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## FIE 3

## A D D R ESS

## DELIVERED BY

## JOITN MACAULAY, ESQ.


 VEY OF THE COUNTRE BETWEEN LUUGIIBOROUGHIAKE ANT THE TOWN, AND AISO BFTWEFK THE TOWK

-Y OF ESTABLISILING WATER PRIVILEGES
AT KINGsTUN゙."

NDGGNON, U. C.

FRIVTED AT TIE OFFICE OF TIF BRITISII WIIG.
1834.
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## PUBLIC MEETING.

AT a meeting of the Inhabitants of Kingston, held this day at the Court House, agreeably to public notice, to "consider the expedicuey of ascertaining by a survey of the conntry between Loughborough Lake and the town, and also between the town and the Rilleau Canal, the practieability of establishing water privileges at Kingston," John Macanlay, Esq., was called to the Chair, and G. W. Yarker was appointed Secretary.

An addess was then delivered by the Chairman, after which, the following resolutions wero proposed by 'Thos. Kirkpatick, Esq., and sererally seconded by dilierent gentlemen.

1. Resolved-That the prosperity of Kingstea would be much enhance! hy the introduction of Water Power into the town or its vicinity. Curied.
2. Re:olcet--'Vat two methods ofaceomplishing this object present themselves the ore, hy rasing the waters of the Cataraqui River above llm biflev by a Dim ; the other, by cutuing a small cama! to binu the -pate water liom the Rideau Canal above Fingstom mills in the town, or by extending the same so Loughboromah Latse it nerewary. Carict.
3. Resolred-That in wider to aseertain the practicability of the above plans, and the probsble expense therent; a sumey of the combtry adjobing the mon and camal be made by a competent Engineer, to be moployed for that purpose, and estimates of the proponed espense be mate.
4. liesolochl-alina a subrription be entered into, forthwith, to defray expenses, SN. Sc.
5. Resolech--That the indermentioned Gentlemen be a Committee, to employ an Engineor, and to collect subscrip.
ions; and that they be requested to report their proceedings as soon as practicable, to a public meeting to be eadled for that purpose.
John Macaulay, Esq., Mr. Thornas Smitr,

John Marks, Escy., 'Thos. Kırkpatrick, Esq., A. Manahan, Esq., Mr. Wm. Garratt; Doctor Samson,
" John Counter,
" James Nickalls, Jun'r.
Walter Maconitle, Firf.,
G. W. Yirker,

Doctor Barker.
6. Resolred--Clat the proceedings of this mecting be pub, lished in the Town Newspapers.

The thanks of the mecting were then voted to the Chairman and the meeting separated.

G. W. YARKER.

Sourctery.
Kingston, December $9,1801$.
At a meeting of the Committee, held the same day, it was resolved, that 200 copies of the Address debivered by the Chairman, be published.

EDWARD J. I:ARKER, M. D.,
Sicritary ADDRESS.
"The project of creating manufacturing power in this Town has long conged my attention. I have intended for some time past to draw up a brief exposition of my views on this subject, and hay it before my fellow-townsmen, when it was most likely to be farombly considered. A fir opportunity of submitting it to their notice appears to me to have now arrived; but 1 have had only time to throw together a few thoughts in an imperfect and hasty manner.

The prosperity of inland towns must generally depend on one or both of these two grand sources; viz: First, a circumjacent country of some extent and fertility. Secondly, Manufacturing facilities.-To these are incidentally added other advan-
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ages of importance, such as metropolitan expenditures, Naval or Military establishments, transhipment of produce and merchandize, de. 'The latter, however, are all subordinate to the two sources first indicated; and of these two, I feel inclined to give a preference to manufacturaizg fachirties---! which phase I mean to imply, the possesstion of what is ustaily denominated in this country, watei-power, and in the United states, watmermivineges, combined with a location faroiable to their developement, and successful use.

A town solyy deponding on the ipude of a definite extent of reh and well thed country som rablos a certain point in the roat to peospenty at which it mary long continue almost stationary.

On the mhe: han!, a town, enjoying mamacturng factites laows no limits to its progress in a hourishing trade, but wach as may be puesmibed by the extent of its capital, itsmoductive energy, and its commercial cntompige.

