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FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 3, 1893.

Our Ottawa Special

Weldon's Bribery Bill Restored to the Order Paper.

The Vaudreuil Election War-rant Issued.

Why Canadian Shipping Is Being Destroyed.

Text of D'Alton McCarthy's Tariff Reform Resolution.

Another of the Finance Minister's Moments of Weakness Exposed—Dr. Spruille's Misstatements Refuted—Notes from the Capital.

Specially reported for the ADVERTISER by our editorial representative at the Capital.

OTTAWA, March 2.—The first business before the House to-day was a motion by Mr. Weldon to restore to the order paper his bill to disfranchise men who receive bribes, which was thrown out in committee last night. Mr. Davies said he would not oppose the bill if it provided for investigation into the conduct of the guilty men—those who pay bribes. Mr. Jeanette, a fiery French speaker, vigorously opposed the restoration of the bill, but the motion carried.

Mr. Speaker announced that he had issued his warrant for a new election in Vaudreuil, owing to the unseating of Mr. McMillan (Conservative).

After Mr. Cortis brought in his bill relating to masters and mates, Mr. Baird, Conservative M. P. for Queens, N. B., said the bill did not go far enough. Grave inquiry should be made into the great decrease in shipping of the Maritime Provinces. One half of the shipping of St. John has gone in recent years, and 25 per cent. has been lost throughout the Province. Mr. Laurier (aside) said that was really prosperity. Mr. Baird, continuing, said Canada's shipping is going, while that of the United States is increasing. He attributed part of the difference to over strict navigation laws in the Dominion. The Government regulations drive our trained seamen to the States, and in many other ways overtax and restrict the operations of vessel-owners. He asked for a commission to find out why shipping is being destroyed at a rate so alarming. Commodore Walsh, who had been in the Dominion, said that the present condition of affairs, he said, is that nearly all our lumber trade is now carried on by foreigners.

Mr. Davies said the impressions of Mr. Baird induced all he contended for a few days ago when attacked by the member for Centre Toronto (Mr. Cockburn). The crisis is a grave one, indeed, said Mr. Davies. Mr. Gibson (Lincoln) said when he came to Lincoln in 1854 there was a large shipping interest. Since then it has almost disappeared. He argued in favor of simpler regulations. The bill was read a first time.

Sir John Thompson moved that Monday be a Government day. He said that a certain member (Mr. Tarte) had said that he meant to bring up the Manitoba school question on that day so as to have it discussed before he (Sir John) left for another sphere, and he could then have an opportunity to bring it up on motion for supply.

Last night Dr. Spruille charged that Mr. Leaver was interested in oil lands, and that while the member for West Lambton favored the abolition of the binder twine duty he was quite willing to have farmers pay 150 per cent. duty on his coal oil. Mr. Lister now took Mr. Spruille to task and said that not for eleven years had he been interested in oil lands directly or indirectly, and that he never had been and was not now in favor of farmers being charged 150 per cent. tax on their coal oil.

Amid much hilarity Mr. Temple explained how he came to vote four times last night. He partially blamed the clerk, and said he did not vote four times, though he was perfectly willing to do so. (Laughter.)

Mr. McCarthy exposed another moment of weakness on the part of Finance Minister Foster. Last year the House of Commons passed a resolution calling on the Government to communicate with the Imperial authorities the desire of Canada to have official representatives at Washington and other seats of government. Mr. McCarthy asked if a reply to that communication had been received. Mr. Foster replied that he and Sir John Abbott had made representations to Lord Rosebery, and that his impression from the conversation that took place was that serious difficulties were in the way of Canada having representatives at foreign capitals with ambassadorial functions. His impression was that the British Government would give every assistance through its Ministers to unofficial Canadian representatives.

"Are we to understand," asked Mr. Laurier, with some warmth, "that no official communication has been made to the British Government?" "Sir John Abbott and myself had a personal communication," said Mr. Foster. "Surely," continued Mr. Laurier, "it was a gross dereliction of duty to make no official communication after the order of this House." Sir Richard Cartwright said the House had had enough of this method of doing business. Certainly there should be a record of such transactions. "We already have an illustration of this in regard to the reciprocity negotiations. Here official papers are absent and there is a direct conflict of testimony," retorted Sir Richard. "That is

quite unfounded said Mr. Foster with warmth." "It is quite well founded," maintained Sir Richard.

Mr. McMullen asked whether in view of revelations made regarding the cotton combine by Mr. Edgar, the First Minister meant to carry out his promise of last session, to put an end to that combination. Sir John Thompson replied that the Government would carefully inquire into the charges, adding that the information now before him leads to the conclusion that they are based on erroneous information.

On motion to go into committee of supply, and in a very thin House, Dr. Weldon brought in the lease of certain coal lands in Cape Breton, N. S. Dr. Weldon wants Parliament to interfere with this bargain, notwithstanding that it was almost unanimously endorsed by the Nova Scotia Legislature. He tried to get the Governor-General to meddle with it a few days ago, but was politely snubbed, and so he discussed the whole question, announcing that he had forwarded to Lord Rosebery papers showing the important bearing of the question on Imperial interests. He claimed that under the new arrangements it would be easy for foreigners to get control of the whole coal supply of eastern Canada.

Mr. Kenney (Halifax) ridiculed Dr. Weldon's fears, and contended that the disposal of the Nova Scotia coal mines was a purely domestic matter for that Province to settle. While Mr. Kenney was speaking Sir Donald Smith, who is a member of the coal company attacked, as is also Mr. Van Horne, of the C. P. R., entered the House, and was warmly applauded. "The investment of \$7,000,000," said Mr. Kenney, "will not injure any of the other Provinces." Mr. McKay (Hamilton) denied that the matter interested the Lower Provinces alone. The whole coal supply of Ontario, he asserted, is imperiled by this bargain.

Sir John Thompson took issue against Dr. Weldon's plea, and pointed out that the Confederation Act vested the entire control of coal lands in the Provincial Legislature. It was therefore the most absurd to say that any bargain made by that Province with regard to coal should be reviewed by other Provinces. As well say that Nova Scotia should review bargains made by Ontario with regard to lumber or bargains of other Provinces made as to lands. The argument is conclusive against the propriety of interference by the Dominion Government, even though he did not believe the bargain to be a wise one. American capital has been of the greatest advantage to Nova Scotia and had practically run the mines of that Province. There is little cause for alarm about the length of the lease, and few grounds for fear of a combination to increase the price of coal. Nova Scotia has time after time offered to let the Dominion control the mines, and take in lieu a fair subsidy, but the Dominion Government would not revise Confederation agreements.

Mr. McNeill regretted Sir John Thompson's reply to Mr. Weldon's speech. He contended that the act should be disallowed by the Dominion Government, as detrimental to the public interests. Mr. Fraser, cleverly pointed out that Dr. Weldon voted last night in favor of binder twine; to-night he is frantic with fear lest a combine may be formed in coal. Sir Donald Smith contended that the coal deal is a purely business matter, and in no way menacing the Canadian interests. It is not, he said, disloyal to associate with American capitalists of high honor to develop Canadian natural industries.

The House adjourned at 12:10 a.m. Great interest was evinced in the House to-night, when it was found that D'Alton McCarthy had placed upon the notice paper the following resolution leveled at the present tariff: "That since the introduction of the protective system sufficient time has elapsed for the establishment and development of such manufacturing industries as under existing conditions can be successfully manufactured in Canada. Moreover, many manufacturers, sheltered behind the ramparts thus erected, have formed combinations and trusts which prohibit competition and create and maintain monopolies.

"That the existing tariff, defensible only as a protective measure, has become in many instances oppressive and burdensome to the great mass of the consuming classes, and especially to those engaged in agricultural pursuits; is unfair and unequal in its incidents, and has been productive of discontent verging on disaffection among those who suffer from its injurious effects.

"That no sufficient reason has been adduced or exists requiring investigation respecting the foregoing facts, which are notorious, nor justifying delay in the passage of remedial legislation, which is imperative.

"That in the opinion of this House, the tariff ought to be at once amended in respect to the matters here indicated, and also by the substantial reduction of customs duties in favor of the United Kingdom, as duties in favor of the United Kingdom are those markets all Canadian producers have been entitled to the same advantages, graduated, however, so as not to unnecessarily prejudice the business of the country, nor to do wrong to those who have imported and paid duties in accordance with its provisions.

"And this House declares its readiness to make a like reduction in favor of such other portions of the empire or with such other foreign countries, as are willing to reciprocate in matters of trade with Canada on fair and equitable terms."

Notes.
The C. P. R. Company to-day presented a petition for liberty to issue preference stock.
Mr. Devlin, M. P., will be the chief speaker at the St. Patrick's Day demonstration in Toronto.
Sir John Thompson brought in a bill to give the ballot to the Northwest Territories. Hitherto open voting has prevailed.
Senator Boulton (Conservative) continued his strong plea for free trade in the Senate to-night. At the earnest request of the Government the motion was withdrawn.
The dismissal of John Cosgrove from the inland revenue department at Toronto will be brought up in the Senate by Senator O'Donohue, who has asked for the papers.

A GREAT CRASH

In the Lowell Electric Street Railway Company's Power House.

LOWELL, Mass., March 2.—An iron pulley on a dynamo at the power house of the electric street railway company burst this morning. A piece of the pulley struck the fly wheel of the engine, twenty feet in diameter, having a rim of iron three inches thick and making 72 revolutions a minute. It was smashed in an instant, and the iron rim, which was made in sections, scattered in all directions, shattering the building. A. H. Mead, of Corinth, the engineer, was struck on the head by a piece of iron and died in a few minutes. Geo. Langley, an older, had his jaw broken. Pieces of the wheel were hurled through the roof and fell 100 yards distant in the fields, and the brick walls were torn out as though made of paper. One piece of the wheel, weighing nearly a ton, was thrown upon the Boston and Lowell railroad tracks. The moment the explosion occurred all the electric street cars in the city stopped and were unable to move until another dynamo and engine could be started up an hour later. A ton section of the fly wheel crashed through the brick wall of the engine house and the brick wall of the repair shop.

Late Canadian News

Death of Ex-M. P. P. Forrester—A Woman Condemned to Blackmailing.

Mr. Jas. B. Boustead, the well known ex-alderman and real estate dealer, of Toronto, died on Thursday.

