





Continued from page two

Paris, June 24—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight reads: "On the left bank of the Meuse the day was relatively calm except in the region of Hill 304, where our positions were bombarded by a slow and continued fire. On the right bank there was an intense bombardment of our lines in the sector of Hill 321, to the northeast of Froi de Terre, and in the Chapitre and Chenois woods. The fighting continued this morning in the neighborhood of the village of Fleury, of which the enemy succeeded in occupying some houses. There was no change in the other sectors of the right bank, no infantry action taking place. The day was calm on the rest of the front." Belgian communication: "There was an artillery action and an exchange of snipers in the region of Steenstraete. Quiet prevailed on the rest of the front."

ments. He believed in nationalization, particularly in regard to raw materials, when there was an attempt at monopoly. Referring to the sacrifices made for the military struggle, the minister thought that the Allies would be capable of similar sacrifices in any trade war against the Central Powers. The Australian premier, in his usual vigorous style, urged that the Paris resolutions be given effect by immediate organization. There must be control of raw materials within the Empire, re-peopleing of the land, and inter-empire trade.

The Allies at Paris.

Paris, June 20—The results of the recent economic conference here, in which the allied governments were represented have been made public. The agreement, which was unanimous, shows that sweeping measures have been jointly adopted under three heads: the first embracing the period during the war, the second the transition period, and the third the period after the war. During the war citizens of the allied nations are forbidden all commerce with enemy subjects. All merchandise from enemy countries is likewise forbidden. Commercial houses having enemy connections are sequestered. Additional restrictions are placed on exportations and also on contraband. During the reconstruction period the allies declare their purposes to carry on joint action in restoring industry, agriculture and merchant fleets. All treaties with the enemy being abrogated, the allies agree that favored nation treatment shall not be accorded to enemy powers during a number of years to be agreed upon by the allies after hostilities cease. They further declare in favor of the allied nations dealing among themselves as far as possible, in their natural resources. The allies agree to prevent "dumping" of goods by fixing a period of time during which enemy commerce shall be subject to special rules and prohibitions. The allies further agree upon joint collaboration, after the war to secure complete independence from enemy countries relative to raw productions and manufactured goods essential to the development of their economic activities. These measures, it is set forth, should also include the independence of the allies in financial, commercial and maritime organization. In executing this resolution they will adopt the means most appropriate, according to the nature of the good and following the principles which govern their economy. They will adopt subventions and advances to encourage enterprises and research, scientific and technical. Besides subventions and advances to certain industries, the allies will consider tariff changes and prohibitions, temporary or permanent.

Petrograd, June 25, via London—occupation of the entire Austrian Crown Land of Bukovina was announced today by the War Office. Possession of the Province was completed by the capture of the town of Kimpoling, in the southern part of Bukovina at the foot of the Carpathians. More than 2,000 prisoners were captured. Russian troops further north are pressing along the River Pruth toward Kolomena, and have occupied the villages of Kilikhof and Toloukhof. The official statement says: "Western front, west of Sniatyn (on the Pruth, 20 miles northwest of Czernowitz) our troops, fighting as they advanced, occupied the villages of Kilikhof and Toloukhof."

"On the evening of June 23 the town of Kimpoling was taken after intense fighting. Sixty officers and 2,000 men were made prisoners, and seven machine guns were captured. In the railway station whole trains were captured. With the capture of the town of Kimpoling and Kutj-Wianitz we took possession of the whole of Bukovina. It was found that during a hurried retirement in the region of Iskany station, north of Subavia, the enemy left behind 83 empty wagons, 17 wagons of maize and about 2,500 tons of anthracite, besides structural materials, great reserves of fodder and other booty."

London, June 26—The official statement issued at midnight reads: "We carried out a number of successful enterprises last night at different points. Hostile lines were penetrated at ten different places. Our parties inflicted considerable casualties on the enemy and took several prisoners. Our casualties everywhere were very slight. The Munster Fusiliers and Ansons were particularly successful."

