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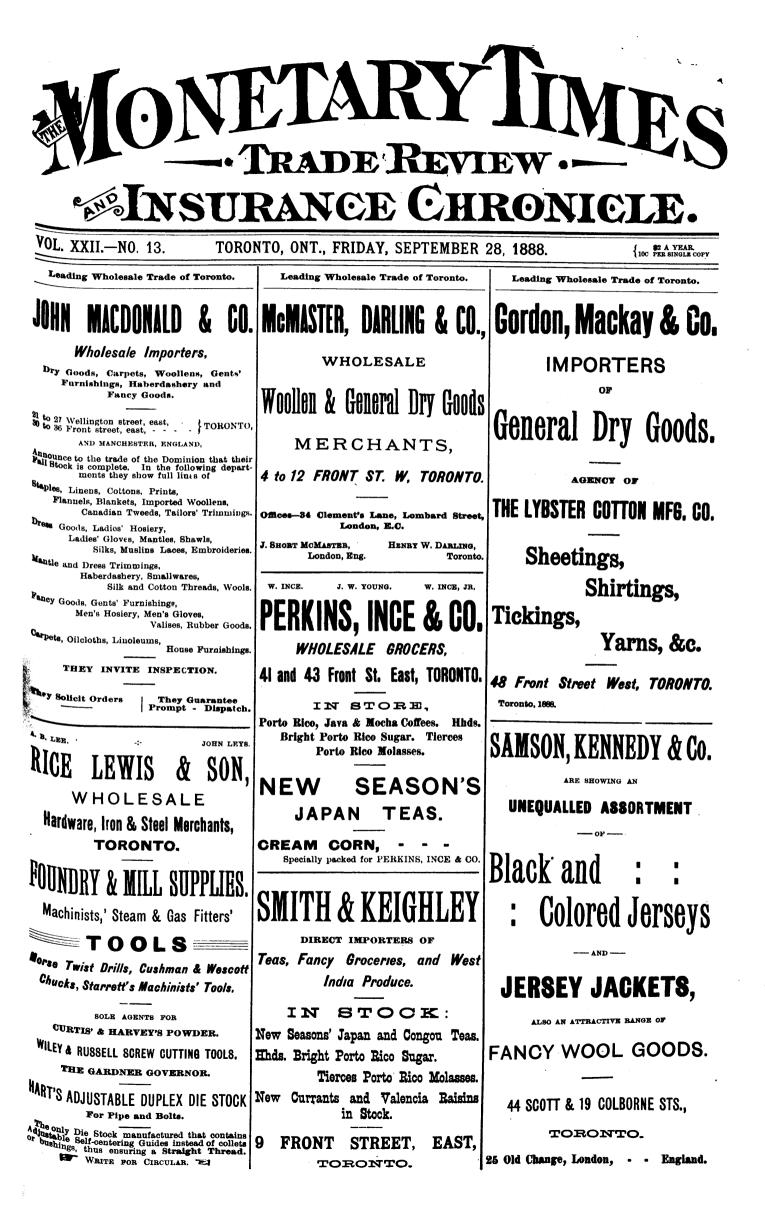
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Continuous pagination.



848

THE MONETARY TIMES.

The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.			
BANK OF MONTREAL	BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.				
Established in 1818. Capital (all paid up) \$12,000,000	INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.	OF CANADA.			
Rest Fund	Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000 Stg.	Capital			
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.	LONDON OFFICE 3 Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.	HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.			
GROBGE A. DRUMMOND, Esq., Vice-President. Gibert Scott, Esq. Hugh McLennan, Esq. Alexander Murray, Esq. A. T. Paterson, Esq. E. B. Greenshields, Esq. W. C. Macdonald, Esq. Hon, J. J. C. Abbott.	COURT OF DIRECTORS. J. H. Brodie. H. J. B. Kendall.	BOARD OF DIRECTORS. ANDREW ALLAN, President.			
Hon. J. J. C. Abbott. W. J. BUCHANAN, General Managet E. S. CLOUSTON, Ass't Gen. Manager	J. H. Brodie. John James Cater. Henry R. Farrer. Richard H. Glyn. E. A. Hoare. BeretaryA. G. Wallis ScoretaryA. G. Wallis	ROBT. ANDERSON, Esq., Vice-President			
And Manager of Montreal Branch. A. MAONDER, Ass't Gen. Man. and Inspector. R. Y. HEBDEN, Ass't Inspector A. B. BUCHANAN, Secretary.	E. A. Hoare. J. Murray Robertson. Secretary—A. G. Wallis.	Hector McKenzie, Esq. John Duncan, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. H. Montagu Allan, Esq. John Cassils, Esq. J. P. Dawes, Esq. T. H. Dunn.			
BRANCHES IN CANADA. Montreal—H. V. Meredith, Asst. Manager. Almonte. Ont. Halifax. N.S. Port Hope. Ont.	HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA-St. James St., Montreal. R. R. GRINDLEY, General Manager.	GEORGE HAGUE, General Manager. JOHN GAULT, - Acting Sup't. of Branches. BRANCHES IN ONTABIO AND QUEBEC.			
Belleville, "Hamilton, Ont. Quebec, Que. Brantford, "Kingston, "Hegina, Assna. Brockville. "Lindsav. "Sarnia, Ont.	BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CANADA.	Belleville, Kingston, Quebec, Berlin, London, Renfrew, Brampton, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Que			
Chatham, N.B. Moncton, N.B. St. John, N.B. Chatham, Ont. New Westm'str.B.C.St. Marys Ont.	London. Kingston. Fredericton, N.B. Brantford. Ottawa. Halifaz, N.S. Paris. Montreal. Victoria. Hamilton. Quebec. Vancouver, B.C.	Galanoque, Ottawa, St. John's, Que. Galanoque, Ottawa, St. John's, Que.			
Cornwall, "Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, " Goderich, "Perth, ''Vancouver, B.C. Guelph, "Peterboro, Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Picton, "	Mamilton. Quebec. Vancouver, B. C. Toronto. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man. AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES. AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES. AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES.	Hamilton, Owen Sound, Toronto, Ingersoll, Perth, Walkerton, Kincardine, Prescott, Windsor.			
AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAINLondon-Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lane, E. C., C. Ashworth, Manager. London Committee-E. H. King, Esq., Chairman, Robert Gillespie, Esq.	New York-D. A. McTavish and H. Stikeman, Agts. San Francisco-W. Lawson and J. C. Welsh, Agts. London Bankers-The Bank of England Messrs.	BRANCHES IN MANITOBA. Winnipeg Brandon			
Chairman, Robert Gillespie, Esq. AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATESNew York- Walter Watson and Alex. Lang, 59 Wall St. Chicago, -Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager; E. M.	Glyn & Co. Foreign Agents.—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool. Australia—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand	BARKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London, Glasgow, Edinburgh and other points, The Clydesdale Bank (Limited), Liverpool, Commercial Bank of Liverpool AGENCY IN NEW YORK-61 Wall Street, Mesers			
Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Manager; E. M. Shadbolt, Assistant-Manager. BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAINLondonThe Bank of England; the Union Bank of London; the Lon-	-Union Bank of New Zealand. India, China and Japan-Chartered Meroantile Bank of India. Lon- don and China-Agra Bank, Limited. West Indies- Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcouard, Krauss et	I Homy Hages and John D. Harris, Jr., agents.			
don and Westminster Bank. Liverpool—The Bank of Liverpool. Scotland—the British Linen Company nd branches.	Colonial Bank. Paris-Messrs. Marcuard, Krauss et Cie. Lyona-Credit Lyonnais. Issue Circular Notes for Travellers, available in all parts of the world.	BANKERS IN UNITED STATES-New York, Bana New York, N.A.B.; Boston, Merchants' National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Bank; St. Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Detroit, First National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo; San Fran-			
BANKERS IN THE UNITED STATES.—New York.—The Bank of New York, N.B.A.; the Merchants' National Bank. Boston—The Merchants' National Bank.		NEWFOUNDLAND-Com'erc'l Bk. of Newfoundland. Nova Scotla and New Brunswicz-Bank of Nova			
Buffalo-Bank of Commerce in Buffalo. San Fran- cisco-The Bank of British Columbia. COLONIAL AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCESt.	THE QUEBEC BANK. INCORPORATED BY ROTAL CHARTER, A.D. 1818.	Scotia and Merchants' Bank of Halifax. A general Banking business transacted. Letters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries.			
COLONIAL AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCESt. John's, NfdThe Union Bank of Newfoundland. British Columbia-the Bank of British Columbia. New Zealand-The Bank of New Zealand. India, China, Japan, Australia.	Capital	THE			
(Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers available in all parts of the world).	HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC. BOARD OF DIRECTORS.	BANK OF TORONTO			
THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.	Hon. JAS. G. Boss, President. WM. WITHALL, Vice-President Bir N. F. Bellean, Kt. Jno. B. Young, Esg.				
Paid-up Capital	Sir N. F. Belleau, Kt. Jno. R. Young, Esq. R. H. Smith, Esq. Sam'l J. Shaw, Esq. Geo. R. Renfrew, Esq.				
HENRY W. DARLING, Esq., President, GEO. A. Cox, Esq., Vice-President. George Taylor, Esq. Wm. Gooderham, Esq.	JAMES STEVENSON, ESQ., Cashier BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN CANADA.				
Jas. Crathérn, Esq. W. B. Hamilton, Esq. John I. Davidson, Esq. Matthew Leggst, Esq. B. E. WALKEB General Manager.	Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Pembroke, Ont. Montreal, Que. Thorold, Ont. Three Rivers. Agents in New York—Bk. of British North America.	DIRECTORS.			
J. H. FLUMMER, Ass't Gen. Manager. A. H. IBELAND, Inspector. New York- Alex. Laird, & Wm. Gray,	Agents in London-The Bank of Scotland.	GEO. GOODEBRAM, Esq., Toronto, President. WM. HENRY BRATTY, Esq., Toronto, Vice-President A. T. Fulton, Esq., Toronto.			
Agents. BRANCHES. Ayr, Goderich, St. Catharines. Barrie, Guelph, Sarnia, Belleville, Hamilton, Seaforth,	THE ONTARIO BANK.	Henry Cawthrs, Esq., Henry Covert, Esq., Port Hope			
Berlin, Jarvis, Simcoe, Blenheim, London, Stratford, Brantford, Montreal, Strathroy,	Capital Paid-up				
Chatham, Orangeville, Thorold, Collingwood, Ottawa, *Toronto, Dundas, Paris, Walkerton.	DTREFTORS-Sir Wm. P. Howland, C.B., K.C.M.G. President: Donald Mackay, Esq., Vice-President; Hon. C. F. Fraser, G. M. Rose, Esq., A. M. Smith,	HEAD OFFICE, TOBONTO.			
Dunnville, Parkhill, Windsor, Galt, Peterboro, Woodstock, *East Toronto-Cor. Queen St. and Bolton Avenue,	Esq., R. K. Burgess, Esq., G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq.	DUNGAN COULSON, Cashier. HUGH LRACH, Ass't Cashier. J. T. M. BURNSIDE, Inspector			
North Toronto-763 Yonge St. North West Toronto -111 College street. Commercial Credits issued for use in Europe, the	BRANCHES: Aurora, Montreal, Pickering,	BRANCHES. Montreal—J. Murray Smith, Manager.			
East and West Indies, China, Japan, and South America. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold.	Cornwall, Mount Forest, Toronto, Cornwall, Newmarket, Whitby, Guelph, Ottawa, Winnipeg, Man.	Cobourg—Jos. Henderson. " Petrolea—P. Campbell, "			
Collections made on the most favorable terms. Interest allowed on deposits. BANKERS AND COBRESPONDENTS:	Kingston, Peterboro', 480 Quéen St. W. Lindsay, Port Arthur, Toronto. A G E N T S :	London-W. R. Wadsworth, " Barrie-J. A. Strathy, " St. Catharines-G. W. Hodgetts, "			
LONDON, ENGLAND—The Bank of Scotland. NEW YORK—The American Exchange National Bank. CHICAGO—The American Exchange National Bank.	and Messrs. W. Watson and Alexander Lang	BANKEBS.			
SAN FRANCISCO and BRITISH COLUMBIA-The Bank of British Columbia.		London, England—The City Bank, (Limited). New York—National Bank of Commerce.			
	Capital Paid-up	THE STANDARD BANK			
Reserve Fund 1,150,000 DIRECTORS:	DIDROTODS	Capital Paid-up			
JAMES AUSTIN, PRESIDENT. HON. FRANK SMITH, - VICE-PRESIDENT. W. Ince. Edward Leadlay. E. B. Osler. James Scott.	H. S. HOWLARD, - President. T. B. Munautr, - Vice-President. William Bamsay, T. R. Wadsworth. Hon. Alex. Morris. Robert Jaffray.	HEAD OFFICE, TOBONTO.			
Wilmot D. Matthews. HEAD OFFICE TOBONTO.	Hugh Ryan.	DIRECTORS. W. F. Cowan, President. JOHN BURNS, Vice-President W. F. Allen, Fred Wuld, Dr. G. D. Morton			
Agencies: Brampton. Belleville. Cobourg. Guelph. Lindsay, Napanee. Oshawa. Orillia. Uxbridge. Whitby. TORONTO, - Queen Street, corner of Esther Street.	B. JENNINGS, Inspector, BRANCHES IN ONTABIO.	A. T. Todd, A.GENGTES.			
" Queen Street East, corner Sherbourne. " Market Branch, cor, King & George Sts.	Fergus. Port Colborne. Woodstock. Galt. St. Catharines. Toronto	Bowmanville, Campbellford, Harrison Brantford, Cannington, Markham Bradford, Colborne, Newcarle Brighton, Durham, Forest. Picton, Parkdale.			
"Dundas Street - corner Queen "Spadina Avenue - No. 306 Drafts on all parts of the United States, Great Britain and the Continent of Europe bought & sold	BRANCHES IN NORTH-WEST, Winniper, Brandon, Coloran	Brighton, Durham, Forest. Picton, Paras BANKERS. New York and Montreal-Bank of Montreal.			
Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of Europe, China and Japan. R. H. BETHUNE, Cashier.	Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest showed. Prompt attention paid to ections.	All banking business promptly attended to. responde nce solicited. J. L. BRODIE, Cashier.			



Londonderry Port Hawkesbury. Agencies in New Brunswick. Bathurst. Kingston, (Kent Co.) Sackville. Fredericton. Moncton. Woodstock. Dorchester. Newcastie. Agencies in P. E. Island. Charlottetown. :- Summerside. In Bermuda, - Hamilton. In Island of Miquelon, - St. Pierre. CODECEDONDENTS CORRESPONDENTS.

CORRESPONDENTS. Dominion of Canada, - Merchants' Bank of Canada. Newfoundland, - Union Bk, of Newfoundland. New York - - Chase National Bank. Boston, - - - Nation'l Hide & Leather Bk London, Eng., - - Bank of Scotland. " - Imperial Bank, Limited. Paris, France, - Claude Latontaine, Collections made at lowest rates, and promptly remitted for. Telegraphic Transfers and Drafts issued at surrent rates.

THE UNION BANK OF CANADA.

 THE
 UNION
 BANK
 OF
 CANADA.

 Capital Paid-up
 \$1,200,000
 100,000

 Reserved Fund
 100,000
 100,000

 HEAD OFFICE.
 QUEBEC.
 100,000

 Board of Directors.
 ANDREW THORSON, Esq., President.
 E. J. Paice, Esq., Vice-President.

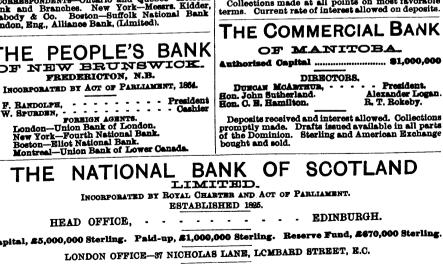
 Hon. Thos. McGreevy.
 D. C. Thomson, Esq.
 E. J. Hale, Esq.

 Bir A. T. Galt, G.O.M.G.
 Bir A. T. Galt, G.O.M.G.
 E. E. WEBB

 Alexandria, Iroquois, Lethbridge, N.W.T., Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, Smith's Falls, Toronto, West
 Winchester, Winnipeg, FOREIGN AGENTS.-London-Alliance Bank (Ltd.) Liverpool -Bank of Liverpool

 Altiance Bank (Ltd.) Minneapolis-First National Bk.
 Collections made at all points on most favorable.

 Collections made at all points on most favorable.
 Collections tace at allowed on deposits.



CURBENT ACCOUNTS are kept agreeab to usual custom. DEPOSITS at interest are received. CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT available in all parts of the world are issued free

harge. The Agency of Colonial and Foreign Banks is undertaken and the Acceptances of Customers re ding the Colonics, domiciled in London, retired on terms which will be furnished on application. he Colonics, domiciled in London, retired on terms which will be furnished on application. All other Banking business connected with England and Scotland is also tronsacted. JAMES BOREBTSON, Manager in London. tĥ

THE SHAREHOLDERS -OF

The Chartered Banks.

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The MOLSONS BA

Are Hereby Notified that a Dividend of FOUR PER CENT.

upon the Capital Stock has been declared for the Current Half-Year, and that the same will be Payable at the Office of the Bank, in Montreal, and at its Branches on and after the

First Day of October Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th SEPTEMBER.

-тне--Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank will be held at the Bank in this city, on Monday, the 8th of October

heat, at THREE o'clock in the Afternoon. By order of the Board,

> F. WOLVERSTAN THOMAS. General Manager

Montreal, 30th August, 1888.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA INCORPORATED 1832.

Capital Paid-up

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862. CAPITAL, \$2.500.000. --

LONDON OFFICE - 28 Cornhill, London. Vistoria, B.C.; New Westminster, B.C.; Vancouver, B.C.; Nansimo, B.C.; Kamloops, B.C.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS. IN CANADA-BANK of Montreal and Branches, who will undertake remittances, telegraphic or otherwise, and any banking business with British Columbia. IN U. Agents Bank of Montreal, 69 Wall St. UNTED KINGDOW-Bank BC., 28 Cornhill, London Wales Bank, British Linen Co.'s Bank, Bank of Telegraphic transfers and remittances to and from all points can be made through this bank at current description of banking ousiness transacted. BAALU

BANK OF YARMOUTH,	_
YARMOUTH, N.S.	T
DIRECTORS. L. E. BAKER, President. La C. E. BROWN, Vice-President	
John Lovitt. Hugh Cann. J. W. Moody	A . 1
Halle UURRESPONDENTS AT	J. 1
do The Bank of British North America.	
Bostore-The National Citisens Bank.	
then and Currency Drafts and Sterling Bills of Ex-	
thange bought and sold. Deposite received and interest allowed. Prompt attention given to collections.	
ST. STEPHEN'S BANK.	
THOOPPORATED 1896.	Ca
ST. STEPHEN'S, N.B. Spital Storyce	
W. H. TODD, President. J. F. GRANT, Ceshier.	
	of
John New York, N.B.A. Dontreal. St.	in t
Drakes issued on any Branch of the Bank of Mentreal,	I

HALIFAX BANKING CO. INCORPORATED 1879.

