Technical and Bibliographic Notes / Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for scanning. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of scanning are checked below.

L'Institut a numérisé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de numérisation sont indiqués ci-dessous.

Coloured covers / Couverture de couleur	Coloured pages / Pages de couleur
Covers damaged / Couverture endommagée	Pages damaged / Pages endommagées
Covers restored and/or laminated / Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée	Pages restored and/or laminated / Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
Cover title missing / Le titre de couverture manque	Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/ Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
Coloured maps /	Pages detached / Pages détachées
Cartes géographiques en couleur	Showthrough / Transparence
Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black) / Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)	Quality of print varies / Qualité inégale de l'impression
Coloured plates and/or illustrations / Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur Bound with other material /	Includes supplementary materials / Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
Relié avec d'autres documents Only edition available / Seule édition disponible	Blank leaves added during restorations may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from scanning / Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une
Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin / La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieure.	restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été numérisées.
Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires:	

THE CANADIAN

FOURNAL OF COMMERCE,

FINANCE

AND

INSURANCE REVIEW.

VOLUME XLIII.

JULY 1st, 1896 to DECEMBER 31st, 1896.

MONTREAL.

M. S. FOLEY, Editor and Proprietor.

INDEX TO FORTY-THIRD VOLUME.

GENERAL ARTICLES.

• •	5	
Page.	PAGE.	PAGE.
Accident, A Sad 549	Fashions, Some 637	Outlook, The 547
Advt., A Twenty Dollars 880	Figures, Untrustworthy 506	Over-Production 64
American Crisis, The 287, 754	Finances, The City's, 917, 997, 1084	Oysters 589
Apples, Canadian 371	Fire Ins. Co.'s and Policyholders 796	
()	Fire-Proof Doors 595	Palace, An Itinerant 67
Appreciation, Words of 548		Detroloum Ttolion
705	Fisheries, British Columbia 1079	Petroleum, Italian 679
Bank of England Rate 507	Free Trade Jubilee 18	Petroleum, Solidilying 31
Bank Statements, 153, 370, 378	Fruit Trade 62	Petroleum Trade, Scotch 651
544, 554, 717, 916, 924, 1 17	Fur Trade 330, 1079	Pig Iron Bounty, Canadian 199
1121, 1125	Furniture Trade 1040	Pork, Hams & Bacon 591
Banking, English 107, 368	Gas Motor, A New 798	President's Power re Free Silver 637
Barron Block Fire 999		Producers & Consumers, Trade .
	Germany as the rival of England 328	Between 834
Birbeck Building Society 110	Germany's National Debt 593	Profit-Sharing 64
Blue Books, Belated 547	Gold Basis, Advantages of 460	Public Accounts, Quebec's 918
Boots and Shoes 238	Gold Clauses in Contracts 339	
Breakfast Beverages 716	Gold Fields, Canada's 283	Queen, Czar & Sultan 674
Brewery Enterprises 62	Gold Mining Stocks 1037	Queen Ins. Co 15
British Savings Banks 1039	Gold, Silver and Wheat, 104, 239, 242	
British Steel Industry 799	Government Economies 412	Railway Rates 109
Bryan on Insur, Presidents, Mr. 588	G. T. R. Report 635, 678, 1036	Raising: & Currente 707
		Raisins: & Currants 797
Bryan's N.Y. Oration, Mr 324	Groceries, Wholesale and Retail 877	Real Estate 331
Buildings, Two New Business- 594	Grocer's Complaint, A 798	Rubber, Its Supply and Uses 955
Business Depression 372	Grocery Trade, Evolution of 758	
Business Failures, U. S 64	Great Britain's Trade 959	Senate Reform, Proposal for 416
Butter and Cheese in England 800		Sentiments, Silverites' Anti-Brit-
Butter Making Process, New 111	Harbor Board, Hint to the 637	ish 542
manual Tropost How him was	Harbor Revenue, Montreal 996	Session, The 631
Camphor	Hudson's Bay Co 109	
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Canada and the Argentine Re-	Immigration, Brazilian 505	Silver Coinage & Canada, Free. 148
public 15	Imperial Customs Union 19	Silver Question 374
Canada Life Building 462	Imports First Quarter, 1896 23	Silver Statistics 594
"Canada," The Steamship 676	Inducements, Special 284	Slaughter Trouble, The 638
Canada's Eighth Parliament 373	Inland Revenue Report 915	Sleeves, New 594
Canada's Marine 110, 287	Insurance, Burglary 797	Smoke 651
Canada's Trade with Germany 329	Insurance Case, Remarkable 878	Steumships, Vibration in 252
Canada's Trade with Italy 837	Insurance Case, Singular 1116	Steel Hardening by Electricity 32
Canada's Interest in India 326	Insurance, Credit, 65, 280, 370,	Citation and a second
Canadian Bankers and Farmers, 632	Ingurance Infant 416, 459, 504	Stock Exchanges & the German
Canadian Bankers' Association 502	Insurance, Infant 330	Government 286
Canadian Cattle Excluded 109	Insurance Studies, Some Life 1077	St. Lawrence, The Lower 154
Canadian Fire-Eater in U.S., 456	Interest on Daily Balances 757	St. Lawrence, High and Low
Canadians, Alleged Slavery of 994	Iron and Steel in U. S 593	Water in River 954
Canned Goods Situation 339	Iron Production in Japan 119	Sugar 111, 195, 798
Capital Application in Eng. 196, 679	The state of the s	Tariff Commission, A Permanent 1074
Caution, A Word of 718	Japan, Suicides in 651	
C. F. U. Association Rules 237	Japanese Trade 24, 240	Tariff, The
Cheese and Butter 919	Judges' Salaries 461	Tea 677
Cheese Exports to England 1078		Tea and the Tariff 996
Cheese Trade, Domestic 997	Kerry, Late John 24	Tea Imports from Japan 110
"Cheque Kiting" 150		
	Labor Law and Chinese Ques-	Tobacca 24
Chicago Drainage Canal 460	tions titus	Tobacco 381
Clearing House Dispute, A 286	Loghing Madagatta and X = 1.0	Tobacco Country, A Coming 1080
Clearing House Notes 108	Lachine Hydraulic and Land Co., 507	1081
Clerk, Influence of the 66	Laurier's Administration 110	Tomatoes, Export of 66
Cleveland's Message, President. 1037	Litigation and Insurance Co.'s. 1041	Tornado Risks 120
Clothing, Ready-Made 195	Loans, Small 20	Trade, America's Foreign 415
Coal 112, 255, 546	London Guar. & Accid. Co. Ltd 547	Trade and Commerce Report 914
Cod Liver Oil 199	Lumber Trade 330	Trade and the Tariff 996
Coffee War in the U. S 1078	300	Trade, Anglo-Canadian 242, 282
Commodition Duton of 82 10s	MacLean Failure, The 637	Trade Between Producers & Con-
Commodities, Prices of 63, 106	Macpherson, Grills & Co 1118	Sumore Direct
Contracts, Public 594	Manchester Canal 468	Sumers, Direct 834
Coristine's Factory, Fire in Jus. 638	Manufactures Foreign 422	Trade Bourbons, Free 998
Cotton Centres, From 67	Manufactures, Foreign 1114	Trade, British Foreign 651
Cotton Thread 66	Markets, Pushing for New 957	Trade Expansion 587
Crop Reports 111	Merchants Telephone Co 678	Trade, Canada's Foreign 999, 1118
Crossing, A Bad 689	Millinery Business 417	Try Again 756
Cuba's Trade 22, 881	Minung Schemes 507, 880, 998	Tubes, Pneumatic Despatch 372
	Ministers, Hard-Working 506	Tupper's Resignation, Sir Chas 67
Debt, Conversion of Provincial. 958	Molsons Bank 676, 679	
Decree, A French 331	Monetary and Business Situation 500	Underwriters at Niagara Falls 717
Deposits Question, A 241	Money in Canada & States, Dis-	U. S. Currency in Canada 418
	tribution of 634	
Dry Goods 152, 956, 1038		U. S. Ins. Companies and the
Dry Goods and the Tariff	Montreal's Municipal Affairs 1117	Silver Question 327, 373
Dry Goods Changes, Prospective 1118	Morality Commandat	U. S. Outlook 508
Election, The Presidential 792	Morality, Commercial 591	U. S. Railway Statistics 462
Elections, "Saturday Review" on	Morals, A Question of 20	U. S. Tin Fizzle 960
the 60	Mortality From Suicides 957	111
English Money Market 192	McKinley, Major 194	Wages on a Silver Basis 284
English Standpoint, From An 874	McPherson Shoe Failure 635	Washington Building & Trust Co 151
Estimates, Presidential 718		Western Loan & Trust Co 920
Exhibition, Montreal 506	Navies, The World's 59	Wharfage, Free 876
Exports, Great Britain's 458	Newfoundland Fisheries 331/639	Wheat and Cotton in India 756
Exports, U. S 241	New Orleans Bank Collapse 637	Wheat Crop 330 414
many in Sug Or Kreenier and and in the Sugar	diam dantisaking ont	Wheat is Advancing in Price,
Fabric, A New 638	Ochre, Concerning 638	5943
11 11011 11111 11111	Oranges & Lemons 886	
The state of the s		Wood Pulp Silk 592
Farming Interests, Quebec 107	Ottawa, Bank of 1077 1081	Volcahama Votes
		Yokohama Notes 507

ium, 669—American Felt Hat Co., 801, 1108—American Life Companies, 629, 910—American Phar. Assn., 278—American Silver, 274—Ames-Holden Co., Ltd., 840—Angle Lamp Co., 75—Apatite, Canadian, 911—Apollo Iron & Steel Co., 499—Apples, 248, 319, 452, 499, 549, 792, 871—Assurance Society," "Maiden, 475—Atlantic Fast Line, 99—Australian Industry, 838.

Bacon, 276—Balfour, J. H., 998, 1032—Ball Bearings, 199—Bank of B. N. A., 947—Bank of England, 498, 580, 749—Bank of Hamilton, 243—Bauk of Montreal, 839—Banks, New York, 990—Bar Iron, 187—Barsalou, J., 993, 1032—Beatty & Sons, M., 13—Beaver Line, 667—Beet Sugar, 840, 912, 1031—Bell & Co., 669—Belt, A, 290—Bernier, H. N., 753—Bicycles, 9, 199, 296, 432, 582, 948—Binder Twine, 1070—Blackley, O'Malley & Co., 881—Board of Trade, 720—Boston Banks, 791—Bothwell Oil Wells, 870, 991—Brazilian League, 55—British Board of Trade, 54, 146, 668—B. C. Mines, 498—B. C. Precious Metals, 364—British Investments, 840—British National Debt, 498—British South African Co., 231—Brunet, O., 953, 991, 993—Brussels Exposition, 1108—Buckland Will, 721—Building Material from Waste Glass, 851—Buildings, Office, 993—Bulmer, Jno., 1119—Business Men's Convention, 1069—Butter, 317, 538, 907, 913—Butter Imports, Britain's, 790—Buttons from Potatoes, 209.

Cable from B. C. to Australia, 186—Calendars, 1042, 1073, 1113—Cambria Iron Works, 461—Camphor, 453, 889—Canada Machinery Agency, 548, 629—Canada Southern Rv., 230—"Canada," The, 801—Canadian-Australian SS. Line, 55, 1029—Canadian Bankers' Assn., 361, 452—Ganadian Bankers' Assn., 361, 452—Ganadian Bank of Commerce, 419, 987, 1028—Canadian Cattle, 164, 1108—C. P. R. and G. T. R. Cattle Trains, 186—C. P. R. and Hull' Elec. Co., 1108—C. P. R. and Hull' Elec. Co., 1108—C. P. R. Land Dept., 909—Candle, New, 1032—Canned Goods, 476—Carbide of Calcium, 431—Carboo Mines, 494, 496—Car Wheels, 208, 1091—Carriages, 1113—Cars, Air Motor, 232—Cans, New Railway, 1110—Carvell Bros., 549—Cashman & Perry, 950—Cattle Disease in Africa, 911—Celery, 13—Census, Manitoba, 54—Charcoal Thread, 1109—Chaudière Mills, 790—Cheese, 251, 759, 907, 990, 1041, 1110—"Chesapeake," The, 1111—Chewing-gum, 319—Chimneys, Factory, 970—Cigais, 475, 535, 539—Coal and Iron Ore, 144, 232—Coal Trade, 471—Coaling Steamers, 719—Cobourg, Northumberland & Pacific Railway, 54—Coffee, 535, 536—Cold Storage, 276, 832—Colonial Mutual Life, 470—Commercial Travellers, 1041, 1070—Concrete & Iron, 455—Coper, 342, 493, 708—Corundum, 789—Costa Rica Tobacco, 405—Cotton Report, 498—Counterfeiting, 991—Cox, Geo. A., 827—Crowe, John, 80, 801—Crow's Nest Pass,

Daily, New Morning, 11.18—Dairy Schools—1033—Danserenu, A., 792, 801, 958—Death Rate, 549—Debt, Canada's, 1031—Department Stores, 720—Deseronto, Ont., 584—Diamond Hardness, 210—Dickey, Hon. A. R., 1071—Dividend Tax, 1000—Dominion Cotton Co., 1028—Drapeau, Savignac & Co., 713, 722—Drexel vs. Auer Light, 383—Drug Prices, 1071—Dry Goods, Toronto, 1032—Duties in Cape Town, 670—Duty on Imports, 787—Duty on Tobacco, 751.

Eggs, 10, 719—Electricity, Tempering by, 374—Electric Lighting in Canada, 869—Emigration to U. S., British, 536, 1067—English Railway Stocks, 361—Erie Iron Works, 59—Erratum, 155—Excise, India's 760—Exports and Imports, 54, 450, 493, 582, 670, 788.

Farquhar, W. & J. M., 721, 722—
Figs, 321, 868—Filberts, 947—Fire
Brigade, 12—Fire Insurance, 273—
Fisher & Co., 550—Fisheries, Gulf, 374—Fisheries, Nfid., 189—Fitzsimmons. & Bro., 1033—Flax, 626
—Fleming, J. & J. S., 1073—Flour, 67, 432, 450, 497, 949, 1067—Fly
Wheels, Unusual, 481—Forest Fires, 11, 142—Forsyth, Robt., 235, 279
—Fort Frances & Pacific Ry., 948
—Fraid, L., 640, 672—France's
Foreign Trade, 627—Franco-Belgian SS. Co., 451—Fredericton, N.B., 989, 990—Freeman, Allan, 595—
Freighting, West Indies, 1110—
French State Railways, 455—Frozen Fish, 275—Frozen Meat, 624—
Fruit, 55; 98, 112, 274, 1072—Furs, 318, 405.

Gagnon & Co., C. E., 279—Gas Lighting, 830—Gas Making, 732—Gatling Gold Mine, 515—Gault, A. F., 471, 721—Gault, John, 471—Germany's Marine, 911—Gilmour, A. Y., 1119—Glass Bricks, 14—Glass, C. G., 155—Glass, European, 519—Glass, Instead of, 809—Glass Solder, 323—Glass Strikes, 1070—Gold, 495, 515, 625, 670, 910—Gold from U. S., 243—Gold Mines, 112, 495, 790—Golden Gate Mine, 422—Goodyear Shoe Mach. Co., 595—Grain, 187, 496—Grain Standard, 539—Grand Trunk Ry., 536—Greenway, C. M., 146—Grison Bros., 673, 722, 759—Grothe Frères, 639, 678, 722—Guarantee Co. of N. A., 1113—Guelph Cattle, 993—Gum Alabic, 1030.

Hamburg Fur Trade, 652—Hamilton, Bank of, 953—Hamilton Board of Trade, 709—Harbor Commission, 629—Hardware, English, 563—Hardware, U. S., 563—Hart Bros. & Co., 713, 752—Hartford Ins. Co., Mrs. J. Smith vs., 541—Hat Trade, 142—Hay, 103, 142, 276—Hebden, E. F., 471—H6bert & Co., 951—Henderson & Co., Jno., 329—Herald, The, 279, 548, 1079—Herrings, 580—Hoffman, Rubins & Co., 1119—Holden & Co., A., 1119—Holden, Miss, 147—Holmes Electric, 58—Holmes, Wainwright & Co., 594, 709—Honey, 317, 321—Hong Kong Harbors, 582—Hops, 499, 607—Horses, 187—Houle, R. A., 1033—Hurtubise & Co., A. L., 1071—Hutton, J. E., 801.

Ice Inflammable, 410—Immigrants to Canada, 1070—Imperial Bank, 317—Imports to France, 624—Imports of Gold to France, 828—India Rubber, 363—India's Coal Production, 432—India's Dairy Work, 141—Insurance, A Queer, 652—Insurance Co.'s., Foreign, 454—Insurance, German Life, 450, 582—Insurance Hall, 405—Insurance in France, 450—Insurance In Japan, 581—Insurance In Nfld., 751—Insurance Sociabilities, 1119—Insurance Sociabilities, 1119—Insurance Strikes, &c., 536—Iron, Carbon in, 519—Iron Colt Mine, 587—Iron Indus-

try, Russian, 519—Iron Ore, 667, 1030—Ironside & Davidson, 793—Irrigation, 112—Ivey & Co., J. D., 640, 750—Ivory, African, 829.

Jacobi, D. H., 455—Jew, Evolution of the, 1130—Jewellery Notes, 384
—Jin at School, 507—Johnson, J. Lawson, 1073—Johnston, Jas., 464
—Johnston, J. M., 364, 365.

Kastner & Cawston, 988, 1028— Kearns, Thos., 671, 680—Kingston & Pembroke Ry., 747—Kootenay Mining, 498.

Laidlaw, Watson & Co., 67—Lamp Globes, 251, 431—Laporte & Fils, N., 410, 640—Laviolette & Nelson, 873, 920—Leamington, 882—Leather, 142—Letter boxes on steamers, 1108—Levin & Co., B., 288, 464, 684—Liability Risks, Small, 75—Lieorice, 1030—Light-Houses, 231—Lille, Wm., 722—Little Giant Cider Mill, 600—Live Stock Inspection, 1068—Liverpool, N.S., 992—Lobsters, 54, 112, 143, 147, 185, 274, 451, 515, 516, 579, 1071—Locomotives, 1029—Lockhart, A. F., 318—London Omnibus Co., 54—London Electric Underground Road, 234—Lumber, 55, 56, 112, 143, 186, 187, 516, 549, 596, 712, 713, 909, 1110—Luminant, New, 584.

Macdonald Bros., 1032—Mackerel, 493, 623—MacLean & Co., J., 800, 882, 1042—Macleanan, R. R., 496
—Macpherson, Grills & Co., 1079—Manchester Ship Canal, 629—Manitoba & Lake Dauphin Line, 537—Mason, A. H., 839—Matches, 98, 830—Merchants Telephone, 103, 913, 943, 961—Merrill, E., 59—Metropolitan Club, 199—Mica, 386, 787—Miller & Co., A. M., 951, 1080—Mills, Hon. G. A., 827—Mine Explosion, 11—Minerals in France, 669—Minerals, Ontario, 870—Mining Stocks, 147, 516, 541, 549, 1070—Money, Honest, 419—Money, What is, 155—Montpelier, —, 207—Montreal & Ottawa Ry., 580—Montreal an Ocean Port, 364—Montreal Butter & Cheese Assn., 790—Montreal Harbor Plant, 1041—Montreal Harbor Plant, 1041—Montreal Market Committee, 948—Montreal Paper Co., 1000—Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal, 719—Montreal Steam Laundry Co., 549, 873—Montreal Steet Railway, 273, 319—Montreal's Telephone Service, 143—Montreal's Telephone Service, 143—Monument National, 54—Morgan, Edwd., 295—Muriate of potash, 76—Mutual Reserve Fund Life Assn., 288.

McCall & Co., D., 243, 373, 881— McClellan, Senator, 947—McDonald, Hanrahan & Co., 455—McIntyre, Jno. M., 471—McKinnon, D.D., 455— McMaster, D., 496—McPherson & Co., John, 672.

National Engraving Co., 275—Nationale, La Banque, 840, 960—Natural Gas, 115, 295—Needles, 494—Newfoundland Affairs, 720, 752, 801, 840, 908, 990—Newfoundland Cod Liver Oil, 419—Newspaper Articles' Copyright, 405—Newspaper Trust, 1029—Niagara's New Bridge, 231—Norris & Co., 517—North American Paper Co., 56—North American Paper Co., 537—North of Scotland Mortgage Co., 155—Northern Pacific Ry., 187—Northwest, The, 99—Norwood, 496.

Obituary, 1119—Occidental, The, 721
993—Ocean Rates, 670—Ohio Acctyline Gas Co., 493—Oil, Castor,
949—Oil Field, rew, 519—Oil,
Fuel, 1070—Oil Wells, 11—Oil
Wells, Exhausted, 519—Oil, Roumanian, 1090—Oils, Canadian, 911
—Oleomargarine, 145—Olive Oil,
822, 494, 669—Ontario, Belmont

Paris Expositioni 493—Parks & Son, 373—Patterson & Co., 277—Pelee Gas & Oil Co., 475—Peloquin & Co., A., 232, 508—Penberthy Injector Co., 143—Pencil Factories, 278—Perrault, L., 163, 722—Perrin, H., 56, 58—Petroleum, To Burn, 1130—Phenix of Brooklyn, 1108—Planos, 12—Pledge, A, 254—Port Arthur, 364—Port Hope Canning, 185—Postal System, Chinese, 27—Potash, 11—Potatoes, 362—Poultry, 1107—Prescott Elevator 232—P. E. I. & U. S. Currency, 322—Printing, 251—Printing Process, Gelatine, 419—Provident Savings, The, 419—Prunes, 186, 538.

Quebec Electric Ry., 11—Queen City Grain Carrying, 709—Queen of America, 155—Quinine, 11, 450, 810, 870.

Rae, Wm., 1119—Railroads, Waste Power, 2.76—Rail, A Reversible, 811 Rails, Old, 771, 970—Railway Earnings, U. S., 363—Railway Returns, 626—Railway Ties, 536—Railway Town, 288—Railways, Canadian, 231, 233, 234—Railways in Japan, 670, 1070—Railways, Northwest, 709—Rape in Mustard, &c., 791—Raisns, 361, 449, 536—Revenue Returns, 55, 141, 872, 948, 1030, 1033—"Rialto," The, 536—Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co., 231, 548—Road Mileage, 408—"Robbery," A, 364, 367—Ross, W. A., 629—Rossland (B. C.) Properties, 831, 870—Rubber, Artificial, 912—Rubini, Sig., 422—Rugs, Eastern, 840—Russian Debt, 787.

Salmon, 187, 584—Salt, 97—Samson, Kennedy & Co., 231—Sandal Wood, 584—Sardines, 454, 538—Sault Ste. Marie Canal, 230, 231, 232—Sawyer, Murphy & Co., 873—

Schools, Agricultural, 471—Seal, "Electric," 991—Sealette Mantles, 801—Securities, Foreign, 145—Shelburne, 147, 367, 832—Shephered, R. W., 625—Shipbuilding in B. C., 496—Shipping, 230, 275, 1112—Ships, 475—Shoes, "Heatable," 1110—Shooting, Expensive, 563—Shorey, C. L., 753—Sifton, Hon. Clifford, 947—Silk, 454, 607—Silver Depreciation, 670—Small, E. A., 640—Small & Co., E. A., 1119—Smith & Son, E. R., 801—Smith, Captain W. L., 719—Smith, Robt., 471—Smith, Sir Donald, 186—Soap, Blue, 828—Soap, Potash, Soft, 596—Sponges, 536, 563, 624, 951—Spruce, 1031—Standard Oil Co., 317—Staple Commodities, 708—Steam, Superheated, 298—Steamer, Wrecked, 881—Steamship on Wheels, A., 463—Steel Cars, 563—Steel Pen Trade, 320—Steel Tempering, 340—Steel Tubes, 319—Steels, Cemented, 520—Stephen, "Sir William," 721—Stewart vs. MacLean, 155—Stores, Department, 872—Street Railway Mileage, 274—St. John Bolt & Nut Co., 913—St. John Bolt & Nut Co., 913—St. Lawrence Hall, 595—St. Lawrence Mach, Supply Co., 671—Suez Traffic, 308—Sugar, 624, 1070—Sugar Refinery Fire, 548—Sulphur, 14, 454—Sulphur Mines, Italian, 588—Sunken Ships, Raising, 251.

Talent, Home, 881—Tariff, Barbadoes, 790—Tariff Enquiry, 748, 1068, 1107—Tea, 323, 453—Tea-Kettle, A Novel, 373—1ees, John A., 549—Teeswater, 953—Telephones in Europe, 949—Telephones, Railway, 689—Temple Building, 1042—Textile Industry, 1030, 1032—Theatre Francais, 799—Thread Combine, 75—Thomson Line, 419—Tickell & Son, G. S., 626, 629, 639—Tiles, Norway, 409—Timber, B. C., 320—Tin, African, 498—Tin, Vancouver, 840—Tires, Pneumatic, 852, 1108—Tobacco, 57, 453, 496, 499, 584, 607, 668, 989—Tobacco Currency, 1051—Tobacco Dispute,

231, 749—Tobacco Soap, 498—Tomatoes, 498—Tonnage Reports, 144—Toronto Exposition, 30, 157, 210, 243, 331, 383—Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Ry., 912—Toronto Land Values, 582—Toronto Radial Ry. Co., 145—Torpedo Boat, 1110—Trade Christmas, 1119—Trade, Foreign, 1071—Trade Returns, 144, 538—Trades Unions, 750—Trinidad Pitch, 383—Trust Co., Defunct, 719, 960—Turkeys & Geese, 1027—Turpentine, 319.

U. S. Associated Banks, 749—U. S. Exports, 318—U. S. Street Railway Mileage, 275—U. S. Treasury and Mint, 10, 142, 229, 623, 709—Urquhart, W. J., 295.

"Vancouver" Collision, 277—Vancouver's Trade, 537—Vanilla, 584—Varnishes, 497—Venezuela Imports, 497—Vibrations in Vehicles, 207—Victoria Bridge, 1107—Victoria, B. C., Fishery, 409—Vintage of 1896, 872.

Waddell & Co., A., 1072—Wages in U. S., 830—Walker, W. H., 1071—Walmsley & Co., J. E., 596, 629—Walnuts and Almonds, 535, 538, 1068, 1070—Washington's Treasury, 541—Wax, 1028—"Week," The, 1119—Weights & Measures & Gas, 318, 626, 870—Wells, J. D., 801—Welsbach Mantles, 342—Western Bank, 373—Western Union Tel. Co., 476—Wetstein & Co., M., 759—Whalebone, 748—Whaling Fleet, Arctic, 711—Wheat, 9, 10, 11, 15, 55, 67, 98, 142, 143, 186, 274, 276, 290, 318, 362, 363, 364, 405, 406, 408, 428, 451, 536, 537, 580, 589, 624, 732, 710, 713, 791, 950, 982, 1068—Whiskey, 947—Wines, 759—Windsor Hotel, 882—Winthrop Mutual of Boston, 120—Wire Nails, 112—Wood Pulp, 499, 1067—Wool, 948—Wright, J. D., 953—Wright, Schurman & Co., 792.

Yokohama, 455, 950, 990, 1033, 1108.

Zine, 1010-Zoeger & Co., 759.

THEATRE FRANÇAIS, St. Oatherine St. (Near St. Lawrence St.) Continuous Performances, 2 & 8 P.M. daily. J. E. SACKETT, Manager. W. E. PHILLIPS, Sole Proprietor.

Week commencing Theatre Français,

By our own Stock Company.

Vaudeville announcement in Special Notice inside.

22dec96 Finance Dept MSOBANCE

Vol. 43. No. I NEW SERIES.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1896.

M. S. FOLEY, DITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Leading Wholesale Houses.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS

-- AND --

IMPORTERS

Goods

SPECIALTIES:

LINENS, DRESS GOODS, KID GLOVES AND SMALLWARES

VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL.

GRANITE * MILLS.

ST. HYACINTHE, P.Q.

Manufacturers of

Flannels, Etoffes, Tweeds & Dress Goods, Hosiery & Underwear, Lumbermen's

Knitted Boots.

MONTREAL FELT HAT WORKS

1878—PARIS EXHIBITION- 1878.

Prize Medal Awarded for our manufacture of Felt Hats.

We are now producing every description of FUR and WOOL SOFT FELT HATS, and can supply the trade below current rates, as our addition to machinery has enabled us to double our product.

FUR GOODS Of Our Own Manufacture

PLUSH CLOTH AND SCOTCH CAPS, GLOVES AND MITTS of English and Domestic Manufacture.

Moccasins, Snowshoes, Fancy Sleigh Robes, Buffalo, &c.

To Manufacturers.—We have a large stock of Seal Persian Lamb and other skins Tirmmings &c., &c.

JAMES CORISTINE & CO. Warehouse: 471 to 477 St. Paul St., MONTREAL:

Leading Wholesale Houses.

John * Macdonald * & * Co.

TO THE TRADE.

As Popular as the Bicycle. OUR STOCK OF

> Bicycle Hose Bicycle Suits Bicycle Caps Neğlige Shirts Sporting Belts Cashmere

Waistcoats Drill Waistcoats FILLING LETTER ORDERS A SPECIALTY

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.

Wellington and Front Streets East, TORONTO.

The following Brands Manufactured by . .

→ THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO. ← OF CANADA, Limited,

Are sold by all the Leading Whole-. . sale Houses . .

CUT TOBACCOS.

Old Chum. Seal of North Carolina, Old Gold.

CICARETTES-Richmond Straight Cut. Sweet Caporal,

Athlete. Derby.

MARK * FISHER, * SONS

AND COMPANY,

Merchant Tailors and Woollen Buyers

will find our Stock replete with all the Latest Novelties selected in the Home

and Foreign Markets.

We have never shown a more extensive line of . . .

STAPLE WOOLLENS

than we are doing at present,

Our Tailors' Trimming Dept. is also more than usually complete.

Mark Fisher, Sons & Co., VICTORIA SQUARE, MONTREAL. Leading Wholesale Houses.

THE

Ames, Holden Co.

Fine BOOTS AND SHOES.

AND SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

Granby Rubbers.

STOCKS CARRIED AT

Montreal, Que. Winnipeg, Man.
Toronto, Ont. Vancouver, B.C.
Victoria, B C.

Summer Goods.

* * Games, &c.

FULL LINES OF

Fishing Tackle, Lac Tennis Sets, Lacrosses, Rackets Nets, etc. Cricket Bats, Balls, Gloves, ... etc...

Croquet Sets, Base Ball Coods.

Arents for SPALDING'S Celebrated Lines of SPORTING GOODS.

H. A. NELSON & SONS.

59 to 63 St. Peter St.; MONTREAL.

John Fisher, Son & Co'v.

Woolens & Tailors' Trimmings 442 & 444 St. James St., MONTREAL.

We are enabled to keep our stock in Montreal, constantly well assorted with latest novelties in all classes of Woollen and Worsted cloths, as our house in Huddersfield, Eng. Keep a large stock ready for shipment, from which they supply other markats, especially English, Irish and Scotch, where they do a large trade with tailors and clothiers, besides having constantly in work, various lines especially select. d for the Canadian trade.

Often Montreal orders (especially Cables) are despecthed same day as received in Huddersfield.

All Canadian woollen buyers visiting the English markets, would find exceptional advantages in buying and ordering from our Huddersfield House, as in addition to holding a large stock to select from, we are stall times in complete touch with the makers of every class of woollen and worsted suitings and contings.

The senior member of our firm having had many years' experience, there, both as manufacturer and merchant.

JOHN FISHER & SONS,

St. Georges Square,

HUDDERSFIELD, ENG.

The Chartered Banks.

BANK OF MONTREAL.

(ESTABLISHED 1817.)
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00

(ESTABLISHED 1817.)
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
Capital all paid up, \$12,000,000.00
Reserved Fund, — 6,000,000.00
Undivided Profits, — 856,348.19
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Brd. A. Brummonn, — Vice-President.
A. T. Paterson, Eag. W. C. McDonald, Esq.
Hugh McLennan, Esq. R. B. Angue, Esq.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
A. Macnider, Chief inspector and Supt. of Branches.
A. B. Buchanan, Insp. of Branch Returns.
W. S. Clouston, Asst. Insp. James Aird, Soc.
Brancaes in Canada:
MONTREAL, H. V. Moredith, Manager.

"West End Branch, St. Oatherine St.
Seigneurs St. Branch.
Almonte, Ont. London, Ont. St. John, N.B.
Beileville, "Ottawa, "Amberst N.S.
Brantford, "Porth, "Halfax, N.S.
Brockville, "Peterbore, "Calgary, Alta.
Chatham, "Picton, "Regima, Ass'a.
Cornwall, "Sarnia, "Winnipeg, Man.
Deseronto, "Stratford, "Nelson, B.C.
Tt. William, "St. Marry, "New WestminsGoderich, "Toronto, "Roseland, B.C.
Montreal, Que.
Ilamilton, "Quebec, Que. "Vancouver, B.C.
Kingston, "Ghatham, N.B. Victoria, "Moncton, N.B.
Lindsay, "Moncton, N.B. Victoria, "Lindsay, "Moncton, N.B. Victoria, "IN REMOUNDLAND:

St. John's, Nfld, Bank of Montreal.
London, Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E.C.
Alex. Lang, Man.

