

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

VOLUME 1, No. 110.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1914.

PRICE:—1 CENT.

BRACE OF LIVE NEWS ITEMS FROM ACROSS THE ATLANTIC

Great Britain Won't Exhibit

London, May 26.—The British Government, acting contrary to the hopes held out by Premier Asquith to a recent deputation, has finally decided not to participate in the Panama Pacific Exposition at San Francisco.

Pope Creates 13 Cardinals

Rome, May 26.—At a consistory held in the Vatican this morning Pope Pius created thirteen cardinals, among them being Monsignor Louis Nazaire Begin, Archbishop of Quebec.

DASTARDLY MURDERER CONFESSES

Young Pole, Owns up to Having Taken Life of a Little Girl.

NOSEWORTHY, ARRESTED AS A SUSPECT, IS FREE.

Residents of Sydney and Birch Grove Stirred up Over Brutal Crime.

Gustav Brauer, confessed murderer of six year old Elizabeth Koziol, has been committed by Stipendiary A. B. McGillivray, to stand trial at the June term of the Supreme Court, sitting here on the last Tuesday of the month.

Brauer acknowledged his signature to the confession dictated to special agent D. A. Noble, head of the police organization of the Dominion Coal Company, at Birch Grove, the scene of the brutal crime. He also acknowledged giving the confession, but made no further statement.

The courtroom was crowded with eager spectators but no trouble of any kind was evidenced. The feeling which ran so high has apparently cooled down at Glace Bay, although it is higher than ever at Birch Grove.

Doesn't Understand

The man apparently does not realize the awfulness of the crime to which he has confessed. He is cool and collected, showing no signs of fear of punishment or no sorrow for the dastardly deed. The general opinion is that the man is a lunatic. This the officers who have been in charge of him deny. They say, that as far as they can judge the prisoner is perfectly sane and certainly has shown no signs of being demented.

Allan Noseworthy, a Newfoundland, who was arrested on suspicion was released this morning a very much relieved man. He was charged with trespassing on the company's railway, a purely technical charge, and allowed to go with a warning.

Residents Maddened

Owing to the revolting nature of the crime, the residents of the colliery district are in a dangerous mood. Threats of "lynching" were heard from more than one person, when the man was taken to jail yesterday, as the team containing the murderer, Mr. Noble, and his officers were recognized by the people on the street of Glace Bay a rush was immediately made for the jail. Hundreds crowded around the yard and even forced their way into the jail itself. One man shouted "Lynch him," and others took up the cry. The officers were too quick for these people, however, and had their man behind the bars before any rush could be made to get him. All night the yard of the jail was crowded by men anxious to get a glimpse of the prisoner.

Bitter Feeling at Birch Grove

At Birch Grove, the feeling is even higher. Every man available in the district was out searching for the murderer.

The father of the murdered girl roamed all through the woods Monday night and all day yesterday, searching for the murderer of his daughter. Armed with a shot gun he was bent on vengeance, and had he found the man he was after, short shrift would have been given for repentance of the awful crime. The father is half crazed, while the unfortunate girl's mother is completely prostrated.—Sydney Post.

A man named Williams, of McFarlane Street, was injured on the Trinitia to-day. He was attended by Dr. Paterson.

ALASKAN CITY DAMAGED BY ICE

Circle City Was Almost Wiped Out in Flood Caused by Breakup of Ice in the Yukon River.—Big Cakes of Ice Knocked Over Many Buildings.—Loss is \$25,000.

Seattle, Wash., May 23.—A cablegram from Fairbanks, Alaska, says: "Reports from Circle City say the flood caused by the breakup of ice on the Yukon river was the worst in the history of the camp. The town was almost wiped out, all stores, government buildings and dwellings near the waterfront being damaged by the ice. Five feet of water around the wireless tower at the back of the town undermined the foundations, and there is a danger that it will collapse. "The Indian village is entirely under water and ice. No casualties have been reported from any of the camps along the Yukon. "The loss is estimated at \$25,000. The flood caused by an ice jam, came so suddenly that it gave the people no time to remove their personal property to the hills."

SAY WIRELESS MAY BE CAUSE OF EXPLOSIONS

French Press Claim That Wireless Electric Waves Are Extremely Dangerous

MAY IGNITE GASOLENE OR SET OFF EXPLOSIVES

British Admiralty Succeeded in Blowing Up a Hulk By This Means

Paris, May 22.—Despite the experiments, described by recent despatches from London, performed by the Marconi Company, showing the impossibility of wireless currents causing such fires, or even the ignition of gas oil vapor, the French press continues to publish alarming reports of the danger from Hertzian waves.

Such stories are of three categories first, regarding the disastrous powder magazine explosions, as, for instance, on the battleship Iena, when Cabart Denneville, a member of the Senatorial commission of inquiry, received testimony from Haudin, a harbor electrical workman, that the apparatus under his charge had been damaged by wireless messages from the fleet a little while before the explosion, the inference being that the Iena has been similarly affected; second, the coal mine explosions, which, as suggested in a recent article in L'Illustration, invariably occur at the contact point of two sets of wireless waves, the inference being that an explosion is thus caused; thirdly, the reports of explosions artificially produced on board ships an instance of which is offered by an article in the French weekly LaNature, of February, 1914, in which Frank Duroquier described the successful blowing up of a useless hulk by the British Admiralty by the means of Hertzian vibrations.

Twenty-Five Miners Killed

Mexico City, May 26.—While a heavy piece of machinery was being lowered into the shaft of Santa Gertrude mine, it fell, killing 25 miners who were working below.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

TEXT OF JUDGE KNIGHT'S REPORT ON MAGISTERIAL INVESTIGATION INTO "NEWFOUNDLAND" DISASTER

Document Was Handed In To The Minister of Justice On May 16th.

COLOURLESS, INCONCLUSIVE AND OF NO PRACTICAL VALUE

Makes Little Or No Attempt to Place Responsibility For The Disaster

JUDGE KNIGHT'S Report, which we publish herewith was handed out from the Colonial Secretary's Department yesterday.

It is dated May 16 and is addressed to Hon. R. A. Squires as Minister of Justice.

The Report Sir,—Pursuant to your instructions I have held a Magisterial Enquiry into the loss of life at the sealfishery from amongst the crew of the S.S. "Newfoundland."

The enquiry as you are aware had primarily as its object the collection and selection of such evidence as may point to criminal liability on the part of any person or persons whose position made them responsible for the safety of such men of the crew as died and it is with that aspect of the matter in view, and that solely, that I deem it advisable I should for your convenience and assistance review the testimony of aident matter which may be of value to aid you for such further proceedings as may be required by law.

The S.S. "Newfoundland" was commanded by Captain Westbury Kean and carried a crew of 189 men. Her Navigating Officer was Capt. Charles W. Green, who holds a Master's Certificate, and the Second Hand was Mr. George Tuff.

Date of the Tragedy The loss of life occurred on the night of Tuesday the 31st. of March and the two following days. The number of men who survived the storm and who were subsequently rescued was forty-eight men, but of these, one John Keels, of Bonavista, died at the General Hospital in St. John's as a result of his injuries.

The crew of the S.S. "Newfoundland" numbering about 160 or 170 men left their ship under the command of the Second Hand George Tuff at about 7 a.m. on the morning of Tuesday the 31st. of March, to walk to the S. S. "Stephano."

The morning was fairly fine and certainly at that hour I do not think either Barometrical indications or personal observation led to the belief that any danger existed in the undertaking to go in the direction, which the men went, of the S.S. "Stephano," which was working at a distance varying in the testimony of witnesses from five to eight miles to the N.W. or N.N.W.

The wind at 7 a.m. was S.E.

Took Them Four Hours The time occupied in the tramp to the S.S. "Stephano" was about four and one half hours.

Of the number of men who set out upon the tramp about thirty-four turned back at 9.30 or 10 o'clock, and reached the "Newfoundland" again at about 1.30 o'clock.

Whilst many of these men in their testimony assert they turned back because of bad weather indications, still having regard to the fact that they had no knowledge that a signal had been exchanged between the "Stephano" and "Newfoundland" to the effect that the former was working in seals on the previous evening, believing they were only out looking for seals, and finding none, they being probably some distance in the rear of the forward men, became disheartened, and so believing very little if anything was to be gained by prolonging their march, these matters operating in the minds influenced them also in their decision to go back.

The remainder of the crew numbering about 136 men reached the "Stephano" at about 11.30 a.m.

After the "Mug Up" Having been given a "mug up" on board they left the ship at approximately noon to go in search of a

patch of seals of which information had been given to the second hand George Tuff, by Capt. Abram Kean, Master of the S.S. "Stephano."

It was at this time snowing, with the wind about S. E. and the barometer falling.

I direct your attention here to the log of the S.S. "Stephano" as to the working of the barometer given on page 1 of the evidence of William J. Martin, Navigating Officer on the S.S. "Stephano," who kept the log.

I also refer you to the log of the S.S. "Newfoundland," kept by Capt. C. W. Green, and quoted on page 1 and page 3 of his evidence, as to the reading of the barometer on board that ship for the same date.

Legal Relationship And here I may dwell for a moment upon what seems to me to be the legal relationship of the parties upon whom responsibility may seem to rest for the protection and safety of the men of the "Newfoundland" who perished in the storm. Captain Westbury Kean delegated, and in the interest of the voyage properly so, his command of the crew on the morning of the 31st. of March, to the Second Hand George Tuff, who had voluntarily undertaken to assume it, and who became leader of the men in their tramp over the ice and their subsequent work.

Captain Abram Kean was Master of the S.S. "Stephano," the crew of which was on the ice working at seals some miles to the N.W. or N.N.W.

He did not control the crew of the "Newfoundland." But I wish to observe that it is recognized upon the high seas that where danger exists either to life or property, ships in the vicinity or within call must render such aid as is within their power, having regard to their own safety and that of their men.

The legal aspect of the situation therefore seems to me to be that Captain Westbury Kean delegated his authority as Master to Second Hand George Tuff, a man in whom no doubt he had reason to impose confidence and responsibility.

George Tuff as Second Hand became responsible for the movements of the men thereafter.

Not Responsible Captain Abram Kean assumed no legal responsibility respecting these men, beyond that imposed upon him by the obligation I have already mentioned.

Captain Westbury Kean testifies that he expected his men would have boarded some ship and not have attempted to return on the evening of the 31st. of the "Newfoundland."

This state of mind he communicated to Second Hand Tuff, remarking to him in the barrel before he left: "Now George, in case you get in the seals and are panning for any length of time, you reckon on the "Stephano" for the night."

Now, I must draw your attention to the time when the men left the S.S. "Stephano."

The preponderance of evidence is to the effect that it was snowing and the wind increasing at the time. The wind being S. E., was a dirty weather wind, but not necessarily a cold wind.

When about to leave the "Stephano" Captain Abram Kean and Second Hand Tuff, according to the captain's evidence, exchanged opinions as to the weather prospects, and both agreed that although it looked dirty still it was likely to be mild.

In that opinion both erred.

Subsequent Events Thereafter the "Stephano" went about the work of picking up her pans and subsequently picking up some of the "Florizel's" men, who were at work in her vicinity, and the latter ship in accordance with exchange of Marconigrams picked up some of the "Stephano's" crew who were near her.

The weight of evidence I incline to think shows that the "Stephano" had put the "Newfoundland's" crew on the ice at a point somewhat nearer their own ship than where she had picked them up; but I must refer you to the fact that there is considerable conflict of testimony as to whether the "Stephano" had not steamed with the

Deals In Very Gentle Fashion With The Two Keans and With George Tuff

BUT IS VERY HARD ON A WIRELESS OPERATOR

Although It Does Not Charge Him As Being By Any Means a Responsible Party

Although It Does Not Charge Him As Being By Any Means a Responsible Party

Have to Travel Away It was in the mind of second hand Tuff, and must have been known to Captain Abram Kean, that as the seals lay to the S. W. of where the men left the "Stephano," the men would have to travel away from the "Newfoundland's" position; and whilst the distance in the mind of George Tuff was two miles, yet to Captain Abram Kean it was not so far.

The first seals, were reached in about half an hour, and two or three hundred yards further on more seals were found. It is safe therefore to conclude the distance as second hand Tuff says was not more than a mile.

According to the evidence of Thos. Dawson, a Master of Watch, it took them about an hour and a half upon their return to reach the path they had travelled in the morning, but Second Hand Tuff says about an hour.

Both witnesses were speaking from their judgment of time.

The Famous Chart I now draw your attention to the plan marked "A.K.I." put in under the evidence of Captain Abram Kean. The part marked "Spot of Seals" to be consistent with the evidence should be placed over to say about W.S.W. of the X indicating the place where the "Newfoundland's" crew were dropped, and about an inch away from the X. Then if as Master of Watch Thos. Dawson swears the men came out on the path near the flag marked "Stephano's" flag they must have only been a mile and a half from their steamer, but as the plan was prepared evidently merely to give an idea of the positions, I have treated it as not absolutely correct in its detail, and the position of that "Flag" in the plan, I believe should have been shown further up to the Northward. But even with that alteration it will be found that the men, when they did get in the path, were not a very great distance from their own ship, and did hear her whistle.

When Whistle Blew Captain Green's evidence is—see page 5 thereof—to the effect that the whistle of the "Newfoundland" was kept blowing up to 1.30 p.m. on Tuesday, particularly in the interest of the men who were seen returning to the ship, being those men whom I have referred to as those who turned back, but thereafter it was not blown until between 5 o'clock and 5.30, and then at the instance of the Bosun who said there might be somebody out, to Captain Westbury Kean, but both Green concluded he referred to men who may have turned back early in the day. The whistle was not blown after 5.30 o'clock.

I feel it my duty to call your attention to the evidence of Captain Abram Kean where he claims he was mis-informed by his harrelman Yetman—and the harrelman himself confirms it—as to the time the crew of the "Newfoundland" left her.

Misapprehension Yetman reported to Captain Abram Kean their leaving at about nine o'clock in words that conveyed the idea that they were just then leaving, whereas in fact the men had already at that time been travelling since seven o'clock.

Captain Abram Kean apparently relied on this information and in that lies the solution of his conduct subsequent to leaving the "Newfoundland's" men on the ice.

I refer you to page 6 of his evidence upon that point. You will observe by reference to that part of his evidence the reason for his conclusion that the "Newfoundland's" men had not travelled towards his ship but

(Continued on page 8)

TRAGEDIES OF AIR AND SEA SNUFF OUT MANY HUMAN LIVES

Aviator Given Up As Dead

London, May 26.—All hope of finding Gus Hamel, the famous aviator, is abandoned. It is regarded as certain he perished in his flight from the French coast, Saturday night, either being blown into the North Sea after losing his way in the mist, or through mishap to his machine.