London, June 27—The latest British and German communications, showing increased activity on the British front are attracting attention here and receive unusual prominence in the London morning papers, which also publish conspicuously the fact that the King received General Sir Wm. Robertson, Chief of General Staff at Buckingham Palace last night.

Foster in London.

London, June 21—(Montreal Gazette cable)—Coinciding with the publication of the resolutions adopted at the Paris economic conference, today's Mansion House meeting, under the auspices of the British Empire Producers' Association created deep interest. It was left to two overseas delegates, Premier Hughes, of Australia, and Sir George Foster of Canada, to drive the lesson home. Sir George pointed out that the war had performed a great service in sweeping away old prejudices and bringing the nations of the Empire into closer union. He hoped that when peace came there would be the same willingness and ability to banish the old controversies and disputes. He emphasized the fact that production was the only basis of trade, and within the British Empire was every diversity of climate, rendering it possible to produce for all require-

man propaganda. While the dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies also was desired, the newspapers say, it may not be directly demanded. This version of the Entente demands is said in diplomatic circles to be substantially accurate.

London, June 22—The acceptance by Greece of all the demands of the Entente Powers is reported by Reuter's Athens correspondent. He cables that M. Zaimis, to whom the formation of a new cabinet is said to be entrusted, went to the French legation during a conference of the Entente ministers last evening and announced in the name of King Constantine that Greece had yielded fully. Paris, June 22—An Allied fleet has been ordered to cruise before Piraeus, the port of Athens, according to a Havas despatch from Saloniki. It is said that the fleet eventually will be supported by a landing party. The fleet, made up of squadrons of the allied nations, will be commanded by Vice-Admiral Moreau. The despatch says the action of the landing party "will depend upon events." Piraeus, the second largest city of Greece, is five miles southwest of Athens. It is 100 miles below Saloniki!

Paris, June 22—The Italian minister at Athens has handed the Greek government a note from his home government declaring that it adhered to the representations made by the Entente Powers, says a Havas despatch from Athens today. It was stated in the note demobilization of the Greek army must be complete and immediate. The Allies demanded replacement of the Skouloudis ministry with a cabinet which would give all guarantees for observance of friendly neutrality toward the Entente, in harmony with the engagements of the Greek government. Dissolution of the Greek chamber, to be followed by general elections, also is required, as well as the replacement of police officials alleged to be under foreign influence.

Admiralty Has No Complaint

Ottawa, Ont., June 21—The admiralty does not appear to be worrying about the ammunition which came to it from Canada. Though the transaction has been made the subject of official enquiry by Royal Commission in Canada, in England the Admiralty cables that it got the ammunition, that it got in the way it wanted to, and is satisfied with both the ammunition and the financing of the transaction. These facts were disclosed through the reading of a cable message this afternoon at the meeting of the Davidson enquiry. The message comes from the British colonial secretary, addressed to the Duke of Connaught, as was an earlier one which stated that the admiralty paid \$25 a thousand for ammunition for which Canada was paid \$20 a thousand. Like first cable Government House turned the second cable message over to the auditor general. The message is as follows:

London, June 16, 1916. "With reference to my telegram June 8rd following further message from the Admiralty, Begins:

The ammunition forming the subject of an official inquiry under Sir Charles Davidson has been duly received by the Admiralty and has been found entirely satisfactory. The manner in which the purchase and payment was carried out for the ammunition boxes, etc., is in accordance with instructions that were issued to the Admiralty's representative. The special account opened with the Bank of Montreal at New York is not yet closed there being a balance on deposit which will be accounted for to the Admiralty.

(Signed) BONAR LAW. This cable completely upset the calculations of the opposition here. Hartley Dewar, the Liberal counsel, had objected earlier in the day to the cable being read. The reason was obvious. This concludes the evidence and the commission will meet next Wednesday to receive written statements of counsel.

