trace me and forward them on. Well, I will tell you how I got wounded. It was at that famous post of Ypres, right on the outskirts, and in a place called Sanctuary Wood. It was a wood once, but lately it has been the scene of some awful fighting, and all that is left of it is some leafless and broken stumps and about every yard a hole big enough to set a house in. After the first division, amongst the attack and recaptured the trench and about 125 prisoners, we were sent in to hold them; now this is some job, for after a line is captured the enemy will shell it to such an extent that it cannot be held. We went in about a week ago, we got there all right. That is, the crowd I was with, but the battalion had a lot of casualties. Well, I thought I had seen war, but after what I saw that night and the following days made me think war was truly hell. Along the roads dead bodies in all conditions, mostly Germans, were strewn everywhere. We got to our place and found there was no cover to be had, everything had been blown to pieces.

HERE ARE FIRST STORIES OF THE BOLD BAD MOOSE

Though the Season is Yet Many Weeks Off the "Big Game" is Evidently Abundant.

Persons from the city who have recently been enjoying a day in the nearby country districts return with the reports that the New Brunswick forests are abounding with moose and deer. On Sunday morning last Howard B. Bustin's yacht Anzac was lying at anchor off the upper side of the Kennebecasis Island near the point projecting into the St. John river. While Mr. Bustin and Walter Somerville were rowing ashore they saw a cow and bull moose swimming towards the island. The yachtsmen were enabled to row up to the animals and place their hands upon their backs. Ira D. Thompson, while motoring on the Chance Harbor road on Saturday afternoon last saw two large moose. The animals were on the road and ran in advance of the car for some distance before they turned off and disappeared in the woods. Manager W. C. McKay, of the Opera House, while on a fishing trip to Beaver Lake on Saturday had quite an experience with a large bull moose. He was in the act of casting his line from the shore of the lake when he was startled by a loud crash of breaking branches near him, and immediately a large bull moose ran from the bushes within a few yards of the angler, plunged into the water and swam across the lake. It was a new experience for Mr. McKay. New Polo Coatings. F. A. Dykeman & Co. have just received some all wool Polo Coatings, direct from the mill. These coatings are in white, and in stripes and checks with a white background, 54 inches wide, and at a very low price of \$2.25, considering the increase in price of wool. Gundry's is showing a strictly high grade lot of pendants at most reasonable prices, from \$10.00 up. Gundry's selections are different. You will rarely see the same goods in other stores. You will never be offered more up to the minute goods at better values.

DONALD MUNRO NOW IN LONDON FOR TREATMENT

Member of 26th Battalion, Wounded in France, Now in Hospital in Heart of London.

A letter received by Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Munro from their son, Donald, who left here with the signalers of the 26th Battalion, and who was wounded in a battle some time in May and was admitted to hospital in Boulogne is as follows: Arrived here in England yesterday, June 19, left Boulogne in the hospital ship and arrived at Dover; came straight through to London on the hospital train. This hospital is right in the heart of London. Well, Mother, I was struck by a shell (shrapnel) in the battle of —, where we had been for about three months, and some hot place, believe me. A piece of the shell struck me at the base of the spine, and another piece on the head, it paralyzed the lower part of my body, but I think, and the officials of the hospital think, I will come all right in time. All the doctors and nurses in the hospital are women and, they claim, experts. My chance, I think, for seeing France

Protect Your Live Stock from Fly Pests. Lice, Ticks, Mites and Vermin of all descriptions. FARMERS BEAR IN MIND. Cattle Thrive, Sheep Make Mutton and Wool, Hens Lay and Chickens Grow, if you protect them with the Only Sure Pest Destroyer, EUREKA FLY KILLER. Market Square—W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.—King Street

TRIMMED HATS. Hundreds to select from in all the wanted colors and newest styles, specially priced for today from \$1.00 up. Come in and see just what we are offering at these special prices. Marr Millinery Co., Ltd.

Mantels--Grates--Tiles. If you are building or remodeling you will require some of these goods, as well as other fireplace fixtures. Our line is thoroughly up-to-date and well assorted. We carry a large range of tile for the FIREPLACE, BATHROOM and PORCH. We invite a careful comparison of values and prices. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited. Stores Open 8.30 a.m., Close 6 O'clock; Fridays 10 p.m., Saturdays 1 p.m.

Mid-Summer Sale in the Carpet Department. For the balance of the week the following lines of floor coverings will be at prices which ought to effect a speedy disposal of them: JAPANESE MATTING, Per Yard 15c. JAPANESE MATTING, PLAIN, Per Yard 25c. and 35c. JAPANESE MATTING RUGS, 3 by 6 ft., 35c.; 9 ft. by 10 ft. 6 in. \$2.50; 9 by 12 feet \$3.00 PRAIRIE GRASS RUGS, heavy and good wearing, with plain centres, Grecian borders in brown, green, blue or red, 8 by 10 ft. Each \$6.00 9 by 12 feet, Each \$8.00 DUNDEE BRUSSELS AND WILTON RUGS, Hearth rug sizes only, in a large range of colors and designs. Each \$1.85 and \$2.00 REVERSIBLE BEDROOM RUGS, "hit or miss design." Each \$1.25 This is the opportunity if you desire low-priced floor coverings, as you will not be able to duplicate these anywhere for some time to come. NO APPROBATION. NO RESERVE. CARPET DEPARTMENT—GERMAIN STREET.

French Hand-Made Lingerie. The extreme beauty and daintiness of this hand-made lingerie cannot be appreciated unless you visit the department and see what the deft fingers of expert needlewomen have done to make possible this fascinating exhibit just received direct from the makers. NIGHT DRESSES, exquisite in design and workmanship, trimmed real Cluny lace and Carrick-ma-cross lace, eyelet button-holed embroidery. . . \$2.50 to \$7.00 ENVELOPE CHEMISES, many designs, very dainty, plain button-holed and elaborately worked \$1.65 to \$3.00 COMBINATIONS, CORSET COVER AND DRAWERS, beautifully worked. French touches of ribbon \$2.50 to \$5.00 SKIRTS, frills button-holed \$2.50 SKIRTS, wide frill, elaborately worked \$6.50 DRAWERS, latest styles, button-holed frill, also eyelet and blind embroidery \$1.90 to \$3.90 PLAIN CHEMISES, also eyelet embroidery and blind embroidery, \$1.80 to \$3.75 CORSET COVERS, in large variety, trimmed real Val. lace, also plain, button-holed, with floral designs \$1.65 to \$3.55 WHITEWEAR DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR. SEE KING STREET WINDOW DISPLAY.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited