

CABLE LETTER

Irish Matters—Nationalists Pleased With Gladstone's Programme—The Premier and Labourers.

How Vernon Harcourt Secured Election—To Prevent the Spread of Cholera.

Great Britain Will Not Allow Russia to Have Her Own Way in Asia.

THE NEWCASTLE ELECTION.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The election of Rt. Hon. Mr. Morley in Newcastle by a majority of 1,739 is a sore disappointment to the Tories and also to many of the Radicals, for both Tories and Radicals, it is charged, hoped by defeating Mr. Morley to push Irish Home Rule into the background. Mr. Morley's return was an immense relief to the Liberals, who have been watching the result with anxiety. The contest became one of great importance when some of the adherents of the Labor party joined the ranks of the Unionist. It was, however, the eight-hour session of the Laborists. Ball is as strong a man as could have been nominated against Mr. Morley, and he made an earnest speech and a hard fight. On the other hand the Irish voters of Newcastle, urged on by the Irish leaders in Parliament, devoted themselves with zeal to their duty. Mr. Morley was exhibited to securing Mr. Morley's re-election. Nearly every Irish Nationalist in Newcastle made himself a committee to obtain votes for Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule programme. It is hardly a doubt, but for these efforts, Mr. Morley would have been defeated. Mr. Morley owes his re-election to Irish votes and Irish support, and he will not be slow to forget that fact in his speech. Secretary Morley's short visit to Dublin confirmed Nationalist confidence in him. It soon became known that he had selected as private adviser and probably Under-Secretary for Ireland, George Fortelle, a man whose veiled influence in Irish affairs has long been recognized by both English and Irish leaders. The Irish leaders have always been convinced that the Labor party whole position is the under-secretaryship, and they will be satisfied if Fortelle is appointed. The leading outcome of the contest is a definite rupture of the Labor party with the Home Rule. As Mr. Morley has triumphed, Davitt may seek to reconcile the Laborists; otherwise the feud will bring disaster to Gladstone's Government.

GLADSTONE'S HOME RULE PROGRAMME.

There is general satisfaction among Irish Nationalists with Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule programme, as placed before the public this week. The Nationalists had been apprehensive that Mr. Gladstone would not favor giving the Irish Parliament control of the constabulary and of the judiciary. On this point they are satisfied. The Irish constabulary is in splendid condition, and under thorough discipline, and just as ready to serve the Home Rule Government as any other, and the authority is lawfully established. The force is like a machine, and would be more effective than militia for the suppression of insurrections or disorders. It is not likely that the Home Rule Government will seriously interfere with a Home Rule Government except that some of the head officers who have gone outside the line of duty to make speeches in connection with the Nationalist and National cause would probably be dispensed with as soon as possible. The rank and file are believed to be as heartily friendly to the country and its cause, while completely loyal to the existing rulers. The constabulary is recruited in Ireland, and its members are fine specimens as a rule, of Irish physique.

GLADSTONE'S NOMINEES.

For the great court offices are criticized in a friendly spirit on all sides. If the Queen had personally selected the officials she could have hardly better pleased the public. The attempt of Mr. Henry Labouchere to hold Queen Victoria responsible for keeping him out of the cabinet, is generally looked upon as a smart advertising scheme. Mr. Labouchere, by his more or less genuine attitude of disappointment, menace and defiance, managed to add immensely to the circulation of his weekly newspaper, and to draw to himself the attention of the public. Great Britain in the other. While Mr. Labouchere persists, in spite of Mr. Gladstone's denial, in posing as a victim of monarchical government, the public opinion is wholly responsible. It is said that Gladstone did not want Labouchere in the cabinet, and that the admission of Labouchere would have involved the resignation of Lord Houghton, Lord Spencer and Lord Kimberley, who objected to the attacks which Labouchere had published on the Prince of Wales and others, both of the royal household and the nobility. Mr. Gladstone, it is said, never liked Labouchere, and has tolerated him because he did not care to offend a man with such a large Radical following. In the present instance, Mr. Gladstone had to choose between Labouchere and those of his friends whom he really wished to have around him, and he concluded to reject Labouchere. The public generally indorse Gladstone's course.

ASIATIC CHOLERA ALARMS.

The fact that Asiatic cholera is at our doors has raised the question whether London has sufficient hospital accommodation. Careful inquiry on the subject shows that the accommodation has been, and is being, inadequate, even for the epidemics of scarlet fever which have visited London in the recent past, and that which is prevalent now. Medical men who have been believed to declare that if the cholera should be added to the existing pressure on account of scarlet fever, they would not know how to cope with it, so far as a hospital room is concerned, they expect that the cholera will spread, instead of diminishing in September. Considerable alarm prevails among the public, owing to the cholera cases at Gravesend, and the newspapers are keeping within ready distance for orders. The attitude of the Government, so far as can be inferred from these and similar facts, is one of speculation, for, without the expectation of war, Britain, it is stated on excellent authority, will continue to be should Russia continue her aggressive course toward Afghanistan.

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Balmaceda's Officers Arrive. SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 25.—By the steamer San Jose, which arrived from Panama, to-day, state that the families of the officers of the army of Balmaceda are suffering from lack of food and camp furniture. Some of the officers are being taken to the United States. Pedro Montt, ex-military minister to the United States, is said to be as hard up as prices.

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"Le Sabre au Bon Dieu." NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—A dispatch from Berlin says that a paragraph has recently appeared in the leading German papers to the effect that the sword given by the Kaiser Wilhelm to his son, the Crown Prince, on his entering the army as second lieutenant in the 1st Foot Guards, will be placed on exhibition at the World's Fair. The sword is unique in design, and bears an inscription characteristic of the martial and religious spirit of the Emperor. The inscription is as follows: "Trust in God, and the sword is bravely in the hands of his faithful servant."

Cholera in the East. A dispatch from Calcutta, India, says that

Case in Dominion Exports Imports During the Month of July.

Acton and Ononago Railway and the Dominion Parliament for Incorporation.

Tasse Threatens to go into Position—A New Light in the Straits.

On Our Own Correspondence. Aug. 26.—The exports show a million dollars, last month.

Aug. 27.—Major Clark is here to England in furtherance of the scheme.

Construction will be commenced delay.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX. BEECHAM'S PILLS FOR CONSTIPATED LIVER.

BEAN STEAMSHIPS. DYAL MAIL LINES.

Notice. I hereby give that thirty days after we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license.

Table with shipping schedules including destinations like Montreal, St. John's, and various dates.

TEACHER WANTED. Yale Public School, qualified as second or B. Salary, \$90 per month.

Notice. I hereby give that thirty days after we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license.

M. QUAD'S HUMOR.

The Editor of the Kicker Strung up by a Band of Cowboys.

A Stage Driver Hunting for Knowledge—Larks Making on the Arkansas.

Copyright, 1892, by Charles B. Lewis. THE ARIZONA KICKER.

EXTRA! EXTRA! EXTRA!—We are the editor and proprietor of the Kicker.

What happened after the editor had dismissed from his mule just beyond Squaw trail we gather from his own lips.

The first move of the cowboys was to run our chief up to the limb, hold him there for ten seconds and then drop him to his feet again.

Canada Gazette contains an account, dated August 16, adding and Germany to the list of countries which the importation of raggs is prohibited.

When pulled up the second time sparks of fire danced before his eyes, his feet felt like ice, and the only thought he had was that our esteemed contemporary would come out with a double headed, two column article about him in the usual vein.

When lowered for the second time the Kicker found that his voice had changed from bass to falsetto, but he assures us that he felt it extensively to denounce the crowd as thieves, cowards, assassins, grave robbers, jail birds and so on.

There were ten in the crowd he had driven out of town on different occasions, and he taunted each one with the fact that his death would be terribly avenged.

Our chief thinks he had dangled for about five minutes when out down, and as his mate and driver we are bound to agree with him.

He is now at his boarding house and has the attendance of the best doctor in town, who says he will not be out for a week or two and he is bound to give him a shock for months.

INFORMATION WANTED.

I was the only passenger by the stage, the driver, of which was a humble looking man of forty-five.

"Go ahead and ask anything you please."

"I've been drivin on this line for ten years and more, and have carried a heap of intelligent people."

"What happened after the editor had dismissed from his mule just beyond Squaw trail we gather from his own lips."

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"That's every blamed cent the seven of us kick raise, and you—"

"I'm fooled, eh?" finished the agent. He searched every man in rotation, made an inspection of the coach, and then leaned up against a wheel of the vehicle with a reproachful expression on his face and said:

"Boys, it's a durned mean trick to play on a fatherly boy who's got an old mother to support, and I can't give over it. Seventy cents for this hull crowd! I've walked eight miles and laid out all night to step this coach, and you offer me—"

"Do you mean to say that this is your file?"

"I've been drivin on this line for ten years and more, and have carried a heap of intelligent people."

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BICYCLIST GEORGE W. COFFIN.

He is a Wonder as a Long Distance Rider.

George W. Coffin, of the Orange Athletic club, is one of the best known bicyclists in New Jersey.

In 1891 Coffin still further proved that he possessed more than ordinary grit and endurance when he was fourth to finish in the famous Irvington-Milburn road race.

The Buffalo possesses a marvellous wheelman in the person of G. W. Dornstge, who is without question one of the swiftest riders on the track today.

Very recently, at Baltimore, Dornstge captured the world's record in the mile, in 12m. 14s., breaking the world's record for a mile, 5m. 15s., held by W. W. Windle.

Racing by Electric Light at St. Louis. The days are not long enough in St. Louis for turfmen, consequently they race at South Side park by electric light.

The fences, grand stand, posts and every wooden object on the course are painted white, and this plan aids wonderfully in dispelling the darkness.

Supplies the Indian with nearly all the necessities of life; it gives him food, clothing, house, and shelter.

Richard Mansfield and his leading lady, Beatrice Cameron, will be married soon in New York.

There will be fewer minstrel companies on the road this year than during any season in the last decade.

John M. Hickey and Henry Lee are to give an outdoor performance of "As You Like It" on the lawn of the Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga, Aug. 18.

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IN THE LONE NORTH.

Mr. Warburton Pike's Book on the Land of the Musk-ox.

"The Barren Ground of Northern Canada" the Title of the Work.

The following reference to Mr. Warburton Pike's book, "The Barren Ground of Northern Canada," will be read with interest by the many friends of that famous hunter in this city and province.

Mr. Warburton Pike is a mighty hunter, and his book, "The Barren Ground of Northern Canada," professedly addressed to sportsmen who hanker after big game, is at once so fresh and so pleasantly written, that it is certain to entertain them, and, indeed, it will be found delightful reading by any who have a taste for adventure in wild lands.

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NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Surveying the Mouth of the Fraser—Harvesting on the Delta.

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WESTMINSTER.

New Westminster, Aug. 27.—More than half the grain is harvested on the Delta and Lulu Island, and by the end of next week will be pretty well over.

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STRAW Hats at Half Price. B. WILLIAMS & CO. CLOTHIERS & HATTERS, 97 JOHNSON ST.

Special to the Colonist. DETECTIVE NYE.

He Says He is Not a Success as a Sleuth Hound—Experiment in Natural History

Worth Trying—Making Japanese Lanterns Out of Toads.

[Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.] BURK SHOALS, N. C., August. Quite a number of people have written me recently regarding a green goods episode which was made public in July by a St. Louis paper, and which involved the name of Mr. P. A. Owenby, of this state. It seems that the following announcement caught Mr. Owenby's eye some time ago. It was printed in a well known paper and evidently in good faith. No paper could have printed such an advertisement otherwise, it seems to me:

"C. G. MONEY—\$100 for \$10, or \$50 for \$5. Pkgs. in \$100 and \$50 lots. Good agents wanted for rare goods. Parties of color. Mr. Owenby wrote for some of the C. G. money with a pure heart, and hoping to relieve the distress of some man who needed \$10 so badly that he was willing to give \$100 for it. Knowing how close



ROBBER.

money matters are at times on Wall street and what a high rate of interest parties on the Stock exchange are willing to pay for short loans on personal security, Mr. Owenby no doubt would have been perfectly justified in stepping in and relieving distress in that way. But the letter written by Mr. Owenby, of this state, was received by officers of the law, as I understand it, and Mr. Owenby's motives were impugned. He did not know this till one day in July, when he happened to be looking over his motives and saw something peculiar about them.