All kinds of Job Printing done at the Herald Office

Affairs in Greece

London, June 23—The urgency of the Greek problem has greatly diminished since last October, when Premier Venizelos was driven from power by King Constantine and his court and the pro-German element in the Greek government had accepted the demands of the allied government for the demobilization of the army, dissolution of the Greek chamber, and a general election was received in Great Britain with much relief and satisfaction. When, on the fall of Venizelos, the Allies landed a force at Saloniki the attitude of Greece was a burning question and apprehension was felt in all the allied countries, especially France, at the prospect of German military activity in the near east. Latterly, however, with the Russian success in Asia Minor, less anxiety was felt on this ground. Nevertheless the recent Bulgarian occupation on the Greek frontier of Fort Rnpel, and the renewal of German activities in Athens, proved that danger still existed. Thereupon the allied powers began to apply further pressure in the shape of a partial blockade of Greek ports. The rumor was current that Greece had signed an agreement with Bulgaria for the peaceful evacuation of all the frontier forts. The Skouloudis ministry promised a partial demobilization, but, probably owing to the powerful influence of the king and his court, never carried it out. Finally, the Entente Allies presented a note containing drastic demands, which, as announced, have been accepted, and ex-Premier Zaimis has been called upon to form a ministry, of which he will be head of the foreign department. M. Zaimis is a neutralist, with a leaning, it is stated, toward the Entente Allies. The view is held here that his age and temperament make it doubtful whether he will be able to counteract the pro-German influence, and it is expected that it will not be long before M. Venizelos is again in power.

Malcom McPherson, tried in the Supreme Court at Summerside and found guilty of the murder of his wife, was sentenced to be hanged on the 7th September next. Louis Acker and Benjamin Miller found guilty, at the same time of the court, of stealing sixty hides, the property of A. E. Long were sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

News from Switzerland states that the French air raid on Karlsruhe had a terrible effect in spreading panic in Germany. Many of the victims were attending the Hagenbeck Circus when the aeroplanes appeared. Seven bombs intended for the railway station fell in the midst of the spectators. Some 115 dead were carried out, and more than 200 wounded.

During a dense fog a few days ago the Canadian steamer Stormont from Philadelphia and Sydney struck Gull Rock, four miles from Guysboro on the east coast of Nova Scotia and will be a total wreck. The crew arrived at Halifax. The vessels registered 1,251 tons. The sea was calm at the time and the crew had no difficulty in reaching Marie Joseph, four miles from the scene of the wreck.

DIED.

McLAREN—At Goose River after a lingering illness, on June 18th inst., Augustus McLaren, aged 24 years, leaving his parents, four sisters and three brothers to mourn. May his soul rest in peace.

McKINNON—At Charlottetown, Charles Edward McKinnon, born Dec. 16, 1855. Died June 26, 1916.

TAYLOR—At Fairview, Sunday, June 25th, Annie Taylor, daughter of the late William Taylor (nee, Mrs. Neil Kirker), aged 50 years.

PALMER—The death occurred at her home at Wilnot Valley, on Saturday night, of Mrs. Rebecca Palmer. Deceased was 65 years of age and had been sick about a week, her death being due to cancer of the stomach. She leaves to mourn three sons and one daughter, Mrs. George Sudbury, of Sydney.

ARSENAL—After an illness of about two weeks, Mrs. John F. Arsenault, Summerside, passed peacefully away on Sunday morning. Deceased was 73 years of age and leaves to mourn three daughters, Mrs. Paul Wedge, Summerside, Mrs. Onesime Arsenault, and Mrs. Andrew Arsenault both of Boston, R. I. P.

McDONALD—At Goose River on June 10th inst., after six months illness, Maryann, daughter of John D. and Mrs. McDonald, aged 16 years. Besides her parents she leaves four brothers and four sisters. May her soul rest in peace.

STEWART—At Charlottetown on June 25th, Jas. Stewart formerly of Brudenell.

FTZSIMMONS—At Stanhope on June 10th, Margaret Fitzsimmons, in the 98 year of her age. Deceased lived with her daughter, Mrs. John Rooney, where her spiritual wants were attended to. R. I. P.

King George, who left London recently to visit the Grand fleet, has returned. During the course of his tour he inspected the fleet, and visited all the wounded men from the Skagerrak fight in the various hospitals.

Local and Other Items.

Two Austrian transports have been sunk in the harbor of Durazzo by Italians. The transports were loaded with troops, arms and ammunition.

