Huron Signal.

"The Greatest Possible Good to the Greatest Possible Number."

VOL. XXX. NO. 2. GODERICH, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 24, 1877. WHOLE NO. 1562.

The Huron Signal,

(ESTABLISHED 1848.)

One of the Largest Papers published in Canada, issued and published at Goderich, Ontario, every

WEDNESDAY MORNING,

at the Office, Montreal Street, adjoining the Market Square, by

THE SIGNAL PRINTING Co.

Terms $1 00 per annum, strictly in advance; $1.25 if paid within three months; $1.50 if paid within six months; and $2.00 if not paid within the year. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

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CHEAPER THAN EVER.
NO COMBINATION PRICE.
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THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON And Globe Insurance Company.
Available Assets, $27,000,000.
Losses paid in the course of Thirty-five years exceed
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Claims by CHICAGO FIRE estimated at nearly $3,000,000, are being liquidated as fast as adjusted WITHOUT DEDUCTION. Security, Prompt Payment, and Liberality in adjustment of its losses are the prominent features of this wealthy company.
FIRE and LIFE POLICIES issued with very liberal conditions.
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LOANS made on the security of approved Farm & City or Town Property for periods of Five years or to suit the convenience of Borrowers, and either repayable at expiry of time or by annual instalments. Payments in reduction of Loans will be accepted at any time on favorable terms.
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The subscribers having commenced the manufacture of Artificial Stone, are prepared to receive and execute orders for
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Orders received and shipments made to any point in Canada.
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ROTARY SUCTION PUMP.
A Purifier of Water.
THE BEST WATER-DRAWER EVER PUT IN A WELL OR CISTERN.
Thousands in Daily Use.
THIS INVENTION is an atmospheric or Suction Pump with three Elastic Rubber Buckets or valves working air-tight and running from the bottom of the well to the top in a wooden tube, and so connected by a chain as to keep one always in the tube, and throwing an uninterrupted stream of water. It uses a hand or Reel for power.
ADVANTAGES OF THIS PUMP.
1st. Their case of work.
2nd. Throws a constant stream.
3rd. Purifies the water.
4th. No expense for repairs.
5th. Warranted not to freeze.
6th. No stationary valve in the well to get out of order.
7th. A larger quantity of water drawn in proportion to the size of Cylinder than any other pump, and with less power.
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Markham Bell Foundry
ESTABLISHED IN 1860.
We manufacture bells from 45 lbs to 800 lbs and warrant all for one year. Delivered at Markham station. Send for price list.
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Turning Shop and Bedstead Factory,
On the market of Waterloo and Lighthouse Streets,
In the shop formerly used as an axe factory, where the public can be accommodated with all kinds of TURNING, PLANING, SAWING and general JOB WORK.
All very cheap for Cash and on the Shortest Notice.
Give me a call, and support home manufacture.
SAML CURRAN.
Goderich Sept. 22, 1875. 1492-1yr

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Merchant Tailor,
WEST STREET,
HAS RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
Fall and Winter Cloths, Tweeds, &c.
Which he is selling very cheap.
READY-MADE CLOTHING always on hand,
Gents' Furnishings
A large and well selected stock to select from, and as cheap as any house in the Dominion
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
On the shortest notice, and a good fit guaranteed.
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MERCHANT TAILOR,

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Has on hand the best assorted stock of
Cloths, Tweeds, &c. &c
I hope from my long experience in the trade and employing the best of workmen, to receive the support of my friends and the public.
Clothing made to Order
on the shortest notice and guaranteed to fit. Call and inspect the stock.
2 doors East of W. Acheson's harness shop. 1489ly

WELLER & MARTIN,
Pump Makers.
Wells Sunk & Repaired
on short notice.
Also, Soft water Tanks
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Parties requiring good work done would do well to call upon the subscribers at their shop on Victoria Street in the old marble work.
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1475 1yr

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JOHN STEWART
INFORMS the inhabitants of the County of Huron, that he has just received a large stock of
Dry Goods, Crockery, GLASSWARE,
COOKING & PARLOR, STOVES, Hardware and Fancy Goods.
And as the goods in stock were purchased at a low figure he is enabled to sell them cheaper than any other store in the place. The goods are of the very best description and will be sold at a great sacrifice on original cost parties wishing goods will do well to call and look at the stock.
Cash advanced on goods consigned.
Cash paid for all kinds of Household Goods.
No charge for auctioneering of goods for sale at auction
Bankrupt and other stocks bought and sold.
Goods appraised and debts collected.
A number of Farms and Town Lots for Sale.
Goderich, April 6th, 1875. 1468-1yr

John McKenzie,
—OF—
The Hamilton St.,
CABINET SHOP,
Has a large stock of
Sofas, Chairs, Lounges, Tables, Bureaus, Matresses
And all the usual Cabinet stock which will be sold Cheap for Cash
Bedroom sets of all kinds and prices. Bracket ready made or made to order. Looking Glasses of any pattern.
Call and examine before selecting elsewhere Remember the address
JOHN McKENZIE,
Next door to Trueman's Auction Mart,
Hamilton Street.
Goderich, March 1st, 1876. 1515 1y

WM. DICKSON
FRUIT TREE AGENT,
representing
GEORGE LESLIE & SON'S
TORONTO NURSERIES,
Persons wishing to procure reliable stock, will receive perfect satisfaction by dealing with this firm Orders sent through me will receive prompt and careful attention, and the cost of carriage from Toronto saved to the purchaser. Also, agent for the
BROCKVILLE CHEMICAL AND SUPERPHOSPHATE WORKS,
manufacturers of the best fertilizer in use. Send for catalogues and circulars. Address, box 47, Goderich.
WM. DICKSON.
Orders may be left at SIGNAL Office.

NEW DOMINION
BAKERY,
on the corner of
NORTH STREET,
OPPOSITE DETLOR'S STORE.
If you want to get first class
BREAD, CAKES, PIES, BISCUIT AND CONFECTIONERY
go to the
NEW DOMINION BAKERY.
For Oranges, Lemons and all kinds of Fruits in season. Oysters prepared in every style. Parties supplied on short notice. Wedding cakes made to order.
WM. DOCHERTY

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Terms of Tuition for 1876.
THE usual English branches, pencil drawing French and fancy work of all kinds included ..... $3 00 per quar'r 7 00
Instruments Music 7 00
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Painting and Crayon each 1 00
For further particulars apply at the Convent, North-street, Goderich
Goderich, 18th Jan 1877 1509-1y

Warming a Serpent;
OR,
GRYLE DASKAMP'S TREACHERY.

BY LEON LEWIS.

'I thank you, Miss Garnet,' Heath said, gratefully. 'My meals have not been as extensive or as palatable as a Shyer could devise.'

He had had mouldy ship-bread and water, nothing else, since his captivity.

'I will make short visits, so that I may come oftener,' said Garnet, hearing Gregory very near to the hut.

She flitted out at the door, meeting her enemy face to face. She passed him by scornfully, for she was too proud to make a pretense of feeling otherwise than she really felt, he entered the hut.

He found young Heath calmly devouring his bread and fruit, and his face darkened. He questioned the sentinel rapidly in Spanish. The black replied that the young lady had come to bring the prisoner food, and that he had had no orders against allowing her to do so.

'Then I give you orders now,' said Gregory. 'She is is to give him no more food, you understand, or you'll get a precious good flogging. That mouldy ship-bread is good enough for him. Remember!'

Our hero comprehended every word of this speech, but he continued his luncheon quite unmoved, apparently. Garnet Palm heard it also, and her bosom swelled with her indignation, as she moved on towards the huts in process of building.

'We'll see whether he has anything else to eat besides mouldy ship-bread, she said to herself. 'I may have something to say on the subject.'

She stopped at the new store-hut at which the carpenters were busy. A box of tools lay in plain view. Phebe moved in such a way as to screen her. She dropped her pocket handkerchief upon a box of tools, and when she stooped and picked it up she picked up a round file also in its folds.

No one suspected this little manœuvre. She walked on, attended by Phebe, and the two were on their way to the lagoon, when Gregory emerged from the hut and looked about for them.

He did not attempt to follow them, and they entered the orange grove and sat down upon a rustic seat under the fruit and blossom-laden branches.

After a little they returned to the house and to the upper veranda, where they remained until the heat of the day had passed. Then they descended again to the grounds and wandered about as they had done in the morning. The workmen were absent from their work, Mr. Gregory and Crimp were asleep in the veranda, and the guard was asleep under the overhanging thatch of the roof of the hut.

He started up as Garnet and her old nurse entered the hut and followed at their heels, keen, vigilant and lynx-eyed.

Young Heath was lying on his bed of straw, but arose instantly, greeting Garnet with a glad smile.

'I am back again, you see,' she said, with an affectation of gayety. 'And I've brought you a little luncheon.'

She displayed some fruits and bread, the latter already broken into pieces, so that the guard could see that there was no weapon concealed in it.

The sentinel made a spring toward the food to grasp it. With a slight-of-hand dexterity that would have done credit to a professor in the black art, Garnet thrust the hand containing the fruit behind her and thrust the other pink palm on which lay a Spanish gold-piece toward the black.

The man started, hesitated, looked around him with a keen glance, and seized the gold piece.

Then the girl extended the food toward Heath, who took it gratefully, expressing his thanks.

The guard thrust the money in his pocket and allowed the prisoner to retain possession of the fruit Garnet had brought him, but he kept a vigilant watch still upon her.

Garnet was anxious to transfer the file to the possession of Mr. Heath.—She resolved to repeat the manœuvre of the morning. Giving a significant look to the prisoner, she approached his bed, talking the while to him in English, and then dropped her pocket handkerchief upon the bed of straw. When she picked it up, Heath saw the glitter of the file as it slipped down and disappeared among the straw.

The guard did not see it, his lynx eyes beholding only the dropping of her handkerchief and its restoration to its owner.

Soon after Garnet took her departure, and just in time, for Mr. Gregory came lounging down the steps, and the workmen's hammers began to ring out upon the air.

Gregory met the girl and turned about to accompany her upon her walk. He was very suave and bland, and his manner had in it the ardor of a lover.

'I have been thinking, Garnet,' he said, in his smooth, treacherous voice, 'that I should like to make a compact with you. Give me yourself, and I will give you the life of this young man. What do you say?'

'That I cannot possibly buy his life at the sacrifice of my own!' responded Garnet, firmly.

'You need not think that you can repeat your recent performance and so save his life a second time,' said Mr. Gregory, his anger rising. 'I shall wait the two weeks as I agreed, in order that my men shall know that I always keep my word, but he shall die then, and you shall not know of his death until his body lies before you.'

The girl's face hitened, but she did not lose her fearless look of defiance.

'You must do as you will,' she responded quietly; 'only remember that there will come a day of judgment!'

He scoffed at her.

'I shall forbid you going to the hut again,' he said, in petty triumph. 'You shall not see Heath. You have been to him twice to-day, and you have been for the last time!'

Garnet made no expostulation, but walked on. He attended her for some distance, but her replies were monosyllabic when she replied at all, and he finally returned to the house.

The next day, in spite of his prohibition Garnet visited the prisoner while her enemy was at his siesta. She had no chance to speak to him, for the guard interposed between her and Heath, but she caught one flash from his eyes, and that told of hope and encouragement.

She went round to the back of the hut and spoke softly, yet so that Heath could hear her.

'Do you make any progress?' she asked.

'Yes,' he answered, just as softly.—'Keep up your courage. God bless you!'

Garnet did not linger. But every day thereafter, when Gregory and the others were at their siesta, and the black sentinel stood in the doorway of the hut, an impassable barrier, the girl crept up behind the hut and repeated her question:

'Do you make any progress?'

And day after day passed, and they were well into the second week of Heath's captivity. The girl was growing pale and thin as Gregory noticed. A horror of dread hung upon her And still the days sped, and only two remained before the intended execution.

Garnet's voice was low and sorrowful now as she asked the question at the back of the hut. 'Only two more days of life young Heath. It seemed too awful for belief.

Upon this day, when only two more remained of his reprieve, she stole up behind the hut at the blazing noon-tide hour, when nearly all the inhabitants of the island were asleep in the shade, and called out softly yet with a wild despair in the voice:

'Mr. Heath, there are only two days more!' Mr. Gregory has sworn that you shall die. Is there any hope whatever? When shall we escape?'

'To-night!' answered Heath's voice, strong and full of courage. 'This very night!'

'To-night!' she breathed.

'To-night. A snap of the chain and I shall be free!' he returned, exultingly. 'Come at midnight, when all are asleep. There is no moon. To-night we will make our attempt at escape, or die together!'

CHAPTER XIX.

AN ALARM.

No one suspected that last visit of Garnet to the prisoner. Gregory and Crimp and their subordinates were all still asleep in the house, or under the shade of the trees; the sun was blazing in all its tropical fierceness; and even Maria—Garnet's especial keeper—in her husband's hut, had dozed at her post of nurse. Miss Palm regained her own room where Phebe awaited her with a keen anxiety.