Soon after he read in the St. Louis papers that his letter had been printed, and that the public had been left to surmise that Mr. Owenby wished to take advantage of the financial depression and get an exorbitant rate of interest on his ten dollars.

Strangers have impugned Mr. Owenby's motives, and he does not know what to do for it. As a resident of this state I am glad to come forward with a simple explanation regarding the matter and insert here a letter he sent to The Citizen of Asheville, showing how it happened. Those who know Mr. Owenby here in North Carolina say that if he had received the money he would have relieved distress with it; but the parties to whom he wrote were arrested by the police and treated shamefully. Mr. Owenby's letter fell into the officers' hands among others, and was printed. He wishes this plain statement made to show that his motives were in good order when he wrote the letter:

"Yes, I wrote, just as the St. Louis Globe-Democrat had it, but not for the purpose they supposed. Several weeks ago Mrs. Owenby read the A. I. inclose, and we had up a bet as to what it was; to decide it of course we wrote on to them. When I found they had counterfeited money I determined to get a sample, and all the proof necessary and turn them over to the proper authorities. They premeditated trouble by my boldness in sending a billhead of my business, and had not sent the sample they promised. Then I was certain of their fraudulent business, and wrote them the letter referred to in the St. Louis papers. I was too late, as others had worked up their case and arrested them in a day or two after this letter reached them. I did not want their goods, but should have liked the amount Uncle Sam would have given me had I not been too late in bringing them to justice.

P. A. OWENBY. I hope this will allay every criticism regarding Mr. Owenby, for he says that these men "premeditated trouble and did not send him the goods." I feel certain that had Mr. Owenby received the goods he would have gone on and arrested them at once, paying his traveling expenses of course out of the money so received. But these men who advertise to give \$100 for \$10 do not do as they agree. At least that is my experience. I have answered two or three of their ads., in sending to go on to New York and arrest them as soon as I got the money from them, so that I would not have to make the journey at my own expense, but I have yet to deal with one of them

who could be regarded as a man of integrity. Swindlers are common everywhere, and I find that I get along very poorly in the sleuth business. My purse was taken in New York one day on the street, but the thief in human form was richly punished for his wickedness. All that the purse contained was a post office money order that I had tried for six weeks to get the money on, but being a stranger in New York, and the cashier at the post office being also a stranger in the city, the men who knew me and came there to identify me were strangers to the cashier, as we moved in a different set and were both very little known in trade circles, his friends being men who were trying to live on their salaries in the post office department, and mine consisted of a widow lady in moderate circumstances who let me a small hall bedroom at the time. So the thief got the worst of it. It is a curiosity to those who have made a study of the Scandinavian dialect:

Quite a fraud has been unearthed in St. Paul in the past summer by the timely report of the Scandinavian, who wrote the following letter to the mayor and thus brought the matter to light. It is a curiosity to those who have made a study of the Scandinavian dialect: "DEAR SIR—I am wondering if you have any nalgades of that same swindling is going on on Savent St., and I will now tell you it is. There is some dad bit that have got a colored man in a kedge, and also him for money. Sharga 15 cents for admission and then try to make people blive the have caught him in arisons, as a wild man.

I do not live in such a robbery from poor people, that don't want of any better and to go in there and pay fifteen cent for to see a negro that is as tam as the rat. Do you blive it is right to let tam do so. I like sport but I like to see it in a far play. Your Fraud for Avar.

Very few people here would pay fifteen cents to see a negro "that is as tam as the rat." Politics is active here. Much talk is heard regarding the late congress. Here in North Carolina and elsewhere the opinion prevails that congress has had too many men in it who have been so busy watching the "home paper" that they have had no time to devote to legislation, and thus they claim indifference and timidity have been the chief characteristics of the session.

In 1879 Gabe B.uck, of Wisconsin, was seen peeping up and down the street at whatever he called, which surrounds the desk where the primary department of congress sits. He was a member of the house, and seemed to have stepped out into the entry to swear a little over the arrears of pensions bill, with was evidently about to pass. "As set of d—d cowards," he was heard to ejaculate over and over.

"But why don't you stop it?" said an ex-member who came in just then. "Stop it," he replied. "How can I stop it when I'm one of the d—d cowards myself?" Congress, however, is hardy to blame, for it is too large a body to act wisely or well. Just as our presidential conventions are lately, and if we continue at the same rate, the great national fight hereafter will not be to see who will elect president, but what town will have the convention.

Those who have not read the open letter written this summer by Andrew D. White, a Republican, at Patrick A. Collins, a Democrat, of Boston, ought to get



A SOUTH CAROLINA DIVERSION.

it and read it. Do we hold presidential conventions for the purpose of nominating the best man or for the purpose of farming out the lemondade privileges to a hard yaps and yahoos who can yell down the wisest sentiments, and applaud and expostorate and delay the convention, and then go back to the asylums again to wait for another convention? Four or five pure minded men, with no political principles, should get together and talk this matter over. I could get away during the month of October. Prior to that I shall be busy here on the place.

Alabama has just had a very heated fight over the governorship, and the following, printed during the campaign in the Birmingham Age-Herald, shows that a man in Alabama without a lineage has no business to run for governor:

ACTIVITY, MONROE COUNTY, Ala. I am a Jones man, but having heard our noble governor was the issue of a German railroad engineer and an Italian fruit woman of Charleston, and being unable to answer such an argument, weak as it is for God knows such an issue could be as honorable as any other, provided it was legitimate. I write you to give me the facts in the case.

So please give me full and complete a sketch of Governor Jones up to his thirtieth year as possible, stating antecedent

of both his father and his mother in full, who they were and where they came from. Some say they came from the mountains of Tennessee. I am going to try to make some votes in here where the Alliance, however, is very strong. One-half a column of Governor J's genealogy would make hundreds of votes. Yours for the belt,

SUBSCRIBER. How Governor Jones ran in Activity I have not yet heard, but if "Subscriber" got in a half column of genealogy no doubt hundreds of votes were made there.

We should try this fall to keep politics pure. I believe we can. The disagreeable things were said before, when the same candidates were before the people for their suffrages. Pleasant little items of a personal character have been printed, and now we are ready to enter into the campaign and each strive to make the other understand matters regarding the tariff, which we do not understand ourselves.

Need I add that I believe there will be a pure ballot in the south? I should be proud in my neighborhood, especially in the case of those who have written a piece for the paper about it. South Carolina has a law which I understand requires the voter to present his registration ticket at the polls, and that is his identification. That is his letter of introduction, his right to exercise the right of franchise, and there can be no going behind it.

Several years ago a large circus exhibited in Charleston, it is said, and notice was quietly given out by word of mouth that registration tickets would be taken at the door for admission to the show. Five thousand registration tickets were taken in one day and turned in by the circus at reduced rates to the party making the arrangement. On election day they were voted by the party in some unobtrusive way, possibly in a tautologous manner, but I maintain that this is a reasonable and low priced method of obtaining an expression of the public will.

I will add also that, though I have not given the name of the party interested in this incident, it is only fair to say that it is a minority party to whom I vote that can be brought so low down.

There is still time to send several good circuses into South Carolina before the 1st of November. Lately we have been looking into natural history here as a relief from politics. Evered's experiment with the insect life. I do not refer to the tarra-rin du chambre sometimes allowed to run the mediocre hotels, but have been told recently by a friend who is thoroughly trustworthy that for real fun there is nothing so good as watching a toad watch the delights of feeding a toad with lightning bugs.

The toad will swallow anything you give him, as everyone knows, but few have had the enterprise to try this experiment. He does not kill the insect, swallowing it, and as he is transparent he lights up like a Japanese lantern. Before the firefly is smothered the sight on a dark evening is one long to be remembered. You can read the toad's inmost thoughts.

Look away, dear reader, with a dole of unbelief, for what I have written here is worthy of trial if you have never tried it. The way the tears of grateful warmth come to the eyes of the toad when the lightning bug begins to illumine his third's onesh is enough to repay you for veing through the dewy forest after fireflies, accompanied by no one perhaps but a grown up girl who is afraid of the dark.

Try it, gentle reader. When a toad lights up his spare rooms it looks mighty hospitable in there.

BILL NYE.

Train Wrecked.

BAKERSVILLE, Cal., Aug. 26.—Passenger train No. 17 was wrecked in Sumner yard this morning. The wreck was caused by an open switch. The train left the main track about 150 yards from the depot. It was going at a moderate speed when it struck the switch, and struck a row of loaded freight cars, standing on the side track. Three freight cars were smashed to splinters, and one express and one baggage car badly damaged. The engine and two passenger cars were slightly injured, but none of the passengers were hurt.

WELLS MINE EXPLOSION.

Heroic and Successful Endeavors to Rescue the Survivors of the Catastrophe. LONDON, Aug. 27.—All night long volunteer parties kept up the work at the Park Slip pit, the scene of the disastrous explosion in Wales, yesterday. At 6 o'clock this morning they had penetrated a dark yard into the main shaft, but not a sign of life was discovered. Here and there was a body of a miner, some of the men having died in the very act of using their picks. The bodies were recovered of men who did not have a second's warning. The bodies of two men were discovered who had apparently made a frantic effort to escape. While the rescuers were working a sound was heard, indicating life beyond the great wall of rock and debris.

At 1.30 this afternoon the shaft was finally penetrated and 39 imprisoned miners rescued. The work of clearing the galleries is still being pushed in the hope of saving others.

Lately—Twenty-eight more of the miners have been rescued alive, and knockings continue to be heard, which gives notice that others are alive and waiting to be rescued. The excitement among the people at the pit's mouth is intense, and every one rescued is hailed with a shout of delight that echoes among the adjoining hills.

The Four Cardinal Points. THE four cardinal points of health are the stomach, liver, bowels and head. Wrong action in any one of these points causes the blood to be impure, and the impure blood imparts its taint to the four cardinal points of health at once and the system is ruined. The action of the system is preserved health and removing disease.

M. QUAD'S SKETCHES.

Hunting Down a Female Guerrilla—Big Joe's Attemant.

[Copyright, 1892, by Edgar W. Nye.] The close of the war left the southwest in the hands of a desperate lot of men. Their regular soldiers as they returned to their homes accepted the situation, but the partisan rangers and guerrilla bands were loath to disperse. In hundreds of cases they defied the Federal troops which took possession of the country, and in scores of instances they were hunted down and killed. Amongst the worst of the lot along the Red river was a dozen men who had served under the notorious Quantrell, but none of them was the peer of a young woman named Fanny Davis. That, I believe, was her real name. She was the daughter of a Missouri farmer, and left home in 1863 to join Quantrell. She was then twenty years of age, stout and robust, but had a face which even her parents called ugly. Three different members of Quantrell's band have told me the story of her life, and I have endeavored to give you a true and correct account of her life.

