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ST. ANDREWS, N. B. WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1846.

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POETRY.

THE YOUNG STOCKBROKER'S BRIDE.

O! swiftly speed the gallant bark!
I say, you ming'ling, porter!
I do not heed you storm-cloud dark,
I go to wed old Jenkin's daughter,
I go to claim my own Maria.

The fairest flower that blooms in Harwich,
My panting bosom is on fire,
And all is ready for the marriage.

Thus spoke young Mivins, as he stepped
On board the fiery Harwich packet.
The bell rung out, the paddles swept
Flash-plashing round with noisy racket.
The low ring of young Mivins' saw,
But fear, he felt, was only folly;
And so he smoked a fresh cigar,
Then fell to whistling, "Nix my Dolly!"

The wind it roared, the packet's shulk
Rocked with a most unpleasant motion.
Young Mivins least him o'er a bulk,
And poured his sorrow to the ocean.
Tints, blue and yellow, signs of woe,
Flushed, rainbow-like, his noble face in;
As suddenly he rushed below,
Crying, "Stewart, backward, bring a basin!"

On sped the bark. The howling storm
The funnel's tapering smoke did blow far,
Unmoved young Mivins' lifeless form—
Was stretched upon a hair-cloth sofa.
All night he moaned, the steamer groined,
And he was hourly getting fainter,
When it came bump against the pier,
And there was fastened by the painter.

Young Mivins rose and blew his nose.
Caught wildly at his small portmanteau,
He was unfit to lie or sit,
And found it difficult to stand too.
He sought the deck, he sought the shore,
He sought the lady's house like winking,
And asked, low tapping at the door,
"Is this the house of Mr. Jenkin?"

A short man came. He told his name.
Mivins was short; he cut him shorter,
For, in a fury, he exclaimed,
"Are you the man as vaults my dagger!"
Not kind on you last night, young squire!"
"Mayhap it was, but not to-night,"
"Mayhap it was, but not to-night,"
"Mayhap it was, but not to-night,"

"And so you've kissed a post too late."
"It was the packet, sir, mislaid."
"Vy, does you tink a gal can wait
As sets 'er fast on being married?"
Last night she would've shed a bride,
And 'ave a spouse for vint or better;
So Bill struck in, the knot was tied,
And how I wishes you may get her!"

Young Mivins turned him from the spot,
Bewildered with the dreadful stroke. Her
Perfidy came like a shot.
He was a thunderstruck stockbroker.
"A curse on steam and steamers too!"
By their delays I have been undone!"
He cried, as looking very blue,
He rode a lurcher to London.

—From Bon Gaudier's Book of Ballads.

HAVANA CIGARS. A letter from the
Havana informs us that the cultivation of to-
bacco is increasing immensely in Cuba, in con-
sequence of the great demand for Havana ci-
gars, whilst in many districts of the island
the cultivation of coffee is on the decrease.

The system of traffic in tobacco is very loose
and unsatisfactory; the commodity is chiefly
brought to the city on horses, and there offered
for sale on the so-called "colonda," in
eating houses and inns. The business is in
the hands of certain speculators, who pur-
chase the goods of the country people by
anticipation, and the sale is then effected by
small cigar manufacturers and brokers, to
treat with whom the utmost caution is re-
quired. A rumour was recently set afloat
that the governor wished to remedy the evil,
and to erect a store magazine for the deposit
of all tobacco destined for sale, arranged
and classified by sworn brokers, but hitherto (July
10) nothing has been done. The crop of
this year is most prolific, but there is a pre-
judice against the quality in certain cases, as
the buildings for drying, sorting and packing
the tobacco were too small in proportion to
the quantity, and the tobacco was brought to
market in an immature state. Still the de-
mand continues to exceed the supply by a
great deal. The preparation of cigars occupies
a great portion of the population; with
the increasing consumption, the exportation
to all parts of the world continually augments;
in proof we shall merely observe, that the
French regie has found itself compelled
to conclude a new contract for 40,000 boxes
of cigars a year, whilst the preceding one
for 50,000 remains still in force. (Lon. pap.

NEW AND VALUABLE DISCOVERY. We
noticed yesterday the discovery of a new pre-
paration by Dr. Morton, which is intended to
alleviate the sufferings of those who are forced
to undergo painful operations in surgery
and dentistry, as well as to facilitate the work
of operators. The effect of this new disco-
very is to throw the patient into a state of in-
sensitivity, and while unconscious any opera-
tion can be performed without occasioning
pain. We are told by a gentleman of the
highest respectability, that he witnessed an
experiment of the use of this most extraordi-
nary discovery at the rooms of Dr. Morton
one evening this week. An ulcerated tooth
was extracted from the mouth of an individ-
ual without giving him the slightest pain. He
was put into a kind of sleep, by inhaling
a portion of this preparation, the effects of
which lasted for about three quarters of an
hour, just long enough to extract the tooth.
This discovery is destined to make a great
revolution in the arts of surgery and surgical
dentistry.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH IN EGYPT. Through
the London correspondent of the Philadelphia
Inquirer, we gain the following interesting in-
formation relating to the dawn of true Chris-
tianity in the land of the Pharaohs.

Among the wonders of modern Egypt,
that to a contemplative mind, though utterly
opposite in their nature and character, outvie
these stupendous works of the olden time,
wonders, too, which all owe their creation to
the old man, himself the greatest wonder of
them all, Mehmet Ali—among them may be
named a splendid Protestant Christian
Church, now in progress of erection, in the
most splendid portion of the Frank quarter of
Alexandria. The following is the enu-
meration of Europeans whose fixed or occa-
sional residence made such a structure necessary.

In 1845, permanent residents, 167; travellers,
in transit, 2,200; ship's crews, 2,007; tour-
ists, 166; total 6,660. For these it was
proposed to erect a very humble structure,
and the British Resident (Col. Campbell)
mentioned the matter to Mehmet Ali. He
at once gave a plot of ground, on the south
side of the Great Square, intimating his wish
that the building should correspond in size
and magnificence with the other buildings in
the neighborhood. By an act of Parliament,
where British subjects abroad raise one half
of the support of a clergyman, the govern-
ment may contribute the same amount, and
the clergyman may be Episcopalian or Pres-
byterian, according to the majority of those
for whom the Church is intended. In this
case, the majority being Episcopalian, the
clergyman was licensed by the Bishop of
London. The building is dedicated to St.
Mark, and is the first Christian edifice in
that region in modern times.

JOURNEY OF THE PUBLIC EXPENSE.—John Kil-
burn, a person well known on the turf as a
list-seller, was a town in Bedfordshire, and
according to a turf phrase, quite broke down;
it was in harvest time, the week before he
monied races, near which place he was born;
and to arrive there in time, he hit on the fol-
lowing expedient:—He applied to a blacksmith
of his acquaintance, to stamp on a padlock the
words of "Richmond jail," which, with the
chain, was fixed to one of his legs, and he
composedly went into a corn field to sleep.
As he expected, he was soon apprehended,
and taken before a magistrate, who, after
some deliberation, ordered two constables,
to guard him in a carriage to Richmond, no
time being to be lost. Kilburn, saying he had
not been tried, and hoping they would not let
him lie still another assize. The constables,
on their arrival at the jail, accosted the keeper
with, "Sir, do you know this man?" "Yes,
very well: it is Kilburn; I have known him
many years." "We suppose that he has broken
out of your jail, as he has a chain and pad-
lock on with your mark." "A prisoner! I
never heard of any harm of him in my life."
"Nor," says Kilburn, "have these gentlemen,
sir. They have been so good as to bring me
out of Bedfordshire, and I will not give them
further trouble. I have got the key of the
padlock, and I'll not trouble them to unlock it;
I thank them for their good usage." The dis-
tance he thus travelled was about one hun-
dred and seventy miles.

REMARKABLE DEATH OF AN ANIMAL.—A
French paper records the death of a valuable
tiger belonging to a menagerie, owing to a sur-
gical operation. The creature had been well
trained, and as the magnificent royal tiger,
the caravansary attracted much admiration.
In consequence of the blows of a whip or stick
received in its youth, it had near the jaw two
wens of some size, which no one ever thought
of removing, till a veterinary surgeon proposed
to perform this perilous operation. The offer
having been accepted by the proprietor of the
menagerie, the tiger was securely fastened
down by chains and ropes. The poor animal
submitted to this unaccustomed manœuvre
with much quietness; but the operator, being
performing the operation, the tiger was seized
with such extreme rage, that being unable to
burst his bonds, congestion of the brain ensued

and he expired in a few seconds. The town
of Metz, France, purchased his remains for
its cabinet of natural history.