It is reported from Bucharest that Russia has offered Czernowitz to Romania if she will join the Allies. Romanian opinion is said to be favorable to the proposal.

The first meeting of the P. E. Island cheese board for the season was held in this city on Friday last. A limited number of cheeses were offered, and Mr. Spillett bought the full board of whole cheese at 15¢ cents. The board agreed to meet every alternate Friday at 2 p. m.

The Car Ferry steamer upon her arrival at Charlottetown at 9:35 last Friday morning brought here from Picot—375 tons in all. The cargo included 2 cars corn, 1 car molasses, 1 car wheat, 2 cars buggies, 2 cars paper, 6 cars flour, 1 car butter tubs, 1 car salt, 1 car binder twine, 1 car vinegar, 2 cars oil, 1 car barrels and four cars mixed freight.

London advices of the 21st inst., say: After Monday next no relatives of sick or wounded officers will be permitted to visit France, unless the officers condition is dangerous and special permission has been granted, it was announced today. This restriction has been imposed owing to the necessities of the military situation.

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Three distinguished Canadian Legislators will visit the Yukon this summer. One is Hon. Dr. Roche, Minister of the Interior, who will spend some time in this far northern portion of Canada's domain. The other two are Sir MacKenzie Bowell, the Nonagenarian of the Upper Chamber, who with Senator Corby of Belleville has left already for the Yukon. It is a 4,000 mile journey.

London advices of the 28th say: The Earl of Selbourne has resigned the presidency of the Board of Agriculture, according to an official announcement. He will make a statement in the House of Lord on Tuesday. The general belief is that Lord Selbourne resigned because of the government's Irish policy. He had been a strong opponent of the home rule policy. Other Conservative resignations from the cabinet are rumored.

The Feast of Corpus Christi was celebrated on Sunday last, the Sunday within the octave of the Feast. This was also the closing day of the Triduum in honor of the Feast. The High Mass in St. Dunstan's Cathedral was sung by Rev. Dr. Gauthier, who also preached the sermon of the occasion. The singing and preaching were well done. After Mass the Blessed Sacrament was borne in solemn procession around the church and the service concluded with Benediction. At the Benediction in the evening the Te Deum was sung.

BEST QUALITY GALVANIZED FENCING WIRES

300 Tons in Stock

Number 9 Galvanized Coiled Spring Wire.....4c. per lb. 2 Strand Galvanized Twist Wire.....3c. per lb. Steel Block Wire Stretchers.....89c. each.

These prices cannot be beaten in Canada.

THE ROGERS HARDWARE CO., Ltd. Wholesale and Retail.

June 21, 1916—11

Stylish Shoes for Stout Women



Why wear shoes not built for your feet, which are bound to stretch and lose their shape? Here is one of the "AUNT POLLY'S OUT SIZE" boots which has made a host of friends.

By a clever idea in shoe-making these shoes give extra room at the ankle, top, and the broadest part of the foot, and still appear smaller than the shoes which you have previously found it necessary to content yourself with.

ALLEY & CO.

135 Queen Street, Sole Agents.

Hickey's Black Twist

The Choice of Critical Chewers

Because it is the best of all Chewing Tobaccos it is made in a sanitary factory, is absolutely clean and has a satisfactory "tangy" flavor that cannot be found in any other kind.

Buy HICKEY'S BKACK TWIST and you'll be sure of the best.

Send Hickey's Black Twist

TO YOUR SOLDIER FRIENDS IN FRANCE

Soldiers at the front and the boys at home all agree that HICKEY'S BLACK TWIST is the best good Chewing Tobacco.

Send HICKEY'S BLACK TWIST to the boy in the trenches—and be sure it is HICKEY'S.

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DeBLOIS BROS., Charlottetown.

Water Street, Phone 521. June 30, 1915—3m

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The Market Prices.

Table with market prices for various goods like Butter, Eggs, Fowls, Chickens, Flour, Beef, Mutton, Pork, Potatoes, Hay, Hides, Sheep Skins, Calf Pelts, Oats, Turnips, Turkeys, Pressed Hay, Straw, Ducks, Lamb Pelts.