DIRECTORS.

ESTABLISHED 1885

300,0 JAQQUES GRENIER, - - - President. J. S. BOUSQUET, - - - Cashier. BRANCHES.

BHANCHES. Guebee-E. C. Barrow. "St. Roch-P. B. Dumoulin. Three Rivers-P. E. Pauncton. St. Johns, P.Q.-P. Beaudoin. St. Remi-C. Bedard. St. Jerome-J. A. Theberge.

FOREIGN AGENTS. FOREIGN AGENTS. London, England—The Alliance Bank, Limited. New York—The National Bank of the Republic.

500,000 100,000 Capital Failed 100,000 Reserve Fund 100,000 HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX, N S. W. L. PITCAITHLY, Cashier. DIRECTORS. ROBIE UNIACE, President. L. J. MOBTON, Vice-President. Thomas Bayne, F. D. Corbett, Jas. Thomson

Thomas Bayne, F. D. Correst, Jas. Infolisti-BRANCHES-Nova Scotia: Amherst, Antigonish, Barrington, Lockeport, Lunenburg, New Glasgow, Parrsboro, Shelburne, Truro, Windsor. New Bruns-wick: Petitcodiac, Sackville, St. John. Halifar, N.S. CORRESPONDENTS-Ontario and Quebeo-Moisons Bank and Branches. New York-Messrs. Kidder, Peebody & Co. Boston-Suffolk National Bank London, Eng., Alliance Bank, (Limited).

THE MONETARY TIMES



BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

DIRECTORS. LARBATT W. SMITH, D.C.L., President. JOHN KERR, Vice-President Hon. Alex. McKenzie, M.P. G. R. R. Cockburn, M L. Geo. Murray. W. Mortimer Clark. WAITER GILLERPIE.

WALTER GILLESPIE, Manager. OFFICE: COR. TORONTO AND COURT STS Money advanced on the security of city and farm property. Mortgages and debentures purchased. Interest allowed on deposits. Registered Debentures of the Association obtained on application.

The London & Ontario Investment Co. LIMITED,

OF TORONTO, ONT.

President, Hon. FRANK SMITH. Vice-President, WILLIAM H. BEATTY, Esq

Vice-President, WILLIAM H. BEATTT, ESQ DIRECTORS. Meesrs. William Ramssy, Arthur B. Lee, W. B. Hamilton, Alexander Nairn, George Taylor, Henry Gooderham and Frederick Wyld. Money advanced at current rates and on favorable terms, on the security of productive farm, city and town property. Money received from investors and secured by the Company's debentures, which may be drawn payable either in Canada or Britain with interest half yearly at current rates. & M. COSBY, Manager.

The National Investment Co. of Canada (LIMITED.)

20 ADELAIDE STREET EAST, TORONTO.

Bebertures issued. ANDREW DUBERGTORS. JOHN HOBEIN, Esq., Q.C., President. WILLIAW GALBBATTH, Esq., Vice-President William Alexander, Esq. John Stoart, Esq. N. Silverthorne, Esq. John Stark, Esq. Prof. Geo. Paxion Young, LL.D. Money Lent on Real Estate. Debertures issued. ANDREW

ANDREW RUTHERFORD, Manager,

Hon. I. THIBAUDEAU, Pres. F. KIROUAC, Vice-Prest. P. LAFRANCE, Cashier,

Ant. Fainchaud, Esq. A. Gaboury, Esq. Branches.—Montreal, A. Brunet, Manager; Ottawa, C. H. Carriere, do.; Sherbrooke, P. J. Bazin, Man. Agente—The National Bk. of Scotland, I.d., London; Jrunebaum Frères & Co. and La Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas, Paris; National Bank of the Republic, New York; National Revere Bank, Boston; Commercial Bank of Newfoundland; Bank of Toronto; Bank of New Brunswick, Merchants Bank of Halifar, Bank of Montreal; Manitoba—Union Bank of Canada.

The Loan Companies.

THE BRITISH CANADIAN Loan & Investment Go. (Limited).

Head	Office, 30 Adelaide St. East,	Toronto.
Capital	Authorized	\$2,000,000
66	Subscribed Paid-Up	1,6%0,000 322,41%
Reserve	Fund	48 004

Reserve Fund	47.00
Total Assets	1,568,68

DEBENTURES.

The attention of Depositors in Savings Banks and others seeking a safe and convenient investment and a liberal rate of interest, is invited to the Debentures issued by this Company. The Company's last annual statement and any further information required will be furnished on application to R. H. TOMLINSON, Manager.

Ontario Industrial Loan & Investment Co. (LIMITED.)

OFFICES: 32 ARCADI	Z, 1	Vio	T	DRI	A	8т	., Tobonto.
Capital Authorized, Capital Subscribed, Capital Paid up Reserve Fund, Contingent Fund,	-	-	-	-	-	•	\$500,000 00 466,800 00 309,056 81 80,000 00 5,000 00

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DIRECTORS. JAMES GORMLEY, ESQ., - PRESIDENT. E. HENRY DUGGAN, ESQ. WILLIAM BOOTH, ESQ. Alfred Baker, Esq., M.A. John J. Cook, Esq. Ald. John Harvie, Esq. William Wilson, Esq. William G. Boon, Esq. William G. Boon, Esq. William State security. Vacant and

Miniam G. Boon, Esq. Money to loan on real estate security. Vacant and improved real estate in the city of Toronto bought and sold. Warehouse and business sites to lease, and buildings erected to suit lessees. Stores and offices to rent in "Toronto Arcade." Interest allowed on deposits other than call.

E. T. LIGHTBOURN Manager.

The Trust & Loan Company of Canada.

OFFICES IN CANADA: Toronto Street, TORONTO. St. James Street, MONTREAL. Main Street, WINNIPEG.

Money advanced at lowest current rates on the ecurity of improved farms and productive city Money advanced at lowest current rates on the security of improved farms and productive city property. RUSSELL STEPHENSON, WM. B. BRIDGEMAN-SIMPSON, RICHARD J EVANS,

850

LONDON & CANADIAN Loan & Agency Co.

DIVIDEND No. 30. Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of Ten per Cent, per Annum, on the paid-up capital stock of this Company, for the half-year ending 31st August, 1886, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable on 15th Septem-ber, 1888. The transfer books will be closed from 1st September to 10th October, both davs inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the "Mail Building," Toronto, on Wednesday, 10th October. Chair to be taken at noon By order of the Directors.

be lead at the line of the Directors. By order of the Directors. J. F. KIRK, Ass't Manager. Toronto, Aug. 14th, 1888.

Dominium Savings & Investment Society,

Loans made on farm and city property, on the most favorable terms. Municipal and School Section Debentures pur-Money received on deposit and interest allowed thereon. F. B. LEYS, Manager.

ESTABLISHED 1851.

LONDON, ONT. INCORPORATED 1879.

(LIMITED).

DIVIDEND No. 30.



THE MONETARY TIMES.



Owing to failing health, Alex. J. Wigle, of Kingsville, sells his stock of groceries and boots and shoes to Fitch & Co., in the same place.

a by-law offering a bonus of \$1,000 to anyone who will erect a good flouring mill in that village.

THE bankrupt stock of general goods belonging to W. H. Hunter, of Fargo, valued at \$4,387, was sold last Friday at 72 cents on the dollar.

SUMMERSIDE oyster men expect to handle a third more of the succulent Malpeques this season than last. The fishing is to be prosecuted on a larger scale than ever before.

THERE was shipped from Port Arthur on Monday last a car load of silver ore valued at \$75,000. Its destination was Newburg, N. J., where it will be treated.

An amalgamation of the foundry business of Bricker & Co., and Merner & Co., of Waterloo, has resulted in the formation of the Waterloo Manufacturing Co.

A FEW days ago the Guelph Carriage Top Company's estate was sold in this city. The merchandise, valued at \$13,000, brought sixty cents on the dollar ; the plant and machinery, \$2,070, at thirty cents on the dollar.

WHITEWEAR

ROBT. MCNABB & CO.,

MANUFACTURES OF

Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

Bridal Trousseaux, Chemises, Drawers, Night Dresses, Corset Covers, Infants' Robes, White Dresses, Aprons, Ladies' Toilet Jackets, White Shirts, &c., &c.

MONTREAL WHITEWEAR MANUFACTORY,

1831 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Letter Orders receive prompt attention.

of the European beet root crop for 1888.89 at 2,850,000 tons, against 2,407,050 tons actual production for season of 1887-88.

"I'LL get even with you some day," said Dumley in a threatening tone of voice, "and don't you forget it." "All right, Dumley," was the good-natured reply, "I will write a receipt any time you like."-Harper's Bazar.

A DEMAND of assignment has been served upon Gagnon, St. Pierre & Co., dry goods, Montreal. They had obtained an extension only last February, when they showed a surplus of \$1,040 over liabilities of \$12,000.

G. PANCHAUD & FILS, in the millinery and dry goods at Montreal, are reported embarrassed, and owe about \$5,700. A firm of accountants is preparing a statement of their affairs for creditors.

THE Quebec Official Gazette contains notice that Messrs. Wm. Clark, W. H. Weir, Alfred J. Bryce, Henry Woodley, and Albert J. Brown will apply for letters patent incorporating the "Canada Meat Packing Company," with a capital stock of \$100,000.

A GENERAL dealer at Fort Coulonge, Que named A. Colton, has called his creditors together. He was formerly a foreman in the lumber shanties; he began business about three or four years ago, having little experience and less capital. His liabilities are about \$5.600.

HUBERT DERY was a farmer at St. Stanislas, Que.; two or three years ago he was reputed worth \$1,000 or \$1,500, but foolishly engaging in storekeeping, mistakenly thinking it an easier occupation, he has apparently sunk all he had, and is now reported in financial difficulties and offering a compromise of 35 cents on the dollar.

ANOTHER in the long procession of eager venturers into business has fallen by the wayside. Mr. Eugene Michaud, of Fraserville, Que., who only began as a general storekeeper about eighteen months ago, is reported as having just assigned, owing about \$4,400. He was formerly a news agent on the railway traina

FOLLOWING closely upon the failure of R. Dandurand, paint manufacturer, of Montreal and Bedford, comes news of further complications in the trade, and the suspension is announced of John Jamieson & Co., manufacturers of varhish, Montreal, having direct liabilities of about \$40,000, indirect \$30,000. Brodie Jamieson, also a manufacturer of varnishes at Montreal, has likewise failed, with an indebtedness estimated at about \$35,000, though definite figures are yet lacking. It is understood that there has been considerable kite flying between the three insolvent concerns, and it is feared the several estates will realize poorly.



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THE MONETARY TIMES.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal. Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal. CANTLIE, EWAN & CO. John Clark, Jr. & Co's General Merchants & Manufacturers' Agents M. E. Q. Bleached Shirtings, Grey Sheetings Tickings, White, Grey and Colored Blankets, Fine and Medium Tweeds, Knitted Goods, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Low Tweeds, Etoffes. &c., &c. SPOOL COTTON Recommended by the Principal Sewing Machine Companies as the best for hand and machine sewing in the market. 13 & 15 St Helen St., MONTREAL. 20 Wellington Street West, TORONTO. LONSDALE, REID & Co. IMPORTERS OF TRADE MARKS. FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS. For the convenience of our Customers in the West we now keep a full line of BLACK, WHITE, and COLORS, at 3 Wellington Street E., Toronto. SMALLWARES, &C. Orders will receive prompt attention. 18 St. Helen St., Montreal. WALTER WILSON & CO. Agents for the Dominion. WE BEG TO INFORM THE TRADE 1 and 3 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL. that we have now in Stock a full line of Colors in 8 WELLINGTON STREET EAST, TOBONTO. KNITTINGSII WM. BARBOUR & SONS' In both Reeled & Spun Silks. To be had o all wholesale houses in Canada. IRISH FLAX THREAD BELDING, PAUL & CO., MONTREAL. town. LISBURN. THE CELEBRATED The ag RECEIVED Cook's Friend Baking Powder Gold Medal THE IS AS PURE AS THE PUREST, Grand Prix AND Paris Ex-BETTER VALUE THAN THE CHEAPEST Secto Ask for the Cook's Friend, and take no other. Beware of any offered under slightly different names. All first-class grocers sell it. Linen Machine Thread, Wax Machine Thread, Shoe Thread, Saddlers' Thread, Gilling Twine, Hemp Twine, &c. JAMES ROBERTSON. WALTER WILSON & COMPANY, MONTREAL, QUE. Sole Agents for the Dominion JAMES ROBERTSON & CO., Toronto. 1 and 3 ST. HELEN STREET, MONTREAL. Manufacturers of Lead Pipe, Shot, White Lead, 3 WELLINGTON STREET EAST. TORONTO. &c., &c. McARTHUR, CORNEILLE & CO Cochrane, Cassils & Co OIL, LEAD, PAINT **BOOTS & SHOES** Color & Varnish Merchants WHOLESALE. IMPORTERS OF Cor. Craig & St. Francois Xavier Sts ENGLISH and BELGIAN WINDOW GLASS Plain and Ornamental Sheet, Polished, Bolled and Rough Plate, &c. **MONTREAL**, Que Painters' & Artists' Materials, Brushes, &o HODGSON, SUMNER & CO 812, 814, 316 St. Paul St., & 253, 255, 257 Com-missioners St..

IMPORTERS OF

Manufactured by

BRUSH & CO., Cor. Bay & Adelaide Streets,

TORONTO

DRY GOODS, SMALLWARES

MONTREAL.

W.&F.P.CURRIE&CO.,

RECEIVED

Gold Medal

THE

Grand Prix

Paris Exhibition, 1878.

100 Grey Nun Street, Montreal. IMPORTERS OF tland Cement, Chimney Tops, Romsu Vent Linings Water Linne, Fine Covers Whiting, Fine Bricks, Plaster of Par Bootch Glased Drain Pipes, Borax, Fire Clay, China Clay, &c. Fire Clay, China Clay, &c. Oanada Cement, Roman Cement, Water Lime, Whiting, icks, Plaster of Paris Portland Cement,

Sofa. Chair and Bed Springs. A large Stock always on hand



Mercantile Summary.

IN 1887 M. Neilly succeeded to the dry goods business of F. Dowler, in Ontario. His capital at starting was about \$2,000; it is likely less now, for he has been compelled to make an assignment.

TO-DAY the creditors of Herring & McMullen, booksellers at Woodstock, will meet in this city to discuss that firm's financial condition. Messrs. H. & M. began with limited means in a trade which is said to be over-done in that

THE Moncton Sugar Refining Company stands to make a good profit, perhaps \$10,000, out of the cargo of raw sugar arriving from Iloilo by the bark "Mary A. Troop." Sugar has advanced very considerably since the cargo was purchased.

THE transfer of Messrs. Hurdman & Co.'s Magnissippi limits to the Eddy Manufacturing Company was made last week. The price paid as stated in the deed of transfer was \$325,000. The general impression among the lumbermen is that the Eddy company have secured one of the best pieces of pine country in the Ottawa Valley.

THE St. John Cotton Company proposes to increase its working capital by the issue of scrip to the extent of \$50,000. This is in lieu of the \$150,000 debentures authorized to be issued at the last annual meeting of the company. The issue will be for a term of one year, the interest not to exceed 6 per cent.

THAT the way of transgressors is hard is shown by the fate of the Nova Scotia schooner "Annie," of Yarmouth, which was detected in smuggling liquors from the Island of St. Pierre a year ago. She has fought shy of Canadian ports ever since, and presumed the offence had been forgotten, but alas ! Customs detectives have long memories, and on the Annie entering Yarmouth last week she was seized.

SUCKLING, CASSIDY and FANCY GOODS 347 & 349 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL and 35 & 37 Princess St., WINNIPEG. Trade Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, Toronto, Will hold their next trade sale of DRY GOODS, TWEEDS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, HATS, CAPS, Etc., BALL'S CORSETS. - ON TUESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER, And following days.

Aud tollowing days. Sales will be held thereafter fortnightly during the season. Liberal advances made on all classes of merchandise. No charges for storage and insur-ance. All business and correspondence strictly confidential.

THE by-law submitted at St. John's, Que., last week, to give a bonus to Messrs. Hency &Lacroix for establishing a factory in the town has failed to carry.

A CARGO of grocery raw sugar recently brought into Montreal by a grocery house was bought at 6 cents per pound by the Saint Lawrence Refining Company for refining purposes.

AMONGST the curiosities of the failure list during the past week is the assignment of Wm. Kench, a fruit-dealer in Hamilton. His statement shows assets of \$23 and liabilities of \$160.

As an evidence that hops are up, the Intelligencer learns that G. W. Palmer, of Belleville, has sold his crop of hops of 1888 growth (about three tons) for 26c. per pound, to H. Willard, of Prescott.

WE note that Mr. Walter Sterling has succeeded to the wholesale fur business of Messrs McPhail, Hewat & Co., in this city. He has had charge of the firm's finances and is favorably spoken of. The old firm style will be retained.

THE other day, a cargo of 965 barrels of American petroleum arrived at St. John, N.B., in the schooner "Olivia," which was found to contain only ten barrels up to the standard. The oil will be sent back, and the mistake will cause inconvenience among merchants for a while.

TRURO, N.S., claims to be the best lighted town in Nova Scotia, and it certainly is a pushing place. Its foundry is running night and day filling orders; the felt hat factory is running 15 hours a day, and turns out 24 dozen hats per diem, and its other industries are going full blast. The Provincial Exhibition is being held there this year and is declared to be a great success.

