The Toronto World.

THIRD YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1882. PRICE ONE CENT

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THE LEADING UNDERTAKER,
239 YONGE ST.
Night and telepone calls promptly attended

MEDICAL.

Consumption Can be Cured.

ONTARIO PULMONARY INSTITUTE,
No. 135 Church Street,
(opposite the Metropolitan church),
TORONTO.
M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D.
PROPRIETOR.

All diseases of the respiratory organs treated by "Medical Inhalations," combined with proper constitutional remedies.

Permanently established for the cure of all the various diseases of the Head, Throat and Chest, viz: Catarrh, Throat Diseases, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Catarrhal Ophthalmia (Sore Eyes) and Catharrhal Deafness; also Diseases of the Heart.

Our system of Practice consists in the most improved Medical Inhalations, combined with proper Constitutional Treatment. Having devoted our time, energy and skill for the past fifteen years to the treatment of the various diseases of the HEAD, THROAT AND LUNGS,

(During which time we have successfully treated over 30,000 cases), we are enabled to offer the afflicted the most perfect remedies and appliances or the immediate cure of all those troublesome afflictions.

CATARRH.

As we have seen in tracing the relation to Nasal Catarrh and throat diseases to consumption, there are times, perhaps days, or even whole weeks together, when the affection gives little or no annoyance, and the patient flatters himself that it has entirely passed away, when a sudden cold or other cause of irritation occurs, and the progress of the disease is materially hastened. At this season of the year, not unfrequently, the disease becomes apparent, and admonishes the patient of the terrible future which must follow if the inflammation is not speedily allayed. Many there are who endeavor to convince themselves that the evil is not of any magnitude, and will soon pass away with the special cause of the irritation; but experience proves to them the fearful error as it has to hundreds who have preceded them to that "bourne from whence no traveller returns."

No one, therefore, who is afflicted with nasal catarrh or throat affection is safe while it is suffered to exist. Often slight causes give rise to serious complications, for example: The Uvula, or pendulous organ which hangs down from the palate arch, just over the roots of the tongue, is very apt to get inflamed, and its parts becoming relaxed, it stretches out lengthwise, so that its extremities sometimes rest upon the tongue, touching it and causing an unmanageable cough.

The cause was trivial at first, and might have been quickly removed. How important it is, therefore, that before the patient enters upon any course of medication a careful examination be made by one competent to decide upon the nature and extent of the disease.

Inhalations are applicable to all diseases of the respiratory organs, including catarrh, throat diseases, asthma, bronchitis, consumption; and thousands of cases can be cured by this mode of treatment when nothing else can reach them.

Consultation free, and prices of the institute within the reach of all.

The very best of references given from those already cured.

Those who desire to consult me in regard to their cases had better call at the office for an examination, but if impossible to visit the office personally, may write for "List of Questions" and circular, both of which will be sent free of charge. Address
ONTARIO PULMONARY INSTITUTE,
135 Church street, Toronto, Ont. 246

CIGARS

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

S. DAVIS & SON,

"Cable" Cigar Manufact'rers

of Montreal, have removed their

TORONTO BRANCH OFFICES

TO

No. 34 CHURCH-ST.,

Between King and Colborne-sts. 246

PERSONAL.

FOR ADOPTION A BEAUTIFUL LITTLE girl 2 years of age, fair hair and blue eyes. Apply 73 Oxford street.

LAUNDRIES.

DOMINION LAUNDRY, 160 RICHMOND STREET West. Washing delivered to any address—no machines or fluid used.

TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY, 54 AND 56 Wellington street west. Order office 65 King trict West.

FINANCIAL.

ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LEND ON ALL sorts of personal securities at the Singer loan office, 115 Queen street west.

$10000 TO LOAN ON EASY TERMS Apply E. E. KNOTT & CO., 48 Adelaide street east, Toronto. 513513

$100000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT. on city or farm property; half margin; charges moderate. For particulars apply to C. W. LINDSEY, Real Estate Agent, 6 King street east.

BOARDING.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK FOR A FEW gentlemen—also rooms to let at 220 Church treet.

TO LET.

40 AMELIA STREET—FIVE ROOMS. APPLY Parliament street

DENTAL.

A. W. SPAULDING, DENTIST, 51 KING. ST., east, opposite Toronto street. Office hours 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Evening office at residence, Jameson Avenue, Parkdale. 246

DENTAL SURGERY—111 CHURCH STREET—open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Anesthetics administered.
J. STOWE, L.D.S. F. J. STOWE, L.D.S.

G. W HALE, Dentist, 141 Yonge Street. Teeth extracted without pain.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.—M. F. SMITH, DENTIST, 266 Queen street east. Artificial teeth, life-like in appearance, and perfect in eating and speaking; moderate fees.

ROOMS TO LET.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT BEDROOM TO rent. Terms reasonable. 206 Mutual street. 6

NICELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE rooms in first-class locality; with use of bath private family. 262 Simcoe street.

TWO UNFURNISHED FRONT ROOMS WITH bay windows. 508 Parliament street. 123

SPECIFIC ARTICLES

AT 125 QUEEN-ST. WEST, HIGHEST PRICE Paid for cast off clothing; parties waited on at their own residence. W. SIMON.

A BIG CASH PRICE PAID FOR CAST-OFF clothing, old carpets, and old stoves (cook ing or parlor.) Parties waited on at their own residences. S. SYNENBERG, 10 Queen street w. st.

AT 104½ QUEEN-ST WEST, THE BIGGEST price paid for cast off clothing, carpets &c.; parties waited on at their own residences. J. ABRAHAMS.

AT 187 YORK STREET, L. CRUTCH PAYS the highest price in city for old clothing. Prompt attention given to orders by post. 1y

BLOOD BITTERS AND OTHER HERB REMEDIES, IN PACKAGES sufficient to make four quarts, 25 cents, at HALL'S HERB STORE, next the Dominion Bank, Queen street West.

CASH PAID FOR ALL KINDS OF FEATHERS new or old, at the Feather and Mattrass renovating shop, 250 King street east. 1y

FEATHERS RENOVATED — MATTRESSES purified and made over equal to new; goods called for and delivered; satisfaction guaranteed; references given. B. H. VANDERVOORT & SON, 143 Victoria street. 246

FOR TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN YOU can have your collars and cuffs dressed equal to new at the Toronto Steam Laundry, 54 and 56 Wellington street west.

FAMILY WASHING PROMPTLY ATTENDED to. Special rates made at the Toronto Steam Laundry, 54 Wellington street west.

"GOOD TIMES" TOBACCO AND CIGARS—a choice selection of the best imported and domestic brands. W. TOLTON, Tobacconist, 106 Queen-st. west, opposite Parkdale station.

GO TO PIPER'S FOR OFFICE FURNITURE OF every description; orders promptly attended to. 59 Adelaide street west.

MRS. LEVI PAYS THE HIGHEST CASH price for cast-off clothes; orders by post given immediate attention. 224 King street east, cor. of Shuter.

NO HUMBUG. I AM PREPARED TO PAY the highest price for cast off ladies' or gentlemen's clothing; please favor me with a call; 87 Queen West. H. ALBERT & CO.

ORANGEMEN, ATTENTION! BELFAST LINEN, duck pants to order and ready-made—white as snow, $1 25. ADAMS' CLOTHING FACTORY, 327 Queen street west. 5-6

SEND $1 TO W. R. CUNNINGS — LITTLE Britain, Ont., for a setting of eggs from his Plymouth Rocks or White Leghorns. Stock first-class.

THE RUSH TO "MISS PHENIX, FRENCH Parisian Dress and Mantle Maker", continues unabated. All garments cut by a mathematical scale, which cannot err, consequently a fit like a Jersey is the result of every case. The very latest Paris, London and New York fashions continually on hand. Establishment at 415 Queen-street west. tf

$10 WILL BUY A FINE WOOL SERGE SUIT made to order. ADAMS', 327 Queen street west. 5-6

3735 SUMMER COATS, LINEN, ALPACA, Lustre, Serge, Russel Cord, Light Tweeds—thirty different colors—twelve sizes. ADAMS' CLOTHING FACTORY, 327 Queen street west. 56

LEGAL.

A—A—ROSE, MACDONALD, MERRITT & COATSWORTH, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, Union Loan Buildings, 28 and 30 Toronto street.
J. E. ROSE, W. M. MERRITT, J. H. MACDONALD, E. COATSWORTH, JR.

BEATTY, CHADWICK, THOMSON & BLACKSTOCK, Barristers, Solicitors, etc.; Mr. W. A. Reeve, Counsel. Offices—Bank of Toronto, Cor. Wellington and Church street, Toronto.
W. H. BEATTY, E. M. CHADWICK, D. E. THOMSON, T. G. BLACKSTOCK.

ELGIN SCHOFF, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR etc., 90 Church street, Dufferin Chambers, Toronto.

G. W. GROTE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, CONVEYANCER, Notary Public, &c. 12 Adelaide street east, Toronto

EDGAR & MALONE, BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, Notaries, etc. Offices: Trust Company Buildings, 27 and 29 Wellington street east, and 36 Front street east, Toronto.
J. D. EDGAR, E. T. MALONE.

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MOWAT, MACLENNAN & DOWNEY, BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, etc., Proctors in the Maritime Court, Toronto, Canada. OLIVER MOWAT, Q. C., JAMES MACLENNAN, Q. C., JOHN DOWNEY, THOMAS LAWSON. Office Queen City Insurance Buildings, 24 Church street.

MCMURRICH, HOWARD & ANDREWS—OFFICE: corner King and Yonge streets, over Dominion bank, Barristers, Attorneys, &c. Winnipeg: WALKER & WALKER; office, temporarily, Government Buildings. Hon. D. M. WALKER W. B. MCMURRICH M A G. R. HOWARD, G. F. A. ANDREWS, G. H WALKER.

O'SULLIVAN & PERDUE, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., etc., etc. Offices—72 Yonge street, next the Dominion Bank. D. A. O'SULLIVAN. W. E. PERDUE.

R. S. APPELBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, and notary public, Rooms 22 and 23 Union Loan and Savings building, 28 and 30 Toronto-st., Toronto. 6m

READ & READ, BARRISTERS, ATTORNEYS, Solicitors, &c. Office, No. 75 King street east, Toronto.
D. B. READ, Q.C. WALTER READ.

ROBINSON & KENT, BARRISTERS, ETC—office: Victoria Chambers, 9 Victoria street, Toronto. 136
JOHN G. ROBINSON, H. A. E. KENT.

NORTHWEST PROPERTIES

PRINCE ARTHUR'S LANDING—BUSINESS openings—Town Lots—or any required information mailed. Address, THUNDER BAY SENTINEL. Enclose $2 subscription.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

CANOE—FOR SAILING AND PADDLING—patent centreboard—owner leaving city and must sell. Address CANOEIST, P. O. Box 314. 5

BUSINESS CARDS.

G. P. SHARPE, TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY 54 and 56 Wellington street west, Toronto Orders from the country promptly attended to. Send for particulars.

HODGE & WILLIAMS, 4 ADELAIDE STREET East, dealers in Pitch, Felt, Carpet and Sheating Papers. Roofing done to order. Agents for Warrens' Asphalt Roofing, most durable material known.

J. L. RAWBONE, 123 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, guns, rifles, ammunition and fishing tackle. Send for price lists. 1y

MRS. T. BARFF, SUCCESSOR TO M. B. PALMER, ladies hair worker, in connection with hair dressing. Mrs. Barff has also opened a fashionable dress and mantle making establishment, No. 10 Richmond street west, Three doors west of Yonge, Toronto. P. S.—Highest price paid for ladies cut hair and combings y

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED by experienced and first-class workmen. T. CLAXTON, music dealer, 197 Yonge street, Toronto.

ROOFING! ROOFING! FELT AND GRAVEL R. Roofing done to order. STEWART & ROBINSON, 5½ Leader Lane.

SHORTHAND WRITING—150 WORDS PER MINUTE. Mr. James Jameson, certificated teacher of shorthand, 29 Nassau street, is prepared to give a course of lessons to phonographers who desire to acquire this speed.

THE ONTARIO DISTRIBUTING AGENCY 297 Front street east—G. F. ROBINSON Proprietor—newspapers distributed to newsdealers on liberal terms—bills and hand bills distributed throughout all parts of the city—offices and windows cleaned. Orders left at Morton & Co., 3 and 5 Adelaide street East, will receive prompt attention.

W. McDOWALL, DEALER IN GUNS, Rifles, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, and all sorts of sporting goods. 166 King-st. east, Toronto. Ordered cartridge made promply and with care. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 1y

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A. H. PAULL, HECTROGRAPH MANUFACTURER, insurance, and general agent
ACCOUNTS COLLECTED
office at Paull & Son, architects, 25 Toronto street. residence, 23 Murray street, Toronto.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WOULD LIKE TO go out washing and ironing by the day. Address 140 Elizabeth street. 2

A FIRST-CLASS BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRER of steady habits and good reference would like to hear of a steady place of work. Apply 149 Upper Vanauley street, city.

A YOUNG MAN JUST OVER FROM ENGLAND having had 16 years' experience in the trade, would be glad of a situation in a wholesale grocery and provision house. Box 96 World Office.

ANY WORK IN THE GARDENING OR LABORING line, or as a farm hand, can be done satisfactorily by a willing man. Enquire at 22 Market place

BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED MAN—AS porter, caretaker or messenger. Sober and trustworthy, a very handy man and not afraid to work. Strictly temperate. Best of references. Address WILLIAM HENRY RUSSELL, Post Office Toronto.

BY A STEADY MAN, FARM OR GARDEN work, or as coachman or caretaker. Good references. THOMAS ARMER, 23 Jarvis street.

BY A GENTLEMAN FROM ENGLAND A situation as salesman or representative for a good firm. Eight years experience as valuator and auctioneer. Good city references. Address Box 93, World office.

YOUNG MAN—30—JUST OVER FROM ENGLAND—will be glad of a situation. Good writer and bookkeeper. Not afraid of work. Box 95 World Office.

HELP WANTED.

A STRONG BOY—PARAGON SHIRT FACTORY, Leader Lane, Toronto.

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER DESIRES pupils in English, Mathematics and Classics. Teacher, 168 Simcoe street. 612

AGENTS FOR COUNTERFEIT DETECTOR, Coins, Foreign Stamps, Cards, Specialties. List cent. Free ticket to Manitoba. Beaver Advertising and Employment Agency, Mail Building.

HARNESS MAKER WANTED IMMEDIATELY. L. Richardson, Maple, Ont. 3

LAD WANTED—ABOUT 18 YEARS OLD—of references required. A. FRIENDLY & Co, 15 Front street west.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO LEARN telegraphy; operators in demand; enclosing stamp. Dominion Telegraph Institute, 30 King street east, Toronto. JAMES THORNE, manager.

SHIRT AND OVERALL MAKERS WANTED. Also Machine Operators on white shirts. A. FRIENDLY & Co., 15 Front street west.

CATARRH.

A NEW TREATMENT WHEREBY A PERMANENT cure is effected in from one to three treatments. Particulars and treatise free on receipt of stamp. A. H. DIXON, 307 King street west, Toronto 1y

EDUCATIONAL.

GERMAN CLASSES EVERY SATURDAY FROM 10 to 12 a.m. French classes every Tuesday from 4 to 6 p.m. Union block corner Toronto and Adelaide streets. For particulars address D. Schlochow, 32 Berry man street, Yorkville. 6t

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY of Toronto require thirteen first-class provincial certificates. Duties to commence immediately after the summer vacation. Lowest salary paid $650. Applications accompanied by certificates and testimonials will be received by the undersigned until Monday noon the 26th inst. W. C. WILKINSON, Secretary P. S. Board.

WHY BEEF IS DEAR.

Enormous Shipments to Europe—And Severe Weather and Droughts the Cause.