Ym. Dixon won the running mare hand, owned by C. McMullen, in a race at Belleville on Wednesday night.

In a mill near Amherst, N.S., yesterday, Andrew Olsen became entangled in a belt, and received injuries from which he died in four hours.

J. M. Ferris, of Campbellford, for many years Reform representative of East Northumberland in the Ontario Legislature, died on Thursday.

The correspondent of a Detroit newspaper has reached Ottawa to interview members of Parliament and Senators respecting political union.

A bylaw voted on at Bobcaygeon yesterday granting a bonus of \$11,000 to the Lindsay, Bobcaygeon and Port Perry Railway, was carried by a majority of 111.

Archbishop Walsh has accepted an invitation to deliver the address of the advisory committee to arrange the great conference of eminent leaders of religion during the World's Fair.

The total duty collected at the port of Toronto for the month of February, 1893, was \$437,363, against \$488,240 24 for the corresponding month of last year, the decrease being \$50,876 76.

At Belleville on Thursday Mrs. William Baker of Canifon, pleaded guilty of attempting to blackmail Mary O'Hara, and was given a suspended sentence of six months in the Central Prison.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Alex. Manning took place Thursday afternoon at Toronto. It was strictly private. The deceased was Hon. Mr. Justice Hall, of the Supreme Court of Quebec, Montreal; Rev. E. M. Blaud, of Hamilton; Thos. Hodgins, master in ordinary, Osgoode Hall, Messrs. Adam Warnock, Galt; Wm. Cooke and Henry Totten, of the Ontario License Department.

GROVER IN WASHINGTON.

Great Crowds Welcome the President-Elect.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 2.—All Lakewood turned out to-day to see President-elect Cleveland and party off for Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The special train bearing President-elect Cleveland and party arrived at 6:30 this evening. An immense throng of people surrounded the station and filled the streets on each side of it, and a mighty shout went up when Mr. Cleveland's presence was known.

Gen. Macmahon, grand marshal of the inaugural parade, said to-day if the beautiful weather continues until Saturday the parade will be the greatest in the history of the national capital. There will be 50,000 men in line, that number have already been assigned places, and it is probable that an additional 10,000 will make application for position.

DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Patrons of Industry Store at Melancton Burned—Blaze at Quebec.

MELANCTON, Ont., March 2.—The general store at Melancton, owned and operated by the Patrons of Industry, has been destroyed by fire. The loss is about \$15,000, on which there is an insurance of \$7,000.

Quebec, March 2.—A fire broke out in J. E. Martineau's hardware store, St. Joseph street, St. Roch's Ward, this afternoon. Loss, \$17,000 to \$20,000; said to be covered by insurance.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 2.—The Arkansas Baptist College building, established here six years ago by the colored Baptists for the education of girls, was burned at 2 o'clock this morning. About twenty students slept in the building. All match between Danney Russell, of Bridgeport, and Frank Moore, of Elizabeth, N. J., for a purse of \$500 and a side bet of \$250. The fighting was fierce, and in the final round the police interfered. The referee reserved his decision.

NORTH GALVESTON, Tex., March 2.—The splendid opportunities for market gardening offered here are being rapidly appreciated by the incoming of numerous small farmers. The market for these products extends not only along the cities of the Gulf coast, but throughout the entire Northwest. The shipment of all these products continues throughout a long and profitable season.

Liberals Cheered.

Failure of an Attempt to Surprize the Government.

Who Score a Majority of Forty-Four Votes.

Developments in the De Walden Divorce Case.

A Noble Lord Who Beat His Wife and Spent His Nights in Drinking—A Mild Measure of Temperance Reform Before the Commons—Dynamite in a Piano.

Pope Leo's Birthday.

ROME, March 2.—This is the birthday anniversary of Pope Leo, who was born on March 2, 1810. The cardinals now in Rome made a visit of congratulation to his Holiness and presented him with an address.

The Imperial Federation Fad.

LONDON, March 2.—Advocates of Imperial Federation regret the decision of the Government, as foreshadowed in Lord Rosebery's speech last night, that the Australian depression and the home rule excitement make it undesirable to summon just now another colonial conference. The Daily News says Lord Rosebery's views were those of common sense and wisdom.

The Royal Buckhounds Must Go.

LONDON, March 2.—The question of the royal buckhounds is now being considered by the Queen, who has to decide whether or not the pack is to be abolished at the close of the present season. The Cabinet is in favor of getting rid of the pack, and the distinct understanding that the royal hunting establishment is to be abolished this year. The Queen objects altogether to stag hunting, and would gladly have given up the pack four or five years ago, when Lord Cross, Sir Reginald Welby and the late Lord Lyons recommended the matter and unanimously recommended that the royal hunt should be abolished. Whatever may now be decided by her Majesty, the extinction of the buckhounds cannot be much longer delayed.

Dynamite in a Piano.

BUDAPEST, March 2.—Herr Czervich, a prosperous tradesman, gave his 16-year-old daughter a piano which reached his house in his absence. After the workmen who set up the piano had left, Miss Czervich began to try it, while her mother and little brother sat at the farther end of the room. The second note she struck sent off a dynamite cartridge which had been placed in the instrument at the factory by some expert workmen who understood apparently just where it would be most likely to receive a forcible blow. The cartridge tore the piano into fragments. Miss Czervich was thrown across the room, her head was torn, her right arm and collar-bone broken, and she received internal injuries which may cause her death. Her mother and brother were stunned by the shock, but otherwise were uninjured. Detectives have been placed in the piano factory to apprehend the guilty workmen.

Waldenses Going West.

PARIS, March 2.—The Waldenses, who are descendants of the famous sect which was cruelly persecuted for centuries on account of its religious opinions, and who still inhabit the ancestral mountainous region of the Italian side of the Cottian Alps, propose to emigrate to America. Their staple business of cloth-making has become much depressed, and even with all their frugality, they find it difficult to live. The pastors of the Waldensian congregations convened in a synod to consider the situation, and resolved to send two delegates to North Carolina to inquire regarding the prospects for settlers in that State. The Waldenses are a hardy and thrifty people, retaining in a remarkable degree the virtues of their heroic ancestors. If the reports from the delegates should be favorable, 2,000 Waldenses will emigrate to North Carolina in the spring.

The De Walden Divorce Case.

LONDON, March 2.—In the De Walden divorce case to-day Lady Blanche was called as the first witness in her own behalf. She confirmed what Sir Henry James had stated in regard to her husband's cruelty and misconduct. She also testified that his lordship went to race meetings and also to Brighton for weeks together, and refused to allow her to accompany him. He had acted as if he ignored her existence, and refused her the means to pay household bills, and kept her without money. He had sworn at her and called her a prostitute. Once when she went to the Goodwood races alone, his lordship, learning of the fact, cursed her and struck her so severely that she was nearly senseless. Her husband spent the night in drinking and retired to rest at 10 o'clock in the morning, rising at 5 o'clock in the evening. When drunk he fired revolvers about the house, and sometimes he fired in the streets. The case was adjourned at this point.

A Woman in the Case.

LONDON, March 2.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says: The recurrence of the Panama revelation shows a systematic plot to hunt Clemenceau out of public life, and it appears now likely to succeed. French detectives have concentrated their efforts in the search for them upon two movements of the Viennese singer who was his supposed mistress. The lady, when interviewed, declared she had been offered large bribes, but would not betray Arton, with whom she has been in constant communication. Arton, she said, did not fear arrest, as he was an expert linguist and actor, and was an adept at disguising himself, and had even traveled and talked with detectives who were searching for him. At the same time she expressed surprise at the anxiety to arrest him, as he possessed papers which would greatly embarrass the authorities.

The Policy of Bluster.

BREAST, March 2.—More than 5,000 persons were present at the great Orange meeting here to-day. Dr. Kane, who presided, said that Ulster was prepared to defend herself to the last against the

proposals of the Home Rule Bill. The men of Ulster need not feel, however, that they would be alone and unaided in the fight for their liberties. They had the sympathies of Englishmen of all classes throughout the world. He had received letters from military and police officers in England and Ireland, and telegrams from Canada and Australia, promising co-operation with the men of Ulster if the latter resorted to arms to defend their liberties against the tyranny of their historic foes. A hundred thousand Orangemen were ready to resist to the death the Home Rule Bill. Wm. Johnston, M. P. for South Belfast, who called the meeting, concluded a violent speech by swearing on a Bible that he would never submit to the laws of a Dublin Parliament. Dr. Kane then tore to pieces and threw to the floor a copy of the Home Rule Bill and the meeting adjourned. This evening the effigies of Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Morley were burned in High street in the presence of a cheering crowd.

A Step Forward.

LONDON, March 2.—Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in introducing the Liquor Trade Veto Bill in the House, argued that the liquor traffic being a monopoly regulated by the state, Parliament had the right to deal with it. The present licensing authorities, he said, were not popular bodies; the county councils could not properly deal with the matter of licenses. The bill sought therefore to establish a control of the traffic by popular vote—the best system known, as by it the needs and desires of individual communities could be satisfied in accordance with the local conditions.

Henry C. O. Benson, Conservative, opposed the bill on the ground that it would interfere with vested interests, and that the suppression of licensed houses would result in the opening of numerous drinking clubs and thus increase the evils of drunkenness.

William S. Caine, Radical, for East Bradford, spoke of the bill as a valuable installment of a promised temperance reform.

Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer in the late Salisbury Cabinet, spoke briefly against the Liquor Trade Veto Bill. The Opposition, he said, would criticize the bill at the proper time—not on the merits of its proposals.

The bill passed the first reading.

Then the Liberals Cheered.

LONDON, March 2.—In the Commons to-day T. W. Russell (Liberal-Unionist for South Tyne) moved to adjourn in order to direct attention to the statement of Joseph O'Brien at the opening of the Munster Assizes that such lawlessness prevailed in county Clare that there was no security for life and property.

Mr. Morley, Irish Secretary, and several Irish members denounced the statement as a misrepresentation of the facts for political purposes. Not only had there been no increase of crime in county Clare under the present Government, but on the contrary a slight but steady decrease.

Mr. Balfour, leader of the Unionists, questioned the correctness of this assertion, and called attention to the fact that the men of Ulster, supported Mr. Balfour and denounced the Irish members as defenders of persistent criminals. He said that they were always in sympathy with murderers.