Now the thin: of Kingston, although not situated in a maren desert, nor rerging (as some of oti desponding, souls would insinuate) to the mournful desolation of the ruined ${ }^{2}$ almyra, or the deserted Baalbec, camnot be said to possess the advantage of a very cxtensive tract of fertile and well cultivated land in its immediate vicinage, of which it is the sole mart. The Country once dependent on it reach.
ed within my recollection, from the Gananoque to the Trent. At present the wealthy and thriving farmers of the Bay of Quinte find their smiling and luxuriant country studded with rising villages, and are enabled to exchange the produce of their lields for merchandise almost at their own doors. Few of them, (comparatively speaking) now feel it requisite to resort to Kingston, notwithstanding the extraordinary facilities of loco-motion, which the introduction of the steam engine has afforded to the navigation of the Bay of Quinte; and the trade of the town has been thus circumscribed and restricted to a namow space. 'The slow progress of settlement in the rear of Kingston has been owing no less to the aspect of the country, which is in many parts rough and unimiting, than to the superior attractions of some sections in the Western Districts, to which the annual swarms of British emigrants direct their unswerving course. Nevertheless, there is much more good land in the interior parts of the County of Frontenac, than it has been generally asserted there was, and it would speedily be occupied by industrious settlers, if a proper highway were once opened in a direct north westerly direction from Kingston, some forty or fifty miles into the interior. The benefits to be derived from this measure, which I shall not here dwell upon, would be desirable so far as they would go; but they would necessarily be limit-
he Gant the Bay of xuriant cs, and luce of at their arativeto rethe ex, which ine has Bay of wn has cted to ress of on has of the gh and actions istricts, British course. e good unty of ally asdily be a prodirect ngston, nterior. is meaupon, would e limit-
ed, and even when united to the other advantages which this town either now does or may derive from Military expenditures, and a fair portion of the forwarding business, would scarcely enable it to sustain its present rank in the scale of Provincial Towns.-Something more seems requi-site-and that-[ humbly conceive to be the acgulisition of water-powsa, sufficient for milling and other manulacturing processes. The question then, naturally presents itself-how is such water-power to be attained?

I have ever lamented that the first Lock of the RXideau Cana! was not placed at Kingsion, or rather at Green Bay below Barriefiell, instead of at Kingston Mills where it is now to be found. An ample mole or dyke, answering both for a dam and bridge might have been easily raised either on the site of the Cataragui Bridge, or (which I think better) at Bell's Island, extending on one side to Mr. Maclean's farm and on the other to that of Mr. Marks. By this means, all the marsh to the eastward would have been converted into a lake with a fall of 10 oi 12 feet water, supplying an unfailing manufacturing power at both extremities of the dam, without trenching in any respect upon the rights of the occupants of the Kingston Mill Reserve.

When the Commissioners for improving the Internal Navigation of the Province frrst reported on the Rideau Canal, our views were directed to the general results
of our surver and the effect of the improvements that were recommended on
ori Provincial interests.-Merely local objects wore not at that moment adrerted to, and as we did not then anticipate so splendid a work as that for which we are indelted to the munificent policy of the Imperial Govermment, we restricted our plans to the scale that appeared the most economical, and the most suitable to the limited resources of Epper Canada.-Nevertheless I take great blame to mysel! for being then so mmindful of the advantages that might have been secured to this 'Town, if the construction of the first bock had been recommended by the Commiswioners to be undertaken at Green Bay. There can be no doubt that such a recommendation would have been listened to, for it wat in consequence of the sur. veys exeruted by the Board of Intermal Navgration that his Majesty's Govemment was induced in the first place to offer our Legislature a loan of money in aid of the enterprise, and finally to undertake it themselves and construct the Canal, at the sole cxnense of the British nation. The incalculable henefits that would have accrued to this Town from the remoral of part of the Kingston Mill Falls to the heart of the town itself, did not, unfortunately, occur to me, until it was too late for the representations of our Board to be of any arail. The Royal Engincers altered a little the course of the Canal as
imon oberted e so are the our most o the la.lysell lvancd 10 e first the sreéa fuch a tiener e sur. termal mment er our of the themat the The e acral of to the ifortuo late I to be exs alal as
originally laid down, and by consincting all the Locks at the mamal Falls have rendered the project of dammen har River and creating attinciat caths at is :1"s Island impracticable, with my mens which we can cerer hope to commant.

