

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44--No. 45.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1915.

Whole No. 2287.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION of the Ladies' Aid Society will be held in the Masonic Hall, Glencoe, on the evening of Thursday, Nov. 18th, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. All members are requested to be present. For particulars apply to Mrs. J. J. McLaughlin, Secretary.

Farm for Sale.

The north half of lot 8, in the 3rd concession of Mosca, containing 100 acres, more or less. Apply to William Jones, sr.

Farm for Sale.

Farm of 95 acres on the Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, about three miles west of Melbourne. Good house, barn and other buildings; well improved and in good state of cultivation. Possession 1st of March next. For particulars apply to Mrs. John Dundon, Glencoe.

Farm for Sale.

90 acres; lot 6, 1st range, Longwoods Road, Township Mosca; 1 mile from Glencoe; soil sandy and clay loam; 2-story frame house, 7 rooms; good barns, cement foundation; buggy shed, ice house and chicken coops; 2 wells and spring water in barnyard, also creek through pasture; 2 acres orchard, 5 acres wheat and 9 acres clover; one of the best farms in Middlesex; 1 mile to school, 1 mile to church. Reason for selling, poor health. Owner, L. H. Clonnan, R. R. No. 1, Glencoe, Ont.

CHANNY FARM

Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls. ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

G. C. McNaughton

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance.

Phone Bethwell U. & R. No. 411. P. O. Newbury R. R. No. 2.

DENTISTRY. R. J. McMillan, D.D.S., L.D.S., offices over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 16.

JAMES POOLE. Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON. Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in R. J. Office—Main street, over Lumley's drug store.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Estate of Frederick Corneli McCallum, late of the Township of Ekfrid, in the County of Middlesex, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, Section 96, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of Frederick Corneli McCallum, who died on or about the twenty-first day of June, 1914, are required to send in their claims, supported by affidavit, to the undersigned, at his office, on or before the twenty-first day of November, 1915, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss, Solicitors for William Gilbert McCallum, Administrator of the Estate of the said deceased, their claims, supported by affidavit, and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them. And further take notice that after such last mentioned date, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution. Dated the first day of November, A. D. 1915.

Elliott & Moss, Solicitors for William Gilbert McCallum, Administrator of the Estate of the said Deceased.

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.

E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

RELIABILITY

is Our Watchword
A RELIABLE STORE
A RELIABLE STOCK

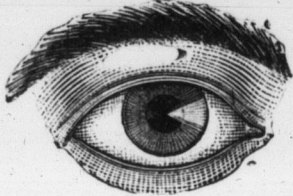
We have finished fitting up our store and are now in a position to show you our large range of new and up-to-date Furniture. Call and see us. Our prices are right.

J. B. GOUGH & SON

FURNITURE DEALERS
FURNITURE DIRECTORS
Day Phone 23 Night 93

How Much Do You Value Your Eyes?

THIS IS A QUESTION VERY few people ask themselves. Your eyes are the most delicate and most important organs of your body. They deserve the best attention you can procure for them. All optical work guaranteed one year.



SATISFACTORY RESULTS.—Our Optical work is accurate. We do not fit glasses by guesswork but use scientific methods, and we guarantee satisfactory results. Our charges are moderate. First-class lenses in aluminum and gold filled frames, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

We make a specialty of WATCH, CLOCK and JEWELRY Repairing.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES OPTICIAN

Keith's Cash Store

Dry Goods Millinery Groceries
Fall and Winter Goods to hand. Best values in all these lines.

P. D. KEITH

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

Hardware Merchants, Glencoe, Ontario

HALTERS

HORSE BLANKETS

We have just received our fall order of Stoves and Ranges. Call and inspect our line of Stoves before buying. Let us help you pick out a first-class Range from our stock. We have also a full line of Stable Fittings, such as Glass, Rollers, Litter Carriers and Stall Fixtures.

STOVE PIPE

FROST WIRE FENCING

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES. Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE

3 GOOD POINTS

about our D. L. & W. Scranton Coal are NO SLATE, NO DUST and UNIFORM SIZE. With these you get long burning fires and regular heat. Now's a good time to order coal—you can't tell when the price will soar. Free delivery; prompt service.



McPHERSON & CLARKE

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard

GLENCOE, ONT.

District and General.

Forty-one members of St. James Anglican church, South London, have enlisted.

The deficit of the St. Thomas street railway for the season's operations is over \$18,000.

The Dominion Government has received \$385,000 from outside sources for machine guns.

Ernest Ford, of Dunwich West, had two of his fingers taken off at the first joint with a corn binder.

Woman suffrage was decisively defeated everywhere it was voted on in the United States last week.

Vincent Stroud, of Geneva, O., says he riddled all the ticks from his sheep with a domestic vacuum cleaner.

The Sarnia liquor men have offered to give \$1,500 to the Red Cross Society if the local option fight is dropped.

Graham Bros., of Caradoc, fur ranchers, shipped five consignments of silver grey foxes to dealers last week.

Pte. R. H. Kennedy, of the 33rd Battalion, attempted to board a moving train at St. Thomas and was fatally hurt.

The members and adherents of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Brantford, oppose church union by a vote of 250 to 67.

John W. McMillan, of Aldborough, has sold his farm, known as the D. A. McKillop farm, to Melver Bros., of Fern Dell.

Roy Montgomery, of South Yarmouth, for driving an automobile while under the influence of liquor was fined \$30 and \$16.20 costs.

Mrs. Jennie Lewis, of Chatham, perished in a fire which destroyed the family residence. Other members of the household had narrow escapes.

Mrs. R. I. Gossnell, wife of the town solicitor of Ekfrid, and one of the most prominent ladies of that district, died on Friday. She was a native of Highgate.

A beet sugar refinery for Petrolia is practically assured. The industry will employ 400 men during the busy season and will greatly stimulate sugar beet growing throughout the district.

The proposed hydro radial line from London to Sarnia, by way of Lobo, Strathroy, Arkona and Warwick, was approved at a meeting of representatives from the various municipalities.

Although the civil war came to an end more than 50 years ago, a total of 300,370 pensioners remained on the pension roll on July 1, and the pension payments for the year aggregated \$156,698,771.

James Carruthers, jr., of Parry Sound, was accidentally killed while hunting. Dogs ran against his gun, which was standing against a stump, discharging it, and he received the charge in his chest.

The large barn and farm buildings of Henry Freeman, close to St. Thomas, were destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The season's crop of corn, wheat, nine cows and 25 hogs are a total loss. There was small insurance.

Fewer railway passengers and fewer employees were killed in accidents in 1914 than in the United States than in any year since 1901, when the law that requires monthly accident reports became effective. During the entire year there were only forty-one fatalities to passengers as a result of collisions.

It is understood that 24 new regiments will be raised in Western Ontario, including Toronto. Hon. Robert Rogers states that at least 20 new regiments can be recruited in the West. Commissioner Black, of the Yukon, was given permission to raise a company of infantry in Dawson City to 250 strong.

Rev. John McNeill, former pastor of Cooke's church, Toronto, now minister at the Central Presbyterian church, Denver, Col., has received word that his son, Scott McNeill, of the 4th Battalion, Scottish Fusiliers, had been wounded in the big drive in the latter part of September. A bullet just missed his head and went through his ear.

To get an idea of the terrible enormity of the fighting lines of the Allies against the Hun, Austrians and Turks, they are now facing each other over a distance of 1,835 miles, all told. This does not mean any doubling up of lines, but means that the Allies have altogether today a frontage of 1,835 miles against the barbarians.

There are probably 15,000,000 men under arms watching day and night for a weak spot somewhere in all this distance.

Judging from the bill of fare at Carling's Heights, London, no one who enlists need have any fear of starvation. Here is a list of the rations served each man daily:—Bread, 1 lb.; fresh meat, 1 lb.; potatoes, 1 lb.; bacon 3 oz.; beans, jam, butter and sugar, 3 oz.; fresh vegetables, 6 oz.; cheese, 1 oz.; split peas, 1 oz.; salt, 1 oz.; coffee, 1-3 oz.; tea, 1 oz.; pepper, 1-3 oz.

The quartermaster has the privilege of changing beans for oatmeal, or jam for prunes or dried fruit. Besides this each company gets \$35 weekly from canteen allowance for extra messing. Not every one of the soldiers fared as well at home.

Eggs at Local Points.

Eggs ranged in price from 28c to 50c on the local farmers' markets throughout Ontario last Saturday:—Belleville 28c to 30c per dozen, Berlin 30c to 40c, Cobourg 30c to 35c, Chatham 30c to 35c, Guelph 45c, Hamilton 35c to 38c, London 35c, Owen Sound 35c to 40c, Peterboro 35c to 40c, Port Hope 35c to 40c, St. Thomas 35c to 40c, Woodstock 35c to 40c.

REIGN OF FORCE DOOMED

Allies Will Not Falter Until Rule By Militarism Ceases.

Speaking at the annual lord mayor's banquet in London on Tuesday night, Premier Asquith said that there is no more doubt now than there was a year ago that Britain is right and will win. Assurances were given that Serbia will yet be restored to her place among the nations and that the allies will stand together in bringing about that result. Hon. Arthur Balfour declared that the enemy has been completely foiled on the west and says that the fleet is the basis of the allies' strategy. From the speeches:

PREMIER ASQUITH.

"We have no doubt that we are right and that we are sure to win."

"We should not falter nor pause until we have secured for the smaller states their charter of independence and for Europe itself its emancipation from reign of force."

MR. BALFOUR.

"The German strength has passed the flood tide. It is now on the ebb."

"When I look at the allies' strength growing every day when I observe the strain put upon the enemies growing in like manner, until it seems as if we are already in sight of the time when the strain will become intolerable, I look with serene confidence on the outcome."

Division Court.

A sitting of the Fifth Division Court was held at Glencoe on Tuesday, Judge Macbeth presiding. Only two cases were on the docket, but for numbers in attendance and amount of evidence taken it was like one of the old-time court sittings, about 150 people being present and the proceedings extending over most part of the day.

Arthur George, of Newbury, sued the corporation of the village of Wardsville and Thos. Jones to recover payment of twenty rods of wire fencing. The corporation had built quite a piece of wire fencing and the twenty rods was an extension to the original amount built. The dispute was as to whether the corporation had the right to erect the extra twenty rods. Jones, it appears, ordered the extra fence, but without authority of the council, and neither he nor the council felt called upon to pay for it. The amount in dispute is about seven dollars and the costs of the case so far are well up to twenty dollars. Judgment was reserved.

Alex. Stuart vs. D. M. Stuart was a dispute as to wages. Judgment was reserved in this case also.

Treasurer of Mosca.

At a special meeting of the Mosca township council held at the McAlpine house, Glencoe, on Friday evening, Dugald W. Gillies was appointed treasurer to succeed the late J. W. Watterworth.

It was moved by F. J. James, seconded by Andrew Gardner, that Harry Harvey be appointed treasurer. Moved in amendment by D. N. Munroe, seconded by E. F. Reycraft, that Dugald W. Gillies be appointed treasurer.

Amendment carried on the following division:—Yeas—Munroe, Reycraft and Graham; nays—James and Gardner.

It was resolved unanimously to forward a letter of condolence to the widow and family of the late J. W. Watterworth, who had so long and creditably filled the office of treasurer of the municipality.

Local Option Petition.

At the regular monthly meeting of Glencoe council on Monday evening a petition was presented signed by 97 ratepayers of the village asking that the Local Option Bill be submitted to a vote at the municipal elections on the 3rd next. The petition was received and will be dealt in the regular way.

A number of accounts were passed for payment.

How Would You Like It?

Any man who wishes that he was a woman should try it for a day. Fasten a counterpane and a blanket round your legs; buckle a strap around your waist so tight you can't draw a full breath or eat a hearty meal; have your hair all loose and fluffy so that it keeps tickling your ears and getting into your eyes; wear high-heeled shoes and gloves a size too small for you; cover your face with a veil full of spots that make you squint; fix a huge hat on with pins so that every time the wind blows it pulls your hair out by the roots, and then without any pockets and with a 3-inch square of lace to blow your nose with, and short sleeves and open-work stockings, go for a walk on a cold day and enjoy yourself. Oh, yes, you'd like it, all right.

Potatoes at Local Points.

On Saturday last, on the local farmers' markets throughout Ontario, potatoes sold as follows per bushel:—Belleville 85c to 88c, Berlin \$1.00, Cobourg 85c to 90c, Chatham \$1, Guelph \$1, Hamilton 90c to 95c, London 90c to \$1, Kingston 90c to \$1, Peterboro 90c to \$1, Port Hope 75c to 80c, St. Thomas \$1 to \$1.10, Woodstock \$1.

THOS. SABIN, of Eglinton, says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise.

Charles Knapton Dead.

The death occurred at Victoria Hospital, London, on Friday, November 6th, of Charles G. Knapton, of Wardsville, following an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Knapton came to Glencoe with his family from Napier about twenty-five years ago and resided here up to a few months ago, when he moved to Wardsville. He carried on shoemaking both here and at Wardsville. He was in his 74th year and leaves a wife and family. The funeral took place from the Grand Trunk station, Glencoe, to Oakland cemetery on Sunday afternoon, service being held in the Presbyterian church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. George Weir.

Newbury School Fair.

Corn.—(a) White Cap, Yellow Dent—Willie Hammett, Margaret Bayne, Alva Burr; (b) Dakota White Flint—Joe Gillett, Olivia Gillett, Harold Fennell, Alva Burr; (c) Pop Corn, White Rice—Duncan Armstrong, Theodore Brown, Jennie Armstrong, Wesley Connelly; (d) Golden Bantam—Margaret Bayne, Willie Connelly, Annie Thompson; (e) Stowell's Evergreen—Rowena Bayley, Ray Holman, Harry Degraw.

Special by W. Connelly for the long-stalk stalk in each of the above—(a) Margaret Bayne; (b) Harry Degraw; (c) Margaret Bayne; (d) Duncan Armstrong; (e) Rowena Bayley.

Sunflowers, the largest head—Charlie Thompson, John Moore, Ethel Moore.

Potatoes.—Delaware—Allan McLean, Willie Hammett, Olivia Gillett, Margaret Bayne; Eureka—Albert Blain, Jean Archer, Alva Burr, Charlie Thompson; (c) pair chickens from eggs of 1914—Adair Bayne, Margaret Bayne, Ray Holman, Harold Fennell, Joe Gillett; cockerel—Margaret Bayne, Ray Holman, Marjorie Robinson, Adair Bayne; pullet—Albert Blain, Alva Burr; pullet—Albert Blain, J. D. McNaughton, Garfield McNaughton, Barbara Armstrong; half-dozen birds—Albert Blain, Olivia Gillett; (c) pair chickens from eggs of 1914—Adair Bayne, Margaret Bayne, Ray Holman, Harold Fennell, Joe Gillett; cockerel—Margaret Bayne, Ray Holman, Marjorie Robinson, Adair Bayne; pullet—Albert Blain, Alva Burr; pullet—Albert Blain, J. D. 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The Vicar's Nephew; or The Orphan's Vindication

CHAPTER IV.

Mr. Hewitt was very grave and silent in school on Thursday morning. He passed over mistakes and wrote wrong figures on the blackboard, and had dark lines under his eyes, as if he had slept badly or had a toothache.

In the middle of the history class the curate came in hastily with an anxious look, and said: "Come out here a minute, will you, Hewitt? I want to speak to you."

They went out of the room, and for some time the boys yawned and fidgeted, looking at their desks.

"Hullo!" said Charlie Thompson, who was looking out of the window. "That's the Roscoe girl."

