

The Athens Reporter

Vol. XXXIII. No. 37

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1917

4 cents a copy

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Clean-Up Sale of Blouses \$1.39

These are all this season's choice styles. Some are slightly soiled, others are in perfect condition.

Large square collars, nicely trimmed with lace edgings and embroidered fronts. Others with round collar, jabot front full-length sleeves. Regular prices up to \$2.50, your choice for... \$1.39

Slashing Sacrifice of of Summer Dresses

Clearing the wash dresses! White Voile and lawn trimmed with lace and embroidery. \$6.00 to \$70.00 dresses for \$4.90, \$3.00 to \$5.00 dresses for \$2.50

SILK SUITS ALSO REDUCED

Showing New Fall Suits and Coats

The **ROBERT WRIGHT CO. Limited**
BROCKVILLE CANADA

New Velveteen

FOR LADIES' FALL SUITS, DRESSES, ALSO FOR CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRESSES

VELVETEEN—22 inches wide, extra soft pile and finish, imported from England, will wear well, 30 colors to choose from, we have in stock nearly 2,000 yards of this velveteen. Special Price 60c Yard

BLACK VELVETEEN—22 inches to 44 inches. Prices 50c to \$3.00 yard.

COLORED VELVETEEN—22 inches to 27 inches. Prices 60c to \$1.50 yard.

CORDUROY VELVET—27 inches. 500 yards of good quality corduroy at 50c to \$1.00 yard.

R. DAVIS & SONS, BROCKVILLE

Brockville's Dress Goods and Silk Store

Lawson's Garage

Automobiles, Gasolene or Steam Engines Repaired
Storage Batteries Recharged and Repaired
Call and See Sample of Retreading and Vulcanizing
Any Style of Tread Replaced
Oils and Grease, Car-Washing and Polishing
Dunlop Tires and Tubes
If Your Engine Knocks, Let Me See It.
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H. W. Lawson

USE THE REPORTER AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM

DELTA FAIR NEXT WEEK

"The People's Holiday" Is One of the Best of Eastern Ontario Fairs

With September, comes the great event of central Leeds county—Delta Fair, "The People's Holiday." This annual exhibition is always well attended on account of its central location and on account of good exhibits and good racing. Then too, people have formed a habit of taking at least one day off from work to seek relaxation and recreation at the fair. Schools declare half-holidays, merchants put their businesses in the hands of their clerks, butchers and bakers—even garage men and editors, find themselves at the fall fair.

Delta Fair this year is on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, September 17, 18, and 19. The ring offers special attractions; and the exhibits, because of the good crops, will be the very best. Special rates are available on the railway, and gasoline is cheap when compared with what it may be.

Fall fairs are now incidentally automobile shows; and an innovation among the specials this year is "Lady driver with Ford car."

Delta Fair is a creditable exhibition for a village of less than a thousand population. Its yearly success causes the Athenian to wonder why a classic village is denied a gala day.

HELD ANNUAL MEETING

The Plum Hollow Branch of the Red Cross Society held their annual meeting on Sept. 1, the following officers being elected for the coming year:

President—Mrs. E. Dowden.
Vice-President—Mrs. O. Palmer.
Treasurer—Mrs. A. Lillie.
Secretary—Mrs. L. Kilborn.

The work for the past year has been very satisfactory. The ladies have raised the sum of \$268.65, which has been used for benefits and comforts for the Canadian prisoners of war in Germany, Belgian Relief Fund, Canadian Hospitals in England, and also helped the Sailors' Fund. They have knit 218 pairs of socks, and made 290 suits of pyjamas, 146 hospital suits and 42 pairs of slippers. In the last six months, they have sent in all 39 pairs to boys of the 156th Batt.

Exchanged Pulpits.

Rev. T. J. Vickery exchanged pulpits with Rev. R. C. McConnell, of Richmond, on Sunday.

The Soup Fund.

The Athens W.C.T.U. has collected and sent away \$51.60 to the soup and cocoa fund for our soldiers fighting in France.

Election Possibilities.

It is said that on G. P. Graham will run in his former constituency Brockville, at the next Federal election, and that I. E. Pedlow, dry goods merchant and anti-conscriptionist, will contest Renfrew riding against Dr. Maloney, Eganville.

Preparing a Home.

Mr. Morley Sheffield is repairing his house on Main street preparatory to taking up the care of house-keeping.

J. M. Wing Threshing.

Mr. J. M. Wing has his threshing outfit in first class condition, and began work this month.

Delta Women's Institute

The Women's Institute of Delta, will meet at Mrs. Birch's on Thursday. Shirts, sheets, and pillow covers are now ready to be made.

Thanksgiving Day.

The date of Thanksgiving Day has been set by the Secretary of State for Monday, October 8.

Requiem Mass.

Monday, September 10 being the second anniversary of the death of Mrs. George E. Stevens, a solemn requiem mass was celebrated in St. Denis' church by Rev. Father Cullinane.

Westport Rector Resigns.

Rev. E. Teskey has tendered his resignation as rector of St. Paul's church, Westport, the same to take effect on October 1st.

RED CROSS SUPPLIES WANTED

Urgent Call for the Many Comforts Needed by the Soldiers in Trenches and Hospitals

The ladies of Athens are urgently requested to endeavor to make a shipment of Red Cross supplies within the next few days, as the need is great. Following is a list of articles needed.

Money, pyjamas, (flannelette), day shirts (flannel or union flannel with open cuff and button), dressing gowns (heavy flannel or thick tweed), nurse aprons (white sheeting, 72 inches wide), slippers (with stiff soles leather or felt), knitted goods as day socks, amputation socks (thigh), small amputation socks (ankle or arm), heelless bed socks, French caps, small kit bags, mending kits, pillows (28x18 inches), pillow slips, sheets (60x90 inches), towels (36x18 inches), games, mouth organs, food (hard candy and chocolate, cakes, tinned fruits, chewing gum, cocoa, curry powder, etc), other things such as tobacco, pipes, matches and tinder lighters, books and magazines, writing paper and envelopes, lead pencils, pen nibs, mouth organs, toilet paper, candles.

In order that every wounded Canadian in whatever hospital he is placed may profit by the stores of the Society, the Information Bureau of the C.R.C.S. in London receives the names of all wounded Canadians, and corresponds with each man, whether in France or the British Isles, and sends him a parcel of comforts, also arranging for a visitor to call upon him. Mrs. David Fraser is in charge of the distribution of parcels. The Department also does much good work in corresponding with friends of the sick and tracing up "missing" men. Lady Drummond presides over this Department. The Prisoners of War Department undertakes to despatch three 10-lb. food parcels a fortnight to each Canadian prisoner, in addition to 13lbs. of bread at about \$15 each per month. There are approximately 2,300 Canadian prisoners. This work is under Mrs. Rivers-Bulkeley.

Further particulars may be had from Mrs. H. R. Bright.

Moving to Elgin Street.

The Mesdames Thornhill are removing from Central street, to the house vacated by Mr. A. M. Lee, on Elgin street north.

New Tin-Shop.

Mr. Hong Ling is leaving in a few days for St. Catharines, his shop, part of the Dowsley Block, having been purchased by Mr. George Flood for a tin-shop.

Laundry Agency.

Mr. E. C. Tribute has taken the agency for the Brockville Steam Laundry. A basket will be shipped Tuesday morning of each week, and will be received from the laundry Friday evening.

1917 Wheat Dearer.

Last year the price of wheat on the farm averaged \$1.13. This year it will be \$2. or more.

Game and Fisheries Law.

Sportsmen who contemplate going hunting this year need not worry about any further restrictions in the Ontario game and fisheries laws for 1917 interfering with their pleasure. The new regulations have recently been issued from the press, and there is no change in any detail from those that obtained a year ago.

Trooper Foley Writes to Friend.

The Brockville Recorder says that Monday morning W. H. Howison received a letter from Trooper H. G. Foley, a former Athens boy, who resided in Brockville for some time before enlisting. Pte. Foley states he has been in France now going on three years, but he seldom hears from his friends in Brockville, and he requests them to write to him. His address is R. 630 Trooper H. G. Foley, No. C.A.V.H., B.E.F., France.

Village Clerks Depart.

The household effects of Mr. Arthur M. Lee, for some time clerk of the municipality, are being moved to the home of his father Mr. George Lee, Elionda, as the former will attend Normal School this term. Mr. Lee was much interested in church work, and held official positions in the Methodist Sunday School and Epworth League. He was an employee of the Athens Lumber Yard and Grain Warehouses for many years, and his decision to take up manual training in order to teach it, is surely a good move, as he is especially adapted for this kind of teaching.

Canadian Bankers' Competition

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS—HANDSOME CASH PRIZES

In this competition, the Canadian Bankers' Association, acting in co-operation with the Dominion Department of Agriculture, Live Stock Branch, offers cash prizes to boys and girls who exhibit calves or pigs at their local fair, and who comply with all the rules governing the competition. See prize list for Frankville Fair for entry forms or apply to F. A. Robertson, Manager Merchants' Bank, at Athens, or W. H. Montgomery, Sec. Frankville Fair, for further particulars.

The Merchants' Bank OF CANADA.

ATHENS BRANCH

F. A. ROBERTSON, Manager

—Buying live poultry every Tuesday. Must be fasted. C. H. Willson. 31

Memorial Service.

A memorial service will be held in the Athens Baptist church Sunday morning for Pte. Albert Wilkinson, killed in action. Rev. G. V. Collins will preach.

Breaking Up Camp.

Petawawa Camp will probably break up shortly after October 1. The batteries will not return to Kingston. The 72nd Queen's Battery will be there, but the 73rd goes to Belleville, 74th to Peterborough, 75th to Brockville, and the ammunition column likely to Ottawa.

Lord Northcliffe at Islands.

Lord Northcliffe, the distinguished English newspaper publisher and authority on international matters, has been spending a few days at Gananoque, fishing and seeing the sights of the Thousand Islands. Lord Northcliffe, who is a member of the British mission to the United States, left Gananoque on Saturday. While there he was in a private car, surrounded by secret service men, and having a special wire installed in order that the distinguished occupant might keep in touch with world events.

ANNUAL W.C.T.U. MEETING

The annual meeting of the W.C.T.U. was held on August 16 and the following officers for the coming year were elected:

President—Mrs. B. Brown.

1st Vice—Mrs. H. E. Cornell.

2nd Vice—Mrs. Johnston.

Rec. Sec.—Mrs. J. H. Ackland.

Cor. Sec.—Mrs. C. C. Slack.

Treas.—Mrs. G. F. Donnelley.

Mrs. C. C. Slack, Mrs. B. Brown, and Mrs. B. Alguire are in Gananoque this week attending the county convention of the W. C. T. U.

Gets Contract.

The Canada Car and Foundry Co. of Smith's Falls, is to obtain a large Russian government order of 10,000 freight cars.

Economy and Comfort in the Kitchen

Oil Stoves

EARL
CONSTRUCTION
COMPANY

ATHENS, ONT.

Efficiency in Optical Service

That is what we claim for our optical department. With a proper room suitably lighted, and equipped with the most modern instruments, we offer you a service equalled in very few places in Ontario.

Give us the opportunity to add "you" to our list of satisfied customers.

H. R. KNOWLTON

Jeweler and Optician
ATHENS

Please Take Notice

Dear Friends and Generous Foes:

On Sept. 1st, 1917, C. F. Yates will convert his business into an absolutely Cash Business. All goods will be sold at

Positively Cash Prices (No More Credit)

Trusting no person will take offense, wishing a continuation of your generous patronage, I shall endeavor to give you extra value for your money, and certainly shall sell you clean, fresh, new, up-to-date merchandise. I wish every person to feel at home in my store.

Come one and all; get acquainted and be friendly.

Very faithfully yours,

C. F. YATES Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes, Hand Tailored Clothing Guaranteed

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHY PIMPLES

On Face. Badly Disfigured. Used 2 Boxes Ointment and 3 Cakes Soap.

"I had a bad itchy lot of pimples on my face which made it badly disfigured. They were inflamed and came to a head, and I could tear my skin as soon as a little heat came near them. I could hardly sleep..."

A COLONY OF BEES.

Its Members, Their Product and the Heat of a Sting.

A colony of bees in summer consists of from 50,000 to 100,000 individuals. Each colony contains a queen, several hundred drones and the balance workers.

Sometimes it is necessary to shake bees from a brood comb, and the bees as they fall are so deluged by the water they look like the proverbial "drowned rats."

Many persons are very much afraid of the business end of the bee, and those who are not used to bee stings suffer pain when stung.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

THE DRUG MENACE.

Society Facing an Exceedingly Dangerous Human Element.

In rigorous effort to suppress the illegal sale and use of habit forming drugs the New York police are now arresting annually about 900 persons and securing 700 convictions.

The danger is by no means confined to large cities like New York; it is probably growing in towns and villages all over the country.

It is with full knowledge of such occurrences that the police are doing everything possible to stop illegal traffic in drugs.

DRS. SOPER & WHITE



SPECIALISTS Piles, Eczema, Asthma, Catarrh, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Rheumatism, Skin, Kidney, Blood, Nerve and Stomach Diseases.

Please Mention This Paper.

Peggy. My Peggy is a young thing, Just entered in her teens, Fair as the day, and sweet as May, Fair as the day, and always gay;

My Peggy speaks so sweetly, Whene'er we meet alone, I wish nae mair to lay my care, I wish nae mair of a' that's rare;

My Peggy smiles so kindly, Whene'er I whisper love, That I look down on a' the town, That I look down upon a' the crown;

My Peggy sings so saftly, When on my pipe I play, By a' the rest it is confest, My Peggy sings so saftly;

At waiking of the fauld, My Peggy smiles so kindly, Whene'er I whisper love.