STORMS AT SEA.—The following article called
forth by the late terrific gale on the Atlan-
tic is copied from the Brooklyn Advertiser,
and takes a right and Christian view of such
a remarkable dispensation. It is salutary for
the mind sometimes, to be directed in other
places than the pulpit, towards the reasons for
various peculiar interpositions of Providence,
and we have therefore transferred the article
to our own columns, admiring the earnest
spirit in which it is written—a spirit of belief,
reliance and gratitude.

"God moves in a mysterious way,
His wonders to perform;
He plants his footsteps in the sea,
And rides upon the storm." (Cowper.)

Few, if any, have read the account of the
gale recently encountered by the Great West-
ern, without experiencing a thrill of the most
painful sort. It would seem to have been one
of those occurrences that separates the extra-
ordinary from the ordinary, as if to open a
wider, and higher, and deeper expanse, for
the development of Almighty power.

I cannot help regarding that wild and fear-
ful storm as the special agent of God sent to
secure that very provision which drops from
the like ripe fruit, viz: the formation of a nu-
cleus around which to collect a fund for the
relief of those whose supporters shall be lost
at sea. There is a world of humanity in this;
and the wonder is that, so many centuries
should have passed, since the ocean has been
the grave of so many of those who adventure
upon it, without awakening in survivors a
feeling to make provision for those who go
down to the sea in ships and are lost there.

Much as the ship may have been damaged
and hoist, rendering as were the agonies of all
on board, they fall short of the good that has
come of both. How fearful, and wonderful,
yet how full of mercy, are the ways of God;
and how mysterious!

A friend writing to me as I read the account
of the gale, said that he and his family left
Liverpool in the British Queen the same day
on which the ill-fated President left New
York, and encountered the same gale that
sent that giant ship and her crew and passen-
gers to their last retreat into the depths of the
ocean. His description of that terrible gale
lacked little if any of the thrilling touches that
give to the recent one so much interest. The
storm raged for ten consecutive days, and with
a power that seemed to have lifted the sea
from its bed, and thrown it in mountains a-
bove, and upon, and around the ship. Every
billow seemed to have been commissioned
as it came rolling on to the ship, to send her
to the bottom. At one time the prependicular
inclination was such as to render it impossible
for any one to keep his footing, except he was
supported. Ropes were made fast to various
parts of the vessel; the masts, sides and gan-
gways to which the men would cling. At
other times the sea, driven from its course,
would strike the side of the ship, and roll her
wheel-houses, first one and then the other,
under the water. There seemed to be no
hope but in the subsidence of the storm, when
the voice became general to retire before it
and return. The third day was now come,
when such was the earnest entreaties of all,
that the captain promised, if there should be
no change for the better by the morning, he
would make for Fayal. Meantime more than
half the paddles had been broken from the
wheels; the sails had been blown to ribbons
and it was very certain the coal could not
last always. The time made was not over
twenty, and at most, forty miles a day.

Yet in the midst of all this tumult without
the mighty fabric of the engine kept at its
duty. As my friend looked at the immense
piston, driving its way downwards, he could
not help thinking that the giving way of a
single pin, or screw, might make the way for
its descent beyond the limits assigned to it, for-
cing the material beneath it through the ship.
All hands put to work to repair the waste pad-
dles, or to make a disposition of those that
remained. This was done by furnishing each
wheel with an alternate paddle, making on
both wheels the complement of one; and thus
having provision for but little more than half
speed of the ship. This work, and some
other necessary repairs, had but just been
finished, the last stroke struck, when the
storm broke forth in all its fury, and with a
wildness and power not less appalling than
before—and so it kept on, without abatement,
till the tenth day, when Halifax was reached,
just as the coal gave out!

Now, that sudden hush of the wind—that
positive calm, as though no wind blew any
where, was a mercy indeed. It ceased to blow
just enough, and no longer, for the work to be
done on the wheels, which if it had not
been done—and it could not have reached
Halifax for want of coal.

We read of the parting of the sea for the
passage of Moses and his followers; and of
its sudden coming together and drowning Pha-
raoh and his hosts—and miraculous as was
that sublime exhibition of Godlike power, was
it more so, than this sudden stilling of the
storm, and the keeping it still, just long e-

nough for the repair of the wheels of the
British Queen, without which there is little
doubt her fate would have been sealed. And
is there not the exhibition of the same power
when, three times, the intrepid commander of
the Great Western, in view of the rolling on-
ward of mountain waves and their falling with
all their weight and fury upon the ship, gave
all up for lost, and yet those threatening and
death-pregnant billows bowed their towering
peaks, and fell and broke, not on, but against
the side of the ship! How expressive is the
language of the poet:

"He rides upon the stormy sky
And manages the sea."
Sudden Acquisition of Wealth.—The St.
Louis Republican of the 12th ult. tells the
following story of a fortune finder:

We derive the following fact from the me-
morial of a gentleman of this city: During
the present week, we were called upon
by a plain looking old countryman, accompa-
nied by a friend, to give them some infor-
mation relative to what obstacles they might
meet with in obtaining some money which
had fallen due to one of them, recently, in
England. Both were poorly dressed, the
oldest one particularly, and they evidently, up
to a recent date, were accustomed to earn their
living by hard labor. On being told that all
that would be requisite for the owner to do, on
his arrival in England, to entitle him to re-
ceive his money, would be to prove his identity,
a gleam of satisfaction was perceptible in
their countenances, as if some great obstacle
had been removed, which had hitherto check-
ed their happiness. Their good humor was
an invitation for us to express some curiosity
as to the amount they expected to receive;
and as we are all willing to relate to others
that which appears to delight them, if the sub-
ject be gratifying for us to dwell upon, our vis-
itors gave us, readily, the following facts re-
lative to the older one present: Several years
ago he left England, a poor farmer, and as
such as labored in this country until now.

The death of a relative in England had sud-
denly made him the rightful heir to £53,000
sterling, on deposit in the Bank of England.
Besides this comfortable sum in ready cash,
there is the family estate in Westmoreland,
the mansion of which, alone, cost £25,000
sterling. It appears that only a few weeks
since, the former possessor of this wealth was
in perfect health, a widower of about 45 years
of age, looking forward to a long life, and per-
haps a happy one, allied to one of England's
daughters. He had been admonished, it is
true, that death might reach him at that age,
for he had already buried his wife and two
children. Very soon he died, and without
making a will. By the laws of England, an
intestate's estate goes to the heirs at law, and
the person before us being the oldest collateral
heir in the descending line, the whole of this
large estate, amounting to half a million of
dollars, has fallen to him. Our visitor left us,
much cheered with the information he had re-
ceived. He will soon be on his way to England
to take possession of what is, in this country,
deemed a splendid fortune. Although a man
of very simple habits and wants, he was al-
ready forming plans for the future. The es-
tate he intended to distribute in England, to
branches of the family; but the money he in-
tends to bring to this country, and here to
pass the remainder of his days. As some as-
surance of this, he leaves his wife and two
children behind him, with the design of re-
joining them as soon as possible.

The way to get on in the World.—To get
on in the world, you must be content to be al-
ways a toper where you are; to advance, you
must be stationary; to get up, you must keep
down; following riches is like following wild
geese, and you must crawl after both on your
belly; the moment you pop up your head, off
they go whistling before the wind, and you
see no more of them. If you have't the art of
sticking by nature, you must acquire it by ac-
quiring a couple of pounds of birdlime upon your
office stool, and sit down on it; get a chain
round your leg, and tie yourself to your
counter like a pair of shop scissors; nail your-
self up against the wall of your place of busi-
ness like a weasel on a barn door, or the sign
of the spread-eagle; or what will do best of
all, marry an honest poor girl without a pen-
ny, and my life for yours if you don't do busi-
ness! Never mind what your relations say
about genius, talent, learning, pushing enter-
prise, and such stuff; when they come advis-
ing you for your good, stick up to them for
the loan of a sovereign, and if you ever see
them on your side of the street again, skip
me and welcome! But to do any good, I tell
you over and over again, you must be a stick-
er. You may get fat upon a rock, if you never
quit your hold of it.—Blackwood's Maga-
zine.

