

The HURON SIGNAL

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, FEB. 26, 1886.

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THE HURON SIGNAL

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Advertisements—Eight cents per line for first insertion; three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Yearly, half-yearly and quarterly contracts at reduced rates.

JOHN FRISBIE.—We have also a first-class jobbing department in connection, and possessing the most complete out-fit and best facilities for turning out work in Goderich, are prepared to do business in that line at prices that cannot be beaten, and of a quality that cannot be surpassed.—Terms Cash

FRIDAY, FEB 26th, 1886.

A LITTLE DIRECT TALK.

This article is dedicated especially to you. It doesn't make any difference whether you are paid up till next January, or whether you are still in arrear, we want you to read it.

We don't care a nickel whether you are a blonde or a brunette, married or single, rich or poor, short or tall, fat or lean, grey-haired, black-haired, red-haired or bald, or whether you use crutches, a walking stick, two legs or a wooden peg for purposes of locomotion; we want you to read it.

We turn out a live, wide-awake, weekly newspaper, at an annual cost to each subscriber of \$1.50 a year in advance. Advance, in this case means not at the close of the year. We make the above definition of the term "advance" for the benefit of that class who don't consult their dictionaries, and fall into the error of imagining that in "advance" means twelve months after date.

Now, the reason we want you to read this is so that you may look at your label. If you have a receipt until Jan 1, 1887, amongst your assets, there is no harm done, for there is no county by-law to hinder you from looking at that label. Accept our best thanks for your promptness in the matter. But if, on the other hand, you discover that your label is not marked up to "1887," and that you are in arrear, then it is your bounden duty to at once brace up and get the label fixed while the year is yet young.

Now you know why we asked you to read this. Please govern yourself accordingly.

We mean you, and you, and you. This is a personal invitation.

Don't try and saddle it on the neighbors on the next line.

Came right along with your subscription, and begin the new year in a straight-forward, honest, upright, responsible, well-acting, square good fashion.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT met yesterday. An interesting debate is expected next week.

OUR correspondent "Pro Bono Publico" makes some timely suggestions in this week's issue. We should have some such corps as that proposed by him.

The renowned William Johnston, of Ballykibbeg, who is a great man among the Orangemen of this country, speaking in Wexford county, made the statement that three Canadian Grand Masters, who lately visited Ireland, assured him "that thousands of their brethren in Canada were ready to come over to this country (Ireland) and if called upon, to emulate the glorious deeds of their forefathers in the cause of religion and liberty, and if need be, to fight the Battle of the Boyne over again," sooner than permit an Irish parliament to sit in Dublin. What bush!

The Huron SIGNAL funny men—devisers to extract humor out of the London Soup Kitchen's daily bulletin of soup and bread distributed. The average Grit editor seems to glory in the downfall of his fellow beings.—[London Free Press.]

Nothing of the kind. Last week we referred to the fact that the deserving poor of London were being helped in a most commendable manner by the benevolent people of London. In this connection we also stated that the Free Press, which has all along contended of late that the times are not hard, would not approve of soup kitchen benevolence. When THE SIGNAL makes a point against the Free Press it wants to make it hit in such a manner that the London Tory journal can't lie out of it. The Free Press has had to admit that the times are hard right at its own door. But THE SIGNAL deprecates the fact, and so does every Reform journal. We also deprecate the fact that the Free Press will still continue to deny that hard times exist in Ontario. Lying is the besetting sin of the London Free Press.

The East Huron Reformers will hold a convention at Brussels on Saturday, March 13th, at 1 p.m., for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the Commons. There are several men in the section who, we believe, could successfully contest the riding with the present incapable representative, and it is to be hoped that every exertion will be put forth by the members of the convention to get the strongest available candidate.

"An advertisement for tenders for some work on the Welland canal has appeared in 150 Tory papers at a cost of about \$4,000. This recalls an advertisement for tenders for Indian supplies some time ago in which the cost of advertising formed quite a large percentage on the cost of the goods. But the Tory press cannot be said to say that the government can do no harm."

That item is the truth, the solemn, unadulterated truth, and accounts for the fact that the Tory journals, to the last one, stick to the Government that sticks to them. In one year \$201,000 were paid out to the Tory papers in Canada to keep them in the traces, when ten per cent. of the amount would have done the legitimate advertising and printing at commercial rates. This is the reason that the hired man is allowed to wave aloft the grey goose quill in the columns of our local contemporary.

The following is from the Ottawa Free Press, the paper which is owned by a brother of the editor of the Goderich Star:—

The country wants to know what were the reasons for reprieving Riel the last time—why the Government promised its Blue supporters in Quebec that Riel should not be hanged but afterwards hanged him. The country wants the Premier to read the telegrams from Orange lodges and leaders which he received threatening secession from the Tory party unless Riel was hanged—it wants him to answer the charge that the Government did not hang Riel upon conviction, but because after hanging on the gallows he was not a Tory.

And while we are on this question of denials we might state that a denial from Sir John Macdonald or Sir Adolphe Caron is not a difficult thing to get, even when both are from the truth. We recollect when Sir John Macdonald assented to Lord Dufferin upon his honor as a member of the privy council that he was guiltless of complicity with Sir Hugh Allan, in the first Pacific scandal, and we remember when he held up his hands at Peterborough and "washed to God he could catch him"—Riel. We also remember when, not one year ago yet, Sir Adolphe rose in his place in the House, and denied that there was any trouble in the Northwest, when the blood of god men and true had been spilt on the prairies.

Oh, dear! no. It is not difficult to get denials in plenty from Sir John and Caron. But the difficulty now is to get the public to believe either of the gallant knights, unless there be corroborative testimony.

THE FATE OF RIEL.

There are few men in Canada better able to grasp the points of a case than Sir Richard Cartwright. He goes to the kernel at once, and gives his opinion in a calm, clear and concise form. In the present instance he saddles the guilt on the right shoulders. This is what he says:—

"My own opinion has been stated over and over again, and I am not disposed to go back upon it. I have said elsewhere, and I repeat it here today, that Louis Riel was infinitely less criminal than the present Premier of Canada and the late minister of the department of the interior. I say that of the two criminals Riel was the less guilty. Recall that Louis Riel owed us no allegiance. He had never sworn to discharge the duties of his office to the best of his ability. He had never—had his just—created any colonization companies to plunder the people. Riel was but the spark that fired the train which had been laid by the scandalous neglect and misadministration of Sir John and his associates. Had the Northwest been honestly and fairly governed a thousand Riels would never have persuaded the unfortunate halfbreeds to take up arms."

We are indebted to F. Jordan, drug gist, for copies of the Gazette, published at Fort McLeod, N. W. T. From the articles in our far west conference we clip the following brief but suggestive paragraph:—

"At the banquet to Mr. Jackson, at Qu'Appelle, nearly all the toasts were received enthusiastically. There was one exception, and that was always in the toast to the Lieutenant-Governor was received in silence. Whenever it was drunk at all, that is the only reception which he gets in the territories."

Sir Randolph Churchill is now making violent anti-Catholic speeches.

ABOUT CARON'S TELEGRAM.

"The next instance (of Grit malice) was the publication by the London Advertiser, of an alleged telegram, purporting to have been sent by the Minister of Militia, from Winnipeg, regarding the fate of Riel. This has been given the most specific and authoritative denial, but the London liar has not yet acknowledged his offence. He, too, ought to have a label sent fastened on him, one that would stick."

The above, from the Star, has about as much misrepresentation in it as could be crowded into an item of its size. In the first place no "specific and authoritative denial" of the telegrams published in the Advertiser about the hanging of Riel has yet been made. One part of the Tory press say the telegrams are forgeries, another section, and the Mail amongst the number, say the telegrams were stolen. Before the Star again rushes frantically into print on this subject, we want it to inform its confiding readers which of the above Tory statements is correct. After it has accomplished that matter, we will talk to it with reference to the reason why Sir Adolphe Caron and Sir John Macdonald were not being sued for libel against the Advertiser or any other Reform journal for publishing their murderous telegrams to and from Winnipeg. The Ottawa Free Press, owned and edited by C. W. Mitchell, brother of the editor of the Star, after dealing trenchantly with this telegram villainy of Sir John and Caron, thus refers to the matter:—

"Some eight days after the transmission of this telegram, Riel was hanged. Why was he hanged? Because, according to the telegram, "if the law were not allowed to take its course, there would be more trouble than anticipated," and not, that justice should be tempered with mercy. In other words the government hanged Riel, because it believed there were more votes for it in his execution than in his reprieve. Such a Tory Government in Canada. A system of barter and sale in which a human life lay trembling in the balance."

And while we are on this question of denials we might state that a denial from Sir John Macdonald or Sir Adolphe Caron is not a difficult thing to get, even when both are from the truth. We recollect when Sir John Macdonald assented to Lord Dufferin upon his honor as a member of the privy council that he was guiltless of complicity with Sir Hugh Allan, in the first Pacific scandal, and we remember when he held up his hands at Peterborough and "washed to God he could catch him"—Riel. We also remember when, not one year ago yet, Sir Adolphe rose in his place in the House, and denied that there was any trouble in the Northwest, when the blood of god men and true had been spilt on the prairies.

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A CHECKY TORY SCRIBE.

In his speech at the Blake banquet Col. Ross, provincial treasurer, extolled the bravery of our volunteers at Batoche and remarked that they had a brave foe. Some Tory organs have twisted his well-founded criticisms of militia departmental management into a charge of cowardice against the volunteers; and the War-Office repeats the cry and asserts that Col. Ross declared the half-breeds were braver than our boys. Col. Ross has fully refuted the charges of his detractors; but it does not require a long memory to recollect what the War-Office said to say a few months ago on this same topic. It said: "We need not leave the [Ontario] Grenadier regiment to find several hundred enough to say that some of their officers are cowards." Further on the War-Office alleges that a certain officer "could not show a Grenadier had to be beaten with a stick before he could get from behind the cannon," and that another officer was "getting among the points and wagons in Batoche when a few rebel bullets whizzed by." And yet the writer of these slanders "has the gall" to turn on the provincial treasurer and certain Reform papers and in a fine burst of stimulated patriotism charge them with attacking the volunteers.

W. G. Smith and Wm. Moss will, we are informed, shoot at glass balls this afternoon for a bag of flour. Much interest is being manifested in the result of the match.

HE STILL DOUBTS.

Last week the Star's hired man dismissed the question of the troubles in the Northwest by declaring that "neither in the Mail nor in any Grit organ has there appeared anything to justify the rebellion." The hired man is mistaken. The following appeared in the Mail on July 8, 1885:—

"It has never been denied by the Mail that the Metis had good ground for grievance. By the passage of the Manitoba Act of 1870 old Canada had normally and frankly recognized the rights of the halfbreeds of that Province to share in the Indian title, and it follows as a matter of course that they had rights in the soil of Manitoba, those of them dwelling in the regions beyond had rights in the soil there."

It was a tangled question; it would involve the appointment of a commission and no end of trouble; St. Albert and St. Laurent were far distant departments with a political fissure; it was a claim that would be more the worse for time—siding in the pigeon-hole.

Had they had votes, like white men, or if, like the Indians, they had been numerous enough to command respect and reverence, without doubt the wheels of the office would have revolved for them; but being only halfbreeds, they were past all with a eternal promise, still patience ceased to be a virtue.

We repeat again that the departmental system under which such careless and cruel neglect of the rights of a portion of the community was possible, was wrong, and should be censured."

The St. Mary's Journal alludes to Hon. David Mills as "ex-Hon. David Mills." The Journal betrays not only bad taste but gross ignorance by so doing. Hon. David Mills is not "ex-Hon. David Mills," nor is Hon. William Macdonald, or Hon. Alex. Morris, "ex-Honorable." And for this reason: All persons who have held position in the Dominion Cabinet are followed by the title "Honorable" when they resign office. In the Legislature the title "Honorable" does not continue when a Minister retires from office, as in the case of James Young, S. C. Wood, and Adam Crooks. But, dear Journal, it is perfectly right to say Hon. Alex. MacKenzie, Hon. Edward Blake, Hon. David Mills, &c.