IN THE UNITED STATES:
New York—Walter Watson and R. Y. Hebden,
Agenta, 59 Wall Street.
Chicago—Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager.
BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN:
London—The Bank of England.
"The Union Bank of London.
"The Undon and Westminster Bank.
"The National City Bank.
"The National City Bank.
"The National Bank.
"The National Bank.
"The Third National Bank.
"The National Bank.
"The Third National Bank.
"The Third National Bank.
"The Anglo-Galifornian Bank.
"The Comment of the Commerce in Buffalo.
San Francisco—The Bank of British Columbia.
"The Anglo-Galifornian Bank.
"The Commen

THE BANK OF TORONTO CANADA.

INCORPORATED 1855.

Head Office, Paid-up Capital, - Reserve Fund, -DIRECTORS:

DIRECTORS:

GEORGE GOODERHAM, Esq., President.
WM. II. BEATTY, Esq., Vice-President.
WM. II. BEATTY, Esq., Vice-President.
Henry Cawthra, Esq., W. G. Gooderham, Esq.,
Robt. Reford, Esq., Geo. J. Cook, Esq.,
Charles Stuart, Esq.

DUNCAN COULSON, General Mgr.
JOSEPH HENDERSON, Inspector.
Toronto. W. R. Wadeworth, Manager
"King St. Branch, G. J. Cuthhertson, "
Montreal. Thos. F. How, "
Barrle. M. Atkinson, "
Brockville. T. A. Bird, "
Cobourg. J. S. Skeeff, "
Collingwood. W. A. Copeland, "
Gananoque. C. V. Ketchum, "
London. John Pringle, "
Peterboro' P. Campbell, "
Petrolia. W. F. Cooper, "
Port Hope. E. B. Andros, "
Point St. Charles (Montreal). J. G. Bird, "
St. Catharines. G. W. Hodgetts, "
Bankors:
London, Eng. The City Bank, Limited

London, Eng......The City Bank, Limited New York...The National Bank of Commerce.

BANQUE VILLE-MARIE, HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL,

The Chartered Banks.

THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Pald-up Capital, - £1,000,000 Stg.
Reserve Fund, - 275,000 "

London Office, & Clement's Lane, Lombard St., E.O.

COURT OF DIRECTORS;
J. H. Brodle.
John James Cater!
Gaspard Farrer.
Henry R. Farrer.
Richard H. Glyn.
Head Office in Canada
H. STIKEMAN, General Manager.
E. STANGER, Inspector.
Branches in Canada:
London
Kingston
Ottawa
Brantford
Montreal, Montreal, Hellfax, N. S.
Rossland, B.C.

Branches in Canada:
Kingston Fredericton, N.B.
Charles Montreal Roseland, B.C.
Fredericton, N.B.
Fredericton, N.B.
Fredericton, N.B.
Roseland, B.C.
Fredericton, N.B.
Frederic Brantford Paris Hamilton

NEW YORK, (52 Wall St.) W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh.
San Francisco, (124 Sansom Street,) H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose,
London Bankers—The Bank of England, and Mesers. Glyn & Co.
Foreign Agents—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool.
Australia—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand.
Colonial Bank of New Zealand. India, China and Japan—Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies—Colonial Bank. Parls—Mesers. Marcuard, Krauss & Co.
Lyons—Credit Lyonnais.

227—Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, avail

THE MOLSONS BANK

THE MOLSONS BANK

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855.

Head Office: Montreal.

Paid-up Capital,
Rest Fund,
Sorn of Directors:
John H. R. Molson,
Yice-President,
W. M. Ramesy.
Henry Archbald,
W. M. Ramesy.
Henry Archbald,
Sam'l Finley.
W. M. Macpherson,
J. P. Cleghorn,
F. Wolferratan Thomas, Gen. Manager,
A. D. Durnford, Inspector.
H. Lockwood, Assistant Inspector.
Branches:
Aylmer, Ont. Montreal, P.Q. St. Thomas, Ont.
St. Catherine St.
Branch.
Brockville, Mortisburg, Ont. Toronto,
Calgary.
Norwich, Trenton,
Exeter, Owen Sound, Waterloo,
Hamilton, Ridgetown, Waterloo,
Hamilton, Mithe Falls Woodstock, Ont.
Meaford, Sorel, P.Q.
Acents in Canada.

Quebec-Eastern Townships Bank.
Ontario-Dominion Bank, Imperial Bank of Canada, and Canadian Bank of Commerce.
New Brunswick-Bank of New Brunswick.
Nova Scolia—Halfax Banking Company.
Prince Edward Island—Merchants Bank of P.E.I.
Summerside Bank.

British Columbia—Bank of British Columbia.
Manitoba—Imperial Bank of Canada.
New Joundland—Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Nova Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Purts Bank of British Columbia.
Manitoba—Insperial Bank of Canada.
New Joundland—Conmercial National Bank.
Antwern, Belgium—La Banque d'Anvers.
Hamburg—Heese, Newman & Co.
United States and Scotia, St. Jehn's.
In Europe
London—Orden Scotia, St. Jehn's.
New York—Mechanics' National Bank.
Antwenty, Belgium—La Banque d'Anvers.
Hamburg—Heese, Newman & Co.
United Scotia, St. Jehn's.
New York—Mechanics' National Bank.
Antwenty Heese Scotia, St. Jehn's S

Montana—North-Western National Bank. Minnea polis—First National Bank. Minnea polis—First National Bank. Minnea polis—First National Bank. Minnea turns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange, Commercial Letters of Credit and Travellers Circular letters issued available in all parts of the world.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

Incorporated by Royal Charler, A. D., 1818. PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$ 2,500,000 REST - \$ 2,500,

The Chartered Banks.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

OF CANADA. est, - - . Head flice, Montreal,

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ANDREW ALLAN, Esq., President.
HECTOR MACKENZIE, Esq., Vice-President.
Robert Anderson, Esq., II. Montagn Allan, Esq.
Jonathan Hodgson, Esq., J. P. Dawes, Esq., John Cassils, Esq., T. H. Dunn, Esq.
Sir Joseph Hickson.
General Manager, John Gault, Asst. Gen. Manager.

BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.
Belleville, Kincardine, Preston,
Berlin, Kingston, Quebec,
Brampton, London, Renfrew,
Chatham, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Que
Galt, Napanee, Gananoque, Ottawa, St. Jerome, Que
Hamilton, Owen Sound, Hespeler, Perth, Toronto, Walkerton,
Ingersoll, Prescott, Windsor, Brampton, London, Renfrew, Chatham, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Que Dresden, Mitchell, Stratford, Galt, Napanee, St. Johns, Q., Gananoque, Ottawa, St. Jerome, Que Hamilton, Owen Sound, St. Thomas, Hespeler, Perth, Toronto, Walkerton, Windsor, Montreal West End Branch, No. 2155 Notre Dame St. Brandon. Branches in Great Britain.—London, Glasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydeedale Bank (Limited). Liverpool, The Bank of Liverpool [Ltd]. Agency in New York.—52 William st., Messrs. Henry Hague and John B. Harris, Jr., Agents. Bankers in United States.—New York, American Exchange National Bank; Boston, Merchants National Bank: Chicago, American Exchange National Bank: Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo, San Francisco, Anglo-California Bank. Newfoundland.—The Bank of Nova Scotia. Nova Scotia and Merchante Bank of British Columbia. A general banking business transacted.

Letters of Credit Issued, available in China, Japan. and other foreign countries.

ST. STEPHEN'S BANK.

Incorporated 1836.

St. Stephen, N. B.

Capital, Reserve, F. H. TODD, ... President.
J. F. GRANT, ... Cashler.

AGENTS. London --Messrs. Glynn, Mills, Currie & C.o. New York.—Bank of New York, N.B.A. Roston— Globe National Bank. Montreal.—Bank of Mont-real. St. John, N.B.—Bank of Montreal. Drafts issued on any Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

THE WESTERN BANK

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, Ont.

 Capital Authorized
 \$1,000,000

 Capital Subscribed
 500,000

 Capital Paid-Up
 372,400

 Reserve
 105,000

 BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

JOHN COWAN, Esq., President.
REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President.
W. F. Cowan, Esq.
W. F. Allan, Esq.
Robert McIntosh, M.D.
Thomas Patterson, Esq.
T. H. McMinlan
Cashier.
Branches—Whitby, Midland, Tilsonburg, New
Hamburg, Pateley, Penetanguishene, Port Perry.
Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bough
and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed
Collections solicited and promptly made.
Correspondence at New York and in CanadaMerchants Bank of Canada. London, EnglandRoyal Bank of Scotland.

Imperial Bank of Canada.

Capital Authorized \$2,000,000
Capital Paid-Up \$1,984,625
Rest \$1,152,252

The Chartered Banks.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

Paid-up Capital, - - 86.000,000
Rest. - DIRECTORS: 1,000,000

GEO. A. COX, Esq., President.
Jas. Crathern, Esq., W. B. Hamilton, Esq., John Hoskin, Esq., Q.C., LL.D., Matthew
Leggat, Esq., J. W. Flavelle, Esq.
B. B. WALKER, General Manager.
J. H. PLUMMER, Ass't General Manager.
A. H. Ireland, Inspector.
G. H. Meldrum, Asst. Insp.
New York—Alex, Leird and Wm. Gray, Agents.
Barrle, Galt, Peterbor'gh, Toronto Jc'n
Belleville, Goderich, St. Cath'rines Walkerton,
Berlin, Guelph, Sarnia, Walkerville,
Belnheim, Hamilton, Ste. Marie, Waterford,
Brantford, London, Seaforth, Waterford,
Brantford, London, Seaforth, Waterford,
Brantford, London, Seaforth, Waterford,
Brantford, London, Seaforth, Windsor,
Chatham, Orangeville Stratford, Woodstock,
Collingwood, Ottawa, Strathroy, Winnipeg,
Dandas. Parls, Thorold,
Dandas. Parls, Thorold, Windsor,
Collingwood, Ottawa, Strathroy, Winnipeg,
Dandas. Parls, Thorold, Windsor,
Dandas. Parls, Thorold, Windsor,
Collingwood, Ottawa, Strathroy, Winnipeg,
Dandas, Parls, Thorold, Windsor,
Collingwood, Ottawa, Strathroy, Winnipeg,
Dandas, Parls, Thorold, The Chabolllez Square,
Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, East
and West Indies. China, Japau and South America.
Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold,
Collections made on the most favorable terms.
Travellers' letters of credit issued for use in all
parts of the world.
Interest allowed on deposits.

Bankers and Cornestondents.

Great Britain—The Bank of Scotland.
India, China and Japan—The Chattered Bk of
India, Australia & Wew Zealand—The Union Bk. of
Australia.

Paris, France-Crédit Lyonnais, Lazard Freres & Cie
Brussets, Belgium—J. Mathleu & Fils.

Australia & New Zealand—The Union Bk. of Nustralia.

Paris, France-Crédit Lyonnais, Lazard Freres & Cle
Brussels, Belgium—I. Mathien & Fils.

New York-The Am. Ex. National Bk of New York
Chicago—The Am. Ex. National Bk of New York
San Francisco and British Columbia—The Bank
of British Columbia.

Hamilton, Bermuda—The Bk. of Bermuda.

Kingston Jamaica—The Bank of Nova Scotia.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

BANK OF OTTAWA.

BANK OF UTTAWA.

HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA.
Capital (fully paid up)

CHARLES MAGEE

GEORGE HAY, Esq.

John Mather, David Maclaren, D. Murphy.
George Hay.

George Hay.

George Hay.

Charles Magee,
Branches—Arnprior, Carleton Place, Hawkesbury, Keewatin, Kemptyille, Mattawa, Pembroke, Parry Sound, Portage la Prairie, Rideau Street, Bank Street, Ottawa, Renfrew, Ont., Rat Fortage, Winnipeg, Man.

GEO. BURN, General Manager

D. M. FINNIE, Local Manager.

Townships Eastern Bank.

Dividend No. 73.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three and one-half per cent. upon the paid up capital stock of this Bank has been declared for the carrent ha f vear, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after

THURSDAY, 2nd DAY OF JULY NEXT. The Transfer books will be closed from the 15th to 30th June, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

WM. FARWELL, General Manager.

Sherbrooke, 2nd June 1896,

The Chartered Banks.

BANK OF HAMILTON.

CAPITAL (All Paid) \$1,250,000

RESERVE FUND 675,000

HEAD OFFICE HAMILTON,

JOHN STUART, Vice-President.

A. G. RAMSAY, Vice-President.

John Proctor, Geo Rosch,
Wm. Glbson, M.P., A. T. Wood,
A. B. Lee, (Toronto.)

J. Turnbull, Cashler.
H. S. STEVENS, Assistant Cashier.

BRANUHES:

Alliston, Listowel, Owen Sound,
Chesley, Lucknow, Orangeville,
Georgetown, Milton. Port Elgin,
Hamilton, Mt. Forest, Grimsby, Berlin,
Barton Street

Correspondents in United States:—New York-

Barton Street

Gorrespondents in United States:—New York—
Fourth National Bk, and Hanover National Bk. Buffalo—Marine Bank of Buffalo. Detroit—Detroit National Bank, Chicago—Union National Bank.
Gorrespondents in Great Britain—National Provincial Bank of England [Ltd].
Collections effected at all parts of the Dominion of
Canada at lowest rates. Careful attention given and
prompt returns made.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE DOMINION BANK.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has this day been declared for the current quarter, and that the same will be phyable at the Banking House in this city, on and after SATURDAY. THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

By order of the Board.
R. D. GAMBLE.
Toronto, 25th June, 1896. General Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK.

 Capital Paid-Up,
 \$1,500,000

 Reserve Fund
 975,000

 Undivided Profits
 28,620

Capital Paid-Up,
Reserve Fund
Board of Directories:
Thos. E. Kenny, M.P., President.
Thos. E. Kenny, M.P., President,
M. Dwyer,
Thomas Rittuing, Vice-President,
M. Dwyer,
Wiley Smith,
Henry G. Bauld,
Hon. H. Fuller, M.L.C.
David MacKeen.
HEAD OFFICE, Halifax, N.S.
D. H. Duncan, Cashier, W.B. Torrance, Asst. Cashier
Agencies in Province of Quebec:
Montreal, E. L. Pense, Manager,
"West End, Notre Dame St. West.
Cote St. Antoine, Green Avenue.
In Maritime Frovinces:
Antigonish, N. S.
Bathurst, N. B.
Bathurst, N. B.
Berligewater, N. S.
Charlottetown, P.E.I.
Dorchester, N. B.
Suewcastle, N. B.
Suewcastle, N. B.
Suewcastle, N. B.
Suewcastle, N. B.
Sackville, N. B.
Suevelle, N. B.
Sueve

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

BANQUE D'HOCHELAGA.

Capital Paid-Up, \$800,000.

Reserve Fund, \$45,000.

F. X. St. Charles, Vice-Pres.
Chs. Chaput. J. D. Rolland. J. A. Vallancourt
M. J. A. Prenderst, Manager
C. A. Giroux, Assistant Manager
C. A. Giroux, Giroux, Assistant Manager
C. A. Giroux, Giroux, Assistant Manager
C. A. Giroux, Giroux,

The Chartered Banks.

UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Paid-up. - \$1,200,000 Rest. - -300,000

HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.

Board of Directors.

ANDREW THOMSON, Esq. President.
Hon. E. J. Price.
D. C. Thomson, Esq. Vice-President.
D. C. Thomson, Esq. E. J. Hale, Esq.
Hon. John Sharples.
E. E. Webb, Gen. Manager
J. G. Billett, Inspecior

Branches:

Alexandria, Ont.
Boiseevain, Man.
Carberry, Man.
Hastinge, Ont.
Lettbridge, N.W.T.
Merrickville, Ont.
Montreal, Que,
Moosomin, N.W.T.
Morden, Man.
Neepawa, Man.
Norwood, Ont.

Ottawa, Ont.
Quebec, Que.
"St. Lewie St
Shelburne, Ont.
Smith's Falle, Ont.
Sourie, Man.
Toronto, Ont.
Virden, Man,
Wiarton, Ont.
Winchester, Ont.
Winnipeg, Man.

Foreign Agents:

London, Parr's Bank Limited. New York, Y - - National Park Bank.
Boston, - - Lincoln National Bank. - National Park Bank. Minneapolis, National Bank of Commerce, St. Paul, St. Paul National Bank. Great Falls, Mont. -First National Bank Chicago, Ill.
Buffalo, N.Y.
Detroit, Mich., Globe National Bank. Ellicott Square Bank. Detroit, Mich., First National Bank.

The Standard Bank of Canada Capital Paid-up, - \$1.000,000 Reserve Fund - 800.000

Reserve Fund 600.000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

DIRECTORS.

W. F. COWAN, President.

JOHN BURNS, Vice-President.

W. F. Allan, Fred. Wyld.

T. R. Wood,

Jas. Scott.

Bowmanville, Brantford, Bradford, Brighton. Brussels, Campbellford,

Jas. Scott.
AGENCIES.
Cannington,
Chatham,
Golborne,
Durham,
Forest,
Stouffville.

Campoentora, Harrison,
BANKERS.

New York—Importers and Traders National Bank,
Montreal—Can. Bank of Commerce,
London, England.—National Bank of Scotland,
All banking business promptly attended to. Correspondence solicited.

GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

Traders Bank of Canada

(Incorporated by Act of Parliament 1885).

W. J. GAGE, Esq. J. W. Dowd, Esq. John Drynan, Esq., Ropt. Thomson, Esq., of Hamilton.

Head Office, H.S. STRATHY, J. A. M. ALLEY,

Toronto. General Manager. .. Inspector. •• BRANCHES:

Aylmer, Ont., Dravton, Elmira, Glencoe, Guelph. Hamilton,

BRANCHES:
Ingersoll,
Leamington,
Newcastle,
North Bay,
Orillia,
Port Hope,
BANKERS.

Ridgetown, Strathroy. Strathroy. St. Mary's, Tilsonburg. Windsor.

Great Britain—The National Bank of Scotland, New York—The American Exchange Nat. Bank, Montreal—The Quebec Bank.

HALIFAX BANKING CO.

Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-Up, \$55 Reserve Fund, 30 HEAD OFFIUE, .. HALIFAX, N.S.

DIRECTORS:

The Chartered Banks.

La Banque Jacques Cartier. 1862-HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL-1696

Hon. Alph. Desiandins, M.P., President.
A. S. Hamelin, Beq., Vice-President.
Dumont Laviolette, A. L. Demartigny,
G. N. Ducharme.
Tanchede Bienveru, Madager.
E. G. St. Jean, Inspector.

BRANCHES.

Quebec, St. Sauvenr.
St. John St.
Victoriaville.
Valleyfie d.
Fr serville.
Hull, P.Q.
St. Hyacinthe.

Montreal, St. Jean Bie.

" St. Henry.
" St. Cunegonde.
" Ontario St.
Beauharnole P. Q.
Ste. Anno de la Pérade,
Edmonton, N.W.T. Savings Departments-At Head Office and Bran-

Foreign Agents—London, Eng., Credit Lyonnais, Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, Paris, France; Credit Lyonnais; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris, New York—National Bank of the Republic; Bank of America; Boston—Merchants National Bank; National Bank of the Commonwealth; NationalBank of the Republic; Chicago—Bank of Montreal.

Letters of Credit for travellers, etc. issued avail-ble on #11 parts of the world. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion.

La Banque Nationale.

HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.
Capital Paid-Up, Directoris:
R. AUDETTE, Esq., President.
A. B. Dupuis, Esq., Vice-President.
Hon. Judge Chauveau, V.Chateauvert, Esq., M.P.P.
N. Rioux, Esq. N. Fortier, Esq. i
J. B. Lailberté, Esq.,
P. LAFRANCE, Branches:
P.Q.—Quebee, St. Roch's, St. John's St., Montreal, Ottawa, Ont., Shorbrooke, P.Q., St. Francole, P.Q., St. Marie, P.Q., Chicoutini, P.Q., Roberval, P.Q., St. Ilyacinthe, P.Q.
Agents—England—The National Bank of Scotland, London. France—Credit Lyonnais, Paris, and Branches, Messre. Grunebaum, Frores & Co., Paris. United States—The National Bank of the Republic, New York: National Rovere Bank, Boston, Mass.
Prompt attention given to collections
27 Correspondence respectfully solicited.

Business Founded 1795.

American Bank Note Company,

78 to SG TRINITY PLACE, NEW YORK, ENGRAVERS AND PRINTERS OF

BANK NOTES, SHARE CERTIFICATES BONDS FOR GOVERNMENTS AND COR-PORATIONS, DRAFTS, CHECKS, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, STAMPS, &c., in the finest and most artistic style FROM STEEL PLATES.

With Special Safeguards to Prevent Counterfeiting. BAPETY COLORS, SAFETY PAPERS. Work executed in Fireproof Buildings.

LITHOGRAPHIC AND TYPE PRINTING. Railway Tickets of Improved Styles, Show Cards, Labels, Calendars.

H.S. PHILLIPS & CO.,

61 St. James Street.

Commercial Paper Bought, Advances made on Warehouse Receipts.

MONTREAL.

B. A. BOAS,

Loans on Stocks and Bonds.' Exchange on Germany Bought or Sold.

97 St. Francois Xavier) Street MONTREAL, Can.

George Blache,

MERCHANT-TAILOR.

141 St. James St., MONTREAL.

St. Lawrence Hall Building. Large Stock of Spring Sultings just received. Mail orders promptly attended to.

Loan Societies.

THE CENTRAL CANADA

Loan and Savings Company of Ont. TORONTO.

Notice is hereby given that a quarterly dividend for the three (3) months ending 30th June, 1896, at the rate of six per cent. (6 3.c.) per annum, has this day been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be puyable at the Offices of the Company In this City, on and after

THURSDAY, THE SECOND DAY OF JULY NEXT.

The transfer books will be closed from the 20th to the 30th of June, 1896, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

E. R. WOOD, Secretary.

The Dominion Savings & Investment Scciety.

Dividend No. 48.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of five per cent, per annum upon the paid up Capital Stock of this Society has been declared for the current init year, and that the same will be payable at the offices of the Society, opposite the City Hall, Richmond Street, London, on and after Thursday, the second day of July, 1896.

The transfer books will be closed from the 15th instant to the 30th of June, 1896, both days inclusive.

NATHANIEL MILLS, London, June 12th, 1896. Manager.

THE HAMILTON

Provident and Loan Society

Dividend No. 50.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three per cent. upon the paid up capital stock of the Society, has been declared for the half year ending June 30th, 1896, and that the same will be payable at the Society's Banking Hones, Hamilton, Ont., on and after THURSDAY, the SECOND DAY OF JULY, 1896.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to 30th June, 1896, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

May 26th, 1896.

C. FERRIE, Treasurer.

The Western Loan and Trust Co'y., Ltd.

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Authorized Capital, - \$2,000,000 Assets, - - - 1,500,000

Office-No. 13 St. Sacrament St., MONTREAL, P.Q.

MONTREAL, P.Q.

Hon. A. W. Oglivie, President.
W. Barciay Stephens, Esq., Manager.
J. W. Michaud, Esq., Accountant.
Sollictrons:
Messrs. Greenshields & Greenshields.
BANKERS:
The Morchants Bank of Canada.
This Company acts as assignee, administrator, executor, trustee, receiver, committee of lunatic, guardian, liquidator, etc., also as agent for the above offices.
Debentures issued for three or five years, both debentures and interest on the same can be collected in any part of Canada without charge.
For further particulars address the Manager.

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

BREAKFAST-SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa. Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping onresives well fortilled with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Givil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:

JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homospathic Chemists London, England.

Oceanic Steamships.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool, Quebec and Montreal Royal Mail Service. Calling a Londonderry

Glasgow, Londonderry and New York Service.

From New Pier foot of W. 21st Street, New York From New Fier 100f of W. Lies States, New York.

From Glasgow. Steamships New York.

12 June . State of Nebraska. "26" 11 am

26 "State of California, Thursday 9 July 2 pm

10 July State of Aebraska, 24 July 4 p.m.

20 "State of California, Thursday 9 July 2 pm
10 July State of Nobroska,
24 July 4 pm.
Rates: First Cabin, \$45 to \$65 Single.
\$85 to \$120 Return. Second Cabin, \$30
Single, \$55 Return. Steerage to Glasgow,
Bolinst or Londonderry at lowest Rates,
Outlit for Steerage passengers furnished free.
The Steamships State of California and State of
Nebraska are not surpassed for their excellent accommodations for all classes of passengers.
The Saloons are forward, Staterooms near the
centre of the ship. Promenade deck the entire
width of the Vessel, and two-thirds of the length.
Electric lights throughout, and electric bells in
every stateroom. No cattle carried,
London, Quebec and Montreal; Glasgow, Quebec
and Montreal: A weekly service of first-class
freight steamers is maintained between these
Ports. Send for schedules of salings.
For further information apply to

H. & A. ALLAN,

H. & A. ALLAN, 25 Common St., Montreal.

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, CHARLESTON & FLORIDA LINE.



For CHARLESTON, S. C., the South and Southwest. For JACKSONVILLE, FLA., and all Florida Points.

Appointed sailing days from Pier 29 East River, N.Y.

Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 3 p.m. The only Line between

New York and Jacksonville, Fla

WITHOUT GHANGE,
Uncurpaseed Passenger Accommodations and
Culsine.
The fleet is composed of the following elegant

steamers:

Algonquin, Seminole, Iroquois, Ye-massee, Cherokee, Delaware.

massee, Cherokee, Delaware.

Through Tickets, Rates, and Bills of Lading for all points South and Southwest via Charleston, and all Florida, points via Jacksonville.

ST. JOHN'S RIVER STEAMERS (De Bary Line.) between Jacksonville and Sanford Fia., and Intermediate Landings on the St. John's River.

Steamers CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, F. DE BARY, EVERGLADE, WELAKA, Sailing from Jacksonville daily except Saturday, at Sailing from Jacksonville daily except Saturday, at Sailing from Jacksonville daily except Saturday, at Palatka, Astor, Blue Springs and Sandford. Through Tickets and Bills of Lading at lowest rates to all interior points in Florida.

Send to the "Clyde Line" for one of their pamphlets "Facts about Florida."

For further information apply to M. H. CLYDE, A. T. M., A. J. COLE, THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Gen'l Pass, Agt.

5 Bowling Green, New York.

5 Bowling Green, New York.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents. 5 Bowling Green, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,

America's Scenic Line. NIAGARA to the SEA.

Richelieu & Ontario Nav. Co.

Hamilton & Montreal Line.

Steamer leaves Hamilton and Toronto every Monday, Montreal on return trip every Friday, calling at Bay of Quinte ports each way.

Toronto & Montreal Line.

Passing through the Thousand Islands, and Rapids of the St. Lawrence. From aud Rapids of the St. Lawrence. From June 1st to 13th inclusive Steamers leave at Toronto at 2 p.m., Montreal at 10 a.m., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. On and after June 15th leave Toronto and Montreal daily (Sundays excepted). From July 13th until August 22nd inclusive Steamers leave Kingston and Clayton daily for Mon-Kingston and Clayton daily for Mon-treal. Sept. 14th to Sept. 30th Steam-ers leave Toronto and Montreal Mon-days, Wednesdays and Fridays only.

Montreal & Quebec Line.—

Of large double tier Steamers on opening Navigation leaving Montreal for Quebec daily at 7 p.m., and Quebec for Montreal daily at 5 p.m. (Sundays excepted during Spring and Autumn months only). Splendid Orchestra on each Steamer each Steamer.

Quebec & Saguenay Line.—
Large double tier Steamers leaving
Quebec on opening Navigation, to June
13th, on Tuesdays and Fridays. From
June 16th to July 11th inclusive leaves
Quebec, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. From July 13th
to August 29rd inclusive daily leavent days and Saturdays. From July 13th to August 22nd inclusive, daily (except Sunday, From August 25th until September 19th inclusive, leaves Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. September 22nd to close Navigation, Tuesdays and Fridays only.

Ticket Office: 128 St. James St., Montreal.

Legal.

Brockville, Ont.

W. S. BUELL,

Barrister, Solicitor, &c.

Offices: Dunham Block, Corner King and Broad Sts.

Kingston, Ont.

SMYTHE & LYON,

Barristers, Solicitors, &c.,

E. H. SMYTHE, LL.D., Q.C. H. I. LYON

London, Ont.

W. H. BARTRAM,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, &c.

OFFICE: 99 DUNDAS STREET WEST.

GIBBONS, MONAB & MULKERN,

Barristers, Attorneys, &c.
Office: Corner Richmond and Carling Sts.

GEO. C. GIBBONS, Q.C., P. MULKERN,

GEO. MONAB, FRED. F. HARPER

Montreal.

MACMASTER & MACLENNAN, Advocates, Barristers, &c.

Donald Macmaster, Q.C., D.C.L. F. S. Maclennan, B.C.L.

Rooms 47, 49 & 50 Temple Building, 185 St. James St.

McGIBBON, DAVIDSON & HOGLE

ADVOCATES, BARRISTERS, &c., New York Life Building,

Commissioners for State of New York, U.S.A., Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba, British Columbia, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

R. D. MoGIBBON, Q. C. PEERS DAVIDSON. ARTHUR F. HOGLE.

Legal.

DUHAMEL & MERRILL, Advocates.

ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING. 1709 Notre Dame St., City.

Ottawa, Ont.

George F. Henderson, Solicitor, &c.,

13 Scottish Ontario Chambers

Peterborough, Ont.

HATTON & WOOD,

Barristers, Solicitors, &c.

G. W. HATTON.

R. E. WOOD, B.A.

W. A. STRATTON, B.A., LL.B., Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.

Seaforth. Ont.

MCCAUGHEY & HOLMESTED, Barristers, &c.

Simcoe, Ont.

W. WELLS,

(Late Killmaster & Wells) Barrister, Solicitor, &c.

Toronto, Ont.

Jones bros. & mackenzie,

Barristers & Solicitors,

Canada Permanent Chambers, Toronto.

CLARKSON JONES, GEO. A. MACKENZIE, BEVERLY JONES, C. J. LEONARD.

English Agert: Jonas ar Jones, 99 Cannon St., London, Commissioner for N.Y., Illinois and other States.

Legal Directory.

Price of Admission to this Directory is \$10 per annum.

ONTARIO.

	•
ARTHUR	M. M. MacMartin
AYLMER	.Miller & Backhouse
	. Dickinson & McWatt
BELLEVILLE	Mickel & Roberts
BLENHEIM	R. L. Gosnell
BOWMANVILLE	R. Russell Loscombe
BROCKVILLE AN	D ATHENS
	Wood & Wohater

RECORVILLE AND ATHEMS
Wood & Webster
BROCKVILLEBrown & Fraser
BROCKVILLEBrown & Fraser CAMPBELLFORDA. L. Colville
CANNINGTON A J Reid
CARLETON PLACEColin McIntosh
CORNWALL, McLennan, Liddell & Cline
DESERONTO Henry R. Redford
DURHAMJ. P. Telford
DURHAM J. P. Telford GANANOQUE J. C. Ross GODERICH E. N. Lewis
GODERICH E. N. Lewis
GRIMSBYE. A. Lancaster
INGERSOLLThos. Wells
IROQUOIS A. E. Overell
IROQUOISA. E. Overell KEMPTVILLEFrench & Allan
KINGSTON Britton & Whiting LEAMINGTON W. T. Easton LINDSAY R. J. McLaughlin LISTOWELL S. B. Morphy
LEAMINGTON
LINDSAYR. J. McLaughlin
LISTOWELLS. B. Morphy
LONDON. Gibbons, McNabb & Mulkern LONDON W. H. Bartram L'ORIGNAL J. Maxwell
LONDON
L'ORIGNALJ. Maxwell
i MIIII ANII Steere & Ambrose
MITCHELL Dent & Hodge
MITCHELL Dent & Hodge MOUNT FOREST Perry & Perry MORRISBURG Johnston & Bradfield NIAGARA FALLS Hill & Ingles
MORRISBURGJohnston & Bradfield
NIAGARA FALLS Hill & Ingles
LIEW WILLIAM EL INGS. J. KODATISON
NORWOODT. M. Grover
I () A K V I I . I. III D Q A mula har
ORANGEVILLE Myers & Robb OSHAWA J. F. Grierson
OSHAWAJ. F. Grierson
OTTAWAArthur W. Gundry

Legal Directory.

ONTARIO—Continued.

OWEN SOUND...Creasor Smith & Notter OWEN SOUND..Creasor Smith & Notter PARIS. Foley & Dalzell PETERBOROUGH .J. Williams Bennet PETROLEA. Dawson & Greenizen PICTON. Wright & Walmsley PORT ELGIN. J. C. Dalrymple PORT HOPE. Chisholm & Chisholm PORT HOPE ... H. A. Ward PRESCOTT AND KEMPTVILLE, F. J. French. O. C.

EMPTVILLE, F. J. French, Q.C. A. Weir STRATFORD. MacPherson & Davidson TRENTON. MacLellan & MacLellan TEESWATER John J. Stephens THORNBURY Wilson & Dyre TLISONBURG W. A. Dowler TORONTO, Roaf, Curry, Gunther & Green TORONTO Jones Bros. & McKenzie TORONTO Arch. J. Sinclair UXBRIDGE J. A. McGillivray VANKLEEK HILL, F. W. Thistlethwaite WATFORD. Fitzgerald & Fitzgerald WELLAND. J. Clarke Raymond WESTON & TORONTO.... Joseph Nason WINGHAM Myer & Dickinson WINGHAM Myer & Dickinson WINDSOR, Patterson, Leggatt & Murphy WALKERTON A. Collins STRATFORD...MacPherson & Davidson

QUEBEC.