SINCE our last issue, the traders in this province whose names follow have sold out : W. D. Baikie, stationery, Barrie; R. Wynn, shoes, Brighton; Jos. Smith, cooper, New Dundee; Andrew Watt, baker, Paisley; J. Hill, grocer, Simcoe; B. G. Tisdale, hardware, Brantford ; J. F. Kingsmill, dry goods, Chatham ; B. H. Scott, grocer, Toronto.

WE are told that Rich'd Bolton, shoes, Forest, has gone to British Columbia; the firm of Martin, Toms & Co., physicians' supplies, Toronto, is out of business; G. A. Griffith, general store, Aurora, has removed to Balmoral, Manitoba : J. D. Ripson & Co., dealers in undertakers' supplies, Toronto, have dissolved ; J. W. Rogers, grocer, Toronto, is selling off by auction.

So bright and busy a town is Galt that one does not associate great age with it. Nevertheless it must plead guilty to being tolerably aged when one of its retail firms can present such a record as here follows : Messrs. W. & E. J. Wilkins, woollen drapers and tailors, have been in business continuously in Galt for 48 years, and, we may add, with continuous success.

BISSETT BROS., foundrymen and machinists, in Quebec city, have become financially embarrassed, and a meeting of their creditors was held the other day, at which they showed liabilities of \$18,000. Of this \$10,000 is secured on the real estate and machinery, while there is stock and book debts of about \$4,000 to pay the remainder of their indebtedness.

As an evidence of the extensive fishing interests of a Nova Scotia fishing town, we note that at Lunenburg no less than twenty schooners arrived within a week with 22,450 quintals of cod fish, besides other products of the fisheries. Most of those fishing vessels are veritable yachts in appearance, and they are a credit to the Province.

WINDSOR, N. S., is alive to business. has one foundry which, in addition to turning out car wheels, propellers, and machinery, completes and ships 25 to 30 stoves per day. It recently sent seven car loads of stoves to Toronto, and is now shipping a car load to Regina, and another to Nanaimo, B. C., literally from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

SALT has been extracted, in a desultory way, says the Amherst Sentinel, from the salt springs in Cumberland county for some years. But now Mr. Leadbetter has taken a lease of the springs and set up necessary machinery for extracting the salt, expecting to turn out about 500 bushels per day. For dairy use the salt obtained from these springs is regarded of first quality.

SUPERSEDING wooden laths for walls of buildings by iron lathing is a Yankee notion, we believe. As an element in fire-proof buildings it has come into favor in the United States. and is used in the new departmental printing building at Ottawa. This peculiar net-work of wrought iron is now to be made at Windsor. Ont. But it is already being made by B. Greening & Co., at Hamilton.

In July last, N. Dynes & Co., of Galt, opened a branch clothing store in Guelph, both being understood to be supply accounts of a Montreal house. One day last week Mr. Dynes left, ostensibly for Montreal, but really for New York, where he remains. Another person has been sent from Montreal to look after the Galt business, and the Guelph store is closed.

Ar the Dartmouth, N. S., Schools Savings Banks are established, to encourage the scholars to save their spare money. The deposits of the children in six months have amounted to \$1,172.87, of which only \$42.72 has been withdrawn, leaving \$1,130.15, at credit of the juveniles. This example in the direction of thrift is a good one of the rising generation all over Canada.

It is said that cleverly-executed counterfeit \$5 and \$1 bills of the United States are being largely circulated. The paper in the five dollar bill is a trifle thicker than it should be, and the head of General Grant somewhat rougher. In the one-dollar counterfeits the paper is better, but the same defect exists in the head of Martha Washington as in the head of General Grant.

THREE years ago, Wm. Gallagher taught school. Since then he has been undergoing schooling himself in Merritton, where he tempted fate in the grocery line. Fate went against him, and F. H. Lamb, assignee, finds the result to be liabilities \$1,200 and assets \$705. Mr. Gallagher could have had nearly the same kind of instruction at a business college for less money.

A FIRM of lumber dealers in Orillia, J. W. Blair & Co. by name, has assigned. So has M. McQuarrie, a grocer at Rat Portage. He has been in deep water for some time past. In April last he showed a small surplus.----It was in 1876 that J. B. Fowler, a jeweller in St. Catharines, failed and compromised his indebtedness at 72 per cent. This arrangement he duly completed, but is again in the assignee's hands. He carried a stock of about \$15,000.

This is what an exchange terms the illnatured growl of the Clinton New Era man :---"Next week the probabilities are that a great many Huron people will visit London, and it is not unlikely that London merchants will reap some benefit from their visit. But it is not a square deal to local dealers to buy for cash in the cities while your local dealer may be carrying an account that he would gladly see settled."

THE failures of the week have been mostly amongst small country traders. Assignments have been made by S. Whiddon, shoe dealer, Ripley ; Jas. Hosie, blacksmith, Aldborough ; Warner & Copeland, waggons, Bracebridge; O'Brien & Begg, grocers, Collingwood; H. A. Holmes, painter, Hamilton; Kate Currie, millinery, Rodney; Sam'l Byrne, drugs, Toronto; Mary E. Bull, shoes, Trenton. H. J. Hunt, general store, Kinburn, has called his creditors together.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. EW FRUITS ---In Store and Arriving. VOSTIZZA CURRANTS. PATRAS CURRANTS, FILIATOR CURRANTS. **PROVINCIAL** CURRANTS. SELECTED VALENCIAS. FINE OFF STOCK VALENCIAS.

EBY, BLAIN & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Also No. 1 LABRADOR HERRINGS.

Cor. Front and Scott Sts., Toronto.

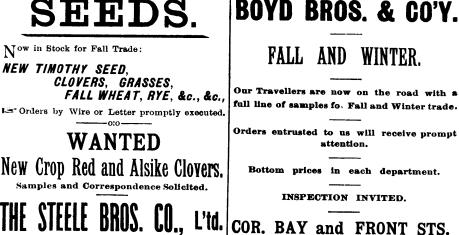


Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

CLOVERS, GRASSES, FALL WHEAT, RYE, &c., &c., Second even wire or Letter promptly executed. -0:0-

WANTED New Crop Red and Alsike Clovers. amples and Correspondence Solicited.

SEED MERCHANTS, TORONTO.



COR. BAY and FRONT STS. TORONTO

Away out West, Crawford & Robertson, general store-keepers at Indian Head, have assigned, thus ending an unsuccessful struggle to take advantage of an extension of time granted awhile back.——A meeting of the creditors of Mrs. M. A. Russell, hotel-keeper and grocer at Morris, was held on the 18th instant, when an extension of time was granted. She is the wife of W. A. Russell, who failed in 1883 with liabilities of \$15,000. The business, in the present instance, is said to have been badly managed.

WE observe that Mr. T. C. Struthers, a general dealer at Russelltown Flats, Que., has just made an abandonment of his estate. He began business several years ago on his own account, with a fair capital and good prospects, and his non-success may be attributed largely

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

BRYCE, MCMURRICH & CO. 1888. Autumn Importations NOW COMPLETE.

We are showing the fullest and best assorted stock Yet offered by us. Buyers in the market should give us an early call

Bryce, McMurrich & Co.,

Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants,

61 BAY STREET, TORONTO.



TORONTO.

Wholesale Grocers & Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

33 FRONT ST., E.



Tom the best growing districts, and are in a position to give the trade extra good value in our Standard line of Brooms. We are now arranging to increase our capacity to One Hundred (100) dozen per day.

CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, TORONTO, ONT. to lack of attention to his regular business, and a desire to dabble in outside petty speculations which universally proved unprofitable. He owes about \$6,000, divided among nearly one hundred creditors, which is three times too many.

For many years, nearly forty, we believe, Henry Carlisle did business, as a dry goods merchant, in St. Catharines, and he built up a fine trade and an excellent reputation. Since his death Messrs. Carlisle Bros. & Co., his successors, have removed into their handsome new premises. It is one of the finest retail establishments in the province, artistically fitted up on the American plan, and the various departments have all the recent devices for facilitating business, such as patent cash system, millinery and display rooms, tailoring cutting rooms, each floor being devoted to a separate department of their extensive business. The store on the ground floor is lighted by circular gas jets running all round and presents, when lighted, a cheerful and bright appearance. The carpet department is in the old stand on Ontario St.

An example of the vicissitudes of business is that of J. A. Hatfield, of Yarmouth, N. S. This gentleman was, a few years ago, esti-

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

WYLD, GRASETT & DARLING,

Our Travellers are now all on their respective routes, and all orders entrusted to us will receive immediate shipment.

WYLD, GRASETT & DARLING,

Wholesale Dry Goods & Woollens,

TORONTO.

Eckardt, Kyle & Co., *wholesale grocers.* We have now a Complete Stock of Millingery Coods

SYRUPS

MOLASSES. Bris. and Half-Bris.

correspondence for samples and quotations solicited.

3 Front St. E., Toronto.

mated to be worth over \$100,000, which was made in shipbuilding and shipowning. Going into the West India trade in the firm of Hatfield, Kinney & Co., he sunk a good deal of money; then he tried gold mining enterprises, which did not turn out well, finally the collapse of Esson & Co., of Halifax, gave the coup de grace to the whole business. Enterprise is a good thing, but it is possible to have too much of it.

A STATEMENT has been issued by the directors to the shareholders of the Nova Scotia Steel Co. that the operations of the company for the year ending with July, 1888, have netted \$32,868, and that eight per cent. dividends will be paid the holders of preferential and common stock. The new works are well under way and supplementary letters patent have been issued increasing the capital to a million of dollars, also changing the name of the company to the Nova Scotia Steel and Forge Company. The enterprise is an important one, and we trust to see it succeed.

WHAT is meant by a moss litter company does not appear readily without some explanation. We learn, however, upon reading with some care an item in the St. John Sun, that Messrs. R. Wisely, W. B. Wallace, and G. C. Carman of Musquash, N. B., W. W. Street-of New York, and T. C. Wallace of New Jersey, are incorporated as "The Moss Litter Co., with \$200,000 capital. Their main business will be to acquire, by purchase, lease, or otherwise, the right of securing, raising, getting, and working of mosses and lichen; the right to prepare, manufacture, ship, deal in mosses and lichen for litter and other purposes; the right to buy and sell merchandise, and to carry on a general business in mosses and lichen, with all powers incident thereto."

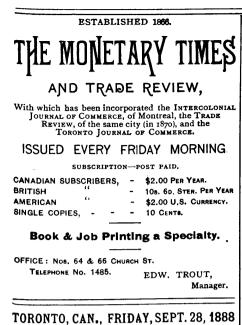
A WEEK ago an auction sale of some three thousand packages of blankets was held at a New York auction room, by order of a Worth street house, when the amount realized was upward of \$500,000. The prices for staple goods were fair, but most of the goods offered were odd widths and weights, and went very low. Staple whites brougl & about 71 per cent. under asking prices, and blue and scarlet twills respectively $7\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 per cent. Scarlet, white. and blue shakers were sold at fully asking prices. The odd goods were sold mostly to shirt manufacturers, while the large jobbers bought most of the staples. The attendance was large. Among the chief buyers were H. B. Claflin & Co. and Dunham, Buckley & Co., of New York; Marshall, Field & Co. and J. V. Farwell & Co., of Chicago; Jordan, Marsh & Co., of Boston ; Hood, Bonbright & Co., of Philadelphia.

S.F. MCKINNUN & UU. IMPORTERS OF Millinery Goods, Fancy Dry Goods, Mantles, Silks, etc.

Cor. Wellington and Jordan Sts. TORONTO.

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THE SITUATION.

The Hudson's Bay railway continues to hang fire. The Greenway Government insisted on reducing the provincial guarantee to the company from four and a half to two and a half millions; and the company replied that this reduction would upset all its financial arrangements. According to one account the Premier was willing to make some modification of the reduction of the amount of the guarantee on which it had hitherto insisted, but one of his colleagues, Mr. Martin, held out, and that for the present the negotiations have come to a stand. In insisting on the reduction, the local Administration took the ground that the Dominion ought to bear a part of the cost. It has already given a liberal bonus in bonds. When people undertake to build a railway out of nothing they are likely to pass through some tribulation, and the Hudson's Bay railway promoters are no exception to the rule. But promotion, as a trade, if not the most reputable, on the whole pays pretty well.

In the Divisional Court of Chancery the Hanrahan bucket shop conviction has been set aside, on the ground that the police magistrate exceeded his authority. The decision is no test of the strength of the Bucket Shop Act. The offence was brought under the Gaming Act, under which a fine of \$100 is permissible with imprisonment for default. The police magistrate's decision ordered distress, for which the Gaming Act contains no authority. On this ground, and this alone, the judgment is set aside. As the magistrate had clearly exceeded his authority, his decision could not stand; but, as Vice-Chancellor Proudfoot remarked, there is nothing to prevent any one who violates the Gaming Act, by bucket shop transactions, being fined and imprisoned. The Chancellor specially avoided giving any opinion as to the strength of the Act to stand all possible tests. Vice Chancellor Proudfoot remarked that the decision might also be bad because the game which the parties were playing was not set out. Costs were not allowed to Hanrahan, and naturally the judges are not disposed to aid the kind of transactions in which bucket shop men engage.

Another Behring Sea fishing trouble has sprung up, the Russians having recently seized a British Columbia vessel in the western portion of that sea. The captain alleged that the capture was made more than three miles from land. It is possible that Russia might admit the fact, and still defend the capture, on the ground that Behring Sea is a close sea, divisible between that country and the United States. Of course the defence of the captain of the schooner is that, being more than three miles from the coast, he was in neutral waters, and therefore clearly within his rights. This is just the point in dispute. In that sea exceptional privileges were first claimed by Russia, from which the United States claims to have derived them. The Russian fishery, as well as the American, is leased to the Alaska Fur Company. When Russia first asserted her extraordinary claim, the United States opposed it as unfounded in international law: but now, if both countries make the same claim, the rights of third parties will meet additional opposition.

The great agricultural and arts exhibitions will now soon come to a close. Their increase of recent years is a matter of congratulation; and if the old Provincial has done its work, as many think, it can claim that it has to some extent formed the model on which others have been founded. In this way the immaterial part of it, the thought to which its inception was due, will live in its descendants, and undergo further development. It is precisely this development that has left the Provincial behind. There are now many exhibitions in Ontario far ahead of the Provincial, of which that of 'Toronto stands at the head. But the Toronto exhibition is becoming hide-bound; it is sadly in want of room for expansion. Some opposition has been made to its getting any more of the Garrison Common, but the objections on this score have probably originated in a misconception. It has been assumed that the additional ground asked for would interfere with the rifle ranges, though, in point of fact, no such result would follow. When this is made plain to the Minister of Militia and the representative of West Toronto, the difficulty ought to vanish.

France is surely too powerful and homogeneous a country to be divided by a conqueror, and probably the late Emperor William was of that opinion when he opposed a proposal to divide it and place the king of Belgium on the throne of the section cut off, at the close of the Franco-German war. That such a proposal was made, and was so opposed, is now for the first time proved by the publication of extracts from the diary of the late Emperor of Germany. The publication appears to have been much in advance of the time intended by the writer, and will cause no little uneasiness to several prominent figures still on the political stage of Europe. For instance, Bismarck is represented as having entered on his anti-Papal crusade from purely political motives and anxiety expressed about this diary is now | strength of Russia in the North Pacific.

explained, and partial publication has come from an unexpected quarter-come from one of the printed copies which Frederick gave to his friends with injunctions to keep them secret for half a century. There has been bad faith somewhere: another proof that a secret entrusted to several persons soon ceases to be a secret beyond the privileged circle. Doubt is thrown on the entire authenticity of the extracts, and possibly, when disconnected from the context, they may sometimes give a false impression.

The English judges clothed with the character of commissioners in the Parnell enquiry, have acted as they might have been expected to act, in insisting on the Times specifying its charges. Any other line of conduct would have been utterly unworthy of the commissioners and en. tirely indefensible. The example set by these commissioners is one which must be followed on this side of the water, where the opposite doctrine has found advocates by men who went out of the way to insist on the law being altered so as to sanction the monstrosity. The Times may nevertheless leave the commissioners to find what the concealed charges in the articles on "Parnellism and Crime" were; there are the writings to tell their own story. If a newspaper, under such circumstances, is required to formulate charges, much more should public officers ordering such enquiries be required to do so.

We are reminded of the return of the equinox by the visit of a strong gale on the Atlantic coast, forcing three hundred vessels to take refuge in Boston harbor. From Gloucester, Nantasket beach, and Worcester casualties are reported. A few vessels ran ashore and the crew of one had to take to the rigging, in a heavy sea.

It speaks well for the extension of the trade of Canada to new and distant markets that it has become desirable to negotiate a postal convention with Japan, providing for an exchange of money orders between the two countries. The Postmaster-General has received the necessary authority to negotiate. Should the negotiation attain its object, business now done indirectly through London will then be done directly with Japan. The Japanese are an energetic people, alive to the advantage of extending their intercourse with foreigners, and there ought to be no insuperable difficulties in securing the desired convention with them, though there may be some difficulties of detail. arising out of the different denominations of the money in the two countries, and the discount at which the paper money of Japan passes. If the Japanese be willing to adopt the gold standard these difficulties will vanish.

A subsidy of \$65,000 has been granted by the Russian Government to a line of steamers between Russian Pacific ports and Japan, Corea, and China. The vessels are to be at the disposal of the Government in at the instigation of another. The great the event of war. This will add to the THE MONETARY TIMES.

where she is already strong. The practice of using for commercial purposes steamers capable of conversion in case of war is copied from England, and this Russian subsidy is probably induced in part by the existence of the Canadian Pacific line to the east. If ever Russia gets an outlet at the Persian Gulf, she may be expected to become more formidable in the Indian and Pacific oceans. The route of the new line is not fully given in the telegraphic an. nouncement of the subsidy. It is not stated to what other ports besides Corea and Japan, which are only a few miles apart, the vessels are to run.

THE RETALIATION DISCUSSION.