A LITTLE while ago we were told by some of the Tory prints that had never heard Thos. Farrow, M.P., orate, that M. C. Cameron, M.P., was afraid to appear on the same platform with the respectable Thos. to discuss the political issues. Well, Farrow had a meeting over at Wingham Wednesday of last week, and as usual trailed the tail of his coat across the platform, like the Irishman who declared he "was blue-mouldy for a batin." There is a local Liberal in Wingham named Macdonald, a doctor by profession, and a speaker of some note. After Farrow had thrown out his usual challenge, the doctor responded, and—well, then Farrow refused to give him a hearing for even five minutes. The Tory fighting cock of East Huron is a terror to crow on his own hill. But it's just like Thomas.

THE FIRE FIGHTERS.

The fire brigade had become inefficient since John Butler had assumed the chairmanship of the fire committee. Now, I never made any pretensions to being a prophet or the grandfather of a prophet, but the wisdom of my feeble remarks on that occasion was fully demonstrated Friday night at the fire at Imrie's. When the steam got down, Butler took confidence in the engineer, and elected himself chief fire-fighter by acclamation, and pranced around with a "wiper" in one hand, a wrench in the other, and aloud dished on his manly countenance, it looked as if things had got to a pretty serious pass. Had the fire not been confined by brick walls on each side, the entire block would have been swept. At the special meeting of the town council on Saturday evening I understood a new engineer was appointed.

I have also heard that councillor Butler, at the Saturday evening meeting, claimed credit for the fire company under his regime for keeping down the ravages of the flames in town during the past few years. I wouldn't bet a bit surprised to learn, a year hence, that Butler claimed all the credit for saving Kent's house from the flames on Monday night last. I like to see a man with cheek, but Butler's claim for the efficient working of the fire brigade

WHAT'S UP?

Things That Are Happening Around Us.

Politics—The Fire Fiasco—Something About Revising Barristers and their Clerks.

I've been told that Corbett, of Clinton, is likely to be the next candidate for parliamentary honors in West Huron. The old man was up here last week, and was closeted with the revising barrister's clerk, trying to make himself solid on the list. I have an unlimited opinion as to the depths of trickery, and chicanery, and partisan huckstering to which William Joseph Russell Holmes can descend to further political ends, but I don't believe that even he could fix up a list in West Huron to such an extent that Corbett could possibly get a majority. The Tory party in West Huron is evidently running out of parliamentary timber—they'll have to try and get an export duty put on political logs, so as to prevent chronic candidates like Bob Porter from leaving the limits.

I hear that Goderich is likely to be favored with a local schism case shortly. You see, some years ago there was an old chap who resided here named H—well, never mind; I've changed my mind, and I don't think I'll go into a bill of particulars at present. But I will be in a position to make a full statement of the case "ore long," as the politicians say, and I give you my hand and word, that when I will then be some racy reading. Meantime, I have "put it on my little list."

It seems the Star is not of opinion that Rats was THE SIGNAL's candidate for the wardenship. Well, the little Dutchman from Stephen had certainly first choice in my county municipal affections, and I treated him gently to the front as the Reform candidate for the wardenship the second week in January. I did it in a quiet, unostentatious way, I am willing to admit, but I did it all the same. Perhaps I should have made a bigger noise, but the Tories were so sure of putting in whomever they pleased that I thought I'd work on the quiet, and let the loyal opposition hug their decision to their manly bosoms—and they did. I gave the wink to the editor of THE SIGNAL, the racket was quietly wrought, and Rats was elected warden. Of course, if the Star is anxious to claim credit for electing Rats, I'm sure I have no objection. And, I might remark parenthetically, that I suppose it really was the exuberance of his joy at the election of Rats that impelled me to jump to his feet and ask to have it done over again—it was so nice, you know. Oh, yes!

An Irishman was handed one of Prof. Vallance's programs on Saturday, and read amongst the numbers, "Jimmy Butler and the owl." "Bowls an," said he, "There's a misprint here; it should be 'Johnnie Butler and the owl'—athame-ine." But the procession moved on.

Some weeks ago I pointed out that the fire brigade had become inefficient since John Butler had assumed the chairmanship of the fire committee. Now, I never made any pretensions to being a prophet or the grandfather of a prophet, but the wisdom of my feeble remarks on that occasion was fully demonstrated Friday night at the fire at Imrie's. When the steam got down, Butler took confidence in the engineer, and elected himself chief fire-fighter by acclamation, and pranced around with a "wiper" in one hand, a wrench in the other, and aloud dished on his manly countenance, it looked as if things had got to a pretty serious pass. Had the fire not been confined by brick walls on each side, the entire block would have been swept. At the special meeting of the town council on Saturday evening I understood a new engineer was appointed.

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under his regis, is only exceeded

by his claims against the Government in connection with his job at the harbor.

—Some of the outside newspapers agree with my estimate of Thomas Farrow's oratory. The London Advertiser mildly remarks that the reason M. C. Cameron didn't attend Farrow's fluke at Blyth was because "it wasn't necessary to use a triphammer to pound a piece of patty." There's a heap of force in the analogy, but it's mighty severe on the member for East Huron, all the same. It bites, so to speak.

I see the Tories do things the same way down in Waterloo that they up here in Huron county. The revising barrister and his clerk, together with the local Tory organizer and Tom Cowan and Alf Blackeby—a couple of party heeled—are reported to have held their meeting in the office of the Galt Tory newspaper, and discussed the probable working of the new Dominion franchise act. The Reporter admits that the gentlemen were in its office at the same time, but claims that no conversation was indulged in by the parties named with reference to the franchise bill. It further says that the revising barrister, Judge Lacourse, and his clerk, Otto Klots, are above suspicion so far as partisanship is concerned. Mebbe the Reporter is speaking the truth—mebbe; but if it is, it has an intense and childlike faith in its barrister and clerk that I'd like to be possessed of with regard to "hizzoner" and the clerk in West Huron. They will both work in with the heeled of their party, and will sometimes give the heeled points, so far as partisanship is concerned. We all know what an unscrupulous liquor commissioner our revising barrister made last year. If our friends don't pin him down to square work he'll be about equally impartial in the revising of the lists. And if he forgets to do anything mean, his clerk will remind him of it. And the little knot of heeled through behind the stove in John Butler's back shop will do the rest. There isn't one of them too good to do political dirty work.

"Batoche." We wonder if we shall ever hear the last of "Batoche." Dr. Oton, M.P., late brigade surgeon, Captain Mason, of the Grenadiers, and Mr. Sereton, assistant transport officer at the front, are still writing about that "famous victory." They are all likely to make "Batoche" one of the disputed points of history. Was Rome saved by the cackling of geese, or was Batoche prudently approached, strategically surrounded and heroically assaulted by General Middleton and his men? This is too big a question to decide right off; but here is one point on which all the "heroes" were present at that "battle" agree to. General Middleton and the whole of his fighting force left the camp in the morning of the 9th of May. Everything was left standing. Beds were not folded up, tents were not struck, and everything indicated that he intended to return that night. He brought all his fighting men along with him, and there was no one in the camp but the teamsters. He marched seven miles and arrived at Batoche, skinned around all day, and the question now is: Did he intend to return to his camp seven miles off or not? We shall not answer that question just now, but here is something new—Suppose General Middleton had had a dashing soldier to fight against; and suppose that dashing soldier took fifty mounted men and attacked the camp while General Middleton was at Batoche? If that happened, the \$20,000 would not have been voted and the K. C. M. G. would not now be decorating the breast of the General commanding the Canadian militia. Fifty men could not only have taken the camp but they could have destroyed all the ammunition, stores, baggage, supplies, fodder and everything that was in the camp at the time, and have left General Middleton at the mercy of his enemies. Fifty men could have done this easily. The teamsters could not have defended the camp because they had Peabody rifles and Winchester ammunition. What has General Middleton to say to this? And we have more to come or "to be continued," like our stories.—[Montreal Post.]

A FIGHTING EDITOR.—This is the way the Tilsonburg Liberal man announces the arrival of a son to bless his household: "We have secured the services of a genuine fighting editor for the Liberal, and we take this opportunity of warning all political heeled and ward caucus organizers that we will not be at their mercy in the future. The fighting editor is young and inexperienced, and will be ready to take lessons in his business at once. He came to town yesterday in time to have his name recorded on the new franchise voters' list, and if Clerk Jackson forgets to record his name, we will charge him with being one of the noted partisan revising barrister's clerks. The young editor weighs over eight pounds, is all wool and a yard wide."

DS, red and Black finest lot of down at Carlow. BSOLD.

DS,

DRNELL, TAKER, assortment of Fine Glass Underneath Goods in Fire at Reasonable Price.

FURNITURE! THE CHEAPEST AND BEST of Furniture. I buy Cash and sell Any Other Man in Town. I have High Armed Improved Bedsteads.

Wing Machine I and Save Money. Hotel, Hamilton Street, 1886.

O FARMERS (AVING) FOR SALE. I have a fine lot of sheep for sale at the highest price for cash, and will take 1/2 the price for all sheep. For more particulars apply to me at my place or to my agent in order to see the sheep.

Meat Market. & Johnston. All kinds of Meats. CURED MEATS. Sold by ordering your Gold and Carrot MEATS AT OLD'S, the Greaser, on the Square.

GROCERIES. I have a full stock of Groceries.

GS WANTED. I am prepared to buy all kinds of goods—Hard Maple, Elm and Black Ash, Soft Sawwood, Hemlock, Pine, and Spruce. I will pay the highest price for all goods delivered at my place.

ESTIMATED SAW MILL. I have a full stock of Sawed Lumber, and a Liberal Rate. All kinds of Lumber. AVYER & BOEHLER, 1886-87.

AND BRUCE INVESTMENT COMPANY. Lending Money on Farm and Real Estate at Interest. ES PURCHASED. BANK BRANCH. I have a full stock of Bank Notes, and will buy them at the highest price.

JUST IN TIME.

BY ADELINE SERGEANT.

CHAPTER VII. (Continued.)

MAGGIE LOGAN'S OATH.

Maggie Logan amazed her aunt that night by first turning sick and faint and then by going off into a long fit of hysterical crying.

The influence of Mr. Lockhart's looks and tone was still upon her. Maggie had some Highland blood in her, and was perhaps the more disposed to yield herself to superstitious emotions.

She was indeed so weak and nervous that, in spite of her years, a little judicious and kindly pressure might have induced her to tell the whole story.

Naturally the girl did not know how important the loss of the box might be. She knew that it contained money and jewels, and she thought that Mrs. Douglas simply wished to possess herself of these.

Mrs. Douglas's excitement was so obvious that the very servants of the house remarked on it. She wept bitterly for her father; her eyes were feverishly bright and dry, she cheeks took on a sallow tint of color which had an unnatural look.

The old family lawyer appeared with Mr. Lockhart's last will and testament in his pocket, and the document was read in the presence of Mrs. Douglas and her friends. It was dated six years previously, and it left everything that Mr. Lockhart possessed to his grandson, Bertie Douglas.

The lawyer, in answer to some questions put by Dr. Airlie, who attended at Mrs. Douglas's request as "a friend of the family," declared that he knew of no other will than the one which had just been read, and that if Mr. Lockhart had desired to make another, he had not entrusted the making of it to him, Mr. Brand.

"Oh, no. I am sure my dear father would not have made another without consulting you," faltered Mrs. Douglas.

whose black bordered handkerchief was pressed to her eyes. Little Bertie was standing beside her, with his hand in hers.

He looked wonderingly up into her face. "Mamma," he said, "you are hurting my fingers. Please let me go."

Many a long year passed away before the meaning of that close, hard grip of his mother's hand became clear to him. But he always remembered it.

The lawyer departed, and Mrs. Douglas was left to have a long private conference with Dr. Airlie. Before the interview was ended she sent for Maggie Logan.

The girl came unwillingly. Her appearance was strangely altered. Her face was white and her eyelids red with crying. Even the masses of hair which hung over her shoulders looked less bright than usual.

"The thought Mistress Douglas was here," she said, seeing that the doctor was alone.

"No, I'm here," said the doctor, with a benevolent smile. "Now, my dear, I want to talk to you. Sit down. I want to ask you a question."

"I do not tell any lying," Maggie flashed out at once. "I've no said a word yet, and I never will. Auntie Bell may scold me till I'm black and blue if she likes, but I winna tell."

"Your aunt has been skelping you, has she? Never mind; we will persuade her not to do it again," said the doctor mildly. "Don't be afraid. Nobody wants you to say anything."