FREQUENT HEADACHES

People with thin blood are much more subject to headaches than full-blooded persons, and the form of anaemia that afflicts growing girls is almost always accompanied by headaches, together with disturbances of the digestive organs.

Whenever you have constant or recurring headaches and pallor of the face, they show that the blood is thin and your efforts should be directed toward building up your blood.

More disturbances to the health are caused by their blood than most people have any idea of. When your blood is impoverished, the nerves suffer from lack of nourishment and you may be troubled with insomnia, neuritis, neuralgia or sciatica.

The illumination of the Statue of Liberty in the New York harbor is accomplished by the use of 250 lamps, each of 250 watts capacity.

Within the twelve months ended March 31 the British and Foreign Bible Society distributed 11,000,000 Bibles and tracts printed in 497 different languages.

An electric lamp on the phonograph helps the orator to guide the needle to its proper place on the record.

The average passenger train earns about \$1.40 per mile. The cars and locomotives weigh about 550 tons.

The resources of the State of Arkansas are being boosted by means of an exhibition train, accompanied by 125 residents of the State.

A large insurance company claims that out of 100 average healthy men of 25 to 65: Fifty-four will be dependent upon relatives, friends or charity; 36 will be dead; five will be earning their daily bread; four will be wealthy and one will be rich.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

FLAGS OF IRELAND.

Prior to 1798 National Color War Blue.

The universal belief concerning the flag of Ireland is that it has always been "the harp without the crown" imposed on a field of green, and that green has from time immemorial been Erin's color.

I venture to say that ninety out of every hundred persons will assert, in answer to a query, that the harp on a green background has constituted Ireland's national design these many centuries, this belief obtaining generally among the Irish themselves.

In opposition to this belief it will appear strange when the asseveration is made that Ireland's national color until something more than a century ago was blue.

It may, indeed, produce a bit of a shock to many who have been wedded to the notion that "the Emerald Isle," "the shamrock so green," "our green isle beyond the sea" and other similar expressions were indissolubly and forever connected with the country's national colors.

But, as a matter of fact, the green flag made its appearance in 1798, the year of the uprising, so that as flags go it is comparatively new.

In point of antiquity the real Irish flag is the "spear and serpent," which appears in the arms of the O'Sullivan's. It is said to commemorate the incident of Gaoth Glas, the ancestor of Mil-

All Pure Tea Sealed Packets Only Free from Dust Never Sold in Bulk

"SALADA!"

Black-Mixed-Natural Green. E213

sis, who, tradition says, was cured of a snake bite by the rod of Moses. Next to that comes the flag of Fionn MacCumhall's militia, the golden sun-set on a blue ground, and the weight of opinion among all Irish students of research seems to favor this as the true national flag.

Quite a number of other flags have figured in Irish history, and each of them has its line of enthusiastic supporters. Not the least popular among these is the flag exhibiting three golden crowns imposed on a blue ground, which figures at the present-day in the arms of the Province of Munster.

This flag was accepted after the Norman invasion in the year 1170 as the ensign of Ireland, the three crowns representing the kingdoms of Desmond, Ormond and Thomond. It was retained until 1547, when Henry VIII, abolished it and substituted the harp.

Coming down to more recent times, it is found that the Parliament of Ireland, of which Henry Grattan was the head, did not recognize green, although it did accept the harp. That parliament's flag was a golden harp on a blue ground.

At the time of the Union with England in 1801 a new flag was evolved apparently for the express purpose of incorporating it with what is now known as the union jack, but it does not seem to have caught the popular fancy any more than the act of union.

This was the red sash on a white ground, which was christened St. Patrick's cross. Apparently it was taken from the arms of Trinity College at Dublin though how Dublin came by it is a mystery.

The tricolor of green, white and orange—"The orange and green, with the stripe of peace between"—is the recognized flag of the Irish Nationalists, whose aim is complete independence. James T. Doyle, in Baltimore American.

LATEST PLANES ARE MARVELOUS

Can Do With Ease What Was Impossible.

Powerful Motor, Small Wings, the Secret.

The race for improvements in fighting planes between the allies and the central powers has been nip and tuck all the way, writes Will Irwin in the Saturday Evening Post. Late in 1915 the Germans sprang the first well recognized type of what the British call a scout machine.

The French then answered with a biplane of greater speed and greater practical agility. That killed the monoplane idea—at least for the time being. The latest machines are all of the biplane type. The new models have come out so fast that a layman has difficulty in keeping up with them.

Even the fastest, most agile machines of a year ago will be out of date this summer. In July, 1916, in the Verdun sector, I watched a squadron of scout machines maneuvering. They handled themselves like a flock of swallows.

Compared with these swallow machines I watched last year they seemed like humming birds. For the constructors, in planning this new type of machine, made an accidental discovery; an airplane is a motor on wings.

Increase the spread of its wings in proportion to the power of its motor, and, while you add to its stability at a low pace and to its lifting power, you take away from its speed. The art of constructing a fast machine consists largely in giving it the smallest practical wing spread. It is the motor kicking with unaided power against the air, not the wings gliding along the air, which makes it fly.

And this kind of machine, meeting with but little obstruction from its own wings, turned out to have a marvelous agility, a miraculous power of assuming unusual positions and getting itself out of them. Looping the loop, that maneuver over which the pioneer airmen debated for so long a time they dared make the attempt, is possible to one of the big wide-spreading observation machines. It must be done with skill and caution, however, else the aviator may wrench off a wing; further, it must be done slowly. That is about the easiest thing to do with a scout machine of the new fast type; its flip is like the jump of a trout at a fly. You can flip it in several seconds upside down; and you can make it roll over and over, like a dog.

A Painter's Retort.

Shortly after Franz Lenbach had painted the portrait of Emperor William I. a privy councillor called on him to express the Emperor's satisfaction. There was only one criticism to make—would the professor be so kind as to paint more distinctly the buttons on the uniform, which were only indicated vaguely? Lenbach looked at him a moment over his glasses and said, "Look here, Mr. Councillor, I paint heads, not buttons (ich mal' nur koepfe, aber keine knoepfe!)" Tell his majesty that! The Emperor when this answer was brought to him laughed heartily.

For 15 days in the month of January I was suffering with pain of rheumatism in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies, but nothing did me any good. One person told me about MINARD'S LINIMENT, as soon as I tried it the Saturday night, the next morning I was feeling very good; I tell you this remedy is very good; I could give you a good certificate any time that you would like to have one. If any time I come to hear of any person with rheumatism, I could tell them about this remedy. Yours truly, ERNEST LEVEILLE, 216 Rue Ontario East, Montreal, Feb. 14, 1916.

IN THE TRENCHES.

Names w/ the air o' the mountain and alien in them, Names w/ the sound o' the pibroch's MacBeans in them, Names w/ the ding o' the dour killed men in them, Oh, but they're beautiful, Sheila, my own.

Names w/ the thocht o' the Bible and Burns in them, Names w/ the hearts o' the heather that years in them, Names w/ the kilts o' the fricht babbling Huns in them, Oh, but they're beautiful, Sheila, my own.

Names w/ the memories o' Wallace and Bruce in them, Names w/ the bond o' John Knox's auld house in them, Names w/ the skirri o' the bag-pipes left loose in them, Whaur can ye beat them the hale warld o'er.

Names w/ the thocht o' the Bible and Burns in them, Names w/ the hearts o' the heather that years in them, Names w/ the kilts o' the fricht babbling Huns in them, Oh, but they're beautiful, Sheila, my own.

Of course, unhappiness is the cause of divorce, and much of the unhappiness is due to the circumstance that the wife has nothing to do at home in the daytime and the husband has entirely too much to do downtown at night.—Houston Post.

SOME EGG LORE.

How to Test, How to Beat, How to Boil.

Are the eggs for which you pay 40 cents better than those which cost 30? Test them to see. Much handling makes eggs shiny. Those direct from the farm are dull. If an egg is stale some of the water of its composition has evaporated through the porous shell, air has entered, and the egg is light.

This test will make you wish eggs could always be bought by the pound, as in some places, instead of by the dozen. Because the eggshell is porous and readily absorbs impurities from a dirty shell or the air eggs should always be washed before being put away.

Second test: Hold egg before a candle or gas jet behind which is a dark background. Around the yolk of an egg is a thin tissue, which holds the yolk together. When decomposition occurs the yolk together. When decomposition occurs the yolk breaks this membrane and becomes mixed with the white. By holding the egg before a strong light the yolk can easily be seen as a large dark spot, and the egg is light.

If the yolk has broken its membrane and this dark spot cannot be noticed. There is also a tissue around the white of an egg which, in beating the whites stiff, must be broken into infinitesimal pieces before the egg will become light and fluffy.

A few grains of salt dropped into the white before beating will at each turn of the beater help to cut this membrane. The whites then "beat up" much sooner than if the salt had not been added. For cooking eggs without keeping time or temperature: One egg, one-half pint of boiling water. Two or three eggs, a pint of boiling water. Three to five eggs, one and one-half pints of boiling water. Five to eight eggs, a quart.

The eggs into the water while it is boiling and immediately set the dish away from the fire. Fifteen or twenty minutes will be required to cook the eggs. After that time the water will have reached 140 degrees and will do no more cooking, but will keep the eggs warm a long time.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

CONTINENT OF MARVELS.

Some of South America's "Great-est in the World."

Bring on the superlatives! We write of South America, the continent where are the world's greatest mountain ranges, densest forests and largest rivers.

Just for instance, the Amazon river system has over 50,000 miles of navigable waterway, enough to tie the two loops around our planet. It can be navigated for 2,500 miles by ocean steamers, a greater distance than from New York to Panama.

And notwithstanding all Colonel Roosevelt's discoveries South America still has the largest unexplored area of any continent. Almost everybody knows that Brazil is larger than Europe or the continental United States, but the size of the "little" republics is not so well known. Texas could be lost twice in "little" Venezuela and still leave room for Kentucky and Tennessee.

Peru could comfortably swallow California, Oregon, Washington, Nevada, Arizona, Utah and Idaho. And it is over 2,000 miles from one end of Chile to the other—almost as far as from New York to Glasgow!

Gold is found in every state of South America, and from Potosi alone the famous "peak of silver" in Bolivia, more than \$2,000,000,000 in silver has been mined in the last three centuries.—World Outlook.

RELIEF AT LAST

I want to help you if you are suffering from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding piles. I can tell you how, in your own home and without anyone's assistance, you can apply the best of all treatments.

PILES TREATED AT HOME

I promise to send you a FREE trial of the new absorption treatment, and references from your own locality if you will but write and ask. I assure you of immediate relief. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Address MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 8, Windsor, Ont.

Ironing Kills the Germs.

One need not worry about receiving infection in clothes sent to a laundry even though they be washed with those of other families in which there may be infectious diseases. Such, in substance, is a report just issued by the United States public health service after an investigation by M. C. Schroeder and S. G. Southerland of the New York department of health. For whatever disease germs are not killed in the washing will be killed in the ironing. In fact, the ironing kills more germs than the washing.

There is, however, danger in having clothes washed by a laundress at her own home, for, "owing to the close quarters in which the laundresses live, there is possibility of reinfection of the clean linen if communicable diseases are present among the members of the laundress' family."

"Undertakers."

In England in 1614 undertakers were men of influence who undertook for a consideration to get such persons returned to Parliament as would prove submissive to the royal will of King James I. The three chief undertakers of 1614 were Lords Bacon, Somerset and Neville. Then there were undertakers in Ireland in 1608. They were English and Scotch colonists sent to North Ireland and were each allotted 2,000 acres of land. They were men of capital and undertook to pay a mark a year for every six acres and to admit no recusant for tenants; hence the name as applied to them. But neither the histories nor the dictionaries give any reason for calling the men who bury our dead undertakers.

H.P. WANTED.

WANTED - PROBATIONERS TO train for nurses. Apply, Welland Hospital, St. Catharines, Ont.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN, light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charge prepaid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal, Que.

FOR SALE

A CHOICE DAIRY FARM IN THE County of Brant, Buildings No. 1, with plenty of water. Full particulars apply to F. Barber, Kelvin, Ont.

THE STATELY ELK.

It is the Most Beautiful of Our Remaining Wild Animals. Now that the buffalo survives only in a few preserves the elk is the most interesting as it is the most beautiful of our remaining wild animals.

The wapiti is now numerous only in the states of Wyoming, Idaho and Montana, though nearly 4,000 head are thought to remain in Colorado, and considerable numbers are scattered through western Canada.

During the summer months the elk live high up in the mountains, generally at an elevation of 8,000 to 11,000 feet. The grassy plateaus offer an ideal summer range. Even on the wooded sides of the highest ravines there are parklike glades where the elk late in the afternoons come out to feed. It is difficult to imagine a more beautiful sight than is then afforded by these stately and graceful animals.

The elk dislike to be pursued by tourists with cameras and keep away from the stage routes. If visitors would leave the highways of the park and seek out its byways, either on foot or by pack and saddle trips, they would have a marvelous opportunity to study the greatest exhibit which survives of our mountain wild life—not only the elk, but mountain sheep, deer, beaver and many other animals.

Certain German naval authorities are experimenting with electrical machinery for gathering peat. Borean College students, numbering 1,400, are being sufficiently fed at a cost of 17 cents per day, and those at Carlisle School at a slightly lower cost.