A New York wholesale meat dealer gives the following four reasons for the enhanced cost of beef:

The first is the enormous shipment of beef to Europe. For eight or nine years past the shipments of cattle have averaged 4000 to 5000 head per week from the three ports of New York, Boston and Philadelphia. Cattle were being carried away and eaten faster than they were being bred. Not even the vast herds of Texas, Missouri, and other parts of the far West can as yet produce cattle enough annually to keep up with the demand, especially if the production is affected by any exceptionally unfavorable circumstance. And that brings me to the second cause of high prices. Two winters ago we had a remarkably severe season. It is not an overestimate to say that fully half a million head of cattle perished that winter from cold and hunger in the west. The third cause was the excessive drought that prevailed last summer and the summer before. Last summer it was so bad in many cattle-growing districts of the West that stock had to be driven six or eight miles daily for water. Of course, under such conditions it was impossible to fatten them or put any flesh on them. The best that could be hoped for them was that they would exist. Then autumn came, and with it the fourth of my reasons. Farmers found that they were offered such prices for their corn and hay as paid them better for their selling it than feeding it to cattle. Many of them sold their cattle to the butchers. Others kept the poor beasts on half rations of hay and straw or chopped cornstalks. Then, when spring came, or the time when we should have had spring if something hadn't gone wrong or missed connections, the cattle were in no condition for market.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Iron Mills Signing the Scale—Miners Strike Breaking Up—The Milwaukee Cigar Makers.

The freight handlers strike in New York now comprises 1400.

C. M. Styer, corresponding secretary of the Milwaukee cigar makers' union, contradicts the statement that the strike there has been settled, or that the strikers have given up the fight. The unions throughout the country are contributing liberally to support the strike, even to levying extra assessments. The report that the strike had collapsed, Mr. Styer claims, was circulated by the employers to deceive cigar makers in other cities and induce them to go to Milwaukee

IRON COMPANIES SIGNING THE SCALE.

PITTSBURG, June 19—The Canal Dover iron company to-day signed the scale. The Ohio Falls iron company of New Albany, Ind., has signed and also agreed to pay 10 per cent more than Pittsburg for the finishing mill.

The Bay View, Wisconsin, iron company has signed the compromise scale.

CLEVELAND, June 19.—Westlake & Co., of Warren, have signed the Pittsburg scale conditionally and the rolling mill will be started Wednesday.

BREAK IN THE MINERS' STRIKE.

PITTSBURG, June 19.—A bad break is reported at Mansfield in the miners' strike. Twenty-five old miners returned to work at a reduction and as many more are ready to go in to-morrow. Every effort will be made to bring them out again. Others are expected to follow, and a virtual breaking up of the strike will be the result.

Poisoned by Parasites.

DETROIT, June 19.—At Adrian a family of four persons named Smith, Germans, were severely poisoned by eating cheese on Saturday afternoon. An examination of the cheese shewed it to be filled with minute parasites. One or two other parties have been also affected.

ADRIAN, Mich., June 19.—75 persons have been poisoned here since Friday by eating a certain brand of cheese, but none fatally. A microscopic examination shows that the cheese was filled with unrecognized parasites.

ARABI PASHA OBEDIENT.

DERVISCH SATISFIED WITH THE STATE OF AFFAIRS.

Preparing for a Siege at the Ottoman Bank—The Powers still Favor a Conference—Decline in Eastern Stocks.

ALEXANDRIA, June 19.—The banks are mostly prepared to resist the siege. The Ottoman bank has been converted into an armoury, and the entrance is blocked by bales of silk. The clerks are well supplied with provisions and have ropes ready to haul up refugees from the streets. Arabi Pasha thanked the khedive for his appointment as a member of the ministry. There is no doubt that he is straining every nerve to maintain order. He is beginning to realize that he provoked the exodus of Europeans which will ruin the country. The sub-minister of justice who is investigating the riot states that he cannot justly punish the prisoners as long as he is unable to arrest the instigators of the crimes. He names Arabi as the chief instigator.

It is rumored that the perfect of police who was one of the prime authors of the riot has died suddenly. Ragheb has refused to accept as colleagues in the ministry the nominees of Arabi Pasha who were members of the last cabinet.

Thirty-two thousand persons have already left Egypt. It is estimated that an equal number are waiting an opportunity to get away.

LONDON, June 19.—In the house of commons Sir Charles Dilke stated that Germany, Austria and Russia had accepted the proposal for a conference in reference to the affairs of Egypt. Italy had declared she would follow the course of the other powers. Instructions were sent to Admiral Seymour Friday sufficient to preserve British interests at Alexandria in case of renewed disturbances.

There is considerable excitement at the London stock exchange and the Paris bourse to-day, in consequence of the decline in Egyptian stocks and Suez canal shares.

ISMAILA, June 19.—There is much alarm here because of the vicinity of large numbers of Bedouin Arabs who lately approached close to the town and have been hovering along the unguarded banks of the canal.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 19.—The porte has received a despatch from Dervish Pasha reporting that the state of affairs in Egypt is very satisfactory. He says Arabi strictly obeys the khedive's commands. He thinks therefore a conference will be inopportune.

ELECTION NEWS.

The Prospects in Carleton, Russell and Ottawa in Favor of the Reformers.

(Special Despatch to The World.)

OTTAWA, June 19.—The prospects of the reformers in Carleton, Russell and Ottawa city were never so bright at any previous election. May has not yet made way for Sir John, and if three run it is believed Bronson will be returned. Russell is almost sure to return Edwards, who is immensely popular. The city is at fever heat and the struggle to-morrow will be fierce, with the certainty of returning one, and probably both of the reform candidates.

TRAGEDY AT RAT PORTAGE.

An Ex-Northern Railway Conductor Murdered in His House

WINNIPEG, June 19.—E. Biscoby, ex-conductor on the Northern railway near Toronto and of section 15, C.P.R. east, was murdered at Rat Portage yesterday. The tragedy occurred in his house. There were two severe cuts on his head and an axe was found in the house covered with blood. Biscoby and his wife are reported to have drank heavily and suspicion rests on her. An inquest was held to-day but particulars can't be learned to-day owing to the telegraph line being down.

NEWFOUNDLAND NEWS.

Building operations will be very lively in and about St. John's this season.

The railway is young in Newfoundland, yet a case of placing obstruction on the track was before the magistrate lately.

In clearing a way for the railway station at Fort William, one of the laborers dug up on Thursday last a small gold coin, bearing the date "Ferdinand Sixth, 1747," on one side and "Rex Hispaniarum" on the other side.

Professor Fowler, phrenologist, has been found guilty before the St. John's police court of having sold obscene books and the latter were ordered to be destroyed. The Public Ledger severely critises the judgment saying that the books were a medical work of unquestioned propriety, which has been in the open market for twenty-five years. It also hints that the charge was preferred by an ignorant policeman, put up to do it by some unnamed but intolerant association that owned the building in which the professor lectured, and whom he had offended by certain observations that dropped from him.

A Fatal Coincidence.

ITHACA, June 19.—Wm. Guggan while drunk climbed into the window of Geo. Brown's house at 3 a.m. Sunday, thinking it was his home. Brown supposing the intruder was a burglar shot him fatally. Guggan died this morning. Brown is not blamed.

BOSTON, June 19. — Dr. Javis Gay, veterinary surgeon, and an esteemed resident of Norwood, last night rattled the door of George Edmunds' house to arouse the inmates that he might enquire his way home. Edmunds believing it was a bu glar shot Gay dead.

Women's Duel to the Death.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 19.—Two jealous negresses, of Killeck, thirty-six miles from here, who had agreed to fight a duel to the death, met this morning and attacked each other with razors. They had quarreled about the affections of two negroes named Stephen Floyd and Joshua Crudup. Both women were frightfully cut on all parts of their bodies. Both will probably die.

A Mother Kills Her Child and Herself

GRESO, Ill., June 19.—Eight miles west of here Saturday while her husband was eating his dinner, Mrs. Lindgust took her son aged 5, to a corn crib and cut his throat. She then killed herself. It is believed she was insane.

Committed for Trial.

SANDWICH, June 19.—Richard Cogswell, Chas. Bruce and Andrew Brew, charged with the Sartettes and Barr robberies, and Peter Mannie and his two sons, with receiving stolen property, were examined in the police court and committed to the Sandwich jail to await trial.

DAVITT IN NEW YORK.

His Reception Last Night—Small Attendance But a Determined Speech.

NEW YORK, June 19.—The audience at the academy of music to-night participating in the reception of Davitt though not as large as the one which met Parnell, was equally enthusiastic. The unexpectedly small attendance was attributed to the dissatisfaction of the members of Irish national land league who refused the invitation of the citizens committee to participate as a body in the reception, on the ground that to them belonged the right to receive the champion. Davitt was loudly cheered on appearing. Judge Van Hoesen presided and introduced the agitator in a laudatory address.

Davitt recounted the charges which had been made against him, and said the one object of his life was to unite the whole Irish people in the brotherhood of love. He could not be guilty of promoting disunion or contemplating a division of land league power when landlordism is struggling against strangulation at the hands of a united Ireland. He never had the idea of rivalry with Parnell. The Irish people would never accept him (Davitt) as leader, because he belonged to the ranks of the people. Parnell has all the qualifications of leadership, and he was content with being a free lance in Ireland's cause. The charge of promulgating a new departure rested upon the misconception of his Liverpool speech, the ignorance of his declarations during the land agitations and on the unjust and ungenerous interpretation placed upon his motives by members who call themselves his friends, including Parnell. Davitt then explained his plan, saying he was not ashamed of it and did not think it showed hostility to Parnell. He was convinced that a calm consideration of the question would dissipate the idea that the nationalization of the land of Ireland is any more a recognition of England's right to rule Ireland than is contained in the payment of taxes or in calling upon its government to advance the necessary funds for carrying out the scheme of peasant proprietary. While I yield, he said, to no Irishman alive in my allegiance to the principle of Ireland's right to govern itself, I would infinitely prefer to deal with the English government than with its exacting and unscrupulous mercenaries, the Irish landlords. I claim for such a settlement more solid social advantages for the agricultural and the non-agricultural classes than can be obtained under an improvement of the existing system or by the substitution of peasant proprietary. His fixed resolution was to discard all feeling of hatred to the English people and to keep down all promptings of revenge while striving for the peace, happiness and prosperity of Ireland.

Redmond then addressed the meeting after which a person in the audience called for cheers for the Dublin assassins but was hissed down. Rev. Dr. McGlynn and Mrs. Parnell made brief addresses. Dr. Wallace expressed confidence in Davitt as long as he followed Parnell. Letters endorsing Davitt and the land league were received from many prominent persons.

The Ottawa Counterfeiters.

OTTAWA, June 19.—The preliminary trial of Martin Sparrow, Angus Sparrow and Timothy Rajotte for uttering counterfeit money came up before the police magistrate again this morning. Twenty witnesses were examined, whose testimony went to show that on different occasions when the Sparrow brothers had passed counterfeit money Rajotte was in their company. It was also shown that the latter prisoner had borrowed a portable forge, which he kept at the private residence; and also that he had manufactured a pair of steel rollers. It was not shown that Rajotte had actually attempted to pass any of the bogus money himself. The case was adjourned for a week.

The Progress of the United States.

LONDON, June 19.—The Times says if there were no direct evidence of the reality of the rapidity of the material progress of the United States it would be found in the singular absence of excitement in American politics. What is especially remarkable in the present development of American energy and success is its wide and equal distribution. The readjustment of federal representation bears testimony to the political capacity of the people and affords good ground for hope that the negroes in future may be rescued from the mischievous interference of professional philanthrophists and self-seeking demagogues.

The Colored Bigamist Escapes.

HARTFORD, Conn., June 19.—Hall (colored), who eloped and married a daughter of Agent Grover, of Holyoke, Mass., while he had a colored wife living, has been released. The release is due to the fact that Hall had letters from Miss Grover, showing she was infatuated with him, and actually led him into intimacy. The girl's father wishes to avoid further scandal.

French Canadian Convention.

COHOES, N. Y., June 19.—The fifth annual convention of French Canadians assembles here to-morrow. The lieutenant governor and the premier of Quebec and Mr. Mercier the liberal leader in Quebec will be present. Twenty thousand visitors are expected. The annual fete occurs on Thursday.

Shipping Disaster.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., June 19.—The U. S. fishing schooner Massachuseits on Friday night collided with an iceberg 1000 feet high, off Cape Ballard and sank. Five men are missing and are believed to have been drowned. The rest escaped with difficulty in a boat.

"Do..'t Say I was Insane."

BUCYRUS, Ohio, June 19.—Midshipman Finley, son of an ex-congressman, who suicided yesterday, was chided by his parents for resigning his commission in the navy. It is thought he feared the approaching examinations. He left a message reading, "Don't say I was insane."

The International Fishery Show.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—A joint resolution accepting the invitation of the British government to the international fishery exhibition at London in May 1883 for an exhibit representing the fisheries of the United States, and appropriating $50,000 therefor was adopted.

A Suicidal Family.

CATSKILL, June 19.—Platt Lynes of Catskill, shot himself on Saturday on the steamer Walter Brett. He will probably die. The cause is attributed to financial troubles. He is the third brother who attempted suicide; the other two recovered.

Guiteau.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—It is reported Justice Bradley denied the application of Reed for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of Guiteau.

LATEST OLD WORLD NEWS

THE DISCOVERY OF SUSPICIOUS ARMS AT CLERKENWELL.

The Repression Bill Advanced—Terrorism and Oppression in Russia—Diplomatic Appointment.

LONDON, June 19.—Walsh, who was arrested in connection with the seizure of arms at Clerkenwell, was charged in court today with feloniously receiving and fraudulently dealing in weapons believed to belong to the government. He was remanded for a week. Bail was refused.

The ninth clause of the repression bill, providing for the arrest of strangers found under suspicious circumstances was adopted.

Clause ten, directing the seizure of newspapers containing matter inciting to the commission of treason or of any act of violence or intimidation was adopted by 99 to 26.

The secretary of war said none of the arms seized at Clerkenwell were manufactured by or for the government.

Baron De Worms stated he would ask Gladstone Thursday whether the United States government refused to agree to the expulsion of American suspects from Ireland as the condition of their release.

PARSONTOWN, June 19.—The admission of civilians to all the military barracks in Ireland is prohibited. The sentries have been doubled and the night patrols quadrupled. The greatest precautions have been taken against explosives being carried into the military quarters.

Russian Terrorism.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 19.—Count Tolstoi's return to office has created a perfect panic in Moscow and led to trouble in the Tambov government, three districts being in insurrection. Several noblemen's stewards have been killed by peasants in the village of Kazan. The government took possession of the land in the neighborhood and portioned it among themselves. The landlords appealed for troops to dislodge them. Tolstoi's suspension of La Minute, an unimportant newspaper, is evidently intended as a warning to larger journals which are panic-stricken and now confine their leading articles to hospitals and other similarly unexciting subjects. The editors of Russian newspapers are so timid that they fear to receive visits from foreign correspondents lest a word published by the latter may compromise them.

Resignation.

BERLIN, June 19.—Bitter, Prussian minister of finance, has resigned on account of a difference of opinion regarding taxation reform.

Appointment.

VIENNA, June 19.—Prince Lobanoff has been appointed Russian ambassador to Austria.

STORMS AND TORNADOS.

Fearful Destruction of Life and Property in the Western States.

The despatches last night contained additional news about the storms and tornados in the western states. The damage to life and property is appalling.

A dozen lives were lost at Irish Ridge, Iowa. A family of three were drowned twelve miles below Atchison, Kansas. From Des Moines comes the news that sixty-four persons are known to have been killed at Grinnell and vicinity and 120 wounded. Eighty cases are serious. One hundred and forty-three dwellings were destroyed in Grinnell, entailing a loss of half a million with hardly any insurance. Fifty people lost all they had in the world. At Malcolm and in the country there was also immense loss. It is probable the aggregate will foot up to three quarters of a million. At Mount Pleasant, last two storms met over the town. The Baptist church, costing $25,000, was demolished. The towers and roofs of all churches are off and the buildings are otherwise damaged. Three hundred dwellings were unroofed and damaged; not a single chimney is standing. The loss is upwards of $150,000. Reports from Story county, Iowa, represent the damage there as very serious. Several buildings were swept away at Kelly. Further east all the buildings on sixteen farms were swept away. Two school-houses in Nevada were demolished. All the growing crops in the track of the wind were destroyed. Cattle, horses, hogs and poultry were carried long distances and deposited dead.

