

Chiquetto Post.

SACKVILLE, N. B., AUG. 4, 1870.

The War!

The sympathy of the world, since the prospect of an outbreak, has been against France. Since Prussia divulged the infamous offer of France made in '66, by which France was to be permitted to annex Luxembourg and Belgium in return for not interfering with the schemes of Prussia to gather in the German States under her motherly wings, the feeling against France has been intensified. Has not the sympathy of the world gone out rather too cordially and unreservedly towards Prussia? Admitting France declared war on a frivolous pretext; admitting Napoleon is a man who has in the past, sacrificed every obligation, destroyed the most sacred ties of truth and friendship for personal ambition, and that he is intent only upon securing to his family the throne of France; admitting that France is ambitious and would not hesitatingly break faith in order to extend her frontiers, yet it may be fairly questioned whether France has not as much right to our sympathy as Prussia. Has Prussia never acted otherwise than fairly and honestly? Her whole history is a record of double-dealing and spoliation. In 1760 Prussia consisted of the little Principality of Brandenburg, Sweden, Poland, Austria, on several occasions, and her German neighbors, have all at the point of the bayonet yielded up their territory to Prussia. The ruthless way in which Prussia, aided by France, recently robbed Denmark of two or three provinces, cannot be forgotten. Inspired by ambitious schemes, Prussia has carried fire and sword into peaceful states, and utterly scouting the idea of a people selecting its own government, it has ruled its conquered peoples with an iron hand. Its victorious flags everywhere have heralded desolation and despotism. The will of the people is held as nothing; the King is absolute in his power. He even claims not to rule by the consent of his people, but by Divine right. To carry out the ambitious designs of her rulers, her territory has been converted into little else than a vast military camp, and all her able-bodied men, at some time of their lives, are drilled and drilled for active service. To this end also Prussia has instituted many reforms. Restrictions and taxes on trade between German States she has abolished, by means of the Zollverein, or customs league.

Heretofore France has considered herself the leader in European affairs. France, too, is only second to England as a commercial power. Undoubtedly Napoleon's rule has materially increased the freedom of the people, and larger concessions are being made gradually that the people may habituate themselves to a larger range without danger to the state. Napoleon's liberalism, too, is evidenced, by his commercial treaty with England, made in defiance of public opinion; but his statesmanlike policy was fully justified by the results; for no sooner were commercial barriers removed, than an exceedingly profitable trade sprang up, and has ever since continued to increase. In '67, when war broke out between Austria and Prussia, the French prestige had waned. The disastrous failure of the Mexican expedition, had damaged the personal reputation of Napoleon; the national treasury had been taxed, and the people were sick of war, and crying out for economy. France looked on, and saw Austria crushed at Solferino. Hungary, Saxony, Hesse and Bavaria were "gobbled up," or otherwise disposed of, as suited Prussia; and France had to look on and bite her thumb. France has long seen the danger of a greedy, unscrupulous and immensely powerful nation like Prussia, existing beside her, and making new conquests. Such continual aggrandizement in Frenchmen's eyes constitutes a menace. And when Prussia interferred (as is stated in the circular of the 22d ult., addressed by the French Foreign Minister to diplomatic agents of France abroad) to place a feudatory on the Spanish throne, France would not tolerate it. It was a "disproportionate aggrandizement of one royal house." In 1859 the Prussian Foreign Minister pledged himself that a Hohenzollern "was not and could not be a candidate." That promise France wants renewed, and nothing more. The true Bismark has withdrawn the Prince, but Princes are plenty enough in Germany for him to push forward

another at any time. The French people have considered it a menace; witness the immense enthusiasm greeting every warlike movement. Nine thousand volunteers are already eager for service; and the performances in the theatres at Paris are suspended to sing the Marseillaise.

The throne of Spain became vacant and several princes declined the honor of filling it, when General Prim at last fixed upon the young Prince of Hohenzollern, a scion of the Prussian reigning house, as the man. France remonstrated, and the King of Prussia at once declined to consent to the Prince's candidacy. The Prince withdrew and Spain accepted his withdrawal. The matter perhaps ought to have rested there. The Ambassador of France, however, at a social gathering, demanded concessions of the King which, the Prussians say, no King could make without forfeiting the respect of his own people, and of the world. For this personal insult the Ambassador was dismissed, and his dismissal is the plea for war.

The blood of both people is aroused. England's efforts or other causes may defer the conflict; but sooner or later the hostile feeling burning in the hearts of both people will only be quenched in blood.

Bay Verte Canal.

Our readers will hardly be prepared for so rapid a fulfillment of Hon. Dr. Tupper's pledge, made on nomination day at Amherst, to the gentlemen who presented the address from this County. A surveying party, consisting of Messrs. T. Geurter, Engineer, S. W. Townsend, A. Giroux, and J. Cannon, assistants, arrived here on Monday last from Canada, and will in a few days, on the arrival of the Chief Engineer, Mr. Baillarge, proceed to survey the ground for the Bay Verte Canal. The "Telegraph," a few days ago, said:

"We trust that the composition of the surveying party will be such as to offer the assurance that the survey will be thorough and impartial. It would, we think, be advisable to place on this staff some parties whose local information might be turned to good account, and a great blunder will be made if the Lower Provinces, who have much at stake in this survey, are wholly ignored. We make this suggestion because of the prevalence of a belief that, in certain quarters, there is a strong desire to place obstacles in the way of the construction of the Canal."

A suspicion does exist that, as on a previous survey, insurmountable difficulties, which can be avoided, will present themselves, and the Dominion for a time will be relieved from the responsibility of dealing with it. We trust, however, that the work will be conducted in such a way as to speedily destroy any opposition that may tend to retard so important a work.

Chairs and Furniture at a bargain, at J. L. Black's. Save your money.

Nova Scotia Crops.