William Redmond, Parrellle Irish leader, challenged Col. Sanderson amid Irish cheers and Opposition laughter to repeat these words outside the House. Col. Sanderson offered to repeat them anywhere.

Before the vote the Opposition whips were busy bringing in every available member as they hoped to be able to take the Government by surprise with an adverse majority. The division, however, resulted in the defeat of Mr. Russell's motion by 260 members to 216. The announcement of the figures evoked loud Liberal cheers.

NO CAUSE FOR PANIC.

Senator Sherman's Opinion on the Gold Outflow—What America Should Do.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Washington correspondent of the Press telegraphs that paper an interview he has had with Senator John Sherman, on the probable outcome of the gold flow of gold to Europe. The Senator is quoted as saying, "There is nothing to indicate a panic so far as I can see. If it indicates anything it is that banks of the continent are strengthening their gold reserve. In fact there seems to be a scarcity among the nations of the old world just now, to get all the gold they can. This is particularly the case in France. Austria wants money to resume specie payments, just as we did in 1875. Russia and Germany also seem to want to strengthen their exchequer as much as possible. For some cause or other, whether from the possibility of war or the failure of the Baring Bros. some years ago, the banks of the continent are vying with each other in establishing a strong and stable gold reserve to meet any emergency. I think there ought to be a ratio of three to three in the gold in the treasury to the amount of money in circulation. This is the rule in Europe and it would be well for the United States to profit by the experience."

THE TURF.

CLEVELAND, March 2.—The trotter Guy was sold to D. J. Campau, of Detroit, to-day for \$1,500.

ATHLETICS.

A GREAT STRUGGLE.

NEW ORLEANS, La., March 2.—The Olympic Club opened its athletic carnival to-night with a final fight between Billy Hines, of Providence, R. I., and Billy McMillan of Washington. Not more than 1,500 spectators occupied seats in the immense arena, calculated to hold 6,000. McMillan won in the fifth round.

Evon Lewis, the Strangler, and Roeder then began a fierce struggle for the championship and the \$2,500 purse. Roeder weighed 175 pounds, Lewis 185 pounds. The Strangler secured the first fall in 7 minutes and 30 seconds—catch-as-catch-can. In the second bout Roeder won the Graco-Roman fall in 28 minutes and 12 seconds. The third bout catch-as-catch-can style, was Lewis' victory in less than 30 seconds. Referee Duffy, however, was not prepared for such sudden action, and failing to see both points down disallowed the fall. The fourth round was Graco-Roman style, Roeder winning the fall in 24 minutes and 43 seconds. Lewis then went at Roeder in the deciding bout and gave him a flying fall in 1 minute, 3 seconds, winning the bout and the match. At the conclusion Roeder challenged the world at the Graco-Roman style.

Tolu, Tar and Tamarack

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is stated with all confidence that this preparation will cure.

INCIDENTAL CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is prepared from a valuable formula which is not kept secret. It is a concentrated preparation of Tolu Balsam, Pine Tar, Tamarack Gum, Struce Gum, etc.

PRICE, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. For sale by all druggists.

GULLED AND CURTAILED.

News of the Day Without Note or Comment.

R. M. Bishop, ex-Governor of Ohio, died at Jacksonville, Fla., on Thursday. Millionaire John Mackay is steadily recovering. The condition of his assailant, Rippi, is unchanged.

The German Government will send the corvette Empress Augusta and the cruiser Seidler to the naval review at New York.

Hon. A. Stanley's progress towards recovery, though slow, is perceptible. The fever is a lesser degree still remains.

Russell Sage on Thursday bought the New York and Massachusetts Railroad at auction for \$50,000. Its original cost was \$1,000,000.

A special from Wichita, Kan., says all the available troops at Forts Supply, Hill and Reno were ordered out to-day to repel the threatened invasion of the Cherokee strip by boomers.

Arrangements are being made at New Haven, Conn., to organize a company with \$1,000,000 capital to manufacture a substance called celolpide, to replace celluloid, ivory and paper goods.

At Bridgeport, Mass., on Thursday, Alex. P. Hetherington, a young Greek shot Miss Emma Klaus, to whom he proposed marriage and was refused, and then shot himself through the heart. The young woman will recover.

TERRIFIC CYCLONE.

Two Persons Killed, Forty Injured and Two Churches Wrecked.

MARKSVILLE, La., March 2.—This parish was visited on Tuesday evening by a terrific cyclone. Two persons were killed. Forty people were wounded, some seriously. The two Baptist churches and half the residences and business blocks were demolished.

"Why do they call their daughter 'Olive'?" "Because a liking for her has to be acquired."

The word "syndicate," which is of American origin, is now used in the British House of Commons to characterize combinations by which a number of members having a common object in view unite for balancing purposes.

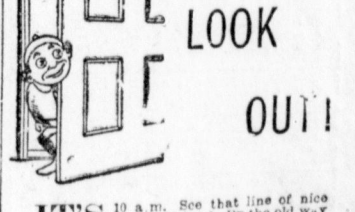
Charles Henry Pearson, an Englishman, has written a book in which he claims to have proved that the great races of the world are losing ground and that the Chinese, Hindus and South American half-breeds are the coming leaders of civilization.

It is sometimes hard work to be an actor, for the thumping and pulling and hauling that a person may have to endure in an exciting scene is sometimes more than a mere show. Miss Selina Fetter had to give up her part in "The Henrietta" because she was injured by the fall required of her in every performance of that piece. A young leading man who has been playing Orlando, in "As You Like It," for three nights is raw from twists to elbows in consequence of the trumps, slides, and falls endured at the hands of a brawny athlete in the wrestling scene.

The art of pastel drawing, or painting, is practiced by very few men in this country, and a member of the New York Pastel Society tells why: "It is because the public have an idea that colored chalks are not permanent. You can't use a pastel picture to dust the furniture with, but if you protect it with glass it will last your lifetime, any way. I saw a pastel the other day that was twenty years old and it was as fresh and bright as if it had been done this morning. To my way of thinking pastel is a delightful medium, and you get qualities with it that you cannot get with oil or water color. I wish the artists would encourage the use of it more and popularize it, but a good many of them seem to think that there is something beneath their dignity in handling chalk."

WHAT'S YOUR LACK?

DO YOU WANT AN ADVERTISEMENT? DO YOU WANT ANYTHING IN THE LINE OF JOB PRINTING? DO YOU WANT AN ESTIMATE? CALL, SEND A POSTAL OR WIRE US, AND YOU WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.



IT'S 10 A.M. See that line of nice white clothes? If the old way they would not have been done by noon, but the directions on a packet of C.W.C. were CAREFULLY FOLLOWED and with half the labor they were done in half the time. C.W.C. will not make your clothes wear for ever, but it will make them last longer than if washed the old way.



Syndicate.

Over a Clause Bill.

Deputation From tal.

Case-The Syd- draw the Clause Knocked Out of the Council of Matters into.

arnell, Ald. F. J. members of the day. They looked the vast amount of it back and the engineer are still in

a very serious in- ture of their re- of a straight pull syndicate. The cause put through, luted declined to reason, a special be held Satur- everything will be of the deputation

I found they (Mr. thers of the syndi- were worth. We ers of the railway us. We did so, ple and humbug, but his case in ed everything we There's the rub. use 12, said Mr. be in a position without the privi-

terstood the coal to their back, and the backing we companies didn't plied. "Is this ally allow this we asked. He out it at all. the clause that we required uality, and then d offered to help was no chance then said that

If it comes deal up," agreed, Mr. s postponement, he to consult the sh to assume so ourselves." With this clause

olled the city the whole agree- affects the city use 12, as the in the act, which the city It gives them their property- ck, hotel, every- one to run the city's security he comply with the properties are the \$25, after the \$25, months. The \$100,000 doesn't is even worse. It can work it so cent of rent i the clause that ided, however, of the road y imposed for the Railway to be made to the city of rent all the salary of the from the revenue the expenses of the city is done? city shall have the revenues in whole thing in indicate may get when they do we were not

of allow- rough in which entirely unpro- that the syndi- depu- tters of gen- prove inval- member says, electric railway referred to the good work the Grange movement had accomplished in the past, and declared that the co-operation of the ladies had done much to help forward that work. (Hear, hear.) In the course of his remarks he ventured the avowal that he did not believe in a single tax upon land, but a single tax upon income; that was the only right tax to impose. He fully endorsed all that had been said upon the necessity of the farmer discussing political issues in the light of their effect upon the agricultural classes.

Mr. Alfred Jury was next introduced and cordially received. He said the object of the meeting was to bring about the in- terchange of ideas between the farmers and the city workers—the producers in the field and in the factory. They wanted to satisfy one another of their ability to do so. One of the main planks in the platform of the Knights of Labor was cheap transpor-

tation, and no question more closely inter- ested the farmer. No country had a heavier burden to bear than that imposed upon this country by the jarring corpora- tions. (Cheers.) These corporations should be controlled by the people and not the people by the corporations. (Renewed cheers.) Then the question of competition required attention; those classes which preached the doctrine of the necessity of com- petition were more and more hedging them- selves from it and attempting to protect themselves from its effects. Legislatures were occupied most of their time in legis- lating for these classes. This should be changed, and it rested with labor organiza- tions to a large extent to attend to this. (Hear, hear.)

Continuing, the speaker declared that the time had come when some effort should be made to do away with the middle- man and deal direct with one another, and thus put the intermediate profit into their own pockets. Then it was time that a more de- termined effort was made to be properly represented in Parliament. (Hear, hear.) Let them send farmers, men who under- stood their wants, and not the middle- men. (Cheers.) The machinery of govern- ment was changing, too. It might have been all right when representative government was first granted, but it was now behind the times. The improvements must go along the line of grouped constituencies for some time, but the adoption of the referendum with the initiative and all- legislation by the people at large; then, and then only, would legislation be secured in the interests of the masses, and not in the interests of the classes. (Cheers.)

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Field and Factory.

Conference of Workers in City and Country.

They Resolve to Unite for the Advance- ment of Their Common Interests.

(From Toronto Globe of Thursday.)

A mass meeting of the Patrons of In- dustry, members of the Trades and Labor Council and other representatives of labor, was held in St. Lawrence Hall last evening to discuss questions of interest to working men and women. Mr. C. A. Mallory, grand president of the Patrons of Industry, presided, and was supported on the platform by Messrs. T. W. Banton, Robt. Glocking, D. A. Carey, G. T. Beales, A. F. Jury, E. Heppinstall, E. H. Hibbun, R. Curry, Jabel Robinson, John Miller, T. O. Curry, A. Gifford, A. Foster and others.

