

THE ACADIAN

HONEST, INDEPENDENT, FEARLESS.

DEVOTED TO LOCAL AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

Vol. VI.

THE ACADIAN.
Published on FRIDAY at the office
WOLFVILLE, KING'S CO., N. S.

TERMS:

\$1.00 Per Annum.
(IN ADVANCE.)

CLUBS of five in advance \$4.00

Local advertising at ten cents per line

for every insertion, unless by special ar-

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Rates for standing advertisements will

be made known upon application to the

office, and payment in advance advertising

must be guaranteed by some responsible

person to its insertion.

The ACADIAN Job Department is con-

stantly receiving new type and material;

and will continue to guarantee satisfaction

on all work turned out.

Newspaper communications from all parts

of the country, or articles upon the topics

of day, are cordially solicited. The

name of the party writing for the ACADIAN

is invariably accompanied by the name of the

insertion, although the same may be written in

over a fictitious signature.

Address all communications to

DAVISON BROS.,

Editors & Proprietors,

Wolfville, N. S.

Legal Decisions.

1. Any person who has a paper regularly from the Post Office, whether directed to his name or another's or whether he has subscriber or not—is responsible for the paper.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued he must pay up all arrears, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the Post Office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

POST OFFICE, WOLFVILLE
Office Hours, 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.
are made up as follows:
For Halifax and Winslow close at 7 a.m.

Express west close at 10:35 a.m.
Express east close at 5:20 p.m.
Kentville close at 5 p.m.
Geo. V. Rand, Post Master.

PEOPLES BANK OF HALIFAX.
Open from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. Closed on
Saturday at 12 noon.
A. W. Bass, Agent.

Churches.

PIBESYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. R.
J. Ross, Pastor—Services every Sabbath
at 11 a.m. Sabbath School at 11 a.m.
at 3 p.m. Sabbath School at 11 a.m.
Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p.m.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. T. Higgins,
Pastor—Services every Sabbath at 11 a.m.
at 3 p.m. Sabbath School at 11 a.m.
Prayer Meetings on Tuesday at 7:30 p.m.
and Thursday at 7:30 p.m.

METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. J. A.
Smith, Pastor—Services every Sabbath at
11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 11 a.m.
Prayer Meeting on Sunday at 7:30 p.m.

St. JOHN'S CHURCH, (Episcopal),
Services next Sunday morning at 11 a.m.
at 7. Mr. J. W. Fullerton of King's
College, is Curate.

St. FRANCIS (R. C.)—Rev. T. M. Daly,
F. V. Mass 11:00 a.m. in the last Sunday
each month.

Masonic.

Mr. GEORGE LONGE A. F. & A. M.
meets at their Hall on the second Friday
of each month at 7 o'clock p.m.
J. B. Davison, Secretary.

Oddfellows.

ONEHUS' LODGE, I.O.O.F. meets
in Collett's Hall, on Tuesday of each
week, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Temperance.

WOLFVILLE DIVISION 8 or 9 meets
every Monday evening in their Hall,
Winter's Block, at 8 o'clock.

ACADIA LODGE, I. O. O. F. meets
every Saturday evening in Music Hall at
7:00 o'clock.

OUR JOB ROOM

IS SUPPLIED WITH

THE LATEST STYLES OF TYPE

JOB PRINTING

—OF—

Every Description

DONE WITH

NEATNESS, CHEAPNESS, AND

PUNCTUALITY.

The ACADIAN will be sent to any

part of Canada or the United States

for \$1.00 in advance. We make no

extra charge for United States sub-

scriptions when paid in advance.

DIRECTORY
—OF THE
Business Firms of
WOLFVILLE

The undermentioned firms will use
you right, and we can safely recommend
them as our most enterprising business
men.

BORDEN, C. H.—Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps, and Gentle Furnish-
ing Goods.

BORDEN, CHARLES H.—Carriages
and Sleighs Built, Repaired, and Painted.

BISHOP, B. G.—Painter, and dealer
in Paints and Painter's Supplies.

BISHOP, JOHNSON H.—Wholesale
dealer in Flour and Feed, Mowers,
Rakes, &c., &c. N. B. Potatoes supplied
in any quantity, barrelled or by the car-
or vessel load.