From the "Journal of Agriculture" we learn that the hay crop is everywhere light; in many places two-thirds the average crop; except at Yarmouth, where it is 25 per cent. above the average. At Cornwallis the smallness of the crop will be a serious loss. In spite of partial Spring failures, there is an abundant crop of potatoes, with the exception of Inverness. At Parrsboro they had to be sown over again. Wheat, oats, and barley are everywhere promising. A Colchester farmer says, "more wheat was raised in Colchester and East Hants last year than for many years past." The farming class are better off than they have been for some years, and in places are laying up money—more than was ever done before. In Annapolis the apple crop will be less than usual. Fruit crop promises a full average.

Buy your WARPS at Joseph L. Black's, and save 10c. per bundle.

AFRICAN WINES.—It is not generally known that Cape Colony produces the most delicious wines grown on the face of the earth. A cargo received as a remittance by our neighbors Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., contains several varieties raised there, among which the Constancia commands the highest price of any wine in the world. Almost the entire crop of it is consumed in the palaces of Europe, this rare exception being sent to them in exchange for their new medicines, which have long been the staple remedies of South Africa. *Boston Journal.*

Buy your FLOUR at Jos. L. Black's, and save 25c. per barrel.

Mount Allison Institutions.

These excellent institutions commenced to-day the duties for the academic year. We notice some changes in the staff of Professors, but we believe great care has been taken in the selection of those who are to supply the place of the ones not returning this year. The many friends of Dr. DeWolfe will miss his pleasant and familiar face from among them; but we are sure that he and his good lady carry with them the best wishes of this community. The Rev. Dr. Stewart succeeds him, and is eminently qualified to fill the responsible situation as Professor of Theology. Of President Allison and his capabilities, it is needless to speak. We wish him a successful year; and, judging from the arrival of pupils, we have no doubt but it will prove one. He has spared no expense in surrounding himself with a good and efficient staff of Professors. Mr. Burwash succeeds Mr. Jost as Vice Principal. He is spoken of as a gentleman of high culture. Professor Weldon returns this year, to the delight of his numerous friends here. Mr. Borden having gone into the ministry, his place is supplied by Mr. Mellich, so well known as a successful teacher in Amherst.

We are pleased to see Principal Inch, of the Ladies' Academy, retains many of his last year's teachers. He has made a change in the Preceptress. Miss Jewell, the new Preceptress, we think, will prove a great acquisition to the school. She is spoken of as a lady possessing agreeable manners and fine abilities as a teacher. Miss Mellich returns, and those who witnessed the examination of the classes under her charge last year, and her success, must be pleased at her return. Miss Bent assumes the duties of teaching the English Branches and comes highly recommended. Miss Chesley will assist Prof. Martin in the Music Department. The Drawing and Painting Department is under the direction of Prof. Gray. Everything speaks a prosperous year for these really excellent institutions. The facilities for acquiring a sound education is surpassed by no school in the Dominion. Every attention is paid to the health, comfort, moral and mental training of the pupils.

Dorchester Correspondence.

The examination of the Superior School of this place, which took place Tuesday last, reflects great credit on Mr. Tait and Miss Morris, and proclaims their efficiency as first class teachers. The manner in which all the scholars acquitted themselves, in their respective classes, was highly satisfactory to all the patrons and friends of the institution; and it is much to be regretted that a better school accommodation could not be procured, as it would tend much to recommend the establishment to the eyes of sojourners and visitors. On Wednesday the exhibition and recitations was largely attended at the Temperance Hall, there being between 300 and 400 persons present. The performance was in itself not only highly interesting, but amusing; and there is no doubt of perfect satisfaction with the entertainment, as the enthusiasm with which all the pieces were received, plainly showed. For some time past, we have all been gratified with the manner the spiritual inhabitants of the Corner have been behaving themselves, they seeming to be evidently "kicked up," but within the last few days the "Bauchman Hall" is again on his ancient throne.

An Amateur Dramatic Club intend giving an entertainment on Thursday evening, which, if all reports are correct, will be quite interesting. New potatoes are the latest vegetables in the market, and very scarce at high prices. The grass on the marshes, although it was deemed, early in the Spring, there would not be over half a crop, has quite surprised many of our wisacres, and materially enhanced its value, by universally thickening up, which may be attributed to the frequent showers lately. I have now written much more than I originally intended, and will beg leave to remain until next time, Yours truly,

Nix-Nax.

Dorchester, Aug. 1st.

Prov. Deputy Edward J. Flarity, of Brunswick Lodge, No. 312, assisted by others, installed the following officers of that Lodge:—D. D. Bonney, W. C. T.; C. Fawcett, W. V. T. F. Augustus Taylor, Sec.; P. Treas.; Wm. Lawrence, Fin.; W. A. Black, M.; E. Fawcett, L. G.; E. W. Foster, O. G.; R. R. Toole, R. H. S.; Carrie Robinson, L. H. S.; Annie Toole, A. S.; R. L. Black, M.; C. D. Harris, C. H. P. W. C. T.

This Lodge, we understand, is in a very prosperous condition.

LATE WAR NEWS.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 28.—The Russian force in Poland has been increased to 200,000 men, including the regiments of the Imperial Guard.

LONDON, July 28.—The "Times" continues its comments this morning on the secret treaty proposed by France to Prussia, and after carefully weighing the evidence, thinks the authenticity of the treaty is fully established. It says: "It is clear that both parties are involved in the conspiracy, touching which they should now make a clean breast."

LONDON, July 29.—The following is the proclamation of the Emperor Napoleon to his army on assuming command in person:—"Soldiers, I come to take my place at your head to defend the honor and soil of our country."

"You go to combat against one of the best armies of European countries, but other countries as valiant as they, have not been able to resist your valor. It will be the same to-day."