Hitsburg's pay-roll amounts to about \$1,000,000 per day. The manufacturing capital of the Southern States is nearly 60 per cent. of that of the entire country in 1899. The world's consumption of cotton last year amounted to 24,500,000 bales at 500 pounds to the bale. It has been computed that 25,000 vehicles pass Forty-second street and Fifth avenue, New York, each day.

According to data compiled from various sources by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, the number of strikes and lockouts during the year of 1916 was 3,223, as compared with 1,229 in 1915. Apart from thousands of lives destroyed by fire, the United States sustains an annual loss from this cause of at least \$300,000,000; a per capita loss nearly ten times as great as that found in the leading countries of Europe.

Odds and Ends.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I want you to promise that if you decide to enlist you will tell me all about it without delay." "What for?" "I want to speak to the general, so that he won't let you forget your overshoes and eat things that disagree with you. You know, Charley, you are so careless!"—Washington Star.

Don't Waste, Don't Starve—there is plenty of food for all if you will only do your bit in preventing waste. Demand the whole wheat grain in breakfast foods and bread. Shredded Wheat Biscuits 100 percent whole wheat—nothing wasted, every particle utilized. It contains more real nutriment than meat, and costs much less. For any meal with milk and fruits.

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STILL PREPARE FOR NEW DRIVE

British Fliers Far Behind German Lines.

Take Record Number of Photographs.

London Cable - That a new thrust by the British is immediately imminent on the German lines in Flanders is shown by to-night's report from headquarters, which reads:

"Our aeroplanes have continued their bombing operations actively day and night. Yesterday great activity in the air prevailed on both sides. Our artillery machines and balloons worked all day in co-operation with our artillery, despite vigorous attacks from hostile aeroplanes. A record number of aerial photographs were taken, many of them at great distances behind the line.

"Though the enemy's aeroplanes showed themselves disinclined to meet our fighting machines unless well to the east of the line, five hostile machines were brought down in combat and nine others were driven down out of control. Seven of our machines are missing.

"A strong party of the enemy endeavored to raid one of our posts east of Klein Zillebeke during the night, but was driven back by our fire with loss before reaching our position. Artillery activity continues on both sides of the Ypres battle front.

"Last night enemy aeroplanes again dropped bombs on different places behind our lines. A few casualties were caused in one of our hospital areas, and there was some damage to property in the civilian zone. There was no damage of military importance. One of the enemy's raiding machines was brought down by our fire and destroyed.

FRENCH REPORT.

Paris Cable - The official communication issued by the War Office Wednesday night reads:

"This morning, after a violent bombardment, the Germans delivered against the Californie Plateau two attacks, which were repulsed. One officer remained in our hands. There were spirited reciprocal artillery actions on both banks of the Meuse."

Alarmists Discredited

(NEW YORK TRIBUNE.)

"When I went to the Admiralty," said Sir Eric Geddes the other day, "I thought I knew all about the deeds of the navy, but I didn't. I have now seen the records and reports—something that you cannot put into the papers. Don't be impatient with the navy."

His appeal was plainly addressed to those well-meaning but impulsive critics whose nerves have been shaken by the ravages of the submarines, who have worried themselves into the conviction that the navy has constantly been hampered by timid or wrong-headed leaders, and who long have since come to the conclusion that unless the whole system was changed and the fleets placed under the control of another "school of thought" for that is the current phrase—we should infallibly be ruined.

The figures given out by Mr. Lloyd George last week must have proved as great a surprise to these prophets of disaster as they did to all but those who, like Sir Eric Geddes, have had access to the records of the Admiralty. Not that the true state of affairs is entirely satisfactory or that the critics were uniformly wide of the mark in their guesses. The sinkings for April, the worst month, were indeed already known approximately. It was certain that in British vessels alone the tonnage amounted to well over half a million—590,000 is the actual figure, as given by Mr. Lloyd George. But the reassuring circumstances is the remarkable decline in the tonnage destroyed, to 320,000 in June and to about 125,000 in July. Of this the most industrious critics of the Admiralty were apparently ignorant, for in their discussions of the problem, they commonly proceeded on the assumption that little or nothing had been done to reduce submarine losses in the last six months.

If the figures given to the House of Commons are correct, most of the estimates hitherto had been grossly inflated. Only a month ago Lord Balfour and his associates by no means the highest, told a correspondent of "The New York Times" that since the first of February the total loss has been at the rate of more than 7,000,000 tons a year. By no stretch of imagination is it conceivable that the figure is as high as that, though the most liberal allowance be made for the loss of neutrals and Allies.

But if Lord Balfour exaggerated he did good service in urging the publication of the tonnage figures. The Admiralty's method of announcing losses was never enlightening enough to the public, and he always held that there was nothing to be gained by secrecy. Sir Edward Carson was of the same opinion, and last year, before he became first lord, he protested strongly against the government's ambiguous announcements. "It is all very well," he said, "to hide away the submarine menace in the corners of newspapers. It can do us no good shutting our eyes to the fact that we are really not telling the Germans anything they don't know. They know perfectly well, and no small part in the corner of a newspaper will make any difference."

Nevertheless, in the matter of tonnage secrecy, more or less steadily, the result being that the wildest esti-

mates were offered from time to time on the strength of such evidence as was available to the public. And it must be admitted that there was no indication in the evidence of the great decline announced by Mr. Lloyd George; indeed, considering the official weekly returns of the last six months, it is difficult to account for an improvement so marked. It has long been apparent that the German forecast has not been fulfilled, but we had little reason to believe that so much progress had been made in the protection of commerce.

On the other hand, there was never any good reason to credit the worst predictions of the critics of disaster. If they were to be believed, the men responsible for the conduct of affairs at sea were without courage, without initiative and without originality. We were told that they had done virtually nothing and there was no hope that they ever would do anything, because they belonged to the wrong "school of thought."

The great changes at the Admiralty did not satisfy these critics, because the first sea lord did not belong to what they conceived to be the right school of thought. He had indeed, urgently encouraged every officer of the fleet to offer suggestions for fighting the submarine; an anti-submarine department had been established in which the most experienced officers gave up their whole time to devising means to overcome the menace; there was the Board of Inventions and Research, too, a board composed of some of the most eminent men of science in the kingdom. But none of these things were any good. Sir John Jellicoe was the victim of a wrong doctrine; the naval officers particularly concerned in fighting the submarine were not aggressive enough; as to the committee of scientific men, it was dismissed contemptuously as "the chemists' shop in Cockspar street."

It would not be prudent to conclude that the submarine menace has been overcome. Indeed, it is admitted that no real remedy has been found. But the evil has been mitigated, and unless the Germans contrive greatly to intensify the war on commerce there is every reason to believe that the new tonnage will suffice to meet all the most urgent needs of the Allies. And, fortunately, the rumors of a radical change in naval policy are by now pretty thoroughly discredited.

HOLLAND'S FOOD.

Special Mission in U. S. to Make Terms.

Washington Report - The special mission from Holland to the United States arrived at an Atlantic port today.

The special Dutch Mission comes to the United States bringing information as to the food situation in Holland and statistics covering Dutch exports and imports of the last three years requested by the American Government in a recent note handed to Minister van Rappard.

Negotiations looking to the shipment of foodstuffs to Holland will be taken up by the mission where broken off a week ago, when the export administrative board declined to permit the sailing of nearly 100 Dutch ships loaded with food and cattle feed.

The situation in Holland has presented one of the hardest problems that has faced the export board in its attempt to put into effect a rationing system for the northern European neutrals. The Dutch buy most of their grain from other countries and export large quantities of dairy and meat products to Germany. The American Government desires to stop this food exportation to the enemy and at the same time does not want to go so far as to impose any actual hardship on Holland.

WEALTHY WIDOW WEDS.

Chicago, Report.—Mrs. Helen Swift Morris, widow of the late Edward Morris, Chicago banker, was married last night at her home here to Frances Nelson, former Liberal member of the British House of Commons for the Hyde division of Cheshire. It was announced today. The marriage was precipitated by the departure of Mrs. Nelson's son, Captain Nelson Morris, for a training camp, and was declared to be a surprise even to immediate members of the family.

RAID UPON RAID UPON HUN BASES

British Naval Fliers Pound Foe in Belgium.

Many Tons of Bombs—Good Work Done.

London Cable.—Many tons of bombs have been dropped in further raids on German military establishments in Belgium, causing large fires. The Admiralty to-day gave out the following account of these operations: "At midnight on the third instant a bombing raid was carried out by naval aircraft on the Bruges docks, the Varesnaere airdrome, and the Chistelles airdrome. Many tons of bombs were dropped with good results.

"A second raid on the Bruges docks was made at noon on Sept. 4. Direct hits were observed on special targets. Many sheds along the quayside were hit, and large fires which were caused were still seen to be burning when the machines returned from both raids.

"On Monday afternoon, the third instant, an enemy aircraft spotting machine was engaged by one of our fighter patrols and shot down, completely out of control. An enemy kite balloon also was attacked, and the observer was forced to jump out. Owing to the anti-aircraft fire, the fate of the kite balloon was not observed."

He is a wise farmer who never harrows the feelings of his wife.—Milwaukee Journal.

GERMANY'S WAR PLANS SCORED

U. S. Bar Asso. Denounces Her Course.

Welcomes Country's Entry Into War.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Report.—The American Bar Association at its session to-day denounced the war methods of Germany as illegal.

The indictment of Germany, which was embodied in the formal report of the committee on international law, aroused no discussion except the suggestion, which was afterward adopted, that the document be sent to the committee on public information for such use as it may desire. The report denounced these acts of Germany:

"Sinking merchant ships without summons, proclamation of a barred zone; conspiracies against the domestic peace and trade of the United States, murder of civilians, and assaults on women, wanton devastation of localities abandoned, looting of occupied regions, murder of captives, and threats to treat other mariners as franc tireurs, deportation of women and young girls, and sinking hospital ships and supply ships sailing under safe conducts from the German authorities.

"We welcome," said the report, "the entry of the United States into the war in conjunction with the Entente Allies for the purpose of checking such lawless excesses and overthrowing those forms of autocracy which menace the peace, security and civilization of the whole world."

The proposal to seek by Congressional action, or constitutional amendment, if necessary, a change in the date of the inauguration from March to January, was favored by some of the members on the ground that "other nations are developing very efficient administrations with terrible powers for destructive aggression and the present long period between the election and inauguration of a President exposes us to the gravest risks and may cause the loss of our separate existence as a nation."

ALBERTA WHEAT MOSTLY CUT.

Regina, Sask., Report.—Eighty per cent. of the wheat in the province is cut, according to the weekly crop report of the Department of Agriculture. About 25 per cent. of the oats and barley is also cut. On the whole, the weather has been favorable, and the threshing will be general by the end of the present week. Labor throughout the province is fairly adequate, with the assistance given by business men in different places.

"Did you try counting sheep for your insomnia?" "Yes; but it only made matters worse—the sheep reminded me of my butcher's bill."—Boston Transcript.

CONTINENTAL APPLE OUTLOOK

Home Markets Should Absorb All Supply.

Says Ontario Fruit Branch Circular.

Owing to the British embargo on apples, there was considerable anxiety among growers in all parts of America as to markets and prices for the 1917 crop. After the poor crop in many districts last year, a heavy output was anticipated this season. The reports now being received show, however, that with reasonably equitable distribution, home markets should absorb all the fruit at good prices. The central portions of the continent, which are usually heavy producers, or barreled apples of the kinds that make up the bulk of the trade, are showing up poorly. New York, Pennsylvania and Ontario being notable examples.

The official reports from Washington give the following estimates for the various states. These are of value more for showing their relative standing as to total production, as no comparison is here made with previous years. The Western States are figured in barrels, but as it is well known, all of their fruit is packed in boxes, and generally of a high grade compared to the average of the Eastern packs.

Table listing apple production estimates for various states: New York (8,822,600), Pennsylvania (5,286,000), Missouri (4,117,300), Virginia (3,576,000), Michigan (3,297,600), Ohio (3,101,600), Kentucky (2,821,000), Washington (2,697,000), Illinois (2,691,600), Indiana (2,248,000), North Carolina (2,154,600), Iowa (2,132,300), California (1,882,000), West Virginia (1,864,600), Tennessee (1,773,000), Maine (1,635,000), Oregon (1,291,000), Colorado (1,275,000), Arkansas (1,286,000), Kansas (1,218,600), Wisconsin (1,145,000), Massachusetts (1,028,000), Nebraska (893,000), Maryland (841,000), New Jersey (775,000), Vermont (770,320), Idaho (717,000), Connecticut (628,650), Georgia (562,350), Oklahoma (554,900), Minnesota (445,000), New Hampshire (431,300), Montana (417,600), Alabama (417,300), Utah (284,000), South Carolina (281,300), New Mexico (255,300), Delaware (142,660), Texas (132,000), South Dakota (120,000), Mississippi (120,000), Rhode Island (104,000), Nevada (64,000), Arizona (50,300). Total estimated crop of the United States, according to the Fruit Trade Journal, is 66,000,000 barrels, which is slightly less than last year.

BATTLE IS STILL RAGING ON AUSTRO-ITALIAN FRONT

Cadorna's Troops Said to be Now Assaulting the Hermada Mountains.

Offensive on the Bainsizza Plateau is Pushing the foe Back.

Washington Report.—Word reached Washington through official channels to-day indicating that the Italian army is now attacking the Hermada Mountains, which stand as a barrier between the Italians and Trieste, but the report lacked confirmation at the Italian Embassy. The Italians are now moving towards Klagenfurt and Lubiano, the last strong Austrian positions, except San Donoe. With those positions taken, the despatch stated, the Italian Peninsula would be lost to Austria-Hungary, and that would mean the isolation of Trieste, Fiume and Pola, and the destruction of Austria's naval power.