BLACKADER, W. C.—Cabinet Mak-
er and Repairer.

BROWN, J. L.—Practical Horse-Shoe
and Farrier.

CALDWELL & MURRAY.—Dry
Goods, Boot & Shoes, Furniture, etc.

DAVISON, J. B.—Justice of the Peace,
Conveyancer, Fire Insurance Agent.

DAVISON BROS.—Printers and Pub-
lishers.

GODFREY, G. H.—Insurance Agent,
Agent of Mutual Reserve Fund Life
Association, of New York.

HARRIS, O. D.—General Dry Goods
Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

HERIN, J. E.—Watch Maker and
Jeweler.

HIGGINS, W. J.—General Coal Deal-
er. Coal always on hand.

KELLEY, THOMAS.—Boot and Shoe
Maker. All orders in his line faithfully
performed. Repairing neatly done.

MCINTYRE, A.—Boot and Shoe Mak-
er.

MURPHY, J. L.—Cabinet Maker and
Repairer.

PEATRICK, C. A.—Manufacturer of
Boots and Shoes.

ROCKWELL & CO.—Book-sellers,
Stationers, Picture Framers, and
dealers in Pianos, Organs, and Sewing
Machines.

SHAW, G. V.—Drugs, and Fancy
Goods.

SLEEP, S. R.—Importer and dealer
in General Hardware, Stoves, and Tim-
berware. Agents for Frost & Wood's Pews.

WHITE, J. M.—Barber and To-
baccist.

WILLACE, G. H.—Wholesale and
Retail Grocer.

WITTER, BURPEE.—Importer and
dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery,
Ready-made Clothing, and Gents' Furnishings.

WILSON, JAS.—Harness Makes, is
still in Wolfville where he is prepared to
fill all orders in his line of business.

Owing to the hurry in getting up, this
Dirigible do not some names have been
left off. Names so omitted will be
added from time to time. Persons wish-
ing their names placed on the above list
will please call.

CARDS.

JOHN W. WALLACE,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
NOTARY, CONVEYANER, ETC.
Also General Agent for FIRE INSURANCE.

**Watches, Clocks,
and Jewelry**

REPAIRED :

—BY—

J. F. HERBIN,

Next door to Post Office.

Small articles SILVERPLATED.

CARD.

DR. J. R. DEWOLF, M. D.

Edin',
L. R. C. S. E. & L. M., Edin'.
AND

DR. G. H. H. DEWOLF, M. D.

M. B., C. M., & L. M., Edin'.

Oct. 8th, 1886. 3m pd

Agents Wanted:

To sell the NEW HOME PARALLEL BIBLE

—the best published—splendid opportu-

nity for the right man. Write for par-

ticulars. Address Dr. G. H. H. Dewolf,

Horton Landing, King's Co.

6

Select Poetry,

BEST OF ALL.

The world has very little it can give
To make us happy: all its precious
things are worthless offerings.

To a sad heart are worthless offerings,
For what are gems? and what is twenty

gold?

And rarest spices from sweet Indian
blooms,

And silken fabrics shimmering told on

fold,

The costliest products of the Eastern
lands?

They cannot save the soul a single pain,

Or to the weary heart bring hope again.

What is the flash of wit, the siren's glow?

The wine may flush, and leap, and sparkle

From marble tables white as wintry

beads,

And twin blood-red the gold-encrusted

cup;

The air may languish, filled with perfume

sweet;

Etruscan vases burn with roses red;

And velvet carpets, sinking 'neath the feet,

Give back no echo from the stateliest

rooms;

But human hearts crave something more

Than this.—

Splendor alone can never give them bliss.

Far more is prized a gentle, kindly touch;

The mute caress of fingers on the hair;

That soft, low murmur of voices close

to the ear;

That look of love, that look of trust;

That smile, that kiss, that look of tenderness;

That look of joy, that look of happiness;

That look of health, that look of strength;

That look of life, that look of death;

That look of death, that look of life;

That look of love, that look of hate;

That look of joy, that look of sorrow;

That look of life, that look of death;

That look of death, that look of life;

That look of love, that look of hate;

That look of joy, that look of sorrow;

That look of life, that look of death;

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WOLFVILLE, N. S., FEB. 25, 1887.