Still Another Marine Tragedy

Charlottetown, May 26.—An unknown schooner sank in the Northumberland Straits last night, apparently of about forty tons. A body washed ashore this morning was of a man about 60 years old. Up to the present the body has not been identified.

MEXICANS ACT LIKE FIENDS

Refugees, Arriving at Mobile, Ala., U.S.A., From Mexico Relate Story of Almost Unbelievable Torture to Which a German Engineer and His Wife Were Put.

On board the steamer Yitiranga, which arrived at Mobile, Ala., last week, was two Americans who escaped from Vera Cruz, Mexico. One of them said that a German mining engineer and his wife, who were captured by the Zapatistas at a place in Pabasco, were tied to stakes about ten feet apart and kept in the boiling sun, for several hours until the captors were ready for the torture.

Ready for the sacrifice as they call it, the Zapatistas began with the man, cutting his ears off; then they treated the woman in the same manner. The woman became unconscious and then the torturers, according to the story of the refugees, turned their attention to the man. They cut off first his fingers, one at a time, and finally cut the skin from his body in stripes. The victims of the tortures were finally put to death, according to the account of the refugees, as was his wife.

Regarding the situation, A. L. Fisher said: "Two years ago that country would have been easy for the American Army, but now it is different and we would have more trouble than most people think. The Mexicans have the mountains defended with battery and machine guns, and it would be a slaughter of the troops to send them in."

Valuable Find Of Fox Cubs

Two Residents of North Sydney Luckily Happen Upon a Litter of Young.

A valuable find of fox pups last week was made by Messrs. George and Harry Carmichael, of Upper North Sydney, in the woods at George's River, says the North Sydney Herald. For some time past the Messrs. Carmichael had evidence of the presence of foxes at George's River, and finally came upon a nest in the hollow of an old fallen tree. Unfortunately the mother fox was absent when the hunter came upon the prize, but they have every reason to believe that she will fall into their hands. Capturing the cunning youngsters was no easy matter, for when the old tree was cut open the youngsters would lie themselves several feet further away in the tree, and it was not until practically all of the tree was chopped over they succeeded in landing the four pups.

Two of the latter are black, a fact which make the find a valuable one. The foxes are about a month old, and are doing nicely in their new home.

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(Continued on page 8)

ULSTER PEOPLE STILL KEEPING "KING'S PEACE"

Cable Says That Things Are as Quiet In Province As At a Mothers' Sewing Class

AUTHORITIES ARE KEEPING CAREFUL WATCH ON EVENTS

No Demonstrations in Ulster, But South Ireland Celebrating In Good Style.

London, May 27.—The passage of the Home Rule Bill has not yet led to the breaking of a single head in Ireland.

The predictions made by certain Unionists that its final adoption by the House of Commons would be followed by a fierce outburst in Ulster and sanguinary conflicts between Orangemen and Nationalists have proved to be untrue.

Quiet and Orderly Up to the present Belfast is as quiet and as well ordered as a sewing meeting, is the admission of one of the Unionist newspapers. The authorities, civil and military, are said to be keeping a careful watch and trains are held at stations with steam up in readiness to rush troops or armed police to wherever they might be needed to suppress riots, which nearly everybody thought were bound to occur, but so far the only conflicts have been verbal ones.

Meanwhile many Unionists declare that it is only the calm which presages a fierce storm and that failing to defeat the Government at a general election civil war looms ahead, not as a contingency, but as a certainty.

Lots of Congratulations Redmond is being inundated with telegrams of congratulations from all parts of the world on the passage of the Home Rule Bill.

There were no bonfires by the celebrating minority in Ulster, but in South Ireland there were numerous torchlight processions, and the only disorder reported was at Millstreet County Cork, where some laborers are under arrest on charges of shooting.

The Freeman's Journal, Redmond's organ, in an editorial says that the feelings that will be stirred throughout the Irish world by the great event, will not be sentiments of vulgar triumph in a petty political conflict, but the generous sentiments of an ancient nation to which has come a second spring and a second birth of a liberation won by moral force.

"The Ulster Leader" has challenged us to win Ulster; we shall and will, and the Irish must begin to-day. They will begin by showing that the cause whose victory they celebrate is no party cause, that it is Ireland,—all Ireland,—that has come into her own; that the day it won will yet be blessed by Orange as well as Green."

GERMAN STUDENTS SUICIDE.

Berlin, May 20.—The recent examinations at the German schools were again, as each year, accompanied with numerous instances of boys killing themselves, either through fear that they would not pass or because of mortification at failure.

WEATHER REPORT.

Toronto (noon)—Fresh S. W. to W. winds, a few scattered showers to-day, but mostly fair. Thursday, fair.

New Steamer For N.F. Trade

Larder Brothers' steamer, Amphitrite, which has had a varied career as a wrecking steamer and coastal boat, leaves Halifax shortly to enter upon a charter in Newfoundland waters. Recently she has been undergoing a number of improvements, among them being a new pilot's house besides a general overhauling. She is intended for the coasting trade in Newfoundland.

The ship is under charter to J. A. Farquhar & Co.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

The S.S. Prospero

Will leave the Wharf of
The Newfoundland Produce Co.

FRIDAY, the 29th of May, at 10 a.m.

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|------------------|-------------------|
| Bayde-Verde | Pilley's Island |
| Old Perican | Little Bay Island |
| Trinity | Little Bay |
| Catalina | Nipper's Harbor |
| Bonavista | Tilt Cove |
| King's Cove | LaScie |
| Greenspond | Pacquet |
| Pool's Island | Baie Verte |
| Wesleyville | Coachman's Cove |
| Seldom-Come-By | Seal Cove |
| Fogo | Bear Cove |
| Change Islands | Western Cove |
| Herring Neck | Jackson's Arm |
| Twillingate | Harbor Deep |
| Moreton's Harbor | Englee |
| Exploits | Conche |
| Fortune Harbor | St. Anthony |
| Leading Tickle | Griquet |

ICE PERMITTING.

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Telephone 306.

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We have the following sizes in stock now:

30 ran 2 1/4	35 ran 2 1/4	40 ran 2 1/4	45 ran 2 1/4
30 ran 2 3/8	35 ran 2 3/8	40 ran 2 3/8	45 ran 2 3/8
30 ran 2 1/2	35 ran 2 1/2	40 ran 2 1/2	45 ran 2 1/2
	35 ran 2 3/4	40 ran 2 3/4	45 ran 2 3/4

Prices are the Lowest in the City

Robt. Templeton

Cow Boy Condensed Milk
Lily Brand Safety Matches
Manderson's Pickles

"EVERY DAY" BRAND EVAPORATED MILK
These are all good trade bringers WRITE US FOR PRICES.

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We offer at a reasonable figure:

- 500 Cases 24 1's Cooked Corned Beef
- 450 " 12 2's Cooked Corned Beef
- 650 " 24 1's Roast Beef
- 250 " 12 2's Roast Beef

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was

Secured Before the Advance.
HEARN & COMPANY

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT OF THIS COUNTRY COSTS; THE ESTIMATES, 1914-15

CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

A—Estimate of Expenditure for which Votes of the Legislature are

Required.	Government House.
Department of	\$ 2,760.00
Prime Minister	1,400.00
Colonial Secretary	8,650.00
Justice	3,000.00
Finance	3,500.00
Agriculture and Mines	12,980.00
Marine and Fisheries	13,813.33
Public Works	11,300.00
Auditor General	3,050.00
Government Engineer	5,063.67
Contingencies (ordinary) as detailed	108,211.67
Public Works, for public buildings (as detailed)	62,030.00
	\$235,758.33

Expenditure Authorized by Statute.

The salary of the	\$12,500.00
Governor	2,000.00
Colonial Secretary	2,000.00
Minister of Justice	2,000.00
Minister of Finance	2,000.00
Min. of Agricul. & Mines	2,000.00
Min. of Public Works	2,000.00
Members (4) of the Board of Works at \$150.	600.00
Auditor General	2,000.00
Postmaster General	2,000.00
	\$29,100.00

(a) Government House.

Governor's Private Secretary	\$ 900.00
Governor's Orderlies (one at \$360, one at \$400)	760.00
Keeper Government House	400.00
Grounds	400.00
Clerk	700.00
	\$1,400.00

(b) Department of Prime Minister.

Secretary	\$ 700.00
Clerk and Typist	400.00
Messenger	300.00
	\$1,400.00

(c) Department of Colonial Secretary.

Deputy Head	\$1,500.00
First Clerk	1,100.00
Second Clerk	850.00
Third Clerk	500.00
Stenographer and Typist	400.00
Assist. Stenographer & Typist	400.00
Messenger	430.00
Assistant Messenger	300.00
	\$5,580.00

Vital Statistics—

Registrar	\$ 800.00
Clerk to Registrar	450.00
Registration Fees to Deputy Registrars	1,500.00
Messenger	60.00
	\$2,810.00

Miscellaneous—

Inspector of Weights and Measures, St. John's	\$ 100.00
Keeper of Observatory	160.00
	\$ 260.00

(d) Department of Justice.

Messenger	300.00
Typist	400.00
Assistant Typist	300.00
	\$3,000.00

(e) Department of Finance.

Deputy Head	\$1,500.00
First Clerk	1,000.00
Deputy Head	2,000.00
Second Clerk	500.00
Accountant Old Age Pensions	1,000.00
	\$3,500.00

(f) Dept. Agriculture and Mines.

Deputy Head	\$1,200.00
First Clerk	1,000.00
Second Clerk	750.00
Third Clerk and Typist	480.00
Two Surveyors	2,000.00
Caretaker of Museum	450.00
Accountant	700.00
	\$6,880.00

(g) Department Agriculture & Mines (Surveyors' Salaries)

Director of Geological Surveys & Curator of Museum	\$1,800.00
First Surveyor	975.00
Second Surveyor	775.00
Additional Surveyors Asssts.	800.00
Wood Ranger	600.00
Inspector of Timber Limits	400.00
Typist at Museum	300.00
Examiner of Mill Accounts	450.00
	\$6,100.00

(h) Department Marine & Fisheries.

Deputy Head	\$1,800.00
Secretary Fisheries Board	400.00
First Clerk and Accountant	900.00
Second Clerk	500.00
Third Clerk and Messenger	240.00
Inspector of Lighthouses	1,100.00
Secretary Lighthouse Department and Inspector Marine Works	1,000.00
	\$5,940.00

Assistant Inspector Lighthouses and Mechanician	900.00
Inspector of Boilers	1,280.00
Assistant Inspector of Boilers	940.00
Lloyd's Surveyor of Shipping (in aid of salary)	973.33
Chief Examiner Masters and Mates	500.00
Quarantine Officer	400.00
Harbor Master and Ships' Husband	700.00
Pickled Fish Inspector	600.00
Storekeeper	350.00
Stenographer and Typist	800.00

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To Buy—
Provisions, Groceries,
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Outport Orders promptly attended to.

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330 DUCKWORTH STREET

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2 to 3 p.m.
7 to 8.30 evenings.

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And knows that you are not doing what you should do, will in time to come, direct you to 320 Water Street.

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I did not know were to find him. Oh, that's where they get the good fountain pens for small money. The home of that wonderful Top Gyroscope he will do for us what others do for themselves. Spend money, make money and save money by calling at the Overseas Novelty House, 320 Water Street. Have a chat with Uncle.

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T. P. HALLEY,
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I make a specialty of
Mail Order Tailoring
and can guarantee good fitting and stylish garments to measure.

A trial order solicited.
Outport orders promptly made up and despatched C.O.D. to any station or port in the Island, carriage paid.

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(Next door to F.P.U. office.)
Jan 20, 1914, th, sat

WE SHOULD WORRY!

Hardly, but advertisers should worry, and that's a sure thing. Almost every newsboy in town sells *The Mail and Advocate*, as well as a large number of shop agents, in different sections of the city and outports.

Inspector of Fisheries	720.00
Deputy Surveyor of Shipping	800.00
	\$13,812.33

(h) Department of Public Works.

Secretary	\$1,200.00
First Clerk	1,100.00
Second Clerk	800.00
Book-keeper	900.00
Assistant Book-keeper	600.00
Third Clerk	600.00
Fourth Clerk and Typist	600.00
Superintendent Public Works	1,200.00
Clerk to Supt. Public Works	750.00
Inspector of Districts outside St. John's	1,200.00
Two Road Inspectors	1,600.00
Messenger	450.00
Assistant Typist	200.00
	\$11,300.00

(i) Department of Auditor General.

First Clerk and Asst. Auditor	\$1,000.00
Second Clerk	1,000.00
Messenger	350.00
Clerk and Typist (and for management of Cash Note Road and Marine Works returns)	700.00
	\$3,050.00

(j) Dept. of Government Engineer.

Government Engineer	\$3,163.33
Clerk	700.00
Typist	300.00
Inspector	900.00
	\$5,063.33

Government House.

Stationery	\$ 300.00
Telegrams	500.00
Sundries, including Telephone	200.00
Governor's Travelling Expenses	2,500.00
	\$3,500.00

Department of Prime Minister.

Printing, Stationery, Telegrams, Telephones, &c.	\$ 500.00
	\$ 500.00

Department of Colonial Secretary.

Printing, Gazetting and Stationery	\$2,400.00
Telegrams, including Press Message	2,000.00
Sundries—Cab hire, cartage, small freights, Crown Agents' Account, Meteorological Register, Telephones and Wolf Act	300.00
Standard Sets Weights and Measures and renewals	300.00
Royal Navy Reserve	1,500.00
Contingencies—Registrar of Vital Statistics	300.00
	\$20,800.00

Department of Justice.

Stationery	\$ 100.00
Telegrams	125.00
Sundries, including Telephone	725.00
Colonial Records	500.00
	\$1,450.00

Department of Finance.

Printing and Stationery	\$ 950.00
Telegrams	125.00
Sundries, including Telephone and Typewriting	665.00
Sheep Preservation Act	1,250.00
Premium Guaranteed Bonds	1,000.00
Cash Notes	4,500.00
Old Age Pensions	52,000.00
Marine Disasters Fund	5,000.00
	\$65,390.00

Department of Agriculture & Mines.

Printing and Stationery	\$ 700.00
Repairs of Instruments	325.00
Museum Requirements	1,000.00
Maps and Advertising abroad	500.00
Telegrams and Postage	150.00
Sundries, including Telephone Charwoman, etc.	360.00
	\$3,035.00

Department of Marine and Fisheries.

