### FURIOUS FIRE

#### Indiantown the Scene of Great Conflagration.

The Principal Dwellings and Stores Reduced to Ashes.

Flames Spread Over a Large Area—List of the Buildings Destroyed—The Insurance—Two Fatalities High Wind and Poor Water Supply.

a stiff wind blowing, the houses were as dry us tinder and the water supply was not equal to the occasion.

Indeed it was not until the flames had made great headway that the force of water was arything like what was needed. This is a matter which the authorities should promptly investi-

The fire started on the roof of P. Nase & Sons' warehouse at 1.10 p. m. and fanned by a southerly breeze soon enveloped that building in flames. Spreading from the warehouse it caught and destroyed the three story building occupied by J. W. Keast, and from there to the large wooden building on the corner owned by E. Horncastle. Jumping Bridge street the fire quickly worked its way to the store and warehouses of the McAlary Co., Ltd. At this time it was seen that the fire garden which surrounded it, the lares was likely to assume large propor- and penates of the residents of that was likely to assume large proportions, as the sparks and cinders were flying in every direction and the wind fusion. Here and there a house had seemingly increased in a few minutes from a gentle breeze to a violent gale. Bridge street was soon in a mass of flames, and the fire swept succumb to tireless eff across, taking in both sides of Main stant streams of water. stret in its sweep. Householders and storekeepers along these streets saw A freshening of the wind sent the

fire with terrific rapidity up Main street, the wooden buildings along which proved only too good fuel. The which was swept hare by the fury of into the center of the river tion advance that in an hour's time it was practically impossible to traverse the lower part of Main, and Kennedy street was fast being wiped out of existerce. At this time the fire took another turn and the north side of Main street caught, and the flames swept down Bridge, Holly and Charles streets toward the open fields beyond. At the foot of Main street the flying sparks caught in the warehouses, and they soon were raging, throwing out an intense heat and blinding smoke. Down Bridge the flames went, a branch ran out to Victoria and up it, uniting with the side fires that ran out along Holly and Charles. The entire blocks were then a burning mass, fire on all sides and in the centre.

Up Victoria and Metcalfe the flame rushed, bearing everything before it. The houses were built closely together and were light wooden frame buildings upon which the fire spread with amazing speed. Upon Metcalfe street it reached past Charles and half way to Albert, while along Victoria it ended at Albert. Residents on the latter street moved their household effects out upon the open fields which look toward the creek and Spar Cove, but the move failed to ensure the safety of the goods, for fire was soon discovered among the mattresses and bedding, and practically nothing moved in that direction was saved. So great was the heat that hens pershed on the street, burned to a crisp. the city proper was suspended.

Indiantown had a narrow escape | being thrown upon the houses by the from annihilation Thursday after-from annihilation Thursday after-wind. But anxious owners kept watch upon the roofs and water which was to be had only in scanty quantities, was thrown upon each spark as it settled with a seemingly devilish intent of finally accomplishing its work. But constant care and attention upon the part of occcupants and firemen defeated its purpose and Albert street was saved. Had it caught, in all probability nothing could have saved the Free Baptist and Main street Baptist churches upon

which anxious eyes were kept through-

out the afternoon. But though the fire in this district was somewhat under control, Bridge street, Main street and Kennedy street were roaring masses of flames The upper side of Kennedy street had caught and the fire was working its way slowly down to the water, and up toward Cedar street but one house could be seen to stand to the lower side of the street, and in the large district were piled in shapeless conbeen blown up to arrest the fury of the fire, which every now and then seemed to gather new life, but only to succumb to tireless efforts and con-

From the river to the public steps the danger, and the place was soon on Main street, and to the water at alive with people transferring their the south, from Bridge to Albert, goods to places of safety. along Metcalf and Victoria, and almost down to the mill, was a smouldering mass of ruins, bursting occasionally into new life as the breeze fanned the embers. Along the water front the ferry house seemed to be the only building remaining to mark cinders were thrown in a southerly di-where once were stores and ware-rection toward the buildings lining houses. Woodboats and steamers fill-Kennedy street, the lower side of ed with household effects stood out So quickly did the conflagra- to the other side. On the upper side of Bridge street a portion of a wall bearing the advertisement of a well known soap withstood the fury of the flames. All else was gone.

The scene well along in the afternoon was an alarming one and calculated to appal the stoutest heart. The roar of the flames could be hard a long distance away and the sky was as red as blood. The wind seemed to have increased in velocity. Fortunately, however, it dropped again as sundown approached and the firemen were able to stem the advance of the fire. The greatest excitement and confusion prevailed as people hastily removed the household goods to places of safety. Shopkeepers piled their ds out on the street and many willing hands carried them away, in some cases never to come back. The Salvage Corps supervised as well as possible this work, and soon were as sited by the city men. The roar of the fire, the noise of the engines, and the shouts of firemen and others all made a thrilling drama. Many persons piled their stuff in what they believd to be safe places, only to have them burned up by the devouring

flames. All St. John was apparently on hand to witness the fire and the streets were blocked with teams. It brought back to many a heart the scenes of June 20th, 1877. Business throughout the entire north end and in many parts of

Albert street for a long time seemed. Early in the afternoon, when it look-to be doomed. The buildings upon ed as if the car sheds of the Street both corners were on fire, and the Railway Co. must surely burn, the burning wood from the scene of the spare cars were got out and sent over central conflagration was continually to the city for safety, and a little later traffic was suspended along the entire line. The buss men took advantage of this stoppage of electric transit to reap a rich harvest, and every old bug that could be found was pressed into service. Some of the antiquated vehicles broke down on the road, but the bulk of them pulled through all righ.

Clark as a beer shop and lunch room. Wooden building partially occupied, where by Mrs. Geo. Shaw.

Star line warehouse, total loss; insured for \$500.

QUEEN'S WHARF.

Building owned by the Robertson estate, occupied by Mrs. Jarvis.

Many city merchants sent over their teams to the assistance of friends in the fire district—an act of th ness that was greatly appreciated, as the demand for wagons of all kinds to rescue goods was far above the local supply.

All told fully 200 houses and other buildings went up in flame. The total loss is variously estimated at from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000. A conservative insurance man last night put it at

The total insurance is in the vicin-ty of \$300.000, most of which is, of ity of \$300,000, most of who course, a total loss. There must be at 'es homeless, or rather that number were furned out, but all of them found shelter last night. Still in the nature of things there must ensue a great deal of suffering, and already arrange ments are being made to care for the children who have been thus rudely cast out into the world.

The Salvage Corps, both north and south ends, did noble work in saving and protecting property and in assisting the police in preserving order. Mayor Sears, the chief of police and most of the aldermen were early on the scene, and did all they could to

W. S. Harkins, who is himself an old fireman, told the Sun last night that it was one of the fiercest and most ugly fites he had ever seen. He heartly praised the firemen for the gallant way in which they conquered

Miss Ann Cunard, who resided on Holly street, perished with her house Shortly after the fire started several men warned her not to remain longer in the place, but she refused to go. She told James Odell that she would not leave the house till it caught fire. She was dressed at the time and seemed as well as ever. Mr. Odell told a Sun reporter that the mer about the street urged Miss Cunard again and again to seek a place of safety, but she paid little or no atten-tion to them. Miss Cunard, who was about 80 years of age, was a sister-inlaw of Dr. McCleery of Main street.
About 7 o'clock the remains of the
unfortunate lady were found by C. W.
Green and others. Coroner Roberts gave orders for their removal to a

house near by. Mrs. Geo. Mowrey, who resided on Victoria street, died during the progress of the fire. The lady, who was 57 years of age, had been in delicate health for some time. She will be ence of Arnold Mowrey, Adelaide

Mrs. Capt. Fred Belyea, who was in Mrs. Connor, occupied ite state, was removed from Quinn, liquors. her home to Dr. Roberts' residence on Douglas avenue.

The firemen worked away all night or up to midnight on the ruins of the tuildings. No damage of any consecuence was done by the flames after

Owing to the destruction wrought around the wharves the down river boats were compelled to land their passengers on the opposite side of the

Chairman McGoldrick instructed Chief of Police Clark to put some extra men on duty at Indiantown last ight. Ten men were put on and did duty all night. All was quiet at the

north end at midnight The mayor has called a meeting the common council for 11.30 o'clock this morning to take into consideration what is best to be done with reference to the fire sufferers.

The electric cars were hung up for several hours in the afternoon, but after that they did a great business. Every car was filled to its utmost

The firemen were furnished with refreshments during the evening by many north end citizens. The scholars in W. J. S. Myles' room in the high school were dismissed an hour early yesterday afternoon on ac-

count of the Indiantown conflagration. Mr. Myles resided in the brick building which stopped the fire on the north side of Main street.

HOUSES BURNED.

John McMulkin's building, occupied by himself as wholesale grocery store, Wooden building, occupied by J. B.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1899.

Building owned by the Robertson estate, occupied by Mrs. Jarvis.

Wooden building, owned and occupied by Mort. Day, saloon and dwell-

BRIDGE STREET.

West eide, Court block, premises oc-cupled by James Holly, office; Jas. German, tailor, Charles Higgins, P. Nase & Sons, and upstairs by Mrs. Geo. F. Baird, Mrs. Long and Mrs. J. Smith as dwellings. I Roote's bakery, also occupied by rs. Dalton and Messrs. King.

le Purdy, one flat occupied by Machum. erris, Indiantown hotel. irs. Henry Dalton, dwelling.

Geo. Johnston, dwelling.
John Smith, dwelling, also occupied by Prof. B. C. Byrne. Mrs. A. McCann, dwelling.

BRIDGE STREET. East side, C. B. Pidgeon, store; cupied by F. Gaunce. J. R. Vanwart, store.

James Dalton, dwelling, also occu-pled by Cunard and Goram, sausage makers. James Gault, grocer, street floor; occupied on upper floor by James Straight, Samuel Thorne and Wm.

John Stevens, grocery, with Wm. Decles living up stairs. Charles Wheaton, dwelling. Upper Side of Bridge Street. saac Cowan, store and dwelling. Mrs. H. Pierce, candy shop and

Henry Hammond, dwelling.
Henry Hammond, dwelling.
Turnbuil Real Estate Co., dwelling:
occupied by Mrs. T. C. Carle and Geo.
H. Tapley. Mrs. Robert Aitken, dwelling. Henry Niles, dwelling, occupied by

Mrs. Thos. McCann.
Alfred Watters, dwelling.
Thomas Hayes, dwelling. Edward Tourney, dwelling. James Kingston, dwelling, also upled by — Johnston as small gro-D. Lynch, dwelling.

FROM MAIN STREET WEST. East side, John McCann, grocery Ald. Capt. Keast, grocery, meats nd dwelling

Nase's warehouse (where fire start-Capt. Porter, occupied by James king as beer shop. Miss Catherine Bradley, dwelling.

Capt. Porter, dwelling.

Capt. Porter, steamer Star ware-W. F. Williamson, machine shop. D. D. Glasier & Son, blacksmith shop and stove works.

KENNEDY STREET. West side, Ald. McMulkin's ware-Earnest Logan's dwelling, accupied

by Samuel Dingce and M. Currie. East side, dwelling and shop, Mrs. Spence and Capt. Dunphey. F. F. Granville, dwelling occupied by him and W. B. Day. KENNEDY LANE. Wm. 'Olt's dwelling.

Charles Higgins', also occupied by Mrs. Alley. John Currey, dwelling, Holly Belyea, dwelling. Mrs. Peter White, dwelling.

HOLLY STREET. On Helly street the buildings burned House owned and occupied by Capt.

Brennan. House owned by James Leonard, orsupled by himself and Frank Jordan. House occupied by John Whelpley. House owned and occupied by Arch.

House occupied by Miss Cunard. House cwned by Jas. Gorlam. House owned by Jas. Gorham. House occupied by Chas. Bradley. MAIN STREET.

On Main street, commencing at the the lower side of Bridge street, on the south side, the houses and stores

John McCann. House owned and occupied by W. J. House occupied by E. Horncastle and Wm. McMulkin.

House occupied by W. Corkery. Offices occupied by D. Glasier & Son. Store occupied and owned by the Horncastle Co. Lorne Hotel, Henry Akerly, propri-

Old Engine House. Shed owned by J. McMulkin. Stere occupied by J. Mahoney. Stores, occupied by Dunphy & Co. and lately by W. J. Forbes. House occupied by L. A. Colwell. House owned and occupied by Wm. Hayford.

On the north side there were: Store occupied and owned by D. S. Store occupied by G. Gorham.

House occupied by A. Pidgeon.

Store and house occupied by H.

Offices owned by Count deBury and occupied by Tapley Bros.
Store and office occupied by Dr.

House owned by Fred Bailey and occupied by Geo. Black.
House and store occupied by Wm, Robertson and Miss Murphy.

METCALE STREET. Public school building. House owned by Allan Gallop, mill-wright, and occupied himself and his son, Fred Gallop, millman. House owned by John Vincent, bus

driver, and occupied by the owner.

House owned by Duncan Beaton and occupied by Hermon Allan, engineer. The family were away, and everything was lost. Barn owned by Chas. Hamm.

House owned by J. E. Cowan and occupied by Mrs. Odell and Frank Best, laborer. Warehouse owned by J. E. Cowan,

damaged considerably.

House owned by J. E. Cowan and occupied by Thos. W. Burns and Mrs. Campbell; badly damaged.

House owned by Miss Emma Coleman, dressmaker, occupied by her as shee and residence.

J. E. Porter, House owned and occupied by Edward E. Fanjoy, commission mer-

chant.

House owned by Geo. B. Cromwell, occupied by owner and Joseph W. Corkery, mairdresser.

House owned by G. B. Cromwell and occupied by Chas. H. Hamm, team-

House owned by Theodore Vanwart and occupied by owner, Capt. Brown and a family named Watters. House owned by Stanley Cody, occupied by Capt. Barton, Capt. Edgar

and Geo. Reynolds, painter.

House owned by Stanley Cody, occupied by Chas. Hersey.

House owned by Duncan Beaton, occupied by William Elliott, Chas. Parker, motorman, and Frank Neeon, engineer. Two houses owned by Rankine A

Sinclair, traveller, and occupied by himself, Mrs. Wm. Mason and Herman Sullivan, bookkeeper.

House owned and occupied by F. L. Flewelling, grocer. House owned by Turnbull company, occupied by Jonathan Appleby and Chas. Woods. The house was badly

VICTORIA STREET. House owned and occupied by Geo Gorham, tailor.

House owned and occupied by Jas. M. Chase, carpenter.

House owned and occupied by Mrs.

Geo. Brown. House owned and occupied by Robt. J. Burke, filer. House owned and occupied by Michael Spragg. House owned and occupied by Jas. House owned and occupied by Mrs.

Arthur Brown.

Two small houses occupied by three colored families—Sally Young, Joseph McAleer and Abe Williams. House owned and occupied by Geo. Well. After blister has been on about

House owned and occupied by D. H. Betts, surveyor, and James W. Maxwell, salesman. House owned by John L. Olts and ccupied by Capt. Samuel Price.

House owned by Benjamin C. Fish, carpenter House at corner of Victoria and Al-

bert, owned and occupied by J. R. Vanwart. House badly damaged and barn in rear almost completely destroyed.

House at corner of Victoria and Albert, owned by John McAllister and occupied by owner and Herbert Rob-

THE INSURANCE. Following is a partial list of the insurnce held by companies:
hoenix of Hartford \$11,000
hitish American 5,900
hondon Assurance 1,000 WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.

WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.
Estate Travis, building, \$1,600.
Horneastie, \$4,000.
McMulkin & Gunter, warehouse, on building, \$500; on stock, \$500.
Mrs. M. White, dwelling, \$500.
Geo. Quinn, stock, \$300.
John McMulkin, stock, \$1,000.
Capt. Brennan, furniture, \$700.
Estate R. Robertson, \$1,600.
John McMulkin, furniture, \$400; barn, \$200.
J. Horneastie & Co., implements in barn, \$1,000.

Total, \$8,100. LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLOBE J. M. McAlary Co., \$2,500 on buildings. J. L. Noble, \$500 on furniture. Mrs. Patterson, \$1,700 on stock and furni-Milton Belyea, \$285 on furniture. Total, \$4,985.

CENTRAL E. Cowan, \$800 on two buildings on Metcalf street.

W. J. Forbes, \$80 on wagon.
Chas. W. Higgins, \$200 on turnita
J. W. Keast, \$1,000 on stock.
C. B. Pidgeon, \$500 on building.
Mrs. Spencer, \$400 on furniture.
J. A. Snell, \$150 on piano.
Total, \$3,130

GUARDIAN. Star Line S S Co., warehouse, \$500.
D. H. Betts, dwelling, Victoria street,
M. D. Austin's brick building, \$300.
M. D. Austin's grocery stock, \$300.
Indiantown school, \$294.
Total, \$1,894.

\$1,000.

J. E. Waring, dwelling, Victoria stree

Geo. Mooney, Victoria street, \$500. NORWICH UNION. R. B. Travers, \$500 on furniture. C. B. Pidgeon, \$700 on stock. D. A. Henneberry, \$400 on furniture. John McMulkin, \$1,800 on dwelling

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE.

S. R. Weldon, \$300 on furniture.
W. Oltzs, \$1,000 on iwelling.
Chas. Bradley, \$600 on dwelling.
Thos. Sprague, \$800 on dwelling.
J. C. Logan, \$500 on furniture;

W. G. Brown, \$1,000 on stock.
Allan Gallop, \$1,000 on dwelling.
J. T. Vincent, \$600 on dwelling.
Mrs. Capt. Brown, \$600 on furniture.
H. H. Sullivan, \$600 on furniture.
R. A. Sinclair, \$1,000 on dwelling.
Estate of J. B. Coleman, \$700 on dwelling.
A. S. Sprague, \$600 on dwelling.
W. L. Roberts, \$200 on furniture; partial Michael Sprague, \$250 on furniture; partial

michael Sprague, \$290 on furniture; partial loss.

Total, \$26,150.

R. J. Bourte, \$600 on dwelling.

F. L. Flewelling, \$600 on dwelling.

C. Fisher, \$800 on 'welling; partial loss.

G. B. Taylor, \$400 on furniture.

There was \$7,200 insurance on the Metcait street school house and \$1,010 on the furniture, distributed among the various companies. North British and Mercantile, \$6,000, the principal items of which are \$2,006 on J. A. Suell's place and \$1,000 on P. Nase & Son's. Imperial, \$1,350.

No city in America has suffered more from destructive fires than St. John. Besides the large fires that occurred in the earlier days, many citizens will call to mind those of January, 1837, and August 1839, followed by that of March, 1841, when much property was lestroyed and many lives lost. But these were insignificant when compared with the fear-ful conflavation are with the fear-ful conflavation. cant when compared with the fear-ful conflagration of 20th June, 1877, which commenced in York Point at 2 p. m. and in 13 hours consumed 1612 houses, leaving over 246 acres, the most valuable part of the city, in ashes. The entire value of property then consumed has been estimated at \$28,000,000. The number of persons left homeless was 15,000.

#### VETERINARY

DEPARTMENT. Conducted By J. W. Manchester

V. S., St. John, N. B. THE WEEKLY SUN takes pleasure in notifying its readers that it has perfected arrangements with J. W. Manchester, V. S., whereby all questions with respect to diseases of the lower animals will be answered by him, and treatment prescribed in those cases where it is asked for through the columns of THE SUN. columns of THE SUN.

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT, Weekly Sun, St. John, N. B.

F. C.—I have a mare six years old that has lamed herself in some way. She took lame coming down hill, holding back a load. The lameness se to be in her stiffe and on the in of the leg. You can drive her about two miles before she favors the leg-What would you prescribe?

Ans.-Give complete rest. well with fish oil. Tie up short when blistering.

W. B.-Have a valuable cow that has a rattling in the throat, also cough. Is worse when weather is hot. What shall I do?

Ans.-Keep dry and feed well. Also give daily one-half ounce of Tincture Belladonna. Mix it in cup of Raw Linseed Oil and give as a drench

Rex.-Would advise you not to breed the mare again. The trouble is due in a way to milk. It is not poisonous, but through some trouble the secretion is imperfect and not suited to wants of the foal.

W. I. D. E.-Have a young colt that took sick about one month ago. It seemed like staggers at first and now seems like heaves. If suddenly startled takes fits that last about one-half an hour and breathes very hard.

Ans.—It is probably valvular disease of the heart. Little can be done for it. There is just a possibility it will re-cover if left alone. Would turn out to pasture and watch the case,

B. B.-Will write you about your case. It is too long to publish in

#### MONTREAL.

Enquiry Into the Grounding of the Gallia-Death of a Bank Manager.

MONTREAL, May 24.—It is report-MONTREAL, May 24.—It is reported that a monk in Oko monastery has committed suicide. He has been acting strangely for some days. His hat was found beside the river. Some people say he has simply taken this methods of getting away from the religious life.

ligious life.

MONTREAL, May 25.—The harbor commissioners, sitting as a pilotage board, today held an investigation into the cause of the grounding of the steamship Gallia, previously reported ashore on Mud bank in Lake St. Peter. The evidence of the ship's officers was to the effect that the shir

ficers was to the effect that the ship was in their opinion going too fast to answer to her helm properly when rounding Stony point.

The inquiry was adjourned to allow the commissioners to visit the Gallia. No attempt has yet been made to get her off, as the decision of the underwriters is still being awaited. The only way in which the ship can be moved is by dredging a channel to her.

Frank Kennedy, manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, died shortly before three o'clock this afternoon from pleurisy. He had been manager here for about seven years, coming from Nova Scotia.

Nova Scotia.

James Reid, conductor on the C. P.
R. train running between Montreal
and Labelle, had both legs cut off this
morning when leaving St. Martin
junction by falling from the train
while passing from one car to another. He fell below the train and
the wheels passed over both legs. He
was brought into the city and was
taken to the Royal Victoria, where he
now is.

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22.-The corurder of Mchall, where s crowded to itness called house on the Ier testimony ided little to not be con-

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# Queen's Birthday

Should not miss calling and See the immense stock of FISHING TACKLE Trout Rods. Baskets, Reels,

Lines, Forrest's Celebrated Trout Flies, Bait

Hooks, Bait Rods, Minnows, Artificial Bait.

House occupied by Chas. Bradley.
House occupied by W. L. Waring.
House occupied by Mr. Brown.
House occupied by Mr. Paterson.
House occupied by Mr. Paterson.
House occupied by W. Herneastle.
House occupied by W. E. Nobles.
House occupied by W. Herneastle.
House occupied by W. E. Nobles.
House occupied by W. E. Nobles.
House occupied and owned by Fred
Bailey.

## OTTAWA LETTER

#### Further Particulars of the Iniquitous Gerrymander Bill.

#### Sir Wilfrid Has Violated the Principle of Representation by Population,

Without Establishing the Principle of Representation by Counties-His Sole Object the Increase of Grit Seats.

OTTAWA, May 19 .- The points in the Drummond railway transaction are so familiar to readers of this paper that yesterday's debate covers ich travelled ground. Resuming the discussion, Mr. Haggart admitted frankly enough that while minister of railways he had been impresse with the idea that the railway should have access to Montreal. He was not so much moved to this opinion by any difficulty which the C. P. R. imposed as through trouble in making any kind of decent traffic arrangements with the Grand Trunk. That corporation would not make convenient arrangements to transfer traffic at Chaudiere to the Intercolonial, and there were always delays and difficulties in making passenger connections Mr. Haggart saw several ways to extend the line to Montreal, but was not quite satisfied with any of them. He talked over the question of ac quiring the Drummond road, which he understood could be had for a half a million dollars. He mentioned the subject to some of his colleagues and afterwards made the discovery that the road had been hawked about for a lower price. The finance min ister of that day did not favor the purchase, and the only other minister with whom a discussion took place was Mr. Ives, who does not seem to have been arxious enough about to press the matter.

Mr. Haggart went into the question of the cost of the road, including \$400,000 of capital alleged to be paid up and \$176,000 borrowed. He did not believe that any part of this \$400,000 was paid in cash, except perhaps \$40,000. This \$40,000, with \$176,000 borrowed and the subsidies given by governments, represent the cost of the road at the time of the sale to the government. After allowing for the cost of completion, the price paid under this bill and the half million dollar higher price were so excessive that, in Mr. Haggart's words, savored of wrong and corruption." He had said this much in the previous debate and repeated it now. He had made no specific charge of corruption stated in the Drummond committee, but the facts . hemselves showed that the negotiators on the government side must either have been a set of fools or else they did it for a consider-

Mr. Haggart takes direct issue with the minister of railways as to the posibility of keeping accounts for the rest of the Intercolonial. He declares that this system of accounting is easily possible, that it is done on many lines and was .ntended to be done in this case. He quotes Sir Oliver Mowat as stating in the senate when the annual lease of the Drummond railway was arranged that the operation of the road was experimental, and that the accounts would show whether it was a success or not. If the extension was found to pay, the grrangement could be made permanent. Mr. Blair, interrupting Mr. Haggart, made a rather extraordinary statement at this point. "I am mot responsible." he said. "for statements made in the other house." This remarkable repudiation of his colleague of that time is a striking exhibition of the relations of the members of the cabinet to each other. It is usually assumed that the whole cabinet is responsible for a declaration made officially by any one of them. If one minister will not stand by what another says, they can hardly expect the country to accept the statements of any of them.