We received this week the first Bulletin issued from the Central Experimental Farm. From it we learn that the farm contains four hundred and sixty acres of land and is situated within three miles of the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa. The department for testing seed is now ready for work, and farmers throughout Canada are privileged to send samples of any seed of which they may desire to know the germinating power, and are invited to avail themselves freely of the advantage offered. Full directions are given for the sending of samples which will be forwarded to and from the farm by mail free of charge. Any person desiring a copy of this Bulletin can secure one by sending name and address to the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, and we would advise our readers to do so, and give a careful perusal to the work.

A run of herring on the American side of Passamaquoddy Bay a short time ago, as is stated, tempted a fleet of Canadian fishermen to cross the line and begin to take fish within the three-mile limit. This at once aroused a section of the American press, who, from one end of the United States to the other, called it an outrage. A widely circulated illustrated paper has entered into the conflict and is assisting to do everything to arouse popular indignation at this invasion of the national waters of the United States. Yet we have it stated on good authority that more than one hundred American fishermen were taking mackerel in a Canadian bay well within the three-mile limit, and when the Canadians attempted to prevent this and protest their property they were stigmatized by the Secretary of the United States Treasury as being "brutal." What makes the difference? And why should the Americans be justified in committing an act in our waters which they themselves charge as being brutal when committed by Canadians in theirs?

We have, through our columns, repeatedly referred to the subject of providing some organization for the protection of our property in the case of fire, and that some such organization is becoming more and more a necessity there is abundant proof. Heretofore it has been stated that the buildings consumed by fire have been of that class which were of but little value and of small credit to the place. However true this may have been, it is also true that in almost every case of fire in this place for several years past some have been made homeless; and although it has happened that most of our fires have originated in tenement houses and those of a cheap construction, we have no guarantee that it will ever be so. That we have no such guarantee is amply proved by the fire of last week by which the dwelling of J. W. Bass, Esq., was totally consumed with a large part of the furniture it contained. When we take into consideration the fact that it was possible for a fire to originate in such a building where every precaution had been taken to guard against such a calamity and when occupied by one of the most careful of men with regard to fire, it behoves us to look the matter squarely in the face and consider whether it is wise to defer the matter longer. A small expense in the way of ladders and buckets and an organization of the young men of the village into a hook and ladder company would be of great value in time of need. Who will be first to move in the matter?

The long-expected and anxiously awaited-for 22d of February has come and gone, bringing with it occasion for rejoicing to some and great disappointments to others. It has provided an abundance of material for the political papers of the country. In our own provincial papers we have been assured by those supporting the Government that in every province its majority would be increased, while those in the interest of the Opposition have been assuring their readers that the Government was certain to be defeated and would be completely routed; that Ontario would elect a majority to support Mr. Blake; Quebec, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island would go solid for him, while Nova Scotia was sure to elect 19 out of the 21 for the Repeal party. We have agreed on opinion, preferring to wait until the intelligent electors throughout this Dominion should speak on the subject, which they have now done in a positive and emphatic manner, and by their voices have decided beyond a doubt that the great fiscal policy of the present Government is in accordance with their wishes and that it is a good and wise one. The question of Repeal has also been effectually laid, and we shall probably hear no more of it until the approach of another election.

This province we were told in June last was solid for Repeal and that as soon as the people could get the opportunity to speak on Dominion matters at the polls, they would proclaim the same in no uncertain terms. They have had the opportunity and they have spoken, but in a different manner from that in which we were assured they would, and the only Real candidate in the field who declared himself to be accorded with the policy of the Local Government was completely routed and did not even save his deposit.

A WONDERFUL WORK.

There are not more than half a dozen publications in America that can rightfully claim a circulation of over a hundred thousand copies per week, and among weekly newspapers but two or three can boast that number.

One of these is the Weekly Detroit Free Press, which is so wonderfully popular that it circulates in excess of 120,000 copies each week. A little calculation shows that to print this immense issue—the Free Press being an eight page, fifty-six column paper—it requires rolls of paper aggregating 135 miles in length and 13,554 pounds in weight. It is a busy day in the Detroit post-office when the Free Press is mailed. There is also an English edition of the paper, printed in London, England, 50,000 copies being sold every week, making a grand total of 200,000 copies per week.