Printing and Stationery	\$ 850.00
Telegrams and Telephones	500.00
Books for Library	250.00
Sundries, including Telephones for Mercantile Marine Office	250.00
Examining of Engineers	250.00
	\$1,850.00

Department of Public Works.

Printing and Stationery	\$1,600.00
Telegrams and Postage	400.00
Sundries, including Telephone and Taxes	1,000.00
Travelling Expenses and Assistance	2,000.00
	\$5,000.00

Department of Auditor General.

Printing and Stationery, including Account Books and Printing Reports	\$ 125.00
Postage and Telegrams	25.00
Sundries, including Telephone	100.00
Expenses in connection with Inquiries	500.00
	\$750.00

Department of Government Engineer.

Office and Allowance	\$ 700.00
Mining Act	350.00
Travelling Expenses	88.60
Surveys of Branch Railways	4,000.00
	\$5,938.67

Total Contingencies (ordinary) \$108,211.67

Skinner's Monumental Art Works

Head of Beck's Hill - Duckworth Street - St. John's, Newfoundland

FORGOTTEN. REMEMBERED.

If you want a nicely finished Headstone or Monument, see our stock, or write for our Catalogue of sizes and prices, and our mail order system. We give first-class stone sockets with all stones. Beware of cheap imitations now in the market. First-class always. Second to none. First-Class Lettering a Specialty. Catalogue of prices sent to any address on receipt of Post Card.

FERTILIZERS!

We have just received a supply of the following:

PERUVIAN GUANO.

This is the best Manure for all kinds of Vegetables.

NITRATE OF SODA.

This is the higher grade; we do not import the cheap kinds.

VERMICITE.

Antipest Powdret, in the soil it acts as a Fertilizer, Insecticide, Antifungoid and Invigorator.

25 Bags
New Timothy Hayseed.
PHONE 647 FOR PRICES.

Steer Brothers.

LAND and DWELLING For Sale!

Building lots near Burton's Pond and on Freshwater Road.

Easy Payments.

Also One Building Lot situated on Allandale Road, 40 feet Frontage, 300 feet Rearage, Sewerage connection. And One First Class Dwelling House, with all Modern Conveniences about three minutes walk from railway depot, containing three stories and basement, Plastered throughout, Fitted with electric light, telephone and gas range. Apply

P. H. Cowan

276 WATER STREET. P. O. BOX 67.

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES and FOLDING GO CARTS.

Those are selling cheap as we want the space. We will crate those in wood and send them to any part of the Island.

Folding Go Carts.

The strongest and lightest carriage made.
All rubber Tired.

Pope's

FURNITURE SHOWROOMS
George & Waldegrave Sts.

The S. S. Portia

will leave the wharf of

Bowring Brothers, Ltd.

ON

Thursday, the 28th of May, at 10 a.m.,

calling at the following places:

Cape Broyle	Ferryland	Fermeuse
Trepassey	St. Mary's	Salmonier
Placentia	Marystown	Burin
St. Lawrence	Lamaline	Fortune
Grand Bank	Belleoram	St. Jacques
Harbor Breton	Pass Island	English Hr. West
Gaultois	Pushthrough	Richards Hr.
Francois	Cape LaHune	Ramea
Burgeo	Rose Blanche	Channel
Bay of Islands	Bonne Bay	

Ice Permitting.

Freight received until 1 p.m. on WEDNESDAY. For freight or passage apply to the Coastal Office of

Bowring Brothers, Ltd.

TELEPHONE 306

Trulite Lanterns

The Best on the Market!

CAN'T BLOW OUT.

Wholesale Only by

The Direct Agencies, Ltd.

Best Cadiz SALT

There is No Salt For Fishery Purposes Equal to CADIZ.

We have a cargo due to arrive by

S. S. "HARDANGER" on Tuesday.

For sale at lowest prices. Orders now being booked for delivery alongside steamer.

BAINE JOHNSTON & Co.

THE MID-WEEK CHANGE AT THE NICKEL! 6 INTERESTING, AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE PICTURES--6.

WATERFALLS OF IDAHO. A delightful travelogue.
THE PRICE OF GOLD. A drama. Moral---Money without happiness.
IN THE LAND OF CACTUS. A powerful Mexican drama, featuring that famous Western actor, Romaine Fielding.

THE OLD GUARD. The old soldier's story told in a most fascinating manner.
THE PAWNED BRACELET. A Lubin drama, with Arthur V. Johnson and Lottie Briscoe.
PATHE WEEKLY. The popular film. Sees all, knows all.

MUSICALE--Miss Etta Gardner, Jos. F. Ross, Miss Kitty Ring, W. J. McCarthy

FRIDAY'S FEATURE--A Great Kalem War Feature, in 2 Reels, **THE CHEYENNE MASSACRE.**

ROMANTIC ROSIE AND THE MOVIES!



PERSISTENT!

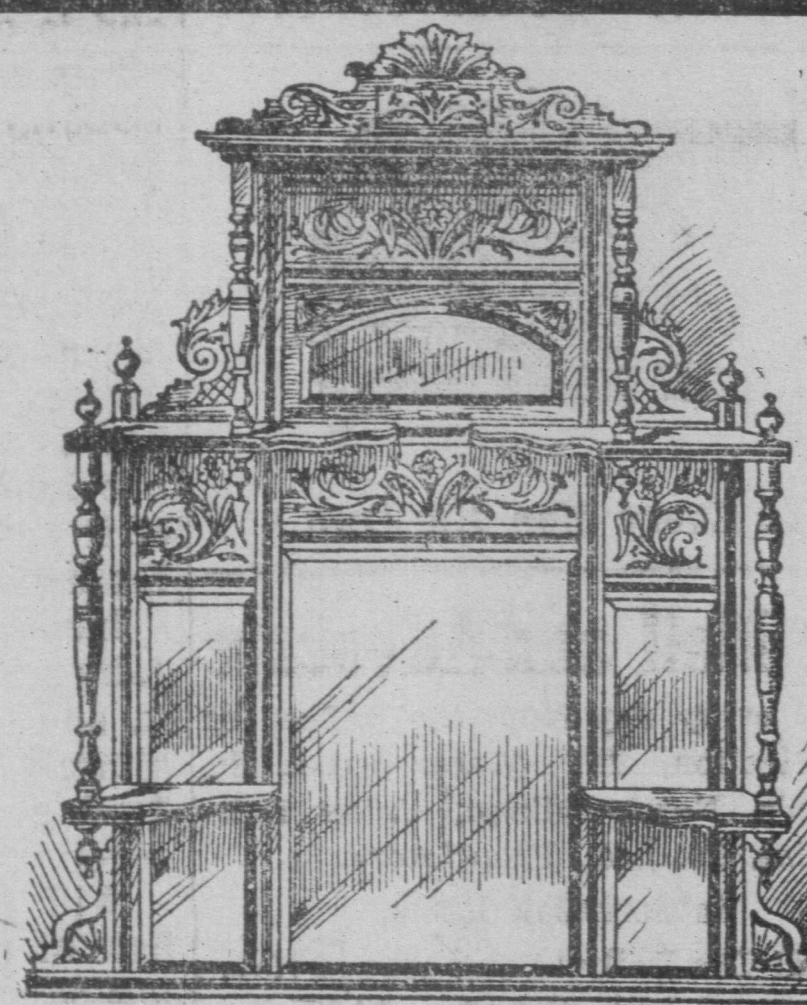
Ha! That's the kind of Advertising that bring you Results, providing, of course, you have it accomplished through the right medium. The Mail and Advocate has the largest circulation and is a sure result getter.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Percie Johnson's insurance agency.

DR. LEHR, DENTIST, 203 WATER ST. BEST QUALITY TEETH AT \$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED--PAINLESSLY--25c.

New Overmantels and Mirrors of Every Description.

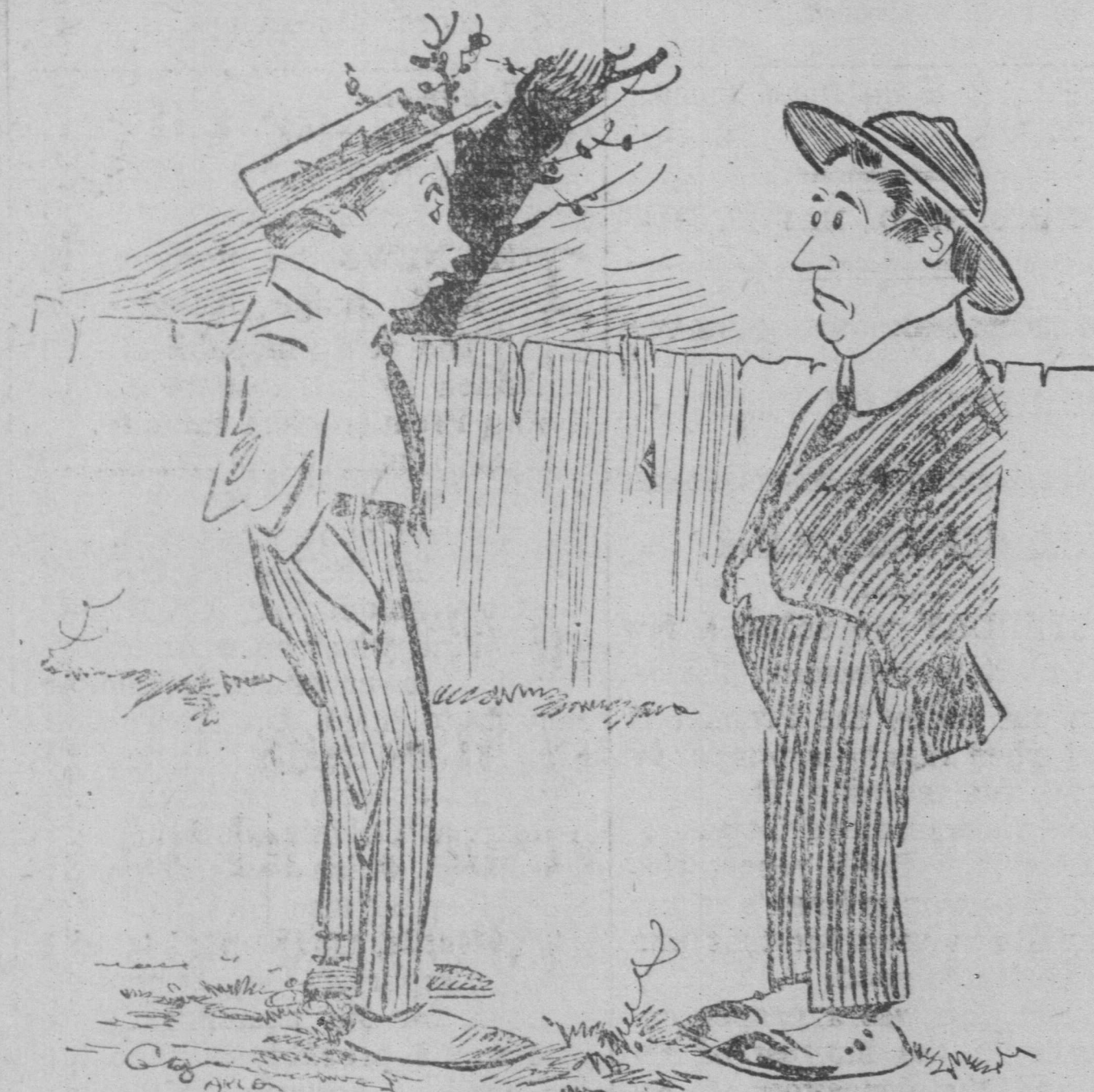


Our special feature this week is Overmantels of all descriptions, of Mahogany and Walnut, with large centre, small side mirrors, and bric-a-brac shelves. Also in many other charming designs. These Overmantels add the final touch to any room. We have also a fine stock of Bevelled Mirrors in numerous designs, handsomely framed in Gilt, Rosewood and Mahogany.

RELIABLE FURNITURE AT LOWEST PRICES.

U. S. Picture & Portrait Co.

Complete House Furnishers.

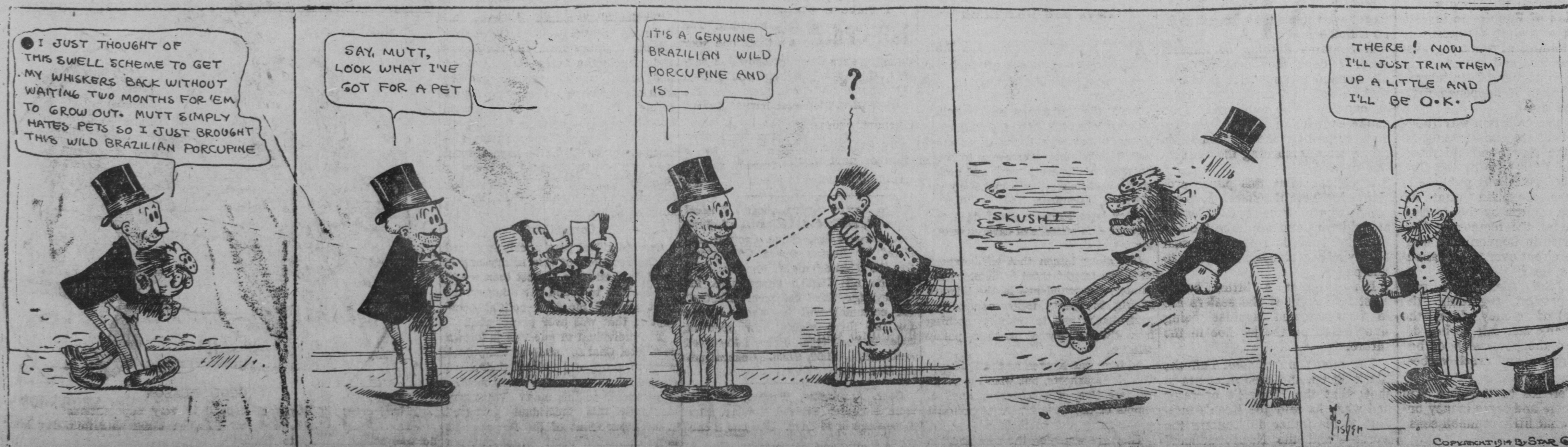


HEARD OUT OF TOWN.

I say, neighbor, did I bring back that lawn mower you lent me last fall.
No, you did not.
That's too bad! I just came over to borrow it again.