Maggie looked at him with wide open eyes. "Yes, they do," she said slowly. "An' I've naething to tell them. I dinna ken onything."

"That's right," said Dr. Airlie in an approving tone. "Keep to that, my dear. Do you understand? Mrs. Douglas does not want you to say anything to anybody. If you know what Mr. Lockhart did with any of his possessions—a box, for instance, papers, letters, ornaments—you had better keep it to yourself. Do you see what I mean?"

"Mrs Douglas disna want to ken?" said Maggie in astonishment.

"Exactly. She wants to know nothing, and as long as you keep it to yourself she will be very good and kind to you. The laird told you not to say anything, did he not?"

Maggie nodded.

"Well, she wants you to do just what the laird told you—to say nothing to anybody. Unless, indeed, you like just to whisper it in my ear as a secret where this precious box went to—"

"I'll no dae't," said Maggie, stamping her foot. "He said he'd come back to punish me if I said so word to anybody, and I said I wadna dae't."

"Very well," the doctor was wise enough to make the best of a bad business. "If you tell anybody, you know, you had better tell Mrs Douglas or me, and we will make you a handsome present—whatever you like best in the world. No? Well, then, see that you say nothing to anybody else. You understand?"

"Fine."

"And if you are a good girl, and keep your mouth shut, Mrs. Douglas will do something for you. Would you like to go to London and be apprenticed to a dressmaker? You would make quite a fortune there when you were grown up."

"I'll no gang to London; I'll stay in Glasgie," was Maggie's resolute answer, "I want to go to the schule."

"Well, you shall go to the school, and you shall have a nice new dress and some money to spend, because Mrs. Douglas wishes to befriend the girl who is doing what Mr. Lockhart wished her to do," said the doctor smoothly.

He could not quite read the meaning of the look in Maggie's beautiful eyes and firm curved mouth, but it was uncommonly like scorn of his explanation. He carried his point, however. He saw that in the girl's half-hysterical nervous state it was impossible to get her to disobey the laird's dying behest. The great thing, then, as he had impressed upon Mrs. Douglas's mind, was to prevent her imparting the secret to anybody else when she came to a healthier state of mind. It would be best to keep an eye upon her, and to make it her own interest to do what Mrs. Douglas desired.

With this end in view Maggie Logan was taken away from her aunt and sent to board with a respectable old couple in Glasgow, from whose house she went daily to school for two or three years. At that age she was placed in a milliner's establishment, and became a favorite with her employers, who paid her well, and allowed her a good deal of liberty. She was occasionally visited by Doctor Airlie, who took quite a paternal interest in her welfare. Dr. Airlie used to come to Glasgow every few weeks, and was often accompanied by his former pupil, Gerald Ruthven, who displayed some ingenuity in tracking his tutor's footsteps in order to find out the object of his mysterious visits to Sauchiehall street. And when once he had seen Maggie Logan Gerald began to haunt Sauchiehall street himself.

Events meanwhile went on quietly enough at Glenbervie. Mrs. Douglas

did not survive her father very long. She grew thinner and more anxious-looking every day, and finally died rather suddenly of diphtheria. Bertie Douglas was taken up to the Towers to be more than ever a friend and companion to the young Ruthvens and their cousin. In course of time he went into the army, and his regiment being ordered abroad he took himself with it to Northern India—a step which Lord Morven highly approved, as he hoped that it would put a stop to an incipient love affair between his ward and the Earl's step-sister, Lady Lillias Ruthven.

Dr. Airlie went on living at the Towers, and kept a watchful eye upon his friends and neighbors. He was growing to be an old man, but he was none the less interested in their concerns. And it gave him a good deal of uneasiness when he learned that foolish fair-faced Maggie Logan had suddenly disappeared from the milliner's shop in Sauchiehall street, and that nobody knew whither she had gone.

Nobody? Dr. Airlie had an odd suspicion that Gerald Ruthven knew.

Thus the years came and went, but they brought no tidings of the waif and stray who had gone to prison for Gerald Ruthven's fault—who had been nurtured in poverty and familiarized from his earliest days with crime. What had become—(Stephen Airlie often asked himself the question)—what had become of Anthony Lockhart, the rightful laird of Glenbervie? Was he alive or dead? And, if alive, would he ever come back to claim his rights and demand the punishment of those who had wronged him in his earlier days?

CHAPTER VIII.

ANTHONY.

It was after the separation of years that the cousins met in a foreign land. Doctor Airlie's question might have been answered now. Anthony Lockhart was not dead. He stood in a little tent under a tropical midnight sky, and confronted his cousin steadily and in silence. When Bertie Douglas said quietly that he had known of the relationship all along, the elder man drew back with a startled and rather an indignant look.

"Impossible!" he said.

"I have been morally certain of it since the first—or at least the second—day we met. Do you remember that you brought me some books for my amusement on the day after we came here? Amongst them was an old Horace with Anthony Lockhart, Glenbervie, written on it, and the Lockhart coat of arms on the first page. It must have come out of the Glenbervie library. That was the first link. Then it struck me that your relationship to you could almost be guaranteed by your extraordinary resemblance to the Lockhart family, especially to my grandfather. I considered that I had moral evidence enough, and that I would try you by telling my own story. My ruse succeeded. You acknowledged your name without my even asking it. And since you are my cousin, as you remarked a moment since, don't go on to say that you are sorry."

He held out his hand, and after a moment's hesitation Anthony Lockhart (as he must henceforth be called) took it and pressed it cordially.

"I ought perhaps to have told you earlier," said the elder man after a moment's silence. "But I thought that the knowledge would give you no pleasure, and—to tell the truth—I had meant to avoid you."

"What for?" said Bertie warmly. "Has either of us so many friends and relations that he can afford to dispense with a cousin? I was delighted when the idea occurred to me. I have been trying to bring you to confession for a day or two."

"You were very keen-sighted," rejoined Anthony with a half-pleased, half-embarrassed smile.

"You have simply no notion how much you are like old John Lockhart, my grandfather. But you knew my name and history from the first?"

"I did."

"And you would not acknowledge the relationship? I did not know that I had done anything to make you ashamed of me," said Bertie mockingly.

"That is not for you to say. I expected to hear you disavow the relationship—as your grandfather did," said Anthony drily.

Bertie shrugged his shoulders. "I'm not bound to behave exactly as my grandfather did, am I?" he said. "Poor old boy! he's been dead this many a year; and why—Oh, well, all that will keep for some future day," he broke off to say, divining with instinctive quickness that Anthony did not want to answer him; "and at any rate I can only say I am glad that we have run up against each other in this remote corner of the world."

"Yes," said Lockhart, recovering the wonted coolness of his demeanor, "so am I."

There was a silence. The two men eyed each other somewhat furtively; a little awkwardness might be expected to supervene after this recognition. An-

thony was the first to speak in his ordinary manner.

"Come," he said, "my relationship and my seniority give me an extra right of command now. I'm not going to let you talk any longer. You must be tired."

"Never was less so."

"Then you are feverish, and the doctor will call me over the coals to-morrow. We can't send that letter to-night, or to-morrow either, even if we write, so I think that matter may keep."

"All right! I'll submit—for once," said Bertie cheerfully. "You'll help me to devise a letter to Morven to-morrow?"

"Certainly."

Exciting subjects being thus laid aside, Bertie's man was called in, and preparations were made for the night. Anthony had ceased to sleep in Douglas's tent as he had done when the fever was at its height; but on this night he stopped short just as he was turning to go, and said abruptly—

"How do you feel to-night? Would you like me to stay?"

"No, thanks. Donald will do any thing I want."

"Good-night then."

For the second time their hands met for a moment. Bertie was particularly glad of this recognition of relationship, but he was perhaps a little ashamed of his gladness—or at least of any manifestation thereof. But that silent grasp of the hand was a sign of amity which neither of them would readily have foregone.

Then Bertie, locking up with his soft dark eyes into Anthony's face, said quietly—

"Wait; I want to ask you one question. When you turned back to me the other day and thought we should both be cut down—was it on account of our blood relationship that you came?"

"Not in the least. I turned back before I guessed who the stranger was."

"I'm glad of that," said Bertie, with a slightly humorous look. "I should think less of human nature if you had turned back for any reason but that of pure charity." Then he laughed and said good-night.

Anthony went out into the night with a sense of turbulence in his blood. He was half-angry to find that Bertie's recognition had affected him so powerfully. His veins tingled with a rush of emotion which had almost caused him to lose his self command. If there was one thing on earth that he hated it was to feel that he had lost control of himself. Yet now and then it was a thing that happened, because he was a man of very strong passions, keen sensitiveness, and imperious temper. The impression of something he'd done, kept back, repressed, and that he produced upon people was due to the constant fight between his will and his emotion. There was a kind of charm in knowing that this struggle was carried on; but many persons might meet him, and meet him often, without guessing at what lay behind the reserve and self-restraint of his usual demeanor.

To him, the meeting with Bertie Douglas meant far more than it did to Bertie. Lockhart's life had been a hard one. It could not be said of him, as Bertie had said of himself, that if he had few relations he had, at any rate, many friends. The circumstances of his history had rendered him a trifle suspicious of other people's good faith; and it was almost against his will that he recognized the fact that Bertie's nature was what it seemed—frank, genial, sincere; that it really was a pleasure to young Douglas to acknowledge his cousin and to make friends with him. Besides the tie of relationship there was now a tie of real liking. Anthony knew that Bertie had been drawn to him by other causes than those of kinship. Gratitude? Yes, Bertie had felt some gratitude for Anthony's generous resolve to stand by him in the hour of danger; but Anthony had seen too often how slender a tie gratitude could prove to trust to that. No, there was real, honest, downright liking for him on Bertie's part, and the consciousness of it sent a curious thrill through the man's whole being. He himself had long brooded over the difference between Bertie's position and his own. If he had been asked, he would have said that he was prepared to hate the man—fortune's favorite—who had taken from him all that ought to have been his own. And yet he did not hate Bertie Douglas. On the contrary, he liked him better than any one he had met for many years.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Destroy the Worms or they may destroy the children. Use Fremann's Worm Powders, they expel all kinds of Worm.

Kram's Fluid Lightning Is the only instantaneous relief for Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, etc. Rubbing a few drops briskly is all that is needed. No taking nauseous medicines for weeks, but one minute's application removes all pain and will prove the great value of Kram's Fluid Lightning. 25 cents per bottle at George Rhynd's drug store.

Merchants can get their Bill Heads, Letter Heads, &c., printed at this office for very little more than they generally pay for the paper, and it helps to advertise their business. Call and see samples and get prices.

Weather Probabilities.

The probabilities are that we shall have much damp, chilly, alumpy weather during the coming season—just the weather to contract sudden colds. Be prepared for them by having on hand Haygard's Pectoral Balsam, a safe, agreeable and speedy cure for colds and their consequences.

Parnell's Triumph.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Parnell's triumph in City may be complete, but it is unlikely he will ever renege to put the loyalty of his party to such a test again. The strain of this will not last long. The following concluding passage in his speech may mean much or little: During the eleven years since my entering into public life, I have never led the Irish people astray; never led them into any crooked path. When courage was necessary for the interests of the Irish nation, I have shown it; when moderation and temperate judgment for the nation were necessary, I have had the courage to show it. I shall never lead the party or the nation astray, till we have gained for you the right to lead and govern yourselves. I will only add my conviction that the day is very near at hand when we shall have gained for Ireland the right to make her own laws on Irish soil. When that day comes I shall regard my mission as fulfilled. I have not entered on this great struggle with any motives of personal ambition, but as my duty to stand by you till these measures are gained for you.

A Living Question.

Question—"Is this life worth living?" Answer—"It all depends upon the liver!" If torpid or inactive it causes a dull, tough, languid feeling. Dr. Chase's Liver Cure gives health and buoyancy. Sold by Jas. Wilson, sole agent.

SOUTH HURON CONSERVATIVES.—At the recent annual meeting D. H. Ritchie resigned the presidency owing to ill health. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Ritchie for past services, and the warmest interest manifested in his future welfare. W. J. Shannon was elected president, and Geo. E. Jackson and Dr. Coleman vice do.