"The war which now commences will be long and hardly contested, for its theatre will be places hedged with obstacles and thick fortresses; but nothing is beyond the persevering efforts of the soldiers of Africa, Italy, and Mexico."

"You will prove once more what the French army is able to accomplish, animated by sentiments of duty, maintained by discipline, and influenced by love of country."

"Whatever road we take across the frontier we will find upon it glorious traces of our fathers, and will show ourselves worthy of them."

"All France follows you with ardent prayers, and the eyes of the universe are upon you."

"On our success depends the fate of liberty and civilization."

"Soldiers, let each one do his duty, and the God of battles will be with us."

(Signed) NAPOLEON. General Headquarters. Metz, July 28th, 1870.

LONDON, July 29.—French troops have been massing in heavy bodies, and leaving Metz, for two days past. The direction they have taken has been North East.

It is rumored that the Army of the Moselle numbers two hundred thousand men.

The Prussian forces are still concentrating before Coblenz and Mayence.

In a frontier skirmish yesterday, four hundred French troops were defeated, with the loss of ten men killed.

A strong Prussian column of troops is posted along the River Saar.

The Germans express dissatisfaction with the conduct of the English Government.

The Princess Royal of Great Britain, Crown Princess of Prussia, and family, will proceed shortly to England, to remain there during the war.

The Emperor Napoleon, in his proclamation issued to the soldiers, says that the war will be a long one, and one hotly contested, waged, as it is against a powerful foe; but that the French soldiers will fight over ground immortalized by French victories.

LONDON, July 30.—The Catholic clergy of Liepzig are preparing for a grand demonstration to-morrow in favor of France, but the Government will oppose the project.

A Paris despatch says an alliance has been formed between France and Italy, the terms of which are as follows: Italy to assist France, if pressed, during the war with Prussia; France to withdraw her troops from Rome; Italy to issue a plebiscite to the Pontifical States, and if a majority are in favor of the plebiscite, Italy acquires a control of those States. France to pay Italy a subsidy of sixty million francs.

LONDON, July 31.—There was a sharp little skirmish at Saarbrücken on Saturday, in which the French made the attack, and were repulsed with the loss of one gun and twenty men.

Rumors of fighting at Forbach and in Baden are unconfirmed.

Germany has 800,000 men in the field. Bismark heads his own regiment in the war.

Mr. Gladstone made a speech at the Lord Mayor's Banquet, on Saturday, and defined the policy of England to be: first, strict neutrality; and second, preparation for the worst. He said England's neutrality was not on account of indifference; but in order that she might be in the best situation to exercise her influence at an opportune moment to bring the cruel and causeless war to an end.

NEW YORK, August 1st.—The reward offered for the detection of the murderer of Mr. Nathan, the New York banker, is now \$50,000. It is openly suggested that the deed must have been committed by a member of his family.

The Fenians on trial at Windsor, Vermont, were sentenced on Saturday. O'Neill got 2 years in the State Prison, Col. Brown, nine months, Capt. Monahan, six months.

NEW YORK, July 30.—Benjamin Nathan, a retired wealthy citizen, was murdered Thursday night in his sleeping room, object robbery. The stock exchange offer ten thousand dollars reward for the murderer.

LONDON, Aug. 1, midnight.—No serious fighting yet reported.

In the House of Commons to-night the debate on the war question brought a large crowd of persons, who filled the galleries and other places. The feeling of the House

was strongly marked in favor of an energetic policy, and when Mr. Cardwell, the Secretary of War, proposed a vote for 20,000 additional troops and two millions sterling, he was warmly cheered. So was Mr. Gladstone when he told Mr. Stapleton that if colliers are chartered to attend the fleet of a belligerent to supply coal, they will, to all practical intents and purposes, become store-ships attached to that fleet, and will come under the operations of foreign treaties.

The negotiations between Italy and France for the withdrawal of the French troops from Italian soil have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

The Italian Government has guaranteed the preservation of order in Rome, and the French troops have vacated the city.

The French Government requires passports of all foreigners entering or leaving France.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A Paris despatch of noon today says:—There is no news proper to make public. No battle has yet been fought.

The first installment of French troops from Rome arrived at Marseilles this morning.

The presence of the Armies on the frontiers of France and the Rhenish Provinces of Prussia, has given rise to serious apprehensions of a famine there.

The "Times," this morning, has a long editorial on the prospect of the war. The writer thinks that the delay in military movements on both sides is to be ascribed to the demoralization of the troops from having been moved by rail.

The French were also delayed on account of the hesitation of the South German States, and are now necessarily confined to the narrow ground of Saar Valley. In fact the entire preconceived plan of the Emperor has been altered by the unforeseen circumstances of this sort, and he has yet probably to form a new one.

Active recruiting for the Marine service has been ordered in the English dockyards.

From Cumberland.

As Mr. Alex. Colburn, his wife and two children, were driving up River Philip on Sunday last, the horse suddenly turned and backed into the river. The water at that spot was ten feet deep. With great difficulty Mr. Colburn rescued his wife and one child, the other, about four years old, had to relate, was drowned.

A frightful storm of rain accompanied by terrific thunder and lightning, took place here on Tuesday evening. Several telegraph posts at Shincliffe were shattered to atoms. A barn at Fort Lawrence, owned by Mr. Embree, was struck and nearly destroyed. Some cattle, we hear, were killed, but as yet have no particulars.

The fine old mansion at Minidie, owned by the late Amos Scamman, Esq., in his lifetime, and now by Dr. R. Mitchell, was struck by lightning and materially injured. Happily the worthy Doctor and his family escaped unharmed.

Is the more northern parts of the country great injury was done to the crops by the hail which descended there instead of rain.

SENIOR McLELLAN Railway Commissioner, &c., on his way here from Colchester received a severe shock of electricity. He looks all right to-day, (Wednesday). He is busily engaged with Mr. Chandler in deciding who shall build the Amherst Station House. The commissioners are now energetically passing matters and stand much better "on change" than they did last November.