Jeff Knows Something About the Habits of a Porcupine.---

By "Bud" Fisher

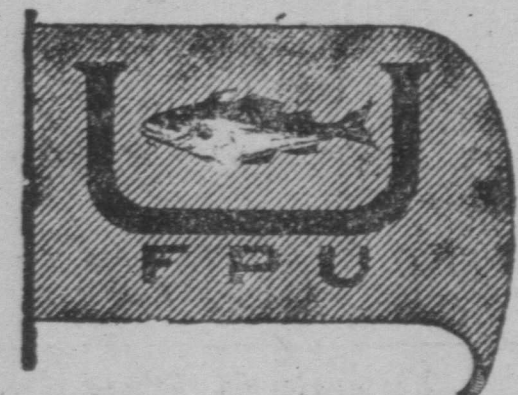


A Tempting Offer!

Two well built houses (near head of Quidi Vidi Lake) with concrete foundations plastered throughout, now occupied by Messrs. Malone. Apply

J. J. ROSSITER,
WALDEGRAVE STREET
May 7, 3m

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE"



(To Every Man His Own.)

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.

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All correspondence for publication should be addressed to the Editor of The Mail and Advocate.

Letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only and the real name of the author should be attached. This will not be used unless consent be given in the communication.

The publication of any letter does not signify that the Editor thereby shows his agreement with the opinions there in expressed.

All business communications should be addressed to the Union Publishing Co. Ltd.

ST. JOHN'S, NFDL, MAY 27, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW.

THE SAVINGS BANK.

YESTERDAY we asked a few questions regarding the securities put up by the Premier in London when raising a temporary loan and this morning The News state the Managers and Governors of the Savings Bank report that none of the Savings Bank's securities have been used for that purpose. So far so good.

The question was a proper one and made in the interest of the public and under the circumstances no one imagined John Alexander Robinson would be delighted over the efforts of The Mail and Advocate to defend the people's interests in this respect. The reply to our question is that no securities of the Bank were used.

We are delighted to have such an assurance. We thank John Alexander for securing it so promptly.

Now he might explain why the Government has not appointed a Commission of Enquiry to investigate the two sealing disasters and why the finding of watery graves by one hundred and seventy-three Sons of Toil have not been investigated although it happened fifty-seven days ago?

Will he also ascertain why Judge Knight's brilliant and amazing report on the Newfoundland disaster was held ten days by the Government before it was published?

Will he also explain what securities were given by the Premier in return for the temporary loan he has raised in London, and what papers were sent over to him about two weeks ago?

As for John Alexander's outburst of passion regarding the withdrawal of money from the Savings Bank last fall he has demonstrated the possession of but little discretion and much verbosity.

His reference to the man who lost his home and some money only shows what little common sense he possesses.

If John Alexander is abundantly imbued with anything except ability to "lick stamps" in order to lick up the treasury dollars, it is bitterness and verbosity; but we can assure John Alexander that we could produce facts that if published would cause a far greater scare than that which very properly scared the people last fall when they discovered that Graballism had once more bought its way to power and place, and the less he says about Sir Robert Bond's action last fall and the assurances of the Governors of the Bank respecting the affairs of the Savings Bank the better will it be for him, the Government and the Bank, for a condition of affairs exist that would not be pleasing to the public if the whole situation was explained.

The Bank is a public institution and is open to public criticism in all its aspects. The people of this Country are responsible to every depositor of the Bank and the public has a right to know all about the transactions of the Bank, and John Alexander's outburst of indignation because of The Mail and Advocate's article yesterday will but cause the public to ask what is behind it and whether the object of it was an attempt to muzzle any further discussion on the matter.

Instead of allying public feeling John Alexander has but intensified it, and every man will be asking himself what John Alexander was driving at, or what he wished to cover up.

Will John Alexander deny that half of the funds of the Bank are locked up in Government debentures and Indian Consols, and cannot be realized to-day except at a loss of \$250,000 to the Bank?

Do he realize that if the people who has deposited money in the Bank wanted to withdraw it, that they could not possibly be given more than half of what is deposited to-day?

Do he want us to prove those facts?

Will he deny that Indian Consols and Government debentures are away below what the Bank paid for them?

If John Alexander or the Governors of the Bank want us to show up the true state of the affairs of the Savings Bank let them keep The News hot in replying to us and they will soon wish they had a more discreet and less conceited defender than John Alexander Robinson.

JUDGE KNIGHT'S REPORT.

THE NEWS this morning published Judge Knight's report. The delay in publication is explained by the absence of the Acting Premier from the city.

If such absence prevented the publication of the report, which the whole Country awaited, how comes it that the few fragments of the Government that Mr. Bennett left behind when he went to Sydney had power and independence enough to make Dr. Keegan the King of the Hospital during Mr. Bennett's absence, although Mr. Bennett as Colonial Secretary was the official which had full control over Hospital matters?

The fact is, they wanted to withhold the report as long as possible, and but for our demands the report would probably still be hidden away. Anyway, after ten days it has seen the light of day, yet not one word of the report having been received by the Government, ten days ago, appeared in either The News or The Herald, but this paper announced the fact immediately after it was received by the Government.

Now for the report.

It will be received by the public with amazement and indignation, and every intelligent man will decide that Judge Knight labored incessantly to whitewash Abram Kean, even to such an extent as to be ridiculous.

It contains nothing of importance. It don't show what the people demand to know. It would be just as well had there never been an enquiry. The public would be about as wise in view of the report, regarding the disaster as they were the morning the enquiry was opened.

It is just what this paper proclaimed it from the start. It is exactly what President Coaker stated it was and would be the day after he arrived from the seal fishery as contained in his letter to this paper.

It means that a bitter battle must be fought if the sealers are to be protected against being slaughtered on the ice floe in the future.

The report makes Geo. Tuff, the Black Sheep, and even attempts to show that the Florizel's operator lied when he said Joe Kean's message to his father did contain the words—"and the Newfoundland!"

—but the public will place its own construction on the Judge's indirect references about Barkley and who they will believe. Probably other operators who heard that message pass from the Florizel to the Stephano might be able to back up Barkley's statement.

Anyway it was common talk on board of some of the steamers two or three days after the disaster and what was said was what Barkley swore to. The operators on some of the ships heard the message and spoke of it, and the subject of the message became common talk.

There was never a report awaited with such interest as that of Judge Knight's on the Newfoundland disaster, and no report ever published in Newfoundland will be received with such contempt.

Now for the full Commission of Enquiry.

The dummy report has been proclaimed and the public will not rest until three good men, possessing the confidence of the Toilers, are at work ascertaining what was responsible for the slaughter of seventy-eight Sons of Terra Nova, and what may be done to prevent such catastrophes.

They want to know what caused the disappearance of one hundred and seventy-three Sons of Terra Nova who sailed on the Southern Cross and what may prevent such disasters.

Only fifty-seven days have passed since those two hundred and fifty heroes perished. What is fifty-seven days to such a Government as Newfoundland now poses. Why only a flea bite.

Let the thing blow over and by and by we will appoint three non-entities and they will report something and then the matter will die, and nothing will result—such is the fancy and desire of our great Government; but they will never see it realized, for this Country will yet be face to face with a tremendous upheaval of public opinion and indignation over this disaster business.

The F.P.U. will not allow the crime of slaying two hundred and fifty heroes to go unavenged.

The Mail and Advocate will arouse the Country from end to end over this matter unless Right prevails.

We publish Judge Knight's report in order to show the Fishermen what they are to expect if they don't stand shoulder to shoulder and secure a square deal by their own exertions.

The report will show the wonderful results of a three weeks examination of witnesses.

It will show what wisdom is enthroned in legal brains when fishery or sealing matters are concerned.

It will show what foresight Mr. Coaker possessed when he stated the enquiry was waste of time and could be of no use and demanded a full Commission of Enquiry to investigate the disaster and the whole matter of sealing conditions.

Mr. Coaker landed from the Nascope on Thursday night, April 9th. The next day was a holiday—Good Friday—but on Saturday his letter condemning the Inquest appeared. Out of that letter came the Bowring and Harvey libels about the wooden ships.

Had the Government then heeded Mr. Coaker's advice and warning the Country would now be in the possession of a report from a proper Commission and the people would be enabled to get down to business, knowing the right thing was done and would be done, and instead of having to face this matter and pass through another period of agitation and tumult in connection with the disaster.

We intend to fully review the whole matter from day to day and will not spare even Judge Knight's penny-two penny report.

THEY ARE WATCHING.

AND now the Editor of The Daily News mounts our political ram parts and shouts "Fishermen Be Watchful!"

Well, the Fishermen are watching—doing lots of it, in fact. They learned from very bitter experiences that it's extremely necessary to scrutinize carefully every word and action of the politicians who make up the Morris Government.

They have learnt a great deal, too, through this attitude of careful watching.

One stern lesson that hard experience has taught them is to place absolutely no confidence in Sir Edward Morris, his party followers and his party hacks and to expect nothing from them but what partisan policy dictates.

So they watch, even as the Editor of The News exhorts, but with the earnest intention of discovering any attempts of the Government at political wrong-doing and subterfuge.

They are watching the man and the

party who were elected to power on the strength of their denunciation of the Bond Party for extravagant, wasteful expenditure of public money; on the definite promise to "stabilize industrial and commercial enterprise" to "reduce taxation," and to spend public moneys "judiciously."

And, watching, the Fishermen have observed that these denunciations and these promises were merely vote-catching campaign cries.

"Judicious outlay" of public money has been translated into a thoughtless, wasteful, absolutely prodigal expenditure of our revenues, increasing the cost of our civil government by over Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars in less than seven years.

"Reduced taxation" took place on the eve of the election but increased taxation took place immediately afterwards. Now, "those least able to bear" the burden of taxation have to contribute to the revenue a ten per cent. surtax on every dutiable article which, spelled in hard cash, means an increase of taxation of Three Dollars per head of population or Fifteen Dollars for every average family of five persons.

So while increased expenditure on public departments has not increased their efficiency or public utility it has provided new jobs and increased salaries for party heelers, and it has also resulted in increasing the already over-heavy burden of taxation borne by the struggling Toiler.

The Fishermen have also watched the cost of the branch railroads grow from Morris's estimate of Four Million Dollars to an actual cost of at least Eight Million Dollars.

They have seen boasted surpluses decline until the Colony faces a deficit in revenue of over a Quarter of a Million Dollars.

They have seen trade unsettled and decrease until progress is at its lowest ebb, until, in fact, we face a worse industrial condition than we have known in twenty years.

Yes, the Fishermen watch—also they observe.

How can they help noticing that the will of the people is flouted; that its best interests are neglected in order to keep a party of political bunglers in power?

The exaltation of R. A. Squires and Sydney D. Blanford to power in defiance of the emphatic wish of the voters, as expressed at the polls, is evidence enough of that fact.

And now the Editor of The News asks us to accept his bare statement, as a journalistic party hack, that the Morris Government would not think of using Savings Bank securities to encourage investors to make a temporary loan to this Colony.

But the Fishermen of this Country are watchful and observant and the majority of them have learned that Sir Edward Morris and his political followers usually do whatever is likely to be of most benefit to themselves—although in the long run developments generally prove that they simply work for their own political destruction.

This much is certain, it requires something more material than the bare word of the Premier of the Colony over-burdened with taxation and facing a shortage in trade and revenue to cajole a million or so dollars from the pockets of the investors.

What "something," other than the securities held by the Savings Bank, had the present Government of Newfoundland to offer?

THE ESTIMATES.

T-O-DAY we begin the publication of the Estimates for 1914-1915 and shall continue this publication until they have appeared in our columns in full.

We do this for the information of the public, who should all peruse them with care and get a first-hand knowledge of the ways in which our millions of dollars of revenue are annually expended.

OTHER WAY ABOUT.

IN an editorial this morning, The Daily News states that "one poor man came to the city, drew his savings (from the Savings Bank) took them home and lost them in the flames, when his house burned down."

That is quite true.

The savings in question were taken out before the election and by a Northern man who feared Coaker would be returned to power.

The Boston Opera Co.'s Musical Festival, Methodist College Hall, June 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Mme. Scotney, assisted by Boston Opera Co.'s stars. On the opening night Monday, June 1st, an all English programme, including the third act from "Martha" (in costume) will be given. Plans for the three nights now open at Atlantic Bookstore. Prices: Reserved seats, \$2.50, \$1.50, \$1.00. General admission 50c.

Schr. Antoinette, Webber, 19 days from Barbados, arrived Monday, after a passage of 19 days. She has a cargo of molasses.

To Farmers, Gardeners, &c.

For the destruction of insect pests, such as wire worms, slugs and grubs of every description use

VAPORITE!

It prevents worm holes in potatoes and acts beneficially to all root crops by fumigating the soil and destroying insect life, largely increasing the yield, making the crops more presentable by the absence of blemishes.

Get our booklet.

G. Knowling

TO THE EDITOR.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We are always glad to receive letters on matters of local and general public interest. Correspondents, however, should make their letters as brief as they possibly can, as we are receiving scores of communications daily and have only a very limited space in which to publish them.

We use practically every letter received, at some time or other, but there must, in view of our large correspondence, necessarily be some delay before some of these letters appear in The Mail and Advocate.

We are particularly anxious to receive notes of news from all round the Island. Let our young people particularly get busy and help us make our paper the newsmagazine of the country.—Editor.

FROM LADLE COVE

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—The Ladle Cove Local Council desire to tender their sincere sympathy to the sorrowing relatives of those who lost their lives in the recent sealing disasters. This Council had decided to hold a full parade on April 10th, but on account of the disaster decided it would be better to postpone the affair until some other date.

WILLIAM TULK,
Secretary Ladle Cove.

CONGRATULATIONS

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—Permit me to congratulate Mr. Coaker on the many and honorable efforts which he has made on behalf of the toilers of this country. We particularly approve of the treatment which he is handing out to Captain Kean in connection with the disaster to the men of the Newfoundland.

In August last a man of this settlement was badly injured by a bull. He lay helpless for over three weeks until Mr. H. J. Crowe came along, and finding out what the trouble was, suggested that he go to the hospital for treatment. Mr. Crowe also hired a motor boat and had the man taken to Leading Tickle which is fourteen miles from his home, and landed him on the wharf at that place an hour or so before the steamer came in. To his surprise and disappointment, however, he could not get on board the ship in the mail boat, and was forced to return home again.

—JOHN ROBERTS,
Point Leamington.

INDIGNANT PROTEST

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir,—The public owe you a debt for publishing a list of names of "Officials" whose salaries and "raises in pay" have been paid out of Contingencies until the past session of the Legislature when such salaries were added to the Civil List and voted by the House of Assembly.