An unparalleled sensation is being created all over Ontario by the wonderful and unequalled manner in which Neuralgia, Toothache, Rheumatism, Backache, Headache, is removed by one application of Fluid Lightning. No ordinary disagreeing drug will be taken for days. It is an instant cure. Try a 25c. bottle from George Rhynd, druggist.

For Nettle Rash, Itching Piles, Ringworm Eruptions, and all skin diseases, use Prof. Low's Sulphur Soap.

Says Dryden: She knows her man, and when you rant and swear Can draw you to her with a single hair. But it must be beautiful hair to have such power; and beautiful hair can be ensured by the use of CHASLEY'S HAIR RENOVATOR. Sold at 50c. by J. Wilson 2m

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

Liniment Iodide Ammonia.



The speediest and most certain medicine in the world. ALL FAMILIES USE IT. Weak Back, Enlarged Glands, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Sciatica, Protrusion Uterus, Family Coughs. The best and only certain remedy to relieve pain of all kinds, no matter of how long standing. Instant relief guaranteed. Swollen Joints, Varicose Veins, Bites of Insects or Sick Headache. No oil or grease: is clean and sweet; will not soil. Induration of the Kidneys, Bright's Disease, Diarrhoea, Incontinence of Urine. Is the only Liniment in the world possessing alterative powers. Can be taken internally. Cures Croup and Croup Diarrhoea and Dysentery. Sold by all Druggists. Trial Bottle, 25c. Write Dr. GILLES, Box 3122 N. Y. P. O. who will give advice on all diseases free of charge. Beware of unscrupulous dealers and counterfeits. The genuine has the name blown in the glass and fac-simile of the discoverer's name over each cork.

Giles' Improved Mandrake Pills Safe, sure, reliable and effective. Do not grip. Purely vegetable. No mercury, anti-mony or arsenic. They can be relied on for all Disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, etc. Sold by all Druggists at 25c. per box. Full supply of Dr. Giles' Remedies at F. JORDAN'S drug store, Goderich, Ont. 10127

1885. GODERICH WOOLLEN MILLS.

To the Wool Growers of the Surrounding Country: We wish to say that we are prepared to take your Wool in exchange for Goods or work it for you into any of the following articles, viz Blankets—White, Grey or Horse. Shirtings—Grey or Checked. Cloths—Tweeds or Full Cloths, Light or Heavy. Flannels—White, Grey, Colored, Union, Plain or Twill. Sheetings—Broad or Narrow. Stocking Yarn—White, Grey, Colored or in Colors. Carpet Warps made to order.

ROLL CARDING. Our facilities for this work cannot be surpassed. We will endeavor to do most cases to do in the day it is brought in, if required. Custom Spinning and Reeling, or Spinning on the Ray, coarse or fine, hard or soft twist, as required. We are in a position to do all kinds of custom work, usually done in a full set custom mill, and we will guarantee to do for you fully equal, if not a little better than any in our surroundings. A call respectfully solicited. E. McCANN, Proprietor, Goderich, May 18th, 1885.

FASHIONABLE FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

HUGH DUNLOP, FASHIONABLE TAILOR. Fall and Winter stock of Tweeds, etc., now fully assorted. A CALL SOLICITED. Ready-Made Clothing & Overcoats. A Splendid Assortment, Cheap. Remember the Place—West street, next door to Bank of Montreal, 7a Goderich, Oct. 1st, 1885.

CHEAP HARDWARE.

PRICES LOWER THAN EVER Best Hot-Cut Iron Nails for \$2.55 per 100 lbs. Best Barb Wire 6 1/4 c. lb. I have imported a large shipment of GLASS from Germany, very fine quality, and having imported direct, I can sell 10 per cent. cheaper than ever sold here before. ALL MY SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE is sold on the same cheap basis as above. PAINTS and OILS sold nowhere so cheap as I am selling them. Get your BUILDING HARDWARE from me and save money.

R. W. MCKENZIE

Goderich, Oct. 8th, 1885.

BOOTS & SHOES

Downing & Weddup

Quick Sales, Small Profits Will Be Our Motto. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, next door to J. Wilson's Drug Store. Custom work will receive our special attention. None but the best of material used and first-class workman employed. Repairing neatly done on the shortest notice.

Goderich March 9 1892 DOWNING & WEDDUP

Woman who worked for 20 years in the mines...

Living in Detroit a color-ful man. His name is King and he is a slave of General Jackson...

He was whipped and worked his way slowly out to Canada at Black Niagara River. Andrew...

When he was discharged by his superior officer, Lucas was killed in the war of...

He was married again, this time at where he married his first wife had borne...

His second and a him seven years. One...

One of his sons is still living in Michigan. Her name is Mrs. she is 71 years old. Fifty...

re he got work from the Stevenson of Cayuga...

ough now an old man him- Lucas is a man about 70...

he a boy was going to 9 years Lucas was a driver...

Company at Bradford, he place ten years ago for...

he was getting along in a head of rest. He has...

he is a powerful man, and three inches in his stock...

ty-five cords of wood for alling, of Bradford. Up...

ago he never was speering the summer of 1883, his...

son in Detroit. Mr. City Hall dock from the...

ouse, across the Campus then walked without the...

came, being 124 years old! probably the oldest person...

erals and the Wells.

contemporary in accusing the being equally responsible...

sent Government demands for the bellion, because it is alleged...

warned the country of the grievances, displays deplorable...

or a conviction that party astily gross misrepresentation.

At every session since then of parliament we see the Liberals to the necessity...

of the Northwest grievances, of criminals are convicted...

excuse their conduct, they to the "you're another" present...

stances the Liberty possibly could do to get the halfbreeds, recognized. In...

of 1883, Mr. Blake moved the claims of the in a halfbreeds but these...

not brought down. In 1884, Carson introduced a bill...

Northwest territories in parliament. The Tory rejected the measure. In...

in motion moved the following

Logan now resolve itself into of which is to consider the...

the Northwest territories, to devise means for remedying...

foundered grievances, and in any reasonable demands...

preluded his remarks. In his speech, which the...

organ would do well to be informed of the...

of the Northwest settlers, and that were made by the Liberty...

Had Mr. Cameron been carried, the claims would have been settled...

would have been no more in the service Tory majority...

own, and the country knows the same. Motions bearing...

everything relating to the matters were made by Liberal...

Government were warmly applauded and that was...

through their negligence or oversight, but the ministers...

overseeing and perfecting our lands in the midst of their...

political camp (Ottawa Free Press).

For aught, authentic colors, Dr. Harvey's of Pine. Don't let a cough...

some when it can be relieved by this remedy at the small...

Sold only at Wilson's proretores.

ing confession of "political by Henry Broadbent, the...

member of Mr. Gladstone's cabinet, shows the character of...

eral because the true, full, lication of Liberal principles...

ated to promote the highest good. It teaches self-reliance...

the best opportunities to promote their individual, un-

united and best permanent. It does not seek to make...

Nothing can do that. But is to remove all obstacles...

men, which prevent all opportunities. This is its...

industry, and makes the most reasonably ambitious...

the poorest man amongst us. HENRY BROADBENT'S

Food of Expansion secretes bile to moisten the...

kidney secretes urine, to acid, which would poison...

the stomach would contract or dissolve the food, etc.

and Bitters acts upon these organs the blood by clearing...

of the system. 2

NEWS ABOUT HOME.

A child's amary ye, takin notes An faith he'll prevent it.

TOWN TOPICS.

Will paper be sold cheap at Imrie's book-store next week.

The thaw of Wednesday was sudden, and made locomotion unpleasant, but all who go to George Stewart's for photos are happy.

The public can depend upon getting good articles at Mrs. Cooke's bookstore, as no fire or water has damaged the stock. You can get books, stationery and toys at lowest living prices at Mrs. Cooke's.

We wonder if March will come in like a lamb. Perhaps it may, but one thing is certain, and that is that Prichard Brothers, the fashionable tailors, can suit everyone who will have an order with them.

The excitement about fire was very great during the week, and there is no wonder. The fire engines may fall now and then, but Sallova always aims to get a good picture.

Saunders & Son are offering bargains in book gloves, all warranted first-class. They have fifty of them, and they are giving more stove furniture than any other dealer. Call and see them at "The cheapest house under the sun."

Jan. Williams, of Petroses, was in town this week.

Andrew Whitley left for Vermont on Monday last.

John O'Brien, of Montreal, has been in town during the week.

M. Hutchison, of the Harbor Mill, returned on Saturday from a trip to Montreal.

Rev. J. McGillivray, B. A., will preach Knox church on Sunday next, in place of Rev. T. E. Calvert.

Wm. Conky, of Priceville, has been spending a week with his old friend F. A. Kent, of the harbor mills.

Sloane, the seaman, has his spring announcement in this week's issue. Those desiring to get seeds should read it.

Mayne Horton donated \$20 to the fire brigade for their efforts in saving his property at the fire on Friday night.

Mrs. Mary Allen, of Paisley, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. J. Mauger, returned home last week.

Miss Cameron, the milliner at Mrs. Girvin's, is at present in the city. She will, however, be at her stand next week.

Miss Paisley, of New York, has been the guest of her cousins, the Misses Graham and Miss Williams, the past few weeks.

R. M. Fraser has opened a new stationery store next door to George Acheson's. Ruddy is popular and ought to do a good business.

Dr. McLean, M. C. Cameron, M. P., William Kay and other relatives, accompanied the remains of the late Mrs. Glass to Sarnia on Friday last.

Theodore Ried, of Badaxe, Mich., is spending a few days renewing old acquaintances in this section. He was well known here in the olden time.

A new "Praise Service" will be given next Sunday evening in the Victoria street church instead of the usual preaching service to commence at the usual time.

John Vanatter, our job foreman, has been laid up with a severe bilious attack. We hope to hear of his speedy recovery. He has been confined to the house since Saturday last.

Dr. M. Nicholson, the West street dentist, makes the preservation of the natural teeth a specialty. Gas administered from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. for the painless extraction of teeth.

Anniversary services will be held in connection with North street church on Sunday March 7th. Rev. Dr. Burns will occupy the pulpit on the occasion both morning and evening.

Dr. McDougall was banqueted by a number of friends on Tuesday evening, on the occasion of his departure for Toronto to practise in the city. He is, we understand, a skilful practitioner.

We regret to chronicle the death at Oakland, California, of Mrs. Sam Wright, sister of Mrs. T. Dark, town, and Mrs. J. Y. S. Kirk, of Brussels, also sister-in-law of J. J. Wright, Point Farm.

Much interest is being manifested as to whether the "floating debt" of \$130 will be lifted at Victoria street Methodist church next Sunday. We hope to be able to report favorably next week.

Jim Mullin, the Lucknow stage driver, has now only one of those large dogskin suits that he used to be so proud of. He wants the man who found the other suit to come and see him so that they can toss up for who gets the pair.

M. Higgins, the well known conductor, who is now residing in Toronto, has sold his house on Nelson street to Mrs. Shannon. He was in town during the week contemplating the sale, and looked as if metropolitan life agreed with him.

T. C. King, of the Bank of Commerce, leaves this week for Chicago, where he will take a position in the real estate office of Waller & Co. Mr. King was one of the most obliging officials that has been in Goderich banks for many a year.

SAVED FROM THE FIRE.—In our advertising columns we have found an announcement from James Hartie in reference to selling his stock of stationery, &c., saved from the fire. The sale will begin on Saturday next, and the proprietor claims that great bargains will be given.

NEW GEOLOGY.—M. Quarré & McGillivray will be the title of a new geography from which will appear next week on North-street, the second door from Mrs. Cooke's bookstore. Malcolm McGillivray is a townsman well known to many of our readers, and his partner, Mr. McQuarrie, is from Cleveland, Ohio.

The county Sunday School Convention held in Wingham on Tuesday and Wednesday was very successful. There was a large attendance, and the proceedings were most harmonious and instructive. Among those who took a part in the proceedings were a number of Goderich S. S. workers. A fuller report of the proceedings will appear next week.

BOYS FOR CANADA.—Dr. Barnard, of London, England, is sending out in the early spring, a party of boys of ages ranging from 10 to 16 for farm and other employment. Those desirous of obtaining boys should apply early either direct to Mr. Edward Duff, Superintendent, Hazel Brae, Peterborough, Ont., or through the postmaster of the district from whom forms of application may be obtained.