Memramook.

From our obliging correspondent of this place, we received a communication, reporting favourable of the crops. He says upland hay is better than expected, considering the dry season. Potatoes and grains of all kinds, doing remarkably well; and if the season should prove good for harvesting, will yield an abundant crop. Our correspondent writes cheerfully not only of the crops but the general appearance and progressive spirit of the inhabitants of Memramook. Had space permitted we would gladly inserted his communication in full.

TO OUR INVENTORS.—The United States no longer discriminates against Canadian inventors, but grants patents to them on the same terms as to American citizens; the government for being reduced from \$500 to \$350.

THE wonderful growth of the English speaking population of the world is spoken of in the "Catholic World" correspondence. At the Council of Trent, three hundred years ago, it is probable only one among two hundred and seventy Bishops spoke English. At the Council of the Vatican, just closed, there were one hundred and twenty English speaking Prelates.

Local and Other Matters.

BILLS OF LADING, Charter Parties, and other Blanks for sale at this office.

SEIZURE.—Tobacco, disguised as old junk, was seized last week by custom house officers at Halifax.

On Tuesday the lightning struck and injured the house of Mr. Chris. Richardson, at Midgie.

On the 20th ult. an Indignation Meeting was held at Richibucto, respecting the location of the Inter-colonial.

THREE lives were lost by steam explosion, on the steamer "Silver Spray," Sunday, near Memphis, on the Mississippi.

SEAMEN.—On Monday last, while engaged in mowing on premises belonging to M. Wood, Esq., a pair of horses took fright and ran away, breaking the machine all to pieces.

A. McKENZIE, M. P., and D. MacDonald, M. P., were handsomely entertained by Messrs. Hutchinson and Mulholland on their arrival at Chatham a few days ago.

Mrs. ATKINSON of Wood Point, who was thrown last week from the wagon of Rev. T. Todd and seriously injured, we are glad to hear, is recovering.

YARMOUTH has a new Salt Factory. The article is said to be cheaper, stronger and purer than the American, which the proprietor hopes to shut out from the Dominion.

GOLD mining operations at Yarmouth, we are informed by the "Tribune," are progressing satisfactorily. The lode increases in thickness as the work proceeds.

TOURISTS.—The travel this season throughout the Provinces has been almost unprecedented. We observe the St. John and Halifax hotels are generally crowded.

G. E. Morton & Co., will please accept our thanks for late English papers. Messrs. Morton are agents for English and American Periodicals.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Letter from a Reverend friend on the affair of Mr. Flonk's, we will publish next week. "No. 11" received too late for this issue.

TARGET PRACTICE.—The Volunteers were out again on Saturday for target practice, and made very good shooting. Private J. Polly, we hear, made the best score, and Corporal J. Harris second.

PERSONAL.—Hon. Dr. Tupper, C. B., and Hon. Joseph Howe, at present at Halifax, leave in a few days for Ottawa. Mr. Archibald, Governor of Manitoba, returns to Halifax before leaving to assume his office.

FOUND.—The young lady who two or three weeks ago lost two brown curls in the street, nearly opposite the office of this paper, will be pleased to learn that they are quite safe in this office, awaiting her order.

A BARBER SHOP in any place is a great convenience. Sackville has been too long without one, and we hope the people will give the new one about to be established such support that it will become permanent.

We received a call yesterday from Mr. H. L. Spencer, the agent for the Maritime Provinces, for many celebrated medicines. Mr. S. represents some of the leading houses in the United States. He proceeds to Nova Scotia on business.

THE "Palmer" Yacht from New York, has been visiting Halifax and Cape Breton. She is said to be a model in every respect. She is owned by a young and wealthy Mr. Stuyvesant, who with a party of guests, is pursuing out the hot summer days along the Nova Scotia coast.

THUNDER STORM.—Sackville was visited by a severe thunder storm and heavy rain on Tuesday; but Wednesday it cleared off, and the atmosphere was clear and bright, affording fine haying weather.

THE "Seaman House" has been noted, almost time out of mind, for its generous hospitality, and, when required, its charity. The stranger has never been turned from its door, or the poor man gone away empty handed. When we say we regret the accident that has befallen it, we know we express the sentiments of very many people who have enjoyed its hospitality.

ARRIVALS.—On Monday, by train, four Engineers arrived in Sackville, from Canada. We understand their business is to prosecute the survey of the Bay Verte Canal.—On Wednesday and to-day, pupils are arriving by train and stage for the Mount Allison College and Academies; and Sackville has assumed a busy appearance.

FROM OUR ST. JOHN CORRESPONDENT.

St. John, August 2nd.

The intense heat of June and July in the States, drove crowds of visitors from American cities in the direction, and they still keep pouring in every day, till our miserable apologies for hotels are crowded to the utmost capacity; and travellers who would remain in the city if they get accommodation, are compelled to get away as fast as possible. The new hotel, which will be completed next summer, will not be built until some time in the autumn.

The reputation of the city in the hotel line has been built up sadly. As a summer resort, St. John and its surroundings possess attractions numerous enough to keep a visitor engaged some time in looking them up and studying them. Although through the ignorance, stupidity and pecuniary selfishness of the Common Council, the streets and sidewalks of St. John are the worst in the world, for a city of its size; there are no public buildings worthy of the name; though the ferries are a public nuisance, instead of an accommodation; and the wharves and piers are unwholesome, ugly and unsafe, still in time they may be remedied, but all the while the Common Councils, the world cannot take the delight in the fresh glowing colors into the cheeks of the fair ladies, the city. For be it known that a glowing, brilliant, beautiful countenance and a general spirit of vivacity, which at all times distinguishes the ladies of St. John and assembles them in the Common Councils, the streets and sidewalks of St. John, are the worst in the world, for a city of its size; there are no public buildings worthy of the name; though the ferries are a public nuisance, instead of an accommodation; and the wharves and piers are unwholesome, ugly and unsafe, still in time they may be remedied, but all the while the Common Councils, the world cannot take the delight in the fresh glowing colors into the cheeks of the fair ladies, the city. 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All Sorts of Paragraphs.