Mr. Haggart had another interesting computation. He capitalizes the \$210,000 rental which Mr. Blair proposed originally to pay to the Grand Trunk company and Drummond company at something over \$7,000,000. A bridge such as the C. P. R. has at Lachine crossing the St. Lawrence to Montreal can be built for \$1,500,000. From the bridge to the Intercolonial railway opposite Quebec a double track railway could be built for \$4,-000,000, allowing the very highest figure claimed for any part of the road This would leave about a million and a half to provide terminal buildings in Montreal, for which the govern ment had a first class site of its own at Lachine. The whole extension with a double track instead of a single one, with an independent line instead of one shared by the Grand Trunk, with a bridge of its own instead of the right to use one, and with complete terminal establishment at Mont real could have been provided at the same charge that Mr. Blair sought to impose upon the country for the limited accommodation that he expected

Mr. Haggart went into the testimony given before the committee, and then turned his attention to Mr. Blair's reflections upon him as a railway manager. Mr. Blair had intithat Mr. Haggart made no record himself but was living on the success of Sir Mackenzie Bowell as minister of railways. Mr. Haggart himself commended Sir Mackenzie's Intercolonial management, but observed that he had accomplished a things himself, including a substantial improvement in the finances He pleasantly referred to the testimony Mr. Blair professed to have ob tained from permanent officers who had been associated with Mr. Hag-gart. Mr. Blair claims to have learned of their opposition to Mr. Haggart's policy in respect to through traffic But Mr. Haggart philosophically observed that the permanent Intercolonial men have some advantage over the evanescent minister. If they whispered to Mr. Blair that he was a much greater man than his predecessors they were liable to say the same thing to the next minister who followed Mr. Blair. In that department, as in all others, the permanent officer would not spend his time praising the predecessors of his present chief. When Mr. Blair took his leave it was possible that they would not have as pleasant things to say of him as he reported them to be saying now.

Mr. Haggart defended the arrange with the Canadian Pacific, which he says gave the company no advantages that were not enjoyed by the Grand Trunk. He had done what he could to get the Canadian Pacific to bring trafficato the Intercolonial, and had received a much larger share of the proceeds than Mr. Blair was likely to receive from the Grand Trunk on the through traffic that he would obtain from the present arrangements. As to the Intercolonial finances the best that Mr. Blair had yet to show for his completed system was a very large deficit, and until he could produce something better Mr. Haggart advised him to defer his

The discussion was continued by Mr. Morrison of British Columbia, who was a member of the Drummond committee last year. Mr. Morrison is a popular and affable young man, who was not taken too seriously in the role he assumed of a lecturer and adviser to "gentlemen opposite." He accused Mr. Haggart of not swearing the truth as a witness before the Drummond committee, and made the rather astonishing argument that from the time Mr. Haggart appeared was on oath, even after he was discharged from the witness stand and resumed his position as a member of the committee. The argument was interesting, though there is no harm in it, for undoubtedly Mr. Haggart is bound to tell the truth as a public man whether he is on oath or not. Mr. Morrison contended that Mr. Blair bought the Drummond road Montreal extension separate from the cheap at \$12,000 a mile. It is really worth, in Mr. Morrison's opinion about \$16,000 per mile. He congratulated the minister on the excellent bargain made. If Mr. Greenshields made a lot of money in the transaction. Mr. Morrison was glad of it seeing that the country did not lose He censured Mr. Haggart for not carrying out the scheme he seemed to have had in mind to move on Montreal, and in a general way was didactic and admonitory in his observations to the ex-minister.

> Mr. Ross Robertson, speaking from the other side of the house, gave the government aid and comfort. Mr. Robertson was elected as an independent conservative in opposition to a regular conservative, but he has been a useful member of the opposition and always has the ear of the house. The member for Toronto has very little confidence in the present ministers, but there is one institution to which he is more strongly opposed than he is to any minister, even Mr. Sifton. He regards the Intercolonial extension to Montreal as an escape from the control of the C. P. R., which is the institution Mr. Robert-son makes it the chief business of its political life to oppose. Mr. Robert-son seems to be willing that the transfer of control should be made to the Grand Trunk, and in his choicest epigrammatic language congratulates the minister on the course taken whereby, as he puts it, the Intercolonial will no longer be a milch cow for the C. P. R., the people of Canada furnishing the hay and the railway corporation getting the milk.

The price to be paid seems to Mr. Robertson to be rather high, but this point also enables him to get a blow in on the C. P. R. The other day the Canadian Pacific secured bonding privileges for a Kootenay line at the rate of \$30,000 a mile. Mr. Robertson fought that bill to the finish, and now remarks that the price paid for the Drummond is moderate compared with the bonding rate allowed to the Columbia and Western. Incidentally, Mr. Robertson observed that he was not able to understand the minister of railways. . Some times Mr. Blair appears to him as an archangel and a deliverer of the people from the bondage of the great railway corporation. So far nothing but good words had been received in that direction, but even pleasant language was a good deal to get from a member of this ministry in response to appeals against the C. P. R. oppression.

Mr. Borden of Halifax began a discussion which he will resume next Thursday, after the Queen's birthday vacation. The first part of his speech

eport of the Drummond county committee signed by himself, Mr. Haggart and Mr. Powell. He went over captured a constituency previously this report, justifying it in detail and liberal. Mr. McCleary woke up yesparticularly that part which referred to Mr. Tarte's admission that he at-tempted to mislead the house in re-spect to Mr. Greenshields' cheque used to purchase a newspaper for Mr. Tarte's sons. Another portion show-ing how Mr. Greenshields was making \$400,000 on a \$24,000 investment was justified

As to the value of the Drummond road Mr. Borden submits four calcu-

1. On the basis of the offer made by the company for the sale of the uncompleted road. There were two of these offers, one at \$500,000 and one at \$400,000. Adding the cost of completing the road, the value of the completed line at the one price would be \$1,050,000 and at the other \$1,150,000. 2. On the basis of Mr. Greenshields' purchase of stock, adding the debt of the company at that time and the cost of completion of the line. On this basis the value would be some \$900,-

3. On the basis of the cost of the road. This was computed by Mr. Schreiber at \$1,550,000. Deducting the amount of subsidy received the net cost would be about \$1,000,000. Mr. Borden pointed out that if a road was bought on the basis of cost by a government the subsidies paid should be deducted, as they form no part of the cost to the builder. If the government paid subsidies and then paid for the property that the subsidies produced, they were simply subsidizing the road twice, or buying back their

4. On the basis of net income from the road, which at the time of the purchase was only represented to be \$30,000. The value of the uncompleted line made up on that basis, plus the cost of completing the road, would make up about \$1,000,000

It is rather interesting to notice that all these calculations bring the value of the road as completed between \$900 000 and \$1,200,000 and generally in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000 or \$1,100,000. It is this property for which the public is now asked to pay \$1,600,000 and was originally asked to pay \$2,090,000.

OTTAWA, May 20.-Sir Charles Tupper's vigorous attack on the government's gerrymander bill, followed as it was by equally strong denunciations from the Ontario opposition members, represents the feeling of the liberal conservatives in the house. There is a strong sense of injustice on the part of the members from the province chiefly affected, who feel that an unfair blow has been struck and that the government under a pretence of justice is committing an outrageous act of injustice. In the first place there seems to be no excuse whatever for interference at this time. In two years the next census will be taken and then a readjustment of representation will be required. In the meantime the Ontario constituencies are divided as near as possible into radings of some 22,000 population each. These constituencies have given Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government a majority in the present nouse, though he had no majority in the popular vote of the province. This fact alone shows that there is no unfairness in the operation of the present system.

Now see what Sir Wilfrid is pretending to do. He declares that it is essential to restore county boundaries, so that a constituency will not contain parts of more than one county. It is difficult to establish this principle without making some constituencies much larger than others, and the late government thought it better to adopt the system of representation by population rather than by municipal districts. But the queen feature of the proposed arrangement is that Sir Wilfrid has violated the principle of representation by population without establishing the principle of representation by counties The bill does not in nearly all the cases make the county boundaries coincide with the boundaries of constituencies. One good principle is abolished without esablishing the other The fact is that under a hypocritical defence respecting county boundaries the government respects them only where political exigencies suggest it. doctrine that one man's vote ought to be as good as another's. Ontario constituencies which have existed in most cases for seventeen years and in some for a life time are torn in pieces by this bill, though the work will all have to be done over again in two years

And what is the result of this change? We shall have constituencies of all the way from 15,000 to 30,000 people. We shall have constituencies returning three members which are nearly twice as large as others returning the same numbers We shall have constituencies returning two members with a smaller population than others which are allowed only one. We shall have 200,000 peo ple in one place (mostly conserva tives) with four members and 200,000 eople elsewhere with ten nembers. We shall see constituencies abolished that have existed for a quarter of a century. All these elements of confusion are introduced for the alleged purpose of restoring county lines that are not restored, and of doing justice to the liberal party which has already a larger representation than is justi-fied by the popular vote.

So the Ontario conservatives, and especially those whom the governent is trying to gerrymander out of their seats, have some excuse for their anger. Here for instance is Mr. Clancy representing the constituency called Bothwell, a riding familiar by name to two generations of Canadians, who finds that there will be no more Bothwell. This government decrees that it is an injustice to have a riding called Bothwell when there is no county of that name. If Mr. Clancy had not beaten Mr. Mills in the late election we may assume that Mr. Mills would have some respect for the traditions of the old constituency. But Bothwell caused Mr. Mills to go, and so Bothwell must go. Mr. Clancy may come back as one of the members for Kent, but if he does it

McCleary, who at the last election captured a constituency previously additional township which usually gives several hundred majority to the grit candidate. If he holds this seat he can only do it by overcoming a very large grit majority heretofore polled against his party in the re-mainder of his riding. These liberal districts are in most cases taken over from other places where the grit majority is large enough to spare them.

Turn now to Simcoe. This is a large and repulous county of over 83,000 peo-It is entitled on the basis of population to four members, but it is convervative county and if cut up inte four districts would probably return four conservative members. But it can be made into three districts, of which the liberals may give themselves one. It takes 28,000 people in conservative Simcoe to elect a member. Brant is a liberal county with much less than half the population of But Brant is allowed two members, both of whom, it is assumed by the bill, are to be liberals. Still more remarkable is the dealing with York county includes the city of

Coronto. Toronto now returns four members, though on the basis of population it would be entitled to six. East York and West York are old constituencies, one of which has not been changed for fifty years. They now include a number of districts which have been incorporated into the municipal city of Toronto. These wards are strongly conservative, while the country portions of East and West York are liberal. Now the bill takes away the portions that lie in the city and adds them to the Toronto constituencies. It leaves East and West York rural constituencies only, and on the basis of the last election deprives Mr. McLean, the conservative member for East York of his majority. In Clarke Wallace's constituency there was no liberal opposition last election, but in previous contests he obtained his majority in the districts that this bill takes away from him. These are cases where no wrongs are righted, for the constituencies are old ones. There was no disturbance of county boundaries, for they are all in the county of York, and the result is that while East and West York are left rather small constituencies the four city constituencies are raised to an average population of 60,000 each. The four conservative constituencies at Toronto will contain as many people as twelve liberal constituencies which may be selected from other parts of Ontarlo and five times as many as the two York ridings. This re-arrangement would have been on a basis of population if the two Yorks had been made one and five members given to Toronto. Each riding would have had 40,000 people. But the chance to steal a seat would have been lost.

With this general principle estabished, that liberal counties shall have more representation than conservative counties and that county lines shall be respected only in certain specified and suitable cases, the calling in of the judges is a grotesque hypocrisy. The judges cannot undo that portion of the measure that gives the liberal party its advantage. They are merely called in, as Col. Tisdale says, "to perform the act of decapitation after the government has pronounced sentence." The gallant colonel, who expects to have most of his conservative majority transferred to North Norfolk, where it will be swamped by Mr. Charlton's liberal margin, recommends that the judges should be instructed to put on black caps when they perform their solemn

Sir Charles Tupper objects that the bill is unconstitutional, but still more strongly protests against its unfairness. He finds in it an admission that the government is afraid of the province of Ontario. The influences which have been operated in by-elections are not so useful in a general contest. The government has captured the control government, its friends have operated West Huron and Brockville, in such a was that some of them are in jail in Brockville, while in Huron 43 men in one polling district swore they voted for a conservative candidate while only 30 conservative ballots were

Clarke Wallace pointed out that his own constituency had retained the same boundary for fifty years, and the government, under the pretence of righting a wrong done in 1882, had taken away a number of conservative wards, leaving West York with 20,000 people and giving the wards to a constituency that would have 50,000. Dr. Montague wanted to know why county boundaries were respected in some cases and not in all. But Sir Wilfrid gave him no information. Dr. Sproule pronounced the bill "the most disraceful measure yet submitted to the house." He also speaks with some feeling. His county of Grey is "re-

Mr. Bergeron offered some remarks on the changes to be made in Quebec province. They are not so numerous as in Ontario, for the reason, as Sir Charles suggests, that the government is very well satisfied with the results from Quebec as it is. But Mr. Bergeron explains that the measure strengthens the liberal party in three or four counties on the south shore of the St. Lawrence, to which the government made great promises that have been broken. The people are rather indignant over the treatment, which accounts for the read-

Mr. Bennett, who does not expect to suffer by the gerrymander, protests against its unfairness to other members. He said he had felt uneasy when Sir Wilfrid protested that the measure would be an absolutely fair ne, and "when the premier heaven to witness that there would be no loaded dice in the game, I grew doubly suspicious." "I really do not think," he added, "that high heaven should be invoked in such a measure as this." Sir Charles Hiltert Tupper closed the discussion with the suggestion that the measure had better be withheld until after the next census. It was evident that the measure gave the people no fairer representation than they have now, and if there were no malign purpose to be served, there was no reason for the bill. Never before had a redistribution measure been introduced except when called for as a result of a census. And so the bill was read a first time and stands for a longer and fuller discussion upon the second

In the morning of Friday, the public accounts committee tried to get down to work. A number of motions were made for papers and witnesses in the midst of which a singular reluctance to secure information was discovered. Sir Louis Davies supported by Mr. Gibson other ministerial members began to offer objections to the call of witnesses unless the members who wanted them would tell what they were expected to do. Now, the public accounts committee is not called for the purpose of proving people guilty nor The public accounts are open and if a member wants to see the vouchers and ascertain the particulars about a transaction in the public interest. he has always been allowed to do so. been set up that an enquirer must

necessity be an accuser. example, Dr. Roche read in the house a statement made by a former officer of the government in regard to affairs of the inland revenue office at Winnipeg. The house referred the matter to the public accounts committee. Dr. Roche is not on the committee, and Mr. Taylor moved that the original accuser be summoned to testify. An hour or so was taken up by ministers and their supporters in the attempt to force mover to make charges in regard to the matter, and to say what this Mr. Christie was expected to prove. Christie is expected to tell what he knows about irregularities which were at least of sufficient importance to cause the suspension of Collector Costigan at Winnipeg. If the committee knew what he would prove it would hardly be necessary to call When he has stated the facts ene would suppose it would be time enough to ascertain what they proved. Similarly Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, who asked for a witness connected with the bogus prosecutions in Manitoba, was invited to say what the man would prove. Sir Charles simply affirmed that he regards him as a material witness and practically defies the government to interpose to prevent his appearance. Inquiries are to be made into the cost of supplies for Sir Louis Davies' fleet, into the purchases for the Intercolonial railway. into the immigration management, the sale of binder twine and various other matters of public business, including the supply of provisions to the srmy in the Yukon.

JUVENILE BURGLARS

Who Have Been a Terror to Moncton People.

DORCHESTER, N. B., May 22.-Be fore Judge Wells, under the Speedy Seith, John Hurley, Edmund Gallant and Edward Howe pleaded guilty to charges against them, and were sentenced to terms in the maritime penitentiary and common jail.

Seith and Howe were charged with breaking into the house of Rev. Mr. Hinson of Moncton and stealing \$140 in cash, besides other valuables, and also with breaking into the store of P. S. Enman and destroying and taking away the fixings of a soda fountain

Hurley and Gallant were charged with receiving stolen goods, knowing them to be stolen. Hurley, on account of his previous good record, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment in the common jail: Gallant received five years in the maritime penitentiary, and Howe and Seith ten years each, five for each offence.

These four criminals constituted the gang of thieves who within the past three months had been the terror of the citizens of Moncton, having within that time entered and stolen from many residences and places of busi-With the exception of Hurley, ness. they have records in the police court, although the oldest is but eighteen years of age.

NOVA SCOTIANS WANT TO EMI-GRATE.

(Vancouver News-Advertiser, May 16.) Rev. C. S. Stearns of North Jeddore. N. S., had a short preliminary interview on Saturday with Premier Sem lin at Victoria, in connection with the emigration project that brings him to this coast. William Marchant and P. C. MacGregor accompanied and introduced the visitor, who plained that he represents some 200 families in North Jeddore alone, who are looking to British Columbia and will probably come here to take up homes if suitable locations can be secured for the prosecution of the agriculture and fishing industries in conjunction The populations of several other Nova Scotia communities are also watching with interest for the result of Mr. Stearns' visit to British Columbia, and likely to follow the example set by North Jeddore Rev. Mr. Stearns will pay a visit to the West Coast, and afterwards have another talk with the leader of wovernment.

#### Children Cry for CASTORIA. DEWEY'S RETURN.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The munici pal assembly committee on the cele-bration to be given in honor of Admiral Dewey in New York city, decided today not to ask the legislature for any pecuniary aid in connection with the affair. It is said that whatever expenses were necessary in addition to the \$150,000 appropriated city would be supplemented by private subscription. Mayor Van Wyck was opposed to asking the legislature

THE NAME THE SOAP

that has peculiar qualities for washing clothes and is good. for all uses. HIGHEST IN QUALITY.

GRIY HUMOR

Some genius has been gathering witticisms from the graveyards, and he seems to have pretty well succeeded in resurrectg a lot of epitaphs found on tombstones in England and the United States that would also cause the late lamented themselves to smile could they but read them. Some of his quotations, which were read before a New Haven, Connecticut, scientific society,

In the churchyard at Bury St. Edmund this was found:

Here lies the body of Deborah Dent; She kicked up her heels and away she

In Burlington, Massachusetts:

Sacred to the memory of Anthony Drake, Who died for peace and quietness' sake. His wife was constantly scolding and scoffing,
So he sought repose in a twelve dollar coffin.

died June 4, 1851.

She lived a life of virtue and died of chelera morbus caused by eating green fruits in the full hope of a blessed immortality, at the early age of twenty-one years, one morth. Reader, so thou and do like-

In Baten Rerge, Louisiana:

Here lies the body of David Jones. His last words were "I die a Christian and a democrat." In Pale Pinto, Texas:

He remained to the last a decided friend and supporter of democratic principles and measures. Blessed are the dead who died in the Lerd. In England:

At rest beneath this churchyard stone Lies stingy Jimmy Wyatt. He died one morning just at tea. And saved a dinner by it. In a Maine gravevard:

Here lies interred Priscilla Bird
Who sing on earth 'till 62,
Now up on high, above the sky;
No doubt she sings like sixty, too.

In a Kentucky churchyard:

Here the body of Mary Ann rests, With her head on Abraham's breast, It's a very good thing for Many Ann, But very hard lines for Abraham.

The humorous epitaph collector of the future will doubtless be able to discover other equally remarkable specimens of gravyord wit with very little research if the characteristic virtues of some of those new living are truthfully engraved on the marble that will mark their last political resting places. It would not be surprising that if in our own Canada, he would secure a particularly rare collection of cometery gems. What more likely than to see over the political grave of the present alleged premier this cheerful couplet:

"Here lies the body of poor Sir Wilfrid Whe beldly the Tories' policy pilfered, With sunny smile and Cobden medal, Promises and principles he began to peddle.

He was a titled Democrat up to the hilt. But too much Tarte caused him to wilt."

ster of the interior will shortly rest one

"Clifford Sifton is 'lying' here:
He was to his country very 'dear.'
He denced his way into the Cabinet,
For he could 'sasshay' and piroutte,
He was born in Ontario, up near Luca
And died shortly after 'going through'

What better could be said of the member or Wellington, when he has passed away nto well-merited retirement, than:

"When the Tories were in Mister James McMullen Would "rere" and tear round and cavort, But now he keeps still, 'I hough he finds bigger bills In the Auditor General's report."

Then over the pillar of fame that will ornament the lot in which the minister of reilway's reputation is laid will probably be found something like this:

"Stranger, stranger have a care,
For here is 'lying' A. G. Blair;
He ran New Brunswick and the I. C. R.,
And travelled around in a private car;
He stayed by the man that paid two prices, And was an alept in all 'human devices,'
But at the end, where oh, where
Were the political remains of A. G.
Blair?'

"In memory of Sydney Fisher, Erected by a well-wisher— A Grit.

With his forming erudition And leve for Prohibition He made the world richer-Nit."

"Here you'll find Richard Dobell,
Who in his life-time was an ocean swell,
Across the Atlantic he made innumerable trips,
But never in one of his unsinkable ships."

It would be ungrateful indeed were not come Find hand to perpetuate the virtues of the minister of public works in his private coneyard, say, something like this: "When Israel Tarte got into Parliames He made things hum and squandered ev

He made things hum and squandered every cent,
Let contracts without tender, gave jobs to file de galore,
And when brought to task about it gave them more and more;
From a Tory to a Liberal he made a lightning change
And ir politics did many things that looked almighty strange;
Israel was poor, but now he's fixed all right,
And there'll be a hot time in the old town tonight."

INCREASE OF CONSUMPTION.

(Toronto Mail.)

During the month of A-il. the vital statistics of the province, as furnished by the board of health, showed a total of 2,066 deaths, of which 256 resulted from consumption, 21 more than the highest previous record, which was last month.

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POLICEMEN

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How It Was Observed in St. John be greatly reduced, and there would be less paralysis and nervous prostration. and Elsewhere.

City Police Officers Severely Injured by An Accident at Digby Pier.

Cruise of the R. K. Y. Club-Base Ball, and Horse Trotting at Moosepath-Sports at St. Stephen, Digby and Fredericton-Excursions.

(From Thursday's Daily Sun.) not be conceived than that which prevailed in St. John yesterday. breeze from the bay and the sun's rays were mingled together in just that proportion which makes for perfeet bodily comfort.
As usual, the home attractions were

few, and thousands upon thousands spent the day in the country or near by towns. The excursions to Fredericton, St. Stephen and Digby were liberally patronized, while the river and lake steamers came in for a generous share of the holiday travel. Bicycles were much in evidence in the early morn and late in the evening, their riders spending the day far away from the city's rough and dusty streets. Livery turnouts were at a premium, and so were fishing baskets and rods. Just how many trout were caught or scared to death will never be known, but if every fellow who carried a rod and hip pocket bait yesterday killed a single fish, the lakes and streams will need instant

The stay-at-home people had the choice of attending the base ball matches, the norse races at Moosepath, the performances at the Opera House, or rambling in the park. But the happiest of all who spent the day in the city was the ubiquitous small boy, who believing that the policemen had all gone to Digby, exploded fire-crackers all day long, openly, fearlessly and in utter defiance of Chief Clark's proclamation.

Taken as a whole, it was a most enjoyable holiday, the only incident to mar the proceedings being the accident at Digby, whereby several policemen were more less severely injured.

The Royal Kennebecasis Yacht Club relebrated the Queen's birthday by a short cruise up the St. John River, which brought out a good showing of boats for so early in the season. The day was a perfect one from a

eruising point of view, the light wind prevailing most of the time allowing the yachts to set all their light canturesque one. A run was made to for lunch, and after a pleasant visit, started on the return rip.

MOOSEPATH RACES.

The races at Moosepath park yesterday afternoon attracted a large crowd of people. The track was in good condition. The judges were W. H. Fowler, A. D. Smith and Alex. M. Philps, and the timers J. E. Wilson and W. S. Jewett. Following are the summaries of the two events:

2.45 Class. Myrtle Wilkes, blk m., E. L. Willis .... Willis 2 1 1
Belmont, ch. s., E. Lawton 1 2 2
Nora Nelson, b. m., J. F. Watson 3 3 3
Macdonald, b. g., W. H. Armstrong strong ... ... W. H. Arm-Time-2.514, 2.404, 2.4634, 2.45.

Gentlemen's Driving Race. Gentlemen's Driving Race.

Golden Prince, g. g., Wm. Ryan. 1 1 1
Sunola Prince, b. g., Craft Bros. 2 2 2
Wally S., b. g., M. Seely. 3 3 8
Portland Prince, g. g., W. J. Rolston.5 4 4
Kitty H., g m., R. Hanlon. 4 5 dr
Lady Parkside, b. m., E L. Willis. dr.
Bessie J., b. m., Geo. A. Clark. dr.
Time. 2.51, 2.47, 2.444.

POLICEMEN'S EXCURSION TO DIGBY.

The policemen's excursion to Digby. which took place yesterday was gotten up for the purpose of adding to the funds at the disposal of the Policemen's Relief Association. Citizens recognizing it as a worthy object, did all they could to help the affair along, and the association's treasury will be materially increased by reason of the same. But the exursion came very near resulting in a reduction in the membership of the force by several men. At Digby pier an accident occurred by which Policemen Michael J. Collins and Charles Amos, two of Chief Clark'e most capable men, were rendered unfit for duty for weeks, if not months. Capt. Jenkins and Detective Ring also sustained injuries which, while not of a serious nature, will probably confine them to their homes for some days. Thomas Ogler, a member of No. 5 fire company, who was on the boat en route to Hantsport, was hurt so badly that he will be unfit for work for some weeks.