If Senator Morgan's view be correct as to the prospect of the Retaliation bill passing, the American Senate will refuse to the President the powers he has asked for. The tariff bill will, in a few days, reach the Senate, the attention of which it will occupy to the exclusion of everything else. Besides, he contends, the Senate has no intention to grant these powers, any more than it has to permit a Democratic Administration to settle the fishery question. Mr. Morgan's foresight is probably not at fault : the tendency has for some time been unmistakably in the direction in which he points His view of the effect of what he calls the most effective retaliation against Canada, the collection of duties on all goods coming from or passing in transitu to Canada, is open to doubt. "It would," he says, lead to "the transfer of a large part of the trade which Canada now conducts with Great Britain and other foreign countries to American merchants and manufacturers." This is not the opinion entertained by men practically engaged in commerce in Canada. Many of them are, on the mere prospect of retaliation, having their British and foreign purchases which have hitherto taken the route of the States, landed at Canadian ports. The effect of putting duties on Canadian goods formerly sent through the States would be to deprive American railways of the profit of their transport, and it would certainly not increase the purchases by Canada of American manufactures. Mr. Morgan talks as if he was under the impression that Canada has no means of communication with Europe during winter except across the Republic. Otherwise there would be no meaning in his statement that Canada could not afford to import all her summer and winter supplies in summer.

President Cleveland, in two official documents, has shown himself to be an advocate of a measure of free trade, but without the name. Mr. Morgan thinks the President would not have done his whole duty if he had not done his best, in his retaliation move, to exclude from the United States Canadian lumber, wool, iron ore and other products that come into competition with American. This is something more than downright protection: it is prohibition, advocated by a friend and defender of the President's action and policy. This sort of retaliation would hurt Americans as well as Canadians. The nothing so much as to be left alone to work exclusion of Canadian lumber alone would out her own destiny.

be seriously felt in all building operations. and in a dozen other ways. The Gloucester fishermen would have been satisfied if Canadian fish had been excluded, without adding other things to the list. The President thought it necessary, Senator Morgan tells us, to make the list complete. The suggestion made, in an undertone, that it would be a good thing to exclude Canadian products which compete with those of the United States, is an appeal to the protectionist sentiment, and it almost looks as if Mr. Morgan felt the necessity of hedging on that question, as the President did for a wheel about on the Fishery Treaty. President Lincoln would never agree to the policy of swapping horses while crossing a stream ; it remains to be seen whether the Democrats will be prepared to swap the whole stud, under like unpromising circumstances.

Mr. Dolph took the Republican view, as obtained by the light of the Retaliation message and the reception it has met. He greatly overdid the case when he accused the President of having formerly taken the British view of the Fisheries Treaty, and made "a shameful surrender of American rights." But he is clearly in the right when he says that to prevent the importation of goods in bond into Canada through the United States would hurt American transportation companies, and tend to destroy certain American interests. We cannot agree with him when he says that it would not hurt Canada at all. It would hurt both countries, the Republic quite as much as Canada, if not more. No doubt it would strengthen Canadian lines of transportation, but at some cost to the public, a cost which in their sober senses people here are not desirous of paying. But if the necessity be forced upon them. the inevitable will be cheerfully met.

It is a noteworthy fact that, in this discussion, both the American parties show an anxiety to secure the annexation of Canada: one believing the policy of pressure, and the other that of persuasion, most likely to succeed. Senator Morgan believes in Retaliation as one of the most potent instrument with which to bring "Canada within the political affiliations of the United States, because it brought before the eves of Canada the great practical question that their material interests are so bound up with those of the American people that a common government is necessary for all alike." This is a doctrine of which we have heard much in a modified form during the past year, though it has been preached with an object different from the attainment of annexation. Interest is strong, but it is not so strong as national feeling. In Canada, national feeling has been rated too low; it is even now evidently stronger than the influence which any hope of gain from a change of nationality is capable of exerting. The coercive policy is not new; long ago it had Potter for its apostle and Greeley for its advocate. It repels instead of attracting; and may be said to have definitely failed, after a fair trial. We can thank Senator Sherman for the words of kindness he uttered ; but Canada desires

Meanwhile Senator Sherman's resolution to enquire into the relations between the United States, Canada, and Great Britain has been reported back to the Senate without recommendation. The Committee on Foreign Relations could not see its way to entering on the path pointed out by its author. Should time serve, the resolution will be used as a text for debate, in which both parties will air their views about the future of Canada. The Retaliation bill itself remains, for the present, before the sub-committee to which it was referred and from the constitution of the committee a favorable report is not to be expected. But though the bill is not likely to be recommended for adoption, it is possible that it may be adversely reported, but the probability is that it will not be reported at all. In this way, the Republicans may think that they will incur the least responsibility in regard to it; but if there were any means of forcing the issue, they might be relied on to vote agaist it, on the groun that the President is already in possession of ample powers of retaliation.

DRY GOODS IMPORTS.

The scale and character of a season's dry goods trade in Canada is always affected by the relative amount of imports of such merchandise. If these have been upon a liberal scale, and anything occurs to lessen the normal demand, there is a great risk of forced sales and loose crediting. If, on the other hand, the imports are light, there is a chance that wholesale dealers will adhere more firmly to the good resolutions which they periodically make of restricting credits. It is important therefore to find out what the existing conditions are in this regard.

Taking the imports at Montreal and Toronto for three months ended with August, which period probably embraces very nearly the purchases abroad for the fall season, we find that they were the smallest for five years, being twelve per cent. less than in the corresponding period of 1887, eight per cent. less than in 1886, a trifle less than in 1885, and about four per cent. less than in 1884. Thus :

IMPORTS-MONTREAL AND TORONTO.

Three	months o	of 1884	Value	\$4,505,255
**	"	1885		4,316,389
"	**	1886		4,678,163
"	44	.1887		5.037.266
"	**	1888		4,327,007
(77)				-,,

The proportions of different goods coming into these two ports may be gathered from the following table:

Cottons	3 months '87.	3 months, 88. \$ 572,495
Woollens	. 3.113.389	2,584.140
Silks	. 633,852	670,803
Fancy goods	. 354,911	361,872
Hats and caps	. 157,539	135,787
	\$5,037,226	\$4.325.097

The decrease in imports of woollens is not so great as that in cottons, but it is to be borne in mind that the decrease in imports of cotton goods for several years past is accounted for by the fact that Canada has greatly extended and diversified her manufactures of these goods.

We may remark in this connection that a slight decline is just now perceptible in the price of domestic grey cottons, owing

to the break-up of the combination of Canadian mills hitherto maintained in these goods. But as the compact in bleached goods continues, there is no decline in this article and none is likely. An advance abroad in silks and cashmeres is announced, equal to about 5 to 10 per cent. compared with spring importations.

It is significant of a more conservative method of doing business than has often prevailed in Canada of late that some of the Montreal dry goods houses will not send their travelling representatives out until the middle of October, seeing that there has as yet been no weather such as should create a legitimate demand for fall goods or to break winter stocks in the hands of retailers. We append a comparison of imports during June, July, and August at two cities of different textiles or other goods:

DRY GOODS	AT MONTREAL.	
	1887, 3 Mos.	1888, 3 Mos.
Cottons		\$ 335,527
Woollens		1,605,390
Silks	362,910	400,682
Fancies		182,134
Hats and caps		72,216
-	\$2,768,362	\$2,595,949
DRY GOODS	S AT TORONTO.	
	1887, 3 Mos.	1888, 3 Mos.
Oottons	\$ 329,006	\$ 238,968
Woollens	. 1.411.092	978,750
Silks	270,942	270,121
Fancies	182,433	179,738
Hats and caps		63,571
·	\$2,268,774	\$1,731,048

C V S H H

THE BREWING TRADE.

A rise in the price of raw materials for brewing is one of the features of the present autumn, and it is not a very encouraging one for brewers. Hops, which have long been low in price, have been advancing for some time in all markets in consequence of reported short crops in Britain and N.Y. State, and now there is a decided rise, 26 cents being paid in Prescott this week for Canadian, and the New York advices of yesterday show 30 cents freely offered for best new State, holders asking 32 to 33 cts. Malt, too, is higher. The London Economist devotes some columns to discussing the effect upon breweries of the rise in malt and hops. In the opinion of that journal, brewers will this year have to contend with an advance of 15 per cent. in the price of malt, and of probably 100 per cent. in the price of hops. "Since the close of July there has been a gradual rise both in barley and malt, and at the present time the latter commodity is three or four shillings a quarter dearer than it was a year ago. Some people anticipate a rise of fully ten shillings a quarter; but if we take it at only five shillings a quarter, that would mean an addition of about 15 per cent. But it is in regard to hops that the prospect for the brewers is most serious. It is matter of common knowledge that the hop crop now being gathered is an exceedingly bad one. Experts speak of its being likely to prove the worst on record. The Continental hop crops are, for the most part, little better than our own, and though the American crop promises to be a very fine one-the Pacific crop being spoken of as uprecedentedly abundant—the rise in the are cash, confidence, cheerfulness, and con-prices of American hops has been quite as stancy.—Baltimore American.

great as in the home-grown article. The first bale of new Californian hops received in this country was sold at Yeovil last Saturday, and realized 180s. per cwt., where Mid-Kent are bringing 135s. and Sussex-Weald 90s., against 50s. and 34s. respectively in June last, and 147s. and 115s. respectively in October, 1883."

The effect of this rise in materials upon the shares of leading breweries in Great Britain has been marked. For example, those of Allsopp's, which were 180 a few months ago, fell at the end of last week to under 80. Guinness' ordinary stock has also fallen from over 330 to but little over 300, and in some other brewery securities the fall has ranged from 10 to 20 per cent., every attempt to realize being followed by a further decline.

It appears that the total capital invested in brewery companies in the United Kingdom is something like £25,000,000 sterling, the example of the Messrs. Guinness, of Dublin, in launching their porter brewery as a joint stock affair having been followed by many others. Allsopp's did 71 per cent. less trade in its last year (ended June, 1888) than in 1887, and its profits fall off £51,000. Its profits for three years ended with June, 1886, averaged £229,826, but last year they fell off to £176,227, and that too in a year when raw materials were cheap. In that establishment, the Economist estimates, "150,000 or 160,000 quarters of malt a year are used, and in Guinness' about 400,000 quarters; and if these figures be roughly accurate, it follows that a rise of 5s. per quarter in the price of malt means an addition to the expenses of nearly £40,000 in the former case, and of about £100,000 in the latter. To these figures have to be added the increase in the cost of hops, and if we put the increase at 6d. a pound, or 56s. per cwt., and assume that about 10 lbs. of hops to the quarter of malt are used by such a firm as Allsopp's, the increase in the cost of hops would be something like as much as the increased cost of malt." Thus the increased cost to that concern would be about £80,000 on a year's product. As it takes £66,000 to pay 6 per cent. on the ordinary shares, there would thus be no ordinary dividend, and £14,000 would be lacking of the preference dividend." The position of the Guinness Company is much less serious, no doubt because the proportion of used hops is smaller, but if we assume that, taking stout and porter together, 7 lbs. of hops are used to the quarter of malt, there would be an additional cost of £70,000 for hops, making, with the increase of £100,000 in the cost of malt, £170,000, or not far short of one-half the amount absorbed by the 15 per cent. dividend paid to the ordinary shareholders for the year ending June last." For the coming year, then, the conclusion is, the prospects of the brewery companies are anything but satisfactory, for a large addition must be made to the cost of the two principal raw materials used in brewing, and a consequent diminution in the profits of the industry.

-The secrets of much success in this world

CANADIAN COMPANIES' FIRE IN-SURANCE BUSINESS.

It seems from the report of the Inspector of Insurance, from which we quoted last week, that the home business of Canadian companies for 1887 was more profitable than their foreign business. This is shown by the following tables :

	Premiums in	Losses	Loss
	Canada.	paid.	ratio.
1	British America \$211,585	\$131,933	62.35
	Citizens 206,340	170,235	82.00
1	Quebec 84,670	61,254	72.34
	Royal Canadian. 162,212	126, 196	77.80
l	Western 338,010	172,064	50.90
	Premiums in	Losses	Lcss
			we the
l	other countries.	paid.	ratio.
	British America\$533,757	paid. \$376,045	70.45
	British America\$533,757	376,045	70.45
	British America\$533,757 Citizens 15,160	\$376,045 31,807	70.45 209.81

The assets of the six Canadian companies doing fire business amounted at the end of the year to \$4,097,436, covering a total insurance of \$288,066,931, being at the rate of \$1.42 for every \$100 of insurance. In addition to the above they have a reserve capital of \$2,406,288. The liabilities of these companies amounted to \$2,406,288, made up as follows :

Unsettled Unearned									
Sundry	 •••	•••	•	• •	••	••	•	•••	130,922
								-	

Total\$2,406,288 The capital stock of these companies, paid up or in course of payment, amounts to \$1,588,797, showing a surplus of this capital to the amount of \$112,351. At the end of 1886 there was a surplus of \$299,720, which goes to demonstrate that the rates of insurance are not higher than they should be, to meet the losses and expenses

The following table shows the standing of each Canadian stock company at the end of 1887, in reference to their surplus or impairment of their capital:

incident to the business.

Company. Subscribed capital.	Capital paid up r in course of collection.	Surplus over all liabilities including called up capital.	Impairment of culled up capital.	Reserve of subscribed capital not paid up.
British America\$ 500,000	\$500,000		\$ 7,431 62	None.
*Citizen 1,000,000	† 79,557	•	122,256 05	\$920,000
Quebec 225,000	+ 99,240	\$14,512 32	•	125,760
Royal Canadian+ 500,000	† 400,000	96,806 05	••••••	100,000
Western 1,000,000	500,000	36,416 85	••••••	500,000
*This is on the whole business, including life.	ness, including	life.		
†As reduced by Act of Parliament.	liament.			

A comparison of this with a like table for the previous year shows the following results :

Loss or deterioration during 1887 :---British America, \$58,084.34; Citizens', \$82,591.45; Quebec, \$8,854.65; Royal Canadian, \$22,850.21; Western, \$7,583.60. The London Mutual has deteriorated \$18,-687.10.

This is by no means re-assuring. The superintendent, after giving tables of various kinds, says :-- " Thus it appears that for every \$100 of income there has been spent \$102.08, namely, for losses, \$68.89; for general expenses, \$29.64; and for dividend, \$3.55. Hence, also, for every \$100 of premium received, there has been \$106.-14 paid out, namely, \$71.63 for losses, \$30.-82 for expenses, and \$3.69 for dividends to stock-holders." The profits are, therefore, not from premiums, but from investments.

DOMINION SAFETY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.

This is the name of a company organized in St. John, N.B., 1881, by James DeWolfe Spurr, who in 1883 held \$45,000 of the total \$120,000 of stock, and has been president of the association from the first. For some time past the company has figured in the reports from the Insurance Department at Ottawa as having been unable to obtain a renewal of its license. This appears to be on account of \$50,000 of its cash being locked up in the broken Maritime Bank of St. John, now in liquidation. And most of that cash seems to have been borrowed on the security of its \$47,850 of bonds. As the society has of late been doing considerable business in Ontario, and indeed does business outside of Canada, we think it well to give a sketch of its brief career, up to the present time, as revealed by the bluebooks.

This does not pretend to be a life insurance company of the ordinary sort, or to lay aside an actuarial reserve. Each member pays an admission fee of \$10 per \$1,000 of insurance, and \$10 to form a fund with which to meet the final death claims of those who joined the same year ; and then each must respond to an assessment on a scale increasing with his age, and \$3 a year for expenses, in default of paying which he forfeits his \$10 to the continuing members of that year. In the course of time, it is calculated, all the members who joined in that particular year will have dropped out or died except one or two, and when this happens, if the nest-eggs are sufficient to pay these their \$1,000 each, they take them out. Dividends from interest upon the safety fund are promised to continuing members, commencing five years from the date at which the \$10 is paid. At first this safety fund deposit could be paid in ten annual instalments, but is now required within three years.

For one or two years, the details of each year's class were given in the blue-book, but] this practice has been discontinued. From the latest statement of that sort published, viz., in the insurance report of 1884, we gather the following particulars of the company's membership in the different classes up to that time:

	Safe	ty Fan	d Clas	вof
Description.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Original number	345	628	644	351
Deaths in 1884	4	3	1	0
Lapses in 1884 .	31	43	68	7
In force Jan'y 1,				
1885	281	545	568	344
Amount of Safety				

Fund......\$3,993 \$6,924 \$6,762 \$3,510

The prosperity of the society seems to have reached its greatest degree in 1883, and to have been on the decline almost ever since. The past year's record is the poorest of all, only \$172,000 of new certificates having been taken, while \$197,000 terminated by lapse, and \$26,000 by death. The new certificates of the year number 120, while the deaths and withdrawals number 170, thus reducing the membership from 2,318, as it was a year ago, to 2,268, carrying reduced insurance of \$2,626,000: The following table gives the new business, and the total insurance in force on December 31st in each year, from the beginning : Year of New Certificates. Total Insurance

secora.	_		in Force.
	No.	Amount.	
1882	668	\$668,000	\$1,267.000
1883	905	905,000	2,003,000
1884	305	305.000	2,044,000
1885	473	473,000	2,308,000
1886	324	362,000	2,677,000
1887	120	172,000	2,626,000
		=.=,	2,020,000

The following is the financial record of the society, taken from the insurance bluebooks from 1882 to 1887 inclusive :

Lisbili-

Year. 1882 1883 1884 1885	Receipts. \$14,688 35,165 34,686 37,431 44,902	Payments. \$ 6,743 23,015 19,405 45,005 20,107	ties. \$13,797 58,411 73,080 67,666	Assets \$ 60,993 107,583 122,044 112,749
1886 1887	57,451 44,293 43,801	45,005 32,107 32,090	67,666 71,668 80,006	$112,749\\124,506\\132,604$

A year ago the society had 22 stockholders holding shares on which they had paid in \$2,400 in cash, besides which most of them had subscribed to a guarantee fund of \$35,000, paid up in cash, making \$37,400 in all. This year, the stockholders number only 17, and their total cash holding is reduced to \$34,420. The following is the list of stockholders and their holdings, from page 377 of the last blue-book :

Name and Address. St	ibscribed.	Paid-up
Bulyea, G.H. V., Qu'Appelle.	100	\$ 2
Chipman, Mrs. H. C., St.		
John	500	1(
Clinch, F. S., Musquash	300	e
King, Thos. M., London, O.	300	f
Lemont, Wm., Fredericton,	4,100	1,025
McCully, S., Halifax	1,800	36
McMillan, J., St. John	10,000	2,500
Spurr, Jos. DeW., St. John.	43,200	10,800
Steeves, J. A. E., Lancaster	18,700	4,675
Steeves, Jas. T., M.D., "	2,000	500
Sterling, A. A., Fredericton	4,100	1,025
Temple, Thomas, "	10,400	2,600
Thorne, W. H., St. John	12,500	3,125
Vanwart, Wesley, Frederic-		•,-=0
ton	10,400	2,600
Wallace, T. C., New York,	300	-,000
Weldon, C. W., St. John	1,000	250 250
Welton, Rev.S., Sussex, N.B.	300	6

\$120,000 \$29,172

In addition to the \$29,172 of paid-up capital, Mr. DeWolfe Spurr appears to have contributed \$5,248 to a guarantee fund, the exact meaning of which we are not told. Of the \$132,101 of assets, \$13,333.53 is in the shape of accrued interest upon a cash deposit of \$50,000 made with the now insolvent Maritime Bank. Appended to that item in the blue-book is a foot note saying : "Interest to 31st December, 1887, due and payable by the Maritime Bank to the Receiver-General, for which suit has lowing are the names of some of the instru-

been brought in the name of Her Majesty by the Department of Justice." Should this item be lost to the assets, even without any expenses of the suit added to it, the balance of assets over the liabilities, counting paid-up capital and guarantee fund on both sides, would be \$4,845, rather a small margin. Credit appears on page 183, in addition to the ordinary income of the past year, for "\$26,772 received for calls on capital," but in reality this was mostly a mere change, chiefly on the part of Mr. Spurr, the president, of items from the "guarantee fund" to paid up capital account. Last year the paid-up capital was \$2,400 and the paid up guarantee fund was \$35,500, making together \$37,900. Now they stand jointly at \$34,420, showing a withdrawal of \$3,500 of cash capital in the twelve months. The death losses during the first three years of the society were only \$23,000, while during the last three they rose to \$76,000. Death losses and expenses combined were \$49,163 during the first period, and \$109,202 during the last three years. The average death losses per \$1,000 of temporary insurance carried during the first three years was only \$4.33, but during the past three years it was \$10.00 per \$1,000.