It was a fine day, and we were camped over them on Sugar creek. One of our mules got away early this morning, and we are out looking for him. Sent anything of the critter along this road? "I could say that I suspected her, but it would not be the truth. I was dead sure she was a man, and when he extended a flask and asked us to "sip," I put him down as a good fellow. He was in no hurry to go, and it was a quarter of an hour before we separated. There was just one unpleasant thing about him. While his talk was friendly and his smiles frequent, his eyes had a menacing look. They never softened for an instant, but seemed to thirst for blood. Both of us were struck with this fact, and as we rode along we concluded that the stranger was a bad man to fool with. We had gone a distance of three miles when we came upon an emigrant family in their wagon. It consisted of husband, wife and five children, and they belonged to the squatter fraternity. All were scared half to death, as the man we had encountered had held up the squatter for his money, which amounted to only fourteen dollars. After securing it the robber said:

"If you meet any one looking for 'Tiger Cat' tell them that she is still doing business at the old stand and can't be captured or run out of the country!" The squatter had never heard of the notorious woman, but when we gave her a message we knew that we had missed a golden opportunity. We returned down the road at a gallop, and then began a pursuit lasting three long weeks. All that first day we were not more than five miles behind her, and at four o'clock we reached the Choctaw country, and as she knew the roads better than we did she gave us the slip when night came. We picked up her trail next day, but it was slow work following it. Some of the people who were with us straight information, but they did not know the woman and sympathized with her pit us on the wrong scent. Mile by mile we traced her south to the Texas border. She rested for two days with a family living on the north bank of the Red river, south of Doak's and then followed the stream down into Arkansas. In some way she got information that she was pursued, and she laid a plan to wipe us out. Near the Arkansas line, where the highway crossed a swamp, she prepared to ambush and await our coming. We were then two days behind her, and four or five miles from the west end of the swamp. She got there at noon and remained overnight, passing for a man and claiming to have been grievously wronged. She carried the idea that a sheriff was after her, and the squatter loaned her a double-barrel gun, and brought her back here. This was known some weeks afterward and he fled the country to escape arrest.

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The mountain road was a rough one, but we pushed ahead at a reckless pace, while she had to let her horse take it easy. As a consequence she arrived only half an hour ahead of us. Her horse was in the hands of the blacksmith, and the woman sat on a stone at the door of the shop. She did not see us nor we her until we turned a bend in the trail about thirty rods above the shop. She instantly divined our identity and our mission. She had a repeating rifle, which she was using against the reds log shop. She sprang this and had the gun to her face almost as soon as we had made her out. She fired three shots as fast as you could count. One of them passed through my companion's hat—a second through the right ear of my horse—the third between our heads. There as we dashed at her, she turned and retreated into the shop and closed the door. Her horse and the smith were outside. There were two windows in the shop, and both were open, while the space between the logs had been been chinked. We dismounted our horses and took cover where we could command the door. Opposite it and not over

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ten rods away was a natural sink which had an excellent rifle pit, and though she got two more shots at us before we were under cover her aim was not good. The "Tiger Cat" had been driven to bay at last.

Our first move after getting into position was to make use of the blacksmith and a flag of truce. He was instructed to demand her surrender in the name of the military authorities, and to say that our orders were to capture or kill her. She talked with him through a crevice, and sent us her defy as follows: "Tell those whelps that they can neither capture nor kill me, and I will give them ten minutes to get out of this place."

At about 2 o'clock in the afternoon my comrade got into position where his fire could be directed on the end of the shop. He fired for the crevices and through the window while I did the same on the front. The woman returned and was shot up to about 5 o'clock. Then she fired at longer intervals, and finally ceased altogether. We hoped that she had been hit and disabled, and the blacksmith was advanced with another flag of truce to ask for her surrender. He walked up to the door and called out to her to open the door. He pushed the door open and saw her lying on the ground, but at the same instant a bullet from her revolver chipped his ear. When he reported the state of affairs to us we advanced upon the shop and finally made a rush through the door. We expected to be fired on from a corner, but the woman lay on her side on the hard beaten ground in the middle of the shop, and her life had gone out. Three of our bullets had hit her and she was lying in a great pool of blood, her right hand still firmly holding the weapon from which she had fired her last shot. Thus fitted ended the career of a woman whose record has no equal in the history of our country.

JUST CHAFF.

THE MUSE has been hard at work during the past week, and the young man who runs the COLONIST'S poetry machine respectfully submits the attached specimens:

An astronomer living in Mars said: "I see by my glass that the sun in Victoria have aoppel. And this have aoppel. They're disturbed by some internal wars."

A stronger man than Louis Cyr—the man who lifted the quarantine—my strength ever in-Cressa.

A leper girl lives in Vancouver—The authorities thought to remove her—So they sent her away—To the glory of Jesus Christ—But she's back—she can't work that manœuvre.

Said a mother to her husband, "With her first-born, rather nice, "Why's baby like the next star "Of all the stars to me!"

"Well, tell me why," said the weary man, "The blushing in their kisses her babe, "And whispered: "Cause it's Ma's."

The public generally will be pleased to learn that the absconding porcupine whose sudden disappearance caused such a commotion amongst the people of Seattle and Park society, has been apprehended. During his short stay at the park, this gentleman succeeded in making himself very obnoxious to the other, and better bred, residents. This arose partly from the left air of his porcupine. "In the language of the 'coon, his 'frills' were unbearable. The owl claimed that in a sewerage argument in which the porcupine was plainly worsted, instead of giving up, he persisted in "sticking to the subject" in a very offensive manner. The swan, in her first call on the stranger, met with a pointed repulse, and, in fact, his persistent retirement gave rise to grave doubts as to the previous social standing of the stranger, and his claims to have occupied lofty positions were scouted, and he was put down as a low bred fellow.

The disappearance, as said before, caused a great commotion and was generally discussed, one theory being that as no doubt previous offender, the sight of an officer caused him to become uneasy, and the flight was the result. The other theory was the sworn statement of the swan that the copper had not to her knowledge even looked at the porcupine in more than a passing manner, and as left returned to her more superior attractions. Whatever might have been the cause of the flight the runaway was caught Thursday by two boys and promptly returned to Ald. Mann.

Again the prickly porcupine Behind the prison bars, The cop released him from a fear of fines Now thanks his lucky stars.

"What am I going to do with you, Joe?" he echoed as he looked to see if the rifle was in order. "I'm going down the trail to find that family and bring them back here. The fool order knowed more than to drive on."

S & CO. MATTERS. JOHNSON ST.

crushed by a blow from a wall... just at the edge of a thick...

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mother to her husband, her first-born on her knee...

public generally will be pleased to at the abounding porcupine whose disappearance...

in the language of the "coon, pills" were the result...

the stranger, and his claims to have a few left positions were secured...

the superior attractions. There might have been the cause of the runaway...

the fire in San Francisco. The "Chronicle" totally destroyed.

the Cure For Scrofula. A hereditary, this disease manifests itself in childhood...

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I was cured of scrofula by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

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VICTORIA'S LUCKY DAY.

Our Boys' Defeat Their Opponents On Lacrosse and Cricket Fields.

Minor Still Leads for the Medal-Keen Match Between Tennis Champions.

Yachmen Return From Fairhaven-Victoria Printers Will Play Seattle.

UNIONS and gunners were out in force at Macaulay Point, yesterday, the attraction being a shoot for the Hamilton Powder Company's silver medal, and the contestants being members of the Union Gun Club.

Can Club. No very good shooting was done, but Minor managed to retain the advantage gained by him in former matches for the trophy.

In the first twenty-five the score was: C. W. Minor, 31; F. S. MacLure, 15; J. C. MacLure, 15.

The second twenty-five did not change the positions materially: C. W. Minor, 49; F. S. MacLure, 36; J. C. MacLure, 36.

FOUR POINTS TO THE GOOD. NANAIMO, Aug. 27 (Special).—The shooting match this afternoon at the Half Way House was won by Anderson, with a score of fourteen to Turner's ten.

THE GYMNASIA. Society and society's people turned out in full force for the gymnastic sports yesterday afternoon at the driving park.

The single direction, and was raised in clouds every time the poles passed in front of the grand stand.

At the last moment the programme was somewhat changed, the first race, half mile trotting with saddles, being put forward to be number one.

The half-mile race with side saddles came next, and then the programme started from the beginning.

There was no "time" taken of any of the races, but the sport was good nevertheless, and every contestant was in it for all the sport there was, nothing else.

The honours of the day fell to Macpherson, of Calgary, who won every thing he went in for, Mr. C. W. Ward, Sir Robert Arbuthnot and the Wapstite meleete team also coming in for a share of the honours.

Mrs. Ben Gordon acted as judge, Mr. M. T. Drake being clerk of the course.

Master F. Ward won the one-half mile trotting race, with Mr. Macpherson on a good second, while the winner of the rule being that when a horse broke, he was to be stopped, and turned around before continuing the journey to the wire.

Out of 15 starters only four got around in any time, the runaway was caught, and the waiters were sent through the regulation manoeuvre.

The half-mile side saddle race, ladies' nomination, caused great amusement. Mr. Macpherson who was the winner, had a beautiful bay with plenty of life and spirit.

He won; and Miss Dunsuir accordingly got the prize. Mr. G. V. Cuppage came in second, Mr. C. W. Ward third.

The quarter-mile polo pony race was one of the events. There were ten starters in all, with Macpherson and Capt. Lambton favorites from the start, the latter having a mount, Barney, heretofore looked upon as the speediest pony in the city.

But as an exciting dash, Macpherson came in a length ahead, Sir Robert Arbuthnot behind, and Mr. L. Cuppage fourth, with the field straggling.

Then came the Balachua meleete, teams of four representing Calgary and Victoria and H.M.S. Wapstite being the contestants. They nominated as follows:

Calgary—Macpherson, Cuppage, Lee and Alexander. Victoria—C. W. Ward, Webber, Alkman, Pease.

Wapstite—Sir Robert Arbuthnot, Beale, Graham and Strickland.

The first bout was between Calgary and the Wapstite team, the latter having decidedly the advantage, for when the field was made gory with the plumes of their adversaries, two black Wapstite plumes on a side of Graham and Strickland, still floated proudly in the artificial breeze—for they were all winded.

The Victoria four next met the winners and were easily vanquished, four plumes to nothing. The second bout of the heat was acknowledged with applause from the spectators and in response to numerous enquiries the announcement was made, "No one was hurt."

The half-mile hurdle race furnished some amusement and a little excitement, Macpherson setting the pace all the way round, with Pease second, Sir Robert Arbuthnot third, and Alkman and Graham brothers, chased.

Only three riders came up to the stand for the cigar and umbrella race, viz: Sir Robert Arbuthnot, Mr. C. W. Ward and

Mr. Webber. Sir Robert got a good clean mount, having lit his pony with his lightning-like celerity.

Mr. Ward was a good second and Mr. Webber got away in good style. They both took the first hurdle nicely with umbrellas up, but Webber's pony shied at the second one and went around it.

On the way back after having disposed of the bottle of soda water, Mr. Ward and Mr. Webber both took the hurdle, but Sir Robert was in bad luck and in the hurry his pony took the end, so that when he came in first, Mr. Ward, who had fulfilled all the conditions, but came in second, was awarded the prize.

When the half-mile tandem was called, Macpherson, C. W. Ward, Galpin and Webber, rode out with leaders all of which looked restless.

Before they were realising too, before the flag was dropped Mr. Webber's driver, sitting in a kook, pulling the bridle off the saddle horse.

After the fifteen minutes it took to get the horses lined up again, Macpherson's mount and leader also tried to get away, but was soon checked by the driver so that C. W. Ward got away first and Webber second.

Both these two gentlemen, however, were unfortunate enough to lose their respective leads, but Webber's driver so that C. W. Ward got away first and Webber second.

In the interval between this and the post race, however, the referee's order was to delay the start, and Webber's pony was just beginning to close up the lead when some thoughtless men ran out on the track and caught it, Ward's pony being gathered in just about this time.

Sir Robert Arbuthnot and Macpherson were favorites for the bare-back hurdle race, with L. Cuppage and C. W. Ward a good second, Sir Robert, however, could not get his pony to budge, and was still trying to lead it across the first hurdle when the others came back, Macpherson leading and Webber second.

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The delightful weather resulted in a large attendance at the last scheduled lacrosse game on the home grounds.