BEDFORD ... Hobart Butler
BUCKINGHAM F. A. Baudry
COWANSVILLE,
O'Halloran & O'Halloran
MONTMAGNY ... Albert J. Bender
PERCE & NEW CARLISLE. Jos. Garon
RICHMOND ... Edward J. Bedard
ROCK ISLAND ... H. M. Hovey
STANSTEAD Hon. M.F. Hackett, M.P.P.
WATERLOO ... D. Darby
WATERLOO ... C. A. Nutting

NOVA SCOTIA.

NOVA SCOTIA.

AMHERST, Townshend, Dickey & Rogers ANTIGONISH ... A. Macgillvray BRIDGETOWN ... T.D. Ruggles & Sons BRIDGEWATER ... Owen & McLean HALIFAX ... Alfred Whitman KENTVILLE ... W. E. Roscoe LIVERPOOL ... Jason M. Mack LUNERPOOL ... Jason M. Mack LUNENBURG ... S. A. Chesley PORT HOOD ... S. Macdonnell SYDNEY ... Chisholm & Crowe WINDSOR ... H. F. McLatchy WINDSOR ... H. F. McLatchy WINDSOR ... H. D. Ruggles YARMOUTH ... Sanford H. Pelton

NEW BRUNSWICK.

CAMPBELLTON	H. F. McLatchy
EDMUNSTON	A. Rainsford Balloch
HAMPTON	A I o B Turnedia
MONCTON	Harvey Atkinson
SUSSEX	White & Allison
	· · · · · white or Willson

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CHARLOTTETOWN, M. & D. C. McLeod GEORGETOWND. A. MacKinnon

MANITOBA.

PILOT MOUND W. A. Donald RED DEER Geo. W. Greene SELKIRK James Heap WAWANESA Jos. H. Chambers WINNIPEG Patterson & Howard

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NORTHWEST TERRITORY.

CALGARY.....Lougheed & McCarter OSHAWA J. F. Grierson CALGARY McCarthy & Bangs
OTTAWA Arthur W. Gundry
OTTAWA Geo. F. Henderon EDMONTON John C. F. Brown

BLACKMAN'S

Patent Power Ventilating

WHEEL.

HEATING.

COOLING.

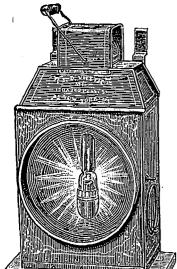
DRYING.

VENTILATING.

14 Highest Awards Given to the Blackman Air Propellor.

ESTIMATES for Ventilation, Drying and Cooling given on Application. Illustrated Circular.

MILLER BROS. & TOMS, - Agents, - MONTREAL,



Smith New York.

CHARLES G. SMITH.

MANUFACTURER OF

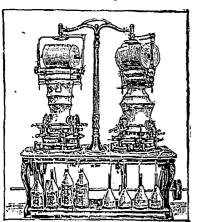
PATENTS CENTRE CAR-LAMPS and HEAD-LIGHTS,

Lamp Fixtures of all Kinds.

350 & 352 Pearl St., NEW YUKK CITY.

ESTABLISHED 1846

Tompkins 3ros.



Tomp wine' Upright Rotary Knitting Machine

TROY, N.Y.

Manufacturers of

KNIT GOODS MACHINERY.





ST. LAWRENCE CANALS.

IROQUOIS DIVISION.

Further Postponement of Late For Receiving Tenders.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE Time for receiving tenders for the Iroquois Division of the St. Lawrence Canals has been further postponed to Friday, 3rd July, 1896,

By order,
JNO. II. BALDERSON,
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, } Ottawa, 22nd June, 1896.

Use the brush that gives the best results at least cost.

Excelsior Brush.



Cheapest brush on the market, quality considered. Made of special tempered copper. Write for prices.

NICHOLAS ZOGG.

32 East143d Street, · New York City.

FOR SALE

At less than Half Price

TYPE-SETTING MACHINES

Employed during the last two years in the Composing-Room of the "Journal of Commerce." All in good order.

M. S. FOLEY, Prop.



Cor. Victoria Square and Craig Street, MONTREAL, Que;

Is the largest, best equipped and most thorough commercial college in Canada. Nine expert teachers with business experience give their time and attention exclusively to the students of this institution. The course comprises Book-keeping in all its forms, with office training in the Actual Business Department, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Correspondence, Commercial Law, French, English, Typewriting and Shorthand in both languages, Civil Service and other special courses. Students may enter or a full course or a single subject.

The College office will open on Aug. 26th for the registration of students, and studies.

The College office will open on Aug. 26th for the registration of students, and studies will be resumed on Sept. 3rd. Write, call or telephone (2890) for the beautiful souvenir prospectus.

Address:

J. D. DAVIS, Principal.

IMPROVING AND REMODELING

HEATING

EITHER BY

Hot Air, Steam or Water.

ARE OUR SPECIALTIES.

E.C. Mount & Co.

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters, 766 CRAIG STREET, MONTREAL.

TELEPHONE NO. 1265.



ST LAWRENCE CANALS.

Iroquois Division.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

THE NOTICE calling for Tenders for the Iroquois Canals and poetponements of same are hereby withdrawn.

By order,

JNO, II, BALDERSON

Secretary.

Ottawa, 26th June, 1896.

Caverhill, Learmont & Co.,

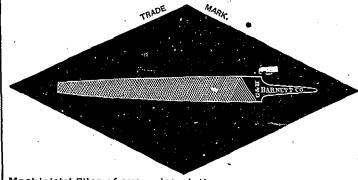
WHOLESALE SHELF HARDWARE MERCHANTS,

Caverhill's Buildings, St. Peter St.,

Largest and most complete stock of SHELF HARDWARE in the Dominion.

MONTREAL

Black Diamond File Works, Great American Cross Cut Saw Files Double Ended Taper Saw Files.



Machinists' Files of every description.

Lightning
Saw Files.
Band Saw
Files.
Gin Saw
Files.

Circular Gin Saw Files. Square Gulleting Saw Files. Single Stave

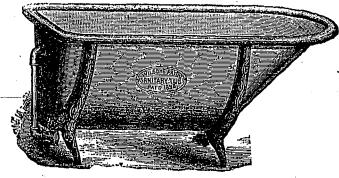
Saw Files.
Saw Files.
Double Stave
Saw Files.
Culleting:
Saw Files.
Machne

and Files Climax Saw Files

G. & H. BARNETT COMPANY, Philadelphia, P.A.

R. M. WILSON'S

Solid Copper Bath Tub.



Success assured to all who handle the Wilson Patent Sanitary Eath Tub. The only Solid Copper Bath Tub on the market. No iron or steel to rust. No enamel to chip. There is no ground for the statement that the Solid Copper Tub will accumulate Verdigris, the Copper being protected by a special preparation, it being a well-known fact that Copper which is protected cannot accumulate Verdigris.

.. .. MANUFACTURED BY

R. M. WILSON, - Rome, N. Y.

New York Office: 92 Walker Street.

Also Manufacturer of Copper Range Boilers, Closet Seats & Tanks & Brass Work.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE,

Agents for Toronto and vicinity, ONTARIO LEAD & BARB WIRE 00., - TORONTO



"Jardine". Hand Drilling Machines.

In twenty-five years' experience we have never had a Hand Drill returned as unsatisfactory. Merchants find as much profit in our goods as in inferior kinds, and a great deal more satisfaction.

A. B. JARDINE & CO., HESPELER, ONT.

DELORME BROS., Montreal,
Agents for Quebec & Maritime Provinces.

Leading Manufacturers &c.

D. MORRICE, SONS & CO.

MONTREAL and TORONTO.

Manufacturers' Agents and General Merchants

The Dominion Cotton Mills Co., Montreal

MILLS AT

Hochelaga, Coatloooke, Chambly, Brantford, Kingston, Halifax, Moncton, Windson, N.S., Magog, (Print Works).

Grey Cottons, Bleached, Shirtings, Bleached and Grey Sheetings, Cotton Bags, Drills, Ducks, Yarns, Twines, Wicks, Prints, Regattas, Printed Ducks, Crettonee, Sleeve Linings, Printed Flannelettes, Shoe Drills, etc. Crertones, Sleev Shoe Drills, etc.

The Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Co., Ltd., Montreal, Mills at

Militown, Cornwall, Hamilton, Merritton Dundas, also A. Gibson & Sons, Marys-ville, N.B., and Hamilton Cot-ton Co., Hamilton.

ton Co., Hamilton.

Shirlings, Ginghams, Oxforde, Flannelettes Tickings, Awnings, Sheetings, Cottonades, Denms. Blankets, Yarns, etc. also

Tweeds—Fine, Medium and Coarse; Etoffes Blankets, Horse Blankets, Saddle-felt, Glove Linings.

Flannels—Grey and Fancy, in all Wool and Union; Ladies' Dress Flannels.

Serges, Yarns.

Knitted Underwear—Socks and Hosiery, in Men's, Ladies' and Children's.

Cardigan Jackets—Mitts and Gloves.

Braid—Fine Mohair for Tailoring, Dress Braids and Linens, Corset Laces.

Carpet Rugs.

The Wholesale Trade Only Supplied

The Wholesale Trade Only Supplied

W. & F. P. CURRIE & CO.

100 Grey Nun St., MONTREAL, MANUFACTURERS OF

Sofa, Chair and Bed Springs, A Large Stock always on Hand.

Roman Cement, Portland Cement, Water Lime.

Drain Pipes, Vent Linings, Fire Covers, Fire Bricks, Fire Clay Whiting, Plaster of Paris,

Borax, China, Clay, etc.

Ward Commercial Agency

Mercantile Reports.

Collections.

Personal Attention.

Prompt Returns

ROOM 10, BARRON BLOCK,

162 St. James Street, MONTREAL Attention Given to Special Reportin &.

Leading Manufacturers, &c.

Jas. A. Cantlie & Co.

Montreal & Toronto. General Merchants & Manufacturers' Agents

Canadian Tweeds, Flannels,

Dress Goods. Knitted Underwear Blankets, Etc., Etc.

REPRESENTING IN CANADA,

F. P. SAVERY & CO. Huddersfield & Bradford, Eng. AT.RO.

ALOYS, KNOPS

Aachen, Germany.

I. CÜPPER SOHN,

Burtscheld, Germany

WWW WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

The Stock Investor's Handy Book of Rates.

A set of tables showing what rate of income is derivable from investments on stock paying any rate of dividend from 3 to 16 per cent. when bought at any price from 50

Price in Cloth,

50 Cts.

* MORTON, PHILLIPS & CO., *

Blank Book Makers, Stationers and Printers.

1755 & 1757 Notre Dame St., Montreal,

W. C. Johnson, M. Am. Soc. C. E.,

Civil and Hydraulic Engineer,

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.

Water Power Development a Specialty.

THE HEARLE MANUFACTURING CO.,

84 to 88 St. Urbain St., - Montreal

Manufacturers FINE TOILET SOAPS,

Special Prices to Wholesale Trade. Correspondence Solicited.

Leading Manufacturers, &c.

AUSTIN & ROBERTSON,

Wholesale * Stationers. MONTREAL.

All kinds of Printing and Writing Papers and Book-Binders' Supplies.

Get our Samples and Quotations.

— THE —

Dominion Cotton Mills Company.

MAGOG PRINTS.

A Full Range of Pure INDIGO PRINTS is now being shown to the trade.

Ask Wholesale Houses for Samples.

All goods GUARANTEED and stamped "WARRANTED INDIGO BLUE.

D. MORRICE, SONS & CO., MONTREAL & TORONTO.

. . Selling Agents.

The Lovejoy Co.

444 & 446 Pearl Street. NEW YORK, U. S. A.

Electrotypers AND Stereotypers.

Manufacturers of Electrotype Machinery.

Steel and Copperplate Engravings Duplicated,

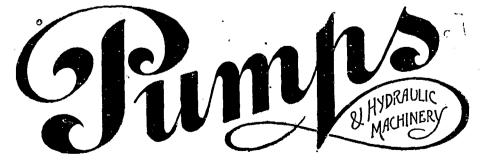
Hamilton Cotton Co'y HAMILTON, ONT.

Manufacturers of

Cottoniano... Warps and Yarns, Lamp w.s. Webbings, &c. Cottonades. Denims. Lamp Wicks,

STEAM and

FOR ALL DUTIES.



LIMITED.

TORONTO,

ONT.

Agents for the Province of Quebec,

THE LAURIE ENGINE CO...

___St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL

Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Company.

1896-FALL-1896

Ginghams, Zephyrs, Cheviot Suit-ings, Flannelettes, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Cottonades, Awnings, Ticking, Denims, Blankets, Yarns,

NOW READY.

See Samples in Wholesale Houses.

D. MORRICE SONS & CO.,

AGENTS.

Montreal and Toronto.

F. P. Buck, R. H. Pope, Gen. Manager. F. Thomrson, Sec'y & Treas.

Royal Paper Mills Co.

rine News, Book, Lithographic, Writing and Colored Papers, and Chemical Wood Fibre Manufacturers.

STORE 763 Craig Street, MONTREAL. Works and Head Office, East Angus, P.Q.

TORAGE

(FREE OR IN BOND)

FINLAYSON & GRANT, CUSTOMS BROKERS,

413 to 417 St. Paul Street, Montreal Bel Telephone 9057.

Commercial Summary.

Merchant Tailor.

NEW PALATIAL ESTABLISHMENT

2301 St. Catherine St.,

MONTREAL.

Ladles' Tallor-made Costumes:

Newest Styles for Gentlemen.

J. J. MILLOY,

Merchants, Manufacturers and other business men should bear in mind that the "Journal of Commerce" will not accept ad-"Journal of Commerce" will not accept au-vertisements through any agents not specially in its employ. Its circulation—extending to all parts of the Dominion—renders it the best advervising medium in Canada—equa to all others combined, while its rates do not include heavy commissions.

-Tue wheat crop of France is estimated at 330,000,000 bushels. Should the crop be mediocre, imports of 14,000,000 to 16,-000,000 bushels may be necessary.

-An examination of the recent census of France shows that the big towns have ceased to grow at the expense of the country. It is greatly to be wished that the same thing could be said of Canada.

-One of the most important subjects before accident underwriters is the bicycle and its effect on their business. It is claimed by some companies that the rate is now inadequate.

-THERE are now ten fruit experiment stations in Ontario, each having its specialty and its specialist-peaches, grapes, apples, gooseberries, strawberries, &c.

-A French syndicate has brought up a large tract of land in the Lake of the Woods district and propose operating gold mines there. An English syndicate has also secured some land in the neighbourhood for the same purpose.

THE average weekly exports of wheat of all countries to Europe for the fortyfive weeks ended June 16th have been 6,720,000 bushels against 7,376,006 last year. The total to date is \$303,384,000 bushels against 332,216,000 bushels at the same time last year.

E. A. SMALL & CO.

MONTREAL.

→ Manufacturers of Clothing ⊱ WHOLESAL E SPRING TRADE 1896.

OUR TRAVELLERS ARE NOW ON THE ROAD.

→ Samples Spring ←

Are now being shown by our travellers.

FOR STYLE, FIT and FINISH, we are fast getting to the

We fit every man who wears Clothing and guarantee satisfaction.

McMARTIN, CAMPBELL & CO.,

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS,

256 St. James Street.

MONTREAL.

North American Electric Seal Unhairing Co. 102 to 108 WEST 11th ST.,

NEW YORK.

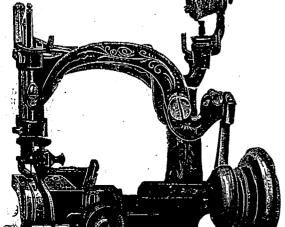
Best Method for Removing the Hair from Seal, Otter, Conies, Etc.

All Skins unhaired by electric process unless stamped with our trade mark are not genuine.

For the accommodation of European and Canadian trade, this Company has established a branch at 9 Rue de L'Epinette, St. Mande, (Seine) France.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.





JOS. A. BRAUTIGAM.

Machinist and Manufacturer of Special Machines for Hat Manufacturers.

143 & 145 ELM STREET NEW YORK.

SPECIAL—Straw Hat Sewing, Wiring and Binding, Tip Plating, Sweat Leather Stitching, Flanging, Turning, Beveling Machines, etc.

Machines of every description designed and manufactured.

Send for Catalogue.

EVANS AND SONS

LIMITED.

Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Pharmaceutical Chemists.

Sole Consignees for Montserrat Lime Fruit Juice and Preparations.

MONTREAL and TORONTO, Can.

LIVERPOOL, Eng., London, Eng., Evans Sons & Co. Evans, Lescher & Webb



CARROLL BROS.

Plumoers, Heaters and → Roofers :

781 Craig Street,

... MONTREAL.

TELEPHONES: { Bell 1834. ~

- -THE Ontario Rolling Mills Co., of Hamilton, has plans prepared for putting in a \$30,000 steel plate.
- -THE British Columbia Iron Works of Vancover, proposes to put in new machinery to the extent of \$100,000.
- -THE good commercial paper is read by from one to fifty people. There is no waste in its circulation.
- -All commercial paper readers are not successful, but few successful business men are without a commercial paper.
- -Tue electric railway between Hull and Aylmer was opened on Monday.
- THE United States Treasury gold reserve at the close of business at the end of June stood at \$101,322,393.
- A. Roberts & Co., general store, Wapella, N.W.T., have assigned in trust for benefit of creditors.
- -A St. Louis syndicate has representatives at Rossland, B.C., investigating the Cliff mine.
- -A WALKERTON, Ont. merchant handled 9,000,000 eggs last reason.
- -C. Belanger, grocer, Quebec, is understood to be again in difficulties, and to be offering a composition, but particulars have not as yet come to hand.
- -THERE were 19 business failures reported throughout the Dominion last week, as compared with 35 the previous week, and 28 in the corresponding week in 1895.
- -THE wheat returns from Fort William for last week were ; Receipts, 269,568 bushels; shipments, 445,571 bushels; in store, 1,705,390 bushels.
- -Ir is reported in Copenhagen that the Government would be prepared to sell some of its West Indian colonies to the United States, at a suitable price for a naval station.
- -THE writ for \$108 against P. Gagnon by P. P. Martin both of Montreal (disputed) was settled on the 30th ult. Ly payment in full. The receipt for it has been shown us,

P. Richard's BRANDY



Is not only proven pure by analysis but also by it's popularity in nearly every country in Europe. Try it! Prove it yourself.

SOLE AGENTS:

LAPORTE, MARTIN & CO.,

72 74, 76 & 78 St.Peter St.,

Wholesale Grocers, MONTREAL

DISTINCTIVE QUALITIES

North Star, Crescent and Pearl Batting.

Purity, Brightness, Loftiness.

No Dead Stock, oily threads nor uniscrable vellow fillings of short staple. Not even in lowest grades. Three grades-Three prices and far the best at the price

William A. Rosenbaum,

ELECTRICAL EXPERT and PATENT SOLICITOR.

177 Times Building.

- NEW YORK CITY.



Macpherson, Grills & Co.

... WHOLESALE ...

HATS * AND * CAPS. 20 Front St. W., TORONTO.



James Hutton & Co., Agents, · Montreal.

- -LEADING jobbers at important cities in the United States seem to have no expectation of a revival in general trade until after the presidential election, and at some points no real improvement is expected until next year.
- -Timber and gold are said to be the only articles that have have not declined very greatly in value during the last decade. The yearly value of timber consumed in Europe is estimated at \$951,250,000.
- -ROBT. WALKER, saloon, Montreal, has compromised with his creditors at 50c in the dollar. Sold his business to another party, and has retired. The amount of liablities are not known, but it is not thought he owes a great deal.
- THE crops have deteriorated considerably in Louisiana, North-Carolina, Alabama, Arkansas, and Texas from dry weather and lice. In Texas the drought has been severe, and the crop is now suffering in all portions of the State from lack of moisture.
- -THERE are 904 private banks in the United States which at the close of the fiscal year had loans out amounting to on real estate \$9,042,340, on collateral security other than real estate



TELEPHONE 4241.

F. H. Barr IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Ranges, Stoves, House Furnishing Goods.

Plumbing, Heating, Gas Fitting, & Tin-Smithing Stove repairs a specialty.

SOLE AGENT FOR MCCUNE.

2373-2375 St. Catherine St.,

MONTREAL.

Important Notice.

Capital Invited

Canada will pay large returns for capital invested to persons, Estates and others, who desire good investments. In manufacturing enterprises, mining properties, clay deposits for brick, the, and pottery manufacturing; also grantle quarries of the very finest grade, woolen and carpet industries, wood manufacturing for veneer and cloth boards, improved farm lands in the greatest wheat Country of Canada, with the best railroad facilities, &c., &c.

Mortgages bought and sold. Best Real Estate investment, Hotels and other properties.

This Country is now on the verge of a successful era. The coming Exposition of 1855 will do much for Canada. All investments done in good faith, and receive the most minute inspection before advisement of capital to invest.

Attached to our cilices are two of the best Notaries, one of them having practised in France, and are thoroughly conversant with all matters pertaining to investments and settlement of Estates.

Correspondence in French, English, German, Spanish and Italian. References abundant.

Ceorge C. Pickhardt, Manager.

MERCHANTS' & BANKERS' INTERNATIONAL GUARANTEE COMPANY,

Nos. 13, 15 & 17.5t. Lambert St.

Nos. 13, 15 & 17.St. Lambert St. COMPANY,

Correspondence Solicited.

Montreal. Canada.



D. A. McCaskill.

James S. N. Dougall

McCASKILL, DOUGALL & CO.

(Successors to D. A. McCaskill & Co.) Manufacturers of Fine

Varnishes, * Japans and Colors MONTREAL,

Suppliers to every Railroad Company and Car Shop in the Dominion.

JAMES MURRAY,

of ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland, GENERAL * COMMISSION * AGENT.

respectfully solicits trial consignments in the following lines of goods handled:
Flour and Breadstuffs, Pork, Beef, and General Provisions, Sugar and Molasses, Nova Scotia and P.E.I. produce. Canadian products of all kinds, Teas, Manufactured Goods, Proprietary Articles.
Fish, Oil and Newfoundland Products.

\$13,902,444, and on other loans and discounts 43,651,233. The overdrafts amounted to \$1,212,618.

-Ar a meeting of the directors of the Quebec Electric Railway held on Friday last it was decided to proceed with the construction of the electric road at once. It is reported that a Montreal capitalist has joined the syndicate and furnished the necessary funds to begin the work.

-EXPORTS of wheat and flour from both coasts of the United States and from Montreal amounted last week to 2,837,000 bushels compared with 3,020,000 bushels the previous week, 1,946,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 1,717,000 in the week two years ago, and 3,971,000 bushels in the fourth week of June 1893.

-The Bank clearings at Winnipeg, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal, and Halifax last week amounted to \$17,330,000, against \$19,090,000 the previous week, \$19,659,000 in the fourth week of June, 1895, but as compared with \$16,175,000, in the corresponding week of 1894.

-THE Bothwell, Ont., Times says that the flow of oil is so great at the new wells a couple of miles west of the town that teams are required constantly to haul the oil to the cars, there not being sufficient tankage at the wells to hold the oil for any length of time.

—A PAINT that will stand a red heat has been manufactured by a Liverpool firm for several years. It is largely used on the funnels of steamboats and may be employed with advantage in hot water apparatus and other positions where ordinary paint would be useless.

-People who have shipped goods or posted letters going by the lost steamer Capulet to Newfoundland, will bear in mind that duplicate advices are required as all mails were lost. The statement is made on the authority of Mr. James Murray, commission merchant, St. John's.

-An enormous quantity of potash is used by Smyrna in its raisin industry. It is imported from Austria and Germany, the former having the larger share of the business. The potash must contain not less than 50 nor more than 64 per cent. of carbonate of potassium.

-WE understood that it has long been the intention of certain leading English promoters to establish a quinine factory on the

ROBERT LINTON & CO.

British and Foreign Dry Goods

Woollens and Tailors' Trimmings a Specialty,

Canadian Woollens Cottons from all the different mills.

No. 2 St. Helen St., MONTREAL

Island of Java, near the cinchona bark districts. By working up the raw material in the vicinity of its growth a considerable saving in carrying charges will be effected. The enterprise has a fair chance to succeed.

-A PROCESS has been patented in Germany by the aid of which is made a mirror adapted for use on the prescription case by druggists. Looking at it from one side one's own image is reflected; reverse it and the mirror is now as transparent as French plate. Its use as here indicated is obvious.

-IT is difficult to get at the truth respecting the big strike in the cotton and woollen mills in and about St. Petersburg. At one time, it is said, 40,000 workmen were out, and half that number are still obdurately idle. By keeping away from the mills and even declining to go for the wages due to them the strikers have completely bafiled the authorities.

-DREADFUL forest fires are sweeping over the northern portion of Newfoundland. On Friday last 20 families were rendered homeless at Botwoodville. On Saturday night Pillry's Island was swept by fire. The Methodist Church, Court House, Salvation Army barracks, and 35 houses were destroyed. The Government is sending relief.

-A good business is in progress in all the linen-producing centres of Europe so for as the home consumption is concerned. but all manufacturers are manifesting considerable interest in the situation in the United States. The dry weather has affected the flax growing countries, and spinners, fearing a shortage, show a firmer disposition as regards values.

-DEMAND of assignment was made on Godin & Legault, contractors, Lachine, Que., a few days ago, and they assigned to the court on Saturday, with liabilities of \$1,229, and no assets to speak of. Principal creditors, A. T. McLaurin, Lachine, \$381: Wm. Rutherford & Sons, Montreal, \$208; A. A. Moffatt, \$324.

-The excitement at the Twin Shaft, in Pittsburg, were nearly one hundred miners are entombed, has been intense all the week. The terrible explosion which caused the accident has so loosened the rocks in the mine that the rescuing party can make but little headway. They are yet nearly 2,000 feet from where the cave-in took place. It is said that the condition of the mine previous to the accident was exceedingly dangerous, and that it was practically murder to drag men into it.

PURE OAK BELTING

The J. C. McLaren Belting Co., Montreal and Toronto Tel. No. 363. Tel. No 875

Lonsdale, Reid & Co.,

Montreal

FALL SEASON.

SPECIALTIES-

Boucle Dress Goods, Tweed Dress Goods, Taitsin Dress Goods, Black Crepon Dress Goods, Peau de Soie Silks, Ladies' Sweaters.

Agents for Crompton's Corsets.

RHODES, CURRY & CO.



All kinds of Building, Materials, Fittings for Banks, Stores, etc., a Specialty.

AMHERST, N. S.

McArthur, Corneille & Co.

Importers and Dealers in

WHITE LEAD AND COLORS,

DRY AND GROUND IN OIL.

Varnishes, Olls, Window Glass, Star, Diamond Star and Double Diamond Star Brands. English 16, 21 and 25 oz. Sheet. Rolled Rough and Polished Plate Glass. Colored Plain and Stained Enamelled Sheet Glass. Colored Plain and Stained Enamelled Sheet Glass. Painters' and Artists' Materials. Chemicals, Dye 5. Jis. Naval Stores, &c., &c.,

Offices and Warehouses:

310, 312, 314 & 316 St. Paul Street

147, 149 & 151 Commissioners St. MONTREAL.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

CHAPUT FRERES, COMMERCIAL * AGENCY.

MONTREAL.

The best and most reliable information that can be obtained is supplied to the patrons of this Agency.

WM. PARKS & SON,

ST. JOHN, N.B.

Cotton . Manufacturers.

AGENTS—J. SPROUL SMITH, 24 Wellington St., Toronto

DAVID KAY, Fraser Building, Montreal.

JOHN HALLAM, Toronto, Special Agent for Beam Warps for Oztario,

Mills-New Brunswick Cotton Mills St. John Cotton Mills.

J. DUNCAN DAVISON

114 St. James Street, Montreal, (Care R. G. Dun & Co.)

For Following Provinces:

COMMISSIONER

Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, New Brunswick Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island.

-THE recent discovery in the streets of St. Louis of a woman unconscious from the effects of an over-indulgence in camphor, has brought to light the fact that the habit, while a strange one is by no means a rarity. A number of chemists and doctors testify to this. It is said that camphor eating is not o pronounced an evil as the excessive use of some other drug, but it is never theless an existent evil.

-THE International Fire Tournament which began in London on June 19th ended on Saturday last with a grand procession of the London and visiting delegations with a display of ancient and modern fire apparatus and appliances. The Canadian firemen, whose achievements were much admired, left their quarters at the Hotel Cocil on Saturday en route for home.

-Arour 80,000 pianos are now being manufactured annually in the United States, and they are practically all for home consumption. Last year only 810 instruments were shipped abroad. Most of them went to South America, but a few were sent to Germany. France and England only turn out about 40,000 per annum. Boarding-houses are said to be the chief refuge of second-hand pianes.

The Connecticut Fire of Hartford has not, after all, arranged with Geo.H. McHenry as manager for Canada.

company will still re-main under a lesser canvas. Robert Hamson of the North America is mentioned as agent for it also. The Connecticut has quite a select list of "touch-me-nots" in its Index Expurgatorius for Canada.

-Jos. Beaulieu, shoes, Montreal, is offering to compromise with his creditors at 15c in the dollar, the liabilities being placed at \$2,500 and assets, consisting mainly of stock, at \$1,700. Real estate is encumbered for all it is worth. Among those interested are Jos. Robinson, A. Corbeil, Michaud, Lefebvre & Co. It is understood that a number of his creditors have already agreed to accept his offer, which is likely to be carried through.

-C. Belanger, grocer, Quebec, has compromised at 50 cents in the dollar, 2, 6, 9 and 12 months, unsecured. The liabilities are \$4,595. A. Toussaint & Co., Queliec, are interested to the extent of \$1,900. Assets, stock \$2,417, book debts, good, \$662; doubtful, \$344. He has been in business for some years, but has not been a success, having failed in September 1894, with liabilities of \$7,000, at time compromising at 60 cents. Prospects for his future are not very encouraging.

-Isaac Boyd, merchant tailor, Kingston, has made an assignment to Thamas D. Minnes of that city. He began business

- THE -



Oakville Basket Co.

1, 2, 3, bushel, grain and root baskets. 1, 2, 3, satchel lunch baskets. 1, 2, 3, clothes baskets.

1, 2, 3, 4, market baskets. Butcher and crockery baskets. Fruit packages of all descriptions.

For Sale by all Woodenware Dealers OAKVILLE, ONT.

DIETZ DRIVING LAM

Driving Lamp.

DEALERS AND AGENTS-We want dealers and agents all through Canada to handle this lamp.
If you want to sell an article of easy sale, with a fair profit in it, write to us.

AGENCY DEPT.

R, E. DIETZ CO., 60 Laight St. New York,



MENEELY BELL CO'Y.,

Troy, N.Y. & New York City. Manufacture Superior

Church, Chime and Peal Bells.

DOMINION BRIDGE CO.,

Limited,

Montreal Lachine, Locks, P.Q.

Steel Bridges for Railways and Highways, Steel Piers and Trestles, Steel Water Towers and Tanks, Steel Roofs, Girders, Beams, Columns, for Buildings. A large stock of Rolled Steel Beams, Joists, Girders, Channels, Angles, Ties, Z Bars and Plate, always on hand, in lengths to thirty-five feet, Tables, giving size and strength of rolled beams on application. Post Office Address: MONTREAL

J. H. McGregor,

Canada Life Building, Toronto, Ont

R. E. DIETZ CO., 60 Laight St., N.Y. Montion this paper and get special discount.

Reflection.

t you get an stonishing flood f clear, white,

of clear, who penetrating LHGHT.



JULY.						
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	тнυ	FRI	SAT
	$\overline{\cdot}$	$\ddot{\cdot}$	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
			22			25
26	27	28	29	30	31	<u>:.</u>





Ready for use in any quantity. For making Sean Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Sods.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists,

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto



Emil Pewny & Co.,

Sun Life
Building,
MONTREAL

Stock of Standard Lines on hand.



JAS. B. HAMMOND,

Sole Agent for

Hammond Typewriter.

TYPEWRITER SUPPLIES.

302 New York Life Bu lding, MONTREAL.

about eighteen months ago, buying out William Moore. Boyd was engineer on a steamboat and had acquired a little competency before his embarkation in mercantile life. It is thought that the creditors will not lose much as the assets are about equal to the liabilities, some \$4,000. This does not include his dwelling house which is in his wife's name. He is a man of respectable character and his friends hope he may resume an early date:

The production of celery oil is a new industry in Germany. According to the Paints, Oils, and Drug Review distillerys of essential oils have experimented with the distilling of celery during the past season, producing a few pounds. It is distilled from the green leaves, possesses the powerful aromatic odor and taste of the plant, and may arouse considerable interest among manufacturers of concentrated soups and preserved meats and vegetables. It requires a hundred pounds of green leaves to make one pound of oil. If it proves feasible to distil celery for flavoring purposes other herbs will be utilized in the same manner for like purposes.