TARIFF DECISIONS.

Continuing the list begun in July of articles respecting which Tariff decisions have been recently given at Ottawa, we find therein a number of articles connected with the textile trades that have been the subject of investigation and ruling. Also goods dealt in by the paper and hardware trades :

By Order-in-Council dated 11th July last, cotton yarn finer than No. 40 unbleached, bleached or dyed, for use in covering electric wires, is placed upon the free list, until the end of the next session of Parliament. So also is jute yarn, plain, dyed, or colored, when imported by manufacturers of jute webbing and jute cloth, to be used for these purposes only in their own factories; yarns made of wool or worsted, the same being gennapped, dyed and finished, when imported by manufacturers of braids, cords, tassels, and fringes, to be used for these purposes only, in their own factories, are made free.

Wire of iron or steel, galvanized or tinned or coppered or not, of No. 16 gauge or smaller, when imported by makers of wire cloth, wire work, brushes, pianos and plated ware, to be used for these purposes only, in their own factories, is placed upon the list to be admitted into Canada free of Customs duty, until the end of next session, the above order to take effect from 9th August, 1887. Steel of No. 12 gauge and thinner, but not thinner than No. 30 gauge, when imported by makers of buckle clasps and ice creepers, is made duty free, until the end of next session.

Order-in-Council of the 17th December, 1887, interpreting item No. 57 of the tariff of Customs duties, so far as it relates to plough plates, mould boards, and land sides, which expired at the close of last session of Parliament, is continued in force until the end of the next session.

An order dated 22nd August last declares music for automatic instruments to be simply perforated paper and properly dutiable at 35 p.c., under item No. 352, and not as music at 10 cents per lb. under item No. 39. The folments on which such paper is used, viz. : Æolian Organ and Cabinet, Celestina, Mandolina Organ, Organina, Harmonette, Ariston, Organetta, Autophone, Euphonia, Musical Casket, Pianister, &c.

With regard to an appeal made to the Governor-in-Council from decision No. 248 of the Customs Department, pronouncing Vermouth bitters or wine dutiable at \$1.90 per I. G. under tariff item No. 425, the ruling in question is confirmed by a ruling of the Treasury Board dated 25th August, 1888.

The following are departmental decisions. during July and August last :---

-gouly and magazziness		
Articles.	Tariff item under which	Rate of duty pay-
n	classed.	āble.
Brass weights for scales	47	30 p.c
Fish pumice	525	20 p.c
Huckleberries	525	20 p.c
insect powder	525	20 p.c
Meerschaum pipes, real or		
genuine	525	20 p.c
Meerschaum, artificial or imi-		
tation	98	35 p.c
Pears	525	20 p.c
thape seed	525	20 p.c
Repairs on machinery, either		
on vessels or otherwise	243	30 p.c
Scissors, plated	376	30 p.c
do not plated	227	25 p.c
do. not plated		
Spring wire cotters	274	30 p.c

THE TEA MARKET.

For several weeks there have been indications of increased strength in teas, and this week a distinct advance in prices is reported from abroad. The shipments of Japans are differently estimated at 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 pounds behind those of last year, and we are told that for goods which were sold at \$25 per picul, \$27 is now being asked. In black teas an advance in prices is claimed and a prediction of shortage made; fine grades are scarce and held firm. Lewenz & Hauser's London tea letter of 14th said: "The rise in value of silver and consequent higher eastern exchanges, and the continued low price of common teas in this market, very much tend to strengthen the belief that the present deficiency of 11,000,000 pounds in the shipments from China will reach quite 20,000,000 pounds at the close of the season."

The export from China to London to date compares as follows with the corresponding shipments of last year: Hankow and Shanghai, 38,500,000 pounds against 39,000,000 in 1887; Foochow, 19,000,000 pounds against 28,000,000 in 1887; Canton, Amoy, etc., 9,000,000 pounds against 10,500,000 pounds in 1887. Total, 66,500,000, against 77,500,000 pounds in 1887.

Of Indian teas there appear to be too many and they seem not to have participated in the rise. A cable from Shanghai of date Wednesday, 26th, declares that the supply threatens to be less than last year by some 30,000 half chests, that prices have advanced ten per cent., and that there is a strong demand for fine greens. The effect of all these advices upon Canadian markets is marked. In Montreal enquiry is brisk and the tone of holders firm, but buyers are still hanging back. In Ontario the feeling is upward and an increasing business is reported.

LONDON & ONTARIO INVESTMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

But little change is apparent in the course if of this company's affairs during its eleventh in year, compared with that for the year preceding. New loans made were about the same, and the loans paid off almost exactly the same.

Net earnings were a little larger, leaving, after dividend, \$22,514 to dispose of, instead of the \$19,740 at the previous meeting. One of the most agreeable features of the report probably is that where last year \$21,572 was placed to suspense account and only \$5,000 to reserve, there is this year only \$10,291 deemed needful for suspense, and \$10,000 goes to swell reserve, which shows well for problematical properties. Rates of interest have been generally unchanged, the report says, the threatened higher mortgage rates not proving permanent. A hopeful, but not rose-colored, view is taken of probable results of the harvest. The report was adopted, and the old board of directors re-elected.

-Now that a lively interest has been awakened on the subject of municipal cleanliness by the vellow fever visitation at Jacksonville, the typhoid fever outbreak at Kingston, the smallpox in Buffalo, and some sporadic cases here, it is well to have some elementary causes of disease simply stated, in order that people may take measures to avoid it. Throwing of kitchen slops into streets and lanes is a cause of disease. Leaving vegetable matter to rot in yards and lanes is another. The Philadelphia Record says, on this subject : "That Philadelphia has not been visited by pestilence is not the fault of the department of the city government responsible for the collection of garbage. It is allowed to rot, uncollected, from week to week, in many parts of the city. No doubt to this cause may be largely attributed our late unusual crop of typhoid fever." The World has done good service in giving the opinions and experiences of Toronto medical men on the subject.

-Considering the reckless way in which some people rush into debt-when credit is cheap-and the shamelessness with which some refuse to pay when they are able, one can understand the sort of righteous rage with which a creditor will pursue a person who has been long in his debt, and the vengeful satisfaction he will take in even sending the debtor to prison. But revenge, though sweet, is not permitted to be exercised in that barbaric way in these days. Nova Scotia has not yet abolished imprisonment for debt, and though some of the more enlightened legislators of that Province have for years tried to enact laws looking to the abolition of such a relic of the dark ages, they have not yet succeeded. A Halifax paper of recent date says the debtors' room in the county jail was empty one night for the first time in seven years, but early next morning a hapless debtor was imprisoned for a small amount.

—According to the Kingston News the United States demand for Canadian phosphate is brisk. A firm at Marquette, Mich., have asked the Little Rapids mine to ship them 5,000 tons, 80 per cent. apatite. The proprietors of the Buckingham mines say that the demand far exceeds the supply, and that the Americans have at last found out that German phosphates are simply the Canadian material adulterated and reshipped.

-The injunction obtained by the Western Union Telegraph Company to restrain the New Brunewick Railway Company from allowing the Canadian Pacific Company to erect telegraph poles along their track, has been sustained with costs by the New Brunewick courts.

-A marked increase in the number of failures in Great Britain during 1887 is evident from the report for that year of the British Inspector-General of Bankruptcy. It is, besides, noteworthy that there is an increase in the amount of liabilities, and at the same time a decrease in the assets, along with an augmentation of the cost of administration. On the whole it would appear that the law is working very well, and the Inspector expresses satisfaction with it. The London Economist, in criticising the very full statistics in the report, considers "that the proper lesson to be derived from them is, that it is now time to strengthen the Act where it is shown to be weak, and to close up any loopholes for fraudulent bankrupts that may have been discovered in it."

-The value of the coal fields around Nanaimo and Comox, on Vancouver Island, is well known. It now appears, according to the Victoria Times, that the Queen Charlotte Islands, still further to the north, possess coal. A prospector there has found specimens of bituminous coal resembling anthracite in color and texture. on the Yakoun River, Graham Island, between Massett and Skidegate, and elsewhere. Mr. W. E. Robertson, the explorer in question, believes that the Queen Charlotte group will prove to be the richest carboniferous formation on the Pacific coast. In the course of his exploration numerous small tracts of agricultural lands were discovered, which are capable of producing everything that can be grown on Vancouver Island.

-Work is to be actively prosecuted next spring, it appears, in the coal fields of Queen's County, New Brunswick. These coal deposits are stated to cover an area in that county of 120 square miles. It begins on the shore of Grand Lake, at Flower's Cove, some 30 miles N. E. from Fredericton, and extends up a few miles above the mouth of Salmon River and thence back to the head waters of Little River near Chipman P. O. All over this area, says the St. John Telegraph, coal is found at a depth of from six to 30 feet from the surface, and in a bed of an average of from three to four feet in thickness. The total known deposit, measured in tons, cannot be less than a hundred million tons.

—A legal firm in Halifax has been suspended from the privileges of the Nova Scotia Barristers' Society for six months, for alleged unprofessional conduct in agreeing with a collector of debts to divide with him fees and remunerations received for legal business connected with the collection of debts. But we are told of some legal firms thereabout which made no division but kept the total amount of debts collected. And yet they were not suspended from any society.

-Advices from Prince Edward Island show that the potato crop is suffering from the continuance of wet weather, and the early varieties of that vegetable are rotting in the ground. The kinds which suffer most are the Early Rose and Beauty of Hebron. The late potatoes are not suffering to the same extent.

- Would be customer---"Will you trust me for a few things for a couple of days?" Grocer "Come around in a couple of days and I will." Would be customer---"But I will have the money then." Grocer---"Then is when I would trust you."-Time.

THE MONETARY TIMES

Meetings.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING
	30TH JUNE, 1888.
N AND ONTARIO INVESTMENT	Receipts.
COMPANY (LIMITED).	Interest on investments and bank
	l balances \$100 geo go
eventh annual general meeting of the	Expenditures.
lers of this company was held on the ant, at the offices of the company, 84	Expenses of management and
set east, Toronto, the president, Hon.	directors' and auditors' fees\$ 13.047 36
mith, in the chair.	Office expenses, rent, postage, ad.
llowing shareholders were present :	vertising, etc
W. H. Beatty, Alex. Nairn, W. B.	Expenses in connection with deben- tures issued
n, Frederick Wyld, Henry Gooderham, e, George Taylor, C. H. Gooderham,	tures issued 1,993 97 Inspection charges 3,465 15
Gooderham, J. H. Morris, Q. C.,	Manitoba expenses 4.247 07
adwick, John Helm, J Mason, and	Paid during year for com-
stuart.	missions-on loans\$1,934-86
eading the public notice calling the	Paid during year for com- missions — on deben-
electing a secretary, and dispensing reading of the minutes of the last	tures 3,764 54
neeting, the following report and	5.699.40
t of account, together with the audi-	Interest paid and accrued on deben.
incate, were read by the manager,	tures
. Cosby.	190 445 00
REPORT.	138,445 30 Net revenue 54,323 49
rectors have again the pleasure of	
g their annual report and statement	\$192,768 79
ts for the fiscal year which closed on day of June last. The figures sub-	Net revenue as above \$54,323 49
dicate the following results from the	Received premium on new stock issued dur-
ransacted during the year :	ing the year 551 20
earnings of the company	
ed to \$54,323 49	Which the directors have appropriated and
hich two half-yearly divi- t the rate of 7 per cent. per	propose to appropriate as follows :
have been paid 34,583 15	Two half-yearly divi- dends, Nos. 19 and 20,
	to 30th June, 1888\$34,583 15
or appropriation the sum	Added to reserve ac-
must be added the pre-	count
received on sale of new	Added to property sus-
551 20	pense account 10,291 54
	GENERAL BALANCE SHEET, AT 30TH JUNE, 1888.
total of \$20,291 54	
the directors recommend shall be	Assets. By Investments
ted as follows: suspense acconnt \$10,291 54	Mortgage loans.\$2,811,004 98
count 10,000 00	Municipal de-
	bentures 59,250 58
\$20,291 54	"Balances in banks
articulars relating to the business of	" Sundry accounts due to com-
which are not contained in the state- account attached hereto, are as fol-	pany
toto are as ion-	" Office furniture, fixtures, sta-
rtgage loans applied for amounted to	tionery, &c 2,640 26
on the security of property valued	\$2,928,766 19
plicants at over \$2,000,000, out of	Liabilities.
n due consideration, the directors ne sum of \$320,177 on the security of	To shareholders-
estimated by our appraisers and	Capital stock\$ 494,520 00
653,678. The mortgage loans naid	Reserve account 115,000 00
the year amounted to \$276,150.32	Property suspense account 36,176 71 Dividend due 2nd July, 1888 17,308 20
apany's debentures to the extent of	Dividend due 2nd July, 1888 17,308 20 "Debenture holders—
5 fell due, of which \$363,707.67 were with the holders, and \$270,230.58	Outstanding sterling and cur-
off by the company; new deben-	rency deben-
y received during the year amounted	tures\$2,209,360 53
1.65.	Reserved for in- terest accrued 17,864 31
npany's position has undergone very	terestaccrued 17,864 31
anges during the past year; the	" Amounts due to borrowers,
nder investment, and borrowed upon s, having remained almost constant	being balances awaiting

payment Sundry accounts due by company \$2,928,766 19

A. MORGAN COSBY, Manager.

To the President and Directors of the London

The London and Ontario Investment Company, Limited : GENTLEMEN,---We beg to report the comple-tion of the audit of the books, accounts, and vouchers of the London and Ontario Invest-ment Company, limited, for the year ending 30th June, 1888.

The debentures, mortgages, and other securities have been inspected in detail, and the amounts correspond with the totals as set forth in the ledger.

The accompanying statements of the assets and liabilities, receipts and expenditures, are hereby certified as correct.

We also verify the balance of cash in banks. W. R. HARRIS, THOS. HODGETTS, Auditors.

Toronto, 1st August, 1888.

After disposing of some general business, the election of directors for the ensuing year was held, which resulted in the unanimous return of the following gentlemen:-Hon. Frank Smith, Messrs. W. H. Beatty, W. B. Hamilton, Alex. Nairn, Wm. Ramsay, A. B.

Lee, Fredk. Wyld, Henry Gooderham, and George Taylor.

At the close of the meeting the members of the new board met and elected the Hon. Frank Smith president, and W. H. Beatty, Esq., vice-president, for the ensuing year.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL.

	Mor	TREA	- L, Sej	pt. 26	th, 18	388.
STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average. 1887
Montreal	2221	2203	83	2221	222	2331
Ontario	1241	122	82	123		194
Peoples'	100	106	2	106	103	1101
Molsons	157	147		157	147	140
Toronto	2113	208	26	211	208	209
Jac. Cartier .	925	- E78	250	921	90	90
Merchants'	136	133	451	136	135	132
Commerce	118	1175	165	118	1173	121
Union	93	91		95	91	94
Montreal Tel	963	95	975	951	95 1	95
Rich. & Ont	54	52	683	53	521	56
City Pass	210	203	70	210	203^{-}	245
Gas	217	214	190	217	215	2175
Gas ex d	211	209 1	100	211	2105	
C. Pacific R. R.	58 1	56	225	581	- 5 81	523
N. W. Land	65	62	550	63	621	47

FIRE RECORD.