No doubt the names of many individuals appearing in this list as receiving a salary from the tax-payers and wage-earners of this Colony, and create many surprises in the districts where those pseudo officials reside. The District of Carbonear is one of those places for in this list appears the name of one Charles McCarthy, salary \$390. We have several men in this district which we know as Charles McCarthy and inquiry is being made as to which one is in receipt of this salary.

Corruption!

One individual particularly is named as the recipient of this salary and if our information be correct then we do not hesitate to brand the thing as the most glaring piece of political corruption that has ever perpetrated.

The individual in question is known as "Hotel Charlie" and the tax-payers want to know why \$390 of their hard earned money is handed out in monthly payments to this man? What service does this individual perform? What department of the Government is he connected with? What services

has he ever given to the Colony to entitle him to this yearly pension of \$390?

Now every inhabitant of this little town knows that Charlie has never pretended to give any service or perform the smallest act in the interest

of the public, then by whose authority is this salary paid? Have we given the majority of the members of the House of Assembly, who are styled a government, authority to collect from us immense sums of money in the way of revenue and then divide up the amount and pass it round among any loafers, who make an attempt every four years to "chew the rag" for the candidates.

Too Glaring

Now, sir, this is too glaring and most obnoxious and when \$390 of our money is handed out yearly to an individual who never makes a solitary attempt to perform a "hand's turn" in any solitary way in the Government service, then it is time to call halt and we will not rest until this individual is given some-work to do or otherwise this payment cease.

We respectfully call the attention of His Excellency the Governor to this matter and it will be made the subject of an address to His Excellency if not taken notice of officially for as "tax-payers" we will not allow such a state of things to continue.

—FISHERMEN TAX-PAYERS,
READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

We are Headquarters

FOR
KEROSENE OIL High & Low Test
In Barrels and Cases

GASOLENE High and Low Test
In Barrels and Cases.

LUBRICATING OILS
In Barrels and 1 to 5 Gall. Cans.

ALL OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY

Colin Campbell.

85 WATER STREET.

LADIES'

"SPORTS" COATS!

WARM and LIGHT

A large variety of these useful COATS recently reached us from England.

IN ALL COLORS!

Prices From

\$1.30 to \$4.30

—AT—

Anderson's, Water Street.



GOOD REASON

Mr. Phrog: "Y'say yer husband is very superstitious?"
Mrs. Wratt: "Yes. He saw thirteen black-cats following him, and he was scared nearly to death."

Coupons and \$5 notes for empty Virginia Packets.

For one month only, commencing May 18th, we will give every smoker 50 Cigarette coupons for every 25 empty Virginia 10's packets, or for every 50 empty Virginia 5's packets returned to our Premium Department.

On June 17th to the smoker sending in the highest number of empty Virginia 5's packets, also the smoker sending in the highest number of empty Virginia 10's packets, we will present to each a

New \$5 (Five Dollar) Note Free.

Virginia Cigarettes are without doubt—the biggest value—the longest smoke—and the lowest price Cigarette in Newfoundland. What else?—Why! there's one coupon in every packet of 5's—and two coupons in every packet of 10's—and on June 18th there's two packets with a \$5.00 note in each—One for YOU and one for the other fellow—it's easy, smoke Virginia Cigarettes, that's all.

Imperial Tobacco Co.,
(Newfoundland) Ltd.

THE COAKER LOGGERS' BILL WOULD BRING ABOUT MANY IMPROVEMENTS IN THE CAMP

Mr. Coaker (continued)—

We are going to have the men treated squarely by the contractor as well as the employer and we say that the man should pay for a handle unless he breaks more than one a week, and then it must be sold to him at cost price. If this is brought into force, there will be no loss to the employer, for no man is going to break his axe-handle purposely.

The next section provides that each camp shall be provided with a bath tub that shall be screened off in one of the compartments, and there shall be warm water provided. All the employers ought to agree to have this carried out, for if the men can keep clean and have a good night's rest, the employer will certainly be repaid.

Good Thing

Some may turn up their noses at the idea of a logger wanting a bath, but I know that when a man feels clean and comfortable he is willing to work harder than he otherwise would. At all events, let the men have the bath tub and give them the opportunity of using it.

A bath tub can be bought for four or five dollars, and it will be no trouble to provide water. The whole thing can be managed very easily and very cheaply, for one good bath tub will last a good many years.

I have known men to be living in camps where the snow drifted in upon them. The camps are seldom looked after, and often snow falls on the men while sleeping. They complain about the holes in the roof, and nothing has been done; but as soon as the horses come four or five men are sent to make accommodation water-tight and comfortable for the horses.

Horses vs. Men

There are men to see that all the holes are repaired in the stables, for there must be no snow falling on the horses; but it does not matter at all about the comfort of the men. We want to see that these conditions are brought into the Bill. The inspector and our travelling men will look after the conditions, and I have no doubt that such complaints will be remedied. I have no doubt that men such as Mr. Jones will do anything reasonable to rectify any faults.

Last year I became aware that he was very eager to do his very best for the men, and if things are not carried out properly it is not his fault.

There are only two doctors for thirty or forty camps, which extended over perhaps 60 or 70 miles. What can two doctors do? If a man is injured, it will often take two or three days before the doctor arrives. There is not sufficient medical attendance.

Only One Doctor

If a logger employs only a few men—say 100—he is not supposed to employ more than one doctor. The men grumble because they do not see a doctor from one month to the other and yet they are charged 40c. per month for his attendance. Some men will say that it is best to have this doctor in one proper and definite place, where he can be found.

The men say that a doctor should visit their camps at least once a week. I think, also, that a gramophone might be provided to each camp. We did not insert this regulation in the Bill, because we thought

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the Companies would do if of their own accord.

I wish that the Government had \$200,000 on hand this year instead of a deficit, because I would like for it to take off the duty on gramophones. Forty-five per cent. is a very high rate of duty to be imposed on these instruments. They would be a great source of entertainment and a great benefit at the people's homes, both for the grown folks and for the children.

Great Entertainer

It gives music in its perfection; the best musicians and the greatest singers can be heard. In the lumber camps where the men, after their day's work, have nothing to do between six and nine o'clock, these instruments would be a great benefit. I intended, if I could get the Premier to take the duty off gramophones, to give every branch of the Union a first-class machine, and also give them a supply of records. There could be some sort of an alternating system arranged, by which the new records could be passed on from place to place. I think we will carry it out.

We ask that when a travelling inspector comes to a camp and asks for shelter, that it will be provided for him. Otherwise he would very likely be told to get out and go sleep in the woods.

When we get into Committee there will be many matters to be explained and inquired into. I trust that all the members of this House will make up their minds that the Bill is reasonable, and in the interests of the employers as well as the men.

Good Measure

Mr. Kent—Mr. Speaker, I wish to say a few words in relation to the Bill before the House the Act to regulate the Employment of Loggers. I think the Bill ought to go to a second reading. The object ought to commend itself to every member of this House.

If conditions exist in the logging camps as they have been described, there can be no doubt but that there is need for reform. Some sections in the Bill may give rise to some difference of opinion, but on the whole the Bill should commend itself to us all.

To secure the health of the men in camps, to secure them against accident, are matters upon which we can not differ. The great object of this Bill is to see that these things are secured. Some of the Companies may be now living up to the requirements of this Act, but there may come a time when such regulations as these

in the form of a law may be helpful.

A Great Advantage

One of the greatest advantages provided by the Act is proper inspection of the camps by a proper authority. That is provided for by section six. Then power is given to representatives of the men to inspect conditions, and they are given legal standing and they are to have their authority recognized throughout the camps and see that the provisions of the law are carried out.

The only question upon which the Prime Minister expressed himself as differing in opinion is that contained in Sections 1 and 2. These sections lay down a principle of a minimum wage for loggers in the camps. The question of a minimum wage is a very large one. It affects not only the industries about which we are now legislating, but every similar industry. It also raises a very debatable economic question.

Definite Knowledge

In the case of Grand Falls or Bishop's Falls, or any other great industry, before passing on such a principle we should have accurate knowledge of the condition of these industries. It may be contended that these industries are of no benefit to the country. If they cannot afford to pay the men who labor for them a sufficient wage to support their families in the ordinary common comforts of life, then they are not economic industries. And this is one of the points upon which we should be informed before we pass upon these sections.

A suggestion was thrown out by the introducer who evidently saw the difficulty that a minimum wage ought to be accompanied by a minimum output. A man who receives a fixed wage should produce a proportionate amount of goods. That involves then two principles. It may be possible to reconcile the two or so draft the law as to be acceptable to the employers and the employed.

Pay No Dividends

The Prime Minister informed the House of the conditions under which the companies at Grand Falls and other places are laboring. For instance no dividend has been paid by the Harnsworth Company since the beginning of their operations. The other companies have been operating at a loss. These are important facts that we will have to consider when we go into Committee.

I am not one of those, Sir, afraid to face the question of a minimum wage. If it is found that an industry is not paying a wage that it can afford, a wage that will keep their employees in comfort, then it is the duty of this legislature to pass a minimum wage law.

I am prepared to admit the principle contained in this Bill, and I think it should be allowed to go into Committee to see if the objects of these sections can be attained.

Not Disputable

Of the other sections, many of them can give rise to no dispute. They provide for reasonable requirements, and from what the introducer has said, it appears necessary to have legislation to regulate the camps, and to see that the industry is carried on with that respect to the conditions under which we live. The enforcement of these provisions is provided for and proper inspection, and a good deal is placed in the hands of the men themselves.

I therefore support the Bill and think it ought to go to a second reading on the principle it contains.

F.P.U. Redistribution Memorial

Mr. Coaker—Mr. Chairman, there cannot be any objection to the Bill which has been tabled. As far as I can see, it is only for the purpose of enabling the people in the section which it affects to vote and there is no ground for any difference of opinion with regard to it.

I am pleased to hear the announcement of the Premier regarding the resolutions placed in the hands of the Government by the F.P.U.

These resolutions asked thirty-eight single districts should be evolved out of the present system. We are not very particular as to what you do with the representation in St. John's, but we think that there should

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be thirty-one of those districts out-

posed.

Figured It Out

We went to considerable trouble to ascertain whether this would be possible or not and we gave some consideration to the matter on the lines suggested by the Rt. Hon. Premier. We found that it would work out at about 6,200 people in each district. It would take about thirty-eight districts. We followed the chart right around the country and we considered that out of those thirty-eight districts thirteen could go to the Roman Catholic population, the balance to the Protestant.

Now, with regard to the District of Twillingate. It is very easy to work out the system there. On the North Side there is a large proportion of Church of England people and the Church of England representation could be returned for that side of the Bay, while the bottom and South sides will return Methodists.

In Fogo, it would be very easy, and in Bonavista and Trinity. There is no difficulty whatever with the working out of the system in the Northern Bays.

(To be continued)



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Colman's Azure Blue20c. lb.	Nixey's Blue—in squares, 20c. lb.

PROPERT'S FLOOR POLISH, of world-wide reputation. The best Polish for Hardwood Floors, Linoleums and Canvas; Preserves and Polishes. 6 oz. tins12c. only.

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Oakley's Knife Polish16c. tin.	Carpet Soap Chivers14c. cake.

BRASSO—the best and cheapest Metal Polish15c. tin.

Blanco for cleaning white leather goods3c., 9c., and 18c.	Pickering's Plate Powder13c. and 27c. each.
Pearline4c. pkt.	Pipe Clay10c. doz.
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Washing Powder, Swift54c. doz.	Cloth Balls Properts—for dry-cleaning25c. each.

SECCOTINE—sticks everything, and is always ready for use in tubes8c. and 16c. each.

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THE HOME CIRCLE

Slip Covers for Summer

BY LOUISE GOODLOE FALCONER.

HERE are two seasons in the year which are always more or less an era of unsettledness both to the housekeeper and the inmates of the home. In olden times they were called "Spring and Fall" cleaning, but in this day of vacuum cleaners no such thing exists, as just as thorough cleaning is done daily as was done then semi-annually. But to a certain extent, even to this day, there are radical changes which come to us at those periods, the dismantling of the home of its winter draperies, and dressing it in its cool and summer-like dress, and again later, putting off its summer garb for the heavier one of winter.

The first of these times is with us now, and no matter how much we would like to put off the evil hour, it is no longer possible if we wish to be comfortable this summer.

First come the screens, and it is hard to get them in too early. Here indeed the old adage of an "ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" holds good, for the inside fly is much too comfortable to become an outside fly unless forcibly evicted. So knowing the wisdom of this, in all probability in most households this part of the work has already been done.

To those who have been in the habit of changing their homes each season the work is very simple, for the slip covers have been already made and put away laundered, ready for use, so the slipping them on is a mere detail, but to those who haven't them there is some work ahead. Many women prefer to keep the same tones and colors the year through, so they have cretonne slips made from material as near as possible in pattern and design as was the winter covering. Personally, I don't care for this idea. The colors are too often warm and suggestive of heat, and again a multi-colored room never conveys the same suggestion of coolness as do neutral shades. If your hangings have been old rose, and your rugs and carpets seem to demand that color, old rose denim bound in white linen tape, makes charming summer dresses, and they are a delight always. They do not fade, are inexpensive to make, and always look cool.

The denim serves equally well for hangings, having sufficient body and edged with a narrow white cotton fringe, are as dainty as possible.

The use of cretonne is so universal now that materials for just this purpose are brought on in many of the stores, and the variety and choice is bewildering. One which particularly pleased me was a gray linen with a tiny spray of daisies so minute as to be almost imperceptible, done in a deeper shade of gray. These were bound in gray, and the curtains to be

used in this same room were the gray linen lined with the palest shade of Reseda green. The light through these was delightful, and when great bowls of white daisies and mignonette were added in the room, no one could possibly imagine it was warm outside.

Linens in pale green bound in white are always desirable, and the all-white of our grandmothers' day still has many followers.

Touches of green will always suggest coolness, so we never make mistakes in using it. These covers are simple to make, if you can get a seamstress who has good cutting and fitting ability, for the fit of these covers is as important as is the fit of your own dress. Have them to slip on loosely and evenly, tying with linen tape wherever necessary. Flowers will play a large part in the cool effect of your room, if judiciously used. Don't encourage bright vivid colors, but have as much green and white as possible. Heliotrope is another excellent summer flower, while lemon verbenne and mignonette are indispensable.

Put away most of the ornaments, keeping only the pieces necessary for use, and if your walls do not show the frame marks too plainly, it adds much to the whole effect to take down the pictures, leaving the walls bare for the summer months. You enjoy them much more after an interval of rest, and they seem fresh when put back in the autumn. Unnecessary furniture should also be eliminated, as well as floor coverings. You will find nothing makes so much towards the idea you are wishing to convey, as bareness and space.

