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J. W. STREET:
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25th October, 1852.
JOHN MCNICHOLO,
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Boiled and Raw Lin
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J. W. STREET.

The Standard,
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The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

E carissumendqm est optimum. - Cic.

No 12. SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1854. [Vol. 21]

COMMUNICATIONS.

Fredericton, 18th March, 1854.

Mr. Editor.—The wind is blowing, and the snow flying here at a fearful rate—we have had nothing equal to it in the way of storms this Winter. It has raised snow drifts in the streets, and scattered the small branches of the old willow trees. It has proved, to a demonstration, that some of the chimnies in the Province building are wrong end up, for such is the draught downwards, that the rooms are untenable.

Nothing remarkable in the course of public proceedings since I last wrote. Scores of chapters of the consolidated Laws have been discussed, and passed both branches of the Legislature, and various opinions have been expressed in the course of the discussion, though the chapters as they came from the Commissioners have with a few exceptions been retained.

A large number of Bills have passed, and will be assented to by the Governor on Monday. The Legislative Council have thrown out the Bill sent up from the Assembly to prevent the people of Queen's County from electing their own Parish Officers. A motion to print the Orange Bill was negatived by a small majority. Petitions in its favour are still coming in, but no day is yet named for its discussion. The Revenue question was discussed in the Assembly two days, with a view to make a reduction in some of the articles, but the members finding themselves opposed to the views of each other, were glad to get clear of the subject by continuing the present Bill a year longer. The Bill to prevent the importation and manufacture of intoxicating liquors was introduced by Mr. Scoullar, accompanied by a Petition more than a hundred yards long, and containing upwards of twenty thousand names; and the time for its discussion has not yet been appointed. Monday is named in the Legislative Council, for the discussion of the amendment to the Election Law; so three of the four great matters mentioned in my last are still undecided. The Road Committee have not yet made their report. I am told they intend to recommend £17,000 for the Great Road, £17,000 for the Bye Roads, £10,000 for special Grants, and £10,000 for the rebuilding of Bridges—making in all, the fifth or sixth of £54,000.

can hardly believe it a short time will decide. Moses H. Perley Esq. of Saint John, lectured in the Temperance Hall last Tuesday evening to a crowded audience. His subject was *The Valley of the Saint Lawrence*, and he handled it ably. If not the very best, he is certainly one of the best extemporaneous lecturers in the Province. On the wall behind him was stretched out a large map, not quite finished, which he told his hearers, was the last production of your own respected Father, the late G. N. Smith, Esq. Though the subject was too large for a single lecture, he handled it most judiciously, pointing out the situation and extent of the British possessions in North America, tracing and describing the Rivers & the great Lakes—the Railroads in progress and in prospect—and all the Agricultural, Fishing, Manufacturing and Commercial capabilities of that vast country. Whether he deemed the Saint Andrews and Quebec Railroad too small to be mentioned among the great subjects which he so ably handled, or whether he forgot it altogether, I cannot tell, but this although the first undertaking of the kind in this Province, now rapidly progressing, and actually in operation, he never noticed at all!

Mr. Raymond lectured on Thursday evening to a very large audience—Subject, *Ireland and characteristics of the Irish peasantry*. His songs, stories, and anecdotes, were very amusing and interesting, and perhaps not excelled by the celebrated author, Carleton himself. Monday Morning.—Since writing the above we have had two fires in this City. The fine brick building erected by our old neighbour James Drake, and several other buildings, are just now smoking in ruins.

Yours,
A. W. SMITH, Esq.,
Standard, St. Andrews.

Mr. Lloyd says in his book of Scandinavian adventures (just published) that he had at one time serious thoughts of training a fine female wolf in his possession, but was deterred, owing to the poverty she exhibited for the neighbors pigs. "She was chained in a little enclosure, just in front of my window, into which those animals, when the gate happened to be left open, occasionally found their way. The devices the wolf employed to get them in her way were very amusing. When she saw a pig in the vicinity of her kennel, she evidently with the purpose of putting him off his guard, would throw herself on her side or back, wag her tail most lovingly, and look innocently personified. And

this amiable demeanour would continue, until the grunter was beguiled within the length of her tether, when in the twinkling of an eye, 'Richard' was himself again." Whilst young, her charges were invariably directed at the rear of the animal; and if she got hold of the tail, it was always taken off, as clean as a cook would slice a carrot. Several pigs were under my own eye thus mutilated.

THE STANDARD.

We have received the copy of a Bill, introduced by the Hon. Mr. Street, and read a second time, before the Legislature, entitled "A Bill relating to Steam Navigation in this Province." The object is, to guard the travelling public against steamers belonging to the Province, as may be considered unsafe for travellers. The bill provides that the steamers must be provided with good boats, life preservers, fire buckets, signal lights, shall carry only 40 lbs. of steam, when the boiler does not exceed 2 of an inch, and not over 75 lbs. when it shall not exceed half an inch. It authorizes the Governor in Council to appoint one Inspector in St. John, and other Inspectors in such parts of the Province as may be found necessary. There are penalties attached to the Act, which have a good effect.

VOTE BY BALLOT.

It is with much pleasure that we copy the following remarks of the Hon. James Brown in the Legislative Council, on introducing his Bill to amend the Election Law. We know of no member of the Legislature, more competent to frame an Election Law, and one which will answer the people, than the hon. mover of the present bill. Charlotte, may well be proud of Mr. Brown—he can speak, argue or write, with any of his colleagues.—We trust the Bill will pass the Council and the House of Assembly will be bound to sustain it. The Report says:—

Hon. Mr. Brown said he would remind their Honours of the notice he had given with regard to the Election Law.

The present session ought not to pass till the law was amended. The dissolution of the Assembly would be the signal for the commencement of a course more or less tainted with Bribery, Corruption, Intimidation, Rioting, Drunkenness, Perjury, and other evils, and the Legislature would afterwards be embarrassed and hindered by scruples, unless some remedy were speedily applied.

For these reasons he rose to move in that House, to present a Bill to amend the Election Law.

It might be objected that such a Bill should originate in the other House, and was usurped by Parliamentary precedent, and therefore an unwarrantable interference with the right of that House.

To this he would answer that he held in his hand a late number of the Edinburgh Review, whence it appeared that the Earl of Shaftsbury, in the last session of Imperial Parliament, introduced a Bill into the House of Lords, to amend the Election Law, precisely analogous to the one he had prepared.

In Nova Scotia, during the present session, a Bill had been brought into the Assembly, to make the Legislative Council elective, and carried by the Legislative Council, and the alterations agreed to by the Assembly. It was clear that such a Bill might originate in either House, and be amended by the other, the same as any matter of ordinary legislation. And then, notwithstanding the manifest necessity, the House of Assembly had done nothing, and therefore, if their honours had any right at all, now was the time, for unless a remedy were speedily devised, the Province at large and the Legislature of two or three of the following sessions, would be involved in just such evils as followed and attended the last general election. It might also be objected that this being a matter of importance ought to have been made a Government measure, and introduced as such, and the Government to stand or fall by the result. Although he (Mr. B.) had ever been favourable to responsible government, he saw clearly that it had been urged too far. That the Executive Council should possess the confidence of Assembly, and go out with that confidence was lost, was all right—right that the Council should be accountable to the House for all their doings in their Executive capacity, but that they should be required to introduce, and carry through, all the principal legislative measures, or lose their places, was a doctrine unreasonable and impracticable. Let them remember the proceedings of the first session of the present Assembly—

three days discussion on a want of confidence—then four days on a similar resolution. And the government sustained each time by a bare majority, and the whole of the legislation embarrassed by perplexing scrutinies. This was the time for some one man to have framed an improved election law—but no, nothing of the kind could be done, because it was held to be a government measure. No friend of the government would move in it single-handed, and no opponent would attempt it, no, no! such one would rather wait for the government to introduce it, in order that it might become a snare, and a trap, and a stumbling block, and a recompense unto them!—and so it had happened at last, when the attempt was made by the Attorney General last session. He therefore offered this bill as a matter of necessity, as the time was at hand.

In framing it he had set forth the evils in the preamble, as it had been prepared with a few to avoid, or at least to mitigate those evils, without disturbing the elective franchise. He had looked over the English act, and the law for voting by ballot in St. John, and had endeavoured to introduce a registration and the ballot, in such a way as to improve the mode, without interfering with the principles of our present law.

He was quite willing to extend the Franchise, but that could not be done without very essential changes which would defeat his object at the present time, as he hoped it might pass without the necessity of a suspending clause. In the meantime he would move leave to bring it in, and should it be received, would propose to have it printed, in order that it might be fairly before the Legislature and the country.

Hon. Mr. Chandler suggested that any debate which might arise on the Bill just presented, could originate on its second reading.

THE GAR PIKE OF CANADA.—In the lecture on Canada and the River St. Lawrence, recently delivered in this City by M. H. Perley Esq., allusion was made to a very curious fish existing in the fresh water basins of Canada, and there known as the GAR PIKE. Some interest was excited by the description given of this fish, which is believed to be the sole remaining species of a numerous class of fishes which existed in the earlier ages of the world. The lecturer stated, that he gave his description of the gar pike from the work of Professor Agassiz on Lake Superior; and on reference to that highly interesting book, we find that the genus to which this fish belongs is known as *Lepidosteus*. The fishes of this genus are well known to the scientific world from fossil specimens found all over Europe, in the oldest fossiliferous beds in the strata of the age of coal; in the new red sandstone; in the oolitic deposits; and even in the chalk and tertiary beds. They had the same wide range in North America; and specimens have been found in Asia and New Holland; so that this family now limited to a single specimen in North America was once cosmopolitan in its geographical distribution.