The excursion party, numbering about 400 people, left Reed's Point on the D. A. R. steamer Prince Edward at an early hour yesterday morning. It was a happy crowd. The day was fine and there wasn't a ripple on the water. The Carleton Cornet band, who accompanied the excursionists. did their best to make it pleasant for the company. The sail to Digby was one of the most enjoyable ever made. The steamer was made fast to the pier and everything "eemed in readiness for the party to disembark. But it was found that he Prince Edward's stern was too far off the wharf. Capt. Fotter gave orders for the ship's stern to be hove in, and the chief officer, Mr. Lawson, proceeded to carry out the order. To accomplish this task a wire nawser about an inch in diameter was used. The strain must have been very great, for in the midst of the operation the snatch block," through which the winners:

Finer weather for a holiday could way, or rather the hook which held it ir resition, was straightened out. This caused the wire to be thrown back with such force that it struck down everything near it. The men above mentioned happened to be there.

policemen obtained permis-from the D. A. R. to erect tables at the stern of the Prince Edward for the sale of refreshments. Capt. Jenkins and Detective Ring had charge of one table. It was on the side of the ship nearest the wharf. Sergeants Baxter and Kilpatrick were looking after the table on the opposite side. When the accident occurred, Policemen Collins and Amos and Mr. Ogler were having a glass of beer at the table, when the captain and the detective were doing duty. The hawser moving like a shot out of a gun, struck Officers Collins and Amos and Mr. Ogler first. Collins was turned over and over and when he was picked up he was doubled up and almost standing on his head. Amos and Ogler were thrown off their feet and landed on their faces on the deck of the boat. Capt. Jenkins was thrown violently to the deck, but De-

tective Ring did not lose his feet. Word was at once sent ashore relative to the occurrence and Dr. Do Vernet of Digby came down and with the assistance of Dr. J. H. Scammell, who was one of the excursionists, did everything possible to make the injured men comfortable. Splints were put on the legs of Officers Collins and Amos and Mr. Ogler, who were at once given beds. Capt. Jenkins and Mr. Ring had their legs dressed. The hawser caught all of them below the

Word was at once sent to St. John and all sorts of stories were started When the Prince Edward reached her dock at 7.45 last evening, the wharf was crowded with people. Clark was on hand with the ambulance and coaches. Officer Collins was sent to the hospital, Officer Amos to his home on St. John street, Carleton, and Mr. Ogler to his home on High street, north end. Capt. Jenkins pas, and the fleet, which left Millidge- and Detective Ring were able to be ville in the morning was a very pic- about town for a time, but they were only too glad to get ho

The injuries sustained by the men are as follows: : Officer Collins - Left lower leg broken. Right collar bone broken. Deep gash on head, in which four stitches had to be put.

Officer Amos-Badly shaken up. Left leg severely injured at the knee. Thos Ogler-Left knee cap fractured. Badly shaken up.

Capt. Jenkins-Right leg hurt. Cut on right caused by fall. Detective Ring-Right leg and foot

Chief Clark had Dr. D. E. Berryman at the steamboat wharf when the Prince Edward arrived. He saw Officer Amos and Mr. Ogler. Dr. Berryman says Amos was badly shaken up. His left leg was so badly swollen that it was impossible to say whether any bones had been broken or not. He does not think, however, than any bones were broken.

The accident, of course, threw a gloom over the whole party. The people of Digby joined heartily with the St. John people in the sports which were carried out with satisfaction to everybody. The winners of the variout events are here given:

Tug of war-St. John policemen defeated the Digby team. The winning team was composed of Sergt. Kilpatrick and Officers Anderson, McFadden, Garnett and Rankin. Indian canoe race John Peter and

John Phillips. Fat man's race-Policeman Rankin, 1st; Policeman White, 2nd; Policeman Anderson, 3rd.

Boys' race, under 12 years—Harry Raymond, 1st; Percy Cousins, 2nd; Wm. Hayden, 3rd. Boys' race, under 16 years—Barney Balser, 1st; A. Dennis, 2nd; Fred Barr,

Brace and bit contest-J. O. Dakin. 100 yards dash (open)—Byron Roo-ney, 1st. Thos. O'Reilley, 2nd. Police boat race—Officers Lee and McLaren defeated Officers White and

Policemen's foot race-Byron Rooney (Digby), 1st; Officer Sullivan, 2nd; Officer McFadden, 3rd. Three-legged race— B. Balser and

H. Cossaboon, 1st; Allan Hughes and John Allan, 2nd. 100 yards race for men of 240 lbs. and over—Policeman Anderson, 1st; Sergt. Baxter, 2nd.

The Digby crew beat the St. John crew. The winners were Herbert Anderson and Joseph Rice. The St. John men were Officers Lee and McLaren. Officer Amos was to have been Lee's partner.

AT FREDERICTON. FREDERICTON, May 24.—Queen's weather prevailed in this city today. The excursions from St. John and Woodstock brought a large number of people, and the various attractions were all well patronized.

The U. N. B. athletic sports drew a large crowd and proved very interesting. Four records, standing broad jump, 220 yards dash, quarter mile and 120 yards hurdles were broken. The following is a list of events and

# THE HOLIDAY. WEAK AND EXHAUSTED NERVES

If nervous exhaustion were better understood the numbers of insane and epileptic would

Business and professional men would not be overcome by brain fag, nervous dyspepsia, and headaches. Teachers and students would not be exhausted by their work, and women would not be pale, weak, and nervous, and suffer the miseries caused by derangements of their peculiarly feminine

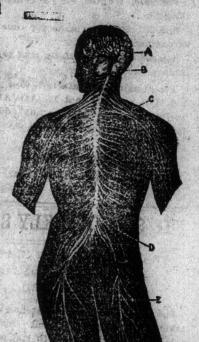
To get at the cause of these troubles one must nourish and restore he wasted nerve cells. Dr. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD is

## The Great Food Cure

which builds up new brain and nerve cells, and revitalises the nervous system. It is prepared from the favourite prescription of DR. A. W. CHASE, and marks a new era in medicine, because it builds up the system instead of tearing it down, as do strong poisonous drugs.

DR A. W. CHASES NERVE FOOD is the greatest spring

restorative, and in a few weeks' regular treatment with this popular remedy will completely restore pale, weak, nervous men, women, and children to robust health. By filling the body with new life and vigor it banishes diseases, which result from weak, exhausted nerves, and thin



#### W. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD receipt of price, by EDMANSON, BATES & CO. Toronto.

Standing broad jump-McManus, 9 ft. 111-2 in., 1st; Allen, 2nd; Burden,

Anchose cop?

yards dash-Johnston, 111-2 secs., 1st; Burden, 2nd; Lenihan, 3rd. Standing broad jump—McManus, 18 ft. 11 inches, 1st; Coll, 2nd; Allen, 3rd. Putting the shot—Green, 30 ft. 31-2 in., 1st; Perley, 2nd; Johnston, 3rd. 220 yards dash—Johnston, 351-4 ccs., 1st; Burden, 2nd; Lenihan, 3rd. Polt vault-Allen, 8 ft. 91-2 in., 1st; Perley, 2nd; Drysdale, 3rd.

Quarter mile race—Burden, 58 secs. 1st; Johnston, 2nd; McManus, 3rd. Hop, step and jump—Coll, 38 ft. 7 in., 1st; McManus, 2nd; Allen, 3rd. High school running troad jump— Ryan, St. John, 1st, 18 ft. 9 in.; Emerson, Rothesay, 2nd; Boney, St. John,

High jump—Coll, 4 ft. 101-2 in., 1st; Allen, 2nd; Drysdale, 3rd. Half mile race—Burden, 2 mins. 30 secs., 1st; Perley, 2nd; Sastman, 3rd. High school quarter mile race—Ryan, St. John, Ist; Lane, Moncton, 2nd; Shirley, P. N. S., 3rd.

Half mile walk-Burden, 1st; John-ton, 2nd; Eastman, 3rd. 120 yards hurdle race—Coll, 201-2, 1st; McManus, 2nd; Drysdale, 3rd. Mile race-Burden, 6 mins. 271-2 secs., 1st; Johnston, 2nd; Estabrooks,

The St. John City Cornet band excursion brought a large number to the city. During the evening the band played a delightful programme on the

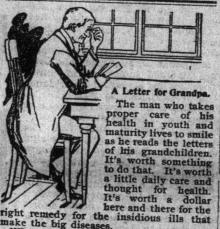
AT ST. STEPHEN.

ST. STEPHEN, May 24.—The people of the border towns are indebted to W. B. Ganong of the Windsor hotel for a great day of sports. That his efforts were appreciated is shown by the fact that there 1902 paid admissions to the park. The events brought together a manly lot of contestants and delighted spectators. The different events resulted as follows:

Novice bicycle ace -F. H. Dusten, St. Stephen, first; T. W. Andrews, Calais, second; Hebe rManzer, St. Stephen, third. Time, 3.121-2. Verne Lamb of St. Andrews was thrown from his wheel and sustained a broken

Half mile bicycle-L. C. Coleman, Fredericton, first; E. Short, Calain, second; Jas. E. Howes, Sussex, third. Time, 1.13 1-2. Young of Calais and Davidson of Moncton were in collision and were thrown to the ground without serious injury, though Davidson's wheel was rendered useress. Hundred yard dash for men-F. F.

Dever, first; W. S. Stevens, St. Stethen, second; F. Kerr, St. John, third



It's worth a dollar here and there for the right remedy for the insidious ills that make the big diseases.

When a man's liver is "out of whack" or his digestion is bad, or his appetite "finicky," he should take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It makes a man "hungry as a horse." It fills the blood with the life-giving elements of the food a man takes. It is the great liver invigorator, It makes the digestion perfect. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and nerve tonic. It drives all impurities from the aystem. It cures nervous prostration, bilious complaints, malarial troubles and of per cent. of all cases of consumption. The medicine dealer who offers a substitute for the sake of a few extra pennies profit, is dishonest.

"Would have writting."

dishonest.

"Would have written you before now, but thought I would wait until I got entirely well," writes Mrs. Mary Tibbs, of Hitchcock, Galveston Co., Tex. "Now I am pleased to say that I am scund and well. I have been using Dn. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets. We think your medicines the best in the world. I was troubled with female weakness, headaches, cold feet and hands, a disagreeable drain and general weakness; was exceedingly nervous, had poor appetite, constipation, distress in the stomach, too much flow, falling of Internal organs, of two years' standing. Three bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery' completely restored my health."

Constipation and biliousness are nasty, nagging disorders that keep a man or woman dull and miserable. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a sure, speedy, permanent cure. One little 'Pellet' is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe. Dealers sell them. Nothing is 'just as good."

Quarter mile bicycle, open-C. L. Coleman, Fredericton, first; F. Dustan, St. Stephen, second; Geo. J. Barrett, third. Time, 32 1-2.

One mile bicycle, boys—F. Libby, Calais, first; Edward Coll, second; R. Swatridge, third. Time, 2.55.

One mile bicycle, open-E. Short, first; C. L. Coleman, second; M. A. Young, third; W. S. Davidson, fourth. Time, 2.31.

One hundred yards dash, boys-F. Kerr, St. John, first; Bert Hyslip, St. Stephen, second. Time, 111-2. Two hundred and twenty yards dash F. Dever, first; F. Kerr, second. Time, 25 seconds. Mr. Kerr cut his foot quite badly.

Half mile run-F. Woodward, St. Stephen, first; F. Kerr, second; Joseph Christie, third. Time, 2.211-2. Mr. Kerr made a heroic struggle, but staggered over the line and fell in a faint. His friends helped him off the track.

Three mile bicycle—W. S. Davidson, first; E. Short, second; F. H. Dustan, third; M. A. Walsh, Calais, fourth.

Time, 8.19. First consolation-W. McLeod, first; R. Swatridge, second; E. Dalton, third. Time, 2.51. Second consolation-C. S. Hill, first; S. Whitnect, second; A. Young, third.

It was seven o'clock when three men started on the fifteen mile road race. John. viz., Short, Walsh and Davidson. Mrs Short finished first, Walsh second the g band stand in the square in front of the parliament building. The band town and the Knights of Pythias ball Davidson third. Time 51 minutes. ely patronized

AMHERST, May 24.—The Queen's birthday was celebrated here today amidst delightful weather. The town was gaily decorated with flags, and on every side a thoroughly loyal and holiday appearance reigned. The proceedings opened this morning with a grand procession consisting of the Amherst band, No. 1 company 93rd batt., fire brigade, mayor and councillors and trades, at the close of which speeches were delivered on Victoria square by mayor and councillors and Hon. T. R. Black. This was followed by a parade of No. 1 company under command of Capt. J. H. Chapman, the firing of a feu de joie and playing of the national anthem by the band. This afternoon a series of sports were held on the trotting part, witnessed by over a thousand persons. Among the contestants were several from Moncton, Truro and Sackville. programme consisted of a sham fight by the No. 1 company, whose efficiency in the manoeuvres through which they were put elicited hearty

AT MONCTON.

MONCTON, May 24.—The holiday passed off quietly, and the weather was Jelightful. The only amusement was a came of base ball between Moncton and St. Joseph's college team. The college team won, score

AT HALIFAX. HALIFAX, Maj 24.—The Queen's birthday was more generally observed in this city than ever before except on the occasion of the jubilee. flew everywhere. General Lord William Seymour reviewed the garrisor in the presence of a crowd estimated at ten thousand. The trooping of the colors was performed by the Royal Canadians (Leinster regiment), but canadians (Leinster regiment), but this exercise, in the opinion of the ex-perts, was not carried out with the precision which is necessary to make the ceremony effective. General Sey-mour is an officer of the guards, whose practice it is to troop the colors on the anniversary of every battle and knows when this is well done.
The marching past also was not the cause of any words of special praise from the general officer commanding. The Royal Canadians will be relieved

from this garrison in September, their place to be taken by the Worcesters. The Royal Canadians go to Cork. A feature of the review was the appearance with the soldiers of the retired army veterans, who carried the royal standard and occupied the post of honor behind the colors of the guard on the left flank. Ex-officers and ex-privates in civilian dress marched side by side in this body. General Seymour entertained the veterans at lunch after the review. One of the veterans, who appeared in the full uniform of a navy captain, was Captain W. H. Smith, R. N. R., of the Canadian marine and fisheric department. A royal salute was fired from the citadel, and the infantry discharged a feu de joie and cheered for

The Resolutes defeated the Standards this morning in the opening game of the base ball league. The score was 10 to 2. In the afternoon the Standards defeated the Crescents, \$ to 7.

AT MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, May 24.—The celebra-tion of the Queen's birthday today was general. A review and march on Logan's park was the principal event of the day. About twenty-five hundred men were in line and were in-spected by the governor general and Major General Hutton, officer in command. There was half a dozen excursions to outside points, and six thousand people attended the eastern league ball games, while the city parks were crowded all day. Only

expected. It was in the civics class, and he asked the length of tenure of office in the government service under our system. Silence reigned for a few moments and was broken by a youth in one of the rear benches, who called out "Till a change of govern-

MR. McCormick's Horse.

(Summerside Journal.)

D. W. McCormick, proprietor of the Victoria hotel, St. John, and one of the most popular and enthusiastic horsemen of that city, left for home saturday morning with the well known trotting horse Shaver, which he purchased from Andrew Macrae, Rustico. Shaver has a race record of 2.26, made in the 2.35 class at Charlottetown, September 23rd, 1897, in a field of twelve starters in the coming race for the America's cup. In a statement issued today by General Greely, chief signal officer, he declares that where cables cannot be maintained will be great. "For signalling between ships at sea field of twelve starters in a field of twelve starters in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the America's cup. In a statement issued today by General Greely, chief signal officer, he declares that where cables cannot be maintained will be great. "For signalling between ships at sea field of twelve starters in a field of twelve starters in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and British yachts in the coming race for the American and Bri Rustico. Shaver has a race record of 2.26, made in the 2.35 class at Charlottetown, September 23rd, 1897, in a field of twelve starters, in which he won second money. He is by Preceptor 5301, dam by All Right, 5817. Shaver is well known on the island tracks, where he has usually been 3 money winner, and he will likely heard from more than once during the coming trotting season.

Children Cry for CASTORIA. NEW FORTRESS FOR HALIFAX.

.The imperial authorities have decided to construct another fortress. It will be located at a point near Herring Cove head, south of York redoubt, facing the sea. The new fort will contain quick firing batteries, with the latest type of armament. It has been decided to remodel a large portion of the interior of York redoubt for new batteries to be placed there. there. The old eighteen and twelve ton guns will be shipped to Quebec for defence purposes,

A TRAGICAL STORY. How the Death of Duke Humphrey Was

cons to busine attended the eastern and people attended the city parks were crowded all day. Only one accident occurred, the killing of a cyclist named James Wilson on St. Catherines street. He was run into by a street car. The weather was perfect.

PEOPLE WE TALK ABOUT.

Prof. Stockley of the N. B. University intends to spend his vacation in Ireland, leaving here about 5th June. The engagement is announced of Fred Venning of Sheffield, Sunbury Co., and Miss Hattie Pritchard of St. John.

Mrs. (Capt.) Eaton of Kingston is the guest of her parents, Hon. A. F. and Mrs. Rudolph at Frogmore, Fredericton.

Boy G. F. Scovil of Prince William, the guest of her parents, Hon. A. F. and Mrs. Radolph at Frogmore, Frederictom.

Rev. G. F. Scovil of Prince William, York Co., has been elected a governor of King's college. Windsor, for the deanery of Woodstock.

Rev. Dr. Macrae, principal of Morth college, has been appointed chairman of the Protestant board of school commissioners of Guebec.

Miss Mary Watts is receiving congratulations from her many friends, says the Calais Times, upon her recent emgagement to Samuel Watts, the well known editor of the Carleton Sentinel, published at Woodstock, N. B.

HOW THEY VOTED.

(Charlottetown Examiner.)

The vote on the third reading of the Farcularson licensing law was as follows:

For the bill—Farquharson, McDonald (H. C.), McMillan, McLean, Richards, McNutt, Rogers Prowse, Forbes, Peters, Reid—11.

Against the bill—Gordon, Shaw, McDonald (A. J.), McDonald (J. A.), Arsenault, McKinnon (M.), Birch, Campbell, DesRoche, Kickham—10.

Hon. Messrs, McLaufhin and Sin, clair, Mr. Wise, Fred Peters and Mr. Against the bill—Gordon of Shaw, McMcMillan, McLean, Richards, McMillan, McLean, Rich

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

SHE INSISTED "Did that man to whom you were just talking say your affairs were mismanaged?" said Mr. Meekton's

wife severely. "Now, Henrietta, that was simply a little asile; it wasn't intended for your ears at all—"

"I insist." "Oh, well, if you insist; he didn't say my affairs were mismanaged. He said they were Mrs.-managed."—Washington Star. ADVERTISING RATES.

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SUN PRINTING COMPANY. ALFRED MARKHAM,

#### THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN

ST. JOHN, N. B., MAY 27, 1899.

THURSDAY'S FIRE.

The terrible calamity that has overtaken the residents and business firms of the extreme north end of the ty railway contract, summing up his city appeals with great force to the argument of Thursday last. Mr. sympathy of their fellow citizens, many of whom remember very vividly their own bitter experiences of twenty-two years ago. Most of the buildings destroyed in yesterday's conflagration were constructed of wood, and were rendered more inflammable by the long period of dry weather, while a stiff breeze hastened the spread of the flames. Most of the houses burned were dwellings, and thus the disaster affects a very large number of people, many of whom are left destitute. While the business houses and quite a number of dwellings were partially insured, doubtless there were also many of the latter without insurance. Many occupants of rented houses probably had little or no insurance on their furniture, and on these the blow is especially severe. Many working people are left homeless, and the rush of the flames and the excitement of the hour prevented them from saving their goods. It is a grievous blow, and the occasion calls for prompt measures of relief.

CANADA'S DAY.

The proposal to observe Dominion Day by a celebration of some sort in this city is commendable. A double purpose can be served by a judiciously arranged programme: the significance of the day emphasized, and at the desire on the part of many to get day here would attract many persons from provincial points, who would welcome an opportunity to see the city | than that first proposed. in gala attire. As already remarked. the significance of the day should be borne in mind, and the pride of Canadians in their nationality made clearly manifest. The Polymorphian club is leading the way, and if the various local organizations unite their efforts a successful issue cannot be doubted. Citizens unable to go out of town on that day would welcome a movement that would afford them diversion at home.

#### DANGER IN MILK.

The new regulations for the in spection of milk supplied to St. John consumers will go into effect none too soon. More danger lurks in contaminated milk than most people imagine. A peculiar case of poisoning due to recently brought to the notice of the city medical health officer of Montreal. The facts are thus stated by a

A few days ago Sergt. Durocher of the milk in the near vicinity of a bottle of carbolic acid. At the time he did not know symptoms of carbolic acid poisoning An taken of clearly proved that it had absorbed such large quantities of the acid that Mr. Durocher had been poisoned by it. After being treated Mr. Durocher recovered and is attending to work as usual.

As stated, Dr. Leberge is very much interested in the city's milk supply and would like steps to be taken whereby milk could be pasteurized. This system, which is both simple and an interesting one, would prevent milk from taking bad odors and would also practically keep it free from bac teria. In broad lines it is as follows: milk, after it has been taken from the cow, si promptly cooled, so that it shall not retain any odour from the animal, after which it is placed in bottles and heated to 180 degrees. This is 32 degrees below boiling, but just hot enough to kill bacteria and not to destroy the taste and nourishing qualities of the milk.

It is contended by the medical health officer that this system could be adopted by large milk dealers with little or no extra expense.

Mrs. Eldon H. Read and family,, who have been living in New York, have returned to their old home in Albert county. Captain Read has just been placed in charge of the s. s. whose headquarters will be in Havana. The steamer will run between different ports in Cuba. She is 1200 tons register and carries both freight and passengers

#### PARLIAMENT. Continuation of Debate on the

Drummond Railway. Deal.

Mr. Powell, of Westmorland, Effectively Scores the Minister of Railways.

Mr. Archibald's Case Once More to the Front-Never Promised to Purchase the Canada Eastern-The

Dry Dock.

(Special to the Sun.)

OTTAWA, May 25.-The house met at three o'clock today, and after questions, Mr. Borden of Halifax resumed his discussion of the Drummond Coun-Borden sald, computing the value of the line on the basis of cost, or of revenue, or of previous offers of sale, or the previous price of the shares in the any, the government should not pay more than a million, or at more \$1,1000,000, instead of \$1,600,000. Borden took up the Grand Trunk share of the agreement, dwelling upon the fact that the Intercolonial bore half the cost and maintainence charges of the Grand Trunk line and terminus, though the printed time tables showed that the Grand Trunk had one hundred trains to the Intercolonial's four using the whole or part of this road. Mr. Borden compared the arrangement between the Dominion Atlantic line and the Intercolonial use of part of the Intercolonial railway by the D. A. R. with the arrangement made by Mr. Blair with the Grand Trunk to the great disadvantage of Halifax. In closing, he referred to Mr. Blair's speech at St. John in which the minister spoke of the prospect of doing through business at that port, and contended that Mr. Blair did not appear to be alive to the great advantages offered by Halifax as a winter open port. Mr. Blair was willing to carry freight an extra 260 niles to compete with the C. P. R. at St. John, but did not seem to think it possible to carry producet another ninety miles in order to reach a winter port 150 miles nearer to Europe.

Mr. McIsaacs followed, arguing from evidence taken, that the Drummond road cost more than \$1,600,000. comparing it with the cost of the St. Charles branch and objecting to an estimate of value based on the net earning power of the Drummond line same time an interesting entertain- before the purchasing. On that basis, ment provided. There is, of course, a he said, the Intercolonial was worth nothing since it produced no direct net revenue

> many other roads, and even went so far as to argue that the proposed ar- ing myself. Surely I was entitled to

Mr. Powell followed. He began by showing that the government might. instead of buying the Drummond railway, have obtained running rights and compelled the Grand Trunk to allow on fair terms the use of its terminals. Mr. Blair chose to get the Drummond road, which was then a bankrupt concern. with scarcely any equipment, which had been going behind hand ever since it was built .Mr. Powell went into details of the annual statements to show how the current accounts were cooked, and detailed what he called freebooting expeditions of the company, who tried to sell the road at twice its value. He denied that the structural value was anything like what the company claimed but even if it had cost so much the real value was what the owners were willing to sell for, which was half a million or even less, at which price half a dozen options had been given After dwelling on the improvident arrangement with Greenshields, Mr. the absorbent qualities of milk was Powell turned his attention to the contract with the Grand Trunk, dwelling upon the fact that while the government borrows money at 21-2 per cent. it pays five per cent to the Grand Trunk, and pays for half the use, when it only gets about one-Health Department, who is accustomed to twentieth of its use. Even then the eat curdled milk, placed a bowl of such basis of payment was three times the construction value of the property. As to the result of the operations,

that the bottle was uncorked. The milk Mr. Powell gave his reasons for supstood near the bottle for three cr four neurs posing that in the first year as part before it was eaten by Mr. Durocher. Dur- of the Intercolonial, the Drummond ing this time, it must have, from what hap- road was run at a deficit of \$300,000. pened, absorbed large quantities of the acid. As to Mr. Blair's forward movement Some little time after he had partakan in regard to the through export and of the curdled milk Mr. Durocher began to import trade, Mr. Powell pointed out feel very ill and was taken with violent that the proposed terminal works at vomitings. In brief, he exhibited all the St. John were limited in extent and capacity compared with the C. P. R. inspection of the milk that had been par- terminus at the same city. He showed that whatever through business could be obtained from the Grand Trunk would have to be handled by Mr. Blair at half the price per mile that was allowed to the Grand Trunk on this part of the haul. Mr. Powell declared that he withdrew nothing that he ever said in regard to the suspicious character of the transaction. Suspicion was cast on it by the extravagance and imprudence of the transaction and the character and record of the persons connected with the contract. Another suspicious circumstance was the change for the better in the two agreements, a saving more than half a million in the Drummond contract and a larger sum in alterations in the Grand Trunk arrangements. Mr. Powell flatly contradicted Mr. Blair's statement that it was impossible for the govern-ment to furnish a receipts and expen-Atture statement for the extension to Montreal separate from the rest of the road. He showed that such separate accounts were actually kept and that they could be presented if Mr. .Blair were not afraid to do it. In closing, he would say that in all his experience he had seen nothing more suggestive of fraud and wrong than the

transactions with the Grand Trunk

and Drummond companies.