The door of slats was secured, and Garnet lay down upon a bamboo settle for her siesta, her pulses throbbing, and her glad eyes showing the joy that thrilled her soul.

The old nurse crept towards her in list slippers, fearing lest some one below, or on the verandas, might hear her movements, or listen to her words.

'What news, Miss Garnet?' she whispered.

'Good news, Phebe,' answered the girl, still more softly. 'We shall attempt our escape to-night!'

'Thank Heaven!' breathed the old nurse. 'He must have cut nearly through his chains, then?'

'I suppose so. He said that he would attempt to get away to-night! To-night, Phebe! Think of that! Only a few hours more of this horrible captivity!'

'Yes, but in leaving the island, miss, we exchange one form of perils for another,' said the old nurse, sighing. 'The only question is, which form is the least terrible? An open boat, a blazing sun, on the broad sea, with sharks following us—'

'You speak of ourselves, Phebe. For us it might be better that we should remain here, since we have no physical privations, but how long will we be suffered to roam the island at will? Day by day I can see that Mr. Gregory grows more assured in his manner towards me, bolder in his declarations of love, and less respectful. Only last evening, as I stood upon the veranda, he came up and attempted to put his arm around me. Day by day he tightens his coils around me like some deadly boa-constrictor, and, if I remain here how long will it be before I am crushed! But, setting all thought of me aside, we must think of Mr. Heath. If he remains here two days longer, he will be murdered!'

'True, Miss Garnet. Whatever the perils of escape, we must brave them,' assented old Phebe. 'It seems to me that Mr. Gregory means worse mischief to us than he has yet shown us. There's a black look in his eyes when he looks at you sometimes, that I don't like, miss. If you are to be up to-night, you must sleep now,' the woman added, 'and it is necessary for us to escape if we can, and without delay, so try to rest, Miss Netta, and get up your strength for the demand to be made on it.'

The attendant stole away to her own settle, and Garnet tried to sleep. But her thoughts were very restless, and her eyes would fly open, in spite of her efforts to keep them shut, and she formed many plans during the next half hour, at the end of which period the heat and the lassitude caused by it overcame her and she slept.

When she awakened it was late in the afternoon, the hammers of the carpenters were ringing busily; and the voices of Gregory and Crimp were heard on the grounds.

The girl arose and made her toilet afresh. She had worn her white dresses throughout her stay on the island, and she put one on now, a delicate linen with bands of blue ribbons. Then, with her broad brimmed hat on, she went below, followed by old Phebe.

The lower hall was deserted, and the door of Gregory's private room was ajar, showing that that was deserted also. Garnet halted and looked in. Her eager eyes roved over the contents of the large and airy chamber, and rested upon a dressing bureau, one drawer of which had been inadvertently left open, the key being in the lock.

The girl knew that Gregory kept a supply of fire-arms in the house, and she thought it possible that some weapon might have been deposited by him in the drawers of the bureau.

Motioning Phebe to stay in the hall she glided into the chamber as silently, as possible, and searched the bureau. To her great joy she discovered several revolvers. She dared take only one, lest the loss should be discovered, but that one she thrust in the pocket of her dress, and hurried away, rejoining Phebe, and proceeding with her for a walk.

Her rambles had lately been among the huts in process of erection. It excited no surprise therefore, when she sauntered about among them, watching the workmen apparently with the idle curiosity of one who finds time heavy on his hands, and even Gregory had no suspicion that her visit upon this occasion had any deep and ulterior motive.

The huts were nearly completed now, the last being more than half done.

The store-hut was a peculiarly well ventilated structure, filled with provisions sufficient for a year's sojourn upon the island. There were sacks of coffee, and chests of tea securely packed in additional boxes, barrels of flour, barrels of salted meats, scarcely required in that climate and upon that island, where game abounded, and fish were to be procured in abundance, barrels of ship-biscuit and other articles, both fine and coarse, intended for the consumption of the rude seamen as well as for Miss Palm's fastidious taste.

The key was in the lock, Gregory having just dealt out some nails, which were kept in this general repository. The door was open also, and Garnet's roving glances detected the stores we have named, with barrels of crackers, boxes of sardines and preserves, nets of lemons and oranges, and hosts of other stores. There was a collection of small, painted water kegs, all empty, of course, which had been brought ashore from the yacht, to be filled, when cool weather arrived, at the spring.

The girl listened about the store hut, which was strewn in the shade of a cluster of palms, but the old coast hands long enough to assure themselves that the workmen returned to their huts being further removed from the house, while the store hut was in full view of it. Gregory and Crimp followed them, forgetting that the store-house had been left unlocked.

Watching her opportunity, Garnet glided to the door of the hut, bolted it and thrust the key in her pocket. She rejoined Phebe, and the two were wandering on the shores of the lagoon, apparently listless and unconscious, when Gregory returned to the scene of her conspiracy.

The girl watched him furtively under the brim of her hat. She saw him try the door of the store hut, examine his pockets, and then saunter towards the house.

In truth, Gregory had discovered that the key had disappeared, but he supposed that Crimp had taken possession of it, as he often did, and its disappearance, therefore, gave him no uneasiness whatever. He contented himself in the veranda and lighted a cigar while he meditated.

'That was a bold thing to do, Miss Netta,' said her old nurse, who had been quite startled at the girl's procedure. 'What if Gregory or Crimp had caught you at it?'

'We won't borrow trouble, Phebe. They did not catch me. I regarded my getting possession of the key as providential. And I don't believe that the Providence that has helped me so far will permit me to be found out,' said Garnet, gravely. 'I know that these men took all the nails they require for one day's work. Now if the cook should not require anything, the key may not be missed.'

'There are two keys,' said Phebe. 'Gregory carries one and Crimp carries one. The cook usually applies to Crimp for provisions, so that possibly we stand a chance of escaping discovery.'

Garnet's observations were by no means concluded. She was looking for the small boat which was employed in daily visits to the yacht. This boat had been drawn up for a day or two at the first upon the narrow strip of beach bordering the lagoon, but it had been discovered that the fierce sunshine was starting the seams and warping the timber, and the boat had accordingly been taken to the entrance of the narrow passage leading to the sea and left there, moored to the bank, and in the dense shadow of the overhanging trees.

This discovery gladdened Garnet, and awoke in her new hope and courage.

Turning from the spot, lest their presence there might be seen and arouse suspicion, they ascended a little incline, following the course of a slender, sparkling little stream to its source a few yards distant, which source was seen to be a little bubbling spring, in a small pebbly basin, and in the shadows of trees.

Garnet dipped her hand in the spring and drank of the clear, sparkling fluid, and it was cold and delicious to her taste.

'As good a spring as I ever saw in old England,' she commented. 'It is odd to find a spring like that on a tropical island. But come, Phebe, let us go to the house. We have been out about our usual time.'

They walked slowly towards the house.

Gregory came forth and met them on the steps. Garnet bowed to him haughtily and passed on. His brow darkened as he turned and looked after her, and the scowl on his visage had a singular menace in it.

'Only two days more of life for your new lover, my pretty Garnet,' he thought. 'And not many more days of freedom for you, if I can make my new scheme work to my satisfaction. You have felt the glove of velvet, now I intend that you shall feel the iron hand beneath it.'

Garnet and old Phebe returned to their room. They made no comment upon their discoveries, and the young lady said nothing concerning her plans, lest they should be overheard.

At the usual hour supper was brought up to them in the upper veranda, and at ten o'clock, as was their custom, they prepared to retire. Maria came up as Garnet was at her night toil, bringing a pitcher of sherbet, and then retired, Phebe locking the door after her.

By this time most of the inhabitants of Lagoon Island were asleep, only one or two servants and their master and his confederate being awake.

The servants retired to their huts, none of them sleeping at the house since Maria's attendance on her husband had been required.

Miss Palm went to be, but not with any idea of sleeping. A silence like that of midnight filled the chamber. But at eleven o'clock the girl arose noiselessly and made her toilet anew. Phebe had not undressed. She had packed a handbag with toilet necessaries for her young mistress and with a change of garments. This had been done during the day, and at the same time the girl had secured upon her person all her money and all her jewels, these latter being of immense value, and many of them having belonged to her mother.

Garnet's trunks were all still on board the yacht. They contained, besides a very large out-fit of clothing of every description, pieces of unmade goods, linens and cambrics, silks, gloves, perfumeries, and all those fabrics and articles which English women are wont to take with them to any of the colonies. These trunks had not been required, only one having been sent ashore, but that one contained all that she found necessary for her life upon Lagoon Island.

From this trunk Phebe had produced during the day a dark blue flannel dress, intended as a yatching dress, and trimmed profusely with black braid. Garnet put it on, and put over it her flannel jacket of the same color, and took her broad-brimmed hat in her hand. In her dark dress, she hoped to escape observation, and she had drawn stockings over her thin kid boots to deaden their sound.

Old Phebe, dressed also in some dark, unrustling material, and wearing her list slippers, over which she had also drawn a pair of stockings, was ready for departure.

The candle had not been lighted since Maria's departure. Garnet struck a vesta match, screening it with her hand, so that its light fell only upon the face of her watch.

It lacked only fifteen minutes to midnight.

The girl extinguished the light and thrust in her pocket the brass box of wax matches with a view to future use.

Then, giving the signal to Phebe, she softly unlocked the door and passed out into the hall. She stopped to lock the door behind her, and to take possession of the key, for she hoped that her escape might not be discovered before morning.

To cross the hall as noiselessly as possible, and descend the stair was their next task. They accomplished it slowly and with difficulty, for an unexpected creak in the boards would startle them causing them to huddle close to each other, and wait tremblingly in expectation of discovery.

They traversed the lower hall in safety. The jalousie door was closed, not locked. Garnet opened it, and they were in the veranda.

The outer jalousie door was closed also, and, like the other, not locked. But the two fugitives dared not cross this veranda to it, a sudden whiff of cigar smoke coming to them around the angle of the house, and the sound of voices in confidential conversation being plainly audible.

Garnet grasped the old woman's arm in clutch, nervous excitement. Gregory and Crimp were not twenty feet from them, also on the verands, and on its eastern side, while the fugitives were on the southern side.

'You've made your rounds, then, for the night, Crimp?' Gregory was saying. 'And everything was snug, the prisoner, and seamen, and engineers all asleep, and the prisoner's guard watchful?'

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

A Man Without a Soul.

Translated from the Revue Medical (Paris).

Mons. le Docteur Bussy d' Alembert, a noted French Surgeon and physician, has long held that life might be prolonged indefinitely in some classes of patients; such, for instances, as those who have suffered no fatal lesions, but who are perished from anemia or the degeneration and non-production of proper blood corpuscles. Until the 9th day of this last November he found no one willing to accept as true his seemingly visionary theory, but having secured a suitable patient for experimental purposes in the person of M. Nathan Isaacs, a near relative, by the way, of the Baron Rothschild, he immediately proceeded to demonstrate the truth of his hitherto unsubstantial assertions. Mr. Isaacs, a wealthy Jew, was dying of an anæmic disorder, and having heard of Dr. d' Alembert's theory he sent for him on the date above mentioned, having discharged his family physician, and placed himself wholly under the care of Dr. d'A. Upon his arrival Dr. d'Alembert found his patient at the point of death, and the more strongly to demonstrate the tenability of his belief, he determined to allow Mr. Isaac's to expire before trying his experiments. No stimulants being exhibited, Mr. Isaacs quietly breathed his last on the morning of 11th of November at 4½ o'clock. Dr. d'A., immediately had the body placed in a box (constructed with double walls packed with charcoal) and entirely covered with pounded ice, and then had it removed to his office, where, in the presence of Drs. Dupuy, Dion, Ettieuse and Ricord, (the two latter, members of the Academy of Science), he had the body removed from the box, wiped thoroughly dry and placed on a table, the top of which was formed of a plate of glass two inches in thickness. The assistants then began with dry friction to shampoo the entire surface of the body; this being thoroughly done, the doctor made an incision, reaching to the spine at the first vertebra and buried there a smooth copper plate attached to one wire of an electric battery. The incision was neatly sewed up, to hold the plate in place, and the cicatrix covered with collodium, or other tincture of gun cotton. Another copper plate connecting with the same pole of the battery was buried at the base of the skull, and still a third, of zinc, connected with the opposite pole of the battery was buried in similar manner at the base of the sternum. Every thing being in readiness an almost imperceptible stream of electricity was turned on and so gradually increased that it was fully an hour before any twitching of the muscles could be discovered. At intervals of five minutes the tongue was moistened with an elixir composed of cognac brandy of 180 per cent. proof, which had been rectified six times through niters of sand, charcoal and felt. The tongues and fauces were moistened with lime juice and water to prevent excoriation of them by the strength of the liquor. At the end of an hour, as above stated, a slight tremor of the muscles became discernible; and at the end of the second hour very minute globules of perspiration could be seen with the magnifying glass upon the glands of the throat, axillar and groins. At this point artificial respiration was begun and kept up.—Towards the close of the third hour the flesh had a moist feeling, the entire surface of the body being covered with a light perspiration. From this stage we deem it best to copy verbatim the diary of Dr. d'Alembert.