Tasty Make-Over

A cupful of cold ham and four or five tablespoonsful of currant jelly combined makes a very piquant dish. Cut the ham into small pieces. Put half a tablespoonful of butter with the jelly into a saucepan. Season with a dash of cayenne and when the mixture has melted put in the ham. Simmer for five minutes, then take up the meat in cubes, also two or three cold meat can be utilized in the following manner:

First prepare a simple white sauce of flour, butter and milk. Then cut the meat into cubes, also two or three boiled potatoes, and two green peppers into strips. Add, if at hand, half a cup of canned tomatoes and let all the ingredients simmer together for half an hour. Butter a baking dish, cover with bread crumbs, dot with butter and bake until light brown.

A GROUP OF SUMMER GOWNS

BY ETHEL DEMAREST.



THE smart but simple gown on the left of the group is of all white crepe, with pleatings of soft white silk as trimming. The collar may be made of either lace or silk. The kimono blouse is in one piece with the upper portion of the sleeves, below which is a small puff reaching to the elbow and held to the arm at top and bottom by a pleating of the silk. A deep hip yoke of the material supports the lower portion of the skirt, which is headed by a silk pleat-

ing. The center figure is also of crepe in biscuit color embroidered in green and brown. The blouse shows the influence of the Paul Poiret model. Two little revers of self-tone silk fold back from the straight neck line in front and back and are embroidered on either corner with a brown rose and green foliage. The tulle is embroidered on the lower edge in brown and green and has two little applied pockets of the material, embroidered at the corners.

Embroidered mousseline flouncing was used for the gown on the right. This was of pale lemon color with embroidered dots of black and orange. The flouncing is used for the surplice blouse and orange ribbon forms the novel girle, held at the breast by a yellow satin rose. A double flounce falls over a closely gathered and ruffled underskirt of mousseline.

A Trousseau for a Bride in Modest Circumstances

BY ELIZABETH LEE.

PROSPECTIVE June brides are having a busy time just now preparing their trousseau. When money is no object the occupation is only a pleasant one, but the average girl marrying will have to count the cost and unless she is very careful the allotted sum will be gone before she knows it. Supposing she has \$100 to spare. This may seem to be a large sum until she begins to spend it. Then she finds it is not as elastic as she thought. True, one buys a less number of the different articles than formerly, but some way so many little things are needed nowadays in the wardrobe, so the outlay is about the same.

The materials used this year for the bridal dress of a girl in moderate circumstances are voile, crepe de chine, poplin and net, so in spending \$100 I should apportion it thus: Five yards of material for the wedding gown at \$1.50 per yard and \$2.00 for a little lace and ribbon for trimming. The gloves will cost \$1.50 and the slippers no less. A pretty lingerie petticoat will be three dollars and a pair of stockings 50 cents.

A spray of orange blossom may be worn in the hair with the addition of a simple tulle veil, the whole costing \$2.00.

Next comes the going-away suit. This can be bought ready to wear, and, as the spring season is over, can probably be got for \$20. A pretty silk or voile blouse for wear with it will be \$3.00. Millinery, too, will be reduced, so a tailored hat will be smart looking at \$2.00, while the best one should be no more than \$7.00.

One dollar may be allowed for silk gloves. A pretty frock comes next. This could be of crepe goods or a simple silk. If made at home the material should not come to more than \$5.00, with \$1.00 for trimming. A separate wrap will cost \$10.00 and a petticoat for wear with the tailored suit \$3.00.

Two morning house dresses will bring the amount up to \$73, and then \$6 must be allowed for two pairs of shoes, and \$4.50 for two pairs of corsets at \$1.50 and \$3.00, respectively.

Four pairs of drawers will cost \$2.00, four vests \$1.00, and four pairs of stockings another \$1.00.

Two night dresses at 75 cents each and two at \$1.00 will amount to \$3.50, and two corset covers at fifty cents each and two at twenty-five increases the bill to \$11.50.

Ten dollars will not be too much to allow for making the two dresses at home, and this will leave quite a few dollars for all the little accessories necessary for success in one's toilette.

The conventional wedding gown should never be short when a veil is worn. Also it is never cut low in the neck. It may just fall away from the throat in the manner of the neck finish in vogue at present.

The sleeves are long or elbow length as preferred, but never short. An extreme style is not in good taste for a wedding dress. It should be quite simple, but fashionable, too, of course. The above list if by no means an elaborate outfit, but it includes every article necessary to meet the needs of the average business or home girl in her new home. There will be, no doubt, half worn clothing that will not be discarded in the old home, for instance the tailored suit. This will come in for knockabout or bad weather wear and so save the new suit for church, calling, matinee or informal affairs. The wedding gown will be for evening, also an important lunch or a formal tea. The petticoat will be at least one frock in the old wardrobe that will come in for general home afternoon wear, keeping the new one for receiving callers or calling warm days. If the separate wrap is of medium weight and neutral in color it will answer both for day wear and for evening, a woolen jacket could be worn underneath when the weather was quite cold.

Another toilette is provided by the skirt of the suit and the dainty silk blouse. Thus it can be clearly seen that every ordinary occasion has been provided for.

Japanese Near Milk

HERE are not a great number of cows in Japan, but the Japanese are a milk-loving people, and to meet this demand in the face of a natural shortage of the product they long ago put their wits to work and evolved a product that the average person cannot distinguish from the regular dairy article. The artificial milk is derived from the soya bean—the beans being first soaked and then boiled in water. In a short time the liquid turns white; sugar and phosphate of potash are added in the proper quantities, and the boiling continues until a substance the thickness of molasses is obtained. The fluid, when the boiling is completed, resembles very much our condensed milk, and when water is added it is indeed difficult to distinguish it from fresh milk.

A Special Showing of Trout Rods!

- SPECIAL GREENHEART SALMON RODS
13 and 14 feet.....\$7.00, \$8.00, \$9.00
- LEADER GREENHEART SALMON RODS
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- SPECIAL GREENHEART FLY RODS
10 to 12 feet.....\$3.00 to \$12.50
- HICKORY FLY RODS
10 to 12 feet.....\$1.80 to \$5.00
- BEST SPLIT CANE RODS (ENGLISH)
11 and 12 feet.....\$10.00 to \$13.50
- SPLIT BAMBOO AND STEEL RODS IN GREAT VARIETY.

SEE OUR TWO LEADERS.

Split Cane Rod, 90c.
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THIS MOTOR WHICH WAS NEVER INSTALLED, IS WORTH \$650.00 BUT WILL BE SOLD AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE IF PURCHASED SOON.

Good Bargain For Quick Sale.

Apply **H. M. MOSDELL,**
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"The Daily Mail" Pattern Service.



NEW PETTICOATS OF CREPE DE CHINE.

With skirts measuring but a yard and a quarter about the feet, the choice of a petticoat has become a vital problem. There is no room for ruffles and still less for starch. These dainty new petticoats of crepe de chine will be most welcome. They are straight and scant and daintily embroidered in self-tone silk. The two upper skirts shown in the drawing are in street shades of green and brown. The lower one is intended for evening wear and is of white crepe de chine with a deep flounce formed of shadow lace. This can hardly be called a flounce, being in straight line with the skirt, the lace shirred closely and fatty on heavy cords. The ruffle at the bottom is finely pleated.

Address in full:
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N.B.—Be sure to cut out the illustration and send with the coupon, carefully filled out. The pattern can not reach you in less than 15 days. Price 10c. each, in cash, postal note, or stamps. Address: Daily Mail Pattern Department.

China To Have Naval Depot?

London, May 22.—A Shanghai despatch to the Daily Mail gives details of a loan of \$30,000,000 negotiated by the Chinese Government with the Bethlehem Steel Works for the construction of a naval base at Foo-Chow. The security is the existing Foo-Chow dock. Only American engineers and material will be employed.

According to the despatch \$10,000,000 will be paid to the Chinese Government within three months of the signing of the contract. This sum is for any purpose the Government pleases. Only \$20,000,000 will be devoted to constructional purposes.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times, referring to the same subject, says it is hardly imaginable that the Washington Government will support the scheme.

Can Man Dispose Of His Own Life?

Berlin, May 20.—The question of the right to die has been raised again by a tragedy at Herschberg, in Silesia.

Dr. Tinne, headmaster of a school there, killed his wife and then attempted suicide. He told the police that his wife suffered such pain from incurable cancer that for weeks she implored him to put an end to her sufferings. At last he decided to do so and to take his own life at the same time.

His wife was found dead in bed and Dr. Tinne gravely wounded. If he recovers he will be blind, as the sight is destroyed.

THE CASE OF DEATH.

"You say your automobile didn't touch this man, and yet he was dead when you picked him up?" shouted the prosecuting attorney.

"That's my claim," coolly retorted the prisoner. "My machine didn't touch him."

"And you were driving not over 12 miles an hour?"

"Not over 12 miles and—"

"And you saw this man start to cross the street?"

"Yes."

"Did you blow your horn?"

"I did."

"What sort of a horn is it?"

"One of those newfangled clatter boxes that create a sound that is a cross between a shriek and a dying wail."

St. John's Municipal Council

Owners of horses who are desirous of helping the Municipal Council to clean the town are requested to send same to the Sanitary Stables by seven o'clock in the morning.

By order,
JOHN L. SLATTERY,
Secretary

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Ice! Ice!

Send in your order for the daily supply of ICE delivered every Morning (Saturday evening for Sunday).

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

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"That explains it. You simply scared the man to death."



THE ANGEL.
The Manager: Hey, mister! Got change for a nickel? I gotta pay off me team for this month!

N.B.S. EXCURSION

To Harbor Grace, King's Birthday, June 3rd. A special train will leave the station at 8 a.m., stopping at Brigus and Bay Roberts. Returning, leaves Harbor Grace on Thursday, the 4th, at 3 a.m. Tickets \$2.00 (return fare). May be had from officers and committee.

W. H. HYNES, Chairman.
J. M. CARBERRY, Secretary.

Gray Motors!

from 3 h.p. up, have Krise Carburetors attached, without charge, adapted to the use of Kerosene.

THE GRAY is the only engine that will operate perfectly on Kerosene with one Carburetor and but one Tank is necessary.

For a full, practical demonstration as to the power and quality of GRAY MOTORS, write or see E. JOSEPH STACK, Petty Harbour, Newfoundland.

Cleveland Trading Co., AGENTS, St. John's, Nfld.

may23,1yr,21w

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

The weekly edition of The Mail and Advocate will be sent to any address in Newfoundland and Canada for the balance of 1914 for the small sum of 30c., and the daily for the balance of 1914 for the sum of \$1.00. Send along your names and stamps to cover.

FOR SALE!

Schooner SWALLOW, 73 tons, rebuilt in 1906. Well found in Anchors, Chains, Spars and Sails in good condition. For particulars apply to **JAMES DAWSON,** Bay Roberts, may20,31

FORGING AHEAD!

That is the position of The Mail and Advocate, as each issue sees a larger sale. What about that **WANT ADVT!**

DAILY MAGAZINE PAGE FOR EVERYBODY

Fancies of Fashion

A TRAINED DOG

By Michelson

Secrets of Health

Styles of '30 Copied in New Gowns

By Madge Marvel.

SET an old-fashioned posy bed gay with bleeding Heart and Johnny-jump-up and the old photograph album on some flannel in the midst of the marble and green formality of an Italian garden, and you have the impression of the quaint clothes of the moment in the setting of modern life.

Back to the days when Grandma was a debutante the clothes makers have gone, and made over the frocks of 1830 to fit the figures and needs of the woman of today.

Who of us can remember when book muslin was used for collars and under-bodies and little boleros? What do we know of bell sleeves and black velvet bracelets, and scalloped skirts, the scallops bound decorously with ribbon, except what we have gleaned from the old photograph album or some flannel old clothes scented with lavender which we have fished out of the attic to wear to costume parties?

"Hoop" Effect Reviving.

Even in the very hang of the skirts, with their extreme shortness and slight indication of fullness, there is a certain coquettish swish which is new to the memory of most of us, and yet holds the subtle suggestion of something revived and made modern.

Once in a while a model gown shows the hoop at the edge, which makes it stand out in startling distinction to the clinging skirts so long. In Paris there have been several attempts to revive the pantalettes. Here the shops offer the modern version of them under the name of "tango bloomers," and many women wear them—but not below the skirts. It is even the logical time for crinoline could arrive in these days of too little space it is here. We have accepted the name of the bustle, and it might not be difficult to make hoops seem charming.

I spoke of the book muslin boleros. They are in the shops ready to wear, and add much to the thin gowns over which they are to be worn. They stand out the least bit from the figure, and are quite plain with neat frilling all around bordered with the narrowest of black velvet ribbon.

Roman stripes raise and will continue to gain favor as the season advances. They are used in a number of ways, for the tunic or manor or overskirt of plain silk skirts and to form the bolero on gowns of serge and poplin. They appear in the tub silks and are made up in separate blouses for morning wear and even for petticoats.

Beads for Trimming.

In ribbons they are the most effective pattern of the year, and are used for sashes, for bows on plain frocks, for waistcoats and in narrow width offer any number of trimming possibilities. Paquin makes much of Roman stripes. One of her most original uses of this silk was for the bolero, a dress of an embroidered muller gown, and for the underskirt, over which the embroidered scallops hung so to show about three inches of the silk.

Mme. Paquin also understands the art of beads as trimmings. She uses them in the most delightfully original way, and frequently allows them to give the finishing note to the entire costume. For example, in a gown of apricot charmeuse of the palest shade the front of the bodice was adorned with an oval of fine black beads with a row of crystals to form an inner border and a pink bead row in the center.

By the way, this touch of black to bring out the line points of a costume is one which the French modiste understands perfectly, and one which the amateur may well take to heart. It is simply wonderful what just a wisp of black tulle at the right place in a frock can do in the way of giving distinction. One of the most beautiful novelties of the season is the waterproof hat trimming, which is usually ribbon which has been so treated that it appears increased. It is tremendously smart. At a distance it looks like the most supple of patent leather made into bows.



YOU can't blame the clock. It has its duties to perform. When a crisis comes it must hold up its hands. Eleven o'clock or so is more or less of a crisis. You can't blame the girl. She has to be patient, poor dear. Her sex brings her many afflictions. You can't blame the dog. He has been trained to obey. His mistress has taught him carefully to be a good, obedient dog. Every one else is faithful to this mistress of his. In his abject adoration he is simply like all the rest, in the household and out of it. And he only needs a hint—just the merest hint.