In opening the proceedings the chair- man welcomed to many representatives of various branches of labor organizations. He believed there was very much upon which they could all agree, and he felt sure that such a meeting must bring about a common line of action in the future, in which they could help forward the one great movement they all had in view—the advancement of the industrial classes. Such a conference for the interchange of ideas must do great good to all participating. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. T. W. Banton, president of the Toronto Trades and Labor Council, was the first speaker. He extended to the repre- sentatives of the Patrons and Grangers very cordial greetings. It was a significant sign of the times that such a meeting could be got together. The farmers were an intensely practical class, and he believed he could claim the same for the Trades and Labor Council. They were not Utopian dreamers, but were content to jog along the line of practical politics. They watched municipal politics, and took action when they thought it necessary, and the result was that their influence was being felt. He was afraid that there was sometimes a feeling of hostility between the agricultural classes in the country and the industrial classes in the cities. Truly it was so, but he thought the strained feeling was more artificial than real and the result of mis- taken ideas, which a little mutual explana- tion would remove. Proceeding, the speaker drew a rapid sketch of the move- ment looking towards the emancipation of the labor classes since its inception very early in the century and a half ago, and concluded by declaring that to-day all classes were unit- ing in one great democratic movement towards a common goal, which must eventually elevate the industrial classes to their proper place in society. (Cheers.)

Mr. E. Heppinstall, grand master of the Dominion Grange, spoke of the great ad- vances the agricultural classes had made during the present generation. By or- ganization they had greatly improved their social, educational and moral standing; they had learned from the city workers very much which was beneficial and mutually helpful. But much remained yet to be done. They desired to have a voice in the legislative halls of their country—(cheers)—so that they could ameliorate their con- dition at the source. They were deter- mined not to be led by the nose any longer; they would not be at the beck and call of any political party, but would assert their independence and secure a corresponding influence and advantage. (Applause.)

Mr. John Miller, grand vice-president of the Patrons of Industry, who introduced himself as an old, gray-headed farmer who loved the farmer's life as one of the most honorable and independent possible, sketched the development of the Patrons' movement, and spoke of its position to-day in the body politic. During the past two years the movement had spread from the St. Clair River to the corner house of the Province, and even across the division line until it was knocking at the fort- ress of old Quebec. A year ago there were none so poor as would do them rever- ence, but to-day they were welcomed by the mayor and leading citizens; the city gave them the free use of the hall and thanked them for occupying it. (Laughter.) They were uniting the farmers of Ontario and of Canada into one solid mass, and advancing their social, political and financial condition. In conclusion Mr. Miller de- clared it was a fallacy to suppose that the farmers should take no interest in politics, but the prosperity of the country depended upon the prosperity of the farmers, and the farmers therefore must take an intelligent view of what was going on around them. Politics did not mean party; they must be free to support those whom they believed were prepared to do the best for the coun- try as a whole. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. D. A. Carey, district master of the Knights of Labor, was the next speaker. He referred to the good which had resulted across the line from the united action be- tween the city and country industrial classes. The Knights of Labor and other city organizations always thought of the farmers in the most kindly spirit, and he was delighted at the opportunity offered them and theirs of meeting in social dis- cussion and conference. It must result in mutual good, and he was satisfied that the next time they met that hall would not be big enough to accommodate them. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. J. Robinson of the Dominion Grange referred to the good work the Grange movement had accomplished in the past, and declared that the co-operation of the ladies had done much to help forward that work. (Hear, hear.) In the course of his remarks he ventured the avowal that he did not believe in a single tax upon land, but a single tax upon income; that was the only right tax to impose. He fully endorsed all that had been said upon the necessity of the farmer discussing political issues in the light of their effect upon the agricultural classes.

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"German Syrup"

A Throat and Lung Specialty.

Those who have not used Boschee's German Syrup for some severe and chronic trouble of the Throat and Lungs can hardly appreciate what a truly wonder- ful medicine it is. The delicious sensations of healing, easing, clearing, strength-gathering and recover- ing are unknown joys. For Ger- man Syrup we do not ask easy cases. Sugar and water may smooth a throat or stop a tickling—for a while. This is as far as the ordinary cough medicine goes. Boschee's German Syrup is a discovery, a great Throat and Lung Specialty. Where for years there have been sensitiveness, pain, coughing, spitting, hemor- rhage, voice failure, weakness, slip- ping down hill, where doctors and medicine and advice have been swal- lowed and followed to the gulf of despair, where there is the sickening conviction that all is over and the end is inevitable, there we place German Syrup. It cures. You are a live man yet if you take it.

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THE LATEST McCallum's

Thousands of good Lead Pencils to be given to cus- tomers. Any customer buy- ing 25c worth or over will get one.

C. McCallum DRUGGIST.

Corner Dundas and Richmond.

OAK HALL

The Great One-Price Clothiers.

A grand assortment of Boys' 3-PIECE SUITS

at prices to suit everybody. All the new shades and colors.

Our ready-made Pant sale is meeting with great success. Just come and see the variety of patterns and prices we can show you.

OAK HALL

150 Dundas St., London.

ALF. TAYLOR, Manager.

RIPAN'S TABLETS

REGULATE THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

RIPAN'S TABLETS are the best M. T. medicine known for Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Heartburn, Bad Complexion, Scurvy, Obstructed Bowels, and all dis- orders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Ripan's Tablets contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution, and they take, safe, effective, and give immediate relief. They are sold in all druggists' stores, or by mail. Sample free by mail. Address: THE RIPAN'S CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Raleigh Bicycle.

HIGHEST GRADE.

N. D. Rougie, 540 Queen's Avenue, Agent for Western Ontario.

LEADING HOTELS.

HOTEL MANITOBA, CHICAGO. FRONT- ING Exposition, 50 yards south of the Fifth avenue street, main entrance to Fair grounds; 300 rooms, large dining hall and luncheon counters; on American and European plans. Will open about April 15. This hotel has been erected and furnished with a view to make it a home for Canadians in general. To secure rooms and further particulars address S. G. Hume, manager, 315 Port building, 21 Quincy, Chicago, Ill.

THE TUCUMSEH HOUSE

LONDON, ONT.

Largest and Best Hotel in Western Ontario.

Large single rooms free; no charge for bag- gage; elevator day and night. Rates, 25¢ Grand per day. Special rates for banquets and ex- ceptional parties. C. W. DAVIS, Proprietor.

ROBBIN HOUSE.

J. NELSON, PROPRIETOR.

On account of increased patronage it has been found necessary to enlarge this popular hotel, which has been done by the

ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS,

elegantly furnished (en suite), with baths, the latest exposed sanitary plumbing adopted throughout. The Robbin is the largest hotel in the Province, having accommodation for 600 guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete in all its appointments.

CURES BAD BLOOD

This complaint often arises from Dys- pepsia as well as from Constipation. Heredi- tary Taint, etc. Good blood cannot be made by the Dyspeptic, and Bad Blood is a most prolific source of suffering, causing BOILS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, BRUISES, SORES, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Etc. Birkbeck Blood Bitters really cures bad blood and drives out every vestige of im- pure matter from the system, purifying the worst scrofulous sore. H. M. Lockwood, of Lindsay, Ont., had 35 boils in 8 months, but was entirely cured by 3 bottles of B.B.B. Good is now strong and well. Write to him.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division

CORRECTED NOV. 14, 1902.

MAIN LINE—Going East

ARRIVE DEPART

Limited Express (A)..... 3:35 a.m. 3:45 a.m.

Mail..... 6:00 a.m. 6:00 a.m.

Atlantic Express (A)..... 10:55 a.m. 11:05 a.m.

Day Express..... 12:55 p.m. 1:05 p.m.

St. Louis Express (A)..... 4:40 p.m. 4:50 p.m.

Mixed—No. 10 Freight (A)..... 4:45 p.m. 4:55 p.m.

Freight Limited..... 11:20 p.m. 11:40 p.m.

MAIN LINE—Going West.

ARRIVE DEPART

Chicago Express (A)..... 6:25 a.m. 6:35 a.m.

West End Mixed..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Freight Limited..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

St. Louis Express (A)..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Accommodation..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Freight Limited..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

ARRIVE DEPART

Limited Express (A)..... 2:55 a.m. 3:05 a.m.

Atlantic Express (A)..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Mixed..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

St. Louis Express (A)..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Accommodation..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Freight Limited..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

ARRIVE DEPART

Chicago Express (A)..... 5:40 a.m. 5:50 a.m.

Accommodation..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Freight Limited (A)..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Accommodation..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Pacific Express (A)..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

ARRIVE DEPART

Express..... 10:15 a.m. 10:45 a.m.

Mail..... 6:55 a.m. 7:05 p.m.

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

ARRIVE DEPART

Mixed-Mail..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Express..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Express-Mixed..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Toronto Branch.

ARRIVE DEPART

Hamilton-Depart..... 8:00 a.m. 8:10 p.m.

Hamilton-Arrive..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

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Hamilton-Arrive..... 11:50 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

* These trains for Montreal.

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Mrs. Elizabeth Messer
Baltimore, Md.

Rescued from Death

All Said She Could Not Live a Month

Now Alive and Well—Thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I must praise Hood's Sarsaparilla, for it is wonderful medicine. I suffered 10 years with Neuralgia and Dyspepsia

and fainting spells. Sometimes I would be almost dead with cold perspiration. I spent a great deal of money for medical attendance, but I did not get any benefit until my daughter told me about Hood's Sarsaparilla and I began to take it. I weighed less than 100 lbs. and was

A Picture of Misery Every one who saw me thought I could not live another month. But I began to improve at once after beginning with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and have gradually gained until I am now perfectly cured. I eat well, sleep well, and am in perfect health. I owe all to

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Instead of being dead now, I am alive and weigh 142 lbs." Mrs. ELIZABETH MESSER, 19 East Barney Street, Baltimore, Md.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, always reliable and beneficial.

FOUGHT FIVE HOURS.

The Daly-O'Donnell Fight Ends in a Draw.

Curling Events—Baseball Talk and Turf Tips.