The governor of Iowa has issued a proclamation calling for aid for sufferers by the cyclone.

The Editorial-Clerical Assault.

CLEVELAND, June 19.—Cowles, editor of the Leader, was tried to-day on the charge of assaulting Father Houck, Bishop Gilmour's secretary whom he ejected from his office. The testimony showed that the letter sent by the bishop for publication accused Cowles of brutally treating his youngest daugeter who had been an invalid twenty months and is lying very low at her father's house, where it is generally known she received the tenderest care. Cowles on the witness stand denounced the bishop, who was present, as a slanderer and denied any truth in the charge. The bishop offered no evidence. The magistrate decided Cowles guilty of a technical assault and fined him the costs.

Prisoners of War Shot.

MATAMORAS, Mexico, June 19. — A Chihauhua despatch states that the twenty-seven Apache prisoners captured in the recent fights with the Jesus and Maria bands were shot yesterday. They behaved with wonderful bravery.

Fatal Accident.

PORT ELGIN, June 19.—Alex. Anderson was moving a scantling away from the saw in a mill here, when it was caught by the saw and thrown with great force against Duncan Anderson, hitting him in the head and killing him instantly.

Two More Conservatives.

GASPE, Que., June 19.—Hon. P. Fortin was to-day elected by acclamation for Gaspe

THREE RIVERS, Que., June 19.—Sir H. L. Langevin is elected, J. F. V. Bureau having withdrawn his candidature.

Stand Firm, Ladies.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—The Parnell-Dillon land league adopted a resolution censuring the bishop of Cleveland for excommunicating the lady land leaguers and urging the latter to stand firm.

United States Duty on Knitted Goods.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Folger to-day informed Titus Sheard of Little Falls, that he would soon issue a circular fixing a specific duty of 50 cents a pound on knit shirts and drawers.

Immigration Tax.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The house has passed a bill levying a tax of 50 cents per head upon immigrants, the tax to be collected from steamship companies.

DELONG'S PARTY FOUND.

Indications of the Terrible Hardships they must have Endured.

NEW YORK, June 19.—The Herald correspondent telegraphs from Lena Delta, April 12: Melville found the bodies of DeLong's party in two places, 500 and 1000 yards from the wreck of a scow. Melville's party stopped at a place where Ninderman and Noros passed the first day after leaving DeLong feeling sure that the others had not gone much further. There they found a wreck and following along the bank came upon a rifle barrel hung up on four sticks. Two bodies were found here under eight feet of snow. Melville went along the bank and saw a camp kettle and the remains of fire about 1000 yards from a tent and approaching nearly stumbled on DeLong's hand sticking out of the snow. Here, under about a foot of snow, they found the bodies of DeLong, Ambler and Ah Sam, all partially covered by pieces of the tent and a blanket. All the others except Alexia they found at the place where the tent was pitched. Two boxes of records, a medicine chest and a flag on a staff were beside the tent. None of the dead had boots. Their feet were covered with rags tied on. In the pockets of all were pieces of burnt skin and clothing which they had been eating. The hands of all were burned and looked as if when dying they had crawled into the fire. Boyd was lying over the fire, being burned to the skin. Collins' face was covered with cloth. All the bodies were carried to a hill three hundred feet high forty versts to south-west from where found, and were interred in a mausoleum constructed of wood from the scow and surmounted by a cross. The mausoleum was covered with stones and will be sodded in spring. The cross is inscribed with the record and the names of the dead. Melville's party then separated to search the Delta for traces of Chipp's people. Ninderman and Bartlett found nothing. Melville has not yet returned. The search will be extended.

ELECTION ORGANIZATION.

What Officers are Necessary to Ensure Victory and Defeat—Their Characteristics—Confidence All Around.

All was business and excitement last night in the committee rooms of the various candidates. The supporters were called on by advertisement to assemble and receive instructions for the momentous morrow. Campaign documents were well supplied in all the rooms, noticeable amongst them being cartoons of Blake's connection with and attitude towards the N. P. Young men were in the majority of the attendants on the committees' orders. The scrutineers got their instructions well drilled into them and immediately went out and took something else to preserve and keep the instructions company. Inside scrutineers were not the only ones appointed. Others were duly constituted ushers and general lobby informants and information seekers.

But the list of important officers would be far from complete were the gentlemen whose special duty it is to go through the polling district and offer the intelligent voter the semi-occasional dignified position of chief personage in a first-class hack. These

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The Toronto World.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1882.

Persons leaving town for the season, and summer travelers, can have THE WORLD *mailed to them for 25 cents per month, the address being changed as often as desired.*

THE RESULT SO FAR.

In 22 seats there will be no contest, and of the 22 members thus returned by acclamation the conservatives claim 21 as supporters of Sir John Macdonald's government. In 176 constituencies elections will take place to-day, leaving 12 to be decided next week.

TO-DAY.

What The World wishes most to see is the elections over, the political excitement sudside, the differences of the contest forgotten, and business assume its wonted course.

We hope that this is the last election that will be fought out on the old tory and grit lines. We hope as we know that the next contest will be on broader issues: that the day is fast approaching when the people of Canada will have to say on which side they are on as regards the future of Canada; when men will have to vote whether they are in favor of nationalty or against it. Recent events have hastened this issue; it is nearer than many of us imagine. From to-day let us begin the work of preparation for it.

THE RESULTS.

The World has made complete arrangements for giving the public the earliest intelligence this evening of the results of the elections held to-day. The telegraph wires have been brought into our office, No. 4 King street east, operators have been secured, able and reliable correspondents in all sections have been engaged, and immediately any news is received it will be displayed in front of the building by means of a stereopticon, imported from New York by Mr. Potter, the well-known optician of this city, who will also furnish competent men to manage it. Our arrangements for getting in the results in the city, as tested in the past, are also complete and we hope will give satisfaction.

The public may depend on reliable and impartial announcements. As we have no party to serve no returns will be withheld, but everything will be given just as it comes hot from the wires. Be on hand and read the results.

THEY WHO ARE ABOUT TO DIE.

There are 176 seats to be contested to-day and there are at least 352 men anxious to fill them; as a consequence 176 will be left. Of course not one of the 352 has any idea that he will be a defeated candidate—it will be the other fellow in every case. Now this, as far as we have any knowledge, has never yet occurred on this earth, though there are some philosophers who say that there may be worlds where three and two make four. So it may be within the possibilities to see 352 candidates elected to fill 176 seats. If this does not occur then we hope the 176 men who have been imposing on the innocence and good nature of their 176 wives, by telling them in the most cold-blooded manner that their husbands will surely be members of parliament tonight, will be visited by some sure and speedy punishment. Their constant story to their dames has been, "Wait till you see me get the best of him." To impose on one's own common sense is pardonable; to befool a trusting wife in the manner described is akin to bigamy.

SECTARIANISM IN THE SCHOOL ROOM.

A movement has been made in the Episcopalian and Presbyterian denominations for introducing the bible as a text book in the public schools, and we regret to see this reactionary step endorsed by so high an authority as the liberal and scholarly editor of the "Canadian Educational Monthly." We object in toto to every proposal of the kind. In the first place we object to it in the interest of religion. The sacred book ought not to be vulgarized by being made a school text-book. And its introduction for this purpose is said to be the precursor of the evil spirit of sectarianism which after years of struggle we have only succeeded in exercising. In republican France the last supreme struggle against clericalism and has been to keep the cleric out of the school room. We cannot afford to risk any step which may lead to reaction in this direction. And education is a matter which concerns facts not faith; its aims are far humbler and yet more practical than those of religion; and it is therefore better for both that they be kept apart. But there is one branch of education which might with advantage be so enforced as to render useful aid to any and every form of religion worthy of its sacred name, that is the systematic inculcation of morality. A manual of morals for our public schools is a desideratum which ought to be supplied. It should lay broad and deep the foundation of moral duty, it should show, clearly and simply the inevitable consequences of moral evil, it should form a regular part of every day school exercises. Such a manual would teach a morality utterly apart from the sanction of sect or dogma, yet which could not fail to advance that which surely ought to be the highest aim of every sect, church and denomination, training the young to lead lives of charity, temperance and justice.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD.

A contrast has been presented to the religious public of Toronto by the conduct and language of the Anglican synod as compared with that of the Methodist and Presbyterian representative meetings last week. The Methodist president of conference was not afraid of facts and figures; he could give statistics to show that his denomination was, as he claimed it to be, the foremost protestant church in the Dominion. But Bishop Sweatman made the avowal that he thought it prudent, on reflection, not to make public the statistics of his church. The unprejudiced observer may ask the practical question, why is it that the Episcopalian church, so powerful in England where it is established by law, so powerful in Ireland where it has been recently disestablished, should be comparatively weak in Canada? Of course a partial answer to this question may be found in the ritualism which is favored by the clergy and most unpopular with the laity of that church. Yet this does not cover the ground. Holy Trinity and its ritualistic services are popular enough, and ritual will always be acceptable to many women and a certain percentage of men. The real source of weakness we believe to be that of a house divided against itself. Bishop Sweatman last week publicly applied to the conduct of a considerable section of his clergy the ugly word "conspiracy." It appears that a very large sum of annual increase is to be at the disposal of synod on the lapse of the late Dean Grassett's control of the cathedral funds. The city clergy with somewhat of the haste which savors more of manmon than of godliness, united as one man in a scheme for its division so as to allow to each of themselves the large sum of upwards of $900. They insist on excluding from all participation in the benefits of this sum their clerical brethren of the churches outside the city limits. The latter are about to contest the case in the law courts. This unedifying contest might have been avoided had the clergy consented to adopt Mr. Howland's wise and christian suggestion that the money in question, instead of being divided among clergymen who have already comfortable incomes, rent-free houses, light duties, and exemption from the taxes which burden poor citizens, should be applied to some great public purpose connected with church work. But the city clergymen did not see it in this light. But the matter is by no means settled as yet, and those who object to making richer the rich will prefer that at all events this fund may have as wide an area of distribution as possible, that it be shared by the clergy of the township, who as a rule are not so well paid, as well as by those within the city limits. Meanwhile synod has happily wrangled itself out, and we may hope for a rest from this variety of *odium theologicum* till next synod brings round the annual washing-day for soiled surplices and smirched lawn sleeves. We admire the freedom of the Anglican church; but we think it time that many of the differences that now exist might be dispensed with without interfering with her inclusiveness.

SEASONABLE NOTES.

Two things that the people need most at this time are fans and stubborn collars. The latter are rare in hot weather; the former are in great demand. Nothing vexes a man so much as the wilting of his collar. It gives him a dissipated appearance and robs him of his respectability for the moment. Moreover a wilted collar deprives a man of his confidence. This is the period at which tempers are lost and family jars are opened. Fans properly used will allay irritability and check the retort discourteous on the lip of the father, husband, wife or mother-in-law, even when the dog star is in the ascendant. Shrewd housekeepers will keep them handy, with ice water or lemonade, for the men returning from business.

* * *

Dumb beasts suffer frightfully when the mercury is in the nineties. Street car horses and the animals compelled to drag trucks and heavy vehicles through the streets under the scorching rays of the sun, endure unheard of torture while their drivers are ignorantly urging them forward. It would be wisdom on the part of the men to sponge their horses' mouths as often as possible, and to bonnet and sponge their heads whenever they can. Men who are supported by their horses should be kind to them.

* * *

A meek mistress is often made miserable by a saucy servant girl. The latter will drive her out of the kitchen when she comes there to see that the food is cleanly handled and that the family is not poisoned. How often does one hear of a cook boast that she reigns supreme in the basement, and that she would like to see the lady of the house dictate to her or interfere with the menage at all. A tyrannical servant girl is the curse of a good tempered housewife's life. The former causes the latter many an hour of chagrin and misery. If ladies would only take the government in their hands at the start they would find themselves happier and of more account in the kitchen afterward.

* * *

Ladies are content to endure a great deal of misery for mere fashion's sake at all times, but never is their fortitude more rudely tested than in the summer. Then they are fashion's slaves indeed. They wear tightly-laced corsets, closely-fitting dresses, laces, ribbons, crimps, bangles, high-heeled boots and all that custom prescribes for the female form divine. It is a great pity that the dear creatures feel it incumbent upon themselves to ill-treat their bodies thus just because Mrs. Grundy or Worth has so ordained. If girls would only exercise their freedom in this direction half as much as they do in others it would be better for them.

THE CONSISTENCY OF MR. J. ICK EVANS.

TO THE WORLD: It seems Mr. J. Ick Evans covets an enquiry into his political consistency. I shall therefore have to gratify him. Had he done as he told me he intended to do his name would not have to appear in this controversy, but his inconsistency is so marked that it cannot be overlooked. He professes to be the spokesman for the working classes and as such was placed over the tory amphitheatre by Sir John, assisted by Mr. Boyle.

Now I suppose he will remember the month of January, 1881, and his attendances and utterances at meetings, respecting the north west syndicate in that month. He attended the preliminary meeting to denounce it, held at Albert hall on the 11th day of January, 1881, when some twenty conservatives and national policy men were present with the view of holding a larger meeting to denounce the syndicate bargain of Sir John A. Macdonald. He there spoke bitterly against it. The same night Mr. Phipps attended a large meeting at Richmond Hill and denounced the syndicate in very bitter words.

The Albert hall meeting was adjourned to Thursday the 13th January, 1881. At that meeting many of our influential conservatives were present, some against and some for the syndicate bargain, and I was elected as chairman. Messrs. Reynolds, E. Meek, T. Blackstock, J. A. Protor, A. P. Macdonald, J. Ick Evans, J. Livingston, Mr. Flint, S. H. Clarke, Mr. Bansley, Mr. Finch, and Alderman Hallam were there. That meeting was adjourned for a week longer to meet at the St. Lawrence hall, under the mayor. Now at this meeting of the 13th Mr. J. Ick Evans used these words as reported in the Globe of that date and other papers. J. Ick Evans followed Alderman Hallam and said:

He was happy at being present and to have heard the discussion so far as it went. Mr. Livingston had given them some extraordinary statements, but the speaker who followed (Mr. Hallam) had given them an excellent speech.

"A searching scrutiny was required to find out all that was in the syndicate contract for the members of the opposition had not yet found out what was in that scheme. (Applause.) He would challenge any man to say that the syndicate contract contained one single clause favorable to the people of Canada! (Applause.) It was too one-sided. There was a very important point to which he would refer—after their trouble, expense and sacrifices made by his party after their amphitheatre; after all they had done where was their national policy. It was thrown to the winds in this contract They had none. (Applause.) The syndicate could not only bring in their goods duty free but in that they were specially favored above any body else. How could they again appeal to the confidence of the people of Canada. It greatly pained him to hear any weak reformer knock the brains out of the N. P. as if it were under the syndicate contract. Again the monopoly created was not only going to destroy the property of the Northwest but of the whole country. That was a feature he objected to in toto. All patriotic citizens should object to the people of the Northwest being subjected to actual slavery. (Applause.) Here we see the sentiments of a man in January, 1881, using the strongest language against Sir John's pet measure—the syndicate—a man now night after night advising our same citizens to support Sir John Macdonald, in Toronto—to support a man whom he then denounced—as wanting to inflict political slavery on the Northwest, and the very workingmen whom he advises now to support the iniquitous authors of this one-sided infamous syndicate measure, and the still meaner gerrymandering bill! Mr. Charles Bansley got up and spoke violently in favor of the syndicate, and again we find Mr. Ick Evans on his feet.

Mr. Evans arose and said that as another instance of the decay of the national policy a contract for scales had been given to the American firm of Fairbank & Co. without asking for a Canadian tender. Mr. Hallam whose speech was so approved of by Mr. Evans was very pointed. He said above allthings they should guard against monopoly. He concluded by saying that a monopoly was the most cruel and tyrannical thing in existence. They should petition and agitate until the rights of the country and Ontario were respected. He was glad to see there was a special paragraph in the speech of the (Ontario) Lieutenant Governor's speech in reference to the Canadian Pacific railway.