—M. Beatty & Sons, Welland, Ont., whose names are well known to our readers, have been awarded the contract for a complete dredging plant, to cost \$20,000, for the Beatty Gold Mining Co. on the Frazer River, B.C., adjoining the C.P.R. track, 130 miles from Vancouver. The capital of the mining company is \$50,000. Incorporation applied for by the following: McSloy Bros., St. Catharines; H. C. Symms, Banker R. Paine and Charles F. Morse, of Niagara Falls South; A. B. Denison of Niagara Falls, N.Y., Hugh McCulloch (of Goldie & McCulloch), Galt; Senator Ferguson, Toronto; and Beatty & Sons of Welland.

—What worse domestic calamity can befall a poor man's home than the advent of twins, unless it be triplets? That, at least is the idea upon which the projectors of the Provident Bounty Association, organized recently, propose to bank the prospects of the concern. As a financial document it is unique. According to "Pearson's Weekly" it bears some respectable names, and subscriptions to the capital stock of £10,000 are in vited, with the most tempting inducements. "It is notorious,"

M. & L. Samuel, Benjamin & Co.

26, 28 and 30 Front St. West,

Importers and Dealers in British, Continental American and Canadian

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE

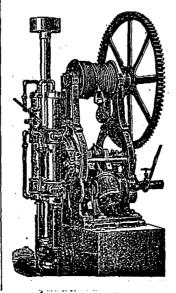
Metals, Tinplate, Tinware, Tinners' Plumbers' & Steam Fitters' Supplies Gas Fixtures,

LAMPS AND LAMP GOODS.

ENGLISH HOUSE:

SAMUEL, SONS & BENJAMIN, 164 Fenchurch St., London, E. C.

Shipping Office: Hargreaves Building, Chapel St., Liverpool, Eng.



Diamond Pointed Core Drills

For Prospecting for Minerals, Well Boring Shafting, Tunneling, Sounding for Foundations for Buildings, Submarine Soundings Blasting. Furnish a complete record by taking out a Solid Core of Strata Penetrated.

A Large Stock of Machines and Supplies constantly on hand.

Diamonds, Carbon & Bort a Specialty.

LEWIS F. BOSTELMANN,
Room 44,39 Cortlandt St.,
NEW YORK.

LYMAN'S

FLUID

COFFEE

It is fragrant, delicious, and can be prepared in a moment.

It is Economical because there is no waste, a⁸ no more need be prepared at a time than is used. 2nd, it requires less sweetening than other coffee, as the bitter part is extracted during process of manufacture. 3rd, One cupful gives more satisfaction than two of any ordinary coffee,

Bny a bottle from your druggist or grocer, and you will never want any other.

LYMAN SONS & CO., MONTREAL.

REINHARDT & CO.

Wor Leading Brands of

Lager * Beer

" Salvador," "Hofbrau," " Bavarian."

Alex. McKav

Land and Marine Boiler Repairing a Specialty.

Also Tanks, Cisterns, Stacks, Hot Water Bollers and all kinds of Sheet Iron Work,

512 Demontigny St. East, - MONTREAL.

All orders promptly attended to.

Established 1819.

Bisquit, Dubouche & Co.

→COGNAC.E

SHIPPERS OF THE MOST FAMOUS VIN-TAGES IN WOOD AND CASE.



Chard, Jackson & Co.,

Successors to

James Guest & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

. 10 Lemoine St.

MONTREAL.

H. Vineberg & Co.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS.

1857 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

Clo e Buyers will do well to write for samples and prices,

s ay these projectors, "That many people marry in the hope of improving their fortune; but frequently disappointment comes with the advent of an unexpectedly large family. This association provides to some extent for that contingency by at once giving a substantial sum in the case of twins." Here is a chance for some of our Canadian insurance societies.

—Ir is reported that the contract for the entire development of 20,000 horse power on the Richelieu river, the outlet of Lake Champlain, has been let to a Dayton, Ohlo, company for \$550,000, the electric machinery not being included. This power is to be carried to Montreal by wire and electrically distributed, the distance being about twelve miles. This is the second electric water-power development in Montreal, the first being for 12,000 horse-power at the Lachine Rapids for which the Dayton Company also has the contract, The investment in both powers will be about \$3,500,000 which is all subscribed for by Montreal capitalists.

—A GREAT strike in the sulphur mines of Sicily is reported. The rise in the price of sulphur has stimulated a demand for higher wages, to which the mine owners refused to accede. \$3,000,000 worth of sulphur is bought annually by the United States from the Sicilian combine. Eight months ago it was announced that Louisiana sulphur would be placed on the market in much quantities and at such a price that the Sicilian article would be driven out of the American market. At that time the price was \$20. To-day it is \$25. The Louisiana sulphur does not seem to have become a very efficient factor in reducing prices and supplying the domestic trade.

New Goods now Arriving.

FOR FALL 1896.

DOLLS, TOYS, FANCY GOODS, CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

NERLICH & CO...

35 Front Street West, TORONTO.

Direct Importers.

—The Architectural League in the Fine Arts Society building of New York has publicly exhibited lately the first specimens of the new glass bricks which have been invented in Germany. The bricks are made of blown glass, with a hollow centre containing rarifled air and are closed under 500 degrees of heat. They are said to be as strong and as durable as the clay bricks now used for building purposes. They freely admit the light, and can be readily joined by a white cement. For the construction of conservatories, and the building of roofs in the semi-circular form without the need of a supporting structure of steel and iron the glass bricks will doubtless be widely used.

—Grant & Co., hats and caps, Toronto, Ont., have assigned to C. H. Francis. This is an old established business, and has been carried on under the same style for years, originally by Robt. Y Grant and Thos. A. Johnston. They failed in 1891, their trouble being attributed chiefly to overbuying, as well as the keen competition they had to contend with. They sold out and the stock was bought in by Mary Grant, wife of former partner, and he has since been conducting business under old style and under cover. He is a competent man, but always has been inclined to undertake too much. Competition has been keen, and he has no doubt been carrying a heavy load for some time past. Whether he will be able to effect a composition and retain the business, has not yet been determined.

The following failures occurred in Ontario during the week: W. G. Ashley, men's furnishings, Kingston, assigned on the 25th inst. to his brother, George E. Ashley. Stock has been taken and a statement is being prepared. It is said on good authority, that there are sufficient assets to pay all claims, and that the estate should realize nearly 100 cents in the dollar. For some time past Ashley has been going behind considerably, and on more than ane occasion has been sued. He contemplates retiring from business—J. G. Douglas, physician and drugs, Southampton, is seeking indulgence from his creditors, having asked extension of 3, 6, 9, and 12 months. His statement shows assets of \$776, and liabilities of \$1,200. He was formerly practising in Pinkerton for years, and moved here in 1890, but his practice

D. McCall & Co.

Millinery, Mantles & Fancy Dry Goods.

TORONTO.

MONTREAL.

12 & 14 WELLINGTON ST., EAST. 1831 NOTRE DAME STREET.

Our Travellers are now on their respective Routes with Fall and Winter Samples, SPECIALTY IN

Men's Goods

Neckwear and Ties, Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Collers and Cuffs, Negliges and Working Shirts, Underwear and Helf Hose Sweaters and Sporting Goods, Tennis Costumes and White Vests, Rubber Coats and Umbrellae, Braces and Belts, White and Colored Kid Gloves.

Representatives in all Provinces.

Glover & Brais,

184 McGILL STREET,

Montreal, Canada.

Established in 1877.

Sanitary Soap Vase.



disease, waste, pilfering of soap, clogging of waste pipes, stain of marble, uncleanly

Affords each user fresh dry pure soap.

The only Clean, Sanitary, and Safe way to use soap, Agents Wanted.

SANITARY SOAP VASE 00., ROCHESTER, N.Y Aqueduct Bldg.,

Copper Gaskets.

PIPES, CYLINDERS, CHESTS, etc. Price list and Sample Free.

U.S. Mineral Wool Co.

2 Cortlandt Street

New York.

E.BOISSEAU & CO.

Manufacturers Wholesale Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's

CLOTHING

18 Front Street East,

TORONTO, ONT.

has been small, and he has been unable to make a success. It it hard to see, in face of the statement, how he can pay 100 cents in the dollar-J. T. Heath & Co., shoes, Toronto, has assigned to C. S. Scott. No particulars have been received-W. S. Marskell, tailor, Toronto, has assigned to J. P. Langley. He has only been a short time in business. Assets and liabilities are

-THE first official Manitoba crop bulletin for 1896 gives the following as the estimated area under crops for the Province by districts:

District	• Wheat acres	Oats acres	Barley acres
N. West	76,500	65,705	14,790
S. West	504,010	159,120	31,200
N. Centre	201,050	76,100	27,175
S. Centre		87,520	34,400
Eastern	60,160	54,000	20,320
	1,081,960	442,445	127,885

-In the United States the average amount of wheat consumed per head excluding children under one year of age is placed at 19.7 pounds. In Canada the average reached is rather highervarying also in the different provinces, as follows:

Manitoba	22.8
Quebec	10.4
Ontario	19,3
Nova Scotia	20.2
New Brunswick	18.0
Prince Edward Island	10.7
British Columbia	19.2
Totals, Canada	19.9

THE QUEEN INS. CO.

The Royal Ins. Co., as will be remembered, absorbed the QueenIns.Co.a few years ago, butas there was enough left in the prestige of the respectable old company to warrant the idea that

-⊰USE⊱



Twin Eclipse

JOHN TAYLOR & CO., TORONTO. Manufacturers,

it could yet travel alone, it was resolved to make the experiment The name was amended to the 'Queen of America," an innovation which our United States cousins did not relish. It is now re ported that the Royal is about to finish the job, and that the underwriters in the neighboring republic will have no more anxiety on the score. It is evident that the company was not doing enough business, or not profiting by what it held on to. Mr. H. J. Mudge, manager in Montreal for the Queen for many years retires on half-pay, and P. M. Wickham enters the service of the Royal at reduced salary. The change will throw a number of insurance clerks and others all over the continent out of employment.

CANADA AND THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

The Argentine consul at Montreal, who is at present at the capital of that Republic, is making an investigation with a view of opening up fields for the investment of Canadian capital. It is said that the Consul thinks that Canada could easily compete with the United States in certain lines. Last year the exports of Canada to the Argentine Republic were :

Agricultural Implements	6 40,341
Ships	15,440
Planks and Boards	
Joists and Scantlings	17,305
Other lumber	219,762
Sundries	5,490

\$502,520

The value of the imports amounted to \$23,604.

In 1860 Beunos Ayres became part of the Republic. For the years previous to this date there are no figures extant showing the trade of the various states with the outside world, exclusive of exchanges among the states themselves. In 1861 the total imports were \$23,450,000, and the exports \$12,381,250. In 1893 the imports had increased to \$120,130,000 and the exports to \$115,879,000. But in the years 1887 to 1890 inclusive the figures were much larger than those for 1889being as high as \$200,000,-000 for imports and \$150,000,000 for exports. The decline in values accounts for the difference.

China Cuspidors, Tea Sets, Toilet Ware, Fruit Jars,

Metal, Bronze, Plano and Table Lamps, Cuttery, Plated Goods.

JOHN L. CASSIDY & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

China, Crockery and Glassware.

....ALWAYS IN STOCK....

Street Lamps, Lanterns, Station Lamps, Headlights, &c. Of the Celebrated C. T. HAM MFG. CO., Rochester, N.Y.

Offices and Sample Rooms, 339 and 341 ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL. BRANCHES: Princess Street, Winnipeg, Man. Govornment St, Victoria H U.

IMPORT ORDERS ASPECIALTY.

The Canada Accident Insurance Co'y

Head Office: 20 ST. ALEXIS ST., MONTREAL.

REINSURERS OF

he Mutual Accident Ass'n Ltd., (being the Accident De partme of The Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd., of Manchester, Eng.) The Citizens Insurance Company of Canada, Accident,

The Sun Life Assurance Company, Accident Branch. ACCIDENT. EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY. PLATE GLASS.

Good Agents

LYNN T. LEET,

can get good contracts,

Manager for Canada

It Leads all Home Companies

IT LEADS

In Age In Size

In Popularity In Actual Results

CANADA LIFE

A. G. RAMSAY, President. R. Hills, -Secretary. W. T. RAMSAY, Superintendent.

MARLING,

Manager, Prov. Que., Montreal

THE STANDARD ASSURANCE CO. ESTABLISHED

OF EDINBURGH.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA,

MONTREAL.

Invested Funds, Investments in Canada,

[World Wide Policies.] Thirteen months for revival of lapsed policies without medical certificate of five year's existence. Loans advanced on mortgages and Debentures purchased.

Agents wanted.

J. HUTTON BALFOUR, Superintendent.

W. M. RAMSAY, Manager.

ASSURANCE SOCIET

OF LONDON, G.B.

Established A. D. 1714. Capital and Assets, nearly

One of the Oldest and Strongest FIRE OFFICES in the World.

Canada Branch—The Bank of Toronto Chambers, Montreal. T. L. MORRISEY, Resident Manager.

Agents throughout the Dominion.

LANCASHIRE

INSURANCE CO. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL: THREE MILLIONS STERLING.

Canada Branch

J. C. THOMPSON, Manager.

Insurance.

PHŒN

FIRE INSURANCE LONDON.

Established in 1783. Canadian Branch Established in 1801.

No. 35 St. François Xavier St. MONTREAL, P. Q.

PATERSON & SON

Agents for the Dominion.

RAYMOND & MONDOU, Agents French Department.

FOR SALE in FLORIDA.

A FERTILE TRACT OF LAND of 20 to 25 acres between and partly covering the margins of Lakos Florida and Kildeer, lying within 1½ miles of Interlachenon the Florida Southern Raifroad, and about 17 miles due west of Palatka. Orangee, peaches, sweet potatoes, cotton and all sub-tropical fruits and plants are grown in the vicinity. An orange garden, neglected latterly owing to distance from owner, is on the place. Returns from a grove of 3 acres at Green Cove Springs, some 22 miles north east, show an aggregate of \$3,000 to \$5,000 a year. The lakes abound with fish. Climate remarkably healthy. Interlachen is a winter resort for many Northerners troubled with lung affections. Several Montreal people permanently reside there.

Apply to M. S. FOLEY.

"Journal of Commerce," Montreal.

Municipal Depentures Government & Rallway Bonds, Investment Securities,

BOUGHT and SOLD.

Insurance Companies requiring securities suitable for deposit with Dominion Government or other purposes can have their wants supplied by applying to

R. WILSON SMITH, Head Office, Toronto. | British Empire Building, MONTREAL

WHOLESALE MEN

Should send for an Estimate for their

Bookbinding - and - Office - Stationery

JOURNAL OF COMMERCE,

171 and 173 St. James Street,

MONTREAL.

THE MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE

Established 1824.

OAPITAL, - - \$10,000,000

Hend Office,
MANCHESTER, ENG. | Canadian Branch Head Office, - TORONTO.
JAS. BOOMER, Manager.
R, P. TEMPLETON, Assistant-Manager. MOLSON & SEXTON, Resident Managers, MONTREAL. Note.—This Company having absorbed the Albion Fire Insurance Association, assumes all its liabilities as from 12th December, 1893.

FIRE.

LIFE.

MARINE.

G. ROSS ROBERTSON & SONS,

General Insurance Agents and Brokers

ESTABLISHED 1865.

HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

Telephone 1277

P. Q. Box 2081

THE COLONIAL

Mutual Life Association.

HEAD OFFICE: Savings Bank Chambers, 180 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

Incorporated by Special Act of the Dominion Parliament, Under the supervision of the Dominion Government.

Authorized Guarantee Fund.

\$100,000.

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

F. P. BUCK, Esq., President.

HON. P. GARNEAU, 1st Vice-President.

J. F. MATHIESON, General Manager CHARLES J. CHISHOLM, Esq., 2nd Vice-President. E. A. BAYNES, R.C.L., Secretary. I. H. STE J. T. FINNIE, M.D., Medical Supt. I. II. STEARNS, Treasurer

Compare our Rates with those of other Associations and old line Companies.

Active Agents Wanted.

THE CANADIAN

Iournal of Commerce.

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JULY 3RD, 1896.

ONE TARIFF CHANGE IN SIGHT.

Before a Cabinet is formed it cannot, as such, have any secrets, consequently none can be revealed. There may, however, have been an understanding arrived at between the leading members of the party who are engaged in constructing the new Cabinet. At present

Mr. Laurier is as busy in this occupation as he cares to be, and, like all men in his position, is already experiencing that with the sweets of office there are serious bitters mixed up. For every office to be filled there are numerous candidates, whose claims, more or less reasonable, are being urged with, in some cases, the persistency inspired by dire necessity, for eighteen years in Opposition has impoverished not a few professional politicians.

Sir Henry Drummond once com-The late pared the squealing of some members of the British House of Commons to the excited grunts of a young porker who was the tenth of a litter, while the sow had only nine teats available. We shall soon hear squealing at Ottawa owing to the same disproportion between offices and applicants. There is also likely to be squealing from another cause, as we have excellent authority for stating that the Cabinet in embryo has already decided upon making such changes in the Tariff as will make distillers and others engaged the spirit trade exceedingly uncomfortable. Whether what is proposed is intended as a punishment to chastise several wealthy firms for their political activity in favor of the defeated party, or is merely to be adopted as a plank in the "Tariff for revenue only," is a secret. It may turn out to serve both ends.

The idea is, we understand, to so change the Customs & Excise duties as to raise a much larger revenue from spirits in such a way as to cause the consumption to be diverted from home made whiskies to those imported. This is proposed to be effected by bringing foreign spirits into more direct competition with Canadian made, the former being encouraged by favorable duties, and the other not only left wholly without any protection, but handicapped by excise regulations so as to give imported spirits a decided "pull" in the market. The quantity of spirits produced during the last fiscal year -we-have-reports upon was 1,608,344 proof gallons; in 1893 however there were produced 3,856,955 proof gallons. There is an average of over 12 millions of gallons of home-made spirits constantly held warehoused under "crown lock." The average amount upon which duty is paid is 2,800,000 gallons of proof spirits. The revenue accrued from these goods, including license fees, averages 4 millions of dollars yearly. The average annual consumption per head for the last 26 years has been 1,087 gallons. Up to 1885 the average was over $1\frac{1}{4}$ gallons per head, but since 1885 the average has fallen to less than 3ths of a gallon per head. In the same terms of years, from 1868 to 1885, and 1885 to 1894, the consumption of beer has increased from about 21 gallons per head to over 31 gals. per head. While consuming 14gals. per head the duty on spirits per head was \$1.06, while when the consumption was lowered to an average of 3ths of a gallon the average duty paid per head was \$1.12. Whether the increased duties decreased the consumption of spirits, or whether the tasté of drinkers changed so as to give beer the preference is hard to say, but it is very remarkable that after 1885 the use of spirits suddenly fell off half a gallon per head yearly and has never increased since that year; while the consumption of beer has gone on steadily increasing year after year. In this total consumption of 2ths of a gallon per head is included brandy, gin, rum, whiskey, and some fancy

13.

'ASSESSMENT SYSTEM."

"MUTUAL PRINCIPLE."

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association. It Leads Where Others (INCORPORATED)

Edward B. HARPER, Founder.
Frederick A. BURNHAM, President.

The Motto of the Management .s and will continue to be: Good Work at Honest Cost: True Economy and not its Shadow.

Dec. 31, 1881.	SUCCESS IS THE ART OF SUCCEEDING.	Dec. 31, 1895.
1,609	Number of Policies in Force	105.878
\$84,552	Income during Year	85.575.282
None	Death Claims Paid during Year	\$4.084.075
None	Reserve or Emergency Fund	\$8,485,026
\$15,616	Gross Assets	\$5,661,708
None	Reserve or Emergency FundGross AssetsTotal Death Claims Paid	\$25,000,000
\$7,750,000	New Business during Year	\$69,025,895
\$7,633,000	Insurance in Force	\$308,659,371
	and the second s	

Fifteen Years Completed

1895 Shows: An Increase in Gross Assets. An Increase in Income. An Increase in Business' in Force.

Home Office, 305, 307 & 309 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Montreal Office, 12 PLACE D'ARMES, D. Z. BESSETTE, Gen. Man

liquors of not much account. The total importations of these spirits of a beverage nature in 1894-5 were as follows:

	Quantity	Value.	Duty.
	Gallons.	\$	\$
Brandy	195,175	299,914	350,535
Gin	435,288	143,660	808,221
Rum	117,358	40,435	149,859
Whiskey	280,439	293,887	421,225

The dutiable values per gallon, and the duty and ex cise paid pergallon on these spirits were as follows:—

	Value per	Duty paid
•	gallon.	per gallon.
*.	\$	\$
Brandy	1.50	1.80
Gin	33	1.87
Rum	35	1.28
Whiskey	1.04	1.50

In explanation of the rate of duty given in our table, which is 75 cents less per gallon than is imposed by the tariff, it will be understood that due allowance is made for reduced strength in fixing the rate for import.

The consumption of brandy and gin was chiefly in this Province. Out of 195,175 gallons of brandy imported, Quebec took 137,378, and of gin out of 435,288 Quebec took 342,105, while of whiskey it took less per head than other Provinces. The duties manifestly discriminate heavily against the two spirits which are the favorite beverages in this Province, for on the values of brandy and gin of \$1.83 per gallon the duties paid amounted to \$3.67, while on the value of whiskey, consumed chiefly in the Maritime Provinces and Ontario, the excise and duties together were only \$1.50. total imports of whiskey are only about one-tenth of the annual manufacture in Canada, and the total customs duties received on them are only about in the same proportion to the excise duties. It will therefore be found a difficult problem how to increase the imports of foreign whiskeys so largely as to bring in a revenue to offset the loss of the excise duties on the home made article. That a remarkable demand has

sprung up recently for Scotch whiskeys is notorious in spite of their greater cost. But we very much doubt whether this demand has appreciably lessened the consumption of such brands as Walker's, Gooderham's, Seagram's or Corby's. It has certainly not lowered the consumption of the cheaper whiskeys, the use of which could be decreased with considerable advantage to the health and sobriety of spirit drinkers. Were the duties upon Scotch whiskeys, and upon Hollands and Brandy lowered the consumption would doubtless increase materially. If, at the same time, the excise charges upon Canadian whiskeys increased so as to make the foreign spirits, brandy, gin, rum, and whiskey, cheaper than the home made one, there would be, we believe, such a demand for the cheaper foreign articles as would decrease the use of Canadian whiskeys very largely; indeed we are inclined to think that the total consumptiox of spirits would be enlarged were French brandy, Scotch whiskey and Holland gin, made much cheaper. Still, the problem would remain of replacing the amount of revenue lost by a considerable reduction in consumption of Canadian made spirits, as any lowering of duties might only raise the imports high enough to produce the present revenue, and the increase in excise charges might also be entirely offset by the distilleries producing so much less as to leave the revenue from them without increase. Some changes are certain, and their intention is also certain, which is to take away the protection now enjoyed by Canadian distillers, by which some of them have become enormously wealthy, and, if possible, to enlarge the revenue from spirits.

The Prohibition people will have something to say about this, and fas they are known to be favorable to the incoming government, the spirit duties question seems looming up as one which Mr. Laurier's Cabinet will find perplexing. Another probable source of trouble will be the farmers whose grain supplies will be less in demand if distilling is decreased. The malt, rye, wheat, oats, used in whiskey making in 1894 amounted to about 7 millions of pounds weight, or over 3,000 tons. Besides these grains 20 millions of tons of Indian corn were used, chiefly imported, the revenue received from which would be lowered were home distilling decreased. The question is complicated. as the interests affected conflict, and every consideration in favor of hampering the Canadian distillers. who are very large consumers and importers of dutiable goods required for their business besides grain, is more or less offset by conditions existing, or inevitable, if the proposed policy is carried out.

THE JUBILEE OF FREE TRADE.

Considering the amazing beneficiary results of Free Trade to Great Britain, according to the popular idea prevalent in the old land, one might have expected the jubilee of its establishment there to have been celebrated by national rejoicings that would have made the universe ring. Instead of this jubilation being universal in England, and the whole land being given up to a delirium of joyfulness, we have to hunt up not a few newspapers to find its being noticed at all. Indeed, but for the dearth of news at midsummer, when even, it is said, a big gooseberry paragraph runs the round of the Press, the Free Trade Jubilee might have passed

with no more notice than a line or two such as Almanacs give to historic events. The Cobden Club, it is true, celebrated the event by a dinner at which the speeches were funereal in solemnity, consisting mostly of lamentations over the dismal failure of Mr. Cobden's predictions, and jeremiads over the appalling obtuseness of all the nations of the earth save Great Britain, as shown by their universal preference for Protection to their native industries. Of course we have the proverbial tale told, as it was by the one juryman in twelve, who attributed his differing to the other eleven to their stupidity. We are, however, not prepared to believe that England has greater wisdom than France. Germany, Austria, the United States and a number of even British Colonies, including Canada, where Free Trade is repudiated. Cobden was most emphatic in declaring that all the nations would promptly abolish tariffs if England did, and he was still more positive that under his pet system the farmers of Great Britain would enter upon an era of unprecedented prosperity. Both prophecies have turned out directly the reverse of true, consequently Mr. Cobden's arguments, from which they were deduced, are proven to have been utterly groundless. After half a century of trial there is rising in England a feeling that Free Trade might be modified with advantage to the country. The policy of Protection has been adopted by the British Government in regard to the cattle industry of England, the competition of Canadian Animals being prevented by an embargo directly of a protective nature. Even the London Economist, the chief financial organ of England, which has been the ablest exponent and defender of Free Trade principles, now declares "it has no patience with those who shout down proposals for modifying Free Trade with the cry that they are too contrary to Free Trade principles, as if those principles were necessarily incapable of alteration." The last part of this sentence has taken our breath away, for all the way down for over fifty years we have been led to understand that the principles of Free Trade stood on the same plane as the Ten Commandments, which, of course, cannot be modified. It is all very well to sneer at the cry for some protection being "chatter," and of no more account than the noise of grasshoppers, as our esteemed contemporary does, but here is the fact that, England has abandoned Free Trade in the matter of farm animals, and if in them, why not in regard to other native products? Then we have one of the ablest statesmen of England, Mr. Chamberlain, formally proposing to re-enact a Corn Law in order to protect the imports of Colonial breadstuffs and thereby to strengthen their attachment to the Empire, and develop their purchasing powers.

When Free Trade advocates, so eminent, concede that this system is one of expediency only, and not of bed rock principle, the foundations of the system are undermined. But, England in spite of all the "blowing" of some, never has been a Free Trade country, it has raised and yet raises an enormous revenue from duties on foreign goods, on goods which are just as onerous an impost on the working classes as the Corn Laws were, on an average of years. The tea duties realize about as much as the corn duties used to do, except in exceptional years, and those on the working man's pipe of "bacca," which to him is one of the necessaries of life, are also quite heavy under a so called Free Trade

tariff, while the cattle embargo keeps up the price of their meat higher than it would be were imports of cattle free. Free Trade as they have it in England is now put on its defence. The system is in the position of the idol in a heathen temple after missionaries have exposed its real character, and worshippers have begun to profane its temple with sceptical comments mixed up with their devotions. In Canada even the Toronto Globe has declared "there is no Free Trade party," and those who have recently been victorious at the polls go no further than declaring that they will commence a march in that direction, but at what place, and how long they will take to arrive there we have no information. Prior to Cobden's days the duties on textiles in England had for centuries been absolutely prohibitive. England refused point blank to give foreigners the slightest chance of entering her markets, she waged wars to acquire, and to keep the monopoly of foreign ones. After such a work of preparation she had so entrenched herself in supremacy as a manufacturer that she feared no rival. But rivals are now coming to the front. German and American wares are underselling British goods even in England, and threatening her colonial trade, so the jubilee of Free Trade presents conditions remarkably different to those existing in June, 1846, when the Corn Laws were abolished.

In noticing this event we cannot omit paying a tribute of respect to Mr. Villiers, who is still living and still member for Wolverhampton, who was an opponent of the Corn Laws long before the agitation for their repeal arose. It is no credit to England to have allowed the jubilee to pass without some national honor being paid to that veteran pioneer, Charles Pelham Villiers. Nothing strikes us as more significant of the waning confidence in Free Trade than its jubilee being celebrated in such a half-hearted, obscure manner, as to have made no public demonstration of any kind. Such indifference betokens a revolution in the sentiments of the British people.

IMPERIAL CUSTOMS UNION.

In an exhaustive treatment of this subject the London Economist of the 13th inst. says: We confess our inability to understand the position taken up by Mr. Chamberlain on the question of the suggested Imperial Customs Union. He scouts on the one hand the idea that the colonies may be induced to abandon their Protective policy and adopt that of Free-trade, and on the other hand, he maintains that England will certainly not abandon Free trade unless it will thereby gain greater advantages than those we must admittedly forego. And having laid down those propositions he proceeds to propound a scheme which runs counter to both. His suggestion is that the colonies, while maintaining their protective duties upon foreign importations, should agree to a free interchange of commodities with the rest of the Empire, and that in return, while continuing to admit colonial products free of duty, we should put a tax upon like imports from foreign countries so as to give the colonies an advantage in our markets. But let us look for a moment at some statistics of the colonial trade.

Of the total imports into the Australasian colonies, fully 90 per cent. are derived from various portions of the Empire, about 8 per cent. are set down as coming

from foreign countries, while the origin of the other 2 per cent. is unspecified. Similarly, South Africa receives fully 85 per cent: of her imports from the United Kingdom and other British possessions. Then as to the exports. Of those from Australasia 88 per cent. are classed as inter-Imperial, while the proportion in the case of South Africa is 95 per cent. Now, if as Mr. Chamberlain affirms, these colonies are so wedded to Protection that it is useless to ask them to abandon it altogether, is there really any use in asking them to abandon it in respect of 90 per cent. of their foreign trade? And, as regards England, can it be contended for a moment that the gain that would accrue to us from ousting some of the foreign products that constitute only from 10 to 12 per cent. of the imports into those colonies, would justify us in imposing taxes upon the food of our people and the raw material for some of the most important branches of our manufactures. It is argued, of course, that with Free Trade within the Empire and differential duties imposed upon foreign products, there would be a large expansion in the volume of our trade with the colonies. Not only would our products supplant in the colonial markets those of foreign nations, but the preferential treatment here of colonial merchandise would stimulate production in, and by thus increasing the purchasing power of, the colonies, enable us largely to increase our trade with them. But this expansion would necessarily involve a contraction of our trade with foreign nations. If, for instance, we were to close our markets against the agricultural products of Argentina and transfer our custom to the colonies, while our exports to the latter might increase, those to the former would as certainly diminish. To cultivate the colonies, and give the cold shoulder to foreign nations, would certainly change the direction of our foreign trade, but what reason is there to believe that it would add to its volume?

It is evident, therefore, that the very same objections which apply to the projects for an Imperial Customs Union which Mr. Chamberlain denounces, apply to the scheme which he himself suggests, and the wonder is that while he should see so clearly the impracticability of those other proposals he should be so blind to the similar defect of his own. The Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire has, however, seen things in a clearer light, and the representatives of the Colonial chambers and those of the United Kingdom have united in giving the go-by to Mr. Chamberlain's suggestions. Indeed, the net result of the discussions of the Congress has been to show that whatever the future. may have in store, at present the discussion of chimerical schemes of this kind is much more likely to do harm than good. Instead of tending to promote the unity of the Empire, it is apt to create the feeling that the Union is merely a matter of pounds, shillings, and pence; that it is a thing to be maintained if it be pecuniarily profitable, and not otherwise.

That is certainly not the view that the Mother Country take of the connection with the colonies. She regards them as the younger members of the family whom she has helped to a position of independence, and for whose sake she is still willing to make sacrifices. And we should like to believe that something of the same feeling of kinship binds them to her. That

self-interest should help to strengthen the Union is right and proper enough, but the purely business side of the connection is not the one upon which the chief stress should be laid. And further, this kind of bargaining over tariff matters is calculated to confirm the colonies in their Protectionist proclivities. If there is the prospect of bartering remissions of Customs duties for special privileges in British markets, the disposition will be to keep those duties as high as possible, so as to be in a better position to drive a good bargain ultimately. And finally, as was shown at the Congress, the discussion of questions upon which there is a determination on one side and the other to hold firmly to their own views, does not tend to amity, but rather to produce irritation, discord, and ill-feeling."

The article in the *Economist* is valuable as an indication of the standpoint from which our transatlantic brethren view the matter.

A QUESTION OF MORALS.