Professor Agassiz had ample opportunity of studying the skeleton of *Lepidosteus* in the fossil collection of Baron Cuvier at Paris, and from those specimens it was perfectly clear that these fishes had reptilian characters. The scales are square, and overlap only very slightly. Each scale is composed of two substances; first, a lower layer of bone forming that part of the scale which is covered by the next; and second, an enamel like that of teeth. The scales are also hooked together; a groove from each, with a hook from the next fitting into it. Nothing of this kind occurs in other fishes of the present day. Their vertebrae are not articulated together as those of other fishes, but unite by a ball and socket joint as in reptiles. The scales also resemble in some particulars those of the crocodilean reptiles which immediately succeeded those fossil fishes, during whose epoch no reptiles existed.

"At Niagara," says Professor Agassiz, "a living specimen of *Lepidosteus* was caught for me, and to my great delight, as well as to my utter astonishment, I saw this fish moving its head upon the neck freely, right and left, and upwards, as a Saurian, and as no other fish in creation does."

"The *Lepidosteus* is one of the swiftest fishes I know. He darts like an arrow through the waters, and the facilities with which he overcomes rapids, even the rapids of Niagara, shows that the fish of St. Mary would be no natural barrier to him, if there were no natural causes to keep him within the limits in which he is found."

The limited existence of this fish in North America, at the present day, is considered by Professor Agassiz as "having reference to the fact, that North America was an extensive continent in North America, when all the rest of the world was under water"; and that this physical condition has been more unaltered on this continent, than in any other part of the globe.—[New Brunswick.

THE MEN TO MAKE A STATE.

"The men to make a State must be intelligent men. I do not mean that they must know that two and two make four; or that six per cent a year is a half per cent a month. I take a wider and a higher range. I limit myself to no mere utilitarian intelligence. This has its place. And this will come, almost unthought. The context of the rough and rugged world will force men to it in self-defence. The lust for worldly gain will drag men to it for self-aggrandizement; but men so made will never make a State. The intelligence which that demands, will take a wider and a higher range. It is study will be man. It will read hearts. It will know men. It will first, know itself. Who else can govern men? Who else can know the men, to govern men? The right of suffrage is a fearful thing. It calls for wisdom, and discretion and intelligence, of no ordinary standard. It takes in, at every exercise, the interests of all the nation. Its results reach forward, through time, into eternity. Its discharge must be accounted for, among the dread responsibilities of the great day of judgement. Who will go to it blindly? Who will go to it passionately? Who will go to it as a sycophant, a fool, a slave? How many do! These are not men to make a State.

"The men to make a State, must be honest men. I do not mean men that would never steel. I do not mean men that would scorn to cheat in making change. I mean men with a single face. I mean men that consider always what is right; and do it, at whatever cost. I mean men who can dine, like Andrew Marvel, on a neck of mutton; and whom, therefore, no king on earth can buy. Men that are in the market for the highest bidder; men that make politics their trade, and look to office for a living; men that will crawl, where they cannot climb; these are not men to make a State.

"The men to make a State, must be brave men. I do not mean the men that pick a quarrel. I do not mean men that carry dirks. I do not mean men that call themselves hard names; as Bouncers, Killers, and the like—I mean the men that walk with open face and unprovoked breast. I mean the men that do, but do not talk. I mean the men that dare to stand alone. I mean the men that are to-day where they were yesterday, and will be there to-morrow. I mean the men that can stand still and take the storm. I mean the men that are afraid to kill, but not afraid to die. The man that calls his hand a hammer, and uses threats; the man that stabs in secret, with his tongue or with his pen; the man that moves a man to deeds of violence and self-destruction; the man that freely offers his last drop of blood, but never loses the first; these are not the men to make a State.

"The men to make a State, are themselves made by obedience. Obedience is the health of human hearts; obedience to God; obedience to father and to mother, who are to children in the place of God; obedience to teachers and to masters, who are in the place of father and mother; obedience to spiritual pastors, who are God's ministers; and to the powers that be, which are ordained of God—Obedience is self-government in action; and he can never govern men, who does not govern first himself. Only such men can make a State.—Bishop Doane.

HOLY LIFE.

The beauty of a holy life constitutes the most eloquent and effective persuasive to religion which one human being can address to another. We have many ways of doing good to our fellow creatures, but no so good, so efficacious leading a virtuous, upright, and well-ordered life. There is an energy of moral suasion in a good man's life, passing the highest efforts of the orator's genius. The seen but silent beauty of holiness speaks more eloquently of God and duty than the tongues of men and angels. Let parents remember this.

The best inheritance a parent can bequeath to a child is virtuous examples, a legacy of hallowed remembrances and associations. The beautiful holiness beaming through the life of a loved relative or friend is more effectual to strengthen such as do stand in virtue's ways and raise up those that are bowed down, than precept, command, exhortation, or warning. Christianity itself, I believe, owes by far the greater part of its moral power, not to the precepts or parables of Christ, but to his own character.

The beauty of that holiness which is enshrined in the four brief biographies of the man of Nazareth, has done more, and will do more to regenerate the world and bring it to an everlasting righteousness, than all other agencies put together. It has done more to spread its religion in the world than all that has ever been preached or written on the evidences of Christianity.—[Dr. Chalmers.

MOON ON A BRIDAL RING.—A young gentleman of fine intellect and noble heart, was suddenly snatched by the hand of death, from all the endearments of life. Surrounded by every thing that could make exis-

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. If Subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers, the publisher may continue to send them till all arrears are paid. If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their Bill, and ordered their papers to be discontinued. If Subscribers remove to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

But a few years ago she to whom he was wedded placed a bridal ring upon his finger, upon the inside of which he had a few words engraved. The husband would never permit the giver to read them, telling her the time would come when her wish should be gratified, and she should know the secret. Seven years glided away, and a few days since, when conscious that he must leave his wife forever, he called her to his bedside, and with his dying accents told her that the hour had come when she should see the words upon the ring he had given him. The young mother took it from his cold finger and, though heart-stricken with grief, eagerly read the words "I have loved thee on earth; I will meet thee in heaven."

NOVA SCOTIA RAILWAYS.—A letter from Mr. Jackson to the Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, dated the 31 of the present month, was submitted to the Assembly at Halifax last week, which for the present puts an end to all hope of Railways in Nova Scotia being constructed by Messrs. Peto, Brassey and Betts. The prospect of an European war has so completely altered the aspect of affairs, that Mr. Jackson says, it is now impossible to obtain for any new enterprise the support of British capital. He also says, that the work of Railways in Nova Scotia will far exceed what the Province expects, and it is still more apparent, that the traffic will not, of itself, yield a sufficient return to induce himself and partners, or any company, to embark capital in them. But forming part of a long line, with a terminus on the Sea-coast, it could be made so useful as not to render cost an object. Mr. Jackson then says:—

We therefore feel it due to the Province of Nova Scotia to say, we do not see our way to prosecute the Works for some time to come, and also that we have no right to keep up any expectation in the Province of our doing so immediately, but rather to help to the best of our power any party who may feel inclined to enter at once upon the enterprise; and to accomplish this we are willing to place at their disposal our Plans and Estimates, on being reimbursed simply the money put out of pocket; and we have also authority to state that Mr. Brassey would be willing to render his aid if he could be of use.

THE THIRST FOR WEALTH.

How wise is the prayer of Agur! And how few are there who imbibes his spirit, and discern the perils of riches! Inasmuch the desire of wealth grows upon us, and while our convictions are all the other way, we find our hearts clinging to the world's possessions as to their best good, and our hands are busily engaged in performing what the heart wrings in the love of the world, designs.

The desire for wealth, covetousness which is idolatry, is one of the most dangerous and deadly influences which can affect our Christian life. It cools our charity and dampens our zeal. It closes our hearts against the appeals which must coarsely be made to us, while the world is still unconquered, and there are many spots in foreign lands, unvisited by the messengers of the cross, or in our own, unprovided with the stated ministrations of the gospel. If all that is unwisely hoarded, and all that is worse than foolishly expended, could be turned to the great object of evangelizing the world; if men were more intent upon building up the kingdom of Christ, and less devoted to their own selfishness and pleasures, how different would be the report from the ends of the earth—and how would ignorance, vice and suffering diminish our world.—[Episcopal Recorder.

THE ICE AND OVERFLOW OF THE HUDSON.

Much inconvenience and no inconsiderable damage have been occasioned by the sudden breaking up of the ice and damming up the Hudson river, at, and near Albany. The heavy rains of last week swelled the river so as to cause an overflow of the quay and pier at Albany on Friday. At an early hour on the same day, the ice started, and early on Saturday morning it went off, so that S. A. N., the river was entirely clear in front of the city. But a mile below, opposite Mr. Brainard's house, the ice became obstructed in its course and gradually formed a solid dam of great height and strength, extending entirely across the river. This, of course, threw the water back on the city, and submerged the whole lower part of Columbia street, Maiden Lane, State street, Hudson street, Hamilton street, the Steamboat Landing, Ferry street, and the lower part of the city, for some distance up, could be traversed only by small boats.