The grand stand was freighted with Victoria's gentry, and the ball kept spinning around the home flag, McLeod threw up field.

An exciting scrimmage came next, from which Bright raked out the rubber. Tudhope had pierced the narrow interval, Cambridge scored and the game was again a tie. Time—55 minutes.

Sixth game—Ketchem made a long throw after Macnaughton's shot. Tudhope could not pierce the narrow interval, Cambridge scored and the game was again a tie. Time—55 minutes.

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VICTORIA'S VICTORY.

Yesterday afternoon was ideal enough to charm a creature, chronic malcontent into a mental condition bordering on pleasure.

The cloudless sky, the golden haze, the fresh breeze, the drowsy nodding pines, were Nature's best gifts.

Content, and many a gallant and escort drifted into the realms of romanticism as they drank in the varied glories of a perfect August day.

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duled in a chase.—Lewis made a shot-—Lewis made a shot-—Lewis made a shot-

After the referee's whistle the ball passed quickly from Tudhope to McKenna to Clark to Belfry and to Macnaughton, who made another unsuccessful attempt.

Cambridge soon afterwards duplicated Macnaughton, and Lewis passed to Peels, who scored. Time—23 minutes.

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THE CITY COUNCIL.

Reported Condition of the James Bay Bridge—It May be Closed.

A Long List of Communications Disposed of—Police Uniforms and Vacations.

The City Council held a special meeting, last night, for the further consideration of ways and means.

The first business was the reading of the returns on the late voting on the by-laws. They were ordered placed upon the minutes.

A letter was read from Secretary Yates, of the Jubilee Hospital, asking that certain accounts be attended to as soon as possible; also, a letter from Mr. Yates to Dr. Milne, to the effect that the hospital was not open for new patients, but that the city would have to provide for suspects.

A letter from Mr. Peter Bruno was read, complaining of his treatment at the hospital. He was sent there by mistake, suffering from ague, or chills and fever, and while there his clothes were burned, and some certificates were also destroyed.

It is now proposed to improve the condition, and in poor health. He asked for assistance to get away from this section of the country to some place where he could make a living as a professional. Another letter was read from the same party regarding his treatment in the sanatorium and the hospital, and asking for the Council for maintenance of the Government for making a report on the matter before action be taken.

A letter from Lindsay Crease was read, calling attention to the destruction of clothing belonging to John McCormick while he was a guard at Albert Head. The valuation of the outfit was set at \$53 and reimbursement was asked for.

On motion this was also referred to Dr. Davie for explanation.

A report came from Dr. Milne, re Lewis's house, saying that he had nothing to do with the removal of the patient. Referred to a copy ordered sent to Mr. Lewis.

A claim was presented from H. G. Hall, asking for \$35 damages to his house during fumigation.

After some discussion this and similar accounts were referred to the Board of health.

A communication was read from Dr. M. S. Wade resigning his position as Victoria local health officer.

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A SPLENDID BANQUET.

The Promoters of the Canada Western Entertain their Friends at Hotel Victoria.

Assurances That Work Will Be Commenced Next Spring and Rapidly Pushed.

British Pacific Construction Company to Undertake the Actual Road-Building.

The Government and Opposition Will Work Together to Ensure Success of the Project.

Gathered around the festive board at Hotel Victoria, Thursday, were some fifty or sixty of the most prominent of Victoria's business and professional men...

Mr. Frank Blackman was in the chair, with the Hon. Theodore Davis, Premier and Attorney-General, on his right, supported by Col. Holmes, D. A. G. and United States Consul Myers...

MENU. Huitres de L'E.L. Sur Coquilles. FORTAGE. Fausse tortue aux quenelles. ROISSON. Darnes de Saumon, Saumon Genovese, Pommes au Saumon.

When the viands had been disposed of, the chairman proposed the initial toast, "Her Majesty, the Queen," which was drunk with "God bless her," while all joined in singing "God Save the Queen."

Mr. E. Croves Baker proposed, "The President." He was pleased to see present the representative of the United States, Mr. Myers, who would respond. If there was one toast on the programme which interested with more than any other, it was this, to the elected president of sixty millions of people.

In replying, Consul Myers thanked the proposer for his kind speech. Sentiment like patriotism was the same the world over, and he could appreciate the sentiment of Canadians in the same way as they had expressed their appreciation of the President and people of the United States.

Mr. Blackman proposed "The Provincial and Dominion Governments." He said that while he felt proud of Chicago as a city of wonders, he would remind those present that there were many other wonderful things, the deeds of the great men of the country of which he was proud.

When Hon. Theodore Davis rose to reply, he was received with applause. He said he felt hurt—his vanity was wounded—he would have to descend from flights of imagery, and come down to solid facts, that there were many other wonderful things, the deeds of the great men of the country of which he was proud.

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about said was a land most prolific, and capable of the most extensive agriculture. I found the Hudson's Bay crops of wheat had for years been raised to 30 to 35 bushels to the acre, in comparison to 20 and 25 bushels in some of the best portions of the United States.

Mr. D. W. Higgins, in adding his voice to the responses, said he felt a peculiar interest in the project of the Canada Western railway. He recalled the fact that when Hon. Theodore Davis had called to the position of Secretary-General, Mr. Davis had set out in his address to the electors that he would oppose with all his power the project of the Canada Western railway.

This toast was received with applause, the chairman responding in a most humorous speech, in which he returned hearty thanks for the many courtesies he and his associates had received since their arrival in Victoria. He desired, also, to congratulate the promoters of the Canada Western railway.

Dr. G. L. Milne, M.P.P., in proposing the toast "The Mayor and Board of Aldermen," said he was glad to meet in union the members of the Legislature and the Government in the common project they had in view in having the Canada Western Railway built, to open up that great and rich portion of the vast Northwest which was now comparatively unknown.

Mr. Wm. Templeman responding and pledging the press, so far as he was able, to support the Canada Western enterprise in every way possible. Newspapers might work from different standpoints, but they were all working for the same end—the interests of the public.

Mr. W. E. Ellis also spoke, assuring those present that every reasonable support would be given to the enterprise from the newspaper he had the honor to represent.

Mr. Chudley, Secretary for R. P. Ribbet & Co. Ltd., toasted "Col. Kane," drawing attention to the fact that Col. Kane had come to meet his family, who were coming to Victoria to reside. This he looked upon as auguring well for the enterprise.

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Sneak-Thieves in Vancouver—One Gets Three Years—A Hamiltonian's Opinion of B. C. (Special to the Colonist.)

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WESTMINSTER. NEW WESTMINSTER, Aug. 25.—Mrs. McTiernan, wife of P. McTiernan, Indian Agent, died last evening at St. Mary's hospital. As the deceased had been an invalid for several years past, the sad event was not unlooked for.

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NANAIMO, Aug. 25.—Mr. Freure, secretary of the Y.M.C.A., is making arrangements for a large party to attend the Pacific Northwest convention of the Y.M.C.A., at Tacoma, on September 21.

THE TORCH OF ANARCHY. The Argonaut does not mince matters with a notice of the lawless doings of the strikers in the United States, and the conduct of the newspapers which countenance and encourage violence. This is what it says.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS. Mrs. Winkler's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children, and with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, relieves the bowels, and cures the most distressing colic.

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ORIENTAL ADVICES. Brief Resume of the Policy of the Radical Party in Japanese Politics.

Fears of a Repetition of the Riots in China—Sentence of Commander McCurely.

By the Canadian Pacific steamship, Empress of Japan, which arrived yesterday morning, late advices from China and Japan were received. Following is a brief summary of important news of the Orient.

The community of Tientsin has been plunged into sorrow over the death of the wife of Viceroy Li Hung-Chang, a woman who is known the length and breadth of the Dominion as Lady Li, and who was one of the two most remarkable women of the East, the other being no less a personage than the Empress herself.

Mr. A. S. Farwell, who is down from Nelson for a few days, was asked regarding the state of affairs in that section. "Well, I don't know," he said, "that I can tell you anything about that country that you have not already heard. I see that the COLONIST has been right up to the times regarding our section, and it seems impossible for anyone to visit Victoria without telling all he knows about it. Generally the country is looking well, though, in my opinion, the new mining laws have done the mining interests in and around Nelson more harm than good. Nelson itself is moving along in good shape. Improvements are being made and buildings are going up right along. The principal interest just now seems to be centered on the proposed extension of the Silver King, but how that will go I cannot tell, as I have heard nothing new on the matter since reaching town. There are any quantity of good quartz claims in that section, but the people have not so accustomed to place their bets on such things as to understand hard rock mining at all. It takes capital to make anything of such a claim. When a man first goes to a claim he thinks at once that it is worth a million dollars; when he has had it a year or two he sells it for a few hundred, and this is what capital is waiting for. Of course we have a good country, and it is hard to come to the front in it, but such things cannot be done in a day, and in the meantime we must be patient."

Placer Claims in the East Kootenay Country are Showing Good Returns. A repetition of the anti-foreign riots of last year is expected from the fact that a new series of offensive placards have been recently posted in Chung-tah, one of the most important towns in the district of Hunan. This violation of the law is again the work of Chon-han and his accomplices, who were last year punished by the Government. His "revised" versions of the famous tracts are even more vitriolically abusive than his first essays, and they are printed in large characters and extensively posted throughout the city of Chung-tah, which for the past month has been filled with students assembled from all parts of the province for the examinations. Referring to the placards, a native paper says: "We had thought here we were done with these filthy things, but it seems that the poison is being instilled into the minds of the people as vigorously as ever and the men who are engaged in it only bark at the puny efforts of the Foreign Missionaries, who are making representations and empty threats at Peking."

Japan Gazette: "H. M. S. Hyacinth leaves at six o'clock this evening for Hakodate. This ship affords a good example of the manner in which the crews of English men-of-war are relieved (?) on foreign stations. She was last on duty in Hongkong, and the date of the appointments of the captain and officers is the 1st February, 1889, so that she should have been relieved in February of this year. Instead of this she has been kept on duty six months longer, and now, instead of being ordered to Esquimaux, and receiving her new crew at that port via the C. P. R., she is now, after going through the maneuvers up north, to return again to Hongkong, to which port the relief crew is to be sent out in a tugboat, so that it will probably be February, 1893, before her hands get home. The men on board and the more ships the English navy get, the more difficulty there seems to be in relieving those in foreign stations. In the old days ships were relieved after one cruise; then—after the sake of economy—they were recommissioned abroad for a second cruise; now, they are being made to serve a third year, the result being unsatisfactory judging by the case of the Leader, which they are, and have been for, we are afraid of saying how many months, getting in order at Hongkong for a third commission on this station."

The court martial on Commander McCurely, of the U.S.S. Alliance, in regard to the stranding of that vessel on the 26th February, 1892, was convened on the 11th July, 1892. There were two charges: 1st, Violation of the 9th clause of Article 8, of the Articles for the Government of the Navy; 2nd, Violation of the 11th clause of the same article. Commander McCurely was found not guilty of the first charge, but guilty of the second. The sentence of the court was suspension from rank, and duty for 18 months on two-thirds waiting orders pay.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889. The policy of the Japanese Radical.

People who give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial realize its great merit, and are glad to say a good word for it.

People who give Hood's Sarsaparilla a fair trial realize its great merit, and are glad to say a good word for it.

A CAUSE OF JUDGMENT IN THE FAMOUS CASE, CAMERON. The Five Million Which the Ho Never Y. A Once Showed Bush Affected as an Acc. Judgment by Hon. HARPER VS. The proceedings in the have originated under circumstances. Two out of three brothers in the early umbria, in somewhere to try their fortunes in. Their principal occupation was stock-raising and milling. There operations were in the upper country, in finishing the business flour mill at Fraser river, with food kinds. There transactions were conducted with a and some skill, that the reputation of being wealthy firm. Their possessions included portions of vast tracts of land, and a number of cattle, and sheep, Clinton, Queen several other districts in the Fraser valley, with food kinds. There transactions were conducted with a and some skill, that the reputation of being wealthy firm. 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THE CITY.