Mr. Richard Reynolds (as is usual with him) made a very vigorous and pointed speech, denouncing the syndicate. He (Hallam) said if the terms of the new syndicate offered to Sir John from Ontario were bona fide, Sir John would not dare refuse them. If the present government ratified the syndicate their fate was writ upon the wall. They would find that the conservatives who oppose the syndicate were their best friends after all.

He referred to the rates of freight likely to be charged by this monopoly if carried into effect, all of which has come true. With all of this Mr. Evans agreed and shouted his applause.

He afterwards did the same in my presence at the St. Lawrence hall. (See the Globe's and other papers of 13th and 14th January, 1881.) In the same paper the 14th January, 1881, I inserted a letter of my own against this syndicate, headed with the words the "Confederation Milch Cow," or Ontario milked for the benefit of the small provinces, and especially the Northwest, which Mr. Evans approved of. (See the Globe of January 14, 1881.

Then I find that among fifty gentlemen of Toronto interviewed by the Globe on the 19th December, 1880, Mr. Ick Evans was one, and he said:

The exemption of materials from duty (in this syndicate bargain) strikes at the very root of the national policy and I extremely regret that such a thing should occur under a government pledged to foster our native industries. The complete monopoly given to the railway is another very grave objection. I believe the exemption of the land under the syndicate to be a very great evil. There is no doubt the people settled on the land granted to the company will be mere slaves of the railroad. As the matter stands now, it is the Pacific scandal over again. Unless Ontario is secured in some way against the danger of discrimination in favor of the east, we shall be in a very disadvantageous position compared with Montreal.

See the Globe of 29th December, 1880. I have these papers in my office and will show them to any one wanting to see the originals. Mr. Evans was also with myself interviewed some six months ago by the Globe reporter, and he spoke in strong terms against the acts of the government.

Then I find that at a meeting of the Grand lodge of the workingmen's national union of Canada, in session on the 15th February, 1881, they passed a very strong resolution and sent it to Sir John A. Macdonald at Ottawa, thus:

"Resolved that this meeting considers that the Canada Pacific railway contract, ratified by the commons and now before the senate of Canada, will be a detriment and stumbling block to the future progress and development of this Dominion, and should not be considered binding on our people or their descendants: and further that we shall feel at liberty hereafter to select and support candidates pledged to secure the speedy resumption by our people of the Canada Pacific railway and all lands bartered away in large grants."

You will see this resolution inserted in a letter of mine in the Globe of March 19, 1881, and Mr. Evans, I think, gave it to me, or at all events approved of it at the time.

Now this is not all, but enough to convince anyone that my stand against the syndicate is right, at all events in the eyes of Mr. Evans. CHARLES DURAND.

Toronto, June 16, 1882.

LETTER FROM MR. O'KEEFE.

(To the Editor of the World.)

SIR,—On perusing the Globe of Saturday morning, I found a letter in answer to mine of 15th inst. to Mr. Hughes from Mr. John Scully, a late employee of the Ontario government, who, by the way, some time ago expressed great dissatisfaction at the manner in which he had been treated by them, but who has, I presume, been lately "fixed."

This young man has given me an excellent opportunity of exposing one of the grossest outrages ever perpetrated, not only on the brewers, but also on the farmers of this country, by the Mackenzie government, viz., the imposition of a double duty on malt, making it 72 cents per bushel, while the average price of barley for a great portion of the time was 60 cents per bushel, and this tax lasted from the 21st February, 1877, to the 18th March, 1879, when the duty was brought back to the original figure, 36 cents per bushel. The effect of this legislation was to reduce the consumption of malt beverages and to increase to a great extent that of whiskey, the brewers barely producing what was required without pushing their trade in the country. During this period American corn, nineteen-twentieths of which is used in the manufacture of spirits and whiskey, was admitted into Canada duty free, while the excise duty on it was left unchanged.

Under these circumstances, the brewers lost heavily, and many of them would have had to abandon their business altogether or transfer it to the United States had the tax not been reduced. Barley being the leading cereal of the country for many years, the farmers also lost heavily by the imposition of this tax, it being higher than in any other country in the world. The small demand here left them to the tender mercies of American brewers and maltsters.

A deputation of Canadian brewers and malsters from all parts of the Dominion, the largest and most influential in this line that ever waited on the government before, or since, presented their grievances to Sir R. Cartwright at Ottawa, when that heaven-born-fly-on-the-wheel financier promised to refer the matter to the government; and that was the last we ever heard of it. But when they came up for re-election in 1878, those farmers and brewers played an important part in relegating them to the cool shades of opposition, a position they will occupy for the remainder of the present century at least.

I have done with Mr. Scully, and have to thank him for having given me an opportunity of exposing this gross outrage.

As to Mr. Hughes' reply to my last letter, I think his private secretary, who runs the letter-writing part of the business for him, has acted most unwisely in penning such a document. He starts off—in referring to the meeting in Albert hall—by stating that 1000 circulars were sent indiscriminately from the voters' list, and that the attendance comprised a much greater number. We might assume from this that he would claim 1500. Now, anyone who has ever been in this hall knows that if packed to the door it would not hold 500. I have taken particular pains to ascertain as near as possible, the actual number present, and 300 is the highest figure given. This report, like that of the meeting published in the Globe, is evidently intended for the country, where there is no means of refuting it. I repeat again that this meeting was not fairly called, and that none but those in harmony with the Blake-Mackenzie government were invited. Might I take the liberty of asking Mr. Hughes how my name could not be found in the voters' list? I certainly pay taxes, and I know that I am assessed in seven different places in the city, and in no case does the significant word "disqualified" appear opposite my name. Can Mr. Hughes say as much? I rather think not.

To follow Mr. Hughes' silly twaddle would occupy too much of your valuable space, and I shall therefore be as brief as possible. He accuses me of incousistency, &c., &c. Now, sir, I defy him or any other man in Canada to justify such a charge. I once supported Mr. O'Donohoe in East Toronto, and the late Mr. Wilkes in Centre, but my support of both was open and manly, and according to my convictions at the time; and I beg to say that long before the malt tax, which he refers to, was thought of, I discovered the hallowness of the grits, and returned to the only party fit to rule the country—the liberal conservatives. Where, pray, Mr. Hughes, does the inconsistency you prate about come in?

Now, sir, we will consider Mr. Hughes' consistency. We find him in 1878 most anxious to be the standard-bearer for his grit friends in West Toronto, but they could not see it. Next he is found rapping at the door of the conservative camp, prepared to do battle on their side, but they knew him too well, and declined his services. Not to be foiled, he started for Niagara, hoping to secure a seat there, and I must say that he attempted to elevate the standard in that constituency in a manner never before attempted. By his own showing he dropped from $15,000 to $17,000, was disfranchised for eight years, and came mighty near getting into serious trouble at the subsequent trial at Osgoode hall.

Now, sir, we come to the latest dodge. Finding that, through practices not usually considered O. K., he is deprived of the power of voting for the next four years, he lately—within four months—made overtures to friends of Sir John, promising them to remain neutral in this contest, and in fact would go further, and support Sir John, provided he could give him a coat of whitewash, and relieve him from his present disability; but those black spots were found to be indelible, and the operation could not be attempted, so my friend Hughes will have to chew the bitter cud of disappointment for the next four years at least.

In conclusion, I am happy to be able to say, and there will be no difficulty in proving the fact if necessary, that it will not require the "electric machine" he speaks of to place me in a representative position. Two constituencies were at my disposal not many weeks since, and both were declined, as I had no desire to enter parliament, at least for some time to come; but should I ever feel disposed to do so, Mr. Hughes may rest assured that his "battery" will not be required to land me there.

E. O'KEEFE.

"PICTURESQUE CANADA."

TO THE WORLD: I wish to correct the statement which appeared in your issue of yesterday, to the effect that Belden Bros. had a quantity of stereotype plates of Picturesque Canada destroyed in Saturday's fire at Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co's. We never use stereos, but electros, and these are always kept in our fire-proof vault, except when in form on the presses. All we have lost consist of printed sheets, the replacing of which will principally require night work in the press-room, until the editions broken in upon are re-completed. This will not in any way interfere with the progress of the work, or its delivery to subscribers as the above statement in your article might lead to be inferred.

V. V. ASHFORD, Man. Art Pub. Co.

—TO ALL STRIKERS.—Strikers would do well to consider Guinane's liberal offer before going elsewhere. They are in sympathy with the present movement, and to show that they are they agree to supply from their splendid assortment—the largest in the city—of boots and shoes, trunks and valices, any goods strikers need at actual wholesale prices, which they will guarantee is 25 per cent below the retail price. Need we say Guinane's immense boot and shoe emporium is at 215 Yonge street, three doors south of Albert. 246

ELECTION NOTICES

VOTE FOR

BEATY.

TO THE ELECTORS OF WEST TORONTO,

RALLY

To the electors of

Good Government, the National Policy, Prosperity and Surpluses, and Just Rights of Ontario.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

East Toronto Election

LIBERAL CONSERVATISM.

POLICY:

PROTECTION

CANDIDATE:

JOHN SMALL.

ELECTORS OF EAST TORONTO.

The paramount issue you and the other electors of the Dominion are now called upon to decide is

"THE NATIONAL POLICY."

Be not deceived by side issues that opponents to this policy are attempting to raise at the pending elections.

If you feel that it has benefitted the Dominion, and laid the foundation stone of our nationality record your vote in favor of

Your obedient servant,

JOHN SMALL.

East Toronto.

LIBERAL

Central Committee Rooms,

CORNER OF

KING & GEORGE STS.

THOMPSON and ONTARIO'S RIGHTS.

Support the Founders and True Friends of the National Policy.

CENTRE TORONTO.

Your Vote and Influence are respectfully Solicited for the Re-election of

ROBERT HAY,

As Member of the House of Commons for this Division.

56 12

PROTECT AND FOSTER HOME INDUSTRIES

VOTERS

FOR

EAST YORK.

Carriages will be in readiness to take Voters for

MR. BOULTBEE

from Toronto to Riverside, Norway and Todmorden at the Clyde Hotel, King St. east, and to Yorkville at Best's Hotel, Yonge Street.

ELECTION NOTICES.

Your Vote and Interest

ARE REQUESTED FOR

J. D. EDGAR,

The Liberal Candidate for

CENTRE TORONTO.

Polling Day, 20th June, 1882.

VOTE FOR EDGAR

IN FAVOR of Provincial Rights, Reduced Taxation upon the prime necessaries of life and upon the raw material for manufactures

AGAINST the robbing Ontario of her Territory and Timber, and against the infamous Gerrymandering Act!! 612

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

INTERNATIONAL

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

CANADIAN DEPARTMENT.

OFFICES:

112½ King Street West,

TORONTO, ONTARIO.

WITH ITS ASSOCIATE OFFICES IN ALL important cities is now open and prepared to furnish employers with competent assistants in every branch of business and profession, and all persons with situations and employment. Principal U. S. Branch Offices: New York, Buffalo, Detroit Chicago, St. Louis. Call and see us or send circular.

INTERNATIONAL EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

112½ King Street, West.

2 Toronto, Ontario

WINNIPEG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MANITOBA! MANITOBA! MANITOBA

SCOTT, BROWN & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Correspondence solicited. Office: 241 Main street, Winnipeg, Man. P.O. address, box No. 3, Winnipeg.

MANITOBA!

The undersigned will be pleased to attend to the purchase and sale of property in Manitoba and the Northwest. Correspondence solicited and promptly answered.

JAMES AUSTIN,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

346 Main Street, Winnipeg.

GEORGE B. ELLIOTT & CO.,

Valuators and Investors.

WEST LYNNE MANITOBA.

Correct and Confidental Valuations made of all property in Southern Manitoba towns and villages, and of farm property in Southern Manitoba.

Confidental Reports furnished owners and intending investors.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Eight years in Red River country. Correspondence solicited Charges moderate. tf

MERCHANT TAILORS

JOSEPH DIMBLEBY

MERCHANT TAILOR,

221 QUEEN STREET WEST

TORONTO. b

WHY GO

TO

KING STREET MERCHANTS

FOR YOUR

ORDERED CLOTHING

when you can get equally as good for one-third less money at

R. BALDIE'S,

19 ADELAIDE STREET EAST.

Fourteen years experience in first-class houses of this city, New York and Boston. 4 6 2.

SAMUEL FRISBY,

SCIENTIFIC TROWSER MAKER,

249 YONGE ST.

West of England Goods—Latest Styles. 246

PHOTOGRAPHING & FINE ARTS

$1,200 Worth of Light $1,200

ELECTRIC LIGHT

PHOTO. GALLERY.

The First and only one yet in Canada will be Open every Evening, Sunday Excepted.

DIXON,

Photographer,

KING AND YONGE Sts. Toronto

STEAMERS.

NIAGARA NAVIGATION CO.

Palace Steamer

CHICORA,

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 22nd May.

The steamer Chicora will leave Yonge street wharf daily at 7 a.m. for Niagara and Lewiston, making close connection with New York Central and Canada Southern railways.

Tickets and all information at W. R. Gallaway, 20 King street west, and 25 York street, and Barlow Cumberland, 35 Yonge street, and 24 York street.

LORNE PARK

Is now opened for the Season.

The subscribers having leased this magnificent Park and Summer Resort, and gone to great expense in beautifying the grounds, have now secured the services of the fast sailing steamer

"RUPERT."

First excursion on Saturday at 2.30, after which two trips will be made daily at 10 and 2.30, calling at Queen's wharf each way.

Fare for the round trip 25 cents.

WM. LENNOX & Co.

The Palace Excursion Steamer,

EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Leaves Custom House Wharf, calling at the Queen's Wharf for

Grimsby Camp Ground. Fare 50c; children 25c. } Every Tuesday and Friday, at 9 a.m.; returning, leave at 4 p.m.

OAKVILLE. Fare 25cts; children 15cts. } Thursday and Saturday, at 2 p.m.; returning leave at 6 p.m.

COMPLIMENTARY EXCURSION

On Thursday 22nd of June.

To former Ticket holders. Tickets can be had at office. Season tickets for sale.

E. H. VANDUSEN, Captain. C. J. McCUAIG, Manager.

HANLAN'S POINT.

THE STEAMER

JESSIE McEDWARDS

WILL LEAVE

MOWAT'S WHARF

Every Half Hour for

HANLAN'S POINT.

CAPTAIN TYMON. 25

MILLINERY.

To Her Royal Highness

PRINCESS LOUISE!

Continued from Thursday, 11th, till May 23rd inclusive,

GRAND SPRING SHOW

OF

MILLINERY,

Feathers, Flowers and

FANCY GOODS,

In Her New Store, 251 Yonge Street,

OPPOSITE TRINITY SQUARE, TORONTO.

MISS STEVENS,

Mourning a Specialty.

AUCTIONEER

AUCTION CIRCULAR.

PETER RYAN,

(Successor to Sutherland & Co.

Financial Agent, Trade Auctioneer and Commission Merchant.

29 Front street West, Toronto.

Arrangements have been made which will enable me to extend the business to which I have succeeded by undertaking in addition to the

Ordinary Trade Sales

Sales by Auction of Every Description of Property and Effects.

TRUSTEES, AGENTS, AND OWNERS OF

REAL ESTATE

having the same to sell by auction will have their property well placed on the market, the sales well conducted, and a moderate scale of charges.

Bank and railway shares and bonds, municipal debentures, mining, building and loan society stocks manufacturing company's shares, vessel property, machinery, and plant of every description sold by auction at any time or place.

PETER RYAN.

Trade Auctioneer and Financial Agent.

HAIR GOODS

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

—OF THE—

PARIS HAIR WORKS,

105 Yonge Street, Toronto,

Mr. and Mrs. Dorenwend have returned from New York and Boston with a large and fashionable stock of the latest NOVELTIES of Hair and Fancy Hair Goods.

TEMPORARY STORE, to be opened at

77 YONGE STREET

Until the old premises, 105 YONGE STREET, are getting re-fitted. I invite the public, especially the LADIES, to inspect my goods which is by far the largest and choicest stock in these lines ever presented to the public in Canada.