All the cellars and basements in those parts of the city, beside the drains leading to houses further back, were overflowed, rendering the former uninhabitable and the latter unbearable nuisances.—[Fraser's Magazine.

When you wish to do a good deed, put your shoulder to the wheel.

NEW BRUNSWICK. HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

FREDERICTON, March 21.

Yesterday, the hon. Provincial Secretary brought down several returns by command of his Excellency, and among them the Report of the government Directors of the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway, in answer to an address of the House. Captain Robinson hinted that the Company had been scandalized, and moved that a Select Committee be appointed to investigate and report upon the allegations contained in the Report. He had some evidence to bring forward of a contrary nature, and it was but fair play to hear both sides.—At the request of Messrs Partelow and Street, Capt. Robinson consented to withdraw his motion until to-morrow.

The House went into Committee on the Codified Laws, and passed the Chapter on Export Duties on Lumber.

On motion of Mr. McLeod, a bill was committed and passed, to incorporate the Society of Free Will Baptists.

The hon. Attorney General presented a petition from the High Sheriff of Carleton County, complaining that the Municipal Council of that county had refused to pay him for services he had performed under the direction of the Court, and praying that the Municipal Levy may be altered. Mr. English said that there was a misunderstanding between the Court of Sessions and the Council, in respect to their authority, respectively, in employing and paying the Sheriff. He thought if they had the Attorney General's opinion on the subject, there would be no difficulty. Mr. Connell said the Council was not to blame, and he thought the best way to prevent all future difficulties, was to make the office of Sheriff elective.

Hon. Mr. Wilnot would never consent to that: the Sheriff of Carleton County had been miserably paid since the County had been incorporated.

Hon. Mr. Partelow said the Sheriffs were all partly starting.

On motion of Mr. Scouler the House went into Committee and passed a Bill to extend the Act incorporating the Grand Falls Railway Company.

On motion of Capt. Robinson, a select committee was appointed to examine and report upon the documents before the House in connection with the St. Andrews and Quebec Railway.

On motion of Mr. Boyd the House went into Committee of the whole on a bill to allow articles imported for the fisheries to enter Grand Manan duty free.

Hon. Mr. Partelow said this was the same bill that was brought on once or twice before, to make Grand Manan a free port, only the title was altered. He feared it would make that Island a depot for smuggling, and therefore moved the postponement of the bill for three months. The motion was carried 14 to 10.

March, 22.

This morning the House of Assembly were engaged in committee of the whole on the Bill to amend the acts for facilitating the operations of the European and North American Railway Company. The Bill, after a good deal of debate, was agreed in strict accordance with the report of the select committee to whom the subject was referred.

The report of the Law Commission was then taken up and one chapter passed. A most amusing debate—the lawyers vs. magistrates occurred, about passing a section making the judgement of one magistrate and three jurors final, and without appeal.

At this session progress was reported.

March, 23rd.

The principal subject which occupied the House during the early part of day, was the re-consideration of the Bill to facilitate the erection of the European and North American Railway, which had been agreed to on the previous evening, and was opposed on its being brought up for a third reading as engrossed. The Bill after a long debate, was re-committed and passed with some amendments.

The House was in Supply during the latter part of the day, and passed the claim of Mr. Boyd for expenses incurred in the disputed election.

The Committee of Trade got through yesterday, and the Chairman is now reading the report to the House.

Several appropriations have been recommended for wharves in Westmorland, Albert, Gloucester, and elsewhere, together with £5,000 to his Excellency the Lieut. Governor for the improvement of the bar at the harbour of Richibucto; also, a sum for the breakwater at Sand Point, in the city of St. John.

At half past two, House went into Supply, Mr. Hatheway in the chair.—Motion of Capt. Robinson, "To James Boyd, Esq., the sum of £214 10s. for his expenses 1851, '52 and part of '53, which he has been entitled to as sitting member. Carried—19 to 15; some members that could not vote for it leaving their seats. So it is carried. Almost all speaking in find some reason for against.

Yeas—Hayward, Scouler, Barbare, Porter, English, Connell, Wilnot, Needham, Godard, Pickard, McPherson, Stiles, Lewis, Wainston, McLeod, Ryan, Taylor, Gilbert, and Robinson—19.

Nays—Gray, Street, Partelow, Read, Rice, McParlin, Smith, Johnson, Montgomery, Kerr, Botsford, Landry, Jordan, Harding, and Gordon—15.

CURIOUS EXPERIMENT.—London papers mention a successful application of chloroform upon a man of immense physical power, while under a violent attack of cholera. While in the most violent paroxysms of pain and spasms, the chloroform was administered, and the struggling man tamed into the quiet of a sleeping infant. The functions being suspended, the horrible symptoms ceased, the medicine became absorbed, and in an hour the

man was restored to consciousness, and the disease was conquered.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 29, 1854.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

The Steamship Africa arrived at New York on the 28th inst.

The reported capture of Kalafat by the Russians, is contradicted. No fighting worth notice had occurred.

A Messenger with France and England's ultimatum to the Czar left Vienna on the 28th inst. for St. Petersburg. Prussia and Austria have not signed the ultimatum.

First division of foreign ships under Sir Charles Napier sailed from Portsmouth on the 11th inst.—3000 British troops go with the Fleet.

The 77th Regiment embarked at Liverpool.

The first division of the French troops leave Toulon on the 20th.

MARKETS.—Breadstuffs dull. Flour, declined 1s to 1s 6d per bbl. Wheat 24 to 31. Indian Corn unchanged.—Provisions active and steady. Money in more demand.—Consols at 90½ to 91½. Tel. to New York Room.

We know well, that no editor can please everybody—nor indeed does he attempt it.—We know also that the working of a free Press is no sinecure to its proprietor. A paper which will fearlessly give utterance to unpopular truth may be feared, but cannot be condemned; its only reliance for support and the means of usefulness must arise from free, independent, and honest minds—this is our position. Actuated by a sense of duty we have endeavored to give support to all good measures, from whatever source they emanated, and we have condemned with sincerity what believed to be prejudicial to the public welfare, whether emanating from a political friend or foe. In this, we think, consists the power and value of the press for good; upon any other ground it becomes only an engine whose influence is to be dreaded.

We have been led to this train of thoughts from observations which have reached us, originating from some remarks of ours in a late number of the Standard. Once for all we beg to inform the malcontents, that our Press and type are our own—that our motto has been "measures not men"—and when a measure is introduced beneficial to the public welfare we will support it, to the utmost of our ability,—no matter whether it is enunciated by whig or tory, political friend or foe.

The last Royal Gazette, contains the copy of a Despatch from the Colonial Secretary to His Excellency, the Lieutenant Governor, stating that in the event of hostilities with Russia, to extend their protection to the subjects of France, in the several dependencies of the Empire. The despatch directs the Lieut. Governor to exercise the authority of the Government for the same purpose when necessary.

Among the political great men of the day, none in the Council of New Brunswick holds a more distinguished position than the Hon. JOHN R. PARTELLOW. True he has his private and political foes, (who has not,) but for shining talents, matured judgment, and quick apprehension, this gentleman has no superior in the House of Assembly, of which he may be considered the leader. Who in this Country, that does not appreciate the firm, honest and manly course pursued by him; see his vote a few days ago in respect of flour and molasses duties, and again the one passed duty. If the Provincial funds were low, then duties might be required, but in the fulness of the provincial chest, they are only a burthen and oppressive. The poor must have tea, bread, molasses &c., let there then be but one pulse of public feeling—"the prosperity of the Province."

THE HON. MR. BROWN'S ELECTION BILL.—We have read with considerable interest the debate in the Legislative Council on the hon. Mr. Brown's bill amending the Election Law. The subject was fully discussed by nearly all the members of the Council;—and notwithstanding the clear views, explanations, and precedents brought forward by the hon. mover, in support of the Bill, which were concurred in by the hon. Solicitor General, hon. Mr. Messrs. Hill, Botsford, Chandler and others, it appears that the opposition, (obstacles would perhaps be a better name) were afraid of interfering with or invading the privileges of the House of Assembly—that it involved taxation. Now this is in point of fact, the true cause of the opposition to this much required salutary measure—for its op-

ponents fear that their purses must be opened, and that as rich men the tax perhaps would bear, heavier on them than the poorer voters. The measure at present remains in statu quo. Keep a good heart Mr. Brown that Bill of yours with other sanitary measures must sooner or later become laws of the land. The following is an outline of the hon. mover's closing speech, with the division:—

He said that very objection had been answered by the hon. member at the head of the table, who was justly considered the best authority on questions of that kind. The opposition offered by the two learned members (hon. Messrs. Hatch and Odell) was fair and candid, though he [Mr. B.] was disappointed at the retrograde course of one of them, who yesterday had shown signs of coming over to help him. An hon. member opposite had gone back to the grant to Sir John Harvey, and the building of the Royal Road which had no more to do with the present question than the building of Babel! After all, that hon. member could not prove that he himself voted against the said grant he could not show, from the Journals, that his name was recorded against it—and the money on the Royal Road was paid out of the casual revenue, before that revenue was under Legislative control. [Here a few questions passed between Messrs. Brown and Gilbert, and the former requested the latter to produce the Journal.] The objection to the imperfect nature of this Bill had been fully answered—indeed the annual labour of many Parish officers was much greater than that of the Registrars would be, and the additional duty of the Clerk of the Peace would only amount to half a day's writing every four years. Hon. members ought to have some better reason for rejecting this Bill. Then the want of time had been urged, there was more in this, than in any other objection that had been raised.