From THE DA LY COLO-VIDE, August 30.
The Annual Meeting.
The annual meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city will be held in the association rooms, on Broad street, on the evening of September 14.

A Considerable Improvement.
The appearance of the Yates block, occupied by Messrs. Turner, Beaton & Co., has been considerably improved by the addition of a third story, the work on which is now about completed.

Sheep Stealer Blamed.
The latest candidate for honors as a panther hunter is a young man named Percy Raymond, who has distinguished himself as the line killer near Raymond's Crossing. His victim had a long record as a sheep killer.

A Recession Wanted.
Application will be made, to-day, in the case of R. Morse v. the California Wine Company, of Victoria, which carries on business at 64 Douglas street, for a receiver, to make an account of the business of the company since it started.

A Claim for Damages.
Messrs. Pemberton and Dambition, on behalf of Mr. L. H. Jones, who was detained in quarantine in Vancouver, has written to the City Council claiming \$2,500 damages. Unless the amount be paid forthwith, suit will be brought to recover the same. The case will be watched with interest.

A Broken Collar Bone.
Mr. Geo. Calder met with quite a serious accident late Saturday night, while out on a friendly way with a companion when his foot slipped, and he fell, striking his shoulder with sufficient violence to fracture the collar bone. Dr. Metcalf was called in on Sunday morning and fixed up the broken bone.

Church Opening and Lecture.
Special dedicatory services were held, on Sunday morning early evening, in the James Bay Methodist church, Rev. E. Robson, of New Westminster, officiating, and good congregations being present at both services. Yesterday morning Mr. Robson delivered a most entertaining lecture in the church, to a large audience. At the conclusion he was accorded a hearty vote of thanks.

Tombstones and Cards.
A couple of gentlemen driving past the old cemetery, on Sunday afternoon, were attracted by a row inside the fence, and pulling up determined to investigate the trouble. They had not long to wait, as the noise being raised led them to the scene of the disturbance. Seated around a tombstone were some half dozen young men, wrangling over a game of dominoes. The lot erected to the memory of some dear departed one being utilized as a gaming table.

The Stone Throwers are Known.
The three Chinese couples, whose marriage at the Rescue Home was solemnized a week or so ago, are still living in one large house, for the purpose of mutual protection. Several attempts were made to burn the building just before the wedding, and on the night after the ceremony, stone-throwers wrecked all the windows and did other damage, before the police could be brought to the scene. The ring-leaders of the gang are known now, and will be made to pay for their fun.

Obituary.
The thin ranks of Victoria's pioneers lost two more familiar figures yesterday, William Harvey dying at Stonyhurst of cancer, and Capt. Charles Sydney Wyke passing away from a complication of diseases, at his home on Kane street. The former was a native of Bury St. Edmunds, England, 53 years of age; his funeral will take place to-day. Capt. Wyke was born at Bladon, Somersetshire, 58 years ago, and served during the sixties. He spent many years in Her Majesty's Customs, of which service he was a pensioner, and had very many friends in all parts of the province.

Supposed to be Drowned.
Word was received at the provincial police station yesterday of the supposed drowning of the ten-year-old son of Mr. Wm. Cartwright of Sooke harbor. It seems that the boy was fishing in a canal, and was seen to fall in. Falling to return at the usual time, his parents became uneasy, and a search was instituted which resulted in the finding of the canoe bottom up, but no trace of the missing child. It is highly probable that the canoe had overturned and that the boy had met his death. So far, the closest search has failed to reveal any trace of the body. A close outlook will be kept on the beach in hopes of sooner or later making the unwelcome find.

Rice and Ramsey Again.
Burt Ramsey, traveling salesman, better known here as Miss Esther Lyon's husband, was arrested in the Fort Vancouver, Seattle, about 10 o'clock Saturday night, by Detective George Cave, on a warrant in which John B. Rice charges assault and battery. Rice and Ramsey met about 8 o'clock in the evening, at the intersection of Second and Spring streets. The latter expressed his displeasure at the meeting, which appears to have been by chance, by striking Rice a blow under the left eye. Rice rose again and walked away, and Ramsey followed him to Ramsey's arrest. The affair is the outgrowth of an insult which Rice offered Miss Lyon, some time since, on the streets of Victoria. Rice, however, disclaims any intention of insulting the lady. At the station Ramsey deposited \$50 cash bail and was released.

With Malice Aforethought.
Some audacious individuals without the fear of the law before their eyes, played a low-down trick on one of the faithful guardians of the public peace, a night or two ago. Procuring a suit of old clothes, they stuffed them with excelsior, and the artist of the crowd fixed up a face on the dummy, and with the addition of a battered hat, the fraud was complete. Looting it in a dark spot on Langley street, and arranging the lips to resemble a man, they proceeded to fall by the wayside, the jokers went up the street for a victim. He soon appeared in the shape of an officer, whose stalwart form made them hesitate for a moment, but rallying courage they informed him of the location of the "drunk." The doughty knight of the nippers hid his own way to the spot indicated, and there, sure enough, was the prostrate form of a man apparently overcome with "last tired feeling." Seizing the party up with his foot, the officer called on him to "get up and come along." To this he replied was given, and on a second shaking up the man fell off, revealing a wide and extraordinary grin on the face of the contumacious "drunk." Becoming angry at this evident lack of respect, the officer seized the prostrate form by the arm and jerked it to its feet, when to his horror the arm parted from the body. Thoughts of

escape by the next boat were floating through the brain of the copper when he discovered the hoax "111" "???" "???" he gently murmured: "Where are the 'villains' but 'soch'?" as far, perceiving in answering "where?"

It Did Not Seem so.
Yesterday was reported to be the warmest day of the present summer by the Dominion Government observer at Esquimalt station, although the heat was not at all oppressive.

Police Holidays.
The city police have entered upon the enjoyment of their delayed holiday, Officers Alex. Smith and J. Conlin went off for ten days, beginning with Sunday last. It has not yet been determined who will follow them.

Not Yet Applied For.
The city of Nanaimo has not yet made application to the courts for an injunction restraining the B. N. railway company from running their trains into Nanaimo without first having "pulled up" to permit of all passengers being vacated.

Entries Terminated.
The greater portion of the catalogues for the fall exhibition have now been sent out from the secretary's office and already entries are coming in. The dates for the fair are Sept. 27 to Oct. 1, and it is hoped all entries will be sent in as soon as possible.

The Divisional Court.
A sitting of the Divisional court will be held this morning, when Mr. A. L. Belyea, of Belyea & Gregory, will make application before Justices Drake and Walker to dissolve the injunction granted by Chief Justice MacMaster in the case of Belyea & Gregory v. Giles and the B. C. Mercantile Agency.

Chinese Hop Pickers.
Forty or fifty Chinese laborers arrived in Seattle Monday from Portland and down Sound points. They were bound for the hop fields, and appeared to be under the guidance and direction of Ah Howe, a well-known Chinese of that city. Chinese hop pickers have seldom been employed in the fields in King county.

Meatlight and Music.
The congregation of the Centennial Methodist church propose to give a moonlight excursion on September 5. The steamer Joan has been chartered for the occasion and a band of music engaged, so that there is every reason to expect a very pleasant time. The trip will be out to Race Rocks and Esquimalt harbor, including a visit to the Waspile.

A Pioneer in the Profession.
Tom Chue, the good tempered young Chinaman who has for some time acted as interpreter at the Methodist Mission, has determined upon entering study for the profession of a dentist, and has been taken into the office of a city dental surgeon. He will complete his studies at the Philadelphia college and will enjoy the distinction of being the first Chinese dentist practicing in America.

Delighted With Victoria.
John McMillan, M.P., for County Huron, Ont., was a guest at the Dominion Hall yesterday. The gentleman is making a flying pleasure trip to the Coast, this being his first visit. The object was partly to lament his inability to visit the portion of the Dominion. While here he was shown over the city and vicinity by Mr. Hastie of the Seft-Hastie-Erskine Company. He expressed himself as much pleased with the signs of progress and improvement here, and that he would leave Victoria with a far better opinion of its future prosperity than ever before. Mr. McMillan left this morning for Vancouver on route home.

A Temperance Sermon.
The various temperance societies of Victoria attended service in the Centennial Methodist church on Sunday, the organization being well represented, and some of them appearing in uniform. The sermon by Rev. J. H. White, was appropriate to the occasion, dealing with the drinking habit and the numerous evils growing out of it. In his manner in which these things are treated by those in authority was taken up, particular reference being made to the recent statement of the chief of police that some of the best ladies in Victoria had danced in the saloons here in the early days, the speaker saying that he did not know the parable referred to, but doubted very much if they would like to come forward and own to the practice.

Farewell to Miss Cartmel.
Many of the friends of Miss Cartmel, for the past two years identified with the rescue work of the Methodist church in this city, gathered at the Avenue church last evening to bid her God-speed and farewell prior to her departure for Japan, where she is to assume charge of a class of native "Bible-women." The feelings of affection for the departing friend found expression in a well-worded address and accompanying souvenir from the local branch of the Women's Missionary Society, of which Miss Cartmel has been a foremost worker. Her reply to the many expressions of esteem and good will was thoroughly characteristic and appropriate, and was a little assembly broke up many of those attending accompanied Miss Cartmel to the Yosemite, which bore her to Vancouver this morning. She will address a meeting in the Terminal City this evening in company with Mrs. Strachan, the general secretary of the mission, and sail for Japan by the Empress to-morrow.

The Bushmills Accident.
The Vancouver News-Advertiser of Sunday says: "In yesterday's issue of the Colonist there was an account under large headlines that the steamer Bushmills had struck a rock in Vancouver harbor. Such, however, was not the case, and although the Bushmills may have touched bottom at Evans, Coleman & Evans' wharf owing to her being heavily laden and the low tides, she did not strike any rocks, and she left her wharf without incident. The original intention for her to go into dock when she had discharged her cargo to take off the barrels and clean her hull, and the fact that she may have grounded had nothing to do with it. The Vancouver Telegram publishes a statement by Capt. Mellon that the stern of the vessel may have touched, and the other Telegrams say that she was damaged. Yet the fact remains as stated in the Colonist. Whether the injury is serious or amounts to nothing is just the same. When the Bushmills arrived here her captain reported that she had grounded, and whether on a rock or on a boulder makes no difference—and in order to carry out the insurance regulations, the ship was ordered into dock, where an official examination will be made by Capt. W. R. Clarke, Lloyd's surveyor.

THE CITY.

Some Bills Broken.
Mate Stratford, of the sealing schooner Ariel, met with an accident, some time ago. He fell down the hold of the vessel and broke several ribs.

Will be Here Saturday.
Lieut. Col. Prior, M.P., yesterday, received a telegram from Major-General Herbert, stating that he and party will arrive here on Saturday evening next. Suitable arrangements are now being made for their reception.

Departure for England.
A large number of friends were in attendance at the steamer Wright, to witness the departure of Mr. F. Wright, who is on a visit to the Old Country. The brethren of the Sons of St. George and the Old Fellows of the Manxhoover Unity will miss his cordial presence, he being quite a favorite in these societies.

A Suit for Damages.
Alexander C. Goff is bringing suit against the Pacific Coast Steamship company to recover \$1,925 damages, which he claims he sustained, owing to the failure of the steamer City of Puebla to carry an excursion party to Flattery rocks on August 18. The plaintiff claims to have had, verbatim, \$1,925 damages, which he claims he sustained, owing to the failure of the steamer City of Puebla to carry an excursion party to Flattery rocks on August 18. The plaintiff claims to have had, verbatim, \$1,925 damages, which he claims he sustained, owing to the failure of the steamer City of Puebla to carry an excursion party to Flattery rocks on August 18.