The roads of Klagenfurt and Lubiano lead to Vienna and to Budapest. Whether the capture of these places is planned for the present offensive by General Cadorna, the Italian Commander-in-Chief, could not be learned here. The life of the offensive is dependent upon the quantity of supplies, chiefly munitions, the Italians have left, after their eighteen-day effort, which has marked one of the most momentous campaigns of the entire war.

An official despatch received from Rome to-day by the Italian Embassy says: "The Italian offensive has assumed a character of greater vigor on the tableland of Bainsizza, and is pushing the enemy beyond the Cialpovano Valley. The enemy has tried several diversions at the east of Gorizia and on the hills between Santa Catarina and San Marco, all of these attempts being utterly defeated.

"Farther south the Austrians undertook repeated counter-attacks in great numbers, with no result. "Major Morant, commenting in the Pester Lloyd, says the dash of General Cadorna's army in the recent battle of the Isonzo has surpassed anything attempted before."

ITALIANS ATTACK HERMADA. "The battle has developed in three different sections: on the Littoral between Dossolaft and the Hermada; secondly, in the Vipacco Valley; and thirdly, on the Bainsizza Plateau. The Italians with the occupation of Monte Saitto, have made the position of the defenders extremely difficult. The Italian attack against the Hermada is without doubt snaking this powerful stronghold and making the position of the Austrians there almost untenable.

"An interesting item appears in the Neue Frei Presse which announces that the Polish Legions which ought to have formed the nucleus of the future Polish army will be placed under Austro-Hungarian command, and will be sent to the Italo-Austrian front. In Italian circles the news is wholly discredited. In view especially of the attitude taken by Italy in regard to the independence of Poland, Italy cannot believe that the Polish patriots will consent to go and fight for their oppressors against the nation which more energetically than any other has insisted upon the recognition and absolute independence of Poland.

"It must be remembered that Italy makes the independence of Poland a condition sine qua non of any peace proposals or discussions."

A STUBBORN BATTLE. London cable says—Italian troops fighting stubbornly for Monte San Gabriele on the Isonzo front, have several times captured the summit only to be thrown back again, according to telegrams from Austrian Headquarters, says the Central News Amsterdam correspondent. The Italians are continuing their attack upon the mountain.

Journal, is 66,000,000 barrels, which is slightly less than last year. It is, however, somewhat differently distributed, New York and the Virginias, leading export States, showing a decrease, while the western and coast States report a large crop. Baldwin are light in western New York and Michigan, from which States a large percentage of this variety originate.

Utah and Idaho, which had no crop last year, due to frost, show a good report for 1917, while the middle west States, including Iowa and Ohio, are also more promising than a year ago. Many of the States are patchy, like our own province. Among these are Pennsylvania and Illinois. In others certain varieties as, for instance, Ben Davis in Missouri, are noted for their absence.

Weather conditions, similar to our own, were responsible for most of the shortage. Continued wet and cool temperatures at and after blossom gave a poor setting and heavy drop after the fruit was to all appearances in condition to mature. Taking everything into consideration, including heavy charges for labor, spray materials, weather, etc., the experience of the apple grower has not been a very happy one this season.

TO WRECK BELGIUM.

Machinery is Being All Removed.

Havre, Special Cable.—Information reaching the Belgian Government from beyond the lines shows that what is left of Belgian manufacturing machinery is being systematically taken out of the country or destroyed when not removed. The machines have been taken from all the factories in La Providence and other nearby places during the past fortnight. When the manager of the Providence Mills protested to the German officer in command against the proceedings he was told that the orders from Berlin were to empty Belgium of its manufacturing resources so that nothing could be produced there, the advice state.

Behavior Under Fire

It seems certain that the present war will furnish new facts concerning the psychology of the battlefield. It should be remembered that, as the Lucy Corpeia Britannica says, in a very graphic way, "the duration of a campaign is largely affected by the deadly properties of modern firearms. It is true that the losses in battle are relatively less than in the day of Brown Bess and the smooth-bore cannon, and almost insignificant when compared with the fearful carnage wrought by the sword and spear. The reason is simple.

"A battlefield in the old days, except at close quarters, was a comparatively safe locality, and the greater part of the troops engaged were seldom exposed for a long time together to a hot and continuous fire. To-day death has a far wider range, and the strain on the nerves is consequently far more severe. Demoralization, therefore, sets in at an earlier period, and is more complete.

"When troops once realize their inferiority, they can no longer be depended on. It is not the losses they have actually suffered, but those that they expect to suffer, that affect them. Unless discipline and national spirit are of superior quality, unless the soldier is animated by something higher than the mere habit of mechanical obedience, panic, shirking and wholesale surrender will be the ordinary features of a campaign when these phenomena made themselves apparent, though in a less degree, as long ago as the American Civil war, when the weapon of the infantry was a muzzle-loading rifle, firing at most two rounds a minute, and when the projectiles of the artillery were hardly more destructive than the stone shot of Mons Meg. With the magazine rifle, machine guns, shrapnel and high explosives they have become more pronounced than even at Vionville or Phena.

"The retreat of the 35th (Prussian) Brigade," writes Captain Hoening, an eye witness of the former battle, forms the most awful drama of the great war. It had lost 5,370 of its strength, and the proportion of killed to wounded was 3 to 4. Strong men collapsed inanimate—I saw men cry like children, others fell prone with out a sound; in most cases the need of water thrust forth all other instincts, the body demanded its rights. "Water, water" was the only intelligible cry that broke from those moribund phantoms. The evening's lead poured like hail upon the wretched remnant of the brigade; yet they moved only slowly to the rear, their heads bent in utter weariness; their features distorted under the thick dust that had gathered on faces dripping with sweat.

"The strain was beyond endurance. The soldier was no longer a receptive being; he was oblivious of everything, great or small. His comrades or superiors he no longer recognized, and yet he was the same man who but a short time before had marched across the battlefield shouting his marching chorus. A few active squadrons and not a man would have escaped! Only he who had seen men in such circumstances, and observed their bearing, knows the dreadful imprint that their features leave upon the memory. Madness is there, the madness that arises from bodily exhaustion combined with the most abject terror. I do not think," he adds, "from confessing that the fire of Mars-la-Tour affected my nerves for months."

It should be borne in mind that Mars-la-Tour was one of the engagements of the Franco-German war of 1870, long before the days of the machine guns, magazine rifles and other fearfully efficient weapons with which all of the great armies engaged in the present war are equipped.

For if one will reverence the age, the present is the oldest—Hobbes.

BRITISH COLUMBIANS IN NEW ADVANCE ON FOE IN LENS

British Columbians Take Row of Houses by Surprise.

A TRENCH ALSO

Part of One Leading to Green Crassier is Captured.

(By Stewart Lyon, Canadian Press Correspondent With the Canadian Forces.)

Canadian Headquarters in France, Cable.—Another of the small surprise attacks which almost nightly reduce the area within Lens still remaining in the enemy's hands took place at 3.30 this (Thursday) morning and resulted in the capture of a row of houses occupied by four companies of the First Regiment, First Guard Reserve Division. Men from British Columbia, accustomed in civil life to finding their way about, did the work, and did it well, sustaining few casualties themselves while inflicting a considerable number on the enemy. The affair had some uncommon features which serve to show how shrewdly our men carry on warfare among the ruined houses of Lens.

A few days ago our outposts were advanced without the enemy learning that the advance had been made. The men lay perdu in cellars during the day, and by night, aided by bright moonlight, watched the houses across the street, so that they might learn the habits of the enemy. The latter, as a precautionary measure, threw some bombs across the street into the houses occupied by our men, but, failing to draw any return fire, concluded that the houses were empty, and did not even send over a patrol to verify this assumption. With the utmost care a stock of bombs was accumulated and machine-guns were brought up and put in position to command the back doors of the houses.

A bit of unexpected luck also came our way. The enemy had a relief last night, and companies entirely unfamiliar with the locality came into the line. There was a heavy rainstorm, accompanied by thunder, about 3 o'clock, and the newcomers, in fancied security, went to sleep in their cellars, leaving but a few men on guard. Without any preliminary bombardment, the British Columbians, at half-past three, scrambled out of their cellars, each provided with an ample supply of bombs. They had only to cross the street to find a cellar window of a house occupied by the enemy, and throw bombs down among the occupants. A few of them, chiefly men on guard in the upper part, escaped by promptly surrendering, but many must have been asleep when the bombs burst around them. The row of houses thus bombed extends for about three hundred yards.

While this operation was in progress another group of bombers cleared and occupied a portion of an enemy trench leading toward Green Crassier. Here the Germans were alert and full of fight. They came back thrice in determined counter-attacks, notwithstanding serious losses, and in one of these assaults got a footing again in the trench. Finally after over an hour of bombing, the trench remained in our hands, and a block was put in to keep the enemy to his own end of it.

Prisoners see the position of the enemy in Lens is desperate, and their losses from our artillery fire heavy.

BRITISH SHIP LOSS HEAVIER

Twenty Of Over 1,600 Tons Sunk Last Week.

And Three of Tonnage Less Than That.

London Cable.—British merchant ships sunk by mine or submarine in the past week numbered twenty of more than 1,600 tons and three under 1,600 tons, according to the official announcement to-night.

British merchant vessels sunk the previous week by mine or submarine numbered eighteen over 1,600 tons and five under 1,600 tons.

The weekly summary: Arrivals, 2,384, sailings, 2,432. British merchant vessels over 1,600 tons sunk, including two previously, twenty; under 1,600 tons, including one previously, three. Fishing vessels sunk, none.

British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including five previously, nine.

BRANTFORD UNION LEADERS.

Brantford, Report.—The Trades and Labor Council here to-night elected their officers as follows: President, George Stinchcombe; Vice-President, Harry Jones; Recording Secretary, H. Kato; Financial Secretary, A. G. Brown; Corresponding Secretary, George Keen; Auditors and Trustees will be appointed at the next meeting. The Government will be petitioned to allow the Trades and Labor Council to nominate one man to each of the tribunals upon military service in Brant County.

"I hear you are thinking of buying a farm." "That's my intention," said the city man, with a complacent air. "Well, don't forget the importance of silos." "Trust me for that, sir. By the way—do those things consume much gasoline?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Chantry

The barns of Mr. Eli Chant were struck by lightning early Sunday morning. He lost his hay, one cow and one horse.

Mrs. J. N. Davis spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. Omer Brown.

We are pleased to see Mrs. Roy Derbyshire is able to be out again.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beach spent a day with her mother, Mrs. I. Derbyshire.

Mr. Harry Wood of Sand Bay, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Brown have returned after spending some weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Roy Sims, of Normandale.

Miss Ida Knowlton spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. J. N. Davis.

Miss Gertie Derbyshire of Brockville has returned after spending a few days with old friends.

Some of our young people attended Ogdensburg Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Stevens have returned after spending a week in Toronto.

Sherwood Spring

Sept. 10.—Miss Edith Avery, Brockville, spent Labor Day with her niece, Miss Myrtle Clow.

Mr. Fred Latham's threshing outfit is at work in this neighborhood.

Mr. Robert Brown, Riverside, was a guest of his daughter, Mrs. Geo. Stewart, on Saturday last.

Mrs. Anna Clow and son Wilton, Mallorytown, called on friends and relatives here recently.

Mrs. Annie Eligh spent last week in Brockville with her niece, Mrs. F. Eligh, who is ill.

Mrs. Arden Clow spent Sunday last with her son Omer, who is still in the Brockville Hospital.

Miss Lera Empey who spent the holidays at her home, returned last week to her duties at the Brockville Collegiate Institute.

A number of our residents attended Ogdensburg Fair, and report a good time. The steamer Mississquoi ran an excursion, and called at Butternut Bay.

Our school opened on September 5, with the usual attendance, and Miss Amy Coon as teacher.

Charleston

Sept. 3.—Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Shaw and Miss Pidgeon, New York, arrived on Saturday, and are at R. Foster's.

M. Slack, Sand Bay, and R. McCready, Dulcemaine, called on friends here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. McKenny, Frankville, spent Sunday here with relatives.

A number of people motored to Rockport on Saturday evening where they crossed the river to Alexandria Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. Beecher gave their annual entertainment on Friday evening at their island home, Camp Veda. The island presented a gay appearance. Decorations, numerous lights, air filled with music, and dainty refreshments made the evening one long to be remembered.

W. Crozier and George Stevens both had their motor boats damaged on Friday evening while attending Mr. and Mrs. Beecher's party. Mr. Crozier's boat was discovered to be on fire, supposed to have been caused by a Chinese lantern falling into it. The fire was extinguished before any serious damage was done. Mr. Crozier started for home, but lost control of his boat in some way, and in the mixup, he struck Mr. Stevens' boat, damaging it considerably.

Had the fire in Mr. Crozier's boat not been discovered when it was, a terrible conflagration might have resulted as a number of boats were tied up at the island and close to Mr. Beecher's boathouse. The boats and the boathouse contained more or less inflammable material.

Miss Irene Wood was taken to the hospital on Monday.

Outlet

Sept. 3.—Some of the farmers have their threshing done, while others, owing to so much wet weather, still have their grain and some hay in the fields yet.

A number of the farmers in this locality got 17 1/2c per pound when they shipped their hogs on Friday, because they had sold before the price dropped to 15c.

Mr. George Bryan and son Ford and Mr. Winford Wright of Lansdowne, spent Thursday on the lake here.