The Nova Scotia gold mines produced \$325,000 last year.

KILLING INDIANS in Iowa is considered justifiable Sioux-icide.

A NATIVE of South Africa has translated the "Pilgrim's Progress" into the Caffre tongue.

LOPPOS is to have an exhibition of beautiful barmails—at least, so it is reported.

A MR. PEKLETON was recently married, at the Walnut street Church in Philadelphia, to a Miss Sardine.

IS NEW ORLEANS a policeman named Bibb, has been dismissed from the force for having a woman in uniform doing duty for him while he slept.

THE NEW YORK "Sun" has engaged Dr. W. H. Russell, the well known "Times" correspondent, as special war correspondent in Europe.

"PLEASE, Sir, I don't think Mr. Dosin takes his physic regular," said a doctor's boy to his employer.—"Why so?"—"Cause he's getting well so fast."

THE practice of Kentucky distillery hands of the vats of whiskey, not only refreshes and cleanses the men, but adds to the "body" of the liquor.

A NEWSWATER away down in Lewiston, Me., says that a gentleman in Bath has a curious silver coin bearing the date of 1533, which, with 1,600 others, was placed in a field in Castine about twenty years ago.

DOMINION OF CANADA. RIFLE ASSOCIATION.—The Annual Competition will be held at Fredericton, N. B., on August 21st, and following days. There are to be nine matches including a large number of prizes.

A "PRESBYTERIAN ALLIANCE" has been formed in Philadelphia for the purpose of liquidating church debts, building hospitals and homes for the poor, and in other ways pushing the work of evangelization.

DR. JOHN HALL says:—"Let foreign critics blame us for wasting money on art, on dress, on equipage, and what not; we can look the world in the face, point to our pulpits, and reply, 'At least we have kept down the cost of preaching.'"

A STUDENT supporter of the total abstinence principle in Hartford, Conn., named Francis Gillette, has recently sold a piece of property with the condition attached that no intoxicating liquor shall ever be sold on the premises.

A LUCKY German in Milwaukee, named Rudolph Metzger, in moving his furniture a few days ago knocked a table leg off, when out rolled about seventy-five shining half-eagles. Not many "moving accidents" are of such an agreeable kind.

A BISHOP of the National Church of Russia has been commissioned to establish an Episcopal See in San Francisco, and is expected there in a few days. His official title will be "John, Most Holy Bishop of America and the Aleutian Islands."

JEFF DAVIS, late President of the Southern Confederacy, recently spoke at a Sunday School meeting at Memphis, and made use of such language that the New York "Tribune" thinks there is something in the wind, it sniffs so bad of secession and kindred subjects.

A YOUNG Gentleman recently found himself in company with three young ladies, and generally divided an orange between them.—"You'll rot yourself," exclaimed one of the damsels. "Not at all," replied the innocent. "I have three or four more in my pocket."

TARRANT, the well-known cricketer, says the London "Echo" of July 3rd, at Cambridge, on Saturday, in the thirty-second year of his age. He had visited America and Australia, where at one time he beat eleven colonists at single wicket after a hard day's work. His largest finding was 108, which he played in a match in 1866.

WE can hardly felicitate the well known citizen of Dubuque, Iowa, on the recent developments in his case. He is said to have an appendage very like a tail projecting from his back, just below the waist, which his physicians say cannot be removed without endangering his life. It has grown out within three years from a protuberance which has existed from birth.

A CHICAGO paper is responsible for the story that a few days since some boys in that city dropped an anvil weighing 200 pounds out of a fourth story window on the head of an African who was passing, and he had them arrested. He said he was willing to let the boys have fun, but when they jammed a "gunman's" hat down over his eyes and spoiled it in that way, the law must take its course.

THE Bishop of Chester, England, has refused to consecrate a church at West Derby, near Liverpool, on account of the elaborate character of the decorations. The walls and roof, and almost every part of the church, are covered with painting and gilding, and there is an altar piece which the Bishop considers objectionable. The founder of the church, a Mrs. Reade, who has spent £30,000 upon it, and refuses to alter to suit the Bishop's views, threatens him with a law suit.

Extraordinary Elopement.

An elopement has occurred in Leicestershire at Ashby-de-la-Zouch. There lives in that town a wealthy farmer and butcher named Thomas Ragg, who has a daughter, Ann, aged 30, who is possessed of considerable property in her own right. Ann, it seems, in her childhood, formed the acquaintance of John Cheadle, and, as time passed on, a strong attachment sprang up between them. Cheadle, being a member of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, became one of its ministers, but he failed to consummate his acquaintance with Miss Ragg by marriage. About six months ago Mr. Ragg took into his service a young man of 25 summers, named Joseph Hill, whose good appearance caused a favourable impression on the mind of Miss Ragg. A clandestine courtship ensued, and on Sunday night the would-be happy pair took train for Leicester, where they arrived by the last train at nine o'clock. Hill repaired to the house of his parents in Upper Kent street, leaving the bride-elect at the Midland Arms, in the neighborhood of the railway station. When Mr. Ragg came to close his house for the night his daughter and assistant were missing, and, on making enquiries, he soon discovered that they had left for Leicester. The next morning, soon after daylight, he left in a trap, accompanied by the Wesleyan lover, for Leicester, where they arrived about six o'clock. Mr. Ragg and our Wesleyan friend went to the public house, where they promptly introduced themselves to Miss Ragg, much to her astonishment and the chagrin of her friends. The sequel is shortly told. Her father said, "What have you been so silly as to do that for? Come home with us." For the first time in his life the Wesleyan minister came up to the scratch, and chimed in with "Come along with me, Ann," which call was instantly obeyed. She soon fetched her boxes down, together with her bank-book for £230, and left the house with her old playfellow, greatly to the consternation of her late lover. They then would their way to the registrar's, where a special licence was taken out for a marriage to be celebrated yesterday (Tuesday), at Trinity Church, Ashby-de-la-Zouch, between Ann Ragg, spinster, and John Cheadle, Wesleyan minister, both of the same parish, and to which none will show any just cause or impediment.—*London News.*

How to Write a Love-letter.