Mr. Russell continued the discueion of the Drummond County contract. and was speaking at midnight, when he moved the adjournment of the de-bate. He claimed the best test of the value of the road was that based on what it would cost the government to build a road like it, if it had to be On this basis the proposed price was not too high. NOTES.

In the public accounts committee morning Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper asked that Hagel and Colin Campbell, who were connected as counsel for defence with the bogus prosecutions in Manitoba, be summoned as witnesses to testify as to statements made by Sifton's counse Howell. Solicitor General Fitzpatrick. McMullin, Flint and other government supporters objected to the summons, but when Sir Charles Hibbert proposed to divide the committee on it they allowed the motion to pass. Hon. John Costigan gave notice today that he would make a statement

as to his position tomorrow. The Royal society elected officers this morning. Rev. Professor Clark is president; Louis Frechette, vicepresident; Sir John Bourinot, hon. secretary, and Dr. Fletcher, treasurer. Hon. Joseph Royal was elected president of the French literary sec ion. Senator Poirier has been elected to membership in the Royal society to fill the vacant chair in this section, and Rev. P. Charland to fill the place vacated by the death of Abbe Cuog. Professor Campbell is elected president in the English literature section. and the vacancies in that section are filled by the election of Duncan Campbell Scott, Dr. Drummend and Wm McLennan. Professor Cox of Montreal is elected president of the mathenatical section. Dr. Bethune of Port Hope is elected chairman of the geological and biological section and Geo. U. Hay secretary.

Premier Emmerson and his coleagues saw some of the ministers to-

George Robertson will meet the council tomorrow. Mr. Blair, replying to a question of Mr. McDougall, Cape Breton, today, said that the question of Nova Scotia's railway claims were under consideration. Pramier Murray discussed he matter with the ministers during his recent visit there.

Mr. Blair, replying to a question to day, stated that no promise had at sny time been made, directly or indirectly, by the government that the Canada Eastern railway would be purchased by the government.

Papers in relation to the dismissal of Peter S. Archibali, formerly chief engineer of the I. C. R., were presented to parliament today. Mr. Archibald was not given opportunity to cross examine any of the witnesses. He said whatever action he took at the last general election had the approval of his superior officer. In a letter to Mr. Blair, he says: I desire to place on record my nost emphatic protest against the untrue and misleading statement contained in your speech during the last session of parliament, in which you did not confine yourself away to the country or join an excursion of some sort on a holiday, but
on the other hand a celebration of the to the alleged charges contained in the and without an opportunity of defendrangement was not greatly worse the meanest criminal as well as the privilege which the law affords to poorest debtor, of learing the evidence adduced against me and of cross examining the witnesses and making my defence.

#### FISH BULLETIN

HALIFAX, N. S., May 25 .- Nova Scotia-Digby: Light catches cod, haddock, lobsters and shad, but no herring or mackerel. Yarmouth: Three traps took 150 ice barrels mackerel; other traps small catches; cod, alewives, halibut and lobsters fair; few heddock and shad. Pubnico: Mackerel and lobsters light at

liluff Head and John's Island. Wood's Harbor: Few mackerel in obsters scarce.

Clark's Harbor: Cod good, few haddock and lobsters; no mackerel. Port La Tour: Cod average 1 quintal per man; a few alewives and lobsters; no herman; a few alewives and lobsters; no her-ring or mackerel.

Sand Point: Lobsters and alewives fair; few salmon; no other fish.

Lockeyort: 76 mackerel taken at Western.

Head; lobsters scarce.

Liverpool: Cod fair; no other fish owing to loss of gear.

Lunenburg: Cod plentiful; lobsters fair.

few mackerel in nets.

Lunenburg: Cod plentiful; lobsters fair, few mackerel in nets.

Spry Bay—Cod fair; a few mackerel and lobsters; no herring.

White Head: Good takes cod; haddock and lobsters scarce; one boat got 80 mackerel.

Cansa: Mackerel, cod and lobsters fair; no herring; mackerel schooling off White Head.

West Arichat: Few lobsters and haddock taken, but no mackerel or herring.

Arichat: Few lobsters and haddock.

Petit de Crat: Hoddock emd lobsters fair.

Lardoise: All' branches dull.

St. Peter's: Light takes of lobsters only.

Gabarus: Lobsters, cod and mackerel scarce.

Scarce.

Louisburg: Cod and lobsters fair; scattering mackerel in nets; balt scarce.

St. Ann's: Good takes cod and fair catches

herring Ingonish: Haddock plentiful; cod and lob-

Ingonish: Haddock plentiful; cod and lobsters fair; herring scarce.

Cheticamp: Cod, haddock, lobsters fair; a few hake; no hallout or salmon at mainland and island; good catches smelts and a few trout in Cheticamp River.

Margaree: Lobsters fair.

Mabou: Fair takes cod; few alewives and lobsters; no haddock; bait scarce.

Port Hood: Herring plentiful and a few ccd; light takes of lobsters and Judique.

P. E. Island-Georgetown: Herring fair; cod and lobsters poor.

Malpeque: Good takes lobsters; cod fair.

Magdalen Islands: Cod good; lobsters fair; few herring; no mackerel. few herring; no mackerel.

New Brunswick—Grand Manan: Lobsters
plentiful; cod plentiful, and haddock fair
pollock schooling on gravelly bottom.

Fox Bay: Herring very plentiful. Quebec—Newport Point: Cod, herring baters fair: reported cod plentiful Grand River: Cod, herring and lobsters

taken.

Point St. Peter: Fair takes herring;
and lobsters poor: downer. and lobsters poor: dogfish troublesome.

Bait and ice—Bait in traps at Yarmouth herring bait by fishermen's nets at Pannure Island, P. E. I. Ice at Digby, St. Mary's Bay, Pubnico and Georgetown.

ARE YOU BILIOUS ?

A sluggish liver fails to filter the bile from the blood, and when the poisonous matter goes through body in the circulation, the whole system is tainted and deranged. This is called biliousness and can be completely cured by Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, which act directly on the liver, making it healthy and active. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. world.

SPRINGS, Kings Co., May 18 Mes s. Robinson, Smith and Allaly make weekly trips to St. John earrying produce. Joseph Lackie has opened up a general ousiness in the store owned by Robert Ireland. Although the ground has become comparatively dry for the time of year, very little farming has been

A committee of ladies, including some from the surrounding districts, ere getting up an autograph quilt of which proceeds will aid in the repairs of the Baptist church.

done ret.

Great improvements were made in the school grounds on Arbor day. Mr. Morgan, the teacher, invited the ratepayers, who responded heartily. A number of trees were planted and two large heart shaped flower beds were

Sunday afternoon the Rev. Mr. Reid, Presbyterian, preached his first sermon in this place. He will be here every two weeks.

Since last writing a few of our boys have gone west, among them Henry McKenzie, Chas. McKenzie, Fred Reid and Andrew Floyd Our post office has changed hands daused by the removal of Willard Smith, who has had charge of it for

Supwards of thirty years. It is now conducted by Chas. Lackie. ST. STEPHEN, May 22.-Rev. Fr. Dollard went to Fredericton this mor ning to assist Father Casey in the forty hours' devotion. A pair of black bear cubs, very

much alive, attracted considerable attention at F. N. Carter's meat murket. They were captured last week out the Woodstock road, the mother being taken in a trap at the same

Frank Hartford, a young man residing at the Cove, died on Sunday morning from consumption. He was a prominent baseball player and was popularly known as Jerry. He was about thirty years of age, and leaves a wife and two children. RICLIEUCTO, N. B., May 22,-Mrs

Palmer, wife of David Palmer of Kingston, died vesterday afternoon The deceased lady has been ill for nearly a year. She was aged fifty-five vears.

The merchants have made an ar rangement to close their stores every eduesday evening from now until the end of September at 6 o'clock. Miss Crombie, a returned mission ary from Japan, addressed a meeting in the Methodist church last evening. Geo. V. McInerney, our popular M. P., arrived from Ottawa on Saturday.

HOPEWELL HILL, May 22 .- The schr. Corinto, Capt. Kinney, arrived in the river on Saturday night with freight from St. John. She will load coa. at the Joggins for St. John.—Sch. Geo. L. Slipp, Capt. Wood, is loading piling at Waterside for St. John A very severe wind and rain storm prevailed here Saturday night and all day yesterday. A large number of

sheep perished in the storm. Mrs. Isaiah Milton is visiting her vicinity.-Miss Mina A. Read of the of about one million feet to haul in. Normal school staff, Truro, paid a

Capt. Chas. S. Robinson, of the s. s. Anaxo, who has been visiting his former home here, returned to St. John today. Jos. Howe Dickson, parrister,

Hopewell Cape, and W. Frank Tayfor of Hillsboro, went to Ottawa this week

PEARSONVILLE, Kings Co., May 19.-Miss Somerville and Miss Joynes of Snider mountain visited friends here last week. Miss Flora Murray of Belleisle is teaching the school here. George R. Pearson, who has been confined to the house on account of sickness, is now able to be out again. place yesterday afternoon. David Ross, formerly of this place, but now a resident of St. John, has been here for the past week looking after his farm. Mrs. B. F. Wetmore, sister of Mrs. T. H. Pearson of Highfield, and Mrs. Thos. Pearson of this place, is dangerously ill at her home in Ridgeville.

The pulpit of the Presbyterian church has been filled for the past two Sundays by the Rev. Mr. Campbell. It is hoped he will be here permanently for the summer. A pie social held at Highfield May

17 realized \$13. D. J. Hamilton presided and David Pearson was auctioneer. Remarks were made by Rev. Mr. Campbell, Mr. Leonard and Grant Murray. Sterling King of Scotch settlement

visited friends at Highfield this week. The Highfield ladies' sewing circle purpose having a sale of their fancy and useful articles May 24th. D. J. Hamilton is preparing to move into his new Highfield store.

McAdam Junction, May 22 - The McAdam bruss band are becoming quite popular. This institution is now about a year old and has made really wonderful progress. It gave an open air concert the other evening on the lawn in front of the master mechanics' office. The music was much appreclated. A new band stand is in course of erection, the C. P. R. management having granted the lands for the purpose.

C. A. Golding, painter, has located here for the present. He is painting the house of J. W. Green.-H. Mann has the enclosure of Wm. Baker's new ouse well under way and will soon be ready for the mason. Congratulations are being extended

to Mr. and Mrs. O. Stannix on an addition to their family. It is a boy. A large quantity of lumber is sent to the St. Croix by train from Magaguadavic Lake. About three million feet will be moved for J. Murchie & Sons. It is dangerous work. Already two men have been quite seriously inwhile at work unloading the

A number of ladies belonging to the Church of England met at Mrs. Morten's and organized a ladies' auxiliary society Mrs. Weeks was elected pre-sident: Mrs. Jackson, vice president; Miss. M. Lewis, secretary; Miss L. Weeks, treasurer. This society will meet weekly, and endeavor to raise funds to build a church.

CODY'S, Queens Co., May 22 .- W. B. Thorne has been appointed parish collector by the county council in place The cheapest medicine in the of I. Van B. Hetherington, resigned. David Kincade's son is dangerously

## PROVINCIAL NEWS CHRONIC CONSTIPATION. TWO CURES BY DR. SPROULE



DR. SPROULE, B. A.

Are you discouraged trying to cure your Chronic Constipation? There are many thousands like you. That is because the Chronic Constipation is cursed by Catarrh of the Liver, and only a Catarrh Specialist can cure it. that the latter brought away bleeding Dr. Sproule, the eminent English specialist, will do this for you, permanently and easily. Thousands who have gone to him thoroughly discouraged have left his care absolutely and permanently cured.

Among those thus made happy is Mr. Albert Sheldrake, a young organmaker of Woodstock, Ont. He had am very much pleased, and shall tell suffered for years from Chronic Con- other people here about your treatstipation and all the ills to which it ment.

gives rise. In his gratitude at being cured he sent Dr. Sproule a testimonial to be published. You can get full particulars of it in 'Weighty Words,' a booklet which will be sent you free. On April 26 Mr. Sheldrake wrote again:

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'My Dear Dr. Sproule,-I read my testimonial, and it is truly worded, word for word, as I sent it to you. I hope it will do good. And as I then said, I will write to any one about it. I will be glad to do it for the sake of what you did for me, and the kind and never-failing interest you took in my case from beginning to end.

Very kindly, your patient, ALERT SHELDRAKE.

Another, among many, is the case of MRS. AUSTIN COLBECK, of Erasmus, Ont., who had suffered from Catarrh of both the Stomach and Liver for years. She, too, had tried to get cured, but without relief. She could produce a movement of the bowels only by a strong leathartic or an enema. The bowels were so inflamed pieces of muccus membrane.

Under Dr. Sproule's care both stomach and liver, and consequently bowels were soon put in order. The quick, yet gentle effect of his treatment was revelation. She writes: Your remedies were just what I needed for my bowels. They move nicely now. I

Is your case like either of these? Why do you keep on ailing when a sure is so easy? Under Dr. Sproule's treatment the Constipation will go for good. dull, sluggish feelings, the unwillingness to work, the dizziness, the heavy brain, the despendency, will all depart. Write to him. His advice is free. Address Dr. Sproule, B. A., (formerly surgeon British Royal Navy Service), English Catarrh Specialist, 7, 9, 10, 11, 13 Doane Street, Boston.

strong is the attending physician. A large number of men are at work on the Central railway putting in new sleepers and reapiring the bridges. Your correspondent was informed by a prominent liberal that the liberal party intend holding a parish conven tion at Cody's in the near future to choose candidates for the coming councillor election. The liberal con-

some time in June. APOHAQUI, N. B., May 24 .- The picule held at the "Grove" here today under the direction of Ernest Sinnott and Mr. Grady was a grand success, a large number of ladies and gentlemen from Sussex and other places attending. 'The weather was delightful. The Sussex party came on the accommodation and returned on the Sussex express.

servatives will hold their convention

J. E. McAuley has commenced shipsons and daughters in Boston and ping lumber to St. John, having a cut J. A. Patterson has bought a milk flying visit to her home at Hopewell business in St. John and is going to his first shipment Tuesday morning.
M()NCTON, May 24.—The action of Scott Act Officer Belyea in seizing liquor in D. McCleave's cellar has caused consternation in the liquor trade. Two dealers last night carted their stock outside the city limits. It it said McCleave will replevie the seized liquor and test the legality of the action of the officer. Over a hundred dollars' worth of liquor was seized

RICHIBUCTO, N. B., May 24 .- The funeral of the late Mrs. Palmer, wife of David Palmer of Kingston, took mains were brought to St. Mary's church, where service was conducted by Rev. H. A. Meek. R. O'Leary shipped a fine horse yester-Jay to Wm. J. Emmerson of Bos-

Five schooners sailed for P. E. Island yesterday with lumber.- The holiday is being quietly observed. McADAM JUNCTION, May 24.—The 24th was celebrated by a band picnic on the island in Warklehagan lake. R. McKenzie, car foreman, chairman of the committee, was zealous in his

ill with pneumonia. Dr. A. F. Arm- efforts to make the sports a success. In this he was ably seconded by R. Farmer, who with his pretty little yacht made half hour trips between the wharf and the island from nine in the morning until seven in the evening. Those who attended give Mr. Farmer great credit for giving his time and yacht to add to the pleasures of the day.

The sports were as follows: Yacht race, twice around island, won by Seabird, sailed by W. Johnston; standing broad jump, won by A. Mowatt; single scull race, won by G. W. Rothwell; hop, step and jump, won by E. McLeod; putting the shot, 16 lbs., H. Adair; canoe race, won by M. T. Nason and Dow Boone; ladies' double scull race, won by the Misses P. and L. Green; tug-of-war between carshop men and bandsmen, won by the former.

An excellent dinner was served. Promptly at 7 o'clock the bandsmen were at their new band stand and discoursed sweet music for an hour, after which appropriate R. Spragge, mechanical superintendent, and J. W. Hoyt, collector of cus-

A large assembly flocked to the I. O. F. hall and spent the evening in social dance to music furnished by A. R. Mowatt and Prof. Dixon, violinists, and E. McLeod, cornet. All were well pleased with this first celebration of a public day at McAdam.

The McAdam base ball nine played a lively game with Vanceboro, which resulted in a victory for the McAdam boys: score 28 to 16. The Vanceboro battery was Forrest and Shea: Mc-Adam's, Tracy and Segee, relieved by Johnson. The chief feature of the game was the heavy batting done by Tracy, McDonald, Jenkinson and Johnston, the latter making a home run. On the Vanceboro' side good batting was done by Forrest. Mr. Welsh acted as umpire, and did his work to the satisfaction of all.

Miss Bell Lynds, who recently returned from the Emerson School of Oratory, Boston, has taken charge of the school at Lower Hillshoro Albert Co.



NO MODEY IN TREATMENT

Marvelous appliance and remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, without any advance payment, by the foremost Company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, discouraged from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, etc. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. No C.O D. fraud; no deception; no expos-

ure. Any man writing in good faith may obtain full account of this astonishing system. You have only to write your name and address in the blank form below, cut out the coupon and mail it to the Erie Medical Co., Buffalo, N. Y. We pay Canadian duty. No delay, no exposure. ERIE MEDICAL CO.

66 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y. Sirs: As per statement in the ST. JOHN SUN you may mail to me, under plain letter seal, postage paid, full explanation of your new system of furnishing your Appliance and Remedies to reliable men on trial and approval without expense no payment to be made in advance no cost of any kind unless treatment proves successful and entirely satisfactory. Also mail sealed, free, your new medical book for men. medical book for men.

(FILL IN NAME AND ADDRESS IN FULL.)

You can get 'Weighty will be sent fr. Sheldrake

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CITY NEWS.

Recent Events in and Around St. John.

Together With Country Items from Correspondents and Exchanges.

which the paper is going as well as that of the office to which you wish it sent.
Remember! The NAME of the Pest
Office must be sent in all cases to
ensure prompt compliance with your

request
THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY, issuing weekly 8,500 copies of THE WEEKLY SUN, challenges the circulation of all papers published in the Maritime Provinces Advertisers, please make a note of this.

The Albert Manufacturing Co. shipped 3,500 tons of rock plaster last

S.S. City of Monticello will leave St John Wednesday evening this week instead of Friday, in order to go into dry dock at Halifax. Freight received at the warehouse today.

The Religious of the Sacred Heart, Halifax, celebrate their golden jubilee this year. Of the members of the community who settled in Halifax in 1849, one is alive in that city, Mother O'Reilly, who spent many years in St. John.

George Robertson, M. P. P., went to Ottawa Thursday afternoon to interview members of the government in connection with his dry dock scheme. He will also spend a day or two in Montreal. If everything in Ottawa is satisfactory, Mr. Robertson will leave shortly for England to make final preparations for the construction of

Ald. John McGoldrick is now the owner of a handsome driving horse purchased by him from W. S. McKie of Charlottetown.

Attorney General Longley and Ald. Geldert of Halifax have made a tour through Nova Scotia in the interests of the provincial exhibition. They report a very cordial reception.

Two special trains with Galician immigrants passed through here last Thursday from Halifax bound for the west. The first train had six hundred people on board and the second nearly the same number with a large amount of baggage.

A golf club is being organized in Woodstock. A suitable field has been

fice at Northport, N. S.

any, Boys' Brigad will parade Sunday morning and attend service at the Calvin church.

Str. Pawree, 1,176 tons, was fixed erpool at 45 shillings. This is a big jump over recent fixtures.

A Mormon missionary is distributing Latter-Day Saint literature from house to house. He expects to make many converts.

The directors of the Burrell-Johnson Iron Co. have appointed T. W. Johns of the Bank of Yarmouth as liquida-

As high as 9 1-2c. was paid for cheese on some of the Ontario boards on Saturday. The market is very

Among those who took the veil of the Order of Grey Nuns in Ottawa last Saturday was Bridget Walsh of New Brunswick, a lay nun, and religion Sister Christina.

A large new hotel for the town of Campbellton, put up by outside capital, is talked of to take the place of the house destroyed by fire there re-

J. W. Hogg, of Craig Hogg & Co., James Ferguson and Tamily of Pictou, N. S., accompanied by Clarence Ferguson, Evan Thomas and Edward Cavanagh of Truro have started for

spending some time in Scuth America | 22 years of age.

urday night announced the closing down of the works. Its machinery is silent today. Stock is being taken preparatory to the settlement of the company's affairs.-Yarmouth Times.

An Ottawa despatch states that the nine graduates at the Lady Stanley institute for nurses last week all When ordering the address of your WEEKLY SUN to be changed, send the NAME of the POST OFFICE 10 province.

> Dr. Parkin, principal of Upper Can-ada college, will deliver the alumni oration at the encoenia exercises of the N. B. University on Thursday, 1st June. Dr. Bailey will deliver the ad-dress in praise of the founders of the college, and J. H. Sweet will be valedictorian for the seniors.

Rev. Henry Alford Porter, A. B., of the First Baptist church, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, was married at Tilsonburg, Ont., on the 16th instant, to Miss Elizabeth Brethour of that place, Rev. Dr. D. L. Brethour, uncle of the bride, performed the happy ceremony. Mr. Porter is a native of Fredericton.

J. D. Porter, representing the Robb Engineering Co. of Amherst, N. S., went down to Victoria on Sunday. This is Mr. Porter's first business trip to the west, and he has just closed with the Brunette sawmill people for a boiler for their new steamer Vulcan. -Vancouver World, May 15.

The Sackville and Westmorland Agricultural society have decided to hold a county exhibition this autumn at Sackville. It will extend over two days and have several special drawing features.

A young man named Wythecombe, brother of Rev. J. M. Wythecombe, formerly rector of St. Jude's, and at one time in the employ of Schofield Bros., St. John, has disappeared from Halifax and is supposed to have been

Emma E. Mitchell, formerly of Moncton, who has been ill for a number of years, died on Sunday morning at the residence of her brother, Robt. R. Mitchell, Middle Coverdale, where she has resided for the past few years, at the age of fifty years.

A cable has been received at the war office, London, notifying of the death of Lieut. Norman F. Uniacke, 19th Hussars, son of Norman F. Uniacke, late of the 60th Rifles, who was a brother of Robie Uniacke of Halifax. He volunteered for the African expedition against Benim, and was shot in the jungle, but no particulars have been received.

P. J. Stackhouse, who graduates in the arts department of Acadia University in June, has accepted a unani-Dr. Atkinson of Baie Verte, who has just graduated, has opened an of John. For the last year Mr. Stackhouse has held the position of editor in chief of the Acadia Athenaeum, a onthly magazine published by students of the university.

The death occurred on Saturday last at New Glasgow of Miss Jean I. Frayesterday to load deals here for Liv- ser at the age of nineteen, third daughter of Herbert R. Fraser, formerly of this city. The funeral, which was held on Monday, was largely attended by friends and relatives of the deceased. The floral tributes were many, among them being a beautiful scycle from her Sunday school class-

Daniel Morris, who was for many years bookkeeper for John F. Dockrill, and for some time past has been in the employ of James T. Logan, died on Sunday, after a lirgering illness, in his forty-sixth year, leaving a widow and one son. Deceased was son of the late Hugh Morris of the parish of Lancaster. His mother and three brothers and four sisters survive him.

Frank E. Belyea, son of Uriah Relyea of St. John, was married Tuesday evening to Miss Fannie McGowan, also of St. John. The bridesmaid was Miss Mina Shonaman, and the groomsman Ernest Wood, brother of the bride. The ceremeny was performed by the Rev. A. D. Dewdney at the bride's residence. Mr. and Mrs. Bel-yea were the recipients of many handsome and useful presents.

Miss Lizzie Morgan, daughter of W. guson. Evan Thomas and Edward Cayanagh of Truro have started for the British Columbia gold fields.

William McDonald, son of Mont. McDonald of this city, is a passenger on the bark Cedar Croft, which sailed Thursday from this port bound for Rosario. Mr. McDonald intends spending some time in Scuth America

Miss Lizzie Morgan, daughter of W. E. Morgan, died of consumption at her home in Three Tree Creek, Sunbury Co., on Sunday, aged 36 years. Miss Jennie M. Titus died at her home in Gibson on Sunday, after a lengthy illness from consumption. She was a daughter of the late Frederick Titus, who met a tragic death at St. Marys several years ago, and was spending some time in Scuth America.

—OUR LARGE STOCK OF—

## GENERAL AND FANCY DRY GOODS

Gentlemen's Furnishings and House Furnishings

Is now complete in every particular.