It is stated that a certain gentleman
in a neighbouring County, who some time
ago announced himself as a Candidate for
the honour of M. P. P., on discovering
that the roads had broken their limbs,
has contented himself with going the rounds,
and giving a sound thrashing to each of the

treacherous delinquents! What a capital fel-
low he would have been to represent the Mil-
ling interests!—Reporter.

To day, just as we were on our way to
hear the Sheriff's announcement of the suc-
cessful Candidates, the alarm of fire was giv-
en, and in a few moments the flames burst forth
in a heavy volume from the house occupied
by Mr. Wm. Armstrong, corner of Queen and
Carleton streets, nearly opposite the Stone
Barrels. We regret to state that notwith-
standing the most strenuous and noble exer-
tions made jointly by the Military and Citi-
zens, the fire could not be subdued until it de-
stroyed the premises in which it originated,
and the adjoining house on Carleton Street
occupied by Mr. Cushion and some soldiers'
families. Providence favoured us at the time
with just enough of rain to wet the roofs of
the contiguous buildings; otherwise we be-
lieve no earthly power could have saved a
great part of the most valuable part of the
Town from destruction.—Tb.

Illusions often the Seed of Realities.—
Chivalry, says Madame de Staël, is to mod-
ern what the heroic age was to ancient times;
all the noble recollections of the nations of
Europe are attached to it. And all the great
periods of history, men have embraced some
sort of enthusiastic sentiment as an universal
principle of action. Enthusiasm, the presum-
ed prompting of the God within us or above
us, may be often mistaken in its object, but it
is generally elevating in its result. Even the
Crusades were productive of many beneficial
consequences. The past golden age is a fu-
ture one to moralists, as that of chivalry is to
warriors and lovers. What signifies the
question of fact? To believe in an ennobling
illusion goes far towards converting it into
reality, for all lofty retrospections and fore-
shadowing. The ever-existing tradition of a
former Paradise on earth, is a presumption,
if not a foundation, for its future existence.
All ideal beauty, whether physical or moral,
may be only a dim reminiscence of the nativity
land of our first parents. The sculptures of
Phidias, the tragedies of Sophocles, the doc-
trines of Plato, all the great works of Art,
have derived their inspiration from the same
source. To believe in a future Golden Age
is to sculpture a moral Venus de Medici with
the mind; and who shall deny that time, be-
coming its Pygmalion, may animate the beau-
tiful image by the aid of Minerva?

Appearances often Death.—Lord Nugent
on opening the coffin containing the body of
John Hampden, found it perfect after a burial
of two hundred years; even his features were
preserved.

When the body of General Wayne, which
had been buried at Erie, Pa., in 1797, was
disinterred forty years afterwards, the corpse
had undergone so little change as to be re-
cognized by those who were familiar with
the General in his life time.

New Barge St. John Packet, sailed from St.
John on the 10th ult. while lying under
close reefed mainsail at 2 o'clock on the
19th was capsized. The crew lashed them-
selves to the side of the ship where they re-
mained until 6 a.m. exposed to the fury of the
waves, when the masts were carried away the
ship righted full of water. The crew then
got on deck, made signal of distress, at about
5 p.m., on the 29th the signal was noticed by
the Am. ship Louisiana, of Bath, Me. (her-
self dismasted, and loss of sails) which vessel
bore up to their assistance and about 1 o'clock
that night, succeeded in rescuing the master
and crew 15 in number of the St. John Pack-
et, who lost every thing they had. They ar-
rived at Bath on the 29th ult. and returned to
St. John on the 3rd inst.

The Brig Cornelia from St. John for the
Clyde, on the 19th fell over on her broadside,
the boats were washed away and decks swept
all the crew got on the vessels bottom, cut
away the main rigging and the vessel righted.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte
GENTLEMEN.—Until lately I had the in-
tention of offering myself as a Candidate for
the honor of Representing you in the Gen-
eral Assembly of this Province; but finding
that another of my family, Dr. Thompson,
was certainly coming forward, and my offer-
ing would, probably, have the effect of
endangering the return of our late worthy
Representative, Mr. Hill, whose long and
faithful services in the House of Assembly
entitle him to the esteem and confidence of
his constituents, I deemed it expedient not
to come forward. But should I live to an-
other Election, it is my intention to re-
new my services as a Representative in
General Assembly.

I am Gentlemen,
Yours truly,
G. J. THOMSON.
St. Stephen, Oct. 6, 1846.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Mail Steamer Unicorn arrived on Tuesday morning in three days from Newfoundland, by which we have received papers containing news of interest.

The Newfoundlanders says, it was expected that the new Governor, who had arrived in England from Hong Kong, would shortly leave in one of the Man-of-war Steamers for his new seat of government, and that he would probably be accompanied by his brother the Earl of Eglon, the new Governor-General, en route for Canada.

We notice in the papers of the 11th ult., the death of the Hon. Judge Lilly, Assistant-Judge of the Supreme Court of that Island. He is spoken of as having been highly respected.

The Episcopal Bishop had left for England in his own yacht on a mission to collect funds for re-building the church of St. John's.

A newspaper war is going on in reference to the action of the Relief Committee, one party complaining that the poor are almost entirely neglected, whilst those in easy circumstances are receiving comparatively large sums of money.

The potato crop in some of the outports has been very seriously affected by the disease. Throughout the Island this is a much inferior to last year's growth.

The Public Ledger, one of the best conducted newspapers in Saint John's, we are happy to observe, has again made its appearance in its old size and form.

The Administrator of the Government, we notice, has made several appointments to the Bench, &c.

The most interesting, but melancholy news, is of a disastrous gale which swept the Colony on the 19th, 20th and 21st inst., causing immense destruction to life and property. We arrange the following particulars.

The storm commenced on the 19th, with the wind blowing from the East. N. E. accompanied by incessant torrents of rain. The wind during the day had increased to a perfect hurricane. Among the buildings destroyed in the City of St. John's was the Natives Hall, which was blown down at 6 o'clock in the forenoon, burying a young woman and child in the ruins: the former is likely to recover. A brother and sister were also instantly killed by some falling beams at the same place. Several others were more or less hurt. About a dozen other buildings are mentioned as having been partially destroyed or moved from their proper positions: among them the new Church of St. Thomas.

Several bridges were carried away. The destruction to shipping and life in the harbour has been most deplorable. One boat with six or seven men on board, in trying to make the harbour, was upset and all in the boat perished. The appearance of dismasted shipping is most distressing. Wrecks cover the waters and dead bodies are continually being washed on shore. Up to the present time it has been found impossible to form any thing like a correct estimate of the entire injury.

From Mexico.—We have the important intelligence of the taking of Monterey by the United States army, under General Taylor and Worth, after three days hard fighting, which, as usual, is stated to have been desperate on the part of the Americans, being outnumbered by the Mexicans by two to one, and protected by strong intrenchments. Most of the Americans are yet down at over 500 killed, wounded, and prisoners, of whom 300 were killed. The Mexican loss is supposed to be less.—The city capitulated on condition that the Mexican soldiers should be permitted to march out of the town with their arms, and six small field pieces, leaving all their munitions of war behind, with all their artillery and public stores. They are to retire to Linares, sixty miles distant, and about thirty miles north of Saltillo, and are not to approach nearer to Monterey within sixty days, or until each party can hear from their respective Governments. The terms are said not to be pleasing to some of the Texan volunteers.

Monterey, now in possession of General Taylor, is the capital of the State of New Leon. It is on the Rio Grande river, about 200 miles from its mouth, on the main travelling route from the Rio Grande to the city of Mexico. The population is about 12,000.

Orders are said to have been forwarded from the War Department at Washington previously to the receipt of the above intelligence, directing General Taylor, if he had not anticipated the order, to take possession of Monterey, and to fortify it; and leaving a sufficient garrison for its protection, with the sick of his army in hospital there, to march forward without delay upon Saltillo, and onward until otherwise ordered. He is to levy upon the country for supplies, but to guard rigidly against any personal indignities upon the inhabitants, and all unauthorised invasions of their private houses are peremptorily interdicted.

Another Union Rumour is current at Monterey, as follows:—

A federal junction of all the British Provinces on this continent, at the head of which is to be appointed a Viceroy or Lord Lieutenant with the same powers as that functionary in Ireland—the constitution of the several Provinces to remain much the same as at present, only with certain alterations to suit the altered circumstances. The Viceroy to have the power of creating Knights and Barons—the Queen to adopt amongst her other titles, that of Queen of the United Provinces in North America—many other equally grand and desirable changes, ending with a permanent seat of Government at Quebec.