ONTARIO — Chatham, Sept. 1.—Last night, W. Flater's saw mill, lumber piles, and two dwellings burned, loss \$10,000. Mill insured for \$1,000 in Brit. Amer. and \$500 in Mercantile. On lumber and dwellings there was no insurance.—...Pembroke, 5th.—The steam saw mill of J. B. Dickinson, with machinery and mill of J. B. Dickinson, with machinery and buildings adjoining, situated at Hazley's Bay, burned. Loss about \$10,000, partly insured. —Oshawa, 7th.—W. J. Hare's foundry and Park, Scott & Larsen's agricultural works badly burned. Hare's loss, \$3,000; insured for \$1,800. Park, Scott & Larsen lose about \$1,000 on stock, patterns, etc.—Dundalk, 10th.—Fire broke out in the store owned by J. Connor and occupied by L. Edgerton and spread 10th.—Fire broke out in the store owned by J. Connor and occupied by J. Edgerton, and spread to J. D. Morgan's store and dwelling, C. H. Jewell's furniture workshop, the Ranbury block, occupied by Johnston, jeweller, and J. Connor's store and dwelling. The total loss is estimated at about \$10,000; partly covered by insurance.—Belleville, 11th.—Parmalee's roofing and paving works burned; loss \$2,000; insured in Mercantile \$1,000.—Thamesville, 11th.—The Spackman brick block burned. Spackman loses \$10,000 on building; insured for \$3,000; stock saved. J. Wannacott's store and dwelling total loss, partly insured. Dr. for \$3,000; stock saved. J. Wannacott's store and dwelling total loss, partly insured. Dr. Swisher's office burned; Masonic Halldamaged. —Arkona, 14th.—P. B. Rosenberry's barn and stables burned; loss on buildings, \$450; insured for \$200 in Waterloo Mutual.—Galt, 16th.—The barber shop and tobacco store of W. F. Lunn burned. Damage to stock and fixtures about \$2,000, insured for \$800 in the London and Lancashire. Loss on building \$500, fully insured in the same company — Port Colborne, 17th.—The dwelling house of Eugene Reeb burnt. Loss, \$1,500; partly covered by insurance.—Belleville, 18th.— Warner Simmons, of Thurlow, lost his barn, implements, and season's crops by fire this Warner Simmons, of Thurlow, lost his barn, implements, and season's crops by fire this morning. Loss \$2,000; insured for \$1,000 in L. L. and G.—Woodford, 18th.—The Wood-ford hotel burned. Loss about \$1,500; in-sured for \$1,000.—Stouffville, 19th.—The barn of W. Simpson, at Ballantrae, struck by lightning and burned. About half of the season's crop was lost. Partly insured.— Blenheim, 19th.—Three barns containing the season's crop, and a driving shed owned by Denneim, 1943.—Inree barns containing the season's crop, and a driving shed owned by Adam Henry, on the Communication road, destroyed by fire. Insured in London Mutual for \$2,400; loss about \$3,600.—Petrolea, 19th.—Fire burned G. & J. Kerr's planing mills. Loss not known.

mills. Loss not known. OTHER PROVINCES.—Ste. Flavie, Que., Sept. 6th.—The establishment, saw mill excepted, of Ross & Co., Magdalen River, Gaspe, partly burned. Six buildings in all were burned.— Quebec, 7th.—McShee's building injured \$3. 000; covered by insurance in Quebec. Stock is insured in L. & L. & G. for \$4,000. The damage to the stock of Thos. May & Co. is \$2,400 and covered by insurance.—Montreal, 8th.—The woollen mills of Beauchemin & Co. and the furniture factory of Ald. Villeneuve and the furniture factory of Ald. Villeneuve burned with several buildings adjacent. The saw mills of Chapleau & Gelders also burned.

LONDO

The ele sharehold 20th inst King stre Frank Si

The fo Messrs. Hamilton A. B. Lee Robert (E. M. Ch Charles S After r

meeting, with the annual r statemen tors' cert Mr. A. M

The dia presentin of account the 30th mitted in business t The net

amounted to Out of which two half-yearly divi- dends at the rate of 7 per cent. per		49
annum have been paid	34,583	15
Leaving for appropriation the sum of To which must be added the pre- mium received on sale of new	19,740	34
stock	551	20
Making a total of	l shall	be
Property suspense account	\$10.291	54
Reserve account	10 000	

Other p the year, ments of a lows :

The mo \$1,078,487 by the ap which, or granted th real estate board at \$ off during

The con \$668,318.2 renewed were paid ture mone

to \$263,76 The com slight cha amounts u debenture The agents in Great Britain, and the local The agents in Great Britain, and the local agents in Canada, have evinced their usual interest in the company by their continued exertions on its behalf. The rates of interest obtainable on good mortgages have sustained little or no change since the date of the last report, the tendency to higher rates which pre-vailed during the winter of 1887-88 not proving nermanent.

permanent. The usual system of inspection of properties held under mortgage in Ontario and in Manitoba has been effectively maintained, and a great deal of attention has been bestowed dur-ing the year to secure renewals of existing

Ing the year to secure renewals of existing mortgages which have matured. Although the crop reports, both in the Pro-vinces of Ontario and Manitoba, are conflict-ing, it appears certain that in Ontario there will be a fair return with improved prices, and in Manitoba, although the result may not prove so favorable as weage anticipated a month prove so favorable as was anticipated a month or two ago, the directors are hopeful that the fuller reports now to hand will be confirmed; a good or even fair harvest cannot fail to bene fit the company.

The usual report of the auditors is appended to the financial statements, verifying their correctnes

All of which is respectfully submitted.

FRANK SMITH, Toronto, 20th Sept., 1888. President. 35,749 97

2.786 47

Leading Wholesale Trade of Hamilton. Knox, Morgan & Co. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. HAMILTON. **OUR FALL STOCK OF** Imported & Domestic Goods Customers can rely on prompt execution of orders given to our Travellers. Personal Inspection Solicited. ADAM HOPE & CO., HAMILTON. Sole Agents in Canada for THE SHOTTS IRON C ... GLASGOW, Offer for sale for spring delivery No. 1 Shotts Pig Iron, No. 1 SUMMERLEE PIG IRON, No. 1 LANGLOAN PIG IRON, No. 1 SIEMENS PIG IRON. For Prompt Shipment ex Yard. Hamilton, Aug. 31st, 1888. | PRICES ON APPLICATION. JAMES TURNER & CO. HAMILTON. Call the attention of the Trade to the fine quality of their GROUND SPICES UNDER " BEAVER'' BRAND. Buyers can rely on such as being strictly pure and ground from the choicest goods. If not already selling same when next ordering try this brand. You will be amply repaid by so doing. JAMES TURNER & CO., HAMILTON, - - - Ont. B. GREENING & **UU.** Wire Manufacturers and Metal Perforators, VICTORIA WIRE MILL8, HAMILTON, ONTARIO. NEW JAPAN **TEAS**! BROWN, BALFOUR & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS, HAMILTON, ONT.

Mr. Villeneuve estimates his damage at about \$8,000, insured for \$4,000.—Elgin, N. B., 7th.-The house of J. Garland at Elgin Cor-7th.- The house of J. Garland at Elgin Cor-ners destroyed by fire. — Halifax, 9th.— The Hopewell woollen mills, at Hopewell, Pictou County, destroyed by fire. The loss is \$36,000, with \$19,000 insurance, mostly in Queens, Citizens', and Western. — Thurso, Que., 10th. — Morrison's woollen factory and 5,500 pounds wool burned, not insured. — River John, N.S., 9th.— Dwellings of Allison Perrin and John Gorrin destroyed; cause, children playing with matches. matches.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, Sept. 26th, 1888. MONTREAL, Sept. 2011, 1888. Ashes.—The market has developed addi-tional strength since this day week, prices of first pots having risen to \$4.45 to 4.50, though whether these figures will hold is a question, for there is more or less of a speculative char-acter about recent transactions at these figures. Receipts, however, have been small of late, and stocks in store are only 314 brls. Seconds are badly wanted, and could probably realize about \$4. Pearls are difficult to quote, they have been sold at \$6.15 in small quantities, but can't say if these figures will hold; receipts in this line are large and much ahead of last year.

Boots, SHOES, AND LEATHER.—Boot and shoe men report a very fair sorting business, and are also employed getting out spring samples. Leather continues quiet, some houses reporting a fair trade in small lots, but as a whole the movement shows no real activity. Sole shows a tair trade in sinal lots, but as a whole the movement shows no real activity. Sole shows firmness, with an advance in the better grades; upper leathers are unchanged, and still in full supply in all lines. We quote: --Spanish sole, B. A., No.1, 23 to 25c.; ditto, No. 2, B.A., 18 to 20c.; No.1, ordinary Spanish, 20 to 22c.; No. 2, do., 18 to 19c.; No. 1, China, 18 to 19c.; No. 2, 17 to 18c.; hemlock slaughter, No. 1, 23 to 26c.; oak sole, 40 to 45c.; waxed upper, light and medium, 30 to 33c.; ditto, heavy, 27 to 30c.; grained, 30 to 35c.; Scotch grained, 33 to 37c.; splits, large, 16 to 23c.; do., small, 12 to 18c.; calf-splits, 32 to 33c.; calfskins (35 to 46 lbs.), 55 to 65c.; imi-tation French calfskins, 70 to 80c.; russet sheep-skin linings, 30 to 40c.; harness, 21 to 30c.; buffed cow, 10 to 13c.; pebbled cow, 10 to 13c.; rough, 21 to 23c.; russet and bridle, 45 to 55c. rough, 21 to 23c.; russet and bridle, 45 to 55c. CEMENTS, FIREBRICKS, &c.—Cements show a

CEMENTS, FIREBRICKS, &C.—Cements show a considerable gain in firmness, owing to there being no surplus stock here and advanced freights. Portland is quoted at \$2.75 to 3.00 in an ordinary way; large lots, \$2.55 to 2.70; bricks, \$20 ex wharf, \$25 ex store. DRY GOODS.—The long continued wet wea-ther has not been favorable to trade; still city



retailers report very good sales, there being a certain amount of goods needed by families returning to the city and for the outfit of school children, &c. A good many travellers are out on their sorting trip, and in some cases have already done pretty well, encouraging anticipations of being able to make up the shortage of the first fall trip. Some houses, however, will not send their men out until the middle of October, as there has as yet been no weather to create any heavy demand for fall goods or make any break into winter stocks. Money is coming in slowly, but it may be from a desire on the part of retail men to husband their resources for that important date, the 4th October. As regards prices there has been a sharp advance in silks and cash-meres, which we have before anticipated in these columns, and which will be more felt in the lower lines, and from 5 to 10 per cent. higher will have to be paid for these goods than for last spring's importation. DRUGS AND CHEMICAL.

than for last spring's importation. DRUOS AND CHEMICALS.—The drug trade shows more activity in the regular sorting trade, and heavy chemicals are also moving more freely. Caustic soda is advanced 10 shillings in England, and oxalic acid is ad-vanced 3 cents a pound, due to combination on the part of producers; for opium higher prices are being asked in the East, and an advance is probable here; borax advancing; cream tartar and tartaric acid rather easier. We quote :—Sal soda, 85 to 95c.; bi-carb soda, \$1.80 to 2.00; soda ash, per 100 lbs., \$1.70; bichromate of potash, per 100 lbs., \$1.00 to 13.00; borax, refined, 10 to 12c.; cream tartar crystals, 33 to 35c.; do. ground, 34 to 36c.; tartaric acid, crystal, 54 to 55c.; do. powder, 55 to 58c.; citric acid, 68 to 72c.; caustic soda, white, \$23.5 to 2.50; sugar of lead, 10 to 11c.; bleaching powder, \$2.50 to 2.60; alum, \$1.60 to 1.70 ; copperas, per 100 lbs., 90c. to \$1.00; flowers sulphur, per 100 lbs., \$2.00 to 2.25; roll sulphur, \$2.00 to 2.15; sulphate of copper, \$5.50 to 6.00; epsom salts, \$1.25 to 1.40; saltpetre, \$8.25 to 8.75; Ameri-can quinine, 52c.; German quinine, 52c.; Howard's quinine, 55 to 60c.; opium, \$4 to 4.50; morphia, \$1.75 to 2.00; gum arabic, sorts, 80 to 90c.; white, \$1.00 to 1.25; carbolic acid, 55 to 65c.; iolide potassium, \$3.90 to 4.15 per lb.; iodine, \$5.25 to 5.75; iodoform, \$5.75 to 6.25. Prices for essential cils are:—Oil lemon, \$2.00 to 2.50; cil bergamot, \$3.00 to 3.25; orange, \$2.75 to 3.00; oil peppermint, \$3.50 to 4.50; glycerine, 24 to 30c.; senna, 15 to 25c. for ordinary. English camphor, 40 to 45c.; Ameri-can do., 36 to 40c.; insect powder, 70 to 80c. Fish.—A first cargo of Labrador herrings has been received, and is selling at about \$5.50, the catch is reported short. Cape Bretons, \$6 and scarce; dry cod in demand and selling at \$5; green cod, \$5.25 to 5.50; B. C. salmon, \$13 to 13.50 for No. 1. HIDES —Are in better demand and selling at \$5; or . Horwitter, 61 to 63c. DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—The drug trade shows more activity in the regular sorting

\$13 to 13.50 for No. 1. HIDES — Are in better demand and show more firmness. Toronto No. 1 are quoted at 6³/₄ to 7c.; Hamilton, 6¹/₄ to 6³/₅c.; dry hides ad-vanced to 10 to 11c.; local green hides in fair supply with dealers still paying 6c. for No. 1; calfskins, 5c.; lambskins, \$5.50 to 6.00. GROCERIES.— Wholesale men 'report a very fair distribution in progress, but money com-ing in only fairly. Sugars have undergone a further marked advance, granulated being now 7¹/₅c. in largest lots at the refinery, while the lowest in yellows is 6 3-16c. and from that up to 7c. Indications would seem to favor a fur-ther rise, as there is a great scarcity of raws on ther rise, as there is a great scarcity of raws on this continent, and a cargo of grocery raws re-cently brought in by a local grocery house has been bought at 6c. by the St. Lawrence Re-fining Company for refining purposes. Molas-ses is steady at 39 to 41c. for Barbadoes. Syrups are advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per lb. in all grades, and are still difficult to obtain. Teas show adand are still difficult to obtain. Teas show ad-vancing values in all outside markets; there is a deal of enquiry in this market, but the policy seems to be to defer buying except for most pressing wants in hopes of getting lower prices later, a hope which is not at all likely to be gratified, as higher values are more than likely to prevail. Advices from China report a short-age at date of 11000 000 pounds, principally in to prevail. Advices from China report a short-age at date of 11,000,000 pounds, principally in Moyunes, which, it is stated, may develop into a shortage of 20,000,000 pounds before the year is out, and an advance of ten per cent. is re-ported. The shipments of Japans are 4,000,-000 pounds short at date as compared with last vear and for gods which were sold at \$25 the year, and for goods which were sold at \$25 the picul \$27 is now being asked. In blacks there are also predictions of shortages, and an advance is claimed. Some small lots of new fruit have been received via Liverpool, but

THE MONETARY TIMES.



Conter Front & Scott Streets, Toronto. Commissioner for Provinces of Brit. Col., Que., N. S., N. B., Man. and N. W. Territories. And for States of N. Y., Cal., Ill., Maine, Minn., and Mass. Commercial Agent for Mexican Republic. Correspondence, agencies and collections solicited. Information and statistics regarding the Dominion, U. S., or Mexican Republic cheerfully furnished.

prices and terms than for some years past has existed, and a strong desire is noticeable to avoid dating ahead. The enquiry for braid and bead ornaments continues active, and the dress goods department receives a large share of attention with a promise of further brisk-ness. Ribbons keep in good demand also, and there is an exceptionally marked run upon ladies' rubber circulars, especially for the good English makes of these. Payments have been improving. There is a more hopeful feeling than for a long time past, and some firms see an absence of that excessive and ruinous com-petition and feel that what goods they have they can sell and not throw away.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—There is a fairly active market for all grades of flour, but as farmers are not marketing their grain at all freely there is a scarcity of material. Prices, how-ever, are well maintained, and judging from the excited state of the wheat market must go nigher.

GRAIN.—The movement in new grain has hardly commenced yet, and prices for wheat are not established. They are "jumping" in Chicago however, and higher abroad. There Oncago however, and higher abroad. There is nothing doing in barley owing to the same excuse, but the crop is believed a good one. Oats are a little easier, say 35 to 36c., and odd car lots have changed hands on local account. Peas are steady at quotations. Bran is worth \$14 to 15 per ton.

GROCERIES.—Most houses speak in a cheer-ful strain as to general business. The firm attitude of the sugar market still attracts atattitude of the sugar market still attracts at-tention. Lowest yellows are now 64c., medium 64 to 64c., bright 74 to 74c. For small lots of granulated 84c. is the figure, and 84c. for 15 barrels. Coffees are firm. Fruits in good request. New Valencia raisins enquired for. New currants are just arriving, and the quality is said to be good. Prunes in cases are worth 54 to 64c. Syrups advanced 4c. on Monday, our quotations will still represent the range. Prices of low grade and medium teas are hardening and the demand is very fair. Canned goods are beginning to move. We quote tomatoes, \$1 to 1.10; corn, \$1.10 to 1.30; peas, \$1 to 1.25; beans. \$1.10: apples, 85c. to \$1.

HARDWARE.—Cable reports show a marked advance in zinc and pig lead, the latter about \$2 per ton. If present prices continue quota-tions have mill be used by the stars tions here will be much higher than those ruling to-day. Ingot tin is also dearer and none is to be had in this market under 26 cts. Copper still retains its firmness, but as stocks appear to be accumulating in England the prospects of a further rise are somewhat re-mote although mell informed circles are fully mote, although well-informed circles are fully satisfied that the combination is particularly solid. Iron and steel are in good request, and this in connection with increased rates of freight of 5s. per ton has stiffened the market here very materially. Makers of tin plates are full of orders and will not book better than 6d. to 9d. per box over recent mail prices. They also refuse to guarantee shipments before end of October. This applies more particularly to cokes. Canada plates have advanced 10s. per ton, which in conjunction with increased freights above referred to has affected this market to the extent of 15c. per box. Payincreased ments are improving.

HIDES AND SKINS .- This market is bare of The demand is very active and with a upward tendency. Green are still as hides. strong upward tendency. Green are still as last quoted. Cured are reported sold at 6½c., strong upward tendency. Green are still as last quoted. Cured are reported sold at 6½c., and even higher; 6½ to 7c. for close selec-tion is asked. Sheepskins are quoted at 55 to 60c., and an advance is expected at the end of the month. There have been no sales of calfskins reported, but the en-quiry has improved, and the feeling is better. Tallow is very scarce. Soap men will not pay more than 6c., but dealers can get 6½ to 7c. for small lots refined for all offering. Provisions.—During the week there has

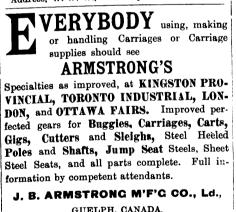
PROVISIONS.—During the week there has been a fair business done. For butter of a peen a tair business done. For butter of a choice quality the enquiry is active at 18 to 19c. Some sales of good medium are recorded at $15\frac{1}{2}c$. Cheese continues very dull, and prices are nominally without change. Finest kinds are jobbing at $9\frac{1}{2}$ to 10c., and common down to as low as 8c. A few barrels of new down to as low as 8c. A few barrels of new dried apples have changed hands at $5\frac{1}{2}c.$, and more are offered at the same figure. There is nothing doing in evaporated. Eggs are steady. Newly gathered stock brings 17c. The de-mand for hog products is good. Long clear quotes at $11\frac{1}{2}$ to $11\frac{9}{4}c.$; breakfast bacon, 14c.; rolls, 13c.; lard, 12 to $12\frac{1}{2}c.$ as to package. Dressed hogs on farmer's market command 8s. The honey cron being a total failure. \$8. The honey crop being a total failure, prices will rule high. There is now but last year's on the market here, which rules at about 15 to 20c.

about 15 to 200. SEEDS.—About the only trade doing just now is in timothy and fall rye. The former quotes from \$2.10 to 2.20 per bushel, and the latter at 75 to 80c. Flax is moving slowly at \$1.40. There is no clover seed coming to hand yet. WOOL.-Business continues

Wool.—Business continues of a quiet character with no special features. There is more or less fleece changing hands on a basis of 20c. for selected, but there is not as yet any or zuc. for selected, but there is not as yet any enquiry from the United States. The Cana-dian factories are doing but little, and sales to them, of pulled wool, are light.