GOVERNMENT GRANT Towards Rural Telephone Extensions.

No application for grant towards the construction of Rural Telephone Lines will be entertained by the Government of this Province unless cedar or uniper poles are used and unless the application for such grant is made prior to the commencement of construction of the line. The practice of granting aid to Rural Telephone Companies using spruce poles has been discontinued.

By Order, ARTHUR NEWBERRY, Clerk Executive Council. June 21, 1916—21

LIME!

We have on hand quantity of

St. John

LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.

April 26, 1916—if

Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 4th August, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week.

Over Rural Mail route No 1 from New Wilshire, P. E. Island from the 1st October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Office of New Wilshire and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WEBER, Post Office Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office. Charlottetown, P. E. I. June 22nd, 1916 June 28th, 1916—31.

June.

(Written for The Catholic Bulletin by TERESA M. BROWN.)

Roses, roses, everywhere— In the garden on the stair, Through the house in vases rare Perfumes sweet distilling. Red and yellow pink and white An elysian delight, Charming us from morn till night, All our senses thrilling. Earth is loveliest in June, Soft winds sing a witching tune When at night the summer moon Spills its silvery shower; Or when breaks the blushing morn Through the amethystine dawn As another day is born In June's rosy bower.

The Finest Age.

(EDGAR A. GUEST, in Detroit Free Press.

When he was only nine months old And plump and round and pink of cheek, A joy to tinkle and to hold, Before he'd even learned to speak His gentle mother used to say: "It is too bad that he must grow, If I could only have my way His baby ways we'd always know." And then the year was turned, and he Began to toddle round the floor And name the things that he could see And soil the dresses that he wore. Then many a night she whispered low: "Our baby now is such a joy I hate to think that he must grow To be a wild and heedless boy." But on he went and sweeter grew, And then his mother, I recall, Wished she could keep him always two, For that's the finest age of all. She thought the self-same thing at three, And now that he is four she sighs To think he cannot always be The youngster with the laughing eyes. O little boy, my wish is not Always to keep you four years old, Each night I stand beside your cot And think of what the years may hold. And looking down on you I pray That when we've lost our baby small, The mother of our man will say "This is the finest age of all."

Maryann's Vocation.

(Continued)

Maryann Donnelly was twenty-five years old when she first conceived the idea of her vocation, and to her own mind, at least fast becoming aged. She was attractive and popular, but she had failed, so far, to find the young man who measured up to her ideal among her many friends. Matrimony did not seem to her a possible solution to her problem, and with the sad realization that she had no "call" to the religious life, she found her purposeless existence hard to bear. Her friends noticed that she had grown strangely quiet and pre-occupied. Having caught a vision of her life as a useful, purposeful thing, it was unutterably hard to be satisfied with it, as she had previously lived. She recalled the missionary's words now and then, and tried to believe, as he had that the circumstances of her life would lead her, quietly and naturally, into that place in the world which God would have her fill. But only those who have experienced it can appreciate the agony of soul with which, day by day, she faced again and again the same problem, no nearer solution than it had been at first. Under the stress of her desire for a useful existence, Maryann made a visit to the motherhouse of an order of Sisters whose acquaintance she had made through a mutual friend. But though she enjoyed the visit and loved the Sisters, she returned more convinced than ever that the life of the cloister was not for her.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula as ugly as ever since time immemorial. It causes blemishes in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"Two of my children had scrofula sores which kept growing deeper and kept them from going to school for three months. Remedies and medicines did no good until I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla. His medicine caused the sores to heal, and his children have shown no signs of scrofula since." J. W. McGee, Woodstock, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands.

She learned many things in those days of waiting. Maryann's family had never made great pretences to piety, any more than had Maryann herself in the days before the mission. It was a wonderful and new experience to know the joys of frequent Communion, of occasional visits to the Blessed Sacrament, of the things included in that idea of being a Christian. Maryann's family smiled at first and wondered how long the transformation would last, but as a year wore away and Maryann continued her practices of devotion, they grew to have some respect for her steadfastness and to be almost unconsciously influenced by her example. And it was at the end of the year, quietly and naturally, as the missionary had predicted that the call came.