While a new set of securities, with all their attendant evils had been gradually approaching, we had been looking to the other House for a remedy, we had looked in vain, and waited too long. Still, if all the parties were only willing, there would yet be time to have Registration and the Ballot, at the coming election. The right to introduce the bill had been proved beyond dispute, from Hattell and the practice of the Imperial Parliament.—Those rights had been reciprocally, and frequently acted on in this Province.

In 1842, Mr. Palmer carried a bill to the Council to reduce the duration of the Assembly to four years; and though this bill affected the Assembly alone, the Council struck out the greater part of it, and added five new sections. The amendments were concurred in by the Assembly, and are this day the law of the land.

Again Mr. Fisher carried a bill from the Assembly, to define the qualifications of members of the Council; this bill was entertained by the Council the same as any matter of ordinary legislation, discharged, and lost.

Again a petition from the Assembly on the construction of the Council was sent to the Queen, and afterwards, four years ago, the Assembly forwarded another petition, to make the Council elective.

He (Mr. B.) had shown that all these transactions, as they occurred from time to time were fully recorded in the Journals of both Houses, and no protest whatever recorded against any of them, as undue interference with the rights and privileges of one another; and it was strange indeed, that this bill which did not meddle with the Assembly at all, but merely changed the mode of voting, in order to clear away an intolerable grievance, should now be rejected as an improper interference with the rights and privileges of that House.

(The question was here taken on the motion for postponement, when the members stood—for the postponement, Hon. President, Hon. Messrs. Saunders, Davidson, Gilbert, Odell, Harrison, Minchin, Hatch.—Against it—Hon. Messrs. Chandler, Solicitor General, Hill, Ryan, Wark, Brown, Botsford, and the Hon. Chairman. The division could not of course either sustain the amendment or pass the Bill and it consequently stands suspended for the present.)

We regret to state that the Hon. Mr. Brown's Election Bill was lost on the 24th inst., on a division in the Legislative Council numbers nearly equal.

From the telegraphic despatch of the news by the Africa it will be seen, that the report of the Russians having taken Kalafat, and massacred the Garrison is incorrect. The British fleet which is equipped and to be sent, this month to the North Sea and the Baltic numbers 22 Steamers and ships of war which together mounts 1976 guns.

Mr. d'AVRAY Esq., Professor of King's College, and Superintendent of Parish Schools has assumed the Editorial management of the Head Quarters.

WESTMORELAND BANK.—This Bank having been recently incorporated, we are authorized to state that very full and satisfactory arrangements have been made with the "Bank of New Brunswick" in this City to redeem their Notes, &c. It will be established at the Bend, in the County of Westmorland, in a splendid brick building, recently erected by Oliver Jones, Esq., of that place, for the purpose, and will be in full operation by the first of May.—News.

The Hon. Enos Collins, of Halifax, has contributed one thousand pounds towards the permanent endowment of King's College, Windsor. Eight other persons have subscribed £100 each.

BREADSTUFFS AT THE WEST.—The warehouses of the Great West are overflowing with immense quantities of grain and flour. The Western States seem to vie with each other as to which shall be ready at the breaking up of spring to throw the most bountiful supply of cereal products into the lap of the East. The Burlington (Iowa) Gazette, of 19th ult., states that at no time in the history of that city, has the amount of produce on hand been equal to that of the present time. Every place where a bushel of wheat, corn, oats or barley, can be stored, is literally crammed with grain, awaiting shipment on the opening of navigation; and the streets are daily crowded with teams, bringing in additional supplies. In Peoria, Illinois, every warehouse, storehouse and cellar is occupied by flour and grain, and several enormous warehouses are now being erected the pressing demands for storage. The Peoria Press says there are now in that city about one million bushels of grain awaiting the opening of the river and canal, for the eastern market. One dealer had two hundred thousand bushels in store. A large additional quantity is expected to come from the country as soon as the warehouses in this city begin to be relieved of their present contents. In Chicago says the Chicago Tribune, the warehouses along the river are full of grain, and several operators have been obliged to withdraw for lack of storage room. There are sixty-seven vessels in port, which will probably take, with the opening of navigation, some four weeks hence, 700,000 bushels of grain for the east.

"The Girls that are Left behind."—A movement is on foot in the metropolis, and throughout the country generally, to raise subscriptions in aid of the wives and families of the soldiers who have so suddenly been sent on foreign service. The committee in London propose to raise subscriptions to assist those not allowed to embark with their husbands, but kept on the marriage rolls of the depot, and those who have married soldiers without military license. On the present occasion only four women are allowed to embark for every 100 men, so that a great many have to be provided for by finding them employment, and till that can be done, by temporary pecuniary assistance. The subscriptions are liberally coming in. The proprietor of Drury Lane gives a free benefit at that establishment under distinguished patronage, in aid of the fund, and has placed the theatre at the free use of a committee of lady patronesses for three days in April for a Fancy Fair in aid of the fund. A great many of the licensed victuallers, have opened boxes in their establishments for the receipt of public subscriptions.—London Paper.

On Sunday morning between 7 and 8 o'clock, the shop connected with the Painting, Gilding, and Picture Frame Manufactory of Messrs. Potter and Co., in Germain Street, was discovered to be on fire. The flames were soon extinguished, but not until the fire and water had destroyed considerable property.—Times.

Bear Fight and Capture.—On the 8th of March, in Town No. 34, while Mr. Culvin Kingman's lumbering crew, (in the employ of Rufus Dwinell, Esq., of this city) were quietly attending to their duties, a huge bear emerged from his den, when he was immediately challenged to combat by one of the innumerable family of Smiths, axe in hand. Smith was out matched, the bear biting him very badly in the knee and hand. After some further skirmishing Smith's comrades came to the rescue, when his bearship betook himself to a tree, and thence was brought to the earth through the potency of powder and lead. He weighed four hundred pounds—was a "gentleman of the old school"—being one of the "bears."—Bangor Democrat.

Oddly enough (writes a Paris correspondent of the Union) a party of American surgeons, who look on the war in the East as a war interests and not of principles, will leave Paris on Saturday, for St. Petersburg, with despatches from the Russian Consul there to the Czar, intending to offer their services to the Russian army on the Danube. An eminent physician from New Orleans is at the head of this party. Governor Seymour, the American Minister to St. Petersburg, will leave Paris day after to-morrow.

The Crystal Palace turned into a Hen Coop. We learn that Barnum is about to take hold of the Crystal Palace, and put the poultry show "into" it—taking the ice creamery and machine room for a gigantic Egg! being, where five thousand chickens a day will be hatched out by steam. This will greatly reduce the price of poultry, which is now awful—and we don't at all doubt that if Barnum really takes hold of the affair in earnest, he'll make it go. He is the only man who can do anything with it. In fact, Shanghai is the word.—[N. Y. Day Book.

FORMIDABLE FISH.—The bottom of the British ship Lord Riversdale was pierced by the task of a sword fish during a recent voyage. The plank penetrated was of elm, three inches clear. The whole length of the sword found in the vessel was about twenty two inches.

MARRIAGES.—On the 14th inst., at the house of the bride's father, Bay Road, St. Andrews, by the Rev. Wm. Miller, Mr. Wm. H. Simpson, to Miss Margaret Simpson, both of the above place.

At Wickham, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. Lewis Jack, of Springfield, Mr. Duncan Somerville, to Miss Elizabeth Lawson, both of the above place.

of the Parish of Wickham, Queen's County. At the Harvey Settlement, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. Wm. Miller, Mr. George Grive, to Jane, fourth daughter of the late Mr. Newell, all of the above place.

On the 21st Feby. last, at the residence of Benjamin Milliken Esq., Markham, Canada West, by the Rev. Mr. Law, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. Lyman Crosby of Markham, to Miss Helen E. Paul, third daughter of the late Capt. Jacob Paul of this Town.

Exchange For Sale.

REQUIRED by the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs at Saint Andrews, the sum of about £100 sterling, payable in dollars or half dollars at 1s. 2d. sterling, per dollar, or in British gold or silver at the sterling value.

Tenders will be received up to one o'clock on Wednesday, the 5th April, 1854, by the Controller, for a Bill of Exchange to be drawn by him on the Receiver General of Her Majesty's Customs, London, at thirty days after sight.

Parties tendering will state what amount of Bill they will accept, and above mentioned sum.

Tenders to be addressed to the Controller of Her Majesty's Customs St. Andrews, and to be marked on the outside "Tender for Bill." Custom House, St. Andrews, 4th March, 1854.

HOUSE FOR SALE, BY AUCTION.

ON Saturday next the 22nd day of April next will be sold by Auction—the House and premises in Water St. at present occupied by Mr. John Fitzgerald—nearly opposite the Railroad Hotel.

J. W. STREET.

March 28 1854

NOTICE.

MISS G. T. LEY a First Class Licensed Teacher, respectfully informs the inhabitants of St. Andrews, that she has opened a School, in the house adjoining Dimock & Wilson's store. Miss G. T. Ley by a strict attention to the improvement of Pupils, to merit a share of public patronage.

St. Andrews, March 29, 1854.

Valuable Property for SALE.

Will be sold by Auction, on Tuesday the 25th day of April next, at noon, on the Premises, if not previously disposed of by private sale.

THE HOUSES and Lots on Water Street, in the Town of Saint Andrews, now occupied by Charles O'Neil and Miles S. Hume, with the Property in the rear extending to the Harbour, on which is the Foundry, in the occupation of Alexander Watson.