Dr. W. Steacy, of New York City, has returned and is spending a short time with his family at their island home.

Glad indeed were the many friends of Rev. Richard Steacy, son of Mr. John E. Steacy, when he reached the home of his childhood one day last week. Rev. Mr. Steacy went overseas some time ago and will be able to tell us many things about the

war, which will make it more interesting, coming from an eye witness whom we have known from boyhood.

Mrs. Lola Johnson and son, Max, were guests of Mrs. Edward Vanderburg on Monday.

Preparations are being made for the annual camp meeting here which will begin on Sept. 9, and will continue until the 16th.

Junetown

Sept. 11.—Miss Maud Avery, who has been spending the summer holidays at her home here, returned to Toronto on Monday to resume her duties as teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fitzsimmons, Brockville, were here last week visiting the latter's sister, Mrs. A. B. and Mrs. R. K. Ferguson.

School reopened on Tuesday with Miss Agnes Price, Mountain Grove, as teacher.

Mrs. Edwin Summers, Mallorytown, and Mrs. Wm. Summers, Lansdowne, spent part of last week with the former's daughter, Mrs. John A. Herbison.

Mrs. Henry Hagerman, Athens, was visiting relatives here one day last week.

Mr. Sam Weeks, who has been on a visit to his sister, Mrs. Walter Purvis, left on Friday for his home in St. Catharines.

Messrs. Arthur and Francis Fortune were in Toronto last week attending the Exhibition.

Miss Cassie L. Tennant, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives in Brockville.

Mr. and Mrs. Merton Mellow, of Sandhurst, motored here on Saturday, and spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. John A. Herbison.

Miss Alma Tennant, Caintown, spent the week-end at Mr. Eli Tennant's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Herbison and their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Merton Mellow motored to Prescott one day last week and spent the day.

Miss Gertrude Scott is attending the Kingston Model School.

Miss Alma Purvis is spending a few days in Brockville with Mrs. S. D. Ferguson.

Mrs. James Herbison is visiting relatives at Redwood, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Burton Wright and little daughter Margaret of Brockville were recent visitors at Mr. John Herbison's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Warren and their grandson, Master Donald Warren, are spending a few days in Athens with their daughter, Mrs. Walton Sheffield.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

Sapper James H. Mattice
Information has been received by relatives at Plum Hollow that Sapper James H. Mattice has been wounded during the recent severe fighting, with shrapnel in the right arm.

Pte. Robt. S. Hughes
An official telegram received last week informed Miss E. M. Earl, Athens, that Pte. Robert Samuel Hughes 811005 of the infantry, is officially reported killed in action on August 22.

Private Morton Barber
Official notification was received here last week that 640141, Pte. Morton Dowsley Barber, of a First Division Eastern Ontario Battalion, was admitted on August 31 to the County of Middlesex War Hospital, Nafsbury, St. Alban's, Enbland, suffering from a gunshot wound in the elbow. Pte. Barber enlisted in the 156th Battalion last year and secured his training at Barriefield Camp and at Witley, England. In May last he was drafted to the original Eastern Ontario Battalion on the firing line.

Gassed.
A message was recently received by relatives in Gananoque advising that Archie Crawford had been gassed and was in the 11th General Hospital, Camiers. He has been in France over a year, having spent last summer on the Somme and since Easter on Vimy Ridge. Charlie Davidson is with him in the 3rd Canadian Siege Battery, and as far as is known, is well.

Other Losses
Wounded: Pte. Benjamin Yates, Toledo.

SURROGATE COURT NEWS

Probate of the will of Charlotte Maria Wiltse, Athens, married woman, has been granted to Phillip Hollingsworth, Athens. T. R. Beale, solicitor.

Administration of the personal estate of Mary Jane Gibson, Bastard, has been granted to W. Oswell Nichols as nominee of William Gibson, a brother of the deceased.

Probate of the will of Annie E. Randolph, late of South Crosby, widow, has been granted to Hiram S. Davison, of South Crosby, farmer, the executor. M. M. Brown, solicitor.

BURNS—WEBSTER

Miss Anna May Webster, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Webster, Tilley, was united in marriage to Mr. Gordon Burns, of Warburton, on Wednesday of last week, September 5, by Rev. Mr. Leech, at the Methodist parsonage, Escott, and left for Toronto by the afternoon train from Gananoque Junction.

MALLORY—MALLORY

Mr. Jacob M. Mallory, Gananoque, was married at the East End parsonage, Gananoque, on Monday of last week, to Mrs. Clara M. Mallory, Brockville. They went to Montreal on a wedding trip. Mr. Mallory returned to Gananoque Thursday, while Mrs. Mallory stopped over in Brockville for a few days.

SHIELDS—GRAY

On Wednesday, September 5, at the Presbyterian manse in Lansdowne, Rev. I. N. Beckstedt performed the ceremony that united Mabel Lila, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gray, of Wilstead, to Mr. Thomas Shields, of Lansdowne. The bride, who was attired in blue taffeta silk, was assisted by her sister, Della, in silk poplin, while Mr. Veri DeWolfe supported the groom. The groom's gift to the bride was a bracelet watch, to the bridesmaid, a pearl brooch, and to the groomsmen a watch chain with knife pendant. Following the ceremony, the happy couple motored to Gananoque Junction and took the fast train for Toronto. On their return, they will take up residence near Lansdowne.

ROGERS—WILTSE

At the home of John Wiltse, Escott, on September 4, at 6.30, his youngest daughter, Miss Mary, was married to Mr. Joseph A. Rogers, eldest son of Mr. Joseph R. Rogers, of Rockport. After the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. W. G. Bradford, of Mallorytown, in the presence of the families of the bride and groom, refreshments were served and amidst the best wishes of the friends, the happy couple left for Montreal and eastern points. They will reside at Rockport. They are both popular among their many friends.

PATIENCE—DONEVAN

A pretty wedding took place in St. Brendan's church, Rockport, at nine o'clock on Monday morning September 3, when Margaret Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mrs. Bridget Donevan, Escott, was united in marriage to Philip, eldest son of Mrs. Susan Patience, of Lansdowne. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Cullinane.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her brother, was attired in black silk. She was attended by Miss Molly Gavin, of Brockville, as bridesmaid, gowned in pale blue silk. Donald Patience, brother of the groom, did the duties of best man. Music was rendered by Mrs. L. P. Gavin.

After the ceremony, the bridal party, accompanied by Rev. Father Cullinane and a number of relatives, motored to the home of the bride's mother, where a sumptuous wedding breakfast awaited about thirty-five guests. The tables were beautifully decorated with flowers. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold bracelet, to the bridesmaid, a gold brooch, and to the groomsmen, gold suff links. The other beautiful presents received testify to the high esteem in which Mr. and Mrs. Patience are held by their many friends. The happy couple left in the afternoon for a short honeymoon trip to New York, carrying with them the very best wishes of a host of friends. Upon their return, they will reside on the groom's farm in Taylor, where he has a home in readiness for his bride.

OSBORNE—CHATEM

Montreal Star, Sept. 1.—At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Chesterfield Chatem, Old Orchard Avenue, Notre Dame de Grace, this morning, the marriage is taking place of their daughter, Flossie May, to Mr. Frederick John Osborne, of Montreal, eldest son of Mr. John Green Osborne, of Sydney, Australia. Roses, palms, and ferns will form an effective decoration in the drawing-room where the ceremony will be performed by the Rev. A. D. Mackenzie, pastor of St. Luke's Presbyterian church, at half-past ten o'clock. The bride, who will be given away by her father, will wear a gown of embroidered Brussels net over white satin, with tulle veil arranged with a bandeau of pearls, and will carry a shower bouquet of roses and maiden hair fern. Her only attendant will be her little niece, Miss Laurel Soper, as flower girl, wearing a white Organdy frock and carrying a basket of pink sweet peas, and the best man will be Mr. Eric Lea-Jones. Mr. Osborne and his bride are going to Charleston Lake, Ontario.

TAKES LIFE WITH RAZOR

Mrs. Byron Beale Commits Suicide at Farm West of Athens

In a pool of blood from a throat slashed with a razor, Mrs. Byron Beale, who had been suffering from depression brought on by ill-health, was found at seven o'clock Wednesday night by her little son, and expired a few minutes later. She was 41 years of age. Coroner Harding, of Brockville, after making an investigation, decided that an inquest was not necessary. The funeral was held Friday morning at the house, interment being made at Oak Leaf. Mind Affected.

For a year, Mrs. Beale had suffered from ill-health, caused by a goitre slowly growing inwardly. Within the last six months, she was a patient at St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, in Brockville; but her disease could not be remedied. Returning to the farm, which is five miles west of Athens in the township of Rear Yonge, she again took up her household duties; but the ever-increasing effects of the insidious disease unbalanced her mind, and caused her to take her own life.

Carefully watched, as she was, her perverted brain found a means of ridding herself of attendants. Her husband for a few days had secreted his razor in the pocket of his coat so that the sight of would not suggest a line of action to his sick wife. That day, he hung the coat up, and she took the razor from the case. He, on redonning the garment felt the case, and went about his work, the children in the meantime staying with Mrs. Beale.

Contemplating the Act.
After the evening meal, and the end of a busy day, for he threshers were expected soon, Mrs. Beale looked up from a letter she was reading, and said to her son, "Look where those cows are going; you had better look after them and turn them in."

So the boy, who was alone with her, put the cattle on the right path and went on with them to pasture.

Takes Her Life.
It was at this juncture that Mrs. Beale, taking the razor in her hand, went to the back of a shed at the rear of the house, and slashed her throat so that she fell on her hands and knees, blood gushing out and forming a big pool on the ground.

Her husband returned to the house; and his wife was not there. After a hasty but futile search, neighbors were called up; but none of them had seen her.

Later, on a resumption of the search, the lad came upon his mother; and his father approaching, thought at first that she was suffering from a weak spell. A closer view, however, told him the truth; the razor was in her left hand. The father and son, together with a neighbor, sought to assist her to the house; but after a few steps, the woman expired.

No Inquest.
Dr. Harte, arriving from Athens, found that medical assistance was useless. He telephoned Coroner Harding of Brockville, who motored to the farm and investigated the tragedy. An inquest would not be necessary, he said.

Native of Scotland
Born in Scotland 41 years ago, deceased came to Canada at the age of 14, and was reared in Lansdowne. She married Mr. Beale in 1896. Two children, besides her husband, Jennie and Herbert, survive.

Benefit of Birds.
Sparrows, robins, blackbirds, and other migratory birds are sometimes considered a nuisance, but since the war began, owing to gun fire, some sixty varieties have quit visiting England. As a consequence, several kinds of insects and maggots have multiplied by the thousands, endangering crops.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.
After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Zutoo
Cures headache in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c per box.

Children Cry for Fletcher's
CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Columbia Records
85c up  85c up
Double Discs
The Best of Music on The Best of Records

FOR SALE BY
W. B. PERCIVAL

Suits and Overcoats Made - to - Measure

Our new Fall and Winter Samples for Suits and Overcoats are all in. We are showing an extra large range of English and Scotch Tweeds, the newest shades and patterns. We are in good position to take your special order and make up to your individual measure any style suit or overcoat you like.

It is none too early to come in and leave your measure now for your fall and winter coat or overcoat. Do not wait, for prices are advancing, almost every day. Order early, get the best and first choice of patterns, take advantage of the lower prices. We will deliver it whenever you want it.

Suits and Overcoats \$18.00 Up

Globe Clothing House
Brockville, Ontario

LUMBER

Now on hand, a stock of plank and dimension lumber suitable for general building purposes and a quantity of rough sheeting lumber. Any order for building material will be filled on short notice. Present stock includes a quantity of

FOUNDATION TIMBER SILLS, SLEEPERS, ETC.
A large quantity of slabs and fire-wood.
F. Blancher
ATHENS
Reporter Advertisements Bring Results.

At Warburton on September 2, there was a reunion of several members of the Steacy family. Col. the Rev. R. H. Steacy, C.M.G., on leave from England was greeted by Mrs. Ed. Fair, Athens; Mrs. W. E. Webb, Gananoque; Dr. W. E. Steacy, New York. Mrs. Fair was accompanied by her son Steacy.

New Drive-Way.
Mr. W. G. Parish has regravelled the drive-way from the street to his garage with asbestos gravel, a gray mass of small chipped rock which has great path-making properties.

Fire from Traction Engine.
Over a thousand bushels of grain and a barn were consumed by fire yesterday afternoon when sparks from a threshing engine started a blaze on the Benedict farm at Plum Hollow, tenanted by Joseph Chant. Two stacks of grain were destroyed as well as the threshing separator. The barn was the property of Elwood Jackson. A loss of this nature is very discouraging, and Mr. Chant has the sympathy of the district.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EVERY

TUESDAY

UNTIL OCTOBER 30TH

"ALL RAIL"—also by

THURSDAY'S STEAMER

"Great Lakes Routes"
(Season Navigation)

Your Future Is in the West.

The fertile prairies have put Western Canada on the map. There are still thousands of acres waiting for the man who wants a home and prosperity. Take advantage of low rates, and travel via

Canadian Pacific

Information from Ticket Offices:
141-145 St. James St., Phone M.
3125, Windsor Hotel and Place Vigor
stations.

GEO. E. McGLADE

City Passenger Agent
Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph
Office, 52 King St.

A Fitting Answer.

Reading that an Uxbridge clergyman has a horse with a record of 2.30, the Signal Hill Sage wanted to know what business a minister of the gospel had with such a racer. The answer of The Journal is to the point Sure enough if he had to cover two or three appointments or go on a sick call let him use a sedate old plug that can carry him at a dignified pace of four miles an hour. A farmer may use a car to rush to market, a doctor should fly to the physically sick, but soul-saving is regarded as a leisurely business by many even who are not sages. —Orillia Packet.