Fourth Hour—Breathing being established, artificial respiration was discontinued.* Time between exhalation and inhalation of the breath, twenty seconds, though growing more natural.

Fifth Hour—Slight pulse; breathing all right; on forcing open the eyes, pupils found very much dilated; eyes not glassy.

Sixth hour—Left in charge of attendants while physicians were at dinner, no reliable notes of progress taken.

Seventh Hour—Still improving; pulse regular though very weak; eyes open and shut of themselves.

Eighth Hour—Stimulation with brandy discontinued, a strong egg-nog of goat's milk being substituted; steady progression.

Ninth Hour—A muttered attempt at speech.

Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth Hours—No change except that in the last half of the twelfth hour, immediately before a light slumber, the patient called for "wife and Etta," (his child).

Thirteenth and Fourteenth Hours—Sound slumber, from which patient awoke refreshed, and began a conversation in a weak tone. Perfectly rational.

From this point we shall resume the narrative, there being but little more to tell. The battery was kept attached to Mr. Isaacs and the stimulation continued, though at longer intervals and in larger quantities. The most singular part of this truly "strange story" is the fact that, although Mr. Isaacs recovered his intellect with the renewal of his life, yet his moral faculties were entirely dormant. When his wife and child were brought to him he evinced no emotion whatever, and while his memory recalled every incident of his former life—and all of his acquaintances say that his conversations and ideas were more brilliant than ever before—yet it was impossible to call upany association that was aught save indifferent to him. When informed of his mother's death (though he had been the most devoted of sons), he merely remarked: "Well, she was old enough, Heaven knows."—Though formerly very devout in his observance of the Jewish religion, he had become most blasphemous. He would not tell the truth if possible to lie, and seemed to take a most intense delight to steal and secrete about his person any object, even of the most trivial value. He made frequent attempts to rob the doctor of his watch while bending over him to administer stimulants, &c. Dr. Reynault St. Pierre, the highest Parisian authority on insanity and matters relating to the physiology and physiology of the brain, being called in, says that he can account for his

Great Trunk Railway.

TRAINS WILL LEAVE GODERICH AS FOLLOWS:

Mixed, 6.30 a. m., arriving at Toronto at 1.05 p. m. Buffalo at 1.50 p. m.

Mixed Mail, 11.20 a. m., arriving at Stratford at 1.50 p. m., Buffalo at 7.45 p. m.

Mixed, 2.30 arriving at Stratford at 6.30 p. m.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AS FOLLOWS:

Mixed, 11.20 a. m., from Stratford.

Mixed Mail, 4.50 p. m., from Toronto and Buffalo.

Mixed, 11.30 p. m., from Buffalo and Toronto.

Huron Signal.

GODERICH. JAN. 24, 1877.

The Wardenship.

The new Council assembled on Tuesday afternoon, and proceeded to the election of Warden. Mr. John Leckie, Brussels, and Mr. G. E. Cresswell, Tuckersmith, were nominated. The vote resulted in a majority of four for Cresswell.

Exit Leckie—enter Cresswell.

Signs of War.

The European Conference on the Eastern question has ended its labors, its programme of settlement having been rejected by the Turkish Porte with the inflammatory cry "Death rather than dishonor." This result, indicative of the desire of the Turks to prosecute the war, has prepared the country for another season of bloodshed, which may involve many nations, or be a continuation of the recent internecine struggle. As a consequence of this state of affairs, prices of bread stuffs have greatly advanced, and speculators are buying all the grain they can get hold of.

Oxford and Brant.

After the series of defeats which befel the Dunkin Act recently in Baldimand, Peel and Kingston, and the frequently recurring statement from the "I-told-you-so" class of people that the liquor party had just wakened up, the report of the victories achieved for the Act in Oxford and Brant comes fraught with the assurance that the temperance party has more strongholds.—The results reported were hardly anticipated, although good showings were expected from the activity manifested by the temperance party. Their opponents did not fail to do their best, and their champion, E. King Dodds, stumped the Counties in that interest. From this fact it may be inferred that the contest was a stand up, fair fight, in which the defeated party cannot say that they suffered from any disadvantage except lack of numbers. The women worked nobly in Brant, and to their efforts the result in that County is in a measure due. The criminal record of that county, within the past few years, has been of a character to stir many to work strenuously for the Act. It is but a short time ago that a drunken husband beat his wife to death, two drunken women nearly murdered a neighbor, a young man was stabbed in a drunken brawl in a bawdy house, an Indian woman was killed by a drunken companion, and a number of other criminal acts were committed through the effects of drink.

Oxford proved to have its strength in the country districts. Its newspapers were either silent on the subject or directly opposed to it. The majority in favor of the bill was 275. The figures are, not including East Zorra which gave a majority against the Bill, 3141 for and 2866 against. This vote, even without the totals from East Zorra, is 1,391 in excess of the vote at the last Parliamentary election.

The majority in Brant for the bill was 260, the vote being 2089 to 1829. The vote at the last Parliamentary election was only 17 more than in this case. These facts go to prove that the public feeling on the question was fully expressed.

School Trustee Election

Our town cotemporary takes exception to Mr. Ross' bill to alter the mode of electing school trustees, on the ground that by making the election simultaneous with that of councillors political and municipal issues will creep into the contests. We don't see why that should be the case, any more than under the present system, those who will be influenced by partizan motives in a municipal contest, will be influenced by them in the election of school trustees; and the majority of the people, who exercise some degree of common sense,—the majority of people are not fools and fanatics, some opinions to the contrary, nevertheless—no matter if party feeling runs high in the contest for councillors would vote, under Mr. Ross' *regime*, for trustees independent of such influences.

By the ballot system the effect of the influences referred to by our cotemporary are in a great measure overcome. For the election of trustees it would effect a great benefit, in as much as the vain, metal-faced men who occasionally solicit support for their elevation to the office would receive the conscientious verdict of the people. The persons who are best qualified for the office intellectually, and who, as a general rule, are too modest to canvass properly, would stand a better chance. At present, for the reason that the public is usually surfeited with election excitement, before the time for the election of trustees comes on, little or no interest is taken in that important event, and as the election takes place on the same day as the nominations the whole thing is started and hurried through in such a manner that one is apt to lose sight of the fact that the office of trustee is as important as that of councillor. By holding the election of trustee at the time of the general election all due prominence would be given it, or such at least as it does not now have or could possibly be given it by keeping it separate from other municipal contests.

An objection has been made to Mr. Ross' bill, that the voting for Separate School Trustee would make the system too cumbersome. This need not be. Separate ballots will be required for trustees, and a distinct set for Separate School trustees can be used. It will be a very easy matter, by referring to the roll, to see which of the papers the voter requires.

The Bill is only to be enforced in cities, towns, incorporated villages and where Township Boards exist.

Mr. Ross' measure is worthy of support as a desirable reform, and we expect to see it adopted by the House.

Mr. Hickson has left for England, and Mr. T. J. Sergeant has taken charge of the Grand Trunk Railway.

Mr. John Fleming, M. P. P. for South Waterloo, died on Sunday, 21st instant, having been attacked by a paralytic stroke a few days previously. He was born in Scotland in 1819, and was therefore at the time of his death in his 58th year.

Cooking as a Science:

Unfortunately cookery and the kitchen are, in the minds of a great many people, associated with the idea of drudgery. It is deemed unfashionable to assist in the preparation of food, that often being left to the domestic or done in such a clandestine manner as to lead to the belief that Aladdin's lamp was still in existence. Beyond the ability to bake such delicacies as a "white mountain cake," a jelly cake, chocolate, lemon or fruit cakes, the experience of many of our young ladies does not extend, and this is regarded as a pleasing eccentricity, which would be unpardonable and degrading if it extended to the preparation of a bowl of soup, a roast or a dish of vegetables. Many a wife considers that she has performed her whole duty to that department of her household, when she descends to the kitchen well on in the day, and, dabbing her finger into the contents of the kneading board, opening the oven doors and sniffing at the articles within, peering into the pots, spying round with a suspicious air and assuming an appearance of much wisdom, sees not where any waste occurs or where any defects creep into the preparation of the articles. And where the cooking is performed or overseen by the mistress of the house, how often do we find a sad lack in the capacity for the work. Sour or heavy bread, leaden pies and biscuits, solid and half-baked puddings, over-cooked meat, &c., &c., are the results, in the great majority of cases, of improper training and inexperience, and are the producers of a long list of complaints and equally long and troublesome doctor's bills. Dyspepsia, indigestion and the many kindred and very prevalent complaints are nearly associated with the effects of badly prepared food. At the present time when the public taste has grown so fastidious, as the result of the delicacies which are, in these progressive times, every day being invented to tickle the palate, the need of educating those who, in providing their households, but indifferently imitate the connoisseurs—those artists of the kitchen—in such a way as to prepare food scientifically becomes worthy of attention. In the good old days when, as the legend says,—and, by the way, Highlanders and legends have much to answer for—the Highland men were in the habit of taking with them, on their long journey through the hills, a few pounds of oatmeal, a little of which they would make into bree by mixing it with water in their drinking cups—or, as some people will insist, in the heel of their shoe—and supping the same when hungry, in those days there was no need of a scientific knowledge of the principles of cooking. The process was so simple and the elements so nutritive that it would be impossible to spoil the dish, and it is possible that the only delicate principles involved in the preparation were the proper judgment of the improving qualities of the shoe and the unpleasant flavor of the drinking cup. But we live in a far different age—an age in which the primitive culinary efforts of the highlandman seem like relics of barbarity, not much worse than those of the Canadian pioneers who dined on roast pork and molasses.

Every one, not alone gourmands or epicures, loves well cooked food. In his heart of hearts no man would fail to admire Charles Lamb's ecstatic address to a roast pig, or Dicken's vivid allusions to cold lunches, and above all the unfortunate tester of his young and inexperienced wife's culinary experiments. With this idea prevailing we are safe in saying that a social reform, with the object of breaking down that barrier of false imposturity which keeps so many from studying to perfection this very necessary branch of a woman's education, would be received with approval. The National Training School of cooking South Kensington, Eng., is an establishment which has become quite popular and effected much good. In Edinburgh a similar school was recently established under the patronage of such ladies as the Duchess of Edinburgh, the Marchioness of Lorne, Duchess of Buccleuch and Lady Ruthven. At these schools a regular course of instruction is given, illustrated by experiments superintended by experienced Instructresses, and prizes and diplomas are awarded to successful scholars. Such departments in conjunction with our seminaries, training schools and private schools would doubtless prove more popular with parents than the classes for teaching the one hundred and one different ways of making a pen wiper or sofa pillow. To give an idea of what is taught in these schools, we here present a few of the questions propounded at the examination at Kensington, on 24th July, 1875, which some of our lady friends might endeavor to answer:

1. What are the four chemical elements which enter into the composition of fat and muscle? Which of these is it most important to preserve during the process of cooking?

2. If potatoes form the principal diet of a family, what other kinds of food should be taken with them, and why?

3. Describe the process of trussing a fowl for roasting. In what respect does it differ from trussing a fowl for boiling?

4. How would you clean a copper stewpan, and what materials would you use for the purpose?

5. When would you use a copper saucepan in preference to an iron one and why?

6. What is dripping, and how is it clarified? How do you clarify fat?

7. How do you prepare a beefsteak pudding?

9. How do you know when fat is boiling?

10. How can you prevent the smell which arises from the water, while being poured away, in which cabbage has been boiled?

SOME time ago the *Canadian Granger* pronounced against protection for the farmer, in opposition to Dr. Orton and his hobby, and advocated free trade.—Since that time many Opposition papers have been pleased to remark, with characteristic unfairness, that the paper is controlled by a member of the Dominion Cabinet, which statement the journal referred to emphatically denies, and states further that no Government member has any connection whatever with the paper, even as subscribers.—The articles which was a fair and impartial consideration of the question, opened with the statement that the writer was not influenced by any party feelings, writing as he did in the interests of farmers. Some time ago a petition in favor of a protective tariff was circulated amongst the farmers, but it was so meagrely signed that the *Granger's* editorial may be accepted as a truthful exposition of the feelings of the farmers on this question. The history of the Patrons of Husbandry shows that it originated after the protective tariff had been in existence for a time, and it is, in a measure, to this system of protection that the institution owes its origin. Our cotemporary says that its advocacy of free trade was, amongst other reasons, incited by the fact "that it is consonant with the true spirit of Grange principles'—anti-monopoly." That is the correct estimation of the principle.

AS USUAL the Tory press is indulging in considerable sneering at the Government's measures of reform or improvement. Mr. Crook's measure to amend the License Act in accordance with improvements suggested by the past year's trial thereof, has come in for its share of Tory ill-will. It is unreasonable to expect faultless legislation, and when measures are improved as experience suggests it is still more unreasonable to sneer and cry out "tinker," at the same time making an assumption of infallibility that is supremely contemptible. Were the members of the Government to listen to all that these paragons advised, they might as well suggest their reforms and wait until these fellows might have a chance of adopting them and then abusing the Government for not introducing them.