Also—A Half Lot with House thereon near the Railway, now occupied by Jacob Potter. For terms and further particulars, apply at the Charlotte County Bx., St. Andrews, 14th March, 1854.

20th March 1854.

The Subscriber offers for sale at reduced prices the remainder of his stock of Hardware among which are the following.

- 60 Bags Dock Spikes assorted from 3 inch to 8 inch.
- 25 do Fine cut Rose nails assorted.
- 16 " Best Horse and Ox nails assorted.
- 20 Boxes sheet tin assorted.
- 25 Bags shot assorted.
- 15 Tons Pig Iron.
- 40 Bundles sheet iron.
- 2 "Hills" Warranted axles together with a great variety of other articles in the Hardware line—ALSO.
- 2 Tons C Gunpowder.
- 1 1-2 do F F do.
- 1 1-2 do London and Liverpool white paint.
- 9 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Oil.
- 3 Casks whitening.
- 2 Brls. lamp black &c. &c.

J. W. STREET.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid to erect any Weir stakes, or otherwise to use any obstruction in the Flats adjoining the Northern and Western part of Whitehead Island, extending as far North as the middle of the passage between said island and Cheyne's Island, and as far East as Peter Brown's Weir, as in the event of their so doing, they will be prosecuted at law.

G. B. FRANKLAND
W. W. FRANKLAND
Grand Manan, March 10, 1854.

Mathematical & Drafting CLASS.

R. E. SMITH, B.A. and W. J. CROSSDALE, have consented, by particular request, to give a course of instruction on the above mentioned subjects, should a sufficient number of pupils present themselves. The studies comprehended will consist of Geometry, Mensuration, Algebra, Trigonometry, Navigation—a knowledge of Vulgar and Decimal Fractions; surveying, drafting plans, and the general principles of Engineering.

TERMS.—£2 10s per qtr, half payable in advance. Hours of attendance, from 7 1-2 to 9 P. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

P.S.—Persons wishing to become pupils will please make application before Friday March 24, 1854.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st of May. THAT neat and commodious Cottage, opposite the Court House, occupied at present by Mr. R. E. Smith.

For terms apply to MARGARET ADDERLY. March 8, 1854.

PUBL.

HAVING upwards and Household property, of this subject, together with the necessary furniture, may be called into consideration for the C. conformity with the Municipal

PUBL.

to be held in S. FRIDAY at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, in consideration of the Notice, themselves acc. Copy of P. thereto.

To THE

High Sheriff, Sir,

Where establishment this Province, the 30th April, 1854, in consideration of the Notice, themselves acc. Copy of P. thereto.

Now thereof, County, pay that on the 30th April, 1854, in consideration of the Notice, themselves acc. Copy of P. thereto.

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

HAVING received a Petition signed by upwards of fifty resident Freeholders and Householders, praying that a Public Meeting may be called, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of incorporating the County of Charlotte, in conformity with the Act for the establishment of Municipal authorities in this Province: I do hereby call a

PUBLIC MEETING.

to be held in the County Court House at St. Andrews, on FRIDAY the 30th day of JUNE next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking the prayer of the said Petition into consideration; and I do hereby also give Notice to all concerned, to govern themselves accordingly.

Copy of Petition, and Signers' Names thereto.

To THOMAS JONES, Esquire, High Sheriff of the County of Charlotte.

Whereas "An Act to provide for the establishment of Municipal Authorities in this Province," passed by the Legislature on the 30th April 1851, and was specially confirmed, ratified, and finally enacted by an Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated the 7th day of August following:

Now therefore, we the undersigned, resident Freeholders and Householders, of the County, praying rates upon Property, pray that on an early day as practicable, a Public Meeting be called, at the County Court House, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of incorporating the County of Charlotte in conformity with the said Act.

James Boyd, John Balson, M. S. Hannah, Robert Eastman, John Little, Charles E. Snell, Walter Snellgrove, Thomas Wren, Thomas Coats, David Polleys, Hebbert Harvey, Wm. Doak, Alex. T. Paul, Tho. Turner Odell, Horace T. Ames, Carnaby Morrison, Henry Frye, John Alexander, John B. Walcott, John A. Young, John A. Alcott, Thomas Alcott, F. H. Todd, Z. Chipman, David Upson, John McAdam, Henry Webber, A. H. Thompson, John Bolton, William Thompson, Thomas Veazey, James Murchie, John Ludgate, Angus McCallum, Archd. McCallum, Duncan McCallum, David Cockburn, William Pomeroy, Richard Dyer, John Cockburn, William B. yd, John Boyd, Peter McCallum, Gordon McKay, James E. Turner, Robert M. Todd, Patrick Curran, M. A. Daly, Hugh Temple, Charles F. Stewart, James Bowers, William Annett, George Hiltz, Daniel T. Scott, Joshua Hill, Henry McCallum, James Canaday, John Austin, Jacob Hale, Brook Millberry, Nathaniel Mancy, Stephen Harmon, Geo. F. Todd, William Robinson, Allen McDonald, E. S. Smith, T. Wilder, Robert Buntin, Samuel Perkins, Thomas Gilmore, Stephen Hill, John Farnham, Mathew Archibald, Stephen Perkins, James Albee Junr, Samuel Butler.

Given under my Hand, at my Office, in St. Andrews, this 20th day of March, 1854.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.

NOTICE.

HEREBY forbid all persons purchasing, or in anywise interfering with the piece of Land advertised at Sheriff's sale, lying between the road leading to St. Andrews and the Waweg river, extending from the first rocky point below the bridge near the mills to the Ross lot so called, excepting one acre sold to Abernethy, and also a building now a last machine, formerly a carding machine, with the privilege of drawing water from the pond for the same; all being bequeathed to my wife Sarah and her heirs, by her father, the late Samuel Connick in his will, and Mrs. Sarah Connick has no interest or claim, or pretends to have to the same.

April 16, 1854. JAMES M. KENNY.

LET.

Original issues in Poor Condition Best copy available

FLOUR & C.

Ex.—Utica from Boston—just received. 60 Bbls. superfine flour. 10 Do. Rye do. 10 Bundles printing paper (Royal) J. W. STREET.

7th March 1854.

Flour, Meal, & Molasses.

—“On Consignment”— Ex.—Utica from Boston, to arrive — 95 Bbls. Canada FLOUR. 50 Bbls. fresh ground Corn Meal 18 Tierces Molasses.

Will be sold low from the vessel when landing.

W. WHITLOCK, St. Andrews, 1st March, 1854.

WINTER OVERCOATS.

The Largest, Cheapest and best assorted Stock of Winter Over Coats Ever Exhibited in New Brunswick, is now READY FOR INSPECTION, AT THE

WOOLEN HALL.

In Pilot Cloths, In Whitney Beavers, In Reversible BEAVERS, In West of England BEAVERS, In Arctic Beavers, In Double Milled Parisian Beavers, In Napoleon MIX FURIES, In Venetian cloths, In Canada cloths, In Wolf cloths,

All of the very Best Quality—imported direct from the Manufacturers.

AND SELECTED BY A. SKILLEN, FOR THE

WOOLEN HALL.

WIGGINS' BRICK BUILDING, Prince William Street, St. John, Nov. 25.

JAMES CHRISTIE.

Merchant and Practical Tailor, of many years experience in London and the principal Towns of Great Britain and America, respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he will open a shop presently occupied by Mr. F. Wadell, early in April, where he will carry on the above business, in all its branches, introducing all the newest and most approved styles in Gentlemen's dress, as worn by the leading fashions in London, Paris, and America.

HOUSE FOR SALE, OR TO LET.

ON Saturday the 15th day of April next at 12 o'clock noon on the premises by public auction, if not disposed of by private sale will be sold or let, the House in Water Street owned by Edward Conway and at present in the occupation of Mr. William Ballentine.

Apply to J. W. STREET.

Feb. 22, 1854.

EMIGRATION.

SAINT JOHN AND LIVERPOOL LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.

PER—ONS desiring of having their friends brought out from England, Ireland, or Scotland, can arrange for, and receive Passage Tickets for the Packet—Fares leaving Liverpool on the 5th and 20th of each Month, by applying to

St. John, Nov. 24th, 1853. J. R. REED.

TO LET.

And Possession given 1st of May.

That large and commodious Dwelling House and premises, at the Corner of Parr and King Streets, recently occupied by Mr. King. The House has been thoroughly repaired and painted, and is in good repair, and is admirably adapted for a genteel private residence. The Sheds, Barns, &c. are well fitted up and an excellent garden is also attached to the premises. For terms &c. please apply at the

STANDARD OFFICE.

Feb. 1, 1854.

Valuable Property for Sale.

100 ACRES of finely timbered Land, 27 miles from Town, on the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad.

A New Cottage delightfully situated on the Commons, with 18 acres of Land, only a mile from Town.

Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

February 1, 1854.

Crown Land Office, Feb. 17, 1854.

A FIVE Year's Lease of the right to cut Grass on the vacant Wild Meadows on the Chipetneticook Lakes and branches between the Little Digdegush and Pirate Brooks. will be offered for sale by Public Auction at this Office, on Wednesday the 22nd day of March next, at noon.

Upset price, £7 10s. per annum; but subject to any applications which may be made to buy Land for actual settlement.

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

(4)

SUGAR

Ex—Utica from Boston 10 hds. prime quality SUGAR.