A. DORENWEND.

ODORLESS EXCAVATORS.

WM. BERRY,

ODORLESS EXCAVATOR

AND CONTRACTOR,

Residence, 151 Lumley Street; Victoria Street, Toronto.

Night soil removed from all parts of the city at reasonable rates. 246

TEAMERS.

NAVIGATION CO.

ce Steamer

CORA,

ARRANGEMENT.

Monday, 22nd May.

icora will leave Yonge street a.m. for Niagara and Lewiston, nection with New York Central rn railways.
information at W. R. Gallaway, t, and 25 York street, and Barlow onge street, and 24 York street.

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Saturday at 2.30, after which ade daily at 10 and 2.30, calling at way.

round trip 25 cents.

M. LENNOX & Co.

Excursion Steamer,

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up } Every Tuesday and Friday, at 9 a.m.; returning, leave at 4 p.m.

en } Thursday and Saturday, at 2 p.m.; returning leave at 6 p.m.

TARY EXCURSION

day 22nd of June.

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C. J. McCUAIG, in. Manager.

N'S POINT.

E STEAMER

McEDWARDS

ILL LEAVE

'S WHARF

Half Hour for

N'S POINT.

25

IN TYMON.

ILLINERY.

Royal Highness

SS LOUISE!

Thursday, 11th and 13th May d including

PRING SHOW

OF

LINERY,

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Store, 251 Yonge Street,

TY SQUARE, TORONTO.

S STEVENS,

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Sutherland & Co.

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Trade Sales

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NTS, AND OWNERS OF

ESTATE

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hares and bonds, municipal uilding and loan society stocks, y's shares, vessel property, f every description sold by place.

R RYAN.

r and Financial Agent.

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THE PUBLIC

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AIR WORKS,

Street, Toronto,

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TORE, to be opened at

E STREET

15 YONGE STREET, are ite the public, especially the goods which is by far the ock in these lines ever pre- Canada.

ENWEND.

EXCAVATORS.

BERRY,

EXCAVATOR

TORONTO,

rley Street;

rt, Toronto,

from all parts of the city

24

AROUND THE WORLD.

.....Illinois has two thousand convicts in its stone jugs.

....The first ship that sprung a leek wasn't called "The Onion."

....Danbury, Conn., boasts of the largest peach orchard in New England.

.....There are 23,000 public school teachers in Illinois, who instruct about 1,000,000 pupils.

.....Erie, Penn., averages a dozen divorce suits per week; at least that was last week's average.

.....A wag suggested that a suitable opening for many choirs would be, "Lord have mercy on us miserable singers.

.....The Chicago lumber trade employs 2000 sailors who man the vessels that freight the lumber, and 1000 men unload the vessels.

....The English National union for improving the education of women has established twenty-four high schools for girls in and about London.

.....San Jose, Cal., has just put up a brush light on a mast 260 feet high, made of gas pipe, and has been able to do without one-third of its street gas lamps.

.....The pilgrimage of the duke and duchess of Norfolk to our lady of Lourdes has not, the English Weekly Register regrets to learn, resulted in any radical improvement in the health of the infant earl of Arundel and Surrey.

.....An eminent local naturalist has made the discovery that the swallows of San Jose, Cal., are faithful observers of the Sunday law, remaining mostly within doors on Sunday and abstaining wholly from the work of nest building.

.....There are 1000 charitable institutions in London, with an aggregate income of no less than £4,121,546. Of these eighty-two are hospitals and forty-seven dispensaries, the united yearly receipts of which reach the total of £537,000, or about one-eighth of the whole.

....The new hotel de ville in Paris will be opened on July 14. A grand banquet of 450 covers will be given in the hall of state. The diplomatic corps, the municipality and government bodies, and the mayors of the chief French and foreign towns, including the burgomaster of Berlin, have been invited.

....The annual summary of British contributions to missionary societies is as follows: Church of England foreign missions, $2,329,080; churchmen and nonconformist societies, $885,370; English and Welsh nonconformists, $1,521,565; Scotch and Irish Presbyterians, $654,875. Total, $5,310,950.

....The municipal council of Lyons has resolved to withdraw the subsidy usually granted to the Lyons opera house. Political motives seem to have been at the bottom of this decision, the immediate effect of which will probably be that opera will be banished from the city and a large number of luckless creatures who depended on it for a living will be ruined.

....The beautiful marble bust of Pop Pius IX., which has recently been finished by the French sculptor, Megret, and which has been greatly admired by the visitors who flocked to see it, has just been purchased by Leo XIII., and placed in the Immaculate Conception hall of the vatican. The bust is considered a very striking likeness of the deceased pontiff.

.....It is only within ten years that the Australian kea (night parrot) has become carnivorous, and now the whole race seems to have abjured vegetables for the mutton. On a single sheep station 200 fine wethers out of a flock of 300 have been so injured that all died, and on another run nineteen out of twenty valuable rams were killed. Four per cent is the general average of loss.

....The Chinamen of New York have instituted a masonic lodge. On several occasions members of the Chinese lodge have sought to fraternize with members of other masonic lodges, but on every occasion have been repulsed. The Chinamen were considered members of a clandestine lodge, and, as such, not worthy of notice. The Chinese lodge is less than two years old, but it now has 308 members.

....An extraordinary tricycle journey has been accomplished by the vice-president of the Lyons bicycle club, accompanied by his wife, on a two-seated machine. The travellers went from Lyons, through Nice, Genoa, and Rome, to Naples, returning via Florence and Turin, the whole journey representing a distance of some 2300 miles, being accomplished at an average of about fifty to sixty miles a day on the road.

....The late Dr. John F. Gray, America's pioneer homœopathist, once gave to a poor sewing girl who came to him for advice a vial of medicine, and told her to go home, take the dose and go to bed. She replied that she could not do so, as she was dependent on her daily earning for a living. "Then," said he, "I'll have to change the medicine a little." Taking back the vial, he wrapped it in a ten-dollar bill, and returning it to her repeated the order: "Go home and go to bed, and take the medicine, wrapper and all."

.....A rich soil—"How is the soil of Kansas?" asked one of the group, as the traveller paused. "Richest in the world, sir?" was the reply. "I know a New York state man who went to Kansas seven years ago with only $15 in cash and he is now worth $40,000." "Whew! What did he raise principally?" "I believe it was a check sir, but they couldn't exactly prove it on him! Think of a soil that will raise a bank check for $100 to $10,000, and in a backward season at that!"

.... The Princess Bolgorouki will never again enter Russia, because she fears the nihilists would lay hold upon her son and proclaim him czar in opposition to Alexander III. Such a movement might, it is thought, meet with some success, as the family of Dolgorouki is far more ancient and noble than that of Romanoff; and it is, moreover purely Russian, while the latter is partly Teutonic. The princess is now at Nice, and her old home, at Ems, has recently been tenanted by the ex-Empress Eugenie.

....The public parks in London, maintained by the Metropolitan board of works, not including the royal parks and a few open spaces on the outskirts of the metropolis, contain 1676¾ acres, distributed as follows: Finsbury park 115 acres; Southwark park, 63; gardens on the Victoria, Albert and Chelsea embankments, and in Leicester square, 14; Blackheath, 276; Hamstead Health, 240; Shepherd's bush commons, 8; London fields, 27; Hackney downs, 50; Well street common, 39; North mill field, 29; South mill field, 28; Clapton common, 9¼; Stoke Newington common, 5½; waste land at Dalston lane and Grove street, Hackney, 1; Tooting Beck common, 144; Tooting Graveney common, 63; Clapham common, 220; Bostall health, 55; Plumstead common, 110; Should-of-Mutton green, 4; Wormwood Scrubs, 194.

Co-Operation in England.

A co-operative conference has within a few days been sitting at the ancient and historical city of Oxford, at which the central board presented its report. This document stated that the progress of the co-operative associations during the past year had been very gratifying. At the present time in Great Britain there are 1189 retail distributive societies, with 573,000 members, a share capital of £5,747,907, and a loan capital of £1,496,143. The last year's sales amounted in the aggregate to £20,365,602, and the profits to £1,649,514. The charges for the same period amounted to £1528,758 and the stocks which the societies held were turned over seven or eight times. The English wholesale society, with which societies representing upwards of half a million members are associated, had since its establishment nineteen years ago, done a total trade of £28,670,873, and made a profit of £349,120. Its annual trade now amounts to nearly £4,000,000 and its expenses are about 3¼d. in the pound on the business done. The report was adopted, and a resolution passed instructing the central board during the present year to set aside a sum specially, and to devote special official attention to promote the work suggested in aid of co-operative production.

In Paris the Gay.

A former Toronto artist writing from Paris says: This is a delightful city to live in of course. Everything beautiful and refined in the way of art and so forth. Socially of course it is a kind of exile; however, the perfect freedom of the happy land of Bohemia makes up for a time. One great art excitement of the year, the salon, is open now. I have a picture there so as exhibitors are free of the place, I lounge in during spare hours, and besides the pictures find it is of course a great pleasure to look at the best dressed and most handsome people from all parts of the world. The weather is getting hot here and all the artists are getting ready to start for the country. In the evenings now it is quite charming to saunter along the boulevards and see the people enjoying themselves. The American element comes out very strong. American drinks are advertised in all the large cafes and many of the newspaper kiosques have the Police News hung up as a sample of the favorite of the man of les etats-unis. I have a studie looking towards Montmartre close to the rumble of the great north boulevards.

The Pulse.

Every person should know how to ascertain the state of the pulse in health; then by comparing it when he is ailing, he may have some idea of the urgency of his case. Parents should know the health pulse of each child, as now and then a person is born with a peculiarly slow or fast pulse, and the very case in hand may be of that peculiarity. An infant's pulse is 140, a child of 7 about 80, and from 20 to 60 years is 70 beats a minute, declining to 60 at four-score. A healthy grown person's pulse beats 70 times a minute. There may be good health down to 60, but if the pulse always exceeds 70 there is a disease, the machine is working itself out; there is a fever of inflammation somewhere, and the body is feeding on itself; as in consumption, when the pulse is quick, that is over 70, gradually increasing, with decreased chances of cure, until it reaches 110 to 120, when death comes before many days.

A Mountain Walk in British Columbia.

Where flows the Fraser, in the West,—
Amid Columbia's valleys blest,—
Two rustic youths walk forth to seek
The summit of a Cascade peak.

When up the mountain high they go,
They see the vale down far below;
As they keep on with slower tread,
Its beauties lie before them spread.

While they ascend this lofty track,
They reach the brow of Chilliwhack,
And from its verge may well be seen
The rolling prairie clothed in green.

Lying within the Cascade Mountains,
It is bedecked with silvery fountains;
On either side foaming white cascades,
Leaping and roaring down the glades.

When to the east their gaze they turn,
Old Tommy High they well discern,
A snow-clad cone whose rocky breast
Towers above all others' crest.

At length the highest point is gained,
Ambition's goal is now attained,
The plain is all within their sight,
Their souls are filled with keen delight.

Five miles away, and further still,
They see the farms their neighbors till,
Catch glimpses of wood, and dell, and stream,
O'er which the sunbeams brightly gleam.

But now their eyes new vision take,
They see the crystal Sumas lake—
A pearl above the fairest gem,
Set in costliest diadem.

The beauty of that view, I ween,
Surpasses every other scene,
As Cheam Peak in its greatest height,
Is far above you hillock bright.

As now towards home their steps they tread,
To heaven their thankful thoughts ascend,
And bless the loving Father's hand,
Which made for them this scenery grand.

— Victoria Standard.

—The associate editor of the Delaware Co. Republican, Horace R. Dick, Esq., Chester, Pa., was cured by St. Jacob's Oil of very severe injuries resulting from a fall. His arm appeared to be paralyzed, but the Oil cured him.

—THE INTERNATIONAL THROAT AND LUNG INSTITUTE, 75 Yonge street, corner of King, Toronto. A body of French and English physicians are in charge. Great reformation in medical science. The spirometer, the wonderful invention of Dr. M. Souvielle of Montreal, and ex-aide surgeon of the French army, which conveys medical properties direct to the seat of the disease, has been proved in the leading hospitals of Europe to be indispensable for the cure of catarrh, catarrhal deafness, bronchitis, asthma and lung disease. Dr. Souvielle and a body of English and French surgeons and physicians are in charge of this most scientific institution on this continent. We wish country practitioners who have not had sufficient practise to distinguish the different forms of lung disease to bring their patients to our institute, and we will give them free advice. This institute has been organized by this body of scientific men to place Canada in a position to compete on scientific views with any part of Europe, and to protect the people from the hands of insignificant men. Dr. Sonvielle's spirometer and its preparations were invented after long and careful experiments in chemical analysis and used in hundreds of cases to prove its effects. He has the sole right in France, England, the United States and Canada. Last year over 1000 letters of thanks were received from all parts of Europe, Canada and America for the wonderful cures performed by the Spirometer. Hundreds of the leading people of this country given as references. Write or call at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 75 Yonge street, corner of King, Toronto, and you will be received by either of the surgeons. Consultations free to physicians and sufferers. Call or write enclosing stamp for pamphlets giving full particulars free. 135

—Those in search of the latest novelties in photography should pay a visit to the establishment of J. H. Lemaitre & Co., 324 Yonge street, two doors north of Edward. Their extra rapid process is a perfect success and so quick in its action as to produce in the dullest weather, negative of the highest delicacy and quality. Cabinets $3 per dozen; tablets $5 per dozen. 13

MONEY AND TRADE.

W. W. FARLEY. WM. MARA

FARLEY & MARA,

26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO.

Stock Brokers,

MEMBERS OF THE TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE

and Chicago Board of Trade.

Buy and sell Canadian and New York Stocks. Also Grain and Provisions on the Chicago Board of Trade, for cash or on margin.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, June 19.—Montreal 210 and 210, transactions 30 at 209¾, 50, 20 at 210, Ontario 128 and 127, transactions, 3, 3 at 127½, Toronto 182¾ and 182, transactions 15 at 181½, 25 at 181¾, 10 at 182, Merchants 128¼ and 128, transactions, 25 at 128½, 10 at 128, 15 at 128¼, Commerce xd., 145½ and 144½, Imperial xd., 136 and 135, Federal 158¼ and 158, transactions 10, at 159, 10, 10 at 158½, Dominion 193 and 192½, transactions 150, 10 at 193½, 177, 100, 23 at 193¾, 20 193, Standard buyers 112, Hamilton sellers 124, Hamilton, 50 per cent, sellers 118, Western Assurance 184 and 181½, Consumers' Gas 152 and 151½ Dominion Telegraph Company 98 and 95, Montreal Telegraph Company sellers 134, Canada Permanent sellers 238, transactions, 5 at 236½, Union, 136 and 133½, Canada Landed Credit buyers 126, Building and Loan Association buyers 107 Imperial S. & Invest company, xd, 111 and 108½, London and Canadian Loan and Association, sellers 138½, National Investment Association 110 and 109. The Land Security company sellers 146, Manitoba Loan buyers 122, xd, London Loan buyers 116, Hamilton Provident, sellers, 135, Brant Loan & Savings Society, buyers 107, British Canadian Loan and Investment, buyers 107, Ontario etc., 140 and 135½.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, June 19.—Banks—Montreal 210½ and 209¾, Ontario 128½ and 127, Molson's Bank asked 129, Bank of Toronto 183 and 182, sales 25 at 183, Merchants Bank 129 and 128¼, Union Bank asked 99, Bank of Commerce 145 and 144¾, Montreal Telegraph Company 133¾ and 133½, Dominion Telegraph Company 100 and 95, Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company 74½ and 73½, City Passenger Railway 147½ and 146¾, Montreal Gas Company 167½ and 164¾, Canada Cotton Company asked 145, Ontario Investment 138 and 134, St. Paul M & M 135 and 134, sales 50 at 134.

E. STRACHAN COX

STOCK BROKER,

No. 86 King St. East, Toronto,

Buys and sells Canadian and American Stocks strictly on Commission.