A PETITION was presented to the council of Prince Edward County at its recent session, asking for the repeal of the Dunkin Act, which was granted and the vote thereon will take place on the 20th Feb. The Act has only been in force about eight months and during that time the opponents of it have tried every means in their power to defeat its operations. They have induced litigation in order to test the validity of ccitain points, but have been defeated in every instance, and on the 2nd inst, their last hope seemed to have been taken from them. But taking advantage of the impression which their opposition has created on some minds, they have taken this new step. It must be said the Council has done unwisely, and expressed themselves opposed to giving the measure a fair trial, which it has by no means yet had. It was not to be expected that the sale of liquor would immediately cease on the enforcement of the Act, for the opponents held on and submitted to penalties in the hope that something might turn in their favor, but the unequal contest could not long be sustained and they would soon have to succumb to law and order. Even in these eight months, however, the good effects of the Dunkin Act have been seen, and we believe that the Bill will be again sustained. A largely attended convention took place on Thursday in its favor, and the party thoroughly organized for the contest. If the measure is defeated, it will be a sad blow to its prospects elsewhere, and no doubt the contest will be a keen one. The temperance party is preparing to do its utmost.

UNDUE influence may be brought to bear on elections through the custom of betting on the result, and in order to more completely ensure the purity of elections, Hon. Mr. Currie has introduced a measure to the Ontario Legislature to prevent betting on elections. It is proposed to add the following to the voter's oath:—"I have not made any bet or wager on the result of this election, nor am I directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager depending upon the result of this election." The penalty is fixed at $100.—While it is possible that an undue influence may be brought to bear on voters by the custom, it is very seldom that you will find a man betting on the result who does not place his stake on the side of the party with which he has been usually identified. But, nevertheless, there is a class of people which will permit itself to be unduly influenced, and for their sake the proposed measure is worthy of close consideration.

The *Signal* must think the railway authorities are not posted in the geographical position of Kincardine. Goderich and the present terminus of the T. G. & B. R., or it would never expect them to change their charter and pass a lake port of the importance of Kincardine in order to have a terminus in a "dead city" like Goderich.—*Reporter.*

A little prosperity has a wonderfully demoralizing effect on some people and communities, and since that sand heap to the north of us got to the dignity of a railway terminus and a port of entry it has assumed the airs of a municipal mastodon. Now if the *Reporter* will only keep cool, Kincardine may be saved from the fate which befel the frog that would blow itself as big as an ox.

Town Council.

Friday evening Council assembled all members present except Mr. Bunberry.

Communication from Mr. W. E. Grace complaining that in consequence of the nearness of the Dominion Salt Well to his property on St. David street, and their bad drainage the wells on his property have become impregnated with brine, and asking Council to remedy the nuisance. Mr. Dancy thought action should be taken at once as there were many complaints; he thought a box drain from the salt works to the river bank would remedy the matter. Mr. Watson feared the expense of such a drain at this season of the year would be too great.—Sent to Public Works Committee.

Report of the committee appointed to strike standing committees for this year was amended and adopted as follows:—Finance, Messrs. Garrow (chairman), Seymour, Savage, Watson and Hutchinson. Revision, the Mayor (chairman) and Messrs. Garrow, F. W. Johnston, McKay and Watson. By-laws, Messrs. F. W. Johnston (chairman), Garrow, Mitchell, McKenzie and Bunberry. Public Works, Messrs. Watson (chairman), T. Johnston, Mitchell, Savage, Dancy, Martin and Bingham. Market, Messrs. Sloan (chairman) McKenzie, Bingham, McKay and T. Johnston. Fire, Messrs. Dancy (chairman), Savage, Mitchell, McKenzie and Martin. Relief, the Mayor (chairman) and Messrs. Sloan, McKay, Bunberry and Bingham. Harbor, Messrs. Hutchison (chairman), Seymour, Watson, Dancy and F. W. Johnston. Health, Messrs. Bunberry (chairman), McKenzie, McKay, Seymour and all licensed medical men in town. Cemetery, Messrs. Bingham (chairman), Sloan, Mitchell, Martin and T. Johnston.

Communication from Mr Jas. Wilkinson complaining that his assessment was $250 too high compared with his neighbors and that he received no notice. Mr. McKay moved, sec. by Mr. Mitchell, that the communication be received and filed as it was too late to remedy. Messrs. Watson and Sloan thought the matter should be referred to Finance as no notice was received of the assessment. Mr. Savage claimed that a notice had been posted up in the clerk's office, and also that Mr. Wilkinson could see the rolls for himself at any time. Mr. Savage moved in amendment, sec. by Mr. Sloan, that the matter be referred to the Finance committee—on division the amendment was lost.

Communication from Mr. Hugh McMath asking to be appointed town clerk at a salary of $400 was received and filed.

The by-law for appointing town officers and determining their salaries was then taken up and after passing through the usual stages passed. All the old officers were appointed at same salaries as last year excepting the Street Inspector, whose salary was increased and the night watchman whose office was held over. On motion of Mr. Bingham, sec. by Mr. Watson, the salary of the Street Inspector was advanced to $350 a year with the additional duty of Inspector of town licenses. On motion of Mr. Savage, the Street Inspector was required to see that parties on the Square removed all snow from the side walks within twenty-four hours, otherwise the Inspector to have it removed and the cost charged against property. Considerable discussion took place as to the advisability of re-engaging the present bell ringer. Messrs. Watson and Savage wanted to do away with the office altogether and save $100 to the town, claiming that the bell is not rung regularly or at proper hours and is therefore a humbug. On vote, however, Mrs. Morris was re-appointed during the pleasure of Council. Mr. Dancy asked that the position of nightwatchman be not decided on till next meeting of Council; he understood that there were grave charges against Mr. S. Reed, and time should be given to clear them up. [Upon enquiry we find that in August, 1875, about two o'clock one night four men met Mr. Reed on Kingston St. and one of them struck him in the breast. Mr. Reed struck back and then caught the offender and locked him up in the lock-up; the other three then told Mr. Reed that they were all four going to embark on board the boat that morning for Manitoba and asked that their companion be liberated to which Mr. Reed replied that he could not do so without permission from the Mayor; the prisoner also stated that he was going to Manitoba with the other three; that Mr. Reed in reply to their enquiry said that the fine and costs in the case would probably be $5 or $10. After a good deal of persuasion on their part Mr. Reed, thinking it all for the best, let the prisoner go on payment of $5, and in the morning related the entire matter to the Mayor and Clerk and paid over the $5, the Mayor remarking that it was wrong for him to act both as night watchman and magistrate. It afterwards transpired that the prisoner, one Charles Mason, was not going to Manitoba as he stated but was only going to see the other three off. No doubt the matter will be cleared up at once.—Ed.] Mr. Watson said he observed it had been decided that all by-laws should be signed and sealed by the Mayor and Clerk in presence of the Council.

Mr. F. W. Johnston called the attention of the Fire Committee to the state of the water tanks; he thought the snow should be removed from them so that in case of fire there would be no delay in procuring water.

Mr. Watson explained that a heater for the engine, costing $10, had been made but that it was useless, the material being galvanized iron, which would not stand; he thought it necessary to get a copper heater which would cost about $20. Matter referred to Fire committee with power to act.

Mr. Savage gave notice that he would move at next meeting to repeal the liquor by-law of 1876.

The Mayor said that a young man called on him for relief and stated that he came to Goderich on the strength of a notice posted up in the Stratford rail way station, inviting those in need of work to apply to Secretary of the Y. M. C. A. Goderich; that he could not obtain work after coming here. The Mayor thought the notice referred to should be taken down. Messrs. Garrow and Sloan doubted the truth of the report. On motion the Clerk was ordered to write Secretary of Y. M. C. A. to remove said notice.

The Mayor stated he had in his possession the resignation of Mr. Bunberry, who had been appointed Division Court Clerk in Hamilton. On motion the resignation was accepted.

Mr. Savage was in favor of applying to the County Council for leave to use the Court House cupola for a town clock; he had been conversing with several Reeves and they gave encouragement that the matter would be received favorably; he said that Mr. Bay, the County Engineer, had an aversion to Goderich and therefore reported that the cupola was unfit for the purpose; he further stated that Mr. Bay was requested by the Council to get the opinion of two town builders as to whether or not the cupola was strong enough and that he (Mr. Savage) was informed by both the County Clerk and Warden that Mr. Bay never did as requested. Mr. Garrow thought it useless to apply to the Council again as they refused before to grant this same request, and besides he was against putting the town to the expense of a $750 clock at present. Mr. Sloan was also opposed to the scheme on the ground that the present financial standing of the town would not admit of the expense. Mr. Watson thought the matter should stand over till a town hall is built.

Ontario Legislature.

Toronto, Jan. 15th.

Among the petitions presented were 117 for the incorporation of the Orange Society.

Hon. Mr. Crooks introduced a Bill to amend the License Law in some matters of detail which would not effect the principle of the Act.

In reply to Mr. Ross, Hon. Mr. Crooks said that the Government did not intend at present to change the time or mode of electing the school trustees.

Mr. Bethune moved for returns in reference to the book Depository of the Education Department, the abolition of which he advocated, presenting some figures regarding its cost. Hon. Mr. Crooks showed that the figures were greatly exaggerated, whereupon the motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Scott moved for a Select Committee to enquire into the Life Insurance system, and to report as to the expediency of establishing a system of State Life Insurance. He expressed himself in favor of a State system such as had worked well in New Zealand.

A discussion ensued in the course of which Mr. Ross (West Huron) said the general feeling was that the Government should only assume the position of a commercial concern when there were the strongest reasons advanced for such a course. It was said that the present system took a large sum of money out of the country, but that evil might be dealt with in some shape by the Government without adopting so unusual a remedy as that suggested by the hon. gentleman. The fact that so large an amount had within the last few years gone out of the country for life insurance premiums could be explained on the principle referred to by the Attorney-General, namely, that the risks had in the great majority of cases not yet lapsed. In the course of a few years a large proportion of that money would be returned to the country. The keen competition which existed among the various companies was the best guarantee that the work was done as cheaply as was compatible with the safety of such corporations. If any measure could be adopted on sound principles whereby our own companies could be encouraged, perhaps it might be advisable; but it would be very improper for the Government to assume the position of an insurance company

Toronto, Jan. 16.

Among the petitions presented were 223 more from Lodges in favor of incorporation.

Several new bills were introduced, and amongst those which passed a first reading were:

Mr. Scott—Respecting the Huron and Quebec Railway.

Mr. Ross—To amend the Act respecting Jurors and Juries.

Mr. Merrick—Bill to incorporate the Loyal Orange Society of Ontario East; also, a Bill to incorporate the Loyal Orange Society of Ontario West.

Mr. Crooks presented the financial statement in a speech which, owing to his recent illness, was shorter than usual. A recapitulation will be found in another column.

The following notices of motion were given:

Mr. Ross—On Thursday next—Will ask leave to introduce a Bill entitled "An Act to Amend the Act respecting Jurors and Juries."

Mr. Ross—On Thursday next—For leave to introduce a Bill entitled "An Act to provide for the election of School Trustees by ballot."

Toronto, Jan. 17.

Bills were introduced for the extension of the franchise at elections to females and to all males of the age of 21 years.

Mr. Willis moved his annual resolution for a Committee respecting the best method of preventing accidents to breakesmen on railways, which was granted.

Mr. Ferris moved for a return showing the cost of police service to the Province, his object being to find out what amount of taxation was involved by the present disjointed service. He was of opinion that it would soon be necessary to establish a uniform force for the Province.

A motion for returns respecting magisterial appointments in North Essex, introduced a discussion of considerable length. Some of the members contended that too many appointments were made; that much litigation arose from the blundering of incompetent men, and the appointments were used for political purposes. One member suggested that magistrates conduct the important police business of municipalities under improved remuneration.

A division took place on a motion of Mr. Cameron's to strike out the item of salary of Inspector of Division Courts, which office he held to be needless. The motion was lost by a vote of 31 to 44.

Toronto, Jan. 18.

Mr. Ross' bills to amend the Act regarding Jurors and Juries, and to provide for the election of School Trustees by ballot, were read a first time.

On the orders of the day being called, Mr. Mowat made an explanation with reference to an article and letter in the *Mail* which suggested that behind some interest in the fees received by Mr. Mackenzie as counsel in the Scott claim case. The amount of fees was exaggerated, but the relation of partnership between Mr. Mackenzie and himself did not include, so far as he was concerned, any interest in the class of business. But, to remove all the least appearance of any impropriety, or the smallest suspicion there was interested in any matter coming before him as Attorney General, his partners had agreed in future to refuse all business involving claims against the Government.

The Education estimates were discussed and a lengthy debate ensued.—Several members urged that the County Inspectors were endowed with too arbitrary authority, and that the principle of popular government was more or less jeopardized by their intervention.

The Normal School question was discussed. Mr. Crooks stated the Government did not propose to expend any money for additional Normal Schools.