Rates of Advertising.

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If you are thinking of taking a course at the Brockville Business College, call at the Reporter office. We can save you money on tuition.

Purely Personal

Miss Mildred Hickey has taken Washburn's school for the coming year.

Miss Abbie Judson, of Napanee, has been a guest for the past week of Miss Irene Earl.

Mrs. W. E. Smythe, of Toronto, is a guest of her mother, Mrs. Geo. Derbyshire.

Miss Carrie Covey left his week for Rochester where her brother, Mr. S. B. Covey resides.

Mrs. T. J. Dunn, of Brockville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Morford Arnold.

Miss Mamie Lee has been working in the office of Mr. Joseph Thompson for a few days. She left this morning for Syracuse.

Miss Merrill Rahmer leaves this week for Ottawa to attend Normal school.

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—A new lot of extension ladders just arrived. Any length may be secured. Fred Judson, Athens.

Fell Several Feet to Barn Floor.
Lafayette Washburne is recovering from the effects of a fall of several feet in his barn. No bones were broken in the fall, but he was badly bruised.

RETURNS FROM THE WEST

After an absence of several weeks in the Canadian West, Mr. H. H. Arnold returned this week to Athens. In conversation with the Reporter, he said that the wheat crop is below the average, but that the high price will give the farmer as much as he gets in an average year. Threshing has been commenced in Saskatchewan, while Manitoba is further advanced. On the trip home, in the vicinity of Cochrane, New Ontario, a blizzard was encountered which lasted for an hour. This is very early for snow.

"Does the western farmer lead a lonely life? No," he said. "In the Meridian district, in Saskatchewan where my son Charles is homesteading, farmers have telephones and rural mail delivery. Glen Ewen, a village of 500 population, is fifteen miles distant and farmers all have automobiles. They get the Winnipeg daily papers often on the day they are printed." Speaking of water, he said that wells are sunk through the clay for 300 feet or more, and gasoline engines are used for pumping.

In the winter, the western farmer does little but look after his stock. He almost hibernates. Alberta has not the excessive cold of Saskatchewan and Manitoba.



Vision Your Sons, Mothers of Canada!

Vision them at early morning when through the rising mists, there bursts a hurricane of fire---

See your valiant boys---calm, grim, but cheerful, "stand-to-arms" until the Hun's "morning hate" dies away.

Picture them at breakfast, the meal that must bring them the bodily sustenance to carry them through the strain of another day.

Then think what might happen if, one morning, there was no breakfast ---no food, and word went down the lines that Canada had failed them.

Vision all these things, and then--- as Women of Canada --- Mothers of Men---Answer this Call to Service.

Canada must send to Her Own, and to the Allies Fighting Forces, more wheat, more beef, more bacon, and more of such other foods as are non-perishable and easily exported.

Canada can do this without depriving her own population of a fair share of any of these foods if You Women will but help.

All we ask of you is, that instead of buying so much white flour (if you do your own baking) you vary your baking by using one-third oatmeal, corn, barley or rye flour. Or, if you buy your bread, that you order a certain proportion of brown bread each day.

Second, instead of using as much beef and bacon as formerly, you vary your family's diet, by substituting for beef and bacon such equally nutritious foods as fish, peas, lentils, potatoes, nuts, bananas, etc.

Third, and this is most important, ---positively prevent the waste of a single ounce of food in your household.

They Must Be Fed

Statistics show that, everyday, in Canada, sufficient food is thrown into garbage cans to feed the entire Canadian Overseas Army.

Travellers have often remarked that many a European family would live well upon the quantity and quality of food wasted in some Canadian homes.

Such waste is shameful at any time; but in these times it is criminal.

Our only hope is that with these truths before you, and in view of the vital issues at stake, we may count upon your earnest co-operation in stopping this appalling waste; and in substituting other foods for the wheat, beef and bacon that must be sent overseas.

Next week a Food Service Pledge and Window Card will be delivered to you. It is your Dedication to War Service. The Window Card is your Emblem of Honour.

Woman's Auxiliary, Organization of Resources Committee, in Co-operation with The Hon. W. J. Hanna, Food Controller.

Sign The Food Service Pledge

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The fertile prairies have put Western Canada on the map. There are still thousands of acres waiting for the man who wants a home and prosperity. Take advantage of low rates, and travel via

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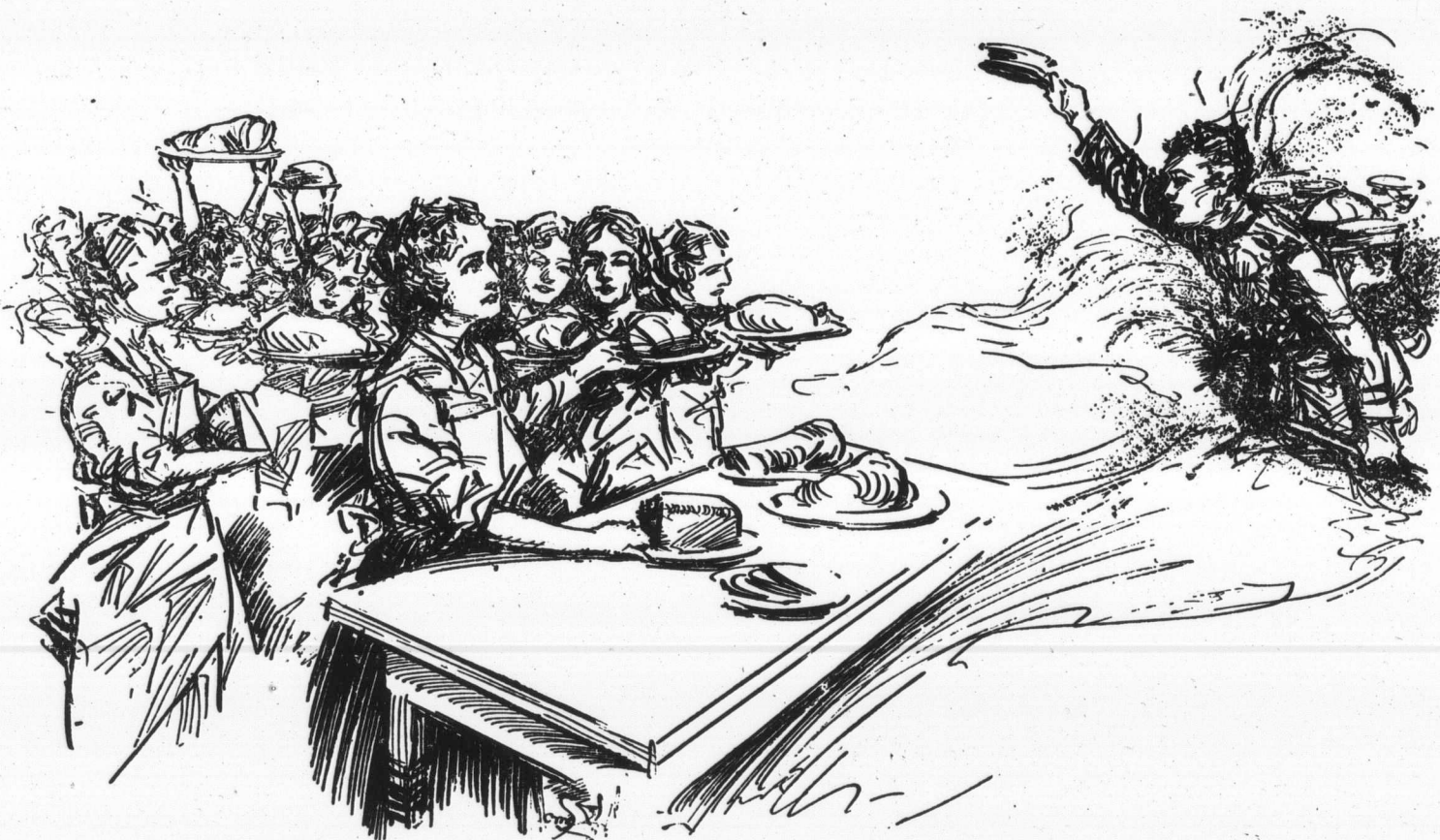
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Vision Your Sons, Mothers of Canada!

Vision them at early morning when through the rising mists, there bursts a hurricane of fire---
See your valiant boys---calm, grim, but cheerful, "stand-to-arms" until the Hun's "morning hate" dies away.
Picture them at breakfast, the meal that must bring them the bodily sustenance to carry them through the strain of another day.
Then think what might happen if, one morning, there was no breakfast ---no food, and word went down the lines that Canada had failed them.
Vision all these things, and then--- as Women of Canada---Mothers of Men---Answer this Call to Service.
Canada must send to Her Own, and to the Allies Fighting Forces, more wheat, more beef, more bacon, and more of such other foods as are non-perishable and easily exported.

Canada can do this without depriving her own population of a fair share of any of these foods if You Women will but help.
All we ask of you is, that instead of buying so much white flour (if you do your own baking) you vary your baking by using one-third oatmeal, corn, barley or rye flour. Or, if you buy your bread, that you order a certain proportion of brown bread each day.
Second, instead of using as much beef and bacon as formerly, you vary your family's diet, by substituting for beef and bacon such equally nutritious foods as fish, peas, lentils, potatoes, nuts, bananas, etc.
Third, and this is most important, ---positively prevent the waste of a single ounce of food in your household.

They Must Be Fed

Statistics show that, everyday, in Canada, sufficient food is thrown into garbage cans to feed the entire Canadian Overseas Army.
Travellers have often remarked that many a European family would live well upon the quantity and quality of food wasted in some Canadian homes.
Such waste is shameful at any time; but in these times it is criminal.

Our only hope is that with these truths before you, and in view of the vital issues at stake, we may count upon your earnest co-operation in stopping this appalling waste; and in substituting other foods for the wheat, beef and bacon that must be sent overseas.
Next week a Food Service Pledge and Window Card will be delivered to you. It is your Dedication to War Service. The Window Card is your Emblem of Honour.

Woman's Auxiliary, Organization of Resources Committee, in Co-operation with The Hon. W. J. Hanna, Food Controller.

Sign The Food Service Pledge

—A new lot of extension ladders just arrived. Any length may be secured. Fred Judson, Athens.
Fell Several Feet to Barn Floor.
Lafayette Washburne is recovering from the effects of a fall of several feet in his barn. No bones were broken in the fall, but he was badly bruised.
RETURNS FROM THE WEST
After an absence of several weeks in the Canadian West, Mr. H. H. Arnold returned this week to Athens. In conversation with the Reporter, he said that the wheat crop is below the average, but that the high price will give the farmer as much as he gets in an average year. Threshing has been commenced in Saskatchewan, while Manitoba is further advanced. On the trip home, in the vicinity of Cochrane, New Ontario, a blizzard was encountered which lasted for an hour. This is very early for snow.
"Does the western farmer lead a lonely life? No," he said. "In the Meridian district, in Saskatchewan where my son Charles is homesteading, farmers have telephones and rural mail delivery. Glen Ewen, a village of 500 population, is fifteen miles distant and farmers all have automobiles. They get the Winnipeg daily papers often on the day they are printed." Speaking of water, he said that wells are sunk through the clay for 300 feet or more, and gasoline engines are used for pumping.
In the winter, the western farmer does little but look after his stock. He almost hibernates. Alberta has not the excessive cold of Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Lesson XII. Sept. 16, 1917.

The Fiery Furnace.—Daniel 3: 1-20.

Commentary.—I. A call to image worship disregarded (vs. 1-12). It is probable that the time of Nebuchadnezzar's erection of the great image here mentioned was upon his return from the conquest of western Asia and Egypt, and his purpose was to celebrate his great victories. It is likely that the king thought that a public act of this kind would unify the various peoples of his world-empire, since all would do reverence to the same god. The image erected was ninety feet high and nine feet in width, but this may be supposed to include a pedestal from thirty to forty feet in height. The Colossus of Rhodes was fifteen feet higher than this image, and the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor is three hundred and six feet high, including the pedestal. Nebuchadnezzar's image was in all probability a representation of the chief god of Babylon, Bel Merodach, but it may have been an image of the king himself. The image was of gold, that is, covered with gold, for it is scarcely to be supposed that it was of solid gold, since it has been estimated that an image of that size would contain two billion dollars' worth of the precious metal. Some have fixed the site of the image at a point six or seven miles below Babylon, where there is a solid structure, which may have been the pedestal of the image. Strict orders were sent to all the officers of the kingdom to be present at the dedication of the image, and all the people, of whatever language, were commanded to fall down to worship it, if any failed to comply, they were to be burned alive.

II. A noble answer (vs. 13-15). The king became violently enraged at the three Hebrews, entirely overlooking their excellence and their great service to the nation; but the hasty temper of the Oriental is proverbial, and we must let this stand as an explanation of his senseless anger. These Hebrews were three of the four who had received special training for the king's service, and who had refrained from defiling themselves with the king's meat and wine (Dan. 1: 8). The absence of Daniel from this narrative is variously explained. He may have been on government business in some remote part of the kingdom. Perhaps he was in such a high position that he was not included in the king's decree. It may be that although he was present and failed to bow the knee, no one reported him, his three companions being the chief objects of the people's envy. The three were brought before the king and questioned by him. He thought it incredible that any one should refuse to obey his edict, and he offered them another opportunity. If, however, they should fail then to fall down before the image, they would be cast into a burning fiery furnace. Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego. For the significance of these names and the Hebrew names these youths bore, see notes on verses 1-7 of the preceding lesson. They knew the import of the royal decree, and were not surprised at the threat made by the king. They had already weighed the consequences of a refusal and were prepared to accept them. We are not careful. "We have no need." R. V. There was no anxiety on their part in this matter. In fact, their conduct had already indicated the course they would pursue. If it be so, our God is able to deliver us. The Hebrews were certain that, if the king's threat was carried out and they were cast into the burning fiery furnace, God was able to deliver them even from that. They were assured that the king would have no power over them as against Jehovah's power. They were perfectly secure in God's hands. 18. But if no—Even if God should not see fit to deliver them.