For sale by J. W. STREET.

Aug. 17, 1853.

REMOVAL.

H. BAYARD, M. J.

Has removed to Mr. Thomas Watt's cottage opposite the Brewery.

Office in same building, entrance south end.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

A TABLE of the Days and Hours on which MAILS for the United Kingdom will be closed at this Office.

Mails Close in St. Andrews	Route by which the MAILS are forwarded	PACKET	Port and date of Sailing	Destination
Wednesday Mar. 1, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York Mdr. 4	Liverpool
Saturday " 4, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 8	Liverpool
Wednesday " 8, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 11	Shanghai
Sunday " 12, 9 A.M.	Hull	British	Boston " 15	Liverpool
Wednesday " 15, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 18	Liverpool
Saturday " 18, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 22	Liverpool
Wednesday " 22, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 25	Shanghai
Sunday " 26, 9 A.M.	Hull	British	Boston " 29	Liverpool
Wednesday " 29, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York Apr. 1	Liverpool
Saturday Apr. 1, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 5	Liverpool

N. B.—Letters and Papers to be forwarded through the United States, whether by the British or the United States lines of Packets, must be specially addressed "via United States," or "via New York," otherwise they will be forwarded by the Halifax Route. Letters and Newspapers will be forwarded if posted within thirty minutes after the hours appointed, on payment of a fee of sixpence each for Letters, and one penny each for Newspapers.

G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M. Post Office, St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the death of my brother, Frederic Augustus Babcock, the firm of F. A. Babcock & Co., has been dissolved, the business of said Firm will be settled by me as surviving partner. All persons having any legal demands against the late firm, are requested to hand them in for adjustment, and all indebted are requested to make immediate payment to me or my agent at my office in St. Andrews.

ALBERT S. BABCOCK.

Jan. 9, 1854.

HOLLANDS GIN.

EX-JOHN BARBOUR, from Liverpool via "St. John."

22 Hds "best" Pale Geneva.

16 Pipes do direct from Rotterdam via New York.

(For sale in Bond.) J. W. STREET.

Jan. 25, 1854.

JOHN LITTLE'S

LADIES' FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE, NEXT THE POST OFFICE, Water-Street, Saint Andrews.

The Subscriber begs to inform his friends, that he has taken the shop next the Post Office, where he has just received, from New York—CASSES containing a splendid assortment of Ladies', Misses', and Children's

BOOTS & SHOES.

of the best manufacturers in the United States.

The Subscriber calls attention to his Gentlemen's Dress Boots, made under his own supervision, also to his Men's and Youth's Boots suitable for Town or Country. Women and Girls' House Shoes, Children's Boots and Shoes of various styles. For sale wholesale or retail.

Oct. 4, 1853. J. LITTLE.

ST. ANDREW'S & QUEBEC RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the completion of the heavier portion of the Works, up to the point of crossing the new Fredericton Road, about half a mile below Wilson's Tavern, Messrs James Sykes & Co. beg to state, that all accounts are required to be furnished, and will be paid, at their office here.

November 22, 1853. GEO. W. KING.

CONFECTIONARY STORE.

WATER STREET, ST. ANDREW'S.

THE subscriber respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he has taken the shop lately occupied by A. V. Patterson, next Mr. Clarke's, and will keep constantly for sale a varied assortment of CONFECTIONS, which he will warrant equal to any in the Province, consisting of, in part:—

Lozenges, in great variety of colours and flavours. Peppermint, Acid, Lemon, Barley Sugar, Rosebud, and Cinnamon Drops. Almonds, Sugar Plums, Comfits; Barley Sugar, Cream, Almond, Cinnamon, Lemon, and Horehound Candy; Developed Sweets, superior Syrups. Also, Cakes of every description, Pies, Tarts, and Puffs. Fruit during the season. Spruce, Ginger, and Root Beer. Hot Coffee, Tea, and fresh Milk.

The undersigned trusts by attention to business to receive a share of patronage.

WM. INGRAM.

St. Andrews, June 1, 1853.

WATCHES & C.

THE Subscriber has just received an assortment of WATCHES, JEWELLERY.

Silver, Plated, and Britannia Metal Ware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Counter Scales, Lanterns, Whips, Fancy Baskets, &c. &c. together with a large assortment of other Goods too numerous to particularize.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery, cleaned and repaired, &c. &c. GEORGE F. STICKNEY.

St. Andrews Oct. 24, 1853.—1m.

Notice.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of Frederick Augustus Babcock, Merchant, late of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from the date hereof; and all those indebted to said estate, will make immediate payment to

WILLIAM BABCOCK, Administrator.

St. Andrews, Dec. 20, 1853. 3m

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

On SATURDAY the 22d APRIL next, at 12 o'clock, noon, the Subscriber will offer for sale on the premises, (unless previously disposed of at private sale),

That pleasantly situated COTTAGE, with the land attached, at the Western end of the Town, on Water street, known as the Springate property

W. WHITLOCK, Auctioneer.

St. Andrews, Feb. 1, 1854. 1m

Now Publishing

By JOHN TALLIS & CO. OF LONDON.

THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE

Duke of Wellington;

By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in Arms of His Grace)

Comprising the Campaigns and Battle-Fields of Wellington and his Comrades, the Political Life of the Duke and his Contemporaries, and a detailed account of England's Battles by Sea and Land, from the commencement of the Great French Revolution to the present time, interspersed with Anecdotes, Personal Incidents, and Adventures, etc.

ADDRESS.

The earthly career of Arthur Duke Wellington has closed; one of the greatest men of the nineteenth century, the foremost military commander of my age, has paid the debt of nature. The time has now arrived for giving to the world a History of the Great Captain—the Events of his Life and Time—a life marked by patriotism, probity and honour, and events the greatest which have ever agitated the civilized world, and whose influence will be felt upon society till the end of time. Such a work must appeal to the best and proudest feelings in the heart of every Briton—the glory of his country, the honour of its name and position among the nations—may his own existence as a freeman, are recorded and engraven in the annals of the "well-fought fields," and "the deadly imminent breaches, the immortal battles and the glorious sieges in which Wellington and his Companions-in-arms gathered undying laurels, placed their country's honour and renown on the highest pinnacle of fame and glory, and tore the victor's wreath from the brows of heroes decorated with the trophies of Italy, Egypt, and Germany.

To supply such a desideratum in English literature, the publishers of The Life and Times of the Duke of Wellington have determined to produce a book which shall present to the reader, not only the dry details which a mere biographical sketch would afford, but a comprehensive work, embracing the contemporary history of the period; exhibiting the circumstances which brought about the great events in which the Duke and his contemporaries were engaged, and giving to the reader a connected narrative of the lives and actions of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nineteenth century; and this from the pen of one who was a companion in arms of the great hero, and participated with him in many a well-fought field.

In order to carry out their views, the Publishers have determined that the work shall be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the Warriors and Statesmen of the last half century who have shed a lustre upon the history of their country; also representations of the most important engagements by sea and land from the period of 1750 till 1852; so that the work, when finished, shall form an illustrated Gallery of the Naval and Military Exploits of England.

It has been well said, "Character is the true strength of nations; true glory their best inheritance. When the time shall come that the British heart no longer thills at the names of Cressy, Poitiers, Agincourt, Blenheim, Ramilies, Oudenarde, Malplaque; of Talavera, Salamanca, Toulouse, Waterloo—the last hour of the British Empire will be struck." The promotion and elevation of national spirit and feeling is therefore the duty and interest of every true and loyal son of England. May Heaven inspire the hearts of every one of us with that spirit and feeling.

Conditions of Publication.—The work will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every month, in Parts at 1s. 3d. and Divisions handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. printed on Imperial 8vo double column, each part will be embellished by two highly finished steel Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of letter press. A beautiful steel Engraving, 13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringapatam, the first victory in which the late Duke of Wellington was engaged in India, to every subscriber to the work.

GEO. GAY, Agent.

March 23, 1853.

FOR SALE.

The substantial and well found ship "Prince Albert" 26 Tons new measurement and 26 old measurement will be sold on favourable terms apply to

JOHN ALEXANDER, Frey's Wharf, St. Andrews, Jan. 25th, 1854.

MOSES KETHRO,

Hair Cutter & Wig Maker

RESPECTFULLY intimates to the Inhabitants of Saint Andrews and vicinity, that he has commenced business in the above line, and would be thankful for their patronage.

Shop sign of the bell, on the Market Wharf, next W. McLeans.

No business done on Sundays.

St Andrews, December 7, 1853.

NOTICE.

MESSRS JAMES SYKES & Co. hereby give notice, that they will not hold themselves responsible for any Goods &c. &c. ordered either verbally, or in writing, by any one in their employ, unless ordered by Mr. John Brockfield, Mr. George W. King, or Mr. Thomas Watt.

Fredericton Road Station, 24th February, 1854.

Blanks for sale, and printed to order.



SHERIFF'S SALES

To be sold at the COURT HOUSE, in St. Andrews, on Saturday the 2nd day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon, all the right, title, interest, claim and demand of THOMAS SIME, jur. to Part of the lot no. 3 granted to Thos. Sime in the Grant to Alexander Morrison and others in the Parish of St. Patrick, County of Charlotte, commencing at the Eastern shore of Bonaparte Lake, containing 50 acres more or less, and purchased by Thos. Sime jur. from Thos. Sime.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy an execution issued out of the Sup. Court at the suit of Samuel M. Gilmore, endorsed to levy £50 6s. besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte
Sheriff's Office St. Andrews,
Feb. 17th, 1851.