Passing down the street one afternoon at some distance from her home, Maryann tripped and almost fell over two small urchins scuffling on the sidewalk in front of her. Recognizing the smaller of the two, she dexterously extracted him from the clutches of the antagonist and holding him by a torn collar at arm's length surveyed him with a critical and disapproving eye.

"Jack Westbrook," said Maryann, in her gravest accents, "is that you?" The culprit rubbed a rapidly swelling bump on his forehead. "Yessum, Miss Donnelly," he said ruefully.

"Aren't you ashamed of yourself?" demanded Maryann struggling to keep down the rising tide of pity that threatened momentarily to overwhelm her.

The little boy studied the tips of his shoes in rebellious silence. "Aren't you asked Maryann again, punctuating her remarks by a vigorous shake. There was no response. The other boy, who had been watching the proceedings from a distance, turned and trotted away down the street to safer regions.

Maryann fell again upon her prisoner, and, because her inclination was to pity the child while she felt she should blame him, gave him another determined shaking.

"Answer me, you little sinner," said Maryann. "Don't you know that you are a disgrace to your family, fighting on the street like this?"

Thereupon the culprit—he was a particularly handsome lad—raised great, appealing brown eyes to her face. There was a world of unuttered scorn in their depths—the scorn that one sees occasionally, in the eyes of a child who dispare of all grown-ups' comprehension and justice.

"Hump! I should worry about the family," Maryann bit her lip. "Why?" she inquired. "Oh, nothing," responded the child, with the air of one who knows himself to have said too much already.

Something caused Maryann to loosen her grasp on the tattered collar and rest her hand lightly on the small shoulder beneath it. Something also caused her to ask:

"Where's Josephine?" "I dunno. Off somewhere," "And Mary?" "Gone to the Sunday school picnic."

"Gone—where?" asked Maryann, incredulously. "To the Methodist Sunday school picnic with Lillian Franklin."

"Oh, Well, isn't Tom home?" "Naw. He's gone to Charley's playing pool, I guess."

THIN MILK How can the baby grow strong if the nursing mother is pale and delicate? Scott's Emulsion makes the mother strong and well; increases and enriches the baby's food.

"Maggie is there, isn't she?"

"It's Maggie's day off. She won't be back till tonight sometime."

"Oh," said Maryann again. "Aunt Sarah's at our house," the little boy added, sending a mischievous flash of his dark eyes in Maryann's direction. "But she'll be upstairs sayin' her prayers till dinner time."

Maryann's eyes betrayed an answering twinkle. The Westbrooks had been close friends of the Donnelly's for too long a time for her to lack comprehension of the domestic affliction implied in the news of Aunt Sarah's visit.

Aunt Sarah, she knew, was a peculiar person, famous for making long visits to the various members of her family with the purpose of laboring for the welfare of their souls. She never, during the extent of these visits, made the least effort to assist her relatives in any material way, but she performed for their edification most alarming practices of asceticism, and had been known to insist upon sleeping on the floor and eating only crusts of bread throughout an entire visit. The knowledge that Aunt Sarah was a visitor to the Westbrook home helped to explain the absence of the entire household.

"Who gets dinner?" she inquired.

"Josie, if she gets back in time. If she don't I s'pose we'll have whatever we can find in the pantry, and Aunt Sarah 'ul eat all the crusts in the bread box cause we're all so bad."

Maryann laughed. "Why don't you ask me home to dinner with you, Jack? Maybe I could help find something to eat—I'm quite a cook, you know; and for some strange reason Aunt Sarah has always been quite fond of me."

"Jack so far forget his grievance as to dance delightedly up and down. "You bet I'll ask you!" he cried. "If you'll only come."

The Westbrook family, exclusive of the visitor, numbered five. Their parents were dead and the task of keeping the family together had fallen upon Henry, the oldest son, who had also taken charge of his father's business. Besides Henry, there were the girls, well-meaning but rattle-brained lassies of high-school age; Tom, a boy just old enough to be unmanageable, and brown-eyed Jack, the baby.