Melancholy.—It is our painful lot to have to announce the death of Dr. Weston, of St. Stephen, N. B., who was found drowned in a

hog-head of water, or well, convenient to his residence. He rose from his bed some time on Wednesday night last and left his house, but whether he fell into the well accidentally or cast himself into it intentionally, no one knows, save Him who knows all things. Dr. W. is supposed to have been in a state of partial derangement for some days prior to his death, caused by sickness. He was truly an afflicted man. His youngest daughter, aged about 17 years, the last of eleven children, died on Tuesday last of consumption, and is now lying dead in the house. Dr. W. was among the first who settled in St. Stephen, where he has lived for a number of years in the esteem and respect of all who had the pleasure of being acquainted with him. His melancholy end will cause a dark gloom to rest on the community in which he moved. [Calais Ad.

Lynch Law and Death.—A short time ago a man named Munson was complained of by a man named James for smuggling goods from Woodstock to Houlton. On Saturday last James got information that a party were to endeavour that night to get him out of his house, and tar and feather him; &c. &c. he consequently prepared himself for the meditated attack. Some time in the night a party of men broke into the house, and on one of them proceeding up stairs, James (who stood at the top of the stairs) fired down and shot him dead. The men were all blackened. The dead man was not recognised until he was washed; he is from Restigouche, and his name is said to be Kanan. James immediately fled from Houlton, as a great excitement was got up, and mob law talked of.—Head Quarters.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 21, 1846.

Charlotte County Bank.

Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.

Director next week—George D. Street.

T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.

Discount Day—TUESDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before MONDAY otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Sains and Black House.

Commissioners—R. M. Andrews, R. Walton, C. W. Dimock, M. S. Hanush, John Bailey.

St. Andrews.

Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company.

R. M. ANDREWS, Esq., President.

Director this week—F. A. Babcock.

J. Weimore, Agent.

Saint Stephens Bank.

G. D. KING, Esq., President.

Director next week—S. Hittings.

Discount Day—SATURDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

BILLS AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before FRIDAY, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.

Liverpool, Sep. 19 Montreal, Oct. 3

London, Sep. 19 Quebec, Oct. 5

Edinburgh, Sep. 16 Halifax, Oct. 6

Paris, Sep. 15 New York, Oct. 9

Toronto, Oct. 2 Boston, Oct. 12

THE ELECTION.

CLOSE OF THE ELECTION.—The candidates

returned to serve in General Assembly for this

county, were openly declared in the Court

House on Tuesday at ten minutes to three

o'clock. The state of the Poll in the different

parishes of the county will be found below

upon the High Sheriff declaring that James

Brown, Robert Thompson, Wm. Porter and

B. R. Fitzgerald had a majority of votes.

Mr. Boyd then demanded a scrutiny of Mr.

Fitzgerald's votes; it was decided that the

scrutiny should commence on Thursday

(to-morrow) Mr. Robinson also requested a

scrutiny of the whole votes, and S. G. Andrews

for Mr. Hill's representative, also de-

manded a scrutiny on the part of that Gentle-

man. The Candidates and Representatives

elect, then addressed the Electors the speech-

es delivered were very appropriate, but far too

lengthy for our columns, the following how-

ever is a mere outline.

Mr. Chandler after thanking the Electors

for the handsome support he received altho'

at the foot of the poll, said he submitted cheer-

fully to their decision—he believed he had a

majority of good votes in proportion to the

number he received—but added, that he had

not received the support in St. Stephen which

he was proffered (upon being asked by Mr.

Frink who had disappointed him) he replied,

Mr. Wm. Porter who was to have represented

him in that parish; he did not blame Mr.

Porter as he had since that time, become a

candidate himself and that Mr. P. could not

endorse over his friends to him (Mr. C.) as

if they were promissory notes. He had not

solicited a vote in St. Stephen. He pledged

himself, that when called upon, by any of

those who had voted for him, to serve them

to the utmost of his power—to those who had

not, he would show no feeling of revenge, but

treat them as well, as any others.—He con-

cluded by saying that many from whom he ex-

pected support, had not voted at all—but he

held it as a principle in Election matters—that

those who did not vote for him were against

him. He again thanked the Electors of the

County generally for their support.

Dr. Thomson next addressed the Freehold-

ers and promised to use his best endeavors

to forward their interests which he said were

identified with his own—he having acted in

the capacity of physician, lumberman, mill-

man and agriculturist, upon the latter subject

he professed himself well acquainted.

Mr. Brown followed.—He felt proud in

standing at the head of the poll for the Coun-

ty of Charlotte. But being returned under

the peculiar circumstances in which this elec-

tion was to terminate, with a scrutiny depend-

ing, he was compelled to say that he felt rather

humbled than elated. The fearful responsibility

resting upon himself and colleagues, repressed in some degree that exulta-

tion which the proud position they (the electors) had that day placed him in, was cal-

culated to excite. He observed, that, for the

space of sixteen years, he had been found daily at his post in the Assembly of the Province,

watching over the interests of his constituents; that he had been blessed with health and strength to a degree which had

enabled him to give his uninterrupted attention to his legislative duties, and that for the

above period he could say a thing that no other man in the Province could boast, that not a day had passed which he had not faithfully

employed in cherishing and promoting those rights which the confidence of Charlotte had confided to his hands. Mr. Brown

further said, that during the interval of his official duties, he cheerfully forsook that rank

which the honor of representing them had placed him in, and returned to that farm—to the plough—where they found him when

first he had been called into public life—that with those hands which he now presented to

them, having the marks of labour, he had cleared that property from the stump which

now qualified him to become their representative—that, on those hands he had depended, and to them he still must look for the necessities and support of life.

Mr. Porter next addressed the freeholders—after some preliminary observations, he observed that he was brought forward by the

people, he had not offered himself; that he had been for many years connected intimately with the leading interests of the county viz:—its commerce, agriculture, milling, ship

building and fishing interests, in all of which he had been actively engaged—that he would use his best endeavors to promote the welfare of this County and of the Province—he was in favor of a registry bill, and the present election law; and concluded by thanking the electors for the handsome support which he had

received.

Mr. Fitzgerald followed—and observed, that he did not wish to trespass on the patience of the freeholders; that he felt grateful for the support given him; he would advocate the right of every man paying £10 a year rent; to vote; that much had been said about the registry bill preventing scrutinies, but that in Great Britain where it was a law, there were scrutinies, [here the speaker alluded to the revenue,] and concluded by saying, that the present scrutiny between Mr. Boyd and himself was not his own seeking, that he was driven into it, and hoped that there would be no improper feeling exhibited by either party. He again thanked the freeholders.

Mr. Robinson next addressed the meeting in a neat and appropriate speech—he observed that altho' one of the unsuccessful candidates, he returned his warmest acknowledgments to the constituency for the liberal support he had received—he had been disappointed however as many who had promised him their votes had broken faith—that false reports had been circulated in St. David respecting him, and that in St. Stephen where he had received the most positive assurances of support he had been deserted—that the candidate from that section had been well supported at the Islands, for which he offered as a member that in fact he had been sold at St. Stephen and consequently lost his election.—He hoped however to appear again before the Electors at the next election as a candidate, if he lived.

In answer to an observation made by one of the candidates, who said that there had been scrutinies in Great Britain since the registration Act was in operation—he positively denied there had been even one in England, Ireland or Scotland.

The High Sheriff here addressed the freeholders, and thanked them for the unanimity, good feeling and order which had been observed throughout the county during the Election, and acknowledged the obligations he was under to those gentlemen who had acted as his Deputies and Poll Clerks, for the impartiality and correctness with which they had discharged their respective duties.

The following is the state of the Poll at its close in each Parish—Digbyquash Mills and the Rolling Dam being in St. Patrick.

Thomson Boyd Brown Porter Fitzgerald Robinson

St. James 106 130 86 167 41 169 72 19

St. Stephen 174 298 58 197 46 270 237 71

St. David 97 95 81 160 25 147 34 39

St. Andrews 68 54 154 102 116 78 79 134

Digbyquash 90 39 91 72 66 27 53 28

Rolling Dam 52 34 96 105 46 30 34 7

St. George 264 60 45 120 158 60 164 86

Pennfield 103 7 24 47 56 50 70 67

West Isles 12 14 47 21 52 34 97

Grand Manan 7 6 56 2 11 7 10 72

Total 903 687 736 983 609 810 747 623

The new Election Law has worked well in this County, all that is wanted now is a

Registration law, which we are happy to state will be applied for at the next meeting of the Legislature.