Mr. Greaves sprang up with a quick, startled cry; and then sat down again. Jack glanced carelessly out of the window. Maggie Roscoe was walking away down the road, clinging to the curate's arm, and sobbing bitterly.

"I wonder what's wrong with her?" he thought; and then, after a moment: "And what's wrong with everybody? All the school's in the dumps to-day."

Mr. Hewitt came back and went on with the class; but his hand was shaking as he held the book.

Presently he pulled himself together and began irritably cross-examining the boys and finding fault over trifles. He was usually a patient teacher, if a dull one; but now everything seemed to annoy him. When the morning classes were finished, he called up Jack and reprimanded him sharply before the school. A window had been found to be broken.

"You were seen pitching up stones in the road yesterday. That makes the third pane of glass this term!" Jack shrugged his shoulders. He had not been throwing stones, and had picked up the pebbles only because of their colored markings; but if Mr. Hewitt chose to put himself in the wrong by taking things for granted, why should one undeceive him?

"It was the cat that broke the window, sir," one of the boys put in. "I saw her; there was a dog after her, and she jumped up and sent a flower-pot through."

"Oh," said Mr. Hewitt absently; "is that so?"

Jack went out with the sullen face which he had not worn since Saturday. What a mean lot they were! Let them once get a spite against a fellow, and they would always be ready to put anything on to him, without stopping to ask who was to blame. And he had got to be at the orders of an ass like that.

Yes, but he would be a man some day; and then he would never be at anybody's orders any more. Uncle and the other cads could do their worst; what did it all matter when their time was so short? Nothing matters when one is going to be free. He had never thought of that before; now it burst upon him suddenly, a splendid light of promise. He walked down the lane with shining eyes; only a few more years now, and he would be a man.

By the afternoon Mr. Hewitt had recovered his self-command; but he was more gloomy than ever, and gave short, impatient answers to the questions put to him. Some of the older boys seemed as much upset as the schoolmaster; and at closing-time the class melted away silently, without any of the usual tricks and laughter.

Jack, for his part, shivered his books and ran home at the top of his speed. If he made haste he could get his preparation finished and be out before sunset.

He jumped over the garden gate with the long, easy spring for which all the Portchavick boys envied him, alighting on the gravel with perfect ease.

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MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

have lost tone. Mother Seigel's Syrup is made from the curative extracts of certain roots, barks, and leaves, which have a remarkable tonic and strengthening effect on all the organs of digestion. The distressing symptoms of indigestion or liver troubles soon disappear under its beneficial action. Buy a bottle to-day, but be sure you get the genuine Mother Seigel's Syrup. There are many imitations, but not one that gives the same health benefits.

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poise and balance. Then he looked back to measure the length of the jump with his eyes. It was a creditable one for a boy of fourteen, and the consciousness of it thrilled him with delight. To be made so cleanly, to have every limb so strong and supple,—is that not a joy? He looked down at his firm, brown wrists, wondering how thick a bunch he could twist off from the fuchsia with one turn of the close-knit muscles. But when he put out his hand to try, the beauty of the slender crimson buds restrained him; he had never before noticed how lovely was the droop with which they hung, how protectively the young leaves were spread out above them, like the curved wings of a sea-gull. He raised the branch gently, shaking all the fairy buds, and drew it across his cheek.

A horrible cry broke out suddenly; and he let the fuchsia bough fall back. The cry was repeated; it came from the stable yard, and the voice was Spotty's. Some strange dog must have set on her—and Spotty was blind. He turned and dashed headlong towards the yard. The old dog's cries sounded in his ears, more and more piercing and lamentable as he came nearer; now there was another sound as well: the sharp, stinging, regular hiss of a whip. He stopped short an instant by the gateway, catching his breath; then opened the gate and entered the yard.

Spotty was cowering on the flagstones, muzzled and chained to her kennel. She could no longer struggle much, and only moaned and shivered as the whip came down with its even, sickening thud. The vicar seemed to put all his strength into every blow.

Jack sprang forward with a furious cry. The deliberateness of the thing, the mauling and the carefully shortened chain, had set his blood on fire. The blind creature was helpless enough without all that. In one more instant he would have snatched the whip and struck his uncle across the face with it. Then he saw what the face was like, and drew back and stood still.

The Vicar looked twenty years younger. The lifeless eyes were shining, the nostrils had dilated, little quivers of delight played at the corners of the mouth. He was like a man who has drunk the elixir of life.

Suddenly he looked up with the whip lifted in the air, and saw Jack's white face. He started violently, paused an instant, then brought the whip down with a final hiss and thud. Spotty did not even moan; she was quite still now.

The Vicar stooped down over the dog, drawing a long breath. The hand holding the whip shook a little, then grew steady. When he stood up again his face had returned to its grey and lifeless habit.

"There!" he said, and twisted the lash round the handle. "I don't think she'll forget that lesson."

Jack neither moved nor spoke. Spotty had begun to stir again and whimper faintly, her tongue hanging out against the wires. The Vicar knelt down and took off his muffled, unfastened the chain, fetched some water and held the basin while she lapped.

"She'll be all right," he said, still looking away. "It's a most unpleasant thing to have to do; but it's more merciful in the end to give a dog one thorough thrashing, and not need to repeat it. She'll obey another time."

Then he realized that he was apologizing to Jack; and turned round sharply.

"What are you doing out of doors before you have finished your lessons? I won't have the preparation neglected, Jack; I've told you that already. Mind it's done before I come in."

He went away and left Jack standing, white and rigid, with the dog shivering at his feet.

Spotty put up her head at last, to sniff timidly, and recognized her only friend. She crawled up closer to him for comfort, and licked his foot, whimpering softly. Then Jack sat down on the flags beside her, and sobbed with his head against her neck. He had not cried like that since he was quite a little thing.

He got through his preparation somehow before his uncle came in to tea. The Vicar always examined the lessons and was generally, with good reason, dissatisfied with them; but he found no fault to-day, though they were done even worse than usual. The evening dragged wearily on; it seemed to Jack that the clock would never strike nine. When bed-time came at last, he went up to his room, and sat down in the dark on the edge of his bed.

All the evening he had been watching his uncle's face vainly trying to see in it again the face that he had seen in the stable-yard. Now, sitting still, with a hand over his eyes, he could see it. It stood out of the darkness, the blunt nose sharpened and quivering, the nostrils full of life, the eyes awake.

There was, then, one thing in the world that uncle really enjoyed. For it was pleasure that was in the face, not anger. He looked quite different when he was angry. He would look angry, for instance, when he should find out about the stolen knife.

Cold sweat broke out suddenly all over Jack's body. He put up both hands as a shield.

At last he rose, lit his candle and undressed. He lay down in his bed, and the forgotten candle guttered all away and went out with a trail of acrid smoke, while he stared up into the darkness, as still as though asleep.

As he lay, the horrible thing that

had come upon him hammered itself down and burned in upon his mind. When the theft of the knife should be discovered he too would be flogged. He would be handled as Spotty had been handled, and gloated over by that greedy mouth; he on whom no touch had been laid since the mavis flew away. As for all that had happened earlier, it was of no moment; he could look back indifferently on the self of a week ago, as on a stranger; he had lived just five days.

There was no escape; and no one would understand. No one, no one would ever understand that he was not the same now as last week; that the boy who had been flogged so often and had laughed at it was dead, and that the new Jack in his place had never yet been touched or shamed. There was no hope for this white, unspotted new self; only last Saturday it had begun to live, and now uncle would lay hands on it and it would die.

Awaking next morning he sat up in bed and wondered amazingly what it was that had happened to him yesterday. It seemed conceivable that Jack Raymond, of all boys in the world, had lain the whole evening and until late into the night, wide-awake in the dark, telling himself over and over again as if it were something new and terrible, that he was going to be flogged. He shrugged his shoulders and jumped out of bed. "I must have gone daffy," he thought, and dismissed the subject from his mind, as fit for the consideration only of old women, girls, and molly-coddles generally.

As soon as he was dressed he went out into the yard to look after Spotty. He had rubbed her carefully with liniment yesterday, and made her bed as soft as possible; and she was now able to wag her tail feebly when he stroked her. "Never mind, old girl!" he said consolingly. "he's a beast; but I've got to put up with him, too, and I don't care a hang!"

Having given Spotty what comfort he could, he went into the garden to see how the peonies were getting on. It was a lovely morning, fresh and dewy, and the clean salt air seemed to sweep the remnants of last night's mawkishness out of his head.

The tool house, where the pappies lived, was almost hidden by a thick growth of tamarisk and fuchsia. As Jack stooped to lift up a fat and cheerful puppy, footsteps crunched the gravel on the other side of the bushes, and his uncle's voice sounded close against his ear: "Have you seen my nephew this morning, Miller?"

There was a tremendous hammer beating somewhere, beating so that the earth shook, so that the air was full of the sound. But that was only for a moment; before the postman's footsteps had died away along the path, he realized that the hammer was beating in his own pulses.

He leaned idly against the fuchsia hedge. It was all true, then, this dreadful fancy of last night. It was ridiculous, it was impossible, there was no understanding it; but it was true. He had changed, and the world had not changed with him. The things that were daily commonplaces to every one had become death and damnation to him.

But the day passed, and nothing happened; evidently the Vicar had still not missed his knife. For three days Jack waited, hourly, momentarily, for the thunderbolt to fall. Every sound or movement in the house caught at his heart with a cold hand; the very lifting of his uncle's eyelids would bring the sweat out on his forehead. Once he got up in the night and dressed himself, on fire to go into the Vicar's room and say: "Wake up! look in your desk. I have stolen your knife." Then, whatever should come, this suspense would be over. But when he opened his door, the silence of the dark house drove him back, chilled with fantastic dread.

On Monday, the fourth morning, he came down to breakfast so pale and heavy-eyed that Mrs. Raymond was frightened.

"The boy is ill, Josiah; he looks like a ghost."

Jack assured her wearily that there was nothing wrong with him. Indeed, what was wrong with him he himself could not have told her, even had he dared to try.

"You had better not go to school to-day," said the Vicar kindly; he made a point of always being kind when anybody was unwell, and Jack hated him the more for it. "You can do a little Latin at home if you feel up to it; but not if it makes your head ache. Perhaps you were too much in the sun yesterday."

Jack went up to his room in silence. It was some time before he could get rid of his aunt; she fussed about with well-meant importunity, till at last a ringing of the front-door bell and a sound of voices in the hall sent her downstairs to see who had called at so unusual an hour. "To see the master on urgent business," Jack heard the servant answer. He shut the door and sat down, glad to be alone.

(To be continued.)

In Montana and Dakota the thermometer has been known to fall a hundred degrees in twenty-four hours.

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ALLIES' FLEETS GROW. Increase in Ships for Year Nearly 100 Per Cent.

"A Summing Up of the War at Sea," in the World's Work, says that at the outbreak of hostilities the strength of the belligerents in completed vessels of the dreadnought type—that is, battleships and battle cruisers of recent date—was as follows:

England	31	Germany	20
France	8	Austria	2
Russia	0		
Japan	5		
Totals	44	Totals	22

Shortly after the war began England took over four more superdreadnoughts which had been under construction in British yards for foreign governments—two for Turkey, one for Chili, and one for Brazil; which consequently increased the preponderance of the Allies in this dominant type of battleship to the ratio of 48 to 22.

Meantime all belligerent nations have been hurrying the completion of ships under construction and laying down as many new ships as their facilities will permit. The number of ships to date can be fairly well estimated from the number known to have been in process of building last July; the number laid down subsequently is a carefully guarded military secret about which speculation is necessarily inaccurate.

Still considering only vessels of the dreadnought type—which really determine naval supremacy—the present relative strength is about as follows. (In this table allowance is made for the loss of the British superdreadnought Audacious, the only vessel of this class known to have been lost by either side since the war began.)

England	45	Germany	26
France	13	Austria	4
Italy	7		
Japan	6		
Russia	5		
Totals	76	Totals	30

Even if the Japanese fleet, which is not participating at present, and the Italian fleet, which came into the war but recently, be omitted from the computation, it is interesting to note that since the outbreak of hostilities the preponderance of the British-French-Russian alliance has increased from 17 to 33 capital ships—a gain of nearly 100 per cent. in one year.

Moreover, a consideration of what the future will probably bring should be even more disheartening to the Teutons. The shipbuilding facilities of Great Britain alone are stupendous.

TRIBUTE TO BRITISH EFFORT.

A French Editor Describes His Visit to Great Britain.

The Petit Journal publishes the last of a series of articles by M. Pichon on his recent visit to Great Britain. M. Pichon says:—It took many months for an estimate to be formed of the quantity of material necessary to assure victory, but from the very beginning of the war Lord Kitchener understood that millions of men would be required, and he accomplished an extraordinary feat. One of the greatest merits of British statesmen is that they frankly admit their mistakes. They hide nothing, and apply themselves resolutely to the task of finding remedies. Conversations I have had with Mr. Lloyd George, Lord Kitchener and Mr. Balfour leave no doubt as to the unshakable firmness of their decision. When one has had the opportunity of examining closely their efforts one feels that one is face to face with a people who will never cease its endeavors, a people who will continue the fight until the day when German militarism is completely exhausted. To this end it will employ all its resources, all its determination, and all its bravery; and, come what may, it will go on to the end, no matter how long the last.

All the authorities are assured of the final triumph of Great Britain. Concluding, Mr. Pichon says:—"At the banquet which terminated our stay in London, and at which Lord Robert Cecil, M. Cambon, and our excellent colleagues of the British Press made such strong and reassuring speeches, we expressed to our friends our great gratitude to them and our full confidence in them. I repeat this here, so that the representatives of the British Admiralty, by whom we were conducted, may know that we shall never forget the hours of fraternal communion which we passed together in the emotion and serenity of the same hopes."

Choice of Hostelries.

"What is the best hotel?" the newcomer inquired.

"The one down the street," replied the native, reflectively, "has the best dining-room for dancing. But the one around the corner has the best roof garden and skating rink. And, oh, yes, I nearly forgot—there's an old-fashioned tavern up three or four blocks, where you might get something to eat."

He (addressing the little sister of his betrothed).—"Don't you know me, little one? Who am I, then?" Little One (brightly).—"I know. You're my sister's last chance."

Only Fine, Flavoured Teas are used to produce the famous

"SALADA"

blends. Every leaf is fresh, fragrant full of its natural deliciousness. Sold in sealed packets only. B 107

GAIN WEIGHT MAKING SHELLS.

Say London Society Women on Work on Munitions.

Some society women who offered their services to the British Government and whose capacity for work in the war had some three weeks' test in Messrs. Vickers' factory at Erith, have been recounting their experiences.

Mrs. Moir, the wife of the chief of the new inventions branch of the Ministry of Munitions, is working on bases. That is, turning the base of the shells until they are of the right measurement and smooth. "There were no difficulties in the work," she said. "The only thing is that the shells are hot and heavy. But," she added, "we find that we are putting on weight."

In the same department is Lady Colebrook, Lady Gatacre, Mrs. England, a sister of Lord Loreburn, and Mrs. Grieg, the wife of Col. Grieg of the London Scottish.

In another room of the great factory is Lady Gertrude Crawford, now a master turner. She is responsible for the correct circumference of the shells. Lady Scott, the late Capt. Scott's widow, who now occupies one of the apartments in Hampton Court Palace, is over the road in the electrical department. Lady Scott is, of course, known as a sculptor, and her trained fingers are now employed on the sights of guns.