III. A Miraculous Deliverance (vs. 16-20). Form of his vision was countenance indicated fierce anger more. "Seven times more." Seven times that the furnace should be made as hot as possible. The order showed that the king was "full of fury." There was plenty of fuel at hand, as wood and pitch, to carry out the order. It is not known what was the form of the furnace used on this occasion. In the catacombs at Rome there are pictures which represent the three Hebrews in a furnace with the whole top open and with doors in the sides below. The flames are leaping above the top of the furnace around the Hebrews. Another suggestion is that the furnace was a pit with an opening at the top and one at the side, something like a smelting furnace. 20. Mighty men—Either men possessed of high rank or men possessed of great strength. 21. Bound.—The Hebrews were bound with fetters, presumably of metal, to insure against their escape. Coats—hosen—"Coats" is the long undergarment, "hosen" is the cape that was thrown over the head and shoulders for protection from the sun.—Tristram. 22. Slew those men.—The fact that the King's officers suffered death from the intense heat outside the furnace is a proof of the miraculous nature of the preservation of the Hebrews within the furnace. 23. Fell down bound.—They were cast in through the opening at the top, and being bound, were unable at first to walk. 24. The king was astonished.—"Astonied" is the old form of the word "astonished." He evidently was sitting where he could view the proceedings and was alarmed at the sight of the three men unbound and walking in the furnace, and a fourth person with them. 25. Like the Son of God.—"Like a son of the gods."—R. V. As Nebuchadnezzar knew that no ordinary person could survive such a heat, he supposed the fourth form must be that of some deity. He knew nothing of Christ, so he surely could not have intended to say it was he. 26. Came and said.—The king's fury had given place to astonishment, and astonishment was giving place to admiring interest. Servants of the most high God.—An acknowledgment of the pos-

ATTRACTIVE EXHIBIT OF GRAIN AND ROOT CROPS

The Making of an Attractive Exhibit Lies Chiefly in the Hands of Those Who Prepare It.

BY W. J. SQUIRREL.

The display of agricultural products at exhibitions held throughout Canada has long been part of the propaganda work in agricultural education. The value of any agricultural exhibit depends almost entirely on the preparation of the material and the exhibiting of this in such a manner that it be attractive to the eye and its educational features readily available without too much study by the public. Undoubtedly the preparing of material is by far the larger part of the work in connection with exhibits. It should not be forgotten either that with every agricultural exhibit, a certain amount of material is required for decorative purposes. This material does not, as a rule, fit into the general scheme of education. However, the material used for decoration requires the same care in preparation as does the material which would more properly be called educational material.

MAKING A SIX-INCH SHEAF. Grains exhibited in the sheaf are always attractive and very often make up the chief class of agricultural material shown. It is very important that all material of this class be thoroughly dried before using. Wheat, oats and barley to be exhibited in the sheaf should be cut between the period when they commence to turn yellow and the time when they would be ripe. If cut at this stage, the grain possesses a greater elasticity of straw than when cut at any earlier or later period. After cutting it should be



What could be more pleasing than this head of O.A.C. No. 27 Barley. Note how carefully it has been prepared.

bleached in the sun for a period of from ten to fourteen days. Exposure of these grains in the straw in a cold frame is a method often employed. With the large amount of straw and moisture present in grain crops this year, fourteen days would not be any too long for the bleaching period. At the end of this bleaching period stripping off the outer straw and exhibiting only the bright inner straw will give much to the appearance of the sheaves. This may be accomplished by ringing round straws at the joints or nodes with a jack knife, when the outer sheath is easily removed. The size of sheaf will, of course, depend much on the size of the exhibit. A thousand heads of wheat, barley or oats in the straw, make a sheaf of about six inches in diameter at the smallest part, and nearly one foot in diameter at the butt. The most imposing and important part of the sheaf is, of course, the head. Many exhibitors make the mistake of cutting each of the straws the same length, and the head consequently square across the top. This is not only unsightly, but often results in many of the heads breaking over when tied. The accompanying photos show sheaves with heads properly shaped. It will be noted that the longest straw is that in the centre, the outside of the sheaf gradually sloping away from the centre.

TYING IS IMPORTANT. When preparing especially large sheaves it is often a good plan to make it of a number of smaller ones. This may be done by sloping the head

of the sheaf as in the former case, using small sheaves in the operation as individual straws. The sheaf is then finished off by ringing around the outside two or three layers of individual straws and heads, giving the whole the appearance of a solid sheaf. The above method is especially suitable when the grain is over-ripe and the straw brittle.

The tying of the sheaf is by no means the least important part of its preparation. The average length of sheaf will require to be tied in at least three places, and barley will generally keep its shape better if tied in four places. The first tie should be about four inches below the heads, the second about the centre of the sheaf, and the third about six inches from the butt.

The appearance of many sheaves is spoiled by tying them with red and ordinary string or twine. Red or blue ribbon about one-half inch wide for tying material makes a nice contrast to the golden yellow of the straw, and will add much to the appearance of the sheaf.

Cutting the butt of squarely at the bottom produces a nice trim sheaf. This may be accomplished by laying the sheaf, after being properly tied, on a board or table and removing the ends with a large pair of scissors. The butts of large sheaves will need to be cut off in sections; in such cases the operator starts at the top of the sheaf.

Only straight straw should be used for this work. It should be of good average length and the heads should be of good size and filled with plump grain. In all cases sheaves should be representative of the variety in the exhibit.

The well-prepared sheaves should be safely packed for despatch to place of exhibition. Careless packing of sheaves will result in a ragged sheaf exhibit. The man who is a regular exhibitor of sheaves at exhibitions usually has boxes built to house this material. These special boxes require less packing material and there is less room for the sheaves to shake about when in transit. Excelsior or old newspapers, pieces of burlap, etc., all make suitable material.

While the display of sheaves at our exhibitions is each year becoming more important, it cannot yet be said that these occupy as great a space as the shelled grain. Many a ready good shelled grain exhibit is spoiled because it lacks the one great essential—uniformity—not only of amount shown, receptacles in which exhibited, but uniformity of product as well. Grain for exhibition purposes should be well ripened, as it is only when grain is thoroughly ripened that it takes on its best color and has the best general appearance. Besides possessing these two characteristics, shelled grain should be true to variety and free from weed seeds of all kinds, as well as other grains, dirt or chaff, etc. It is possible to get these conditions in shelled grain if the best section of the field (which of course must be thoroughly clean) after being well ripened, is threshed separately, thoroughly fanned with a good fanning mill, and then possibly further improved by means of hand sieves. It is not uncommon to-day to see, shown at some of our best exhibitions, considerable quantities of hand-picked seed.

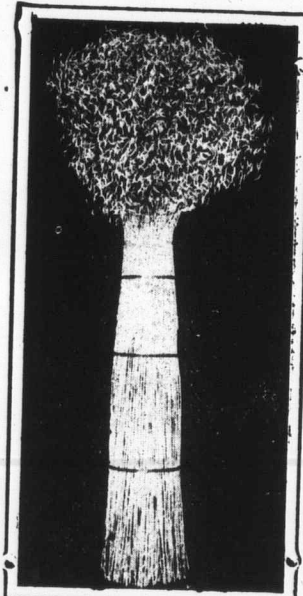
It should not be forgotten that the best shelled grain, straw and grain in the head are most likely to be found in those fields which have been sown a little less per acre than the average. Care should also be taken to avoid selecting those portions of the field which are at all injured by rust or smut. These fungus diseases will not only spoil the appearance of the shelled grain, the straw and the heads, but are a possible source of injury to other exhibits.

SECURING ROOTS FOR EXHIBITION.

At the period of the year when some exhibitions are held, it is difficult to get weeds and fall turnips far enough advanced for display purposes. The exhibitor has, therefore, to depend largely for his root material on the mangel, sugar beet and carrot crops. Mangels in themselves make a nice root exhibit, as it is possible in this class of roots to get four distinct shapes, long, intermediate, tankard and globe. Besides this difference of shape, two different colors, red and yellow, are common in different mangel varieties. Some kinds of mangels have the actual characteristics of prongy

roots and especially is this true of the long red type. In selecting this type, therefore, care should be taken to eliminate, as far as possible, this objectionable feature. The same fault is also found in sugar mangels, although to a lesser extent. There is a tendency to-day at most exhibitions to sacrifice something in size for the sake of better quality in the roots. This last condition, too, has resulted in a root of a more uniform shape being shown. There seems to be no good reason to support the position of the man who in the past exhibited extremely large roots, as this is not the root which produces the most per acre, nor is it the root which possesses the best quality.

Roots for show should be sound, free from disease, of good size for the variety, true to shape and color of the variety or class which they represent, and, as far as possible, should be smooth in outline. They should be of good quality, indicated by firmness—not hollow or spongy. The appearance of any class of root will be improved by trimming off the prongy or small rootlets at the tip, and by removing the tops as close as possible to the root. In mangels and sugar beets it is best to twist off the tops to prevent bleeding. In turnips the tops may be removed with a knife which causes no injury to the roots. It requires less care to pack roots for shipment than grains. They should however, be packed in such a manner that they will not be broken or the skin removed by rubbing against one another.



Such a head of Oats as shown here is always attractive. The variety is O. A. C. No. 72.

DON'T TIE GRASSES TOO TIGHT.

As has been intimated in the first part of this article, the blending and contrasting of colors is necessary if the exhibit is to be attractive. The use of fodder plants, especially of grasses and clovers, will provide this color material better perhaps than any other class of crops. Grasses should be cut just after coming into full head, and clovers at a little later period. They should then be thoroughly dried, but not bleached in the sun like grain in the straw. A very satisfactory way to do this is to bring the fodder material in as soon as cut and spread it out thinly on the exhibit shed, or in some covered building, sheltered from the sun and rain, but where there is a good air draught.

This class of material gives better satisfaction if tied in smaller bundles than grain sheaves. Owing to the larger amount of moisture which is present in the grass or clover bundles, even when thoroughly dried, they require to be more loosely tied than grains. If too tightly tied the heads will break down. The shaping up of heads and packing is much the same for grasses as for grains. Clovers require extreme care in packing, because of the ease with which the leaves drop off. In order that the educational features of the exhibit should be as prominent as possible, all fodder material used should be correctly labelled. As some of the grasses and clovers are known by more than one common name, the scientific name is usually mentioned as well.

—The Canadian Countryman.

III. Exalted the name of God. Solely on account of their adherence to the divine cause were the three Hebrews cast into the burning fiery furnace. Firm and decided for Jehovah, they approached the eventful hour. Their example was a sermon on heroic piety and invincible fortitude. They conducted themselves with discretion, composure and presence of mind, with confidence, with steadfastness and with uprightness. They did not covet martyrdom or persecution. They gave no willing offence. The king was first to perceive that his fury and the doom he had decreed were frustrated. The three Hebrews were seen to walk unharmed in the flames, accompanied by the presence of One who seemed to have them under his protection. Nothing was consumed but their bonds, which stigmatized them as criminals. They honored God before the world and he especially honored them. Their deliverance produced a deep public impression. The impious ambition of the monarch was checked. The faith of the weak and wavering was confirmed. The welfare of the captive Jews was effectually promoted. The deliverance of those faithful servants of the Most High bore testimony to their integrity and secured their promotion in the kingdom. T. R. A.

The Original Macaroni.

Macaroni, which is now being strongly recommended as a cheap and sustaining food, is not at all what its name implies, for maccheroni, as Italians spell it, means a mixture, and at first was one, the ingredients being butter, cheese and flour. But to-day macaroni is the name for the familiar tubes which are compounded of hard Italian wheat and water alone. It was therefore from the original meaning of the word that macaroni poetry, in which Latin is blended with a vernacular, derived its name.—London Chronicle.

SUNDAY AT HOME

A GUIDING STAR.

Confess the error of your way And bury the dead past. Uplift your thoughts to higher plane And stick until the last. Don't think of what you might have been. But be just what you are; Let honesty of purpose be Your future guiding star. Sing Sing No. 66458 in "The Star of Hope."

BEHOLD HOW HE LOVED.

He died for all—Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends. He—lives to make intercession for them—I go to prepare a place for you. I will come again, and receive you unto myself; that where I am, there ye may be also.—Father, I will that they also, whom thou hast given me, be with me where I am.—Having loved his own which were in the world, he loved them unto the end. We love him, because he first loved us.—The love of Christ constraineth us; because we thus judge, that if one died for all, then were all dead; and that he died for all, that they which live should not henceforth live unto themselves, but unto him which died for them, and rose again. If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide in his love.

ONE.