Broom Cask.—We have seen at the Broom factory of Mr. Sims, some new brooms manufactured from broom corn grown in this neighborhood. The seed was a late kind, or there would have been a better crop. The experiment, however, has resulted satisfactorily, proving that we can grow broom corn here as well, and as cheap, as it can be sold in the U. States.

CATTLE SUPPLY AND FAIR.—On Saturday last, the Charlotte County Agricultural Society held its annual Fair, in the lots adjoining the Treasurer's office. The day was favorable, but the attendance of Farmers not as numerous as usual, owing, we suppose, to the previous day having been "Yelling Day," and many persons from the county being unable to spare two days in the Town. The show of cattle was limited: sheep and swine were more numerous, and of better breeds than generally exhibited. In domestic manufactures, there was a decided improvement. The housewives and satinettes were equal to any manufactured in the County, and the samples of butter were very good; the only sample of cheese offered for competition was much praised. The following is a list of the Premiums awarded by the Committees, and paid immediately at the close of the Fair:—

Houses.—John M'Donnell, for best breed mare—John Mann, Jr. for second do. Samuel Denly, for third do. Colts.—Dugald Thompson, for best colt, 2 yrs. old. Thomas Murphy, second do. Jas. Stevenson, third do. Spring colts.—David Craig, for best John Mann, 2d do. John M'Donnell, 3d do.

Bulls.—Samuel Denly, for best. John Mac Donnell, 2d do. D. Mowat, 3d do. Joseph Walton, 4th do.

Cows.—John M'Donnell, for best. James Currier, 2d do. James Denmore, 3d do. Mrs. Chandler, 4th do.

Heifers.—John Wilson, for best. Jos. Walton, 2d do. Phoebe Carey, 3d. Wm. Watt, 4th do.

Stewards.—Joseph Walton, for best. John Mac Donnell, 2d do.

Calves.—Samuel Denly, for best. John Mac Curry, 2d do. D. Mowat, for 2d best boar. J. Healy, 3d do. William Ross, for best sow. S. Denly, 4th do. George Oughterson, 3d do.

Sheep.—Joseph Walton, for best ram. David Mowat, 2d do. J. M'Donnell, 3d do. J. Walton, for best ewe. D. Mowat, 2d do. John M'Donnell, 3d do.

Butter.—J. Trenholm, for best. Hugh Craig, 2d do. Geo. Simpson, 3d do.

Homespun Cloth.—Samuel M'Farlane, for best wool dyed woollen cloth. D. Mowat, 2d do.

Flannel.—John Lechary, for best flannel. SATTINET.—John M'Farlane, for best. Wm. Henry, 2d do. John M'Curry, 3d do.

PLAIN CLOTH.—David Mowat, for best. J. Lechary, 2d do. Wm. Henry, 3d do.

MR. EDITOR.—Upon my expressing a regret the other day to a person, about the rude conduct of certain persons at the late General Muster at the lower Village of St. George, I was not a little surprised at his reply, which was as follows. "Oh, it is a common thing: Elms Foster, of Saint Patrick's, had the wheels of his wagon taken off and carried away. Hiram Hanson had his horse's tail shaved to the skin, the top of his chaise cut in pieces and entirely destroyed. James Turner, John Hanson, and Ous Turner, have had their horses' tails shaved; and the night after the muster, they went to Mr. Shaw's stable in quest (as he supposed), of Col. Wye's chaise and wagon, and took off the wheels of a wagon, and threw them into the river, which wagon was afterwards found to belong to a traveller from St. John; and the same night shaved the tail of Mr. Hatheway's horse, which was kept in Mr. Douglas's stable."

If this statement be true Mr. Editor, would it not be advisable for the well disposed, to unite their efforts in ferreting out these night marauders, which are a pest to society and a disgrace to any community, and have them brought to justice.

C. W.

ANOTHER FIRE.—On the morning of Saturday last, about 2 o'clock, A. M. the house of Mr. Ephraim Turner, Oak Bay, was, with nearly all its contents, consumed by fire, supposed to be the act of an incendiary. Mr. Turner's father, who resides on Turner's Ridge, had his barn, containing upwards of 30 tons of hay, a valuable horse and other articles of value consumed, during the night, about two months since; and although no suspicion was entertained at the time of its being the act of some malicious person, yet we cannot help thinking, so unaccountably did the latter always appear to us to have originated, that both calamities are to be ascribed to incendiaries. If we are correct, we trust the wretches will be found out, and brought to punishment.—Gazette.

OUTRAGE.—We regret to learn that at the closing of the poll in Sunbury, some of the Electors were attacked on the Oromocto Bridge by ruffians armed with bludgeons, and that Mr. Perley True, a relative Major Haywards, the leading Candidate, was severely beaten. We hope this outrage stands alone in the annals of this Election.—Head Quarters.

We regret that we have the unpleasant duty of recording an instance of depravity, that we sincerely hope prevails no where else in this province. On the night of Friday, a week ago, the windows of what is termed the Free-will Meeting House where, on one side of the building at least, almost demolished, and on the following evening as reports state, a further attack was made on the remainder. The appearance of the House is that of a complete wreck. In all countries we have visited whatever unprincipled individuals may bear against others they do not wreak their revenge upon the house

of God. Callous indeed must the heart of that man be, and brutal must be his nature, that could thus wantonly despoil a place set apart for the worship of Jehovah.

A suitable reward should be offered anyone for the conviction of such a heinous and high handed offence. We have no doubt that the perpetrators of such a diabolical outrage will receive their reward sooner or later, but we should like to see a prompt and condign punishment administered to such ruthless violators of every law whether human or divine.

—Woodstock Telegraph.

DIED.—Suddenly at Milltown, on Saturday last after a few hours illness, Mary B., the beloved wife of George M. Porter, Esq., in the 37th year of her age; leaving a bereaved husband and seven children with a numerous circle of friends, to mourn the loss of an affectionate wife and mother, and kind friend.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.—Oct. 13, Schr. James Fraser, Amherst, Annapolis, Cider, &c.

14, Schr. Nelson, Harper, Boston, assorted cargo, P. Smith.

15, Schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, assorted cargo.

16, Schr. Hope, Foote, Yarmouth, Lime, &c.

ABANDONED.—Barque Brunswick, of St. Andrews, dismasted and leaky, being blown down in the hurricane of the 19th of Sept. in lat. 48.00 North, long. 37.30 West. The officers and crew remained on the wreck till the 26th, when they were taken off by the brig Salcoats, bound for St. John, and put on board a pilot boat in the bay belonging to this port, which they all reached in safety on Friday last.

The ship Minerva, at New York, from Palermo, reports that on the 26th ult., discovered a wreck on the labour board, and the wind being light at the time, sent a boat to see if there were any persons on board. As the boat neared the wreck, (it being dark,) they heard cries of distress, and succeeded in rescuing the survivors, whose names were James Dyer, 2d officer; George Brenton, A. Lahe, George Brown, and George L. Howe, seaman. The poor fellows were mere skeletons, one being delirious, and would have died during the night, if he had not been relieved. They were all taken on board the Minerva, and their wants administered to. The Renzi sailed from Provincetown in April last on a whaling voyage, with a crew of twenty-two men; George Porter, of Fredericton, N. B., being one of the hands. They were very successful, and were returning home with a full cargo, when they were dismasted and waterlogged during the late hurricane. Captain Small, his mate, and young son, about sixteen years of age, together with two boat steers, ship keeper, and steward, were drowned in the calms. Some of the crew were drowned in the fore-castle, and others were washed overboard. No pen can depict the sufferings of the remaining crew. All the provisions they had for ten days was about half a peck basket of bread, which they succeeded in getting from the hold, it having been soaked in salt water for 48 hours. The day before they were taken off they caught a shark, by means of a bow-line, the liver of which they eat raw; they tried to drink the blood but found it too bitter. All the water they had during their stay on the wreck they caught by putting an old sheet in the rain during a shower and wringing it when it became wet; in this way they procured about two quarts in all—they were almost without clothing—and for seven days the sea made a continual breach over them—and they could only keep on the wreck by lashing themselves with the exception of the last day they were on the wreck, they had

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ANDREWS.