—BUT you might blame FATHER. He is not the old-fashioned "irate parent." He's a jolly good fellow. You can gamble on his having a sense of humor. The trouble is that he is a shade too fond of his joke. And maybe he shouldn't have put the whole game up to the dog. Just fancy a gentleman of his distinction and waist measure pussy-footing around a hat rack and— Well, the jig's up. You can't mend a calamity like that.

Vigor Makes Success in Life Easier

By Dr. L. K. Hirschberg

BATTLES have made much work for tears in many a mother whose sons lie scattered on the bleeding ground. To his grovelling in the cold embrace of the discolored earth is a poor reward for years devoted to the building up of health and strength. Yet the battle does go best with the strong in thought and in body. The health that sniffs like a war-horse the fresh morning air may not be among the victors of the fray, but to him is vouchsafed more happy conditions.

It is he who will escape the storms and stresses, the dysentery and the fevers, the wounds and the exposure. The warmth and glow, the spirit and dash that comes with scarlet health, conquers in the end, though it be in many a momentarily lost battle.

Life is full of the din of arms, the yells of savage rage, the moans of the fallen. The groan of death is eternally in the wordy air, which ever a solemn stillness holds.

Victory is inevitable, however; to the physically right man and woman. There may be a dolorous, mournful note in many a drum-beat; the trumpet's blast and the flap of banners do not always come at happy moments, yet he who is girded about with aggressive muscles, bounding red corporals, and springy wind will win more than a set of spurs.

Thus a thousand glorious daily wars are fought under your very noses and by you. Triumphant laurels and immortal fame lie in glorious confusion amid every crowded street.

Troops of daily heroes undistinguished by wreaths carrying dinner pails or rascaling bolts 40 stories high in mid-air march with elastic tread back and forth in the marts of men.

Shamelessly I speak the platitudes that peace and life have their victories no less renowned than war. Hand to hand and foot to foot, strike the thrust, flash and cries ask for quarter or for victory.

The turf-of-war betwixt Greek and Greek goes on eternally. The sweat of work is the blood of battle. Happy he whose solid sleep, whose simple food, whose moderate pleasures fit him physically for the strife.

The loss of health, like the "serious edge of combat when it rages, cannot be long endured by the ailing one. The clamor of the fight, the clashing of contending volleys and darts, soon lay the ill, the lame, the halt and the blind. Health alone wheels its way successfully through the brazen chariot of warring rivals. The dismal hiss of fiery darts, levelled in words or deeds at the ailing man, fall harmlessly in flaming volleys on his head.

The laws of death are always showing through the fortress of life. Every soiled towel, each unsterilized handkerchief, the unboiled water drink are attacks in the dark. Your living, vital enemies have hosts of allies in those unseen assassins, the disease germs.

Answers to Health Questions

M. M. Camden, N. J.—How can I avoid headaches from car riding? Car sickness is not a rare complaint. It is often cured by the removal of adenoids, enlarged tonsils, earwax, nasal deformities and muscular eye defects. It is indeed an important discovery that many supposedly incurable instances of dizziness and headaches, such as yours, can now be cured by the surgeon and the physical culturist.

READER—Beneath my eyebrows my eyes are puffy, and under my eyes there are dark circles and hollows. I am a young girl, yet I look like an old maid. Hollows under the eyes mean loss of weight and disappearance of fat. At the fat disappears the lymph accumulates under the upper eyelid, which becomes swollen.

All you need do is to obtain 10 hours' sleep each night and eat six hearty meals a day. The poorest of girls can do this.

Wise Words

Conceit may puff a man up, but can never prop him up.—Ruskin. Earnestness commands the respect of mankind.—John Hall. All human power is a compound of time and patience.—Balzac. Men have eight; women insight.—Victor Hugo.

If you would have the nuptial union last but not the least, then it is best to fast.—Hove. The show lives its little hour, the true to aftertimes bears raptures over-pew.—Goethe. He that cannot forgive others breaks the bridge over which he himself must pass.—Herbert.

The essence of knowledge is, having it, to apply it, not having it, to confess your ignorance.—Confucius. One day at a time! It's a wholesome rhyme; a good one to live by, a day at a time.—H. H. Jackson. The two most engaging powers of a woman are, to make new things familiar and familiar things new.—Johnson.

Honor to those whose words and deeds thus help us in our daily needs.—Longfellow. In every age there are a few men who hold the opinions of another age, past or future.—Charles Reade.

Peter's Adventures in Matrimony

By Leona Dalrymple

Author of the New Novel, "Diane of the Green Vase" (Awarded a Prize of \$10,000 by Ida M. Tarbell and S. S. McClure as Judges).

The truth about "the girl in the blue" distinguishes this new series by Miss Dalrymple. Her character studies will not appear unfamiliar to the majority of readers, who will follow the fortunes of "Peter" with growing interest.

Making a "Fan."

LIKE baseball, Mary doesn't. Mary likes croquet. Heaven help me! I don't. I can't for the life of me see any fun in knocking wooden balls through an asinine series of wickets. Mary does.

Now, periodically, Mary and I, at my suggestion, strive to adjust ourselves to each other's fancies. It's usually after I've read some newspaper article about wives and husbands drifting apart. So, in a malignant attack of conscience, I have learned to play croquet, and summer evenings I mildly follow Mary about and thump at wooden balls. I never hit them. My specialty is wrenching out the wickets. This self-sacrifice of mine has borne retributive fruit. Mary has tried to

like something that I like. "Peter," she said radiantly one bright, warm afternoon, "I'm going to the ball game with you. I'm sure I'll be able to understand the game after a while, if you will explain it."

I expressed my willingness to try and we set forth. It was Saturday afternoon and the Waverly Club was playing a rival country club. Mary said I climbed to the grand stand and she fluttered prettily into her seat with a quick glance all around her. I gathered from her radiant face that she looked better than the other women near her. She usually does.

"Now don't forget, Peter," she exclaimed sweetly, "You must explain everything just as it happens." "I sighed. Have you ever tried to explain a ball game to a girl when things are happening so fast and furious that you just want to watch and whistle? I shan't forget my experience with Mary.

"Well, that's the plate," I began. "A plate," said Mary, puzzled. "Dear me, you don't mean a platter to carry the ball on, do you? What else would they do with a plate at a ball game?" A cynical old fan behind me murmured something about a plate and a foul and "releasing" the umpire. It was a vile pun and his companion ignored it save by a whispered admonition to shut up, which he didn't do.

"Who," said Mary very firmly, "is the young man with the moustache?" "Bill Schrock," said I. "Don't like his name," sniffed Mary.

"It isn't really necessary that you should," I suggested, a little annoyed. "He plays good ball without." "The game went forward," I patiently explained in simple language as much as I could. Mary nodded sweetly and graciously, but I could see that she was concentrating only upon the details that interested her. Those details were usually not the technical points of the game. They were the cut of the base ball suits, the pique-tride or lack of it of the players, and the hats of the women about her.

"Who?" said Mary. "What was it, Peter? I wasn't looking. Horrid thief! What did he steal?" "Third base," said I, uncomfortably conscious that the cynical old fan behind me was enjoying himself.

"What?" cried Mary with some excitement, "will they do without it, Peter? Can the game go on? Why doesn't he return it? Peter, I never thought Miles would do such a thing!" "Mary," I hissed, desperately, "for heaven's sake, shut up! All the men around are laughing at us."

"Let them laugh," said Mary, but she flushed and tossed her head. "Peter," she whispered presently, "the—the umpire's terribly handsome. I wonder why he takes such terrible chances there behind the bat with that face. He might easily ruin his looks forever. Couldn't he stand in the grand stand?"

"Baseball, I take it, ruins a certain brain groove. Do women have it?"

Odd Facts

Out of a total tonnage of \$2,500,000 produced by the Paris mint last year, \$17,200,000 was in gold.

A street in Lyons—the Rue de la Republique—is paved with glass. The blocks are eight inches square, and so closely fitted that water cannot pass between the interstices.

The czar of Russia probably owns a greater quantity of china than any other person in the world. He has the china belonging to all the Russian rulers as far back as Catherine the Great. It is stored in the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg.

A novel newspaper has appeared in St. Petersburg, called the Vagabonds' Gazette. It is intended for circulation among the criminal classes, and its chief contributors are well known to the Russian police. Signed articles relating the details of famous coups are an important feature of the new journal.

Useful Hints for the Housewife

By Ann Marie Lloyd

IN the Spring heavy velour draperies may well be replaced with those of denim or the linen taffetas or the various art fabrics which are offered for the purpose. For the upholstered chairs the linen slips are a summer necessity. They keep the materials they cover fresh, and they add immeasurably to the appearance of a room. Before they are put on the furniture all the dust should be removed from the upholstery, strips carefully taken out with French chalk or some of the reliable cleansing fluids, and the tuffings stuffed with tissue paper.

Heavy paintings in gilt frames may be covered with the fine netting which comes for the purpose, unless they are removed for the time being and their places filled by less ornate pictures, such as French prints or framed photographs or simple watercolors.

Unnecessary bric-a-brac should be carefully packed away in the summer. A few soft colored bowls or tall glass vases for flowers will be all that the average room needs in the way of such ornamentation. The summer scheme should be void of clutter. Space is for more conducive to comfort than the carot collection of art objects.

In the bathroom the rule of simplicity should be strictly followed. Elaborate tile drainings should be replaced with simple, clean-lined lines are the

most exquisite coverlets imaginable. Cretonne is ideal. With wicker it transforms a room.

If possible consign all heavy bed need-les furniture to that mystic place known as "up attic."

Blankets must be cleaned before they are put away. If you lack the convenience of cedar chests, use the moth-proof cases which come for the purpose. Or, if it is more convenient, make cases for yourself by wrapping the blankets in paper and securely fastening the ends so there is no chance of the moth finding entrance. Some housekeepers have great faith in turpentine as a moth enemy. They dip bunches of cotton in it and lay between the folds of blankets or garments in the same manner as moth balls are used.

For summer there is a liking for the so-called cotton blankets for bed coverings. They dip bunches of cotton in it and lay between the folds of blankets or garments in the same manner as moth balls are used.

Down comforters, the luxurious silken "quiffs," may be thoroughly dusted and sewed in cheesecloth and then put in mothproof cases.

Where heavy, deep piled rugs are used in bedrooms the substitution of rag rugs for summer gives an air of freshness.

In packing away winter clothing or house furnishings the chief thing to remember is to have everything well cleaned. Beat out the dust, take out the spots, shake out the wrinkles. Let them hang in the hot sun for a day if possible. Turn the pockets of all garments wrong side out.

Advice to Girls

By Annie Laurie

Dear Annie Laurie: Like any other natural girl of 19, I like to have a good time, but my parents are strict Scotch people, and won't let me go out much. There is a young man who asks me to go to nickel shows and to call on me in the evening, but my father won't even let him come to the house.

I am a good girl at home and do all the work, so I think I should be allowed to go out some. What do you think?

BETTY BROWN EYES. POOR little Betty Brown Eyes, what a lot of trouble you're in, to be sure. Just now it seems to you the most important thing in the world to "have a beau" and to "go places."

And it is an important thing, too. Find out how old your mother was when she first began to go out with your father, tell her you are not feather-headed or foolish, you're just a simple natural girl; tell her you will do whatever she thinks is right, but ask her what it is she thinks you ought to do. Talk the whole matter plainly over with her just as you have with me. Don't say one word you will be sorry for afterward, no matter what she says.

Ask your father what it is he has against the young man who wants to come and see you; see if you can't get your mother to invite him to a plain little supper some evening. Maybe when your father sees that he is no desperate villain coming to carry you off, with-

nally, but just a good-natured young fellow who happens to like you and whom you happen to like, he'll be different about it. If this fails, go to some one of your mother's friends and get her to intercede for you.

Cheer up, Betty Brown Eyes, every thing will come right for you, not by and by, but near and by.

Annie Laurie Miss Laurie will welcome letters of inquiry on subjects of feminine interest from young women readers of this paper and will reply to them in these columns. They should be addressed to her, care this office.

Daddy's Good Night Story

By GEORGE HENRY SMITH

I WAS thinking," began Mister Squirrel, one day, "that we used to see a good deal of Brev Rabbit. He hasn't been around lately."

"No," answered Mrs. Squirrel. "I guess he must be very busy."

"Busy doing what?" asked Mrs. Squirrel, hopping up beside her husband. "Do folks always have to be doing something to be busy?" asked Mister Squirrel.

"You can be busy thinking," replied Mrs. Squirrel, putting his hands to his head.

"I never thought of that," said Mister Squirrel, laughing.

"What are you doing?" asked Mrs. Squirrel. "Don't bother me!" exclaimed her husband. "What are you doing?" asked Mrs. Squirrel once more. "I am busy," replied Mister Squirrel. "Busy doing what?" asked his wife. "Busy thinking," answered Mister Squirrel. "Of what are you thinking?" asked Mrs. Squirrel. "I am thinking how I can get a large hickory nut without going after it," said her husband, pressing his hands to his head. Mrs. Squirrel hopped away and soon returned with a large hickory nut and handed it to her husband. "It pays to think," said Mister Squirrel, laughing.

News of the City and the Outports

C.L.B. Had Good Time At Bell Is.

Got Splendid Reception.—Took Part In Opening Ceremonies of New Armoury.

The members of the C. L. B. Band accompanied by about thirty other members of the city companies left by special train at 8 a.m. Sunday. The S.S. "Othar" was joined at Kelligrews at 9 a.m. and Bell Island was reached about one hour later.

After landing from the steamer the visitors marched to the Armoury where they were met by the officers of the island corps and were told of the houses they were to occupy during their stay and which were kindly given by the residents free of charge.

After dinner the local company with the Band and visiting members paraded at 2.30 to attend divine service.

Brigade Service.

The service was the regular Brigade form and was taken by the Rev. J. Stead, Chaplain, who delivered a stirring address dealing with the inception of the Brigade. There was a large congregation and the service was a very hearty one, the Band accompanying for the hymns.

Monday was spent by the visitors in seeing the various points of interest on the island.

At 7.30 p.m. the Company paraded for inspection by Major Franklin and the Battalion Chaplain, Canon White and for the formal opening of the new armoury. The Company was under command of Lieuts. Lindsay and Kershaw.

Opening Ceremonies.

The opening ceremonies were conducted by the Battalion Chaplain assisted by the Rev. J. Stead, in the presence of a large gathering of friends. The new members were initiated by the Rev. Canon White who also in a brief address expressed the pleasure and satisfaction of the C.L.B. authorities at the success which has attended the starting of the Company at Bell Island.