The following reply has been obligingly given by an editor of much experience to the question how to write a love-letter:—"There is no stated rule for writing love-letters. You should write on foolscap paper, and bear on as soft as you can, using words of such burning love that they will sizzle on the point of the pen. It is also advisable to sling in a hunk of pathos occasionally, such as, 'Dearest Augustus, I love you with a love larger than an elephant's; I think of you every day, and by-and-by, when the days grow longer, I shall think of you twice a day.' It is also well to put an ink-bottle in the corner with the observation, 'Darling, I kissed this spot' or, 'I have a sigh in this vicinity.'"

COUNSELLOR LAMB, an old man when Lord Erskine was at the height of his reputation, was a man of timid manners and nervous temperament, and usually pre-faced his plea with an apology to the effect, "On one occasion when opposed to Erskine, he happened to remark that he felt himself grow more and more timid as he grew older."—"No wonder," replied the witty but relentless barrister, "every one knows that the older a lamb grows the more sheepish he becomes."

TURNING THE TABLES.—Dean Nash, the King of Bath, was noted for never mentioning his father. Dr. Cheyne used to declare he never had one. The Duchess of Marlborough one day said he was like Gil Blas, who was ashamed of his father. "No, your grace," he replied; "I never mention my father in this company, not because I have any reason to be ashamed of him, but because he might have some reason to be ashamed of me." And he bowed all round.

DON'T HELP THE MATTER MUCH.—A Jew pedlar waited into a broker's office and offered pens for sale.—"You've come to steal a coat, not to sell pens," said the broker, as he thrust him out. The following Saturday the pedlar appeared in all the glories of his Sabbath clothes.—"Now, sir," he asked, "with an air of triumph, 'do I look as though I come to steal a coat?' "—"No," replied the broker, "you look as though you had stolen one."

IS NORTH KINGSTON, R. I., one night lately, Eliza A. Smith, wife of Jeremiah Smith, a farmer, took from bed her two children, aged respectively three years and eleven weeks, and drowned them in a rain water cistern, and then drowned herself. The coroner's jury found no cause but temporary insanity. The father was sleeping in another bed with a five year old son and was not aroused.

KING, WILLIAM OF PRUSSIA looks likely to live a hundred years, and spends most of his time out of doors. The old gentleman wears the copper-pointed helmet as jauntily as if he were a real swash-buckler, and looks quite soldierly in uniform.

TOWELL BACK AND CLOTHES' DRYER

"Dominion of Canada."

Patented 27th May, 1870.

The Most Complete ARTICLE OF ITS KIND

Ever offered to the Public!

Wanted in Every Household!

OCCUPIES LITTLE OR NO SPACE!

Within the Reach of all!

LINDSAY & VICKERY, Sackville, N. B.

General Agents for the Dominion of Canada.

To whom all communications must be addressed, and to whom all parties desiring Agencies must apply.

What the Purchaser OF A

Pianoforte

WANTS AND SHOULD HAVE!

First.—An instrument strong and constructed of the best materials, by the best workmen that can be had, without regard to cost, and under the direction of a practical PIANOFORTE MAKER whose whole attention is directed to the perfection of his instrument.

This we claim for the BOURNE PIANOFORTE!

Second.—An instrument possessing Sweetness, Sonority, Power, and Volume of Tone, with delicacy of touch and all the Modern Improvements that are incorporated.

The BOURNE PIANOFORTE Is Celebrated for its Brilliance and Power.

Third.—A Piano for which has been before the community for a number of years; and every case has given entire satisfaction; every instrument being an advertisement.

The Sales of the BOURNE PIANOFORTE are unprecedented in the history of instruments in St. John, giving in every case entire satisfaction.

FOURTH.—An instrument that has had to compete with the most unscrupulous competition, and has triumphantly stood the test of time.

FIFTH.—A Piano for which has been sold not to make the manufacturers wealthy at the expense of the public, but to give the purchaser a First-Class Instrument at the lowest possible price.

The BOURNE PIANOFORTE Is just such an Instrument!

THE BOURNE PIANOFORTE

Is on Exhibition at the Warehouses of the Subscriber.

No. 75 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

Also for sale—a large assortment from other well-known manufacturers of Boston and New York, making altogether the largest complete stock of

Pianofortes

IN THE LOWER PROVINCES:

C. FLOOD, 75 PRINCE WM. STREET.

Intercolonial Railway, 1,000 LABORERS WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

ON Section No. 4 Intercolonial Railway, to whom good wages and steady employment will be given.

A number of Stone Cutters and Builders are also required.

Apply to SMITH & PITBLADO, Amherst, June 28, 1870.

COD LIVER OIL.—1 cask Pure Medicinal Cod Liver Oil. Just received and for sale by

T. B. BARKER & SONS, 75 PRINCE WM. STREET.

W. C. MILLNER, Attorney-at-Law, &c., Sackville, N. B.

CASTOR OIL.—FINEST QUALITY.—In 10 lbs. tins, 2 oz., 4 oz., 6 oz., 10 lbs., put up at our own establishment. This oil is recommended to those who wish a good article to sell again. It is warranted perfect in every respect, being bright, well cooked, nicely labelled, and full size. As to price, we are prepared to sell as low as an inferior article is usually sold for.