Soon this particular factory will be worked entirely by women, who will work in shifts from 6.30 a.m. to 2.30 p.m., and from 2.30 p.m. to 10.30 p.m.

Most of these women live at a hotel known as Denney House, a charming old place standing in its own garden.

THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.

Mortality was made for man, not man for mortality.—Zangwill.

Give me the making of the ballads of a nation and I care not who makes the laws.—A. Fletcher.

He who receives a good turn should never forget it; he who does one should never remember it.—Charron.

To lose money ill is indeed often a crime, but to get it ill is a worse one; and to spend it ill is worst of all.—Ruskin.

Curiosity is a gift, a capacity of pleasure in knowing, which if you destroy you make yourself cold and dull.—Ruskin.

Never fear to bring the sublimest motive to the smallest duty, and the most infinite comfort to the smallest trouble.—Phillips Brooks.

None can be perfectly free till all are free; no one can be perfectly moral till all are moral; no one can be perfectly happy till all are happy.—Herbert Spencer.

From littleness and meanness and nigardliness forced upon us by circumstances what a relief to turn aside to the exceeding plenty of Nature.—Jeffries.

To set about acquiring the habits of meditation late in life is like getting into a go-cart with a greybeard, and learning to walk when we have lost the use of our legs.—Bolingbroke.

War upon Pain!

Pain is a visitor to every home and usually it comes quite unexpectedly. But you are prepared for every emergency if you keep a small bottle of Sloan's Liniment handy. It is the greatest pain killer ever discovered.

Simply laid on the skin—no rubbing required—It drives the pain away instantly. It is really wonderful.

Sloan's Liniment

for
RHEUMATISM
SPRAINS
SORE MUSCLES

On the ocean of life many people sail under false colors.

From Erin's Green Isle

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S GREEN SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to All True Irishmen.

The death has occurred of Mr. William Henry Lynn, R.H.A., one of the foremost architects in Ireland, after a brief illness.

The death in action at the Dardanelles is announced of Captain A. J. W. Blake, 5th Battalion Connaught Rangers, a native of Clontarf.

Dublin electricians have come out on strike in consequence of the refusal of the employers to grant an increase of \$1.75 per week in their pay.

The "Irish Heraldry Society" has been formed to fill the long-felt want of a body entirely devoted to the Irish branch of this field of research.

Dr. Ward, a military doctor, home on furlough, was fatally injured in a motor accident that happened at the Ravine Bridge, Lisdoonbarna.

At the meeting of Clones No. 2 Rural District Council, the Dublin resolution declaring "we will not have conscription" was adopted.

Recruiting has commenced in Belfast for the 8th Battalion Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders) now in training at Dunoon.

Probably the greatest record in criminology has been reached by a woman who recently made her 25th appearance in the Belfast Custody Court.

Damage estimated at \$150,000 was caused by a destructive fire that broke out at the confectionery works of Messrs. Andrew & Co., Belfast.

The Month Farmers' Association has gone on record as protesting against the action of the Government in commandeering the hay supply.

A company is seeking Parliamentary power to employ the falls of Lough Erne at Belek and of the Shannon near Limerick, for lighting most of Ireland by electricity.

Meetings have been held in different parts of the county in furtherance of the recruiting campaign under the auspices of the City and County of Dublin Recruiting Committee.

It is stated that a section of the members of the Dublin Technical Education Committee has attempted to stand in the way of the manufacture of munitions in the city.

More than 60 per cent of the County Down Hunt are now with the colors, and most of the remaining members are past the age at which they would be accepted for service.

Official intimation has been received that Private Henry Swinford, of the Irish Guards, has received the D.C.M. in recognition of his daring exploit in putting a machine gun out of action.

In the Dublin Registration Area, the births registered last week numbered 196 and deaths 156. The deaths in the registration area represent an annual rate mortality of 18.4 per 1,000 of the population.

In a return just issued under the Land Law Act, 1887, it is shown that in the quarter ended 30th June last 11 ex-tenants, 7 tenants and 1 sub-tenant were evicted in Ireland, as compared with 6 ex-tenants and 2 tenants in the previous quarter.

At Tipperary sessions a resolution was passed asking the Lord Lieutenant to revoke the order closing the licensed houses in the town, as it was stated in the opinion of the magistrates there was no longer any necessity for its enforcement.

According to a roll of honor prepared by the Archbishop of Drogheda, 165 men from the parish of Donacore are serving in the army. Two officers and seven men from the parish have already been killed in action.

SELL TRENCH SOUVENIRS.

Soldiers Make Trinkets From Exploded German Shells.

Many metal artisans and engravers, serving in the French artillery, devote their leisure moments to carving ornaments from aluminum and copper taken from exploded German shells. These souvenirs, made beneath the bomb-proof shelters at the front, have been highly prized by the recipients at home, and until a short time ago it was impossible to buy them.

Recently a society was organized, whose aim is to dispose of these trinkets; the proceeds of their sale being forwarded directly to the men themselves. Each article is accompanied by a card bearing the name and military address of the maker, and if desired the purchaser may receive a card of acknowledgment from him.

Aluminum rings are the most popular, but lockets, brooches, bracelets, paper knives, ash receivers, paper weights, inkstands, and various other articles of every-day use are made. The Cross of Lorraine, emblem of Joan of Arc, is a favorite design for rings; four-leaf clovers, horse shoes and occasionally some special mark of the regiment are also employed.

Exploded shells and fragments are used in many Parisian homes as flower pots, vases for cut flowers, umbrella stands, and similar uses.

On the ocean of life many people sail under false colors.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

The Rev. Ernest Houghton of Bristol, England, has made an appeal to patriotic women of the nation to come forward and marry the maimed heroes of the war and devote their lives to ameliorating their sad condition. He contends that unions thus arranged "promise a greater degree of happiness than is customary from the methods in England because they are based upon a high degree of unselfishness."

Leaving this slightly obscure argument in favor of the plan untouched, we may point out the fatal weakness of this as well as of most other benevolent plans to cause people to get married on a large scale. The plans do not go beyond the altar. They seem to go on the theory that when the ceremony is performed the whole problem is solved. They take for granted that the happy pair will live ever after, undisturbed by such petty considerations as food, clothing, shelter and the like.

If the Rev. Ernest Houghton has devised a plan which will only assure the maimed hero a wife but will deal in an acceptable manner with the pressing problem of support which is sure to come to the front after the first brief period of patriotic exaltation, he is indeed a man of real talents. But a bright idea which ends at the altar and forgets the larger is a little too impracticable to confer great increase of fame on its originator.

That war respects places as little as persons is the moral of the apparently trustworthy report from the Holy Land of target practice on Golgotha and Cavalry by the Turks. Years ago not a few persons resented the railway from Jaffa to Jerusalem as a commercial intrusion on regions of sacred association; but what is to be said when the walls of the Church of the Holy Sepulchre tremble with the concussion of high explosives?

When the Kaiser made his now famous pilgrimage in 1898, and left a statue of himself in the likeness of a Crusader on the Mount of Olives, it was expected that after a few years in the "reversed crusade" the alliance of Gaiour and Moslem would give the Turks license for gun play amid the treasured relics of the life of Christ on earth. But if the sanctity of an oath, and the right of the human soul to its own unprofaned holy of holies is disregarded, who can expect that the mailed fist now raised against Christendom will halt at the door of Christ's tomb?

IS THIS KAISER'S NUMBER?

Surprising Combination of Revelation and Arithmetic.

The following ingenious attempt to prove that the Kaiser is the "beast" mentioned in Rev. 13, is taken from an old country paper:

"Take the letters of the Kaiser's name and arrange them one under the other; then to the right of each letter put down the number of each letter as it stands in the alphabet; after that put the figure six; carry these figures into another column, and add the total together, thus:

K	11	6	116
A	1	6	16
I	9	6	96
S	19	6	196
E	5	6	56
R	18	6	186
			666

Then refer to the 13th chapter of Revelations, 4th, 5th and 18th verses. The answer will be surprising, and, it is hoped, prophetic.

The verses referred to run as follows:

"And they worshipped the dragon which gave power unto the beast: and they worshipped the beast, saying, Who is like unto the beast? Who is able to make war with him?"

"And there was given unto him a mouth speaking great things and blasphemies; and power was given unto him to continue forty and two months."

"Here is wisdom. Let him that hath understanding count the number of the beast: for it is the number of a man; and his number is six hundred, three score and six."

His Debauch.

"Emmett Whillikens just nacherly prized up heck while his wife was away, didn't he?"

"Gosh! I should say so!" replied a prominent citizen of Petunia. "Why, he had a gang of fellers at his house 'most every night till 9.30, drinkin' elderberry wine, playin' dominoes and listenin' to dance tunes on the phonograph!"

It is a popular error to think that the pulse may be felt only at the wrist. It may be felt in any superficial artery—for instance, at the temple, in the neck, or behind the ankle, on the inner side.

Brussels boasts the largest soup kitchen in the world. Nearly 50,000 entirely destitute people wait in the queues every day, and over 6,000 gallons of soup and 4½ tons of bread are distributed. More than one hundred people are engaged in the preparation of the soup.

About the Household

Dainty Dishes.

Lemon Jelly.—Make the jelly by using the juice of 2 lemons and the rind of 1 grated, 3 eggs, butter size of an egg, and 1 cup of white sugar, thicken over the fire, but do not let it boil. This is nice for tarts, which should be made of puff paste.

Yorkshire Pudding.—One pint of sweet milk, 2 eggs, 5 tablespoons of flour; salt to taste. Mix eggs, flour and salt with a little milk until smooth, then add the rest of the milk gradually. Pour the mixture into a well-buttered dripping pan and bake 15 minutes in a tolerably hot oven. This is nice served with roast beef or poultry.

Cabbage Slaw.—Take a small head of cabbage, wash well, cut very fine with a slaw cutter or a knife of any kind. Take two small onions, peel and cut fine, mix with the cabbage, then season with salt, pepper, and vinegar to taste. Now take an extra dish and mix three good-sized tablespoons of thick cream with one tablespoon of sugar and mix with the slaw. This is delicious, especially if kept cold till serving time.

Bread Sauce for Game.—Cook half pint of soft, stale bread-crumbs, a pint of milk, one good-sized onion chopped very fine, a saltspoonful of ground mace, a saltspoon of paprika and a level teaspoon of salt for five minutes in a double boiler; stir constantly. The mixture must be perfectly smooth. Add a rounding tablespoon of butter; stir until melted; then add four tablespoons of thick cream and use at once for game or roasted guinea fowl.

A Substitute for Whipped Cream.—Sometimes one wishes to serve a dish that calls for whipped cream when neither the cream nor the time for whipping it are available. An excellent substitute is made by beating the white of an egg to a stiff froth, adding a ripe banana cut into very thin slices and beating until the banana is only a pulp evenly distributed through the egg. The result is a creamy delicacy that can be used in any recipe that calls for whipped cream.

Turkish Rolls.—Pound one cup blanched almonds to a paste, put into a double boiler with one pint of milk, a pinch of saffron and a tablespoon of sugar, a scant teaspoon salt and a tablespoon rounded of butter. Heat to scalding, remove from fire and when lukewarm, add one-half cake yeast dissolved in a little water. Add sifted flour to make a soft dough and knead ten minutes. Put into a warmed earthenware bowl and cover until light; make into very small, loof rolls, place an inch apart in greased pans to rise, then brush with beaten white of an egg and sprinkle with finely minced almonds. Bake in a quick oven.

Pot Roast.—The genuine pot roast is brown and rich and juicy, being cooked wholly in its own gravy and without any added water. A four to six pound is a nice size to cook properly. Select a piece with enough fat on it to furnish richness. Also add a small piece of beef suet. Heat an iron kettle until it is hot enough to sear the meat at once, then drop the suet and the meat into the kettle and turn over from side to side until the whole is seared so that the juices will not escape. Do not let the roast burn, turn often enough to prevent that but let it roast to a deep brown. Add no water for the meat will cook thoroughly in its own gravy. Do not have too hot a fire. Three to three and one-half hours of slow cooking should do the meat to a turn. If it is desired to serve browned potatoes with the roast, remove the meat when cooked, add water to the gravy and drop the potatoes (either Irish or sweet) into the gravy and let them cook as usual. Season both meat and potatoes to suit the taste.

Household Hints.

Coarse salt is an excellent cleanser of irons.

Cheaper cuts of meat always require more cooking.

Good milk, eggs and butter are necessities, not luxuries.

Salt in cold water will remove blood stains from linen.

A tiny pinch of salt added to eggs makes them froth more quickly.

A lump of sugar dropped into milk will prevent its turning sour, it is said.

Glass or china can be safely packed if damp straw or hay is used for packing material.

A large glass bottle makes a good receptacle for buttons. By shaking the bottle you can see whether you have the button desired without taking it out.

Sugar forms about 70 per cent. of honey; it is derived from natural sugars by inversion, and is more easily digested in this form than cane sugar.

Before washing lace curtains run a narrow strip of muslin or tape along each outer edge. This will keep them perfectly straight, and will keep them from stretching at the edge.

To clean a burnt pan dip a hard crust of bread in kitchen salt and rub the burnt portion, then wash in hot soda and water.

Cane chairs that have become slack can be tightened by rubbing them with salt and water. Turn them upside down and put them in the sun and air to dry. They will be found to have tightened up like new articles.

To destroy the smell of paint place pails of cold water—which should be changed daily—in the rooms that are being painted. It lessens the annoying smell considerably. If you live in the country and can get hay put a handful of hay into the water, as this also helps to absorb the smell.

Quite a number of people find porridge made in the ordinary way most unpalatable, but here is a hint that will make the mixture one of the most sought after breakfast dishes. Put the water into your pan. Add a beaten egg and mix well in before sprinkling the oatmeal. Then boil and salt as usual.

When the butcher has cut the roast too heavy, ask him to cut off thin slices for steaks. Have the pan very hot, put in a piece of suet to make the pan greasy and fry steak quickly. The meat has a very good flavor.

Tar may be removed from any washing dress by spreading butter on the tar. This should be left for an hour or two to soak well in, and should afterwards be washed in the ordinary way, when all trace of tar will be gone.

The best and simplest way to test silk is to cut off a small piece and burn it. If it burns out quickly, leaving a clear, crisp, grey ash, the silk is pure; but if it smoulders and leaves a heavy, reddish-brown ash, the material has been treated with chemicals and will not wear well.

Macaroni in Variety.

Macaroni with White Sauce.—Break the macaroni in one inch pieces, three-fourths of a cup, wash, roll and cook in salted water, then drain. For the sauce, melt four tablespoons of butter in a sauce pan. When it begins to fry add four tablespoons of flour and stir until well blended. Then stir in gradually while beating two cups of scalded milk, bring to the boiling point, add salt, the macaroni and let simmer for a minute before serving.

Baked Macaroni with Cheese.—Boil the macaroni in hot water as directed. (It should first be broken in inch lengths.) Put a layer of the macaroni in the bottom of baking dish, then a layer of grated cheese, add pepper and salt, repeat with another layer of crackers and cheese. Put bits of butter over the top, add enough milk to nearly cover the food and bake in the oven until a rich brown. Serve with crackers or toast.

Macaroni Cutlets.—Cook a half cup of macaroni broken in small pieces, drain and make a sauce as follows: Melt two and a half tablespoons of butter and add one-third cup of flour. Stir until well mixed. Pour this gradually into a cup of hot milk. Add one-fourth cup of grated cheese, and season with salt and pepper. Cool and shape in the form of cutlets, roll in bread or cracker crumbs, dip in beaten egg then in the crumbs again and fry in plenty of hot fat to brown nicely.