Crucifix to Animals.
A case of great cruelty to a dumb animal was reported to the police yesterday by Mr. W. Stamer, of E. B. Marvin & Co. A sheep died last four was left on Turner, Beaton & Co's wharf. During the night it was scolded by a dog, and the owner of the sheep has been summoned to appear in the Police Court on Thursday morning.

The Game Season.
An erroneous impression prevails with regard to the shooting season. On the 1st of September duck may be shot; on September 2nd the season for quail, snipe, etc., opens; on the 15th September deer can be shot under the same restrictions; on October 1st cock pheasants are legal game for sportsmen. A strict observance of dates by those concerned may avoid unpleasant consequences.

Methelah Harvest Home.
The residents of Methelah have arranged to hold their annual harvest home on Thursday, Sept. 1. An excellent programme has been provided, and a dance and social will follow. The proceeds will go towards the church fund. Several of Victoria's prominent citizens, including Capt. South, of Vancouver, who was a passenger on the steamer, will be present.

FRIENDS BID FAREWELL.
To the Much Esteemed Pastor of St. John's Church—His Journey Commenced.
Presentation of an Address on the Conclusion of Sunday Evening's Services.

Rev. Percival Jenks, pastor of St. John's church, left on the first stage of his holiday journey this morning, the Yosemite carrying him to Vancouver, where he will take the train for Montreal. At that city one of Dr. Powell's sons will join him, having arranged to accompany Mr. Jenks to the Old Country, there to enter Cambridge University. Mrs. Jenks leaves here Thursday, joining her husband in New York, and going with him to Europe.

At 4 o'clock the match between Foulkes and Lovell was contested, and to the surprise of many, Foulkes was a comparatively easy victory—a victory which carries with it the honorable title of Champion of British Columbia. Mr. Foulkes' score was 6-3, 6-3.

AN ACCEPTABLE SUGGESTION.
Most of the local turfmen seem to favor the suggestion made in yesterday's COLONIST, that it would be a wise act on the part of the Jockey Club to substitute a six furlong dash for the mile and repeat race, which failed to fill. A three-quarter mile dash for the same purse would probably be 10 or 15 less entries now, and secure 8 or 10 before the closing day of the meeting, and would furnish the most interesting contest of the week.

THE WHEELER.
Wheeling, the great English weekly, in speaking of the Astor race yesterday, the Whitworth, Comrod up, won the mile handicap from search at Astor, doing 2 m. 22 3/4, beating the track record by five seconds. The Astor race was won by the half-mile handicap, and beat the grass record, doing 1 m. 14. dead, wearing his ordinary boots, his shoes having been misplaced.

ANOTHER RECORD ONE SWAYARD.
Kingston, Aug. 30.—(Special)—At the bicycle meeting here A. C. Wells, of Toronto, clipped one second from the Canadian quarter-mile record, lowering it to 35 seconds.

THE CANADIAN ELEVEN.
TORONTO, Aug. 29.—The team chosen to represent Canada in the international cricket match at Philadelphia, next month, has been chosen as follows: Rev. F. W. Terry, W. Jones and J. M. Lang, of Toronto; L. Costa, Q. D. Warden and W. G. Bristol, of Ottawa; G. W. A. Henry and J. G. Beauchamp, of Halifax; H. Gillespie and A. F. Martin, of Hamilton, and D. G. Bacon, of London. W. A. Henry will captain the team.

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LIGHT AND DARK BLUE.
NEW WESTMINSTER, Aug. 26.—(Special)—The newly organized Westminster Bowling and Canoeing Club met last evening and adopted the by-laws and constitution, and admitted to be by the committee, and it was decided that the colors of the club be light and dark blue. The election of officers was postponed till Monday.

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REGINA, Aug. 30.—A rumor is current that the late W. H. Allen, who has been found dead on the prairie between here and Wood Mountain.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.

Secretary Noble, of the U.S. Treasury Calls at Victoria en Route to the East.

What the Visit is for—The Party See the City and are Delighted.

Secretary Noble, of the United States Treasury, arrived here yesterday afternoon on the American revenue cutter Wolcott, and left at an early hour this morning for Vancouver, where he will take to-day's train to go East by the Canadian Pacific railway.

Accompanied by Mrs. Noble, the Secretary of the Treasury has been paying the Coast a visit. He called at Tacoma, Seattle, Port Townsend, and Port Angeles, and then, before going East, came here to see the beauties of British Columbia's capital, of which he had heard so much. His mission on the Pacific, he explained, last evening, to a COLONIST reporter, who had the pleasure of a few moments' conversation, was purely recreational. He is taking a holiday from the arduous duties of the Treasury. Those who claim to know, however, say that the visit, whether for pleasure or business, will result in some valuable information to cover the smuggling of opium and Chinese, more particularly the latter.

Still others, the Sound Democratic papers insist, claim that Secretary Noble is here on a mission to pressure the business community to support the Treasury department, but rather for the purpose of bolstering up the Republican cause in the West. They say that President Harrison's virtues and the benefits of his administration have been the chief themes dealt with by the Secretary in his speeches and that every chance he has had he put in a good word for the cause.

However true or untrue this may be, one thing is certain—while Secretary Noble was in Victoria, he devoted his whole time to seeing the city. The first place visited was Esquimalt and the naval yard, the flagship Warspite coming in for much admiration. After leaving the dockyards a drive was taken over the city, and shortly after dark the party went on board the cutter again.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.
FOULKES IS CHAMPION.
The tennis tournament is drawing to a close, several of the events on the card being finally disposed of yesterday.

In the morning Miss Arrowsmith beat Miss Hills, and at 6 o'clock, in the final round, Miss Murgrave beat Miss Arrowsmith, 6-3, 5-7, 7-5; winning the ladies' singles.

At 4 o'clock the match between Foulkes and Lovell was contested, and to the surprise of many, Foulkes was a comparatively easy victory—a victory which carries with it the honorable title of Champion of British Columbia. Mr. Foulkes' score was 6-3, 6-3.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

draft constitution and by-laws, and arrange for the annual regatta, for the challenge trophies of the four classes of boats. The first regatta will be held at Seattle, October 3.

There was another test race to-day, the Hornet, of New Whatcom, coming in first, with the Bippie, of Fairhaven, second, and the Ariel, Anacortes, third. There was a fine sailing breeze and the winner went over the 15 mile course in an hour and 59 minutes.

THE TROTTING QUEEN.
The following extra entries were received by post and telegraph for the fall meeting next week: 2:40. Trotting and pacing—T. Chamberlain, a. Evora, 4. Free for all, trotting and pacing—J. Hickey's b. g. Mink, a. One-half mile and repeat, open—G. W. Smith's g. a. Grey Dick, a.

It was a marvelous achievement. It is just about half a century since Lady Suffolk went in 2:25; and then men were wondering if ever a horse could exceed that and trot in 2:20. There is many a common roadster that goes in under five minutes, and now men are wondering if ever a horse will go in two minutes. The limit of the running horse seems to have been reached; it hovers around a little below 1:40. Possibly one or two seconds more may be pared off from the trotting horse's time, and the perfect trotting horse will be when the perfection of both blood and stride shall be combined in one animal, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal. The speed of ships has been increased by improved machinery and by increasing the length of the ship. The speed of the trotting horse has been increased by getting just as much desert blood and courage mixed with the natural trotting horse's action, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal. The speed of ships has been increased by improved machinery and by increasing the length of the ship. The speed of the trotting horse has been increased by getting just as much desert blood and courage mixed with the natural trotting horse's action, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal. The speed of ships has been increased by improved machinery and by increasing the length of the ship. The speed of the trotting horse has been increased by getting just as much desert blood and courage mixed with the natural trotting horse's action, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal.

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It was a marvelous achievement. It is just about half a century since Lady Suffolk went in 2:25; and then men were wondering if ever a horse could exceed that and trot in 2:20. There is many a common roadster that goes in under five minutes, and now men are wondering if ever a horse will go in two minutes. The limit of the running horse seems to have been reached; it hovers around a little below 1:40. Possibly one or two seconds more may be pared off from the trotting horse's time, and the perfect trotting horse will be when the perfection of both blood and stride shall be combined in one animal, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal. The speed of ships has been increased by improved machinery and by increasing the length of the ship. The speed of the trotting horse has been increased by getting just as much desert blood and courage mixed with the natural trotting horse's action, and the struggle to reduce the time of horses and ships during the last fifteen years has been about equal.

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MISCELLANEOUS

Chum CUT PLUG.)

OLD CHUM (PLUG.)

No other brand of tobacco has ever entered such an immense and popularity in the same period as this brand of Cut Plug and King Tobacco.

Best Cut Tobacco manufactured in Canada.

Ritchie's

MONTREAL.

Just in stock

UCH BETTER, Thank You!

IS THE UNIVERSAL TEST... OF OR BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, DS, OR ANY FORM OF WAST DISEASES, after they have tried

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES OF Lime and Soda... IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE MILK. IT IS A WONDERFUL SLEEK PRODUCER. It is used and recommended by Physicians in all nations or substitutions. Sold by Druggists at 50c. and \$1.00.

MMOTH GOOSEBERRIES.

(Three weighed 4 oz) white and black currants, chocolate, strawberries, raspberries, and other fruits; outtings and runners for sale.

W. H. MAWDSLEY, Mayor Island, B.C.

RSOLL ROCK DRILL CO., OF CANADA, LTD. MONTREAL.

ROCK DRILLS Air Compressors. General Mining and Quarrying. Supply of Rock Drills and Duplexes kept always on hand.

GORDON, Agent for B. O., OFFICE: GALPIN BLOCK, Box 787, 494 Government St., V.I. order. call-up-w-6-2-1-7

AIL CONTRACTS.

ed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster, will be received at Ottawa on Monday, the 28th, September, next, for the purpose of Her Majesty's Works on proposed works for the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa River, and for the purpose of the proposed works for the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa River, and for the purpose of the proposed works for the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa River.

AND FOR SALE.

nders are invited for the purchase of 328 (more or less) of land, the property of J. Ward in the Municipality of Coquitlam, lots 168 and 169, group 1, New West-land District. For further particulars and conditions apply to the undersigned to whom tenders to be sent. No tender will be accepted.

CHARLES K. POOLEY, Solicitor, 47 Langley Street, Victoria, B.C.

NNYROL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or imitations. Price 25c. per box. Sold by all druggists. EUBRICK CHEMICAL CO., Vancouver, B.C. Sole and mailed by LANGLEY & Co., Victoria, B.C.

VICTORIA VIADUCT

With which it is proposed to replace Kicketty James Bay Bridge. Many Acres Would be Reclaimed and Become Revenue Producing. While Government Street Would be an Unbroken Thoroughfare—Details of the Plan.

"If this were an American town, the corporation would have turned the James Bay 'Mud Flats,' as you call them, and James Bay bridge, into revenue producing property in a very short time; they would not allow this valuable place to lie idle, as you do."

This is a sentiment very often expressed, though perhaps not always in the same terms, by visitors from the other side, especially if the visitors be of a mechanical turn of mind, and can see things as they ought to be. It has puzzled the tourist and traveller to know why a city of Victoria's pretensions has allowed a valuable piece of property like James Bay to be of no other use than in generating offensive smells; and that such an extensively used and important artery of travel to and from the city, should be accessible only by a bridge, that for primitiveness of structure and general advantages, would disgrace a village council. Engineers, of undoubted authority, have again and again condemned this means of ingress and egress to and from the city, but the Council has either turned a deaf ear, or has voted out the old negro knight as 'impotent.' There is an opportunity offering now, though, of the Council killing two birds with one stone; by, in the first place, saving the money that is yearly thrown away in keeping this shabby affair in an alleged state of repair, and having in its stead a thoroughfare that would be practically everlasting, and in the second place, by turning the adjoining property into a valuable tax contributing section.