Mr. Ross thought the authority of the Public School Inspectors was becoming too great. Those Inspectors ought to be more amenable to local feeling. He was opposed to building any more large Normal Schools, and believed the High Schools might be made as good as Normal Schools in their several localities.

The item of supply for educational purposes was passed.

Toronto, Jan. 19.

Mr. Mowat replied to some mis-statement promulgated to his injury by the *Mail*.

Mr. Dawson moved for returns regarding the amount expended on colonization roads in Algoma, stating that too little had been done in this respect.—The motion was adopted.

Certain returns regarding timber licenses were moved for, and the motion granted.

Mr. Deacon said that he believed the Crown Lands Department were in the habit of charging arrears of dues upon lumber now accumulated at Ottawa belonging to large mill owners there. This involved a serious wrong upon the innocent purchaser of this lumber, as it was at any time liable to seizure. The system had, he believed, originated with the immediate predecessor of the present Commissioner of Crown Lands. These arrears should not be allowed to accumulate for more than one year.

Mr. Cameron enquired why the report of the Public Works Department had not been brought down, and was rather taken aback when informed that it was being brought down and distributed about a week ago. That gentleman is so occupied with his briefs, that he is apt to get behind the business of the House.

On the question of supplies to the Toronto Asylum, discussion arose upon the point, whether or not it was advisable to furnish liquor to the patients.—Opposite views were pretty generally expressed.

West Riding Agricultural Society.

The annual meeting of the society for the election of officers and a board of directors, was held on Wednesday last, at Smith's Hill. The attendance was very large as will appear by the vote polled, and the competition keen, being between Clinton, Dungannon and Goderich. Friends of the two former places made a mistake in nominating too many for directors, thus splitting the vote and leaving an easy victory for the friends of Goderich, who nominated a clear ticket and confined their votes to that ticket. The result of the vote is that the next fall exhibition will be held in Goderich, and we hope steps may be taken at once to prepare proper accommodation for the exhibition. A joint stock company should be formed, land bought and buildings erected in a convenient location. In other towns such steps have been taken successfully, and with profit to the company as an investment. The officers elect for the current year are:—

President—William Young.
1st Vice President—W. J. Hayden.
2nd Vice President—H. Snell.
Secretary—John Varcoe.
Treasurer—R. B. Scott.
Directors—Messrs. J. J. Fisher, P. Carroll, John Glen, John Stewart, Geo. Cox, Stephen Andrews, E. Bingham, John Salkeld and Wm. Docherty.
Auditors — Messrs. Peter Adamson and John M. Roberts.

Book Notices.

NEW DOMINION MONTHLY — John Dougall & Son, Montreal.

The January number is to hand as fresh and interesting as usual. A portrait of the new Lieut.-Governor of Quebec, Hon. Letellier de St. Just, forms the frontispiece.

THE CANADIAN MONTHLY AND NATIONAL REVIEW—Adam Stevenson & Co., Toronto.

In the January number of this periodical we have a spicier number than usual. "Swift and the women who loved him," "Constantinople," and "The simplification of the transfer of land," are especially interesting. A lengthy comment upon the Brown contempt of court case forms a principal feature of "Current Events."

HARPER'S MONTHLY—Harper & Bros., New York.

We need say little more of the February number of this admirable periodical than that it is fully equal to its predecessors. Illustrated articles upon the quaint scenes about Cardiff, Wales, and the residence of the Marquis of Bute; upon the land of the Incas (Peru); upon Wm. Lovett, working-man, chartist, prisoner and author, form pleasing features of this number.

CLYTIE—a novel—by Joseph Hatton. Lovell, Adam, Wesson & Co., Montreal and New York.

A beautitul romance, portraying the vicissitudes through which Clytie, a noble girl who marries above her sphere is forced to pass through by the plottings of enemies.

YE OUTSIDE FOOLS, by Erasmus Pinto broker. Lovell, Adams, Wesson & Co.

This work gives a very clear insight to the inner sanctuary of the London stock brokers, showing how the uninitiated are fleeced in attempting speculations. It is written in a racy and pleasing style.

WIDE AWAKE for February. D. Lothrop & Co., Boston.

This bright young folks' magazine contains much of interest in this number, the result of the Dolls' Fair in aid of the Boston Children's Hospital being one of the features. The "Quinnebasset girls," "Good-for-nothing Polly," "Child Marian Abroad," &c., are interesting articles which will continue during the year. The puzzle department is well sustained, and liberal prizes are offered for solutions.

COLBORNE.

FUNERAL.—The funeral of the late Mr. Geo. Boyd took place on Thursday afternoon last, and was largely attended, 66 teams being in the procession. Rev. J. Sieveright conducted the service.

TEA MEETING.—A tea meeting will take place in the Smith's Hill Presbyterian church, on the evening of Friday, Feb. 2nd., in aid of a Sabbath School hall. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Messrs. Goldsmith, Cameron, McLean, Young and others. Wm. Young, Esq., has promised $50 towards the erection of the new hall.

OFFICERS ELECT.—The officers of Colborne Branch Agricultural Society elected for the ensuing year are: President, Wm. Young; Vice-President, Jas. McDonagh; Secretary, John Varcoe; Treasurer, R. B. Scott; Directors, P. Carroll, John Glen, D. McIlwaine, Gordon Young, John Buchanan, Wm. Clark, Jas. O. Stewart, W. J. Harris and W. Potter; Auditors, Nicholas Morrish and John McDonagh.

—Mr. Joseph Brandfield has sold his farm lot 12, on the 5th con. of Hullett, to Mr. Day, market gardener, for the sum of $2,500. The farm contains 100 acres, 90 of which is wood land.

Local News.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE ICE crop is is being gathered by the busy harvesters.

HARBOR MILLS.—The shipments last week were: 3 cars bran, 3 cars shorts and 4620 bags flour.

REMEMBER the Miner Family Bell Ringers this evening in Oddfellows' Hall.

LUMBER.—The shipments of Lumber for the past week were: Williams & Murray, 3 cars; Secord, Cozzens & Co., 11 cars.

GODERICH FOUNDRY.—This company gives a price list in our advertising columns, which will be of interest to many of our readers.

CURED FISH.—During last week the following shipments of cured fish were made from here: A. Rutledge, 2,100 lbs; Wm. Lee, 1,800 lbs; John Clark, 900 lbs; C. Howland, 22,500 lbs; W. Stitt, 7,350 lbs.

FLORAL CROSS.—The handsomest chromo we have seen for some time is that issued by James Vick, of Rochester N. Y., entitled as above. The arrangement and blending of colors is superb. The price is also lower than any of the first-class chromos of the day.

GENERAL SHIPMENTS.—Amongst the general shipments from the station last week were 35 rolls of leather by Kirkpatrick, Bro & Co., 650 lbs castings by Foundry Co., 4 bbls potash by H. Beam & Co., 86 dressed hogs by Edward Cash, 3 sacks wool and 5 bales sheepskins by Gottfried Maedel.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Geo. Hobson, a well known resident of Goderich in its early days, and now of Saginaw, is spending a few days here amongst his old friends.

—Mr. John C. McIntosh, jr., returned from Pueblo, Colorado, on Friday evening last, somewhat improved in health. The weather was severely cold, which was the cause of Mr. McIntosh returning to a more genial climate.

—Mr. J. T. Duncan, having been appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy in the Ontario Veternary College, leaves to-day to enter upon the duties of the position. During his absence, which will probably be for two months, Mr. Campbell, V. S., will attend to his business.

—Jos. Tomlinson, Esq., General Superintendent of Lighthouses for the Dominion was in town this week, having just come from Ashtabula, Ohio, where he was giving evidence as to the construction of the bridge which fell a few weeks ago resulting in the death of so many unfortunate people. He was the builder of the bridge, but having advised the contractor that the bridge was too weak, the latter became indignant and a disruption ensued. The contractor has been receiving the indignation of the American people, this evidence having come out at the investigation into the cause of the horrible accident.

ANOTHER CARNIVAL.—A grand masquerade ball, skating tournament and carnival is advertised to take place at the Acme Rink on Monday evening, 5th Feb. Prizes will be given for gentlemen's, ladies', boys' and girls' races, backward races, three legged races, hurdle races, &c. Prizes will also be given for male and female, and juvenile costumes. The Silver Cornet Band and a quadrille band will be in attendance. This promises to be the best affair of the season. See bills for particulars.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED.—To take orders for the magnificent new Illustrated Dominion Encyclopedia of Universal and Useful Knowledge, for so much an order, cash. Agents can make $10 a day. A magnificent work, prepared expressly for Canadian reader and published in Canada. Don't fail to send for descriptive circular and private terms—New Book, New Plan. Address H. B. Bigney & Bro., 28 & 30 St. Francois Xavier Street, Montreal. 1582c

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS.—Of the seven candidates in the recent High School intermediate examination in town the Central Committee reports that five have passed, viz: Ida V. Strauble and Katie Watson, Goderich; Wm. Williams, Goderich; Patrick Carroll and Edwin Wood, Colborne. This is an excellent showing—a high percentage, very creditable to the school and scholars. The examination was a difficult one, and the paper on book-keeping was especially difficult.

CURLIANA.—The Goderich Curling Club plays this year against the Point Edward Club for the Royal Caledonian Society medal, and will start on Thursday morning for St. Mary's to play the club there and then go to Point Edward. The skips appointed are Mr. M. Hutchisog and Capt. T. N. Dancy, and we are informed that Major Finlay, H. H. Smith and H. Cook will constitute Mr. Hutchison's rink, and Jas. Thomson, Thos. Hood and Henry Horton will constitute Capt. Dancy's. We hope they may return crowned with success.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Tomlinson, Lighthouse inspector, officially visited town on Monday, and after inspecting the harbor, decided, in accordance with the petition of the lake captains, to place a stationary light on the check water, and to make some repairs in the breakwater beneath the lighthouse. He will also recommend the building of trestle-work, to stand about 6 feet above the north pier, for the convenience of the lighthouse keeper in going out to the light in stormy weather. A similar trestle work is to be erected at Kincardine.

Y. M. C. A.—The regular monthly meeting of the Association took place on Thursdty evening last, in the rooms. In the absence of Mr. Daniel Gordon, President, Capt. Gibson occupied the chair. Several reports were presented, the Finance Report showing an expenditure for the month of $42 and $46.60 as receipts, and the Lecture and Essay Committee, in reporting the success of the anniversary meeting, thanking Major Thomson, the various church choirs and the ministers for their valuable assistance on the occasion. In the Finance report it was stated that some of the members' fees were not paid, and the hope was expressed that these would be sent in at once, in order that all accounts against the Association might be settled as speedily as possible. Four applications for active membership were then read and accepted. Readings and singing followed, solos being rendered by Miss Annie Ellard, Mr. Benj. Armstrong and Mr. S. Calbeck assisted by the choir, and readings given by Miss Mary Kirkbride, Messrs. J. R. Miller, W. E. Dorland and S Calbeck. The large audience seemed greatly pleased with the manner in which the programme was rendered. At the close the sale of papers for next six months took place, the sum of $17.58 being realized.

SORE BEREAVEMENT.—Mr. Rodney Adams, who resides on Lighthouse St., has met with a sad loss. A few weeks ago one of his sons was taken down with typhoid fever and died, and other members of the family were attacked with the disease. Last Wednesday Mrs. Adams, after much suffering, died, and on Saturday the eldest daughter Cecilia expired. On Monday the only surviving daughter Lillian also died, thus making four deaths in the one family within a few weeks. Mr. Adams has just recovered from a severe attack of the disease, but is now much prostrated with his sore bereavement. He and the surviving members of the family have the sincere sympathy of the community. A correspondent in alluding to the case says: The youngest son, who was also down with the fever, is not expected to recover. It is seldom we have to record such a harvest for the destroyer in one family in our midst. We are informed that the family is at present in poor circumstances, owing to the heavy expenses necessarily incurred, and one of our townsmen interested himself so far as to collect about $25 on Saturday last, which he handed over to Mr. Adams, and more is needed we think the Town Council should see to it immediately. We are also informed that Mr. Adams is physically disabled, at present, from working.

IMPORTANT SALE.—The stave and shingle mill at Blyth will be sold at auction, on Saturday next, at Shane's hotel, Blyth. See adv.

RAIN.—The first rain since 18th November last fell on Friday night last.—Depth of fall, one and a half cubic inches, or about one-sixth of an inch on the level.

HERRING.—Fishing for herring is being prosecuted pretty extensively opposite the harbor, but the success is not what it has been in previous years. The fish are sold at 35 cents per doz.

TO SMOKERS.—Imitations of the famous Myrtle Navy tobacco are frequently offered for sale, and the admirers of that excellent brand are often deceived. Messrs. Tuckett & Billings, of Hamilton, the famous tobacconists manufacture the genuine article which is distinguished by the brand "T. & B." in gilt letters on each plug. See adv.