J. F. HALL, 101 Union-st., near Charlotte-st.

DISPENSING CHEMIST, cor. King & Germain sts.

Time is Money.

EVERY Merchant should have a WATCH. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Mechanic should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Railroad Man should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Clerk should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Farmer should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Teamster should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Mariner should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Every Laborer should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

All the Ladies should have a Watch. They can get them at MARTIN'S.

Just received—A splendid assortment of Gold and Silver Watches!

which will be sold at a very low price at Martin's Jewellery Store, 101 Union-st., near Charlotte-st.

P. S.—If any Watch sold at this Establishment does not give satisfaction, it will be taken back and the money refunded.

G. H. MARTIN, June 23

F. A. Barteaux, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, PATENT MEDICINES, DYE WOODS AND DYE STUFFS, PERFUMERY,

Toilet Articles, Brushes, &c., &c., 24 King street, Saint John, N. B.

Ships Medicine Chests filled and re-filled, and all other medicinal requisites for the use of Physicians' Prescriptions.

Sherill's Sale.

To be sold by Public Auction, on the Last MONDAY in December next, at the Court House in Fredericton, N. B., at 10 o'clock, p.m.:

ALL the right title, interest, claim and demand of William Barnes, his personal right and right of entry, both at law and in equity, of and to all the following real estate, viz.:

All that certain lot of Wood Land owned by the said William Barnes, his personal right and right of entry, both at law and in equity, of and to all the following real estate, viz.:

Also, that certain piece of Marsh Land situated on Great Marsh of Sackville aforesaid, and bounded on the north and west by the land owned by the said Josiah Tingley, on the north and east by marsh land owned by Thomas Wheaton, and south and east by marsh land belonging to the estate of the late George Lawrence, and on the south and west by the remaining half of the said lot belonging to the said Josiah Tingley, and containing one hundred acres more or less.

Also, that certain piece of Marsh Land situated on Great Marsh of Sackville aforesaid, and bounded on the north and west by the land owned by the said Josiah Tingley, on the north and east by marsh land owned by Thomas Wheaton, and south and east by marsh land belonging to the estate of the late George Lawrence, and on the south and west by the remaining half of the said lot belonging to the said Josiah Tingley, and containing one hundred acres more or less.

The same having been seized and taken by virtue of an execution issued out of this Superior Court of the Province, at the suit of Henry B. Allison, Executor, and Amos E. Botsford, and Mary his wife, Executors, against Joseph F. Allison, son of William Barnes.

BLAIR BOTSFORD, Sheriff, Fredericton, 10th June, 1870.

E. & N. A. Railway.

1870. COMMENCING ON MONDAY, 16th MAY next, Trains will run daily as follows:

TRAINS GOING EAST. Leave St. John at 7 and 11.15 a.m., and 2.15 and 5 p.m.; the 2.15 train going to Quispamsis, and the 5 p.m. to Sussex only.

TRAINS GOING WEST. Leave Point du Chene at 6.30 and 10.45 a.m.; Sussex at 6.15 and 10.15 a.m., and 4.45 p.m., and Quispamsis at 8.40, 11.42 a.m., and 3 and 6.35 p.m. The 11.45 a.m. and 3 p.m. trains from St. John, and 10.45 a.m. train from Point du Chene only will carry freight.

EASTERN EXTENSION TRAINS. To and from Sackville connected daily at 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. leaving Sackville at 5.45 a.m. and 1 p.m. and on the arrival of the 10 a.m. train from St. John.

St. John to and from P. E. Island, Picton, Port Huron, and Cass, R. I., and the coast, Miramichi, Bay Chaleur, Riverview, Paspébe, Gaspé, Rimouski, Quebec and Montreal, connect at Point du Chene as specially advertised. Stages connect daily at Sackville for Amherst, Truro and all places in Nova Scotia.

At Salisbury to and from Hopewell, Hillsboro, and the Albert Mines. At Shediac, to and from Cocagne, Beauséjour, Miramichi and other places on the North Shore of New Brunswick.

The Trains advertised to leave St. John at 2.15 and Quispamsis at 3 p.m., will not commence to run until Wednesday, 1st June, and then only will be continued during the months of June, July, August and September.

LEWIS CARVELL, General Superintendent, Railway Office, St. John, N. B., 6th May, 1870.

Gold and Silver Watches.

RECEIVED per Etna, a parcel of GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, from Messrs. J. M. Baddeley & Co.; and per Tyrann, a parcel of Silver Watches, from the English Lever Watch Company.

PAGE BROTHERS, 101 Union-st., near Charlotte-st.

Wm. S. Calhoun

Has in store and for sale at lowest market rates:

20 bbls. Very Bright Porto Rico Sugar

40 boxes each 400 lbs. Vacuum Pan do.

35 bbls. bright Cienfuegos Molasses?

420 chests and 14 chests fine Tea;

300 bbls. superior Java Coffee;

100 boxes P. Y. and No. 1 Soap;

1000 Extra Smoked Herring;

20 bbls. pure Cider Vinegar, (cheap);

25 Hard Yellow;

200 gr-boxes Lager Raisins;

100 bbls. all kinds, Oils for Machinery and Wood.

No. 10 and 12 NELSON STREET, St. John, N. B.

NASH & ROU'E.

(Successors to J. B. HAMMOND.)

20 Dock Street, Saint John, N. B.

Manufacturers of CINGER ALE, LEMONADE, Aerated Soda Water, Sarsaparilla, And Syrups of all kinds.

Orders from the Country punctually attended to.

American House, MONCTON, N. B.

WILLIAM GIVAN, Proprietor. June 23—3m

International Hotel (FORMERLY LAWRENCE.)