A not unfamiliar complaint of fire insurance companies is that their premiums are not only insufficient to allow for a proper return of money paid for expenses and a moderate reward for the use of the capital invested in the business but that the premiums are also frequently insufficient to meet the demand for purposes of adjustment and payment of losses. Such complaints are never heard from our life insurance companies, which as a rule are exceedingly prosperous societies. The mortality line is almost as mathematically certain as any rule of the universe, but the fire line is uncertain and variable. Accordingly it is more difficult to place the fire insurance business upon an absolutely sound basis. The element of risk in it is much greater than in the life insurance. But it may be doubted if for all that the same care is exercised by the fire companies as by the life companies in avoiding bad risks. The locality and the building may receive every attention, but is the character and moral repute of the proprietor duly considered? Before accepting a risk life insurance companies subject their applicants for policies to the most searching examination by their medical advisers. If the same precautions were exercised by fire companies in ascertaining the moral condition of applicants as life insurance companies exercise in ascertaining the physical condition of their applicants we should not hear so much about the losses of fire companies. The locality of the building and the building itself may be all that is desired and the risk may be considered from that point of view an excellent one. The owner, however, may be morally unsound and not incapable of applying a match to the establishment should his apparent interests suggest such a course. In that case the safety of the locality and the excellencies of the buildings count for nought. Incendiarism on the part of the owner is the most dangerous of all kinds of incendiarism. He generally does his work so thoroughly that were it not for the adjoining buildings the firemen might as well stay at home. Most companies have suffered severely from the action of untrustworthy policyholders, but the difficulty of obtaining absolute proof in suspected cases makes the percentage of this kind of loss appear much smaller than it probably actually is. The only way of effectually guarding against imposition and fraud of

this kind is to adopt the same methods respecting moral soundness as the life companies enjoin respecting physical soundness. It may be argued that the one is a question of opinion the other a question of fact; but a careful enquiry and examination will in most cases elicit a number of facts which will throw considerable light on the character and moral standing of the applicant.

While dealing with the question of honesty on the part of the insured, it may not be out of place to refer to the misrepresentations which are being constantly made by life insurance agents, who, as the Insurance Register pertinently observes, know better in regard to competing companies. It is not honest to use a statement to any company's disadvantage which may be ten or a dozen years old or which is only part of that actually published by the company. The position and condition of rival insurance companies should be stated with absolute fairness. The agent should know not only the exact facts of his own company, but those of his competitors. If a merchant made as broad misrepresentations in regard to the character of his wares, says the Register, as the ordinary life insurance agent does in regard to the character of the policies he sells, he would be called a confidence man and a "fraud." It may be said that men are often ignorant and believe their statement to be true. This is only another argument in favour of educating the agent, in the fundamental principles of insurance and in the condition of his own and other companies. Insurance managers should take pains to see that the men they send out should be honest and well-informed, and we join with the Register in commending those companies who undertake to educate their agents before sending them into the field,

SMALL LOANS.

Everybody has been made acquainted with professional lenders at some period of life. But it is only when some particular instance of hardship is made public through the courts, as was the case recently in London in the judgment upon one Pocket, a Shylock in a small way, that people become aware of the severity of the terms on which these loans are made. "There are thousands of persons every year who need a sum of money for a short time, and who, if they cannot obtain it, must inevitably be ruined. The popular motion is that it is only spendthrifts who borrow, and that they would be positively benefited by the absence of means for obtaining loans, but that is a pure illusion. All kinds of struggling professionals, clerks, small traders, and indeed all men who maintain themselves but make no accumulation, occasionally find themselves in difficulties,—it may be for the rent, it may be for the doctor, it may be for any one of the hundred and one accidents of life which involve sudden or peremptory payments beyond the payer's sources at the moment. What can people so obliging situated, and without or. relatives, do but borrow, intending to pay by instalments, and why should they be prevented borrowing, or why should it be made difficult? They are not bad people, or dishonest people, or even in many cases thriftless people, and they have as much right to get out of their difficulties as any other class."

Unfortunately they alone among borrowers are hampered in getting out by the good feeling and virtue of the community. They have no goods which can readily be pawned, they have no banking accounts, and their signatures for each other's accounts are of exceedingly little value. They are compelled, therefore, to offer to lenders the only temptation they liave to offer,—namely, "usurious" interest; that is, interest so heavy that the lender can in a considerable proportion of cases endure to lose his principal. It is futile to say they ought not to offer it, for they cannot help themselves, and it is as futile to say the moneylender ought not to ask it, for he must make up for the losses he will incur by those who will never pay him at all. He is just in the position of the fashionable milliner who reckons that with deaths, frauds and positive inability to pay, her bad debts will exceed 20 per cent of her claims, and that consequently she must arrange her charges so as to meet that contingent addition to her regular expenses. The system may be bad or good, and is of course cruelly hard upon the solvent, who pay for everybody's defaults; but it is the very basis of all risky business, which without it could not be carried on at all. The public, however, though it tolerates the system generally, is so impatient of "usurious" hire for money, partly because it hates oppression, and partly because it misreads some sentences of Scripture which were probably intended to keep the Hebrews an agricultural people-which they are too clever ever to be-that it holds all "usurious" moneylenders to be scoundrels, and consequently they usually are such. The trades which are "hateful," as Mr. Justice Hawkins in the case referred to, called money-lending, always "fall into the hands of hateful people, or of people who are at best as hard as flints." They raise the rate of interest to the utmost figure they can obtain, 5 per cent. per mensem, or twenty times the interest asked when good security is forthcoming, being only the normal rate; they add all interest in default on to the original debt until it seems to grow of itself, and the borrower is paying compound interest: and they keep up a system of threats which to men in their debtors' usual position are almost maddening. We have known, in fact, of one or two among clergymen, who are required by opinion to be always solvent, being driven mad, in the medical sense, by their incessant worryings. And, finally, when they see no further chance of interest they "sell out" their luckless creditors,-that is, they take from them everything they can to repay a debt of which two-thirds has been piled up out of interest, and is in no way represented by the sum originally lent. "They do not," says our authority, "often have recourse to fraud, the risk of directly falsifying accounts being too great to run; but there can be no doubt that the system is a most cruel one, sometimes infernally cruel, and that those who pursue it do, as a rule, grow fat upon the distress and sufferings of their, fellow-creatures."

"But when we have relieved ourselves by that abuse, often quite just abuse, of the moneylenders, how much nearer are we to any reform? What is the remedy other than the suppression of the trade, which, as we have already said, is not only an impracticable suggestion, but an oppressive one?" The wilder natives of

India, the Southals for instance, and the settled Bheels, have a remedy which is very effectual, but which could hardly be introduced in other countries. They go on paying peacefully for a certain number of years, and then, when the evil becomes unbearable, they take the usurer and his books and the grain which he usually sells, and make a bonfire of the three, after which one or two men are hung, and the rate of interest falls in that village for a year or two by some 20 per cent. Our own forefathers used to deal with the system by laws limiting the rate of interest, but their wiser descendants know that there is nothing in that remedy. The usurer only puts a sum on to the amount of the original bond which covers all his possible losses, or compels the debtor to buy goods of him at prices which pay the lacking interest in the shape of profit. The borrower, in fact, must have his money, the lender will have his gain, and both being willing to defy the law, it passes human wit to devise a system of prevention which shall be effectual, while ineffectual schemes only run up the lender's rates. We have exempted minors from the obligation to pay their debtsa bit of very doubtful justice-the Judges take advantage of every loophole to restrict the amount of their decrees, and juries, we fear, in dealing with moneylenders, sometimes forget their oaths. It is next to impossible to go farther in that direction without interfering with a form of credit, viz., loads on personal security, which is, we repeat once more, essential to the community; and where, then, is the remedy to be found? Clearly, there is only one, and that is to transfer the business to respectable hands, and this is just what the opinion of the public, the kindly and Christian opinion of the public, interferes to prevent.

Decent men will not ask what they think usurious interest, and without such interest—that is, interest greatly in excess of market-rates-lending on personal security cannot as a business be carried on. "The Scotch banks used to do it, we believe, to a considerable extent, because their managers knew personally the applicants' characters, and because those applicants were Scotchmen, that is, persons intelligent enough to understand that credit is an invaluable possession; but in London a banker would know nothing of such applicants, and would have to protect himself by a system of averages which he would think it shameful to employ. Even if he brought himself to do it, he would never be hard enough, and unless he were as hard as iron he would find himself in the position of a weak landlord, that is, compelled to overcharge good tenants in order to make up for the defaults of tenants too shiftless or too dishonest to pay with regularity. It is really, if you will think of it, an old dilemma, the Christian virtues, apparently at all events, acting against the fair treatment of the respectable and good." We suppose it would be possible, if we were all a little more Socialist, to establish monts de piete, in which money should be advanced on the security of character. and in which the manager, being an official, could be as hard as any other tax-gatherer without injury to his conscience, but it would be a very dangerous system to begin. State pawnbroking can be made beneficial because there is a tangible security deposited, but the State pawnbrokers who could be trusted to appraise character are not numerous, and on the eve of a disruted election would, perhaps, be considered unpleasantly powerful.

There never was a time or a place where the community was not perfectly willing to hang an extortionate usurer, or at all events to stop his extortions, but he goes on everywhere and at all times, incurring popular disfavour, stirring the wrath of benevolent Judges, waking editors, who are the modern "prophets," into flames of righteous indignation, and growing fat in the midst of all those disagreeables. We even suspect that when the social millenium is established and money is abolished, he will be caught lending orders on the State shops at 60 per cent., and heaping up eatables and clothing which he can neither consume nor wear. "We wonder whether the socialist leaders when they catch him will read him daily lectures upon the superiority of the many to the one, or will resort to the simpler and hardly more cruel expedient of the Southal and the Bheel ?"

An example was made somewhat public in Montreal this week by the endeavors of a western (V.I.) coal mine speculator who offered five thousand dollars in gold bearing bonds for a loan of \$800. The number of loans on life policies has also become abnormally large of late; and "accommodation paper" is on demand at 50 pet cent by needy persons fortunate to possess a bank account.

CUBA'S TRADE.

The passing by the Cortes without debate on Saturday last of the proposal of the Colonial Minister for extraordinary credits for the purposes of the Cuban war has revived the interest felt in the fate of the last remnant of the Spanish Colonial Empire in the New World. The bill adopted by the Chamber of Deputies enables the Government to raise the sum of one hundred million dollars on the security of the tobacco monoply, the money to be available for war expenses during the parliamentary recess. Arrangements have been made for the use of twenty transatlantic steamers during the month of August to transport 40,000 reinforcements and 60,000 Mauser rifles to Cuba, and also a number of heavy guns to be mounted in the forts of Havana and other forts of the Island. In order to give the quietus to filibustering and privateering the navy is to be strengthened by the purchase of a number of ironclads. While Spain is not at all alarmed or excited by the reference to Cuba in the St. Louis Convention platform she is certainly making preparations for eventualities, and means to be in as good a position as position as possible to defend herself if attacked. Well-informed men are disposed to sympathize with Spain in her determination to retain Cuba, knowing that in spite of her rather unenlightened methods of government the "freedom" of the Island would be of no benefit to the Cuban people.

It is generally supposed that Spain is wasting her energies and her resources in endeavoring to keep her hold upon a colony that costs her more than it is worth. But the Spanish Government and the Spanish people are convinced that if they only vanquish the Cubans once more they will recoup themselves in a very few years for the costly sacrifices made with a view to crush the insurrection, even if the burden of the sacrifices, as everybody foresees in Spain, has

to be borne for some time chiefly by the Spanish taxpayers. In an interesting and instructive article on why Spain cannot afford to lose Cuba the London Economist says their own official statistics show why Spanish Manufacturers, and Spanish agriculture Spanish shipping interests are so anxious to preserve a market in which they enjoy a privilized situation owing to the differential tariff duties that so heavily handicap their foreign competitors in Cuba and in Puerto Rico. In 1894, the year before the present Creole insurrection broke out, Spain sent Cuba exports to the value of \$23,412,375, and in the previous years the Spanish exports to Cuba had largely exceeded that amount. The articles enumerated are soap, candles, cotton stuffs and other textiles, woollen goods, silks, paper, wood and pipes, shoes, leather and saddlery, and machinery. The exports of Spanishmanufactured goods to places other than the colonies of Cuba, Puertz Rico, and the Philippine Islands do not amount to \$5,000,000 annually.

The duties on bread-stuffs are so high in Cuba that Russian, Eastern, and American can be imported into Spain, and in some sort nationalized, before it is re-exported, still with a good margin for profit on the markets of Cuba and Puerto Rico. Spain's exports to Cuba are as a rule taken out in Spanish bottoms, steamers and sailing vessels plying regularly between both countries. This carrying trade has greatly contributed to the development of native Spanish shipping interests in Barcelona, Santandas, Cadiz, Malaga, Corunna, and other ports which had decayed in the early part of the century, when Spain lost her American colonies with the exception of the two West Indian Isles.

Next to agriculture and to manufacturers' and shipping interests rank the commercial and financial connections of Spain with Cuba and the native investors, who according to the Economist have so largely placed their savings and their fortunes in Cuban securities and interprises of all kinds. It is not the export trade alone that can give a complete idea of the commerce between Spain and Cuba. In 1894 Spain imported from Cuba products to the value af over seven and a half million dollars. No approximate figures can be given of the profits that the commercial and banking classes in Shain derive from the connection with Cuba but it is supposed they have been considerable. It is no secret also "that the thousands of Spaniards who go out to the Island as Colonial officials or to seek their fortunes out there in business are all much addicted to the habit of hoarding up the proceeds of their more or less prolonged stay in the West Indies, with a view to come home and to live as 'Indians' on their earnings, or as members of the numerous class of pensioners of the Colonial Treasury for life, with reversions in the shape of pensions to widows, orphans, etc., that the Creole taxpayers have to pay so liberally."

The solvency and indeed the very existence of the banks and financial institutions which the relations between Spain and Cuba have createdn depeds in their relations being maintained. Through these institutions Spain was able to consolidate the debts and deficits of Cuba after the ten years' rising of 1868-79, and to convert the same in 1886 into a six per cent. issue of £15,000,000 of Redeemable bonds, guaranteed by a lien on the revenue of the Cuban Custom House, and in

default by all the revenues of the Colony, with the subsidiary guarantee of the Imperial Treasury. Similarly guaranteed, £35,000,000 nominal of five per cent. Cuban bonds were created by the Spanish Government in 1890-1, with a view to convert what remained of the 1886 six per cent bonds and 'the floating debt of the Cuban Treasury, and to provide funds for other purposes. Practically only £7,000,000 nominal of these £35,000,000 of five per cent. Cuban bonds were issued in 1891 to convert the floating debt and banknote issue only. As the rest was not used to convert the six per cent. bonds of 1886 the Cabinets of Sagastain 1894 and 1895, and of Canoras in 1896 had the wherewithal to raise money to cover the expenditure of the present Cuban war. The greater part of the £35,000,000 nominal of five per cent. bonds will by next September have virtually passsed into the hands of Spanish bond holders and bankers. At the present moment, therefore, it can be asserted, says the Economist, that Spaniards and native capitalists hold £50,-000,000 nominal of Cuban five per cents. and six per cents., besides the shares and bonds of so many Cuban and Spanish concerns whose outlook depends upon the issue of the Cuban insurrection. To say the least, several hundred millions sterling of Spanish capital and savings are embarked in Cuban loans, public works, trade, and even plantations; but beyond that the Spanish tobacco monopoly farmers are very much dependent on Cuba for their best raw material. It is very evident that more than sentimental motives impel Spaniards to say that they cannot afford to lose the last remnant of their Colonial Empire in the New World.

THE FIRST QUARTER OF 1896.

Although the figures have been to some extent given forth already in our columns, those found in the quarterly report of the Department of Trade and Commerce for the above period, just to hand, will not be deemed unworthy of further notice. The tables, it will be borne in mind, are unrevised. Following is a statement of the revenue and expenditure on account of the Consolidated Fund of the Dominion during the months of January 1895 and 1896, and during the seven months ended 31st January, 1895 and 1896 respectively:—

ervery .	Ja	uary .		months
•	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
Customs Excise	596,652	\$1,857,507 616,102	\$9,918,567 4,657,750	\$11,530,232 4,724,694
Lest Office	296,236	318,857	1,651,236	1,723,857
Railways Miscellaneous	198,415 854,249	283,510 372,869	2,193,327 833,952	2,183,558 857,869
Total	2,855,348	3,398,345	19,254,832	21,020,210
Expenditure	6,000,790	5,964,685	20,130,209	19,499,716
Following is penditure on a	ccount of	the Conso	lidated Fui	nd during
the months of				
the eight mont	hs ended ?	syth Febri	iary, 1895	and 1890,

•		•	
	rnarv	Eight m 29th	
1895.	1893.	1895.	1896.
\$1,416,039	\$1,663,209	\$11,334,606	\$13,193,441
583,285	590,283	5,190,986	5,314,977
270,000	240,000	1,921,236	1,963,857
			*
161,229	187,477	2,854,568	2,371,038
169,609	. 169,983	1,003,549	1,027,849
2,550,112	2,850,952	21,804,945	23,871,162
2,204,843	1,878,155	22,885,052	21,877,872
	Feb. 1895. \$1,416,089 533,235 270,000 161,229 169,609 2,550,112	February 1895. 1893. \$1,416,089 \$1,663,209 533,235 590,283 270,000 240,000 161,229 187,477 169,609 169,983 2,550,112 2,850,952	February 29th 1895. 1893. 1895. \$1,416,039 \$1,663,209 \$11,334,606 533,235 590,288 5,190,986 270,000 240,000 1,921,236 161,229 187,477 2,854,568 169,609 169,983 1,003,549 2,550,112 2,850,052 21,804,945

The statement of the revenue and expenditure on account of the Consolidated Fund, during the months of March, 1895, and 1896, and during the nine months ended 31st March, 1895 and 1896, respectively is as follows:

•			Nine m	onths ended
•	Ma	rch	31st	March.
	1895.	1896.	1895.	1896.
Revenue—	•	•		,
Customs	\$1,557,607	\$1,754,895	\$12,892,214	\$14,948,837
Excise	597,556	605,658	5,788,542	5,920,636
Post Office	278,775	303,000	2,200,011	2,266,857
Public Works Inc.	,		,,	.,,-00,001
Railways	260,176	247,664	2,614,743	2,618,699
Miscellaneous	54,039	52,128	1,057,589	1,079,978
Total	2,748,153	2,968,845	24,553,099	26,834,507
Expenditure	1,509,938	1,841,668	23,844,991	22,719,541

A comparison of the value of the principal articles of import to Canada for the seven months ended 31st January, 1896 with those for the corresponding seven months of the previous year gives the following:—

Increase: Animals, by \$30,000; books, by \$12,000; brass goods, by \$11,000; grain, by \$264,000; flour, by \$32,000 meal, corn and oats, by \$61,000; bicycles, by. \$55,000; cotton bleached, dyed, coloured, etc., by \$248,000; clothing, by \$45,000; furs, by \$16,000; hats, caps, bonnets of beaver, silk and felt, by \$32,000; all other kinds of hats, &c., by \$42,000; cutlery, hardware, tools and implements by \$150,000; machines, &c., by \$23,000; stoves, &c., by \$13,000; tubing by nearly \$200,000; miscellaneous manufactures of iron and steel by about \$300,000; lead and manufactures of lead by \$40,000; leather by \$28,000; boots and shoes by \$70,000, mineral oils &c. by \$163,000; paints and colors by \$78,000; paper &c. by \$23,000; silk manufactures by \$253,000; soaps by \$42,0: 0; spirits by \$24,000; molasses by \$94,000; sugar by \$519,000; tobacco and cigars by \$13,000; woollen cloths, coatings, &c., by \$28,000; dress goods by nearly \$300,000. Bituminous coal shows a decrease of about .130,000; plate glass of \$26,000; and pig-iron and scraps by about \$16,000. The following comparative table of free goods for the same period will have equal interest:-

1	Seven mont 31st.Ja	hs ended
•		
	1895.	1896.
	\$	\$
Animals for improvement of stock	107,617	117,428
Articles for use of the Army and Navy	266,287	168,395
Asphaltum or asphalt	40,658	32,644
Broom corn	94,131	81,034
Coal, anthracite	3,467,078	3,768,779
Coffee	335,888	374,267
Cotton waste	231,640	160,372
" rw	1,834,497	2,000,116
Dyes, chemicals, &c	974,767	1,073,776
Fish and products of	688,808	497,050
Fisheries, articles for, nets, seines, lines	•	,
&c	159,831	165,584
Fruits, bananas, olives, pineapples, &c	229,954	249,940
Fur, skins not dressed	204,896	245,312
Grease for soap making, &c	136,294	181,221
Hides and Skins	927,644	1,279,364
India-rubber, and gutta percha; crude	367,991	686,521
Jute cloth and jute yarn	211,813	215,539
Metals, brass and copper	249,556	323,766
do steel rails for railways	638,696	830,290
do iron and steel, all other	508,357	769,370
do tin and zinc	493 916	595,269
do other	97,850	102,858
Oils, vegetable	75,650	76,915
Salt		186,267
Settlers' effects	1,488,188	1,240,676
Silk, raw	67,343	127,148
Sisal, manilla and hemp undressed	227,359	~ 558,058
Sugar	3,447,468	see above)
Tea	2,441,579	2,597.075
•	,,	,

	· Seven mon 31st Ja	
,	1895 . .	1896. \$
Tobacco leaf	. 767,194 577,880	723,106 476,447 681,520 3,239,439
Total		23,826,446 3,918,830
Water Pena Clouds	28 000 532	27 745 278

The volume contains a large amount of miscellaneous information which must call for future notice.

GROWTH OF JAPANESE TRADE.

Statistics recently printed by the Baltimore Journal of Commerce, show that during the past fifteen months no less than 747 business enterprises, with an aggregate capital of nearly \$629,000,000 (silver), have been established and reorganized in Japan. This would naturally indicate a "boom" in business in that country, which may be accounted for by the well-known speculative effects of a war. This was well shown in the United States after the late Civil War. Busiof all kind was apparently flourishing to a marked degree, but it had an end, and finally settled on a firmer and more conservative basis. In Japan some of the conditions are the same as they were in the United States during the revival period following the war. The question is, therefore, whether Japan will meet any reverses, owing to overspeculation, etc. Whatever the answer may be, it cannot be doubted that a substantial advance will be made by these enterprising people.

Mr. R. P. Portor an ex-superintendent of the United States census, makes the following statement regording the growth of the trade of Japan: "The whole Japanese trade, including bullion and everything, ten years rgo amounted to \$78,000,-000. Last year it had increased to \$300,000,000. The exports of textiles alone have increased from \$511,000 to \$23,-000,000 in ten years. Where do they send these goods? They supply the home demand. Formerly they bought yarn in India. Now they do not. Some of the finer wools they still have to buy in England. They supply the home demand for cotton cloth, and they also send some to England. Of course, that business can increase largely without interfering with us. Last year they bought \$2,500,000 worth of American cotton. As they improve in the manufacture they produce finer yarns, and as they make better cloth they must use our cotton. In order to get any portion of the trade that England now has with China, they must use more American ootton. In view of this, there was a Japanese syndicate formed while I was there with a capital stock of \$5,000-000 to ruh a new line of steamships from this country from Philadelphia, New York, and Portland, Ore. They hope to ship cotton from Philadelphia, but they may start aline from San Diego. They must have our cotton. It is not a mere question of tariff, but a question of the future. Here is a trade increased from \$78,000,000 to \$300,000,000; textiles \$500,000 to \$3,000,000. Ten years ago they made `\$60,000 worth of matches, and sent very little out of Japan; last year \$4,700,-000 worth-nearly \$5,000,000-and all went to India. We did not receive more than \$20,000 worth. The same with matting and rugs. Ten years ago the amount was infinitesinally small, only \$885 worth of matting exported. Rugs were not mentioned in their reports. Last year these two items amounted to \$7,000,000. They do this with a combination of modern machinery and the most docile laborer in the world. They have no factory laws, and can employ children at any age. Children work at seven, eight, and nine years of age, the whole day long, for from one to two American cents a day. The relative positions of English and American trade to Japan are illustrated by the fact that, England sold to Japan last year \$56,000,000 worth of products and

purchased \$7,000,000 worth, while America bought from Japan \$54,000,000 worth and sold her only \$9,000,000 worth, 61 per cent being our staple products. If we are to keep up this large volume of business with them they should buy from us, and we should make them see it to be to their interest to do it. This would be on the line of reciprocity."

THE LATE SIR LEONARD TILLEY, K.C.M.G.

Last week's issue of this Journal had gone to press, when the news of the death of Sir Leonard Tilley reached Montreal, and we had no opportunity then to record our sincere regret at the loss of the aged and honored statesman. The descendant of an United Empire Loyalist family Sir Leonard has always held steadfastly to the spirit and traditions of the steady and patriotic stock whence he sprung, and his services to his country have been those which we would expect from the statesman who was animated and controlled by the lofty principles and Imperial aspirations which distinguished this gifted son of New Brunswick. Sir Leonard's public life began in 1849 when 31 years of age, and from that time until his retirement from the Lieutenant Governorship of his Province in 1893 he was almost continuously in the service of his country. One of the Fathers of Confederation, Sir Leonard was also closely identified with the National Policy and with the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The framing of the new tariff fell to his lot, and the speech in which he introduced the measure in 1879 was pronounced by no less an economic authority than the late Sir Alexander Galt, the greatest financial speech he had ever heard in Parliament. The success with which Sir Leonard carried on the negotiations in London in connection with the financial arrangements for the building of the great transcontinental railway was an event in the economic history of the Dominion of the first importance. The Maritime Provinces have produced many great men, but none will be more affectionately remembered or longer held in honour than he who was laid in his last earthly resting place last Saturday afternoon.

THE LATE JOHN KERRY.

It is hard to realize that John Kerry is dead, that his familiar and ever welcome face will be no more seen in his Club, that we shall listen no more to his remarks so full of dry humour and common sense. Though a sound business man and head of a long-eslablished and enterprising firm, he was not a man who neglected that which embellishes and adorns the passing hour. In social intercourse he was seen at his best, and his chat about music and art and letters was always worth listening to and always interesting. Seventy-one years old, Mr. Kerry was wont to say that the time had come when more leisure should be his portion. That time has come indeed. He died suddenly last Tuesday morning. Mr. Kerry was the senior pariner of the well-known firm of Kerry, Watson & Co., wholesale druggists, to whom and to the members of his family we extend our sincere sympathy in the great loss they have sustained.

A Berlin firm is reported to have established a branch house in Amsterdam to continue the future business in case the German anti-option bill becomes law. A special bank is also to be founded in Amsterdam to facilitate the business. No doubt one of the first results of the passing of the bill will be the diversion of business to other centres, the firm mentioned above being but the leader.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

Quebec.—C. A. McDonnell, marble, Montreal, bailiff's sale advertised; L. Tetrault, hay, Montreal, dead; Jos. Bourbeau, boats, Quebec, retiring from business; Blain & Amesse, painter, Montreal, new co-partnership; S. Ein, manfr. cigarettes, Montreal, begun business; George Stephenson, merchant tailor, Montreal, dead; J. E. Dube, drugs, Quebec, opening branch for the summer months at Murray Bay; C. I. Samson, physician, Quebec, dead; J. N. Bergeron & Co., drygoods, Montreal, stock sold; Hudon, Hebert & Co., wholesale grocers, Montreal Irenee Janet of this firm is dead; James Shaw & Co., commission grain, James Shaw dead; Trotter Bros., warehousemen, Montreal, dissolved; A. D. Turcott, sawmill, etc., Montreal, bailiff's sale advertised T. Crevier & fils., founders, Montreal, dissolved, Toussaint Crevier, sole owner; Hurtubise & Co., hardware, Montreal, assets

for sale July 6th; Euchariste Leclerc, trader, Montreal, meeting of creditors July 9th; G. F. Matthews & Co., grocery, Montreal, Mrs. G. F. P. Matthews ceased doing business under this style; M. Monette & Co., grocery, Montreal, Mrs. M. Monette, ceased doing business under this style; M. St. Marie, men's furnishings, Montreal, stock sold; C. Belanger, grocer, Quebec, offering composition; M. Tardy, grist mill, Stanfold, out of business; A. Galarneau, grocer, Victoriaville, out of business.

-Ontario-L. Atkinson, jeweller, Newmarket, stock and fixtures sold; Gold Medal Bed Spring Co., Toronto, style changed to Gold Medal Furniture Mfg. Co.; Winger Woollen & Felt Co. Almira, incorporation granted; C. A. Martin & Co., tailors, Gananoque, begun business; News Printing & Pub. Co., Ltd., London, incorporation granted; Lake Harold Gold Mines Co. Ltd., Port Arthur, incorporation granted; Bedells Furnishing Co. Ltd., Toronto, incorporation granted; The Robert Simpson Co., general merchandise, Toronto, incorporation granted; S. Thompson, shoes, Toronto, stock advertised for sale 30th ult.; John Nicholson, livery, Belleville, sold out; Mrs. G. C. Thomas, grocery, Belleville, dead; A. D. Richard & Son, drygoods, meeting of creditors July 6th; W. & F. Man, hardware, Stratford, William Workman dead; Worklam & Hayes, hardware, Toronto, dissolved; D. &c., Bracebridge, general store. stock 661/c in the dollar; D. Daniels, general store, Berks Falls, stock sold at 60 cents in the dollar ; Talbot, Cockroft & Harvey Co. Ltd. carpet manfrs. Elora, W. Talbot retires; W. A. Fenwick, jeweller, Guelph, moving to Shelburne; Neill & Small, general store, Kincardine, stock sold at 671/2 cents in the dollar: Neill & McKay, general store, Lucknow, stock sold at 55 1/2 cents in the dollar; C. A. Winino, grocer, Sarnia, sold out to S. C. Cornell Jas. Stewart, banker, Tilbury Centre, not affected by fire and still carrying on business; Jos. Rogers, hatter, Toronto, stock will be sold July 8th: George Raine, bicycles, Walkerton, sold by bailiff; Mitchell & Co., harness. Watford, business for sale.

BRITISH COLUMBIA-G. A. Huff, general store, Alberni, sold out to H. S. Law; Henry Gribble, fancy goods, &c., sheriff's sale advertised; T. A. Muir & Co., drugs, New Westminter, dissolved; A. Marymoret, clothing, etc., Rossland, reported sold out to J. M. Daily of Tacoma; George Stuart, harness, Kamloops, opening branch at Ashcroft; E. Johnstone, general store, Brandon, starting; Morrison & Biggar, bakers, Vancouver, opened; H. S. Law, grocer, etc., Wellington, removed to Alberni.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND-Wm. Waterman, hides, Charlottetown.-dead.

NOVA SCOTIA-S. R. LANTZ, flour and grain, Middleton, sold out furniture business to S. C. Mulhall; Wm. Dimock, hardware. Windsor, dead.

NEW BRUNSWICK-J. E. Whittaker & Co., W. & R. stoves and tinware, St. John, co-partnership advertised; J. E. Whittaker, general partner, and Chas. A Palmer special partner to amount of \$10,000 from June 20, 1896, to March 31st, 1899; Wilson & Sellers, manfrs. caskets, St. John, sold out by sheriff; Mrs. Isabella Sutherland, drygoods, Newcastle, succeeded by Mailer Bros. G. W. Newcombe, general store and hotel, Hopewell Hill, hotel and store for sale.

MANITOBA & N. W.T.—L. C. Rodgers, shoes, Regina, succeeded by Rodgers Bros. & Co; Rapid City Woollen Mills, Rapid City, beginning business; Seine River Gold Mining Co. Ltd. Rat Portage; commencing operations; Winnipeg Fish & Poultry Co. Winnipeg, beginning business, J. H. Davis & Co., fish and game Winnipeg, about selling out; J. J. Philip, cold storage, etc., Winnipeg, adding wholesale fruit, and admitted Colin Campbell into co-partnership in that department; W. F. Henderson & Co. com'n. merchants, Winnipeg, W. F. Henderson, dead.

THE FIRE RECORD.

The goods and buildings of the Chanteloup Manufacturing Co. Craig street, Montreal, were damaged to the extent of about \$25,000 on Thursday the 25th ult.—The large planing mill and sash and door factory belonging to A. Tessier, Penetanguishene, Ont., were totally destroyed on the 25th ult.-J. O. H. Mooney's flour mill at Alexandria, Ont., was totally destroyed early the 26th ult., the loss being between \$25,000 and \$30,000 partially covered by insurance.—30 loads of hay and straw together with a valuable horse were totally destroyed at the stables of Osborne

Bros., Montreal, on the 26th ult. The damages to the building are covered by insurance-Matthew's new pork-packing factory near Ottawa was damaged to the extent of \$5,000 on the 24th ult, covered by insurance-At Quyon, Que., on the 27th ult., the roller mill and grain elevator of H, M. McLean were completely destroyed. The loss which is very heavy, is only partly covered by insurance-At Brighton, Ont., on the 27th ult. fire broke out in the barns of the Proctor House destroying them with all contents including three horses, two of them the property of John Weese, stage contractor, Campbellford. The rear of the Proctor House was badly damaged. Spreading to adjoining buildings the fire destroyed the Salvation Army barracks, the store house of J. W. Freeman, grocer, and damaged the latter's The Standard Bank, Lear's store and J. C. Kemp's grocery. harness shop and D. J. Cummings' barber shop were damaged by water and smoke. The contents of the Proctor House barns were insured. The losses of-Mr. Kemp and Mr. Freeman are covered by insurance in the Perth Mutual.—Two buildings, at Weymouth, N.S., owned by James Livingstone and Joseph Ethier with contents were burned on the 29th ult. Mark Melanson's store was damaged to the extent of \$500. The total loss is about \$10,000, partially insured in the Eastern, Phoenix, and British American.

LEGAL RECORD, &c.

Week ended June 80, 1896.