Maryann wondered, as she walked down the street by the side of the dishevelled wrestler, why she had neglected them for so long a time.

She wondered the more when she had reached the house. Signs of the careless household regime of the Westbrooks were everywhere. The front rooms were strewn with tennis rackets, golf sticks and articles of wearing apparel. The kitchen, dining-room and parlors bore evidence of the hurried hand of a maid who knew no supervision. She felt, suddenly sympathetic understanding of the causes that drove Tom to the pool hall and little Jack out on the streets to play with any companion that might come his way. She thought of Henry coming to that disordered house at the close of a hard day at the office, of the girls, whose untutored efforts to keep house were both laughable and pathetic, and whose need of a mother or an older sister had never been greater—and with mingled wrath and amusement, she thought of Miss Sarah Westbrook, whose presence, she knew, must be rather an added burden than a help. She had, she decided, done well to come. Here, indeed, was an afternoon's work even more effective than the making of jellies.

When, at six o'clock, Josephine burst breathlessly into the kitchen, she found a palatable dinner cooking on the range, and Maryann Donnelly, whom she secretly idolized, bending over the stove with her sleeves rolled up to her elbows and her cheeks pink with heat and excitement.

"Jack invited me home to dinner," said Maryann, "and I thought I'd see what I could find for the occasion. I've been having loads of fun." "You dear thing," gushed Josephine, "I had just been wondering what in the world I could find for them to eat."

Maryann, who had been secretly worried over the reception of her kindly offices, smiled in blessed relief.

Together the two girls finished the preparations for dinner, and, at Josephine's suggestion, wrought some semblance of order in the house. Then sat, with Jack, on

Nearly Lost Little Girl from DYSENTERY She Was Cured By Using DR. FOWLER'S Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Dysentery manifests itself with varying degrees of intensity, but in well marked cases the attack is commonly preceded by loss of appetite, and some amount of diarrhoea, which gradually increases in severity, and is accompanied with grating pains in the abdomen. The discharges from the bowels succeed each other with great frequency, and the matter passed from the bowels, which at first resemble those of ordinary diarrhoea, soon change their character, becoming scanty, mucous or slimy, and subsequently mixed with, or consisting wholly of, blood.

Never neglect what at first appears to be a slight attack of diarrhoea or dysentery may set in. Cure the first symptoms by the use of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Mrs. John Peterson, Radville, Sask., writes: "I cannot speak too highly for Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I nearly lost my little girl, aged three years. I took her to the doctor, and he told me her temperature was 104, and forbid me taking her out to our home, six miles from town, but I was forced to go on account of leaving my small baby home. We managed to get her home, but the fever did not go any lower, and we thought we would lose her, as she was so bad with dysentery she even passed blood. A neighbor came in and brought Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, and told me to give her a few doses. This we did, and the next day she took a change for the better, but it was quite a time before she was on her feet again. I do believe if it had not been for Dr. Fowler's my little one would have died."

The genuine "Dr. Fowler's" is manufactured by Dr. T. M. M. M. Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. Price, 35 cents.

the porch to await the arrival of the rest of the family.

One by one, the other members straggled in. Henry, a quiet, grave young man, some five or six years Maryann's senior, came first. Maryann noticed that his face lost something of its careworn look when he saw the changed appearance of the house and beheld his small brother, scrupulously washed and brushed, contentedly reading a book on his own front porch. He greeted the caller with pleased surprise.

(To be continued.)

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE, Lot 5, P. E. I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Mahone Bay, JOHN MADER. I was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

JOSHUA A. WYNACHT, Bridgewater.

"My voice is for war." "But are you willing to offer the rest of yourself?"

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 50c a box.

"True friendship is scarce," said the man who frowns. "It only seems so," said the man who smiles. "To those who do not know how to deserve it."

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS, ETC.

James J. Hill, the great railroad genius, did much and talked but little. When he did talk however, people listened.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont. writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

It is the fruit of good works and not the mere blossom of good thoughts and good feelings which God requires.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

Don't take life too seriously; life doesn't take you that way.