The following is a few of our Special Lines:

Ready-to-Wear Figured Alpacha Skirts - -

From 60c. to 2 25 Best Quality Honeycomb Quilts - - 95c, \$1.60 2.00 CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, LINOLEUM, STRAW

MATTING, CURTAINS.

CURTAIN POLES COMPLETE 250

SHARP & McMACKIN.

335 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. S. (NORTHEND).

Dr. Lewis, M. P. for Albert Co. is home on a visit. He leaves for Ottawa on Monday, May 29.

A long, mournful blast from the Burrell-Johnson Co.'s whistle on Saturday night announced the closing

Fred Mason, alias Philip Fredarsn of Fredericton, N. B., was arraigned before Recorder Adams in the municipal count at Bangor on Monday and sentenced to five months in fail for stealing an ulster from W. C. Oliver at the Ferris House, and a mackintosh and gloves from Geo. Elden, travelling salesman for Thurston & Kingsbury. The thefts were committed last August and Mason has

been in Portland since that time. Kumfort Headache Powders are put up in ten cent packages which contain four powders. They are perfectly safe and harmless, and invariably cure a headache in ten minutes. For Grippe pains they are a positive cure. If you cannot procure them from your dealer send ten cents to the F. G. Wheaton Co. (Ltd.,) Folly Village, N. S. They will send them postpaid.

Dr. E. N. Davis has removed his office from Nnion street and is now located in his new dental rooms, No. 7 Charlotte street, adjoining London

DEATH OF REV. MR. EATOUGH, Curate of Trinity, After Several Weeks' Illness.

Rev. William Eatough, curate Trinity, died between midnight and 1 o'clock Thursdaymorning at the age age of 37 years. Following closely, as it does, the demise of the Venerable Archdeacon Brigstoeke, rector of Greek, and Latin.

Trinity, Mr. Eatough's death is an especially severe blow to church and of the Jews (i) to Pilate, Write not,

congregation.

Mr. Eatough was born at Whalley,
Lancashire, England, and was edu
22. Pilate answered, What I have Lancashire, England, and was edu-cated at St. Augustus college, Canterbury. From college he came direct to Sussex, N. B., where he assisted the late Canon Medley, then rector of that parish. He was ordained at Frederice a part; and also (k) His coat: now ton cathedral on Whitsunday, 1889, After the death of Canon Medley he had charge of the parish of Sussex for six months, coming from there to his last charge, the curacy of Trinity.

Mr. Eatough was married on Sept.

15, 1891, to Miss Charlotte Evans.

niece of the late Canon Medley, who was with him when the end came. Early in March Mr. Eatough was prostrated with pleurisy and protracted fever, and despite all skilful nursing and medical aid could do slowly sank, and Thursdaymorning passed peacefully away at his place

of residence, 55 Pitt street. Mr. Eatough's loss will be sincerely mourned by all who knew him, but by none more than the young people of Trinity, to whom he ministered with a devotion as heartfelt as it was enduring. Time and time again he was forced by ill health to drop work for a while, but as soon as he regained strength he plunged more zealously than ever into new labors. Devotion to his Master's cause and love for his fellow man marked his every act. The sympathy of all will go out.

#### WOODSTOCK,

WOODSTOCK, N. B., May 25 .- The firemen are greatly annoyed over the frequent alarms which have occurred since yesterday morning. Twice yesterday they were called to an old ramshackle building in Wellington ward, which on both occasions had evidently been set on fire. In the evening there was an alarrm from a building next to this, and this afternoon the bell again rang, when it was found that another old shanty had been fired evidently for scort. The chief thinks the police should be instructed to use every effort to find out the parties who are amusing themselves while en-

dangering the town's property. Thomas Troy, jr., met with a painful accident while coupling cars at Perth, He slipped in some way or other, and his right arm being caught between two cars, was badly crushed. He came to town on the 4.23 express and the injured arm was dressed by Dr.

#### ST. STEPHEN.

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., May 25 .- Albert Lucas of Milltown, Maine, has been employed as a brakeman on the St. Croix and Penobscot railway, now a part of the Washington County road, for twenty years, and met with his first serious accident today. He was coupling cars at Calais, when a coupling slipped and he was crushed between the engine and a car. collar bone was broken and his shoulder, hip and chest badly crushed, so that fatal results are feared. He has a wife and ten children.

#### QUEEN'S REPLY.

WASHINGTON, May 25.-The president today received the following cablegram from Queen Victoria in response to his message of congratula-

WINDSOR, May 25. he President of the United States: I am deeply touched by the words of your telegram of congratulation. From my heart I thank you and the American people for the sentiments of affection and good will therein ex-

(Signed).

Plant or paris green—harmless to regardation but sure death to all insect life or fungl. Persiatic Plant Food is also indispensable in the care of plants. Mixed with the earth it strengthens the roots and hastens growth of Plant. Invaluable for use on shrubs, grape vines and delicate vegetation. Purchase these goods from your dealer or direct from us. THE PICKHARDT RENFREW CO., Limited, Stouffville, Ont.

#### SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON X .- June 4.

PLACE IN THE LIFE OFCHRIST. The culmination of His life; the great sacrifice; the central point of

Time—Friday, April 7, A. D. 30. The crucifixion lasted from 9 a. m. to

Place-Calvary (Golgotha), just outside the city of Jerusalem, probably on the north.

Compare the Parallel Acounts. Committ Verses 28-30. 17. And He (a) bearing His cross

side one, and Jesus in the midst.

19. And Pilate wrote a title, (d) and put it on the cross. And (e) the writing was, JESUS OF NAZARETH THE

KING OF THE JEWS. 20 This title (f) then read many of the Jews: for the place where Jesus was crucified was nigh to the city:

the coat was without seam, woven from the top throughout.

24. They said therefore (1) among themselves, Let us not rend it; but cast lots for it, whose it shall be: that the scripture, might be fulfilled, which salth. They parted my (m) raiment among them, and (n) for my vesture (o) they did cast lots. These things therefore the soldiers did.

cross of Jesus His mother, and His mother's sister, Mary the wife of (q) Cleopas, and Mary Magdalene. mother, and the disciples standing by whom He loved, He saith unto His mother, Woman, behold thy son! 27. Then saith He to the disciple,

28. After this, Jesus knowing that allithings (s) were now accomplished, that the scripture might be (t) fulfill-

ed, saith, I thirst. to his grief stricken widow in the hyssop, and put it to His mouth, hour of her deep affliction.

30. When Jesus therefore had ed; and He bowed His head, and gave

REVISION CHANGES. Ver. 17 (a) Went out bearing the cross for Himself unto the. (h) Omit

Ver. 18. (c) With him two others. was written.

Ver. 21. (h) Omit Then said. (i) Insert therefore said Ver. 23. (j) The soldiers therefore. (k) The.

ing. (q)Clopas.
Ver. 27. (r) The
Ver. 28. (s) Are now finished. (t)
Acomplished.

Ver. 30. (x) His spirit. LIGHT ON THE TEXT. accompanied by four soldiers. Jesus bore His cross as long as He could, f.frica, was compelled to help Him. A great multitude followed. Golgotha Hebrew for "skull." Calvary is from the Latin for skull. The place was a knoll in the shape of a skull. 2, The Crucificion (vs. 18-22). Jesus was nailed to the cross so that His feet would be but a short distance from the ground.

20. Hebrew, etc. The three chief languages there spoken.
3. The First of the Seven Words From the Cross. "Father, forgive them," spoken while Josus was being affixed to the cross (Luke 23:34). 4. The Four Soldiers Divide the Garments of Jesus among Themselves (vs. 23, 24). Soon after 9 o'clock.

5. Mockeries around the Crossber-(Luke 23: 39-43). Toward noon. (Matt. 27: 39-44). 9 to 12 o'clock.

mother of John. Cleopas Rather Clopas, the same as Alphaeus, the father of James the less. 8. Darkness over all the land (Matt. 27: 45). From 12 to 3 o'clock. 97 The Closing Scenes (vs. 28-30. About 3 o'clock.

## THE INTERNATIONAL LESSON.

GOLDEN TEXT. The Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself for me.—Gal. 2: 20. PLACE IN THE LIFE OF CHRIST. The section includes John 19: 17-42, and the parallels.

HISTORICAL SETTING.

CHRIST CRUCIFIED-John 19: 17-30.

went forth into a place called the place of a skull, which is called in (b) the Hebrew Golgotha:

13. Where they crucified Him, and
(c) two others with Him, on either

and it was written in Hebrew, (g) and

25. (p) Now there stood by the

26. When Jesus therefore saw His Behold thy mother! And from that hour, (r) that disciple took her unto

29. (u) Now there was set (v) a vessel, full of vinegar: (w) and they filled a sponge with vinegar; and put it upon intimating his intention of sailing for intimating his intention of sailing for intimating his intention. ceived the vinegar, he said, It is finish-

Ver. 19. (d) Insert also. (e) there Ver, 20. (f) Therefore. (g) And in Latin and in Greek.

Ver. 24. (1) One to another (m) Garments. (a) Upon. (o) Did they. Ver. 25, (p) But there were stand-

Ver. 29. (u) Omit now. (v) Insert there. (w) So they put a sponge full of the vinegar upon hyssop and brought it.

Helps over Hard Places .- 1. On the Way to the Cross (v. 17). 17-And He bearing His cross. Each victim was and then Simon, from Cyrene, in

23. His coat. A long tunic, or

undergarment. 24. The Scripture ... fulfilled. Psa. Conversion of the Penitent Rob-7. The mother of Jesus and other Women (vs. 25-27). Toward noon. 25. His Mother's sister—Salome, the

Subject: The Cross, Its Meaning and Its Power.

11. The Crucifixlon (vs. 17-22),—
Where was Jesus crucified? How long was He on the cross? What do you think of the title over Him? II. The Seven Words from the Cross.-Name the seven words from the cross. (Luke 28: 34, 43, 46; Mark 15; 34; John 19: 26, 28, 30.) III The Watchers around the Cross (vs. 23-27).—What did the soldiers do? What did the bystanders

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INFANTS CHILDREN Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest Contains neither Opum, Morphine nor Mineral.
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Aperfect Remedy for Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of SLEEP. Fac Simile Signature of Chat Hiteter.

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NEW YORK.

do? What did the women do? 1V. The Closing Scenes (vs. 28-30).—
What were Jesus' last words? What took place when He died? What was the effect of Jesus' leath unop the salvation of the world?

#### P. E. ISLAND NEWS.

The P. E. Island government has ummarily removed the Rev. Donald McNeill from the position of clerk of the chief superintendent of education, a post he had acceptably filled for a long term of years. His successor is E. Stewart McPhail of Crapaud Cor-

O. B. Wadman of Crapaud, P. E. I., Japan on the 27th instant. Mr. Wadfamily in Cambridge for at least twelve months, in order that his children can attend

school. (Summerside Journal.) Patrick McDonald, St. John, shipped twenty-two fat cattle from here Tuesday morning.

The local government has issued an order, closing the public offices at 1 p. m. on Saturday during the summer months Mr. Bulman of the surveying steamer Gulnare is here, with two or three taking the Queens county judgeship. men, surveying the harbor in connection with the proposed opening of

a new winter route between Sumemr-side and Cape Tormentine. The Gul-

nare will be here next week on the

same service. A meeting of the provisional direc-tors of the Prince Edward Island Dairy association was held on May 16th. Arthur Simpson, Bay View, was elected president; John Anderson, Kensington, vice-president; and Alfred E. Dewar, Southport, secretarytreasurer. It was decided to engage Fraser T. Morrow as instructor from June 1st to December 31st at a salary of \$100 per month, Mr. Morrow paying his own expenses. The federal gov-ernment has decided to give the association a grant of \$300, the provincial government will pay at the rate of \$409 per year, the balance required to be made up by the factories making cheese or butter for export. It was decided to call a meeting of representatives of the factories and others interested in Charlottetown on Tuesday, June 13th, for the purpose of arranging a dairymen's board of trade and making rules and regulations for the government of the same.

#### HALIFAX.

Death of Ex-Stipendiary Magistrate Griffin and Dr. Weeks of Dartmouth.

HALIFAX, May 25.—The death occurred today of J. Lester Griffin, since 1883 and up to two years ago stipendiary magistrate for Halifax county. He was made a J. P. in 1855. Mr. Griffin came to Nova Scotia 55 years ago, and obtained his discharge in this city from the military service.

Warden Wilson, who had accepted a contract to put the road to Bedford in good repair for six hundred dollars in addition to the government grant, will not likely go ahead with the work. He is threatened with an injunction, as it is claimed that as warden of the county it would be filegal for him to construct a road out of government

When ordering a new dibbon for your typewriter always specify whether it's for her or for it.

Children Cry for

# SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE IS ON THE WRAPPER BOTTLE OF Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell. you anything else on the ples or promise that it is 'just as good" and "will answer every purpose." As See that you get C-A-S-T-O-E-I-A.

OTTAWA.

Peter A. McIntyre Ex M. P. Appointed Governor of P. E. Island.

Pressing the Eastern Extension Glaims John Costigan Will Make a Statement-The Royal Society.

OTTAWA, May 23.-The Reval Society met this morning with T. C. Keeffer in the chair. Among the members and delegates were Archbishop O'Brien and J. W. Longley of Nova Scotia; Prof. Bailey, Geo. U. Hay, J. V. Ellis, M. F., and S. D. Scott of New Brunswick, Mr. Ellis representchi Natural History Society and Mr. Scott the New Brunswick Historical Society, whose reports they presented. Mr. Hay presented the report of the St. John Natz ural History Society. Mrs. G. E. Foster and Lady Edgar were registered, the former as representative and president of the Woman's Historical Society of Ottawa, and the latter re-

presenting the Woman's Historical Society of Toronto. President Keefer's annual address dealt with Canadian water nower as a source of electrical energy. In the discussion which followed Archbishop

O'Brien and Hon. Mr. Longley tool This evening Archbishop O'Brien presided at a meeting in which Wm. Wilfrid Campbell, Dr. Drummond, W. A. Fraser, W. D. Lighthall, J. W. Longley, Olive Phillips Wooley, Duncan Campbell Scott and Louis Frechette read portions of their own

OTTAWA, May 24.—It is announced

that Peter A. McIntyre, ex-M. P. for

writings.

Kings, P. E. Island, vho was defeated by A. C. McDonald at the last general election, has been appointed lieutenant governor of P. E. Island. [Peter A. McIntyre is of Scotch deseent. His paternal grandfather came from Long Island, Invernesshire about 1785 and settled at Cape Head Kings, P. E. I., and his maternal great-grandfather fought under Wolfe at the taking of Quebec. He is a nephew of Bishop McIntyre of Charlottetown. Mr. McIntyre was born at Petersville, P. E. I., in 1843, and was educated at St. Dunstan's college, the Quebec seminary, and Laval university. He graduated as M. D. at Mc-Gill university in 1867. He married Feb. 15, 1871, Agnes M., only daughter of Angus McDonald of Souris. Dr. McIntyre was a callway commissioner for P. E. Island from May, 1872, to August, 1873. He was first returned

to parliament at the general election of 1874.] Hon. John Costigan considers it necessary to make a statement to the house concerning his present political position. He had proposed to make it tomorrow, but has postponed it till

a later day. Premier Emmerson, Attorney General White and Provincial Secretary Tweedie, who are here to press the claims of the New Brunswick gov-Dr. W. H. Weeks of Dartmouth, one of the best known physicians in Nova Scotia, died this afternoon. He was a statement in the late provincial elecernment growing out of the Ea brother of the late Attorney General tion that that claim was now as good as raid, appears to have been pre-

mature. The Royal Society held some se sions today, but the greater part of it was given up to social functions appropriate to the occaden party was given by T. C. Keefer at his spacious and beautiful grounds in the afternoon, and the members at-tended a reception given in the even-ing by Sir John Bourinot.

Currey & Vincent will ask incorporation for the Ship Charles company, with head office at Westfield. The capital stock is \$9,500, divided into \$100 shares. The applicants for incorporation are F. E. Sayre, J. Walter Holly, M. B. Edwards, J. K. Dunlop and H.

#### SUNDAY SCHOOL COLUMN.

COMMENDATION V. SCOLDING. A Paper Read Before the Primary

Union by Mrs. W. C. Scott. In giving me this topic. Commendation versus Scolding," I feel the parties had in mind the discipline of the school or scholars. And with that thought in mind, I have written this paper, and have taken up the thought of the teachers' and parents' author ity. How and in what way it should be exercised. By authority, as here used, I mean the expression of will; whether by voice, gesture, or mere The exercise of authority should be marked by firmness, kindness, and prudence. The vigorous exercise of authority does not necessarily imply harshness, or even unpleasantness. On the contrary, children feel confidence, and in the same degree comfort. For the object of discipline is not merely to impose our will, but to obtain their own assent the principles which should regulate their conduct. This cannot enforced; it can only be won. The price which the teacher must pay for their co-operation, is that he sincere ly cherish, and plainly exhibit a spirit of good will and regard for those he Besides the necessity which exists for this good will to dispose them to be guided by his authority, it is no less needed to give him an adequate knowledge of his pupils. The teacher should, therefore, cultivate good relations with his pupils, by the kindly and sympathizing tone which he addresses his instructions to them, and in which he conducts the whole of the intercourse that naturally exists between him and them. Confidence is to be gained at the outset by friendliness, and not by affected sharpness or dignity of manner. We should lead rather than command. It may be added that a kindly spirit is so far from being at variance firmness, that it is this which lends the charm which children universally come to find in a vigorous govern-Authority should express itment. selt in a manner becoming the consciousness of power. The tones of the voice, the gesture, the look, even the silence of the teacher, may carry power with them. Just here I would say a word to parents in regard to humoring children when young. It is both ill-founded in reason, and disastrous in results, to humor children when young and afterwards resorting to severity of discipline; they will acquire in this way neither rever for authority nor self-control. On the contrary, they should be dealt with firmly in youth to accustom them to obedience. I think they will then appreciate the relaxing of our authority in favor of their advancing power of self-government, and will continue to yield to moral influence what they were formerly obliged to yield to su-perior power. "Locke" says they mightily mistake the treatment due to their children who are indulgent and familiar when they are little, but severe to them and keep them at a distance when they are grown up; for liberty and indulgence can do no good to children. Their want of judgment makes them stand in need of kindly restraint and discipline; and, on the contrary, imperiousness and severity is but an ill way of treating men and to guide them. The desire of esteem or commendation is a very active principle in regulating human conduct. Its influence is recognized by all rarks and conditions of men; it animates the dweller in a village or hamlet, and he members of an obscure society as much as it does the man who strives for immortality in the wide theatre of the world's affairs. Children are accessible to the stimu lus of this principle as well as their elders; the object of their life, in truth, at this period is to attain influence and power, and they are therefore keenly sensitive to the commendation or censure they may receive. as it is a standard by which they measure for themselves the degree of success with which they are attaining this object. The desire of praise is in its proper place, a very commendable. Feeling. Next to the satisfaction which the conscience finds in performance of duty, is that which it derives from the good opinion of those for whom we entertain sincere resard. It is most discouraging to o pupil to find that his utmost exertions fail to extort one word of commendation from his unconcerned teacher. When the scholars do right, nothing is said about it. The teacher seems to consider that a matter of course It does not seem to interest or please him at all. Nothing rouses him but their misconduct, and that only excites to anger and frowns. In such a case there can, of course, be no stimulus to effort on the part of the pupils but the cold and heartless stimulus of fear. To my mind there is all the difference between commendation and scolding in relation to the unfolding and development of the mind, that there is between the sunshine and gentle showers of spring, to the cold wind and blighting frosts of winter, in the unfolding and development of plants and flowers. It should always be borne in mind by the teacher, that the child whose mind is most re-ceptive is most nervously sensitive, and that he is trying to master subjects and understand questions that are to him perfectly novel, and that sneers, ridicule, or scolding is as dis-couraging to the child as it is heartless and thoughtless in the teacher. Sympathy is essential. We all know how difficult it is to be at our best in the presence of those whom we recognize as our superiors, especially when they are watching for our mistakes, and more ready to censure and scold for our mistakes than to recognize and commend our efforts, or encourage us when doing our best. The example of our Lord, as Master and example, in His dealing with His disciples, furnishes is an example worthy of our imitation. His love and infinite patience, while they so slowly came to apprehend the lessons taught. instance, John 14: 5, 8-22. Thomas, Philip, Judas. As I have said before, scolding produces fear or contempt; fear produces unwilling

performances, just as those

fruits that grow in winter or cold

countries are sour and unsavory, but

those which grow in summer, or in hotter countries by the warmth and influence of the sun, are sweet and "Bishop Reynolds says: Similar difference exists between the results of scolding or commendation. summer. Then let us work ir the sunshine of love and appreciation.

RAVAGES OF TUBERCULOSIS. Dr. Keene Says Ten Million Americans Are Fated to Die With It.

CINCINNATI, May 18.-Dr. Geo. F. Keene read a remarkable paper on "Municipal Responsibility in the Spread of Tuberculosis," before the National Conference of Charities and Correction here today. Dr. Keene said:

"Our present state of knowledge justifies the enunciation of the following law: Every new case of tuberculosis must be derived from anothe case of direct or indirect infection. The disease can only be transmitted from parent to offspring by transmission of the tubercle bacilli.

"This is a disease which has claimed pore victims than all the wars and all the plagues and scourges of the human race. Even since the few short years since Koch's discovery ever 2,000,000 persons on this continent have succumbed to its fatal infection In the last two decades, right in Cinnati, out of a total mortality of 119,089, there have been 17,353 deaths The annual from the dread disease. tribute of the United States to this scourge is over 100,000 of its inhabitants. Each year the world yields up 1,095,000; each day 3,000; each minute two, of its people as a sacrifice to this plague. Of the 70,000,000 individuals now peopling these United States. 10,000,000 must inevitably die of this

disease if the present ratio is kept up. "It is confined to no race; it is limited to no country, but it is ubiquitout and universal. How long will the government and the people, and even the medical profession, remain apathetic to the ravages of a disease which is sapping the vigor of the

race ? "Think you, if in the city of New York last week there had been 166 deaths from smallpox, the country would have been in anyway apprehensive, or boards of health in the east would hasten to establish the proper quarantine and prohylaxis? And yet, out of the total number of deaths in that city for the week ending April 3, 166 were from tuberculosis and only 80 from all other infectious diseases.

WORDS SUGGESTED FOR AN IMPERIAL

By Edward A. Everett. Wher'er in this broad world The Brit'sh flag's unfurled C'er British lands. Beneath the North Star's light, Or where the Cross shines bright Sustain, Oh God, with might, Great Britain's hands!

Where the Atlantic roars, On Britain's ancient shores It's thundering song,
Or where Pacific's wave
Our newer isles doth lave,
Ch God, our Empire save,
Anu make it strong.

Our Indian states,
Where Afric's sun glows bright,
Oh God, maintain our right,
And sentinel with might
The Empire's gates.

With statesmen wise, Oh Lord, Surround our council board; Our people bless.
Rule by our Empress' side.
Throughout the Empire wide.
Long may her reign abide
In righteousness.



#### Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. Small Dose. Small Pill.

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Substitution

the fraud of the day. See you get Carter's, Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.



INTRODUCTION PRICES PLYBR-IX in. Tubing, Flush Joints, I piece Cranks, fitted with Dunlop Tires, \$35.00; fitted with M. & W. Tires, \$2.50; fitted with Darlington Tires, \$30.00. Men and Ladies, Green and Maroon, 22 and 24 in Frame, any gear.

Wheels slightly used, modern types, \$8.00 to \$50.00.

to \$25.00. Price List Free. Secure Agency at once. T. W. BOYD & SON, Montreal,

#### ABSOLUTE DICTATOR.

A Former Filipino Officer Who Has Surrendered.

Says That Gen. Luna is Greatly Feared by Aguinaldo - Meeting of Filipino Congress.

MANILA, May 23, 6.15 p. m.-Rosa rio, a Filipino congressman, wealthy resident of Manila and formerly Aguinaldo's commissary general, accompanied by an insurgent captain called upon Major General Otis today and announced that "we desire to surrender our persons and property into the hands of the Americans." The surrender was arranged by Chaplain pierce of the Fourteenth Regiment, who knew Rosario nefore the war. Rosario only escaped by persuading Gen. Luna to send him on a secret mission to Manila for the purpose of collecting funds. With the captain, ten men and their families, Rosario travelled at night through the swamps and mountains, passed the lines of both armies and entered Manila yesterday evening. He has been liberated on parole.

According to the story told by Rosario, Gen. Luna is absolute dictator and Aguinaldo fears him. Every Filipino leader, it is added, suspects the others of treachery.

The recent meeting of the Filipino congress was to secure a new cabinet, and the question of peace was not formally considered, as the members feared Gen. Luna's displeasure The Filipino government was unable to secure a secretary of the treasury. All those who were offered the portfolio declined to accept it.

Major Bell, with two companies of the Fourth Cavalry, has been reconnoitering in the direction of Santa Arita. He found a hundred Filipinos there, and he was driving them away when large reinforcements of rebels arrived and he was obliged to withdraw with four nen wounded.

A raft loaded with soldiers of the Fourteenth Regiment has been sunk at the Pasig ferry. One man was drowned.

The wet season has finally begun and another week's rain will nake the rice fields thick with mud.

#### PEACE CONGRESS.

#### The Three Commissions Held Their First Session Yesterday.

THE HAGUE, May 23.-The three sions held their first sessions this afternoon, these being devoted solely to inaugural formalities and an excharge of ideas with regard to procedure. They will meet again on

M. De Staal, head of the Russian delogation and president of the conference, attended the meeting of the arbitration committee, sitting next to M. Leon Bourgeois, head of the French delegation.