ST. DAVID'S WARD.—Mr. H. T. Bunberry having sent in his resignation as a councillor for this ward, another contest will take place there. The candidates in the field so far are Messrs. Robt. Thomson and F. Seagmiller. Mr. Bunberry is deserving of censure for having put himself in nomination and taking part in the contest while being aware of his probable removal from the town. Whether with a desire to test his popularity or to complete the ticket of the party by which he was run he persisted in his canvass we cannot say, but he has very unwisely put the town unnecessarily to the expense of a new election. Those whose support he received cannot but feel that they have been ill-treated, and they will have no thanks to give their one-time fellow-citizen for his devotion (?) to their interests.

Legal Notes.

THE JAIL.—The prisoners in the jail numbered eighteen on Friday, and the institution still continues to be popular with a certain class.

SENTENCED.—George Starr, of Seaforth, for larceny, was on Friday sentenced to two months' imprisonment in common jail. He has already been confined for about four months.

BEFORE THE MAYOR.—On Tuesday of last week Pat Kelly, an old soldier, was brought before His Worship and bound over to keep the peace for threatening his wife. Henry Lloyd, on the same day, was fined $5 and costs or 12 days for being drunk.

ANOTHER VICTIM.—Thos. Hayes, of Seaforth, appeared before Judge Toms on Saturday, charged with stealing $6 from the till of the bar-room of Thos. Stephens' hotel. It appears that prisoner was employed in the hotel, and not having received his wages for some time, he got on a spree and helped himself to the money. He was sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment.

INSANE PERSONS.—Mary Rathwell, well known to the people in this section for her eccentricities, is at present in jail for safe keeping. When brought in she wore a most fantastic garb of patchwork, and had for a veil a piece of a large figured lace curtain which gave her an odd appearance. Wm. Tiney, from near Manchester, was also committed to jail last week, by two McKillop magistrates, as a dangerous lunatic, he having threatened to shoot several parties.

CLINTON.

G. T. R.—The receipts at the station here for 1876 were $72,902,18.

ACCIDENT.—One day last week, while Mr. Arthur Cantelon was standing on a barrel, it slipped,

CLEARING SALE
OF
DRY GOODS AT COST,
BEFORE MOVING.

We will move from our present place of business in about six weeks to our New Store in Jordan's Block, to be known as the

GLASGOW HOUSE,

and will sell off the balance of our winter stock at COST for

CASH ONLY.

Together with a lot of Ready-Made Clothing, Dress Goods, Winceys, Prints, Shawls, Jackets, Clothings, Furs, Mens' Fur, Plush and Cloth Caps, a lot of Canadian Tweeds, worth $1 for 75 cents, and numerous other articles.

☞ As the stock must be removed before moving you will be sure to get bargains.

N. B.—All parties indebted to the Estate are requested to settle their accounts BY CASH OR NOTE.

EST. R. B. SMITH,

J. H. COLBORNE,
Manager.

Goderich, January 16th, 1877. 1561-tf.

THE EMPORIUM.

As the adjusting Openings are on BOTH SIDES of the Hip, the Corset can can be enlarged as may be required, without throwing the curve over the hip, out of place, which will be found a GREAT ADVANTAGE over those with single lacing.

If properly adjusted, this Corset will FIT ANY FORM perfectly the first time it is adjusted. The wearer will experience no trouble in shaping the Corset to the figure, as is the case in all ordinary Corsets.

CORSET.

THE MOST

Comfortable and Convenient Corset

MANUFACTURED.

It Will give Entire Satisfaction in every respect, and prove far more durable than any other Corset.

A case of the above Corsets just received and sold at reduced prices

J. C. DETLOR & CO.

Cheap Furniture.

As I intend going out of the Furniture Business, and intend to devote my entire attention to the

UNDERTAKING BUSINESS,

I will sell my present

Large Stock of Furniture

CHEAP FOR CASH

Farmers and others intending to purchase will do well to call, as great bargains will be offered.

All parties indebted to me are requested to call and settle their accounts this month or they will be given in for collection.

November, 1876. ERIC McKAY. 1551-3m.

PROTECT YOUR FEET

COLD & SNOW.

ALL PERSONS SUFFERING FROM COLD FEET SHOULD CALL AT

W. KAY'S

And purchase a pair of

Snow Excluders

FOR LADIES & GENTLEMEN,
JUST RECEIVED.

BOOTS AND SHOES
At and below Cost.

For Cash and Cash only
AT
E. & J. DOWNINGS.

In order to reduce our immense stock of winter wear and afford room for our unusually large spring purchases, we will offer our entire stock which comprises everything usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS SHOE STORE,

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Some lines 20 per cent less for 30 days.

Sample lines of anything in our line will find this a rare chance to make a little money go a long way.

Our stock is all new and seasonable. Call early and get the best bargains you were offered.

Goderich, Jan. 2nd, 1877. E. & J. DOWNING.

SEAFORTH.

PERSONAL.—Sir Randall Roberts was engaged to give a lecture last night for the benefit of the Mechanics' Institute.

ACCIDENT.—A young lad, son of Mr. Robert Willis, came very near being seriously injured on Wednesday last. He with a number of other boys were riding on a sleigh when he fell off, the sleigh passing over his leg and severely bruising it.

RUNAWAY.—On Wednesday a horse belonging to Mr. C. H. Cull, and being driven by the Misses Cull, became frightened near the station, and ran away. Fortunately, the ladies succeeded in escaping from the cutter before the horse had run far, and were uninjured. Getting the shafts free from the cutter, the animal ran along the sidewalk, and the shafts struck the front window of Mr. Edward Cash's residence breaking the sash and several panes of glass. A daughter of Mr. E. Tuxley was run over, but not seriously injured.—*Expositor.*

NILE.

MISSIONARY SERVICES.—The missionary services in connection with the Nile Methodist Church, will be held this evening.

SOCIAL.—The anniversary services and tea meeting of Nile Sunday School will be held on Friday evening, 26th inst. Tea to be served in the Union Hall, from 5 to 7 p. m. There will be some able speakers in attendance. Proceeds to be expended for Sunday requisites, and in purchasing an organ for the use of the school and church.

ACCIDENT.—While Mrs. Moore was going down the cellar steps, last week her foot accidentally slipped, and she fell, spraining her ankle badly.

TRUSTEE ELECTION.—Mr. William McKnight has been elected Trustee for Nile Public Schools.

Mr. Wick was "picked up" in the streets of New York in an inebriated condition the other day, and when asked why he didn't go home, said he couldn't, because he was burned out.'

BIRTHS.

In Colborne, on 22nd Jan., the wife of Mr. David Green, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

At Goderich, on the 16th, Jan., by the Rev. Dr. Ure., Mr. Wallace Arthur to to Miss Sarah A. Million, all of Goderich.

At Goderich, on the 17th, Jan., by the Rev. Dr Ure. Captain W. McLean to Miss Mary Hyslop, all of Goderich.

DEATHS.

At Clinton, on Dec. 18th., Sidney Harman Mountcastle, aged 74 years.

In Goderich, on Jan., 17, Martha wife of Mr. Rodney Adams, Lighthouse St., aged 46 years, 1 month and 5 days.

In Goderich, on 20th Jan., Cecilia Ann, daughter of Mr. Rodney Adams, aged 15 years, and 9 days.

In Goderich, on the 22nd. Jan. Lillian, only remaining daughter of Mr. Rodney Adams, aged 13 years, 1 month and 22 days.

In Colborne, on 16th Jan., Mr. George Boyd, aged 75 years.

Deceased was a native of Argyleshire, Scotland, and came to this country about 42 years ago, settling first in the Township of Darlington. He removed to Colborne 22 years ago, and has been a resident ever since. He was a man much respected by all classes, his integrity, industry and hospitality making him many friends, and his death has created a general feeling of sorrow in the Township. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, Smith's Hill.

THE MARKETS

GODERICH, Jan. 23, 1877.

Gold 1.06½. Salt, per bbl 90 to $1.0 retail; wholesale 70 to 80.

Wheat, (Fall) ℔ bush (new)	$1 19	@	1 20
Wheat, (Spring) ℔ bush	1 20	@	1 25
Flour, (per bbl.)	5 50	@	6 25
Oats, ℔ bush	0 43	@	0 45
Peas, ℔ bush	65	@	0 68
Barley, ℔ bush	45	@	0 60
Potatoes, ℔ bush new	0 50	@	0 55
Hay per ton	8 00	@	9 00
Chickens	0 12½	@	0 15
Butter, ℔ lb	0 18	@	0 20
Eggs, ℔ doz (unpacked)	0 15	@	0 20
Beef	4 50	@	6 00
Pork	6 50	@	7 35
Hides	6 00	@	6 00
Wood	2 2	@	

CLINTON, Jan 23, 1877

Wheat, (Fall) per bush	$1 32	@	1 34
Wheat, (Spring) per bush	1 22	@	1 26
Flour, (per bbl)	5 50	@	6 00
Oats per bush	43	@	40
Peas, per bush	70	@	7[illegible]
Barley, per bush	0 55	@	0 60
Potatoes, per bush	0 50	"	0 55
Butter	0 19	"	0 20
Eggs, per doz. (unpacked)	0 16	"	0 17
Hay	8 00	"	9 00
Sheep skins	0 75	"	1 30
Hides	5 50	"	6 25

SEAFORTH Jan. 23, 1877.

Wheat, (Fall)	$1 55	"	1 [illegible]
Wheat, (Spring) per bush	1 28		1 36
Flour, (per bbl)	5 50	"	6 0
Oats, per bush	42	"	46
Peas, per bush	0 70	"	0 71
Barley per bush	0 50	"	0 60
Potatoes per bush	0 50	"	0 60
Butter,	0 18	"	0 19
Eggs per doz (unpacked)	0 17	"	0 18

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that George Wright, of Gorrie, and lately of Brussels, has no authority to act as agent in any capacity for the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Hamilton, Ont., or for the undersigned, the County agent for said company.

ALEX. McD. ALLAN,
1562 Agent County of Huron.

House and Lot for Sale.

Situated on Hicks St., Goderich, a frame house, stable and a back high, with 6 rooms, 2 clothes closets, half and good cellar. Water pipes in house. Half an acre of good ground attached, planted with a good variety of fruit trees. Good well on premises. Terms easy. Apply at SIGNAL OFFICE, or to

1562-tf ISAAC CASSADAY.

700 AFFLICTED

In Clinton, Wingham and Seaforth supplied with

Dr. Filkins' Remedies

For the cure of chronic diseases of

Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Catarrh, Piles, &c.

Read the following certificates which speak for themselves:—

Hay, March 5th, 1874.

I, the undersigned John Zeller, hereby certify that I have been afflicted with a sickness, this four years, of the liver, kidneys and stomach, and have tried several physicians without avail, which cost me over $100. At last I used the medicines of Mr. Lorimer, of Platsville, which cured me perfectly.

JOHN ZELLER.

Witness, Michael Zeller.

Brussels, March 14, 1876.

N. J. Lorimer, Esq.

DEAR SIR.—About six years ago I obtained your prescriptions, consisting of Buckman's Balsam, Pills and plaster. I found this infallible for diseases of the Kidneys and Liver, having been afflicted for over 20 years, and have never found anything equal to it for this affliction, and safely recommend it to the public.

B. FEALICK, J. P.
and Clerk 4th Div. Court, County Huron.

HOWICK, Feb. 16, 1875.

N. J. Lorimer, Esq.

SIR,—I confidently recommend your Buckman's Healing Balsam for a severe trouble with Lung or Kidney complaint. Some years ago I purchased the first bottle with the pills and plaster for my wife, who was then suffering with lung disease for over six months. In one week she was cured, I have worked wonders in curing lame kidneys with your balsam, I never knew any one but what was benefited by their purchase.

JOHN KUNE,
Cpl. C. Co. No. 8, 3rd Batt.

Persons afflicted and desiring the above remedies can obtain them from

N. J. LORIMER,
At the Albion Hotel Goderich,
Where he will remain seven days.

New Advertisements.

Town Lots for Sale.

Lot 15 West Street.
Lot 256 Elgin Street.
Lot 563 on the Crescent on which is a small snug Brick Cottage.

Also several Lots in Reid's Survey, South of Brittania Road.

These Lots are all well situated and will be sold low for cash or on time as may be agreed. For particulars apply to

GEO. H. PARSONS.
Goderich, Jan. 23, 1876. 1562-d

SMOKERS.

We have again to call your attention to the numerous IMITATIONS of the

Myrtle Navy Tobacco,

THE STAMP

T. & B.

In Gilt Letters

Is on each Plug of the GENUINE.

Hamilton, Jan. 14th, 1877. 1562—3mos.