THE ORIENTAL FATALIST.

An Incident in a Caravan Journey to Bokhara.

We were standing round a small fire, wrote Arminius Vambery, the Hungarian linguist and traveler, in his account of a caravan journey to Bokhara—when we were startled by two reports from firecrackers and the loud yelling of some person who was badly hurt. The whole caravan was alarmed, and we all ran to the rear, where we found one of our companions with a shattered arm.

The cause of the affray was this: Several horsemen who were conveying the annual taxes from Shiraz to Tehran had come up with two Jewish shopkeepers, whom they first insulted and then started to assault, when a Persian of our company interfered. One of the horsemen became so enraged that he lifted his rifle and shot at the Jews. He afterwards declared that he had intended to frighten one of the Jews by shooting through his cap, but he missed his aim and hit the Persian's arm.

The incident so exasperated the whole caravan that our men pursued the culprit and brought him back securely tied. The poor wretch was given such a beating that he was unable to walk, and was placed with his victim on one of the caravan mules. Left to themselves, the would-be murderer and his victim became quite friendly. They tied up each other's wounds, consoled one another, and went so far in their newborn friendship as to kiss each other; for according to the Eastern way of thinking, neither of them was to be held responsible for what had happened. Fate had willed it.

She Knew Better.

Wife (during storm)—Gracious! That was an awful clap of thunder; it frightened me terribly.

Hubby—Nonsense, my dear. Thunder can't hurt you.

Wife—Indeed! Didn't you ever hear of people being thunderstruck?

Hard to be Good.

Ted—Why are you in such a hurry to get married?

Ned—Before she'd accept me, I had to promise to stop drinking and smoking.

SWISS PAY DEAR FOR NEUTRALITY

COUNTRY HEMMED IN BY WAR-RING NATIONS.

Can Produce From Its Own Soil Only a Sixth of the Grain Required.

A nation of less than four million inhabitants, Switzerland had an army of over a quarter of a million upon its frontiers before the end of the first week of August of last year, all well armed and well drilled, completing mobilization before either Germany or France.

Within Switzerland's own borders, among the twenty-two cantons of the confederation, influences have been at work to break the Government's neutrality which began their activities before the soldiers had rushed to answer the first call to arms. Among the French Swiss were numerous friends of France who cared more for the interests of the sister republic than for those of their own. Among the German Swiss assistance to Germany was sought at the expense of patriotism. The Italian Swiss worked toward the same end; to sacrifice their country in answering the call of nationality. Every village was flooded with pamphlets, newspapers were subsidized, and orators travelled through the land, each preaching doctrines whose acceptance by the Government would have wrought nothing but evil to Switzerland.

Production Small.

Switzerland can produce from its own soil in a year only food sufficient to last for two months. Most of its grain it has been accustomed to get from Russia. For over a year it has been starved for food.

Material interest must speak loudly in Switzerland for England. Great Britain buys twice as much as it sells to Switzerland, and is, in fact, the little republic's best customer. The German nationality has the majority among the cantons, there being nearly three million Germans to one million divided between the French, Italian and Roumansch; but the German Empire buys of Switzerland about half as much as it sells to it.

But to close the commercial door to Germany would be to deprive the country of some of its vital necessities. All the pig iron which goes into the Swiss machinery, sold in the markets of the world, must come through Germany.

In times of peace the Swiss embroidery machinery and the Swiss embroidery find eager buyers; the Swiss lace can more than hold their own with those manufactured in Nottingham and Saxony. Importing raw silk from Italy, the Swiss merchants can produce finished products to rival those of Florence and Lyons.

Markets Lost.

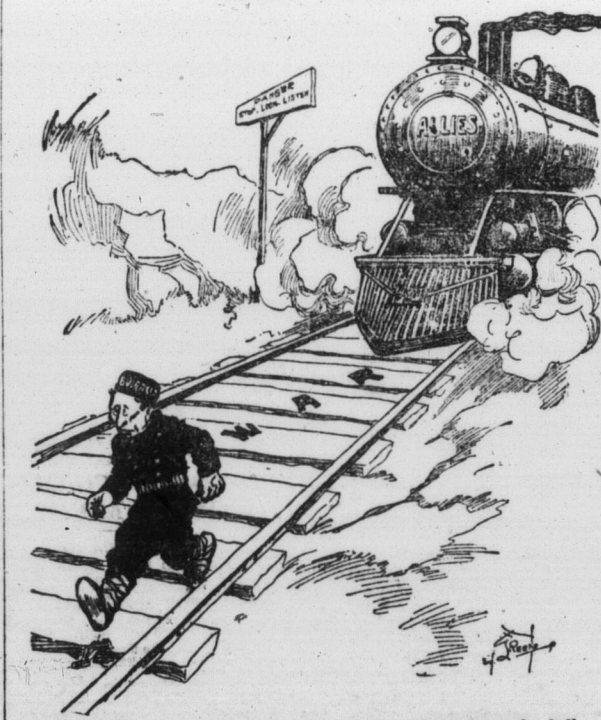
The Swiss watches are the best in the world. The Swiss milk industry produces chocolate so excellent in quality that the shrewd British merchants long ago obtained the monopoly. The Swiss hotel system has satisfied the desires of tens of thousands of tourists annually. All of these industries of peace and wealth have been rudely swept into ruin by the war, and Switzerland is reduced merely to the sustenance of life. She must have food and she must have coal, and she must have the wherewithal to pay for them through legitimate commerce.

Base Libel.

Tom—"Is it true that you proposed to Alice and was rejected?"

Ned—Exactly rejected—she said she felt like making a fool of herself she'd let me know."

ALA TURKEY



The boy walked on the railroad track, he did not hear the bell.

Choo! Choo! Crash! Bang! Parson's note.

—From The New York Evening Telegram

HEALTH

The Staff of Life.

Bread always has been called "the staff of life." That old saying came into existence when bread and its making was in the primitive state.

The wheat and rye were harvested and prepared for food in a more or less crude state. But that state left the grain almost whole, and all the virtues were allowed to remain intact.

To-day, bread, as made either at home or in bakeries, is more of a menace to health than "the staff of life."

Bread always is placed before us every meal and partaken of by the whole family. Its healthfulness, therefore, and adaptation as food becomes a matter of more importance than any other form of sustenance in use.

In producing disease superfluous flour bread ranks next to pork and is made much more unhealthful by the fermentation process, which is destructive to the cell structure.

Yeast, when combined with dough, changes a portion of the starch of the dough into sugar, and this sugar is then decomposed and changed into alcohol and carbonic acid gas, and as this gas cannot escape through the gluten of the dough it collects in small bubbles throughout the mass and causes the loaf to greatly enlarge until the fermenting process is checked by the application of heat in baking. If this mass is allowed to remain a little too long before being placed in the oven it becomes a putrid, sour mass, wholly obnoxious and unfit for anything but the ash barrel.

By the chemical changes which take place in the sugar alcohol and carbonic acid gas form 10 or 15 per cent. That takes away from the nutriment of the bread 10 or 15 per cent, rendering it unhealthful by the development and presence of the gas and alcohol.

Those elements of the grain which go to make bone, teeth and brain are largely removed by boiling, and the lime and phosphorus which nature has placed next the inner surface of the bran are mostly removed with the latter by bolting. This process of bolting is separating the coarser from the finer particles by sifting.

The coarse elements in grain are those beneficial to health. And these elements are, therefore, almost entirely absent in fine flour and the consequence is starvation of the teeth and bony structure of the body.

As long as people continue to use fine bolted flour, with nearly all the elements of bone sifted from it, they must expect to have decayed teeth, and feeble, slender bones.

If there is no reform in this direction in but a few generations more our osseous systems will have dwindled down to dwarfish size, and natural teeth in the young will be found very much inferior to what they are in this generation.

It is folly to look for the full and natural growth of any part of the body which is mainly deprived of the material in the food which enters into it.

If whole wheat, corn meal and rye were used exclusively for making bread, and no hot fine flour biscuits or bread were allowed to appear upon the table, there would be little indigestion (for indigestion is a condition of fermentation), no headaches and better regulated systems.

When you have growing children try feeding them with oatmeal bread, whole wheat, rye or corn bread in place of fine white flour bread and you cannot fail to see a great improvement in their health, strength and sturdiness inside of six months.

Too much care cannot be given our children, even though we neglect our own systems. A future generation depends on our care of this one.

Race Hatred and Prejudice

Peace Will Come to the World When Men Will Walk in the Creator's Paths.

"And many people shall go and say, Come ye and let us go up to the mountain of the Lord, to the house of the God of Jacob, and He will teach us of His ways and we will walk in His paths . . . and they shall beat their swords into ploughshares and their spears into pruning hooks. Nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more."—Isaiah ii, 3 and 4.

The world is still not converted to the teachings of the Lord. It has not yet learned to walk in His paths. Therefore, nation is still lifting up sword against nation and the art of war is still most flourishing. Men are astonished, nay, amazed, that in the year 1915 the peoples that are standing on the height of so-called civilization are decimating one another. Some have accordingly questioned the value of religion and have despaired of its influence, and have pessimistically given up hope that peace would ever come to the world.

There is an intimate connection between true religion and world peace. Religion seeks to convert the human heart. It aspires to turn the natural man into the spiritual man. The law of nature is the law of strife. And the law of the spirit, when it shall triumph and be written in men's hearts, will be the law of peace. The process must necessarily be slow. But slow as it is

We Must Not Lose Hope.

So-called civilization has, to a great extent, to do with the mind and not the heart. The world grows in knowledge, in power over nature, in scientific use of nature's forces for man's purposes. But if the purposes be evil the knowledge only increases the power for evil.

Religion aims at teaching men that God is their Creator and Father, and,

therefore, that the unity of their humanity should overshadow their differences of race and nationality. In a perfect democracy, made up of all sorts of races and based on the rights of men, this ideal will be realized.

Religion is an eminently practical thing. It plants the love of the alien in the hearts of men instead of hate and it makes justice superior to interest. The natural man, driven by his prejudice or his selfishness, fights. Though it must be said, men also fight for great moral ideas, and there is even a worse thing than war, which is humanity's sin writ large. When a nation prefers the comfort of its skin and the integrity of its pocketbook to any consideration of freedom and justice, and would rather do anything than fight, it becomes cowardly and degenerate.

Worse Things Than Death.

War, will, therefore, not be ended because of the horrors of it and the softening of men. It should not be ended that way, because there are worse things than death. War will not be ended in the world merely by the stronger crushing the weak. The passion for justice will always revive the weak for renewed effort until it triumphs in human hearts.

Peace will come to the world when men will have learned of the ways of the Eternal and will walk in His paths; when every bit of race hatred and prejudice shall be destroyed, and when men will have become so morally cultured that it will be instinctive with them to prefer the right to their own profit. The world, with all its present brutalities, is better than it ever was. The kingdom of God is slowly, to be sure, but nevertheless certainly growing in the midst of men. Religion is the root of the tree that will eventually bear the fruit of peace.—Rev. Samuel Schulman, D.D.

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOVEMBER 14.

Lesson VII.—Daniel in the King's Court (World's Temperance Lesson)—Dan. i. Golden Text: I Cor. 16, 13.

I. Daniel's Test (Verses 8-13).

Verses 8. Purposed in his heart—No resolution for good is strong enough if made with the intellect only. It must be buttressed by the heart.

King's Dainties.—Food and wine from the king's table might have been dedicated to the heathen divinities, and partaking of them would be an act of compromise. Or a part of the food might consist of the flesh of animals unclean according to the Jewish ceremonial law (Lev. 11, 4-20).

10. See your faces worse looking.—Showing the effects of insufficient nourishment.

12. Prove thy servants.—An easy way for Daniel to escape defiling himself and at the same time commend himself to the fairness of the eunuch. Pulse to eat, and water to drink.—A vegetarian diet. Pulse: peas, beans, lentils. Ezekiel and Daniel, of the ten thousand whom King Zedechiah carried off to Babylon, were the only two young men to become prominent.

II. The Outcome of the Test (Verses 13-16, 19, 20)

20. He found them ten times better.—A high tribute, and one not only deserved, but easily obtained.

Magicians and enchanters.—Belief in the occult was so strong that every king of ancient times had his following of sorcerers and wizards. To-day the ruler of state covets men about him with clear minds born of god common sense. Only such can face difficulties and avoid calamity. The occult can play no part in matters of modern statecraft.

Exactly.

"Pa, what happens when the wind blows great guns?"

"A weather report follows, my son."

On the Safe Side.

Visitor—Is this all the soap there is in this room?

Landlady—Yes, sir; all I allow you.

Visitor—Well, I'll take two rooms. I like to wash my face in the morning.

Says Old Mrs. Fretty Fawits.

If folks would always tell the truth, And never would pretend, Nobody in this neighborhood Would have a single friend!

Submarines for naval purposes were first developed by France.

When the time is noon in London, Berlin records 12.54 p.m.

The Lord High Chancellor of England receives a salary of £10,000 a year.

To remove an obdurate screw, apply a red-hot iron to the head for a short time, the screw-driver being used immediately while the screw is hot.

House of Quality

J. N. Currie & Co.

Greatest stock of merchandise ever shown in this store. All stocks bought direct from manufacturers or mills at the lowest price "cash" can do. Not a single dollar's worth of goods bought without receiving cash discounts. Our close selling prices are only brought about by close buying.

This War Year Cash Counts

Manufacturers are looking for cash buyers. Desirable lines of merchandise in Woollens and Linens are at a premium. Merchants buying on credit are not given the "plums."

Ample Stocks, Large Assortments, Exclusive Styles, Money-saving Values Are Having Their Effect in our Increasing Sales

The cooler weather will remind you of this store's big stock of Woollens, Woollen Blankets, warm comfortable Underwear, Homespun Yarn, Sox and Mitts, School Children's Heavy Woollen Stockings, Sweater Coats.

The Greatest Shoe Values

For Men, Women and Children

Direct from best shoe makers. Shoes made for service as well as comfort. Shoes that need no breaking in. Solid Welting Shoes. Shoes with style as well as durability. All the new American touches in "Empress Shoes" for Women—the correct new toes and tops, smart heels, shapely lined. Very classy styles for ladies at \$3.00 to \$4.50. Real comfortable, easy-fitting shoes for elderly ladies, \$2.00 to \$3.00. Comfortable Slippers at 65c to \$1.50.

Men's and Boys' Heavy English Kip Shoes. Reliable makers' goods, bought early. Boys' and Girls' Serviceable School Shoes.

Complete Stock

of best Rubbers, Rubber Boots, Lumbermen's Rubbers and Sox and Overshoes awaits you at the first fall of snow. Better buy today and be ready.

J. N. Currie & Co.

Another Special Sale of Ladies' Coats on Friday and Saturday.

School Reports.

Report of S. S. No. 1, Mos, for October, a perfect in attendance: a report for one exam. 100.

Sr. IV.—Alice Kook 71, Willie Simpson 68, Gladys Thompson 66, Annie McIntyre 60, Elsie Francis (absent).

Jr. IV.—Guendoline Goff 74, Russell Childs 71, Lillian Gould 51, Jr. III.—J. D. H. McRae 62, Lloyd Gould 61, J. D. Simpson 60, Lillian Norman Gould 68.

II.—Maggie McIntyre 80, Helen Cameron 73, Mary Simpson 69, Charles Kook 66, Ernest McCutcheon 60, L. D. Siddall 47, Campbell McRae 23.

Sr. I.—Robert Holmes 55, Lita Gould 50, Jr. I.—Isobel Cameron 71, Irene Gould 57, Graham Simpson 50, Elmer Thompson (absent).