ATHLETICS. As a result of the passage of the law prohibiting fighting in California for money either with or without gloves, the majority of 200 professional fighters, seconds and trainers in San Francisco will leave within the next few weeks.

SPARKING AGAINST TIME.

STOCK. FALLS, S. D., March 2.—The Daly-O'Donnell fight resulted in a draw after 82 rounds had been fought. The contest began at 2 o'clock this morning and was not finished until 7 o'clock. Daly had the best of the fight from the start, but his antagonist was game, and Daly found it impossible to knock him out. Neither is pleasantly punished. Six hundred people saw the fight and ran foot races in the snow to keep warm. O'Donnell broke his hand in the twelfth round. The purse of \$800 was divided.

THE CUE.

A RECORD BROKEN. LONDON, March 2.—In the billiard match between W. J. Peall and John Roberts, jun., for £200 a side, Roberts to-day broke the record with a run of 737 points. The game was spot stroke barred, 24,000 points, Peall taking 9,000 points.

THE KENNEL.

The Philadelphia show is on this week. Baltimore Washington and Detroit follow. Miss Hamilton, a celebrated breeder of pugs in England, won the 35 guinea challenge trophy at the Crufts dog show with her pug Rob of Rozelle.

CURLING.

Four finals of the Hamilton Thistles went to Woodstock on Wednesday and suffered defeat at the hands of the local curlers. Woodstock 74, Thistles 69.

Three risks of the junior members of the Fergus Curling Club drove to Guelph on Wednesday evening and played a friendly game of sixteen ends. Royal City 51, Fergus 46.

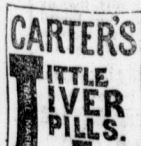
BASEBALL.

"Edie" Seward, the old Hamilton pitcher, wants to compete in the League. Last season the salary list of the Boston team footed up about \$60,000, but this year about half that amount will pay for all the players and the manager.

It is proposed to organize a four-club league, with two clubs each in Toronto and Hamilton.

HOCKEY.

Ontario defeated Quebec College at Kingston on Wednesday night by 6 goals to 4 in the semi-final match for the championship of the Ontario Hockey Association. The final will now be played between Ottawa and the Granites of Toronto.



CURE SICK HEADACHE

Sick headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as indigestion, nausea, drowsiness, distress after eating, pain in the side, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

HEADACHE

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents. Live for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

The Walkerville Council Doesn't Want Prohibition.

Breezy Budget of News From All Over the West—A Collision Near The Tunnel.

ESSEX.

A communication was read at the Walkerville Council from the Dominion Temperance Alliance asking the council to memorialize the Government to submit a prohibition measure to the people. The communication was no sooner read than every alderman was on his feet, but Clerk Robinson, forestalling their opinions, tore the document up and threw it in the waste basket.

The motion introduced by Ald. Reeves at the Windsor Council meeting Monday night to memorialize the Government and ask that Windsor be given a free postal delivery is meeting with considerable favor in that city.

Levi Lane, of Kingsville, aged 15, charged with stealing two silver dollars from the grief mill of Solomon Wile on Feb. 17, last, was tried before Judge Horne at Sandwich and convicted, but sentence was reserved.

ELGIN.

Dr. Philip Corlis, late of Toledo, and Miss Minnie Gillett, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gillett, Maple Glen, Yarmouth Heights, were united in marriage Thursday by Rev. D. Spencer. Dr. Corlis will settle in Cleveland, where he will practice his profession.

Wm. Helferman, carpenter, St. Thomas, who pleaded guilty to stealing an overcoat from Mr. C. L. Sutton, was sentenced Thursday by Police Magistrate White to nine months in the Central Prison.

While Fred Orris, of Springfield, was chopping stakes Wednesday, his 8-year-old son was so unfortunate as to bring his hand within range of the axe, the result being the loss of the first and second fingers of the right hand.

LONDON.

The Oddfellows of Lucknow have ordered from Messrs. Morris, of Toronto, a new outfit of regalia for their degree team, which will cost some \$325.

Judge Doyle has given his decision in the action of Mr. A. Roe, of Wingham, against the corporation of Lucknow, tried at the sitting of the County Court in December last. The judge awards Mr. Roe \$125 and costs. It will be remembered that Roe's horse ran away in Lucknow, having been frightened by the blowing of a steam whistle on the waterworks.

The trustee board of Victoria street church, Goderich, have given a unanimous invitation to Rev. Mr. Irvin, now of Hensall, to become pastor of the congregation there, subject, of course, to the approval of the stationing committee.

KENT.

Mr. Allister McKay, the Chatham contractor, who has the contract for the Pelee Island marsh drain, will put up two pump houses, with a capacity of 16,000 gallons per minute. These will be driven by two 70-horse power engines. The tract to be drained consists of 7,000 acres. The work, at present is at a standstill, owing to the ice on the canals, which is two feet thick.

Bishop Hawkins has received permission to visit the Freemans in jail, and has already spent some time with them in devotional exercises. He will continue his visits at intervals until the trial in April.

OXFORD.

Woodstock's vital statistics for last month: Thirteen births, 4 marriages and 10 deaths.

The Rev. Dr. McMullen, of Woodstock, has been appointed a member of the advisory council of the world's congress auxiliary in connection with the Chicago Exposition of 1893.

The Canadian Wind Motor Company is about to establish a new industry in Woodstock. The promoters are Messrs. J. H. Downing, David Scott, J. T. Webster and Thomas Watson.

The cost of the new court house of Oxford county at Woodstock is \$109,947.77. A. J. Brown, contractor, of Toronto, has put in a bill for \$16,368 for extras, over which there is some dispute.

Geo. Thompson and Geo. Baker, two youths residing in Woodstock, received their pay Wednesday and took a C. P. R. train for the west to see more of the world. Their parents are very anxious to hear of them.

PERTH.

The customs collections at the port of Stratford for February were: Imports, free goods, \$13,153; dutiable goods, \$14,819; duty, \$4,557 89; exports, \$53,400. The excise collections for the same month amounted to \$8,226 59.

R. B. Barber, of Stratford, while feeding a machine known as a jointer in the Porteous & McLagan factory Wednesday, got his left hand caught and the four fingers were cut off by the machine.

The will of the late Mosheah Garbutt, who committed suicide in Mitchell on Sunday, Feb. 10, has been entered for probate. He left real and personal property amounting to \$4,140. To Miss Sarah Garbutt, who so faithfully attended to the household duties since the death of his wife, are given the homestead and all that remains of the estate after the debts and small bequests are paid.

WELLINGTON.

The customs collections at Guelph for February, 1893, amounted to \$5,742 37, an increase over the receipts for the corresponding month of 1892 of \$514 03.

Ald. James Palmer, of Guelph, has left for Vancouver, B.C., with two carloads of horses. One carload is composed exclusively of heavy drafts, weighing from 1,200 up to 1,700 pounds. The other carload, purchased in Simcoe, joined him at George town. This car is made up of heavy drafts and a few drivers.

OTHER COUNTIES.

It is thought that the visit of W. R. Callaway, C. P. R. passenger agent, to Berlin the other day was in connection with a line to that town.

A flaw in the certificate of Mr. Douglas, one of the high school staff, caused the severance of his connection with education in Walkerton last week. The board, at its last meeting, advertised for a new teacher, and at the same time looked into the general management of the school.

The Sarnia Canadian says: On Tuesday afternoon about 1 o'clock a light engine running from Point Edward with orders for the tunnel passed the Sarnia station without the driver noticing that the signal-board was raised to stop him. The consequence was that a collision with two light engines, with orders for Point Edward, took place a little east of Christina street, resulting in considerable damage to the three engines, especially the one going to the tunnel. The men in charge were badly shaken up, one of them, young O'Neil, son of Capt. O'Neil, of Point Edward, having received several bruises.

Robt. McKay, on con. 8, Grey, met with a serious accident the other day. He was engaged in felling a tree, when it struck

another, causing a limb to fall on him, breaking his leg in two places.

On Tuesday morning Mr. Ezra Hoyt slipped on the ice on the sidewalk at Chalmers' corner, St. Marys, falling on his back and causing concussion of the brain. He was unconscious for about four hours, but is recovering, although yet in a very serious condition.

The River Street Presbyterian Church, Paris, is offered for sale.

The Exeter Gun Club has elected the following officers for the ensuing season: D. Johns, president; John Taylor, vice-president; N. Dyer Hurdon, honorary secretary-treasurer. The treasurer reported that a small balance remained at credit. The captain, Ed. Bissett, being about to leave Exeter, it was resolved, on his returning the large silver medal, to present him with a small medal in token of his valuable services.

The customs duty collected at the port of St. Thomas for February amounted to \$3,838 09.

The mortgage of \$5,500 on the Glenoe Presbyterian Church has been reduced to \$3,700.

"A FARCE"

Royal Templars of Temperance Size Up the Dominion Government's Alleged Prohibition Commission.

MONTREAL, March 2.—The Grand Council of the Royal Templars of Temperance in convention here passed resolutions denouncing the Dominion Government's disavowing the commission as a farce and declaring against any more money being expended by the temperance people for keeping a representative before the commission.

AN OPENING ADDRESS.

Bro. Cornelius Osborne, vice-president of the West Durham County Association, presided over the recent annual meeting in the absence of County President Thomas Gibson from illness. His opening address is as follows:

Brethren,—I gladly welcome you to this the first annual meeting of the West Durham County Association held since its organization three months ago. When I remember the difficulties with which we had to contend and when I look at the numbers before me, I feel that we have achieved some success. The fact that in almost every school section the farmers and laborers are becoming united, reminds us that a long-felt want is being supplied.

I feel that an organization has arisen at last that is true representative of the farmers and laborers, one that has power and authority to speak and act in their behalf and one that is able and willing to battle in defense of their rights.

Brethren, they tell us that a wave of depression has passed over our land. Yes, will all agree that our own country has been depressed that we have achieved some success. The fact that in almost every school section the farmers and laborers are becoming united, reminds us that a long-felt want is being supplied.

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LONDON, CANADA.

London and suburbs have a population of 35,000 persons.

London is situated in the garden of Canada, midway between the Niagara and the Detroit Rivers.

London is the center of nine different lines of railway, giving easy access to the whole continent, and to the lakes and seaboard.

London has direct connection with the three great Canadian lines of railway—the Grand Trunk, the Canadian Pacific, and the Michigan Central.