AUCTION SALE
OF THE VALUABLE
Stave and Shingle Factory,
AT BLYTH.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION, BY George Moon Trueman, Auctioneer, at Shane's Hotel in the Village of Blyth, ON

Saturday, January, 27th, 1877,

At One O'clock, P. M.,

in one lot, the following valuable property:—being block or Lot Letter "A" in the Village of Blyth, in the County of Huron, according to the plan thereof Registered in the Registry Office for the said County of Huron, on the 29th day of December, A. D., 1855, containing two acres of land more or less. Upon the land is erected a one story Wooden Building 62x25 feet, used as a Stave and Shingle Factory, with Engine House 20 x 14 feet, also of wood, attached, both buildings erected in 1873. There will be sold with the Buildings Shingles and Heading, comprising the following:—the Machinery hitherto used therein, in the manufacture of Staves, One 20 horse power Engine, made in 1872; one Boiler, 25 horse power made at the same time; 1 Head Turner, 1 Planer, 2 Cutting Saws, 1 Jointer Machine, 2 Pointers, 1 Goldie & McCulloch's latest improved self setting Shingle Saw, 1 Swing Cross cut saw, 1 Drag Saw with Line Shaft, Belts Pulleys, and all necessary attachments complete. None of the said Machinery having been in use previous to 1873, and all being in good working order.

There are also erected upon the land an Office, Stable, and two Sheds, for use in connection with the Factory. The premises were specially constructed and are well adapted for the purposes of a Stave and Shingle Factory, and are well situated for carrying on a large and lucrative business, being at an important Station of the Great Western Railway, and having an abundant supply of the necessary timber in the immediate vicinity, obtainable at low prices.

TERMS.—Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale. The balance may remain on approved security for any term not exceeding three years, at eight per cent interest.

For further particulars apply to W. DRUMMOND, Esq., or F. KELLY, Esq., Blyth; R. M. RACEY, Esq., or H. HAMS, Esq., Clinton; or to the Auctioneer, Goderich; or to the Proprietor.

R. RANSFORD, Clinton.

G. M. TRUEMAN, Auctioneer, Goderich. 1562 a

NOTICE.

STRAYED upon the premises of Mr Attrill, Block A, Colborne, near Goderich, in November last, a heifer rising four, red with white on belly, horns turn in, piece off tail. She must be claimed by owner and charges paid on or before 1st February, 1877 or she will be sold or otherwise disposed of to cover charges.

CYRUS CARPENTER.
Goderich, 13th Jan. 1877. 1561-b

THE PEOPLE

ARE THE

BEST JUDGES,

And they award

The Highest Honors
—OF—
THE DAY

TO THE

LIGHT-RUNNING ROYAL

While the various Sewing Machine Companies who are exhibiting at the Centennial are dispute among themselves as to who obtained the highest honors there, and each claiming to be first (though the fact is, they were each awarded a Medal and Diploma without any actual contest of the same kind of work on the different machines), it is an indisputable fact that the Light Running Royal, manufactured by the Gardner Sewing Machine Company, of Hamilton, Ontario, goes steadily on its conquering march, and in actual competition, on every kind of work, with all the first-class American and Canadian machines, has by the People's Verdict, taken First Prizes at the following Exhibitions held this season in Ontario:—

Toronto, for Family Work.	
Ingersoll,	do
Woodstock,	do
Kincardine,	do
Port Hope,	do
Cobourg,	do
Watford,	do
Harley,	do
Norwich,	do
Paris,	do
Otterville,	do
Bowmanville,	do
Ailsa Craig,	do
Aurora,	do
Port Hope, for Manufacturing,	
Harley,	do
Cobourg,	do

This brilliant record justifies the manufacturers in claiming for the Royal the

HIGHEST HONORS
—OF—
THE DAY.

London Office, 238 Dundas Street.

If no Agent in your locality for the Royal, please address the Gardner Sewing Machine Company, Hamilton, London, Toronto or Montreal, for price and descriptive circulars.

DAVE & JOHN FISHER,
County Agents, Colborne.
1550-1yr

FOR SALE.

LOT 6 with good frame house, in Goderich, commanding a fine view of the lake. Price $1,500. Apply by letter to

COLIN CLARK,
Lessington P. O.,
County Essex Ont.

Or personally to
GEORGE ACHESON, Goderich.
1563 tf

New Store, New Goods, New Prices.

Just opened off, one of the largest and best selected stocks of

Dry Goods, Groceries
—AND—
READY-MADE CLOTHING

IN THE TRADE IN GODERICH.

MESSRS. McLEAN & COLLINS

having purchased their stock from the best Markets in

EUROPE AND AMERICA,

are now prepared to give their customers value which cannot be surpassed in the trade.

CALL AND SEE OUR STOCK OF

Ladies' Dress Goods,

in all the newest styles. Our stock of Staples is complete in every branch; our Gents' Furnishings are also complete in

Hats, Caps, Ties and Collars.

Groceries in all the leading lines at bottom prices. We have on hand a stock of

BUFFALO ROBES,

which we can sell at from $3 upwards. We intend to sell for CASH, and cash only. By doing so we can give our customers value which will defy competition.

McLEAN & COLLINS.

Goderich, Nov. 7, 1876. 1551-tf

1876. 1876.

AUTUMN.

NEW STORE,
NEW GOODS,
NEW STYLES.

Every Lady should call and inspect my stock of

MILLINERY

And Fancy Goods.

The very latest novelties in Ladies' and Childrens'

HATS AND BONNETS

in all the Leading and Fashionable Shades.

RIBBONS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS

And Trimmings.

Trimmed Hats at $1 & Upward

A nice assortment of Ladies' and Childrens'

Woolen Goods, Skirts, Corsets

BUSTLES AND LACE CAPS.

All fresh from the city and purchased with, and must be sold for C.A.S.H.

Call and satisfy yourselves that my goods are CHEAP. Remember that the most Fashionable

Millinery Establishment.

is next door to W. T. Welsh's Jewelry Store, West St.

MRS. S. A. MEGAW.

Goderich, Oct. 23, 1876. 1549

Sheriff's Notices.

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, To Wit: } By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of David Bogie, Defendant, at the suit of William Stacbury, Plaintiff, I have seized and taken in Execution all the estate, right, title and interest of the said Defendant, of in and to the north half of lot number nine, in the Eleventh Concession, Western Division of the Township of Colborne, in the County of Huron. Which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday, the Twenty-seventh day of January, A. D., 1877, at the hour of 12 of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS,
Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, Oct. 18th, 1876. } 1549 3mos

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, To Wit: } By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of James Scott, Defendant, at suit of James Porter and Joseph William Bower, Plaintiff I have seized and taken in Execution all the Estate right title and interest of the said defendant of in and to lot Number eight hundred and fifty one and part of lot Eight hundred and fifty Mary street in the Town of Clinton in the County of Huron. Which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the tenth day of February A. D. 1877, at the hour of 12 of the clock noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS
Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, Nov. 7th, 1876. } 1552

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, To Wit: } By virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements of James Alexander Cameron at the suit of William George Wilson. I have seized and taken in Execution all the Estate right title and interest of the said Defendant of in and to all and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Stephen in the County of Huron and described as follows, commencing at the south West angle of Devist on Road through Lot one in Auxsable concession, Thence south easterly along southern limit of said road one hundred and thirty feet. Thence southerly twenty-five feet. Thence westerly parallel with southerly limit of said road one hundred and thirty feet more or less arriving at easterly limit of Lake shore Road. Thence northerly along said road twenty five feet to place of beginning. Containing by admeasurement three thousand two hundred and fifty feet more or less. Which lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the Tenth day of March, A. D. 1877 at the hour of 12 of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS,
Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, Dec. 5th, 1876. } 1556

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

County of Huron, To Wit: } By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Courtof Common Pleas, and to me directed against the Lands and Tenements which were of Peter McGee, deceased, at the time of his death in the hands of Elizabeth Pearson, administratrix of all and singular the personal estate and effects, rights and credits of Peter McGee, deceased, Defendant, at the suit of Henry Steep, Plaintiff, I have seized and taken in Execution all the legal and equitable estate and equity of redemption which the said intestate had at the time of his death and still in land by the defendant as administratrix as aforesaid to be administered of in and out of the North half of Lot Number thirty-seven, on the ninth concession of the Township of Goderich, County of Huron containing by admeasurement forty acres; and also of, in, and out of the first forty ten acres of the south half of Lot number thirty-seven in the Ninth Concession of the said Township of Goderich, which Lands and Tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the Twenty-eighth day of April next, 1877 at the hour of Twelve of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of Huron.

Sheriff's Office, Goderich, Jan. 20th, 1877. } 1562

Insolvent Act of 1875.

In the matter of Thomas Anderson, an Insolvent.

TENDERS at a rate in the dollar as per inventory will be received by the undersigned up to Saturday, Feb. 10th, 1877, at 4 o'clock p. m., for the purchase of the estate of the above named Insolvent, consisting of Leather, Boots and Shoes and Book debts; amounting to $934.13

Leather	$148 00
Boots & Shoes	249 25
Book debts	436 90

Separate tenders may be made for Book debts. Tenders to state terms, and if other than a cash offer, security to be named.

The stock and books may be inspected on application at my office.

No tenders necessarily accepted.

ROBERT GIBBONS,
Assignee.

Assignee's Office, Goderich, Jan. 20th, 1877. 1562-d

REMOVAL!

KERR & McKENZIE

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT

To Jordan's New Block,

—*BETWEEN*—

Crofts & Johnston's and Moore & Gordon's,

Where they have had a new store fitted up expressely for their trade. They have now facilities for doing a large business and to that end they will sell goods very cheap. They keep a full supply of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, IRON & STEEL.

BEST BARGAINS YET!!

The Cash will Secure them.

JUST OPENED AT

MOORE & GORDON'S.

Boots & Shoes, Tweeds,
Ladies' Clouds, Yarns,
Men's Shirts & Pants, Men's Felt Hats, &c

Carpets at Cost.

ALL DEPARTMENTS WELL SUPPLIED.

Secure the Shadow 'ere the Substance fades.
SHAKESPERE.

Let nature copy that which Nature makes,
FITZGIBBONS.

Then come along and do not be afraid.
THOMPSON.

We return our sincere thanks for the liberal patronage, (considering the prevailing depression in trade) extended to us during the past year.

In the future as in the past, we will endeavour to please, and propose to do work, of true artistic merit, creditable to ourselves and satisfactory to our patrons.

R. R. THOMPSON.
PHOTO.

Near "SIGNAL OFFICE" Goderich Ont.,

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

Gold and Silver Chains,

FINE GOLD JEWELRY.

Beautiful designs in

SILVER PLATED WARE,
Elgin Watches

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

W. T. WELSH.

Ayer's
Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
LOWELL, MASS.

NOTICE.

THE business formerly conducted by W. M. Hilliard, will henceforth be carried on by Hilliard & Co. Mr. Hilliard returns his thanks to his numerous customers for their patronage in the past, and would announce the intention of the new firm to carry on the business on a larger scale to meet their increasing trade. The business will henceforth be conducted upon STRICTLY CASH principles, which will give the customer the best value for his money. Will keep constantly in stock Flour, Mill Feed, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Buckwheat Flour, Pearl Barley, Split Peas. Constantly receiving Corn, which we are selling wholesale and retail at low prices, and all other kinds of grain commonly in use.

Pearl and Hominy Grits.

These excellent articles kept on hand, and directions given to purchasers for using. White cornmeal, from Missouri, on hand.

NOTICE.

TO GROCERS AND TRADERS,

We are now prepared to furnish all grades of

FLOUR AND FEED.

Also, will exchange flour for wheat to farmers.

OGILVIES & HUTCHISON,
Goderich Harbor Mills.

NOTICE.

ALL PARTIES indebted to the estate of the late James Andrew, of Goderich, are requested to make payment to Michael Andrew, Sole Executor, Goderich, or to his solicitors, Messrs. Garrow, Meyer & Rednehurst, who alone have legal authority to receive payments and grant discharges.

Goderich 9th January, A.D., 1877.

MICHAEL ANDREW,
1560c Executor.

Goderich & Kincardine

MARBLE WORKS.

HEADSTONES,
HOUSE TRIMMINGS,
MONUMENTS.

And work of all kinds in Marbles designed and executed in the best style and at most reasonable prices.

MARBLE MANTLES
KEPT IN STOCK,

GRANITE MONUMENTS,
AND
HEADSTONES.

Imported to order.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

SCOTT & VANSTONE. 1537-1y.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

SEVEN miles from Goderich, in western division of the township of Colborne, being the east half of lot 2, 9th Con, and east half of lot 2, 10th Con. The soil is clay loam and is well watered, having two never failing spring creeks, one crossing each fifty acres; also an overflowing well, a few yards from the dwelling house, having a tubing which carries the water into the kitchen cellar. There is a good dwelling house on the premises, having six rooms on the ground floor; there is a good stone cellar under the kitchen. There is a good, young orchard in bearing. There are 90 acres cleared and fenced and in a good state of cultivation, the reaper & mower having been used on the greater part of it. There is a new bank barn on the premises, 36 x 50 feet; also shed 14x50 feet, with stone basement under barn, in which there are horse and cattle stables; also straw and chaff house. There are also several other out buildings. It is only one mile and a half from two churches and two post offices, Nile & Carlow, and will be sold in separate fifty's, or both together as may suit the purchaser or purchasers. Terms from $1000 to $1500 required down, the balance in payments to suit the purchaser.