B.—Arthur Childs, Melvin Holmes, A.—Robert Siddall, Alice McIntyre, Emerline Simpson.

W. L. QUIGLEY, Teacher.

October report of U. S. S. No. 17, Mos.

Class V.—Elsie Leitch 78, Mary McAlpine 66, John Leitch 62, Elsie McKellar (absent).

Class IV.—Sr.—Neil Munroe 79, Clarence McKellar 78, Leonard Munroe 70, John Munroe 68, Grant Smith 66, John Little 54.

Class III.—Sr.—Alex. McKellar 67, T. W. Little 61, Beatrice McAlpine 58, John Moore (absent).

Class II.—Sr.—Neil Leitch 81, Garfield Munroe 63, Neil Dewar (absent).

Class I.—Jr.—Willie McKellar 77, Jamie Munroe 71, Marion Campbell 73, Mae Moore 69, Emerson Little 60, Tena Leitch 53.

Class II.—Lillian Campbell 60, Sarah McLachlan 65, Alexander Munroe 58, B.—Arthur Childs, Melvin Holmes, Mary McLachlan, B.—Albert Moore, Loyd Little.

I. QUIGLEY, Principal.

Following is the report of Union S. S. No. 14, Metcalfe and Ekfrid, for month of October. Average per cent. given:

Class IV.—Alberta Munson 74.5, Annie Carruthers 71, Cecil Munroe 61, Neil Olde (absent).

Class III.—Sr.—Curtis Gough 68, Emerson Campbell 67, Olive McIntyre 64, Tom Williams 58.

Class II.—Jr.—Helen Carruthers 62, Dorothy Auty 61.

Class I.—Ruby Munson 80, Mysca Carruthers 77, Marguerite Munroe 61.

Class I.—Jean McIntyre 78, Lorne Towers 15.

Primer.—Melvin Moore. Total number on roll, 10; average attendance, 15.

T. W. EDDIE, Teacher.

High School Weekly Exams.

Form I.—Science.

E. Poole 97
M. McKellar 92
V. Eddie 85
E. McKellar 85
M. Westcott 83
M. B. Duncanson 81
M. Fryer 79
C. Howe 78
B. King 77
J. Eddie 77
S. McLachlan 74
A. Poole 73
G. Hurley 67
G. Gilbert 67
M. Graham 69
L. Grant 59
M. Leitch 50

Form II.—Latin.

Count of 26 of this form take Latin.
C. McKellar 87
S. McKellar 79
G. Grant 66
C. Sutton 65
A. Aldred 57
M. Grant 57
E. Campbell 38
R. Lethbridge 34
H. Sutherland 33
A. McKellar 30
B. Silcox 28
F. Smith 17
E. McDonald 12

Form III.—British History.

W. McVicar 95
F. McLachlan 92
L. Eddie 89
W. Lethbridge 88
J. McLachlan 87
F. Keith 84
E. Thomas 82
J. Humphries 79
M. McArthur 79
B. Silcox 78
A. Campbell 76
L. Luckham 76
S. McCutcheon 72
E. Smith 70
H. Moss 70
J. Fox 69
R. Clanchan 64
A. D. McDonald 63
A. McArthur 55

Form IV.—Zoology.

M. Chalk 89
N. McCallum 83
E. Hussey 80
A. Munroe 80
M. Bayne 79
G. Campbell 78
A. Mawhinney 67

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when buying.

John Mills, London's veteran book-seller, died Sunday in his 82nd year.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DOUBLE TRACK ALL THE WAY
TORONTO - CHICAGO
TORONTO - MONTREAL

FOR CHICAGO
Leave TORONTO 8:00 a. m., 6:00 p. m., and 11:45 p. m. daily.

FOR MONTREAL
Leave TORONTO 9:00 a. m., 8:30 p. m., and 11:00 p. m. daily.

Equipment the finest on all trains.

Panama Pacific Exposition

Reduced fares to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego.

Full particulars and berth reservations on application to Agents.

HISTORIC HALL PASSES

TORONTO TO SELL LANDMARK OF OLD YORKVILLE.

St. Paul's Hall Has a Remarkable Coat of Arms to Perpetuate the Memory of the First Council—Beaver Surrounds Five Panels, Each Symbolizing the Occupation of One of the Councilors.

It is now probable that the City of Toronto will sell the property on Yonge street, a short distance north of Bloor street, known as St. Paul's Hall.

St. Paul's Hall came into the possession of the city on the annexation of the old village of Yorkville in 1853. It was erected in 1850 by the Yorkville Council, incorporated six or seven years before. Two smaller buildings, one to the north, occupied for years as a hotel, and one to the south, used ever since its erection as a post-office, were originally wings to the hall. The hall, the police station occupied apartments on the ground floor, the municipal offices and Council chamber were on the floor above, while a large assembly room took up the greater part of the building and was designed for use for public meetings and functions of a general character.

Upon the absorption of Yorkville by the city the use of the building for municipal purposes was no longer required.

From 1854 until 1907 the Public Library used the old Council chamber for the Yorkville branch, and the ground floor was for some years used as a stable for horses and car barns by the old Toronto Street Railway Company previous to the acquisition of the franchise by the present company in 1891, and the installation of the trolley system. In recent years a portion of the building has been occupied as No. 5 Police Station, and apart from its use for a few days in each year by a sub-collector of taxes, the hall has been of little value to the citizens other than for an occasional public meeting or party convention which might be held in the big, cheerless assembly here during a municipal or political campaign. During the past few months the 12th York Rangers have been using the hall as regimental headquarters.

An interesting relic. But the most interesting thing about the building, which is not altogether devoid of architectural pretensions, is the singular coat-of-arms which surmounts the large circular window high up in the gable of the front elevation. This unique armorial shield, made of durable stone, and of a size to be easily distinguished from the street, was designed to perpetuate the memory and work of the first Council of the village of Yorkville.

The device consists of a shield of arms divided into five panels and crowned by a Canadian beaver. On each of the five panels are symbols representing the name and occupation of each of the five municipal councillors of the day. A bear barrell above the letter S keeps fresh the memory of John Severn, the brewer, whose place of business was just across the street from the town hall; a brick mould with the letter A stands for Thomas Atkinson, a brick-maker; an anvil with a W recalls James Wallis, the blacksmith; a jack-plane with D below was for James Dobson, the carpenter, who for many years was postmaster in the south wing of the building, and whose daughter is the present post-mistress; while the centre panel of honor contained a representation of a sheep's head, with the letter H, in memory of Peter Hurty, a butcher, and first reeve of Yorkville 60 years ago.

With the prospective sale of the property it is likely that the old building will soon give place to a modern structure of greater commercial value to a busy thoroughfare; but some of those who are interested in the marking of places of interest in the city's history venture to hope that the purchasers will see that in the new building, that will take its place, some position may be found in the front wall to preserve this unusual and interesting memorial of historic significance and personal vanity. An explanatory tablet might also be attached to it, recalling its origin and its significance.

In Quebec a stone emblem, known as Le Chien d'Or, of local historic interest, has been preserved in the wall of the post-office building, which stands on the site of the original place of business, where the Golden Dog for so long occupied an ominous place over the doorway of a French merchant. In like manner the old stone arms of Yorkville should be preserved as an object of historic interest.

Inspection of Factories and Shops.

The twenty-seventh annual report of the Factories Inspection Branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture has been issued. It shows that 10,059 inspections of factories and shops were made during the year in 410 cities, towns, and villages. The number of accidents reported are 1,270, of which 52 were fatal.

Regulations regarding specifications for fire escapes are given, well illustrated, together with a most practical article on how to lessen fire dangers. There are also helpful suggestions regarding ventilation and general sanitation, guarding of machinery, child labor, seats for females in shops, and wearing of girls' hair in mills and factories. Results are also given of the inspection of bake shops, canning factories, and evaporators. Special emphasis is placed upon eye protection in certain occupations. In fact, "safety first" is urged upon every possible occasion. A most suggestive feature of the report is a series of danger signs in which warnings are given in nearly every foreign language.

SLAUGHTER SALE

OF

SHOES

FOR ONE MONTH ONLY, from Nov. 6th, we will offer all our Shoes at Greatly Reduced Prices for Spot Cash. Our fall shoe trade has been a large one, and to clear out the balance of the stock we are Slaughtering Prices. Don't fail to get your share of these bargains. Come early and get a good choice.

C. GEORGE



"No more Dyspepsia for Us!"

There isn't a member of the family need suffer from indigestion, sick headaches, biliousness, fermented stomach, etc., if he or she will take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They cleanse the stomach and bowels and stimulate the liver to healthy activity and tone up the whole system. Take one at night and you're RIGHT in the morning.

All druggists, etc., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto, 16

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

CLEARING AUCTION SALE

OF FARM, FARM STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, ETC.

The Undersigned Auctioneer has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on South Pt. Lot 6, 1st Range North L.W.R., Mos, ON

THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1915

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, the following Valuable Property, viz:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 team Horses, 7 years old | 12 acres Corn |
| 1 Cow, 3 years old | 1 Six-piece Silk Plush Parlor Suite, antique oak finish |
| 1 Cow, 4 years old | 1 Parlor Table |
| 1 Cow, Polled Angus, due to calve in April | 1 Library Table (mission finish) |
| 2 Two-year-old Heifers | 1 Dining-room Table, extension |
| 3 Yearling Steers | 1 Kitchen Table |
| 6 Steer Calves | 1 Folding Sewing Table |
| 10 Shoats, 100 lbs. each | 9 Dining-room Chairs |
| 1 Brood Sow, 10 Pigs by side | 4 Rocking Chairs |
| 1 Petrolia Wagon, nearly new | 1 Rocking Chair, mission finish |
| 1 Eureka Combination Box and Rack, nearly new | 1 "New Home" Sewing Machine |
| 1 Land Roller (International), nearly new | 1 Morris Chair |
| 1 Disc (International), nearly new | 2 Dressers, plate glass mirrors |
| 1 One-horse Cultivator, nearly new | 1 Commode |
| 1 Massey-Harris Drill, nearly new | 1 Brass Bed |
| 1 Oliver Riding Plow, nearly new | 1 Iron Bed |
| 1 Verity No. 30 Walking Plow | 1 Bedstead |
| 1 set Iron Harrows | 2 sets Iron Bed Springs |
| 1 Tudhope Buggy, new | 2 Mattresses |
| 1 Old Buggy | 1 Washstand, white enamel |
| 2 sets Buggy Harness | 1 Couch, corduroy covered |
| 1 set Double Harness | 1 Sofa |
| 1 Lawn Mower, nearly new | 1 Glenwood Range |
| 1 Wheelbarrow, nearly new | 1 Royal Oak Parlor Stove |
| 60 Hens | 1 Small Box Stove |
| 60 Pullets | 25 yards Linoleum, new, one piece |
| 50 Young Chickens | 1 Barrel Churn, nearly new |
| 31 Ducks | 2 Creamers |
| 75 bushels Oats | Whiffletrees, Neckyokes, Hoes, Forks, Shovels, Cider Barrels, and other articles too numerous to mention. |
| 5 tons Hay | |

All above to be sold without reserve.

TERMS

Sums of \$10 or under, cash; over that amount 10 months' credit on furnishing approved joint notes. A discount at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be allowed for cash on purchases entitled to credit.

At the same time and place the above mentioned farm, consisting of 60 acres, will be offered for sale, subject to a reserve bid. Terms will be made known on day of sale.

L. H. CLOONAN,
PROPRIETOR.

P. A. McVICAR,
AUCTIONEER.

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Now is the time to get your bin filled with

Screened D. & H. SCRANTON COAL

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Flour & Feed Phone 8

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Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

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J. M. Anderson
Tinsmith Plumber

The Transcript

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THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1915.

A Dutch publicist calls attention to the fact that while Great Britain's expenditure of twenty million dollars a day is only half of the British nation's income, the German expenditure of twenty-five million a day is nine-tenths of her yearly income. He shows the effect of this contrast by pointing out that Germany has only fifteen dollars per head to sustain seventy million people, while Great Britain has a hundred and fifty dollars a head for forty-five millions. On the strength of these statistics he predicts that "Germany will be beaten economically and financially in the not distant future."

These are tremendous times. The days that have come upon us are too near us to be seen in perspective—they are too close to us to be measured against other times of which history tells us. Yet it must be evident enough to any man who reads the news of the

day with a map of the world spread out before him, that the greatest war ever waged on this planet is now in progress; that the contending forces are not only vastly the greatest ever assembled in war, but that the per capita efficiency for destructive purposes of these modern armies is many times greater than in any previous war.

Not only is this war tremendous in its scope, but the issues at stake are in value beyond man's power of estimate. The outcome of this war will determine whether the world for the next century or so will be governed by the soldier or the citizen.

The military instructions issued to the conquering army that poured into Belgium swept away in a night all the human teachings that had spread over the world in the course of three centuries. The war is being fought with a ferocity for which there is no parallel unless we search far back in history. Not only are whole regiments and armies slain, but civic populations as well. Cities, towns, villages and whole provinces are smashed and left in utter desolation—eminent amid the ruins being old buildings that had survived the wars of eight hundred years.

From the character of the war one gets some idea of the issues at stake in it. If the rapacious forces that have demolished Belgium could proceed in the way they began, if they could do to all France what they did to part of it, if they could do to England what they did to Belgium and could afford to talk to the United States as they feel inclined to talk, even as it is—one can form some idea of the military autocracy that would bully the world from Berlin.

These are tremendous times, but people do not realize the fact as yet. The next generation will know better than we what these years, these months, meant in the history of mankind.

The New York Press says the Central Powers arrived in and operating from Constantinople will not make them winners of the war. They can't win it in the Balkans; they can't win it in Russia; they must win it, if at all, in the whole of Europe, altogether and once for all. The Press adds:—"From any such decisive result as that the Germans are further away in this sixteenth month of the war than when they burst through Belgium and into France a year ago last summer with perhaps five million more warriors at their call than they have today after drenching many countries with the blood of their own as well as of their enemies' manhood."

IT KEEPS THE MUSCLES PLIANT.—Men given to muscular sports and exercises and those who suffer muscular pains from bicycle riding will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil something worth trying. As a lubricant it will keep the muscles pliable and free from pains which often follow constant use of them, without softening them or impairing their strength. For bruises, sprains and contusions it is without a peer.



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OFFICIAL GERMANY WAR SICK AND ANXIOUS FOR EARLY PEACE

Secret Negotiations Set on Foot in Holland Have
Failed Flat

A despatch from Amsterdam says: Germany's secret negotiations for peace have failed flat in Holland, even the most pro-German Dutchmen considering the terms preposterous. It is believed that the man behind the plot is Dr. Solf, German Colonial Secretary. Dr. Solf recently visited Holland, preserving great secrecy about his identity, but his presence in the country became known to the Dutch newspapers. It was officially announced in Germany that he was merely travelling to Brussels and had stopped in Holland to visit the picture

galleries. Dr. Solf stayed three days at The Hague and paid visits to the Dutch Foreign Secretary and Dutch politicians who are known to be friendly to Germany. Other Germans of note were in Holland at the same time, including it is said Count von Radowitz, of the German Foreign Office. Before Dr. Solf left Berlin he had interviews with the Kaiser and Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg. Those who saw him at The Hague gathered the impression that even in official circles the Germans are war sick and in a hurry to finish the conflict before Christmas.

GREEK CABINET IS VOTED DOWN

Zaimis Ministry Resigns on Being
Defeated, 114 to 147, in the
House.