ED.—
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Cider, &c.
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P. Smith.
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of Frederick, N. B.,
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late hurricane. Cap-
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together with two boat
and steward, were
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ave been saved. They
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FLEECE.

RIVALS
on to their late import-
the "Commodore" from
from Liverpool—
S. comprising MUFFS,
is, Cardigans, Gaiters, Vic-
ing-
VETS, RIZOVES, satins,
y, Winter Gloves, and Ho-
and Persian table covers,
y description.
DENTS and SATIN VETS,
ments,
ave, and Rifle clothes.
A L E V E O C K T O arrive
and "Kestrel" from Li-
from Glasgow.
TY & M-TAVISH,
AINY JOHN,
NDREWS,
LINT STEPHEN,
October 10, 1846.

CARD.

To the Electors who signed the Requisitions in
My favor from St. Stephen and St. Andrews,
and which appeared in the Standard
of the 14th Instant.

GENTLEMEN,
Your expressions of approval of my pub-
lic conduct as one of the representatives for
this County for the last sixteen years, would
at any time, have been grateful to my feel-
ings, but more especially, at the present mo-
ment, when I am so unjustly assailed for the
purpose of elevating another at my expense.
You will therefore, gentlemen, accept my
warmest gratitude for your tender of support,
and for the flattering equipments which you
have been pleased to express towards me.
I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
GEORGE S. HILL.
St. Stephen, 15th October, 1846.

NOTICE.

St. Andrews, 5th October, 1846.
WHEREAS the Subscription List for Stock
in the ST. ANDREWS and QUEBEC
RAILROAD COMPANY now exceeds the sum of
£25,000, therefore,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a Meeting
of Stockholders will take place at the Town Hall,
in St. Andrews, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on
Wednesday, the 25th day of November next,
for the purpose of electing Directors for the manage-
ment of the affairs of the said Company, agreeably
to the Acts of Incorporation, ch. 31, 6 Wm. 4th,
1836, and ch. 38, 7 Wm. 4th, 1837.

JOHN WILSON,
HARRIS HATCH,
THOMAS WYER,
S. FRYE,
RICHARD M. ANDREWS,
S. H. WHITLOCK.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby Given, That the Courts of
OVER & TERMINER & GENERAL
GAOL DELIVERY,
for the County of Charlotte, will be held at the
Court House in Saint Andrews, on
Tuesday the 3d day of November
next, at 10 o'clock, noon.

All Justices of the Peace, Coroners, and Constables,
within my Bailiwick, are hereby notified and
required to be then and there present and in at-
tendance, with their Records, Indictments, and
other Memorandums, to do those things which to
their offices appertain, in that behalf to be done.
All persons bound over to prosecute at this Court,
are hereby required to take notice hereof, and
govern themselves accordingly.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
August 25, 1846.

Crushed Sugar, &c.

RECEIVED PER BARQUE "PLUTUS,"
from Liverpool.

Loaf and Crushed SUGAR,
Day & Martins BLACKING,
Best Durham MUSTARD,
Huller's BARLEY, SPLIT PEASE,
CROCKERYWARE,
Boiled Linseed OIL, &c. &c.
August 12, 1846. W. WHITLOCK.

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands
against the estate of Thomas Pendleton,
of West Isles, deceased, are required to
present them within one calendar month, and
all persons indebted to said Estate are re-
quested to make immediate payment to
WARD PENDLETON,
Executor.

West Isles, Aug. 31, 1846.

FOR CHARTER.

Shin SEA BIRD, 494 tons regis-
ter, P. R. MONROSE, Command-
er, will take a Freight to any safe
Port in Great Britain; to load here
or at any of the out-ports.

Apply to F. A. BABCOCK.
September 16.

Mill &c to Lease.

THE Subscriber will lease for a term of three or
five years, the LINTON MILL, on the Easton
Stream, St. George. Also with said Mill a Reserve
of 5,000 ACRES of best SPRUCE and PINE land,
commencing at the upper part of the Lake, and ex-
tending up stream to the ground lots on Clarence
Hill. This Mill is worthy the attention of persons
disposed to cut Hemlock Railway Sleepers.

WANTED TO CONTRACT
FOR ONE MILLION FEET OF HEMLOCK, to be
sawn free from shakes, 9 feet long, 9 inches wide,
and 4 inches thick.

Apply to JOHN WILSON,
July 29, 1846.

DRY GOODS.

CHARLES KEIVE would also invite the atten-
tion of Purchasers to his present
STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
which he is now selling at a great reduction
in price, in order to settle up his business early in
the fall. The Goods are principally all new, and
will be found on inspection, to be of as good a qual-
ity as can be found elsewhere, and prices as low.

N. B.—All Persons indebted, will please call
and settle immediately, as my accounts unpaid
after the 1st of August, will be handed over to
those authorized to collect them.

St. Andrews, July 15, 1846.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands a-
gainst the Estate of James Kelsey, of
St. James, deceased, are required to present
them within two calendar months, and all
persons indebted to said Estate are requested
to make immediate payment to either of the
executors.

PETER McGEORGE,
DAVID TRAFLETON, } Executors.
St. Andrews, Sept. 8, 1846.

**Wednesday, the Sixteenth day of
September, A.D. 1846.**

By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON reading the petition of EDWARD
HITCHINGS, of Saint Stephen, in the
County of Charlotte, Lumberer, referring
to the order made by me on the twenty-ninth
day of March, one thousand eight hundred
and forty-five, on the former petition of the
said Edward Hitchings, setting forth a state-
ment of his affairs as therein particularly de-
tailed, and declaring that he is in insolvent
circumstances, and praying that an order
might be made for calling a meeting of his
creditors, pursuant to the Act of the General
Assembly, intituled, "An Act to afford re-
lief to persons unfortunate in business in cer-
tain cases;" and it appearing by the pro-
ceedings at the meeting thereupon held, that
the publication of the said order and of the
notice for holding the said meeting, had not
been duly proved before the Clerk of the
Peace of the said County.—It is hereby Or-
dered, That the said order, be discharged.
—And further Ordered, That the Clerk of
the Peace for the said County do call a pub-
lic meeting of the creditors of the said peti-
tioner, to be held at the Court House at Saint
Andrews, in the said County, on the sixth
day of November next, at eleven of the
clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of en-
abling the said petitioner to offer a composi-
tion to, or make terms with, his creditors,
and to render an exposition of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.
I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, That, in
pursuance of the foregoing order of
His Honor the Master of the Rolls, a public
meeting of the creditors of the said Edward
Hitchings, will be held at the Court House,
in Saint Andrews, in the said County of
Charlotte, at the time and for the purposes
in the said order mentioned.
Dated 29th Sept. 1846.

W. HATCH,
Clerk of the Peace, Charlotte.

**Wednesday, the Sixteenth day of
September, A.D. 1846.**

By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON reading the petition of JAMES
KELO, of Saint James, in the County of
Charlotte, laborer, referring to the order
made by me on the thirteenth day of Septem-
ber, one thousand eight hundred and forty-
five, on the former petition of the said James
Kelo, setting forth a statement of his affairs
as therein particularly detailed, and declar-
ing that he is in insolvent circumstances, and
praying that an order might be made for call-
ing a meeting of his creditors, pursuant to the
Act of the General Assembly, intituled,
"An Act to afford relief to persons unfortu-
nate in business in certain cases;" and it
appearing by the proceedings at the meeting
thereupon held, that the publication of the
said order, and of the notice for holding the
said meeting, had not been duly proved be-
fore the Clerk of the Peace of the said County.
—It is hereby Ordered, That the said
order be discharged. And further ordered,
That the Clerk of the Peace for the said
County, do call a public meeting of the credi-
tors of the said petitioner to be held at the
Court House in Saint Andrews, in the said
County, on the fourth day of November
next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon,
for the purpose of enabling the said peti-
tioner to offer a composition to, or make terms
with, his creditors, and to render an exposition
of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.
I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, That, in
pursuance of the foregoing order of
His Honor the Master of the Rolls, a public
meeting of the creditors of the said James
Kelo, will be held at the Court House in St.
Andrews, in the said County of Charlotte,
at the time and for the purposes in the said
order mentioned.—Dated, 29th Sept. 1846.