Heart Palpitated Would Have to Sit Up in Bed. FELT AS IF SMOTHERING.

Mrs. Francis Madore, Alma, P.E.I., writes: "My heart was in such a bad condition I could not stand any excitement, and at times when I would be talking my heart would palpitate so that I would feel like falling. At night when I would go to bed and be lying down for a while, I would have to sit up for ten or fifteen minutes, as I would feel as though I was smothering. I read in the daily paper of a lady who had been in the same condition as I was, and was cured by using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so I bought a box, and they did me so much good, my husband got another, and before I had used half of the second box I was completely cured. I feel as though I can never say enough in favor of your Heart and Nerve Pills."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are composed of the very best heart and nerve tonics and stimulants known to medical science, and are for sale at all dealers, or will be mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. Price, 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25.

Hickey's Black Twist The Choice of Critical Chewers

Because it is the best of all Chewing Tobacco It is made in a sanitary factory, is absolutely clean and has a satisfactory "targy" flavor that cannot be found in any other kind. Buy HICKEY'S BLACK TWIST and you'll be sure of the best.

Send Hickey's Black Twist TO YOUR SOLDIER FRIENDS IN FRANCE

Soldiers at the front and the boys at home all agree that HICKEY'S BLACK TWIST is the best good Chewing Tobacco. Send HICKEY'S BLACK TWIST to the boy in the trenches—and be sure it is HICKEY'S.

HICKEY and NICHOLSON Tobacco Company, Limited, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Be Careful

OF YOUR EYES. Don't let them become strained or overtaxed when the use of glasses will obviate any weakness or difficulty of vision. If you need spectacles the sooner you will get them the greater service they will render you. If you will let us examine your sight, we can determine the question of what you need, and supply the proper glasses. By procuring from us you save the exorbitant charges too often made by agents and avoid the possibility of getting a wrong glass with no chance of changing.

If not convenient to come in, and you send us some particulars of your requirements we could mail a pair of eyeglasses or spectacles out for you to try, but a visit to us would be more satisfactory.

E. W. TAYLOR, JEWELER.....OPTICIAN 142 Richmond Street.

The Live Stock Breeders Association

STALLION ENROLLMENT

Every Stallion standing for service in Prince Edward Island, must be enrolled at the Department of Agriculture, and all Certificates of Enrollment must be renewed annually. Every bill, poster and newspaper advertisement advertising a stallion must show his enrollment number and state whether he is a pure bred, a grade or a cross bred. For further particulars apply to the DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered. You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price. This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trinnings of every kind allowed to go into a suit. We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well-tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers. If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you.

MacLellan Bros. TAILORS AND FURNISHERS 153 Queen Street.

VOL-PEEK MENDS HOLES IN POTS & PANS IN TWO MINUTES WITHOUT TOOLS. MENDS - Graniteware Tin - Copper - Brass Aluminium Enamelledware - Cost 1/4 c Per Mend. PRICE 15c. PER PACKAGE

VOL-PEEK mends holes in all kinds of Pots, Pans Boilers and all other kitchen utensils, in two minutes, at a cost of less than 1c. per mend. Mends Granite, Iron Tinware, Copper, Brass, Aluminum, etc.

Easy to use, requires no tools and mends quickly. Every housewife knows what it is to discover a hole in a pan, kettle or boiler, just when she wants to use that article. Few things are more provoking and cause more inconvenience, a little leak in a much wanted pot or pan will often spoil a whole morning's work.

The housewife has, for many years been wanting something with which she could herself, in her own home, mend such leaks quickly, easily and permanently, and she has never found it.

What has been needed is a mender like "VOL-PEEK" that will repair the article neatly and quickly and at the same time be always at hand, easily applied and inexpensive.

A package of "VOL-PEEK" will mend from 30 to 50 air sized holes.

"VOL-PEEK" is in the form of a still putty, simply cut off a small piece enough to fill the hole, then Burn the mend over the flame of a lamp, candle or open fire for two minutes, then the article will be ready for use.

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