Archie Hodge, of Toronto, a former Goderich man, and son of our townsman D. B. Hodge, was in town on Tuesday. He looked sunny.

We clip the following item from the Port Austin (Mich) News. The parties to the contract are both well-known to old residents of Goderich: "On the 9th inst. at the bride's residence, Badaxe, by Rev. Anderson, Mr. Arthur Hamilton and Mrs. Clara M. Beale. Mr. Hamilton is a son of the late Dr. Hamilton, of Goderich, Ont., and was educated in Upper Canada College, Toronto.

Prof. de Poudry expresses his sincere thanks to the good friends who so kindly assisted him on the platform on Monday evening. He also heartily appreciated the manner in which the public patronized the benefit concert in his behalf. It is a satisfaction to know that he has not only the good will of the musicians, singers and others of the town, but that the public also feel kindly disposed towards him.

S. S. Cooper, nephew of our townsman, S. Sloane, and W. Swaffield, for some time past with F. Smoth, have formed a partnership, and purchased the planning mill of Henry Stevens, of Clinton. Messrs. Cooper & Swaffield are two young men of excellent character, who will, we believe, make a success of their business in Clinton. Mrs. Swaffield (there is no Mrs. Cooper yet) is an amiable young lady, and her husband will be found useful in Sunday school work. Our best wishes attend the new firm in their venture.

The Toronto Globe thus refers to a legal work by one of our rising Goderich lawyers:—"The Ditches and Water courses Acts of Ontario," with notes and references to decided cases, by Malcolm Graeme Cameron, Barrister-at-law. Toronto: Carswell & Co. Mr. M. G. Cameron, of Goderich, already well known as a legal author from his work on "Dover," has brought out a most useful little book on the above subject, especially well adapted for the use of township clerks, councillors and other municipal officers as well as lawyers. The book is creditable alike to author and publishers.

Captain Hassan and Lieut. Riadon, who have the charge of the Salvation Army services in Goderich for the past seven months, left town on Thursday. We understand they will be stationed at Palmerston. Cadet Kyle goes to Liostrovel. They will be succeeded here by Captain Lang, of Port Egin, formerly of Brussels and Stratford. A farewell service was held at the barracks on Wednesday evening, and one of the features was the singing of an original poem dedicated to the retiring officers by James Buchanan, jr. Capt. Hassan and her subordinates take with them the good will of many outside the Army in this section.

SHOOTING MATCH.—The following is a list of scores at the Gun Club shooting match last Friday: James Nesbitt.....1111011011-8 W. Ellard.....0001111011-6 W. Rutsom.....0101001101-5 J. Wynna.....000000000-0

Resulting in favor of E. R. Watson, team by 2 balls. Another match will come off this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

ANOTHER FIRE.—Shortly before eleven o'clock Monday night a fire broke out in the house of Capt. Murdoch Macdonald on Lighthouse street. The house was entirely destroyed, but some of the contents were saved. The engine was promptly on hand but some mistake was made with regard to the house, which made a considerable delay before work was begun on the fire by the brigade. Capt. Macdonald's loss will be heavy. He has the sympathy of all who know him. But for the good work done by his volunteers with pails the house of F. A. Kent, on the next lot to Mr. Macdonald's would also have been destroyed. Mr. Kent thanks the friends in another column.

Professor Vallance appeared on Saturday evening to a small but cultured audience in Victoria Opera House. The hall was very cold, but notwithstanding all the drawbacks the great elocutionist fully sustained the reputation which had preceded him. Possessed of a magnificent voice, and a good stage presence, a clear and distinct enunciation, and a cultivated taste, Prof. Vallance cannot fail to please and delight all who are charmed by finished elocution. His command of the Scotch and Irish dialects, and his keen appreciation of the humorous, make him irresistibly droll in his humorous pieces. We hope this evening's recital will come to his aid again. Should he do so he must repeat his selections from "The Starting," and "The Innocent Abroad," and be assured that we will be with the story of "The Wench of Mumble's Head." To listen to Prof. Vallance is a treat that every school teacher and student should not miss if the opportunity ever presents itself. His equal has not been in Canada for some years.

DR. PRICHARD'S BENEFIT.—The benefit concert at Prof. De Poudry on Monday last was highly successful in point of attendance and the character of the audience. The programme was, however, on the long side, and consisted of some fifty or sixty numbers. There were patriotic songs, songs, instrumental pieces, romances, tableaux, Ethiopian songs and dances, &c. The reading of the introductory notes to the scenes in the tableaux, by Mr. R. S. Clinton, American consul, was much appreciated. Our space will not admit of an extended critique. Following was the program: Overture orchestra; song, Ed. Belcher; song, Miss Wynne; pantomime; song, Mrs. Tom; guitar solo, J. D. Lottrell; song, Mrs. Ketchell; song, Miss Foster; song and dance, J. D. Lottrell; tableaux; piano solo, Prof. De Poudry; tableaux from Tenby's Gunnevera; orchestra, song, Miss Wynne; instrumental, orchestra, song, Mrs. Tom; instrumental, orchestra; song, Ed. Belcher.

Joseph Morris, who lives just over the river, bought a handsome organ the other day from Doherty, of Clinton, and as he already was possessor of a good instrument, much curiosity was manifested by the neighbors to what he was going to do with the second one. Mr. Morris presented the new organ to his daughter, Mrs. George Stewart, of Goderich, as a sort of supplementary wedding gift.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.—The Rev. Alexander Burns, M. A., L.L.D., of Hamilton Ladies' College, will visit Goderich on the occasion of the anniversary of North street Methodist church. Dr. Burns will preach both morning and evening on Sunday, March 7th, and, as he cannot stay over Monday, has consented to give a lecture on Saturday evening. There will be no admission fee to the lecture. There will no doubt be a large gathering to hear such a distinguished man as Dr. Burns.

FIRE.—A fire broke out in the upper story of Imrie's stationery establishment on Friday evening last. The engine quickly reached the scene, but in half an hour or so did very poor work. Finally the flames were got under. Mr. Imrie was telephoned for, and on his arrival considerable of the goods were removed. The stock was valued at \$12,000, and was insured for \$5,000 as follows: \$2,500, British America; \$2,500, the loss is between \$7,000 and \$8,000.

OUR TOWN FATHERS. Special Meeting to Discuss the Steam Engine Question.

A special meeting of the council was held Saturday evening by the town council to discuss the feasibility of making the fire engine of more practical use at fires.

His worship the mayor occupied the floor, and stated that he had been asked to call the meeting by a number of councillors and others who were not satisfied that the engine had been properly handled by the engineer at the recent fire at Imrie's. He would be pleased to hear any of the councillors give expression to their feelings on the question.

Councillor Culbourn did not think that the engine was properly handled at Imrie's fire. This was the fourth time under the present management that the engine had not been as effective as it should have been. As he was not a practical mechanic, he was not in a position to say anything about the matter, but in the public interest, the matter should be fully investigated.

Coun. Jordan said the general opinion was that there was inefficiency in connection with the fire department. Perhaps the chairman of the fire committee could say something about the matter.

Councillor Bingham was of opinion that if Mr. Kirkbride ever knew anything about the management of an engine, he would be glad to be depended on in case of emergency. It was the duty of the council to secure the greatest efficiency in connection with the working of the engine. He had nothing personally against Mr. Kirkbride, but for some reason that gentleman had neglected to attend to the engine. A change should be made in the public interest. John McCallum, the former engineer, and a competent man, was willing to take charge of the engine for \$400, and he (the speaker) believed it to be in the public interest to accept of the resignation of Mr. Kirkbride as engineer, and to appoint Mr. McCallum to the position of fire engineer at the end of his year, which terminated on the 1st of April. He didn't want to have the worry and bother of the past year any longer.

Moved by Bingham, seconded by Mr. Egan, and carried against Mr. Kirkbride being accepted, and that John McCallum be appointed fire engineer at a salary of \$400 a year. Carried.

Councillor Butler, who like Tam O'Shanter's wife, had been nursing his wrath to keep it warm, then took the floor, and inveighed against the engine, who had been guilty of fault finding against the conduct of the engineer of late. He contended that the fire company and engine did more efficient work than formerly (at which everybody except councillor Butler smiled), and hoped the engineer would be empowered to turn the hot water hose upon any person who wished to give him any advice in the future. Councillor Butler has degenerated into a public scold—he has become a nuisance at the council board.

Coun. Colborne said the suggestion of councillor Butler about the turning on of the hot water hose was a good one. He had himself seen councillors and others at the elbow of the engineer. (Butler winced) If the hot water hose were turned on, even some of the council would get scalded.

And the crowd who knew Butler's meddling actions at recent fires included in some snickering at the expense of the chairman of the fire committee. The council then adjourned.

Not a Half-Breed. The Mail says that the Tories in the Ontario Legislature voted in favor of clemency to half breeds. This is not true. They refused to do so, unless Sir John Macdonald was included. Amid the many claims to public support made by Sir John he has never yet put forward the statement that he was a half-breed, and consequently Mr. Mowat and his followers were quite correct in excluding him from their clemency resolutions.—[Hamilton Times.]

Saratoga. Messrs. Hamilton and Muner, of this place, have gone east, to take charge of a mill, the former as engineer and the latter as head sawyer.

The contract for completing the church, school and hall at Oliver's appointment has been let to Mr. Clark, and he expects to have it completed soon. The congregation intend holding a service as soon as it is completed, the proceeds to be applied to the building fund.

COMMUNICATIONS.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the contents of the notices which are inserted in this department, must confine themselves to public questions, and be brief.

Wanted.—A Salvage Corps. GODERICH, Feb. 22d, 1886. To the Editor of The Signal.

The recent fire in Mr. Imrie's store, in which a considerable amount of stock was damaged solely by water; prompts me to suggest the advisability of forming a volunteer salvage corps, for the protection of property on similar occasions. Had such a body been in attendance on that occasion, provided with tarpaulins, they would have been ample time to cover the stock in a manner that the damage from water would have been infinitesimal. In dry goods stores especially, its value would be most apparent, as the goods could be easily and quickly piled on the counters, and covered over by a body of men trained to do so. I would suggest to my fellow citizens through your columns, Mr. Editor, that such a corps might be formed of young and active men of known respectability, who would act in concert with or under the orders of the captain or the watchman. If such a corps happens, also, at fires that ladders are not available when wanted. I am informed that there is now in the market horse and ladder wagon which might be made serviceable; and which, with the addition of a few tarpaulins and a couple of buckets of men trained to use them, would be of great use. It might be made to do good service in the earlier stages of a fire, I am informed by Mr. Rice that he has on two occasions prevented what might have been a serious fire in his salt block, by the prompt use of the Babcock. The cost of such a little machinery is trifling. I think about \$400 men trained, could be easily attached to the wagon and kept ready for use as is done in Toronto and other places. A few tarpaulins would also cost something, but nothing ruinous. No additional horse would be required, as 6 or 8 men could do the work. Emboldened by what I have said, and by an outline scheme, but if taken up vigorously it might be made to assume a definite shape; and if some of our enterprising business men would take the matter in hand, the council might be induced to grant the sum of \$1000 as a starting capital. I say that while I have no desire to assume the least prominence in the matter, I am willing for one to volunteer my services in the manner described. Doubt as some of your readers can offer practical suggestions. Hoping to hear from some of them, I am, Sir, as ever, your obedient servant for your place. I enclose my card, and remain, yours truly, PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Charles G. Baile, cut his foot badly last week. This will keep Charlie in the house for a while, and as he won't be able to go see his best girl, it will be quite homesome for the poor fellow.

S. Sheppard and Miss Lizzy Sheppard were visiting friends at Lucknow lately, and coming through Dunnagain on their way home they were badly scared. An axe was placed Dunnagain is.

The Nile Literary and Debating Society are going to have a public debate next Tuesday evening. Six members of the Mental Culture Society of Benninger and six of the Nile club will debate the subject: "Resolved, that intemperance has caused more misery than war." The captains are Thomas Alton for the affirmative, and William Baile for the negative.