The measures to preserve the secrecy of the deliberations have been redoubled. Only the delegates and secretaries are admitted to the cincts of the Huis Ten Bosch. Both entrances to the gardens are closed with barred gates, which are guarded by sentries under command of noncommissioned officers in full uniforms. Every applicant for admission is called upon to produce an orange colored card issued to the delegates and to give the secret password. Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherands, accompanied by the Queen's mother, arrived this evening and drove through the streets, their maesties being warmly greeted by the populace. At 5 o'clock tomorrow afternoon the Queen will receive the chiefs of the various delegations, who will be presented by M. De Bourefort, minister of foreign affairs. All the delegates have received invitations to a grand reception at half-past nine tomorrow evening, when the de-

colleagues and the wives of the latter to the Emperor. Emperor Nicholas has sent Queen Wilhelmina, the order of St. Catherine set in brilliants.

legation chiefs will introduce their

#### YORKTOWN'S CREW.

WASHINGTON, May 23.-Admiral Dewey's last concern before leaving Manila was for the safety of the unfortunate crew of the Yorktown's launch, held captive by the Filipinos. He has initiated steps that are expected to result very soon in the rex lease of these captives, but it is deemed unwise to make them public in advance of their execution. At Admiral Dewey's request, General Otis has succeeded in making arrangements with the insurgent leaders whereby he is enabled to supply the American prisoners with necessary food and clothing.

#### GERMAN OFFICERS KILLED.

LONDON, May 24.—The Daily Mail publishes the following despatch from Tien-Tsia: "Three German officers were killed on May 20 by the Chinese at Kiao-Chau, the German port in Shan-Tung peinsula, which may lead Germany to use force to compel the payment of indemnity."

THE PRICE OF PERIL.

Clerk-to applicant at the Leviathan ssurance Company-You wish to be ssured against accidents, sir? May ask your profession?

Applicant-I am a football referee. C. (politely)-First door to the right for the death department.— London

Cook's Cotton Root Compound JOOK & GOTTON ROOF COMPOUND

It successfully used monthly by over

10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies asi
your druggist for Ceek's Cettes Roof Comjound. Take no other as all Mixtures, pills and
mitations are dangerous. Price, Mo. 1, 51 per
box, No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, \$5 per box. No.
1 or 3, malled on receipt of price and two 3-cent
stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont.

25 Nos. 1 and 2 soid and recommended by all
responsible Druggists in Canada,

Sold in St. Lohn by all responsible drug-Sold in St. John by all responsible driets and W. O. Wilson, St. John, West.

#### YQUEST. waver Post.)

as denied it that we played Me an Rinaldo to the Greaser Promiles sand;
He had we us provercation fur a doin' of that same.

By a painmin' all the acres in a bonest poker ed in England.

Flyin rum rs of the lynchin' in some unknown manner got
To the county seat below us and precipitately brought
The 42 Coroner a redlin' fur to take the needless pains
Of a-holdm' of an inquest on the weather
childed remains.

Said it was a legal duty, an' the jury's verdick might Git the reckless perpetrators in a tangle purty tight, Fur the sudden elevation of a mortal to a

was a crime, as per the statutes, of quite serious degree.

We endeavored to convince him that the statutes cidn't go

In the Squawville jurisdiction, but he wouldn't have it go,

An' he asked us all to licker in sich gentlenantly way. nanly way That we modestly informed him he could make his legal play. So he summoned up a jury, an' it started on its w rk. By electic me the foreman, a posish I couldn't shirk.

An' we met in sollemn order, every face awearin woe, Quite belittin an event of such solemnity, you know.
Then the witnesses was questioned, an' they all expressed surjetise At the startin' information of the Mexican's

demire.
An' upon their cause asserted they was more than sataisfied.
That he just got tired o' livin' an' committed suicide.

All the skill of the official couldn't shake their evidence,
An' the Coroner was puzzled at their lgn'ence so intense,
Fur 'twas provel beyond a question that we'd neither heard nor read,
'Fors the Coroner's arriavl, that the Mexican was dead.
He remarked in imappy manner that he thought it ruther queer
Trat a thing fike that could happen in the gamp and me one hear camp and no one hear Nary cussed thing abut it, an' to bolister up his view
'concidence, we tal' him that us fellers
thought so, too.

After due deliberation in a strictly legal way
'consilerin' the evidence brought for-ward in the play,
returned a proper verdict to the Coroner, which read: 'We, the jury, here assembled, find the cold remains is dead "When I handed from the rame, I tuk occawhen I handed from the rame, I wuk occasion to rembrk
That some queer things sometimes happen here in Squawvikie after dark,
That the sun was jest a-settin' an' the way his hoss' feet
Hit the landscape down the mountain was a pleasurable treat!

O! La Cadie, fair La Cadie, Child of misfortunes past, Thy lands, once stained by weeping blo Rejoice in peace wil liast.

Over the wikls of an eastern sea Flows ever the restless wave, Its rugged voice re-echoes loud O'er many a nameless grave.

Thy moss-strewn sands, O! La Cadie, Smile on a sunlit sea, A wealth of beauty they unfold Vast as influity.

Thy verdant hills and valueys fair Have kissed a thousand tears, As each succeeding joy or pain Gave life to hope or fears. The fitful flash, and cannon's crash, The groan, and the saftre's gleam, Disturb no more thy tranqu'll shore. Peace now endures supreme.

The voice of fame, proclaims thy name, And barris in verse ensarine like pathos of unhappy days, Strewn on the waste of time.

Thy fields a golden harvest bear, And woodlands amply crowned, Sufficient unto winter's needs All blesstugs here abound. Come not, thou fearful guest of war, To Scotia's' hills of green,

GREATER BRITAIN'S DUTY CALL Work Theps formerly unchallerged, Shipyards once without a peer Now acknowledge giant rivals Forging forward year by year.

Hostile rowers, fearful, grasping, Eager to devour the weak, Stand allied with basted haste And mighty Britain's downfull ceek. Freedom, Christian faith and justice Follow where her flag's unfurled; E en her fees allow her tittle, Colonizer of the world!

Richer grows the Empire daily, Endlessly its breadth extends; Yet, unaided, every haven, Every bamlet she defends.

Let her shielding strength be shattered Let victorious foes advance, We reay groan beneath the Russians— Feel the clutch of frienzied France.

Colonies! behold your derget! Grapple! for it grows space; Your duty is to guard the Empire, Weld, uplift the British rice. Freely take of what she offers, Amply give her of your best, Bear your share of Brittain's torden— Patriotism's truer test.

Drill your rediments of rifles, Lines of battle craft maintain, Make and ran your own defences, Striving for the common gain.

Chain your capitals with cable, World encircking, land to lland; Let governments co-operate, Your chieftains working hand in hand. Hold your statesmen true to Britain, Prove that what your tires have been, You are still, and ever will be, Subjects loyal to your Queen. GLEN

March 13th, 1899. THE REJECTED BALLAD. IST PHASE.

What: here again? and worse for wear Crinkled and bent, another tear! Unkind the legacy of fate; None will thy charms appreciate. 2ND PHASE .-

Thou art the product of a master mind;
To breathe an inspiration, it has been divined;
The art of an art most kind,
The world will on thy pages find
Thy flowing verse and rhymic trend
The muses at thy feet attend—
Not critics; who, with orippled ears,
Load to the brim our gravast fears,
And say, with possimistic touches, Load to the brim our gravest and and say, with possimistic touches, That he who framed thee, chould resonatches;

RD PHASE .-liut then, to thee there may be some ob-jection, (Methicks I see the cause for your rejec tion;
To make thee great perhaps I'me becambilious ambitious—
Thy precide savers too seditious;
Thy color seems to me quite faded,
Thy tout ensemble very jaded!
Thy grave leferts so stimulate my ire,
He thou considned to the kitchen fire!

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

#### MAY TWENTY-FOURTH.

How Queen's Birthday Was Celebrat-

#### A Message of Congratulation from President McKinley-Banquet at Berlin. publican Guards, sent by Gen. Zurlin-

LONDON, May 24.—Torrents of rain today issued in Queen Victoria's eightieth birthday. At Windsor, where a general holiday is being observed, the town was decorated with flags and the church bells were rung at 7 o'clock in the morning. The weather cleared about 11 o'clock and a serenade by the Windsor and Eton amateur choral societies was given in the grand quadrangle of Windsor Castle. The sun then shore brilliantly. The serenade was listened to by the Queen and members of the royal family, including the children of the Duke and Duchess of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, Prince and Princess Christian and Princess Henry of Battenburg. Sir Walter Parratt, the master of the Queen's music and private organist to the Queen, wearing his official robes. conducted the serenade from the steps of the Queen's private entrance to the palace, just below the oak room, where the Queen was breakfasting The Eton College volunteer marched into the castle grounds, headed by a band of music and took up a position in the rear of the choir. Behind the cadets were drawn up the rest of the Eton boys and the military knights of Windsor. The mayor and corporation of Windsor; in their full robes of office, and the borough magistrates were also present. The scene was extremely ricturesque. They all sang the national anthem, and then the choir gave the programme, comprising the late Bishop of Wakefield's jubilee hymn, a four part song, and two specially written madrigals "To the Queen." Finally the Eton boys gave three lusty cheers in honor of Her Majesty, and the Duke of Connaught came to one of the windows and thanked those present in the

ing in excellent health, came forward and bowed repeatedly. Sir Walter Parratt and the mayor of Windsor were then introduced to the Queen and handed her a beautiful floral harp. Her Majesty afterwards knighted the mayor, J. T. Soundry. Although the official birthday celebrations in London were postpo June 3, all public buildings, many business houses and a great many re-

name of the Queen, who herself, look-

sidences are decorated. In fact, more flags are flying than at any time since the Queen's jubilee. A great congregation assembled in

St. Paul's cathedral this morning. where thanksgiving services were held, and huge crowds of people were unable to obtain admittance. They grouped themselves in the space about the building. The lord mayor of London, Sir John V. Moore, the sheriffs, the aldermen, sword and mace bearers, and all the other functionaries, in their robes of state, attended. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Most Rev. Frederick Temple, D. D., officiated and preached the sermon, after a Te Deum was sung.

Birthday celebrations occurred throughout the provinces, the ships in the different ports were "dressed" for the occasion, and the warships were covered with bunting.

At Portsmouth there were reviews of the regular troops, and the volunteers and naval brigades, and the same ceremonies occurred at the various

arsenals and garrison towns. A telegram from Simla, the summer capital of British India, says that impressive Queen's birthday services there were attended by the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedlestone, and the Indian and military officers in full dress. Royal salutes were fired. Lord. and Lady Averston will hold a state dinner and a levee tonight. Despatches from the continent report the printing of eulogistic articles of the Queen's reign in the European press.

BERLIN, May 74.-A banquet will be given in the Jasper hall of the new palace at Potsdam this evening honor of Queen Victoria's birthday. The Emperor and Empress of Germany, the Crown Prince Frederick William, Prince Eitel Frederick, second son of their majesties, and their suites, all of the princes now in Berlin, the court dignitaries, the officials of the British embassy, the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, minister of foreign affairs, Baron Von Buelow, and the leading military officers will be present.

VIENNA, May 24—Emperor Francis Joseph, wearing the uniform of the King's Dragoon Guards, the British cavalry regiment, of which he is the hororary colonel, called at the British embassy here today in order to personally offer his congratulations up-on the occasion of Queen Victoria's eightleth birthday.

WASHINGTON, May 24.-The president has addressed the following message to Queen Victoria on the occasion of the anniversary of her birth-

Executive Mansion, Washington. May 24th.

To Her Majesty the Queen, Windsor Castle, England:

Madame - It gives me great pleasure to convey on this happy anniversary the expression of the sentiments of regard and affection which the American people cherish towards Your Majesty, and to add the assurance of my own cordial respect and esteem. May God grant to Your Majesty and to the countries under your government many years of happiness and prosperity.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY. PARIS, May 24.— Commemorative ervices in honor of Queen Victoria's birthday were held in the English church today. The British ambassa-dor, Sir Edmond J. Monson, the members of the British embassy, representatives of the other embassies. General Bailend, representing President Loubet, and the ministers of foreign affairs, Mr. Delcasse, were among those present.

Sir Edmond and Lady Monson, this evening gave a grand reception at the

British embassy. There were 1,500 guests present, including the Infanta. Eulalie, aunt of the King of Spain; Grand Duke Michael, brother of the Czar of Russia; the cabinet ministers, the diplomatic corps and most of the members of the Bourbon and Bonaparte families. It was a brilliant gathering and was representative of the highest society of the French capital. The music for the occasion

> his compliments to Queen Victoria on the anniversary of her birthday. DR. A. W. CHASE'S OF CATARRH CURE ... ZUC. is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the alexassages, stops droppings in the throat and permanantly cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free, All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

was furnished by the band of the Re-

den, military governor of Paris, with

#### KEEPING EGGS.

Lime Water and Water-Glass Are Equally Efficacious.

Result of Experiments Conducted by the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

CENTRAL EXPERIMENTAL FARM, OTTAWA, May 19.—Having received numerous enquiries from farmers during the past two months respecting the merits of "water glass" as a medium in which to keep eggs, we are led to think that certain conclusions drawn from an experiment later and the contract of the contract o we are led to think that certain conclusions drawn from an experiment, lately brought to a close, with this and other preservatives will be of interest to your readers.

The investigation was commenced last September, perfectly fresh eggs from the farm poultry house being used for the test, which consisted in immersing the eggs for various lengths of time, from a few hours to six months, in (a) lime-water, and (b) for per cent. solution of "water glass." This eggs which were treated for a few hours, days or weeks, as the case might be, were subsequently placed, tog-ther with the untreated eggs to be used as a check, in a rack within a drawer in the laboratory the the close of the experiment, March 30th, 1899. All the eggs were at a temperature from 65 deg. to 72 deg. F. throughout the trial. trial.

The testing consisted in breaking the eggs into a glass and noting the appearance of the "white" and yolk, whether the yolk was stuck to the shell, size of air-space, odor, etc. The eggs were then poached, and again the odor, appearance, etc., noted. Without giving in detail the results of the various trials, it may suffice for present purposes to summarize the conclusions reached, as follows:

CONCLUSIONS.

1. In no instance, either of treated or untreated eggs, were any "bad" eggs found.

2. In all cases where the eggs were not kept covered throughout the period of the test with the preservative solution, shrinkage of the contents had taken place, as shown by the larger air-space, the less globular form of the yolk, and in many instances by the adherence of the yolk to the shell. The eggs treated for seven days and less with 'ime-water showed somewhat less shrinkage than those treated a similar length of time with silicate of soda.

3. It would appear that lime-water and "water glass" used continuously are equally efficacious in preventing shrinkage. They may also be said to give practically the same results as regards both external and internal appearances, flavor, etc., of the eggs preserved. Since "water glass" (silicate of soda) is more costly and more disagreeable to use than lime-water, we could not from the present results recommend the former as the better preservative.

4. The albumen or "white" in all the preserved eggs was very faintly vellow (though CONCLUSIONS.

as the better preservative.

4. The albumen or "white" in all the preserved eggs was very faintly yellow (though not to the same degree in all the eggs), the tint becoming deeper on boiling.

5. No offensive odor was to be perceived from any of the eggs when broken, but in all instances a faint but peculiar musty odor and flavor developed on poaching.

6. It is probable that no preservative will prevent the loss of flavor possessed by the fresh egg, but those which wholly exclude the air (and thus at the same time prevent shrinkage from evaporation) will be the

shrinkage from evaporation) will be the most successful. Continuous submergence is evidently better than treatment for a few days.

days.

"Water glass," known chemically as silicate of soda, is a fluid quoted at 60c. per gallon. It is highly caustic, due to excess of soda, and consequently is more disagreeable to use than lime-water.

The lime-water may be made by putting gailon. It is highly caustic, due to excess of soda, and consequently is more disagreeable to use than lime-water.

The lime-water may be made by putting two or three pounds of good fresh lime in five gallons of water, stirring well at intervals for a few hours, and then allowed to settle. The clear supernatant fluid can then be poured over the eggs, which have been previously placed in a crock or water-tight barrel. Some authorities recommend the addition of a pound or so of salt to the lime-water, but the writers are of the opinion that this is unnecessary, and probably leads to the imparting of a limey flavor to the eggs by inducing an interchange of the fluids within and without the egg.

The all essential points to be remembered are: (1), that the eggs to be preserved shall be perfectly fresh, and (2), that they shall be covered with the preservative fluid.

FRANK T. SHUTT,
Chemist, Dom. Expl. Farms.

A. G. GILBERT,
Poultry Manager, Expl. Farm.

H. Price Webber and his Boston Comedy Co. are playing at St. Johns, MAA

#### J. H.MORRISON M.D.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. 163 GERMAIN STREET, ST. JOHN.

#### DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, of

Sept. 26, 1995, says.

'If I were asked which single medicine is should prefer to take abroad with me, as likely to be most generally useful, to the exclusion of all others, I should say CHLORDYNE. I never travel without it, and its general applicability to the relief of a large number of simple allments forms its best recommendation."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne 18 THE GREAT SPECIFIC FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA.

CAUTION. - Genuine Chlorodyne. Every bottle of this well known remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHOEA, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor-

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Sold by all Chemists at 1s 11/d., 2s. 94 and 4s. 6d. SOLE MANUFACTURER JT DAVENPORT 33 Great Russell St., London, W. C.



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Mrs. Ella F., strong, aged 3 John; in Soi Elsie A. Wats Watson of Fi May 14, Mrs. of Thomas L. formerly of May 17, Alexa years, formerleity, May 12, years, son North Wiltsh bridge, May (formerly Mi of Prince vears. The spruce generally firm

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BOSTON LETTER.

Booming the Provinces as a Summer Resort for Tourists.

Crops in New England Suffer from Drought-Will Celebrate Queen's Birthday,

The Lumber Market is Firm Though Receipts Are Larger - The Fish Trade-Deaths of Provincialists.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) BOSTON, May 21.-The British and

Canadian Societies of Boston, Worcester. Manchester and other places, have made arrangements to observe the Queen's birthday on Wednesday next. The Canadian Association of Manchester, N. H., has arranged an elaborate banquet at which Mayor Clarke will be the principal speaker. There are more natives of Canada in Manchester than Americans.

The country needs rain and needs it badly. The weather has been cold and damp for four or five days, but the amount of rain fall has been light. The farmers are the worst sufferesr from the dry weather, the mills having had all the water needed for the present, due to the heavy snow fall last year in the northern part of New England. The growth of oats has been checked by lack of rain and feed grass is beginning to feel the effect of the drough. The crop in this state promises to be short. Fruit trees are doing well, according to the report of the government bureau here. Secretary McKean of the Maine board of agriculture says that the condition of the grass fields is generally very good. Clover has wintered well in most sections of Maine. Hay is selling in that state at \$7 a ton, nearly \$2 lower than last year. Potatoes are worth 74 cents a bushel, four cents higher than in 1898.

Carpenters are said to be in good demand this spring at Portland. is said that Portland contractors have been unable to get all the men they

The American government has decided to allow foreign vessels to carry freight from Porto Rico to the United States. They are not allowed, however, to carry freight and passengers from this country to that island. Rev. F. Allison Currier, A. M., formerly of Gagetown, N. B., was in-

stalled as pastor of the Mount Vernon Free Baptist church at Lowell' Thursday evening. Talmage Pearson of Waterford, N. was a graduate at the Cobb Divinity school of Lewiston, Me., last week. This school is a Baptist institution. The Yarmouth Steamship Company had issued a large descriptive pamphlet on Nova Scotia. The other provincial transportation lines are also The provinces have received consider-

Keith's theatre, reproducing photographs of scenes down east. New England are giving more attention to news from the maritime provinces. A few years ago, a dispatch while in opposition. from there was seen but rarely. Now the newspapers have news from the

provinces almost daily. Medical Examiner Oraper, who held an autopsy on the body of Edwin Adams of Digby, who died suddenly on the Yarmouth steamer Boston here after the immigration officials had refused to permit him to go to a hospital, reports that death was caused by rneumonia, complicated with organic diseases of the heart and kidneys. It is not probable that anything

more will be done about the case. The following from the maritime provinces were in the city recently: O. H. Warwick, St. John; R. L. Bradley, W. B. Ross and Mrs. Ross, Miss Mackay, Halifax; A. Lovitt, Edgar M. Clements, Yarmouth.

There is no truth in the report that the Plant line, Yarmouth and D. A. R. companies are to be consolidated. About everything in the country has been or is being consolidated, but there is no likelihood of the provincial steamship lines joining forces. It is admitted, however, that an agreement on rates for the summer will be announced soon.

The following deaths of former provincialists in Boston and vicinity are announced: In Dorchester, May 14, Mrs. Ella F., wife of Frank W. Armstrong, aged 32 years, formerly of St. John; in Somerville, May 12, Mrs. Elsie A. Watson, widow of James C. Watson of Fredericton; in this city, May 14, Mrs. Mary A. O'Connor, wife of Thomas L. O'Connor, aged 21 years, formerly of Halifax; in Charlestown, May 17, Alexander Donnelly, aged 39 years, formerly of Fredericton: in this city, May 12, Lewis E. Rodd, aged 19 years, son of William H. Rodd of North Wiltshire, P. E. I.; in Cambridge, May 14, Mrs. Peter McPhee (formerly Miss Minnie M. McDonald) of Prince Edward Island, aged 35

The spruce lumber market nere is generally firm. The demand is a little better and the arrivals are heav-Most of the eastern mills are funning, so that the difficulty in filling orders experienced early in the season is over. Prices are firm and are held up to the standard fixed by mill men on the hard sizes, but are easier for some frames and yard randoms. Clapboards are not selling very well. Prices are steady, how-ever, at \$29 to 30 for extra spruce; \$27 to 28 for cedar, \$24 to 25 for second clear, \$38 to 40 for extra pine, \$34 to 36 for clear and \$30 to 35 for second clear. Cedar shingles are rather easy. Extra cedar, best boards, are quoted at \$2.90 to 3.10; cedar, \$2.50 to \$2.60, and second clear, \$2 to 2.10. Laths are in fair demand at \$2 to 2.15 for 1 5-8 in. and \$1.90 to 2 for 1 1-2 in.

The fish market continues steady with fair general trade reported. The mackerel fleet has had better luck

Hemlock is firm at \$10 to 10.50 for No.

week. The salt mackerel trade is lifeless and prices are nominal. Codfish ere steady, with prices firm. The supply continues small. Wholesalers quote large dry bank at \$4.75 to 5; medium, \$4.25 to 4.50, large pickled bank, \$4.75 to 5; medium, \$4.25 to 4.62

Heartily Celebrated in Untario 1-2; large shore and Georges, \$6 to 6.50; 1-2; large shore and Georges, \$6 to 0.30; medium, \$4.50 to 4.75; pickled pollock, \$2.75 \( \times 0 \); hake, \$3.12 \( 1-2 \) to 3.25; haddock, \$3.50. Pickled herring are quiet. Prices are unchanged at \$6.50 to 7 for N. S. split and \$7 and 8 for fancy Scotteri. Scatteri. Sardines continue firm. Three-quarter mustards are worth \$2.65 to 2.85, and quarter oils, \$3 to 3.25. Canned lobsters hold very firm at \$3.10 to 3.25 for flats and \$3 fo 3.10 for talls. Live lobsters are selling at 12c, and boiled 14c. Large fresh mackerel are worth 20 to 22c. each; eastern salmon, 28 to 30c. per lb.; market cod, 2 to 21-2c. and haddock 4 to 41-2c.

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGED.

Two Christian Scientists Arrested and Charged With a Child's Death.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 23. George H. Kinter and Elizabeth L. Kinter, his wife, well known in Christian Science circles, were arrested today on warrants charging them with man-slaughter in causing the death of Ralph L. Saunders, 9 years old, who, with his parents, had been visiting the home of Captain Sample, 3th Infantry, at Fort Porter. Warrants on the same charge were also issued for Mr. and Mrs. James C. Saunders of Fort Townsend, Washington, the parents of the child. The Kinters wer held in \$2,500 by U. S. Commissioners Robinson. The arrest was made under the U. S. laws, as the death occurred on federal ground. The boy is said to have died of pneumonia and without medical care,

#### A RECORD BREAKER.

NEW YORK, May 23.-The largest mortgage record in the history of Suffolk county was filed today in the office of the county clerk at Rivershead, L. I. It is for \$45,000,000, given by the Long Island R. R. in favor of the U. S. mortgage and Trust company as trustees. Attached to the mortgage are four hundred and fifty \$50 revenue stamps, making a total of

The mortgage cover all the property of the railroad. The railroad intends to make extensive improve-ments and cancel outstanding bonds. The mortgage is given to protect the new bonds issued for these improv-

#### WELCOMED EVERYWHERE.

Sir Charles Tupper Given a Great Reception at Sherbrooke.

(Special to The Sun.) SHERBROOKE, May 24.—Sir Char. Tupper was tendered a great ovation here today. He arrived this morning from Montreal. On his way out addresses were presented at St. Hyagetting out their summer literature. cinthe and Richmond, great crowds surrounding the train in both these able advertising from the biograph places. At Sherbrooke there was views which have been displayed at a great gathering at the station. Sir Charles was presented with an address at a meeting held in the rink, The newspapers of New York and and delivered a telling address, point ing out how the iberals had abandon ed every principle they had advocated

This evening Sir Charles was ten dered a banquet at which the leading conservatives of the Eastern Town ships were present. Such enthusiasm as was manifested is said to have had no parallel since the time Sir John A. Macdonald visited the Townships just previous to the downfall of the Mackenzie government.