The popularity of the Free Press is attributable to the peculiar charm and attractiveness which pervades its columns, appealing strongly to the sympathies and compelling the admiration of readers. It occupies a sphere of its own, and is unique and unapproachable among newspapers; there is no other like it.

The Free Press is a high-toned literary family journal, which seeks to instruct, amuse, elevate and improve the masses, by publishing only that which is pure and good. Its literary standard is the highest, its pages being entirely free from the degrading and polluting trash which characterizes many so-called literary and family newspapers. Celebrated the world over for its wit and delightful humor, its sketches, it never descends to the low and vulgar in order to create a laugh. It is, in short, a bright, crisp, and wholesome magazine-newspaper, which any man, woman or child will be the better for reading.

The best known authors and writers contribute to the Free Press, and the publishers give assurance that for the year 1887 it will, if possible, be better and more enjoyable than ever. Every family should take the Free Press; it gives more for the money than any other publication in the world. The price is only ONE DOLLAR per year.

Send for sample copy. Address Detroit, Michigan.

Poultry Keeping.

—THE HEN.—Upon the construction and management of the house much of the success in poultry-keeping depends. By this I do not mean that the house must necessarily be expensive. On the contrary, one containing all the necessary and desirable qualities can be erected at very little expense. In building a poultry house the following requisites must be kept in mind, namely : warmth, dryness, sunlight, ventilation and convenience.

Warmth is essential to the production of eggs. By warmth of course I do not mean hot-house temperature, although there would be no objection to it if the fowls were not subjected to any change of temperature. But it would be too expensive, a building tight boarded, with shingles laid on over tared paper and lined on the inside with the same, will be free from draughts, a very important item, and will also be sufficiently warm to ensure the production of eggs through the coldest weather. I would not advise the use of universal heat, though practical and upheld by some. Unless great care is exercised the fowls are apt to suffer from too sudden changes of temperature ; besides the extra trouble and expense are not nearly compensated for unless, perhaps, you are raising winter chickens for 40 or 50 cents per pound.

Considerable differences of opinion exist as to which is preferable, a ground or paved floor. The ground floor is the cheaper and warmer, but unless the ground floor is removed occasionally, say once or twice a year, to the depth of several inches and replaced by fresh earth, it becomes sour and unhealthy. If one is not willing to take this extra trouble, a board floor is the better. Whatever the floor it must be perfectly dry. This, again, is an objection to the ground floor unless in dry or well-drained soil. Damppness is unhealthy to all animals and its presence in the poultry house is a certain precursor of failure.

There is scarcely an animal or plant in the whole creation but what is benefited, yes, more, would often even cease to exist, were it not for the "glorious sunshine." Poultry is by no means an exception to this rule. It is gratifying to observe the pleasure the birds seem to take in basking and bathing in the

sunshine, and doubly more so when we remember that the more happy and contented we make our fowls the greater will be the profit. Have the house facing the south if possible, and place a good-sized window in this side, thus giving the fowls the benefit of the sun the whole day. If you have more than one room for your fowls, provide a window for each division.

While all draughts must be guarded against, provision must still be made for ample ventilation. Fowls "use up" air very fast, so in order to keep them healthy, and consequently laying, provision must be made for a constant change of air. The way most large houses are ventilated now is by having large box pipes, about 2 feet apart running from the roof to within 2 feet of the floor.

One of the largest items of expenditure in keeping fowls in large quantities is the time it requires to take care of them, consequently the saving of labor is constantly kept in mind in the erection of all buildings for this purpose. While this cost is not of much account when only a few fowls are kept, it is just as well to have things handy and convenient as not. Always have a passage way in your house running along the north side if possible, say 3 or 4 feet wide. In this is to be found barrels for the different kinds of grain, bone shells, etc. Have the nests against the partition and accessible to from the passage by putting hinges on the boards at the back of the nests. Directly underneath the nests have the feed trough, open to both the fowls and the passage, so that you can feel them without having to go into the room. Do not make it wide enough for them to go into and thus dirty the feed. For roosts, take 2x4 scudding, round off the edges on the upper side and nail on legs similar to a carpenter's sawhorse and about the same height. Place a board under each side enough to catch the droppings ; clean off daily, saving the droppings in barrels in the passage.