Rev. G. F. Salton, of Goderich, preached here on Sunday last in the interest of the missionary society. He took for his text the 1st of John, "The gates of Hell shall not prevail against it." The speaker first gave a brief review of the former discourses, and then commenced the divisions of his subject for this evening as follows, viz: 1st. That the gates of Hell are in existence, here called the "Gates of Hell," which is the enemy of the church of Christ. 2nd. That this hostile power unceasingly assails the church and its work. 3rd. That the church has and will ever triumph over this enemy. 1st. That the gates of Hell are in existence, here called the "Gates of Hell," which is the enemy of the church of Christ. 2nd. That this hostile power unceasingly assails the church and its work. 3rd. That the church has and will ever triumph over this enemy.

Under the second head the assaults of Satan upon humanity and Christianity were traced from the overthrow of Adam down through the period of paganism to the present time. The gates of Hell are in existence, here called the "Gates of Hell," which is the enemy of the church of Christ. 2nd. That this hostile power unceasingly assails the church and its work. 3rd. That the church has and will ever triumph over this enemy.

Under the third division the speaker expanded the promise and pledge of Christ for the protection of His church and appealed to the facts of history in support of his position. He referred to the triumph of Christ in the temptation, and then to the persecutions of the 16th century and God's grand deliverances of His church and people from the terrible destruction contemplated by the "Spanish Armada." He also spoke of the church's grand modern conquests, and her steady march of victory, over the forces of sin and Satan, and concludes with an earnest exhortation to his hearers to claim the full victory in their own experience over sin and Satan's power, and prove living epistles of the truth of the text.

John A. and Frank McDonough are at present in England on a business trip.

Willie McAllister is very ill.

WELLSVILLE HOME.—Mr. and Mrs. W. Young returned from Michigan after a stay of three months in Union Saint's domains. They had quite an ovation from the little folks, who expressed many a smile as they welcomed the old favorites back again. The staff of the sick committee have another able nurse in its ranks once more in the person of Mrs. Young.

East Wawanosa.

An item headed "Foreign" appeared in the Express a few weeks ago which was the nucleus of a young man losing his sweatshirt and coming out second best in a quarrel.

ACCIDENT.—W. McClary met with a serious accident Monday last while on his way to Blyth with a load of wood. The load upset and falling on him broke one of his legs. He was under the wood and could not get out until assistance arrived.

Kintail. The saw mill business here seems likely to be brisk during the coming season, as quite a large number of logs are already collected.

We understand that a deputation from this part of Ashfield is to go to Ottawa this week in order to ascertain what chances there are of a railway passing that way; of course our harbor is to be talked, and our "one-eyed harbor" will become the market for the surrounding country.

LESSONS. Nineteen representatives of fund-attended the report for the first of the week which was held on Lakeside farm of Mr. H. MacManus, who kindly saw the school.

W. O. Stewart and W. Stirling visited Goderich township with a load of freight, and took in a chat with T. Harrison, near Porter's Hill.

PERSONAL.—R. E. Brown, of Lucknow, formerly school teacher, visited here last week, and was the guest of S. Sheppard, Branch farm. He attended a meeting of L. O. G. T. 213, of which he was a member when a resident here, which conferred on him an Honorary membership. All present gave him a hearty welcome. Changes of occupation seem to agree with him as he looks well and hearty.

HORSEMEN, SEE AGAIN.—W. C. Potter, of Batornau row, weighed his finest which is 21 months old, which brought down the Dunlop market scale for 1,375. Would Will Stewart weight his again?

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To cure sticking an exhalation advices hat a piece of soap be dropped into the mouth of the snorer. The oil on the soap lubricate the pharynx and other Latin parts of the throat. It strikes us that this remedy had better be applied with caution, else the snorer might arise and lubricate his floor with the man who dropped in the soap.

DEATH. In Ashfield, on Friday morning, Feb. 19th, 1886, Mary A., beloved wife of Mr. David G. Girvin, aged 37 years.

New Advertisements This Week. Card-J. Inrie. S. S. Samuel Sloan. Fire Fire, Fire-J. Imrie. Card of Thanks-F. A. Kent. New Bookstore-R. M. Fraser. Partnership Notice-James A. Reid. Mortgages Sale-Cameron, Holt & Cameron. Notice of Dissolution of Partnership-Reid & Sneyd.

Dentistry. M. NICHOLSON, L.D.S. DENTAL ROOMS, Eighth door below the Post Office, West-st. GODERICH, 1885-19.

W. L. WOOLVERTON, L. D. S. Office—Old Fellows Hall, North Street. Charges moderate. All work warranted. 1885.

The People's Column. CARD. I beg to tender my best thanks to the many kind friends who so ably assisted me during the late fire in moving such a large proportion of my goods. J. IMRIE. 236-1.

CARD OF THANKS. I hereby return my sincere thanks to those citizens who so energetically and successfully assisted in fighting the fire on Monday night, at the fire on Monday night. To their prompt action and hard work I ascribe the saving of the house and furniture. I can assure you and all that I fully appreciate their kind services. I am, gentlemen, Yours truly, F. A. KENT. 236-14.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, as general merchants, under the name and style of Reid & Sneyd, in the Town of Goderich, was on the 24th day of February, 1886, dissolved by mutual consent. Dated this 24th day of February, 1886. Witness: JAMES A. REID, GODFREY HAMILTON, THOS. SNEYD. 236-13.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have taken into partnership with me, S. M. L. J. REID, and the business heretofore conducted of general merchants under the firm of Reid & Sneyd, will henceforth be carried on under the name, style and firm of J. A. REID & SNEYD, at the old stand. Dated this 24th day of February, 1886. 236-13.

MUSIC.—MISS COOKE, AFTER 14 years study of music, is prepared to receive pupils for the Piano. 24 lessons quarterly. Terms—\$5 per quarter. 236-12.

EDWARD SHARMAN, BRICKLAYER and plasterer, thanks the public for their continued patronage. He is now ready to do all work in his line in a superior manner. Prices to suit the times. Estimates given for building when required. 1886.

SHORTHAND.—ISAAC PITMAN'S METHOD OF SHORTHAND. Instruction books for sale. Sent by mail. Every boy and girl should learn shorthand. 200.

NOTICE. The Directors of the West Wawanosa Mutual Fire Insurance Co. will receive applications for the office of Treasurer of said company up to the first day of March, 1886, at a salary of \$40. Said treasurer will be required to enter into a bond for the sum of \$2000, and four sureties for \$1000 each. Applicants must give the names of their bondsmen in their applications. Applications should be lodged in writing with any of the Directors, or with the Secretary, J. L. WATSON, at St. Helena, Feb. 3, 1886. 236-11.

FOR SALE OR TO LET. That commodious house, situated on the corner of Egin and Waterloo streets, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. There are 10 rooms in the house, and a fine garden plot of about two-thirds of an acre, with an excellent granite addition. For particulars, address: FULLERTON, COOK & MILLER, Bankers, E. C. 15 King-st., East, Toronto. 236-7.

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FOR SALE.—Although Sir Charles Dilke's escape under the technical plea that Mrs. Crawford's affidavit confession was insufficient evidence, the whole tenor of the trial has produced a profound and universal conviction of Sir Charles Dilke's guilt. Justice Butts, in summing up, described the respondent's confession as clear, distinct and substantial, and said that they compelled him to concede that the adultery charged was actually committed. If the woman had been put in the witness-box and had given the same testimony, there would have been evidence against Sir Charles Dilke. Sir Charles Dilke's position was further damaged by his refraining from giving evidence. The Attorney-General's defence, "Were we to put Sir Charles Dilke in the witness-box, his cross-examination would be an indictment in life from which no man is free." was taken as a frank admission that Sir Charles Dilke was unable to give an explanation. That part of Mrs. Crawford's confession describing the depth of the debauchery between the baronet and her is unfit for publication. The trial has caused a painful impression throughout the country in regard to the state of society morals. The consensus of opinion is that the filthy revelations made at the trial and the failure to attempt to deny or disprove the charges against him, have politically ruined Sir Charles Dilke.

The Irish character commends itself to Mr. Ruskin's artistic taste. He recognizes in that character three virtues which command his admiration. He says that the Irish people are witty, affectionate, and lovers of the beautiful. These equal qualities, he thinks, must be appreciated by any one who undertakes to govern them, and so far they have not been properly appreciated. Mr. Ruskin is not much of a politician, but there is something in what he says upon this subject.

POLITICALLY RUINED. Sir Charles Dilke's Share in the Crawford Scandal. A London cable says:—Although Sir Charles Dilke's escape under the technical plea that Mrs. Crawford's affidavit confession was insufficient evidence, the whole tenor of the trial has produced a profound and universal conviction of Sir Charles Dilke's guilt. Justice Butts, in summing up, described the respondent's confession as clear, distinct and substantial, and said that they compelled him to concede that the adultery charged was actually committed. If the woman had been put in the witness-box and had given the same testimony, there would have been evidence against Sir Charles Dilke. Sir Charles Dilke's position was further damaged by his refraining from giving evidence. The Attorney-General's defence, "Were we to put Sir Charles Dilke in the witness-box, his cross-examination would be an indictment in life from which no man is free." was taken as a frank admission that Sir Charles Dilke was unable to give an explanation. That part of Mrs. Crawford's confession describing the depth of the debauchery between the baronet and her is unfit for publication. The trial has caused a painful impression throughout the country in regard to the state of society morals. The consensus of opinion is that the filthy revelations made at the trial and the failure to attempt to deny or disprove the charges against him, have politically ruined Sir Charles Dilke.

FOR SALE.—11 ACRES OF GOOD land, one mile from Wingham market. Good water, good corn for planting. JOHN HOLLOWAY, Wingham.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—That commodious house, situated on the corner of Egin and Waterloo streets, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. There are 10 rooms in the house, and a fine garden plot of about two-thirds of an acre, with an excellent granite addition. For particulars, address: FULLERTON, COOK & MILLER, Bankers, E. C. 15 King-st., East, Toronto. 236-7.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS. Lot 5, E. in the Mainland concession by letter to J. S. LAZARUS, Stratford, Ontario.

FOR SALE.—SOUTH HALF of Lot 28, North of Town Plot, Ashfield, Ont., situated on the gravel road one mile from Kintail, Goderich, is offered for sale. Soil the best quality of clay loam. A never-failing creek, called Silver creek, passes through the lot. For terms apply to DAVIDSON & JOHNSTON, Goderich P.O. 236-3m.

Legal. SEAGER & LEWIS, BARRISTERS, GODERICH, ONT. E. N. LEWIS, J. A. MORTON, 1407.

ROBERT HAYES, SOLICITOR &c., 200 Bechoy street, Goderich, Ontario. For terms apply to DAVIDSON & JOHNSTON, Goderich P.O

NEW ORLEANS.

A Mid-winter Visit to the Southern Exposition.

A City with Perpetual Summer—Night and Scenes at the Exposition.

From our own correspondent. NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 18, 1886.

Just two weeks ago today I bid a winter's farewell to Kintail—"Home, Sweet Home"—with ears well protected from the chilling blast, and set our face towards the Sunny South. Before leaving Godrich we found that the thermometer had been as low as 16 degrees below zero. We reached Chicago at 8:30 Wednesday morning, where we found the weather moderate. At 8:30 p.m. we boarded the through train for New Orleans, and just about the same time it commenced raining, and rained all that night, all next day, and part of the next night. The following morning, after leaving Chicago, when we arose there was not a particle of snow to be seen. But in the afternoon, as we were passing through Kentucky and Tennessee, the snow had attained a depth of six or seven inches. Friday morning the scenery was grand. Cotton-fields, sugar and rice plantations, with their...

CLUSTERS OF BIRCH TREES, all white with paint or whitewash, the huge sugar and rice mills, with their tall chimneys and smoke stacks, looming over the live oak, magnolia and other trees, clothed in their verdure, flowers in bloom in the open air, all made a scene to be long remembered by those who were used to seeing ice and snow at this season of the year. We reached New Orleans at 9 a.m., and found it to be a very lively city. The shipping of all nations he at her spacious docks. Her warehouses and wharves are filled with cotton and all kinds of produce, fruits and merchandises. People of all nations throng her streets. Some of these streets are narrow, while others, like Canal, Claiborne, &c., are very wide, with...

TWO TO FOUR ROWS OF TREES, with railroad and street car tracks running between them, paved wagon roads on each side, and very wide sidewalks. The buildings, especially the private houses, nearly all have balconies along the whole front, and general on one side, and are built of granite. The houses here are built for the circulation of fresh air, and no provision is made for cold weather. The people here like the man who had the leaky roof—when it rained he could not fix it, and when it didn't rain it did not wait fix it. But everything here is free from wood and there's the stove—build a fire or freeze. You pay your money and you take your choice—local option you know. I think nearly every nation in the world is represented. French and Creoles are especially prominent.