More than a year ago, Mr. E. B. Violey Smith, a member of the Institute of Civil Engineers, English and American, and of the well-known firm of civil and mining engineers, Messrs. Keefe & Smith, conceived the idea of reclaiming this property to the city on a basis that would be profitable to the city, both to himself and his associates, and to the city. He then communicated his view, in a conversation, as to the state of James Bay Bridge, with the representatives of the Council, and to the effect that the idea should be achieved, and gave the estimated cost of carrying out his idea. He asked the reporter not to write anything about it till he (Mr. Smith) had perfected his plan, and got the whole thing about its shape that he would be in a position to lay it either before the Council, or the capitalists he expected to interest in the scheme. This has been done, notwithstanding that a paragraph appeared in the News the other morning, stating that a certain gentleman from New York had thought out the scheme, it is the fact, from the writer's knowledge, that the Smiths have written an immense deal of time, thinking and completing the details of this scheme ever since he has come to the city.

The result of this work is now to be seen in a set of completed plans, showing the scheme in its minutest particulars, and evidencing throughout many days and nights of hard study, coupled with the writer's knowledge that the Smiths had brought to bear on the project from the extensive engineering practice that Mr. Smith has had. He was found, yesterday morning, cool of spirit, and also well up, but there was a slight connection with the plans for the great reclamation scheme now being carried out in the Kootenay valley by his firm. The reporter told him he looked puzzled, and he turned round and asked a pencil out of his mouth, and said he was.

"You will remember, Mr. Smith," said the reporter, "more than a year ago you had the first of many talks with the members of the Council, and you were talking of reclaiming James Bay and giving to the city another Thames Embankment. I see that the other morning paper now publishes a few crude details about a proposed scheme, which you say is to be carried out at the present James Bay bridge, and although the paragraph is very vague, I thought I could possibly detect a similarity to the scheme that you have shown to me several times. In my story to take you away from your work, but I want to know all about the matter for publication now. Is the paragraph correct?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Smith, "the paragraph is correct so far as the character of the causeway, or rather viaduct, is concerned, but, as you have known all these months yourself, I might as well tell you the gentleman named in the paragraph are not one and the same person. The crude idea of utilizing the space underneath the existing bridge for a large purpose first occurred to Mr. J. McEwen, of the Provincial Treasury Department. He mentioned his idea to me, and I at once saw it was well worth working up. Accordingly I surveyed the ground, and for some months in the office to the matter. The result has been a perfectly detailed scheme, which is open to your inspection if you wish. Here it is, my own child, entirely."

"And as he said this, Mr. Smith pulled down a bundle of plans and laid them out on the table. "Do you know any other designs in existence, possessed by anyone else, having the same objects in view?" "No; I do not. My scheme has been before some of our leading local men for more than a year past. None of them hinted at any similar project, and such men as Bobb, Ward, Thomas Earle, the late Mr. Finlayson, Sir Joseph Trutch, Ald. Hunter, Ald. Mann, Major Deponet and others, all, you will see, men who have the city's prosperity at heart, because it is to their interest. When they saw my plans and the outlines of my scheme, they would have been very apt to have told me if they had thought of anything similar to this scheme. The idea seemed to be new to them, the same as it was to you at the time, but they all saw at once what an immense benefit would be to the city in the event of the completion of the works. Of course, there have been numerous schemes proposed for the reclamation of the James Bay flats, but none of them had anything in common with this."

Although it was a severe trespass on his time, Mr. Smith, in response to a request from the reporter, showed the latter the set of plans, and assisted his unprofessional mind with full explanation on every point. The general plan shows the location of the viaduct, the present bridge, the James Bay flats as the harbor. The idea is to give the city in lieu of the present shabby bridge a substantially built, permanent roadway the full width of Government street, and to

HIGH-HANDED SEIZURES

One San Francisco and Three Victoria Sealing Schooners Captured by the Russians. British Flag Hauled Down and Trampled on the Deck by the Russian Menials. Extraordinary Claim to Jurisdiction for One or One Thousand Miles. Awful Treatment of Captive Sailors and Hunters—Horrors Equal to Siberia's.

When the sealing schooner City of San Diego returned to port a few weeks ago her captain announced, as his opinion of course, that it would have been better for those schooner that had gone to try their luck on the Russian side, if they had remained idle in the home harbor.

"The Russian bear is watching," he said, "and the Russian warships will pounce down on any sealers venturing near their territory, whether they have a legal right to seize or not—the will of the Russian officers is law enough for Russian gunboats and those that own them."

It seems that the captain is a good prophet. "The Bear" has been watching and has made four sealers in a snail's pace, and the accounts brought down by the captains and crews of the confiscated craft, it does not appear that any law, except perhaps the law of might, played any part in the high handed proceeding. The unfortunate sealers were the "Ariel," "Willie McGowan" and "Roas Olsen" of his port, and the "C. H. White," of San Francisco. Their crews arrived here from Petropavlovsky, 84 men all told, and particulars of the misfortune that had befallen them were at once forwarded to Admiral Holman and the various authorities as well as to Collector A. R. Milne.

The memo, furnished the Admiral contains the facts of the case as regards the three British sealers. The schooner Ariel, of 23 tons, was owned by the Russian schooner, John McLeod master, was seized by the Imperial Russian cruiser Zibaki on July 28, 1924, in lat. 53° 10' N. long. 167° 50' W. The Ariel's crew consisted of 23 men, and the schooner was taken to Petropavlovsky. The schooner Willie McGowan, of 23 tons, was owned by John J. Daley master, with crew of 23 men, was seized by the Russian schooner Zibaki on the evening of July 18, in lat. 53° 50' N. long. 167° 50' W. The schooner was taken to Petropavlovsky. The schooner C. H. White, of 23 tons, was owned by C. H. White master, with crew of 23 men, was seized by the Russian schooner Zibaki on the evening of July 18, in lat. 53° 50' N. long. 167° 50' W. The schooner was taken to Petropavlovsky.

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The captain of the sealers had each his story to tell when they were taken to one among friends, at home, yesterday, nor did he lack an interested audience. All the facts of the case had, however, been embodied, on the way down, in a statement prepared for the "Colonist" readers by Mr. L. R. Harrison, of the Ariel's crew. His report was written by request of the masters of the sealers, and its accuracy was vouched for by them, as well as by the hunters and sailors forming the crews, to whom it was submitted. Here is the story:

The following is a plain statement of the facts concerning the seizure of the British sealing schooners Willie McGowan, Roas Olsen, and Ariel, and the United States sealing schooner C. H. White: "Each of the above mentioned British sealers was cleared from the custom house, Victoria, on the following dates, respectively: The Ariel, Capt. Keeffe, February 14, 1924; the Willie McGowan, Capt. Daley, May 14, 1924; the Roas Olsen, Capt. McLeod, May 11, 1924. "All were bound on a hunting and fishing voyage in the North Pacific Ocean. Each of the masters, in Russian, stated to his officers not to enter Behring Sea, and each carefully followed his instructions. "As the result of the most careful inquiries made by the British and United States masters, they were informed that they could take seals anywhere beyond three leagues off the coast of any of the Russian islands in the North Pacific. "On the voyage north, the schooners McGowan and Ariel were boarded by Lieut. Williams, of H. M. S. Dolphin, who warned each of the masters, in writing, against entering Behring Sea, and in each case, in reply to the question, the officer stated to the best of his information, the schooners could hunt seals anywhere

OUTSIDE THE LINE MARKED ON the charts as bounding that part of Behring Sea concerning the jurisdiction upon which an agreement for arbitration had lately been signed by the British and United States Governments—provided, of course, that they kept the proper distance from land, which distance was said to be three leagues. "The Roas Olsen was boarded by officers of the U. S. S. Adams and Mohican, and the Willie McGowan by the British lieutenant as that furnished by the British lieutenant to the masters of the other schooners. "And further, newspapers published at Victoria, of the date of June 4, described the masters of these vessels, giving the information that they could hunt seals without danger of seizure anywhere outside of three miles from the Russian possessions in the North Pacific. "Acting under their instructions and with the information referred to above in their possession, the masters of the vessels, after crossing along the coast, called for the Commander Olsen. "On the evening of July 18, the Willie McGowan, in latitude 53° 50' deg. N. and longitude 167° 50' deg. W., was boarded by the Russian schooner, City of San Diego, owned by Mr. Winkler's

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CHOLERA ALARMS.

The Newspapers Giving no Uncertain Sound as to Restricting Immigration.

Latest Advice as to the Outbreak in England and on the Continent.

Sanitary Conditions of Hamburg—Filthy, Poisonous Water—Merchants Leaving the City.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The St. James Gazette, which has heretofore been lukewarm on the subject, to-day joins the Evening News and Post and other newspapers in a crusade against the indiscriminate admission of immigrants from those regions of Europe shown to be tainted with the deadly cholera infection, and demands that Mr. Gladstone's Ministry take action to avert national disaster. "If we continue," says the St. James Gazette, "to allow foreigners to settle in our midst, we will have frequent epidemics that will tax all the resources of sanitation, the energy of doctors, the wealth of charity and the moral courage of the nation. Hamburg's mean policy of concealment has brought punishment on the people of Hamburg themselves, and has caused delay everywhere in the adoption of the necessary precautions."

The Evening News and Post say: "What we have long prophesied has come to pass. Several persons are already dead from Asiatic cholera, on our shores, and scores more, direct from the hotbeds of infection, are landing with the Government fleet."

The chief steamship lines at Hull have telegraphed to their agents on the continent to refuse all applications for passage from intending immigrants.

A death from cholera occurred to-day at Bolton, Lancashire, twelve miles from Manchester. It is not known whether or not the case was one of Asiatic cholera.

Miss Savary, a Russian Pole, from Hamburg, was admitted to the London hospital to-day, dying with a disease believed to be Asiatic cholera. Caroline Lane, an English girl of ten years, was also admitted to the London hospital believed to be suffering from Asiatic cholera.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—The Emperor has not yet decided whether or not it will be necessary to stop the autumn manoeuvres on account of cholera. Petitioners write to the palace daily praying for such postponement. There is reason to fear that numerous towns are concealing the fact that cholera exists within their borders. It is believed that the Emperor is in Bremen, Posen, Cologne, Treves, Nuremberg and Pforzheim. Both Prussia and Bavaria have prohibited the autumn agricultural shows and similar meetings. Prussia has also forbidden the use of fairs on the anniversary of the victory of Sedan, Sept. 1 and 2, so far as the infected towns are concerned.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—During the week, which ended this noon, there have been 2,327 cases of cholera in this city, 1,087 of them have been fatal. The authorities express the opinion that a climax has been reached, and that a steady abatement of the disease may now be expected. Their reasons for this opinion are not given, and it is thought they are merely trying to allay the fears of the people. The sanitary officials announce that the spread of cholera in Hamburg is directly traceable to the use of filthy water for drinking. The water is filthy, they say, and so impregnated with poisonous matter that it is a constant menace to the city with epidemics. The presence of Russian emigrants in the city is pronounced to have been of secondary importance in the spreading of the plague. Had the health of the people not already been undermined by impure drinking water, it is said, lists of or no danger would have attended the transportation through the city of families from the infected districts. Nevertheless the local government board has ordered that dirty and old emigrants shall not be allowed to land unless they give their names, occupation and address, so that they can be easily followed and watched. The assurances of the municipal authorities that the cholera has done its worst here have not met with credence. Men who have no business, or are at liberty to leave their business for a short time, continue to leave the city. Although no general exodus is apparent, the city is still a place of great activity. More of the fugitives go to the coast, although about 500 passengers left, to-day, for the interior.