160 Prince William Street, ST. JOHN, N. B.

THIS Hotel has, since it changed hands, been thoroughly renovated and Refurnished, at considerable expense. It is situated opposite the "Empress" Wharf, and within a few minutes walk of the American Bots; and the Street Cars running to the Fredericton Boats pass every fifteen minutes. It commands a fine view of the Harbor, Bay, and the surrounding country.

The Proprietor having had an extensive experience in Hotels and Steamers, feels confident that none who patronize his place will go away dissatisfied.

R. S. HYKE, Proprietor, FORMERLY OF THE STEAMER "EMPEROR," may 26

WHITENECK'S INTERNATIONAL OYSTER HOUSE

AND Dining Rooms, 53 Charlotte Street, St. John.

227 LARGE ROOMS provided for the accommodation of parties desiring Supper for a number.

CHAIRS, etc., constantly on hand. Attendance prompt; Meals at the shortest notice.

W. T. WORTHMAN, Importer and Dealer in FLOUR AND CORNMEAL, TEAS, TOBACCOES, &c.

—AND— GENERAL GROCERIES, 23 Charlotte Street, SAINT JOHN, N. B. may 26

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Fourth Triennial Exhibition WILL BE HELD IN THE CITY OF FREDERICTON, ON

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, OCTOBER 4TH, 5TH, 6TH AND 7TH, 1870.

THE Delegates, with the Officers of the Local Agricultural Societies in their respective Counties, are appointed Committees to further the interests of the Exhibition, and the Officers and Members of the Mechanics' Institute have been requested to co-operate with Executive Committee of the Board in carrying out the objects of the Exhibition.

The Premium List may be obtained from the Committees above named, or on application to the Secretary, and forms of entry in a few days be forwarded to the Executive Committee, and the Officers and Members of the Mechanics' Institute have been requested to co-operate with Executive Committee of the Board in carrying out the objects of the Exhibition.

Arrangements will be made with the various lines of railways and steamers, for the transmission of freight to and from the Exhibition, which will be made known at an early day.

CHAS. S. LUGRIN, Secretary, P. O. Agriculture, Fredericton, May 14, 1870.

DRESS MAKING AND MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

Mrs. Stewart

Has on hand a Varied Assortment of BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed, Misses' Hats, &c.

ALSO: Muslin Collars, Sailor do.; French Kid gloves; all colors; Crapes, all colors; Lace Veils, all colors; Book Bindings, White Tartan; Feathers, Mantle ornaments, Buttons, Cords, &c.; Rapp and other Ribbons, Black Silk Fringe, Rubber Bracelets, Laces, &c.; with a variety of other Dress Materials, specially selected for Sackville.

Orders executed promptly and on reasonable terms.

D. R. McELMON, Watchmaker, Jeweller, &c., AMHERST, N. S.

CONSTANTLY on hand—A nice assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Agent at this place for the Celebrated RADOLLET WATCHES.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

SHOP DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE BAPTIST Church.

Stephen Gooden Bay Verte,

Has just received, and offers for sale: BARRIS DRIED APPLES, Boxes RAISINS, TEA, SUGAR, MOLASSES, SODA, DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

In Store: Ready-made Clothing, Farming tools, Earthenware, Tinware, Patent Medicines, Salt, Flour, Oils, &c. Bay Verte, May 11, 1870.

CLARK'S Patent Improved Indelible Pencil, for marking linen, &c. For sale by H. CHUBB & CO.

HINMAN & CLOUGH'S United States Standard Bll Holder, for office and pocket use. For sale by H. CHUBB & CO.

FLOUR.—300 bbls. Good FLOUR. For sale under market rates.

W. S. CALHOUN, Nelson street.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL.

Germain Street, (Opposite Trinity Church.)

ST. JOHN, N. B.

T. WICHENDAH, Proprietor. June 2 3m

Albert J. Hickman, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, OFFICE LATELY OCCUPIED BY DR. ROBERTS, DORCHESTER, N. B. may 12

RANKINE & RUGGLES, Importers and Dealers in Flour, Cornmeal, Groceries, and Ship Stores, Wholesale and Retail.

All Orders punctually attended to. 28 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

ARCHIBALD RANKINE, CHAS. F. RUGGLES, June 26

Saws! Saws! Saws! "ALEXANDRA WORKS" SAW FACTORY, CORNER OF NORTH AND GEORGE'S STREETS, SAINT JOHN.

J. F. LAWTON, PROPRIETOR, may 26

W. H. OLIVE, INSURANCE, Custom House, Forwarding, Commission and Ticket Agent.

TICKETS SOLD FOR CALIFORNIA & ALL PORTS WEST, Via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway.

FOR ALL PORTS IN CANADA, Via Vermont Central Railway.

FOR NEW YORK & ALL PORTS SOUTH, Via Fall River, Stonington & Norwich Lines.

OFFICE:—Head of International Steam Ship Co.'s Landing, Reed's Point, Saint John, N. B.

REFERENCED BY PERMISSION: Hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B.; Hon. Peter Mitchell; Hon. Thos. R. Jones; Hon. A. McL. Seely; Messrs. Danks & Boyd; Messrs. Jardine & Co.; Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co.; W. O. Smith, Esq. June 9 3m

Brushes! Brushes!

JOHN MURPHY, THANKFUL for the liberal patronage received last year, begs to call the attention of the public to his present Stock of BRUSHES, now ready for delivery, viz.:

1360 Doz. SCRUB BRUSHES, all sizes and sizes;

587 " Shave " " " "

825 " " " " "

315 " White Wash " " "

175 " Horse " " "

300 " Paint " " "

200 " VARNISH BRUSHES, all sizes and sizes;

12 Hand Brushes; Tar Brushes, &c.

Constantly making all kinds of the above Stock.