FOR SALE

A Tract of Land situate on the Pleasant Ridge in the Parish of Saint Patrick containing 200 acres more or less.
For particulars enquire of the Subscriber.

ALEX. T. PAUL,
St. Andrews, Jan. 24, 1854.

PIG IRON.

Ex AQUATIC from Glasgow via Saint John.
50 Tons No. 1 Garthrigg Pig Iron.
1 Panchoon old Cambleton whiskey.
For sale by the undersigned
J. W. STREET.
January 25th, 1854.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WILSON & BOLTON terminates this day. Persons having any claims against the firm are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment to either of the subscribers.

T. B. WILSON,
JOHN BOLTON.
Chamcook, 24th Dec 1853.

AXES.

THE well known superiority of the GENUINE HARTFORD COLLINS' AXES, has been proved by manufacturers to stamp their Axes H. COLLINS, and such axes are frequently sold as my manufacture.
The genuine COLLINS' AXES, which have been made under my direction for more than twenty-five years, and which have sustained such an unrivalled reputation, are invariably stamped COLLINS & CO., HARTFORD. They are to be found at our Depot in the city of New York, and at the principal Hardware Stores in the large cities.

SAM'L W. COLLINS.
New York, April 22, 1853.

Paint, Gun Powder, NAILS, SPIKES, &c.

To arrive per the "Louisa Munroe," from Liverpool—
1 Ton best White Paint.
5 Cwt. "Black Paint."
18 Bbls. Gun Powder.
23 Qrs. "Hollands Gin."
20 Box Hall's Patent Starch.
12 Hds. best Port Wine.
14 Hds. best Port Wine.
800 Gross Beer Corks.
12 Casks Shot, Assorted No. B. B. &
4 Bags Nails and Spikes.
35 Bars. Ref'd & Common Iron.
35 Bbls.
20 Boxes Tin Plates.
16 "Tobacco Pipes.
3 Blacksmith Vices.
1 Dozen Wire Riddles.
A quantity of Stone Ware comprising—
Milk Pans, Cream Pots, Covered Jars, Handled Bowls, Trays, Cake Pans, &c.
J. W. STREET.
Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugar

To arrive per "Louisa Munroe."
6 Tierces Ref'd Crushed & Loaf Sugars
J. W. STREET.

Furniture, Furniture.

THE Subscriber has on hand and offers for Sale, Mahogany and Walnut CHAIRS; Mahogany, Walnut, Pine and Cherry BUREAUS; Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry TABLES; Mahogany, Walnut and Birch Bedsteads; Mahogany Sideboards; Mahogany and Walnut COTTAGES and SOFAS; Hat Racks; Dressing TABLES; Wash Stands, &c. &c.
The above articles are made of the best Materials and by the best workmen, and cannot be surpassed in the Province.

UNDERTAKING attended to, with Hearse and Palls.

MATTRESSES, CARPETS, BLINDS, &c., made at short notice.

ROBERT NISBET,
St. John, April 7. Prince Wm. Str.

Just Received.
Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses,
Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low
by
JOS. WALTON.

ON THE
Philosophy of Marriage and the Secret Infirmities of Youth and Maturity.

With fifty Coloured Engravings, on Steel, in a Sealed Envelope, price 2s. 6d. sterling.
SELF PRESERVATION: an Analytical and Investigative Treatise on the Physiology and Functions of Marriage in all the bearings in which that important subject affects the health and happiness of man, with its disqualifications, and impediments, tracing their origin to the effects of juvenile solitariness, youthful excess, tropical climates, or close study, followed by practical remarks, founded on twenty years experience in the treatment of impotence, nervous debility, local weakness, spermatorrhoea, syphilis, and all diseases of the urinary and generative system. Illustrated by fifty Coloured Engravings on the anatomy of the reproductive organs and their relative conditions in health and disease. By SAMUEL LA'MERT, M.D., No. 37, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medicine, Matriculated Member of the University of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the London Hospital Medical Society, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, London, &c.

The essential object of this treatise is to point out, the fearful consequences resulting from certain habits, irregularities and excesses, which have produced more misery in youth, degradation in manhood, and premature decay at all stages of life, than perhaps, any other class of disease known to modern pathologists. Its perusal is particularly recommended to persons entertaining secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness and privileges to which every human being is entitled. The contents embrace the origin, effects, prevention and treatment of the deplorable catalogue of maladies connected with nervous debility, exhaustion of the vital energies, prostration of mental and physical capacity, local and general weakness, acute and chronic spermatorrhoea, and their endless modifications. The treatment adopted is founded on experience gained in the celebrated schools of medicine, and by the most eminent practitioners, both in Great Britain and in Continental Europe. Every peculiarity relating to the physiology, pathology, and general treatment of the diseases incidental to the generative system is clearly explained, and the means of immediate relief and ultimate cure described in detail. The professional reputation of Dr. La'Mert, who has taken the most distinguished medical and academic honours, at home and abroad, is in itself a sufficient guarantee that those who may place themselves under his care will, in every instance meet with that delicate consideration and inviolable secrecy which are so requisite in the treatment of these cases.

CAUTION.—In consequence of the extensive sale of this work, which has now attained its sixtieth edition, several spurious and imperfect copies are in circulation. The genuine edition can be had only from the Author or his advertised agents.

The work may be had in St. John, of U. Chubb & Co., price 2s. 6d. stg.; Halifax, Messrs. Morton & Co., Quebec, at the Gazette Office; Montreal, Mr. Dawson, bookseller. Dec. 14, 1853—p

MESSRS. THOMPSON & CO., Liverpool, completed the erection of their Patent Steam Brewery, beg respectfully to announce, that after the 1st October, they will be ready to supply Families and the Public in general, with BEER, in casks of various sizes.

N. B. Malt, Hops, Grains, and Yeast, now on sale.

STEAM BREWERY.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very extensive assortment of

British and American

MERCHANDISE,

which together with a large stock of Groceries and Dye Stuffs, will be sold at small profit for cash.

JOHN ECHARY.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscriber has lately received a very extensive assortment of

British and American

MERCHANDISE,

which together with a large stock of Groceries and Dye Stuffs, will be sold at small profit for cash.

JOHN ECHARY.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

RANDOLPH SMITH, B.A., Principal.

The classes in this Institution, were re-opened on Monday August 1st.

TERMS.—PER QUARTER.
English branches, £10 10 0
Mathematical, with the above, £13 0 0
Classical with all the above, £15 0 0

WANTED.

SHIP TIMBER of all descriptions, delivered at our Shipyard in Robinson. Apply a our Store in Robinson, or our Office in Saint Andrews

F. A. BABCOCK & CO
March 29, 1853.

APPRENTICES.

Wanted, two Boys from 14 to 16 years of age to learn the Printing business.

Apply at the

STANDARD OFFICE.

Who would be without a
HISTORY OF THEIR COUNTRY?

DR. FRANKLIN.

NOW PUBLISHING, in parts at 1s. 3d.

or Divisions, handsomely bound, at 9s. 4d. Each part or Division illustrated with several maps of highly finished steel engravings.—John Tallis & Co., 97 & 101, St. John Street, London, publishers.

The History of England, from the text of Hume & Smollett to the reign of George III.

thence continued to include the fall of Monarchy in Rome, and the Continental Revolution of 1848 to the exhibition of the industry of all Nations in 1851.—By Thos. Gaspey, Esq.

History of Scotland.—By Thos. Wright, Esq., M.A., F.S.A.

Do. of Ireland.—By ditto.

Do. U.S. America.—By J. H. Hinon, A.M.

Do. The British Colonies—geographical, political, commercial, and statistical including all H. M. S. possessions in North America; Australia, East and West Indies, &c. with maps of each possession, and portraits of the celebrated promoters and defenders of our Colonial Empire.—By R. M. Marten, Esq.

Illustrated Atlas, and Modern History of the World.—Edited by ditto.

MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

The Universal Pronouncing Dictionary.—By Thos. Wright, Esq.

Lodge's Portraits and Memoirs of all the eminent Personages of Great Britain.

Hogarth's complete Works.

Shakespeare, a beautiful illustrated edition the best ever published.

The American in Europe.

Modern System of Fartory.

History and description of the Crystal Palace.

Goldsmith's Earth and Animated Nature London Illustrated, or a complete Guide to the British Metropolis.

With several other beautifully Illustrated Works.

GEO. GAY, Agent.

The above Works are now publishing in semi-monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers names received at this Office.

FRUITS &c.

JOHN B. BALSON.

Has just received a fresh supply of

FRUIT, SPICES &c.

among which are,

Boxes RAISINS, Zante CURRANTS,

FIGS, APPLES, NUTS, CONFECTIONS

SPICES, &c., 50 barrels CANADA FLOUR

50 bags FRESH GROUND ditto.

On board Sch. "SPRAY," lying at the market wharf,

60 Tons Cumberland BUTTER, from 20lbs. and upwards.

The above with a general assortment of Groceries, will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash.

Decemr 24

EX. he Lisbon from London, via St. John.

10 Chests fine Congou Tea.

4 Hds. best "Martell" Brandy.

6 Hds. Pale Rotterdam Geneva

4 Boxes best blue Poland Starch.

2 Casks D. & Martin's Japan Black- ing.

Also, to arrive per the Grace from Liver pool—

1 fine old PORT WINE.