Having this house constructed, next comes the care of it. One of the most important principles to be always kept in mind in the management of fowls is cleanliness. "Cleanliness is next to godliness," and is the only road to success in keeping fowls. The house and all its contents should be thoroughly whitewashed. Lime is cheap, so do not be afraid to "put it on" every time. The floor should be thickly coated with straw, chaff, leaves, or something of that sort; not only for cleanliness' sake, but for economy, as I shall mention later on. It can easily be cleaned by sweeping the floor several inches with fine dry sand (or better still good loam soil, if you can get it nice and dry, as this makes better manure), beddes being an excellent absorbent, and so keeping the floor dry and clean in most instances more than for the fowls. If this is not used on the floor a box of fine dry earth or sifted coal-ashes must be supplied. Whatever is used as bedding, do not suffer it to become filthy, but renew as often as needed. Clean out the nests every day, and wash the fresh nests as a preventive of disease. Remember in all your attentions upon your "feathered pets" to strive to keep them clean, comfortable, active, contented, and happy ; and they will repay you by keeping you busy carrying in eggs.

Now a few words regarding numbers. Never crowd your house, better keep it light and airy than crowded and full of dirt. Most authorities allow five or six square feet (not foot square) of floor to each bird, though this may bear a slight infringement in some cases, it must be made up for in increased care and attention. Never keep too many in one nest, as they naturally tend to divide into two divisions ; it will take very little more room as you should always allow the requisite amount of space for hen while the increased amount of eggs will more than pay for the trouble. Then in the spring, when you want to set your new nest, never let a single hen have the entire nest, as this is in direct proportion to the size of the flock. From 20 to 25 is about the right number ; smaller flocks might be better, but are impracticable from the increased labor. If you want to keep as many as 20 or more hens in one nest, then they naturally tend to divide into two divisions ; it will take very little more room as you should always allow the requisite amount of space for hen while the increased amount of eggs will more than pay for the trouble. Then in the spring, when you want to set your new nest, never let a single hen have the entire nest, as this is in direct proportion to the size of the flock. From 20 to 25 is about the right number ; smaller flocks might be better, but are impracticable from the increased labor. If you want to keep as many as 20 or more hens in one nest, then they naturally tend to divide into two divisions ; it will take very little more room as you should always allow the requisite amount of space for hen while the increased amount of eggs will more than pay for the trouble. 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THE ACADIAN

Extra value in FLOUR and OIL at R. Pratt's. "Cook's Friend" and "Mayflower" are the leading brands.

Choice New Season Teas and Coffees, extra strength and flavor, 25¢ to 40¢ per pound. Try them!

Choice table butter 18¢ per pound. Fresh Sausages, Lard etc.

Mackerel and Herring in half-barrels, Feed Flour and Chopped Feed in bags, selling low.

New Crop Molasses and Golden Syrup, 40¢ to 50¢ per gallon.

Crockery and Glassware, the finest stock in the County, marked low at R. PRATT.

N. B. Choice Butter, Fresh Eggs, Oats, etc. wanted at top prices. R. P.

OVERSHOES! RUBBERS!

We sell the best makes of American RUBBERS and OVERSHOES. We handle no seconds, all No. 1 goods. If you are in need of a pair of RUBBER BOOTS, call. We can give you the best Boot made for the least money.

A full assortment of Ladies' Gents' Misses' and Children's Overshoes in stock, American and Canadian.

C. H. BORDEN

Wolfville, Dec 17, 1886

Local and Provincial.

St JOHN'S CHURCH.—Having nearly completed repairs, St John's, Episcopal, congregation will occupy their church as usual on Sunday next.

FRATERNAL VISIT.—It is expected that Kentville Division, S. of T., will pay Wolfville Division a fraternal visit on Monday evening next.

THANKS.—Our friend, Mr Howard Bates, is to the front this week with his usual English papers with which he keeps us well supplied. He has our thanks.

PASSED OFF QUIETLY.—Electron day passed off quietly in Wolfville, and the drunkenness formerly prevalent on that day we were glad to see altogether disappeared in this place.

LECTURE.—Rev. P. M. Morrison, of Halifax, will lecture in the Wolfville Presbyterian church on Monday evening next. Subject, "Some Features of the Age with Corresponding Duties." Admission, 10c. An interesting lecture may be expected.