#### VANCEBORO.

Victim of Appendicitis-Was a Native of Oueens Co. N. B.

VANCEBORO, May 24.—The body of Andrew Patterson, who died in Boston of appendicitis about the first of May, was embalmed and brought home in Vanceboro for interment, Two weeks after Mr. P. left Vanceboro ne was brought back dead. His sudden death was a great shock to his relatives and friends. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Patterson, who lived in Queens county, N. B:, until about twelve years ago, when they came to Vanceboro, where they own a fine home. The deceased was one of Vanceboro's best and most industrious young men. He was twenty-eight years of age. Beside his parents he leaves three brothers and five sisters to mourn their loss.

#### NEWFOUNDLAND.

North West Coast Blocked With Ice and the People Are Destitute.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 24.—The whole northwest coast of this island has been blocked with ice for the last six weeks, the result being that navigation along the coast has been practically impossible. The people in many sections are now destitute of provisions, owing to inability to replace their supplies, and the commercial operations of almost \$0,000 people have ceen virtually suspended. Fishery outfitting for Labrador and the offshore fishing grounds will be quite out of the question until the ice blockade

#### HONORS FOR CANADIANS.

Capt. F. St. D. Skinner, son of the late Col. Skinner of Woodstock, Ont., and a graduate of the Royal Military College in 1882, has been appointed a deputy adjutant general in India, a signal distinction for the young offi-

A young Toronto man who is more than holding his own abroad is J. W. Osborne, son of J. Kerr Osborne. Mr. Oshorne is a lieutenant in the Scottish Rifles, and has recently been appointed side-de-camp to Sir John Woodburn, governor of Bombay, with and is landing about 1,000 barrels a headquarters at Calcutta.

#### EMPIRE DAY

and Nova Scotia.

Halifax School Children Sent a Cable to the Queen-Her Majesty's Reply.

Oration by U. S. Consul Foster, Who Told of the Growth in Military Power of the Two Anglo-Saxon Nations.

(Special to the Sun.) TORONTO, May 23.—Empire day was loyally celebrated by Toronto school children today. Each school celebrated the day independently. HALIFAX, May 23,-Empire day was very generally celebrated through-out Nova Scotia. Teachers and chil-dren took hold of the idea with alac-rity, one reason probably being that the Canadian Teachers' Association, which met here last year, and Superintendent of Education McKay of Nova Scotia, had helped to launch it. In Halifax the school children decorated themselves with small flags and they gave their pennies for larger ones to be hoisted on the school buildings. Patriotic addresses were made to a large assemblage by Rev. Wm. Dobson and others. An oration was delivered by United States Consul Foster, who cold of the growth in military power of Britain and America. its expansion policy, he said, the Uni-

England famous. It was an Anglo-American policy they were now fol-Halifax children sent this cable to the Queen:

ted States were helping to introduce more fully to the world the principles

of liberty and justice that had made

To our Queen, London, England: "The school children of Halifax, celebrating Empire day in common with all Canadian schools, send loyal greetings to their beloved sovereign. The following reply was received:

Government, Windsor, May 23, 1899. School children, Halifax, Canada-"Queen thanks you and all Cana-

dian school children." In every county academy from one end of the province to the other, there were celebrations, though on a less extensive scale than in this city.

VALUABLE DONATION TO THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY. Capt. Aikman of the s. s. Peerless, has presented the above society with eight Roman coins taken from the ruins of old Alexandria (now Metze), and the foot of one of Rameses' (the Great) princesses, found at Assouan. The latter relic is probably one of the most valuable pieces of property now owned by the Natural History Society, and accompanying it is the following letter, which vouches for it genuineness:

Ross & Nanro, Government Contractors, Head Offices, Cairo and Alexandria, 4th April.

My-Dear Capt. Aikman: During my residence in Luxor, in Upper Egypt, I was fortunate enough to obtain several mummies and pieces of mummies. I have none of the former with me, but instead I am sending you a piece I value more than all the others. It is the foot of one of Rameses' (the Great) princesses; the remainder of the body was all dust and the sarcophagus too broken. Trusting this will find you well and wishing you a pleasant and safe voy-Yours sincerely,

J. C. KELLY. The donations are valuable ones. and the thanks of the society will in due course be tendered Capt. Aikman for his kindness.

GUY CARR'S HEAVY LOSS.

His Dwelling and Horse Barns Destroyed by Incendiary Fire.

(Sherbrooke, Que., Examiner, May 22.) Guy Carr of Compton again suffered loss by fire. This time the dwelling house and horse barns were destroyed. The fire broke out early on Saturday morning at about the same time as that which destroyed his cattle barns and destroyed a number of valuable live stock. His dwelling house and cattle barns were some distance apart, being on different sides of the road, and it will be remembered at that time fire broke out simultaneously in the dwelling house and cattle barns. It was in endeavoring to save the house that the fire got such headway in the barns. It was suspected at that time that the fire was incendiary origin, but the fire of Staurday morning more than justifies the suspicion then entertained

When the fire broke out Saturday morning Mr. Carr was sleeping alone in the house, and was awakened at about one o'clock by a severe attack of caughing, caused by the smoke entering his room. He immediately got out of bed and found both dwelling house and horse barns a mass of flame. Assistance arrived but not much could be done to stem the devouring element, and in a short space of time the last of the nice model farm buildings were in ruins. fiend who did the work was evidently disappointed in his last attempt to burn the whole of the buildings, and came again, this time, unfortunately, having secured his revenge.

Fortunately for Mr. Carr, his horses were out in the pasture, and his carriages were in the yard, and they Only \$1,100 insurance was carried on the buildings, and the loss will, com-

bined with the previous one, be in-deed a heavy blow to Mr. Carr. (Mr. Carr and his live stock are well remembered by visitors to St. John BEAUTIFUL BAYSWATER.

The people of St. John will be glad to hear that this pleasant summer resort is once more ready to welcome visitors from the city. The majority of the farmers have finished planting just in time to reap

benefit from the rain. J. W. and J. E. Barlow's mill is expected to begin operations about June 1st. Quite an extensive addition has

been made and masons are at work putting up a new stone furnace. Never since the spring of 1887 has the freshet been as high as this spring, the water being over the two bridges. Oak Grove house will be opened for the season on the Queen's birthday. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Worden had a

OF THE KIND WAS TAKEN

narrow escape Sunday evening. While returning from visiting a sick neighbor, the wagon parted at the king belt, throwing them both out, but besides a severe shaking up their in juries were slight.

AN EPITAPH BY WIRE.

(Cleveland Plain Dealer.) When the out-of-town correspondent cuts loose he does it with artistic grace and profuseness. If he can put it in a telegram at day telegraph rates he enjoys it all the more. Here is an example received at this office a day or two since from a rural village. The correspondent gave the news item in a line or two, and then ran in his personal comments. Here they are:

"Jim Blank, the genial and whole souled fellow that he was in life, is no more. Everybody loved him, and his untimely death at the hands of a cowardly assassin has cast a gloom over the whole county. Two weeks ago the angel of death visited his home and removed a loving wife and mother, leaving two small children, to them a double affliction. 'Tis sad." As the business manager hastily and omewhat warmly remarked: "Epitaphs are all right in their way

-but not at day rates."

NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND. (Atlanta Constitution.)

A rural schoolmaster had among his scholars three whose ages were, respectively, 72, 64 and 55 years. "You don't mean to say," said an astonished visitor, "that those old men are going to school for the first time in their lives?"

"That's right," replied the schoolmaster; "they hain't had time till now! An' they wouldn't be at it now, only they've made up their minds to git married; an' as the gals they air to marry air all good readers an' writers, they don't want to 'pear ignorant when they settles down for

ARGENTINE TRADE.

From the complete retens of the foreign trade of the Argentine Republic in the year 1893 we have extracted the figures relating to exports of the principal articles of agricultural production. It will be seen that live sheep, frozen mutton, frozen beef, wool, were exported in larger quantities last year than in either 1897 or 1896, whereas jerked beef was shipped in smaller quantities in 1893 than in either of the two preceding years. Comparing 1899 with 1897 we get the following increases: Cattle, 121,175 head; sheep, 73,65 head; frozen mutton, 8,940 tons; frozen beef, 1,626 tons; wool, 15,715 tons.

The only decrease shown are jerked beef, 13,997 tons.

Exports from Argentina in 1898, 1897 and 1898. 1897. 1896. Head. Head. Head. .577,813 504.128 512,016 Tons. Tons. Tons.

. 59,834 57,894 45,105 . 5,867 4,241 2,997 . 22,242 36,239 45,307 .221,286 205,571 187,619 

MAUGERVILLE

for Montana.

Historic House Burned-Destruction of Fruit Trees by Mice-Off

MAUGERVILLE, May 18 .- At noon today the house in Lincoln owned by J. W. Dykeman and occupied by Hayward True, jr., was burned to the ground. The fire originated from a spark on the 'oof. Prompt assistance saved most of the furniture, although somewhat damaged. Mr. Dykeman and his family went west this spring and had left some of their furniture stored in the house, part of which was lost. There was \$600 insurance on the house and \$100 on the furniture in the Quebec Fire Assurance Co. This house was once the palatial residence of the late Col. George Hayward, chief commissioner of public works, by whom it was built about 50 years ago at a cost of about \$8,000. J. W. Clark lost about 200 bearing

fruit trees by destructive mice last winter. A number of others are heavy losers by the same pest. J. E. Stocker of Oromocto lost \$100 worth of young fruit trees from other causes.

The Misses Bella, Eliza and Mary Mills will leave shortly for Montana, where they will make their future home. Rev. R. W. Colston has returned from a pleasant visit to his old home in Quebec.

Expressions of profound sorrow are heard on every hand, occasioned by the sudden and unexpected death of the Rev. Dr. Carey, who was well known here and universally beloved

MEN WHOM SURGEONS ADMIRE. Constantly Furnishing Then Something to Do. (Golden Penny.)

The old proverb, "While there's life there's hope," gains a good deal of force from these brief sketches of men who triumphantly survived almost every form of accident:

A few months ago died Thomas Rushton of Welkden, Lancashire. Most of his life was spent in hospitals consequent on his many mishaps. When five years old he fractured both thighs, and before he had fairly recovered he fell down stairs and sustained a double fracture. Thenceforward his life was one long series of misfortunes, for besides breaking both legs twenty-four times, he sustained many other injuries and underwent countless operations.

A short time ago the Lancet mentioned the case of a man who had fractured his limbs six times, and on each occasion the accident occurred on the same date, namely, August 26. Before he was 16 he had mot with five such mishaps, so he resolved for the future always to remain at home on the fatal 26th. It chanced, however, that twenty-three years later, forgetting his resolution, he went to work on the unlucky day, and on his return slipped down and broke his leg.

FREDERICTON.

Body Found in Commercial Hotel Outhouse That of William O'Brien.

Coroner's Jury in McLean Murder Case Render a Peculiar Verdict-County Court News.

(Special to The Sun.)

FREDERICTON, N. B., May 23 .-The remains of the man found in an outhouse of the Commercial hotel last night have been identified as those of William O'Brien, a young man well known about the city, who disappeared from his home early last fall. O'Brien was addicted to strong drink, and at times to opium, and when last seen before his disappearance he was under the influence of liquor. He must have visited the place at a late hour in the night, lost his balance, and fell headforemost in the cesspool. The unfortunate young gentleman was an employe of Kitchen & Shea of this city, and was for several years previous a book-keeper in New York. The body was removed to the residence of Dennie O'Brien, father of the deceased, and was buried this afternoon. Great indignation is expressed throughout the city over the fact that Coroner Coulthard did not hold an inquest. It seems to be the general opinion that a strict and searching inquiry should have been made into the affair, and that the good name of the city demands it. That a young man should meet his death in such a peculiar way and place and then have the matter passed over with scarcely an inquiry, is something that the citizens of Fredericton can not understand.

The inquest into the murder of Mc-Lean was concluded before Coroner Moore at Stanley today. Several witnesses were on the stand, but their examination brought nothing new, The verdict was "that McLean had come to his death by a stab of a knife." A large number of people are wondering how long it took the jury to arrive at this sensational conclu-At the county court chambers yes-

terday in the case of Goodridge Mc-Keen v. Cyrus F. McKendrick, an application was made to set aside the warrant on the grounds of irregularity, the attorney's name who issued the warrant not having signed at the end of the same. His Honor Judge Wilson dismissed the application, but without allowing costs to either party, not considering a sufficient rregularity existed. Phinney & Crocket for plaintiff; A. R. Slipp contra.

In the case of John Macpherson v James Fraser and Mary Fraser, his honor dismissed the motion for a new trial. Judgment was entered for plaintiff at last March sittings of the county court for \$80. The defence pleaded that the notes on which action was brought formed a part in the consideration of debts between plaintiff and defendant, James E. Fraser. itter was taken up on appeal on the grounds of improperly rejecting evidence founded on a decision of Justice McLeod in a case tried before him in which the same points were involved and misdirection of the trial judge. His honor was of the opinion that neither ground was sufficient, and confirmed the verdict for plaintiff. C. E. Duffy for plaintiff; F. St. John Bliss and J. W. McCready for defendants.

IRELAND.

Release of Three of Phoenix Park Prisoners.

DUBLIN, May 23.—The lord lieut. of Ireland, the Earl Cadogan, has re-leased O'Hanlan, Mullet and James Fitzgeral I, alias "Skin the Goat," the last three Irish political prisoners who were sentenced to imprisonment for life for conspiring to murder Lord Frederick Cavendish, chief secretary for Ireland, and T. H. Burke, permanent under secretary for Ireland, who were assassinated by stabbing in Phoenik Park, Dublin, May 6, 1887.

STRIKE IS OVER.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 22.—Today saw the general breaking up of the dock strikes here. The settlement of the grain shovellers' trouble was quickly followed by the disintegration of all of the other strikes along the water font.

ONTARIO AND OUEBEC.

(Special to The Sun.)
TORONTO, May 23.—W. Middlerton
Hare, the ex-alderman charged with
accepting and collecting bribes for votes and influence in connection with the awarding of the Toronto street railway franchise when he was a member of the council years ago, was today committed for trial.

MONTREAL, May 23 .- The grand military tattoo was held tonight on M. A. A. arounds. Bands and bugle corps of eight regiments participated and 12,000 people were present, Tover-nor General and Lady Minto, Major General Hutton among them. The grand review takes place temorrow. Hon. J. W. Longley has been here for a few days, the guest of Hon. James McShane, left for Ottawa

this afterno NORTH BAY, Ont., May 23.— The grand jury has returned a verdict of marslaughter in the case of the Finlanders. The case is not likely to come up until Thursday.

MONTREAL, May 3.—In the by-election for the Ontario legislature to day in North Waterloo, Breithaupt (liberal) was elected by 115 majority over Lackner (conservative).

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

TO RUDYARD KIPLING, ESQ., FROM THOMAS ATKINS.

There's a reg'lar run on papers, since we 'eard that you was ill.

An' you might he in a 'cerrita'; the harricks is so still;
We 'av all been mighty anxious, silice we 'eard it on parade;

An' we ain't mo cowards, neither, but I own we was afraid.

An' we all prayed 'ard and earnest;
"Oh, Gawd, don't take 'im yet.'
Just let 'im stop and 'elp us;
An warn, 'lest we forget!' "

The sergeant said: "E wen't get round,
It's 'three rounds blank' for 'im!
'E won't write no more stories!" And our
'opes was bloomin' dim.
But you 'ad always 'ciped T. Atkins, an'
though things cid dook 'lue—
Well' we ain't much 'ards at prayin', but
we did our test for you.

"'E muth't die; we went 'in!
O, Gawd, don't take him yet;
Saure 'im a little longer!
'E wrote Last we forget!"

We 'card 'hat you was fightin' 'ard-just as we 'ard 'mat you was fightin' 'ard\_just as we knew you would;
Bu. we 'ardly 'oped you'd turn 'is flank; they said you 'ardly could.
But the news 'as come this monmin' an' I'm writin' 'ere to say,
There's no ?ritish son more 'appy than your old friend Thomas A.

'O. Gawd, we're all so grateful You 'ave left 'im with us yet, To 'old us in, and 'alt us, Lest we, lest we farget!''

-J. O. C. in London Times.

A NEW DEFINITION. "I'm sure, ma'am, your boy looks old enough to pay full fare."
"Yes, I know he loes. He's so remarkably precocious!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A good fame is netter than a good





SHERIFT'S SALE.—There will be sond at Public Auterion on SATURDAY, the third day of June next, at fifteen minutes past twelve o'clock, in the afternoon, at Chubb's Corner (so called), in the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Erunswick, all the estate, right, title and interest of William Thompson, in and to all that certain tract of land, situate in the Parish of Simonds (formerly a part of the Parish of Simonds).

said Province, bounded and described a lows:

"Commercing at a marked tree or western line of a mact of land belong! Nathaniel II. DeVeber, on the south as the road to Loch Lomond; thence southen degrees east about one hundred twenty-seven chains, until it meets the of a lot sold by James White to U. Burt: thence south severely degrees forty-eight chains and twelve links; north fifteen degrees west nirety-she to the south side of land in possessiblenry Graham; thence along the sail north seventy five degrees east forty of thence north fifteen degrees west nirety-she to the south side of land in possessiblenry Graham; thence along the sail number of continuents of the place of boginning, contained to the place of boginning, and tered in the Records of Deeds in and tered in the Records of Deeds in and the same having been levied on and by me, the underespined Sheriff, under ty the place of the property of the same having been levied on and by the the underespined Sheriff, under the place of the property of the same having been levied on and by me, the underespined Sheriff, under the place of the property of the property of the property of the place by virtue of two executions issued out of The Sa'nt John County Count, one at the suit of Arthur C. Fairweither against the said Wikiam Thompson, and the other at the suit of Margaret B. Seeds against the said William Thompson
Dated as the City of Saint John, N. B., this 27th day of February, A. B. 1899.

II. LAWRANCE STURDING,
Sheriff of the City and County of Saint John.

#### DIVINE SCALES.

Lives and Actions Weighed in the Balances.

Dr. Talmage Preaches Well On Personal Responsibility.

He Takes His Text From the Handwriting on the Wall at Babylon.

WASHINGTON, May 21.-In these days of moral awakening this pointed sermon by Dr. Talmage on personal responsibility before God will be read with a deep and solemn interest; text, Daniel v., 27, "Thou art weighed in the balances and art found wanting." Babylon was the paradise of archi-

tecture, and driven out from thence the grandest buildings of modern times are only the evidence of her fall. The site having been selected for the city, 2,000,000 men were employed in the rearing of her walls and the building of her works. It was a city 60 miles in circumference. There was a trench all around the city, from which the material for the building of the city had been digged. There were 25 gates on each side of the city, between every two gates a tower of defence springing into the skies, from each gate on the one side a street running straight through to the corresponding gate on the other side, so that there were 50 streets 15 miles long. Through the city ran a branch of the river Euphrates. This river sometimes overflowed its banks, and to keep it from ruining the city, a lake was constructed into which the surplus water of the river would run during the time of freshets, and the water was kept in this artificial lake until time of drought, and then this water would stream down over the city. At either end of the bridge spanning this Euphrates there was a palace—the one palace a mile and a half around, the other 71-2 miles around.

The wife of Nebuchadnezzar had been born and brought up in the country and in a mountainous region, and she could not bear this flat district of Babylon, and so, to please his wife, Nebuchadnezzar built in the midst of the city a mountain 400 feet high. This mountain was built out into terraces supported on arches. On the top of these arches a layer of flat stones, on the top of that a layer or reeds and bitumen, on the top of that two layers of bricks closely cemented, on the top of that a heavy sheet of lead and on the top of that the soil placed, on the soil so deep that a Lebanon cedar had room to anchor its roots. There were pumps worked by mighty machinery fetching up the water from the Euphrates to this hanging garden, as it was called, so that there were fountains spouting into the sky. Standing below and looking up it must have seemed as if the clouds were in the blossom or as though the sky leaned on the shoulder of a cedar. All this Nebuchadnezzar did to please his wife. Well, she ought to have been pleased. I suppose she was pleased. If that would not please her, nothing would There was in that city also the temple eighth of a mile high, in which there was an observatory where astronomers talked to the stars. There was in that temple an image, just one image, which would cost what would be our \$52 .-

HANDWRITING ON THE WALL. to the health of the king! Drink to a great future! A thousand fords reel intoxicated. The king great future of the king great future of the king great future. men will—with vacant look stared at to a sickroom, does he treat disease the wall. But soon the vacant look in the abstract? No; he feels the takes on intensity, and it is an affrighted look, and all the princes begin to look and wonder what is the matter, and they look at the same point on life to come, we do not want to treat the wall. And then there drops a them in the abstract. The fact is the blaze of the golden plate, and out of the sleeve of the darkness there comes a finger-a finger of fiery tercircling around and circling around as though it would write, and then if comes up, and with a sharp tip of flames it inscribes on the plas-tering of the wall the doom of the "Weighed in the balances and found wanting.'

The bang of heavy fists against the gates of the palace is followed by the breaking in of the door. A thousand gleaming knives strike into a thousand He comes. "Well, my brother, get in and he is seated on a throne of corpses. In that hall there is a balance lifted God swung it. On one side of the balances I say, "What is that bundle you have along with you?" "Oh," he says, "that is my reputation for goodness and kindness and kindness and kindness and kindness and kindness and kindness and kindness.

But still, after all, there is no such metal may be clipped, or in some way right?" right, and wrong is wrong, and a soul thousand marks. Come, now, get me is a soul, and eternity, is eternity, a book large enough to make the recGod has a perfect bushel and a perfect ord of the moralist's deficits. My
peck and a perfect gallon. When merchants weigh their goods in the wrong way, then the Lord weighs the goods again. If from the imperfect measure the merchant pours out what pretends to be a gallon of oil and there

to mark it, "So much wanting in that measure of oil." The farmer in from the country. He has apples to sell. He has an imperfect measure He pours out the apples from this im-perfect measure. God recognizes it. He says to the recording angel, "Mark down so many apples too few-an imperfect measure." We may cheat ourselves, and we may cheat the world but we cannot cheat God, and in the great day of judgment it will be found that what we learned in boyhood at school is correct—that 20 hundred-weight makes a ton and 120 solid feet makes a cord of wood. No more, no less, And a religion which does not take hold of this life as well as the life to come is no religion at all.

WEIGHING PRINCIPLES. But, my friends, that is not the style of balances I am to speak of today; that is not the kind of weights and measures. I am to speak of that kind of balances which weigh principles, weigh churches, weigh men, weigh nations and weigh worlds. "What!" you say. "Is it possible that our world is to be weighed?" Yes, Why, you would think if God put on one side of the balances suspended from the throne the Alps and the Pyrenees and the Himalayas and Mount Washington and all the cities of the earth they would crush it. No, no! The time will come when God will sit down on the white throne to see the world weighed, and on one side will be the world's coportunities and on the other side the world's sins. Down will go the sins, and away will go the opportunities, and God will say to the messengers with the torch: "Burn that world! Weighed and found wanting!"

So God will weigh churches. He

takes a great church. That church, great according to the worldly estimate, must be weighed. He puts it on one side the balances and the minister and the choir and the building that cost its hundreds of thousands of dollars. He outs them on one side the balances. On the other side of the scale He puts what that church ought to be, what its consecration ought to be, what its sympathies for the poor ought to be, what its devotion to all good ought to be. That is on one side. That side goes down, and the church, not being able to stand the test, rises in the balances. It does not make any difference about your magnificent machinery. A church is built for one thing-to save souls. If it saves a few souls when it might save a multitude of souls, God will spew it out of His mouth. Weighed and found wanting! So we perceive that God estimates nations. How many times He has put the Spanish monarchy into the scales and found it insufficient and condemned it! The French empire was placed on one side of the scales, and God weighed the French empire, and Napoleon said: 'Have I not enlarged the boulevards? Did I not knidle the glories of the Champs Elysees? Have I not adorned the Tuilerics? Have I not built the gilded opera house? Then God weighed the nation, and He put on one side the scales the emperor and the boulevards, and the Tuileries, and the Champs Elysees, and the gilded opera house, and on the other side He puts that man's abominations, that man's libertinism, that man's selfishness, that man's godless ambition This last came down, and all the brilliancy of the scene vanished. What is that voice coming up from Sedan? Weighed and found wanting?

PERSONAL APPLICATION. But I must become more individual and more personal in my address. Some people say they do not think

clergymen ought to be personal in ther religious address, but ought to doeal with subjects in the abstract? I do not think that way. What would Oh, what a city! The earth never you think of a hunter who saw anything like it, never will see should go to the Adirondacks saw anything like it, never will see should go to the Adirondacks anything like it. And yet I have to to shoot deer in the abstract? tell you that it is going to be destroy- Ah, no. He loads the gun; he puts the ed. The king and his princes are at a liutt of it against his breast, he runs feast. They are all intoxicated. Pour his eye along the barrel, he takes sure chair, with vacant look, as intoxicated discussions. If a physician comes inpulse, makes the diagnosis, then he writes the prescription. And, if we want to heal souls for this life and the life to come, we do not want to treat darkness into the room that puts out you and I have a malady which, if uncured by grace, will kill us forever. Now, I want no abstraction. Where is the balm? Where is the physician? People say there is a day of judgment coming. My friends, every day is a day of judgment, and you and I today are being canvassed, inspected, weighed. Here are the balances of the sanctuary. They are lifted and we must all be weighed. Who will come and be weighed first? Here is a moralist who volunteers. He is one of the most upright men in the country. says, "that is my reputation for goodness and kindness and charity and generosity and kindliness generally."