Also represents the Grain and Provision House of Messrs. D. R. Denton & Co., Chicago, through whom orders are executed on the Board of Trade either for cash or on margin.

Receives telegraph quotations of the New York, Chicago and Montreal markets, daily reports and financial papers.

Cheese Market.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y., June 19.—The cheese market is dull, 8030 boxes of factory sold at 10c to 11c; 750 boxes of farm dairy at 10c to 10¾c; 65 packages of butter at 23c to 27c.

UTICA, June 19.—Cheese: 2100 boxes sold at 10¾c; 540 at 10¾c; 1050 boxes were consigned.

Grain and Produce.

TORONTO, June 19.—CALL BOARD.—A car load of oats to arrive sold at 48c. Wheat steady, with a bid of $1 28 for a few cars of No 2 fall.

The street market to day was quiet, there being no receipts of grain, and prices nominal. Hay quiet, with receipts of eight loads only, and prices steady at $15 to $15 50 for timothy. Some three loads of straw offered, two of which were loose and sold at $6, and the other bundled at $8. Butter and eggs rather easier. We quote:—

Wheat, fall	$1 24 to $1 25	Apples, brl	3 00 to 5 00
do spring	1 30 to 1 35	Lettuce doz	20 to 0 30
do goose	1 06 to 1 07	Rhubarb dz	0 20 to 0 25
Barley	0 62 to 0 65	Radishes	0 30 to 0 40
Oats	0 48 to 0 49	Asparagus doz	25 to 0 35
Peas	0 80 to 0 85	Beans, bu	3 00 to 3 20
Rye	0 77 to 0 82	Onions, doz	0 10 to 0 15
Clover seed	4 90 to 5 10	Cauliff'r, doz	0 60 to 0 00
Timo'y hd qrs	11 00 to 12 00	Chickens, pair	0 30 to 0 50
do fre qrs	9 00 to 10 00	Fowls, pair	0 60 to 0 75
Mutton	10 50 to 12 00	Ducks, brace	0 00 to 0 00
" carc	0 00 to 0 00	Geese	0 00 to 0 00
Lamb	13 00 to 14 00	Turkeys	1 00 to 2 00
Veal	8 50 to 10 00	Butter, lb. rlls	0 18 to 0 20
Hogs, 100 lbs	9 50 to 10 00	do dairy	0 14 to 0 17
Beets, bag	0 70 to 0 80	Eggs, fresh	0 17 to 0 19
Carrots, bag	0 60 to 0 70	Wool, per lb	0 19 to 0 29
Parsnips, bg	0 75 to 1 00	Hay	12 00 to 16 00
Potatoes, bg	1 50 to 1 75	Straw	8 50 to 9 00

MONTREAL, June 19.—Flour—Receipts 1700 brls, sales 300 brls. Market quiet, steady, at unchanged rates, sales 100 brls medium bakers' at $6 25; 100 brls strong bakers' at $6 50; 200 brls fine bakers' at $4 75; 200 American sack strong bakers' at $7 35 per 196 lbs; 250 Ontario bags at $2 85. Quotations—Flour—Superior $6 30, extra $6 00; spring extra $6 00; superfine $5 60; strong bakers' $8 00; fine $5 00; middlings $4 00; pollards $3 75; Ontario bags $3 00; city bags $3 90; wheat red $1 40; white $1 34; spring $1 38; corn 95c; peas per 60 lbs, 99c; oats 43c; barley 70c; rye 90c; oatmeal $5 25; cornmeal $4; butter western 16c to 18c; eastern township 18c to 22c; Brockville and Morrisburg 18c to 21c; creamery 15c to 17c; cheese 10c to 11c; pork $22 to $23; lard $14 to $16; bacon 13c to 14c; hams 13c to 15c; ashes, pots $5 10 to $5 20; pearls nominal.

LIVERPOOL, June 19.—Flour 10s to 12s 6d; spring wheat 9s to 10s, red winter 9s 9d to 10s 3d, white 9s 7d to 9s 9d, club 9s 9d to 10s 2d, corn new, 9s 1d, oats 6s 6d, barley 5s 2d; peas 6s 8d, pork 87s, 6d, lard 59s, 0d, bacon 58s 6d to 62s 5d, tallow 43s 9d, cheese 58s.

BEERBOHM SAYS:—"London, June 19.—Floating cargoes—Wheat and maize steady. Cargoes on passage—Wheat and maize quiet and steady. Mark Lane—wheat and maize quiet, and dull, and stream, O'er which the sunbeams brightly gleam.

But now their eyes new vision take,
They see the crystal Sumas lake—
A pearl above the fairest gem,
Set in costliest diadem.

The beauty of that view, I ween,
Surpasses every other scene,
As Cheam Peak in its greatest height,
Is far above you hillock bright.

As now towards home their steps they tread,
To heaven their thankful thoughts ascend,
And bless the loving Father's hand,
Which made for them this scenery grand.

— Victoria Standard.

—The associate editor of the Delaware Co. Republican, Horace R. Dick, Esq., Chester, Pa., was cured by St. Jacob's Oil of very severe injuries resulting from a fall. His arm appeared to be paralyzed, but the Oil cured him.

—THE INTERNATIONAL THROAT AND LUNG INSTITUTE, 75 Yonge street, corner of King, Toronto. A body of French and English physicians are in charge. Great reformation in medical science. The spirometer, the wonderful invention of Dr. M. Souvielle of Montreal, and ex-aide surgeon of the French army, which conveys medical properties direct to the seat of the disease, has been proved in the leading hospitals of Europe to be indispensable for the cure of catarrh, catarrhal deafness, bronchitis, asthma and lung disease. Dr. Souvielle and a body of English and French surgeons and physicians are in charge of this most scientific institution on this continent. We wish country practitioners who have not had sufficient practise to distinguish the different forms of lung disease to bring their patients to our institute, and we will give them free advice. This institute has been organized by this body of scientific men to place Canada in a position to compete on scientific views with any part of Europe, and to protect the people from the hands of insignificant men. Dr. Sonvielle's spirometer and its preparations were invented after long and careful experiments in chemical analysis and used in hundreds of cases to prove its effects. He has the sole right in France, England, the United States and Canada. Last year over 1000 letters of thanks were received from all parts of Europe, Canada and America for the wonderful cures performed by the Spirometer. Hundreds of the leading people of this country given as references. Write or call at the International Throat and Lung Institute, 75 Yonge street, corner of King, Toronto, and you will be received by either of the surgeons. Consultations free to physicians and sufferers. Call or write enclosing stamp for pamphlets giving full particulars free. 135

—Those in search of the latest novelties in photography should pay a visit to the establishment of J. H. Lemaitre & Co., 324 Yonge street, two doors north of Edward. Their extra rapid process is a perfect success and so quick in its action as to produce in the dullest weather, negative of the highest delicacy and quality. Cabinets $3 per dozen; tablets $5 per dozen. 13

REST AND COMFORT TO THE SUFFERING

"Brown's Household Panacea," has no equal for relieving pain, both internal and external. It cures Pain in the Side, Back or Bowels, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Toothache, Lumbago, and any kind of a pain or ache. "It will most surely quicken the Blood and Heal, as its acting power is wonderful." "Brown's Household Panacea," being acknowledged as the great Pain Reliever, and of double the strength of any other Elixir or Liniment in the world, should be in every family handy for use when wanted, "as it really is the best remedy in the world for Cramps in the Stomach, and Pains and Aches of all kinds," and is for sale by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS! MOTHERS

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go and get a bottle of MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents bottle.

TOBACCOS, ETC.

V.T.C V.T.C V.T.C

TWIN-NAVY

The BIG 10CT PLUG of Pure Virginia Smoking Tobacco.

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will run via the line of

Credit Valley & Canada Southern Railways,

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June 6th and 21st for Fargo, Grand Forks Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, Brandon and all points Northwest. Freight shipments made weekly For rates, tickets and full information apply to

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Northwest Emigration, Real Estate, and Ticket agents, for Credit Valley and Canada Southern railways, 62 King-st. E, Toronto. 135

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125 YONGE STREET,

COOPER & MEEKING,

Shirt Makers and Importers of

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Finest assortment of Ties, Scarfs, &c., in the city. Underwear in newest material and color. Striped stocks, three pairs for one dollar. Dolphin Swimming Club suits. No old stock. Everything new.

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First Prize.)

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STEAM PRINTERS,

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THE TAYLOR PRINTING CO.

Removed to 92 King street East, (Haight's Book Store.)

J. Young Taylor (late with Bingham & Taylor, The Printers) MANAGER.

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230 King Street East,

All orders promptly attended to. New feather beds and pillows for sale; also a quantity of new mattrasses. CHEAP. 246

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HARRY WEBB

482 Yonge st., Toronto,

CATERER,

—AND—

Ornamental Confectioner!

Special attention given to supplying Weddings, Evening Parties, &c. A full supply of all requisites, including Cosaques, Silver Dishes, Centres, Cutlery, Table Linen, Table Napkins, &c, constantly on hand.

Wedding Cakes and Table Decorations

OUR SPECIALTIES. 36

TOBACCOS.

FRESH SUPPLIES

OF

LEMESURIER & SONS'

Dark and Bright Plug and Cut Plug Tobaccos. Also the Finest Brands of Snuffs are arriving daily at

ROBT. SHIELDS & CO.,

AGENTS FOR ONTARIO 135

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ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

TORONTO ARTIFICIAL LEG AND ARM CO.,

151 BAY ST., TORONTO,

Received the only medal and first prize for Artifical legs and arms in the Dominion of Canada for 1881.

Send for Circular.

RUPTURE CURED

BY four months' use of Charles Gluthe's Latest Spiral Truss. Patented in U. S. and Canada. POINTS OF EXCELLENCE: 1st, Weighs only one ounce. 2d, Perfect ventilation, air circulates freely under pad 3d, Constant pressure. In speaking the tongue acts as a valve in the mouth, which causes a corresponding pressure immediately on the hernia. The pad is so perfect that it instantly imitates the motion of the tongue when speaking. 4th, It will give to the slightest motion of the body. It is made of best brass, therefore rusting is impossible. The pad when pressed (as above shown) has a clamping pressure, the same as by placing the hand upon the ring, extending the thumb and drawing together. This truss is the result of a life's study and 18 years' material experience. Twenty-four thousand adjusted in the last seven years by the inventor. Recommended by leading physicians. I defy the rupture I cannot hold with ease. Spinal instruments, most improved. A new apparatus for straighten ing Club Feet, without cutting or pain. Send 6 ct. stamp for book on Rupture and the Human Frame (registered, by Chas. Gluthe), valuable information. Address

CHAS. GLUTHE, Surgical Machinist,

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ROSSIN HOUSE

IS THE LARGEST, COOLEST IN SUMMER Unequalled in Cleanliness, Best Ventilated, best Furnished, and the best managed Hotel in Canada Graduated Prices.

HENRY J. NOLAN, Chief Clerk. MARK H. IRISH Proprietor 135

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DISTRIBUTOR,

100 WOOD ST.

Orders left at Hill & Weir's will be promptly attended to.

BOATS.

SAIL BOATS! SAIL BOATS

I have now on hand a lot of sail boats (chaloupes 18 and 22 feet long, 2 feet 9 inches deep, 5 feet 6 inches broad. They are guaranteed safe and finished in galvanized iron. Address for price,

JEROME JACQUES,

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OLD DOLLY VARDEN.

CAPTAIN JACK

Has opened a fine Shaving Parlor for the west end

456 QUEEN STREET.

Near Denison Avenue. 135

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Private Medical Dispensary

(Established 1860), 27 GOULD STREET TORONTO, ONT. Dr. Andrews' Purificantia, Dr. Andrews' Female Pills, and all of Dr. A's celebrated remedies for private diseases, can be obtained at the Dispensary Circulars Free. All letters answered promptly, without charge, when stamp is inclosed. Communications confidential. Address R. J. Andrews, M.D., Toronto, Ont.

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SIMPSON'S

BOOTS AND SHOES

Always take the lead. Now on hand the finest lot of Ladies' Calf kid Button Boots in Toronto. These goods are all new and fresh, bought before the rise in calf skins, will be sold at prices unprecedented on Queen street. Warranted to wear 25 per cent better than any so-called French Kid Boots in the market.

LIS OF PRICES.

Ladies' Polish Calf Button Boots,	French heels and heavy plates	$2 50
do do do	do without plates	2 50
do do do	common sense heel	2 50
do do do	do do D½ last	2 50

All goods marked in plain figures. 135

SIMPSON'S,

68 QUEEN STREET WEST, COR. TERAULAY.

ICE.

Telephone Communication with Central Office.

DOMINION ICE DELIVERY!

C. BURNS, PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE: 320 KING-ST., EAST.

The Best Description of Pure Lake Simcoe Ice Supplied

HOTELS, STEAMBOATS, PRIVATE FAMILIES AND BUTCHERS,

Delivered punctually in all parts of the City at the following rates:

10 pounds per day	$1 50 per month	40 pounds per day	$3 50 per month.
15 " "	2 00 "	50 " "	4 00 "
20 " "	2 50 "	100 " "	7 00 "
30 " "	3 00 "	($3 00 per Ton at the Ice House.)	

The undersigned wishes to inform his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now on and the Largest Stock of Lake Simcoe Ice that has ever been procured by any firm in Toronto, and is prepared to supply all orders with which he may be favored, either by the carload, ton or in smaller quantities, at moderate charges C. BURNS, Prop'r, Dominion Ice Delivery, 320 King-st., east.

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STOVE, NUT, EGG, **6.50 PER TON**

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Corner Esplanade and Princess Streets.
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SPECIAL RATES FOR WOOD.

Am receiving daily ex Toronto, Grey & Bruce railway 100 cords of Hard Wood, and will for one week to save cost of piling and hauling from cars to my yard, deliver to any part of the city at following rates:

BEST HARD WOOD, (Beech & Maple), long, $5.00 Per Cord
" " cut and split, $6.00 "
2nd QUALITY, " $4.00 "

Orders left at Offices, Cor. Bathurst and Front Sts., 51 King St. East, Yonge St. Wharf, and 532 Queen St. West, will receive prompt attention. 135

P. BURNS,

COAL AND WOOD MERCHANT

STARTING THE NEW WEEK

YESTERDAY'S SESSION OF THE TORONTO METHODIST CONFERENCE.

What was Said and Done—Reports of Various Committees—The Sunday School Anniversary.

The Methodist conference met at 9 o'clock yesterday morning in Elm street church, President Sutherland in the chair.

For the nominating committee Dr. Hunter recommended the following names as a committee on the state of the work:—Revs Dr. Jeffers, J B Armstrong, Dr Young, W J Hewitt, W H Rutledge, W R Barker, J C Wilson, C V Lake, W Scales, W Kilgour, J A Dowler, G T Richardson, and D B Madden.

Dr Burwash presented the report of the education committee, which recommended the following young men to attend college: Percy Punshon, J W Caldwell, W Elliott, undergraduates, who will remain at Victoria college; J W Marvin, J C Speer, J Morgan, and W F Wilson are assigned to the Wesleyan college, Montreal; C E Blakely, W W Andrews, J R Real, and J McAllister to Victoria university. The receipts of the funds are considerably in advance of all preceding years.

The following are the superannuated ministers: G Beynon, Dr Carroll, T A Ferguson, J Gold, D Jennings, J H Johnson, M A, W C Jolley, D B Madden, R Brooking, G Carr, A Clarke, W B Dunard, J Douse, J English, A T Green, J Greener, J B Howard, J Hughes, R Jones, G H Kenney, M McFadden, J Morris, S C Philp, A L Peterson, W Pollard, W Price, Dr Rose, J Scott, C Silvester, J Shuttleworth, E Sallows, W Steer, C Taggart, C Turver, W Young, E Wood, D D.

Rev. J. Douse reported for the superannuated ministers' fund. On the list there are 100 ministers and 10 widows. The total income was $36,562, an increase of $1436. The claims being increased this year the fund will be insufficient to pay more than two-thirds of the annuities.