Regres are mavathe. it momen to be seen whether any other prats beating water-power rat be dens at Jy impression is that the object is will ho means dillicilt of attanmant. 'mondes of seeding it offor themsen: in ensideration.

1. A cut from the leve of andem Canal at the head of the sum lock.
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2. A cut from the stoma
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from the Great Loughte rome' ....
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Lake, and thos feeds the west mbanch
of the Ganmoque River. 'he oher,
which is the main outlet, is father to the
east, and foms, with the water of Dog
Lake (the level of which is 100 bet below
that of Loughborough Lake, the stream,
which has been designated the Great

River Cataraqut. Just at tine head of this outlet stands Ansley's Mill. Loughborough Lake alone can in my opinion, furnish a supply of water quite ample for all our proposed hydraulic works at Kingston. According to the surveys of the Board of Intermal navigation, it lies $\mathbf{1 7 7}$ feet above the surface of this harbor.How far below Ansley's Mill it may be practicable o: adiantareous to commence the cui, I am mathe to guess. Probably the exireme length of the work would not exceed 12 miles. If no convenient point of depariure from he stream should present itselt matil we reached its junction with the stream issuing firm Dog Lake, (which in a : ery deep basin) we should then tap the great sheet of water meriting the appethaion of an atificial Lake, which extend:; on the line of the Ridean Canal from Bewers upper mill to Jones' Rapids. I rmathable leature in the country lyman and kingson is that the prevailing direction of the Lahes, lstands, ridges, and valleys is nork casterly and south westert. The great point to be obsermed therefore, in onder to save expense in the erecution of the projected work, will he to follow the course of some leading rides, as lar as pacticable, and gain the tathe tands in the vicinity of the Town vihh the least possible amount of excataion and embankment. The fact bere adrevicd to renders it unnecessary to say any thing on the feasibility of ma-
he head of Loughy opinion, ample for is at Kingeys of the it lies 177 hatbor.it may be ommence Probably would not ient point hould prejunction Jog Lake, re should i. meriing ke, which ean Canal nes' Rathe counthe preSlands, lerly and int to be save exnojected of some be, and $y$ of the mount of The fact ecessary of ma-
king a cut from the western extremity of Loughborough Lake, or from Collins' Lake, or the other small Lakes, which lie in its neighborbood. With regard to Collins' Lake, it is to be remarked, that its waters are already appropriated, and (even were it desirable) coald not be diverted towards the town.

To return to the proposed cut from the Kingston Mill pond; I would observe that the extreme length of the work would not exceed six miles, and I am not aware of any reason for its being very expensive. Its dimensions, if sufficient for the passage of loaded barges and scows, would introduce to the cown an abundiant supply of water, and at the same time afford a commodious navigable communcation with the eastern part of Loughborough and the rear concessions of Pittshurgh, which are now for half the year almost inaccessible, in consequence of the bad state of the roads. I am in doubt whether the level of the mill-pond could be brought to the table-land behind the town. The level of the water in the mill-pond was formerly 27 feet above that of Lake Ontario. It is now of course considerably higher, in consequence of the great embankment constructed by the Royal Engineers. Should it be impracticable to carry the level over the intermediate space, locks which need not be expensive may be made at suitable places, and the use of the water sold for as much money as would de-
fray the expense of the locks, and on condition that the water, after being used, should be re-conducted into the canal. There would still remain on the table land behind the town, a level at least 25 feet higher than the level of the harbor, affording unlimited power for manufacturing purposes. I do not anticipate ayy son oi difficulty in agrecing with the Government for a supply of water from the Ridean Canal, which will never run shont of it, if common care be observed, on the sotrhens side of the summit lew. A tithe of the water which runs for the waste wars of the Crambery fatu level would do mo: than answer our wath.

On the infinite importance of thes project to out good Town of Kingston i need not dwed. It is mot my purpose to discuss the mode of mising capital for its ex-ecution-ihat subject may be reseryed for another oecasion-at pesent it will sutfice, if we take chlicient measures for wetting a survey and report, with plans and estimates from a competent Enginoe:and to do this, a fimd must in the inrst place be prosided. I shall greatly em in my expectations, if the publie spint of my fellow-townmen desert them on the prisent ocension.