The following is a record of transactions and cases in our Canadian courts of law, comprising Writs Issued and Judgments Rendered for sums of \$300 and upwards, and Chattel Mortgages

and Bills of Sale for sums of \$550 and upwards :
WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.
· June 24.
Cote des Neiges—O. Brunet vs Simon Lacombe
June 25.
N.D. de Levis—F. X. Beauliou vs Helene Carrier & C. G. Beauliou \$2,221.
Yamachiche—J. W. Shaw et al vs Philorum Laberge 488 June 26.
Guignes—D. B. McLennan et. al, exrs. vs Neil Morrison \$2,304,
Montreal—Hon. A. Boyer, esql. et al vs W. Drysdale, \$1,250; Standard Light & Power Co. vs Montreal Park & Island Ry. Co., \$945.
Three Rivers—F. Lewis vs J. A. Desilets
Montreal—J. C. Cantin et al vs A. Lomer et al 400 June 30.
Montreal—Credit Foncier vs M. Laurier, \$20,013; B. Charest vs E. Leclaire, \$468; J. Towle vs W. Roberts, \$785.
WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.
June 24.
Chinamaconay Tr. I I Builton T & P Brigton 4 809

	vs E. Leclaire, \$468; J. Towle vs W. Roberts, \$785.	,
	WRITS ISSUED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.	
	June 24.	. •
	Chinguacousy Tp-J. L. Buil va T. & P. Bristow \$ 302	3
	Marysburgh N. Tp-Conf. Life Assn. vs John Cavin & C. S	
	Macdonald, \$10.767.	
	Ottawa-F. A. Heney vs F. H. Cluff et al, \$2,198; F. A. Heney	7
	vs Elizth Corcoran, \$2,198.	
	Picton-J. C. Madill vs H. S. Wilcox & Alex. Carr, Na	-
	panee, \$10.000.	
•	Port Hope—J. F. Nattrass vs H. H. Jones et al 308	
	Vaughan Tp-J. H. Sanderson vs A. S. Russell 349	
	C. W. Stevenson vs Can. Accident Ins. Co 781	
	C. W. Stevenson vs. Travelers Insur. Co 780	0
	June 25.	
	Honora-W. Needler et al vs W. L. Herriman & Son 1.01	1
	Morrisburg-J. Walker et al vs W. N. Barrie 48	4
	Toronto-Montreal Invest. & Freehold Co. vs Thos. Mil	-

burn, \$907 -Confed. Life Association vs J. M. Hill.... Woodstook-

Aylmer—Mary C. Laur vs C. W. & W. B. Laur...... 700 Murray, U.S.—D. B. McLennan et al, exrs vs J. R. & Cathe. Mc-Donald, \$2,464.

to—G. Bissonnette vs N. M. Cantin, \$1,222; G. Bissonnette vs Dominion Specialty Mfg. Co. & O. Bissonnette, \$1,070.

20 IIII ONNADIAN TOTAL	
June 29.	/ June 26.
Blenheim Tp—Bank of B.N.A. vs Thomas McKay, \$2,233; G. Beil vs Thos. McKay, \$347. Glencoe—G. Dobie & Co. vs J. A. Leitch	Drayton—Jabez Coram to J. McGowan
Hamilton—Hannah Williams vs Hamilton Iron & Steel Co., \$10,000; Cynthia J. McMurray vs L. C. Smith & F. R. Martin. \$1.000.	G. Mair, \$800. Ottawa—Laberge & Co. to P. Rochon, \$1,069; G. W. & Lizzie J. Parson to A. Masson, \$7,500; Wm. Taylor to W. Hotch,
Newmarket—G. T. Slater & Son vs Julius Mader et al 303 Tonawanda, N.Y.—H. Marshall vs James Patton 4,000 Toronto—A. G. Strathy vs Emma Dyer, \$927; Trust & Loan Co.	\$605. Toronto—H. T. & Adelaide Waller to R. Davies 4,630
vs J. & E. Rogers, \$1,399; M. J. Humphrey vs M. Ryan & J. B. Boustead, \$1,671; G. E. Challis vs World News-	June 29. Arran TpJ. W. Shier to R. C. Struthers
paper Co., Ltd., et al, \$379. Windsor—C. A. Janisse vs Emma E. Wilkinson & E. D'Avignon exrs., \$8,097. June 30.	Lindsay—Saml. Hughes to E. J. McAlpine
Belleville—S. H. Phippen et al vs Mrs. Rich'd Geatrix 5,000 Niagara Falls—J. Magoe et al vs B. R. & Jessie R. Paine 1,000 Ottawa—Elzth. M. Howland vs W. H. Marshall et al 605	H. Bryce to A. Bryce, \$836; A. M. Rosebrugh to T. R. Rosebrugh, \$770. Abraham Aronsberg to Montreal Optical Co 1,170
Toronto—A. B. Demil vs Economical Mut. Fire Ins. Co., \$1,750; W. Ramsay vs Russell Greenwood, \$8,082; W. H. Pike	June 30. Cornwall—Mrs. Margt. Ross to A. P. Ross
vs H. L. Hawkey, \$386; Union Bank vs A. K. & J. Lauder, \$1,000; Sarah Elliott us Emille Risch, \$708; G. Fletcher vs G. A. Watson, \$723; News Ptg. Co. vs World Newspaper Co. Ltd. (dmgs.), \$50,000.	Harriston—J. C. Brown to J. Baily
WRITS ISSUED, MANITOBA & N. W. T. June 24.	Toronto—L. & O. P. Alcina E. Genereux to Toronto Genl. Trusts Co., \$902; G. Hastings to J. H. Parkinson, \$574. Toronto Junc—A. J. Heydon to Toronto B. & M. Co., \$1,920; A.
Winnipeg—Western Can. L. & S. Co. vs C. Klassen 1.026 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. June 24.	J. Heydon to Reinhardt & Co., \$985. Windsor—C. W. Steward to F. A. Weithoff
Montreal—Banque Hochelaga agt Dme. P. J. Bedard, \$490; T. A. Trenholme agt Wm. Euard et al, \$1,670; Dme. Mathilda Blondin agt Dme. Almais Lacroix et al, \$5,000; E. B.	June 27. Wiunipeg—L. B. Blasdell to T. H. Lee Son & Co., \$2,050; J. W Carroll to Sarah J. Carroll, \$700.
Greenshields et al agt L. Z. Mallette, \$8,344. Quebec—O. Gauvreau et vir agt Adelaide Deharnais 2,650 June 25.	CHATTEL MORTGAGES, B.C.
Montreal—N. B. Stewart agt A. E. Battle	June 26. Point Grey—Jos. P. & Augustine Plant to S. B. Brown et al. \$1,089.
Com. de Ecoles St. Henri agt. L'Union des Abattoirs de Montreal, \$1,478; S. Smith agt. Pontiac & Pacific June. Ry.	BILLS OF SALE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO. June 24.
Co., \$621. St. Sylvere—D. Dureau agt Jules Morel	Cornwall—Thos. Feeney to L. Cohin\$ 3,65 June 26.
Montreal—G. Archambault et al, esql. agt P. A. Picotte, \$800; Banque du Peuple agt Arthur Prevost, \$2,500; S. K. Par-	York Tp—J. T. Moore to Annie A. Moore
son agt Denis Tracey, esql., \$8,248. June 30.	Dereham—Culloden Creamery Assn. to W. A. Edgar 65 Toronto—T. L. Palmer to J. Palmer
Montreal—W. B. Powell agt Baie des Chaleurs Ry. Co. et al, \$807; J. T. Marchand agt Dme. Georgiana Lambert, \$850; R. Graham agt Wm. Smith, \$750 & \$750.	June 30.
Quebec—A. G. Bell agt Sylvestre Griffin, \$535; C. Hnigham agt Florence Trudel et al, \$600. JUDGMENTS RENDERED, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.	Brantford Tp—Alex. Barron to Emily E. Barron
June 24. Ottawa—C. W. Mitchell agt A. F. McIntyre \$ 564	June 30. Sussex—Edward Harnett to saw mill, for
June 25. Hamilton—G. E. Mills agt Dominion Construc. Co et al, \$950; J.	Bills of Sale, Manitoba & N.W.T. June 30.
Gompf agt Mrs. Jane Taylor, \$880. Toronto—E. E. Bingham agt Jos. Rogers	Banff—Chas. Astley to J. Walker
Trafalgar Tp—J. Hickson agt Jos. Wild	THEATRE FRANCAIS. "The Shadows of a Great City" is the drama being player
Paris—J. Hamilton agt Jos. & Martha A. Whitely 1,171 London—D. H. McDonald & Co. agt. P. M. Lawrason	this week by the stock company at Theatre Francais and the house has been crowded to overflowing at every performance
Belleville—C. Forster agt Clara Carmichael	It is a play of a popular order with abundance of life and acti- and certainly is one of the most interesting yet presented at th
London—D. D. Smith agt T. F. Cowan	theatre. Miss Beryl Hope, the beautiful and accomplished leading lady is seen in a trying doubt role, that of Helen Sta
Uxbridge—G. Gooderham agt Alex. Spears	dish and Annie Standish, and she acquits herself with a gra- and womanly sympathy which it would be hard to equal. Mi
—C. J. Marain agt M. M. Rosebrough 1,097 June 30.	Hope has been seen in a great number of leading parts at Theat Français and in no other has she scored a greater triumph. The
London—Ingersoll Packing Co. agt P. M. Lawrason	scenic effects are worthy of especial mention, particularly the second act which shows a moving wall, illustrating the escal of two prisoners from Blackwell's Island Penitentiary. The
JUDGMENTS RENDERED B. C. June 24. Cloverdale—Mary Corbould agt Albt. Bamford	vaudeville bill is very good. Alf. Liston is an accomplish musician who plays on jars, flower pots and vases, with remar able effect; the Darling Sisters do wonderful acrobatic son
June 24. Grand Anse—P. O. Blanchard, saw and grist mill \$ 894 JUDGMENTS RENDERED, NOVA SCOTIA.	and dances; Joe. Natus is a splendid tenor and all of the oth performers are exceptionally clever. The season has been ve prosperous at this Theatre and Mr. W. E. Phillips is to be co
Springhill—R. H. Langille, tailor	gratulated upon the great success he has achieved. He a nounces that at the end of the present week he will close t theatre for a few weeks during the hot season and that he w
June 25. Albion Tp-Mrs. M. R. Gray to R. M. & J. G. Gray \$ 616	open it again early in the autumn upon the same plan, with new stock company in the best dramas and superior vaudevil
Leamington—G. W. Brayton to Line, Macdonald & Co 1,085	atractions.

—The present private postal system of the Chinese Empire will soon be replaced by an Imperial postal service. It is likely that the Chinese will now come into the postal union.

Tinancial.

Thursday Ev'g., July 2nd, 1896.

The Stock Exchange has been closed two full days this week, and on the remaining days only held one session. Business generally has been quiet, though certainly a little more active than in the previous week. The activity, however, was not born of any increased investment or speculative demand, but on the contrary was due to liquidation, and "professional" or "room trading," consequently the trend of values has been lower. A good deal of the realizing, too, was done by speculators who were also dealing in wheat in the Chicago m arket, and values there declining seriously, stocks had to be sold to cover losses in wheat. The prevailing business depression and the uncertainty with regard to the new Administration's tariff policy, are all factors, and until they have entered into office, and announced definitely their intentions, no marked improvement is looked for. The principal trading was in Toronto Ry., gas and Montreal Street Ry. at generally lower figures, while bank stocks were as a rule steady. money market shows no change, the rate for call loans still being 5 per cent, although some brokers anticipate even lower rates in the near future. News from New York is not altogether encouraging. The prospects at present writing are that the Free-Silverites " will at the Chicago Democratic convention, carry the day, and this is causing much uneasiness in business circles and prejudicially affects prices in Wall Street. Should the sound money men win, there would doubtless be an immediate revival of confidence. In London, the stock markets have been firmer, and with a continued glut of money, the best securities have realized higher prices. The Exchange market is steady, with rates as below :-- Between banks : New York funds, 3-16 to 1/8 dis.; sixties, 93/8 to 9 7-16; demand, 95% to 9 I1-16; cables, 93% to 10. Counter rates are : New York funds, par; sixties, $9\frac{5}{8}$ to $9\frac{9}{4}$; demand, $9\frac{7}{8}$ to 10; cables, 101/8. Appended is the usual comparative table compiled by C. Meredith & Co.:

Montreal	109 25 5	218 1/2 122 1/2 161 118 100	218 122 161 118 100	221 167½
Cable	205 150 843 560 746 125 14	157 593/4 184 208 66 84 167	152 59 18334 207 63 831/2 167	1585% 50 20334 20438 8314



"Wolff American" High Art Cylces.

"McCune" Cycles
Highest Grades and Great Value.

"Commercial" Cycles
Good Machines.

Also Juvenile bicycles on hand and "ADLER" Cycles "BOKER'S IXL" Cycles for Importation.

DORKEN BROS. & CO.,

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Total for Week End-Clearings. ing July 2, 1896. Balances. \$ 6,897,401 \$ 938,961 Corresponding Week of 1895..... 9,941,703 1,439,970 " " 1894..... 9,511,494 1,658,345 " 1893..... 11,355,222 1,580,597

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Thursday Ev'g, July 2nd, 1896.

The national holiday on Wednesday and the first week after the elections militated to some extent against a substantial increase of activity, but it is pleasing to note that some signs of a revival of activity are not wanting, and, except in one or two lines, the season's business will be found at its close to have been fully up to the average. The one disquieting factor is now the absence of a definite statement of the policy that will be followed by the new Administration, with respect to Tariff Reform. It is true that Hon. Mr. Laurier has in interviews with business men and others given assurance that the victorious party are "reformers and not revolutionists," and that any tariff changes will be gradual, and not intended to cripple any ex isting Canadian industry. This assurance, however, is too general to please most of our merchants. One of them speaking to the writer, said: "If the Premier elect would say plainly just what he intended to do, we should then be prepared to meet the change. As it is, the uncertainty is seriously affecting our business, and if Sir Richard Cartwright is made Finance Minister. Mr. Laurier's assurances will not be werth much. He is a good honest man, and the best place for him would be in the Department of Railways or Public Works." This gentleman echoed the sentiments of several. Our merchants, who are Conservative in politics, take their defeat with good grace, but are naturally anxious that the present uncertainty should be ended. The lines principally affected, are hardware and dry goods, the demand for which is very small. A gratifying feature is a slight improvement in fall business for boots and shoes. This is stimulating the leather market to some extent, and a very firm feeling and advance in some kinds of hides, places these markets in a decidedly improved condition. Paints and oils have been more active, while in groceries, a demand for sugar for preserving has made the market more active than it has been

El Padre Needles,

10 cents.

Varsity,

5 cents.

The Best ⊬ CIGARS

that money, skill, and nearly half a :
century's experience can
produce.

Made and Guaranteed by

S. DAVIS & SONS

for some time. Other lines were steady, calling for no particular comment. Collections generally are only moderate, although reported satisfactory in some instances.

ASHES—The demand has improved a little during the past week, and consequently the feeling is a little firmer. Prices, however, are not quotably changed. First pots are \$3.50 to \$.360; seconds, \$3.20; pearls nominal at \$4.80 for first.

BEANS—No change from last week. Trading is very limited and prices more or less nominal. Small lots are offered at 85c and larger quantities at 75c., with very few sales made.

Boots and Shoes—Manufacturers report having passed through a period of dullness owing to the political excitement, but anticipate a decided improvement now that country storckeepers are again settling down to business. Already a slight improvement is noted in the volume of fall orders received, and with the firmer feeling in hides and leather, this bids fair to become more marked in the near future. Retailers report a falling off in the immediate demand, but are still doing a generally satisfactory business, particularly in pointed toes, which are apparently greater favorites than ever with the fashionable public.

CEMENT AND FIREBRICKS—Receipts the past week have been very light, and business as dull as ever. This has been the worst season known for some time in this line, and there are, it is said, no prospects for immediate improvement. Quotations are unchanged at \$1.95 to \$2.05 for Bri-

tish, and Belgian \$1.85 to \$1.95. Firebricks are \$16 to \$20 per thousand.

DRY Goods—Another quiet week has been experienced with fall orders sent in by travellers, few and far between. Business in the country, however, is gradually re-assuming its normal aspect, and more activity will doubtless be seen during the next few weeks. There is still, however, a feeling of unrest in some circles, which will hardly be allayed until the Premierelect has given a definite declaration of his policy with regard to the tariff. In the meantime, merchants are buying with perhaps an excess of caution, particularly in lines on which the duty is heavy. A feature has been the completion of the amalgamation of a number of the large cotton and thread manufacturers. The association now includes Chadwick's, Clarke's and Coats', and one result has been an advance in the price of cotton thread amounting to 50 cents a gross. Retailers report a slight falling off in trade, owing to the country and seaside visitors having pretty well completed their purchases. Frequent "bargain days," however, help to keep things lively, and the advent of American tourists is also expected to further brighten up trade. Collections are only moderate in most cases, though satisfactory in others.

DRIED APPLES—The demand is fair, chiefly on country account. Prices hold generally steady, sales having been made on the basis of 3 to 3½c.

FLOUR—Quietude is the only feature of the market. Both the export demand and that for home account is small, a fact probably due to the unsettled state of the Chicago wheat market, although the condition of political affairs also comes in for its share of blame. Prices are decidedly weaker, both straight roller and Manitoba grades being quotably lower. The meal market continues very dull. Car lots are offered freely at \$2.75, with very little business resulting. In feed a fair amount of trading was noted at lower prices. Manitoba bran has fallen off to \$11.50 and Ontario at \$12.50. Shorts are firm at a slight advance, with a steady demand.

Fish—No improvement to note either in salt or fresh fish locally, and prices are purely nominal. A Boston despatch says: The Cape Shore fleet are now practically all in, the total catch being 16,655 bbls, against 8,500 bbls the previous year. Last sales Cape Shore mackerel \$10.50 per bbl. Shore tinkers counting from 700 to 800 to the barrel sold in Boston Friday at \$12 per barrel; 20 bbls of large Shore mackerel of very nice quality, of a nice color and showing a little fat brought \$12.50 per bbl.

GROCERIES—The sugar market has been more brisk this week than for some time past. The demand anticipated a couple of weeks ago for preserving purposes has set in, giving an air of comparative liveliness to business. With a slightly weaker raw market, however, prices have showed no advance, but hold very steady at: Granulated, 250 brls and over, 4½c; 100 to 250 brls, 4 7-16c; 25 to 100 brls, 4½c; yellows, 3¾c according to quality. On Wednesday the raw market in London was 1½ to 3 points lower according to early cables, but later cables reported a firmer feeling. The local market was quiet and not very interesting, as there were no importent developments and old prices are still quoted. The basis of quotations is 39-16c for centrifugal. New York supplies are held with a show of firmness, which gives the market a steady tone. The ten market is inactive, the business consisting still of small peddling lots. Molasses are firm, and cables from Barbadoes report an advance of 1c there. Business, however, is small locally. New Orleans molasses are

very scarce. Porto Rico molasses are quiet and unchanged. In canned goods there is very little doing, except a small sorting trade. Prices, generally, continue about the same as a week ago. Dried fruits, both California and Mediterranean, are firm, and still very scarce. It is said that the new California crop will be later than usual, and below the average in point of quantity. Rice meets with a fair demand at the following prices: Patna, \$4.75 to \$5; Standard B., \$3.45; Carolina, \$6.50 to \$7.50; and Java, \$3.75 to \$4. Coffee and other lines are unchanged and steady.

Green Fruit—A good dusiness is being done and the market keeps well cleared up. Bananas are becoming quite scarce and consequently prices are firm. A feature has been the arrival of raspberries, which sell at 10c per box. Other lines are firm and quoted as follows: Oranges, Valencia, \$8 to \$8.50 for ordinary cases; Messina, per box, \$3.25 to \$3.75; Sicily blood oranges \$2.25 to \$2.75 for half boxes; lemons, \$2.00 to \$2.50 for choice and \$3 to \$3.50 for fancy. Pineapples 10 to 15c as to size; bananas, 75c to \$1.75 per bunch; apples, \$6 to \$7 for Russets and Spys; dates per lb., 5cents; figs, 8 to 12c; tomatoes, Mississippi, in 4 basketcrates, \$1.25; green peas, \$1.50; wax beans and green beans, \$1.50; strawberries, 7 to \$½c per box; onions, new Egyptian, \$1.75 to \$2 per bas of 110 lbs.; Bermudas, \$1.50 per crate; cocoanuts in bags sell at \$4.00 to \$4.25 per 100; asparagus, Canadian, 75c per basket; gooseberries, 60c per basket; Southern cucumbers, per crate or basket, \$1.75; cabbage, \$1.75 to \$2 per crate; California peaches, \$1.25 to \$1.50; California apricots, \$1.25 to \$1.50; California plums, \$2 to \$250; Mississippi apples, per box, 50c; water-melons, 30c each; new potatoes, \$2.25 per brl.

Grain—The only feature locally, has

Grain—The only feature locally, has been a fair demand for oats at 26% to 27c for No. 2 White. Peas have sold in small quantities for export but other lines are dull, with prices more or less nominal, in sympathy with Chicago. In that market declines have been the feature, and record low prices for wheat, corn and oats have been established. Cable advices from Europe were as follows:—Cargoes off coast—Wheat quiet. Cargoes on passage—Wheat very inactive. Cargoes no passage—Wheat very inactive. Cargoes La Plata wheat, 480 lbs., American terms, sail, arrived, 22s 10½d. No. 1 standard California, 500 lbs., California terms, iron ship, prompt. 26s sellers. Parcels Duluth hard spring, 480 lbs., American terms, steam, July and August, 249. Indian shipments to United Kingdom—Wheat, 19,000 qrs.; maize, 1,000 do. Arrived off coast—Maize quiet. Cargoes on passage—Maize firm. Mixed American maize, sail grade, 480 lbs., American terms, steam, July, 14s 3d. Spot quotations: Danubian maize, 480 lbs, ex ship, 18s; American mixed maize, 480 lbs, ex ship, 18s; American mixed maize, 480 lbs, ex ship, 14s 9d. Flour—Spot quotations: Minneapolis patents, per sack, 280 lbs., 20s. Mark Lane—English wheat easy and 3d lower; foreign wheat easy and 3d lower; foreign wheat easy and 3d lower; foreign wheat easy and 3d lower; American maize quiet but steady. Danubian maize quiet but steady. American flour easy. English flour easy. Antwerp—Wheat, spot weak.

Hardware—The only feature of th week has been an advance in Canadian Plates to \$2.15, last week's price having been \$2.10. Business is still very dull, and it is not expected that there will be any marked improvement until the new administration has declared a definite policy with respect to tariff reform. Collections are only moderate, though a slight improvement is noted in some sections. Shelf hardware is quiet.

Hides and Tallow—Lambskins have again advanced and dealers are now paying 35c. Beef hides are firm but not quotably CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

CARSLEY, SONS & CO.,

IMPORTERS.

SPECIALTIES:

COLORED
AND BLACK

CASHMERES

SILKS



Mantles and Jackets.

Carslev, Sons & Co.,

113 St. Peter Street,

- MONTREAL.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.
See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

changed, with a fair business doing. Tallow is quiet, the recent advances in New York having had no effect here. An American report said: "Strength is written all over the Chicago packer hides market. There have been large sales, and the packers are sold far in advance of their power to deliver. Several large buyers were in the market and in branded hides almost everything in sight was purchased. That the quotations only respond a 1/4c is explained by the depressed condition of other products. At the very time that packer hides were being competed for by buyers, lard was making a new low-priced record on the Board of Trade."

LEATHER — The market is decidedly firmer in sympathy with strong hide markets and an anticipation of improved fall business in the near future. No quotable change in prices has, however, been noted. The demand for English account continues to be very good, and shipments are made of both sole and black every week. Prices in England are very firm, and an advance would not be entirely unexpected.

Maple Products—The demand is not very brisk, but with light supplies, prices hold generally steady. Sugar sells at 8 to 8½c per lb for bright genuine, and syrup realixes 5½ to 6c per lb in wood. Tires are quoted at 70 to 80c as to size

Paintsand Oils—Business has resumed more of its wonted activity since the elections, and hides fair to keep fairly brisk for some time yet. Prices are unchanged, though firm, and with the advent of warm weather, an advance in pairs green is looked for. Turpentine is steady at 41c., while linseed oil is quoted at 50 to 51c for raw, and 53 to 54c for boiled. Collections are only fairly satisfactory, with room for improvement all over.

Petricleum — Business is quiet, but prices hold nominally steady at about the following range: Canadian refined, 15½ to 16½c; American P. W., 19 to 20c, W. W., 20½ to 21c; Canadian benzine, car lots, 14½c, American benzine, 21½ to 24½c.— Refined; in Petrolia is quoted at 10c. in bulk; 12½ to 18c. in brls, in car lots f. o. b. there.

Produce and Rnovisions—The English cheese cable has declined to 35 shillings and the markets there are very dull. Business, locally, is also quiet, and prices have in consequence an easier tendency, despite the higher prices paid at country cheese boards. The demand for Quebec cheese, particularly, is indifferent, and the following is a fair range of values: Quebec, finest, 6½ to 6½c; medium, 5½ to 6½; Ontario, finest, 6½ to 7c; medium, 6 to 6½c. The butter market, too, is easier. locally, with the demand only fair, although some good-sized lots are still moved for export. The range is from 16 to 16¾c, jobbers paying the higher figures. Western dairy is quiet, while Townships sells at about 14½c. Eggs are decidedly firme and sales of best stock have been put through at 10c., the range now being 9½ to 10c., with a good business passing. In provisions, smoked and canned meats have met with a good demand at steady prices, while pork has been as dull as ever. Canadian pea fed bacon is still in high favor in the British markets, and sells as high as 40 to 42s.

Woon.—No change can be reported locally. Business is still simply of a hand to mouth character, with no very important sales noted. Prices are about as before quoted. The new series of London wool sales opened this week, and prices are reported by cable to have opened unchanged but very firm. Offerings are not very heavy and the competition was quite brisk.

TORONTO WHOLESALE TRADE.

(Revised by Telegraph).

TORONTO, July 2, 1896.

There is practically no change in the business situation. The markets are likely to be unsettled and business men will naturally be cautious for some time yet. The holiday has also interfered with general trade. Orders are coming in slowly with the demand for sorting up goods. Little progress has been made with autumn and winter goods, although travellers have been showing samples for some time past. Money is firm with call loans difficult to get under 51/2 per cent. Prime commercial paper is discounted at 6 to 6½ per cent. The stock markets have been fairly active, with a tendency to weakness. Ontario Bank sold at 56 1/2, Imperial at 182, Commerce 1231/2; Standard at 162, Western Assurance at 1581/2 xd, Gas at 1961/2 xd., C.P.R. at 591/4, Toronto Electric at 430, Cable at 153 1/2, Toronto Ry. at 63, Postal at 85, London and Canadian Loan at 93, and British Canadian Loan at

BUTTER, &c. — Trade is dull and prices show little change. Supplies fair, with choice dairy jobbing at 12 to 13c and inferior 6 to 8c. Creamery 15 to 18% the latter for rolls. Cheese steady at 7% c for new in a jobbing way and 8c for old. Eggs unchanged, at 9 to 10c, per dozen in case lots.

DRESSED Hogs —Receipts are limited and prices in consequence well sustained. Butchers pay \$5.25 to \$5.50 for choice light weights.

FLOUR AND GRAIN — Flour in imited demand and prices easy. Ordinary straight rollers are quoted at \$3.20 and patents \$3.40 to \$3.50. Manitoba patents \$3.75 to \$3.80, and strong bakers \$8.50 to \$3.55. Wheat dull and lower. Red quoted outside at 64c west, and white at 65c. No. 1 hard sold at 59c. Fort William and at 64c Midland. Barley is dull with No. 1 quoted outside at 35c and No. 2 at 31 to 32c outside. Feed barley 25 to 27c. Oats dull; White brings 19c outside, and mixed 18 to 18½c. Peas easy at 45c outside. Yellow corn 26½ to 27c outside. Bran dull at \$8.75 to \$9 outside west.

GROCERIES — Trade quiet with few changes in prices. Sugars unchanged at 4½c for granulated and at 3½c to 4½c for yellows Dried fruits firm; currants 4 to 4½c Valencia raisins, off stalk 4½ to 4½c and selections 6 to 6½c. Canned vegetables firm; peas, \$1.00 to \$1.10; tomatoes 85c; corn 55 to 70c. Rio coffee 17 to 20c.

HARDWARE—Business is without feature, with a moderate demand for seasonable goods.

HIDES AND SKINS — Hides are unchanged, with sales of cured at 5½ to 6c. No 1 Green brings 5½c, No. 2. 4½c, and No. 3, 3½c. Calfskins unchanged at 6c for No. 1 and 4c for No. 2. Lambskins 35c, and polts 15 to 20c. Tallow dull at 3½ to 4c and rough 1½c.

กับกรรม และเกียรการกับการที่

LIVE STOCK—Receipts are large and prices steady. The best exporters sold at 3½c per 1b. by the load, and extra animals brought 3½ to 4c in twos and threes. The best butchers bring 3 to 3½c. Medium butchers at 2½ to 25½c, and inferior at 2 to 2½c. Calves steady at \$2.00 to \$4.00 each and milch cows \$20 to \$30 each. Sheep dull at 2¾c to 3c per 1b, and lambs steady there being sales at 3½c per 1b. Spring lambs \$2.50 to \$3.25 each. Hogs are easier, the best selling at \$4.12 per cwt weighed off cars, thick fats at \$3.50, stores at \$8.75 to \$3.80 and sows at \$2.75 to \$3.00.

Provisions— Trade quiet and prices unchanged. Mess pork jobs at \$12.00 and short cut at \$12.50 Long clear bacon 5%c to 6%c, rolls 7c, and backs 0 to 9%c. Smoked hams 0 to 9%c. Lard rules at 7c to 8c. Potatoes are dull at 18 to 20c for car lots on track. Beans 65 to 85c per bushel. Dried apples 3% to 4c and evaporated 5%c.

Wool—Receipts fair and prices steady. Fleece brings 17 to 18c for the best, and 14 to 15c, for rejections. Pulled supers 19 to 20c, and extra 21 to 21 1/2c.



SHERIFF'S SALES.

F.F. — No. 36 — CHARLES DESMAR-TEAU, Curator, vs. JOSEPH EA-COMPTE, Insolvent.

A lot situate in the city of Montreal, and forming part of lot number one thousand one hundred and thirty-seven, on the official plan and book of reference for Saint Mary's ward—with the buildings thereon erected; said lot measuring 64 feet in front by one hundred and fifty feet in depth, and bounded in front by the Papineau road, in rear by Logan Park, on one side by the residue of said lot belonging to Wm. Mann, and on the other side by the city of Montreal.

To be sold at my office, in the city of Montreal, on the TENTH day of JULY next, at TEN o'clock in the forenoon. A deposit of five hundred dollars will be required from every bidder before accepting his first bid.

F.F.—No. 1505.—MARGARET WATSON & al cs-qual vs. LOUIS H. POULIOT

Two lots of land situate in the Saint James ward, city of Montreal, and known as lots numbers sixty-two and sixty-three, upon the official subdivision plan of the lot known on the official plan and book of reference of the said Saint James ward, by the number twelve hundred and two (1202-62 and 63). With the right of passage for ever in common with others having rights therein in the lane in rear, which measure fourteen feet in width, English measure, and communicates with St. Jean Baptiste and Rachel streets, but without any rights to encumber the same and subject to the charge of keeping the same free and clear at all time—with to three storey brick houses on stone fondations known as numbers thirty-eight (38) and forty (40); bounded in front by-Rivard street, and outbuildings thereon erected?

SURETYSHIP.

The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.

The GUARANTEE Co. OF NORTH AMERICA.

Capital Authorized, - - - - \$1,000,000 Paid up in Cash (no notes) - -1,231,840 Resources, -*Deposit with Dom. Gov't, - -\$7,000

THE BONUS SYSTEM

of this Company renders the Premiums in certain cases annually reducible until the rate of

One-half per cent. per annum is reached.

This Company is under the same experienced management which introduced the system to this continent over thirty years ago, and has since actively and successfully conducted the business to the satisfaction of its clients.

Over \$1,213,000 have been paid in Claims to Employers.

President and Managing Director:

EDWARD RAWLINGS.
Vice-President. WM. J. WITHALL
Secretary and Treasurer, ROBERT KERR.

SELKIRK CROSS. Q.C., Counsel. RIDDELL & COMMON, Auditors.

HEAD OFFICE:

Dominion Square,
Corner Metcalfe St., MONTREAL

* N.B.—This Company's Deposit is the largest ade for Guarantee business by any Company, and not liable for the responsibilities of any other

BAYLIS MNFG. CO'Y

Manufacturers of

Varnishes, Japans, White Lead, **Colored Paints** Dry Colors, Printing Ink, Machinery Oils and Axle Crease.

And Dealers in Painters' & Printers' Materials Generally

> 16 to 28 NAZARETH STREET, MONTREAL.

-∜BOOKBINDING⊬

AND .

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS

JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

the village of Cote des Neiges; bounded in front by the public road of Cote Sainte Catherine aforesaid—with a wooden house and outbuildings there-

on erected. To be sold at my office, in the city of Montreal, on the FOURTEENTH day of JULY next, at TEN of the clock in the forenoon. A deposit of two hundred dollars shall be required of each bidder at his first bid.

Sheriff's Office, (Montreal, 30th Sheriff. Sheriff. June, 1896. (

Romeo Prevost & Co., accountants, auditors, curators and commissioners Liquidation of Insolvent Estates a speciality, Money to lend.