To Manufacturers, Importers, and General Agents.

The advertiser is in a position to handle to advant-age in Manitoba, the North-west Territories, and British Columbia, Staple Articles of For-eign and Domestic mauracture, having very favorable connections with the wholesale trade therein. Correspondence solicited, when necessary assurances as to responsibility, etc., will be furnished. Address, W. W. W., Monetary Times, Toronto.

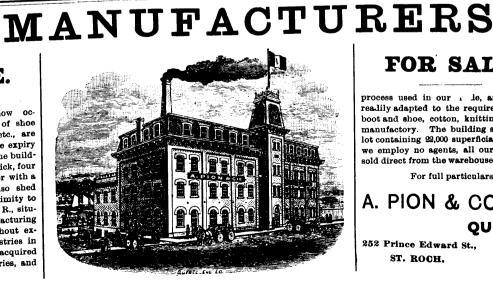


Finest American Hog Casings. Orders filled for any desired quantity. Write for JAMES PARK & SON. 41 to 47 ST. LAWRENCE MARKET, TOBONTO. PURE GOLD GOODS ARE THE BEST MADE. ASK FOR THEM IN CANS. BOTTLES OR PACKAGES THE LEADING LINES ARE



FOR SALE.

oc-These splendid premises, now cupied by us, as manufacturers of shoe and glove kids, morocco, etc., etc., are offered for sale, by reason of the expiry of partnership, 1st May, 1889. The building, erected in 1882, is of solid brick, four stories high, 130 x 40 feet, together with a two-storey brick wing 50 x 30, also shed and stables. It is in close proximity to the St. Charles River, and C. P. R., situated in the centre of the manufacturing interests of Quebec, and is, without ex-ception, one of the finest industries in the city. The factory may be acquired with or without all the accessories, and



FOR SALE.

process used in our c .le. and can be readily adapted to the requirements of a boot and shoe, cotton, knitting, or other manufactory. The building stands on a lot containing 22,000 superficial feet. As we employ no agents, all our goods are sold direct from the warehouse in Quebec.

For full particulars, address.

A. PION & CO., QUEBEC. 252 Prince Edward St.,

ST. ROCH.

865

SALESMEN WANTED

For the New England Nurseries. Established

For the New England Nurseries. Established over 30 years. The Old Reliable Nursery. Men with push, energy, good habits, and clean character are what we want. Every chance for success. We can give you good pay and steady work. Write for terms to

CHASE BROTHERS' CO'Y. NURSERYMEN, COLBORNE, ONT.

NEW & SECOND-HAND

ILLUSTRATED MACHINERY

REE H.W.PETRIE

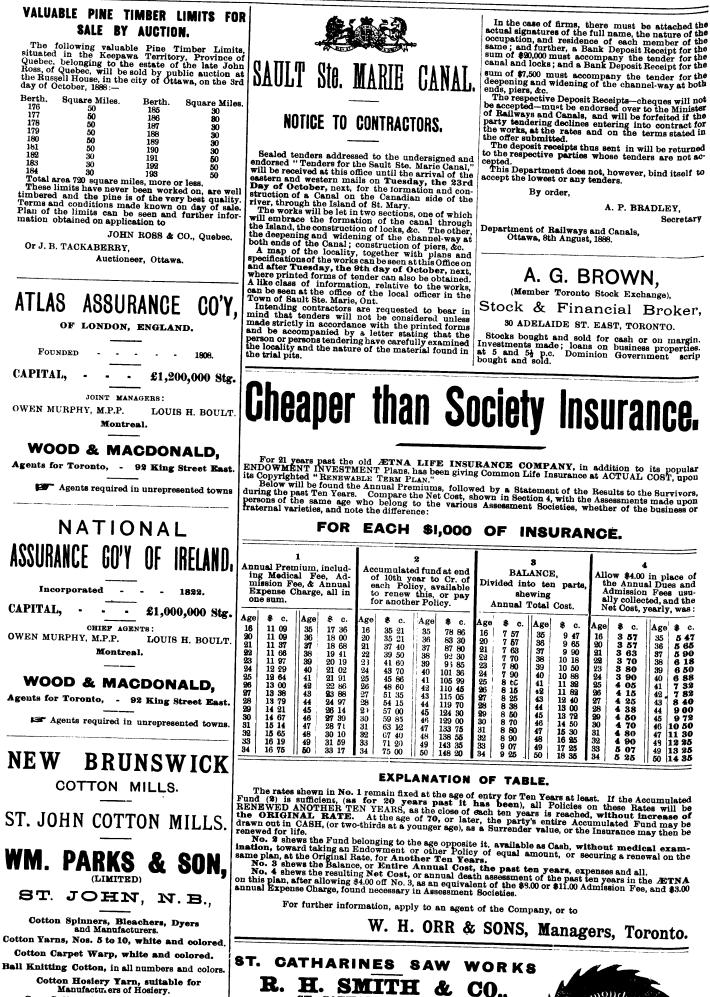
SEASON 1888.

New Importations of English Sheeps.

CASINGS.

·FREE ·

SAUSAGE



366

Cottonades, in plain, mixed, and fancy patterns ACENTS:

WILLIAM HEWETT, 11 Colborne St., Toronto. 70 St. Peter St., Montreal

THE "SIMONDS" SAVUS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. All our Goods are manufactured by the "Simonds process. Our OIBCULAB SAWS are unequalled. We manufacture the Genuine HANLAN, LANCE TOOTH, DIAMOND, NEW IMPROVED OHAMPION, and all other kinds of CROSS-CUT SAWS. Our Hand Baws are the best in the market, and as cheap as the cheapest. Ast your Hardware Dealer for the St. Catharines make of Saws. The Largest Saw Works in the Dominion. DUNCAN BELL,

THE

ST. CATHABINES, ONTABIO,

Bole Manufacturers in Canada of "SIMONDS"

Secretary

C.

867 TIMES. ROCHESTER LAMPS. LANTERNS. LANTERN GLOBES. HARVIE LAMPS, ROCHESTER -RAILROAD LANTERNS. FANCY HANGING LAMPS. BIRD CAGES, &c. From stock of the Burn, Robinson Mfg. Co., Hamilton. COAL HODS, STOVE BOARDS & OTHER SEASONABLE GOODS. MCCLARY M'F'G CO., LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL & WINNIPEG.

The Progress of a Successful Company.

(The Agricultural, of Watertown, N.Y.)

Deposit at Óttawa,

\$140,000

It is the strongest and largest Company doing an exclusive dwelling business in the United States, if not in the world. It now issues over 70,-000 policies a year. No other like Company can show such growth and increase.

From year to year it spreads the base of its Pyramid and gains strength

CHIEF AGENT

26 Victoria St. Arcade Building, Toronto, Ont. DEWEY & BUCKMAN, General Agents Eastern Ontario and Province of Quebec BROOKVILLE, ONT.

AGENTS WANTED IN ALL UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

The attention of owners NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for the St. Lawrence Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the castern and western mails on Tuesday, the 25th for locks, and the deepening and enlargement of the upper entrance of the Galops Canal, and for the deepening and enlargement of the summit level of the Cornwall Canal. The construc-tion of a new lock at each of the three interior lock stations on the Cornwall canal, between the Town of Cornwall and Maple Grove; the deepening and widening the channel way of the canal; con-struction of bridges, &c.

For the works at Galops, at the Lock-keeper's house Galops. For deepening the summit level of the Cornwall Canal, at Dickenson's Landing; and of the new locks, &c., at lock-stations Nos. 18, 19 and a, at the Town of Cornwall. Frinted forms of ter-ter can be obtained for the respective works at the blaces mentioned.

W. STAHLSCHMIDT & CO. PRESTON, - - - ONTARIO. MANUFACTUREBS OF

Office School, Charch & Lodge Farniture

OFFICE DESK NO. 51. TOBONTO BEPRESENTATIVE :

GEO. F. BOSTWICK, 24 Front St. West. See our Exhibit in the Annex at the Indus-

15 COMMON ST., MONTREAL, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Cotton & Woollen Rags, Paper Stock AND SCRAP METALS.

Cash buyers of Peddlers' Rags, Tailors' Clippings, Old Rubber, &c. TORONTO BRANCH: Onto Mill Stock & Alexander Dackus, Metal Co. Blanade St., Toronto.

ST. LAWRENCE CANALS

WALKER,

J.

Toronto

R.

Metal Co, Esplanade St., Toronto.

Places mentioned. In the case of firms there must be attached the actual signatures of the full name, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same, and further, a Bank Deposit Receipt for the same, and further, a Bank Deposit Receipt for the Golops Canal Works, and a Bank Deposit Receipt for the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$2,000 for each section of the works on the sum of \$4,000. The respective Denogrit Receipts—cheques will not

The Deposit Receipt for the sum of \$4,000. The respective Deposit Receipts—cheques will not be accepted—must be endorsed over to the Minister party tendering declines entering into contract for the works at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted. The deposit receipts thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted. The Densaty most however, bind itself to

The Department does not, however, bind itself to Seept the lowest or any tender.

By order. A. P. BRADLEY,

Secretary

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 8th August, 1888.

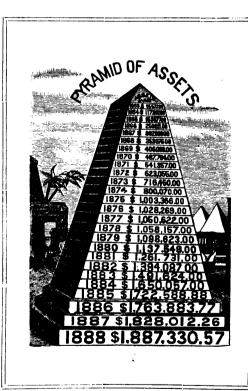
of Private Residences is invited to this PYRAMID, which shows the uniform & sure growth of this Company during 23 of its 33 years of existence. The figures represent the smounts set apart at the dates given for the **PROTECTION**

GAPITAL.

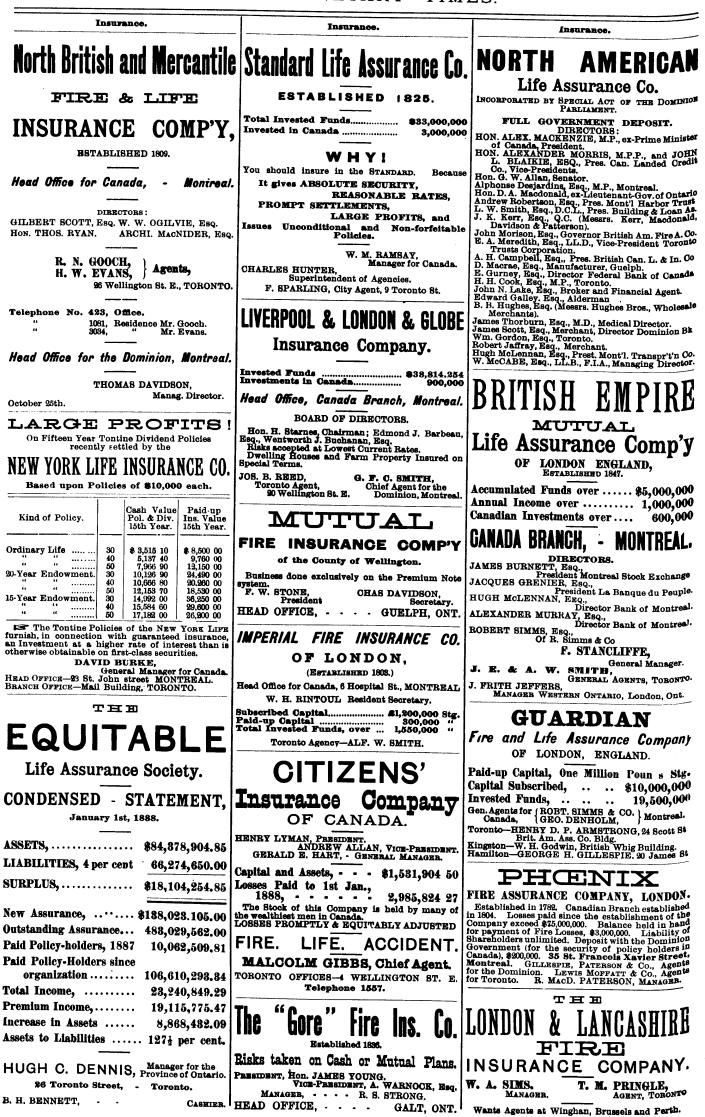
\$500,000

OF ITS POLICY HOLDERS.

J. FLYNN,



THE MONETARY TIMES.





THE MONETARY TIMES.