A despatch from London says: The Zaimis "neutrality cabinet" has resigned, defeated by the pro-war faction in the Greek Parliament headed by ex-Premier Venizelos. A vote of confidence was denied 114 to 147. It had been asked by Zaimis as the climax to a tilt between the War Minister, M. Yanakitsas, and Venizelos, the immediate cause, however, being the latter's opposition to the Government's foreign policy.

The issue between Venizelos and the War Minister was first raised at the Chamber's meeting in a controversy over proposed military lands. Venizelos, considering a certain remark made by the War Minister as an insult to the national assembly, demanded an immediate apology. Premier Zaimis announced that M. Yanakitsas had the full backing of the Government. He then asked for a vote of confidence, which was denied him by a majority of 33 votes.

By handing the resignation of his cabinet to King Constantine M. Zaimis again places on the King the responsibility of deciding the future policy of his country. In London the first impression was that the defeat of the Government would mean the immediate recall of M. Venizelos and the fulfillment of the original agreement between him and the allied powers to go to the assistance of Serbia.

RUSSIANS TO USE THE DANUBE ROUTE NOW

A despatch from Rome says: The German Minister at Bucharest has formally demanded that two Russian torpedo boats moored in the Danubian port of Turnu shall be disarmed and the crews interned. The Government has refused, and notified the Minister that since the navigation of the Danube was free Romania's neutrality was not violated. The reply is considered significant as implicitly recognizing Russia's right to send an expeditionary force to Bulgaria along the Danube. Probably troops will be embarked at Reni and landed near Silistra.

CANADIAN NURSE ATTENDED THE KING

A despatch from Montreal says: Miss Vivienne Tremaine, the Canadian nurse reported in despatches from London to have attended King George after his accident in France, was born in Montmorency, and received her training at Quebec Military Hospital. Her parents now reside in Westmount. She went to the front with the first Canadian contingent.

GERMANS LEAVE 1,000 DEAD AFTER ATTACK NEAR DVINSK

Teutons Also Fail in Counter-stroke on the Sty
Leaving Two Guns in Russians' Hands

A despatch from London says: German efforts to recover lost ground near Lake Swenton, in the Dvinsk region, have continued with great energy, but with little success, according to the Russian official communication issued in Petrograd. Over a thousand bodies were counted on the field by the Russians after one futile German attack.

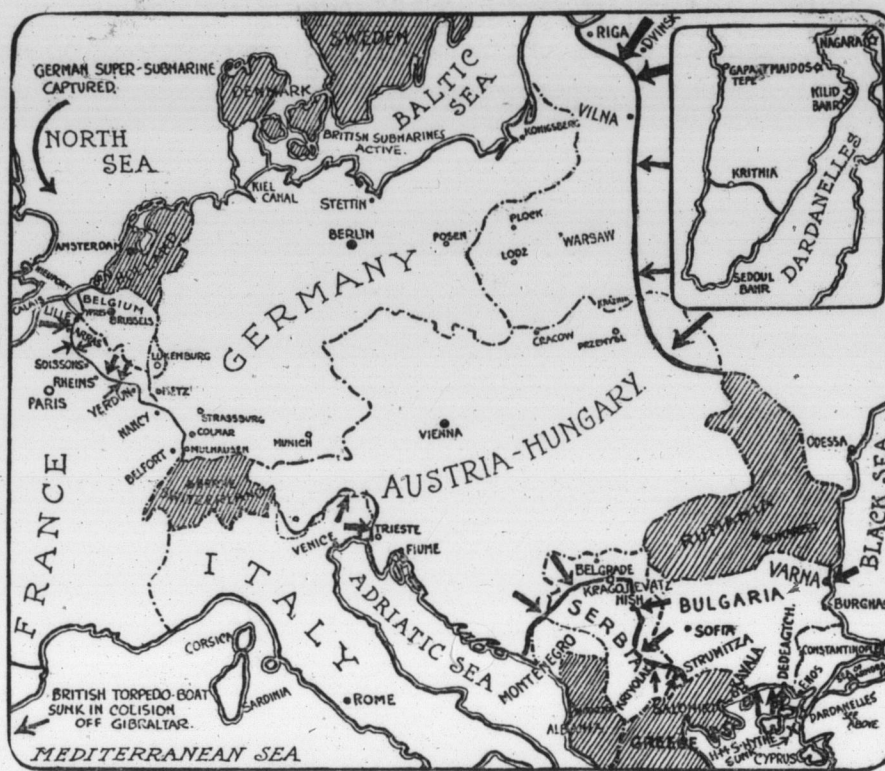
Near the Baltic coast also the Russians report progress in the land fighting, and it is stated that a naval

squadron is bombarding the German positions west of Riga on the gulf. In Volhynia the conflict between the Russians and General von Linzinger's mixed Austro-German forces is proceeding with great fury. All-night fighting at one point on the Sty River ended in the driving off of Austrian troops and the capture of two cannon, 250 prisoners and a quantity of ammunition. In East Galicia, on the Strips, the combat has relieved itself into an artillery duel.

German Super-Submarine Caught on First Trip

A despatch from Liverpool says: The Daily Post publishes a report of the capture of one of Germany's latest super-submarines, 250 feet long and carrying, in addition to torpedo tubes, four guns of fairly large cali-

bre. The submarine was launched at Stettin a fortnight ago. The Post states that within a few hours after leaving her base she was caught "in one of those traps we have so skilfully laid for these craft somewhere in the German ocean."



The Week's Developments in the War Areas.

Outside of the Balkans there have been no notable developments in the various war areas during the past week. On the Western front the Germans have resumed their attacks in the Champagne district, and have been prodigal of men in their attempts to break the French lines. They have been checked at almost every point, and the Western battle-line is absolutely unchanged. On other parts of the Western front there has been little activity, infantry attacks being almost completely suspended, and the fighting restricted solely to local artillery duels.

On the Isonzo front the Italians have won difficult positions from the Austrians, and their offensive continues successfully.

As a result of statements made in the British House of Commons and the French Chamber of Deputies, the situation in the Balkans has been somewhat more plain. Both Great Britain and France are determined to do their utmost to save Serbia, and the landing of troops continues steadily at Saloniki. Allied troops are also reported to have been landed at Kavala.

On the Southern front in Serbia, the French and British troops have met and defeated the Bulgarians, and driven them across the frontier. Further north, however, the Bulgars have made considerable progress, and are now bombarding Nish, the capture of which is imminent. The Serbs are offering heroic resistance, even the women joining in the fight against the invader.

Austro-German forces on the northern front are making slow progress, and are waging a war of extermination. A Serbian force has been dispatched to deal with the Albanians, who are also attacking. If the Serbian army can hold out for a short time yet, the Anglo-French forces are likely to join hands with them, and check the invading armies, before Serbia is entirely overrun.

The new political crisis in Greece complicates the situation in the Balkans, and the actions of both Greece and Rumania are still problematic.

A strong British force is now approaching Bagdad, while a Turkish army is reported on its way to defend that ancient city, and it will be a race between the two columns.

On the Russian front, the enemy has made no progress, while the Russians report several local successes of some importance. The Austro-German troops are being withdrawn from this front to assist in the campaign against Serbia. It is expected that the Russians will have their opportunity against the weakened line of the enemy, and that important results may be looked for on this front in the near future.

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 9.—Manitoba wheat

—New crop, No. 1 Northern, \$1.11 1/2

No. 2, \$1.08 1/2; track lake ports, im-

mediate shipment.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., tough,

43c; track lake ports,

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 73c,

track Toronto.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, 72c,

track Toronto.

Ontario oats—New crop, No. 3

white, 38c to 39c; commercial oats,

37 to 38c, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per

car lot, 94 to 96c; wheat, slightly

sprouted and tough, 90 to 94c, accord-

ing to sample.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, per car lots,

\$1.90; sample peas, \$1.25 to \$1.75,

according to sample.

Barley—Good malting barley, 56

to 60c; feed barley, 47 to 54c, accord-

ing to freight outside.

Barley—Nominal, car lots, 77

to 78c, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 85 to 86c;

rye, tough, 72 to 77c, according to

sample.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in

jute bags, \$5.75; second patents, in

jute bags, \$5.05; Toronto,

Ontario flour—New Winter, \$4.10

to \$4.40, according to sample, sea-

board or Toronto freights in bags,

prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Mon-

real freights—Bran, per ton, \$21;

shorts, per ton, \$23; middlings, per

ton, \$25; good feed flour, per bag,

\$1.40.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 27 to 28c; in-

ferior, 22 to 23c; creamery prints, 32

to 33c; do, solids, 30 to 31 1/2c.

NO LONGER JEER AT BLOCKADE

Food Crisis in Germany Growing to
Alarming Proportions Admitted
by German Press.

A despatch from London says: Al-

though it is not true that Germany is

starving, it is certain the food crisis

is growing to alarming proportions.

The high prices of provisions through-

out the empire furnish a problem of

the gravest nature. One necessity of

life after another is engaging the an-

gry attention of the nation. An en-

tire page of the Frankfurter Zeitung

is devoted to the new Imperial food

laws. The decree consists of 12 pa-

graphs. One explains the special po-

tato regulations. Another gives the

laws concerning fish and game prices,

another the restrictions on the con-

sumption of meat and fat.

The entire German press is arming

against the scarcity in the necessities

of life. The printing of startlingly

frank admissions is permitted. The

Frankfurter Zeitung says:

"While our troops are fighting like

the heroes of the classic ages, want

is growing acute at home, where the

people are beginning to interpret the

misery existing conditions as the

defeat of the empire. We jeered at

the blockade, but to-day we laugh no

longer. The sinister aspect of things

certainly provides no food for laugh-

ter. But as our worries increase, so

day by day grows our hatred against

the enemy who is responsible for this

misery. This hatred is so potent that

it will nourish and sustain us and in-

spire us to hold on until finally we

hack our way through, even though

we have drawn the belt so tight

around our bodies that the mere act

of breathing becomes a trouble and

weariness. Our hatred will enable us

to show the world of what tenacity

UNITED STATES MARKETS

Minneapolis, Nov. 9.—Wheat—De-

cember, 97 1/2c; May, \$1.01 1/2; cash,

No. 1 hard, \$1.01 1/2; No. 1 Northern,

96 1/2c to \$1.00 1/2; No. 2 Northern,

94 1/2c to 97 1/2c; Corn—No. 3 yellow,

63 1/2c to 64c; Oats—No. 3 white, 34

to 34 1/2c; Flour reduced; fancy pat-

ents, \$6; first clears, \$4.75; second

clears, \$3.

New York, Nov. 9.—Flour firm;

Spring patents, \$5.30 to \$5.65; Win-

ter straight, \$5.15 to \$5.35; Rye

four firm; fair to good, \$5.60 to

\$5.75; choice to fancy, \$5.80 to \$5.95.

Hay firm. Hops quiet. Hides steady.

Leather firm.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Nov. 9.—Best heavy

steers, \$8.25 to \$8.60; good heavy

steers, \$8 to \$8.15; butchers' cattle,

choice, \$7.60 to \$7.75; do, good,

\$7.25 to \$7.50; do, medium, \$6.75

to \$7; do, common, \$5 to \$5.40;

butchers' bulls, choice, \$6.25 to

\$6.75; do, good bulls, \$5.75 to \$6; do,

rough bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers'

cows, choice, \$6.45 to \$6.75; do,

good, \$6 to \$6.75; do, medium, \$5

to \$5.50; do, common, \$4.25 to

\$4.75; feeders, good, \$6.50 to \$6.75;

stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., \$6.25 to

\$6.50; canners and cutters, \$3 to

\$4.50; milkers, choice, each, \$85 to

\$110; do, common and medium, each,

\$35 to \$50; Springers, \$50 to \$100;

light ewes, \$5.50 to \$6.50; sheep,

heavy, \$4.25 to \$4.75; do, bucks,

\$3.50 to \$4.50; yearling lambs, \$7 to

\$7.50; Spring lambs, cwt., \$8.65 to

\$9; calves, medium to choice, \$7.25 to

\$10.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$8.85

to \$9.10; do, f.o.b., \$8.50.

Montreal, Nov. 9.—Butchers' cattle,

\$7.25 to \$7.50; do, medium, \$6.25

to \$6.75; do, common, \$1.50 to \$5.50;

canners, \$3.25 to \$4.25; butchers'

cattle, choice cows, \$6 to \$6.25; do,

medium, \$5 to \$5.50; do, bulls, \$4.50

to \$6; milkers, choice, each, \$85 to

\$90; do, common and medium, each,

\$75 to \$80; springers, \$65 to \$70;

sheep, ewes, \$5.50 to \$5.75; bucks

and culls, \$5 to \$5.25; lambs, \$8 to

\$8.75; hogs, off cars, \$9.25 to \$9.40.

FOUR AVIATORS KILLED
IN AERIAL COLLISION

A despatch from Paris says: Two

military aeroplanes collided while

making a landing at Le Bourget.

They caught fire and the four aviators

managing the machines were burned to

death.

BULGARS ROUTED IN SOUTH SERBIA

Serbs, French and British Troops
Took Part in the Engage-
ment.

A despatch from London says: South of Strumitsa on the Bulgarian border there has been sharp fighting between the French and the Bulgars. The latter attacked the French positions, but were repulsed with heavy losses. According to reports the British are co-operating there with the French, but, as heretofore, these reports are unofficial and fragmentary, and it cannot be said authoritatively whether the British were in touch with their new enemy.

"Official telegrams confirmed at the Serbian and Russian Legations here announce a great Serbian victory at the Babuna Pass. The Bulgarians were completely routed at Isevo, suffering enormous losses.

"Detachments of British and French troops hastened to defeat the enemy, who was shattered, and fled in disorder towards Kupili (Veles).

"The right bank of the Vardar is now cleared of the enemy. The French also completely defeated the Bulgarians at Strumitsa, inflicting heavy losses on them and driving them beyond Kotsarion."

A Bulgarian army has reached the line of Nish forts, according to Sofia official despatches. It is not believed here that any great effort will be put forth to prevent the occupation of the war capital by the invaders.

The Teuton army under Gen. von Gallwitz, invading Serbia on the eastern bank of the Morava, captured Paracin, on the Oriental railway. This town, taken along with two others in the immediate vicinity, lies approximately 35 miles from Nish, the Serbian war capital—the direct line is a little more than 29 miles. It is this stretch of the Orient railway between Nish and Paracin that still remains in Serbian hands.

With the fall of Nish this railroad sector, essential to definitely clear the road to the Turkish capital, will become untenable for the Serbs, military observers here agree.

Meanwhile the battle line in Southern Serbia and in the strip of Bulgarian territory invaded by the French, has taken definite shape. On this battle line there are four principal salients, and at each fighting is now in progress. They are the Babuna pass, with the City of Prilep to the south, on the Monastir-Krupiti (Veles), railway; Krivolak, due west of the pass on the Salonica-Nish line; Valanov, about 18 miles south of Krivolak, in immediate reach of the same line, and Robova eight miles south of the Bulgarian stronghold Strumitsa.

FOOD VALUE IN FLOWERS.

Nasturtiums Another.

The food value of flowers is a matter just beginning to interest the scientific world. Violets are said to contain considerable nourishment. They formed the basis of a refreshing drink, and in other forms figured conspicuously in the feasts of the ancient Persians. The modern confectioner crystallizes them in sugar.

The old Turkish confections made of rose leaves are declared delicious by those who have eaten them. A number of cooks have discovered that a handful of rose petals imparts a flavor of unparalleled delicacy to desserts of many kinds.