Offices Nos. 41 & 42 Montreal Street Railway Building, Montreal.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The announcement of the Toronto Exposition, on another page, will possess interest for people throughout the Dominion who wisht o let the business men of the Banner Province know what they wish to bring into universal use among them,

		1	1					14	
	NAME.	Par Val'e.	Capital Sub- scribed.	Capital paid-up.	Rest.	Div. last 6 Ms	Dates of Dividends.	Per Cent Price June 2,	Cash value per S.
-		'			——			<u> </u>	
ĺ	British North Am Can. Bank of Commerce	248½ 50	4,866,666 6,000.000	4,866,666 6,000,000	1,338,333 1,000,000	2 31/4	Apl. Oct. June Dec		243 50 61 37
	Commercial, Windsor	40 50	500,000 1,500,000	288,640 1,500,000	95,000 1,500,000	8 5 & 1	May Nov		42 00 116 00
	Du Peuple	50	1,500,000	1,499,905	750,000	31/2	Jan Jul	135	8 00 67 50
1	Hamilton	100	1,250,000 800,000	1,250,000 800,000	675,000 845,000	4 3 & 1	June De	119	150 00 119 00 152 CO
	Jacques Cartier	100 25	1,963,600 500,000	1,962,310 500,000	1,156,175 235,000		June De June De June De	100	25 00 160 (0
ġ	Merchants' Can Merchants' Halifax	100	6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000	6,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000	8,000,000 975,000	4 31/4 4 & 1	June De Aug Fei April Oc	160	160 00 165 00 87 50
į	Montreal	200 200	12,000,000	12,000,000	1,375,000 6,000,000	5	June De	175 220	440 00
4	Nationale New Brunswick	100	1,200,000 500,000	1,200,000 500,000 1,000,000	30,000 525,000	6	Jan Jul June De	~***	20 00 249 00
	Ontario.,	100 100 150	1,000,000 1,500,000 180,000	1,500,000 1,500,000 180,000	50,000 925,000 115,000	4	June De Jan Jul		58 50 158 75
	Quebec St. Stephen's	100 100	2,500,000	2,500,000 200,000 1,000,000	500,000	31%	June De April Oc	11734	117 75
	Standard	50 100	1,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000			June De	10%.	162 00
	Toronto Traders Union (Halifax)	100	2,000,000 700,000 500,000	700,000	85,000 160,000	8		197 193	237 00 97 06 61 50
	Union of Can Ville Marle	100 100	1,200,000 500,000	1,200,000 479,620	305,000 10,000) 8	Jan Jul June De	100 c 78	100 00 78 CO
B	gri. Sav. and Loan Co ell Telephone Co	50 100	630,000 3,168,000 1,620,000	626,006 3,168,000	120,000 800,000	8 4°/ ₆	Jan Jul Quarterly Jan Jul	153xd	153 00
B	eil Telephone Co rit. Can. Loan & Inv. Co rit. Mortg. Loan Co uilding and Loan Assoc	100 100 25	450,000	398,493 311,978 750 000	75,000	31/2	July Jan Jul	100	17 50
O	an. Colored Cot. Mills Co an. Landed & Nat'l Inv't Co	100	750,000 2,700,000 2,008,000	2,700,000	950.000	,	Oct Jan Jul	40	40 00 105 50
C	an. Perm. Loan and Sav an. Sav. and Loan Co	50 50	5,000,000	2,600,000 722,000 1,250,000	1,450,000 195,000 325,000) 5	Jan Jul June De	y 139 c 110	69 50 55 CO
C	entral Can. Loan & Sav. Co. ominion Sav. and Inv. Co	50	2,500,000 1,000,000	1 932,412	1 10.000) 8	Jan Jul July De) 11Q	118 00 38 00
D	ominion Telegraph Co ominion Cotton Mills Co	. 100	1,000,000 3,000,000	1,000,000 3,000,000 611,430		31/2	Jan—Qtiy Mar—Qtiy May No	124 90	62 00 90 00
ľ	armers' Loan and Sav. Co reehold Loan and Sav. Co amilton Prov. and Loan	100	1,057,250 8,223,500 1,500,000	1,319,100	659,550) 4	June 100 Jan Jul	C 100	50 00 105 00
H	ome Sav. and Loan Co uron & Erie Loan & Sav. Co	100	2,000,000	200,000 1,837,000	190,000	316	Jan Jul	y 165xd	112 00 135 00 82 50
I	nperial Loan and Inv. Co., anded Banking and Loan.	100	700,000	674,381	164,054 145,000	31/4	Jan Jul Jan Ju	3 106	105 00 115 00
L L	ond. & Can. Loan and Ag	, 50 50	5,000,000	659,050	74 00	יו אי	Mch 50	y 10912	46 50 51 75
L	ond. and Ont. Inv. Co anitoba & North-W. Ln Co ontreal Telegraph Co	100 100 40	2,750,000	559,000 375,000 2,000,000	/ 11 I IXX	0 31/4 0 3 . 2	Jan Ju Jan Ju Jan-Quy	y 100 95	100 00 95 00
	ontreal Gas Co		2,000,000	2,497,70	4	. 6	April O	109	65 20 73 20
	Contreal Street Ry. Co		1,800,000	1,400,000	00 003	0 4	May No March-Qtly	200	103 00
M	erchants M'f'g Co iontreal Loan and Mortg	100	500,000	500,00	300.00	. 4	Feb At	90 10 10 134	100 00 90 00 88 50
0	nt. Indus. Loan and Inv nt. Loan and Deb. Co	. 100 50	466,800 2,000,000	1,200,00	462,00	0 31/2	Jan Ju Jan Ju	ly 100	80 00 -61-00
P	eople's Loan and Dep. Co. eal Est. Loan Co	. 40	600,000 581,000	821,88	115,00 50,00	0	Jan Ju Jan Ju	iy 85 65	17 50 82 50
Т	Ichelieu and Ont. Nav. Co. oronto Electric Light Co	. 100	1,350,000 500,00 ₀		250,00	0 2	Quarterly	130	85 50 130 00
U	oronto Street Railway nion Loan and Sav. Cc Vestern Can. Loan and Sav	, 60	6,000 1,000,00 3,000,000	1,500,00	01 770,00	N11 0 4 0 5	Jan Ju Jan Ju	iy 63 1y 100 ly 148	63 00 50 00 74 00
١	Vestern Loan & Trust Co	. 50	1,000,000	27:,00	0 18,00	0 314		ecl 98	49 00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

To be sold at my office, in the city of Montreal on the TENTH day of JULY next, at ELEVEN of the clock in the forenoon.

E.-No. 1916-THE SUN LIFE AS-SURANCE COMPANY OF CAN-ADA vs. FRANCOIS MANDE-ADA vs. FRAN VILLE & al es qual.

Seized in the possession of the said defendant François Mandoville és qualité:

The north east half of that certain lot of land situated in Saint Jean Baptiste ward, city of Montreal, forming the south east corner of Cadioux and Saint Jean Baptis o streets (the latter street now known as Duluth avenue), and now known as Dilith aventel, and known as lot number ninty-six (No. 96.) on the official plan and book of reference of the incorporated village of Saint Jean Baptiste, in the parish of Montreal; bounded in front by both streets Cadieux and Duluth avenue—with tree wooden bytck engaged buildwith two wooden, brick encased buildings and outbuildings thereon erected. A certain piece or parcel of land situate in the municipality of Outremont, in Coto Sainte Catherine, in the parish of Notre Dame de Grâce, containing one arpent and three perches in front about three and a half arpents in depth, more or less, and without war-ranty as to precise measure, and bear-the number fifty-seven (No. 57), of the

official plan and book of reference of



CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Railway Bridge at Auburn.

Railway Bridge at Auburn.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undergigned, and endorsed "Tender for Railway Bridge at Auburn" will be received at this office up to noon on Friday, 10th July, 1896, for the construction of this bridge.

Specifications and forms of contract can be seen at the office of the Ch'ef Engineer of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the Superintending Enginer at Peterboro, on and after the 28th June, 1896, where forms of tender can be obtained by the parties tendering.

In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the sume, and, further an accepted bank cheque for \$3,000 must accompany the tender; this accept of cheque must be endorsed over to the Minieter of Railways and Canals, and will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer subm tted.

the work at the rates and on the content to will be returnoffer submitted.
The accepted cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted
Thir Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest of any tender.

By order,

J. H. BALDERSON,

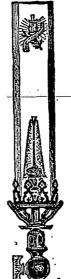
Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 20th June, 1896.

Secretary.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY JULY 2, 1896.

Name 1 Article		Wholesale,		Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of A rticle,	Wholesale
Boots and Sho Brogans or Cobourgs Split Balmorals Kip "Buff " or Congre Split Boots	•••••••••••	80 60 0 80 80 60 80 85 0 90 1 40 1 00 1 20 1 00 1 50 1 00 1 25	Boys. \$0 55 \$0 80 0 70 0 80 0 75 1 00 0 90 1 15 0 85 1 10	Binder Twine. Good mixed Pure manilla	\$ c. \$ c. 0 00 0 061 0 071	Soda Ash	2 30 2 50
Split Boots		0 70 1 00 0 70 0 80 0 80 1 10 0 80 1 00	Childe. 0 55 0 65 0 75 0 70 0 80 0 0 50 0 1 35 0 90 1 35 1 40 1 75 0 75 0 90	Rose 4 varn, hand heavy Pansy 4 " medium Thistle 4 " if medium Map Leaf A 4 stgs. B 4 " stained Shamrock A4 " varn han B 4 " stained Daisy A8 stgs varn handle B 3 " stained " Tulip No. 1 8 stgs " if Curling 4 "	2 40 0 00 2 10 0 00 2 60 0 00 2 15 0 00 2 15 0 00	Dyestuffs. Archil. con	0 07 0 08 0 10 0 15 2 00 2 50 1 50 1 75 0 70 1 00 0 07 0 08
" Tan Russia Calf, B	als. Cong or r Enamel Lea and Bals., Go	year Welt y Sewn Butt, Goodyear Welt. McKay ather Bals, Butt. and Cong. odyear Welt Turns Kay Sewn	2 50 3 50 1 50 2 50 3 50 4 50 2 00 3 00 2 00 8 00	Drugs & Chemicals Acid Carbolic Cryst medi. Aloes, Cape. Alum Borax, Xtis Brom. Potass Camphor. Eng. Refoz.ck " " Ref Rings Citric Acid	0 80 0 85 0 18 0 15 1 50 2 00 0 07 0 08	Distributors prices, Cape Brit. Herring, Labrador Herrings Sea Trout No. 1 split p.b. half bris. No. 1 Shore Herrings "Nova Scotia. Mackerel No. 1. kitts.	0 00 4 00 7 00 7 50 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00
Canned Goods. Lobsters	4 75 5 00 1 50 0 00 1 10 1 75 1 90 2 00	Name of Article. Corn Beef 1-lb	2 25 2 60 5 35 0 00 6 00 8 60 2 50 18 59 2 40 3 25 4 75 6 90 0 00 2 00	Citric Acid Copperas, per 100 lbs Cream Tartar Epsom Salts Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb. Trag Morphia Opium Oxalic Acid Phosporus Potash Bichromate Potash Iodide	0 76 1 00 0 28 0 30 1 50 1 75 0 22 0 27 0 20 0 50 0 50 1 00 1 75 1 85 4 00 4 25 0 10 0 12 0 65 0 75 9 11 0 12	Green Cod, No. 72 Green "large Draft " No. 2 " Large dry" per quintal Salmon No. 1 brie Lab. Salmon, (tierces) " Brit. Col bris. Boneless Fish " Cod Frunan Haddles Flour.	0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 2 00 0 00 4 50 4 75 12 00 12 50 18 00 00 00 10 50 12 00
Bartlett Pears, 2-lb. vhite. Bartlett Pears, 2-lb. tins, per doz. Strawberries, Pres'd 2s. Raspberries 2s. Pineapples, 3-lb tin, p. doz Gooseberries Pres. 2s Gr'nGages, 2-lb. tins, p. d. Oorn, 2 lb. tins. Peas, 2-lb tins.	1 75 2 00 2 25 2 56 1 75 2 00 2 30 2 40 1 25 1 50 1 65 2 00 0 75 0 85	Chicken, ½-1b. " Turkey, ½-1b. " Ox Tongue, 1½-1b. " " 2-1b. " " 3-1b. " Finnan Haddles	2 00 2 20 2 00 2 20 7 25 0 00 8 25 0 00 11 00 0 00 12 40 0 00 0 07 0 07	Strychnine Tartarle Acid Tin Crystale Heavy Chemicals. Bleaching Powder. Blue Vitriol	0 75 0 90 0 35 0 40 0 20 0 25 1 225 2 75 4 50 6 50 1 76 6 50	Winter Wheat. Manitoba patent b brands Straight roller. Extra. Superfine Manitoba Strong Bakers Standard oatmeal, brl. Bran. Shorte. Moullie.	3 75 3 90 3 50 3 70 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 3 40 3 55 2 70 2 80 10 50 11 00



THE DREXEL LIGHT

6 feet of gas per hour in an ordinary burner will produce from 18 to 20 can le power of light.

3 feet of gas per hour with a Drexel Light will give 60 to 70 candle power of light.

THEREFORE:

1 Drexel Light gives more light than 3 ordinary burners at one half the cost of gas or

6 times as much light at the same cost as 1 ordinary burner.

At Montreal the Drexel Light costs only 12 Cents per week to run, or less than a coal oil lamp.

Duration of Drexel Mantle: 900 to 1,000 hours.

The Drexel Light produces no ghastly greenish hue, but an absolutely pure white and steady light,

We keep on hand a selection of pretty GLOBES and SHADES which we sell to purchasers of our light at cost.

Drexel Medical Co.,

112 St. Francois Xavier Street,

Telephone No. 630.

MONTREAL.

JAMES BAXTER,

Buys and Sells Commercial Paper, &c., &c.

157 St. James Street,

MONTREAL

\$5,000 WANTED,

Maximum

Light

at

Minimum

Cost.

Communication with a well trained business man, one who can speak both languages fluently, command \$5,000—and be fully competent to take entire charge of Montreal branch. The amount specified above will be covered twice over with the proper party. Address: "Manufacturer,"

Office, "JOURNAL of COMMERCE,"

Leboeuf & Hurtubise.

Accountants, Real Estate Agents and General Brokers,

Room 54, Montreal Street Railway Bldg.

MONTREAL.

SOLIDIFYING PETROLEUM.

A new process for solidifying petroleum has been invented by Paul d'Humy, a French naval officer.

It is stated that heavy common oil has been converted by the inventor into a solid block, as hard as the hardest coal; it will burn slowly, give off an intense heat, and it shows not the slightest sign of melting. A ton of this fuel represents, M. d'Humy said, 30 tons of coal; and the space occupied by one ton of it is about three cubic feet, as against the large space filled by the coal.

Having explained the uses to which his new fuel might be put, and some of the advantages it offers, M. d'Humy, at a recent gathering of experts, proceeded to show some samples of it and to make experiments with them. On the table were a number of cakes of solidified petroleum and low grade oils of various sizes and shapes, and looking not altogether unlike lumps of gingerbread or oil cake. In addition to the cakes there were samples of the same fuel in dry powder and paste, mixed together and pressed form a homogeneous mass, with a great specific gravity, hard almost as stone, and when burning will give off a flame of 300 times its own volume, and a heat well nigh as great as oxygen.

as oxygen.

M. d'Humy placed in the grate in his room a piece of solidified petroleum about 10 ounces in weight, and on its being fired with a match it gave off a powerful steady flame. A little later he put a small quantity of the powdered petroleum in the grate on the top of the cinders, and when fired the flame filled the grate. He put a shovel of ashes on the top and the flame came through them, and all appeared to

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES URRENT-THRSDAY, JULY 2, 1896.

								
Nume of Article. W	Vholesale.		Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	
Farm Products. Butter: Creamery, o Westorn o Lower grades o Lower grades o Lower grades o Lower grades o Cheese: Finest Ontario White o Ontario Medium o Quebec o Cheese: Montreal limed o Cheese: Montreal lim	C. \$ C. 16 3 164 7 156 104 7 15 7 15 100 0 100 100 0 100 100 0 0 00 100 0 00 10	Barley, malting	0 12 0 15 0 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Molasses (Barbados)img. Porto Rico. Trinidad. Cuba Raisins: Sultanus Loose Musc. California Layers, London. Con. Cineter. Extra Dessert. Royal Bucking'm Olust. per five the control of the control o	\$ c.	Vermicelli, Canadian Macaroni, "Italian Peel—Citron Orange Lemon Chocolat Menier. Vanilia, yel. wrap. 24 x ½ lb do Chamois do do do Pink do do do Pink do do do Bronze do do do do Lilac do do do do Bronze do do do do Bronze do do starch: Can. Laundry Silver Gloss Can. Laundry Silver Gloss Benson's Prep. Corn Cote D'or Cote D'or Cytetal Pickling W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX W. W. XX "XXX "XXX "XXX Matches: Telegraph "Telephone "Farlor "Farlor "Farlor "Farlor "Farlor "Farlor "Relson's Matches:	\$ c.	

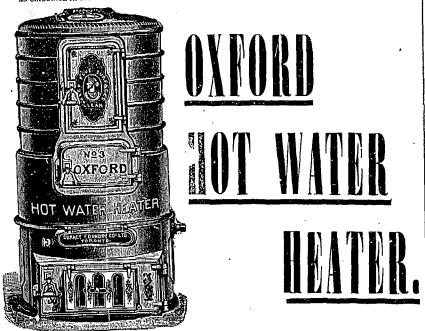
Sugars, -Refiners prices to the wholesale trade; jobbers would have to pay 1/2 additional.

A Moment with the Thoughtful.

Several manufacturers of house heating boilers are vieing with each other in an attempt to see how cheaply their products can be made, and give no thought to their endurance, efficiency or economy.

INFERIOR GOODS ARE DEAR AT ANY PRICE.

We ask that you compare the excellence in construction and finish, arrangement and quality of heating surface, large grate areas, ease in cleaning, minimum amount of space with maximum power as embodied in the



After a careful investigation, of these features we feel safe in leaving the decision to our best judgment.

NOT HOW CHEAP, BUT HOW GOOD.

The Gurney-Massey Co., Ltd., - - Montreal.

be in a blaze. Tests were applied to discover if there was either smoke or smell, and neither could be detected. There was also on view a black cake made from heavy bituminous oil, very dense and very heavy, and the flame from that burning under a boiler would, he said, cover all the space.

boiler would, he said, cover all the space. He also showed a sample of disintegrated wood, when mixed with solid petroleum, made a very heavy bulk, forming a splendid fire for use on board ship or under as ordinary boiler. The fuel can be pressed to any shape and used for a variety of purposes.

ELECTRICAL HARDENING OF STEEL.

A French technical journal announces a new invention in the field of electrical metallurgy. It is a process which will give an extraordinary hardness to steel. It is reported that the inventor, a Mr. Taux, has executed the following experiments before a committee of engineers at Strasburg. A drill hardened by electricity pierced a shell twice as quick as a drill of the best steel hardened in the ordinary way. The drill was closely examined afterwards by means of a strong microcope and not the least injury could be discovered. An electrically hardened circular saw cut irou bars with surprising ease. With a cold chisel similarly treated a steel bar, ix inch, was cut through and the operation was repeated five times on the same bar. Then a cast steel plate, inch thick, was cut with the chisel, the edge of which showed neither a fissure nor any other alteration afterwards. An electrically hardened table knife cut iron wire of inch diameter just as easy as a cotton string. The process is said to consist in the hardening of the red hot steel objects in a conductive bath traversed by an electric current. If these tests should be confirmed by further practical experiences, the consequences would be of the importance for the manufacture of tools.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, JULY, 2, 1896

Name of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale,	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale,
Hardware—Continued. NEW OUT NAIL SCHEDULE. Base—50d and 60d, f.o.b., Cut Nailsper keg Steel nails, fence and cut spikes.—Hot cut.	2 75 0 00	Sharpand flat pressed nails 3 inchextra 2½ and 2½ " " 1½ and 1½ " " 1½ " " 1½ " " 1 Horse Shoes 4xes—S. S.	1 35 0 00 1 50 0 00 1 65 0 00 1 85 0 00 2 50 0 00 3 00 0 00 2 50 0 00 3 50 3 75 6 50 10 00	IX Charcoal	Usual Trade Extras, 5 50 5 75 0 091 0 10 0 041 0 05	No. I, ordinary sole	0 20 0 21 0 19 0 20 0 17 C 18 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 22 0 24 18 0 21
40d	0 10 0 00 0 15 0 00 0 20 0 00 0 25 0 00 0 40 0 00	Coli Chain—X chain	2 50 0 00 0 00 3 50 4 50 0 00 2 85 0 00 2 75 0 00 5 15 5 40 4 16 4 40	22 and 24 guage. 26 guage. 26 guage. 27 Pig, per 100 lbst. Sheet, Shot, per 100 lbs. Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs. Zinc: Sheet. Spelter per 100 lbs Scrap Iron— Machinery scrap. Wrot iron.	0 061 0 063 3 25 8 50 4 00 4 25 5 55 5 75 5 09 0 00 4 85 0 00 4 40 4 65 0 00 1 09	Upper, light Grained Upper Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French English Cannak Kip Hemlock Calf " Light French Calf Sulfs Light	0 27 0 30 0 28 0 35 0 32 0 35 0 25 0 82 0 60 0 76 0 50 0 60 0 50 0 60 1 05 1 40
3d	0 90 0 00 1 50 0 00 2 00 0 00 0 50 0 00 0 60 0 00	Pig Iron: Siemens No. 1. Summerlee Gartsherrie Carnbroe C.I.F.T.Riv.Charcosl iron No. 1 Ferrons. Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Ord. Crown.	20 50 21 00 00 00 00 00 19 00 19 50 26 50 28 00 17 50 17 7b	Power Canada Bistng F Fto F F. WIRE: Bright No. 7, per 100 lbs Annealed No. 7 " olled " " Galvd. No 6," Trade discount on above 20 per cent. Barbed Wire-	2 00 0 00 5 00 5 25 2 60 0 00 2 65 0 00 3 15 0 00 :	heavy small Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft Pebble Grain Glove Grain B. Calf Brueh (Cow) Kid Buff	C 14 0 18 0 14 0 16 0 08 0 10 0 15 0 17 0 10 0 18 0 10 0 12 0 11 0 18
od and 7d	0 75 0 00 0 90 0 00 1 10 0 00 1 50 0 00 0 85 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 75 0 00	Best Refined Norway Sheet Iron 16 G & heavier 117,18,20 G 11 11 12 24 11 11 25 G 11 11 28 G 11 11 28 G 11 11 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 2	2 25 2 50 2 50 0 60 2 25 0 60	2 and 4 barbs	del. up to 25c freih t	Rus eetts, light. "heavy." No. 2. "Saddlers' Int. French Calf. Englieh Oak. Rough. Dongola, extra. "No. 1 "ordinary.	0 20 0 25 8 00 9 00 0 70 0 75 0 38 0 42 0 20 0 22 0 30 0 35 0 12 0 20
Slating nails— 5d	2 25 0 00 0 85 0 00 0 85 0 00 1 25 0 00 1 75 0 00 1 75 0 00	Hoops Band Imported , Canadian Canada Plates: Good Brands Wro't Iron pipe, ½ to 2 in 70 p.c., over 2 in 67% pc Imported iron pipe, ½ % ½ inch, 65 p.c., ½ to 2 in	2 15 0 00 0 00 2 00 0 00 1 85	Hides and Tallow Montreal Green Hides "No.1 per 100 lbs "No.2" No.3. Tanners pay 31 extra for sorted, cured & inspect'd Sheepskins Clips. Lambekins	0 00 5 00 0 00 4 00 0 00 0 75 0 00 0 00	Cod Oil, Newfoundland. Gaspe. S. R. Pale Seal. Straw Seal. Cod Liver Oil, Nad. " Norwegian	0 15 0 16 0 20 0 88 0 35 0 36 0 32 0 35 0 41 0 42 0 33 0 35 1 00 1 10
Steel nails 10c extra. Clinch nails— 3 % and 2% " " 2 % and 2% " " 1% and 1% " " 1% and 1% " " 1% and 1% " "	0 85 0 00 1 00 0 00 1 15 0 00 1 35 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 50 0 00	To p.c. Steel, cast per lb	2 50 0 00 2 75 8 00 5 25 8 75	Calfakins, No. 1 "No. 2 Horse hidee west, each. "City. Tallow, rendered. "rough. Leather No. 1 No. 2 "" No. 2 "" No. 3 ""	0 00 1 50 0 00 0 00 4 50 £ 00 2 00 2 50 0 22 0 24 6 20 2 22 0 17 0 18	Process	2 00 0 00 0 06 0 06 0 70 0 75 0 50 0 65 0 53 0 54 0 85 0 90 3 00 8 70 2 70 8 60

Terms for Cut Casing, Book and Shook, Finishing and Tobacco Box, Barrell, Clinch and Present Nalls, four months note or 3 per cent. off for cash within 30 days. Discount on Bolts; Carriage and Tire, 75 to 80 and 10; Machine, 70 to 75 per cent. Terms, four months or 5 per cent. off for cash in 30 days. Malls and Borse Shoes, three per cent. off within 30 days. Horse Nalls and Spikes, four months or 5 per cent. off in 30 days. Oils, Turpentine, Lead, Glass, etc

THE CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., Limited, MONTREAL.

Manufacturers of REFINED SUGARS of the well-known Brand



Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb. boxes. "CROWN" GRANULATED,

"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).

Special Brand, the finest which can be made. EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.

YELLOW SUGARS of all grades and Standards. SYRUPS of all grades in brls. and half brls. SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 lb. and 8 lb. each.



Toronto Electric Motor Co.

Multipolar and Bipolar, Dynamos and Motors, Transformers, Meters, and Lamps.

Rubber Covered and Weather proof Wires, also all other supplies.

T. Pringle, Imperial Building, MONTREAL.

Files and Rasps.

"BEAVER" BRAND, warranted.



THE BEAVER FILE WORKS CO., - - LEVIS, QUE. - -

Send for Price List.

Home Capital! Home Industry!

Best Service! No Cross Currents!

No Buzzing in the Ears!

. No Injury to Ear Drum!

Less Expense!

A Direct Line For Each Subscriber!

The upwards of 1200 subscribers on the list (daily increasing) are waiting to transact business with you. Every business man should have it.

The Merchants Telephone Co.,

81 St. James Street, MONTREAL.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT—THURSDAY JULY 2,1896.

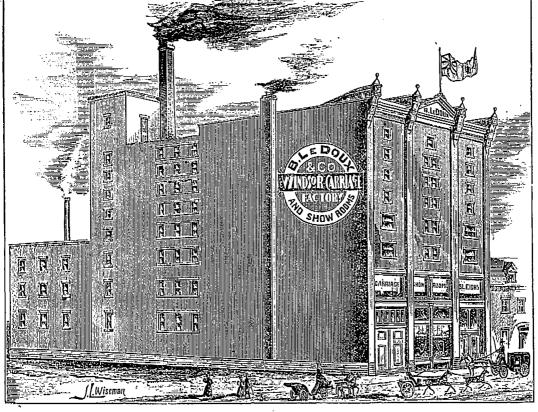
Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	Wholesale.	Name of Article.	W holesale
Coal Oil: Car Lote Store, [2. p.c. off] to 20 bris	\$ c. \$ c 0 164 0 00 0 164 0 16 c 19 0 20 0 224 0 23 0 22 0 23 0 24 0 23 0 14 0 16 1 35 1 35 1 35 1 35 3 30 3 40 4 75 5 5 00 4 75 4 50 4 75 4 20 4 25	Canadian, Quarters	\$ c. \$ c. 0 25 0 30 0 85 1 00 0 85 1 00 0 25 0 30 2 25 2 50 0 1 25 1 50 0 0 30 0 35 0 0 0 55 0 00 0 55 0 00 0 55 0 00 0 55 0 00 0	Ports— Burmestees Tarragona Sandeman Warter & May's Ports gal. Sherries—Pemartin Misa Mackenzie Wisdom & Warter's Sherries Per gal. Clarets— Barton & Guestler Nat. Johnson & Sons. J. Calvet & Co Champagnes— Powmery Fils & Co.	\$ c. \$ c. 2 10 4 00 1 10 1 50 2 00 6 00 2 10 6 50 2 10 6 50 2 10 6 00 2 10 6 00 2 10 6 00 4 00 25 00 4 00 25 00 4 50 40 00	Mitchell's Scotch	\$ c. \$ c. 6 50 12 50 6 50 12 50 9 50 10 00 8 50 9 00 6 50 7 00 7 50 8 50 11 00 11 00 5 75 0 00 2 80 0 00 9 50 9 00 9 50 9 00 9 50 9 50
do No. 3. White Lead, dry Red Lead. Vonetian Red Eng'h. Yel. Ochre, French. Whiting, ordinary. do London, washed do Farls, do English Cement, cask. Belgian Cement. Fire Bricke per 1000. Fire Clay Rosin Glue:— Domestic Broken Sheet French Caska do bris American White, bris Golden Ochre Brunswick Green	5 00 5 25 1 50 1 75 1 25 3 00 0 45 0 50 0 60 0 70 1 90 1 10 1 95 2 10 1 85 1 19 1 85 1 19 1 50 0 21 50 0 11 0 14 0 104 0 12 0 00 0 13 0 15 0 20 0 18 0 24 0 16 0 20 0 18 0 20 0 19 0 20 0	Old Chum Plug Sinks sol 4s do Smoking sol. and R. & R 8s. do Cut Smoking. 9s. Myrtle do do 9s. do Smoking, Plug. Wool. Fleece comb. ord. do Cothing do Combing. Pulled North West. B. A. Scoured Natal. Cape. Australlan	0 67 0 00 0 67 0 00 0 67 0 00 0 32 0 33 0 35 0 45 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0	Brandies—Hennessy gal, 1 Star	28 00 30 00 6 50 8 00 12 00 0 00 6 00 0 00 12 25 0 00 14 75 15 00 16 00 16 50 10 00 38 00 0 00 29 00 0 00 29 00 9 00 20 00 9 00 20 00 12 00 00 00 8 50 0 00 8 50 0 00	Irish Whisky— Bushmills	9 50 0 00 6 50 12 50 9 50 0 00 9 70 10 50 7 50 7 75 14 50 15 00 9 50 10 00 8 75 4 00 6 50 7 50 7 50 8 50 10 75 00 00 10 75 00 00 10 75 00 00 10 75 00 00 10 00 11 75 10 00 00 13 00
French Imperial Green French Imperial Green Vermillionette Genuine Quicksilver. No. 1 Furnit'e Varn'h, pr.gl Extra do Brown Japan Black Japan Orange Sholiae, No. 1 do do Pure White do Salt Liver pool per bag Canad lan, in small bags.	0 11 0 15 0 12 0 40 0 75 0 90 0 60 0 65 0 75 1 00 0 55 1 20 0 50 1 00 1 90 2 00 2 10 2 25 2 25 2 40	Spirits Canadian—per gal. Alcohol	2 10 0 00 1 45 0 00 2 40 2 45 1 57\frac{1}{2} 1 62\frac{1}{2} 4 25 0 00 3 71 0 00 2 00 0 00 2 01 0 00	Brandy, do do do cases i star do do do V.S.O.P do Scotch Whiskeys— Kity Morning Dew. And. Usher House of Common Sheriffs. per gal do Glenfalloch, Highl'd., gal Walkers Kilmarnock	11 50 12 00 16 50 17 00 9 00 9 50 9 00 0 00 9 25 10 25 9 25 12 00 8 90 4 00 9 75 0 00 9 3 40 3 50	Kummel. Creme de Cacao Anisette, case Cherry Brandy case Creme, de Noyau, Moks, Genevieve etc. case Absinthe super, case Vermouth, case Kirsch de com., case Kirsch, fine White Ball old Jamaica Rum, cases	00 00 12 25 00 00 15 35 00 00 13 25 00 00 11 75 9 25 12 75 00 00 13 76 6 20 6 50 9 76 10 25 10-75 11 85

ESTABLISHED 1852.

B. LEDOUX & Co.___

- BUILDERS OF -

FINE CARRIAGES AND SLEIGHS,



OFFICE, FACTORY AND SALESROOMS:

Montreal.

J. S. HAMILTON,

DISTILLER OF

Pure Grape Brandy,

PELEE ISLAND, CANADA.

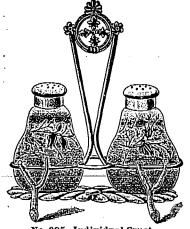
BRAND

"J. S. HAMILTON] & CO." COGNAC.

J. S. HAMILTON & CO.

Brantford.

Sols General and Export Agents.

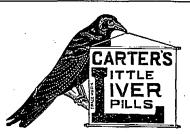


No. 095—Individual Cruet

Toronto Silver Plate Co.

Factories and Salesrooms:

570 King St. West, Toronto, Canada. E. G. GOODERHAM, Man. & Sec. Treas.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

TENDERS WANTED

FOR TELEPHONE SERVICE FOR THE CITIZENS OF TORONTO.

Sealed proposals will be received by mail, addressed to the Chairman of the Board of Control of the city of Toronto, up to the hour of fix o'clock p.m., on the 15th day of July, 1896, for the privilege of constructing and maintaining a telephone service for the citizens of Toronto, for a term of five years or longer.