Leading Barristers.	STOCK AND BOND REPORT.								
COATSWORTH, HODGINS & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS, Etc.	BANKS.	Share.	Capital Sub-	Dald	Rest.	Divi- dend			PRICES.
15 York Chambers, No. 9 Toronto St., Toronto. TELEPHONE 244.			scribed.	. Paid-up.	19036.	last 6 Mo's.		ONTO, 0. 27.	Cash val. per share
E. COATSWORTH, JR., L.L.B. FRANK E. HODGINS. GEO. C. CAMPBELL. W. A. GEDDES.	Canadian Bank of Commerce	\$243 50	4,866,666 6,000,000	6,000,000	\$ 486,000 1,100,000 600,000		147 1177		357.21 55.87
THOMSON, HENDERSON & BELL,	Contral Commercial Bank of Manitoba Commercial Bank, Windsor, N.S	40	500,000 500,000	0 500,000 276,370	45,000 25,000 78,000	3 31	Suspe	nded	40.00
Barristers, Solicitors, &c. OFFICES-BANE BRITISH NOETH AMEBICA BDGS.	Dominion Eastern Townships Federal	50 50	1,500,000	0 1,500,000	1,150,000 450,000	5 34	2194		109.37
4 Wellington Street East, TORONTO.	Hamilton	- 90	500,000 1,000,000	0 500,000	150,000 100,000 360,000		In Liqu 111 135 1	idation	n 22.20 135.50
D. E. THOMSON. DAVID HENDEBSON. GEO, BELL. WALTEB MACDONALD. Registered Cable Address-" Therson," Toronto.	Imperial La Banque Du Peuple	100 100	710,100	0 710,100 0 1,500,000	100,000 600,000 300,000	3 4	96 199	100 140	96.00 139.00
LINDSEY & LINDSEY,	La Banque Jacques Cartier La Banque Nationale London	95 100	500,000 9,000,000 1,000,000	0 500,000 0 1,900,000	140,000 100,000	3			•••••
LINUSEI & LINUSEI, Barristors and Solicitors.	Merchants' Bank of Halifax	100	6,799,900 1,000,000	0 5,799,200 0 1,000,000	50,000 1,700,000 190,000	31 31 3	Suspe: 134 118	nded 136 	134.00 118.00
5 York Chambers, Toronto Street,	Molsons Montreal. New Brunswick	900	9,000,000 19,000,000 500,000	0 9,000,000 0 19,000,000	875,000 6,000,000	4	2201	222	441.00
GEORGE LINDSEY. W. L. M. LINDSEY.	Ottawa	100 100	1,114,300 1,500,000	0 1,114,300 0 1,500,000	350,000 400,000 550,000	6 34 34	140 121 1	 123	210.00 140.00 121.25
KINGSTONE, WOOD & SYMONS, Barristers & Solicitors.	People's Bank of Halifax People's Bank of N B	100 90	1,000,000 600,000	0 1,000,000 0 600,000 150.000	310,000 35,000	34 34 35 25	125 99	126	125.00 49.50
. W. EINGSTONE. S. G. WOOD. DAVID T. SYMONS. OFFICES-North of Scotland Chambers,	St. Stephen's	100 100	3,000,000 200,000 1,000,000	0 9,500,000 0 900,000	435,000 95,000	31 4 91		•••••	
Nos. 18 and 20 King Street West, Toronto.	Union Bank, Halifax	100 50	2,000,000 500,000	0 9,000,000 0 500,000	340,000 1.350,000 40,000	34 4 94	209 99	130 210‡	64.50 209.00 49.50
E. H. BRITTON,	Ville Marie	100	1,900,000 500,000 500,000	0 1,900,000 0 477,530	100,000 20,000	3 3 3 3	91 	95 	91.00
Barrister, Solicitor, &c.	Yarmouth LOAN COMPANIES.	75	300,000		35,000 30,0 00	3 1 3		·····	1(7.00
Offices, 4 King St., East.	UNDER BUILDING Soc's' ACT, 1859.								
TELEPHONE NO. 65.	Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society	50	630,000 1,000,000 1,500,000	918, 2 50 1,100,000	88,000 100,000 437,000	31 31 41	100	·····	50.00 80.00
R. P ECHLIN,	Freehold Loan & Savings Company	100	1,500,000 2 700,000	1,100,000 1,200,000	437,000 200,000 570,000	45 35 5	119 <u>1</u> 1664	•••••	80.00 119.50 166.50
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.	Western Canada Loan & Savings Co	50	1,000,000 3.500,000 3,000,000	9,300,000 1,400,000	200,000 1,180,000 700,000	4 6 5	133 200	••••	66.50 100.00 92.00
OFFICES, - No. 4 KING STREET, EAST, TORONTO.	Ontario Loan & Deben. Co., London Landed Banking & Loan Co.	25 50	750,000 2,000,000 700,000	750,000	95,000 321,000	3 34	104 3 119	••••••	26.18 59.50
MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT &	Ontario Loan & Savings Co., Oshawa. Farmers Loan & Savings Company People's Loan & Deposit Co.	50 50	300,000 1,057,250	300,000 611,430	70,000 70,000 112,589	3 31	•••••	118	57.50
SHEPLEY,	Feople's Loan & Deposit Co		600,000 660,700 750,000	564,590 600,000	$100,000 \\ 53,000$	31 31 31 4	112	•••••	56.CO
Barristers, Solicitors, &c.,	UNDER PRIVATE ACTS.				150,000	4	118	120	59.00
Union Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street, TORONTO.	London & Ont. Inv.Co., Ltd. (Dom.Par.) Manitoba & North-West. Loan Co. do. British Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Ltd. do.	100	2,250,000 1,250,000 1,620,000	312,500	100,000 111,000	31 31 91	102	••••	113.00 102.00
J. J. MACLAREN J. H. MACDONALD, Q.C. W. M. MERRITT G. F. SHEPLEY W. E. MIDDLETON R. C. DONALD.	London & Can. Ln. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do. London & Can. Ln. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do. Land Security Co. (Ont. Legisla.)	50	1,620,000 1,500,000 5,000,000 498,850	663,990 700,000	55,000 150,000 360,000 215,000	3 1 4 5 5	103 115 1421 949		103.00 57.50 71.12 62.00
PARKES, MACADAMS & GUNTHER,	DOM. JOINT STOCK CO'S' ACT. Imperial Loan & Investment Co. Ltd. National Investment Co., Ltd.	100	629,850	625,000	96,400	34	248 . 114 <u>1</u> 1	115 1	62.00 114.50
BARRISTERS. 14 Front St., West, Toronto.	Real Estate Loan & Debenture Co	50	1,700,000 900,000		90,000 5,000	3	103 .		103.00 17.59
PARKES, MACADAMS & MARSHALL,	British Mortgage Loan Co	100 100	450,000 466 800		48,500	34	•••••		· · · · · ·
BARRISTERS. Hamilton, Ont.	MISCELLANEOUS.	50	466,800 2,665,600		80,000	31	981		98.50 5.00
R. K. GOWAN,	Canada North-West Land Co	\$100	£1,500,000 \$2,000,000	£1,500,000 £				63]	
Barrister, Solicitor, &c.,	New City Gas Co., Montreal N. S. Sugar Refinery	40 40	2.000,000	2,000,000	•••••	4 6	89	60 90 210	50.00 35.60 83.90
OFFICE—Over Federal Bank, LONDON.	Toronto Consumers' Gas Co. (old)		1,000,000	1,000,000	•••••	3	190		950.00 91.75
Commercial business solicited.	INSURANCE COMPANIE				RAILWA	VR		Par	London
GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN,	ENGLISH-(Quotations on London			Atlantic and	d St. Law			value ¥ Sh.	Sep. 15.
Barristers & Attorneys, OFFICE-Corner Richmond & Carling Streets,	T			Canada Cer	ntral 60/	1st Mor			581 59 107 109
LONDON, ONT.	No. Last Shares. Divi- dend. NAME OF COMPANY.	Paid.	Sale.	5% peri do. E	ne Con sta Detual deb	oca Senture	stock	100	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
GEO. C. GIBBONS GEO. M'NAB P. MULKERN FRED. F. HARPE		• •	Sep. 15	do. S	econd ore	erence f. stock	•••••	100 100	641 051 431 441
WINK & CAMERON,	20,000 5 Briton M.& G. Life. £10 50,000 15 C. Union F. L. & M. 50	5		do 6	ern per 5%	6 deb. st	ock		115 117 104 106
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc. OFFICES: - CORDINGLY BLOCK,	100,000 Fire Ins. Assoc 10 20,000 5 Guardian 10	2	78 80	Northern of	Can. 5%	first mt	ge	100 100	106 108 105 107 63 66
Cor Cumberland & Lorne Streets,	150,000 10 Lancashire F. & L. 20 35,862 20 London Ass. Corp 95	25 1 2 124	51 53	1st mtga	ey & Bruc	966% stg	. bonds	100 100	90 92
Port Arthur, Ontario, Canada. A. S. WINK. W. K. CAMERON.	10,000 10 London & Lan. L 10 74,080 12 London & Lan. F 25 9 300,000 571 Liv.Lon.& G.F.& L. Stk	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} 4 & 4 \\ 113 & 121 \\ 34 \\ 34 \\ 35 \\ \end{array}$	Wellington,		140017	, 1st m.		100 102
MACLENNAN, LIDDELL & CLINE,	30,000 20 Northern F. & L 100 120,000 24 North Brit. & Mer. 95	10 61	57 58 431 441		SECUR				London Sep. 15.
(Late Maclennan & Macdonald), Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.,	200,000 9 Queen Fire & Life 10 100,000 413 Royal Insurance 20	1 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Canadian Go Dominion 5	vt. deb., / % stock, 1	5% stg. 903. of F	v loan		118 190
CORNWALL.	50,000 Scottish Imp.F.&L. 10 10,000 Standard Life 50	1		Canadian Go Dominion 5 do. 4 do. bo Montreal Ste do. 59	% do. 1)nds, 4%, 1	904, 5, 6, 1904, 86 1	8 ns. stocl	k	109 111 109 111
C. H. CLINE.	CANADIAN.		Sep. 27.	do. 59	erling 5 % %, 1874, 190 do.	, 1905 04 5 %, 19	209		106 108 106 108 108 119
DAVIS & GILMOUR,	10,000 7 Brit. Amer. F. & M. \$50 9,600 15 Canada Life	1 10 1	103 7	do. Toronto Corj do. do	poration, o. 6 %, 190	6 %, 1897 6, Water	Works	Dep.	109 116 113 190
Barristers, Solicitors, &c. OFFICES-McIntyre Block, No. 416 Main Street,	5,000 10 Sun Life Ass. Co 100 4,000 6 Royal Canadian 100 5,000 5 Quebec Fire	121 9 15	240	DISCO	UNT RA	ATES.	Lo		Sep. 15.
WINNIPEC, MANITOBA.	8,000 10 Queen City Fire 50 10,000 10 Western Assurance 40	66 25 9	900 E	Bank Bills, 3 do. 6 Trade Bills 3	do	•••••	31	3§	
T. H. GILMOUR GHENT DAVIS		Ξ.	. 11	do. 6		•••••		4	



THE MONETARY TIMES.

Leading Manufacturers.	TC	RONTO	PRICES CUR	RENT	-Sep. 27. 1888.	
EDWARDSBURG STARCH CO.,		Wholesale Rates.		Wholesale Rates.		Wholesals Rates.
Manufacturers of the Celebrated Brands	Breadstuffs.		Groceries.—Con.		HardwareCon.	
BENSON'S PREPARED CORN.	FLOUR: (* bri.) f.o.c. Patent (WntrWheat)	5 85 5 40	Almonds, Taragona. Filberts, Sicily, new	\$ c. \$ c. 0 15 0 16 0 091 0 10	LBON WIRE:	\$ c. \$ c. 9 60 0 00
BENSON'S SATIN 11b. CHROMO BOXES. EDWARDSBURG SILVER GLOSS	" Spring " Straight Roller Extra	5 00 5 10 4 75 4 80	Granoble	0 11 0 19	No. 1 to 8 2 100 lbs No. 9 No.19	265 270
(116 Fancy Packages.)		0 00 0 00	STRUPS: Common Amber Pale Amber	0 00 0 00 0 55 0 58	Barbed wire, galv d.	3500 0060
CANADA SILVER GLOSS, 61b. Boxes.	Oatmeal Standard "Granulated	0 00 0 00	MOLASSES :	0 38 0 40	Coil chain & in	005005 004004 693 p.c.
EDWARDSBURG No. 1 WHITE LAUN- DRY, 41b. Boxes.	Rolled Oats Bran, \V ton	6 25 0 00 14 50 15 00	Patna SPICES: Allspice	042006 011012	Iron pipe	85 n.e
EDWARDSBURG RICE, 1 lb. Fancy Boxes.	3BAIN: f.o.c. Fall Wheat, No. 1 No. 9	1 08 1 09	Cloves	0 30 0 35	STEEL: Cast	{ 084 0 09 { 124 14 0 13 0 184
FACTORY : CARDINAL ONT. OFFICE : MONTREAL.	" No. 3 Spring Wheat. No. 1	1 05 1 07 1 02 1 03 1 03 1 04	Ginger, ground Jamaics,root Nutmegs	0.80 1.00 1	Sielgn shoe	9 50 0 00 9 25 9 40
1828 ESTABLISHED 1828	"No. 3 Spring Wheat, No. 1 "No. 3 "No. 3 Barley, No. 1 Bright	1 01 1 02 0 98 0 99 0 00 0 00	Mace Pepper, black white	0 90 1 00 0 19 0 21 0 33 0 35	10 to 60 dy. p. kg 100 lb 8 dy. and 9 dy 6 dy. and 7 dy 4 dy. and 5 dy A. P. 8 dy C. P.	2 80 9 90 3 05 3 10 3 90 3 40
J. HARRIS & CO.	" No. 1	070 0721	STIGARS .		4 dy. and 5 dy A. P. 8 dy C. P.	8 55 3 60 3 90 0 00
	" No. 3 Extra " No. 3 Oats	0 58 0 60 0 53 0 55 0 35 0 36	Porto Rico Jamaica, in hhds Canadian refined	0 051 0 054	3 dy A.P. HOBSE NAILS: Pointed and finished HOPSE SHORE 100 lbs	4 40 0 00
(Formerly Harris & Allen),	Peas Bye	0 66 0 72	Extra Granulated Redpath Paris Lump	0 061 0 068	LOBEL GEORES, 100 108.	3 60 0 00
ST. JOHN. N.B.	Corn Timothy Seed 1001bt	0 62 0 63 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	TEAS : Japan. Yokoha.com.togood "fine to choice		CANADA PLATES: B. A. P. M. L. S	965975 980290
New Brunswick Foundry,	Clover, Alsike, " "Red, " Hungarian Grass,"	0 00 0 00	Congon & Sonahong	0 15 0 20	TIN PLATES : IC Coke.	265270 890400
Raılway Car Works,	Flax, screen'd, 1001bs Millet, "	9 75 0 00 0 00 0 00	Oolong, good to fine. Formosa	0 30 0 55 0 45 0 65	IC Charcoal	4 40 4 65 5 40 5 65 6 40 6 77
ROLLING_MILLS.	Provisions. Butter, choice, P lb. Cheese	0 18 0 19 0 09 0 10	Oolong, good to fine. "Formosa Y. Hyson, com. to g'd "med. to choice. Gunpwd. com to med "ganpwd. com to med	0 10 0 10 0 30 0 40 0 50 0 55	ICM. L. S	K #F 0 00
Manufacturers of Railway Cars of every descrip- tion, Chilled Car Wheels, "Peerless" Steel-Tyred Car Wheels, Hammered Car Aries, Railway Fish-Plates, Hammered Shafting and Shapes, Ship's Iron Knees	Dried Apples Evaporated Apples Hops	0 05 0 00 0 08 0 09			Garth WINDOW GLASS: 25 and under	860 000
Hammered Shafting and Shapes, Ship's Iron Knees and Nail Plates,			" fine to finest Imperial STARCH :	0 26 0 45	41 x 50	160 185
	Pork, Mess Bacon, long clear "Cumb'rl'd cut "B'kfst smok'd Hams Lard "B'dos	0 11 0 11	Benson's pr'p c'n stch	0 074 0 0791	51 x 60 GUNPOWDEB: Can blasting per kg	-
NO HOT BOXES	Hams	0 14 0 00 0 121 0 131 0 111 0 191	Edw'dsb'g sil'er gloss "1lb f'cy& 6lb bxs	0 07 0 07 0 071 0 08 0 09 0 00	Can blasting per kg. "sporting FF "FFF	500 000 525 000
COPPERINE	Shoulders		" 11b. fancy	0 09 0 00	Ropz: Manilla	725000 0103000 0103000
COPPERINE NUNFIBROUS ANTI-FRICTION BOX METAL TOR MACHINERY JOURNAL BEARINGS	Honey, liquid " comb Salt.	0 14 0 15 0 24 0 28	Myrtle Navy	0 46 0 464 0 55 0 00 0 48 0 00	KeenCutter&Peerless	7 60 9 00
	Liv'rpool coarse. Wbg	0 91 1 00 []	Solace Brier 7s	043050	Bushrengen	750 800
	Washington, 50 "	0 67 0 70		050000 048000 059000	Woodpecker Woodman's Friend Gladstone & Pioneer. 1	700 795 100 11 95
STANDS ANY WEIGHT OF MOTION HIGHEST TEST.MONIALS HARDWARE STORES ALL JELL :T HARDWARE STORES ALL JELL :T	C. Salt A. 56 lbs dairy Rice's dairy " Leather.		Consols 4s Laurel Navy 8s	0 68 0 00	Oils, Cod Oil, Imp. gal (Palm, \U00ft lb	36 0 40
BEST WHITE METAL KNOWN	Spanish Sole, No. 1 "No. 9 Slaughter, heavy	0 27 0 29 0 24 0 25 0 97 0 98	Wines, Liquors, &c.	053000	THETU, OX P. TAOT WOLDE B) 06% 0 08) 65 0 70) 60 0 65
			POBTER: Guinness, pts		Linseed, raw)57 058)59 061
THE	Harness heavy	0 22 0 24 0 28 0 33 0 26 0 28 0 28 0 33 0 26 0 26 0 28 0 26 0 26 0 26 0 26 0 26	Otard Dupuy & Co" 1	0 50 11 50	Seal, straw)00 1 20)50 0 55)55 0 60
Toronto Paper Mf. Co.	Upper, No. 1 heavy light & med.	0.00 0.019	Pinet Castillon & Co 1	0 00 10 95 0 00 10 95 9 50 16 00	Spirits Turpentine	0 59 0 60 0 051 0 071
	" English " Domestic	0 50 0 55	GIN: De Kuypers, ψ gi.	8 70 9 75	Petroleum. F. O. B., Toronto.	imp. gal.
WORKS at CORNWALL, Ont.	Heml'k Calf (95 to 30)	0 60 0 70 0 50 0 60 0 60 0 70	" Red "	4 75 5 00 9 00 9 95 7 95 7 50	Canadian, 5 to 10 brls (imp. gal. 15 0 00 15 0 00
CAPITAL, \$250,000.	French Calf Splits, large, W lb,	1 10 1 85 0 23 0 28	BUM: Jamaica, 16 o.p. Demerara, "	8 925 3 50 8 00 3 925	Amer'n Prime White) 17 0 00) 24 0 00) 25 0 00
JOHN R. BARBER, President and Man'g Director.	Enamelled Cow, \ ft	0 17 0 19		1 95 1 75 8 50 4 00		27 0 00
CHAS. BIORDON, Vice-President. EDWARD TROUT, Treas.	Buff	0 13 0 16	Sherry, medium	2 25 2 75 3 00 4 50	White Lead, genuine	
Manufactures the following grades of Paper:	Russets, light, 🎔 lb Gambier	0 40 0 45 0 07 9 073 0 042 0 05	Dunville's Irish, do.	800700 700725 In Duty	White Lead, No.1 ("No.2 (00 0 00
Engine Sized Superfine Papers:	Degras Cord'n V'ps. No.1.dos	0 04 0 05		ond Paid	Red Lead	00 0 00 50 5 00
White and Tinted Book Papers,	" Sides, per ft.	012016	" 50 " " (" 95 u.p. "	100 898 090 998 048 159	Vermillion, Eng.	
(Machine Finished and Super-calendered),	Cows, green	Per lb. 0 052 0 00 0 052 0 00	F'mily Prf Whisky Old Bourbon """	0 63 1 64	Bro. Japan	80 1 00 80 1 00 65 0 70
Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Foolscaps Posts, etc., etc.	Cured and Inspected	0 05 0 06		0 50 1 54 0 45 1 40 1 05 9 16	Putty, per 100 lbs 9 Drugs.	12 9 50
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ENVELOPE & LITHOGRAPHIC PAPERS. COLOBED COVER PAPERS SUPERVISIEND,	Tallow, rendered Wool.	0 05 2 0 06	Copper: Ingot	0 261 0 28 0 251 0 26 0 19 0 21	Brimstone	021008
Apply at the Mill for samples and prices, fipecial	Fleece, comb'g ord "Southdown Pulled combing	019090 019090 019090	LEAD: BAT	0 25 0 30 0 042 0 054 0 04 0 042	Carbolic Acid	38 0 45 60 0 65 061 0 101
sizes made to order.	" Extra	∩ 9 3 ∩ 94 ∐	Shot	0 04 0 04 0 042 0 05 0 054 0 05 0 054 0 05 0 05 0 05 0	Caustic Soda	025 0 06 35 0 37
The Canaoian Gazette	Groceries. Coffins: Java ¥ 1b	\$ 0, \$ 0,	BRASS: Sheet	94 0 25 95 0 30	Ext'ctLogwood,bulk	01 0 09 0 09 0 01 0 09 0 01 0 0 0 0 0 0
London, England.	Rio	016018 090091	Summerlee	00 00 00	Gentian	10 0 13 23 0 25
A Weekly Journal of information and Comment upon matters of use and interest to those concerned	FISH: Herring, scaled	0 98 0 30 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00	Carnbroe	160 0 00 II	Iodine	15 0 17 C0 5 50 70 0 75
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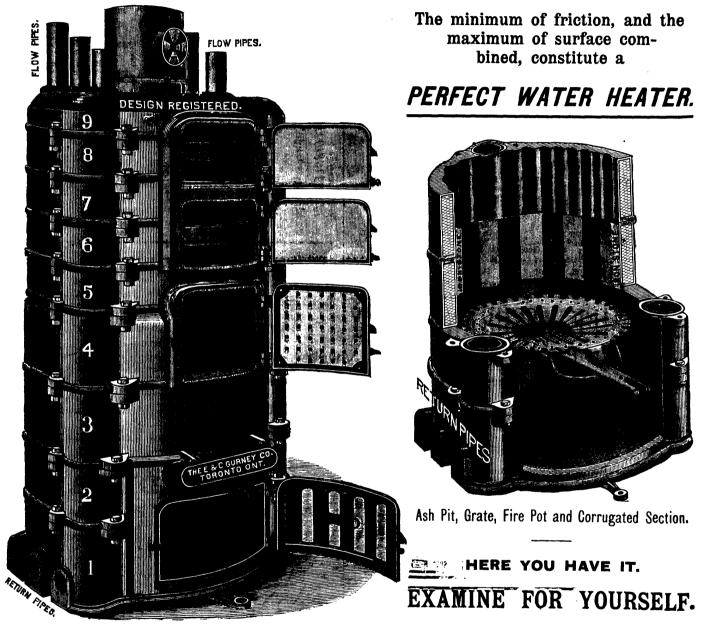
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