Demonstration.—The students of Acadia made quite a demonstration on Wednesday evening in consequence of the return of the Government. Chairman Hall was brilliantly illuminated with wax-candles. A bonfire was also kindled and three cheers were given for Sir John.

PULPITS.—Rev. F. C. Harrington preached in the Baptist church last Sunday morning and Rev. Prof. Keirstead in the evening. The Professor's sermon, especially an excellent one.—Rev.

Mr Ross was unable to preach last Sunday on account of illness and his pulpit was acceptably filled by Mr L. D. Morse, of the College.

A HITCH.—The mock parliament on the "Hill," last Friday evening, resulted in a "hitch" and it has been postponed. As the "great unwashed" were not allowed admission we are unable to give particulars.

O'D.—Mr Kinman Palmer, of Long Island, lost a valuable fat ox on Tuesday last. It was turned out for water as usual in the morning, but upon noticing that it did not return Mr Palmer procured help and got it into the barn again where it died shortly after. Its value was about sixty dollars.

A SEASONABLE HINT.—As the house cleaning season is drawing near we ask ourselves the question, Where shall we go for nice room-papers, mixed paints, calamine? In answer we should advise all to go to B. G. Bishop's. He has just opened a beautiful stock of Room-papers, Borderings, Dados and Ceiling Decorations, over too patterns and broad new stock. To arrive shortly—Leads, Oil Colors, Glass Mixed Paints, This advice is worth considering and we charge nothing for it.

L. O. G. T.—The officers of Acadia Lodge for the present quarter are as follows:—

W. C. T.—C. S. Fitch
V. T.—Miss L. Eva Andrews
Secty.—J. E. Barnes
P. R. Wallace
Treas.—J. J. Johnson
Chaplain.—T. Stockhouse
Marshall.—J. Rufus Starr
Guard.—A. Johnson
Sentinel.—E. Wallace
R. H. S.—Miss Vaughan
L. H. S.—Miss L. Williams
Ass't Secy.—Miss M. Higgins
Deputy Marshall.—Miss L. Higgins.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We are sorry to hear of the misfortune of Mrs R. Morine, of Church Street. While returning from church on Sunday morning she slipped and fell on a piece of smooth ice. She was immediately lifted up by some friends in company with her, who, not knowing that anything serious had happened, helped her along for some distance when the pain became so intense that they were compelled to stop, when it was found that her ankle had been broken by the fall. Dr F. Borden was immediately summoned to set the broken limb. We understand that she is doing as well as could be expected.

JUBILEE CONCERT.—The Good Templars Grand Lodge will give a Grand Jubilee concert on Tuesday evening, March 1st, at Witter's Hall, Wolfville, to raise funds to pay off the debt on their new hall, "Morning Star," Pitt Woods. All are cordially invited to come and help us. Programme will consist of a choice selection of Southern Songs with invisible chorus, recitations and music.

W. J. David, Organist.
W. B. David, Violinist.
A. C. David, Violinist.

Accompanied with an accordion with six stops. Admission, Adults, 25¢; children, 15¢. Doors open at 7 o'clock; concert to commence at 8.

B. C. DAVID, Manager.

The Result.

The election on Tuesday resulted as follows, in this province:

CONSERVATIVE,	LIBERAL,
Guyoboro, Kenny	Kirk Jones
Halifax, Lunenburg, Queens, Shelburne Yarmouth Digby, Annapolis, Charlottetown, Borden	Eisenhauer Robertson Lovett
Freeman	
Putnam	
Sir Chas. Tupper	
Colchester, Picton, Antigonish, Victoria, Cape Breton, Richmond	A. W. McLellan J. S. D. Thompson McDonald McKeown Flynn

To Suit Every One.

These goods are prepared to make up in the Latest Style, and a perfect fit guaranteed, and all work finished when promised. Special Discounts given to Clergymen and Students.

Don't forget the place—over J. R. Blanchard's Dry Goods Store.

Kentville, Feb 16, 1887

NOTICE.

P. CHRISTIE, TAILOR,

Begs to inform his numerous friends and customers that he has on hand a choice lot of Diagonals, Tweeds and Pantings in great variety and at prices

To Suit Every One.