London controls a line of railway from the city to Port Stanley, on Lake Erie.

Each day more trains arrive at and depart from London than arrive at and depart from any other Canadian city in the same time.

London's public water supply is obtained from never-failing pure springs four miles from the city. Their yield is practically unlimited. London has the best drinking water on the continent.

London is an excellent health resort, as it has a lower death rate than any city of its size on the continent, and it has magnificent white sulphur baths within its limits.

London has 1 opera house and 4 public halls.

London has 13 public schools (and a number are under contract), not including kindergartens; 3 R. C. separate schools, 2 ladies' colleges, and 1 collegiate institute.

London has 1 university and 1 medical school.

London has a Conservatory of Music and a School of Elocution.

London has 2 public libraries.

London is an excellent center for manufacturing and commercial enterprises. There are already established wholesale houses for groceries, hardware, drygoods, small wares, boots and shoes, drugs, crockeryware, etc. There are one or more manufacturing of furniture, engines, boilers, stoves, furnaces, iron and brass foundries, carriage, barrel, cart, agricultural implements, stamped tinware, railway cars, oil refining, leather, barrels, machine tools, clothing, cigars, office and school furniture, biscuits and confectionery, mirrors and beveled plate-glass, corsets, furs, beer, washing compounds, acids, woodwork of every description, etc.

London has two daily newspapers (morning and evening editions).

London has two public parks.

London has six banks and eight loan and investment associations.

London has six charitable institutions, two hospitals and seven public buildings.

London has a good street railway, which will be much extended during the year.

London's rate of taxation is 18 mills, which includes all school rates, etc.

London's civic assets are \$2,547,798 34, and the balance of assets over all liabilities is \$422,861 19. The total assessment is \$15,385,097.

London has 44 churches, almost every religious denomination of any importance being represented.

London has an excellent Entomological Society and exhibition, and some of the ablest entomologists to be found in Canada.

London has markets three times weekly, the best in the west. The great Western Fair is held for ten days in September.

Further particulars about the city may be obtained by applying to the mayor, the city clerk, the secretary of the Board of Trade, or the ADVERTISER.

A SUPERB SPECTACLE!

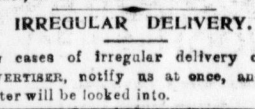
Graphic Picture of a Desert Caravan on the March.

A great caravan in march is a superb spectacle, alas! too infrequent now in northern Africa. At first Arabs alone can detect it, a mere speck lost in a dusty halo, whence it emerges at length, a lawless-colored mass possessed of a strange motion, the swarming of a thousand lives in one.

Here and there silhouettes of straggling camels stand profile, like hieroglyphics, on the fiery sky, as, insensibly trailing its snake-like curves, the convoy advances. Hours after being sighted, it passes in slow detail, led by a vanguard of blooded camels, whose gait and bearing have an air of arrogance not customary to that race of profligate, the chieftains seated aloft in their floating burmooses, alert of eye, with gun in hand, statuesque guardians of the convoy-treasure. Behind them the camels of burden, exhausted less by loads than with the fatigues of the journey, their legs and croppers bald and scorched by blows, straggle forward languidly, thrusting out the tongue as they press the huge, spongy feet in the yielding ground. What resignation in their soft, staring eyes! Verily, no philosopher knows better than these poor brutes how inane are the revolts against inexorable fate. Near at hand walk the drivers, their emacipated features savagely illumined by eyes of fire, and white, gleaming teeth piercing their parched lips. Of all who started with the caravan, how many have fallen by the way, abandoned to agonize alone in the desolation? (From "A Saracen Caravan," by A. F. Jaccot, in the March Scribner.)

IRREGULAR DELIVERY.

In cases of irregular delivery of the ADVERTISER, notify us at once, and the matter will be looked into.



Laid up for Repairs

—the clothes that are washed without Pearlina. The rubbing and scrubbing that's hard for you, is harder for them. Pearlina washes clothes without scouring them to pieces. It gives no chance for harm, and it takes away half the work. It saves clothes and it saves strength. Pearlina does away with the Rub, Rub, Rub. Get Pearlina first, and you'll find it makes your clothes last.

Beware of imitations which are being peddled from door to door. First quality goods do not require such desperate methods to sell them. PEARLINE sells on its merits, and is manufactured only by JAMES FYLE, New York.

NEW CARPETS! NEW CARPETS!

We are agents in London for John Crosley & Son's celebrated Brussels and Velvet Carpets, Cook, Son & Co.'s superior English Wools, and M. Nairne & Son's Scotch Linoleums. This season's patterns are handsomer than ever.

A. SCREATON & Co.

134 Dundas Street.

GRAHAM BROS.



LATEST FEDORA HATS

AT \$1, \$1 25, \$1 50, \$2.

See Our Great \$2 Leader Stiff Hat

GRAHAM BROS., Leading Hatters and Furnishers.

You Can See It Everywhere.

Throughout Western Ontario --in the homes, on the news-stands, street cars, depots, railway trains; in fact, whenever or wherever people have time to read, they have the people's favorite paper, The LONDON ADVERTISER, with them. Its motto is-- "First of all, the news." The Advertiser is bright and clean, and will always be found sustaining its position abreast of all that is best in legitimate journalism.

The combined circulations of our daily and weekly editions are not equaled by any journal in Ontario--with but one Toronto exception.

Keen business men all over the country find it pays them to advertise in the ADVERTISER. They get good results, and so will you.

Address--

Advertiser Printing Company,

LONDON, ONT.

Virgie's Inheritance.

CHAPTER XLIV.

A SUDDEN FLITTING.

"Why, mamma, it is the strangest romance in the world! I never heard anything like it!"

"Well, dear, get yourself ready as soon as possible, for we must leave town this afternoon, as there is no time to lose," her mother replied, as she arose to go to make her own preparations for the proposed journey.

"But, mamma, what shall I do about Rupert?" Virgie asked, looking troubled.

Mrs. Alexander's face fell at the mention of the young man's name.

She had scarcely slept during the night, for many things troubled her; and, among others, the thought that Virgie's engagement to Rupert Hamilton seemed likely to complicate matters very much when she should be ready to make her claim upon Sir William Heath.

"You can leave a note telling him that we are obliged to leave the city for a while, and we can explain further to him when we ascertain just how we are to be situated," her mother replied, after considering a moment.

So, when Rupert called that evening, he found only a note awaiting him instead of the bright face he had hoped to see, while it told him that his betrothed and her mother had been unexpectedly called away from London upon important business, which might detain them a week, perhaps longer.

"It is very strange that she does not mention where they are going," he said, as he read the note over for the second time, and remarked this omission. "Mrs. Alexander acted very strangely last evening. I wonder if this sudden departure can have anything to do with that?"

He retraced his steps, feeling unaccountably depressed over the absence of Virgie, and he resolved to seek an interview with Sir William and acquaint him with the fact of his engagement that very evening.

He did not, however, find his guardian upon his return; he had gone out upon a matter of business, his valet told the young man, and would not be back until late: so he retired, resolving to improve the first opportunity on the morrow.

The next morning, after breakfast, he said, in a quiet aside:

"Can I have a few moments conversation with you, Uncle Will?"

"Certainly, my boy. Come into the library in about ten minutes, and I will be there."

Lady Linton, always on the alert for everything of a mysterious nature, and doubly keen now to suspect mischief, heard this request, and at once resolved to become acquainted with the nature of the interview.

Sir William's chamber was just back of the library, although there was no door communicating with it.

The same furnace-pipe, however, conducted heat to the two rooms, and, by stationing herself close to this, her ladyship knew she could overhear whatever might pass between the two men. She therefore slipped quietly into her brother's bedroom, looked the door, and creeping close to the register, laid her eager ear against it.

Rupert was already with Sir William, for the housekeeper had detained Lady Linton for a few moments with questions regarding some domestic matter, but she was in season to hear him broach the subject so near his heart.

"I have come to make a confession to you, Uncle Will," he said, as he seated himself opposite his guardian.

"A confession! Nothing very serious, I hope," said Sir William, glancing keenly in the dusky face of his ward.

"Yes, I think it is of rather a serious nature," he returned, smiling slightly. "I wish to tell you that I have become deeply attached to Miss Alexander, to whom I introduced you last night, and to ask your sanction to our engagement."

"Ah! has it gone so far as that?" inquired Sir William. "I began to surmise last evening that see was taking your heart captive, but did not imagine matters had reached a crisis yet."

"Don't you think her lovely, Uncle Will?" Rupert asked, eagerly.

"Very lovely; but, my boy, the ocean rolls between England and America. I can not bear the thought of a separation from you, Rupert."

"Nor I from you, my dear guardian; and, I assure you, you need not fear it, for the young lady does not object to a permanent residence in England. I trust you will not oppose my marriage with Miss Alexander."

"Rupert," said Sir William, gravely, "my only wish is for your happiness, and if Miss Alexander is the woman of your choice—if you are sure that she alone can make you happy—then I can only say heaven bless you and grant that your future may be all that you desire."

"Thank you, Uncle Will. I—hope you do not disapprove of my choice of a wife?" Rupert said, regarding his guardian's grave face anxiously.

"No, no," returned the baronet, hastily. "I admired the little lady very much during the few moments that I spent with her last evening. She seems a lovely girl. My first thought was that she might take you from us."

"No. Although she was born in America, she is herself of English descent on her father's side, and she and her mother are now in this country for the purpose of claiming some property inherited from him," Rupert explained.

"Ah! then she has no father?"

"No!—she—lost him when she was a child."

The young man began to fear he was trespassing somewhat upon Mrs. Alexander's confidence, and that she and her mother would be no more at present.

"Are you sure that the family is one with which you will feel proud to ally yourself?" Sir William inquired.

"I know but very little concerning their family," Rupert admitted. "I doubt if they have any, but everything about them indicates that they are above reproach, while Mr. Knight, the gentleman whom I met in America, and of whom you have often heard me speak, introduced them, and he is of irreproachable character. He occupied a position in New York, and it is in compliance with his request that they are presented here, and chartered by the Huntingtons."

"The Huntingtons are all right, and would introduce no one regarding whom there was any question," Sir William said, in a satisfied tone. "Is Mrs. Alexander as much of a beauty as her daughter?" he concluded, smilingly.