Weighed in the balances—found wanting.

There has been a great deal of cheating in our country with false weights and measures and balances, and the government, to charge that state of things, appointed commissioners where things, appointed commissioners whose business it was to stamp weights and measures and balances, and a great deal of the wrong has been corrected. But still, after all, there is no such before you get out of the scale, I want thing as a perfect balance on earth, to ask you two or three questions. The chain may break, or some of the Have your thoughts always been "No," you say, "no." the equipoise may be disturbed. You down one mark. "Have you loved the cannot always depend upon earthly bord with all your heart and soul and balances. A pound is not always a pound, and you may pay for one thing Make another mark. "Come, now, be and get another, but in the balance frank, and confess that in ten thouwhich is suspended to the throne of sand things you have come short—God a pound is a pound, and right is 'rave you not?" "Yes." Make ten

veight, "By the deeds of the law shall to flesh living be justified." Weighed and found wanting. BALANCES OF THE SANCTUARY.

Still the balances of the sanctuary are suspended, and we are ready to weigh all who come. Who shall be the next? Well, here is a formalist. He comes, and he gets into the balances, and as he gets in I see that all his reigion is ir genufications and in outward observances. As he gets into the scales I say, "What is it that you have in this pocket?" "Oh," he says, "that is Westminster Assembly Catechism." I say: "Very zood. What have you in the other pocket?" "Oh." he says, "that is the Heidelberg Catechism." "Very good. What is that you have under your arm standing in this balance of the ranctuary?" "Oh." he says, "that is a church record." "Very good. What are these books on your side the balances?" "Oh," he says, "those are Calvin's Institutes." My brother, we are not weighing books; we are weighing you. It cannot be that you are depending for your salvation upon your orthodoxy. Do you know that the creeds and the forms of religion are merely the scaffolding for the building? You certainly are not going to mistake the scaffolding for the temple. Do you not know that men have gone to perdition with a catechism in their pocket?" 'But," says the man, "I cross myself ften." "Ah, that will not save you." "But," says the man, "I am sympa-, thetic for the poor." "That will not save you." Says the man, "I sat at the communion table." "That will not save you." "But," says the man, "I have had my name on the church record." "That will not save you." "But I have been a professor of religion for

40 years." That will not save you. Stand there on your side the balances, and I will give you the advantage-I will let you have all the creeds, all the church records, all the Christian conventions that were ever held, all the communion tables that were ever built, on your side the balances. On the other side the balances I must put what God says I must put there. put this million pound weight on the other side the balances: 'Having the form of godliness, but denying the power thereof." Weighed and found wanting. Still the balances are suspended

Are there others who would like to be weighed or who will be weighed? Yes: here comes a worldling. He gets into the scales. I can very easily see what his whole life is made up of. Stocks, dividends, percentages, "buyer ten days," "buyer 30 lays." "Get in, my friend; get into these balances and be weighed—weighed for this life and weighed for the life to come." He gets in. I find that the two great questions in his life are: "How cheaply can I buy these goods?" and "How dearly can I sell them?" find he admires heaven because it is a land of gold, and money must be 'easy." I find, from talking with him that religion and the Sabbath are an interuption, a vulgar interruption, and he hopes on the way to church to drum up a new customer! Al the week he has been weighing fruits, weighing meats, weighing ice, weighing coals, weighing confections, weighing worldpeen weighed. "On your side the balances, O worldling! I will give you hurl them to death, and a mounted full advantage. I put on your side policeman with a shout clearing the houses, all the cargoes, all the insurance companies, all the factories, all the silver, all the gold, all the money vaults, all the safe deposits-all on your side. But it does not add one ounce, for at the very moment we are congratulating you on your fine house and upon your princely income God and the angels are writing in regard to your soul, 'Weighed and found

wanting!" THE FINAL SCRUTINY. But I must go faster and speak of the final scrutiny. The fact is, my. friends, we are moving on amid astounding realities. These pulses, which now are drumming the march of life may after awhile call a halt We walk on a hair hung bridge over chasms. All around us are dangers lurking, ready to spring on us from We lie down at night, not knowing whether we shall arise in the morning. We start out for our occupation, not knowing whether we shall come back-crowns being burnished for thy brow or bolts forged for thy prison; angels of light ready to shout at thy deliverance or fiends of dark-ness stretching out skeleton hands to pull thee down into ruin consummate! Suddenly the judgment will be here. The angel, with one foot on the sea and the other foot on the land, will swear by him that liveth forever and ver that time shall be no longer: "Beliold, He cometh with clouds, and every eye shall see Him." Hark to the jarring of the mountains. Why, that is the setting down of the scales, the balances. And then there is a flash as if a cloud, but it is the glittering of the shining balances, and they are hoisted, and all nations are to be weighed. The unforgiven get in on this side the balances. They may have weighed themselves and pronounced a flattering decision. The world may have weighed them and pronounced them moral. Now they are being weighed in God's balances -the balances that can make no mistake. All the property gone, all the titles of distinction gone, all the world-ly successes gone, there is a soul, absolutely nothing but a soul, an immortal soul, a never dying soul, a soul stripped of all worldly advantages a soul on one side the scales. On the other side the balances are wasted Sabbaths, disregarded sermons, 10,000 opportunities of mercy and pardon that were cast aside. They are on the other side the scales, and there God stands, and, in the presence of men and devils, cherubim and archangel, He announces, while groaning earthquake and erackling conflagration and judgment trumpet and everlasting storm repeat it, "Weighed and found want-

ALL MUST BE WEIGHED. But say some who are Christians: "Certainly you don't mean to say that we will have to get into the balances? Our sins are all pardoned; our title to heaven is secure. Certainly you are not going to put us in the balances?" pretends to be a gallon of oil and there is less than a gallon, God knows it, and he calls upon his recording angel scales and opposite to yours I put this wight which God says I must before the judgment seat of Christ, and on that day you are going to be had to give up even whist.

weighed. Oh, follower of Christ, you get into the balances. You get in on this side. On the other side the balances we will place all he opportunities of good which you did not improve, all the attainments in plety which you night have had, but which you refused to take. We place them dl on the other side. They go down. and your soul rises in the scale. You cannot weigh against all these imperfections. Well, then, we must give you the advantage, and on your side the scale we will place all the good deeds you have ever done and all the kind words you have ever uttered. Too light yet! Well, we must put on your side all the consecration of your life, all the holiness of your life, all the prayers of your life, all the faith of your Christian life. Too light yet! Come, mighty men of the past, and get in on that side the scales. Come, Payson and Doddridge and Baxter, get in on that side the scales and make them come down that this righteous one might be saved. They come and they get in the scales. Too light yet! Come, the martyrs, the Latimers, the Wycliffs, the men who suffered at the stake for Christ. Get in on this side the Christian's balances and see if you cannot help him weigh it aright. They come and get in. Too light! Come, angels of God on high. Let not the righteous perish with the wicked. They get in on this side the balances. Too light yet! I put on this side the balances all the sceptres of light, all the thrones of power, all the crowns of glory. Too light yet! But just at that point Jesus, the Son of God, comes up to the balances, and He puts one of Ilis scarred feet on your side, and the balances begin to tremble from top to bottom. Then He puts both of His scarred feet on the balances, and the Christian's side comes down with stroke that sets all the bells of heaven ringing. That Rock of Ages beavier than any other weight!

CHRIST OUTWEIGHS ALL. But says the Christian, "Am I to be allowed to get off so easily?" Yes. If some one should come and put on the other side the scales all your imperfections, all your envies, all your jealousies, all your inconsistencies of life, they would not budge the scales with Christ on your side the scales. Go free! There is no condemnation them that are in Christ Jesus. Chains broken, prison houses opened, sins pardoned. Go free! Weighed in the balances and nothing, nothing wanted. Oh, what a glorious hope! Will you accept it this day? Christ making up for what you lack. Christ the atonement for all your sins. Who will accept Him? Will not this whole audience say: "I am insufficient, I am a sinner, I am lost by reason of my transgressions, but Christ has paid it all. My Lord and my God, my life, my pardon, my heaven. Lord Jesus, I hall Thee!" Oh, if you could only understand the worth of that sacrifice which I have represented to you under a figure—if you could understand the worth of that sacrifice, this whole audience would this moment accept Christ

and be saved. We go away off or back into history to get some illustration by which we may set forth what Christ has done for us. We need not go so far. I saw ly and perishable commodities, not realizing the fact that he himself has been weighed (10) The horse dashed along as though to hurl them to death, and a mounted policeman with a shout clearing the way, and the horse at full run, attempted to seize those runaway horses to save a calamity, when his own horse fell and rolled over him. He was picked up half dead. Why were our sympathies so stirred Because he was badly hurt and hurt for others But I tell you today of how Christ, the Son of God, on the blood red horse of sacrifice, came for our rescue and rode down the sky and rode unto death for our rescue. Are not your hearts touched? That was a sacrifice for you and me. O Thou who didst ride on the red horse of sacrifice, come and ride through this world on the white horse of victory!

#### MARRIAGES.

MacDONALD-MacDONALD—At the house of Mr. MacDonald, cousin of the groom, 53 Avery street, Dedham, Mass., on May 18th, by the Rev. A. K. MacLennan, B. D., of Boston, Angus MacDonald and Mary Mac-Donald, both of Nova Scotia.

#### DEATHS.

DRATHS.

BA\*\*OUGH—In this city, May 25, Rev. William Eatough, curate of Trinity, fged 37 years.

GRAY—At Apohaqui, May 17th, Shepherd Gray, aged 67 years.

HALLETT—At Sussex, Kings Co., on Thursday, May 25th, James M. Hallett, in the 78th year of his age.

KELLEY—At Somerville, Mass., May 21st, Cathorine A., wife of James A. Kelley and daughter of Patrick and Mary Sherran, 27 years.

McDONALD—In this city, on May 26th, Patrick McDonaid, in his 6ist year, leaving a widow, four sons and two daughters.

MOWREY—In this city, on May 25th, Lydia J. Mowrey, wife of Geo. Mowrey, in the 57th year of her age.

POLLEY—On May 27rd, at the residence of her son-in-law, J. Fred Stely, Rothesay, of pneumonia, Jean Drysdale, aged 72 years, relict of the late Robert Polley, Esq., and third daughter of the late Wm. Coulter, Esq., M. D., Charlotte county, N. B.

PHEASANT—In this city, on May 22nd, George Otis, aged 28 years, second son of Frederick and Sarah A. Pheasant.

BAY Uses Cld, schs Ida M., Smith, and R. Carson, Sweet, for Boston: Ben Bolt, Stering, Speedwell, Black, and Beulah, Seely, for St. John.

At Newcastle, May 23, bark Mark Twain, Weig, for Ayr.

At Parrsboro, May 23, bark mark Twain, Weig, for Ayr.

At Parrsboro, May 23, barkin Enterprise, Calhoun, for Preston, GB.

Sailed.

Sid, str Damara, Williams, for Liverpool via St Johns, NF.

From Miramichi, May 24, s s Mantinea, Kehoe, for Manchester.

PRESTON, May 22—Ard, str Angers, from Parrsboro, NS, for Manchester.

PRESTON, May 22—Ard, str Tuborg, from Grindstone Islands.

CALAIF, Weig, 10 At Hillsboro, May 22—Ard, str Angers, from Farrsboro, NS, for Manchester.

PRESTON, May 22—Ard, str Angers, from Magdalene Islands.

CALAIF, Weig, 10 At Hillsboro, May 23—Ard, str Angers, from Farrsboro, NS, for Manchester.

PRESTON, Way 23—Ard, str Prince George, from Y\*\*mouth; schs Nellis Blanche and

#### JAMAICA PLEASED.

tion, writes: "Please send us 6 dozen Kumfort Headache Powders, they are the best selling medicines we have in the shop." Sales talk.

HIS AMUSEMENTS LIMITED.

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worry too, by using that permanent wall coating for Alabastine. Wall papers and alsomines serve but a temporary purpose, while Alabastine (never sold in bulk) improves ith age. It cannot decay. It will not rub off or scale and it is absolutely sanitary There are 16 beautiful times (and white). Painters everywhere are using it, but you can use it yourself with a little care, if you can't get at your own painter. Cold water and an ordinary brush is all you need with

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#### SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived.

Arrived.

May 22—Coastwise—Scha Helen M, 62, Hatfield, from River Hebert; str Beaver, 57, Potter, from Canning; schs Dora, 63, Canning, from Parrisboro; Ben Bolt, 90, Sterling, from Quaco; str Flushing, Ingersoll, from Campobello; schs Speedwell, 82, Black, from Quaco; Forest Flower, 26, Ray, from Margaretville.

May 25—S S Pharsalia, 2,281, Smith, from Manchester, Wm Thomson and Co, bal. Sch Prospect, 89, Cameron, from Eastport, J W McAlary, bal.

Sch Bdna (Am), 282, Donovan, from Jonesport, F Tufts, bal.

Sch Uranus, 73, McLean, from Thomaston, J W McAlary, bal.

Sch Abbie Veras, 65, Parker, from Thomaston, J W McAlary, bal.

Sch Lizzie B, 81, Belyea, from Thomaston, Elkin and Hatfield, bal.

Sch Clayola, 123, McDade, from Boston, J W Smith, bal.

Sch E C Gales (Am), 103, Lunn, from Bangor, master, bal.

Coastwise—Schs Vesta Pearl, 40, Perry, from Westport; Hustler, 44, Gesner, from Beaver Harbor; Citizen, 47, Woodworth, from Cheverie; schs New Home, 31, Thibideau, from Belleveau's Cove; Nima Blanche, 30, Crooker, from Freeport; Hizzie G, 78, Gough, from Goose Creek; Beulah Benton, 36, Mitchell, from Belleveau's Cove.

Cleared.

May 23-Bark Cedar Croft, Nobles, for Rosario.
Barkin Albatross, Chalmers, for Clare.
Castle Quay, Ireland.
Sch Lizzle Cochran, Foss, for New York.
Sch Progress, Erb, for Salem 1 o.
Sch Fred Jackson, Weldon, for Vineyard Haven f o.
Sch Jennie C, Barton, for Boston.
Sch Ira D Sturgis, Kerrigan, for New York. Sch Lena Maud, Giggey, for Vineyard Haven f o.

Sch Stephen Bennett, Glass, for New York.
Sch Katie, Hickey, for City Island f o.
Coastwise-Sch Essie C, Reid, for Alma;
str Beaver, Potter, for Canning; schs Susie
N, Merriam for Canning; Druid, Tutts, for
Quaco; Chieftain, Tutts for Point Wolfe;
Beulah, Seely, for Quaco.

May 23—Sch Centennial, Ward, for Vineyard Haven f o. yard Haven f o.
Sch D J Melanson, LeBlanc, for Vineyard
Haven f o.
May 25—Sch Marion, Reicker, for New
York. York.

Sch Romeo, Campbell, for Vineyard Haven.

Sch Maggie J. Chadwick, Wilcox, for City
Island f o.

Sch Annie Harper, Golding, for Boston.

Sch Walter Miller, Barton, for City Island

CANADIAN PORTS. Arrived.

Arrived.

At Point du Chene, May 22, bark Bertha, from Rochefort, France, 42 days.

At Halifax, May 20, barks Prince Patrick (Nor). Evensen, from Mandal, Norway: Castello Dragone (Ital), Schiafiano, from Trapani; barkt Matilda, Buchanan, from New York; sch Osprey (gov cruiser), Knowlton, from eastern coast.

At Quebec, May 21, s s Alcides, McKie, from Glasgow for Montreal.
QUACO, May 22—Ard, schs Ima M, Smith, from Boston: Navettle, Howard, and Ben Bolt, Sterling, from River Hebert; Speedwell, Black, and Benlah, Seely, from Si John.

At Chatham, May 22, barks Ajax, Pedersen, from Arendal; Belfast, Kveindal, from Belfast: Erbin, Nellsen, from Liverpool.

At Sydney, May 23, barkth Eva Lynch, Hatfield, from havre.

At Shediac, May 23, bark Aftenstiernem, Maland, from Haugesand, Norway.

HALIFAX, N S, May 24—Ard, strs Halifax, Pye, from Prince Edward Island, and sailed for Boston: Pro Patria, Henri, from St Fierre, Miq; Louisburg, Gould, from Louisburg, CB.

Cleared.

Arrived.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—Ard, atr Angers, from Parrsboro, NS, for Manchester.

PRESTON, May 22—Ard, atr Tuborg, from Grindstone Island via Scuthport.

EASTPORT, Me, May 23—Ard, sch Mary F. Fike, from Magdalene Islands.

CALAIS, We May 23—Ard, tug Springhill, with barge No 1.

BCSTON vay 23—Ard, str Prince George, from Yarmouth; schs Nellie Blanche and Warrior from St John; Josephine, from Gear River; Valdare, from do; Myra B, from Quaco. KINGSTON, Ja., May 25.—The governor of Jamalca, Sir Augustus W. L. Hemming, has received instructions from the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, to send two delegates from the legislature to Washington, there to meet a delegate from London, for the purpose of conferring with the state desartment on the whole subject of Jamaica's tariff and reciprocity with the United States. This announcement has considerably allayed public anxiety on the subject of the recent tariff trouble.

Ward River, Valdare, from do; Myra B, from Quaco.

At Turk's Island, May 23, sch Viola, Forsyth, from St John-to load for New York.

At Sydney, NSW, May 19, ship William Liver, from Montreal.

LIVERPOOL, May 22—Ard, strs Californian, from Montreal.

LIVERPOOL, May 24—Ard, strs Cephalonia, from Boston; Cuñe, from New York.

At Bermuda, May 23, ser Duart Castle, Sedsmore, from New York.

At Bermuda, May 23, str Duart Castle, Selly from Halitax.

At Shanghai, May 23, bark Semantha, Crowe, from New York.

At Barbados, May 16 (not 43), bark Sunny South, McBride, from Bahia (to load for Quebec and Montreal).

At Deal, May 20, bark Clan McLeod, Porter, from London for New York (and antifer these deals and Montreal).

At Deal, May 20, bark Clan McLeod, Porter, from London for New York (and antifer these deals and Montreal).

From Belfast, May 20, bark Queen of the East, Sorensen, for Dalhousie.
ShilFilds, May 20—Sid, str Roseneath, for Cape Breton.
VALENTIA ISLAND, May 21—Sid, barks Naja, for Fullfax: Valkyrien, for Quebec.
IIVERPOOL, May 21—Sid, barks Erminla, for Souris: 22nd, Elida, for Shediac.
STONINGTON, Conn. May 23—Sid, sch Wendell Burpee, for St John.
NEW HAVEN, Conn. May 23—Sid, sch

Tay, for St John, NB.

NEW LONDON, Conn, May 23-Sld, Sch 1
N Parker, from New York to St John.
Sld, barge N 4, for Parrsboro.

NEW YORK, May 23-Sld, strs Scrvia and Cevic, for Liverpool; scn Sarah Eaton, for Galais. Galais.

SALE: , Ma 23—Sid, schs Three Sisters, for St John: Annine Lawry, for do; Vesta Pearl, for Annapolis.

HYANNIS, May 23—Sid, schs Stella Maud, or St John: Kolon, for Lubec.

Salled from Bass River, sch Eben H King, for Eathert. for Eastport. or Eastport.

Sid, st. Yarmoutl, for Yarmouth, NS; ichs Wm Jones at. R S Graham, for Hillsboro; Dominion, for St Pierre; Frank L P, Keewaydin, Wascano, A Gibson and Temperance Pelle, for St John; Wawbeek, for Hillsboro; E vorris, for Bear River; Hattie P, for Salmon River; Windsor Packet, for Meteghan; Cacrie, for Advocate; B B Hardwick, for Jarnouth; Wandrain, for Shulee; Olivie, for Clemontsport; Silver Wave, for Quace.

CITY ISLAND, May 22 Bound south, back Quace.
CITY ISLAND, May 23—Bound south, bark
Robert Ewing, fr.m Windsor, NS; sch Emeline O Sawyer, from St John, NB.
From Dublin, May 20, Erna, for Miramichi.
From Liverpool, May 21, brig Activ, Olsen, for Cape Tormentine.
SHARPNESS. May 23—Sid, — Amazon, for CARDIFF, May 22—Sld, Silvedene, for Port Medway.

QUEENSTOWN Ma. 24—Sld, str Aurania, from Laverpool for New York.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Arrived. GLOUCESTER, Mass, May 24—Ard, soh B
B Hardwier, from Boston, to load for Yarmouth, NS.

NEW YORK, May 24—Ard, str Phoenicia,
from Hamburg via Halifax.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass, May 24—Ard,
schs Casper, Embree, from Chatham, NB,
for Noank.

At New York, May 23, bark Athena, King,
from Falmouth; brigt Iona, Mosher, from
San Domingo.

At St Pierre, Mart, May 17, bark Culdoon,
Richter, from London.

At Rio Janeiro, April 30, bark Gazelle,
Green, from Pensacola

At Montevideo. April 25, bark Bessie
Markham, Stewart, from Ship Island via
Hayana.

Cleared.

Cleared. Cleared.

At Norfolk, May 22, ship Kings County, Salter, for Rio Janeiro.

At New York, May 22, bark Hillside, Morrell, for Yarmouth, NS; brig Harry Smith, Costa, for Santa Cruz de Las Palmas; schs Evolution, Fitzpatrick, for Albina, Dutch Guiana; Nellie I White. Kerr, for Sackville, NB; Wentworth, Gibson, for Yarmouth.

At Philadelphia, May 20, bark Egeria, for Montevideo; 27rd, bark Baldwin, Wetmore, for Point a Pitre.

At New York, May 22, ship Engelhorn, Lovett, for Yokohama; 23rd, sch B C Borden, Taylor, for Domerara.

Safled

From Fernandina, May 21, bark Glenafton, Mundy, for Port Spain.

At Jacksonville, Fla. May 22, str Pawnee, Ingram, from Boston.

From Cadiz, May 15, sch Helen E Kenney, Morell, for Gaspe: 16th, brig Morning Star, Pritchard, for do.

From Hamburg, May 19, bark Monte Moro, Roncuello, for Halifax

From Mantazas May 17, str Caprivi, Neilsen. for Daiquiri; 18th, sch Anita, Melene, for Pascagoula.

OPORTO, May 19—Sid, bark Vesuvio, for New Brunswick. OPORTO, May 19—Sld, bark Vesuvio, for New Brunswick.

ROTTEL'DAM, May 22—Sld, barks Dilbur, are St John; Stratome, for Sydney, CB.
Sld, str Dora, for Dalhousie, NB, to load for Berrelona.
Sld, strs Cymric, for Liverpool; St Louis, for Southampton.

POSTON, May 24—Sld, bark Mary A Law, for Yarmcuth; schs J B Mertin, for Annapolis; Flash and Union, for St John; Jennie Parker, for Derchester; Vicla May, for Eastport. astport.
Sld, schs Sarah C Smith, Hunter, Bessie

Parker, Erie, Quetay, Lyra, Leonard B, Prudent, Luta Price, Bonnie Doon, Onward, Ruth Robinson, Fraulin, Swanhilda, H M Stanley, Ella H Barnes, Yreka, W H Wat-Stanley, Ella H Barnes, Yreka, W H waters.

From Havana, May 16, str Salamanca, Reynolds, for Cardenas.

From Callao, March 26, ship Senator, Harrison, for Ponta Lobos.

From New York, May 23, bark Hillside, Morrell, for Yarmouth, NS, and River Plate; sch Nellie I White, Kerr, for Sackville, NB. From Buenos Ayres, April 27, Ark Northern Empire, Ellis, for New York; 28th, bark Auriga, Johns, for Brunswick; 29th, bark Lizzle Curry, Porter, for Hantsport.

From Rio Janeiro, April 20, barks Argentina, McQuarrie, for Barbados; 28th, Arizona, Foote, for Ship Island (before reported for Baltimore—since spoken).

MEMORANDA.

Passed down at Reedy Island, May 21, sch Abbie and Eva Hooper, Foster from Phila-delphia for Boston. Sailed from Holyhead, May 20, ship Blythe-wood, Dixon (from Liverpool), for Portland, Passed Cape Race, NF, may 21, str Mendere, Slawenwaite, from Rio Janeiro for England; London City, Paterson, from St John and Halifax, for London.

In port at Rosario, April 1, bark Belvidere, Slawentwaite, from Rio Janeiro for Santos (thence for Montreal to load for Rosario.)

In port at Ric Janeiro, April 30, barks Robert S Besnard, Andrews, for Ship Island; Birnam Wood, Morris, from Pascagoula.

Bark Golden Rod, from Pensacola for Rodario, May 18, lat 24.30, lon 80.3%.

Bark Hanna (Nor), Dahl, from Liverpool for Bay Verte, May 13, lat 46, lon 34.

Str Storm King, Crosby, from Baltimore for Antwerp, May 18, lat 44.32, lon 41.20.

Ship Harvest Queen, from Molibe for Belfast, May 19, lat 44.04, lon 41.22.

Bark Arizona, from Rio Janeiro for Baltimore or Ship Island, May 12, lat 0.10 S, lon 44.22 W.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. SANDY HOOK, May 21—Buoy light E.7, in edney's Channel, is not burning tonight



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