These goods are prepared to make up in the Latest Style, and a perfect fit guaranteed, and all work finished when promised. Special Discounts given to Clergymen and Students.

Don't forget the place—over J. R. Blanchard's Dry Goods Store.

Kentville, Feb 16, 1887

HANNAY'S HISTORY OF ACADIA,
RYERSON'S Loyalists of America and Their Times.

We have a few copies of these admirable works in stock. Persons desiring accurate histories of Acadia or the Loyalists will do well to call or write at once to

KNOWLES' BOOKSTORE,

A. M. HOARE, MANAGER.

Cor. George & Granville Sts., HALIFAX, N. S.

PEOPLE'S BANK AGENCY,
WOLFVILLE.

Four Per Cent Interest will be allowed on Deposit Receipts issued by this Agency, after this date, until further notice.

A. deW. BARS,

AGENT.

February 16, 1887.

A shark, twenty feet long, was captured by a fisherman named Cross, at Beaver harbor, the other day.

For liver complaint, dyspepsia, and sick headache use West's Liver Pills. All druggists.

For coughs, colds and all throat and lung trouble use West's Cough Syrup. All druggists.

Miss Emma Thurby declined an offer of \$10,000 a year to sing in St Bartholomew's Church, New York.

Pain cannot exist when West's World's Wonder is applied. Cheapest and best 25¢. All druggists.

Coal is selling at Fortshay, Montana, at sixty dollars a ton, and is difficult to obtain at that figure.

The standard remedy for liver complaint is West's Liver Pills; if we do, we haven't got any consti-

fences to brag of.—Boston Herald.

For coughs, colds and all throat and lung trouble use West's Cough Syrup. All druggists.

Choice Imported and Domestic Cigars at 3, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 cents at J. M. SHAW'S.

Hugh Barnett, of Edgewater, Ind., was so amused at a pun made by a neighbor that he laughed immoderately and fell dead.

To ladies, The great beautifier for the complexion: One of West's sugar coated Liver Pills taken nightly. 30 pills.

All druggists.

TAKE NOTICE.—If your razor is dull, take it to J. M. Shaw's Barber Shop, and he will put it in first order for the small sum of 15¢. 10

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THE ACADIAN

Chic Miscellany.

God's Poor.

Only a beggar's roof!
Bet the stars shone bright and the moon
light fair
To rest on a head, whose tangled hair
Lies in a golden wof;
And never the root-tree of a king
Covered a fairer, sweater thing.

Only a beggar's child!
But under the blue-lined eyelids sleep
The tender shadows, and memories deep,
Of a dreamer; Heaven beguiled
While through the parted lips a sigh
Is heard by God's angels waiting nigh.

Only a beggar's grave!
But he had not where to lay his head,
Who oft on his weary journey said:
"The poor we always have."
And the dove of Heaven's star-gemmed
flame
Covers alike the rich and the poor.

The Worth of Purpose.

Not only shall we think wiser and grander purposes when we mature them in advance; there is also a solidifying and invigorating power in a long purpose clearly defined. You can generally tell from a man's gait whether he has a purpose. Plan intensifies. Pursuance of a purpose makes our work solid and consecutive. Plan concentrates energies as a burning glass does sunbeams. Shiftiness is mostly only another name for aimlessness. When we see the target we stretch the bow. Light in the eye is tension in the arm. We can, because we think we can. Power is with a good deal of accuracy measured by purpose. A man may draw inspiration from the grandeur of his own aims, as a fire shape's flight by its own flashes. To-morrow will depend upon to-day; yet at the same time to-day is in a sense depends upon to-morrow. What to-morrow is in my purpose, to-day will to some extent be in my act. In architecture the spire is incorporated in the foundation, and determines the foundation. It is very slovenly living that is not controlled by anticipation as well as by memory.

We cannot do to-morrow's work to-day, but we can do to-day's work shaped and buttressed by what we are intending to do to-morrow. In a life which has meaning in it, past and future sustain each other. In an arch the stones on this side are kept in place by the stones on the other. When we step upon a bridge we are upheld as well by the abutment at the farther end as by that at this end. We have to acknowledge that our plans do often get thwarted, but, if you will interpret the words carefully, there is not so much hazard in framing long purposes as short ones. The longer will be less endangered by opposing circumstances. It is something in this respect as it is with a long keel at sea, which will easily cut the waves by which a shorter craft would be founders.—Dr Parkhurst.