Dr. Douglas was thanked for his sermon in the conference church at the ordination services on Sunday, and Rev. J. S. Clarke for his services as journal secretary for the last four years. Rev. C. W. Watch was allotted to act as agent to the Marchmont home at Belleville.

Rev. J. J. Hare, for the directors of the Ontario Ladies college at Whitby, presented their report, which was of an encouraging nature. Drs. Dewart, Withrow and Jeffers addressed the conference in commendation of the college and at the request of the board Rev. J. J. Hare, M.A., was reappointed governor and principal. Additional finance aid was asked and recommended.

Revs. M L Pearson, of Montreal conference, R W Williams, W Hayhurst, J Phelp, W Bryers, and John Goodwin, of London conference, were introduced to the conference.

Following are the supernumerary ministers: J Doel, A B Dornill, J Crawford, J S Manly, J Doel, J Elliott, A Fletcher, H Hall, T Helliwell, J Holmes, R N Hill, T Morden, B A, J G Manly, Noal Peters, Jacob Poole, J Elliott, R Toye.

E. Barrass read the report of the Sunday school committee, which was adopted. The report was satisfactory.

Rev. R. Duke read the report of the statistical committee, adopted. The increase in the number of members is only 410, which, considering the numerous removals to Manitoba and the Northwest, was considered satisfactory.

Rev. J. H. Starr read the report of the children's fund committee, adopted. The amount required to meet the claims of the fund for the next year will be 43 cents per member.

Rev. John Hunt was appointed secretary-treasurer for the ensuing year.

The following are the lay gentlemen appointed by the respective district meetings to attend the general conference:—John Macdonald, W Kennedy, J T Moore, W Watson, T Holtby, (alternate), S Washington, J Higginbotham, J S Lake, G W Webb, S Lelan, W A Morrow, R Richardson, J Tuttle, W G Stafford, W J Porte, Alexander Ferguson, Judge Deane, W Ayres, J J Pearson, W Hill, J Edwards, A Hunt, W W Beaty, LLD, T H Wilmot, A Frost, S Bowes, W Glover, H H Pardue, Hon J W Sifton, A C Wells.

It was decided that the next conference shall be held at Peterboro' on the second Wednesday in June, 1883.

The following superannuated ministers were restored to the active work:—J Matheson, W M Pattyson, and G T Richardson.

Rev W W Leech gave notice of motion that the general conference shall reaffirm its resolution, that there shall only be one missionary secretary.

A resolution was carried that the general conference be recommended to provide means for the full payment of the claims of superannuated ministers.

Rev. E Barrass, M.A., was appointed corresponding member of the Sunday school board.

Rev. Dr. Hunter was elected to the central board of misionss.

The conference adjourned at 5.20 p.m.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.

The anniversary of the Sunday school board was held at 7.30 in the evening, Rev. Prof. Burwash in the chair. There was a very large audience present.

Rev. E. Barrass, M.A., secretary of the board, read an encouraging report. There are 593 schools within the bounds of the conference, in which 41,769 scholars are in attendance. To sustain those schools $16,493 are raised and for missionary purposes the scholars collect $4760. An annual collection taken in the schools realize $305 for the general Sunday school board. Rev. J. W. Tolten, Rev. A. Browning and Rev. T. Crosby made enthusiatic speeches in support of the great cause of looking after the young people of the church. A handsome collection was taken up at the close of the meeting.

A Row.

Joseph Davis of the Portland street fire hall attacked W. E. Caiger of The World with a club last night on Bay street. It appears Davis had a grudge against The World because his name was given along with that of others who attended the West Toronto conservative nomination, and being under the influence of liquor and meeting Mr. Caiger he took the opportunity to "club him." But he got more than he bargained for, and when the police appeared people thought a big fire had broken out so fast did Mr. Davis run. Ten minutes after he made some insulting reference to another citizen, and as soon as the latter appeared Davis took refuge in a saloon. The fire and gas committee might "investigate" Mr. Davis as his record is getting notorious.

A Lively Night.

The town was pretty lively last night; any amount of betting was indulged in; while the real politicians were putting in their last stroke in the way of canvassing and bringing in returns.

OFFICER CUDDY'S RIDE.

A Startling Incident of a Fife and Drum Band's Parade Last Night.

At 9 o'clock last night a fife and drum band was marching in York street towards King, and when near Adelaide street, the music of the ear-piercing fife and the soul-stirring drum frightened a horse attached to a buggy in which sat a couple of young men. The animal commenced to prance around in a lively manner, scattering the crowd from the middle of the street. Some one shouted out that a boy was run over and killed, and the occupants of the vehicle started up York street at a lively gait. Sergeant Seymour and Officer Cuddy were standing near by, and looked for the whereabouts of the buggy, but it had reached Queen street in a few seconds. Among the howling crowd was a boy on horseback, and Officer Cuddy going up to the youth suggested that he dismount, which he did with much astonishment but with little hesitation. The officer was on the steed's back like a flash and went galloping after the vanishing buggy. A pursuit up Queen street avenue that would have done credit to a northwest mounted policeman after Sitting Bull ensued. The young men applied the whip and the officer urged his nag on with his baton—a very persuasive instrument on horse-flesh. The gallant Cuddy was without saddle. It was a novel sight to see the fleety steed galloping through the moonlit avenue, and those who looked after him with wondering eyes could only see the steel shoes of the flying horse flashing in the distance. The occupants of the buggy were overtaken at Caer-Howell street and ordered to return to the scene of the alleged accident, when it was found that a little boy had been more scared than hurt. The adventure, which was a decided novelty, caused much excitement in York street.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

Vote early to-day, but not often.

The division court has adjourned over until to-marrow.

The committee on markets and health will not meet to-day.

There will be many disappointed men in the Dominion to-night.

A new pavilion, 20 x 30 feet, has been erected in Riverside park.

The York Pioneers excursion to Orillia will take place on Thursday next.

Judge Mackenzie will deliver judgments argued in June in the county court on the 27th inst.

A young boy named Brown got his foot smashed while hanging on to a G. W. R. train yesterday.

The licensed vituallers are reminded by advertisement that all places where liquor is sold must be closed to-day, a cording to law.

A little girl named Minnie Mills fell into the bay at the foot of Berkeley street yesterday afternoon but was rescued by a spectator.

James Gibson surrendered himself to the police last night. He assaulted an Italian named Philip Feinstein and there was a warrant out for him.

York is the banner county of the Dominion. To-day she will send six members to the house of commons There is no other county that returns over four members.

McKinley L.O.L. 275 have arranged for a select moonlight excursion on the St. Jean Baptiste to-morrow night. The steamer leaves York street wharf at 7.30 and 10.

Samuel Brown, the boot black shot Sunday, the 11th, at the Humber, has recovered and left the hospital yesterday. John Woods, the boy who shot him, has not been captured.

Rev. Robert Cade, pastor of Queen street Primitive Methodist church, preached his farewell sermon on Sunday evening. Mr. Cade goes to Woodstock, and will be succeeded by Rev. Mr. Joliffe of Kingston.

James S. Dean, a cutter in the store of Thos. Woodhouse, King street east, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Hodgins on a charge of systematic robbery of his employer. A quantity of stolen goods were found in Dean's room after the arrest.

The block pavement in Nassau street, from Spadina avenue to Clinton street will be finished torday. There are two hundred feet of roadway between Clinton and Bathurst street which will remain unpaved, owing to the neglect of the property owners to arrange for the work.

On Saturday the water pipe at Clark's soda water factory, Queen and Duncan streets, became stopped and the cause could not be ascertained. Yesterday an eel, nearly two feet long was found in the pipe, hence the cause of obstruction. What proportion of decayed fish forms the drink of our people at present is not definitely known.

At the Methodist conference on Saturday the following names were accepted as candidates for the ministry:—David Franks, Robert Craig, Charles T. Cocking, Daniel McGregor, J. C. Bell, from the Methodist Episcopal church, traveled eight years; W. G. Wilson, Geo. H. Long, Geo. F. Sulton, J. H. Carson. Rev. Wm. Briggs presented the report of the book room for which he was tendered a vote of thanks.

The steamer Empress of India arrived in this port on Friday. During the winter this popular steamer was thoroughly overhauled at a great expense. Her cabins have been enlarged and recarpeted and furnished. The hurricane deck has been extended farther forward, and altogether she is unrivalled for safety, elegance and comfort for excursions. Yesterday the first trip was made to Burlington Beach.

Police Court Yesterday.

Mrs. Bonness was charged with insulting Mrs. Clarke. Neither seemed to be entirely guiltless and both were fined $1 and costs.

The case of Mrs. Moses, charged with insulting Thomas Fox, was adjourned to 21st inst.

The following were remanded: Edith Bronson, charged with being keeper of a house of ill fame, to the 22nd; Lizzie Johnston with being an inmate, to the 26th; Arthur Fuerst, charged with embezzling $1, to the 21st; Henry Richards, charged with insulting Rebecca Mandeville, to the 21st.

Mr. Fenton asked for a warrant for the arrest of John Franks, charged with assaulting Mary Littleton. He is out on bail of $200 and did not appear when summoned.

Mary Price, for petty larceny, was sent to jail for 60 days.

Wm. Meade, for interfering in a fight on Berkeley street, was fined $1 and costs.

James Connors and Mary O'Brien were up charged with disorderly conduct in Queen's park Sunday night. From the evidence it was learned the case was one of indecent assault, and Connors was fined $2 and costs or 30 days, O'Brien being discharged.

Patrick Kennedy and Jonathan Little were fined $5 and costs or 30 days respectively for fighting.

John Kendrick had assaulted his wife and for the manly act had to pay $5 and costs or stay in jail for 10 days.

Harry McCabe was up on remand charged with assaulting R. A. P. Sheppard. Witness testified to McCabe striking the "Doc.," but said that Doc. had used insulting language first. The defendant was fined $1 and costs or 10 days.

THE FEMININE FOOT.

How Ill-Made Gaiters, Dancing and Rope-Skipping Destroy the Arch of the Instep.

(From the N. Y. World.)

One of the oldest orthopedic surgeons in New York told a World reporter that the number of cases of splayed feet in this city was large and rapidly increasing.

"What in the world are 'splayed feet?' asked the reporter.

"Why, a splayed foot is a flat foot, or one in which the arch of the instep has been broken down."

"Pray, why should people living in the city of New York break down in the arches of their insteps?"

"They do it by wearing high-heeled shoes. Of course, I am speaking of young girls and misses, and not of grown-up persons of either sex. Now, the misses and young ladies of France wear heels that are even higher than we are accustomed to see in this country. But the heel of the French shoe is placed well forward, almost under the middle of the foot, so that the arch or instep is supported just as the span of a bridge is sustained by a tower or abutment under the middle of the span. Our shoemakers place the heel further back This lengthens the span and increases the strain.

"Do you often come across these cases of broken-down insteps?"

"They are by no means uncommon. They are almost exclusively confined to females, and the weaker the general constitution the more likely is the foot to suffer."

"What is the difference in the appearance of a pair of feet that are splayed and a pair that are not splayed?"

"All the difference in the world. The natural foot is beautifully arched at the centre, especially in females. A person who has a high instep has as good a right to be proud of it as any person with classic features has to be proud of the image that he sees reflected when he looks in the mirror. Splayed foot is most common among the peasants of some of the European countries where the people are obliged to do hard work, such as carrying heavy burdens at a very early age. In such cases, especially if the child is poorly fed or naturally weak, the ligaments sustaining the arch of the foot are very apt to give way by degrees, and then we have a pair of feet as flat as the paws of a grizzly bear. And yet I should hardly make such a comparison, for a broken-down foot is worse than flat; it curves the other was, so that the toes are always pointing upward."

"And the cause of this deformity is entirely attributable to the defective construction of high-heeled shoes?"

"No, not entirely. I think it is sometimes produced by children beginning to dance almost as soon as they are able to walk, such as we see in some German communities. In dancing the little youngster sometimes sustains the whole weight of the body on the tips of the toes a quarter of an hour at a stretch. The bones at that age are a little less that cartilage, and can be very easily deformed. As proof of this you have only to recollect the Chinese practice of shaping the feet of their female children. I suppose the feet of young girls of tender constitutions are also sometimes injured in 'jumping the rope,' especially in such trials of endurance where they pit themselves to see who can jump the greatest number of times without stopping."

"How about roller-skating which has lately become so popular?"

"There can be no doubt that a little exercise each day at roller-skating would strengthen and invigorate the muscles of the legs. But the trouble is, the girls we see playing at roller-skating on the sidewalks and in the parks are allowed to greatly overdo the business. The result is that instead of well-rounded, plump, muscular limbs, we see, after a few weeks' practice, a pair of attenuated 'broomsticks,' accompanied by a wan expression of the countenance and an unnatural nervousness of the whole organization. Oh, if the people of this world would only make use of the common sense with which kind nature had endowed them."

Death of a Centenarian.

(From the Strathroy Age.)

We have this week to record the death of probably the oldest inhabitant of Western Canada, in the person of Isabella Seaton, mother of John Seaton of this town, which took place on the 9th inst., at the residence of her youngest daughter, Mrs. David McDonald, in the township of Ekfrid, at the marvellous age of 107 years and 3 months. Mrs. Seaton can truly be called one of the pioneers of Canada, having emigrated with her husband from Perthshire, Scotland, sixty years ago. They at first settled in Lower Canada, where they remained fifteen years, coming west into the township of Ekfrid in the year 1837. It is needless to say that she experienced all the hardships of pioneer life half a century ago. She was a strong, hearty woman, and performed many a hard day's work in the woods and fields, besides attending to her household duties. Her husband, John Seaton, died thirty years ago, at the advanced age of 82 years. Mrs. Seaton was the mother of a large family, comprising four sons and five daughters, two sons and four daughters being still alive.

Three in Norway.

We have just received from Messrs. N. Ure & Co. a copy of a work entitled "Three in Norway," written by two of them. The work is charming throughout, fully relating, without stopping to all the miniature of detail, an account of a fishing and general sporting trip in Norway. The work is written in a manner to captivate any reader.

For the sportsman it is full of valuable and interesting information, to the lover of nature and especially the painter and poet it is fraught with interest. The light humor which pervades the whole work is enough to satisfy any reader and there is nothing in the work to injure the feelings of the most critical.

Esau's persevering efforts to procure violet ink and anchory paste and other articles common in England, yet unknown in Norway, may to some seem somewhat overdrawn. Yet it teaches us the moral that everyone should be satisfied with their lot wherever it may be cast and always make the best of present circumstances.

He Read It Three Times.

A well known former colonel of one of our volunteer regiments came into The World office yesterday and said he had read Mr. Phipps' article in yesterday's paper three times through and through. It was, he said, the best presentation he had seen of an important section of the present issue. He had read many of the speeches that had been made, and the addresses that had been published, but the one in question was the only thing that caught him.

A Canadian in the Salon.

Mr. R. Harris, C. R. A., and formerly vice-president of the Ontario society of artists, is now pursuing the study of his profession in Paris. He has a studio of his own there, and is an exhibitor at the salon of this year.

SPORTING TALK.

The Grand Trunk boating club will hold its annual regatta on August 12.

The Windsor Gun club will hold a pigeon and glass ball tournament on July 1.

The Sherbrooke lacrosse club are preparing an extensive program of games on Dominion day.

The Chicagos beat the Detroits yesterday by 12 to 0. This was the only league game yester-day.

The Young Mechanics is the name of a new lacrosse club at Peterborough. Wm. McDowell is secretary.

The Maitlands have again challenged the Victorias for a lacrosse match for the Johnston medal. The Vics will accept.

A 700 ton steam yacht, 106 feet long, to run fourteen knots, is being built on the Clyde and is expected at New York in the fall.

The second twelve of the Montreal lacrosse club will play at Sherbrooke on Dominion day and at Lyndeville Vt. on July 4.

The Windsor Quoit club will put up a silver cup to be contested for on Dominion day. The match is open to all players in Essex county.

A race has been arranged between St. Julien and Trinkett to be trotted July 20 for a special purse of $2500 during the meeting of the Chicago driving park.

The Sons of England cricket club played the Parkdale eleven on the Exhibition grounds Saturday afternoon. The result was a draw in favor of the S. O. E., the score being 99 to 72.