For those who do not care for sweets, the gayly colored nasturtium offers delight to the palate. It may be used as a filling for sandwiches, mixed judiciously with other materials in salad. Its delicious pungency appeals to the epicure, while physicians say it aids digestion.

A favorite Italian dish now being introduced into the United States consists of fried squash blossoms. When properly prepared this food is both appetizing and nourishing. The yellow blossoms of the common field pumpkin may be cooked in the same way, and to some tastes are even more pleasing.

Up Above the World So High.

Astronomer Royal Sir F. W. Dyson, at the British Association's meeting at Manchester, said that the number of stars in the whole sky was inferred to be between 1,000 and 2,000 millions. The comparative brilliancy of stars shows extraordinary variations. He pointed out that two faint patches of light seen in the southern hemisphere, which are called Magellanic clouds, contain a group of twenty-five stars, which are 600 times as luminous as the sun, and it has been calculated that they are 186,000,000,000,000 miles from the earth.

Well Shaken, When Taken.

First Autoist—How's the road?

Rough?

Second Autoist—Well, I'll say it's

no place to trust to cheap dentistry.

Most of our military terms are

French, but nearly all our naval terms

are Anglo-Saxon.

Little Elsie (after being punished)

—I think papa is dreadful. Was he

the only man you could get, mam-

ma?

GETTING THE RANGE OF THE ENEMY

SOME USEFUL HINTS ON JUDG-
ING DISTANCES.

Distances Are Over-Estimated When
the Observer Is Kneeling, Sit-
ting or Lying.

Every man who is taking up arms in defence of his country should at once set to work to make himself a good judge of distance.

A man's life may easily hang on his ability quickly and accurately to estimate the range of a foe. Apart from this, judging distance is quite a fascinating pursuit. It is very interesting to learn by experiment how the condition of the atmosphere, the character of the ground, or of the distant object, and other circumstances, all tend to deceive the eye.

The beginner should start by familiarizing his eye with short distances, up to 800 yards. This can easily be done.

Measure out a distance of, say, one hundred yards, and carefully study it. Then pick out objects in other directions which in your estimation are one hundred yards away, and test your judgment by actual pacing. In this way you will come automatically to recognize a distance of one hundred yards or thereabouts, and you can then estimate a longer distance by reckoning it as being so many times one hundred yards.

To Study and Note.

Another useful exercise is to get a friend to show himself standing, kneeling, and lying down at various known distances. You should then carefully note and memorize the different appearance he presents according to the distance he is away from you.

For example, you will find that at, say, one hundred yards you can clearly see details of his clothing, which are only partially visible at 150 yards, and quite invisible at 200 yards.

These are useful practices, but to become an expert you must carefully study and note the causes of over-estimating and under-estimating distances.

Distances are over-estimated when the observer is kneeling, sitting, or lying; when both the background and the object are of a similar color; when heat is rising from the ground; or when looking over a valley; when the object lies in the shade, is only partially

From the Ocean Shore

BITS OF NEWS FROM THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

Items of Interest From Places Lapped By Waves of the Atlantic.

King's College, Windsor, N.S., has 55 students this year, as compared with 65 a year ago.

An American sportsman shot a moose in the Tobique woods, N.B., which had a record spread of antlers. It measured 62 inches.

A blind man at Halifax took a recruit to the recruiting station. He had met the man on the street and persuaded him to enlist.

Messrs. A. R. C. Clark & Son have secured the contract for a dam at Glen Falls, N.B., which will hold 2,000,000 gallons of water.

A partridge was shot in a shade tree in the centre of the business district of Fredericton, N.B. It was sent to Victoria Hospital.

Capt. C. T. Knowlton, commander of the fishing protective steamer Gull-nare, has resigned and will be superintendent of car ferries at Halifax.

As the result of a runaway, John Arsenault and Angus McLean were killed at Sydney Mines, N.S. The horse bolted right in front of an engine.

H. A. Boggs, who had been on the Halifax post office staff for 30 years, joined the 88th Battalion and was given a wrist watch by his associates.

Halifax has 46 barrooms, and Rev. H. R. Grant, moderator of the N. S. Presbyterian Synod, started a movement asking the N.S. Government to cut them off.

Clifford Kelly, a young soldier in Halifax, shot a young girl named Mary Foulkes while "skylarking." He says he didn't know the revolver was loaded.

Gustave Hartwig, a German prisoner who escaped from Halifax a year ago, was captured in St. John, N.B. In his trunk the authorities found many valuable maps.

James Milligan, an I.C.R. conductor, who had been 55 years in the service of that road, died at St. John, N.B. He organized the order of railway conductors there.

The Government of Nova Scotia appointed William P. Lockhart, a returned wounded soldier, to be janitor of the new Senate Building in the N. S. College of Agriculture.

Jim Paul, one of the best-known Indian guides in the Maritime provinces, has enlisted in the 88th Battalion, at Sussex, N.B. He says he is going to get the Kaiser's scalp.

While excavating for a concrete walk round the Fredericton, N.B. post office workmen dug up a Spanish silver coin issued in 1779, during the reign of King Charles the Third.

St. George's Anglican Church at Parisboro was discovered to be on fire while services were going on Sunday morning. It took some time to round the firemen up, they being at other churches.

James W. Madden, ex-M.P. of Sydney, Cape Breton, enlisted in the 85th as a private. He was offered a captaincy, but refused, saying it would be unfair for he, an untrained man, to take precedence of older soldiers.

Hum Quong, a St. John, N.B., Chinese, took an oath in the police court by smashing a saucer. He was told that if he did not tell the truth his soul would be smashed, like the saucer.

PUZZLING THE SURGEONS.

Why They Thought the Whistling Was Curious.

A Parisian journal tells of a young Pisanian who had long worn a monocle in his left eye, and who had continued the habit as an officer. He had been wounded, was cured, and had asked to be returned to the front. When he went to be examined, he concealed the monocle, thinking he might be charged with myopia in one eye. When the chief surgeon examined him he said sharply, "Whistle!"

"The soldier whistled like a blackbird."

"That's curious," said the surgeon, and, calling a young assistant, he said again to the soldier, "Whistle!" He whistled again. "That's, curious," said the young assistant.

Another surgeon entered, and the patient was called upon for the third time to whistle.

"Ah," said the surgeon, "that's curious."

"But," expostulated the soldier, "I don't see why there is so much of this. I'm not to serve as a locomotive."

"It is all right," said the chief surgeon. "You may return to the front."

When the soldier arrived at his regiment, he gave to the regimental surgeon the note that had been given him by the examiner. This surgeon said in his turn, "Will you please whistle?" He whistled. "That's curious," said the surgeon.

It seems that when a man wears a monocle it gives to his face the appearance of facial paralysis. The whistling is a test. The facial paralytic cannot whistle.

His Good Fortune.

She—I suppose you know all the best people in town?

He—Yes, but I don't have to associate with them.

PAIN IN THE BACK

Usually Comes from Muscular Rheumatism.

Do not worry about a pain in the back. The worry will do you more harm than the pains. The cause of most backaches is muscular rheumatism, which is painful enough, but not fatal. Lumbago is a form of muscular rheumatism, so is a stiff neck. Sufferers from any form of rheumatism should keep their general health up to the highest standard by the use of a blood-building tonic like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, while taking good, nourishing food, without too much meat. Proper nutrition and pure blood are the best means of fighting rheumatism. Rheumatism comes from an acid in the blood, build it up, strengthen the system, and drive out the poisonous acid that causes rheumatism. In this way sufferers have found complete recovery as is shown by the following cases.

Mrs. Samuel Childhouse, Orillia, Ont., says: "About three years ago I was greatly afflicted with a severe pain in the back, which I thought at first was due to kidney trouble. I tried a number of remedies, but they did not help me any, in fact, the pain was growing worse, and got so bad that I was quite unable to do my housework. I could not even sweep a floor. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I am glad I acted upon the advice, for before I had been taking the Pills long the pain began to subside, and under the continued use disappeared entirely, and I have not since been bothered with it in any way. My husband was also cured of a severe attack of indigestion by this same medicine, so that we both have good reason to be grateful for it."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GIVEN AWAY.

The Irishman's Answer Astonished the Colonel.

There used to be a certain stern old colonel stationed at Aldershot who was a great stickler for all the officers being acquainted with the names and genealogies of the various men of their troops. A well-known jovial captain, who was never yet at a loss for a reply to any question asked him, was once put sublimely through his facings.

"Captain Dash," said his superior officer, surveying a posse of young recruits, "what is this man's name, and where does he come from?"

"His name's Brown, sir, and he is a native of Derbyshire," remarked the calm captain, prepared for any amount of fabrication, but in reality not knowing one single point upon which he was likely to be questioned.

"And this man—what is his name, and where was he born?" was the next inquiry.

"Oh, his name's Smith, and he's a native of Devon," answered the plunging captain, as coolly as though he was telling the truth.

"Of Devon," repeated the colonel. "Dear me!—my own native place. So, my man—addressing the grinning recruit—"you are actually from Devon?"

"Fain, yis, yer honor; and truth it's a grand place intirely, so it is!" was the reply.

The colonel felt back, very much astonished, and Captain Dash had to see him later on in private.

TURN OVER TIME

When Nature Hints About the Food.

When there's no relish to food and all that one doesn't seem to do any good is the time to make a turn-over in the diet, for that's Nature's way of dropping a hint that the food isn't the kind required.

For a number of years I followed railroad work, much of it being office work of a trying nature. Meal times were our busiest; and eating too much and too quickly of food such as is commonly served in hotels and restaurants, together with the sedentary habits, were not long in giving me dyspepsia and stomach trouble, which reduced my weight from 205 to 160 pounds.

"There was little relish in any food and none of it seemed to do me any good. It seemed the more I ate the poorer I got and was always hungry before another meal, no matter how much I had eaten."

"Then I commenced a trial of Grape-Nuts food, and was surprised how a small saucer of it would carry me along, strong and with satisfied appetite, until the next meal, with no sensations of hunger, weakness or distress as before."

"I have been following this diet now for several months and my improvement has been so great all the others in my family have taken up the use of Grape-Nuts with complete satisfaction and much improvement in health."

"Most people eat hurriedly, have lots of worry, thus hindering digestion, and therefore need a food that is predigested and concentrated in nourishment."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A few one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Embroidered-Boleros Pretty and Smart.

The fall and winter styles are, without question, a credit to their originators. Every woman wants to dress with refinement and style; and to keep up-to-date inexpensively in these days of rapid changes, it is almost necessary to do all one's own dressmaking. This is not difficult when a good pattern is used. For instance, the illustration here shown, Ladies' Home Journal Pattern No. 9089, is a fine example of up-to-date dress and smartness. This dress will be particularly welcome because of the ease and accuracy with which it can be made and adorned. The blue bird pattern, No. 14444, is delightful

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RAW FURS

We pay highest net cash prices

It's not what the price list promises, but the money you actually get that counts your profit. We have built up a large list of shippers through treating them fairly. We are especially liberal in the grading. We charge no commission. We pay all express charges. Write for our price list and special offer.

Ginseng and We are the largest Golden Seal get buyers of Ginseng in the United States and can therefore pay highest prices. Write for price list.

DAVID BLUSTEIN & BRO. Patent Gravel Eye For House in New York 183 W. 27th St., New York, N. Y.

FREE TO GIRLS

We will give this beautiful prize free of all charge to any girl or young lady who will sell 10 sets of our handsome Xmas cards and Xmas tags and seals at 10 cents a package.

The Extension Bracelet is of rolled gold plate and fits any arm. Send us your name and we will send you the cards. When sold send us the money and we will send you the bracelet. Address: ROSEBERRY-WARRIN CO., Dept. 208, Toronto, Ont.

carried was of little value, its owner being strongly against disturbing

BUTTERICK FASHIONS ALWAYS IN STOCK

E. MAYHEW & COMPANY

"Where Quality and Fashion Reign Supreme"

Who Wants to be a Trailer in the Matter of Style? Surely Not You!

Men! If You Want a Real Clothes Treat

We invite you to come at once to the "Home of the Stylish Overcoat" and see the new arrivals, bristling full of vigorous style and swagger patterns and most advanced color effects. All the new dressy models in loose-fitting and semi-body-tracing overcoats—snappy styles. Values that you cannot equal anywhere in Men's Overcoats.

\$10, \$15 to \$20

Ladies! Ten Minutes Spent Here

this week will surprise you; viewing the high variety will enthrall you about their style and beauty; save you much because of the big satisfaction in perfect fit and long wear which we guarantee in every LADY'S COAT sold by us, regardless of the price. Prices ranging from

\$7.50 to \$28.00

Every Department of This Store Is Now Ready With a Delightful Showing of New Things

Our Silk Department

Even in spite of the fact that Silks are very hard to get, this department is full of Rich, Beautiful Silks. If you need Silks and like to save money, come right away.

Black Paletta Silk, one yard wide, regular \$1.25, for 80c.

Milinery Specials

A fresh new collection, consisting of fifty Trimmed Hats, for this week, is sure to attract a throng of eager autumn buyers. This collection consists of hats in the most popular shapes beautifully trimmed.

Trimmed Hats, worth \$1.00, for \$1.48
Trimmed Hats, worth \$1.00, for \$1.98
Trimmed Hats, worth \$1.00, for \$2.48
Trimmed Hats, worth \$1.00, for \$2.98

Penman's Underwear for Women

Children and Men

Those who wear Penman's can rest sure in the knowledge that they are clothed in a product that is recognized as one of the leaders—a Veritable Standard of Value for Underwear. The name "Penman" is at once a recommendation and a guarantee. We are the authorities for UNDERWEAR in Glencoe. We carry all the best makes that are to be bought.

Shoes for the Particular Person

HERE you can see the largest variety of Shoes shown. HERE you can buy them just a little cheaper than elsewhere. HERE is where every Shoe is guaranteed, for men, women and children.

SPECIALS IN SWEATER COATS

All the Latest Combination Color Effects for Men, Women and Children

E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1915.

Wardsville

Wardsville, Nov. 9.—Miss B. Gardner spent a few days last week in London.

Mr. English has returned from visiting his sister at Watford.

Miss Josie Walker, of Florence, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. R. Yates.

Tom Fauds spent the week-end in Toronto.

Mrs. R. McLean left last week to spend the winter in New York.

Mrs. Kile, of Amherstburg, has been visiting her father, Rev. J. Hale, for some time.

Mrs. J. Bilton spent last week in London.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. Knapp in Glencoe on Sunday.

BETHERE A WILL WISDOM POINTS THE WAY.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Par-melee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

EKFRID STATION.

At J. L. Hull's auction sale of farm stock last week there was brisk bidding, the day being fine and the attendance large. Twenty-two-year-old steers of very fine quality averaged \$71 a head; yearlings averaged \$43 a head; of the milch cows springers sold at from \$80 to \$85, and good breeding ewes sold at \$11.25 each. The total sale amounted to about \$3,200.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Webster and Mr. and Mrs. Bernice Galbraith spent a couple of weeks at Hamilton and London.

Mr. and Mrs. Webster returned to their home at Jeanette's Creek on Monday after a three months' holiday during which they visited the Panama Exhibition at San Francisco and toured the Canadian West and coast points.

Nurse M. J. McGugan left on Saturday to take a position in the new Ford hospital at Detroit.

George M. McCallum is attending business college in London.

Miss Pearl Giles, of St. Thomas, is spending a two-weeks' vacation at her home here.

Miss Aggie Switzer spent last week at her mother's home here.

Miss Pheme Gray returned to her home in Sarnia after a short visit with friends here.

Miss J. Black spent the week-end in Toronto.