The epidemic has abated somewhat, to-day. The cases reported to-day number 472, the deaths 197. The Shtator Strasse, having a population of good persons, has been found to be infected.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—A cablegram, to-day, from Antwerp to Messrs. Peter Wright & Sons, agents of the Red Star Line, directs them to "deny all rumors of cholera at Antwerp. Only a few isolated cases of cholera are known, and they are greatly exaggerated." A cablegram to the agents of the North German Lloyd's steamship line, in this city, states that it is officially denied by the authorities that a single case of cholera exists at Bremen.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—The government officials are fully alive to the added danger of introducing cholera into this country from Europe arising out of the fact that it has appeared in England on its journey westward, and the necessary regulations have been sent to the government officials along the Atlantic seaboard and along the border, and they will be strictly enforced.

SULLIVAN AND CORBETT. The "Big Fellow" Leaves for the South—His Antagonist Gives an Exhibition in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—John L. Sullivan left Camp Place Inn, L. I., where he has been in training ever since July 6, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. There was an animated scene at the Bay Head Station, nearly 500 persons gathered there to see the big fellow's departure. A hearty cheer arose as the train rolled out of the depot. At all the stations along the route, crowds gathered to see Sullivan. Shortly before six o'clock the party arrived at Phil Casey's place in Brooklyn, where Sullivan remains the guest of Mr. Casey until Thursday, when he will leave for Louisiana in the Wagner Palace car Traveller.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Madison Square garden was fairly filled at noon to-day when Jim Corbett presented himself to give a public exhibition of the methods of training he has pursued for his encounter in New Orleans with the champion, John L. Sullivan. Mrs. Corbett and quite a num-

CAPITAL NOTES.

Opening of the Dominion of Canada Rifle Association Meeting—Trifling Accident.

Two B. C. Representatives at the Butts-Canada's Aids to Navigation at St. Mary's.

Cattle for the Agassiz Farm—Premier Abbott in Fairly Good Health.

Who Will Succeed Gladstone in the Leadership of the Liberals?

LONDON, Aug. 27.—An enterprising news agency has telegraphed to Haverden an inquiry as to whether it is true that Gladstone intends retiring from the Premiership in the spring. The Premier gravely replied that the rumor is entirely groundless. There are, nevertheless, a considerable number of people, chiefly on the Conservative side, who hold that such a conclusion is inevitable, and H. E. Ascher, as the date of Gladstone's break-down. A struggle for Eiji's mantle will take place between Rosebery and Gladstone, and Mr. Rosebery is badly handicapped by his peerage. The Liberals are determined never again to have a Premier in the House of Lords, and a number have openly declared in favor of Harcourt.

Superintendent Sharpe, from Agassiz, arrived, this morning. He is here for the purpose of consulting Professor Saunders, and will take to British Columbia a load of thoroughbred cattle, Shorthorns, Holsteins, Ayrshires, also pigs and poultry. The noontime gun was spiked by a small boy, to-day, the vest being filled with sand, and citizens wondered why the gun was not fired.

Premier Abbott arrived at Tadoussac, on Saturday, in fairly good health. The Dominion Rifle matches commenced this morning. There was glorious weather; the number of competitors was slightly less than last year. The victory was won by Percy Mackenzie, of the Montreal Rifle Club, at the Halifax Station. Adams, of Halifax, won the Hamilton Powder match. The first accident in the history of the Association, occurred to-day. Major Watson, of the 66th Rifles, was shot in the calf of the leg by Captain Stevens, of the same corps. A revolver accidentally exploded. The British Columbia artillery are represented by Gunner J. H. Sharpe and Battery Sergeant A. Dredgale. Dredgale won \$5 in the Dominion of Canada match.

Justice Burbridge, of the Exchequer Court, proceeds to British Columbia on Friday.

COTTON TRADE TROUBLES. Parvane Employers Said to Have Precipitated Further Difficulties in Efforts to Crush the Union.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The crisis in the cotton trade is increasing in gravity. The loss is maintained in the operation of certain plants and amounts to 2 to 3 a penny in the pound. The operatives refuse to accept a reduction in wages, and maintain that a reduced output is the proper remedy. The influential cotton factory times, commenting on the proposal for short time with reduced wages, says it believes that if the workers had been consulted at the outset, they might have accepted it, but it is doubtful if they would now. A well-known writer in the Manchester Guardian says that the chief difficulty is to be expected from the parvenu sections of employers, originally workers themselves, whose ambition is crushing the union by exhausting their funds in strikes. The Guardian deprecates such an effort and holds that experience teaches that employers and employers must co-operate in reaching a modus vivendi sooner or later. It urges employers to secure the good will of the workers at once, believing that the employees will be willing to assist in minimizing the cost. If this course had been pursued, the eight-hour agitator, now such an absorbing problem, might have been averted.

THE CHOLERA. Its Rapid Spread in Europe, With Increasingly Fatal Results—Precautionary Measures.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—The official statement, this afternoon, showed that in the last twenty-four hours nineteen cases of cholera have been discovered. Reports from forty towns in North Germany, exclusive of Hamburg and Altona, show that in each, cases of cholera have been discovered.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Steamship agents at Queenstown have been ordered to inaugurate a medical quarantine system, which will touch at that port on route to New York, on Thursday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The Board of Health is continuing its efforts to prevent the baggage of passengers on the steamships which will touch at that port on route to New York, on Thursday.

HAMBURG, Aug. 30.—To-night 810 new cases and 319 deaths are reported for the day.

THEIR PLATFORM. The Planks of the Manifesto Adopted by the Socialists in Connection in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The National Convention of Socialists yesterday adopted the following platform:

1. Reduction of the hours of labor in proportion to the progress of production.

2. The United States shall obtain possession of all railroads, canals, telegraph lines and all other means of public transportation and communication.

3. Municipalities to obtain possession of local ferries, railroads, waterworks, gasworks, electric plants and all industries requiring municipal franchises.

4. Public lands to be declared inalienable. The reversion of all land grants to Corporations or individuals, the conditions of which have not been complied with.

5. Legal incorporation by states of local trades unions which have no national organization.

6. The United States government to have the exclusive right to issue money.

7. Congressional legislation providing for the scientific management of waterways and prohibiting waste of the natural resources of the country.

8. Inventions to be free to all. Inventors to be remunerated by the nation.

9. A progressive income tax and tax on inheritance; smaller incomes to be exempt from taxation.

10. School education of all children under 14 years of age to be compulsory, gratuitous and accessible to all by public assistance in meals, clothing and goods where necessary.

11. The repeal of all paper, tramp, convict and other laws, and the withdrawal of the right of combination.

12. Official statistics concerning the condition of labor; the prohibiting of the employment of children of school age and the employment of female labor in occupations detrimental to health or morality; and the abolition of the convict labor contract system.

13. All wages to be paid in lawful money.

FROM MONTREAL.

Statement of C. P. R. Earnings and Expenditures—A Grave Clerical Scandal.

Death of Judge Church—The Province of Quebec Lottery—The Mayorality.

Special to THE COLONIST.] MONTREAL, Aug. 30.—The C.P.R. earnings for July, 1892, were: Gross earnings, \$1,790,000. Working expenses, \$1,114,152. Net profits, \$675,848.

In July, 1891, the net profits were \$662,431, and for the seven months ending July 31, 1892, the figures are as follows: Gross earnings, \$11,618,594. Working expenses, \$7,614,157. Net profits, \$4,004,437.

For the seven months ending July 31, 1891, the net profits were \$3,616,943. French-Canadian society here is excited over the discovery that Rev. Mr. Goyon, a leading French Canadian priest and member of the Sulpician order, assigned to St. James' church, is involved in a scandal with the wife of a leading lawyer. The woman is now in a convent, and her husband threatens to shoot the priest who is now in Europe, when he returns to Montreal.

The Civic health committee has decided to take every means to put the city in first class sanitary condition, and at the present time, notwithstanding statements to the contrary, Montreal is in a position to show a clean bill of health.

Alphonse Desjardins, federal member for Hochelaga, has been asked to accept nomination for the chief chair, and will probably accept. Mr. Desjardins was for many years a member of the press, and is president of a French banking institution.

A civic deputation is going on a tour through Canada and the States to acquire information regarding the electric trolley and the storage system of propulsion for street cars.

It is understood the Government has decided that the St. Jean Baptiste Society must take back the Quebec lottery into their own hands, change its name and run the same in connection with the Monument National.

Hon. Levi Engles Church died to-day. For years he represented Pontiac in the Quebec Legislature. He was appointed member of the Executive Council, September 22nd, 1874, and was Attorney General from that date till January, 1878, when he became Provincial Treasurer. He held that position until May, 1878, when the administration was dismissed by Lieut-Governor Letellier de St. Just. He sat in the Commons for Ottawa from 1867 until 1871, when he retired. He was several times returned by acclamation; in 1876 he visited England and successfully floated a large provincial loan. He was a Liberal Conservative in politics. When he retired from provincial politics he settled in Montreal and opened a law office, the firm being Church, Chaplain, Hall & Awtcher. His constant practice until 1887, when he was raised to the Court of Queen's Bench, and retired about a year ago owing to ill health.

CANADIAN NEWS. A New Administration Formed in the Northwest Territories—Potato Blight.

The C. P. R. E. Establishing Another Fast Service—The Pope and Manitoban Schools.

(Special to THE COLONIST.) No French Interference. QUEBEC, Aug. 29.—The French papers here discuss eagerly a cablegram from Rome, to the effect that the Papal authorities, at the instance of the French Government, have remonstrated with Great Britain in the affair of the Manitoba separate schools, and a high dignitary of the Cardinal's palace, to whom the dispatch had been shown, has declared to a reporter that he considers it both unreasonable and untrue.

Serious Accident. TORONTO, Aug. 29.—A team, driven by Jacob Troyer, of Woodbridge, a farmer, shied at a trolley car here, to-day, throwing Mrs. Troyer to the pavement and injuring her, probably fatally.

Planting Mill Burned. WATERLOO, Ont., Aug. 29.—Lawrence Ross, planting mill, was burned yesterday. Loss, \$5,000; uninsured.

C. P. R. to Have the Shortest Line. TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 29.—A high C.P.R. official here, says that the company contemplates establishing a 29 hour rail service, between Chicago and Halifax, and that with the last existing rail, the President Van Horne is now in Europe seeing about, they will give the shortest line between Chicago and E. Grand.

The New N.W.T. Administration. REGINA, Aug. 29.—Mr. Betts has formed a new N.W.T. executive, but he himself will not be a member of it. According to present intentions, the new Government will be composed as follows: Hugh S. Cayley, member for Calgary, leader; Thos. McKay, member for Prince Albert; Daniel Bowman, member for South Regina; Joel D. Kots and returned to Europe. In Paris the Marquis de Mores is son of the Duc de Valombrosa. He was trained for the French army at St. Cyr, but soon threw up his profession and went off to New York. There he married the daughter of a rich German banker, and set out for Dakota. He built a hotel, a villa and a couple of large abattoirs, and proposed to supply the Eastern markets with dressed beef. The scheme soon came to grief. He is said to have been shot at 18 times in a very few months, and during all that time, he was robbed right and left, the cattle thieves stealing his own steers and selling them to him over and over again. Although unable to run a ranch, he was a splendid shot, a tried sportsman and a giant for adventure. His wife stuck by him during all these stormy seasons, but was heartily glad when he turned his back on Dakota and returned to Europe. In Paris the Marquis de Mores is son of the Duc de Valombrosa. He was trained for the French army at St. Cyr, but soon threw up his profession and went off to New York. There he married the daughter of a rich German banker, and set out for Dakota. He built a hotel, a villa and a couple of large abattoirs, and proposed to supply the Eastern markets with dressed beef. The scheme soon came to grief. He is said to have been shot at 18 times in a very few months, and during all that time, he was robbed right and left, the cattle thieves stealing his own steers and selling them to him over and over again. Although unable to run a ranch, he was a splendid shot, a tried sportsman and a giant for adventure. 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