"Hardly in my eyes," returned the young man, with brightening color; "yet she is a remarkably handsome woman. I hope I may be able to arrange for you to make her acquaintance very soon; but until then please regard as what I told you as strictly confidential."

"Ah! Then you do not intend to announce your engagement just yet," remarked Sir William, with some surprise.

"No, sir. As Mrs. Alexander's request, we shall delay it for the present, until she secures the property of which I have already spoken."

"How much of an heiress is your pretty fiancée going to be, Rupert?" his guardian asked.

"I cannot tell. I do not know of what this property consists," the young man answered, thoughtfully.

"I am afraid there is something a little mysterious about these ladies. Doesn't it strike you so?" inquired Sir William, gravely, yet without a suspicion of the wonderful truth.

Rupert knew there was, but he was not going to confess it, and he replied, evasively: "I do not imagine there is anything but what will soon be satisfactorily explained to us all."

Lady Linton, hearing all this, and knowing so much more than either Rupert or her brother, grew deadly faint as she listened and realized how near she stood on the verge of a terrible exposure. Just then there came a brisk tap on the library door, and the next moment Lillian put her bright face into the room, and looking as lovely as the morning itself in her white flannel wrapper, fastened at the waist with cherry ribbons, and with her hands full of Jacquemont roses.

Her face assumed a look of surprise as she saw Rupert there, and she regarded him with searching curiosity.

"Pardon me, Uncle Will," she said, bustling; "I did not know that you were engaged with anyone; I have just received a box of flowers, and came to arrange some for your table. May I come in? I won't be long."

"Yes, indeed, come in; you are doubly welcome with so much beauty and fragrance," said her uncle, smiling.

Rupert arose as she entered, and asked with an arch smile:

"What enamored swain has been guilty of the extravagance of lavishing such costly flowers upon you, Lillian?"

"Lord Ernest Rathburn is the donor; he has exquisite taste. I wish you could have seen the box when it came," the girl replied, with a conscious drooping of her brilliant eyes.

"Lord Ernest was a young nobleman with a large revenue, but possessing far less brains than mustache, and who was regarded with contempt by all many young men, on account of his efficiency and excesses."

"I wish," he added, "that you could meet a friend of mine, Lillian; you will like him, before very long. Lord Ernest would sink into insignificance by comparison."

"And who may this paragon of manly excellence be, Mr. Hamilton; if I may inquire?" Lillian asked, with a toss of her head.

"Harry Webster, the young man with whom I traveled, last winter, in America."

"I despise Americans," retorted Miss Linton, with considerable asperity.

"That is rather a sweeping assertion; isn't it, my dear?" asked Sir William, looking a trifle amused.

"It is the truth, Uncle Will, whatever else it may be," she retorted, as she began to arrange her flowers in a vase on the table.

"I am English to the backbone. I am thoroughly imbued with a love for my own people, and I shall never permit myself to draw disloyal comparisons."

Rupert laughed outright, as, in his mind, he placed the stooping figure and imbecile face of the half-witted lord beside the grandly developed form and frank, handsome countenance of his American friend.

(To be continued.)

YOUNG METHODISTS.

Closing Meeting of the Young People's Association of Ontario.

Toronto, March 2.—The annual convention of the Ontario Young People's Association of Ontario closed yesterday. In the morning Thos. Morris, jun., of Hamilton, president of the Ontario Christian Endeavor Union, delivered an address on "The pledge, its needs and uses."

This five minute papers were read by Miss B. Christie, of Fleetwood, on "Preparing and inviting," by Miss Churchill, of Toronto, on "Attending and listening," and by Miss E. Yates, of London, on "Praying and testifying." President Phillips conducted a conference on Bible study and personal work and the morning sitting closed with a number of reports of committees regarding the internal workings of the association.

At the afternoon session the result of the election of officers was then announced as follows: President, Mr. F. W. Daly, B.A., London Conference; first vice-president, Rev. R. N. Burns, Toronto; second vice-president, Miss Sandercock, Peterborough; third vice-president, Dr. Tilley, Bowmanville; secretary, Mr. R. W. Dillon, Toronto; assistant secretary, Mr. S. H. Moore, Toronto; treasurer, Miss Yates, London; superintendent junior work, Rev. T. A. Moore, Niagara Falls; assistant superintendent junior work, Miss Marion Kelly, Hamilton; executive committee, Rev. A. Phillips and Miss McGuffin, Toronto.

Conference; H. P. Moore and Rev. G. H. Cobbleclik, Guelph Conference; Rev. R. J. Elliott and W. J. Waugh, Niagara Conference; Rev. C. W. Watts and C. P. Holton, Bay of Quinte Conference; Rev. G. S. Condenning and T. W. Rolph, Montreal Conference; W. Rigby and Rev. J. F. Elliott, Leam Conference.

Five-minute papers were read on the relation of young people's societies to the class meeting, by F. W. Matthews, of London; to the mid-week prayer meeting, by Miss Maynard, of Toronto; to the Sunday school, by J. E. Kerr, of Orangeville.

Lodgings were fixed on as the place for the holding of the next annual convention. The new president, Mr. Daly, was then introduced to the meeting, and took the chair. His address was brief and to the point, and he closed by calling on Rev. W. J. Smith, of Toronto, to give the benediction.

A number of votes of thanks were passed, and the convention closed with consecration service and Mizpah benediction.

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TERRIBLE MISTAKE!

Dr. Froiland, Formerly of Kingston, Drink Poison Instead of Distilled Water.

KINGSTON, March 2.—The body of Dr. Froiland reached here to-day from Chicago for burial. Deceased graduated from Queen's College with high honors. He settled in Chicago and secured a fine practice.

Dr. Froiland died in his office, Masonic Temple building, Chicago, at 9 o'clock last night from a dose of bromide of chloral taken by mistake for a bottle of distilled water. The doctor drank the poison in the presence of his wife, who was in the office. About half an ounce of the poison was drunk before the doctor perceived the mistake from its taste.

As soon as he noticed the peculiar flavor he exclaimed: "I have swallowed a dose of poison!" His wife rushed from the room and called in Dr. Beckwith, Young and Williams, all of whom have offices in Kingston, and administered antidotes without effect, and Dr. Froiland expired about 9 o'clock.

A clean sweep of dangerous and deadly foes is always the result, when Paine's Celery Compound is used. The prevention of troubles of humanity, such as nervousness, sleeplessness, rheumatism, general weakness and liver and kidney diseases, are always quickly banished when this great life-saving agent is called upon to show its powers. Miss Laura Eiler, of Shakespeare, Ont., writes for the benefit of suffering humanity. The following are extracts from her testimonial:

"I was in a weak and emaciated condition for five and a half years. I had pains to the top of my head, and my heart was so much affected that I could never lie down without three pillows at my back, and in a half-sitting posture. The last time I visited the doctor, he saw I was failing in spite of everything he did for me; he told me I might have Bright's disease in the second stage. After that I started to take Paine's Celery Compound, as prescribed, and I had not taken it over two days when I could sleep from night until morning, and in a few months I was able to do some work. I am now stronger than I have been for years, and have only taken one dose of the Compound a day for the last two months. I have taken several kinds of patent medicines, but find Paine's Celery Compound the best of all."

I certify that I am acquainted with the above party, and know that what she writes is reliable.

E. A. CAIRNCROSS, Merchant.

The Black Republic.

New York, March 2.—A special from Jamaica says President Hippolyte is determined to put an end to the prevalent revolutions which have broken out in various sections of the Black Republic.

At the head of a well-equipped army he has started on a tour of the country, and it is probable that rioters or revolutionists will not meet with any consideration at his hands should he fall foul of them.

"Remarkable Cure of Dropsy and Dyspepsia."—Mr. Samuel T. Casey, Belleville, writes: "In the spring of 1884 I began to be troubled with dyspepsia, which gradually became a domestic remedy and applied to my family physician, but received no benefit. By this time my trouble assumed the form of dropsy. I was unable to use any food whatever except boiled milk, and my limbs were so swollen that I was twice as large as I am now. I had hopes of my recovery within a few weeks. Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery having been recommended to me, I tried a bottle with little hope of relief; and now, after using eight bottles, my dyspepsia and dropsy are cured. Although now 79 years of age, I can enjoy my meals as well as ever, and my general health is good. I am well-known in this section of Canada, having lived here 57 years; and you have liberally used my name in recommendation of your Vegetable Discovery, which has done such wonders in my case."

A recent advertisement in an English country paper reads thus: "For sale—A bull terrier dog, 2 years old. Will eat anything; very fond of children. Apply at this office."

A Household Remedy—Gibbons' Toothache Gum. Sold by all druggists.

How to Get a Handsome Husband.

"When some lucky Indian maiden found a red ear in the bushing, 'Musk!' cried the Indian maiden, 'Musk!' you shall have a sweetheart—You shall have a handsome husband."

The handsome man always admires the beautiful woman. Then simply make yourself beautiful. Remove all blotches, pimples, "forked signs of turkey tracks" from your features, by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, a tonic to the nervous, circulatory and procreative systems. Its use brings roses to the cheeks and sparkle to the eyes. Take it, and you will, like the Indian maiden, find a "red ear" in your health, an omen of future happiness. Guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it refunded.

"How is it that your sister is so much more skillful in using her left hand than you?" "Gracious! Don't you see the diamond engagement ring she wears on that hand?"

Bad Blood Cured.

GENTLEMEN.—I have used your Burdock Blood Purifier for bad blood and find it with exception the best purifying tonic in use. A short time ago two very large and painful boils came out on the back of my neck. I had completely cured them away.

SAUEL BLAIN, Toronto Junction.

"My time is not my own," remarked the pickpocket as he donned the stolen watch. Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely gentle and safe in their action. One trial will prove their superiority.

Oddly enough, it is the conversation with no point in it that bores the quickest.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

A New Jersey newspaper gives an account of a man who tried to hang himself with a towel and came down with a crash. Such levity is ill-timed.

Why will you allow a cough to threaten your throat or lungs and run the risk of a lingering consumptive grave, when by the timely use of Eickie's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving the healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Even if a boy is always whistling "I want to be an angel," it is just as well to keep the preserved pearls on the top shelf.

A man's wife should always be the same especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her "feel like a different person," at least so they say, and their husbands say so too.

Uncivil service—That of many servant girls.

Only one person in 1,000 dies of old age.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, in which the young are especially subject.