W. HATCH,
Clerk of the Peace, Charlotte.

**Wednesday the Sixteenth day of
Sept. A.D. 1846.**

By His Honor the Master of the Rolls.
ON reading the Petition of Ora H. King
of Saint Stephen in the County of Char-
lotte, Trader and Lumberer, referring to the
order made by me on the thirteenth day of
July one thousand eight hundred and forty
five, on the former Petition of the said Ora
H. King, setting forth a statement of his af-
fairs, as therein particularly detailed, and de-
claring that he is in insolvent circumstances,
and praying that an order might be made for
calling a meeting of his creditors, pursuant
to the Act of the General Assembly, intituled
"an Act to afford relief to persons unfortu-
nate in business in certain cases" and it ap-
pearing by the proceedings at the meeting there-
upon held, that the publication of the said order
and of the notice for holding the said meeting
had not been duly proved before the Clerk
of the Peace of the said County. It is here-
by ordered that the said order be discharged
and further ordered, that the Clerk of the
Peace for the said County do call a public
meeting of the creditors of the said Petitioner
to be held at the Court House in St. An-
drews in the said County, on the fifth day of
November next at eleven of the clock in the
forenoon, for the purpose of enabling the said
Petitioner to offer a composition to, or make
terms with his creditors, and to render an ex-
position of his affairs.
(Signed) N. PARKER, M. R.
I hereby give notice, that in pursuance of
the foregoing order of His Honor the
Master of the Rolls, a Public Meeting of the
Creditors of the said Ora H. King, will be
held at the Court House in St. Andrews, in
the County of Charlotte, at the time and for
the purposes in the said order mentioned
Dated 29th Sept. 1846.

N. PARKER, M. R.
H. HATCH,
Clerk of the Peace, Charlotte.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against
the estate of Wm. Hetherington, deceased, of
St. Andrews, are requested to present the same duly
attested, within three months from this date; and
persons indebted to said estate, are requested to
make immediate payment to

WILLIAM BRICKWELL,
EDWARD PHEASANT,
M. HORTON,
St. Andrews, Sept. 23, 1846.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby Given, that the following
Non Resident Property in the Parish of Saint
George, has been assessed as under, for the present
year, and unless the amount together with the cost
of advertising &c., are paid within three months
from this date, the same will be sold according to
Law.

JAMES BURCELL, sen. or Holt 7s 6d
ROBERT T. CLINCH,
Collector of Rates.
St. George, Sep. 23, 1846.

BANKRUPT'S SALE.

IN THE MATTER OF JEREMIAH DONAGHUE,
BANKRUPT.
To be sold by Public Auction on Saturday
the 17th day of October next, at 12 o'clock,
noon, in the Market Square, St. Andrews.
ALL the right and title of Jeremiah Don-
aghue a Bankrupt, of in and to a Lot
or parcel of Land, situate in the Parish of
St. George, and conveyed by said Donaghue
to Hamilton Mitchell.

H. H. HATCH,
Assignee.
St. Andrews, Sept. 9, 1846.

Chancery Sales.

To be sold on SATURDAY the Fourteenth
day of NOVEMBER next, at noon, with
the approbation of the Undersigned, one
of the Masters of the COURT OF CHANCERY
of this Province, in the Market Square, in
Saint Andrews, by virtue of a decretal
order made in the said Court, in a cause
wherein Richard Hasluck is Complainant,
and Thomas Sime, Harris Hatch and
James W. Street, Defendants.

ALL that certain Lot or Tract of Land,
situate lying and being at Chamcook,
in the Parish of St. Andrews and County
of Charlotte, being part of a certain lot or tract
of land, purchased by the late David Craig
in his life time from the late Daniel McMas-
ter, Esquire, lying on the Eastern side of
Chamcook Creek, fronting on the sea shore,
on the Western boundary of a certain lot of
land granted to the Reverend Samuel Al-
dred, deceased, and running along the said
western boundary in a northerly direction un-
til it intersects the road leading from Saint
Andrews to Saint John, thence along the
said road until it strikes Peter Sime's land;
thence along the said Peter Sime's land until
it strikes John Wilson's corner; thence along
the line of David Craig Junior's land in a
souly easterly direction until it strikes the
sea shore at or near the western side of a
small Salt Marsh, thence following the course
of the shore at low water mark to the place
of beginning. Containing Seventy Acres,
save and except about nine acres of the said
tract of land on the sea shore, formerly sold
by the said Thomas Sime to one William
Craig.

The above premises will be sold in five
several lots or parcels, as laid off on a Plan
of the same to be seen at the Master's office.

The terms of Sale and further particulars
may be known on application to the Solicitor
for the Complainant, or at the Master's of-
fice.

GEO. D. STREET,
Master in Chancery.

Thos. B. Wilson
Solicitor for Compt.
St. Andrews, August 10, 1846.

**To be sold on FRIDAY, the thirteenth
day of OCTOBER next, between the
hours of Twelve of the Clock, at noon,
and Five of the Clock, in the afternoon,
with the approbation of the Undersigned,
one of the Masters of the COURT or
CHANCERY in this Province of New Brun-
swick; on the Premises at the Lower Falls
of the River Magaguadavic, in the Parish
of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte
pursuant to a decretal order made in the
said Court, on Wednesday the third day of
June, now last past, in a cause depending
in the said Court, between James Allan-
shaw, Thomas Wier and George D. Street
Plaintiffs, and Patrick Clinch, Rendol
Whidden, Anthony Clinch and James W.
Street, Defendants.**

ALL that certain FARM LOT situate
in the Parish of Saint George, in the
County of Charlotte, containing about two
hundred and fifty ACRES, being the prop-
erty of land conveyed to the above named
Patrick Clinch, by his Father in his life time,
fronting on the River Magaguadavic, below
the Falls, bounded on the South by lands
owned and occupied by Isabella Dow, on the
North by Lands owned by Peter Clinch, and
on the East by the River L'Eau.

The said Premises will be divided and
sold in several parcels.

A PLAN of the same with the terms of
Sale; and further particulars, may be known
on application at the office of the undersig-
ned, in the Commercial Bank Buildings, in
the City of Saint John, or at the office of
George D. Street, Esquire, at St. Andrews.

Dated at the City of Saint John, this
eighteenth day of July, A. D. 1846.

ROBERT F. HAZEN,
Master in Chancery.

GEO. D. STREET,
Solicitor for Plaintiffs.

SHIP'S ARTICLES.

AT THIS OFFICE.

Charlotte County Bank.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT.
on the Stock of the Charlotte County Bank,
for the last 6 months, will be paid to the
Stockholders, Thirty days from date.

J. RODGER, Cashr.
C. C. Bank,
6th Oct. 1846.

Sugar, Spirits, Oil.

Just Arrived per Barque "Plutus" from
Liverpool.

3 Hhds. Crushed SUGAR,
6 " Luscious OIL,
4 Pipes finest Martell BRANDY,
4 Hhds. " Pale HOLLANDS,
12 Crates Earthenware,
August 5, 1846. J. W. STREET.

BOSTON PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY.

No. 425 1/2 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Messrs. BARKER, BROWNE &
CO. respectfully inform their friends
and the public in the Provinces, that
they are constantly manufacturing PIANOS of the
best fashion and best description. For beauty of
tone and finish, their instruments are not excelled
in the United States, and they warrant them to
stand the climate and keep in tune for a twelve-
month. Pianos tuned and repaired.

They respectfully solicit a call from persons from
New Brunswick (their native Province,) before
purchasing elsewhere.

Orders left at the Office of the St. Andrews
Standard, will be attended to.

C. BARKER,
ST. J. BROWNE,
EPHRAIM WILLARD.
Boston, July 12, 1846.

BISS' LONDON BROWN STOUT & PALE ALE.

Just received ex Duke of Wellington from
London, via St. John.

60 CASKS 4 doz. each Biss' London Bottled
Stout and Pale Ale. For sale by
J. W. STREET,
July 16, 1846.

JUNE 10, 1846.

Ex "Sophia McKenzie," from Liverpool,
the Subscriber has received a very gen-
eral assortment of HARDWARE,
comprising the following:—

PERCUSSION GUNS, Gun Locks,
Scotch and Iron Braces and Bits,
Hole, Bivis, Gunter Scales, trying Squares,
Planes, brass cabin Hooks, socket and
plate Castors, Saw Sets, Gun Nipples, Per-
cussion Caps, fimer and socket Chisels,
Mill Files, shingling Hatchets, Sad Irons,
cutting key Vices, Anvils,
70 bags Nails and Spikes,
1 cask Shot, assorted sizes,
1 case Scotch Screw Augurs,
2 rolls Sheet Lead,
1 ton Pots and Bake Ovens,
27 bundles Sheet Iron.