Geo. Lee is the proud father of a fine little baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Switzer spent Sunday with Dunwich friends.

Mrs. Arch. McGugan, of Mount Brydges, spent the week-end with friends here.

MOSA.

Miss Emery spent the week-end in London.

A number from here were at Neil McKellar's husking bee and report a good time in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. William Corbett were presented with several valuable gifts on the occasion of their golden wedding.

J. E. Corbett had a splendid husking bee, and the lads and lassies had a charming time.

Melbourne

Melbourne, Nov. 8th.—Mr. Gleason, M. C. R. agent at Melbourne, has been moved to Adairville, Ont., and Mr. Phillips, of Windsor, has taken Mr. Gleason's place at this station.

James Drinkwater, of Toronto, former manager of the Union Bank here, was in town for a few days this week shipping his household effects to Toronto where he will reside. Jimmie now holds an important government job and his many friends in this place and vicinity will be glad to hear of his advancement.

Privates R. Campbell and C. Richards are still in training with their respective regiments in England, according to their last letters, but both expected they would be moved to the front in a few days and quite likely they are doing their bit for the country by now.

Duncan A. Campbell has purchased a new piano from D. McRae, Glencoe.

SHETLAND.

Pte. S. N. Hartney, of the 70th Battalion, London, is home on sick leave. Shetland bridge looks "spiff" in its new coat of paint. The old river fairly "runs" under it now.

The Sunshine Corn Husker Co. has moved into this vicinity and are "pulling ears" in good shape.

People of this vicinity should be proud as well as glad to know that Corporal Harry Stoneham, after 15 months of actual service, is still alive and well and doing his bit assisting to create German widows and orphans.

Geo. Demus, formerly of Oil Springs, has, after some months' operation, bought the fixtures, accessories and lease of the Smith Falls Oil Fields and is working same for all that is in 'em, increasing the daily flow by many barrels.

Just as Dick Bodkin, of Dawn, was driving his big traction engine onto Shetland bridge last Saturday the coupling on the separator broke and in a moment the big machine, accelerated by its own immense weight, hurtled down the incline, suddenly crumpled short and turned a complete somersault down the steep embankment. Everything seemed smashed to flinders and not worth the trouble of digging out. However, in an hour Capt. John Bent with his wrecking engine was upon the scene and in an incredulous short period had the wreck back on the track and ready for its trip to the repair shops at Sarnia. Our sympathy isn't worth a fig so far as alleviating Dick's expenses but just the same he has 'em.

A SACRED CONCERT

WILL BE HELD IN

Burns' Church, Mosa

ON

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 17

under auspices of Y. P. S.

An Excellent Musical Program

consisting of Solos, Duets, Trios and Quartettes will be rendered by the following Soloists of St. Andrew's Choir, London, viz.:—Mrs. Charles Wheeler, Scottish Soloist; Miss Anna Cochran, Soprano Soloist; Miss Mary Shoenbottom, Contralto Soloist; Mr. C. J. Pink, Tenor Soloist; Mr. W. A. McCutcheon, Bass Soloist; Mr. C. E. Wheeler, Organist of St. Andrew's Church, Accompanist.

Concert Begins at 8 p. m.

TICKETS:—Adults, 25c; Children, 15c

Appin

The reopening of Appin Mutual Improvement Society was held on Tuesday evening and was largely attended and an interesting time was had.

D. L. McIntyre and Frank Pole shipped two carloads of cattle from here on Tuesday and five carloads last week.

A very successful assembly was held in the town hall here last week.

Don't forget to hear the returned soldiers tell of their experiences in the trenches at the town hall, Appin, Wednesday evening, Nov. 17th.

R. E. C. McDonald was not long in disposing of his carload of potatoes.

Little Howard McIntyre met with a painful accident Monday afternoon. While playing in the grain store, his foot became caught under a small car piled with grain-filled bags. The jar was sufficient to throw the car off the track. The lad was carried home, and a physician has been in attendance. Owing to bad swelling, the full extent of the injury has not been determined.

CRINAN.

The Willing Workers of Argyle Presbyterian church have done exceptionally well in their work of collecting comforts for the soldiers. During the last month they have secured 30 pairs of socks, 15 daisybuds and 2 mufflers, besides collecting the sum of \$12. They intend packing a Christmas box of cakes and candles, and sending the same to the soldiers' hospital at Alexandria, Egypt.

Miss McEachern, who left here as a Red Cross nurse, has been transferred to the hospital at Alexandria, and this fact will assist the ladies in their work, as it will create an added interest.

In the recent canvass for the British Red Cross fund the Crinan polling subdivision gave \$190 as its share, and the eastern portion of the township of Aldborough gave nearly \$1,300. This includes the subscription from the village of West Lorne, which gave at the rate of about \$1 per head of the population.

While the bean crop has been much damaged by the wet this year, the high prices paid for good beans has made the crop a profitable one. The present prices for beans are \$3 per bushel for white beans on a hand-picked basis, and \$3 per bushel straight for yellow-eye beans. J. D. Campbell recently sold the yield of three acres for over \$100, making the net return of the land over \$50 per acre. Several good samples of beans have been threshed, but the greater portion of the crop has been hard hit with the wet and rust.

A. S. McMillan intends holding a clearing sale of his farm stock and implements next week. He also intends to sell his farm and move to Windsor.

Asthma Overcome.—The triumph over asthma has assuredly come. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved the most positive blessing the victim of asthmatic attacks has ever known. Letters received from thousands who have tried it form a testimonial which leaves no room for doubt that here is a real remedy. Get it today for your dealer.

FERGUSON'S CROSSING.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm McGugan and family, of Ekfrid, called on friends here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Pierce attended the funeral of the late Jas. Pierce, of Alvinston, on Friday.

Misses Winnie McVicar and Drina McAlpine, students of Glencoe High school, spent Sunday at their homes here.

Misses Ethel and Ella Pierce spent Sunday with their grandmother, in Brocks.

Newbury

Miss Bessie Dobbyn, of London, and Miss Bessie Dobbyn are visiting Florence's friends of Chatham, was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Goodison, Miss Bostwick and Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Heath of Sarnia, motored from Sarnia, spending Sunday with Mrs. Heatherington.

Pte. Alex. Humphries, of the 33rd Battalion, spent Sunday with S. McCallum.

Pte. Atfield, also of the 33rd, was in town Saturday.

H. Bostwick, of Clachan, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Heatherington.

Miss Ella Jeffery has returned from a visit in Detroit.

Mrs. Stephen Fennel was in Belmont last week attending the marriage of her brother.

Mrs. Wm. Marshall, of Detroit, is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. H. Jeffery.

A special business meeting of the W. A. B. C. will be held on Monday, Nov. 15, at 7.45 p. m. Members and friends will be welcome.

The home and contents of Noble Hurde were destroyed by fire on Friday evening. This house was occupied for years by Wm. Allister. There was some insurance.

A Red Cross society has been formed in the village. The fee is 25 cents, is small and everyone should join and help on the good work. Mrs. Owens has given a room in her home which has been fitted up nicely for sewing and different lines of work. The room is open every Friday afternoon from 2 o'clock, also in the evening. Sewing and knitting is prepared there, and any who find it more convenient can take their work home. Last week an extra appeal was made, the response being 34 lbs. plum pudding, 61 lbs. after-dinner mints, 2 boxes gum, 1 box homemade candy. This will be sent direct to the soldiers. Lend a hand.

Following is a short account of a pleasant trip which Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Whittaker, of Windsor, took to the exposition in California and their calls on Transcript readers: We stopped at Salt Lake City, Pasadena and Los Angeles, then up the coast to Vancouver, stopping at San Francisco, Portland, Seattle and Victoria, and returned via the Canadian West. At Calgary we saw the Stokes and Jas. Millar. In Edmonton we saw A. M. Vail. In Winnipeg we had a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Clements and Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Riley, as well as a talk with B. Moorehouse, who are all well and enjoying good health. From Calgary to Winnipeg you can see nothing but wheat. The farmers are all thrashing the line, and only about one-half of the wheat has been threshed, any quantity of it standing in shocks and stacks awaiting the threshers. The weather was beautiful all the way through the West as we passed through.

STRATHEBURN.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing. Ploughing and corn husking are the order of the day.

N. Currie is busy picking apples these days.

The gates of the Oakland cemetery were completed last week.

Isaac Simpson has purchased a registered Durham bull from D. D. Graham.

L. D. Siddall thrashed on the Campbell farm last week.

The Red Cross meets this week at Mrs. D. H. McKellar's.

Strathburn is proud of the way the boys have answered their country's call, Ray McIntyre being the latest to don the khaki.

Our newly organized Red Cross Society is proving a success.

Apple picking is all finished up. Bert Gould shipped two carloads to London.

The townline is now getting a coat of gravel, which was badly needed.

Much sympathy is felt for George Simpson and family in their loss of wife and mother.

We were pleased to note the name of Miss Lillian Childs among those who were successful in securing nurse's diploma.

Hughie Currie has returned from a two-weeks' business trip to Chicago.

Will Thompson is home from Hamilton on a visit to his father at Battle Hill.

The steel is about all laid on the new Tait river bridge. Traffic will be resumed in a few weeks but the concrete floor will not likely be laid until spring and a plank floor will be used in the meantime.

Williewaughts.

When corks are popping and youths are yawning a bacchanalian song, we graybeard relics, old, world-worn deacons, are not to be starting wrong. The voices raucous that jeer and mock us, and sing of joy today, will wait in sorrow, some dark tomorrow, for chances thrown away.

For wine's a mocker, a plexus shocker, that ruins nerves and brain, it sets heads aching, and hearts a-breaking, and fills your bones with pain. Strong drink is raging, and when your aging, you realize this truth; that being handy, you curse the brandy and gin you drank in youth. Old age discloses empurpled noses, and hands that shake, and twitch, and mauldin grouches, and midnight coughs in ally or in ditch. The gilded fellows whom wassail mellowed in gilded booze saloon, some day may grovel in squalid hovel, and pray for just one prune.

Where are the singers, the gay hum-dingers, who with me drank and spied? In countless numbers they have their slumbers out in the Potter's Field. The fellows gifted, who nightly lifted the glass where folk of flies, who might have risen—but died in prison with none to close their eyes.—By Walt Mason.

Health cannot be looked for in the child that is subject to worms, because worms destroy health by creating internal disturbances that retard development and cause serious weakness.

Miller Worm Powders expel worms and are so beneficial in their action that the systems of the little sufferers are restored to healthfulness, all the discomforts and dangers of worm infection removed, and satisfactory growth is assured.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" THE MARVELLOUS FRUIT MEDICINE

Has Relieved More Cases of Stomach, Liver, Blood, Kidney and Skin Trouble Than Any Other Medicine

THOUSANDS OWE THEIR GOOD HEALTH TO IT

Made From The Juices of Apples, Oranges, Figs and Prunes Combined With Tonics and Antiseptics.

"Fruit-a-tives" means health. In years to come, people will look back to the discovery of 'Fruit-a-tives' and wonder how they ever managed to get along without these wonderful tablets, made from fruit juices.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is excellent for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Sour Stomach. 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only certain remedy that will correct chronic Constipation and Liver trouble.

'Fruit-a-tives' is the greatest Kidney Remedy in the world and many people have testified to its value in severe cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Impure Blood, Headache, Neuralgia, Pimples, Blotches and other Skin Troubles.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" has been one of the great successes of the century and the sales are enormous, both in Canada and the United States. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

KILMARTIN.

The death of Malcolm McLean occurred at his home in Mosa on Monday evening, and the funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at Alvinston cemetery. Mr. McLean was one of the pioneers of the township.

John N. Munroe, of St. Clair, Mich., is visiting friends here while over to see his daughter Phemie, who is ill at J. D. McIntyre's, Walkers.

Born—on Monday, Nov. 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Neil L. McKellar, a son.

The regular meeting of the Y. P. S. will be held in Burns' church on Friday evening of this week, when the subject "Resolved that the United States should remain neutral" will be debated.

Mrs. Lundy and son, of Detroit, are visiting her sister, Miss Jessie Livingston.

Miss Flossie Douglas underwent an operation for appendicitis at her home here on Tuesday evening and is doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack McAlpine, of Alliance, spent Sunday at Donald McGregor's.

The crops are turning out exceedingly well in this vicinity. J. C. McIntyre and A. L. McKellar each on a 50-acre farm threshed respectively over 1,500 and 1,000 bushels of grain, and G. W. Sutton, on a 75-acre farm, threshed over 1,800 bushels, notwithstanding that he lost a great quantity of oats by the wet weather.

Why do statesmen read the Weekly Sun of Toronto? Because it is a paper with a reputation that is unquestioned. It is the farmers' business paper, and is watching the farmers' interests all the time. Aside, even from its market reports, which are acknowledged to be the best in the Dominion, it is a paper of weight. It has an established personality. You should have it come to your home every week. All through the long winter nights it will furnish a wealth of interesting reading material of a thoroughly reliable character. This paper has special clubbing arrangements with the Sun. Let us have your renewal and add the Sun to your list of papers for 1916.

"Johnny, do you know that your mother has been looking for you?" asked the neighbor next door.

"Sure I do," replied Johnny; "that's the reason she can't find me!"

Don't fail to attend this Patriotic Rally in the Town Hall. Besides the messages from the front there will be a Full Musical Program

with Patriotic Songs by CHRIS. PINK, Celebrated Tenor, of London, and J. P. McCULLOCH, Scotch Baritone, of London.

EX-MAYOR GRAHAM, of London, will deliver a Patriotic Address. There will also be Musical Numbers and Brief Addresses by Local Talent. GEORGE LETHBRIDGE, Organist of First Presbyterian Church, London, Accompanist.

The Chair will be taken at 8 o'clock. You are cordially invited to be present by the Ekfrid Patriotic Association.

CHAS. M. MACFIE, W. P. SPERO, President. Sec.-Treas.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$ 11,560,000
RESERVE FUND - \$ 12,560,000
TOTAL ASSETS - \$187,000,000

Savings Department—Interest allowed on deposits of one dollar and upward and credited to accounts half yearly.

Farmers' business solicited. Loans made to responsible farmers for the purchase of cattle, etc. Sale notes cashed or collected.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

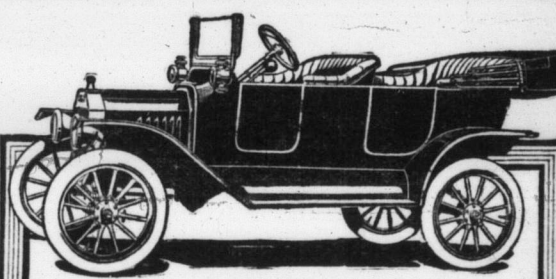
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass-book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

FARMERS' BUSINESS

Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car
Price \$530

Ford Runabout
Price \$480

Ford Town Car
Price \$780

The above prices f.o.b. Ford, Ont., effective Aug. 2, 1915. No speedometer included in this year's equipment. Otherwise cars fully equipped. Cars on display and sale at

ALEX. DUNCANSON'S - GLENCOE



BEFORE DECIDING ON A CAR SEE THE

OVERLAND

MANY REASONS WHY

It has the reputation for being the most reliable car.

It has all the latest improvements.

It is easy to handle.

It is easy on gasoline.

It is easy on oil.

It is an easy riding car.

1916 Model, 5-Passenger, 35-Horsepower Touring Car, reduced from \$1,275 to \$1,050.

FOR DEMONSTRATION APPLY

S. HUMPHRIES, GLENCOE

Agent for Mosa, Ekfrid, Euphemia and Zone