Then followed the official inspection by Major Franklin, which was carried out in that officer's usual thorough and realistic manner. He made a short address to the lads, and gave them a few hints to help them to make their company a success.

After Inspection.

The inspection was followed by a concert and tea which, needless to say, was thoroughly enjoyed. The proceedings closed down with a dance, the music for same being provided by the Battalion Band. This was kept up till the wee sma' hours and was a great success. At the close of the dance the city folks proceeded to the steamer, and after a good run connected with the special train at Kelligrews and reached town at 6.45 yesterday morning.

The trip was greatly enjoyed by all who went over and they are loud in their praises of the many kindnesses shown them by the residents of the Iron Isle.

The Company are to be congratulated on the possession of such a fine armoury, and the officers and friends who worked so hard to erect it, are deserving of great praise.

The Bell Island C. L. B. has our best wishes for its future success.

SIX PICTURES TO-DAY AT THE NICKEL THEATRE.

A programme which is certain to please all will be given at the Nickel Theatre this evening.

No less than six pictures, all either amusing or instructive have been arranged.

Many popular movie stars will be seen at this performance. Arthur V. Johnson and Lottie Briscoe appear in a beautiful drama, "The Pawnee Bracelet."

There is an interesting travelogue—the "Waterfalls of Idaho," and a powerful drama of Mexican life "In the Land of the Cactus."

"The Price of Gold" is a strong drama, very creditably acted, and "The Old Guard" is an old soldier's story related in a fascinating manner.

There will also be a Pathe weekly. Miss Gardner and Mr. McCarthy will sing as usual and Miss Ring and Mr. Ross will provide a programme of high class music.

NOTICE.

There will be a special meeting of the Newfoundland British Society Thursday evening, May 28th, at 8.30 p.m. Business important. A full attendance requested.

J. M. CARBERRY, Secretary

"Prospero" Here From The North

Could Not Get Beyond Lock's Cove, Hare Bay.—Much Ice on The Coast.

S.S. Prospero, Capt. A. Kean, which arrived from the Northward yesterday afternoon brought the following passengers: Mrs. Ensign Bowring, S.A. J. F. Travers, Rideout, Hodgson, Blackler, Weir, Sherwin (2), Pinkson, Somerton, Enelgrove, Capt. Wills, S.A., Lockyer, Grant, Bursey, Day, Coombs; Mesdames Casey, Pinkson, Hunt, Jenkins, Tuff Bursey, Hopkins, Bursey; Misses Lyon, Hart, Brown, Duggan and sixty second class.

Capt. Kean informs us that he never saw the ice as heavy at the northward at this time of the year before.

The Prospero made Lock's Cove, Hare Bay, but could not get north of that.

Strong off shore wind or forty-eight hours rain is needed to drive the ice off.

DERBY WINNERS

The winning horses in the English Derby which was run this morning were Durbar, first; Hapsburg, second and Peter The Hermit, third.

PONDS NOT OPEN.

There is considerable snow in some parts of the interior and from Brigus Junction to Bishop's Falls a number of ponds are not yet free of ice. West of the Falls the ponds are open.

OPORTO MARKET

Stocks (Nfld.)	590	3170
Consumption (Nfld.)	1115	2410
Stocks (Norg.)	17625	20080
Consumption (Norg.)	6050	3170

May 27, May 28

WEST COAST WEATHER.

A gentleman just from the West Coast says that the weather conditions there last week were perfect. The snow has all disappeared, the ponds are open and the farmers have been busy for a fortnight.

ORPHAN CHILDREN FOR CANADA

Twenty-five girls and seventy boys from the Medlemore Home, Birmingham, are on the Carthaginian for Canada, where they will be distributed in private houses.

They paraded Water Street this morning and attracted considerable attention.

FIRE ALARMS YESTERDAY.

Box 334. Yesterday afternoon at 3.30 an alarm of fire sounded from box 334, Patrick Street. The fire was in the house of Mr. J. Carroll.

The fire fighters were quickly on the scene and extinguished the blaze before any damage was done.

Box 223.

At 6 p.m. the Central and Eastern firemen were called to the residence of Mr. W. English, Hayward Avenue, a child having ignited the curtains. The blaze was quickly extinguished; no damage being sustained.

CASUALS LINE UP

The annual meeting of the Casual Football Club took place last evening. The President, Mr. Gerald Harvey, occupying the chair.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mr. Gerald Harvey; Captain, Mr. Stevenson; Vice-Captain, Mr. H. Lidstone; Secretary and League Delegate, Mr. H. Foster; Selecting Committee, Captain, Vice-Captain and Mr. R. Morris.

F.P.U. DISASTER FUND

Amount acknowledged	\$4,161.91
F.P.U. Councils—	
Farmer's Arm, Dildo	7.70
Nipper's Harbor	30.00
Alexander Bay	17.00
Salvage Combined	34.00
Campbellton	13.50
Loon Bay	5.00
Carmanville	22.82
Change Islands	21.05
Victoria Cove	11.48
King's Cove	21.40
	\$4,335.86

WANTED—TWO COOPERS—to work in Outport. For further particulars apply by letter to Y.Z., Cupids, or Geo. Grimes at F. P. U. Store.—May 27, 31

Prospects Here Not Very Good

Discouraging Report From Section of Coast Between Mall Bay and Eagle Point

The following report was received yesterday by the Board of Trade from F. R. Dinham, dated May 9th:—(From Eagle Point to Mall Bay). The total catch is 1,910 quintals and for the last week, nil. No dories, boats or skiffs were fishing and no bankers or schooners from the grounds arrived.

"Codfishery prospects are very poor, but herring is fairly plentiful in nets."

"The lobster catch, according to the fishermen, is the worst on record to date."

SHIPPING

BRUCE SAILS.

The S.S. Bruce which was undergoing her spring cleaning at the dock sailed for Basques at 5 p.m. yesterday to resume her service on the Cabot Strait.

MARINA PUTS IN.

The Donaldson liner Marina, Capt. Brown, which is 16 days from Glasgow, arrived in port yesterday and will remain until the ice moves off the coast and she can make Botwood without danger.

SCHOONER ABANDONED; MEN TOWED TO PORT

The Customs Department has received word from Channel that the schr. Lady Smith, Wm. Rose, master, ran ashore at Fox Roost Head, Monday, and was abandoned.

Yesterday the schr. was salvaged and towed to Isle au Mort by some of the residents of that place.

Only her bowsprit was broken.

SAGONA AT TILT COVE TO TAKE BUNKER COAL

The Crosbie coaster Sagona arrived at Tilt Cove this morning from St. Anthony. She has 14,000 seals on board.

As she has only 25 tons coal on board she will take 15 tons at that place.

The steamer is due here Friday.

Carthaginian will likely sail for Halifax this evening.

Fogota left Joe Batt's Arm at 4.25 a.m.

There is no word of the Lintrose or Kyle to-day as the wires are interrupted.

S.S. Durango left for Halifax at noon. Mr. Montgomerie took passage by her.

The Olinda, Dunure and Nellie M. have not sailed for Brazil yet. They are awaiting a change of wind outside.

HON. J. C. CROSBIE REFUSES STOKERS DEMANDS.

The deputation of the Firemen's Union waited on the manager of the Nfld. Produce Co. relative to the increase of wages asked for firemen of the Fogota.

The hon. gentleman would not accede to their request, and under no condition would he put out the non-union firemen on his steamer as they were good and faithful workers, sober and industrious. Mr. Crosbie spoke highly of the men and he did not feel like dismissing them, considering they are such fine workers.

During the interview it became known that a letter intended for Hon. Mr. Crosbie was addressed to another person, and never reached the gentleman intended for.

The Union at the monthly meeting last night, decided to call out the Union men on the Sagona when she returns to port.

Mongolian left Philadelphia at midnight Monday.

MISSING BOYS SAFE

Masters McNamara and Kelly, sons of Mr. F. McNamara and W. Kelly, lawyer, who were said to be missing, are safe.

They went fishing and brought up in Witless Bay.

Is Charged With Serious Offence

Disgraceful Story Comes From Seal Cove, White Bay.—Man Up In Years.

Magistrate Pearce of Western Cove and Constable Walsh at Tilt Cove are now at Seal Cove, White Bay, inquiring into a grave charge against an aged resident of that place named Rocketts, preferred by the man's own daughter, a girl of about 16 years of age.

The girl kept her secret as long as she could because the inhuman parent threatened he would kill her if she ever told.

When the mid-wife was called in, the child made a confession to her, and the Magistrate was promptly notified.

We since learn that Congt. Walsh has arrested the man and is holding him until the Magistrate finishes his enquiry.

It is probable that the prisoner will be brought to St. John's.

The prisoner is nearly 70 years of age we are informed, and was twice married, both wives being dead.

EXPRESS TO-MORROW MORNING

The express is due at 2 a.m. to-morrow.

MORE LAND GRABBING.

M. P. Driscoll is after 865 square miles at White Bear Arm, Labrador.

W. T. Shirran, wants no less than eight acres at Sandwich Bay, about 820 miles.

One George Colish wants two areas at Sandwich Bay, consisting of 921 miles.

Fisherman Drowns Fiona Picks up Body

The Deputy Minister of Customs had the following message from the Fiona, Hermitage, to-day:—

"Benjamin Rose, aged 56, belonging to Hermitage Cove, when returning from the fishing grounds, upset his boat and was drowned. We recovered body and took it to son's home; also towed in boat. The shore fishery is poor. Banking vessels are doing well. Fishermen report plenty in Gulf. Bait abundant at Connaigre and parts of Fortune Bay. Strong winds and dense fog prevailing."

Judge Knight's Report Published

(Continued from page 1)

had gone to their own, and had reached her.

In the last conclusion he erred as events proved, but he had arrived at such conclusions not without reason, computing the time it had taken them to travel as being two and a half hours in the morning and not four and a half as was the fact.

The Explanation Given

The explanation given in evidence of the remark of barrelman Yetman as to the men leaving the "Newfoundland" at nine o'clock, is that when he first observed them, they being in a line with the ship, had probably come into vision by getting on high pinnaled ice and looked nearer to her than they actually were; and furthermore as his work in the barrel lay principally with his own crew and their doings, he may in making the remark at the time to the captain, not have intended to convey the idea absolutely that they had just got away from the "Newfoundland."

I think it my duty to say that too much reliance should not, in my opinion, be given to the evidence of Patrick J. Barkley, Operator on the S.S. "Florizel," as to the message that was sent by Capt. Joseph Keane to the "Stephano," and in which he says "Captain Joseph Keane asked Captain Abram Keane to look out for his men and the Newfoundland's." The manner of giving his testimony—everything practically dragged from him except this one little bit which came voluntarily and with apparent feeling—indicated to me, and I venture to assert to all who heard it, that he was prejudiced from some cause or another.

Words of Praise

Now, lastly, in closing my review of the evidence relating to the legal liability of those, if any, responsible for such loss of life, I may be pardoned if I observe that the whole evidence which bears upon the acts of the men themselves shows that the poor fellows who perished, forfeited their lives whilst bravely struggling to retain them. Instances of kindness and self sacrifice are not lacking. No complaining was heard as they heroically fought the unequal battle with the Storm King of the North.

Some with greater physical endurance than others won out, but many

of these who survived have done so maimed and wrecked for life.

Doesn't Condemn Them

Whilst some witnesses have criticised the conduct of one or two of the Master of Watches, I have to advise that having regard to the fearful exposure in the face of a blinding snow storm, followed by a worse gale of wind and freezing temperature for two days and two nights, there is very slight direct testimony that according to their capacity they did not do all which might reasonably have been expected of them in the circumstances, and that one and all of those who went through the ordeal, and those who succumbed, maintained the best traditions of their race.

And now, I think it only fair to suggest that in criticising the liability of the man who had charge of the crew of the "Newfoundland" in their quest for seals on the day of the 31st, and the subsequent day, we should not forget that as in all other walks of life such men have their natural limitations. He doubtless felt the great responsibility thrust upon him by the storm and realised the terrible plight in which the continuation of the blizzard placed such a number of men, and whilst he may have erred in his judgment, the fact remains that he took all the risks and shared all the terrible hardships with his fellows.

Part II.

For convenience of reference I beg you to consider the following portion of this report as Part 2, and I shall refer to it as such.

I beg to inform you that in accordance with your expressed desire I made the investigation as complete and full as the circumstances would permit, giving to all those who attended the sittings, both Counsel and others an opportunity to suggest witnesses to be called, and in every case suggested, the named witnesses were called and examined.

I should inform you that at the opening of the enquiry Mr. Morine, K.C., and Dr. Lloyd appeared for that part of the public who were deemed to be most deeply interested in the matter, and although Mr. Morine's continued attendance was prohibited by absence from town and professional business in the Supreme Court, Dr. Lloyd attended every sitting and availed of every opportunity to elicit most valuable testimony upon every question which seemed germane to the issues involved, and we all ob-

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me in the Enquiry, together with the various exhibits put in; I send you also as pare copy of the depositions.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,
(Sgd.) A. W. KNIGHT, Act. S.M.
To Hon. R. A. Squires, K.C.
H. M. Attorney-General

Notes of News From Hr. Grace

Owing to such a backward spring, our fishermen have done very little in preparing for the coming season's catch, but we all look forward for a very prosperous one.

One of citizens who went to Riverhead station on Wednesday night, just escaped losing one of his eyes, by coming in contact with the letter-box, which is in a very dangerous place to the public on such a dark night as Wednesday night. We think it advisable to have it removed to the other end of the depot.

Mrs. Barth. Corbett, who has been undergoing treatment at the General Hospital since November, is improved, and is expected home the coming week.

We are more than thankful to Coaker for the firm stand he took in re commission of enquiry into the sealing disaster. Well done, Coaker, go ahead, it will be Liberal-Union representation in the House of Assembly for the District of Harbor Grace after the next elections, as two-thirds of the people are tired of the so-called People's Party.

We cannot express how thankful we are to The Mail and Advocate for showing us where our money has been wasted, though our streets have every appearance of neglect, and moreover, our main line from Harbor Grace to Spaniard's Bay.

The general cry of our citizens at the train is "Have you a Mail and Advocate"—the name of The Herald is a very strange thing to hear except by a few dying heeleders." Patsy will have to stir up and take notice in the near future. The Mail and Advocate is the paper for one and all.

—BAYOU TECKE.
Hr. Grace, May 22, 1914.

VERY INTERESTING—

Everybody should read The Mail and Advocate's correspondence, it's so interesting.