Boxes Tin Plates, Steelyards: patent cast
Batts, iron Tea Kettles, cast Hams, Chain
Traces, Back Bands, hair Springs, iron
rim Locks, brass case do. Night Latches,
together with a great variety of other ar-
ticles in the Hardware line.

ALSO,—20 tons common and refined
IRON, assorted.

JAMES W. STREET.

NEW GOODS.

Just received and now opening
10 CASKS OF SUMMER GOODS
which are well selected.

1 case Silk and Beaver HATS,
1 do Shell and Gossamer do.
1 do BONNETS.

Which, with his STOCK ON HAND, he
is positively SELLING OFF at first cost,
as he intends changing his business. Those
persons purchasing for ready money, would
do well to look in and compare prices.

C. BRADLEY.

Those indebted to the Subscriber are
called upon to square up their accounts,
whether by Note or Book, immediately—
otherwise they will be given in for collec-
tion.

C. B.

H. McLEAVY,

Has Just received and is now opening a large
STOCK OF
DRY GOODS,
Provisions, & Groceries.

Which he offers for sale at the lowest prices.

CONSISTING IN PART OF,
Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Molesters,
VELVET, Ready made London CLOTHING,
BALZARINES and Muslin DRESSES,
Ladies BONNETS in great variety,
Cap Borders and Artificial Flowers,
Ladies Capes and collars,
Damask and Watered Moreens,
Irish LINEN and LAWN,
Fancy and plain SHAWLS,
Satin Stocks and a variety of Cravats.
White Red Blue and Yellow FLANNELS
Marcelline QUILLS, Sheet, Bed Tick,
Olebens, Cashmeres, Muslin de Lanes, Muslins,
Jacquets, Lace, Edgings and Insertings, &c. great
variety of Prints, Silk Hdk. Cotton, do. Ging-
hams, Striped Shirting, Checks, Plaids, Gloves,
Boisery, Bleached and Unbleached Cottons,
Linen Towels and Table Covers, White
and brown, Canvas, Petticoats, Silk and Twist
Buttons, Thread, Needles, &c., Wadding, Basting,
Cotton Wafers, Umbrellas, Hats, Caps, &c.
Hair Brushes and a variety of Combs.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having demands against the
Estate of the late Mr. Gordon Gilchrist,
are requested to render the same duly at-
tested within three months from the date here-
of to the Undersigned, and all Persons in-
debted to the said Estate are requested to
make immediate payment.

R. M. ANDREWS, } Executors.
Thomas Berry,
John Gordon, Receivers.
St. Andrews, 21st May, 1846.

**ALL MAY BE CURED
BY**



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT!

FIFTY ULCERS CURED IN SIX WEEKS
Extract of Letter from John Martin, Esq. "Chro-
nic" Office, Toronto, West Indies.
February 4th, 1845.

To Reverend Holloway,
Sir,—I beg to inform you that the inhabitants
of this Island especially those who cannot afford
to employ medical gentlemen, are very anxious
of having your salubrious Medicines sent to their
reach, from the immense benefits which they
have derived from their use, as they have been
found here, in several cases, to cure Scabs and
Ulcers of the most malignant and desperate kind.
One gentleman in this Island, who has I believe
about fifty running ulcers about his legs, arms, and
body, who had tried all other Medicines before the
arrival of yours, but all of which did him no good,
but yours cured him in about six weeks, and he is
now, by their means alone, quite restored to health
and vigour.

(Signed) JOHN MARTIN.
FILES, FISTULAS, AND BRUISES.—DOAN
A remarkable Cure by the Pills and Ointment.
A half-pay Lieutenant, lately residing at St.
Helier's, Jersey, whose name by request is stated,
had for three years suffered from piles and he-
morrhoids, besides a general bearing down, of the most
distressing nature. He had in vain used every re-
medy, but to no purpose, and at last gave him-
self up to despair. Yet, notwithstanding this com-
plication of complaints, together with a debilitated
constitution, he was completely cured of all his
afflictions and restored to the full enjoyment of
health by these justly renowned medicines, which
every other means had failed.

**EXTRAORDINARY CURE IN THE WEST
INDIES, OF EYEROSIS AND OTHER
DIREFUL SKIN DISEASES.**

June 3rd, 1842.
Mr. LEWIS REEDON, of Georgetown, Surinam,
writes under the above date—In the way
a Pills and Ointment, have cured him of a
years' standing, in my wife's breast. In the last
part of the disease, the wound was very open, and
the most dreadful description, as thick as paper,
scabs, blotches, scales and other skin diseases of the
most frightful nature, and that he cured himself
thereof, and restored the whole population.

CANCERED BREAST—A WONDERFUL
CIRCUMSTANCE.
Copy of a Letter from Richard Bull, Esquire,
Luton, near Southampton.
February 9, 1845.

To Reverend Holloway
"Sir,—The Lord has permitted me to be a witness
to a wonderful cure of Cancer of the Breast, of a
years' standing, in my wife's breast. In the last
part of the disease, the wound was very open, and
the most dreadful description, as thick as paper,
scabs, blotches, scales and other skin diseases of the
most frightful nature, and that he cured himself
thereof, and restored the whole population.

CANCERED BREAST—A WONDERFUL
CIRCUMSTANCE.
Copy of a Letter from Richard Bull, Esquire,
Luton, near Southampton.
February 9, 1845.

**Wheezing on the Chest and Short-
ness of Breath.**

Copy of a Letter from Mr. J. Casey, No. 1, Green
ten place, Chancery Street, Birmingham, Eng-
land, April 28th, 1845.

Sir,—I beg to inform you that I believe I have
been, for more than three years, one of the most
sufferers in the world with Chronic Asthma.
For weeks together my breath was frequently
short, that I was afraid every moment of being
choked with phlegm. I never went into a bed,
very often indeed, I have been obliged to pass the
night without being able to recline a single mi-
nute, my head on a pillow, but I should be per-
mited to say that I am now happy to say
that I am now able to work from morning to night,
and that I sleep as well as ever I did in my life,
and this miracle (I may say) was effected by
rubbing your invaluable Ointment twice a day in
my chest, and taking ten of your Pills at bedtime,
and in again in the morning, for about three
months.

(Signed) JEREMIAH CASEY.

IN ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Bad Legs, Old Wounds, and Ulcers, B-
Breasts, Tumors, Swellings, Gout, Rheuma-
tism, and Lumbago, likewise in cases of Piles,
the Pills in all the above cases, ought to be
used with the Ointment; as by this means
cures will be effected with a much greater cer-
tainty and in half the time that it would re-
quire by using the Ointment alone. The Oint-
ment is proved to be a certain remedy for the
bite of Mosquitoes, Sand-flies, Chigotons,
Itches, and Cocos-hair.

Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Corns, and
Lips, also Bunions and soft Corns, will be
immediately cured by the use of the Ointment.
THE PILLS are not only the finest reme-
dy known when used with the Ointment, but
as a General Medicine there is nothing equal
to them. In nervous affections, as well as in
all cases of general debility, or where there is
a want of purity in the blood and fluids, they
will insure HEALTH TO ALL!

N. B.—Directions for the Guidance of Pa-
tients are affixed to each Pot.

Watches, Jewellery, &c.

Just received and for sale by the Subscriber,
an assortment of Watches, Jewellery,
Cutlery, &c. which will be sold on
the most reasonable terms
for cash.

Patent Lever and Vertical WATCHES,
Silver, German silver and Brass GUARDS,
Do do do PENCIL CASES,
Do do do do do do do
An assortment of Ladies BROOCHES, in gold &
plain settings.
Fancy silver Brooches, Gents Gold PINS,
Gold plated silver and common KEYS,
Silver & Worned PURE—M. metal box Keys,
Pure Mountings, Key Rings,
Spectacles, in blue steel and silver frames,
Knives & Forks, butchers, shoemakers and pocket
Knives, Carvers and Steels Mill saw Files
Britannia metal Ware—Sellers,
Hole's sporting Gunpowder, Percussion Caps,
Clocks, Watches & Jewellery, repaired and
cleaned—Quadrants and Compasses repaired
and touched.

Cash paid for old Gold and Silver.

G. F. CURNEY