A congregation of one is my supreme, absorbing and satisfying study. He who did not refuse the presence of one, Nichodemus by night, the women of Samaria by day, the thief on the cross, and Mary at the tomb, doth not refuse one, nay, brings the most delightful moments of my life, as He helps me to minister to one. Him I discern, with Him I suffer concern, by an educated abnegation I make no request, and thereby I am open to receive, and do actually receive, the most surprising and joyful indications of His most gracious helpfulness. Is this a spiritual partnership? Him first and most, and best; Him near, and dear, and interwined; fibre folded in fibre, that the dissecting knife cannot cut without destroying both. Where are the words to help me here? I need the alphabet of the stars, and then have only words; Who can draw a diagram of the doings of Christ in you, or give a programme of the glory that is to follow?

A congregation of one. Havs we ever any more than one? Is not all ministry the contact of personality on personality? It must be so. This is the way God works with man. The highest type of grace in the human heart emphasizes an immediate awareness of God, in direct and intimate consciousness of the Divine Presence. His religion in its most acute and living stage. There have been in all ages, religious geniuses who have been made aware of a realm of reality on a higher level than that which is revealed by the senses. A congregation of one. This is the way man works on man; some are moved by fear, some by hope, some by beauty; some are overshadowed by dreams, by storms, by unspeakable visitations of God.

If ten men are converted in one church, by one man, at one time, it is not one act of the Holy Ghost lumping the ten together, but ten distinct, sovereign, peculiar acts of revelation. Where art thou, what thinkest thou, who art thou? The majestic stillness of the Divine Presence is not enough; God is an activity, moves, breaks, mends, builds; all his is personal work on persons, secret, sacred, solemnly alone. "Hast thou faith? Have it to thyself before God." "Rest, which the weary know; Shade, mid the noontide glow; Peace, when deep griefs overflow; We know no dawn but Thine; Send forth Thy beams divine On our dark souls to shine. And make us blest."

—H. T. Miller.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Table listing various market items such as Apples, Blueberries, Currants, etc., with their respective prices.

Table listing meat and whole-sale items such as Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc., with their respective prices.

Table listing sugar market items such as Local wholesale quotations on Canadian refined sugar, etc.

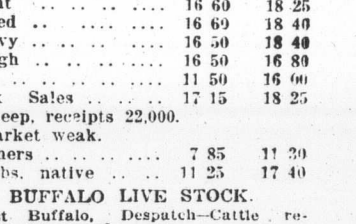
Table listing Toronto Cattle Markets items such as Ex. Cattle, Butcher's Cattle, etc., with their respective prices.

Table listing other markets items such as Winnipeg Grain Exchange, Duluth-Linseed, etc.

Table listing Chicago Live Stock items such as Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, etc., with their respective prices.

Table listing Buffalo Live Stock items such as East Buffalo, Despatch-Cattle, etc.

Table listing Germany and Austria items such as No separate peace, etc.



"You have some powder on your coat lapel." "Well, what about it?" "Nothing. Only you shouldn't bend over so far when tying your white shoes."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The sneak thief doesn't necessarily carry a corkscrew when he is looking for an opening.

**DONOVAN SOUNDS
NOTE OF OPTIMISM**

Brockville Member Specially Invited To Represent Private Members of Legislature at Exhibition's Ontario Day.

Among the specially invited and honored guests of the Toronto Exhibition management on Ontario Day a the big fair was Mr. A. E. Donovan, M.P.P., of Brockville, to whom fell the high honor of representing the private members of the local House at the luncheon given by the president and the directorate of the Exhibition in celebration of the star day of the monster show.

In the course of his much appreciated post prandial address, according to the Globe's report, Mr. Donovan said that at no time in the history of Ontario were the people of the banner old province making greater sacrifices in men and money for the great cause than at present. Ontario had given willingly of men and money and would continue to do so till the Hun was conquered. Mr. Donovan has just completed a tour of Northern Ontario, in every part of which there were bumper crops. The shortage of labor had undoubtedly kept many men away from the Exhibition, but he believed that before its close many would avail themselves of the opportunity of visiting it.

According to the Telegram's summary of his remarks, Mr. Donovan, after congratulating the directors upon the quality of this year's exhibition, said:

"There never was a time in the history of Ontario when we have had better crops, more money, greater and a more determined spirit to hold up this part of the Empire. Everywhere there is great prosperity."

WESTPORT MAN DROWNED

Robert Acheson, aged 77, father-in-law of J. F. McGuire, Inspector of Public Schools, met death by drowning in Little Rideau Lake near Westport on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 2, when he fell from his row boat, it is believed, while suffering from heart trouble.

Mr. Acheson was camping with Mr. and Mrs. McGuire on an island in Little Rideau Lake two miles east of Westport. Mr. and Mrs. McGuire left on Saturday for Toronto in their automobile to attend the exhibition and Mr. Acheson was left on the island with a row boat in which he was to cross to the mainland daily to secure milk and other provisions. Early Sunday afternoon he successfully crossed to the shore and procured provisions, and was watched by farmers until he almost reached the island. When he did not return on Monday for milk, a search was instituted, and it was found that he was missing from the cottage. At six o'clock Monday evening his body was found in three or four feet of water off the island, in a sitting posture, by two of the searchers, Howard Alguire and A. W. Dier.

Deceased was subject to dizzy spells, due to heart trouble, and it is believed that when attempting to make a landing, on returning from the mainland, he fell into the water.

Deceased was 77 years of age, was born in Westport, and had resided there all his life, with the exception of a few years spent in Brockville, where he lived with his daughter, Mrs. James McGuire. Previously, he was a farmer in the neighborhood of Westport, and also an extensive dealer in hides. Mrs. McGuire is the only surviving relative.

Appointed Farm Director.

J. R. Spry, B.S.A., who has had charge during the past three years of the drainage propaganda carried on by the Ontario Department of Agriculture, has been appointed farm director in place of Samuel Todd, who resigned to take up his duties with the food controller. Mr. Spry will have supervision of the farms administered by the provincial secretary which aggregate over 4,000 acres and produce a large variety of food stuffs used in the various institutions.

Mr. Spry is a member of a prominent family of Easton's Corners, and took a course at the Ontario Agricultural College, from which he graduated several years ago.

New Cheese Factory.
Messrs. Berney and Davidson, Supton, have practically completed the foundation for a new cheese factory to replace the one destroyed by fire about three weeks ago. The new factory will be modern in every respect, and will be rushed to completion as soon as possible.

Cheese at 21 5-16c.
At the regular meeting of the Brockville Dairymen's Board of Trade held Thursday, a total of 3,201 boxes were offered, made up of 1,710 boxes of white and 1,491 boxes of colored. The total sales amounted to 1,506 boxes at 21 5-16c.

Large Market.

The attendance at the market in the county town Saturday morning of both producers and consumers was the largest of the season. A plentiful supply of offerings, especially vegetables, was on hand, and many a larder has been duly replenished. Some of the quotations follow: Butter, 43c to 45c pound; eggs, 45c per dozen; chickens, \$1.25 to \$1.80 per pair; potatoes, 80c per bushel; cabbage, 5c per head; sweet corn, two and three dozens for 25c; celery, 20c and 25c per bunch; cucumbers, two and three dozens for 25c.

Luxurious Motor Boat.

The son of the late Daniel Guggenheim, the great copper king and smelter works owner, of Washington, Murray Guggenheim, is at the Thousand Islands in his motor houseboat, Leonie. The boat is 106 feet over all, 21 feet beam, and she has 250 horse power engines installed. She is fitted up in the most luxurious and complete manner, with eight state-rooms for guests, dining room, gallery and crews' quarters for twelve men.

Scribbling Books Doubled in Price.

It even costs more to study these days. The latest increase is in the price of blank books for school children. Enquiries reveal that the cost of scribblers and blank writing books has just about doubled. A scribbler with 100 blank pages that last year cost five cents, now costs 10 cents. The same applies to all other blank books.

The quality of paper in these books is also inferior, caused by the higher prices for the paper.

There has been no increase in the price of school text books with the exception of Roman Catholic readers which are slightly increased.

Municipal Potatoes.

Saturday morning the town of Prescott offered for sale a small quantity, about fifteen bushels, of potatoes grown by the municipality and will continue to do so weekly for a time at least. These potatoes will not be sold to the stores, and in order to reach those for whom they are originally intended, the price is fixed at 50c per bushel. They are of excellent grade. The crop is large, and the outcome of the new municipal experiment will be viewed with interest.

Have You Noticed It?

Toronto Telegram: The retired farmer is conspicuous by his presence in many an Ontario village. The retired mechanic is conspicuous by his absence from every community. Agriculture permits its votaries to retire in their old age. Industry requires its victims to work until they drop.

Big Mushrooms.

The Gananogue Reporter says that on Wednesday a friend brought to the office three mushrooms that almost filled a fruit basket. They measured 7 1/2 inches in diameter, and were on their way to police headquarters, the Chief being particularly fond of that delicacy. Favorable weather conditions for the growth of mushrooms has recently prevailed.

Steeplejacks Do Daring Feats.

Some of the steeplejacks from Montreal, who have been working on the pinnacles of St. Mary's cathedral, the highest building in the city, says the Kingston Whig, gave a real performance of thrills to a great crowd of spectators on Monday afternoon at five o'clock. One woman screamed as one of the workmen took a dive at a rope which could scarcely be seen at the great height and slid down to the ground for a short way. She thought sure that he was going to be thrown to the ground, and her agitation brought a great crowd to witness the exploits of the daring men. "Gee, this has got the circus beat," was the appreciative comment of a small boy as he watched the manoeuvres of the men.

September Rod and Gun.

September Rod and Gun is out, and shows the usual list of good things for sportsmen readers and lovers of the out of doors. This issue is a good one to put in the late summer vacationist's knapsack. Such stories as "The Hide Builders," "Bonycastle Dale," "Two Weeks without a Care," "T. N. Hewitt," "Duck Hunting on the Small Sloughs," "George Belton," "A Cruise in the Sloop Katherine," "Austen Saunders," "The Time, the Place, the Game," "Archie Kishnie," and "Fishing in Little Streams," Reginald Gourlay, make the vacationist glad he went and the stay-at-home man sorry he can't go and maybe determined to get away into the north woods when the hunting season comes on. Among the special departments, that devoted to Dog men's interest, the Kennel, contains this month a full report of the recent Regina Dog Show. Rod and Gun is published by W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont.

Change in Train Service.

New changes in train service on the Canadian Northern Ry. will not affect Athens, as all service will remain as at present. For further particulars, see latest time-table folders, or apply to R. Watts, Station Agent.

Infantile Paralysis at Cardinal.

According to reports from Cardinal, infantile paralysis is epidemic in that village, there being all told in the neighborhood over fifty cases so far brought to the notice of the health authorities who are doing their utmost to stamp out the spread of the disease, and who in order to reach this desired object, may declare the entire village to be in quarantine.

Where the Teachers Are.

The following list shows the names and location of some of the Athenian teachers:

Violet Robeson, Frankville.
Jessie Percival, Glen Buell.
Mabel Jacob, Hard Island.
Mina Prichard, Charleston.
Alice Knowlton, Sheldon's.
Lily Wiltse, Grenadier Island.
Nellie Brown, Chantry.
Ethel Brown, Lehigh's.

NOTICE

C. F. Yates kindly asks that all accounts be settled without delay.

A.H.S. Initiation.

Last night the solemn rites of initiation were extended to the freshmen of the Athens High School in the assembly room of the school. After being duly initiated, the new men were treated to ice cream by older pupils at E. C. Tribute's ice cream parlors. This is the first year that the teachers have joined in the initiating of the freshman, and shows the changing of the times. The freshettes will be entertained by the girls and lady teachers this evening.

FOR RENT

A farm on the Charleston Road, 1 mile south of Athens.
Also, a small property with house and barn and 2 acres of land, 1/2 mile from Athens on the Charleston Road.
Apply to
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Athens
36-3

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A reliable agent in Leeds County to sell Pelham's Peerless Fruit and Ornamental trees during Fall and Winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.
Over 600 acres of the choicest Nursery stock, including new varieties controlled by us. Handsome, up-to-date selling equipment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont. N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of nursery stock.

NOTICE

The undersigned, having considerable eye trouble, has decided to discontinue conducting auction sales other than farm or village property sales.
E. TAYLOR
37

LOST

A heavy woolen lap robe about the middle of June. Finder please return to Jas. Keyes, or to Alex. Eaton's grocery.
37

FOR SALE OR TO RENT

A farm of 130 acres, 3 miles north of Athens at Eloida, buildings in good condition, good water, sugar bush. For further information, apply to
JAS. W. WILTSE
R.R. No. 4, Athens
36tf

TEACHER WANTED

Teacher wanted for S.S. No. 5, Lilliville. Apply to
W. B. NEWSOME,
Sec'y-Treas.
Plum Hollow

House for Sale

House and lot on corner of Elgin and Pearl streets, 7-roomed house, kitchen and woodshed attached good garden and barn.
Apply to
ARDEN LILLIE,
Plum Hollow
16tf

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Flour, Feeds, Salt, Lumber, Shingles, Doors, and Sash, Wall Board, Beehives, Portland Cement, Asbestos Plaster, Roofing and Building Material.

Clergymen Not Taxed.

Elizabethtown Council, at a meeting in the town hall, New Dublin, decided that resident clergymen actually engaged in preaching the gospel, will be relieved of all taxes for the year 1917. They also passed a by-law exempting from paying the year tax those engaged in active military service or their dependents.

Caught a Deer.

While Messrs. Calman Tackaberry and Grenville Langstaff of Kemptville were paddling up the Rideau near the village recently, a deer swam across the river in front of them. They gave chase but the deer reached shore first, where it became entangled in a wire fence and before it could extricate itself, the young men caught it. After having it in captivity for about an hour they released it and watched it disappear across the fields, jumping six-foot wire fences with ease.

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