THE CREOLES, as a class, are generally bright and intelligent, and occupy the first place in society. Many of the ladies are celebrated for their beauty and accomplishments. I suppose you have heard that New Orleans is famed for wealth and beauty. There are girls of every hue, it seems, from snowy white to sooty. That's the truth in a poetic way. I may here state that Moody and Senkey are holding revival meetings in the city at present. There were 600 converted last Monday night. They have meetings for ladies at 3 p.m., for men at 7 p.m., and the building is always crowded.

AT THE EXHIBITION. The grounds and the exposition buildings are very fine, and there are many large trees, shrubs and flowering plants, as well as some immense live oaks, four or five feet in diameter, with great sprays of fresh air, and limits all covered with long moss, giving them a very venerable but dismal appearance. The main building covers 33 acres of ground. There is some space which is not occupied, but new exhibits are constantly coming in. Here was the machinery and implement display, engines, rice harvesters, cotton gins, force pumps, saw grinders, cider mill with the sweet juice running out—price five cents a glass, silk looms (weaving silk handkerchiefs of all colors), trip-hammers, patent gages, Pall Mall palace cars, beach chairs (prettier than the Chinese or Japanese) where all sorts of curiosities are for sale; two globular tents, representing the Eastern and the Western hemispheres contained specimens from all parts of the globe, among which was a silver tree made of the coins of all nations. The display of crockery and glassware would make a woman's heart jump and mouth to water. Miniature vessels—kettles, teapots, &c.—made from the flux of iron furnaces; carriages, cutlery, etc. The big steamer (weight 4,250 lbs., also side show tent) restaurants and grand music stand also form part of the attraction. I had the pleasure of meeting...

LOT'S WIFE face to face, in the main building. The old it is still, and a perpetual warning to women to set their faces forward, and never look back. This Mrs. Lot stood twenty or twenty-five feet high, and is surrounded by huge blocks of salt. There were many other things in the main building worthy of notice. Part of the display is very fine, but as a whole, it falls far short of what the weary traveler from a long distance expects to find. In a week or so it may present a finer appearance.

We next visited what is called the Government building, where mostly all the States congregated. Ohio, Michigan and Minnesota are conspicuous by their absence. Colorado, California, Nebraska and New Mexico, make a fine display of ores and minerals, gold and silver specimens that make an old miner's eyes twinkle.

A MEMBER'S CABIN, built entirely of rock specimens glittering with precious metals in great profusion, are also displayed, and shows the wonderful riches hid away in the bowels of Uncle Sam's vast domain. Alabama, besides her cotton and other products, calls your attention to a mass of iron ore that takes the scale for size and yield. It weighs 40,000 lbs., and is...

said to average 68 per cent. of iron. Louisiana excels in sugar and molasses. Here is sweetest long drawn out—the sugar bowl with the cover off, &c. She is also rich in rice and cotton, and owns the rock salt mines from whence was dug out Lot's wife. California makes a big display of woods, some of which are very beautiful. There is here a plank of her...

BIG RED WOOD TREES, three inches thick, and seventy six inches wide. Bark of the same tree is eight to twelve inches thick. Most of the exhibits are a credit to the States which make them, and no doubt will result for their future glory and profit. Horticultural hall has many fine plants, shrubs and flowers. Here I first saw bananas in bloom, and bearing fruit. I spent two or three hours in the Artists' gallery, where some very fine pictures, sculptures, bronzes, relics, etc., are on exhibition. Among them is one small Murillo, three or four inches square, and said to be worth \$5,000. It had been offered me for a dollar. I would keep the dollar. The fine building which a year ago contained the Mexican exhibit is empty. In front of the main building is...

A FOND OF WATER, on which is an aquatic merry-go-round in which young ladies and gentlemen take car exercises and make it spin. Along the edge of the pond are arranged seats for four or five thousand people. The pond represents the Bay of Naples, and on the other shore is the city of Pompeii. In the foreground are seen the buildings of the ancient city showing porches, windows, doors and rooms in reality, while further back they rise in perspective until they fade away in the distance along the dark sides of Mount Vesuvius. High above all the crater of the mighty volcano towers in the sky. In the day time this panoramic scene is very fine. But at night when a representation of...

"THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII," is given, and the city destroyed it is magnificent. Partial darkness broods over the doomed city. Her people are seen in their houses pursuing their usual avocations. Sallust is entertaining his friends on birds' nest soap, and the gladiators are in the ring at the amphitheatre fighting to the death for the prize of freedom, and the plaudits of the multitude who surround them, when suddenly the sky darkens, a rumbling as of thunder is heard, the earth shakes, the affrighted citizens rush into and along the streets, the darkness becomes more dense. Ashes are falling, cries of distress are heard, the walls of the buildings begin to tumble, the crowd rushes towards the bay, cries, shrieks and groans fill the air, the volcano belches forth an immense volume of fire, lava and ashes, and the great catastrophe that occurred 1,800 or 2,400 years ago, is reproduced in destruction. The delighted spectators of the scene disperse to their homes and all is over.

A. L. McGRATH.

The STOMACH will be given from the 1st March to the end of the year for \$1.00. West Wawanosh.

Rev. John Turner preached a sermon against dancing in Koeniger church two Sabbath ago. W. Mills sold his fat stock at five cents per lb., live weight, to Wm. McLean, of Godrich. Walter Taylor is fattening eight head of cattle this winter. He'll make it pay this time. A goodly number of young men with their lady friends assembled at the residence of P. Phelin, on Friday night of last week, numbering about twenty girls and thirty boys, where a very enjoyable time was spent tripping the light fantastic. There were four musicians present to lend their assistance if necessary.

John Mills is busily engaged collecting the necessary material for the erection of a stone stable and for the removal of the buildings next summer. Mr. Lavin has the contract of moving the buildings for \$100. A. McEllen is to build the stonework. When this is completed Mr. Mill will have ample room for the produce of his fine farm as he has bought the adjacent lot from R. McDaniel, uniting them and making it the best farm in this section.

The council met today (Feb. 13th). All the members present. The minutes of former meeting read and approved. Clerk's report was accepted. Treasurer was requested to present new bond at next meeting. The auditors presented their report which on motion of L. K. Hart, and Ford, was adopted. Clerk was instructed to get 150 copies of auditors' report printed. The members of council were appointed road commissioners. The roads and deputy roads were appointed a committee to attend next meeting of Godrich council, to settle financial matters between the two towns. Clerk was instructed to notify parties interested, that by law reference to the putting of Grierson's ditch will be made at next sitting of council. The following accounts were ordered to be paid: J. W. Le and T. Anderson, court \$7; HURON SIGNAL, advertising court of revision, \$1; J. Knox, horse hire, \$2; B. Redmond, culvert, con 4 and 5, \$5; Clerk, delivering pathmasters' lists, \$15; Jno. —, auditor, \$6; A. P. and aud. \$2; R. Rutherford, jr., refund dog tax, \$1; R. H. Anderson, expenses, time &c., \$5; J. Gibson, do do. \$2. Council adjourned to meet on Saturday, March 20th. R. R. MILLER, Clk. clerk.

Godrich Markets. (Reported by Telephone from Harb's Mills.) GODRICH, Feb. 25, 1886. Wheat (Fall) @ bush \$0.77 @ \$0.77; Wheat (Spring) @ bush \$0.69 @ \$0.73; Wheat (House) @ bush \$0.60 @ \$0.60; Flour (mixed) @ cwt. \$2.15 @ \$2.15; Flour (strong) @ cwt. \$2.25 @ \$2.25; Flour (best) per cwt. \$2.50 @ \$2.50; Oats @ bush \$0.30 @ \$0.30; Potatoes @ bush \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Bay @ ton \$1.00 @ \$1.00; Butter @ lb. \$0.16 @ \$0.17; Eggs @ doz. \$0.12 @ \$0.12; Cheese @ doz. \$0.12 @ \$0.12; Hams @ doz. \$0.65 @ \$0.65; Beef @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Pork @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Apples @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Peaches @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Plums @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Cherries @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Raspberries @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Strawberries @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Wood @ cord \$3.00 @ \$3.00; Timber @ cord \$3.00 @ \$3.00; Shingles @ cord \$3.00 @ \$3.00; Sausages @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Pork @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Beans @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Peas @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Corn @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Potatoes @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; Onions @ doz. \$0.50 @ \$0.50; 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The Poet's Corner

"The Carthage" BY MARIANNE FARNINGHAM. What can it mean? Is it aught to him That the nights are long and the days are dim?

"A Beautiful Father." Tell your mother you've been very good boys today, said a schoolteacher to the little new scholars.

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to procure provisions in some manner, and in order to do so the natural-born bone and sinew of the country must go at it and promote the growth of such things, or else we artists, poets, and statesmen will have to take off our standing collars and do it ourselves.

INGENUITY OF WOMEN.

A Novel Scheme Adopted by Four Pioneer Girls in Locating Land Claims. A woman, unmarried and twenty-one years old, has the right to take up land, and in Dakota many have availed themselves of this privilege by acquiring pre-emption or tree claims.

Each woman then moved into the room located on her one hundred and sixty acres and joyed the society of her companions. They all provided themselves with revolvers, but as a rule women on the prairie are those who live in large cities.

It is certainly glad tidings to the poor invalid to be informed of a remedy that will give prompt and sure relief in case of painful suffering. Such a remedy is Hayward's Yellow Oil, adapted for internal and external use in rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and all inflammatory pains.

Hayward's Yellow Oil, adapted for internal and external use in rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and all inflammatory pains.

HARKNESS' HAIR BALM Restores grey hair to its natural color, removes dandruff, stops the hair from falling out, increases its growth, and will not soil the skin.

KNIGHT'S FOR A SHAVE, HAIRCUT, SHAMPOO, OR DYE. TWO DOZES ELEM OF PO

GODERICH BOILER WORKS Have just received a large stock of BRASS & IRON STEAM-FITTINGS

To the Medical Profession, and all whom it may concern. Phosphate of Nerve Food, a Phosphate Element based upon Scientific Facts, Formulated by Professor Austin, M. D. of Boston, Mass., cures Pulmonary Consumption, Sick Headache, Nervous Attacks, Vertigo and Neuralgia and all wasting diseases of the human system.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1886. Gentlemen— I suffered with attacks of sick headache, Neuralgia, female troubles, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner. No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.

Seeing is believing. Read the testi- monials in the pamphlet on Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure, then buy a bottle and relieve yourself of all those distressing pains. Your Druggist can tell you all about it. Sold by J. Wilson Godefrich 2m

New Life for Functions Weakened by Disease, Debility and Disipation. The Great German Inventor is the only specific for impotency, nervous debility, universal lassitude, forgetfulness, pain in the back or sides, no matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, the Great German Remedy will restore the at functions and secure health and happiness. \$1.00 per box, six boxes for \$5.00. Sold by all druggists. Sent on receipt of price, postage paid, by F. J. Cheney, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for United States. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Sold by Geo. Rhyas, sole agent for Goderich 3m

BURDOCK'S BLOOD PURIFIER WILL CURE OR RELIEVE DIZZINESS, DROPSY, ELUTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DR NESS OF THE SKIN, AND every species of disease arising from impure blood. KIDNEY STOMACH, BOWELS OF BLOOD.

THE KEY TO HEALTH! BURDOCK'S BLOOD PURIFIER Takes all the impurities of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Puffing of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK'S BLOOD PURIFIER.

THE CELEBRATED DR. CHASE'S MANDRAKE DANDELION LIVER CURE Have you Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Jaundice, Headache, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, or any disease arising from a deranged Liver, Dr. Chase's Liver Cure will be found a safe and certain remedy.

NATURE'S REMEDY The unrivalled success of Dr. Chase's Liver Cure is due to the fact that it is composed from nature's well-known liver regulators, MANDRAKE and DANDELION, combined with many other valuable roots, herbs and barks, having powerful effect on the Kidneys, Stomach, Bowels and Blood. 500,000 SOLD Over one-half million of Dr. Chase's Liver Cure have been sold in Canada alone. We want every man, woman and child to be benefited with Liver Cure. Buy it by all druggists.