THE BANK SPORTS.

TO THE WORLD: The hon. secretary of the bank sports has given out this morning that the sports will be postponed till the fall, on account of some of the clerks in the banks not having had enough practice though the sports have been advertised three or four weeks. Now, I think this a downright shame, as those who have profited by the ample time allowed for training and got into trim, have just been throwing so much time away—and training is no light work this weather. It seems very bad management on the part of the committee that when they take a thing in hand they appear to be incapable to carry it through on account of a few clerks not being in trim. I hope, however, they will reconsider their decision and not entertain a postponement and if those who have profited by the time given them, make a better show on the 24th than those who have not, it is but fair.

A BANK CLERK.

TORONTO CRICKET CLUB V. UNIVERSITY.

On Saturday afternoon the Toronto and University elevens met on the grounds of the latter. The University was exceptionally strong, while Toronto was rather weaker than usual. Play commenced about 3 p. m., Toronto sending Morrison and Burns to the bat. The innings closed at 49, of which Daly, a most promising young colt, claimed 12, and Smith (an old un) 11. The 'Varsity then assumed the willow, and owing to the careful batting of Clarke, who carried his bat for a most creditable 18, and the brilliant hitting of Boulton for 27, the gownsmen carried off the palm by twenty-five to the good and five wickets still to go down.

MALE V. FEMALE.

A pedestrian match has been arranged between Patterson the trainer, and Mlle. Morahan to take place shortly at Montreal. The lady is well and favorably known amidst sporting circles whilst Patterson enjoys a first-class reputation for speed and endurance. He gives his fair competitor five miles start in a five hours' race.

LAWN TENNIS.

An innovation in the game of lawn tennis was inaugurated by the Marylebone and all England clubs last month when it was decided to lower the nets at the posts from 4 feet to 3 feet 6 inches. The effect will be to give a player who can place the return more opportunity of playing the ball on one side or the other side of an antagonist who stands in the middle of the court prepared to volley.

HOW THE LEAGUE CLUBS STAND.

The following shows the standing by games won of the different league teams: Providence heads the list with 19, Detroit 18, Troy 16, Boston 16, Chicago 13, Buffalo 12, Cleveland 12 and Worcesters at the tail end with 9. From the above it appears that Harry Wright's prophecy, which was so much scoffed at, will in all probability be verified. The Bostons are certainly improving and from the rapid way in which they have come to the front rank it is probable that before the season closes they will head the list.

Presentation at the Zoo.

On Saturday according to announcement the prize of $25 for the best sketch of either of the lions at the zoo was presented by Ald. Scarth. The judges, Mrs. Schrieber, Mr. Armstrong and Capt. Murray were unanimous in awarding it to F. C. V. Ede for his sketch of "Juliet." The sketch drawn by Mr. J. Reid was highly commended. Ald. Scarth made the presentation, and complimented Mr. Ede, who is only 18 years of age, on his success. He also referred to Mr. Piper's well-known enterprise, and mentioned that some years ago, when such things were necessary, he had established a soup-kitchen. Mr. Piper, in reply said he was glad there was no need of soup-kitchens now. He did not want to refer to politics, but—.

A Fatal Premature Blast.

CLEVELAND, June 19.—In a premature blast at Kelly's tunnel, Tuscarawa county, to-day, one man was killed. The arms were broken and the eyes torn out of another. Several more are thought to be fatally hurt.

The Montreal Herald Burned Out.

MONTREAL, June 19.—A fire broke out in the Herald publishing department tonight, which gutted the editorial offices and printing offices of the paper. The fire originated up stairs and there was a regular stampede of the employes. The loss will be about $40,000; there is an insurance of $35,000. The paper is being got out elsewhere.

A British Steamer Sunk.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—The British steamer Escambia, with wheat, put to sea this afternoon. The signal office at Point Lobos reports that five miles off Heads the steamer capsized and sank. As far as is known all hands are lost. Tugs have gone to the scene. The weather was fair and sea moderate. The only thing assignable for the disaster is that the steamer may have been top heavy from a quantity of coal on deck.

NAUGHTY, BUT NIC.

Somebody's lips were close to mine;
Thus tempted, I couldn't resist
Roguish and rosy, a sweet little mouth
Was suddenly, softly kissed.

Somebody's eyes looked up and frowned
With such a reproving glance,
"If kisses were wicked?" I asked my pet;
Then the eyes began to dance.

And smiling, the little maid answered,
As I knelt there at her feet:
"They must be a little bit naughty,
Or they never would be so sweet."

....It was a German paper that gravely announced that MM. Cain Ruze, Pons and other academicians (among them the celebrated romantic writer Baron de San Malato) had held a meeting in Paris, at which Victor Hugo was not present. N. B.—San Malato and the rest are fencing masters.

"NOT IDENTIFIED."

Scenes in the Populous Morgue of New York—Floaters, Stiffs and Other Occupants of the Dead House.

A man who dies in New York without giving his name, if he happens to be unknown to those who are around him at the moment, is taken to the morgue. He may be a stranger in the city, perhaps a country merchant, who has come in to buy goods. He may be a resident. His body is carted off to the morgue, and if it is not identified in three days it is thrown into an unknown grave in the Potter's field. In the case of a man from the western states identification is so limited a time is almost impossible; in the case of an European, wholly so.

All the unidentified dead are advertised that they may be recognized and claimed. There is no law to prevent these unclaimed people from being claimed as "subjects" by the different medical colleges which are supplied with bodies from the morgue.

But Commissioner Brennan will not permit it, and there are a good many known but friendless "stiffs" from the hospital to select from.

Nearly six thousand bodies pass through the morgue every year. The number last year, to be exact, was 5505. There is an average of one "floater" a day taken from the East or North river. Three hundred and sixty-five mysteries a year. The great majority of those who come to the morgue are poor and friendless dead from the charity hospitals. About six hundred of these are "picked" for the medical colleges, and linger in this upper world for some time on the dissecting tables. The rest are tumbled in to the Potter's field at Hart's island, without burial service or other religious ceremony.

While the keeper of the morgue was reviving some of his stories of mysterious bodies which had been in his care, a little tinkle of a bell was heard at the gate of the wall which separates the dead house from the street. An assistant answered it. An old woman, a man bent over with years, and a child followed him in. They entered the dead-house and looked at the corpses. There were about a dozen of them. At length the woman said: "This is she," and bowed over a young woman who had been a "floater." There were tears in the old woman's eyes. The three were poorly clad and came from Mulberry street. The dead girl wore various gew-gaws and was flashily dressed. The little girl looked at her. The grief of the mourners was most genuine.

"It's the old story," said the old morgue keeper. "Most of the females who come from the river are young girls who have led a life of shame and put an end to it. There is something about their looks which unmistakably indicates this, even though they are dead."

Photographs of all the unknown dead are kept in the morgue. These pictures now make a large collection. Occasionally some one recognizes a friend or kinsman, long missing, among them, and takes away the photograph of the deceased. One person was recently identified four years after his decease. Of course the people these pictures represent are buried in the Potter's field. As one looks over the photographs he is surprised at the number of noble faces which they present. Scarcely any of them are the faces of vagrants and degraded looking people. "The man with this noble head," said the keeper, "was found dead from a pistol shot up near Jones' wood. He was a foreigner, perhaps a professor. He was elegantly dressed. Beside him were found a cheap pistol and a bottle of cheap whisky. He had probably been murdered and robbed, and the pistol and whiskey were doubtless left at his side by his murderers to conceal their crime. His body was never claimed, and he is buried somewhere on Hart's island. Neither has the mystery of his death ever been unravelled."

Only forty per cent of the unknown dead are ever identified. Many persons are doubtless thrown in the rivers here by thieves and other desperate characters. It is impossible to tell in what manner a man met his fate who has been drowned, and drowning almost surely conceals a crime. Men come here sometimes and pretend to identify corpses of the drowned, acting as if they were anxious to have them buried as quickly as possible. I have no doubt that in some cases they are thieves, who know more than they want to tell, and are afraid that the corpses will be identified."

A FILTHY CARGO.

Arrival of a Batch of Chinamen at San Francisco.

The San Francisco Chronicle of the 25th u't. says; "Last Sunday afternoon the British tramp steamer Strathairly, bound to this port from Hong Kong was sighted at Point Lobos, and from thence was telegraphed to the Merchants' exchange. By five o'clock the quarantine launch, having on board Drs. Murphy and Lawlor, and a Chronicle reporter, steamed from her moorings, and a few minutes after 5 o'clock the doctors boarded her. They found that the vessel was laden with no less than 814 of the foulest of of Mongolians that have been landed in this port for a long time. For fear that smallpox was aboard Dr. Lawlor would not allow anyone to board the vessel. After a ten minutes stay aboard the Strathairly a yellow flag was suddenly run up to the top of the foremast. When the doctors returned to the launch they reported that the steamer was without doubt the filthiest they had inspected. On her lower decks were found the decayed rice and other refuse victuals of the passengers that had accumulated since the day they sailed from Hongkong. Out of the scuppers was being continually poured a bilge that would be capable of carrying infection to wherever it touched. In consequence of this state of affairs the steamer was ordered into quarantine until such time as the Quarantine officer is satisfied that no case of any disease has been concealed from his observation. To day doctors will board this steamer and vaccinate the entire cargo of Chinese, under the supervision of the Quarantine officer. She will then be subjected to the same rigid fumigation as the Altonower, and after that, if no cases of smallpox are discovered within the next three days, she will be allowed to dock, and discharge her cargo. She is chartered by a Chinaman in Hongkong, Pa Tai by name, and consigned to Macondray & Co.'

Married for Board.

Last week a beardless youth of twenty-two and a matron of some forty odd summers appeared at Justice Peck's office in Cleveland and asked to be married. They had the necessary documents and the ceremony was immediately performed. The woman then embraced her husband in a motherly manner, and warning him to be at home in good season, departed to attend to some shopping. After her departure a reporter who happened to be present asked the young man with a delicacy as rare as it was beautiful, why he had not married his wife's daughter or granddaughter. The husband replied that he should certainly have endeavored to do so if there had been such an individual in existence. As it was he was compelled to marry the mature person who had just departed, inasmuch as she agreed to accept him in lieu of a three-months board bill which he had no other means of paying.

INSURANCE

SOLID GROWTH.

Another year having elapsed, we now furnish a statement of the business of 1881, compared with previous years, showing the increasing favour with which the operations of the ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY are regarded in the Dominion of Canada.

CANADIAN BUSINESS.	Premiums Received.	Insurance in Force.
Year ending December 31st, 1877....	$279,701 79	$8,240,321 00
Year ending December 31st, 1878....	284,165 10	8,760,199 00
Year ending December 31st, 1879....	307,847 00	9,289,325 00
Year ending December 31st, 1880....	347,256 80	10,324,883 00
Year ending December 31st, 1881	$403,597 00	$11,379,600 00
An Increase in 1878 of.....	4,463 31	$518,966 00
And in 1879 a further growth of.....	23,681 90	529,126 00
And in 1880 a further increase of.....	39,409 80	1,035,563 00
And now a further increase of.....	56,340 20	1,045,117 00

During 1881 this Company paid for Death Claims in Canada $76,645 81—a considerable decrease upon the previous year.

Also, during 1881, to living members, holding matured Endowment Bonds, $38,164—an increase of nearly Five Thousand Dollars.

Also, during 1881, in Cash dividends, or Profits, to Mutual Members, the large sum of $54,593—an increase of nearly Four Thousand Dollars.

SOLID PROGRESS DURING THE LAST SIXTEEN YEARS.

Years.	Assets.
1866.....	$ 2,036,323 05
1867.....	4,401,433 86
1868.....	7,538,612 35
1869.....	10,359,512 23
1870.....	13,284,594 21
1871.....	15,120,636 11
1872.....	16,640,785 21
1873.....	18,077,540 00
1874.....	19,482,415 88
1875.....	20,607,503 56
1876.....	22,092,734 32
1877.....	23,357,648 95
1878.....	24,141,175 70
1879.....	25,120,804 24
1880.....	$25,636,195 41
1881.....	26,463,460 68
1882.....	27,405,864 16

So productive are its Assets, and so carefully selected are its Lives, that the Interest Receipts alone more than defray the Death Losses, as the following figures for the past seven years will show:

Interest on funds, 1875 and 1876....	$3,027,922 59
Death Claims paid, 1875 and 1876....	2,548,561 65
Difference to the Good.....	$479,530 94
Interest on funds, 1877 and 1878....	$3,145,072 41
Death Claims paid, 1877 and 1878....	2,212,382 59
Difference to the Good.....	$932,730 02
Interest on funds, 1879, '80 and '81..	$4,200,058 23
Death Claims paid, 1879, '80 and '81..	3,144,662 45
Difference to the Good.....	$1,155,395 81

Policies issued in 1881, 4,753, insuring $8,267,290 00.
Policies now in force, 57,564, insuring $79,772,425.44.

All policies Nonforfeitable after two annual payments on the Endowment Plans and after three annual payments on the Life plans.

Endowment Deposits received in sums of $10 and upwards, carrying insurance of from $500 to $15,000 on a single life, from the age of 16 and upwards. Reader, if you are in good health (for none others are admitted) make application at once through the undersigned.

Western Canada Branch: Adelaide-st. East, Toronto.
WILLIAM H. ORR, Manager.

RUBBER GOODS.

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T. McILROY, JR.

Has now on hand the Largest and Most Varied Assortment of

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

Ever offered in the Dominion, comprising the following:

India Rubber Gloves,
Rubber Clothing,
Rubber Gossamer Waterproofs,
Rubber Invalid Rings,
Rubber Life Preservers,
Rubber Pillows,
Rubber Sponge Bags,
Rubber Bulb Syringes,
Rubber Mats,
Rubber Dress Shields,
Rubber Wringer Rolls,
Rubber Tubing,
Rubber Leggings,
Rubber Dental Gum,
Rubber Dental Coffee Gum.
Rubber Blankets, Rubber Combs,
Rubber Baths,
Rubber Cement,
Rubber Corrugated Matting,
Rubber Anti-Shaft Rattlers,
Rubber Waggon Bumpers,
Rubber Fire Buckets,
Rubber Fire Pails,
Rubber Billiard Cushions,
Rubber Grain Drill Tubes,
Rubber Belting,
Rubber Packing,
Rubber Garden Hose,
Rubber Spittoons,
Rubber Boots and Shoes.

The India Rubber Gloves are one of the most valuable articles ever placed before the Canadian Public. They are used for washing dishes, filling lamps, polishing stoves, boiling soap, weeding the garden, milking the cows, etc., etc. Every Lady should have a pair. Once tried you will never do without them. They are the greatest invention of the age.

Price only $1.50 per pair. Just received ex Steamship Celtic, a Large Stock of Ladies' Tweed-finish Inverness Capes and Mantles.

T. McILROY, JR.,

WAREHOUSE, 10 & 12 KING STREET EAST, TORONTO.

Nevada's Queer Fish.

(Virginia City Enterprise.)

Among the most peculiar and least known fish of Nevada, is the coneweg found only in Pyramid and Winnemucca lakes. One of the most striking peculiarities is a mane extending along the back from head to tail, which renders the creature so unsightly that it is always sheered by the fishermen before being sent to the market. They swim at the surface of the water, and in the early days ascended the river in immense schools that filled the river from bank to bank. They make a great noise when thus going up the river, and can be heard at a considerable distance from the stream. In the spring of 1860, at the time of the Indian war, they stampeded the horses of a company of soldiers camped on the bank of the stream, and came near causing a panic, it being supposed that the Piutes were charging upon the camp.

The long mutton sleeve promises to be quite general with the opening of spring and the use of light materials.

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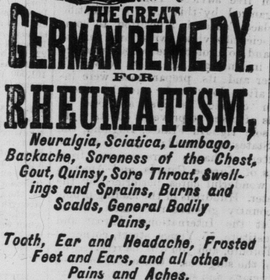

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FOR
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Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

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The universal verdict of those who visited the Big United States Circus, and saw their Lions is that they are no comparison to the Lions,

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