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NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

AMERICAN LINE.

New York, Southampton, London, every Saturday.

CHESTER, March 4, 7 a.m.
PARIS, March 11, 12 noon
BERLIN, March 18, 3 a.m.
NEW YORK, March 25, noon

From

PICTURE FRAMES

White and Gold, Ivory, Oak,
Silver, Bronze and Gilt.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 DUNDAS STREET.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

DIED.
WILSON.—At his residence, Delaware town-
ship, on Wednesday, March 1, Robt. Wilson,
brother-in-law of the late William Hamp-
shire, Esq., paymaster of her Majesty's
household, in the 88th year of his age.
Funeral will leave his late residence on
Sunday, March 5, at 1:30 p.m. Services at the
Kilworth Church at 2 p.m. Friends and
acquaintances will please accept this intima-
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Hull, Eng., papers please copy.

Scandrett Bros.

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OR PASTRY.
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TELEPHONE 115.

R.K. Cowan

Barbister, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

WM. SLATER,

Cutter and Practical Tailor,
578 RICHMOND ST.

ON THE "V."
TELEPHONE 870.

FURS AT COST.

The balance of our Fur
Goods will be sold at cost.
SEE THE SPECIAL BAR-
GAINS at

BEATON'S

DUNDAS STREET.

—TRY—

Chestnut Coke - \$6 50 per ton

No. 4 Coke - \$6 50 per ton

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363 Richmond Street.

Pennsylvania Coal.

We have just received a supply of
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Bowman & Co.

246 Bathurst St.

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All orders promptly attended to.

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206 DUNDAS STREET.

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THE LONDON ADVERTISER, FRIDAY, MARCH 3.

exception of the evening train which leaves

at 8:30 instead of 8:30 as formerly.

Vandalism on Rectory Street.

Twenty-eight panes of glass were broken
in the Rectory street school windows last
night. Several marbles found on the floor
are supposed to have been hurled through
the glass. The Board of Education offers a
reward of \$10 for information which will
lead to the apprehension of the person who
did the damage.

Almost Asphyxiated.

On Tuesday morning Mr. J. Bliss, Ayl-
mer, was found in his room at the Hodgins
House in this city insensible from the
effects of gas. The unlighted burner was
found on in his room. Dr. Teasdale was
called in, said that another half hour's
exposure in the poisonous atmosphere
would have resulted fatally. Mr. Bliss
over his recovery in part to the prompt
and vigorous action of Mr. John Barons,
one of the boarders at the hotel, who as
soon as his condition was discovered carried
him into another room and set about restor-
ing his senses. When Mr. Bliss was as-
signed his room the night before he was
singing the working of the gas burner by
one of the employees of the house and then
warned of the consequences if he did not
turn it out. He left for home yesterday
feeling far from well after his experience.

Lady Macbeth at the Grand.

Janussek may be past middle age, he
somewhat infirm, have a decided limp and
a harsh voice, and lack the physical
charms which form the chief recommenda-
tion of many actresses who attempt the
classic roles, but she has infinitely more
brains than most of them. The genius that
entranced both continents almost a genera-
tion ago has been unimpaired by time.
The present tour is said to be her last
farewell appearance, as she will shortly
return to the east and she will shortly
present "Macbeth" to a good audience at the Grand.

In this heaviest of Shakespeare's woman
creations Janussek had ample scope for
her marvelous powers. She revealed the
black soul of the character as only one of
her subtle instinct could. Though im-
pregnated in no declamatory explosives, be-
neath her quiet intensity of manner there
was a thrilling suggestiveness of latent
force in every look and action. Edmund
Collier made a lordly and handsome Mac-
beth. His acting, too, was of the highest
quality and forceful enough without ranting.
The balance of the company is fair.

Walks and Ways.

No. 2 committee met last night, Ald.
Garratt (chairman), Shaw, Jones, Taylor,
Moule and Dreaney, Secretary Bell and
Street Commissioner Owen being present.

A petition was received from several
residents of the east end regarding the
improper condition of a drain running be-
tween Elizabeth and Adelaide streets. It
requested that no taxes be collected on said
drain. Lead over for the engineer to report.

The claim of J. Graham for \$24 for
work, but one of them, of the Essex Co.
was not accompanied by the requisite
marked check and it was not considered.
Stevens & Burns were awarded the contract
for brass and iron work that will be needed
by the department. Jessie Cook got the
contract for laying all necessary pipes. S.
H. Craig will furnish 4-inch pipes at \$33.97
and 8-inch pipes at \$32.95 per ton.

The coal tenders came next on the list.
Acting Mayor Moule—Supposing they
bring in coal from Cleveland, how will it
affect you? Would it not be better to
leave this matter over for awhile?

This query caused some discussion, and
as there was enough coal to last two or
three months, the tenders were laid over,
because, as Chairman Jones expressed it,
"it may be possible to get a cheaper rate
further on."

There were no samples accompanying the
tenders for oil, and Engineer Moore and
Waterworks Engineer Findley will get
samples and report.

G. McLean, hardware dealer, was
awarded the contract for lead pipe at
\$4.30 per 100 pounds.

Doings in the Tunnel Town—An Old

Well Discovered.

The W. C. T. U. of this town has en-
gaged Dr. Anna Shaw, of Washington,
D. C., to lecture on "Woman's Emancipa-
tion," on Wednesday, March 27.

Mrs. M. Davis, supreme deputy com-
mander of the Lady Macbeths of the
World, is meeting with good success in her
efforts to organize a tent of the ladies
branch in Sarnia.

On Sunday morning, about 6 o'clock, a
small house belonging to Mr. E. Lawson
was completely destroyed by fire. The
family were absent from home on a visit.
Everything was consumed by the flames.
There was an insurance of \$400 on the
house and \$200 on the furniture.

The popular and genial Capt. Edward
Robertson will command the steamer
Monarch, of the Beatty Line again in the
coming season, while Capt. John McNab
will be first officer of the United Empire.

The first annual ball and supper of St.
Clair Tangle Lodge, No. 44, Ladies' Auxil-
iary to the B. of R. T., will be held in the
Oddfellows' Hall, Point Edward, on the
evening of Tuesday, April 4. The music
will be furnished by Lawrence's orchestra.

James Breher, registrar of Toronto
University, son of Mr. Breher, school
inspector for West Lambton, was married
to Miss Fanny Bartlett, Windsor, on
Wednesday last. James was brought up
in Sarnia from childhood. They will reside
in Toronto.

Rev. Mr. Strachan, who formerly
officiated as pastor of the Fourth Ward
Presbyterian Church, has accepted a unani-
mous call to Hespeler.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Central Presby-
terian Church has engaged Rev. Dr.
Thompson to deliver a lecture on "How to
make the most of ourselves" in the school
room of the church on Friday evening.

Rev. J. A. Vining, of Wallaceburg, is
conducting evangelistic services in the
Baptist Church this week with very good
results.

The river is gradually getting clear of
ice, and the steamer Conger can now run
up Black River to the old ferry landing.

Wm. Hall's residence on the eighth line,
Sarnia township, was totally destroyed by
fire on Sunday morning last. Mr. Hall
and family had a narrow escape, having
jumped from the upstairs window to save
themselves. Everything was destroyed,
and it is understood that he carried no in-
surance.

A good deal of excitement was caused in
town by the discovery of a fine oil well on
the farm of Henry Rineer about five miles
out. The pump was put in last week, and
pumped 24 barrels a day.

Indigestion! Miserable! Take BEEHIVE'S
PILLS.

THE WONDERFUL CURES EFFECTED

BY THE

Royal Crown Remedy

in Kidney, Bladder, Womb, Ovarian and
Urinary diseases, its rapid efficacy in promot-
ing a free and healthy discharge of urine, its mar-
vellous power in dissolving stone and calcu-
lous concretions, curing gravel, gleet and discharges
from the genital glands, its power over the
kidneys in establishing a healthy secretion
of urine, curing diabetes, inflammation or irri-
tation of the bladder, albuminous and brick-
dust deposits, or deposits of white sand, etc., etc.,
establish its character as a great constitutional
remedy.

HATS!
Spring Styles Opened To-Day.

Rivard

London's Fashionable Hatter.
400 Richmond Street.

balance of the company are very good
in their line. Miss Jackson shows best in
heavier selections, although her scene from
Pickwick caused great mirth. In the scene
from "Leah, the Forsaken," and the Welsh
classic, "Heartsease," her splendid ability
was self-evident. Miss Mabel DeGee
sings with a charm and grace that stamps
her foremost of sopranos. Her choicest
selection was "The New Kingdom." She
also rendered "The Fairies" and "Beauty
Sleep" in a manner that won warm ap-
plause from the audience. Mr. Telgmann
is indeed an artist and master of both
piano and violin. The overture "Leo"
and a mazurka were well rendered and
heartily appreciated by those present.
They may count on a good reception when
they next visit the Forest City.

A CHANCE FOR THE SYNDICATE

To Furnish the Waterworks Department
with Coal It Is Cheap Enough—
The Board Lets Contracts
for General Supplies.

Acting Mayor Moule, Wm. Jones (chair-
man), Commissioner Cowan and Secretary
Ellwood commissioner of the waterworks
special meeting of the water commissioners
called to consider tenders. The tenders
submitted were 28 in number, and were for
almost everything required in the working
of the waterworks system, from a street
hydrant to a ten penny nail, and from an
engine to a ton of coal. There were two tenders for brass
work, but one of them, of the Essex Co.
was not accompanied by the requisite
marked check and it was not considered.
Stevens & Burns were awarded the contract
for brass and iron work that will be needed
by the department. Jessie Cook got the
contract for laying all necessary pipes. S.
H. Craig will furnish 4-inch pipes at \$33.97
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G. McLean, hardware dealer, was
awarded the contract for lead pipe at
\$4.30 per 100 pounds.

G. McLean and James Cowan & Co., both
tendered for the hardware, and the com-
missioners had quite a time deciding. One
firm would be cheaper in one article, and
then the prices would be reversed in the
next. On the whole the prices were about
even, and, as McLean had received the
contract for lead pipes, the hardware con-
tract was given to Cowan & Co.

S. H. Craig will supply lumber as re-
quired at \$14.90 per 1,000 feet. Mr.
Kordes will do the bookbinding.

SARNIA SUNBEAMS.

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