Keep Your Feet Dry! BOOTS & SHOES AT THE STORE OF E. DOWNING, Crabb's Block.

Prices that Will Suit Everyone. Ladies' Boots, in Button or Laced, from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Misses and Children's Strong School Boots, from 75c. up. Boys do., \$1.00, up, all other Lines Proportionately Cheap.

EASE AND SECURITY GEORGE RHYNAS, Druggist, SOLE AGENT, GODERICH.

CHICAGO HOUSE. MISS WILKINSON The Very Latest Winter and Spring Fashions and she would respectfully invite the ladies to call and see the display at The Chicago House.

DANIEL GORDON, CABINET MAKER AND LEADING UNDERTAKER.

C. H. GIRVIN, Genuine New York Singer Sewing Machines. KITCHEN CABINET.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock. GEO. BARRY, CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER.

ART DESIGNS IN WALL PAPER 20,000 Rolls of the Latest Designs The Latest Spring Bazaar Patterns & Fashions, AT BUTLER'S

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1886. Harper's Weekly. ILLUSTRATED. HARPER'S WEEKLY has now, for more than twenty years, maintained its position as the leading illustrated weekly newspaper in America.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS. HARPER'S WEEKLY \$1.00 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$1.00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1.00 HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (12 numbers), \$12.00

1886. Harper's Magazine. ILLUSTRATED. The December Number will begin the Seventy-second Volume of HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS. HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$1.00 HARPER'S BABAR \$1.00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1.00 HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (12 numbers), \$12.00

1886. Harper's Young People. ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY. The position of HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE as the leading weekly periodical for young readers is well established.

TERMS: Postage Prepaid, \$2.00 Per Year. Vol. VII commences Nov. 8, 1885. SINGLE NUMBERS, Five Cents each. Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Fun and... "What are the Kentucky? You did backer," yelled Tom Whiskey, yelled also "Kurnels!" Lady—"Why, how Eugene? You did only Master Eugene my sisters told me to you, for you'd not be Young man from fashionable city ho—M's room is in the not climb away up the an elevator. You you, I don't drink. School Teacher—"excavate." Scholar—"tence in which the used." School—"I when it gets hurt."

Fun and Fancy.

What are the natural products of Kentucky? asked the teacher. "Whiskey," yelled Tommy. "What else?" "Whiskey," yelled Tommy. "What else?" "Kurnals!" yelled Johnnie.

Why, how do you do, Master Eugene? You didn't forget me, did you? Master Eugene—"Oh, no; I don't forget you, but I don't care to be sure and call you, for you'd not have any one else."

Young man from the country at a fashionable city hotel: Young man—"My room is in the eighth story. I cannot climb away up there. Clerk—"Take an elevator. Young man—"No, thank you, I don't drink."

School Teacher—"Define the word excavate." Scholar—"It means to help out." Teacher—"Construct a sentence in which the word is properly used." Scholar—"The baby excavates when it gets hurt."

Just when the English dandy is learning the American formula of "Give me a horse with my overcoat, bub!" the New York dude is practicing the discarded English of "Give me a lift of my top-coat, me dear fellow."

The scholarly people give a philosophical reason for speaking of steamboats, fire-engines, etc., as ships. The Lowell Office says the fire-engine is called a ship because all the men turn and look at it when it passes along the street.

Physician—"You do not need medicine at all. Take plenty of exercise and a mild tonic—say a bottle of claret every day." Patient—"Oh, no! I don't like claret." "What? Temperance?" "Oh, no! But the fact is I was the wise business myself once, and I know how it made."

"What is that butter made of?" asked a boarder. "Don't you think it is good?" mildly responded the landlady, in Yankee style. "I should say so." "Well, you don't know what you are talking about." "I admit it," calmly replied the boarder.

When the boy gets his first tail coat he finds he has a superabundance of hands. He never knew before he had so many, and there are not half enough pockets in his clothes to show them away. He examines them, counts them, only two; a pair, and he has to talk to a crowd that "stays in."

Boys have a world of their own in the open air, the rippling streams, the sweep of the green hillside and the shady woods. They have a marvellous instinct for the woods. You can no more lose a boy in the woods than you can lose a squirrel; in fact, not so easily. I have known a squirrel in the woods, but never a boy.

No wonder Cain grew up a bad boy. I always said he was. He had two of the most inexperienced people in the world to take care of him, and not a mother-in-law in the world to watch him. Only one man to keep track of him, and one boy—that is, your neighbor's boy; your boy is all right. Cain had no other boy in the world to teach him to smoke and swear and lie and steal and thus develop his latent talents for statesmanship.

If there is a peg on the rack about eight feet above the boy's head, that is where he must hang his hat, and he is not particular if he drives the peg through the crown of the hat. Only he must have it, or he will try to keep a boy in a new disposition as in a new hat.

When my moustache appeared my relations took great interest. They used to be allowed to come to the house and see it. Some of them said, "Oh, Bob, you'll never make it." But I did. I brought it up by hand. A good many moustaches are raised that way—they are raised on the bottle.

Adam could not tell Cain any fairy stories when young Cain came in fifty times a day and asked questions about things that nobody had ever heard of before. He could not begin "Once upon a time," because Cain could pin him straight against the dead wall of creation, only half a dozen years back. That was before the scientists had begun to ring in the theory of thousand year periods on us.

Those at the rear of the house may not be able to see my moustache, but the people in the front seats can. That is why an extra charge for front seats is made at my lectures.

Save your kindest words and best humor for home. Don't let your children be so much afraid of you that when you come home in the evening the noise and fun and pumping cease because "Father has come home and he has headache again." I have come home and I have headache again. I have come home and I have headache again, but rather pin my head to the wall.

Encourage the ambition of your son. I know he looks on you with pity and thinks how much more he knows than you do. But if he says he will rise to the stars and even light his torch at the sun, tell him to go right ahead and light his torch there—only he must be careful not to put out the sun.

When Tom asks Laura's father for his daughter, and sees the tender misty light in his eyes, and the thin lips quiver and the gray moustache, he feels something like remorse, and would almost like to tell the old man to take the girl back and cherish her and groom her with a father's tender care. But he doesn't; oh, no, he doesn't—not then.

At the wedding "Ma" acts like a poor relation who has been invited only to fill up—to fill up the party, I mean.

At length arrives the wedding morning with all the beautiful wedding presents from guests—who have been rarely invited for that purpose.

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However, you are here now and you might as well stay. The fire in the parlor is banked up for the night, and the chances are ten to one that you wouldn't be asked in anyway. Besides it's too dark tonight for any front gate business.

National Pills purify the Blood, regulate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

LATE INVENTIONS.—A thunder-rod for pupes who are liable to be "thunder struck" on receiving unexpected intelligence; a graduation for people who are in the habit of "grinding their teeth" when they are in anger; a device for grubbing people who are suddenly invited to the spot; a patent air ship for restoring people to their homes who are "carried away by an excess of emotion," "transported with delight," etc.; a restorative for people "petrified with astonishment."

Dr. Harvey's Southern Red Pine has been prepared with great skill and care, and the proprietor is confident it will maintain in Canada the reputation it has so justly won in the United States. For sale at Wilson's prescription drug store. Alex. Reid, general merchant, of Coldwater, Ont., says—"Dr. Harvey's Southern Red Pine is without doubt the best cough medicine I ever sold. It has done more good than other, and is a household word around Coldwater. Im-

Stanley says the native African can sing himself to sleep. We have lots of people in America who can do better than that. They can sing a crowd to death.

The old romance is new dust. Roll of bills—old stove—hid in the oven—wife makes fire—return of farmer who does not believe in savings banks—despair—divorce.

A plate has been discovered on which a pie can be baked without burning while the mistress of the house is finishing her novel and the cook is having a few last words with the policeman.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox asks in one of her poems, "O, what shall make me laugh again?" Her husband might make her smile by telling her that her pies are as perfect as her poetry.

The "Course of True Love" traced by letters in a beach of promise suit, read in this manner: "Dear Mr. Smith, 'My dear John,' 'My Darling John,' 'My own Darling Jack,' 'My Darling John,' 'Dear John,' 'Dear Sir,' 'Sir,' and all was over.

Handwriting. We have a right handed writing to be written with a centrifugal motion in one direction, across the page from left to right, a writing which taxes the weak muscles of the hand, and which takes four or five times as long as is necessary for the representation of a word as is shown by stenographers, who write as fast as a person can speak. In view of the increase of writer's cramp, due to the extraordinary amount of writing to be done by book keepers, book writers, teachers and savants, it was suggested that a new method of writing should be intelligently discussed, and one inaugurated that should be less elaborate, less taxing upon the small and weak muscles of the hand; a handwriting in which the letters can be formed as in phonography, disconnected, not requiring such precise and complicated motions to make them legible, and which can be written from above downward, from right to left or left to right, as one may choose.

Dr. Low's Worm Syrup will remove Worms and Cause, quicker than any other Medicine.

A Hopeless Minority. Dr. Lyman Abbott, who lectured at Kingston lately, says the *Wages*, tells a good joke on himself. He was holding a revival service and making a pointed appeal for those who desired a change of life to come out. No one appeared. Then he asked, "How many want to go to heaven?" The audience rose in masses, except one man, who was somewhat nudged. Then Dr. Abbott asked, and was standing at the time, "How many want to go to hell?" The nudged individual, apparently considering it was his turn to do something, stood up, gazed around him furiously, and, seeing only himself and the doctor standing, sighed, "I see, doctor, that you and I are in a hopeless minority."

A Banker's Testimony.—For a Cough, Cold or any Bronchial Affection. "Fectoria," in my opinion, is just the thing. I have used it in my family for Coughs and Colds for the past four years with the most unvaried success, and to-day my opinion of it is that I continue to think still more of that which I began thinking well of.

Get your auction sale bills printed at The Signal office. They are done promptly and at low rates. Notice a dash to rates from THE SIGNAL free of charge, which is read by thousands.

A Reward.—Of one dozen "TRABERY" to any one sending the best four line rhyme on "TRABERY," the remarkable little gem for the Teeth and Gums. Ask your druggist or address.

Are you troubled with Salt Rheum, Rough Skin, Pimples or Canker Sores? If so, go at once to Geo. Rignans' Drug Store and get a package of Medisor A Parker's Carbolic Ointment. Price 25 cents. It was never known to fail.

Rev. J. G. Falls, Dutton, certifies: "For some years my wife has been troubled with Dyspepsia, and has tried on this, after another recommended with but little or no effect till I decided to give McGregors' Specific Cure a trial. Since using the first bottle I have noticed a decided improvement, and can with confidence recommend it to be one of, if not the best medicine extant for Dyspepsia. This invaluable medicine for Liver Complaint, Indigestion, Kidney Complaint, especially vegetable. Sold at G. Rignans' drug store. Trial bottles given free."

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Isaac Pitman's Phonography.

Every Boy and Girl should Learn SHORTHAND.

THE PHONOGRAPHIC ALPHABET.

Table with columns for EXPLOSIVES, CONSONANTS, CONTINUANTS, MABALS, LIQUIDS, COALESCENTS, and VOWELS. It lists various letters and their phonetic representations.

The Teacher, 20c. The Manual, 40c. ALL OTHER BOOKS IN PROPORTION. McGILLICUDDY BROS., GODERICH, ONT.

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QUEEN CITY OIL WORKS AGAIN VICTORIOUS! HIGHEST HONORS AND GOLD MEDAL FOR PEERLESS OIL.

At Toronto. Every Barrel Guaranteed. This Oil was used on all the Machinery during the Exhibition. It has been awarded SIX GOLD MEDALS during the last three years. See that you get PEERLESS. It is only made by SAMUEL ROGERS & CO., TORONTO.

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Travelling Guide. GRAND TRUNK.

Goderich (L.V.) 7:50 a.m. 12:30 p.m. 3:45 p.m. Stratford (A.C.) 8:40 a.m. 1:30 p.m. 1:30 p.m.

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Open from 1 to 6 p.m., and from 7 to 10 p.m. ABOUT 2000 VOLS IN LIBRARY. Leading Daily, Weekly and Illustrated Papers, Magazines, etc., on File.

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China and Glassware. No Trouble to Show Goods.

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