1 Hhd. fine old Jamaica Rum.

2 Hds. "old Port Wine."

20 Hds. "Best Cognac BRANDY."

5 Pipes "Martell," "Hennessy's,"

"J. J. Vine Brands

Hhd. Brown Sherry.

J. W. STREET

GENUINE LINIMENT.

This Liniment is an invaluable preparation for rheumatism, sprains, wounds, strains, and other injuries, such as bruises, cuts, stiff joints, burns, scalds, lame Backs, &c.

DIRECTIONS.—Shake it before using, and apply it once or twice per day, directly to the affected part, and rub it in.

N. B. It has also been found one of the best applications for horses and oxen that can be produced for all sprains, wounds, cuts and galls, &c.

Prepared in St. Stephen, N. B. by

JACOB HALEY.

RHEUMATIC DROPS.

The best Medicine for Rheumatic Pains or pains in the stomach or Chest, ever offered to the Public.

DIRECTIONS.—Take one Teaspoonful three times a day, morning, noon and night. Externally used, apply it to the part affected and rub it in thoroughly, and it will not fail to give almost immediate relief in the very worst cases. Also, a certain cure for Cholera or Bowel Complaint.

Prepared by

JACOB HALEY.

ointment!

A sure and efficacious cure for the Itch, scald head, and other diseases of the skin, and sores, burns, &c.

DIRECTIONS.—Apply a small portion once or twice per day to the diseased part.

Prepared by

JACOB HALEY.

The above Medicines are for sale at the store of Messrs. Donald Clarke, and Miles Gough.

Boiled and Raw Point Oil.

Extract the "John Holderness" from Hull—

14 Hds. Doubled Boiled and Raw Lin seed OIL; just received

For sale low by

J. W. STREET.
May 24, 1852.

EXTRACT OF AN ACT REGULATING WEIGHTS AND MEASURES IN THE PROVINCE.

Passed 3d May 1853.

The use of the heaped Measure is hereby abolished and all sales or contracts for sales by the heaped measure, made after this Act comes into operation, shall be null and void.

The Standard bushel of Wheat, or Indian Corn, Barley, Buckwheat, Rye, Oats, and all other grains; Potatoes, and all other edible roots, shall respectively be taken to be of the following weight in pounds avoirdupois:

Of clean Wheat, or Indian Corn, sixty pounds;

Of clean Barley, or Buckwheat fifty pounds;

Of clean Rye grain, Summer or Winter fifty six pounds;

Of clean Oats, thirty six pounds;

Of all other grains, fifty six pounds;

Of Potatoes and all other edible roots, fifty six pounds.

Calls shall be sold by weight and not by measure, by the ton of two thousand two hundred and forty pounds avoirdupois, and its usual subdivisions.

To arrive per "Elizabeth Holderness," from Hull and "Miramichi," from London—

17 Tons Boiled & Raw Linseed Oil

1 Ton No. 1, White Lead.

J. W. STREET.

May 2, 1853.

LAND FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, 250 Acres of Land, situated on Pleasant Ridge, so called, in the County of Charlotte, being Lot No. 13 on said Ridge. For particulars and a plan of said Land, apply at the office of the subscriber in St. Andrews.

WILLIAM KER,

Dec. 16, 1852

Boston & New York Packet.

The subscriber, thankful for past favors, begs leave to inform his Mercantile friends and the Public generally, that he has purchased the new and splendid

SCHOONER J. C. WAID, 125 tons,

copper fastened and well found, and will run regularly between St. Andrews, Boston and New York, as a Packet.

This vessel being a quick sailer, and having good accommodations for Passengers, and ample room for Freight, the undersigned trusts, by punctuality and despatch, to receive a continuance of that patronage hitherto given him.

For freight or passage apply to James W. Street, Esq. or to

JAMES CLARK, Master.

St. Andrews, April 6, 1853.

ART UNIONS SUPERSEDED!

Gratia! Gratia! Gratia!

EVERY Subscriber to any of the undersigned Works will, on their completion, be presented with a choice of one of the two following Steel Engravings—

The "Descent from the Cross," from the original painting by Daniel Ricciardi.

Our Saviour bearing the Cross—from the original painting, by Raffaele Urbino. The original plate, cost £2,000.

The Family Devotional Bible, by the Rev. M. Hen Kennedy.

Prayer Devotions for every Morning and Evening throughout the year, translated from the German of Sturm and Tiede, by T. Gaspey Esq.

Life of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, by the Rev. J. Fleetwood.

The Complete Works of Flavius Josephus.

For's Book of Martyrs, edited by the Rev. J. Dunstan.

Dunstan's Pilgrim's Progress, the Holy War, and other select Works of the author, with his Life written by himself.

The People's Scripture Gallery of Engravings.

GEO. GAY, Agent.

The above Works are now publishing in semi-monthly parts, at 1s. 3d. each. Subscribers names received at this Office.

St. Andrews, Sept. 25, 1852.

PACKET SPRAY.

THE well known Packet Schooner SPRAY, will resume her trips about the 1st of February, sailing from St. Stephens and St. Andrews for St. John; this Packet needs no puffing with respect either to the qualification of the Master or the Vessel.

The subscriber begs to return his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has received for the last four years, more especially the past one; in consequence of which he has been enabled to reduce the Price of freight materially for the time to come, and respectfully solicits a continuance of patronage.

Particular attention will be given as usual to all business entrusted to him, which will be executed with punctuality and despatch.

Good accommodations for Passengers—Fore 2s. 6d., until the steamers commence running again.

JOHN BALSON, Master.

St. Andrews, Jan. 19, 1853.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between James Macouby and the Subscriber as Blacksmiths, at Chamcook, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The Subscriber is authorized to collect all debts due the firm, and pay all outstanding liabilities.

JOHN C. BECKWITH.

St. Patrick, July 26, 1853.

FLOUR, BUTTER, FRUIT.

THE subscriber has just received, per scht "Enterprise," via New York

300 Barrels No. 1 Canada S. F. FLOUR,
From St. John.

100 Eggs Flour,
12 Parkins Cumberland BUTTER,
50 Packages Raisins, &c.

St. Andrews, Dec. 18, 1852.

Valuable Properties for

SALE OR TO LET.

THE Dwelling House, Stores and Wharf, in the town of St. Andrews, formerly known as the Jones' property.

The Dwelling House, On Houses and Wharf, in said town, formerly known as the O'Neil property.

100 Acres of Land in St. James', about one hour's drive from Milligan, St. Stephen.

100 Acres of Land in St. Patrick, through which the St. Andrews & Quebec Railroad is projected, and on which, or in its immediate vicinity, will be established a Depot, which will very materially enhance its value.

15 Acres of Land, within five minutes walk of the town of St. Andrews, a delightful situation for a Country Seat. If not shortly disposed of, it will be laid off in suitable lots for building purposes, and let on lease, at an improved rate.

The subscriber begs to announce to the Public, that he has had his Lands, which are sit in ten minutes' walk of Chamcook, laid off, and will sell or lease Building Lots on advantageous terms. It is evident, that owing to the Railroad passing through a possessing a safe and commodious harbor accessible at all seasons to vessels of the largest tonnage, with an unlimited and unrivalled water power, on which there are already some manufacturers, with others of a most extensive scale proposed, and in the eve of springing into immediate operation, that Chamcook is one of the most desirable situations within the British North American Colonies, for the Capitalist, the Mechanic, and operator. In view of which the said Building Lots are offered to the Public. Terms reasonable.

B. R. FITZGERALD

Saint Andrews, June 30, 1852.

NOTICE

THE STORE at present occupied by Messrs. PATE & CO. to be LET on the first of May next. Apply to

H. H. HATCH.

Feb. 2, 1853.

BY ASS LONDON PORTER, STOUT, GENEVA, PORT WINE &c.

OCTOBER, 1852

Ex "Action" from LONDON, via St. John.

JUST RECEIVED:

ONE Hundred Casks "Byass" London Porter, Stout, and Pale Ale.

18 Hds. best Pale Rotterdam Geneva.

1 Hhd. fine Old Port Wine.

1 Hhd. Old Jamaica Rum.

Ex "Oronoco" from the Clyde.

1 Pun. best Malt Whisky.

J. W. STREET.

St. Andrews, Oct. 12, 1853.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Licence to sell all the Real Estate of Nevin Thompson, late of Saint George in the County of Charlotte, yeoman, deceased, was, on the 28th day of September last past, duly granted by the Court of Probate for the said County, to me, the undersigned, Administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of the said Nevin Thompson, for the purpose of paying his debts:

And Whereas, the real estate of which the said Nevin Thompson died seized, consists of the undivided moiety or half part of lot number Two, in the grant to Alexander M. Vear and others, in Mercantile, in the said Parish of Saint George, and which descended to him the said Nevin Thompson is held at law by his father the late Ebenezer Thompson, and which said lot is bounded as follows: On the West by land granted to Nevin M. Vear; on the East by land owned by John M. Vear; and South by land owned by the Campbell grant, (so called) and is the same lot heretofore conveyed to the said Ebenezer Thompson, by Alexander McVear.

NOTICE therefore is hereby given, that I the undersigned, as Administrator, as aforesaid, shall proceed to sell the above described Real Estate, under and by virtue of the said licence by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 7th day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Homestead, in the Premises.

Dated St. George, 25th October, 18