For further particulars apply either by letter or in person to

JOSEPH McINTYRE
on the premises
1553 1 mos. Nile P. O. Ont.

LOVERS Guide to marriage, wealth, and beauty, never fails, love letters, wisdom, &c. Book worth $50 now mailed free by THE UNION PUB. CO. Newark, N. J 1549-1yr

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

OTTAWA, 8th January, 1877.

AUTHORIZED Discount on AMERICAN INVOICES until further notice 5 per cent.

J. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

EMPIRE
FIRE AND MARINE
ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, ONT.

Authorized Capital, 2,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

President—D. B. Chisholm, Esq., Barrister, late Mayor of Hamilton and ex-M. P. for Hamilton and Halton.

Vice-Presidents—J. T. Middleton, Esq., of Arthur & Middleton, Wholesale dealers in Marble and Granite.

The Hon. Wm. H. Wickham, Mayor of New York.

The Hon. Thos. Hoyne, Mayor of Chicago.

The Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, K. C. B. Q. C., M. P., late Premier of Canada.

The Hon. John Young, Pres't Board of Harbor Commissioners Montreal.

Thos. McIlwraith, Esq., Ship Owner and Forwarder, Hamilton.

J. A. Mousseau, Esq., Q. C., M. P., Montreal.

J. S. Beasley, Esq., Pres't Board of Trade, Chicago.

Alderman E. A. Nelson, Montreal.

H. K. Green, Esq., Director Exchange Bank of Canada, Montreal.

S. F. Wilson, Esq., Publisher and Proprietor *New Dominion*, Hamilton.

L. M. Bates, Esq., of L. M. Bates & Co., Wholesale Merchants, N. Y.

John Burnett, Esq., of Burnett & Elliot, Director Dominion Savings and Investment Society, London.

The Hon. John Beverly Robinson, M. P., Toronto.

Angus Morrison, Esq., Q. C., ex-M. P. Mayor of Toronto.

James Domville, Esq., M. P., Pres't Maritime Bank, St. Johns, N. B.

Commodore C. H. Garrison, Ship owner, New York.

Robert Duncan, Esq., Stationer, Wholesale and Retail, Hamilton.

George A. Clement, Esq., Merchant, Niagara.

F. A. Fitzgerald, Esq., Wholesale Merchant, and President and Cashier of the London Oil Refinery Co.

C. H. McCormick, Esq., Reaper Manufacturer, Chicago.

Thos. Sutton, Esq., Director Manufacturers' and Merchants' Insurance Company, St. Catharines.

David McPherson, Esq., Ship Owner and Builder, Halifax, N. S.

ALPHEUS BEAMER, Esq., Managing Director and Adjuster, Hamilton.

J. F. JORDAN, Esq., Special Fire Adjuster, Hamilton.

CHISHOLM & HASLETT, Solicitors, Hamilton.

CAPT. JAMES MURRAY, Marine Adjuster, St. Catharines.

H. THEODORE CRAWFORD, Secretary and Treasurer.

ALEX. McD. ALLAN, Agent for County of Huron—Goderich, Ont.

The stock books are open and those desirous of securing a first class investment should apply at once while the stock is at par at the Huron County agency. 1554

GLASGOW

CELEBRATED — SPICED BEEF.

SPICED
BEEF HAMS,
Spiced Bacon Hams,

Rolled Bacon,
Ayrshire Cure,
Rolled Smoked Bacon,
Side Bacon,
Side Smoked Bacon,
Smoked Pigs Cheeks.

Also a well selected stock of

Groceries & Provisions

which cannot be beat for quality and cheapness

Try our pound and half of Tea for $1.00.

GREAT VALUE.

ALEX. ADAM,
1552-1yr Victoria St.

LOANS!

We are now able to lend any amount of money upon the security of town or farm property and offer the following, amongst other advantages, to intending borrowers, namely:

1. Interest upon loans will be calculated from the time the amount is advanced, and not, as usual, from the date of application.

2. Interest may be made payable upon any day of the year the borrower may select.

3. The borrower may repay his loan at the end of a fixed term of years with annual or semi-annual interest, or may repay the whole or any part of the same in such sums as may be convenient at any time without notice or extra charge, and if a part of the loan be paid, interest on such part at once ceases.

4. No fines are imposed for delay in payment of interest.

5. If the borrower's title is clear, no charge will be made for completing the loan.

Applications may be made by letter or in person.

Squier & McColl,
Barristers, &c., Goderich and Brussels.
Goderich, Oct. 26, 1876 1550.

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, Rose, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blotches, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine disease, Syphilitic and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alteratives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the Iodides of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skilfully combined, that the full alterative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation it enjoys is derived from its cures, and the confidence which prominent physicians all over the country repose in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are publicly known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alterative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

STAR BAKERY.
Victoria St., foot of Hamilton St.,
GODERICH, Ont.
HARRIES, ARTHUR & CO.

BAKERS and Confectioners, Weddings and Parties supplied on short notice. Also, Vessels supplied. Flour and Feed constantly on hand. Goods delivered in any part of the town.

Goderich, Nov. 23, 1876. 1449-1yr.

ALLAN LINE
Of Royal Mail Steamships.

Every Saturday from Quebec to Londonderry and Liverpool.

CABIN FARES STILL REDUCED.

Intermediate and Steerage Passage at lowest rates.

STEERAGE PASSENGERS

Conveyed in 1st class cars to Quebec and booked through to Glasgow, Londonderry, Belfast, or London at same rates as by other lines.

The Steamships of the Allan Line are built expressely for the passenger trade, are fitted up with all modern improvements, and carry no other passengers.

SARDINIAN sails from Quebec 4	September
CIRCASSIAN	11 "
SARMATIAN	18 "
MORAVIAN	25 "

For through tickets and every information apply to

A. WILY, Agent,
G. T. R. Goderich.

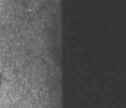
EXECUTORS' Notice to Creditors.

THE creditors of James Sproat, late of the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, Esquire, deceased, who died on or about the fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1876, at the Town of Goderich aforesaid, are on or before the Twentieth day of February, next, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Rattenbury, Gibbons & Doyle, Solicitors for the Executors of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and the nature of their claims and the value of any security held by them, and that after the said Twentieth day of February, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice shall have been given to them, and they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been given to them at the time of such distribution. The said Executors do not intend to accept the trust mentioned in the 29 Vic. Statute 28 Vic.

SAMUEL J. ROBERTSON,
Executor.

Dated at Goderich Ont., this 15th day of December, A. D. 1876.

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINES.



THE GREAT HUNGARIAN REMEDY is unequalled for immediate and permanent cure of Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Premature Decay, and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-Abuse, as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Sight, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption, and a premature grave, all of which is a rule are preceded by Convulsions, frequently attended with Epilepsy, the result of self-abuse. The Special Medical Advisers have devoted a life study and many years of experience to treating these special diseases. The Specific Medicines are sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

WILLIAM GRAY & CO.,
No. 1 Gerrard St. East, Toronto, Ont.

☞ Sold in Goderich by R. Jordan, John Reid George Cattle and by all Druggists everywhere. 1548-1yr

The Great North American Remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, LOSS OF VOICE, HOARSENESS and THROAT AFFECTIONS.

Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

Sold by all respectable CHEMISTS AND GENERAL DEALERS.

GRAY'S SYRUP cures the worst forms of Coughs and Colds.

GRAY'S

Our Sphinx.

St. Nicholas, Ho.

Goderich, Jan. 24th, 1877.

[illegible]

A correspondent sends a part only of a conundrum.

[illegible]

Charade.—Country of Asia; at no time [illegible] anything a fabulous animal [illegible] My whole and have seen the temples of Ava [illegible] Transpose (you know what transpose means) an iron fastening, and leave a small strip of wood; profit and leave a liquor; to lie and leave a juice; a disease and leave length of life; identical and leave the broad Scotch farce, an article of food and leave something for the busy bee; and leave a term of respect. The transposed letters form a celebrated pipe.

The answers to the Sphinx of two weeks ago have been missed, and we will have to ask St. Nick to send them again, if he will be so kind.

All the puzzles this week are from St. Nick, who also sends correct answers to those of last week.

Odds and Ends.

The season for "hops" has arrived.

They now call retired printers ex-press men.

As yet no one is willing to adopt rheumatism.

There's one thing about this kind of weather, hand organs are impossible.

A western paper speaks of the attempt to "shoulder-peat" the remains of Lincoln.

A Montreal evening paper advertises for "a live boy who can write slightly and rapidly."

Gough has scored his 7,500th lecture—he's about time he'd Gough the platform!

The late Presidential election in the United States has made it pretty hard for the "I-told-you-so" fellows.

You can tell a married man now every time by the agitation he displays at the sight of an empty coal scuttle.

The long evenings have come, whereat the gamers snicker and the old-sooker mourn the song of rejoicing.

"What the deuce," now grants everybody just as they are smilingly about to make some remark on entering the office.

A bashful compositor refused to accept a situation in an office where girls were employed, saying he never set up with a girl in his life.

She was plump and beautiful, and he wildly fond of her. She hated him yet, wondrous to relate, she strove to entice him. He was a flea.

They talk of putting editors in gaol for libel in Missouri, and it is thought that the prospect of board for the winter will make it a plentiful supply of libels.

The time is here when men will sit down hard upon coal-hole covers, and rise with a ghastly smile upon their lips, and murder in their hearts toward the lookers-on.

A country debating society has decided that the only person who can put up a satisfactory stove pipe without indulging in audible profanity is a naked and dumb man.

The Pekin (China) *Gazette* is two thousand and ten years old, and its present editor seems to have no doubt that it will keep right on for three or four thousand years more.

Sewing bees will soon be in vogue, and at every meeting three or four African heathens will be provided with clothes, and the chemisers of eighteen children will be raised.

A St. Louis tramp offered a cancelled postage stamp for sale at a high price as a sacred relic, declaring that it was from one of St. Paul's letters to the Corinthians. This is a hard winter.

A country editor offered to make his "daughter" a Christmas present of his printing office; but the boy declined it, with the remark that he had rather work for ten dollars a week than to run in debt nine hundred dollars a year.

Do you know how a church fair works? The principle is a very ingenious one. Some ladies borrow money from their husbands, buy materials, and make up fancy articles which they give to the fair. Then they change places, borrow more money, and buy the articles back again.

NO. 4 Bulfinch St. Boston,

Opposite Revere House.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE,

OR SELF-PRESERVATION.

More Than One Million Copies Sold.

Gold Medal awarded to the Author by the "National Association,"

March 31st 1876.

JUST PUBLISHED, by the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, a new edition of the celebrated medical work, entitled the "SCIENCE OF LIFE; OR, SELF PRESERVATION." It treats upon Manhood; Premature Decay; Nervous Debility; Diseases and Disorders of Digestion, Liver, Lungs, Skin and Blood; Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Hypochondria, Gloomy Forebodings, Constant Depression, Loss of Sight, Hearing, Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Pimples on the Face, Impure State of the Blood and Skin, Diseases arising from the Errors of Youth or the Indiscretions or Excesses of maturer years. It tells you all about the Nature of Generative Physiology, the Physology of Marriage, of Reproduction, Impotency, Physical Concerns, Free Morality, Sexual Relations, Perfection of Marriage, Conjugal Happiness, Physical Comforts, Physical Incapacity, its Causes and Cure, Relations between the Sexes, Proofs of the Expansion of Vice, The Marriage Relationship, Abortion, Illegitimacy and Errors, Means of Cure, Cure of Body and Mind, True Principles of Treatment, Address to Patients and Invalids, Who the Author's Principles, The price of this book is only $1.00.

This book also contains more than Fifty Prescriptions for the above named and other diseases each one worth more than the price of the book.

Price $1.00. The best book of the kind extant.

Also, the PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, on DISEASES AND DISORDERS OF THE SEXUAL AND NERVOUS DISTRESS, more than 100 royal octavo pages, twenty chapters, numerous engravings, bound in substantial muslin, price only $1.00, barely enough to pay for printing.

This book is for the married or middle-aged man to read, who desires the best of advice. The author has returned from Europe in 1873, and is again the Chief Consulting Physician to the Peabody Medical Institute, Ex. 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, and can be consulted on Physiology over any other physician.

The Medical Institute of Boston is beyond all comparison the most extensive and most skilful establishment for the treatment of Nervous and Chronic Diseases, and the Author's Lectures, published in the Bottom of Pandora's Box, are the most popular medical works ever published, and have saved the lives of more than any the author of any other medical work in the world. Lectures, published by the Peabody Medical Institute, Boston, on Manhood, Marriage, Physiology, Disease, Abortion, Impotency, Sexual Diseases, and Diseases of the Sexual and Nervous Systems, and Diseases of the Blood and Skin, are the wonder of the world. Thousands are yearly benefited by the skill of the Peabody Medical Institute, Boston, and receive the thanks of the grateful. Lectures, published by the Peabody Medical Institute, Boston, on