Parties tendering are required to Alphyly their own specifications and plans. Further information may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

For the information of tenderers, it may be necessary to state that the population of Toronto is 200,000.

CITY HALL, TORONTO, June 11th, 1898.

R. J. FLEMING, Chairman Board of Control.

Canada's Great Exposition and Industrial Fair. TORONTO, Aug. 31st to Sept. 12th, 1896.

Application for space should be made at once. No charge for space. ENTRIES CLOSE AUG. 8th.

For Prize Lists and all particulars address:

JNO. J. WITHROW, President. H. J HILL, Manager, Toronto.

INCORPORATED 1891.

米

Ashley Engineering

Steam Specialties and Machinery,

Consulting Mechanical and Electrical

AND * CONTRACTORS. ENGINEERS

Main Office and Factory:

HAWTHORNE, N.J.

Our New York Office:

Electrical Exchange Building, 136 Liberty Street.

F. M. ASHLEY, General Manager.

TELEPHONE CALL: 3872 CORTLANDT

$_{1,000}$ REWARD!

for a wind that can blow out the

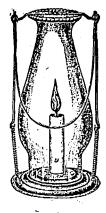
Handy Andy" Lantern

because THERE IS NONE

It can't be blown out. It is simple, always ready, cleanly and perfectly safe. Candles don't explode. Use any No. 1 Chimney. Weighs 3 ounces. It is for outdoor or indoor use and should be found everywhere. Sent anywhere in the world, by mail, prepaid, without chimney for 15 cents for one, 50 cents for four, cash or money order.

The Bauchelle Co.,

76 Park Place, N.Y.



ENGINES K

AND

-> BOILERS

For electric lighting, street railways and factories. Correct designs and superior construction. Highest economy and efficiency guaranteed.

Robb Engineering Company, Limited, AMHERST, N.S.

Canada Machinery Agency:-

321 St. James Street; MONTREAL, Agents

JOHN SIMMONS CO.

WROUGHT, CAST IRON AND BRASS PIPE, FITTINGS AND BRASS WORK,

Tools and Supplies



STEAM, WATER, GAS, OIL, CHEMICALS, ETC.

OFFICES AND SALESROOMS:

106-110 CENTRE STREET,
NEW YORK.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Prices.

JUNE BRIDES

What more appropriate Wedding Gift for a young housekeeper than a set of

E. B. EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE

Comprising Tub, Pail, Dish Pan, etc.
Handsome in appearance--Lasting a lifetime
All Grocers.

DESCRIPTION

---- OF- "

CLAY * PROPERTY

Belonging to MR. GEORGE FURNISS situated at L'ORIGNAL, ONT., CAN.

The property consists of 95 acres and is a Point of land immediately adjoining the Village of L'Original and stretching out on the Ottawa River, with a shore line fully one mile in length on the East side and half a mile on the West.

L'Original is a County Town, having the Court House and Jail of the United Counties of Prescott and Russell, L'Original being in the County of Prescott. Its population is 1,000. It is 60 miles from Montreal and 60 from Ottawa.

The whole Point is one solid body of clay, forming a perfectly level plateau, with a slight incline to the Eastern shore and with a height of 25 to 35 feet above the water. The banks are perpendicular and the clay is clearly exposed. The shore is river sand in never failing quantities. This saud is used in very largely

This saud is used in very largely for building purposes and is always replaced during the high water in the spring by a fresh deposit from the river.

The Point has a splendid site for a wharf, which is the only possible place of shipment, by water, for any of the clay which extends some acres above the Point.

The Montreal & Ottawa R. R. is built to within 15 miles from L'Original and in a year or two at most, will be completed to L'Original and would pass within half a mile of the property.

Labor is of the cheapest. Firewood costs from \$1.25 per cord to \$2.00 for the best hardwood.

The Point is completely cleared and at present is all under hay. It is considered the most beautiful Point on the Ottawa River.

Extensive tests have been made at McGill University by Professor Bovey, with samples of vitrified brick made from this clay. It has stood a higher pressure test than any brick on record, and the building brick (facing) is said by experts to surpass anything known on this continent. It will also make the finest Terra Cotta and Pottery. The vitrified brick takes a polish superior to granite and is harder than that stone.

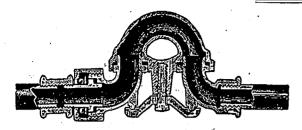
The proprietor is willing to sell the property or form a company for the manufacture of brick, etc.

For full particulars address the proprietor.

GEO. FURNISS,

L'ORIGNAL, Ontario, Can

UYDAM FLEXIBLE METAL PIPE JOINT



WHAT IS THIS FLEXIBLE JOINT?

It is an absolute steam joint under any steam pressure It is a practical flexible coupling for metal pipe

It will allow the joining of iron pipes so that the sections may be easily moved in any direction at will or rotate on a swivel.

It is more durable and less expensive than rubber hose

THE GILBERT BROS. ENGINEERING CO., LIMITED,

SOLE MANAFACTURERS

FOR THE DOMINION

2666 Notre Dame St., -MONTREAL

The SYMPHONY, A Home Orchestra.



WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS are superior,

Opera's, Waltz's, Nocturne's, Etc.

The Symphony is an instrument which will reproduce automatically any piece of music. You simply quice automatically any piece of music. You simply insert in the opening over the key board the roll of music you want to hear, draw the stops, which are toned like flutes, clarionets, violins, etc., and immediately the music pours forth in a manner beyond conception. The time is governed by a stop also, leaving nothing to be desired. You draw the stops according to your own taste, thereby becoming the conductor, so to speak of your own orchestra.

Thousands are in use giving constant pleasure to as

Thousands are in use giving constant pleasure to as

many happy owners.

Any piece of music can be obtained and nothing is to difficult for the Sympiony to execute in the most surprising manner. You can also use the key-board.

PRICES, \$175.00 TO \$800.00.

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet, showing kundreds of names of purchasers and full description of this musical wonder of the nineteenth century.

Wilcox & White Organ Co.,

876. MERIDEN, CONN., U.S.A. 128 Fifth Ave. New York.

If you have not seen it you should do so.

REFERENCES:

LAURENT, LAFORCE & BOURDEAU,

1637 Notre Dame St., Montreal,

GEO, WOOLSON,

164 St. James St., Montreal.

186 Queen St., Toronto.

WM. LASH, St. Johns, N.F. and thousands of others.

E. L. ETHIER & CO..

Billiard Table d Bowling Alley Balls Manufacturers and Importers.

Do all kinds of work in the Billiard line.

88 St. Denis Street. MONTREAL.

Telephone 6057. Branch Store: Ottawa



FOR SALE.

Dominion Paper Co. Montreal. Oan.

Archd. Bowes.

Bowes & McWilliams.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And dealers in FRUIT AND PRODUCE, 211 McGill St., - MONTREAL.

Correspondence Solicited.

BALDWINSVILLE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP WORKS, ⊱

Manufacturers of

Centrifugal and **Triplex Pumping** Machinery.

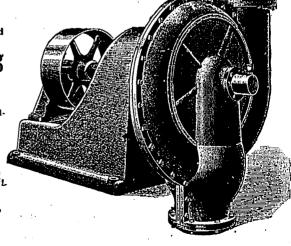
Capacity from 100 to 50,000 gal-lons per minute.

Send for Catalogue

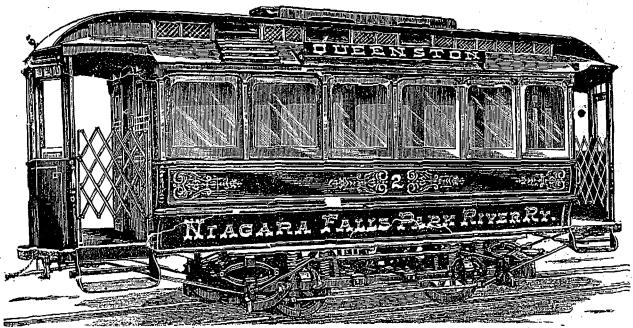
IRVIN VAN WIE.

PROPRIETOR.

715-723 West Fayette St. SYRACUSE, N.Y.



Fine Electric Street Cars OUR SPECIALTY.



We also manufacture HORSE and TRAIL CARS of every description.

PATTERSON & CORBIN, ST. CATHARINES,



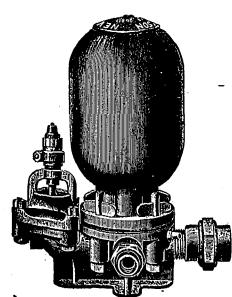
Fleming Woven Wire Dynamo Brush.

Send for Descriptive Circular.

WILFRID H. FLEMING, Patentee and Solo Manufacturer,

No, 393 Pearl Street, NEW YORK.

One of the largest Electrical Supply Houses writes as follows:—Your brushes bave given the best of satisfaction."



F. B. HANSON

Successor to Thomas Hanson,

MANUFACTURER OF-

→ New Patent ⊱

IMPROVED SINGLE AND DOUBLE

Hydraulic

Will raise 100 per cent, more water than any other ram in the market.

174 Centre St., NEW YORK CITY.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS

The W. J. Newton Company

89 & 41 Cortlandt Street,

NEW YORK.

General Electrical Appliances.



DEVOTED TO

Commerce, Finance, Insurance, Railways, Manufacturing, Mining and Joint Stock Enterprises.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING

SUBSCRIPTION.

Montreal Subscribers,
Mail Subscribers to any other part of
Canada,
British Subscribers, American, Single Copies, gs 10c. each

Ed torial and Business Ofices:

Nos. 171 and 178 St. James Street Head of St. John Street,

MONTREAL.

M. S. FOLEY, Editor, Publisher and Proprietor. we do not undertake to return unused manuscripts.

All payments to be made to headquarters at Montreal.

TO LET.

That old-fashioned two-storey double residence, No. 17 St. Genevieve St., Montreal. Apply to

M. S. FOLEY, Journal of Commerce

文化學工程的文化學工程的

Leading Hotels in Canada



ROSSIN HOUSE, TORONTO, Canada A. Nelson, Proprietor.

The proprietor has found necessary owing to the increased patronage of this popular Hotel to increase its capacity by an addition of 75 rooms, elegantly furnished en suite with baths, now ready for occupation. The latest exposed sanitary plumbing has been adopted throughout. THE ROSSIN is admittedly the largest, best appointed and most liberally managed hotel in the Province, having accommodation for 500 guests.

A. NELSON, Proprietor.

400 Acres of Land,

Over 13,000,000 Feet, Situated in HOCHELAGA WARD, beginning at Frontenac Street,

FOR SALE in lots to suit purchasers This property is well located for factories. The Canadian Pacific Railway passes through its centre, and "sidings" may be constructed to any point on it. Basy of access by Electric Cars.

TERMS EASY. Apply to HENRY HOGAN, Prop. St. Lawrence Hall, MONTREAL,

THE RUSSELL.

OTTAWA.

THE PALACE HOTEL OF CANADA.

This magnificent new Hotel, fitted up in the most modern style, is now re-opened. The Russell contains accommodation for over Four Hundred Guests, with passenger and baggage elevators, and commands a splendid view of the City, Parliamentary grounds, river and canal. Visitors to the capital having business with the Government find it most convenient to stop at the Russell, where they can always meet the leading public men. The entire Hotel is supplied with escapes; and in case of fire there would not be any confusion or danger. Every attention paid to Guests.

F. H. ST. JACQUES, Prop

Brice Electric Works

Manufacturers of

Dynamos, Motors,

Transformers.

And all kinds of Electrical Apparatus.

atharine St.

Arthur W. Brice, Manager. HAMILTON.

HOTEL DIRECTORY.

Price of admission to this Directory is \$10 per ONTARIO.

PLACE.

NAME. PROP. OR MQR.

BROGRYILLE, The St. Lawrence Hall, Amoa Robinson
BELLEVILLE, - Anglo American, - D. Coyle
BRANTFORD, DURDAS, DEBERONTO, GAIT, - GANANOQUE, HAMILTON, do
HASTINGS, INGERSOLI, - Atlantic House, C. H. Kennedy :Continued on Page 908

LEHIGH VALLEY CREOSOTING COMPANY,

Office: No. 1 Broadway, New York. o Works: Perth Amboy, N. J.

Built in 1886 by the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company. Leased and operated by the Lehigh Valley Creosoting Co., incorporated 1887.

Lumber, Piling and Ties treated with Dead Oil of Coaltar (Creosote.) Creosoted Lumber. Piling and Ties Furnished.

Rail Connection at Perth Amboy with Lehigh Valley Railroad, Penneylvania Railroad, and Central R.R. of N.J. Direct Water communication from New York Bay.

Crossoting is employed successfully in the protection and preservation of Timber used for:

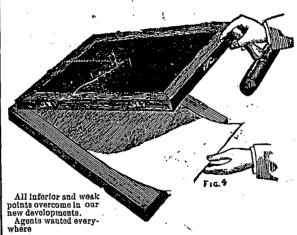
Floating Elevators, Underground Conduits, Breakwaters, Coal Docks, Dry Docks, Foundation Timbers, Coal Bins, Bulkheads. Dredges, Telegraph Poles, Box Drains Wharves. Vessels. Paving Blocks, Bridges, Dykes, Scows, Cross Ties. Trestles. Cribs. Boats, Fence Posts. Culverts.

This process is the only one known to be absolute proof against the destruction of marine works by the teredo, and is a sure preventive against rot or decay of timber under any conditions. Recommended by the "Committee on the Preservation of Timber" of the American Society of Civil Engineers, as the most effective process for marine works and timber in very wet situations.

Creosote Oil is not dissolvable in water like metallic salts and the heavy grades made from coal tar will not wash out in running water. Creosoting with COAL TAR CREOSOTE under high pressure, after the proper desiccation and preparation of the timber, is not a new parameter process. Its success when well done, is certain. Introduced in England over 60 years ago and since thoroughly tested in all parts of he world.

Address: H. COMER. sup't

Lehigh Valley Creosoting Company, No. 1 BROADWAY, N. Y



The Latest and Best Duplicating Apparatus.

THE Lineograph

Money Saving, Simple, Dura ble, Rapid Machine. Copy written by hand or typewriter

2,000 Copies from originals, the last copy as plain as the first. Send for prices.

LINEOGRAPH CO..

30 Vesey St., New York.

Indorsed by thousands. Once used always used. It has no superior.

GEORGE PLACE, **EQUIPMENT OF RAILWAY AND GAR WORKS,**

Iron and Wood Working Machinery, Corliss Engines and Boilers, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys. Etc.

New York. 120 BROADWAY.

AGENT FOR

& EGAN CO.,

BUILDERS OF

WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.



For the Finer Grades

-0F---

Illuminating & Lubricating

OILS

and GREASE

Communicate with the

IMPERIAL OIL CO.

LIMITED.

PETROLIA, Ont.

BOILER SHOP.

THE STEVENSON BOILER, MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY WORKS AT PETROLIA, ONT., (now of twenty years' standing), continues to make Marine, Stationary and Portable Boilers of all kinds. The Canadian Oil Wells and Reilners and Mills in this section are nearly entirely supplied with Boilers and other Plate Work from this shop; while for well-drilling purposes it has sent many boilers to Germany, Austria, India and Australia. It also makes oil still tanks Bleachers and Agitators, Salt Pane, Steam Boxes for Sturs and Hoop Mills, and any desired work in Plate or Sheet Steel or Iron, as well as all productions of Machine Shops, including Steam Engines and Castings in Iron and Brase.

Having a full outlit of machinery and tools, including Steam Riveter, and men of long experience, i invites comparison of the quality of its work, with any shop in Canada.

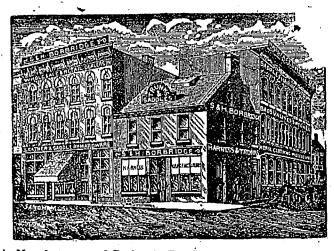
ARTHUR KAVANAGH,

Manager.

J. H. FAIRBANK,

Proprietor.

S. & H. BORBRIDGE



Wholesale Manufacturers and Dealers in Leather, Saddlery, Hardware, Robes and Whips, Saddles, Harness, Trunks, Valises. Bags, Satchels, Horse Blankets.

Beef and Oil Tanned Moccasins.

OTTAWA, Ont.



KNIVES for Union Leather Splitting machines, scarfing machines and Bark Mills.

Manufacturers of Machine Knives of every description. All of highest quality and fully warranted.

The L. & I. J. White Co'v,- Buffalo, N. Y.

	SECURITIES.	London June 18.		
Briti	sh Columbia, 1877, 6 p.c	124	127	
	1887, 4½ per cent	119	122	
Cana	ida, 4 per cent. loan, 1860	113	115	
	3 per cent. loan, 1888	1061/2 1071/2		
	Debs. 1884, 8% per cent	109	111	
SHB	Railway and other Stocks.	June 18		
100 10 100 300	Quebec Province, 5 p. c., 1874 1876, 5 p. c 1880, 4½ p. c 1883, 5 p. c Atlantic & Nth. Western 5 p.c. Gu Buffalo & Lake Huron £10 shr do 5½ p.c. 1at mort do Cand mort Can. Central 5 p.c. 1st M Bds. In	. 110 106 117 8 . 120 12 134 184	114 114 108 119 122 13 137 137	
	Canadian Pacific \$100	6358	68%	
100	Grand Trunk, Georgian Bay, &c let M	95	98	
100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Grand Trunk of Canada Ord, stock 2nd equip, mig. bds. 6p. 1st pref. stock 2nd pref. stock 3rd pref. stock 5 p.c. perp. deb. stock 4 p.c. perp. deb. stock	123 32 1936 1027	5½ 126 33 19% 11½ 126 84	
100 100 100 100	Great Western shares, 5 p.c Hamilton & N.W., 6 p.c	96	117 101 92 94	
100 100 100	*Montreal & Champian 5 p. c. 1 mtg. bds *Montreal & Sorel, 1st mtg., 6 p.c N. of Canada, 1st mtg., 5 p.c. Northern Extension, 6 p.c. pref. Quebec Central, 5 p.c. 1st Inc. Bds. T. G. & B. 4 p.c. bonds, 1st mort. Well., Grey & Bruce, 7 p. c. bds. 1st Mort St. Law.& Ott. 6 p.c. Bds., 4 p.c.	98 00 28 109	101 000 81 111 112 110	
	MUNICIPAL LOANS.			
100 100	City of London (Ont) 1st pref 5 p. City of Montreal stg. 5 p.c	c. 104	106	
100	City of London (Ont) 1st pref 5 p. City of Montreal stg. 5 p. c. 1874 City of Ottawa, 6 p. c. stg. redeem 1873 redeem 1875	104 104 100 113	106 109 103 117	
100	City of Quebec, p.c. redeem 1875	117	119 122	
100	City of Toronto, 6 p.c	100	103 120 108	
100	City of Winnipeg deb., 1884, 5 p.c Deb. scrlp. 1883, 6 p.c	110 119	113 - 121	
100 100 100	Misoellaneous Companies. Canada Company Canada North-West Land Co Hudson Bay	19 35 151	22 45 16	
_	*All the bonds have been sold to Canadian Syndicate.	0,8		

HOTEL DIRECTORY --- Continued.

PLACE.	NAME,	PROP. OR MGR
KINGSTON, Th LINDSAY, LONDON, do MARRHAM, NAPANEE, OTTAWA TANIS, PETERBORO, PETERBORO, PICTON, PORT HOPE.	te British Americ Benson House, The Tecumseh, Grigg House, Tremont House, Paisley House, the Russell, Ken Arlington Hotel, The Oriental, Grand Central Royal Hotel, Queens The Belchamber.	an, - E. Benson - C. W. Davis - E. Horsman - Jas. E. Pitts E. A. Donglas
STOUFFVILLE, -	Queen's Hotel, The Queen's, Mo	- J. G. Martin
TORONTO, Trenton, Ont.,	Brown's Hotel, Gilbert House,	Brown.Bros. T. H. Bleecker
UXBRIDGE	Mansion House, The Crawford,	Thos. Bennett
WOODSTOCK, .	Oxford, -	Cooney & Son Chas, A. Pyne

QUEBEC.

MONTREAL, do do do The Windsor Hotel, W. S. Weldon The Windsor Hotel, W. S. Weldon The Balmoral, B. H. Dunham & Co Chateau Frontenac,

NOVA SCOTIA.

HALIFAX, - The Halifax, L. Hesslein & Sons TRURO, - Victoria Hotel, Geo. R. Dupe

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CHARLOTTETOWN, Queen's Hotel, P.P. Archibald do Hotel Davies, J. J. Davie

FOR THE SEASON 1895-96

We are placing on this market the Finest Assortment of

RICE BUILS

AND STEMPS

Ever produced in this country, consisting or over one hundred and fifty lines

⅓ GRANBY ⊱

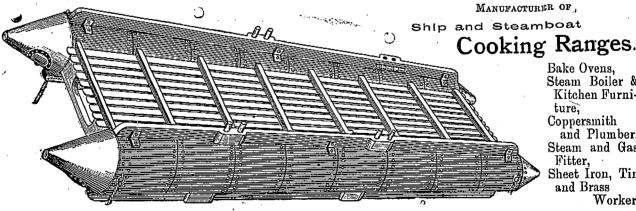
is the leader in all Fine Rubber Footwear.

THE GRANBY RUBBER COMPANY.

H. C. CALKIN, Jr.,

No. 177 Christopher St., NEW YORK. Near West St.

CALKIN'S PATENT METALLIC LIFE RAFT.



Bake Ovens, Steam Boiler & Kitchen Furniture, Coppersmith and Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter, Sheet Iron, Tin and Brass Worker.



HOSE! eaking Hose!



I. P. DOOLITTLE,

117 Queen St. W., TORONTO, ONT-

WE OFFER A LARGE LOT OF FRESHLY CUT .

Figured Walnut Veneers

Correspondence invited.

WM. E. UPTEGROVE & BRO.

Veneer and Lumber Merchants

FOOT EAST 10th ST.,

New York.

Handquarters for Chair Seats, Trade Supplied.

MAIR, ALL GRADES, MOSS, WEBBING AND SUNDRIES FOR CABINET MAKERS AND UPHOLSTERERS. Complete Stock. Close Prices.

WALKER & CO. IAS.

234 & 236 ST. JAMES ST., 546 CRAIG ST.,

MONTREAL.

DOWSWELL BROS. & CO.,

Manufacturers of

Wringers,
Washing
Machines,
Barrel

Churns, etc., etc.

HAMILTON, ONT.

SEND FOR PRICES.

Job Printing of all kinds done at this office

STOCKS AND BONDS-INSURANCE COMPANIES-CANADIAN. -- Montreal Quotations June 30, 1898

Name of Company.		No. Shares.	Last Dividend per year.	Share par value.	Amount paid per Share.	Canada quotations per ct.	
	British American Fire and Marine Canada Life Confederation Life Western Assurance. Guarante. Co. of North America	2,500 5,000 25,000	3½-6mos. 5-6mos. 7½-6mos. 5-6mcs. 6	850 400 100 40 50	\$50 50 10 20 50	120 610 275 164	120 675 275 1631/2

British and Foreign.—(Quotations on the London Market, June, 20 1896. Market value p. p'd up sh.

Consumers -

- Cordage Co.

(LIMITED

... MANUFACTURERS OF ...

Manilla, Sisal, Jute, and Russian Cordage.

BINDER TWINE

Jute and Cotton Bags.

→ HEAD OFFICE ←
St. Patrick St., Montreal.

The Mutual Life COMPANY

OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC'BER, 31st, 1893

Assets. -/ \$184.935.690.80

Note.—The above statement shows a large increase over the business of 1892 in amount at risk, new business assumed, payments to policy-holders, receipts, assets and surplus; and includes as risks assumed only the number and amount of policies actually issued and paid for in the accounts of the year.

Agents wanted. Apply to

FAYETTE BROWN, Manager, MONTREAL.

ALL KINDS OF . . .

Commercial Printing

Done at the Office of the

Journal of Commerce,

171-173 ST. JAMES ST.

McColl's

LARDINE MACHINE - - CYLINDER AND ENGINE

Manufactured by

-OILS.

MCCOLL, BROS. & CO., TORONTO

Insurance.

ASSURANCE The Federal Life company.

HAMILTON, ONT.

Policies World Wide

.. AFTER ONE YEAR FROM ISSUE...

- \$1,000,000.00 Capital and Assets -Surplus to Policyholders. 704,141,26

COMPOUND INVESTMENT POLICIES. ACCUMULATION POLICIES. GUARANTEED INSURANCE BONDS.

James H. Beatty,

David Dexter.

President.

Managing Director.

WORTH KNOWING

"It is the safest and fairest policy I have ever seen,"

was the remark made by a prominent representative of one of the largest and best American Life Insurance Companies when he had carefully examined the Ordinary Life Policy of the Temperance and General Life Assurance Co.

This is the only policy offered to the Canadian public that can neither lapse nor expire, as to its paid-up value, till death ensues, after three annual premiums have been paid on it.

HEAD OFFICE, 22 to 28 King St. W., TORONTO

HON. G. W. ROSS, LL.D.,

President.

HON. S. H. BLAKE, Q.C., -ROBT, McLEAN, Esq., . \ Vice-Presidents.

H. SUTHERLAND,

Manager

Agents wanted. Correspondence solicited.

Scottish Union and National INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Edinburgh, Scotland.

ESTABLISHED 1824. M. BENNETT, Jr., Gen. Manager North American Branch, Hartford, Conn. Capital \$30,000,000 | Invested Funds \$13,500,000
Total Assets 34,472,705 | Deposited with Dom. Gvt., 125,000
(Market value.)

WALTER KAYANAGH, Resident Agent, 117 St. François Xavier St., Montreal

insurance.

British * America company.

HEAD OFFICE, - - TORONTO.

Incorporated 1833.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Capital. \$750,000.00 Total Assets, over .. \$1,464,654.84 Losses Paid since organization, ... \$14,094,183.94

Geo. A. Cox, President. J. J. KENNY, Vice-Pres. P. H. Sms, Secretary C. R. G. JOHNSON, Res. Agent, 42 St. John Street, MONTREAL.

Joseph Phillips, President. Albert E. Nash, Secretary. V. Robin, Treasurer.

York County Loan & Savings

Head Office: - Confederation Life Building, Corner Yonge and Richmond Sts., Subscribed Capital, - \$300,000.

Solicitors-Messrs. Hunter & Hunter. Rankers-THE MOLSONS BANK

Fire Assurance Quebec

Established 1818.

Directors—Edwin Jones, President; George R. Renfrew, Vice-President; W. R. Dean, Treasurer; Hon. Pierre Garneau, Hon. C. A. P. Pelletier, A. F. Hunt, Wm. Simons.

Agencies—Nova Scotia—J. T. Twining & Son, Hallfax. P.E. I.—E.R. Brow, Charlottetown. New Brunswick—T. A. Temple, St. John. Montreal—J. H. Routh & Son. Ontario—Geo. J. Pyke, Toronto. Manitoba—W. R. Allan, Winnipeg. British Columbia—W. S. Gravely, Vancouver.

Inspector-CHARLES LANGLOIS. Secretary-W. W. WELCH.

Caledonian Insurance

THE OLDEST SCOTTISH FIRE OFFICE.

TEMPLE BUILDING. MONTREAL

LANSING LEWIS, Manager.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Head Office: 22 to 28 King St. W., - TORONTO, Ont. President, - John L. Blaikie.

Vice-Presidents, Hon. G. W. Allan. J. K. Kerr, Q. C.

The great success which has attended the Company from its organization, and particularly during 1895 (its banner year), is duly evidenced by figures taken from the last financial statement:

Cash Income. \$ 551,478.24

Expenditure including death claims, endowments, profits and all payments to policy-holders 2,300,518.15

Reserve Fund 1,795,822.00

Net Surplus 40,121.51

WM. McCABE, F.I.A., Man.-Dir. CHAS. AULT, Man. for Prov. Quebec. 180 St. James St., Montreal, Que.

Have You

Anything to place before the drug trade of Canada? Write to us for rates. Read what a New York publication says about the Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal:

New York, April 29th, 1896.

New York, April 29th, 1896.

"In all British North America, consisting of British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Morthwest Territries, Nova Scotis, Ontario, Prince Edward Island, Quebec and Newfoundland, the largest circulation credited to any publication devoted to drugs, chemicals, pharmaey, paints, parfumery and soap is accorded to the Pharmacontical Journal, a monthly, published at Montreal, Que, and the publishers will guarantee the accuracy of the circulation rating accorded to this paper by a reward of one hundred dollars, payable to the first person who successfully assails it."

Address all communications,

Montreal Pharmaceutical Journal, 53 St. Sulpice St., MONTREAL, Que

LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE

INSURANCE :-: COMPANY.

FIRE and LIFE.

Invested Funds, \$40,833,724 Funds Invested in Canada, over 1,000,000

Security, Prompt Payment and Liberality in the adjustment of Losses are the prominent features of this Company.

Canada Board of Directors:

Hon. Henry Starnes, Chairman. Edmond J. Barbeau, Eeq. Wentworth J. Buchanan, Esq.

G. F. C. SMITH, Resident Secretary. Medical Referee—D. C. MACCALLUM, Esq., M.D. Standing Counsel—Gro. B. Cramp, Esq.

Head Office, Canada Branch: MONTREAL.

THE WATERLOO MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Company.

Established in 1863. Head Office, Waterloo, Ont,

Total Assets, Jan. 1, '94, \$349,734.71.

GEORGE RANDALL, Esq., President; John Shur, Esq., Vice-President; C. M. Taylor, Esq., Secretary; John Killer, Esq., Inspector.

MERCANTILE

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 1875.

. Head Office, WATERLOO, ONT.

All kinds of -

Commercial Printing

Executed with neatness and despatch at . the Office of . .

-X THE É

Journal of Commerce.

171 & 173 S. JAMES ST..

MONTREAL.

OUR BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CANNED GOODS, FRUIT & VEGETABLE. Trenton, Ont. - Log Cabin Brand, - Miller & Co.

FURNITURE MNFRS.

- Geo. S. Tickell & Sone Belleville, Ont.

SCALES.

Superior Qualities.

Montreal James Fyfe Corner St. Paul and St. Peter Streets.

STREET CARS, OMNIBUSES & HOSE WAGGONS.

Belleville, Ont, : St. Charles & Pringie

NEW YORK LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY JOHN A. McCALL, President.

December 31st, 1895.

Total Assets, \$174.791.990. Actual Surplus, \$24,038,677. Insurance in Force, \$800,000,000.

CANADIAN BUSINESS. \$ 3,630,874 Assets in Canada, - - - -8,283,863 613,010 Liabilities, - - Surplus Assets, Surplus Assets, - - - - Insurance in Force, - - -20,650,549

DAVID BURKE,

GENERAL MANAGER, Company's Building, MONTREAL

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

ESTABLISHED 1847.

___ Head Office. CANADA. British .. Empire .. Building, MONTREAL.

Government Deposit, - \$747.207.34 RESULTS OF VALUATION 1893.

Larger Cash Surplus,

INCREASED BONUS.

Valuation Reserves Strengthened,

TMMEDIATE ANNUITIES GRANTED. SEND FOR TERMS.

F. STANCLIFFE, Gen'l Manager.

CONFEDERATION

LIFE & ASSOCIATION,

TORONTO. Head Office:

The unconditional accumulative policy issued by this Association is unsurpassed as a means of Investment.

Cash Values.

Paid up Policies, Extended Insurance.

GUARANTEED IN THE POLICY.

Montreal Office:

207 ST. JAMES ST. H. J. JOHNSTON,

Manager, P.Q.

A Little More First Cost



than the cheapest, the 333 *** **33**

> MUMIXAM COMFORT and ECONOMY.

adapted to all kinds of wearers.

It pays to handle only

⇒Goodyear WELTED SHOES.

WESTERN **ASSURANCE** COMPANY.

Incorporated 1851.

\$2,320,000.00 Income for Year ending 31st December, 1895, over - 2,400,000.00

Head Office. Toronto, Ont.

GEO. Cox, President. J. J. KENNY, Vice-President & Man.-Dir. C. C. Foster, Secretary.

J. H. ROUTH & Son, Managers Montreal Branch.

190 ST. JAMES STREET.

THE IMPERIAL

INSURANCE COMPANY

FIRE

LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL. - - -\$6,000,000 PAID-UP CAPITAL, - - - - -1,500,000 TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS OVER . 8,000,000

Canadlan Branch: COMPANY'S BUILDING, PLACE D'ARMES, MONTREAL.

E. D. LACY, RESIDENT MANAGER

COMMERCIAL UNION

ASSURANCE CO., Ltd., Of London, England.

FIRE! LIFE! MARINE!

> Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns of the Dominion.

HEAD OFFICE, Canadian Branch, - MONTREAL JAMES McCRECOR, Manager.

THE LONDON

Guarantee and Accident Com'y, Ltd.

Of London, England.

- \$73,000.00 \$1,500,000.00 Funds exceed -

SURETYSHIP BONDS issued promptly at lowest rates to all persons in positions of trust where security is required. Accident, Elevator and Employer's Liability Policies issued. Agencies throughout Canada, United States, Europe and Australia.

Canada Branch, TORONTO. Montreal Chief Office, 180 St. James St.

A. I. HUBBARD, Manager for Canada,