Encourage the Young.

I was thinking the other day how little the importance people put upon words of encouragement. For a sensitive child a few discouraging words will spoil some good effort.

I was a very sensitive child and not strong. When I was 14 years old my parents moved upon a farm. Not being strong enough to walk to the district school, and my parents not feeling able to send me to town to school, I never received any further education only such as experience gave me. The next winter after we had moved on the farm in the spring I gathered up my beloved books and thought that I would study at home and get my brother-in-law, who lived just across the road and was teaching the district school that winter, to help me, as he generally came in a few minutes after supper. One evening I was looking over my grammar (it was always a hard study for me and I was much behind in it), thinking I would ask him to help me, when he walked up to the table and said: "Studying grammar, eh? well, you'll never learn it. It has always beat me, and I don't know how I ever got a certificate on my standing. If I was you I'd just let grammar go. What good will it do you anyhow?"

Now, if he had come and spoken to me encouragingly the whole course of my life might have been changed. But I felt so completely disheartened by getting no encouragement from anyone, that I put away my books and never felt the old interest in them, just for fear I should be laughed at. Now see the result of their children's children. He will not dance to the pipe ecclesiastic, sound it who may—churchman, dissenter, priest or laic. Like the Jews, he is simply indifferent. All the great way of teaching and text and tracts and missions, and the produce of the printing press, has made no impression upon his race any more than upon the red deer that roams in the forest behind his camp. The negroes have their faith, every nation has its idols; the Gypsy alone has none—not even a superstitious observance; they have no idolatry of the past, neither have they the slightest thought of the present.—Richard Jefferis in *Chamber's Journal*.

Is it Any Wonder?

"The engineer of the freight train was drunk," reads the telegraphic despatch explaining the cause of the recent accident on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, with its list of twenty-two human beings crushed, mangled and burned beyond recognition. What of that? What matters it if over a score of households there are widows and orphans newly made? What if over a score of useful lives have suddenly been extinguished? so long as the liberty of the subject to manufacture and toy that which not only makes him a danger to himself but a menace to others, be upheld? Is it any wonder that thousands of men and women to-day are voluntarily devoting their lives to the advocacy of temperance and prohibition and to the liability of being sneered at as fanatics and cranks, when lessons such as that taught by the disaster at Republic are being impressed upon the resultant—Ez.

An Early Reminiscence.

A writer, a lady whose name is not given, records this reminiscence of her first meeting with Dickens when he was a young man:

It was at the house of a relative of mine. I was first introduced to his wife in the sanctuary of the bedroom, where I was arranging my hair before the glass. I thought her a pretty little woman, with the heavy-lidded, large blue eyes, so much admired by men. The nose was a little retroussé, the forehead good, mouth small, round and red-lipped, with a pleasant, smiling expression, notwithstanding the sleepy look of the slow-moving eyes. The weakest part of the face was the chin, which melted too suddenly into the throat. I went down with a fluttering heart to be introduced to Boz.

The first ideas that flashed through me were: What a fine, characteristic face! What marvellous eyes! And what horrid taste in dress!

He wore his hair long "in admiral

Deal Gently.

Consideration for the feelings of others should be carried into every department of life. Errors and oversights ought never to be dealt with severely unless they become habitual. We are all liable to make them, and, when we do, wish to be treated leniently. There is a story of a bank president who threatened to discharge a clerk if he did not find a missing paper. The clerk was in despair. He hunted everywhere without success. At last, seeing the president's eyes glinting when he could not find it within his power to bear, he opened the pockets and found the paper. When we abuse others for errors, let us be sure we never make one ourselves.

OUR JOB ROOM

JOHNSON'S FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

DURE Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the

Lungs, Hoarseness, Inflammation, Hacking Cough, Catarrh, Cholera, Malaria, Dysentery,

Scrofula, Kidneys, Tumor, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, &c., &c.

Those who send their money to us, we will refund it if not satisfactorily satisfied.

Address, J. S. JOHNSON & CO., F. O. Box 2116, Boston, Mass.

or any part of the United States or Canada.

Price \$1.50. Express prepaid to

any part of the world.

Send to us your name and address.

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